## Table 161. Revenue for Selected Health Care Industries by Source of Revenue: 2008 and 2009

[In millions of dollars (352,700 represents \$352,700,000,000). For taxable and tax-exempt employer firms. Estimates have been adjusted to the results of the 2007 Economic Census. Based on Service Annual Survey and administrative data; see Appendix III]

Source of revenue	Offices of physicians (NAICS 6211) 1		Offices of o		Hospit (NAICS		Nursing and residential care facilities (NAICS 623) 1	
	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009
Total	352,700	359,853	98,707	99,087	736,888	781,471	177,565	183,968
Medicare	70,576	73,155	815	936	186,622	195,737	29,891	31,379
Medicaid	18,416	18,128	3,974	4,376	72,212	77,067	64,251	66,301
Other government 2	5,236	5,743	601	716	39,990	41,689	12,739	13,402
Worker's compensation	7,156	7,577	101	112	7,254	7,341	(S)	(S)
Private insurance	180,050	184,823	44,355	45,047	310,831	333,174	8,357	9,113
Patient (out-of-pocket) 3	36,444	35,954	44,369	42,359	33,895	36,948	43,329	44,274
Other patient care sources,								
n.e.c' <sup>4</sup>	19,615	19,499	3,579	4,534	25,101	26,747	7,039	7,519
Nonpatient care revenue	15,207	14,974	913	1,007	60,983	62,768	11,570	11,574

S Figure does not meet publication standards. ¹ North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), 2002; see text Section 15. ² Veterans, National Institute of Health, Indian Affairs, etc. ³ Represents payment from patients and their families plus patients' assigned social security benefits. ⁴ n.e.c. represents not elsewhere classified.

## Table 162. Employment in the Health Service Industries: 1990 to 2010

[In thousands (9,296 represents 9,296,000). See headnote, Table 632. Based on the 2007 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS); see text, Section 15. For more information on the NAICS changes, please see <a href="http://stats.bls.gov/ces/cesnaics07.htms">http://stats.bls.gov/ces/cesnaics07.htms</a>]

Industry	2007 NAICS code	1990	2000	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Health care and social assistance 1	62	9,296	12,718	14,536	14,925	15,380	15,798	16,103	16,415
Ambulatory health care services ¹ Offices of physicians Offices of dentists Offices of other health practitioners. Medical and diagnostic laboratories Home health care services	6211 6212 6213 6215	2,842 1,278 513 276 129 288	4,320 1,840 688 438 162 633	5,114 2,094 774 549 198 821	5,286 2,148 786 573 204 866	5,474 2,202 808 600 211 914	5,647 2,253 818 627 217 961	5,793 2,279 818 647 219 1,027	5,976 2,316 829 673 226 1,081
Hospitals <sup>1</sup> . General medical and surgical hospitals Psychiatric and substance abuse hospitals		3,513 3,305 113 95	3,954 3,745 86 123	4,345 4,096 93 156	4,423 4,163 98 163	4,515 4,242 99 174	4,627 4,337 102 188	4,667 4,367 104 196	4,685 4,375 106 205
Nursing and residential care facilities 1 Nursing care facilities		1,856 1,170	2,583 1,514	2,855 1,577	2,893 1,581	2,958 1,603	3,016 1,619	3,082 1,645	3,129 1,661

<sup>1</sup> Includes other industries, not shown separately

## Table 163. Osteopathic Physicians: 2001 to 2010

[As of May 31. Osteopathic physicians are fully qualified physicians licensed to practice medicine and to perform surgery. Osteopathic medicine has a strong emphasis on the interrelationship of the body's nerves, muscles, bones and organs. Doctors of osteopathic medicine, or D.O.s, apply the philosophy of treating the whole person to the prevention, diagnosis and treatment of illness, disease, and injury]

Characteristics	2001	2005	2010	Characteristics	2001	2005	2010
Total number of DOs	46.990	56.512	70.480	Unknown	28	318	412
Female	10,875	15,147	22,537	Self-identified practice specialty 1	31,996	38,442	50,355
Male	36,115	41,365	47,942	Family and general practice	14,102	17,800	19,720
				General internal Medicine	2,592	3,107	5,641
Age:				General pediatrics/adolescent medicine	958	1,176	2,211
Less than 35 years old	9,866	12,983	16,277			1,465	2,165
35 to 44 years old	14,798	16,179	20,118	Pediatric specialties	320	348	380
45 to 54 years old	12,754	13,845	15,950	Osteopathic specialties 2	414	464	902
55 to 64 years old	4,706	7,998	11,195	Other specialties	12,001	13,431	18,984
65 years old and over	4,838	5,189	6,528	Unknown	390	651	352

¹ DOs are assumed to be in active practice if they are under age 65 and have not informed the AOA that they have retired or are inactive. DOs are assumed to be in postdoctoral training (internship, residency or fellowship) if they graduated within the last 3 years or if the AOA has received information that they are in a postdoctoral program. ² Osteopathic self-identified practice specialties include FOM (Family Practice/OMT), FPO (Family Practice/OMM), NMO (Neuromusculoskeletal Med/OMM), NMS (Neuromusculoskeletal Med/OMM), OM1 (Osteopathic Manipulative Med +1), OMM (Spec Prof in Osteo Manip Med), OMS (Sports Medicine-OMM), and OMT (Osteo Manipulative Medicine). OMT is the therapeutic application of manually guided forces by an osteopathic physician to improve physiologic function and/or support homeostasis that has been altered by somatic dysfunction. OMM is the application of osteopathic philosophy, structural diagnosis, and use of OMT in the patient's diagnosis and management.

Source: Ŭ.S. Census Bureau, "Service Annual Survey 2009: Health Care and Social Assistance Sector Services," January 2011, <a href="http://www.census.gov/services/index.html">http://www.census.gov/services/index.html</a>.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Employment Statistics, "Employment, Hours, and Earnings—National," <a href="http://www.bls.gov/ces/data.htm">http://www.bls.gov/ces/data.htm</a>, accessed May 2011.

Source: American Osteopathic Association, Chicago, IL, AOA Annual Statistics, annual. See also <a href="http://www.osteopathic.org">http://www.osteopathic.org</a>>.