





# National Weather Service FY 2011 Budget Request

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# **Outline**

- **►NWS Modernization & Its Impacts**
- >Key Trends
- >FY 11 Budget Request









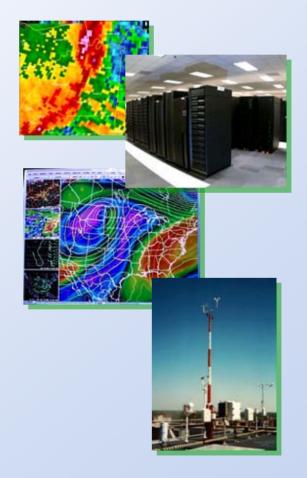
# National Weather Service Protecting Lives and Property

# **NWS Modernization**

1970s...



1990s...

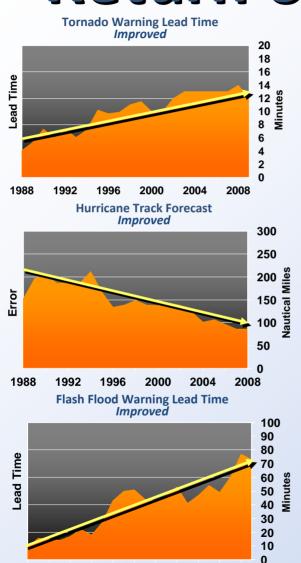


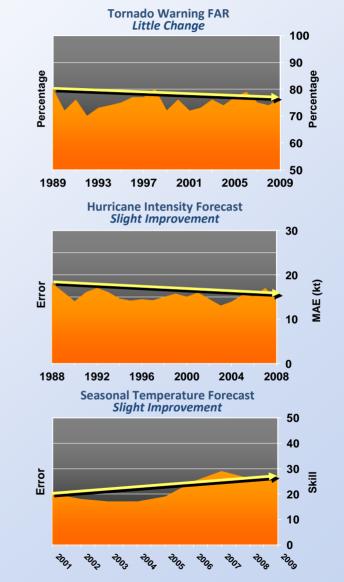






# Return on Investment









# Key Trends New Demands & Opportunities

- Users needs growing
  - Demographic shifts
  - Changing climate
  - New vulnerabilities
- Science and technology continue to advance
  - > Improved observations
  - Improved science
  - Improved information technology

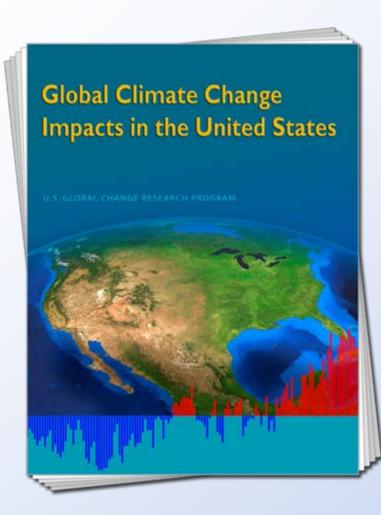








# Key Trends: New Needs Changing Climate



### Societal Impacts

- > Agriculture
- Wildfires
- Energy
- Water resources

#### Seasonal Outlooks

- Forecasts & warnings months in advance:
  - Hurricanes
  - Drought
  - Precip/Temperature
  - > Spring Flood Outlook
- NOAA Climate Service

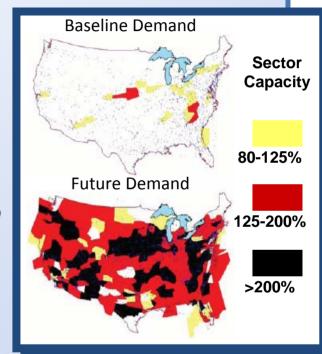






# Key Trends: New Needs Increasing Air Traffic

- **► Air traffic doubling by 2025**
- ➤ Delays cost \$41 billion/year
- >70% are weather related
  - NextGen goal of 2/3 reduction with better weather services by 2025
    - Requires more timely, accurate & consistent weather information





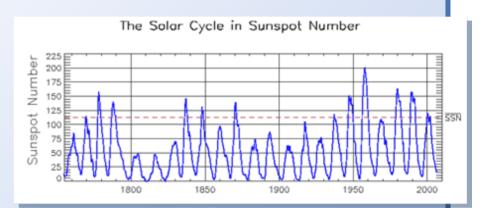






# Key Trends: New Needs Increasing Vulnerability to Solar Activity

- Next solar maximum is expected 2012-2013
- > Space weather impacts:
  - U.S. Satellites (GPS, Comms. etc.)
  - Aviation
  - Energy distribution
  - Terrestrial Communication





- > Satellites: national and economic sectors
- Aviation: radiation at poles
- Energy: disrupts power grids—potential regional blackouts
- > \$1-2 Trillion potential impact











# Key Trends: New Needs Energy Resources

# >Administration Priority

- > Renewable Energy Initiative
- Goal: doubling our country's supply of renewable energy

## >NWS Role

- > Earth observations, models, and forecast services
- Partnership with private sector

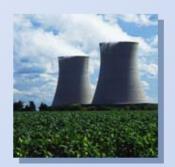


















# NWS Focus Areas:

- Improving forecasts & warnings
- Improving <u>Decision Support</u>
  <u>Services</u>

NWS Strategic Plan

Public Comment in Spring



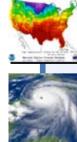






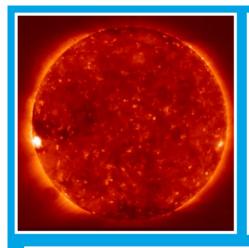
# Looking ahead- FY 2011

- Improving Technology
- > Improving Infrastructure
- Improving Services















# NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE

FY 2011 President's Budget Request

March 16, 2010

Dr. John L. "Jack" Hayes





# FY 2011 Budget Overview



# FY 2011 Budget provides \$1,003.2M for NWS, a \$3.3M (0.3%) increase over the FY 2010 Enacted. Includes:

- \$14.6M for inflationary Adjustments to Base
- \$28.0M for Program Changes

#### This request supports the priorities of the Administration, Department of Commerce and NOAA. In meeting these priorities, NWS is:

- Investing in Science and Technology to provide a National common weather operating picture and provide a viable Space Weather System to transmit vital information on the upcoming solar maximum.
- Enhancing Timely & Accurate Weather Forecasts through investments in tornado, flood and winter storm forecasts improvements, warning dissemination systems, and in observational network maintenance.
- Funds improvements in aviation weather information in support of the Next Generation Air Transportation System (NextGen) identified in the President's "Strategy for American Innovation" as a key part of building a leading physical infrastructure to connect our people and businesses.

NWS FY11 Budget Summary

# **NWS**ADJUSTMENTS TO BASE (ATBS)

### **Calculated ATBs**

### Why \$18.1M increase

- Critical support for 122 nation-wide WFOs which provide, 24/7 weather information and warnings essential to the Nation's well being
- NWS operations budget is 65% labor
- Fund adjustments to current programs for NWS

#### What

Funds the FY 2011 requested annual pay adjustment of 1.5%. (\$14.6M)



# **NWS Budget Change Table**



Budget Line — Program Change	Program Change (\$ in millions)
Aviation Weather: Next Generation Air Transportation System	\$15.1
Weather Forecast Office Construction	\$3.2
NEXRAD – Product Improvement	\$3.2
Local Warnings & Forecasts Base - National Critical Space Weather System	\$2.0
Complete & Sustain NOAA Weather Radio	\$1.6
NOAA Profiler Conversion	\$2.2
NEXRAD - Operations and Maintenance	\$0.1
ASOS - Operations and Maintenance	\$0.2
AWIPS - Acquisition	\$0.4
Total NWS FY11 Program Changes	\$28.0

#### **NEXT GENERATION AIR TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM**

(\$ in millions)	FY 2010 Enacted	Terminations	Total ATBs	Program Change	FY 2011 President's Request
PPA: Aviation Weather	\$11.4	-	\$0.2	\$15.1	\$26.7
Next Generation Air Transportation System	\$11.4	-	\$0.2	\$15.1	\$26.7

#### Why

- Critical/Integral Aviation Weather component of the Administration's Priority to re-engineer the National Airspace System (NAS) to address increasing demand.
- Air traffic Delays cost the U.S. Economy over \$41B in 2007.
  - 70% of these delays are related to adverse weather accounting for \$29B.
  - With more timely, accurate & consistent weather information, 2/3 of these delays could be eliminated resulting in savings of \$19B per year.

#### **What**

- Improvements to aviation weather observations, analyses, and forecasts.
- Improvement of access to information.
- Integration of weather information into FAA and user decision support systems.
- Development of forecast verification capabilities.

NWS FY11 Budget Summary



### **NEXRAD PRODUCT IMPROVEMENT**



(\$ in millions)	FY 2010 Enacted	Terminations	Total ATBs	Program Change	FY 2011 President's Request
PPA: NEXRAD — Product Improvement	\$8.0	-	-	\$3.2	\$11.1

### Why

- Dual Polarization technology will provide significant improvements in detection of severe weather events leading to increased severe weather warning lead times.
  - Improve tornado detection.
  - Increase precipitation estimation accuracy from ±35% to ±20%, improve flash flood warning.
  - Improve probability of hail detection improves from 88% to 94%, decrease false alarm rate from 39% to 8%.
  - Improve winter weather warning including snow estimation and detection of rain-snow line.
- Estimated \$690M in annual benefit from better flash flood forecast and water management.

#### What

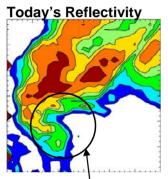
Deploy Dual Polarization technology to all 122 operational NWS-NEXRADs.

NWS FY11 Budget Summary

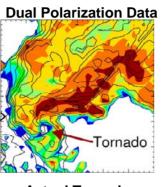
### **NEXRAD PRODUCT IMPROVEMENT**



#### **Specific Location of Tornadoes**

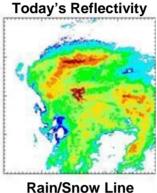


Possible Tornado Anywhere in Circle

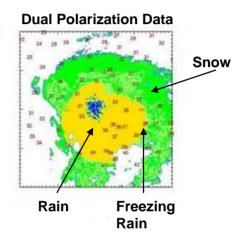


Actual Tornado Debris Cloud

#### **Better Rain/Snow Discrimination**



Rain/Snow Line Not Clear







**Dual Polarization Components** 



### THE NATIONAL CRITICAL SPACE WEATHER SYSTEM



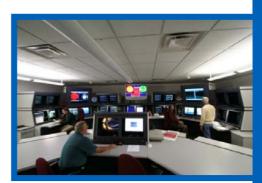
(\$ in millions)	FY 2010 Enacted	Terminations	Total ATBs	Program Change	FY 2011 President's Request
PPA: Local Warnings and Forecasts Base	\$617.8	-	<b>\$</b> 16.5	\$2.0	\$636.4
National Critical Space Weather	\$11.0	-	-	\$2.0	\$13.0

#### Why

- System provides timely and accurate critical space weather forecasts and warnings needed to protect our satellite constellations, power grids, and transportation and communication systems.
- Need for elimination of Information Technology security risks and modernization of obsolete equipment.
- Maintains viability of National Critical Space Weather System (SWS) in advance of the next Solar Maximum.
- System is operating under an interim Authority to Operate, loss of which would result in the shutdown of NOAA's space weather predictions and forecast program.

#### What

- Additional funding and redirection of base funds will be used to:
  - acquire hardware and software for the Space Weather Forecast
  - Center backup, modernize hardware and software to support
  - satellite data ingest, and update unsupportable legacy software.



NOAA's Space Weather Prediction Center

# Summary



- Funds the development of the Weather Information Data Base critical to the Administration's priority to NextGen and aviation weather.
- Funds National Critical Space Weather System Certification & Accreditation requirements—maintaining the criticality of the SWPC for the upcoming Solar Max.
- Restores WFO Construction program funding.
- Fully deploys NEXRAD Dual Polarization upgrade.
- Supports continuity of the Nation's "All Hazards Emergency Alert System"
- Continues the planned technology refresh and operating frequency conversion of the NOAA Profiler Network.



June 2009 funnel east of Williams, Iowa - Photo Credit: Mike Hollingshead

# Where We're Going



#### **Industry**

- Improved characterization of current and future weather at finer scales
  - Better observations
  - Better models
  - Better data access
- Will lead to huge productivity gains

#### **Emergency Managers**

- Improved decision support services
- Forecast office of the future
- Better collaboration tools
- Virtual on-demand connectivity

#### **Public**

- Better communication to elicit better response from the public
  - Social sciences
  - Social media
- Leads to better informed and capable public

