HIGH-PERFORMANCE COMPUTING ACT OF 1991

[As Amended Through P.L. 110-69, Enacted August 9, 2007]

AN ACT To provide for a coordinated Federal program to ensure continued United States leadership in high-performance computing.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. [15 U.S.C. 5501 note] SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "High-Performance Computing Act of 1991".

SEC. 2. [15 U.S.C. 5501] FINDINGS.

The Congress finds the following:

(1) Advances in computer science and technology are vital to the Nation's prosperity, national and economic security, industrial production, engineering, and scientific advancement.

(2) The United States currently leads the world in the development and use of high-performance computing for national security, industrial productivity, science, and engineering, but that lead is being shelloged by foreign competitors

that lead is being challenged by foreign competitors.

(3) Further research and development, expanded educational programs, improved computer research networks, and more effective technology transfer from government to industry are necessary for the United States to reap fully the benefits of high-performance computing.

(4) A high-capacity, flexible, high-speed national research and education computer network is needed to provide researchers and educators with access to computational and information resources, act as a test bed for further research and development for high-capacity and high-speed computer networks, and provide researchers the necessary vehicle for continued network technology improvement through research.

(5) Several Federal agencies have ongoing high-performance computing programs, but improved long-term interagency coordination, cooperation, and planning would enhance the effective conditions of the cooperation of the coo

fectiveness of these programs.

(6) A 1991 report entitled "Grand Challenges: High-Performance Computing and Communications" by the Office of Science and Technology Policy, outlining a research and development strategy for high-performance computing, provides a framework for a multiagency high-performance computing program. Such a program would provide American researchers and educators with the computer and information resources

they need, and demonstrate how advanced computers, high-capacity and high-speed networks, and electronic data bases can improve the national information infrastructure for use by all Americans.

(7) Additional research must be undertaken to lay the foundation for the development of new applications that can result in economic growth, improved health care, and improved educational opportunities.

(8) Research in new networking technologies holds the promise of easing the economic burdens of information access

disproportionately borne by rural users of the Internet.

(9) Information security is an important part of computing, information, and communications systems and applications, and research into security architectures is a critical aspect of computing, information, and communications research programs.

SEC. 3. [15 U.S.C. 5502] PURPOSES.

The purposes of this Act are to help ensure the continued leadership of the United States in high-performance computing and its applications by—

(1) expanding Federal support for research, development, and application of high-performance computing in order to—

(A) expand the number of researchers, educators, and students with training in high-performance computing and

access to high-performance computing resources;

- (B) promote the further development of an information infrastructure of data bases, services, access mechanisms, and research facilities available for use through the Internet;
 - (C) stimulate research on software technology;
- (D) promote the more rapid development and wider distribution of computing software tools and applications software:
- (E) accelerate the development of computing systems and subsystems:
- (F) provide for the application of high-performance computing to Grand Challenges;
- (G) invest in basic research and education, and promote the inclusion of high-performance computing into educational institutions at all levels; and
- (H) promote greater collaboration among government, Federal laboratories, industry, high-performance computing centers, and universities;
- (2) improving the interagency planning and coordination of Federal research and development on high-performance computing and maximizing the effectiveness of the Federal Government's high-performance computing network research and development programs;
- (3) promoting the more rapid development and wider distribution of networking management and development tools; and
- (4) promoting the rapid adoption of open network standards.

SEC. 4. [15 U.S.C. 5503] DEFINITIONS.

As used in this Act, the term-

(1) "Director" means the Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy;

- (2) "Grand Challenge" means a fundamental problem in science or engineering, with broad economic and scientific impact, whose solution will require the application of high-performance computing resources and multidisciplinary teams of researchers:
- (3) "high-performance computing" means advanced computing, communications, and information technologies, including supercomputer systems, high-capacity and high-speed networks, special purpose and experimental systems, applications and systems software, and the management of large data sets;

(4) "Internet" means the international computer network of both Federal and non-Federal interoperable data networks;

(5) "Network" means a computer network referred to as the National Research and Education Network established under section 102:

(6) "Program" means the National High-Performance Com-

puting Program described in section 101; and

(7) "Program Component Areas" means the major subject areas under which related individual projects and activities carried out under the Program are grouped.

TITLE I—HIGH-PERFORMANCE COMPUTING RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

SEC. 101. [15 U.S.C. 5511] NATIONAL HIGH-PERFORMANCE COMPUTING PROGRAM.

(a) National High-Performance Computing Program.—(1) The President shall implement a National High-Performance Computing Program, which shall-

(A) provide for long-term basic and applied research on

high-performance computing, including networking;

(B) provide for research and development on, and demonstration of, technologies to advance the capacity and capabilities of high-performance computing and networking systems, and related software;

- (C) provide for sustained access by the research community throughout the United States to high-performance computing and networking systems that are among the most advanced in the world in terms of performance in solving scientific and engineering problems, including provision for technical support for users of such systems;
- (D) provide for widely dispersed efforts to increase software availability, productivity, capability, security, portability,

and reliability;

- (E) provide for high-performance networks, including experimental testbed networks, to enable research and development on, and demonstration of, advanced applications enabled by such networks;
- (F) provide for computational science and engineering research on mathematical modeling and algorithms for applications in all fields of science and engineering;

(G) provide for the technical support of, and research and development on, high-performance computing systems and soft-

ware required to address Grand Challenges;

(H) provide for educating and training additional undergraduate and graduate students in software engineering, computer science, computer and network security, applied mathematics, library and information science, and computational science; and

(I) provide for improving the security of computing and networking systems, including Federal systems, including providing for research required to establish security standards and practices for these systems.

(2) The Director shall—

- (A) establish the goals and priorities for Federal high-performance computing research, development, networking, and other activities;
- (B) establish Program Component Areas that implement the goals established under subparagraph (A), and identify the Grand Challenges that the Program should address;
- (C) provide for interagency coordination of Federal highperformance computing research, development, networking, and other activities undertaken pursuant to the Program;
- (D) submit to the Congress an annual report, along with the President's annual budget request, describing the implementation of the Program;
- (E) develop and maintain a research, development, and deployment roadmap covering all States and regions for the provision of high-performance computing and networking systems under paragraph (1)(C); and

(F) consult with academic, State, industry, and other appropriate groups conducting research on and using high-per-

formance computing.

- (3) The annual report submitted under paragraph (2)(D) shall—
 - (A) provide a detailed description of the Program Component Areas, including a description of any changes in the definition of or activities under the Program Component Areas from the preceding report, and the reasons for such changes, and a description of Grand Challenges addressed under the Program:
 - (B) set forth the relevant programs and activities, for the fiscal year with respect to which the budget submission applies, of each Federal agency and department, including—
 - (i) the Department of Agriculture;
 - (ii) the Department of Commerce;
 - (iii) the Department of Defense;
 - (iv) the Department of Education;
 - (v) the Department of Energy;
 - (vi) the Department of Health and Human Services;
 - (vii) the Department of the Interior;
 - (viii) the Environmental Protection Agency;
 - (ix) the National Aeronautics and Space Administra-
 - (x) the National Science Foundation; and

(xi) such other agencies and departments as the President or the Director considers appropriate;

(C) describe the levels of Federal funding for the fiscal year during which such report is submitted, and the levels proposed for the fiscal year with respect to which the budget sub-

mission applies, for each Program Component Area;

(D) describe the levels of Federal funding for each agency and department participating in the Program, and for each Program Component Area, for the fiscal year during which such report is submitted, and the levels proposed for the fiscal year with respect to which the budget submission applies; and

(E) include an analysis of the progress made toward achieving the goals and priorities established for the Program and the extent to which the Program incorporates the recommendations of the advisory committee established under

subsection (b).

- (b) ADVISORY COMMITTEE.—(1) The President shall establish an advisory committee on high-performance computing, consisting of geographically dispersed non-Federal members, including representatives of the research, education, and library communities, network and related software providers, and industry representatives in the Program Component Areas, who are specially qualified to provide the Director with advice and information on high-performance computing. The recommendations of the advisory committee shall be considered in reviewing and revising the Program. The advisory committee shall provide the Director with an independent assessment of—
 - (A) progress made in implementing the Program;

(B) the need to revise the Program;

(C) the balance between the components of the Program, including funding levels for the Program Component Areas;

(D) whether the research and development undertaken pursuant to the Program is helping to maintain United States leadership in high-performance computing, networking technology, and related software; and

(E) other issues identified by the Director.

(2) In addition to the duties outlined in paragraph (1), the advisory committee shall conduct periodic evaluations of the funding, management, coordination, implementation, and activities of the Program. The advisory committee shall report not less frequently than once every 2 fiscal years to the Committee on Science and Technology of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate on its findings and recommendations. The first report shall be due within 1 year after the date of enactment of the America COMPETES Act.

(3) Section 14 of the Federal Advisory Committee Act shall not apply to the advisory committee established under this subsection.

(c) Office of Management and Budget.—(1) Each Federal agency and department participating in the Program shall, as part of its annual request for appropriations to the Office of Management and Budget, submit a report to the Office of Management and Budget which—

- (A) identifies each element of its high-performance computing activities which contributes directly to the Program Component Areas or benefits from the Program; and
- (B) states the portion of its request for appropriations that is allocated to each such element.
- (2) The Office of Management and Budget shall review each such report in light of the goals, priorities, and agency and departmental responsibilities set forth in the annual report submitted under subsection (a)(2)(D), and shall include, in the President's annual budget estimate, a statement of the portion of each appropriate agency's or department's annual budget estimate relating to its activities undertaken pursuant to the Program.

SEC. 102. [15 U.S.C. 5512] NATIONAL RESEARCH AND EDUCATION NETWORK.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—As part of the Program, the National Science Foundation, the Department of Defense, the Department of Energy, the Department of Commerce, the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, and other agencies participating in the Program shall support the establishment of the National Research and Education Network, portions of which shall, to the extent technically feasible, be capable of transmitting data at one gigabit per second or greater by 1996. The Network shall provide for the linkage of research institutions and educational institutions, government, and industry in every State.
- (b) Access.—Federal agencies and departments shall work with private network service providers, State and local agencies, libraries, educational institutions and organizations, and others, as appropriate, in order to ensure that the researchers, educators, and students have access, as appropriate, to the Network. The Network is to provide users with appropriate access to high-performance computing systems, electronic information resources, other research facilities, and libraries. The Network shall provide access, to the extent practicable, to electronic information resources maintained by libraries, research facilities, publishers, and affiliated organizations.
 - (c) Network Characteristics.—The Network shall—
 - (1) be developed and deployed with the computer, telecommunications, and information industries;
 - (2) be designed, developed, and operated in collaboration with potential users in government, industry, and research institutions and educational institutions;
 - (3) be designed, developed, and operated in a manner which fosters and maintains competition and private sector investment in high-speed data networking within the telecommunications industry;
 - (4) be designed, developed, and operated in a manner which promotes research and development leading to development of commercial data communications and telecommunications standards, whose development will encourage the establishment of privately operated high-speed commercial networks;
 - (5) be designed and operated so as to ensure the continued application of laws that provide network and information resources security measures, including those that protect copy-

right and other intellectual property rights, and those that control access to data bases and protect national security;

(6) have accounting mechanisms which allow users or groups of users to be charged for their usage of copyrighted materials available over the Network and, where appropriate and technically feasible, for their usage of the Network;

(7) ensure the interoperability of Federal and non-Federal computer networks, to the extent appropriate, in a way that al-

lows autonomy for each component network;

(8) be developed by purchasing standard commercial transmission and network services from vendors whenever feasible, and by contracting for customized services when not feasible, in order to minimize Federal investment in network hardware;

(9) support research and development of networking soft-

ware and hardware; and

(10) serve as a test bed for further research and development of high-capacity and high-speed computing networks and demonstrate how advanced computers, high-capacity and high-speed computing networks, and data bases can improve the national information infrastructure.

(d) DEFENSE ADVANCED RESEARCH PROJECTS AGENCY RESPON-SIBILITY.—As part of the Program, the Department of Defense, through the Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency, shall support research and development of advanced fiber optics technology, switches, and protocols needed to develop the Network.

- (e) Information Services.—The Director shall assist the President in coordinating the activities of appropriate agencies and departments to promote the development of information services that could be provided over the Network. These services may include the provision of directories of the users and services on computer networks, data bases of unclassified Federal scientific data, training of users of data bases and computer networks, access to commercial information services for users of the Network, and technology to support computer-based collaboration that allows researchers and educators around the Nation to share information and instrumentation.
- (f) USE OF GRANT FUNDS.—All Federal agencies and departments are authorized to allow recipients of Federal research grants to use grant moneys to pay for computer networking expenses.

(g) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Within one year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director shall report to the Congress on—

(1) effective mechanisms for providing operating funds for the maintenance and use of the Network, including user fees, industry support, and continued Federal investment;

(2) the future operation and evolution of the Network;

- (3) how commercial information service providers could be charged for access to the Network, and how Network users could be charged for such commercial information services;
- (4) the technological feasibility of allowing commercial information service providers to use the Network and other federally funded research networks;
- (5) how to protect the copyrights of material distributed over the Network; and

(6) appropriate policies to ensure the security of resources available on the Network and to protect the privacy of users of networks.

SEC. 103. [15 U.S.C. 5513] NEXT GENERATION INTERNET.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The National Science Foundation, the Department of Energy, the National Institutes of Health, the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, and the National Institute of Standards and Technology may support the Next Generation Internet program. The objectives of the Next Generation Internet program shall be to—

(1) support research, development, and demonstration of advanced networking technologies to increase the capabilities

and improve the performance of the Internet;

(2) develop an advanced testbed network connecting a significant number of research sites, including universities, Federal research institutions, and other appropriate research partner institutions, to support networking research and to demonstrate new networking technologies; and

(3) develop and demonstrate advanced Internet applications that meet important national goals or agency mission needs, and that are supported by the activities described in

paragraphs (1) and (2).

(b) DUTIES OF ADVISORY COMMITTEE.—The President's Information Technology Advisory Committee (established pursuant to section 101(b) by Executive Order No. 13035 of February 11, 1997 (62 F.R. 7131), as amended by Executive Order No. 13092 of July 24, 1998), in addition to its functions under section 101(b), shall—

(1) assess the extent to which the Next Generation Inter-

net program-

(A) carries out the purposes of this Act; and

(B) addresses concerns relating to, among other matters—

- (i) geographic penalties (as defined in section 7(1)¹ of the Next Generation Internet Research Act of 1998);
- (ii) the adequacy of access to the Internet by Historically Black Colleges and Universities, Hispanic Serving Institutions, and small colleges and universities (whose enrollment is less than 5,000) and the degree of participation of those institutions in activities described in subsection (a); and
- (iii) technology transfer to and from the private sector;
- (2) review the extent to which the role of each Federal agency and department involved in implementing the Next Generation Internet program is clear and complementary to, and non-duplicative of, the roles of other participating agencies and departments;
- (3) assess the extent to which Federal support of fundamental research in computing is sufficient to maintain the Nation's critical leadership in this field; and

 $^{^{1}}$ So in original. Probably should be "7(a)(1)".

(4) make recommendations relating to its findings under

paragraphs (1), (2), and (3).

- (c) REPORTS.—The Advisory Committee shall review implementation of the Next Generation Internet program and shall report, not less frequently than annually, to the President, the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation, the Committee on Appropriations, and the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate, and the Committee on Science, the Committee on Appropriations, and the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives on its findings and recommendations for the preceding fiscal year. The first such report shall be submitted 6 months after the date of the enactment of the Next Generation Internet Research Act of 1998 and the last report shall be submitted by September 30, 2000.
- (d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There are authorized to be appropriated for the purposes of this section—

(1) for the Department of Energy, \$22,000,000 for fiscal

year 1999 and \$25,000,000 for fiscal year 2000;

(2) for the National Science Foundation, \$25,000,000 for fiscal year 1999 and \$25,000,000 for fiscal year 2000, as authorized in the National Science Foundation Authorization Act of 1998:

(3) for the National Institutes of Health, \$5,000,000 for fis-

cal year 1999 and \$7,500,000 for fiscal year 2000;

- (4) for the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, \$10,000,000 for fiscal year 1999 and \$10,000,000 for fiscal year 2000; and
- (5) for the National Institute of Standards and Technology, \$5,000,000 for fiscal year 1999 and \$7,500,000 for fiscal year 2000

Such funds may not be used for routine upgrades to existing federally funded communication networks.

TITLE II—AGENCY ACTIVITIES

SEC. 201. [15 U.S.C. 5521] NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION ACTIVITIES.

- (a) GENERAL RESPONSIBILITIES.—As part of the Program described in title I—
 - (1) the National Science Foundation shall provide computing and networking infrastructure support for all science and engineering disciplines, and support basic research and human resource development in all aspects of high-performance computing and advanced high-speed computer networking;
 - (2) to the extent that colleges, universities, and libraries cannot connect to the Network with the assistance of the private sector, the National Science Foundation shall have primary responsibility for assisting colleges, universities, and libraries to connect to the Network;
 - (3) the National Science Foundation shall serve as the primary source of information on access to and use of the Network: and
 - (4) the National Science Foundation shall upgrade the National Science Foundation funded network, assist regional net-

works to upgrade their capabilities, and provide other Federal departments and agencies the opportunity to connect to the National Science Foundation funded network.

(b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—From sums otherwise authorized to be appropriated, there are authorized to be appropriated to the National Science Foundation for the purposes of the Program \$213,000,000 for fiscal year 1992; \$262,000,000 for fiscal year 1993; \$305,000,000 for fiscal year 1994; \$354,000,000 for fiscal year 1995; and \$413,000,000 for fiscal year 1996.

SEC. 202. [15 U.S.C. 5522] NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION ACTIVITIES.

(a) GENERAL RESPONSIBILITIES.—As part of the Program described in title I, the National Aeronautics and Space Administration shall conduct basic and applied research in high-performance computing, particularly in the field of computational science, with emphasis on aerospace sciences, earth and space sciences, and remote exploration and experimentation.

(b) Authorization of Appropriations.—From sums otherwise authorized to be appropriated, there are authorized to be appropriated to the National Aeronautics and Space Administration for the purposes of the Program \$72,000,000 for fiscal year 1992; \$107,000,000 for fiscal year 1993; \$134,000,000 for fiscal year 1994; \$151,000,000 for fiscal year 1995; and \$145,000,000 for fiscal year

1996.

SEC. 203. [15 U.S.C. 5523] DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY ACTIVITIES.

(a) GENERAL RESPONSIBILITIES.—As part of the Program described in title I, the Secretary of Energy shall—

(1) conduct and support basic and applied research in high-performance computing and networking to support fundamental research in science and engineering disciplines related to energy applications; and

(2) provide computing and networking infrastructure sup-

port, including-

- (A) the provision of high-performance computing systems that are among the most advanced in the world in terms of performance in solving scientific and engineering problems; and
- (B) support for advanced software and applications development for science and engineering disciplines related to energy applications.
- (b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of Energy such sums as are necessary to carry out this section.

SEC. 204. [15 U.S.C. 5524] DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE ACTIVITIES.

- (a) General Responsibilities.—As part of the Program described in title $I-\!\!\!\!\!-$
 - (1) the National Institute of Standards and Technology shall—
 - (A) conduct basic and applied measurement research needed to support various high-performance computing systems and networks;
 - (B) develop and propose standards and guidelines, and develop measurement techniques and test methods, for the

interoperability of high-performance computing systems in networks and for common user interfaces to systems; and

(C) be responsible for developing benchmark tests and standards for high-performance computing systems and software; and

(2) the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration shall conduct basic and applied research in weather prediction and ocean sciences, particularly in development of new forecast models, in computational fluid dynamics, and in the incorporation of evolving computer architectures and networks into the systems that carry out agency missions.

(b) High-Performance Computing and Network Security.—Pursuant to the Computer Security Act of 1987 (Public Law 100–235; 101 Stat. 1724), the National Institute of Standards and Technology shall be responsible for developing and proposing standards and guidelines needed to assure the cost-effective security and privacy of sensitive information in Federal computer systems.

(c) STUDY OF IMPACT OF FEDERAL PROCUREMENT REGULA-TIONS.—(1) The Secretary of Commerce shall conduct a study to—

- (A) evaluate the impact of Federal procurement regulations that require that contractors providing software to the Federal Government share the rights to proprietary software development tools that the contractors use to develop the software; and
- (B) determine whether such regulations discourage development of improved software development tools and techniques.

(2) The Secretary of Commerce shall, within one year after the date of enactment of this Act, report to the Congress regarding the results of the study conducted under paragraph (1).

(d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—From sums otherwise authorized to be appropriated, there are authorized to be appropriated—

(1) to the National Institute of Standards and Technology for the purposes of the Program \$3,000,000 for fiscal year 1992; \$4,000,000 for fiscal year 1993; \$5,000,000 for fiscal year 1994; \$6,000,000 for fiscal year 1995; and \$7,000,000 for fiscal year 1996; and

(2) to the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration for the purposes of the Program \$2,500,000 for fiscal year 1992; \$3,000,000 for fiscal year 1993; \$3,500,000 for fiscal year 1994; \$4,000,000 for fiscal year 1995; and \$4,500,000 for fiscal year 1996.

SEC. 205. [15 U.S.C. 5525] ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY ACTIVITIES.

- (a) GENERAL RESPONSIBILITIES.—As part of the Program described in title I, the Environmental Protection Agency shall conduct basic and applied research directed toward the advancement and dissemination of computational techniques and software tools which form the core of ecosystem, atmospheric chemistry, and atmospheric dynamics models.
- (b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—From sums otherwise authorized to be appropriated, there are authorized to be appro-

priated to the Environmental Protection Agency for the purposes of the Program \$5,000,000 for fiscal year 1992; \$5,500,000 for fiscal year 1993; \$6,000,000 for fiscal year 1994; \$6,500,000 for fiscal year 1995; and \$7,000,000 for fiscal year 1996.

SEC. 206. [15 U.S.C. 5526] ROLE OF THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

(a) General Responsibilities.—As part of the Program described in title I, the Secretary of Education is authorized to conduct basic and applied research in computational research with an emphasis on the coordination of activities with libraries, school facilities, and education research groups with respect to the advancement and dissemination of computational science and the development, evaluation and application of software capabilities.

(b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—From sums otherwise authorized to be appropriated, there are authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Education for the purposes of this section \$1,500,000 for fiscal year 1992; \$1,700,000 for fiscal year 1993; \$1,900,000 for fiscal year 1994; \$2,100,000 for fiscal year

1995; and \$2,300,000 for fiscal year 1996.

SEC. 207. [15 U.S.C. 5527] MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

(a) Nonapplicability.—Except to the extent the appropriate Federal agency or department head determines, the provisions of this Act shall not apply to—

(1) programs or activities regarding computer systems that

process classified information; or

(2) computer systems the function, operation, or use of which are those delineated in paragraphs (1) through (5) of section 2315(a) of title 10, United States Code.

(b) Acquisition of Prototype and Early Production Models.—In accordance with Federal contracting law, Federal agencies and departments participating in the Program may acquire prototype or early production models of new high-performance computing systems and subsystems to stimulate hardware and software development. Items of computing equipment acquired under this subsection shall be considered research computers for purposes of applicable acquisition regulations.

SEC. 208. [15 U.S.C. 5528] FOSTERING UNITED STATES COMPETITIVE-NESS IN HIGH-PERFORMANCE COMPUTING AND RELATED ACTIVITIES.

(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds the following:

(1) High-performance computing and associated tech-

nologies are critical to the United States economy.

(2) While the United States has led the development of high-performance computing, United States industry is facing

increasing global competition.

(3) Despite existing international agreements on fair competition and nondiscrimination in government procurements, there is increasing concern that such agreements are not being honored, that more aggressive enforcement of such agreements is needed, and that additional steps may be required to ensure fair global competition, particularly in high-technology fields such as high-performance computing and associated technologies.

- (4) It is appropriate for Federal agencies and departments to use the funds authorized for the Program in a manner which most effectively fosters the maintenance and development of United States leadership in high-performance computers and associated technologies in and for the benefit of the United States.
- (5) It is appropriate for Federal agencies and departments to use the funds authorized for the Program in a manner, consistent with the Trade Agreements Act of 1979 (19 U.S.C. 2501 et seq.), which most effectively fosters reciprocal competitive procurement treatment by foreign governments for United States high-performance computing and associated technology products and suppliers.
- (b) ANNUAL REPORT.—
- (1) REPORT.—The Director shall submit an annual report to Congress that identifies—
 - (A) any grant, contract, cooperative agreement, or cooperative research and development agreement (as defined under section 12(d)(1) of the Stevenson-Wydler Technology Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3710a(d)(1)) made or entered into by any Federal agency or department for research and development under the Program with—
 - (i) any company other than a company that is either incorporated or located in the United States, and that has majority ownership by individuals who are citizens of the United States; or
 - (ii) any educational institution or nonprofit institution located outside the United States; and
 - (B) any procurement exceeding \$1,000,000 by any Federal agency or department under the Program for—
 - (i) unmanufactured articles, materials, or supplies mined or produced outside the United States; or
 - (ii) manufactured articles, materials, or supplies other than those manufactured in the United States substantially all from articles, materials, or supplies mined, produced, or manufactured in the United States,

under the meaning of title III of the Act of March 3, 1933 (41 U.S.C. 10a–10d; popularly known as the Buy American Act) as amended by the Buy American Act of 1988.

- (2) CONSOLIDATION OF REPORTS.—The report required by this subsection may be included with the report required by section 101(a)(3)(A).
- (c) APPLICATION OF BUY AMERICAN ACT.—This Act does not affect the applicability of title III of the Act of March 3, 1933 (41 U.S.C. 10a–10d; popularly known as the Buy American Act), as amended by the Buy American Act of 1988, to procurements by Federal agencies and departments undertaken as a part of the Program.