



FINAL

Operational Range Assessment Program Phase I Qualitative Assessment Report Happy Valley, New Mexico

U.S. Army Operational Range Assessment Program
Qualitative Operational Range Assessments

Prepared for:

U.S. Army Environmental Command and
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Baltimore District



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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The United States (U.S.) Army is conducting qualitative assessments at operational ranges to meet the requirements of Department of Defense policy and to support the U.S. Army Sustainable Range Program. The operational range qualitative assessment (hereinafter referred to as Phase I Assessment) is the first phase of the U.S. Army Operational Range Assessment Program (ORAP). This Phase I Assessment evaluates the operational range area at Happy Valley to assess whether further investigation is needed to determine if potential munitions constituents of concern (MCOC) are or could be migrating off-range at levels that may pose an unacceptable risk to human health or the environment. In conducting the Phase I Assessment, MCOC sources, potential off-range migration pathways, and potential off-range human and ecological receptors are evaluated as appropriate.

Happy Valley is a 720.82-acre New Mexico Army National Guard facility located approximately three miles northwest of the city of Carlsbad, New Mexico. The seven operational ranges at Happy Valley encompass the entire facility and include six small caliber firing ranges and one maneuver/training area (Army Range Inventory Database-Geodatabase, 2007). Additionally, there is a historical small caliber range located within the maneuver/training area. Small caliber munitions as well as pyrotechnics are currently, and were historically, used at Happy Valley. Although there are potential human receptors located down gradient of the operational ranges, there are no potential migration pathways via surface water or groundwater due to the limited amount of precipitation, high evapotranspiration, and depth to groundwater.

The seven operational ranges at Happy Valley are categorized as Unlikely.

Unlikely – Five-Year Review

All seven ranges at Happy Valley are categorized as Unlikely, totaling 720.82 acres. These ranges consist of six small caliber ranges and one maneuver/training area for light forces. Ranges where, based upon a review of readily available information, there is sufficient evidence to show that there are no known releases or source-receptor interactions off-range that could present an unacceptable risk to human health or the environment are categorized as Unlikely. Ranges categorized as Unlikely are required to be re-evaluated at least every five years. Re-evaluation may occur sooner if significant changes (e.g., change in range operations or site conditions, regulatory changes) occur that affect determinations made during this Phase I Assessment.

Table ES-1 summarizes the Phase I Assessment findings.

Table ES-1: Summary of Findings and Conclusions for Happy Valley

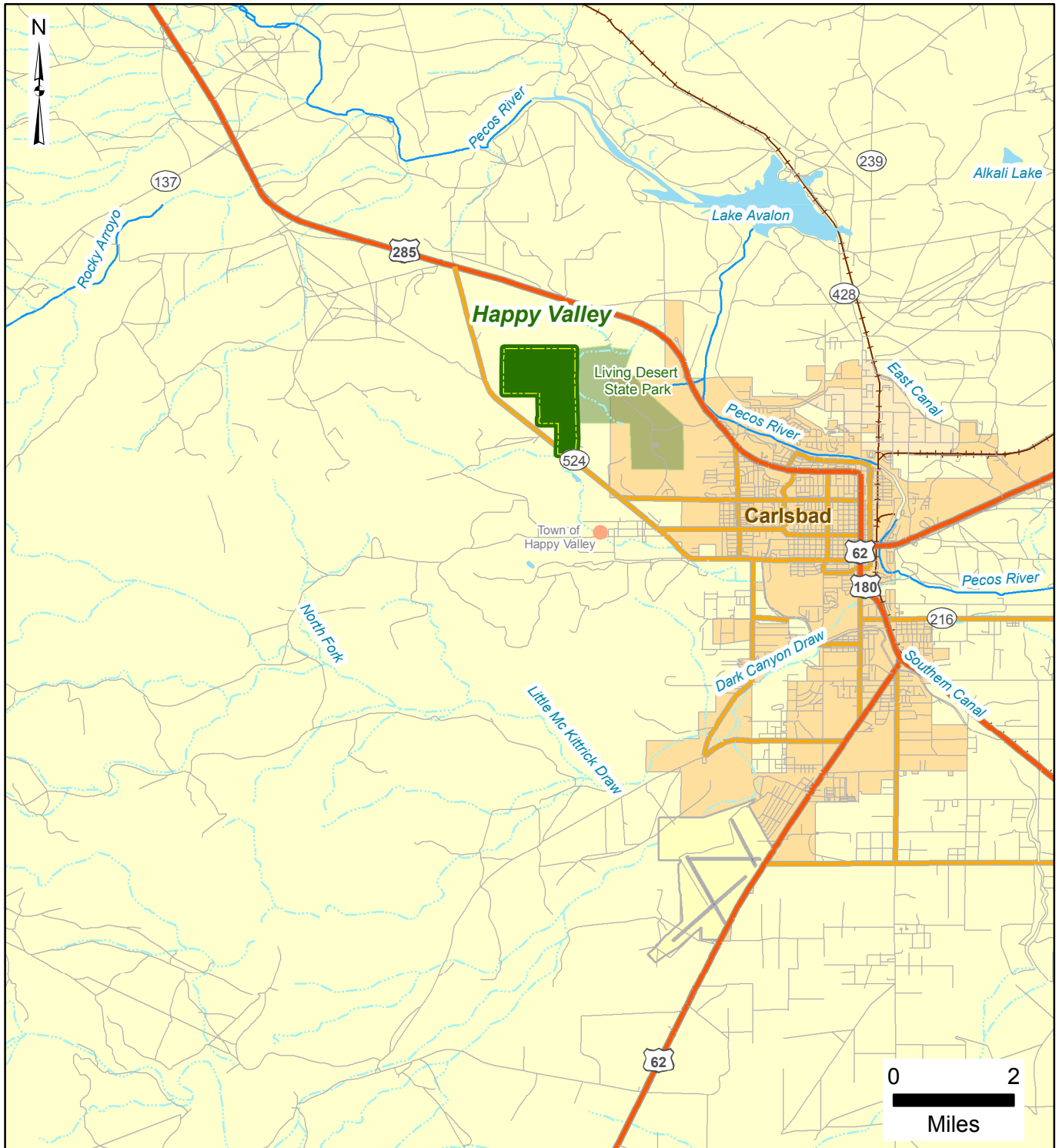
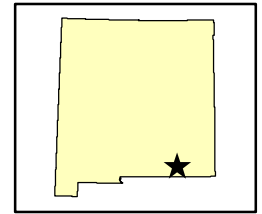
| Category | Total Number of Ranges and Acreage | Source(s) | Pathway(s) | Human Receptors | Ecological Receptors | Conclusions and Rationale |
|----------|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|----------------------|---|
| Unlikely | 7 operational ranges; 720.82 acres | Firing lines and impact berms of the current small caliber ranges as well as the firing lines and impact berms of the historical small caliber range within the maneuver/training area | No pathways identified due to the limited amount of precipitation, high evapotranspiration, and depth to groundwater | Not evaluated (no pathways identified) | | Re-evaluate during the five-year review. No pathways were identified. |

ABBREVIATIONS/ACRONYMS

| | |
|----------|--|
| ARID-GEO | Army Range Inventory Database-Geodatabase |
| CERCLA | Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act |
| CSM | Conceptual Site Model |
| DoD | Department of Defense |
| DODI | Department of Defense Instruction |
| E | Ecological receptors identified. (This refers to range grouping; pathway designation always precedes E designation.) |
| EEM | Engineering-Environmental Management, Inc. |
| ESRI | Environmental Systems Research Institute, Inc. |
| GW | Groundwater pathway identified. (This refers to range grouping; M designation always precedes GW designation.) |
| H | Human receptors identified. (This refers to range grouping; pathway designation always precedes H designation.) |
| LAW | Light Anti-Tank Weapons |
| LS | Limited Source |
| M | Munitions used. (This refers to range grouping; M designation always precedes applicable pathway.) |
| MCOC | Munitions Constituents of Concern |
| NDNODS | Non-Department of Defense Non-Operational Defense Sites |
| NG | Nitroglycerin |
| NMARNG | New Mexico Army National Guard |
| ORAP | Operational Range Assessment Program |
| PU | Pathway unlikely or incomplete. (This refers to range grouping; M designation always precedes PU designation.) |
| RFMSS | Range Facility Management Support System |
| SW | Surface water pathway identified. (This refers to range grouping; M designation always precedes SW designation.) |
| U.S. | United States |
| USACE | United States Army Corps of Engineers |
| USACHPPM | United States Army Center for Health Promotion and Preventive Medicine |
| USAEC | United States Army Environmental Command |
| USEPA | United States Environmental Protection Agency |
| °F | Degrees Fahrenheit |



Operational Range Assessment Program
 Phase I Qualitative Assessment
 Happy Valley, NM
Figure 1-1
General Location of Happy Valley



Facility Data

- Facility Boundary
- Operational Area

Transportation

- Limited Access
- Highway
- Major Road
- Local Road

Hydrology

- Waterbody
- Intermittent Stream/River
- Perennial Stream/River

Data Sources:
 ARID-GEO, April 2007
 ESRI, StreetMap, 2006

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