

Table 7. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2009

(In thousands)	Industry ¹	NAICS code ²	2009 Average annual employment ³	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
					Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
						Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction
All industries including								
State and local government ⁵			488.1	7.8	3.9	3.5	0.4	3.9
Private industry ⁵			449.4	7.5	3.5	3.1	0.4	3.9
Goods-producing ⁵			14.4	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1
Construction			--	--	--	--	--	--
Construction	23		--	--	--	--	--	--
Residential building construction		2361	1.0	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Heavy and civil engineering construction		237	2.1	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Other heavy and civil engineering construction		2379	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Specialty trade contractors		238	7.0	0.2	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	0.1
Building equipment contractors		2382	3.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)
Service-providing			435.0	7.1	3.3	2.9	0.4	3.8
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁸			27.5	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.3
Wholesale trade	42		4.8	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Retail trade	44-45		18.2	0.3	0.2	0.1	(⁹)	0.2
Furniture and home furnishings stores		442	0.8	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers		444	0.7	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	--	(⁹)
Food and beverage stores		445	5.9	0.2	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	0.1
Clothing and clothing accessories stores		448	3.2	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	--
Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores		451	1.3	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
General merchandise stores		452	1.2	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Miscellaneous store retailers		453	1.2	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Transportation and warehousing ⁸	48-49		2.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2009 -- Continued

District of Columbia

(In thousands)

Industry ¹	NAICS code ²	2009 Average annual employment ³	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Rail transportation ⁸	482	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Transit and ground passenger transportation	485	0.8	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Utilities	22	2.4	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Information		19.8	0.2	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	0.1
Information	51	19.8	0.2	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	0.1
Publishing industries (except Internet)	511	7.3	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Newspaper, periodical, book, and directory publishers	5111	6.6	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Satellite telecommunications	5174	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Financial activities		25.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	0.1
Finance and insurance	52	15.0	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	10.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	0.1
Professional and business services		146.1	1.1	0.5	0.5	(⁹)	0.5
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	102.3	0.6	0.3	0.3	(⁹)	0.3
Professional, scientific, and technical services (scope changed in 2009)	541	102.3	0.6	0.3	0.3	(⁹)	0.3
Legal services	5411	33.7	0.2	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	0.1
Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services	5412	4.7	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Management, scientific, and technical consulting services (scope changed in 2009)	5416	16.0	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Management of companies and enterprises	55	1.4	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services	56	42.5	0.5	0.3	0.2	--	0.3
Administrative and support services (scope changed in 2009)	561	42.2	0.5	0.2	0.2	(⁹)	0.2
Education and health services		94.4	2.8	1.2	1.0	0.2	1.6

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District of Columbia

(In thousands)

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				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Educational services	61	38.4	0.3	0.2	0.2	(⁹)	0.1
Educational services	611	38.4	0.3	0.2	0.2	(⁹)	0.1
Colleges, universities, and professional schools	6113	25.4	0.2	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	0.1
Health care and social assistance	62	56.0	2.5	1.0	0.8	0.2	1.5
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	7.1	0.3	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	0.2
Leisure and hospitality		58.7	1.9	0.9	0.8	0.1	1.0
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	7.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	0.1
Performing arts, spectator sports, and related industries	711	3.7	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	0.1
Accommodation and food services	72	51.5	1.7	0.8	0.7	0.1	0.9
Accommodation	721	15.0	0.7	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.4
Traveler accommodation	7211	14.9	0.7	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.4
Food services and drinking places	722	36.5	1.0	0.5	0.5	(⁹)	0.5
Other services		63.0	0.4	0.2	0.2	(⁹)	0.3
Other services, except public administration	81	63.0	0.4	0.2	0.2	(⁹)	0.3

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					Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Personal and laundry services	812	6.3	0.2	(⁹) 0.1	(⁹) 0.1	(⁹) --	--	
Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations	813	50.8	0.3				0.1	

¹ Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

² *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2007 Edition

³ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages.

⁴ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

⁵ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁶ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁷ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁸ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

⁹ Data too small to be displayed.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.