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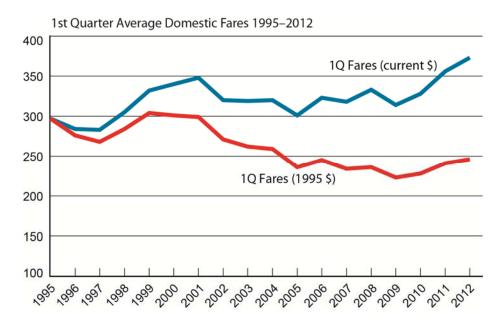
BTS 36-12

Thursday, July 26, 2012 Contact: Dave Smallen Tel: 202-366-5568

1st-Quarter Domestic Air Fares Rose 4.8% from 1st Quarter 2011

Top 100 Airports: Highest Fares at Cincinnati, Lowest Fares at Atlantic City

Domestic Air Fares



Average domestic air fares rose to \$373 in the first quarter of 2012, up 4.8 percent from the average fare of \$356 in the first quarter of 2011 (Table 1), the U.S. Department of Transportation's Bureau of Transportation Statistics (BTS) reported today. Cincinnati had the highest average fare, \$526, while Atlantic City, NJ, had the lowest, \$157 (Table 3).

Not adjusted for inflation, the \$373 first-quarter 2012 average fares reached an all-time high for any quarter. The previous high was \$370 in the second quarter of 2011. The previous first-quarter high was \$356 in 2011. First-quarter 2012 fares were \$246 in 1995 dollars, down 19.2 percent from \$304 in 1999, the inflation-adjusted high for any first quarter since the beginning of BTS air fare records in 1995 (Tables 1 and 2).

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BTS, a part of the Research and Innovative Technology Administration, reports average fares based on domestic itinerary fares. Itinerary fares consist of round-trip fares unless the customer does not purchase a return trip. In that case, the one-way fare is included. Fares are based on the total ticket value which consists of the price charged by the airlines plus any additional taxes and fees levied by an outside entity at the time of purchase. Fares include only the price paid at the time of the ticket purchase and do not include other fees, such as baggage fees, paid at the airport or onboard the aircraft. Averages do not include frequent-flyer or "zero fares" or a few abnormally high reported fares.

Passenger airlines collected 69.5 percent of their total revenue from passenger fares during the first quarter of 2012, down from 87.6 percent in 1990 (Table 1A).

Air fares in the first quarter of 2012 increased 9.6 percent from the first quarter of 2000, not adjusted for inflation, compared to an overall increase in consumer prices of 34.0 percent during that period. In the 17 years from 1995, the first year of BTS air fare records, air fares rose 25.6 percent compared to a 51.5 percent inflation rate (Table 6). The average inflation-adjusted first-quarter 2012 fare in 1995 dollars was \$246 compared to \$297 in 1995 and \$301 in 2000 (Table 1). BTS air fare records begin in 1995. See BTS Air Fare web page for historic data.

Unadjusted first-quarter 2012 fares were up 18.8 percent from the recession low of \$314 in 2009 and up 23.7 percent from the post 9/11 first-quarter low of \$301 in 2005 (Table 1).

First-quarter fares increased 1.2 percent from the fourth quarter of 2011 (Table 2). Quarter-to-quarter changes may be affected by seasonal factors such as the number of passengers. In the last 18 years, U.S. airlines carried an average of 7.8 percent fewer originating passengers in the first quarter of the year than in the fourth quarter. The number of originating passengers rose by 5.0 percent in the first quarter of 2012 from the fourth quarter of 2011. In 1995 dollars, fares declined 0.5 percent from the fourth quarter of 2011 to the first quarter of 2012.

See Tables 3-5 for data about the top 100 airports based on 2011 originating passengers.

Table 3: Five highest and five lowest average fares in the first quarter: Cincinnati, a market with a high representation of business travelers, had the highest average fare, \$526, while Atlantic City, a leisure-dominated market, had the lowest, \$157. For the Top 100 Airports, see Table 8 on the BTS website.

Table 4: Five largest increases and five largest decreases from the first quarter of 2011 to the first quarter of 2012: Flint, MI, had the largest increase, 23.7 percent, and Knoxville, TN, had the largest decrease, 9.5 percent. For the Top 100 Airports, see Table 9 on the BTS website.

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Table 5: Five largest increases and five largest decreases from the first quarter of 2001 to the first quarter of 2012: Dallas Love, TX, had the largest increase, 49.3 percent, and White Plains, NY, had the largest decrease, 38.2 percent. For the Top 100 Airports, see <u>Table 10</u> on the BTS website.

For additional data, see <u>Top 100 Airports</u>, <u>Rankings</u> or <u>All Airports</u>. Since average fares are based on the <u>Origin and Destination Survey</u> 10 percent ticket sample, averages for airports with smaller samples may be less reliable. Fares for Alaska, Hawaii and Puerto Rico airports are not included in rankings but are available on the web page. Second-quarter 2012 average fare data will be released on Oct. 25.

Table 1: 1st Quarter Average Fares 1995-2012 Compared to Inflation Rate

		Percent change from previous year Percent cha		t change from	ange from 1995	
	Average Domestic 1Q Fares (\$)	Average Fares (1Q to 1Q)	Inflation (Mar from previous Mar)*	Cumulative Average Fares (1Q 1995 to 1Q of each year)	Cumulative inflation rate (Mar of each year from Mar 1995)*	Average Fare in 1995 dollars
1995	297					297
1996	284	-4.4	2.8	-4.4	2.8	276
1997	283	-0.2	2.8	-4.5	5.7	268
1998	305	7.5	1.4	2.6	7.1	284
1999	332	8.9	1.7	11.7	9.0	304
2000	340	2.6	3.8	14.6	13.1	301
2001	348	2.2	2.9	17.1	16.4	299
2002	320	-8.0	1.5	7.8	18.1	271
2003	319	-0.3	3.0	7.5	21.7	262
2004	320	0.3	1.7	7.9	23.8	259
2005	301	-5.9	3.1	1.5	27.7	236
2006	323	7.3	3.4	8.9	32.0	245
2007	318	-1.7	2.8	7.1	35.6	234
2008	333	4.9	4.0	12.3	41.0	236
2009	314	-5.8	-0.4	5.7	40.5	223
2010	328	4.6	2.3	10.5	43.7	228
2011	356	8.4	2.7	19.8	47.6	241
2012	373	4.8	2.7	25.6	51.5	246

Source: Bureau of Transportation Statistics

Note: Percent change based on unrounded numbers

^{*} Rate calculated using Bureau of Labor Statistics Consumer Price Index.

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Table 1A Passenger Airline Revenue from Fares 1990-2012

Revenue from Passenger Fares as Percent of Scheduled Passenger Airline Total Revenue*

Year	Revenue from Passenger Fares as Percent of Total Scheduled Passenger Airline Revenue* (%)
1990	87.6
1995	85.6
2000	84.1
2001	82.7
2002	82.3
2003	79.5
2004	76.6
2005	75.0
2006	74.4
2007	74.3
2008	72.9
2009	70.2
2010	71.3
2011	71.0

Source: Bureau of Transportation Statistics, P-12

2012 (1Q)

Table 2: Quarterly Change in Average Domestic Airline FaresPercent Change by Quarter

69.5

Average Domestic Fares

	Current \$		Inflation-Adjusted		
Quarter/Year	Avg Fare (current\$)	Pct. Change from Previous Quarter (%)	Inflation- Adjusted Avg Fare (1995\$)	Pct. Change from Previous Quarter (%)	
4Q 2009	320	4.2	224	3.0	
1Q 2010	328	2.6	228	1.8	
2Q 2010	341	3.8	237	3.7	
3Q 2010	340	-0.3	235	-0.5	
4Q 2010	335	-1.5	231	-1.8	
1Q 2011	356	6.3	241	4.2	
2Q 2011	370	3.9	248	2.9	
3Q 2011	361	-2.4	241	-2.9	
4Q 2011	368	2.1	247	2.7	
1Q 2012	373	1.2	246	-0.5	

SOURCE: Bureau of Transportation Statistics

Note: Percent change based on unrounded numbers

Note: Quarter-to-quarter changes may be affected by seasonal factors.

^{*} Scheduled passenger airline total revenue is the sum of the following Schedule P12 accounts with account numbers: Reservation cancellation fees (3919.1), Baggage fees (3906.2), Miscellaneous Operating Revenue (3919.2), Transport-Related Revenue (4898) and Passenger Revenue (Fares) (3901).

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Table 3: Airports with Highest and Lowest U.S. Domestic Average Itinerary Fares 1st Quarter 2012

Top 100 Airports* Based on 2011 U.S. Originating Domestic Passengers

Rank	Origin	1st Quarter 2012 (\$)
	Highest Average Fares	
1	Cincinnati, OH	526
2	Memphis, TN	520
3	Houston Bush, TX	505
4	Huntsville, AL	503
5	Washington Dulles	485
	Average Fare at All Airports	373
	Lowest Average Fares	
1	Atlantic City, NJ	157
2	Long Beach, CA	210
3	Bellingham, WA	263
4	Las Vegas, NV	267
5	Burbank/Glendale/Pasadena, CA	268

Source: Bureau of Transportation Statistics * Not including Alaska, Hawaii or Puerto Rico Note: Percent change based on unrounded numbers

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Table 4: One-Year Change by Airport: Top 5 Percentage Increases and Decreases/Smallest Increases in U.S. Domestic Average Itinerary Fare, First Quarter 2011 to First Quarter 2012

Top 100 Airports* Based on 2011 U.S. Originating Domestic Passengers

Rank	Origin	1st Quarter 2011 (\$)	1st Quarter 2012 (\$)	Percent Change (%)
	Largest Increases			
1	Flint, MI	308	381	23.7
2	Indianapolis, IN	332	387	16.3
3	White Plains, NY	323	374	15.8
4	Ft. Myers, FL	277	320	15.7
5	Pensacola, FL	389	447	15.0
	Average Fare at All Airports	356	373	4.8
	Largest Decreases/Smallest Inc	reases		
1	Knoxville TN	449	406	-9.5
2	Atlantic City, NJ	172	157	-8.9
3	Charleston, SC	460	424	-7.8
4	Greenville/Spartanburg, SC	407	393	-3.4
5	Long Beach, CA	216	210	-2.9

Source: Bureau of Transportation Statistics * Not including Alaska, Hawaii or Puerto Rico Note: Percent change based on unrounded numbers

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Table 5: 11-Year Change by Airport: Top 5 Percentage Increases and Decreases in U.S. Domestic Average Itinerary Fare, 2001-2012

Top 100 Airports* Based on 2011 U.S. Originating Domestic Passengers

		1st Quarter	1st Quarter	Percent
Rank	Origin	2001 (\$)	2012 (\$)	Change (%)
	Largest Increases			
1	Dallas Love, TX	189	282	49.3
2	El Paso, TX	256	373	45.7
3	Burbank/Glendale/Pasadena, CA	185	268	45.2
4	Spokane, WA	246	356	44.7
5	Reno, NV	223	322	44.6
	Average Fare at All Airports	348	373	7.2
	Largest Decreases			
1	White Plains, NY	606	374	-38.2
2	Long Beach, CA	321	210	-34.6
3	Denver, CO	452	321	-29.1
4	Greenville/Spartanburg, SC	541	393	-27.3
5	Atlantic City, NJ	215	157	-27.1

Source: Bureau of Transportation Statistics * Not including Alaska, Hawaii or Puerto Rico Note: Percent change based on unrounded numbers

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Table 6: Percent Changes to 2012 in Domestic Average Itinerary Fares and the Inflation Rate* by Year Since 1995

(1st Quarter to 1st Quarter for fares; March to March for inflation)

		Percent			
Since 1st Quarter 	Duration in Years	Average 1Q Itinerary Fare (\$)	Change in Average Fare to 1st Quarter 2012	Inflation Rate to Mar 2012	
2012		373	n/a	n/a	
2011	1	356	4.8	2.7	
2010	2	328	13.6	5.4	
2009	3	314	18.8	7.8	
2008	4	333	11.8	7.4	
2007	5	318	17.3	11.7	
2006	6	323	15.3	14.8	
2005	7	301	23.7	18.7	
2004	8	320	16.4	22.4	
2003	9	319	16.8	24.5	
2002	10	320	16.5	28.3	
2001	11	348	7.2	30.2	
2000	12	340	9.6	34.0	
1999	13	332	12.4	39.0	
1998	14	305	22.3	41.4	
1997	15	283	31.5	43.4	
1996	16	284	31.3	47.3	
1995	17	297	25.6	51.5	

Source: Bureau of Transportation Statistics

Note: Percent change based on unrounded numbers

^{*} Rate calculated using Bureau of Labor Statistics Consumer Price Index

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For **air fares** for the following airports, go to http://www.bts.gov/xml/atpi/src/index.xml.

Multiple airport areas for which a single average fare calculation is available are: Boston, Chicago, Dallas-Fort Worth, Houston, Los Angeles, New York, San Francisco and Washington, DC.

Airports covered by average fare calculations are:

Alabama Birmingham, Huntsville

Arizona Phoenix, Tucson

Arkansas Little Rock

California Burbank, Fresno, Long Beach, Los Angeles Intl, Oakland,

Ontario/San Bernardino, Sacramento, San Diego, San Francisco, San

Jose, Santa Ana (Orange County)

Colorado Springs, Denver

Connecticut Hartford

District of

Columbia Dulles, Reagan National

Florida Ft. Lauderdale, Ft. Myers, Jacksonville, Miami, Orlando, Pensacola,

Tampa, West Palm Beach

Georgia Atlanta
Idaho Boise

Illinois Chicago Midway, Chicago O'Hare

Indiana Indianapolis Des Moines Iowa **Kansas** Wichita **Kentucky** Louisville Louisiana **New Orleans** Maine Portland Maryland **Baltimore** Massachusetts **Boston**

Michigan Detroit, Flint, Grand Rapids

Minnesota Minneapolis/St. Paul Mississippi Jackson/Vicksburg Missouri Kansas City, St. Louis

Nebraska Omaha

Nevada Las Vegas, Reno

New Hampshire Manchester

New Jersey Atlantic City, Newark

New Mexico Albuquerque

New York Albany, Buffalo, Islip, New York JFK, New York LaGuardia,

Rochester, Syracuse, White Plains

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North Carolina Charlotte, Greensboro, Raleigh/Durham

Ohio Akron/Canton, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Columbus, Dayton

Oklahoma City, Tulsa

Oregon Portland

Pennsylvania Harrisburg, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh

Rhode Island Providence

South Carolina Charleston, Greenville-Spartanburg Knoxville, Memphis, Nashville

Texas Austin, Dallas Love, Dallas/Ft. Worth, El Paso, Houston Bush,

Houston Hobby, San Antonio

Utah Salt Lake City Vermont Burlington

Virginia Newport News/Williamsburg, Norfolk, Richmond

Washington Bellingham, Seattle, Spokane

Wisconsin Madison, Milwaukee