HOUSEHOLD DATA ANNUAL AVERAGES

47. Absences from work of employed full-time wage and salary workers by occupation and industry

[Numbers in thousands]

Occupation and industry	2011								
	Full-time wage – and salary workers ¹		Absence rate ¹		Lost worktime rate ²				
		Total	Illness or injury	Other reasons	Total	Illness or injury	Other reasons		
Total employed	100,526	3.0	2.2	0.9	1.5	1.1	0.4		
OCCUPATION									
Management, professional, and related occupations	39,942	2.7	1.8	0.9	1.3	0.8	0.5		
	1 1	2.7	1	0.9			0.5		
Management, business, and financial operations occupations	16,196	2.2	1.5		1.1	0.7 0.7	0.4		
Management occupations.	11,007	2.6	1	0.6	1.0 1.3		0.5		
Business and financial operations occupations	5,189		1.8	0.8		0.8			
Professional and related occupations.	23,746	3.0	2.0	1.0 0.6	1.5 0.9	0.9	0.6 0.3		
Computer and mathematical occupations.	3,302	2.2	1.6			0.6			
Architecture and engineering occupations.	2,495	2.2	1.6	0.6	1.0	0.7	0.3		
Life, physical, and social science occupations	1,062	2.5 3.8	1.7 2.8	0.8	1.2 1.9	0.7	0.5 0.6		
Community and social service occupations	1,942		1	1.1		1.3			
Legal occupations.	1,259	2.5 3.1	1.7	0.8 1.2	1.0	0.6 0.8	0.4 0.7		
Education, training, and library occupations	6,534	3.1 2.4	1.9		1.5		0.7		
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	1,469		1.6	0.8	1.0	0.6			
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations.	5,681	3.7	2.5	1.3	2.2	1.4	0.8		
Service occupations.	14,434	3.5	2.6	0.9	1.7	1.3	0.4		
Healthcare support occupations	2,231	4.5	3.0	1.4	2.4	1.7	0.8		
Protective service occupations	2,780	3.1	2.2	0.8	1.9	1.4	0.5		
Food preparation and serving related occupations	3,897	3.2	2.4	0.8	1.2	0.9	0.3		
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	3,391	3.4	2.6	0.8	1.6	1.3	0.3		
Personal care and service occupations	2,135	3.7	2.8	0.9	1.6	1.2	0.4		
Sales and office occupations	22,858	3.3	2.3	1.0	1.6	1.1	0.5		
Sales and related occupations	9,240	2.7	1.9	8.0	1.3	0.9	0.4		
Office and administrative support occupations	13,618	3.7	2.6	1.1	1.8	1.3	0.5		
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	9,945	2.8	2.2	0.6	1.4	1.2	0.2		
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	757	2.5	1.8	0.7	1.0	0.7	0.3		
Construction and extraction occupations	5,014	2.9	2.3	0.7	1.4	1.1	0.2		
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	4,174	2.8	2.2	0.6	1.6	1.3	0.2		
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	13,348	3.3	2.6	0.7	1.9	1.6	0.4		
Production occupations	7,080	3.4	2.6	8.0	1.9	1.5	0.4		
Transportation and material moving occupations	6,268	3.3	2.6	0.7	2.0	1.6	0.3		
INDUSTRY									
Private sector	82,894	2.9	2.1	8.0	1.4	1.0	0.4		
Agriculture and related industries	951	1.9	1.3	0.6	8.0	0.6	0.2		
Nonagricultural industries	81,943	2.9	2.1	8.0	1.4	1.0	0.4		
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction	749	3.0	2.3	0.7	1.9	1.6	0.3		
Construction.	5,540	2.5	1.9	0.6	1.1	0.9	0.2		
Manufacturing	12,883	2.8	2.1	0.7	1.5	1.2	0.3		
Durable goods	8,132	2.8	2.1	0.7	1.5	1.2	0.3		
Nondurable goods	4,751	2.7	2.1	0.6	1.6	1.3	0.3		
Wholesale and retail trade	12,899	2.9	2.1	8.0	1.4	1.0	0.4		
Wholesale trade	3,104	2.2	1.6	0.6	1.0	0.8	0.2		
Retail trade	9,795	3.2	2.3	0.9	1.6	1.1	0.5		
Transportation and utilities	4,616	2.8	2.2	0.6	1.7	1.4	0.3		
Transportation and warehousing	3,748	2.9	2.3	0.6	1.8	1.5	0.3		
Utilities	868	2.5	1.8	0.7	1.4	1.0	0.4		
Information	2,406	2.8	2.1	0.7	1.5	1.2	0.4		
Financial activities	7,195	2.6	1.7	0.9	1.2	0.8	0.5		
Finance and insurance	5,582	2.7	1.7	0.9	1.3	0.8	0.6		
Finance	3,604	2.5	1.6	0.9	1.3	0.7	0.6		
Insurance	1,978	2.9	1.9	1.0	1.4	0.9	0.6		
Real estate and rental and leasing	1,614	2.2	1.6	0.6	0.8	0.6	0.2		
Professional and business services.	10,438	2.5	1.7	0.8	1.1	0.7	0.4		
Professional and technical services.	6,427	2.1	1.4	0.7	0.9	0.6	0.3		
Management, administrative, and waste services	4,011	3.1	2.2	0.9	1.5	1.0	0.5		
Education and health services.	15,058	3.4	2.3	1.1	1.8	1.2	0.6		
Education and realth services.	2,935	2.6	1.8	0.8	1.3	0.9	0.0		
Health care and social assistance.	12,123	3.6	2.5	1.1	1.9	1.3	0.4		
Leisure and hospitality	6,387	3.0	2.5	0.7		0.9	0.7		
Loisure and nospitality	0,307	3.0	4.4	0.7	1.3	0.9	0.3		

HOUSEHOLD DATA ANNUAL AVERAGES

47. Absences from work of employed full-time wage and salary workers by occupation and industry — Continued

[Numbers in thousands]

Occupation and industry	2011								
	Full-time wage and salary workers ¹	Absence rate ¹			Lost worktime rate ²				
		Total	Illness or injury	Other reasons	Total	Illness or injury	Other reasons		
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	1,289	3.5	2.5	0.9	1.6	1.2	0.4		
Accommodation and food services	5,098	2.9	2.2	0.7	1.2	0.9	0.3		
Accommodation	1,008	2.9	2.2	0.6	1.4	0.9	0.5		
Food services and drinking places	4,090	2.9	2.2	0.7	1.1	0.9	0.2		
Other services ³	3,771	3.1	2.2	0.9	1.4	0.9	0.5		
Other services, except private households	3,450	3.0	2.1	0.9	1.5	1.0	0.5		
Public sector	17,632	3.8	2.7	1.1	1.9	1.3	0.6		
Federal government	3,337	3.9	2.9	1.0	1.9	1.4	0.5		
State government	5,334	4.2	3.0	1.2	2.1	1.4	0.7		
Local government	8,962	3.6	2.5	1.1	1.9	1.3	0.6		

¹ Absences are defined as instances when persons who usually work 35 or more hours per week (full time) worked less than 35 hours during the reference week for one of the following reasons: own illness, injury, or medical problems; child care problems; other family or personal obligations; civic or military duty; and maternity or paternity leave. Excluded are situations in which work was missed due to vacation or personal days, holiday, labor dispute, and other reasons. For multiple jobholders, absence data refer only to work missed at their main jobs. The absence rate is the ratio of workers with absences to total full-time wage and salary employment.

NOTE: All self-employed workers are excluded, both those with incorporated businesses and those with unincorporated businesses. The estimates of full-time wage and salary employment shown in this table do not match those in other tables because the estimates in this table are based on the full CPS sample and those in the other tables are based on a quarter of the sample only. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data. Effective with January 2011 data, occupations reflect the introduction of the 2010 Census occupational classification system into the Current Population Survey, or household survey. This classification system is derived from the 2010 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC). No historical data have been revised. Occupational data for 2011 are not strictly comparable with earlier years.

² Hours absent as a percent of hours usually worked.

³ Includes other industries, not shown separately.