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Prison Inmates at Midyear 2007

William J. Sabol, Ph.D.
and Heather Couture,
BJS Statisticians

On June 30, 2007, state and federal correctional authorities had jurisdiction over 1,595,034 prisoners. Of these, 87.5% were under state jurisdiction and 12.5% were under federal jurisdiction (table 1).¹ More than 95% of prisoners under state and federal jurisdiction were sentenced to more than 1 year. At midyear 2007, the imprisonment rate of persons sentenced to more than 1 year was 509 per 100,000 U.S. residents. Jurisdiction refers to the legal authority over a prisoner regardless of where a prisoner is held. Imprisonment rate refers to the number of persons incarcerated in state and federal prisons per 100,000 U.S. residents.

Growth in the prison population slowed slightly during the first six months of 2007

Growth in the number of prisoners under state or federal jurisdiction slowed slightly during the first six months of 2007, compared to the same period in 2006. Between January and June 2007, the prison population increased by 1.6% (or 24,919 prisoners), compared to a 2% increase during the first six months of 2006 (figure 1).

The slowdown in the overall growth rate of the prison population during the first half of 2007 was due to a decline in the growth rate of prisoners under state jurisdiction. During the first six months of 2007, the number of prisoners under state jurisdiction grew at a slower rate (1.4%) compared to the same period in 2006 (2%). Prisoners under federal jurisdiction increased more rapidly during the first six months in 2007 (3.1%) compared to the same period in 2006 (1.8%).

¹State-level prison population data and other detailed information are available in Appendix tables on the BJS Website at <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/pub/pdf/pim07.pdf>>

Table 1. Prisoners under state or federal jurisdiction, by selected characteristics, December 31, 2000 and 2006, and June 30, 2007

	Number of prisoners			Percent
	12/31/2000	12/31/2006	06/30/2007	06/30/2007
Total^a	1,391,261	1,570,115	1,595,034	100%
Federal	145,416	193,046	199,118	12.5
State	1,245,845	1,377,069	1,395,916	87.5
Gender				
Male	1,298,027	1,457,641	1,479,726	92.8%
Female	93,234	112,474	115,308	7.2
Sentence length				
More than 1 year	1,331,278	1,502,179	1,528,041	95.8%
1 year or less ^b	59,983	67,936	66,993	4.2
Sentenced imprisonment rate^c				
Total	478	501	509	
Male	915	943	957	
Female	59	68	69	

^aIncludes prisoners under the authority of state or federal correctional officials regardless of the facility in which they were held.

^bIncludes unsentenced prisoners.

^cImprisonment rates are based on U.S. Census Bureau population estimates per 100,000 U.S. residents. Resident population estimates are as of January 1 for yearend and July 1 for midyear.

Percent change in number of prisoners under jurisdiction of state or federal correctional authorities during the first six months of 2006 and 2007

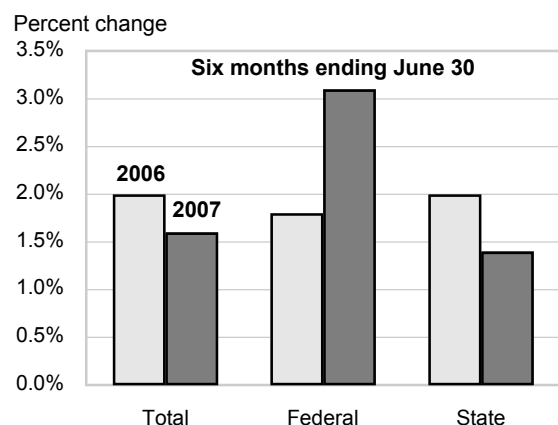


Figure 1

Growth during the first half of the year generally outpaced growth during the second half

More rapid growth during the first six months of the year compared to the second six months was generally observed in the nation's prison population (figure 2). With the exception of 2002, the majority of annual change in the total prison population occurred during the first six months between 2000 and 2006.

In 2000 and 2001, almost all of the annual growth in the nation's prison population occurred during the first 6-month periods. Growth in the prison population slowed in the second half of 2000 and decreased between July and December 2001.

During 2005 slightly more than half of the annual growth in the prison population occurred during the first half of the year. A little less than half of the growth in 2005 occurred during the second half of the year.

Growth during the first half of 2007 slowed in states with the largest prison populations

Prison populations in the 10 states with the largest number of prisoners in 2000 increased during 2006 at more than three times (3.2%) the average annual rate of growth (0.9%) from 2000 through 2005.² During the first half of 2007, growth in the number of prisoners in these states slowed to 0.7%, a 71% decline in the rate of growth from 2006. The 10 states included Texas, California, Florida, New York, Michigan, Ohio, Illinois, Georgia, Pennsylvania, and Louisiana.³

Within these 10 states, the majority of the annual growth during 2006 occurred during the first six months of the year (figure 3). Prison populations grew by 2.3% during the 6-month period ending June 30, 2006, and increased by an additional 0.9% during the 6-month period ending December 31, 2006.

Growth in the prison population in the remaining 40 states increased by 1.6% during the first six months of 2006 and by 2.2% during the first six months of 2007.

²Prisoners in 2006, BJS Bulletin, December 2007 (p. 3) NCJ 219416.

³By December 31, 2006, North Carolina replaced Louisiana as the state with the tenth largest prison population.

All but two (Florida and Pennsylvania) of the 10 largest states in 2000 reported slower prison growth during the first six months of 2007 than during the first half of 2006. During the same period, Michigan and Louisiana reported decreases of 1.8% and 0.1%, respectively (appendix table 1).

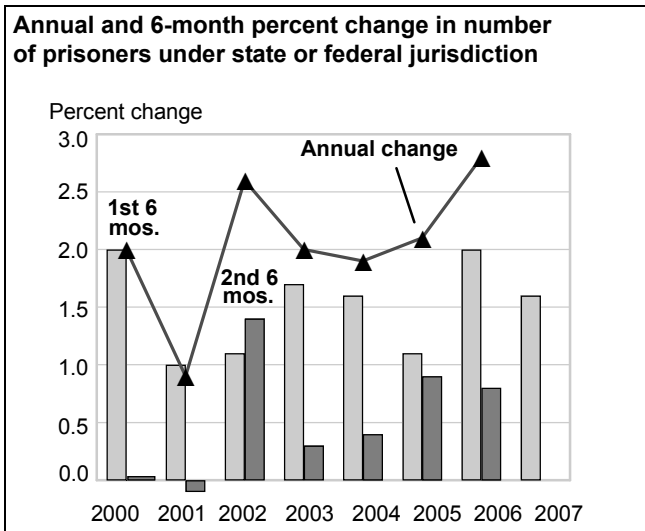


Figure 2

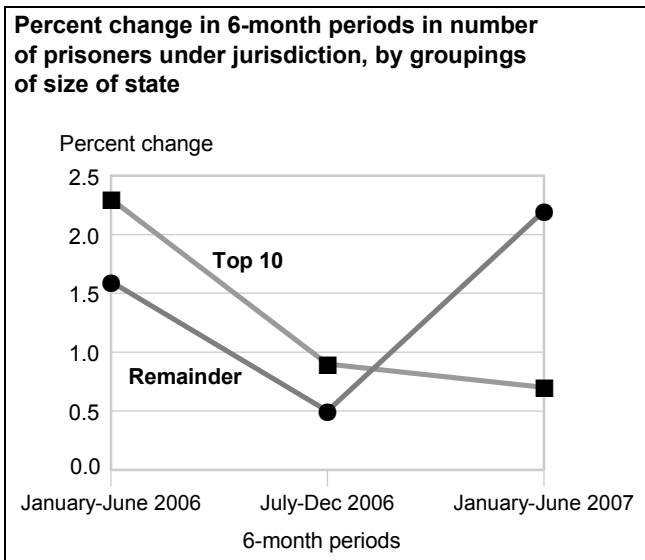


Figure 3

Six-month growth rates in states ranged from increases of more than 8% to decreases of 3%

During the first six months of 2007, the prison population increased in 41 states and declined in 8 states (table 2). Wyoming was the only state that did not report a change. Twenty-six of the 41 states that reported an increase exceeded the overall percentage increase (1.4%) in prisoners under jurisdiction of state correctional authorities nationwide. Minnesota (8.6%) reported the largest percentage increase during the first six months of 2007, and Montana (down 2.9%) reported the largest percentage decrease. Florida reported the largest absolute increase (2,109) in the size of its prison population, and Michigan reported the largest absolute decrease (929).

Between 2000 and 2006, the prison populations decreased in New York, New Jersey, Maryland, and Illinois; however, during the first six months of 2007, the prison population increased in these states. The largest growth occurred in New Jersey. At midyear 2007, New Jersey reported an increase of 3.7%, up from an annual average decrease of 1.4% from December 2000 to December 2006.

For most state prison systems, long-term growth rates (the average annual percent change between yearend 2000 and yearend 2006) differed from short-term growth rates (first six months of 2007). In Massachusetts the long-term growth rate for the prison population increased 0.5%, compared to a 3.7% short-term rate. In Michigan the prison population had an average annual increase of 1.3% between yearend 2000 and yearend 2006, compared to a decline of 1.8% in the first six months of 2007.

Table 2. Prisoners under the jurisdiction of state or federal correctional authorities, by region and jurisdiction, December 31, 2000 and 2006, and June 30, 2007

Region and jurisdiction	Number of prisoners			Average annual change	Percent change
	12/31/00	12/31/06	6/30/07	12/31/00-12/31/06	12/31/06-6/30/07
U.S. Total	1,391,261	1,570,115	1,595,034	2.0%	1.6%
Federal	145,416	193,046	199,118	4.8	3.1
State	1,245,845	1,377,069	1,395,916	1.7	1.4
Northeast	174,826	177,817	180,980	0.3%	1.8%
Connecticut ^a	18,355	20,566	20,780	1.9	1.0
Maine	1,679	2,120	2,185	4.0	3.1
Massachusetts	10,722	11,032	11,440	0.5	3.7
New Hampshire	2,257	2,805	2,814	3.7	0.3
New Jersey	29,784	27,371	28,378	-1.4	3.7
New York	70,199	63,315	63,536	-1.7	0.3
Pennsylvania	36,847	44,397	45,563	3.2	2.6
Rhode Island ^a	3,286	3,996	4,119	3.3	3.1
Vermont ^a	1,697	2,215	2,165	4.5	-2.3
Midwest	237,378	261,466	264,066	1.6%	1.0%
Illinois	45,281	45,106	45,565	-0.1	1.0
Indiana	20,125	26,091	26,833	4.4	2.8
Iowa ^b	7,955	8,875	8,837	1.8	-0.4
Kansas	8,344	8,816	8,850	0.9	0.4
Michigan	47,718	51,577	50,648	1.3	-1.8
Minnesota	6,238	9,108	9,891	6.5	8.6
Missouri	27,543	30,167	29,942	1.5	-0.7
Nebraska	3,895	4,407	4,435	2.1	0.6
North Dakota	1,076	1,363	1,435	4.0	5.3
Ohio	45,833	49,166	50,418	1.2	2.5
South Dakota	2,616	3,359	3,446	4.3	2.6
Wisconsin	20,754	23,431	23,766	2.0	1.4
South	561,214	622,817	633,236	1.8%	1.7%
Alabama	26,332	28,241	29,244	1.2	3.6
Arkansas	11,915	13,729	13,914	2.4	1.3
Delaware ^a	6,921	7,206	7,521	0.7	4.4
District of Columbia ^c	7,456	~	~	~	~
Florida	71,319	92,969	95,078	4.5	2.3
Georgia ^b	44,232	52,792	53,226	3.0	0.8
Kentucky	14,919	20,000	21,644	5.0	8.2
Louisiana	35,207	37,012	36,981	0.8	-0.1
Maryland	23,538	22,945	23,123	-0.4	0.8
Mississippi	20,241	21,068	21,758	0.7	3.3
North Carolina	31,266	37,460	38,179	3.1	1.9
Oklahoma	23,181	25,497	25,686	1.6	0.7
South Carolina	21,778	23,616	24,093	1.4	2.0
Tennessee	22,166	25,745	26,453	2.5	2.8
Texas	166,719	172,116	172,626	0.5	0.3
Virginia	30,168	36,688	37,824	3.3	3.1
West Virginia	3,856	5,733	5,886	6.8	2.7
West	272,427	314,969	317,634	2.4%	0.8%
Alaska ^a	4,173	5,069	5,312	3.3	4.8
Arizona ^b	26,510	35,892	37,088	5.2	3.3
California	163,001	175,512	176,059	1.2	0.3
Colorado	16,833	22,481	22,662	4.9	0.8
Hawaii ^a	5,053	5,967	6,039	2.8	1.2
Idaho	5,535	7,124	7,357	4.3	3.3
Montana	3,105	3,572	3,469	2.4	-2.9
Nevada	10,063	12,901	13,034	4.2	1.0
New Mexico	5,342	6,639	6,526	3.7	-1.7
Oregon	10,580	13,707	14,012	4.4	2.2
Utah	5,637	6,430	6,524	2.2	1.5
Washington	14,915	17,561	17,438	2.8	-0.7
Wyoming	1,680	2,114	2,114	3.9	0.0

~ Not applicable. See footnote c.

^aPrisons and jails form one integrated system. Data include total jail and prison populations.

^bPopulation based on custody counts.

^cAs of December 30, 2001, sentenced felons from the District of Columbia were the responsibility of the Federal Bureau of Prisons.

Growth in sentenced prisoners mirrored growth in all prisoners under jurisdiction

The number of prisoners sentenced to more than 1 year increased 1.7% between December 31, 2006 and June 30, 2007, or at about the same rate as the total number of prisoners under jurisdiction (table 3). During the 6-month period ending June 30, 2007, the percentage change in the number of sentenced male and female prisoners increased at about the same rates as the overall percentage change in the number of prisoners under jurisdiction. Female prisoners sentenced to more than 1 year (2.9%) increased at a slightly faster rate than the overall female prison population (2.5%).

On June 30, 2007, the imprisonment rate for prisoners sentenced to more than 1 year was 509 per 100,000 U.S. residents, up from 501 at yearend 2006. Male prisoners sentenced to more than 1 year were imprisoned at a rate of 957 per 100,000 male residents; female prisoners were imprisoned at a rate of 69 per 100,000 female residents.

Table 3. Number of prisoners under state or federal jurisdiction, by gender, December 31, 2000, June 30, 2006 and 2007

	All prisoners	Male	Female
Number of prisoners under jurisdiction^a			
12/31/2000	1,391,261	1,298,027	93,234
12/31/2006	1,570,115	1,457,641	112,474
6/30/2007	1,595,034	1,479,726	115,308
Average annual change, 2000-2006	2.0%	2.0%	3.2%
Percent change, 2006-2007	1.6%	1.5%	2.5%
Number under jurisdiction sentenced to more than 1 year			
12/31/2000	1,331,278	1,246,234	85,044
12/31/2006	1,502,179	1,399,075	103,104
6/30/2007	1,528,041	1,421,988	106,053
Average annual change, 2000-2006	2.0%	1.9%	3.3%
Percent change, 2006-2007	1.7%	1.6%	2.9%
Imprisonment rate^b			
12/31/2000	478	915	59
12/31/2006	501	943	68
6/30/2007	509	957	69

^aSee Appendix tables 2, 3, 4 and 5 for jurisdiction specific information.

^bThe total number of prisoners with a sentence of more than 1 year per 100,000 U.S. residents. Resident population estimates are as of January 1 for yearend and July 1 for midyear.

Prison admissions growth outpaced growth in releases

During 2006 (the most recent data available on prison admissions and releases), the number of sentenced prisoners admitted to state or federal prisons increased to 749,798, up 2.3% over the number admitted in 2005 (table 4). Sentenced prisoners released during 2006 reached 713,473, up 2.1% over the number released in 2005.⁴ From yearend 2000 to 2006, the growth in prison admissions (3.1%) exceeded releases (2.8%) (figure 4). The faster rate of growth in the number of admissions was consistent with the general increase of sentenced prisoners between 2000 and 2006.

⁴To avoid double counting, BJS counts of sentenced admissions and releases exclude transfers, escapes, and AWOLs.

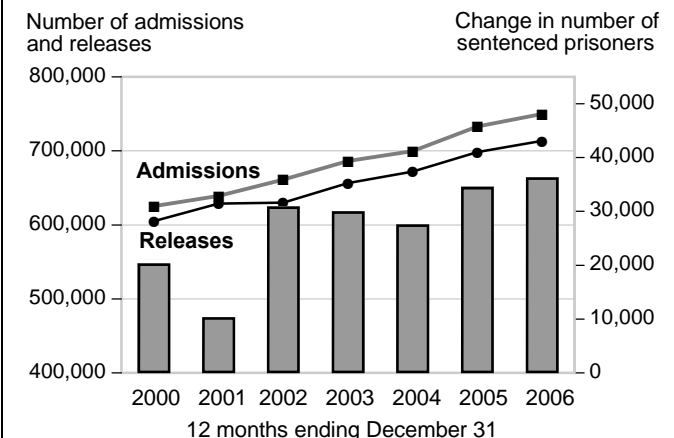
Table 4. Number of sentenced prisoners admitted and released from state or federal jurisdiction during the calendar year, 2000-2006

Year	Admissions			Releases		
	Total	Federal	State	Total	Federal	State
2000	625,219	43,732	581,487	604,858	35,259	569,599
2001	638,978	45,140	593,838	628,626	38,370	590,256
2002	661,082	48,144	612,938	630,176	42,339	587,837
2003	686,437	52,288	634,149	656,384	44,199	612,185
2004	699,812	52,982	646,830	672,202	46,624	625,578
2005	733,009	56,057	676,952	698,459	47,981	650,478
2006	749,798	57,495	692,303	713,473	47,920	665,553
Average annual change, 2000-2006	3.1%	4.7%	2.9%	2.8%	5.2%	2.6%
Percent change, 2005-2006	2.3	2.6	2.3	2.1	-0.1	2.3

Note: Totals exclude transfers, escapes, and AWOLs.

^aSee Appendix table 6 for jurisdiction-specific counts.

Number of admissions and releases, and change in number of sentenced prisoners, 2000-2006



Note: Admissions and releases exclude transfers, escapes, and AWOLs.

Figure 4

State admissions for parole violations grew more rapidly than new court commitments

During 2006, state prisons admitted 692,303 sentenced prisoners, an increase of 2.3% since yearend 2005 (table 5). New court commitments accounted for about 64% of sentenced admissions in 2006, a percentage that has fluctuated between 60% and 64% since 2000.

About a third (239,495) of all admissions to state prisons in 2006 were offenders sentenced for violations of parole or conditions of supervised release. This was a 3.1% increase over the 232,229 prisoners admitted for parole violations in 2005. Since 2000, the percentage of state prison admissions for parole violations fluctuated between a high of 36.3% in 2001 to a low of 33.1% in 2003 (figure 5). Parole violators were 34.6% of admissions to prison at yearend 2006.

California had both the largest absolute number and percentage increase of admissions for parole violations. In 2006, 64.9% of all admissions in California were for parole violations, down from 68.9% in 2000 (not shown in table). Excluding California, parole violations represented slightly more than a quarter of all state prison admissions in 2006.

Use of private facilities and local jails by federal correctional authorities increased 12%

At midyear 2007, there were 118,239 prisoners under jurisdiction in privately operated facilities, up 5.4% (6,105 prisoners) from 112,134 at midyear 2006 (table 6). During 2007, the number of prisoners under federal jurisdiction in private facilities increased by 3,271, up 12.1% from June 30, 2006.

Table 5. Number of sentenced admissions into state prisons, by type of admission, 2000-2006

Year	Admissions		
	Total ^a	New court commitments	Parole violators ^b
2000	581,487	350,431	203,569
2001	593,838	365,714	215,450
2002	612,938	392,661	207,961
2003	634,149	399,843	209,753
2004	646,830	411,300	219,033
2005	676,952	421,426	232,229
2006	692,303	441,606	239,495

^aTotals based on inmates with a sentence of more than 1 year. Totals exclude transfers, escapes, and AWOLs to and from other jurisdictions.

^bParole violators include inmates with revoked parole, other conditional release violators, and intermediate sanctions imposed upon parolees in lieu of revoking parole.

Between midyear 2006 and midyear 2007, based on reporting from 49 states, the total number of prisoners under jurisdiction in private facilities increased 3.3% (or by 2,834 prisoners). Over a third of this growth was contributed by Arizona. Arizona reported an increase of 957 prisoners which was offset by decreases in other states (appendix table 8). Illinois did not report data in 2007 and did not have offenders in private facilities in 2006.

Percentage of all commitments to state prisons for parole violations

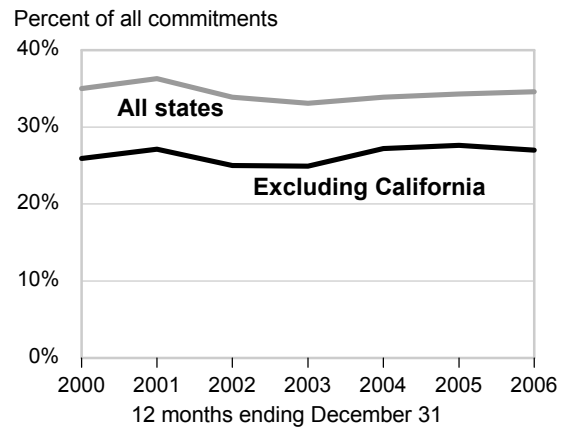


Figure 5

Table 6. Number of prisoners held in private facilities, June 30, 2000-2007

Year	Number of prisoners			Percent of all prisoners
	Total	Federal	State	
2000	90,542	15,524	75,018	6.5%
2001	91,953	19,251	72,702	6.5
2002	93,912	20,274	73,638	6.5
2003	95,522	21,865	73,657	6.5
2004	98,901	24,768	74,133	6.6
2005	101,720	26,544	75,176	6.9
2006	112,134	27,108	85,026	7.2
2007	118,239	30,379	87,860	7.4
Average annual change, 2000-2006	3.6%	9.7%	2.1%	
Percent change, 2006-2007	5.4	12.1	3.3	

On June 30, 2007, state and federal correctional authorities reported 79,688 prisoners under jurisdiction in local jails, an increase of 2.3% over the 77,903 reported at midyear 2006 (table 7). In both years, 5% of prisoners under state or federal jurisdiction were housed in local jails. During 2007, federal officials increased the number of prisoners housed in local jails by 243 prisoners, up 12.9% from June 30, 2006. State officials increased the number housed in local jails by 1,542 prisoners, up 2.0% from midyear 2006. The majority of this growth can be attributed to the growth in Kentucky (1,588) and Virginia (1,137) (not shown in table).

Inmates held in state or federal prison or in local jails increased to nearly 2.3 million

On June 30, 2007, an estimated 2.3 million inmates were held in custody in state or federal prison facilities or in local jails (table 8). About two-thirds (66%) of inmates in custody were held in prison, while about a third (34%) were held in local jails.

The custody count is defined as all inmates held in state or federal public prison facilities, inmates held in privately operated facilities, and inmates held in local jails, regardless of length of sentence and state holding jurisdiction. It does not include inmates held in U.S. Territories, military facilities, U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement facilities, jails in Indian Country, and juvenile facilities.

During the first six months of 2007, the custody population grew 1.8% compared to an average annual growth rate of 2.6% from yearend 2000 to yearend 2006. The incarceration rate for inmates in custody increased to 762 persons per 100,000 U.S. residents at midyear 2007, up from 751 at yearend 2006. Incarceration rate refers to the number of inmates held in state or federal prisons or in local jails per 100,000 U.S. residents.

Table 7. Number of prisoners under jurisdiction in local jails, June 30, 2001-2007

Year	Number of prisoners			Percent of all prisoners
	Total	Federal	State	
2001	67,901	2,923	64,978	4.8%
2002	71,248	3,336	67,912	5.0
2003	73,698	1,379	72,319	4.9
2004	76,067	1,066	75,001	5.1
2005	75,993	1,066	74,927	5.0
2006	77,903	1,882	76,021	5.0
2007	79,688	2,125	77,563	5.0
Average annual change, 2001-2006	2.8%	-8.4%	3.2%	
Percent change, 2006-2007	2.3	12.9	2.0	

Note: Jurisdiction counts for prisoners in local jails were not collected at midyear 2000.

Table 8. Prisoners and inmates held in custody in state or federal prisons or in local jails, December 31, 2000-2006 and June 30, 2007

	December 31							June 30, 2007	Average annual change, 2000-2006	Percent change, 12/31/2006-06/30/2007
	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006			
Total inmates in custody	1,937,482	1,961,247	2,033,022	2,081,580	2,135,335	2,195,873	2,258,983	2,299,116	2.6%	1.8%
Federal prisoners ^a										
Total	140,064	149,852	158,216	168,144	177,600	186,364	190,844	196,804	5.3%	3.1%
Prisons	133,921	143,337	151,618	161,673	170,535	179,220	183,381	188,779	5.4	2.9
Federal facilities	124,540	130,601	137,942	146,279	152,832	159,318	163,118	166,425	4.6	2.0
Privately operated facilities	9,381	12,736	13,676	15,394	17,703	19,902	20,263	22,354	13.7	10.3
Community Corrections Centers ^b	6,143	6,515	6,598	6,471	7,065	7,144	7,463	8,025	3.3	7.5
State prisoners	1,176,269	1,180,155	1,209,331	1,222,135	1,243,745	1,261,980	1,302,129	1,321,731	1.7%	1.5%
Inmates held in local jails ^c	621,149	631,240	665,475	691,301	713,990	747,529	766,010	780,581	3.6	1.9
Incarceration rate ^d	684	685	701	712	723	737	751	762		

Note: Counts include all inmates held in public and private adult correctional facilities and in local jails.

^aAs of December 30, 2001, sentenced felons from the District of Columbia were the responsibility of the Federal Bureau of Prisons.

^bNon-secure, privately operated community corrections centers.

^cCounts for inmates held in local jails are for the last working day of June in each year. Counts were estimated from the Annual Survey of Jails in every year except 2005 when a Census of Jail Inmates was conducted. See *Methodology*.

^dThe total number in custody per 100,000 U.S. residents. Resident population estimates were as of January 1 of the following year for December 31 estimates. Resident population estimates are as of July 1, 2007 for June 30, 2007 estimates.

Black males ages 30 to 34 had the highest custody incarceration rate of any race, age, or gender group

Of the 2.3 million inmates in custody, 2.1 million were men and 208,300 were women (table 9). Black males represented the largest percentage (35.4%) of inmates held in custody, followed by white males (32.9%) and Hispanic males (17.9%).

Over a third (33.8%) of the total male custody population was ages 20 to 29 (appendix table 10). The largest percentage of black (35.5%) and Hispanic (39.9%) males held in custody were ages 20 to 29. White males ages 35 to 44 accounted for the largest percentage (30.1%) of the white male custody population.

The largest percentage (35.9%) of the female custody population was ages 30 to 39. Over a third of white females

(35.9%) were ages 30 and 39. The largest percentage (36.8%) of Hispanic females in custody was ages 20 to 29.

The custody incarceration rate for black males was 4,618 per 100,000. Hispanic males were incarcerated at a rate of 1,747 per 100,000. Compared to the estimated numbers of black, white, and Hispanic males in the U.S. resident population, black males (6 times) and Hispanic males (a little more than 2 times) were more likely to be held in custody than white males. At midyear 2007 the estimated incarceration rate of white males was 773 per 100,000.

Across all age categories, black males were incarcerated at higher rates than white or Hispanic males. Black males ages 30 to 34 had the highest custody incarceration rate of any race, age, or gender group at midyear 2007 (table 10).

Table 9. Estimated number of persons held in state or federal prisons or local jails, by gender, race, Hispanic origin, and age, June 30, 2007

Age	Male				Female			
	Total ^a	White ^b	Black ^b	Hispanic	Total ^a	White ^b	Black ^b	Hispanic
Total	2,090,800	755,500	814,700	410,900	208,300	96,600	67,600	32,100
18-19	86,600	27,100	36,500	17,700	5,500	2,300	1,500	1,300
20-24	353,300	108,200	145,600	80,100	31,000	14,200	9,000	6,100
25-29	354,100	106,200	143,400	83,900	32,000	14,500	10,000	5,700
30-34	328,600	109,500	125,600	73,800	35,500	16,400	11,600	5,700
35-39	303,100	113,700	118,200	55,000	39,000	18,300	13,200	5,200
40-44	273,600	114,200	103,300	41,900	32,700	15,000	11,600	3,900
45-49	184,200	77,500	71,200	27,800	18,200	8,400	6,500	2,200
50-54	96,800	43,300	35,500	13,900	8,000	4,200	2,300	1,000
55-59	50,500	26,600	15,000	7,600	3,300	1,800	700	600
60-64	21,700	13,200	5,200	3,300	1,200	700	400	100
65 or older	17,700	10,900	4,500	2,100	800	600	100	100

Note: Detailed categories exclude persons who reported two or more races. See Appendix table 10 for percent distributions by age and race.

^aIncludes American Indians, Alaska Natives, Asians, Native Hawaiians, other Pacific Islanders, and persons identifying two or more races.

^bExcludes persons of Hispanic or Latino origin.

Table 10. Estimated number of inmates held in state or federal prison or in local jails per 100,000 residents, by gender, race, Hispanic origin, and age, June 30, 2007

Age	Male				Female			
	Total ^a	White ^b	Black ^b	Hispanic	Total ^a	White ^b	Black ^b	Hispanic
Total	1,406	773	4,618	1,747	136	95	348	146
18-19	1,995	1,016	5,710	2,383	133	90	245	187
20-24	3,256	1,631	9,692	4,043	304	226	612	357
25-29	3,286	1,686	10,384	3,607	311	233	697	310
30-34	3,317	1,904	10,688	3,388	369	288	893	313
35-39	2,844	1,704	9,577	2,824	371	278	957	309
40-44	2,496	1,566	8,148	2,489	297	205	808	256
45-49	1,630	968	5,665	2,025	157	103	449	167
50-54	940	569	3,300	1,342	74	54	183	94
55-59	571	394	1,751	995	35	26	64	76
60-64	313	242	890	628	16	12	51	22
65 or older	111	84	373	195	4	4	7	4

Note: Based on the U.S. resident population estimates for July 1, 2007, by gender, race, Hispanic origin, and age. Detailed categories exclude persons who reported two or more races.

^aIncludes American Indians, Alaska Natives, Asians, Native Hawaiians, other Pacific Islanders, and persons identifying two or more races.

^bExcludes persons of Hispanic or Latino origin.

At midyear 2007, the incarceration rate of black women held in custody (prison or jail) was 348 per 100,000 U.S. residents compared to 146 Hispanic women and 95 white women. With the exception of females ages 55 to 59, black women were held in custody at higher rates than Hispanic or white women across all age categories.

Hispanic and white men accounted for more than half of the increase to the custody population

Between 2000 and 2007, the number of inmates in custody in prisons or jails increased by 367,200. Male inmates (315,100) accounted for 86% of the increase to the custody population (table 11). Female inmates (52,100) made up the remaining 14%.

From midyear 2000 through midyear 2007, Hispanic men (120,000) represented the largest increase to the custody population. They accounted for a third (32.7%) of the overall change in the number of inmates in prison or jail. White men accounted for a quarter (25.0%), and white women for about a tenth (9.0%) of the overall change during this period. Black men in prison or jail increased by 23,100 and accounted for 6.3% of the overall change to the population. Black women declined by 1,900 during this period.

Changes in the incarceration rates for men and women by race were associated with changes to the overall composition of the custody population at midyear 2007. Black men had an incarceration rate of 4,618 per 100,000 U.S. residents at midyear 2007, down from 4,777 at midyear 2000. For white men, the midyear 2007 incarceration rate was 773 per 100,000 U.S. residents, up from 683 at midyear 2000. The ratio of the incarceration rates of black men to white men declined from 7 to 6 during this period.

Changes in the incarceration rates for women were more distinct. At midyear 2000, black women were incarcerated at a rate 6 times that of white women (or 380 per 100,000 U.S. residents versus 63 per 100,000 U.S. residents). By June 30, 2007, the incarceration rate for black women declined to 3.7 times that of white women (or 348 versus 95). An 8.4% decline in the incarceration rate for black women and a 51% increase in the rate for white women accounted for the overall decrease in the incarceration rate of black women relative to white women at midyear 2007.

Estimated number of non-U.S. citizens and juveniles in state custody increased

An estimated 96,703 non-U.S. citizens were held in state or federal custody on June 30, 2007, up an estimated 3.7% from the estimated 93,267 reported to be held in custody on June 30, 2006 (table 12). Three states (Florida, Illinois, and Oregon) not providing data on non-U.S. citizens for midyear 2007 reported holding 8,556 non-U.S. citizens in custody at midyear 2006.

The federal system and 40 states reported in both 2006 and 2007. In these 41 jurisdictions the number of non-U.S. citizens increased from 82,497 to 84,942 (not shown in table). California reported an increase of 2,598 non-U.S. citizens; Georgia reported an increase of 1,018.

Table 11. Total change in number of persons held in custody in prison or local jail, June 30, 2000 to 2007

	Total	Percent
Total^a	367,200	100%
Males	315,100	85.8%
White ^b	91,800	25.0
Black ^b	23,100	6.3
Hispanic	120,000	32.7
Females	52,100	14.2%
White ^b	32,900	9.0
Black ^b	-1,900	-0.5
Hispanic	12,600	3.4

Note: Numbers were estimated and rounded to the nearest 100.

^aIncludes American Indians, Alaska Natives, Asians, Native Hawaiians, and other Pacific Islanders, and persons identifying two or more races.

^bExcludes persons of Hispanic or Latino origin.

Table 12. Number of non-U.S. citizens held in state or federal prisons, June 30, 2000-2007

Year	Total	Male	Female
2000	89,676	86,130	3,546
2001	87,917	84,196	3,721
2002	88,677	84,931	3,746
2003	90,568	86,751	3,817
2004	91,815	88,013	3,802
2005	91,089	87,430	3,659
2006 ^a	91,053	87,353	3,700
2006 ^b	93,267	89,485	3,782
2007 ^a	87,226	83,657	3,569
2007 ^b	96,703	92,739	3,964
Average annual change, 2000-2006	0.3%	0.2%	0.7%

^aTotals based on numbers reported by states.

^bTotals estimated. Nevada and Virginia did not provide data on non-U.S. citizens in custody at midyear 2006. Florida, Illinois, and Oregon did not provide data on non-citizens in custody at midyear 2007. See *Methodology*.

On June 30, 2007, state officials held an estimated 2,639 juveniles (persons under age 18) in custody, a 10.4% increase from the estimated 2,390 juveniles held in custody on June 30, 2006 (table 13). Florida, Illinois, and Oregon did not report data on the number of juveniles held in custody in 2007. In 2006, these three states collectively had custody of 330 juveniles.

In the 44 states that reported in 2006 and 2007, the number of juveniles increased by 199, from 2,034 to 2,233 (not shown in table). Alabama (38), Michigan (37), and Mississippi (34) accounted for over half of this growth.

Table 13. Number of persons under age 18 held in state prisons, June 30, 2000-2007

Year	Total	Male	Female
2000	3,896	3,721	175
2001	3,147	3,010	137
2002	3,038	2,927	111
2003	2,741	2,627	114
2004	2,485	2,375	110
2005	2,208	2,118	90
2006 ^a	2,364	2,260	104
2006 ^b	2,390	2,286	104
2007 ^a	2,280	2,189	91
2007 ^b	2,639	2,523	116
Average annual change, 2000-2006	-8.0%	-8.0%	-8.3%

^aTotals based on numbers reported by states.
^bTotals estimated. Nevada did not provide data on juveniles in custody at midyear 2006. Florida, Illinois, and Oregon did not provide data on juveniles in custody at midyear 2007. See *Methodology*.

Methodology

National Prisoner Statistics

The National Prisoner Statistics (NPS) program has been collecting statistics on prisoners at midyear and yearend under a Congressional mandate since 1926. The Census Bureau serves as the data collection agent for the Bureau of Justice Statistics (BJS). BJS depends entirely upon the voluntary participation of State Departments of Corrections and the Federal Bureau of Prisons for NPS data.

The NPS distinguishes between prisoners in custody and prisoners under jurisdiction. To have custody of a prisoner, a state or the federal system must hold that prisoner in one of its facilities. To have jurisdiction over a prisoner, a state or the federal system must have legal authority over the prisoner. Some states are unable to provide both custody and jurisdiction counts.

The NPS jurisdiction counts include inmates held within a jurisdiction's facilities, including prisons, penitentiaries, correctional facilities, halfway houses, boot camps, farms, training/treatment centers, and hospitals. They include inmates who are:

- temporarily absent (less than 30 days), out to court, or on work release
- held in privately operated facilities, local jails, other state or federal facilities
- serving a sentence for a responding jurisdiction and another jurisdiction at the same time.

The NPS custody counts include all inmates held within a responding jurisdiction's facilities, including inmates housed for other jurisdictions. The custody counts exclude inmates held in local jails and in other jurisdictions. With a few exceptions for several responding jurisdictions, the NPS custody counts exclude inmates held in privately operated facilities.

The NPS counts also include all inmates in state-operated facilities in Alaska, Connecticut, Delaware, Hawaii, Rhode Island, and Vermont, which have combined jail-prison systems. Since 2001 NPS prisoner counts have excluded inmates held by the District of Columbia, which as of yearend 2001 operated only a jail system. Prisoners sentenced under the District of Columbia criminal code are housed in federal facilities.

Illinois provided its 2007 total jurisdiction count. Combined with the 2006 reported counts for gender and sentenced individuals, ratio estimates were calculated to estimate the 2007 jurisdiction counts for males, females, and sentenced individuals.

Illinois, Florida, and Oregon did not provide data for non-U.S. citizens and juveniles held in custody at midyear 2007. Estimated totals were calculated using the custody, non-U.S. citizen, and juvenile information provided at midyear 2006.

For more information about the NPS data collection instruments, see <http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/cor-rect.htm#nps>.

Other inmate counts

With the exception of 2005, data on the number of inmates held in the custody of local jails are from the BJS Annual Survey of Jails (ASJ). The ASJ provides data on inmates in custody at midyear. For more information about the ASJ, see *Methodology in Jail Inmates at Midyear 2007* (NCJ 221945).

The number of inmates held in the custody of local jails in 2005 are from the 2005 Census of Jail Inmates. The 2005 Census of Jail Inmates was the eighth in a series. Previous censuses of jails were conducted in 1970, 1972, 1978, 1983, 1988, 1993 and 1999. To reduce respondent burden and improve data quality and timeliness, the census was split into two parts: the Census of Jail Inmates, 2005, and the Census of Jail Facilities, 2006, (conducted on March 31, 2006). As in previous censuses, the U.S. Census Bureau was the collection agent for BJS.

The 2005 Census of Jail Inmates included all locally administered confinement facilities (under the authority of 2,853 local jurisdictions). These facilities are intended for adults but sometimes hold juveniles. They hold inmates beyond arraignment and are staffed by municipal or county employees. The census also included 42 jails that were privately operated under contract for local governments and 65 multi-jurisdiction jails that were administered by two or more local governments. Included in the census, but excluded from this report due to lack of comparability with previous survey years, were 13 facilities maintained by the Federal Bureau of Prisons and functioned as jails.

The census excluded temporary holding facilities, such as drunk tanks and police lockups, that do not hold persons after they are formally charged in court (usually within 72 hours of arrest). Also, the census excluded state-operated facilities in Alaska, Connecticut, Delaware, Hawaii, Rhode Island, and Vermont, which have combined jail-prison systems.

Fourteen locally operated jails in Alaska were included.

All jail jurisdictions responded to the census, resulting in a 100% response rate.

Estimating age-specific incarceration rates

Estimates are provided for the number of persons held in custody in state or federal prisons or in local jails by gender (within genders by age group), race (non-Hispanic white and non-Hispanic black), and Hispanic origin. The detailed race and Hispanic origin categories exclude estimates of persons identifying two or more races. For 2000 and 2007, estimates were produced separately for inmates under state and federal jurisdiction and then combined to obtain a total estimated population. State estimates were prepared by combining information about the gender of prisoners from the NPS with information on self-reported race and Hispanic origin from the 2004 Survey of Inmates of State Correctional Facilities.

To estimate federal prisoners, the distributions of FJSP counts of sentenced federal inmates by gender, age, race, and Hispanic origin on September 30, 2006, were applied to the NPS counts of sentenced federal inmates by gender at midyear 2007. Estimates of the U.S. resident population for July 1, 2007, by age, gender, race, and Hispanic origin, were generated by applying the July 1, 2007 age distributions within gender, race, and Hispanic origin groups to the June 30, 2007 population estimates by gender. The population estimates were provided by the U.S. Census Bureau. Age-specific rates of incarceration for each demographic group were calculated by dividing the estimated number of sentenced prisoners within each age group by the estimated number of U.S. residents in each age group, multiplying the quotient by 100,000, and then rounding to the nearest whole number. Totals by gender include all prisoners and U.S. residents regardless of racial or Hispanic origin, while incarceration rates for detailed race and Hispanic origin groups exclude persons identifying two or more races.

NPS jurisdiction notes

Alaska—Prisons and jails form one integrated system. All NPS data include jail and prison populations housed in state and out of state. Jurisdictional counts exclude inmates held in local jails that are operated by communities.

Arizona—Jurisdiction counts are based on custody data and inmates in contracted beds.

California—Non-citizens are defined as inmates held by the U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement. Jurisdiction counts include felons and unsentenced inmates who are temporarily housed in local jails or in a hospital.

Colorado—Jurisdiction counts include 166 inmates housed in local jails, 4,542 inmates in Colorado contract facilities, and 209 inmates in the Youthful Offender System, which was established primarily for violent juvenile offenders. Counts of inmates with a sentence of more than 1 year include an undetermined number of inmates with a sentence of 1 year or less. Non-citizen is defined as foreign-born. Jurisdiction counts are based on custody counts. Counts for 2006 have been revised to reflect custody counts instead of jurisdiction counts.

Connecticut—Prison and jails form one integrated system. All NPS data include jail and prison populations.

Delaware—Prisons and jails form one integrated system. All NPS data include jail and prison populations.

Federal—Custody counts include inmates housed in secure facilities where the BOP had a direct contract with a private operator or a sub-contract with a private provider at a local government facility. Custody includes 8,025 inmates held in non-secure privately operated community corrections centers (Halfway Houses) and on home confinement.

Georgia—Counts are based on custody data.

Hawaii—Prisons and jails form one integrated systems. All NPS data include jail and prison populations. Non-citizen data based only on inmates who reported their citizenship. Custody counts exclude inmates held in a state run hospital.

Illinois—Data provided only for jurisdiction counts and sentenced prisoner counts. See *Methodology*.

Iowa—Jurisdiction counts are based on custody data. Jurisdiction counts for Inmates with a sentence of more than 1 year include an undetermined number of inmates with a sentence of less than 1 year and unsentenced inmates. Iowa does not differentiate between these groups in its data system.

Louisiana—Counts are as of December 27, 2006. Counts include 14,953 males and 1,244 females housed in local jails as a result of a partnership with the Louisiana Sheriffs' Association and local authorities. Custody and jurisdiction counts included evacuees from Hurricane Katrina and other pretrial offenders from Orleans and Jefferson parish jails. Due to the effects of Hurricane Katrina, Orleans and Jefferson parish prison capacities are down. Local jail population is down from the 2004 numbers.

Kansas—Jurisdiction counts of inmates with a sentence of more than 1 year include an undetermined number of inmates with a sentence with a sentence of more than 1 year. Citizen counts are estimated.

Maryland—Jurisdiction counts by sentence length are estimates extracted from actual sentence length breakdowns from automated data and applied to totals based on manual data. Non-citizen is defined as foreign-born.

Massachusetts—By law, offenders may be sentenced to terms of up to 2½ years in locally-operated jails and correctional institutions. Such populations are included in counts and rates for local jails and correctional institutions. About 6,200 inmates with sentences of more than one year were held in local jails. Jurisdiction and custody counts include an undetermined number of inmates who were remanded to court, transferred to the custody of another state, federal, or locally-operated system, and subsequently released.

Mississippi—Does not collect citizenship data.

Missouri—Non-citizen defined as foreign-born.

Nevada—Due to a system conversion, information provided is as of June 4, 2007.

New Jersey—Jurisdiction counts of inmates with a sentence of more than 1 year include an undetermined number of inmates with sentences of 1 year. The Department of Corrections has no jurisdiction over inmates with sentences of less than 1 year or over unsentenced inmates. Citizenship data were not collected from every inmate.

New York—Reports foreign-born inmates rather than non-citizens.

Ohio—Jurisdiction counts of inmates with a sentence of more than 1 year include an undetermined number of inmates with sentences of 1 year or less.

Oklahoma—Jurisdiction counts for inmates with sentences of less than 1 year consist mainly of offenders ordered by the court to the Delayed Sentencing Program for Young Adults pursuant to 22 O.S. 996 through 996.3. Non-citizen is defined as any inmate with an ICE detainer.

Oregon—Jurisdiction counts include an undetermined number of inmates with sentences of one year or less. County authorities retain jurisdiction over the majority of these types of inmates.

Rhode Island—Prisons and jails form one integrated system. All NPS data include jail and prison populations.

Tennessee—Non-citizen defined as foreign-born.

Vermont—Prisons and jails form one integrated system. All NPS data include jail and prison populations.



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The Bureau of Justice Statistics is the statistical agency of the U.S. Department of Justice. Jeffrey L. Sedgwick is the director.

BJS Bulletins present the first release of findings from permanent data collection programs.

This Bulletin was written by William J. Sabol, Ph.D., and Heather Couture. Todd D. Minton verified the report.

Theresa M. Reitz carried out the data collection and processing under the supervision of Charlene M. Sebold, Governments Division, Census Bureau, U.S. Department of Commerce. Duane H. Cavanaugh provided technical assistance.

Georgette Walsh edited the report, Tina Dorsey produced the report, and Jayne Robinson prepared the report for final printing under the supervision of Doris J. James.

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Appendix table 2. Sentenced prisoners under the jurisdiction of state or federal correctional authorities, by region and jurisdiction, December 31, 2000 and 2006, and June 30, 2007

Region and jurisdiction	Number of prisoners			Average annual change	Percent change
	12/31/2000	12/31/2006	6/30/2007	12/31/2000-12/31/2006	12/31/2006-6/30/2007
U.S. Total^a	1,331,278	1,502,179	1,528,041	2.0%	1.7%
Federal	125,044	173,533	178,040	5.6	2.6
State ^a	1,206,234	1,328,646	1,350,001	1.6	1.6
Northeast	166,632	166,078	168,949	-0.1%	1.7%
Connecticut ^b	13,155	13,746	13,964	0.7	1.6
Maine	1,635	1,997	1,748	3.4	-12.5
Massachusetts	9,479	9,472	9,818	0.0	3.7
New Hampshire	2,257	2,737	2,795	3.3	2.1
New Jersey ^c	29,784	27,371	28,378	-1.4	3.7
New York	70,199	62,974	63,110	-1.8	0.2
Pennsylvania	36,844	43,998	45,092	3.0	2.5
Rhode Island ^b	1,966	2,149	2,418	1.5	12.5
Vermont ^b	1,313	1,634	1,626	3.7	-0.5
Midwest	236,458	259,610	262,485	1.6%	1.1%
Illinois	45,281	45,106	/	-0.1	:
Indiana	19,811	26,055	26,807	4.7	2.9
Iowa ^{c,d}	7,955	8,838	8,806	1.8	-0.4
Kansas ^c	8,344	8,816	8,850	0.9	0.4
Michigan	47,718	51,577	50,648	1.3	-1.8
Minnesota	6,238	9,108	9,891	6.5	8.6
Missouri	27,519	30,146	29,928	1.5	-0.7
Nebraska	3,816	4,204	4,322	1.6	2.8
North Dakota	994	1,363	1,435	5.4	5.3
Ohio ^c	45,833	49,166	50,418	1.2	2.5
South Dakota	2,613	3,350	3,437	4.2	2.6
Wisconsin	20,336	21,881	22,378	1.2	2.3
South	538,997	597,828	609,233	1.7%	1.9%
Alabama	26,034	27,526	28,278	0.9	2.7
Arkansas	11,851	13,713	13,871	2.5	1.2
Delaware ^b	3,937	4,195	4,193	1.1	0.0
District of Columbia ^e	5,008	~	~	~	~
Florida	71,318	92,874	95,078	4.5	2.4
Georgia ^d	44,141	52,781	53,220	3.0	0.8
Kentucky	14,919	19,514	21,164	4.6	8.5
Louisiana	35,207	36,376	36,777	0.5	1.1
Maryland	22,490	22,316	22,416	-0.1	0.4
Mississippi	19,239	19,219	21,102	0.0	9.8
North Carolina	27,043	32,219	32,771	3.0	1.7
Oklahoma	23,181	23,889	24,250	0.5	1.5
South Carolina	21,017	22,861	23,202	1.4	1.5
Tennessee	22,166	25,745	26,453	2.5	2.8
Texas	158,008	162,193	162,976	0.4	0.5
Virginia	29,643	36,688	37,824	3.6	3.1
West Virginia	3,795	5,719	5,658	7.1	-1.1
West	264,147	305,130	309,334	2.4%	1.4%
Alaska ^b	2,128	3,116	3,084	6.6	-1.0
Arizona ^d	25,412	31,830	34,581	3.8	8.6
California	160,412	173,942	174,603	1.4	0.4
Colorado ^c	16,833	22,481	22,662	4.9	0.8
Hawaii ^b	3,553	4,373	4,332	3.5	-0.9
Idaho	5,535	7,124	7,357	4.3	3.3
Montana	3,105	3,547	3,443	2.2	-2.9
Nevada	10,063	12,753	13,034	4.0	2.2
New Mexico	4,666	6,361	6,295	5.3	-1.0
Oregon ^c	10,553	13,667	13,980	4.4	2.3
Utah	5,541	6,339	6,417	2.3	1.2
Washington	14,666	17,483	17,432	3.0	-0.3
Wyoming	1,680	2,114	2,114	3.9	0.0

Note: Sentenced prisoner is defined as a prisoner sentenced to more than 1 year.

/Not reported.

:Not calculated.

~ Not applicable. See footnote e.

^aTotals estimated. Illinois did not provide data.

^bPrisons and jails form one integrated system. Data include total jail and prison populations.

^cIncludes some inmates sentenced to 1 year or less.

^dPopulation based on custody counts.

^eAs of December 31, 2001, sentenced felons from the District of Columbia were the responsibility of the Federal Bureau of Prisons.

Appendix table 3. Male prisoners under the jurisdiction of state or federal correctional authorities, by region and jurisdiction, December 31, 2000 and 2006, and June 30, 2007

Region and jurisdiction	Number of prisoners			Average annual change	Percent change
	12/31/2000	12/31/2006	6/30/2007	12/31/2000-12/31/2006	12/31/2006-6/30/2007
U.S. Total^a	1,298,027	1,457,641	1,479,726	2.0%	1.5%
Federal	135,171	180,071	185,546	4.9	3.0
State ^a	1,162,856	1,277,570	1,294,180	1.6	1.3
Northeast	165,744	168,087	171,111	0.2%	1.8%
Connecticut ^b	16,949	18,972	19,170	1.9	1.0
Maine	1,613	1,975	2,050	3.4	3.8
Massachusetts	10,059	10,186	10,589	0.2	4.0
New Hampshire	2,137	2,633	2,620	3.5	-0.5
New Jersey	28,134	25,943	26,966	-1.3	3.9
New York	66,919	60,456	60,699	-1.7	0.4
Pennsylvania	35,268	42,148	43,160	3.0	2.4
Rhode Island ^b	3,048	3,716	3,841	3.4	3.4
Vermont ^b	1,617	2,058	2,016	4.1	-2.0
Midwest	222,780	243,792	246,019	1.5%	0.9%
Illinois	42,432	42,386	/	0.0	:
Indiana	18,673	23,924	24,564	4.2	2.7
Iowa ^c	7,363	8,084	8,074	1.6	-0.1
Kansas	7,840	8,178	8,197	0.7	0.2
Michigan	45,587	49,407	48,547	1.4	-1.7
Minnesota	5,870	8,546	9,243	6.5	8.2
Missouri	25,550	27,588	27,430	1.3	-0.6
Nebraska	3,629	3,994	4,020	1.6	0.7
North Dakota	1,008	1,206	1,291	3.0	7.0
Ohio	43,025	45,465	46,527	0.9	2.3
South Dakota	2,416	3,009	3,050	3.7	1.4
Wisconsin	19,387	22,005	22,289	2.1	1.3
South	521,562	575,729	584,783	1.7%	1.6%
Alabama	24,506	26,191	27,073	1.1	3.4
Arkansas	11,143	12,687	12,847	2.2	1.3
Delaware ^b	6,324	6,633	6,882	0.8	3.8
District of Columbia ^d	7,100	~	~	~	~
Florida	67,214	86,480	88,387	4.3	2.2
Georgia ^c	41,474	49,235	49,696	2.9	0.9
Kentucky	13,858	17,942	19,266	4.4	7.4
Louisiana	32,988	34,623	34,582	0.8	-0.1
Maryland	22,319	21,864	21,954	-0.3	0.4
Mississippi	18,572	19,279	19,876	0.6	3.1
North Carolina	29,363	34,774	35,469	2.9	2.0
Oklahoma	20,787	22,950	23,068	1.7	0.5
South Carolina	20,358	22,013	22,442	1.3	1.9
Tennessee	20,797	23,787	24,464	2.3	2.8
Texas	153,097	158,317	158,669	0.6	0.2
Virginia	28,109	33,795	34,838	3.1	3.1
West Virginia	3,553	5,159	5,270	6.4	2.2
West	252,770	289,962	292,267	2.3%	0.8%
Alaska ^b	3,889	4,551	4,691	2.7	3.1
Arizona ^c	24,546	32,736	33,809	4.9	3.3
California	151,840	163,535	163,942	1.2	0.2
Colorado	15,500	20,179	20,335	4.5	0.8
Hawaii ^b	4,492	5,233	5,284	2.6	1.0
Idaho	5,042	6,347	6,559	3.9	3.3
Montana	2,799	3,211	3,167	2.3	-1.4
Nevada	9,217	11,765	11,879	4.2	1.0
New Mexico	4,831	5,972	5,906	3.6	-1.1
Oregon	9,984	12,687	12,968	4.1	2.2
Utah	5,256	5,810	5,887	1.7	1.3
Washington	13,850	16,065	15,964	2.5	-0.6
Wyoming	1,524	1,871	1,876	3.5	0.3

/Not reported.

:Not calculated.

~ Not applicable. See footnote d.

^aTotals estimated. Illinois did not provide data.

^bPrisons and jails form one integrated system. Data include total jail and prison populations.

^cPopulation based on custody counts.

^dAs of December 31, 2001, sentenced felons from the District of Columbia were the responsibility the Federal Bureau of Prisons.

Appendix table 4. Female prisoners under the jurisdiction of state or federal correctional authorities, by region and jurisdiction, December 31, 2000 and 2006, and June 30, 2007

Region and jurisdiction	Number of prisoners			Average annual change	Percent change
	12/31/2000	12/31/2006	6/30/2007	12/31/2000-12/31/2006	12/31/2006-6/30/2007
U.S. Total^a	93,234	112,474	115,308	3.2%	2.5%
Federal	10,245	12,975	13,572	4.0	4.6
State ^a	82,989	99,499	101,736	3.1	2.2
Northeast	9,082	9,730	9,869	1.2%	1.4%
Connecticut ^b	1,406	1,594	1,610	2.1	1.0
Maine	66	145	135	14.0	-6.9
Massachusetts	663	846	851	4.1	0.6
New Hampshire	120	172	194	6.2	12.8
New Jersey	1,650	1,428	1,412	-2.4	-1.1
New York	3,280	2,859	2,837	-2.3	-0.8
Pennsylvania	1,579	2,249	2,403	6.1	6.8
Rhode Island ^b	238	280	278	2.7	-0.7
Vermont ^b	80	157	149	11.9	-5.1
Midwest	14,598	17,674	18,047	3.2%	2.1%
Illinois	2,849	2,720	/	-0.8	:
Indiana	1,452	2,167	2,269	6.9	4.7
Iowa ^c	592	791	763	4.9	-3.5
Kansas	504	638	653	4.0	2.4
Michigan	2,131	2,170	2,101	0.3	-3.2
Minnesota	368	562	648	7.3	15.3
Missouri	1,993	2,579	2,512	4.4	-2.6
Nebraska	266	413	415	7.6	0.5
North Dakota	68	157	144	15.0	-8.3
Ohio	2,808	3,701	3,891	4.7	5.1
South Dakota	200	350	396	9.8	13.1
Wisconsin	1,367	1,426	1,477	0.7	3.6
South	39,652	47,088	48,453	2.9%	2.9%
Alabama	1,826	2,050	2,171	1.9	5.9
Arkansas	772	1,042	1,067	5.1	2.4
Delaware ^b	597	573	639	-0.7	11.5
District of Columbia ^d	356	~	~	~	~
Florida	4,105	6,489	6,691	7.9	3.1
Georgia ^c	2,758	3,557	3,530	4.3	-0.8
Kentucky	1,061	2,058	2,378	11.7	15.5
Louisiana	2,219	2,389	2,399	1.2	0.4
Maryland	1,219	1,081	1,169	-2.0	8.1
Mississippi	1,669	1,789	1,882	1.2	5.2
North Carolina	1,903	2,686	2,710	5.9	0.9
Oklahoma	2,394	2,547	2,618	1.0	2.8
South Carolina	1,420	1,603	1,651	2.0	3.0
Tennessee	1,369	1,958	1,989	6.1	1.6
Texas	13,622	13,799	13,957	0.2	1.1
Virginia	2,059	2,893	2,986	5.8	3.2
West Virginia	303	574	616	11.2	7.3
West	19,657	25,007	25,367	4.1%	1.4%
Alaska ^b	284	518	621	10.5	19.9
Arizona ^c	1,964	3,156	3,279	8.2	3.9
California	11,161	11,977	12,117	1.2	1.2
Colorado	1,333	2,302	2,327	9.5	1.1
Hawaii ^b	561	734	755	4.6	2.9
Idaho	493	777	798	7.9	2.7
Montana	306	361	302	2.8	-16.3
Nevada	846	1,136	1,155	5.0	1.7
New Mexico	511	667	620	4.5	-7.0
Oregon	596	1,020	1,044	9.4	2.4
Utah	381	620	637	8.5	2.7
Washington	1,065	1,496	1,474	5.8	-1.5
Wyoming	156	243	238	7.7	-2.1

/Not reported.

:Not calculated.

~ Not applicable. See footnote d.

^aTotals estimated. Illinois did not provide data.

^bPrisons and jails form one integrated system. Data include total jail and prison populations.

^cPopulation based on custody counts.

^dAs of December 31, 2001, sentenced felons from the District of Columbia were the responsibility of the Federal Bureau of Prisons.

Appendix table 5. Imprisonment rates of sentenced male and female prisoners under the jurisdiction of state or federal correctional authorities, by gender, region, and jurisdiction, June 30, 2007

Region and jurisdiction	Imprisonment rate, June 30, 2007 ^a		
	Total	Male	Female
U.S. Total^b	509	957	69
Federal	59	112	8
State ^b	451	846	62
Northeast	309	604	29
Connecticut ^c	399	771	45
Maine	133	258	14
Massachusetts ^d	248	499	13
New Hampshire	212	401	29
New Jersey	327	635	32
New York	327	644	28
Pennsylvania	363	707	37
Rhode Island ^c	229	453	18
Vermont ^c	262	499	32
Midwest	395	748	53
Illinois	.	.	.
Indiana	422	785	70
Iowa ^e	295	546	50
Kansas	319	596	47
Michigan	503	979	41
Minnesota	190	357	25
Missouri	509	955	83
Nebraska	244	446	45
North Dakota	224	402	45
Ohio	440	832	66
South Dakota	432	767	99
Wisconsin	399	754	49
South	555	1,047	79
Alabama	611	1,169	86
Arkansas	489	922	73
Delaware ^c	485	949	48
Florida	521	985	72
Georgia ^e	558	1,059	73
Kentucky	499	908	106
Louisiana	857	1,649	108
Maryland	399	784	38
Mississippi	723	1,366	119
North Carolina	362	697	41
Oklahoma	670	1,223	131
South Carolina	526	1,011	66
Tennessee	430	814	63
Texas	682	1,267	99
Virginia	490	920	76
West Virginia	312	572	63
West	441	813	69
Alaska ^c	451	793	82
Arizona ^e	546	998	92
California	478	891	65
Colorado	466	830	97
Hawaii ^c	338	594	77
Idaho	491	869	107
Montana	359	655	63
Nevada	508	909	92
New Mexico	320	587	59
Oregon	373	695	55
Utah	243	434	47
Washington	269	495	45
Wyoming	404	708	92

.: Not calculated.

^aThe number of prisoners sentenced to more than 1 year per 100,000 U.S. residents. Based on census estimates for July 1, 2007.

^bTotals estimated. Illinois did not provide data.

^cPrisons and jails form one integrated system. Data include total jail and prison populations.

^dThe imprisonment rate includes an estimated 6,200 inmates sentenced to more than 1 year, but held in local jails or houses of corrections.

^ePopulation based on custody counts.

Appendix table 6. Number of sentenced prisoners admitted and released from state or federal jurisdiction, by region and jurisdiction, 2000, 2005, and 2006

Region and Jurisdiction	Admissions				Releases			
	2000	2005	2006	Average annual change 2000-2006	2000	2005	2006	Average annual change 2000-2006
U.S. Total	625,219	733,009	749,798	3.1%	604,858	698,459	713,473	2.8%
Federal	43,732	56,057	57,495	4.7	35,259	47,981	47,920	5.2
State	581,487	676,952	692,303	2.9	569,599	650,478	665,553	2.6
Northeast	67,765	68,742	71,523	0.9%	70,646	67,152	67,970	-0.6%
Connecticut	6,185	6,513	6,904	1.8	5,918	6,349	6,019	0.3
Maine	751	521	609	-3.4	677	573	501	-4.9
Massachusetts	2,062	2,597	2,686	4.5	2,889	2,166	2,254	-4.1
New Hampshire	1,051	1,271	1,312	3.8	1,044	1,179	1,187	2.2
New Jersey	13,653	14,251	13,980	0.4	15,362	13,590	13,986	-1.6
New York	27,601	24,199	25,710	-1.2	28,828	25,198	25,079	-2.3
Pennsylvania	11,777	16,222	17,106	6.4	11,759	15,069	15,648	4.9
Rhode Island	3,701	911	876	:	3,223	769	967	:
Vermont	984	2,257	2,340	:	946	2,259	2,329	:
Midwest	117,776	150,411	155,549	4.7%	114,382	146,727	150,438	4.7%
Illinois ^a	29,344	39,887	39,887	5.2	28,876	38,964	39,034	5.2
Indiana	11,876	16,957	17,671	6.8	11,053	16,432	16,410	6.8
Iowa	4,656	6,397	6,565	5.9	4,379	5,795	5,834	4.9
Kansas	5,002	4,892	5,063	0.2	5,231	4,768	5,318	0.3
Michigan	12,169	13,145	14,643	3.1	10,874	12,397	12,641	2.5
Minnesota	4,406	7,112	7,253	8.7	4,244	7,115	7,591	10.2
Missouri	14,454	19,110	18,429	4.1	13,346	18,881	20,092	7.1
Nebraska	1,688	2,264	1,939	2.3	1,503	1,966	2,041	5.2
North Dakota	605	1,088	1,101	10.5	598	998	1,039	9.6
Ohio	23,780	29,121	31,866	5.0	24,793	27,947	28,552	2.4
South Dakota	1,400	2,664	2,429	9.6	1,327	2,640	3,137	15.4
Wisconsin	8,396	7,774	8,703	0.6	8,158	8,824	8,749	1.2
South	217,950	261,503	255,495	2.7%	210,777	254,010	247,588	2.7%
Alabama	6,296	9,723	10,039	8.1	7,136	10,405	11,283	7.9
Arkansas	6,941	8,053	5,992	-2.4	6,308	9,037	5,668	-1.8
Delaware	2,709	1,422	1,546	-8.9	2,260	1,555	1,470	-6.9
Florida ^b	35,683	46,531	36,295	0.3	33,994	42,017	35,454	0.7
Georgia	17,373	19,228	22,347	4.3	14,797	16,974	17,468	2.8
Kentucky	8,116	13,324	14,051	9.6	7,733	12,316	13,381	9.6
Louisiana	15,735	14,801	15,067	-0.7	14,536	14,880	14,618	0.1
Maryland	10,327	10,113	10,295	-0.1	10,004	10,618	10,176	0.3
Mississippi	5,796	8,923	9,918	9.4	4,940	9,101	10,123	12.7
North Carolina	9,848	10,454	10,594	1.2	9,687	9,683	9,976	0.5
Oklahoma	7,426	8,756	8,508	2.3	6,628	8,338	7,867	2.9
South Carolina	8,460	9,446	9,597	2.1	8,676	9,642	9,208	1.0
Tennessee	13,675	14,251	13,655	0.0	13,893	14,410	15,298	1.6
Texas	58,197	71,889	71,927	3.6	59,776	70,793	70,413	2.8
Virginia	9,791	11,989	12,834	4.6	9,148	12,104	12,794	5.7
West Virginia	1,577	2,600	2,830	10.2	1,261	2,137	2,391	11.3
West	177,996	196,296	209,736	2.8%	173,794	182,589	199,557	2.3%
Alaska	2,427	2,868	3,065	4.0	2,599	2,699	2,719	0.8
Arizona	9,560	12,440	13,954	6.5	9,100	11,865	12,209	5.0
California	129,640	129,559	138,523	1.1	129,621	121,523	133,905	0.5
Colorado	7,036	9,899	10,468	6.8	5,881	8,658	9,441	8.2
Hawaii	1,594	1,662	1,455	-1.5	1,379	1,409	1,500	1.4
Idaho	3,386	4,075	4,129	3.4	2,697	3,541	3,808	5.9
Montana	1,202	2,390	2,304	11.5	1,031	2,042	2,262	14.0
Nevada	4,929	5,648	6,108	3.6	4,374	4,804	4,700	1.2
New Mexico	3,161	4,264	4,337	5.4	3,383	4,060	4,274	4.0
Oregon	4,059	6,436	5,484	5.1	3,371	6,177	5,138	7.3
Utah	3,270	3,600	3,532	1.3	2,897	3,242	3,469	3.0
Washington	7,094	12,683	15,540	14.0	6,764	11,872	15,363	14.7
Wyoming	638	772	837	4.6	697	697	769	1.7

Note: Total exclude escapes, AWOL's, and transfers to and from other jurisdictions.

:Not calculated.

^aDue to nonresponse, 2005 counts were substituted for 2006.

^bA change in the reporting in 2004 excluded unsentenced prisoners and those sentenced to less than 1 year.

Appendix table 7. Number of sentenced prisoners admitted and released from state or federal jurisdiction, December 31, 2006

Region and jurisdiction	Admissions			Releases		
	Total	New court commitments	Parole violators	Total	Conditional releases	Unconditional releases
U.S. Total	749,798	491,810	246,781	713,473	499,547	193,863
Federal	57,495	50,204	7,286	47,920	1,746	45,749
State	692,303	441,606	239,495	665,553	497,801	148,114
Northeast	71,523	46,845	23,008	67,970	49,372	15,998
Connecticut	6,904	5,727	1,112	6,019	3,305	2,463
Maine	609	393	216	501	304	189
Massachusetts	2,686	2,418	268	2,254	666	1,558
New Hampshire	1,312	691	609	1,187	927	254
New Jersey	13,980	10,007	3,908	13,986	8,943	4,781
New York	25,710	16,252	9,387	25,079	22,071	2,748
Pennsylvania	17,106	9,578	6,071	15,648	10,759	3,119
Rhode Island	876	754	122	967	334	626
Vermont	2,340	1,025	1,315	2,329	2,063	260
Midwest	155,549	107,669	44,615	150,438	116,770	31,842
Illinois ^a	39,887	25,521	14,254	39,034	33,527	5,430
Indiana	17,671	15,119	2,552	16,410	13,700	2,640
Iowa	6,565	3,536	892	5,834	3,916	1,177
Kansas	5,063	3,572	1,454	5,318	3,752	1,528
Michigan	14,643	9,071	5,186	12,641	10,236	1,782
Minnesota	7,253	4,770	2,477	7,591	6,300	1,282
Missouri	18,429	9,846	8,574	20,092	17,955	2,064
Nebraska	1,939	1,687	252	2,041	1,047	985
North Dakota	1,101	843	256	1,039	790	247
Ohio	31,866	27,175	4,461	28,552	14,556	13,865
South Dakota	2,429	1,296	787	3,137	2,707	420
Wisconsin	8,703	5,233	3,470	8,749	8,284	422
South	258,325	191,454	61,553	247,588	152,929	86,057
Alabama	10,039	8,554	1,464	11,283	7,460	3,674
Arkansas	5,992	4,544	1,350	5,668	5,314	315
Delaware	1,546	1,110	402	1,470	1,205	173
Florida ^b	36,295	36,155	134	35,454	11,559	23,056
Georgia	22,347	18,225	4,122	17,468	11,097	6,259
Kentucky	14,051	10,572	3,479	13,381	8,398	4,884
Louisiana	15,067	9,726	5,341	14,618	13,451	1,021
Maryland	10,295	6,628	3,652	10,176	9,364	727
Mississippi	9,918	8,684	1,207	10,123	4,756	1,899
North Carolina	10,594	10,459	135	9,976	3,165	6,709
Oklahoma	8,508	6,091	2,417	7,867	4,041	3,742
South Carolina	9,597	6,298	3,108	9,208	5,069	3,879
Tennessee	13,655	7,913	5,742	15,298	10,157	5,071
Texas	71,927	42,676	27,457	70,413	54,687	13,179
Virginia	12,834	12,256	578	12,794	1,981	10,594
West Virginia	2,830	1,563	965	2,391	1,225	875
West	209,736	95,638	110,319	199,557	178,730	14,217
Alaska ^c	3,065	/	/	2,719	1,215	1,107
Arizona	13,954	11,496	2,458	12,209	9,474	2,304
California	138,523	48,640	89,883	133,905	127,817	1,994
Colorado	10,468	6,375	4,092	9,441	7,923	1,365
Hawaii	1,455	764	691	1,500	781	291
Idaho	4,129	3,871	258	3,808	3,227	561
Montana	2,304	1,849	447	2,262	1,995	247
Nevada	6,108	5,406	702	4,700	3,038	1,662
New Mexico	4,337	2,510	1,427	4,274	2,745	1,143
Oregon	5,484	3,697	1,494	5,138	4,790	7
Utah	3,532	1,882	1,649	3,469	2,623	836
Washington	15,540	8,419	7,110	15,363	12,675	2,362
Wyoming	837	729	108	769	427	338

Note: Totals exclude escapes, AWOLs, and transfers to and from other jurisdictions. Total admissions include new court commitments, returned parole violators, returns from appeals and other admissions. Total releases include conditional releases, unconditional releases, individuals out on appeal or bond, deaths, and other unspecified releases.

/Not reported.

^aData reported are for December 31, 2005.

^bA change in reporting in 2004 excluded unsentenced prisoners and those sentenced to less than 1 year.

^cNew reporting systems prevent the disaggregation of admission type.

Appendix table 8. Number of state and federal prisoners under jurisdiction in private facilities, June 30, 2006 and 2007

Region and jurisdiction	Number of prisoners		Percent of all prisoners ^a
	6/30/2006	6/30/2007	6/30/2007
U.S. Total	112,134	118,239	7.4%
Federal ^b	27,108	30,379	15.3%
State	85,026	87,860	6.3
Northeast	3,800	4,347	2.4%
Connecticut	0	0	0.0
Maine	0	15	0.7
Massachusetts	0	0	0.0
New Hampshire	0	0	0.0
New Jersey ^c	2,626	2,568	9.0
New York	0	0	0.0
Pennsylvania	713	1,205	2.6
Rhode Island ^c	0	0	0.0
Vermont ^c	461	559	25.8
Midwest	4,403	4,359	1.7%
Illinois	~	/	:
Indiana	1,356	1,142	4.3
Iowa	0	0	0.0
Kansas	0	0	0.0
Michigan	0	0	0.0
Minnesota	940	1,144	11.6
Missouri	0	0	0.0
Nebraska	0	0	0.0
North Dakota	18	0	0.0
Ohio	2,080	2,059	4.1
South Dakota	9	14	0.4
Wisconsin	0	0	0.0
South	53,333	53,367	8.4%
Alabama	320	9	0.0
Arkansas	0	0	0.0
Delaware	0	0	0.0
Florida	6,285	6,420	6.8
Georgia	5,190	4,892	9.2
Kentucky	2,463	2,424	11.2
Louisiana	2,954	3,114	8.4
Maryland	135	141	0.6
Mississippi	4,865	4,779	22.0
North Carolina	211	206	0.5
Oklahoma	5,926	5,950	23.2
South Carolina	16	11	0.0
Tennessee	5,169	5,180	19.6
Texas	18,220	18,720	10.8
Virginia	1,579	1,521	4.0
West Virginia	0	0	0.0
West	23,490	25,787	8.1%
Alaska	1,338	1,503	28.3
Arizona	5,318	6,275	16.9
California	3,000	3,200	1.8
Colorado	4,362	5,021	22.2
Hawaii	1,885	2,044	33.8
Idaho	1,749	1,923	26.1
Montana	1,146	1,273	36.7
Nevada	0	0	0.0
New Mexico	2,927	2,835	43.4
Oregon	0	0	0.0
Utah	0	0	0.0
Washington ^c	964	1,036	5.9
Wyoming	801	677	32.0

~Not applicable.

/Not reported.

:Not calculated.

^aBased on the total number of inmates under jurisdiction.

^bIncludes federal inmates held in non-secure, privately operated facilities (7,357 in 2006 and 8,025 in 2007).

^cIncludes inmates held in out-of-state private facilities.

Appendix table 9. Number of state and federal prisoners under jurisdiction in local jails by region and jurisdiction on June 30, 2006 and 2007

Region and jurisdiction	Number of prisoners		Percent of all prisoners
	6/30/2006	6/30/2007	6/30/2007 ^a
U.S. Total	77,903	79,688	5.0%
Federal	1,882	2,125	1.1
State	76,021	77,563	5.6
Northeast	2,161	2,409	1.3%
Connecticut	~	~	~
Maine	0	0	0.0
Massachusetts	279	234	2.0
New Hampshire	9	11	0.4
New Jersey	1,823	2,157	7.6
New York	50	7	0.0
Pennsylvania	~	~	~
Rhode Island	~	~	~
Vermont	~	~	0.0
Midwest	2,998	3,302	1.3%
Illinois	~	/	:
Indiana	1,574	1,724	6.4
Iowa	0	0	0.0
Kansas	0	0	0.0
Michigan	65	67	0.1
Minnesota	648	669	6.8
Missouri	0	0	0.0
Nebraska	0	0	0.0
North Dakota	47	66	4.6
Ohio	0	0	0.0
South Dakota	106	62	1.8
Wisconsin	558	714	3.0
South	64,760	65,710	10.4%
Alabama	2,281	1,421	4.9
Arkansas	740	718	5.2
Delaware	~	~	~
Florida	67	35	0.0
Georgia	5,111	4,946	9.3
Kentucky	6,070	7,658	35.4
Louisiana	16,230	16,112	43.6
Maryland	141	159	0.7
Mississippi	4,692	4,676	21.5
North Carolina	0	0	0.0
Oklahoma	2,236	1,903	7.4
South Carolina	371	401	1.7
Tennessee	6,729	7,109	26.9
Texas	13,966	13,202	7.6
Virginia	4,994	6,131	16.2
West Virginia	1,132	1,239	21.0
West	6,102	6,142	1.9%
Alaska	~	~	~
Arizona	153	48	0.1
California	2,805	3,251	1.8
Colorado	579	166	0.7
Hawaii	~	~	~
Idaho	492	526	7.1
Montana	668	538	15.5
Nevada ^b	134	121	0.9
New Mexico	/	/	/
Oregon	69	68	0.5
Utah	1,164	1,377	21.1
Washington	0	0	0.0
Wyoming	38	47	2.2

~ Not applicable. Prisons and jails formed one integrated system.

/Not reported.

:Not calculated.

^aBased on the total number of prisoners under jurisdiction.

^bDue to a system conversion, information provided is as of June 4, 2007.

Appendix table 10. Estimated percentage of persons held in state or federal prisons or local jails, by gender, race, Hispanic origin, and age, June 30, 2007

Age	Male				Female			
	Total ^a	White ^b	Black ^b	Hispanic	Total ^a	White ^b	Black ^b	Hispanic
18-19	4.1%	3.6%	4.5%	4.3%	2.6%	2.4%	2.2%	4.0%
20-24	16.9	14.3	17.9	19.5	14.9	14.7	13.3	19.0
25-29	16.9	14.1	17.6	20.4	15.4	15.0	14.8	17.8
30-34	15.7	14.5	15.4	18.0	17.0	17.0	17.2	17.8
35-39	14.5	15.0	14.5	13.4	18.7	18.9	19.5	16.2
40-44	13.1	15.1	12.7	10.2	15.7	15.5	17.2	12.1
45-49	8.8	10.3	8.7	6.8	8.7	8.7	9.6	6.9
50-54	4.6	5.7	4.4	3.4	3.8	4.3	3.4	3.1
55-59	2.4	3.5	1.8	1.8	1.6	1.9	1.0	1.9
60-64	1.0	1.7	0.6	0.8	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.3
65 or older	0.8	1.4	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.1	0.3

Note: Detailed categories exclude persons who reported two or more races. Totals do not sum to 100%. Percentage of inmates under 18 years is not shown.

^aIncludes American Indians, Alaska Natives, Asians, Native Hawaiians, and other Pacific Islanders.

^bExcludes persons of Hispanic or Latino origin.

Appendix table 11. Reported number of non-U.S. citizens held in state or federal prisons, by region and jurisdiction, and gender, June 30, 2006 and June 30, 2007

Region and jurisdiction	June 30, 2006			June 30, 2007		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
U.S. Total	91,053	87,353	3,700	87,226	83,657	3,569
Federal	33,701	31,556	2,145	31,469	29,348	2,121
State	57,352	55,797	1,555	55,757	54,309	1,448
Northeast	9,361	9,011	350	9,055	8,726	329
Connecticut ^a	956	881	75	788	734	54
Maine	10	10	0	15	14	1
Massachusetts	915	863	52	958	917	41
New Hampshire	55	51	4	52	49	3
New Jersey	/	/	/	/	/	/
New York ^b	6,912	6,699	213	6,716	6,496	220
Pennsylvania	497	492	5	507	500	7
Rhode Island ^a	/	/	/	/	/	/
Vermont ^a	16	15	1	19	16	3
Midwest	4,343	4,227	116	3,238	3,135	103
Illinois	1,277	1,245	32	/	/	/
Indiana	388	381	7	450	439	11
Iowa	189	186	3	200	195	5
Kansas	264	261	3	281	276	5
Michigan	664	655	9	621	614	7
Minnesota	304	294	10	284	275	9
Missouri ^b	409	385	24	447	423	24
Nebraska	185	185	0	175	174	1
North Dakota	7	6	1	16	15	1
Ohio	603	577	26	699	660	39
South Dakota	53	52	1	65	64	1
Wisconsin	/	/	/	/	/	/
South	19,182	18,612	570	16,169	15,717	452
Alabama	52	52	0	108	105	3
Arkansas	165	165	0	174	168	6
Delaware ^a	263	255	8	307	295	12
Florida	5,987	5,731	256	/	/	/
Georgia	888	872	16	1,906	1,849	57
Kentucky	/	/	/	44	43	1
Louisiana	108	99	9	107	100	7
Maryland ^b	488	463	25	570	549	21
Mississippi	~	~	~	~	~	~
North Carolina	1,299	1,272	27	1,461	1,430	31
Oklahoma ^c	283	271	12	339	326	13
South Carolina	224	218	6	309	303	6
Tennessee ^b	180	173	7	233	227	6
Texas	9,227	9,025	202	9,422	9,185	237
Virginia	/	/	/	1,187	1,135	52
West Virginia	18	16	2	2	2	0
West	24,466	23,947	519	27,295	26,731	564
Alaska ^a	11	11	0	14	14	0
Arizona	4,432	4,352	80	4,874	4,797	77
California ^d	15,849	15,528	321	18,447	18,060	387
Colorado ^b	1,137	1,108	29	1,123	1,093	30
Hawaii ^a	103	95	8	99	94	5
Idaho	233	217	16	292	282	10
Montana	6	6	0	5	5	0
Nevada	/	/	/	1,053	1,029	24
New Mexico	122	121	1	156	156	0
Oregon	1,292	1,244	48	/	/	/
Utah	258	255	3	223	220	3
Washington	951	938	13	945	918	27
Wyoming	72	72	0	64	63	1

/Not reported.

~Not applicable.

^aPrisons and jails form one integrated system. Data included total jail and prison populations.

^bNon-U.S. citizen defined as foreign-born.

^cNon-U.S. citizen defined as inmates held by U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE) or categorized as being of alien status.

^dNon-U.S. citizen defined as inmates held by U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE).

Appendix table 12. Reported number of inmates under age 18 held in state prisons, by region and jurisdiction, and gender, June 30, 2006, and June 30, 2007

Region and jurisdiction	June 30, 2006			June 30, 2007		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
State	2,364	2,260	104	2,280	2,189	91
Northeast	714	681	33	788	752	36
Connecticut ^a	425	405	20	444	417	27
Maine	0	0	0	0	0	0
Massachusetts	4	3	1	4	3	1
New Hampshire	1	0	1	0	0	0
New Jersey ^b	17	17	0	21	21	0
New York	219	211	8	248	243	5
Pennsylvania	38	36	2	60	58	2
Rhode Island ^a	5	5	0	5	5	0
Vermont ^a	5	4	1	6	5	1
Midwest	447	430	17	422	405	17
Illinois	103	95	8	/	/	/
Indiana	27	25	2	52	51	1
Iowa	17	17	0	15	15	0
Kansas	13	12	1	10	10	0
Michigan	112	112	0	149	144	5
Minnesota	11	11	0	10	10	0
Missouri	38	37	1	21	17	4
Nebraska	8	8	0	13	12	1
North Dakota	1	1	0	0	0	0
Ohio	64	63	1	93	93	0
South Dakota ^b	1	0	1	5	4	1
Wisconsin	52	49	3	54	49	5
South	1,036	988	48	836	804	32
Alabama	70	67	3	108	106	2
Arkansas	17	17	0	19	19	0
Delaware ^a	23	23	0	28	28	0
Florida	221	210	11	/	/	/
Georgia ^b	61	57	4	65	60	5
Kentucky	0	0	0	0	0	0
Louisiana ^b	9	9	0	11	11	0
Maryland	68	66	2	38	35	3
Mississippi	38	37	1	72	71	1
North Carolina ^b	188	176	12	161	152	9
Oklahoma	5	4	1	6	6	0
South Carolina	129	121	8	123	120	3
Tennessee	14	14	0	25	25	0
Texas	162	156	6	150	141	9
Virginia	31	31	0	30	30	0
West Virginia	~	~	~	~	~	~
West	167	161	6	234	228	6
Alaska ^a	4	4	0	10	10	0
Arizona	112	111	1	129	125	4
California ^b	~	~	~	~	~	~
Colorado	33	29	4	37	35	2
Hawaii ^a	1	1	0	1	1	0
Idaho	3	2	1	1	1	0
Montana	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nevada	/	/	/	47	47	0
New Mexico	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oregon	6	6	0	/	/	/
Utah	5	5	0	5	5	0
Washington ^b	0	0	0	3	3	0
Wyoming	3	3	0	1	1	0

/Not reported.

~Not applicable.

^aPrisons and jails formed one integrated system. Data included total jail and prison populations.

^bCounts include those held in privately operated facilities.