

Table 535. Customs and Border Protection (CBP)—Processed and Cleared Passengers, Planes, Vehicles, and Containers: 2000 to 2007

[In thousands (80,519 represents 80,519,000). For year ending September 30]

Characteristic	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Air								
Passengers	80,519	79,676	71,608	72,959	80,866	86,123	87,906	91,574
Commercial planes ¹	829	839	769	790	824	866	881	916
Private planes	146	126	129	132	140	135	139	139
Land								
Passengers ²	397,312	381,477	333,652	329,998	326,693	317,765	289,048	299,004
Autos ³	127,095	129,603	118,307	120,376	121,419	121,654	119,372	112,428
Rail containers	2,157	2,257	2,430	2,472	2,588	2,655	2,735	2,737
Truck containers ⁴	10,397	11,001	11,129	11,163	11,252	11,308	11,489	11,459
Sea								
Passengers ⁵	10,990	11,291	12,224	15,127	22,234	26,228	26,223	27,059
Vessels ⁶	211	215	212	204	142	113	168	170
Vessel containers ⁷	5,813	5,944	7,248	9,092	9,796	11,341	11,622	11,703

¹ A commercial aircraft is any aircraft transporting passengers and/or cargo for some payment or other consideration, including money or services rendered. ² See Table 1270 for more details. ³ Includes pedestrians. ⁴ Truck containers—number of trucks entering the U.S. ⁵ Does not include passengers on ferries. ⁶ Includes every description of water craft or other contrivance used or capable of being used as a means of transportation on water, does not include aircraft. ⁷ Number of vessel containers.

Source: U.S. Department of Homeland Security, Customs and Border Protection, *About CBP, Statistics and Accomplishments, National Workload Statistics, 2000–2007*. See Internet site <http://www.cbp.gov/xp/cgov/about/accomplish/previous_year/national_workload_stats.xml>.

Table 536. Prohibited Items Intercepted at U.S. Airport Screening Checkpoints: 2004 to 2008

[Passengers boarding aircraft in thousands (702,921 represents 702,921,000). For the calendar year. Transportation Security Administration (TSA) assumed responsibility for airport security on February 17, 2002, and by November 19, 2002, TSA assumed control over all passenger screenings from private contractors]

Year	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Passengers boarding aircraft, total ¹	702,921	738,327	744,242	769,370	741,450
Domestic	640,698	670,418	671,796	693,374	664,714
International	62,222	67,908	72,445	75,996	76,735
Total prohibited items (number)	7,104,095	15,886,404	13,709,684	6,516,026	(NA)
Knife ²	2,055,404	1,822,892	1,607,125	1,056,691	(⁹)
Other cutting items ³	3,409,888	3,276,941	163,419	101,387	(⁹)
Club ⁴	28,998	20,531	12,296	9,443	(⁹)
Box cutter	22,430	21,319	15,999	11,908	(⁹)
Firearm ⁵	254	850	820	1,416	902
Incendiary ⁶	697,606	374,487	94,097	73,670	116,200
Lighters ⁷	178	9,420,991	11,616,688	5,124,344	(⁹)
Other ⁸	889,337	949,243	200,060	137,167	(⁹)

NA Not available. ¹ Data come from the Air Transport Association. Data are for U.S. passenger and cargo airlines only. ² Knife includes any length and type except round-bladed, butter, and plastic cutlery. ³ Other cutting instruments refer to, e.g., scissors, screwdrivers, swords, sabers, and ice picks. ⁴ Club refers to baseball bats, night sticks, billy clubs, bludgeons, etc. ⁵ Firearm refers to items like pistols, revolvers, rifles, automatic weapons, shotguns, parts of guns and firearms. ⁶ Incendiaries refer to categories of ammunition and gunpowder, flammables/irritants, and explosives. ⁷ As of April 14, 2005, passengers are prohibited from carrying all lighters on their person or in carry-on luggage or onboard an airplane. ⁸ Other refers to categories of ammunition and gunpowder, dangerous objects, fireworks, replica weapons, and tools. ⁹ The data for this prohibited item category are no longer collected as of August 8, 2008.

Source: U.S. Department of Homeland Security, Transportation Security Administration, unpublished data, June 2009, <<http://www.tsa.gov>>; Air Transport Association of America, Washington, DC; Annual Traffic and Operations: U.S. Airlines, <<http://www.airlines.org/pages/home.aspx>>.

Table 537. Seizure Statistics for Intellectual Property Rights (IPR) by Commodity and Trading Partner: 2009 and 2010

[In thousands of dollars (260,698 represents \$260,698,000, except as indicated). Customs and Border Protection (CBP) is dedicated to protecting against the importation of goods which infringe/violate Intellectual Property Rights (IPR) by diverting substantial resources toward identifying and seizing shipments of infringing articles]

Commodity	2009	2010	Trading partner	2009	2010
Number of IPR Seizures	14,841	19,959	China	204,656	124,681
Total domestic value of IPR seizures ¹	260,698	188,125	Hong Kong	26,887	26,173
Footwear	99,779	45,750	India	3,047	1,571
Consumer electronics ²	31,774	33,588	Taiwan	2,454	1,138
Handbags/wallets/backpacks	21,502	15,422	Korea, South	1,510	1,049
Wearing apparel	21,462	18,682	Jordan	(NA)	7,713
Watches /parts	15,534	7,848	Malaysia	(NA)	1,286
Computers/Technology Components	12,546	9,502	United Arab Emirates	(NA)	493
Media ³	11,100	12,681	Canada	(NA)	609
Pharmaceuticals	11,058	5,662	Vietnam	604	742
All other commodities	19,941	23,377	All other countries	16,575	22,668

NA Not available. ¹ Domestic value is the cost of the seized goods, plus the costs of shipping and importing the goods into the U.S. and an amount for profit. ² Consumer electronics includes cell phones and accessories, radios, power strips, electrical tools and appliances. ³ Includes motion pictures on tape, laser disc, and DVD; interactive and computer software on CD-ROM and floppy discs; and music on CD or tape.

Source: U.S. Department of Homeland Security, Customs and Border Protection, "Import, Commercial Enforcement, Intellectual Property Rights, Seizure Statistics," <http://www.cbp.gov/xp/cgov/trade/priority_trade/ipr/pub/seizure/>.