



COMPACT GOAL

The Mongolia Compact directs strategic investments to increase economic activity through secure and registered land titles in urban areas, sustainable utilization and management of rangelands in selected peri-urban areas, and improved vocational and technical training. These investments also help ensure that Mongolians become healthier and more productive as they enter the marketplace, improve urban air quality by increasing the adoption of energy efficient products and homes in the ger (yurt) districts of Ulaanbaatar and support the development of renewable energy, and improve the road in the critical north-south economic corridor that stretches from Russia through Mongolia to China.

COMPACT AT A GLANCE			TOTAL COMPACT	BUDGET (USD MILLIONS)	
Compact Signed	10-22-2007	10%	Property Rights	\$27.8	
Entry Into Force	09-17-2008	14%	Health Project	\$38.8	
Compact End Date	09-17-2013	17%	Vocational Education	\$47.2	
Compact Total	\$284,911,363	16%	Energy and Environment		
Amount Committed	\$234,818,085	31%	North-South Road Project		
Amount Expended	\$136,798,458	0%	Rail Project		
Estimated Program Beneficiaries	2,492,000	10%	Program Administration \$2		
Estimated Increase in Household Income	\$328,352,000	3%	Monitoring and Evaluation \$8		



TOTAL PROJECT EXPENDITURES⁺

YEAR 5

\$14,469,888

PRESENT

Project Preparation

YEAR 4

Project Implementation

Property Rights

The urban component of this project is improving Mongolia's property registration system and helping poor households obtain title to land in urban "ger" districts. The peri-urban component is facilitating the leasing of pastureland near cities to groups of herders and investing in infrastructure and training to improve livestock productivity and herder incomes.

Projected Long-Term Results (Up to 20 years)

ESTIMATED BENEFICIARIES

\$38,621,000

102,000 MCC currently estimates

that 60-80% of this beneficiary target will be reached.

PROJECTED RESULTS BY END OF COMPACT

A 13% increase in the property values of hashaa plots in Ulaanbaatar. An increase in the number of households accessing bank credit from 6,400 to 16,200. A 20% increase in the milk yield of dairy of cows on intensive farms. A 20% reduction in sheep mortality on semi-intensive farms.

PROGRESS TO DATE

TOTAL CONTRACT COMMITMENTS

YEAR 3

\$26,318,641

YEAR 2

Urban: 10 property registry buildings have been renovated and over 1,400 stakeholders have been trained. Peri-Urban: 390 herder groups have signed pasture leases, over 5,000 herders and government officials have been trained, and 75 wells have been commissioned for operation on the leases.

PROJECT ACHIEVEMENTS

General: Stakeholders continue to gain knowledge and understanding about their rights to land. Urban: The capacity of property registration offices is being strengthened, which will enable them to register land transactions more efficiently and accurately. Peri-urban: Herder families now have secure pasture use rights until 2026, and have a better understanding of how to use the pasture in a sustainable manner to increase their incomes.

ESTIMATED INCREASE IN

HOUSEHOLD INCOME

Peri-Urban Land Lease

YEAR 1

Land Privatization & Registration

Privatization/Registration Ger Area Land

PROJECT COST

\$27,802,619

Health Project		PROJECT COST	TOTAL CONTRACT C	OMMITMENTS	TOTAL PRO.	ECT EXPENDITURES [†]	
		\$38,823,259	\$38,823,259 \$30,834,092		\$22,615,809		
The project seeks to strengthen the national program for prevention, early diagnosis, and man- agement of non-communicable diseases/injuries (NCDI). It addresses major causes and risks of NCDIs, which cause premature adult death, disability and affect labor force productivity and the economic well-being of Mongolians.		YEAR 1 NCDI Capacity Building NCDI Prevention NCDI Detection NCDI Management	YEAR 2	YEAR 3	YEAR 4	YEAR 5	
Projected Long-Term Results (Up to 20 years)							
ESTIMATED BENEFICIARIES	ESTIMATED INCREASE IN HOUSEHOLD INCOME	PROJECTED RESULTS BY END OF COMP	ACT PROGRESS TO DATE	PROGRESS TO DATE 7,340 health care workers and non-medical personnel have been trained under the Capacity Building Activity. Major screening activities are underway and nine contracts (worth \$5 million) have been signed for the supply and delivery of essential screening equipment and critical pharma- ceuticals. Major behavior change campaign and outreach activities continue to be implemented with strong collaboration between public and private representatives.		PROJECT ACHIEVEMENTS Project funding is supporting a hospital with equipment to detect and treat strokes and myocardial infarctions. A consultant study was undertaken to provide evidence that the CP which required the GoM to support NCD programs at certain budgetary levels has been fulfilled. Preliminary results from the second round of HPV vaccina- tion showed that 64.2-88.8% of targeted girls received two doses.	
1,727,000	\$48,039,000	Decreased prevalence of high salt intake, high blood sugar, and hypertension (amount of decrease under review). Increa- treatment of diabetes and hypertension (amount of incre- under review).	non-medical pe been trained ur ased Building Activiti activities are ur been signed for delivery of esse equipment and ceuticals. Major campaign and continue to be strong collabor				
Vocational Education		PROJECT COST	TOTAL CONTRACT C	OMMITMENTS	TOTAL PRO.	ECT EXPENDITURES ⁺	
		\$47,255,638	\$43,622,121		\$34,06	0,776	
The project aims to improve access and quality in the vocational education system by supporting reforms to Technical and Vocational Education and Training (TVET) policy and operational framework, professional development programs for TVET instructors, the establishment of a labor market information system, and providing essential equip- ment to select institutions.		YEAR 1 Reforms to TVET Policy & Operational Framework Skills, Standards & Competencies Competency Based Training System Career Guidance System Improvement of Learning Environments	YEAR 2			YEAR 5	
Projected Long- (Up to 20 y							
ESTIMATED BENEFICIARIES	ESTIMATED INCREASE IN HOUSEHOLD INCOME	PROJECTED RESULTS BY END OF COMP	ACT PROGRESS TO DATE	E	PROJECT A	HIEVEMENTS	
170,000	\$55,948,000	An increase in the employmer rate of technical vocational gra ates from 71% to 75%. Increase annual salaries of technical vocational graduates from \$1, to \$1,336.	adu- competency-ba ed key industries a capacity buildir 237 for 34 schools. practical trainin upgraded, 15 ec were constructo	ased curricula for and management ng is underway In addition, 86	work in p grant pro assurance Qualifica signed. F Excellence study too tion Trair Certificat is comple Center la capacity	rm legal/policy frame- lace. 16 of 28 competitive jects completed. Quality e system for National Voc ion Framework de- aculty from 3 Centers of e (CoE) went on Australia rr. One full qualifica- ing and Assessment e program for two CoEs ite. National Learning unched with initial staff building. 70 employers ted in job fair.	

MILLENNIUM CHALLENGE CORPORATION

Energy and Environment		PROJECT COST	TOTAL CONTRACT COMMITMENTS	TOTAL PROJECT EXPENDITURES [†]	
		\$45,266,205	\$30,470,927	\$26,300,379	
The project aims to reduce air pollution in the capital city through the provision of financial incentives for ger district residents to adopt household energy efficiency and lower-emission technologies; and through ancillary network upgrades and limited tariff subsidy in support of the first on-grid com- mercial wind farm in Mongolia.		YEAR 1 Energy Efficiency Innovation Facility Wind Activity Public Awareness Activity	YEAR 2 YEAR 3	YEAR 4 YEAR 5	
Projected Long (Up to 20					
ESTIMATED BENEFICIARIES	ESTIMATED INCREASE IN HOUSEHOLD INCOME	PROJECTED RESULTS BY END OF COMPACT PROGRESS TO DATE		PROJECT ACHIEVEMENTS	
339,000	\$71,539,000	The project expects that the stove subsidy activity will lead to a 6.44 micrograms / meters cubed decrease in Particulate Matter 10 concentrations. In addition, seasonal coal consumption should decrease by 58,927 metric tons and savings from use of higher efficiency stoves should amount to over \$10 million. In regards to the Salkhit wind park activity, the project expects to generate 160-170 jobs.	To date, sales have been made to more than 92,000 households or more than 50% of the target market. Sales will resume in August in additional subdistricts. Replacement of heating boilers with more energy efficient mode at 10 ger district sites is underwa Upgrade of the substation and installation of a fiber optic cable are underway and installation of dispatching system training simu lator is pending contract award.	Subsidies have been distributed for over 18,000 ger insulation sets, over 69,000 stoves, over 4,500 vestibules, and 84 energy efficient homes. Sales have been fairly evenly divided between men and women.	
North-South Road Project		PROJECT COST	TOTAL CONTRACT COMMITMENTS	TOTAL PROJECT EXPENDITURES [†]	
		\$88,440,123	\$77,172,489	\$11,144,797	
The project is aimed at prov transport for trade and acce constructing 176.4 km of all- to Sainshand, as well as pro Technical Assistance to publ roadway maintenance. Projected Long- (Up to 20	ess to services by -weather road from Choir viding Road Maintenance lic entities engaged in -Term Results	YEAR 1 Choir-Sainshand Road Bayanzurkh Bridge and Road Technical Assistance	YEAR 2 YEAR 3	YEAR 4 YEAR 5	
	ESTIMATED INCREASE IN				
ESTIMATED BENEFICIARIES	HOUSEHOLD INCOME	PROJECTED RESULTS BY END OF COMPACT	PROGRESS TO DATE	PROJECT ACHIEVEMENTS	
154,000	\$114,205,000	The North-South Road project expects to lead to an increase in average annual daily traffic from 625 vehicles to 1,782. The project also expects to see a significant decrease in travel time from Choir to Sainshand from 10 hours and 32 minutes to 5 hours and 10 minutes.	19.3 km of road have been designed; 176.4 km of the Choir-Sainshand road is under works contracts. An MCC oversig mission is scheduled for late July / early August to assess road contractor progress and to estimate cost to complete and time to complete on the two road contracts.	The Law on Government budget for 2011 approved 8.8 billion Mongolian Tugrik (MNT) for road repair and maintenance activities in 2010; the funding was subse- quently disbursed. A further MNT 12.4 billion was budgeted for road and repair maintenance activities for 2011.	

Rail Project		PROJECT COST	TOTAL CONTRACT COMMITMENTS	TOTAL PROJECT EXPENDITURES [†]
		\$369,560	\$369,560	\$369,560
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On April 27, 2009, the Government of Mongolia notified MCC that it intended to withdraw the rail project from the Compact. In January 2010, approximately \$188 million from the rail project was formally reallocated towards the expansion of the Health, Property Rights, and Vocational Education projects, and the addition of the new North-South Road and Energy and Environment projects.

*Expenditures are the sum of cash outlays and quarterly accruals for work completed but not yet paid or invoiced.

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