





#### **NOAA National Weather Service**

#### **Building a Weather-Ready Nation**

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NOAA Deputy Assistant Administrator for Weather Services &



Deputy Director National Weather Service Sept 28, 2010



### Most Severe Weather on Earth A Typical Year in the U.S.



6 Atlantic Hurricanes



1,300 Tornadoes



**5,000 Floods** 



26,000 Severe Thunderstorms



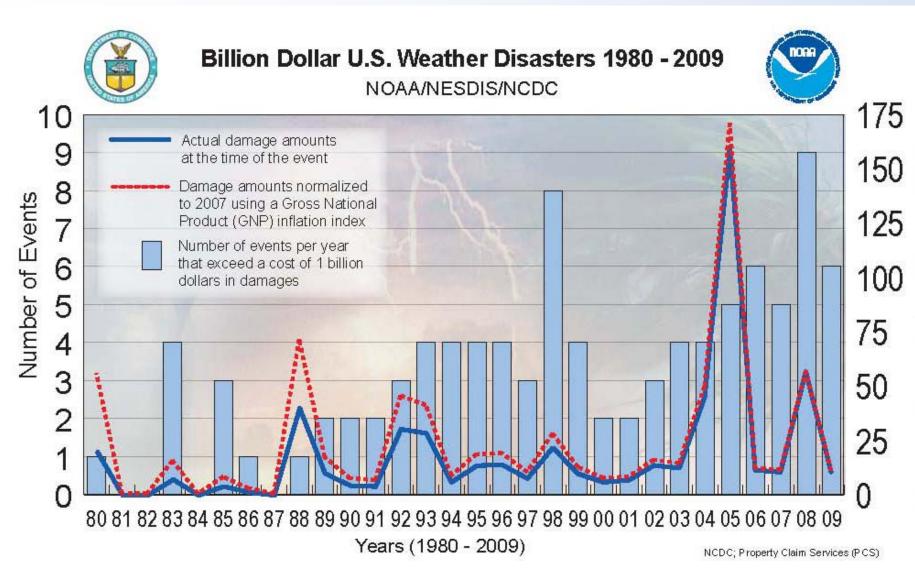
Drought and Large Wildfires



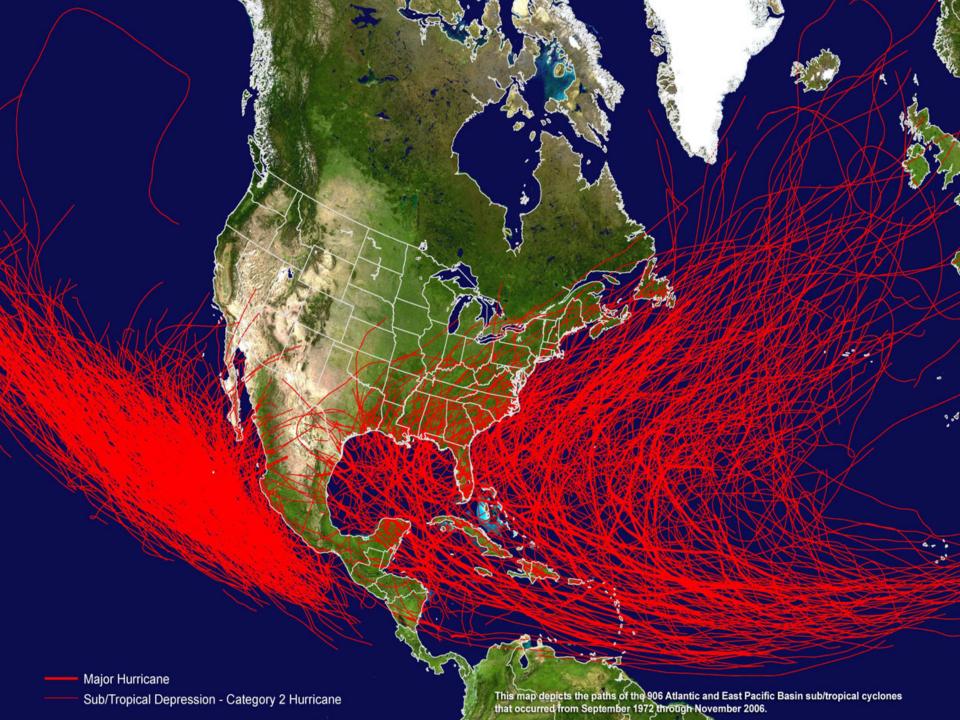
600 Deaths \$14B in Losses

#### **Most Severe Weather on Earth**

#### **Billion Dollar Disasters**



Damage Amounts in Billions of Dollars



SEARCH

THIS SELF O ALL MASS

Explore the Plan TOWARD A BETTER FUTURE Achieving Our Vision NWS GOALS





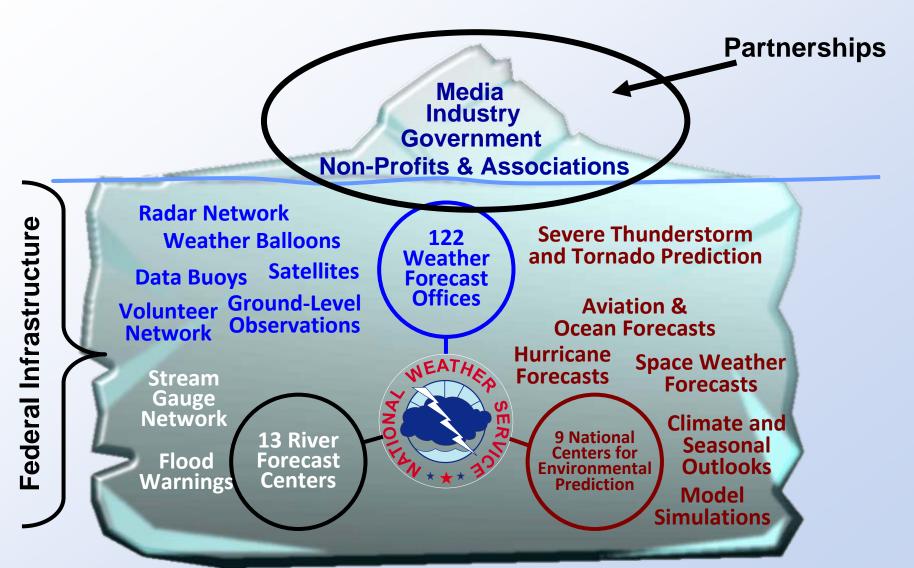
with NWS



Message from Jack Hayes

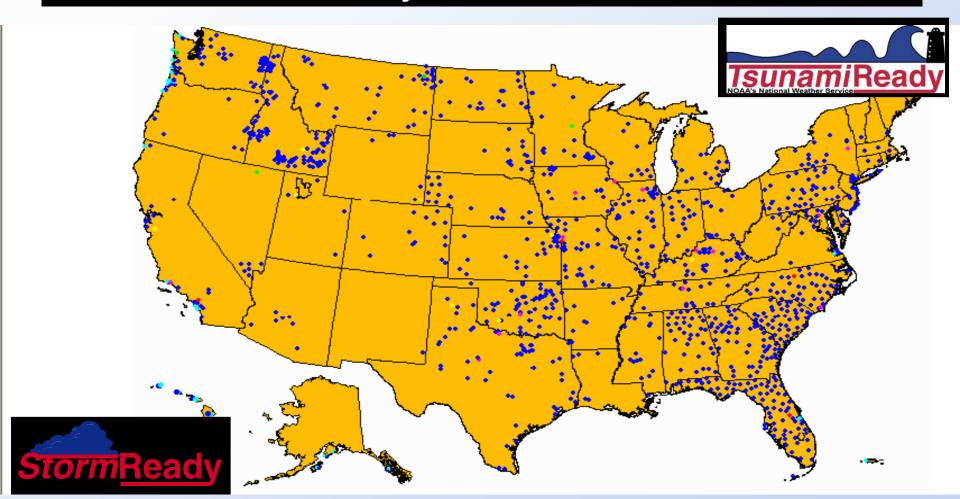
NO AA Assistant Administrator for Weather Services and Director National Weather Service Jack Hayes Introduces the NIWS strategic plan and encourages everyone to participate in the teedback process

#### Building a Weather-Ready Nation Partnerships are at the tip of the iceberg



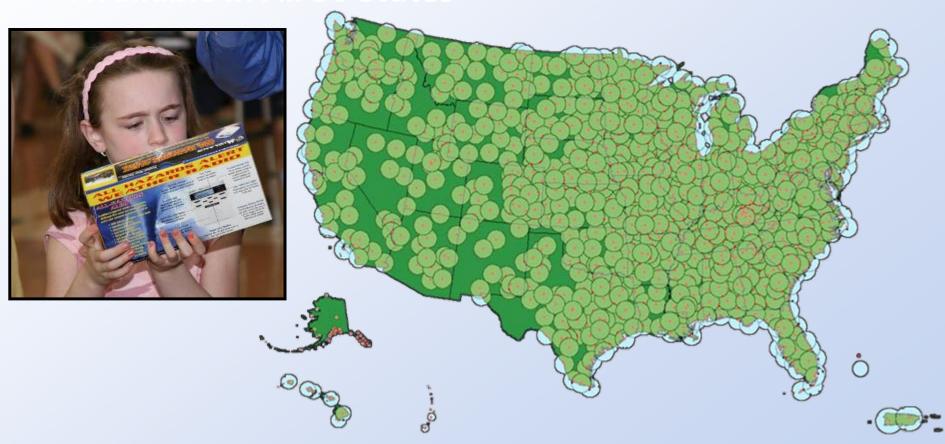
## Building a Weather-Ready Nation Working at the Local Level

1,656 StormReady Communities in 50 States 79 TsunamiReady Communities in 10 States



### Building a Weather-Ready Nation NOAA Weather Radio—All Hazards

- > 1,000 transmitters
- > Available in All 50 States



#### Building a Weather-Ready Nation Tornado Warnings

January 10, 2008 Caledonia, MS



- EF-3 Tornado
- 41 minute lead time
- 2,000 people inside no fatalities, 3 injuries

#### Building a Weather-Ready Nation Space Weather

Sunspot Number

ISES Solar Cycle Sunspot Number Progression

- Next solar maximum is expected 2013
- Space weather impacts:
  - Satellites (i.e. Galaxy 15)
  - GPS Reliability
  - Aviation (NextGen, Polar Flights)
  - > Energy distribution
- > \$1-2 Trillion potential impact



NOAA/SWPC Boulder,CO USA

### Space Weather Impacts

- On Oct 28, 2003 NWS space weather forecasters observed a powerful Earth-directed eruption on the Sun. Space weather warnings were issued. In response:
  - > Power grid operators reduced system load, disconnected system components, and postponed maintenance.
  - Airlines made critical decisions about route and/or altitude restrictions to flight operations.
  - > Satellite operators took action to mitigate impacts.
  - Precision GPS users postponed operations or used backup systems.
- NWS working with FEMA and DHS to ensure critical infrastructures are safe from extreme space weather events.



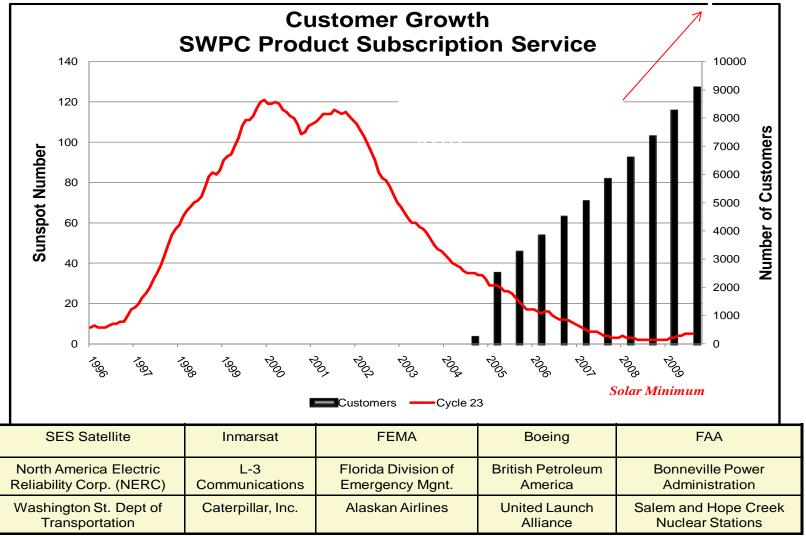






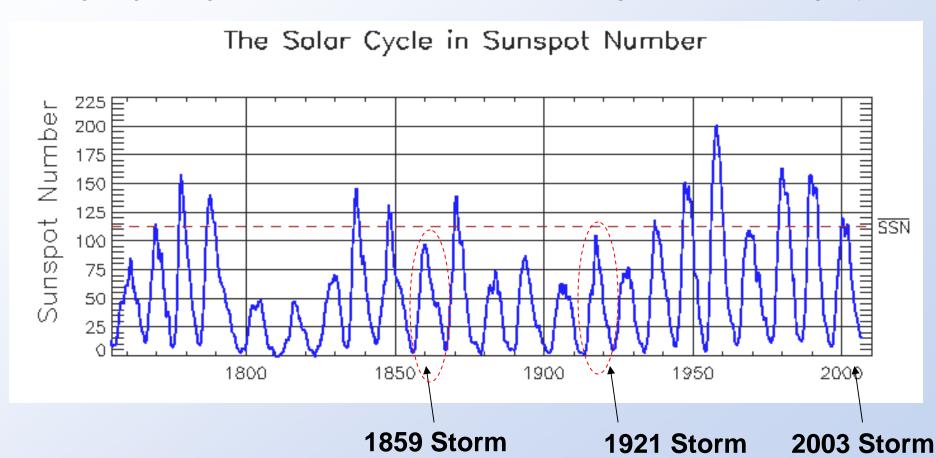
http://www.spaceweather.gov

## Protecting Our Advanced Technologies



# Preparing for Extreme Space Weather

The largest geomagnetic storms on record occurred during lower than average cycles



### Building a Weather-Ready Nation Protecting Lives Through Partnerships



## Building a Weather-Ready Nation Working at the Local Level



