

TABLE SNR04. **Highest incidence rates¹ of nonfatal injury and illness cases with job transfer or restriction, 2009**

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2009 Annual average employment ⁴ (thousands)	Incidence rate	
			2008	2009
Animal (except poultry) slaughtering (Private Industry)	311611	146.9	5.7	⁵ 5.0
Soft drink manufacturing (Private Industry)	312111	76.4	4.2	4.8
Poultry and egg production (Private Industry)	1123	35.8	1.9	3.5
Iron and steel pipe and tube manufacturing from purchased steel (Private Industry)	33121	25.8	1.9	3.2
Steel investment foundries (Private Industry)	331512	12.2	2.5	3.2
Fluid milk manufacturing (Private Industry)	311511	54.8	2.7	3.1
Iron foundries (Private Industry)	331511	45.7	3.4	3.1
Beet sugar manufacturing (Private Industry)	311313	5.9	—	3.0
Meat processed from carcasses (Private Industry)	311612	111.4	2.9	3.0
Nursing care facilities (Private Industry)	6231	1,629.9	3.0	3.0
Skiing facilities (Private Industry)	71392	34.6	4.3	⁵ 3.0
Poultry processing (Private Industry)	311615	232.6	3.2	⁵ 2.9
Amusement and theme parks (Private Industry)	71311	145.7	3.7	⁵ 2.9
General warehousing and storage (Private Industry)	49311	557.9	3.0	2.8
Ceramic wall and floor tile manufacturing (Private Industry)	327122	7.5	2.9	2.7
Light truck and utility vehicle manufacturing (Private Industry)	336112	40.8	2.6	2.7
Dried and dehydrated food manufacturing (Private Industry)	311423	10.9	2.1	2.6
Manufactured home (mobile home) manufacturing (Private Industry)	321991	26.7	3.4	2.6
Glass container manufacturing (Private Industry)	327213	16.5	3.0	2.6
Aluminum foundries (except die-casting) (Private Industry)	331524	17.7	3.9	⁵ 2.6
Home centers (Private Industry)	44411	645.0	3.0	⁵ 2.6
Community care facilities for the elderly (Private Industry)	6233	711.2	2.6	2.6
Leather and allied product manufacturing (Private Industry)	316	32.0	1.8	2.5
Primary aluminum production (Private Industry)	331312	10.8	2.0	2.5
Power, distribution, and specialty transformer manufacturing (Private Industry)	335311	27.0	2.2	2.5
Automobile manufacturing (Private Industry)	336111	102.8	2.6	⁵ 2.5
All Industries including State and local government⁶		130,315.8	.8	.8

¹ The incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000, where

N = number of injuries and illnesses
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year
 200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year)

² High rate industries were those having the highest incidence rate of injury and illness cases with days of job transfer or restriction and at least 500 total recordable cases at the

most detailed level of publication, based on the *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2007.

³ *North American Industry Classification System* — United States, 2007

⁴ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages (QCEW) program.

⁵ A statistical significance test indicates that the difference between the 2009 incidence rate and the 2008 rate is statistically significant at the 95 percent confidence level.

⁶ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

NOTE: Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, October 2010