Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2010

Industry ² NAICS code ³		2010	Total recordable cases	Cases with			
		Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)		Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
All industries including State and local government ⁶		545.3	4.0	2.4	2.1	0.3	1.7
Private industry ⁶		464.5	3.9	2.3	2.0	0.3	1.6
Goods-producing ⁶		48.2	5.5	3.1	2.6	0.5	2.3
Natural resources and mining ^{6,7}		5.5	5.2	3.2	2.7	0.5	2.0
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting ⁶	11	5.2	5.4	3.2	2.7	0.5	2.1
Crop production (scope changed in 2009) ⁶	111	4.1	4.3	3.1	2.5	0.6	1.2
Mining ⁷	21	0.3	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)
Construction		29.5	5.4	2.7	2.3	0.4	2.7
Construction	23	29.5	5.4	2.7	2.3	0.4	2.7
Residential building construction Nonresidential building construction Heavy and civil engineering construction Utility system construction Highway, street, and bridge construction Specialty trade contractors Foundation, structure, and building exterior contractors Building equipment contractors Electrical contractors Plumbing, heating, and air-conditioning contractors Other building equipment contractors Building finishing contractors	2371	4.3 4.6 4.2 1.8 1.2 16.4 3.1 6.9 3.1 3.2 0.5 4.2	4.1 3.5 4.3 3.3 5.7 6.5 6.1 4.8 2.3 7.1 4.6 5.4	1.9 2.5 2.3 2.3 2.7 3.1 2.8 2.5 1.7 3.3 (10) 3.1	1.8 2.0 1.9 1.9 2.2 2.6 2.1 2.3 1.5 3.1	(10) 0.5 0.4 (10) (10) 0.5 0.7 (10) (10) (10) (10) (10)	2.2 1.0 2.0 1.0 3.0 3.4 3.3 2.4 0.6 3.8 (10) 2.3
Drywall and insulation contractors	23831 23832	1.1 1.4	5.1 5.1	2.6 4.8	2.3 3.3	(¹⁰) 1.5	2.5 (¹⁰)

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2010 – Continued

$Industry^2$		2010			n work, job on		
	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Other specialty trade contractors	2389	2.2	14.6	5.6	4.7		
Manufacturing		13.2	5.7	3.9	3.2	0.7	1.8
Manufacturing	31-33	13.2	5.7	3.9	3.2	0.7	1.8
Food manufacturing	311	5.7	4.2	3.3	2.8	0.5	0.9
Bakeries and tortilla manufacturing	3118	2.0	2.3	1.7	1.5	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Printing and related support activities	323	0.9	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)
Service-providing		416.2	3.7	2.2	1.9	0.3	1.5
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁹		109.9	4.6	2.8	2.4	0.4	1.8
Wholesale trade	42	17.8	3.3	2.7	2.2	0.5	0.7
Merchant wholesalers, durable goods	423	6.4	3.1	2.6	2.0		0.5
Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods	424	9.5	4.1	3.2	2.7	0.5	0.9
Retail trade	44-45	66.0	3.8	2.3	1.9	0.4	1.5
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	5.9	4.1	2.7	2.4	0.3	1.4
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	444	4.1	4.2	2.7	1.6	1.1	1.5
Food and beverage stores		13.7	5.0	3.0	2.8	0.2	2.0
Health and personal care stores	446	4.7	2.6	(10)	(10)	(10)	2.3
Clothing and clothing accessories stores		10.2	1.7	0.8	0.7		1.0
General merchandise stores	452	13.5	5.3	3.7	2.8	0.8	1.6
Transportation and warehousing ⁹	48-49	22.8	8.5	4.5	4.2	0.3	3.9
Air transportation	481	6.8	6.4	4.5	4.2	0.3	2.0
Truck transportation	484	3.0	10.4	7.9	7.3	0.7	2.5
Scenic and sightseeing transportation		3.3	5.1	3.4	3.3	(10)	1.7
Support activities for transportation	488	3.7	6.7	3.3	3.0	(10)	3.4
Utilities	22	3.2	2.2	1.7	1.0	0.7	0.5

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2010 – Continued

Industric		2010 Average annual re employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Cases with tra			
	NAICS code ³			Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Information		9.4	2.6	1.8	1.0	-	0.7
Information	51	9.4	2.6	1.8	1.0		0.7
momation		9.4		1.0	-		
Publishing industries (except Internet)		1.9 3.7	7.2 2.0	6.6 1.0	2.1 1.0	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰) 1.0
, , ,							
Financial activities		27.6	2.7	1.1	1.0	0.1	1.6
Finance and insurance	52	16.0	1.7	0.5	0.4	(10)	1.2
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	11.6	4.5	2.1	1.9	0.3	2.4
Professional and business services		71.1	2.2	1.6	1.4	0.1	0.7
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	24.6	1.9	1.3	1.2	0.1	0.6
Management of companies and enterprises	55	6.7	1.6	0.9	0.8	(10)	
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services	56	39.7	2.7	2.0	1.8	0.1	0.8
Administrative and support services (scope changed in 2009)	561	38.0	2.6	1.9	1.7	0.1	0.8
Employment services (scope changed in 2009)		13.0	4.0	2.9	2.7	(10)	1.1
Travel arrangement and reservation services	5615 562	4.2 1.7	1.6 4.1	0.8 3.4	0.8 3.2	(¹⁰)	0.8 (¹⁰)
Education and health services		73.6	3.4	1.7	1.6	0.1	1.7
Educational services	61	13.8	1.6	1.1	1.1	(10)	0.5
Health care and social assistance	62	59.9	3.8	1.8	1.7	0.2	1.9
Ambulatory health care services Hospitals Nursing and residential care facilities		23.6 14.4 7.2	2.0 6.2 5.9	0.7 2.7 4.0	0.7 2.6 3.4	(¹⁰) (¹⁰) 0.6	1.3 3.5 1.9

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2010 – Continued

			Total recordable cases	Cases with			
	NAICS code ³			Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Social assistance	624	14.7	3.1	1.6	1.5	0.2	1.5
Leisure and hospitality		100.2	4.8	2.9	2.6	0.3	1.9
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	10.5	6.1	3.5	3.2	(10)	2.6
Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries	713	7.7	6.0	3.3	3.1	(10)	2.6
Accommodation and food services	72	89.7	4.6	2.8	2.5	0.3	1.8
Accommodation	721 722	34.5 55.2	6.1 3.5	4.0 2.0	3.3 1.8	0.6 0.1	2.2 1.5
Other services		24.5	2.4	1.4	1.2	0.1	1.0
Other services, except public administration	81	24.5	2.4	1.4	1.2	0.1	1.0
Repair and maintenance	811 812 813	3.7 7.3 12.9	2.0 2.9 2.2	2.0 1.6 1.0	2.0 1.3 1.0	(¹⁰) 0.4 (¹⁰)	(¹⁰) 1.3 1.2
State and local government		80.8	4.8	2.9	2.8	(10)	1.9
State government		63.1	3.6	1.8	1.8	0.1	1.8
Service-providing		63.1	3.6	1.8	1.8	0.1	1.8
Education and health services		41.1	4.2	2.0	2.0	0.1	2.2
Educational services	61	36.7	3.8	1.7	1.7	(10)	2.2
Educational services	611 6113	36.7 	3.8 2.1	1.7 1.0	1.7 1.0	(¹⁰) (¹⁰)	2.2 1.1
Health care and social assistance	62	4.4	6.2	4.0	3.6	(10)	2.2
Local government		17.7	8.0	5.8	5.8	(¹⁰)	2.2

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2010 – Continued

Industry ²	NAICS code ³ 2010 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)		Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction				
		annual employment ⁴	Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Goods-producing ⁶		0.8	12.9	11.2	11.2	(10)	(10)
Construction		0.8	12.9	11.2	11.2	(10)	(10)
Construction	23	0.8	12.9	11.2	11.2	(10)	(10)
Service-providing		16.9	7.8	5.5	5.5	(10)	2.2
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁹		3.6	11.9	7.9	7.8	(10)	4.1
Education and health services		0.7	5.7	5.4	5.4	(10)	
Health care and social assistance	62	0.7	5.7	5.4	5.4	(10)	
Public administration		9.1	5.7	4.1	4.1	(10)	1.5
Public administration	92	9.1	5.7	4.1	4.1	(10)	1.5
Justice, public order, and safety activities	922	6.4	7.2	5.2	5.2	(10)	1.9

Table 6. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2010 -- Continued

	2010		Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction				
Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Justice, public order, and safety activities		6.4 3.9 1.9	7.2 7.9 7.0	5.2 5.6 5.5	5.2 5.6 5.4	(¹⁰) (¹⁰) (¹⁰)	1.9 2.2 1.5

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during

the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers

(working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ North American Industry Classification System 2007 Edition

⁴ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages.

Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

⁶ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁷ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and

⁸ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁹ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

¹⁰ Data too small to be displayed.