

Table. 650. Workers With Earnings by Occupation of Longest Held Job and Sex: 2009

[As of March, 72,972 represents 72,972,000. For definition of median, see Guide to Tabular Presentation. Beginning with 2009 income data, the Census Bureau expanded the income intervals used to calculate medians to \$250,000 or more. Medians falling in the upper open-ended interval are plugged with "\$250,000." Before 2009, the upper open-ended interval was \$100,000 and a plug of "\$100,000" was used. Based on Annual Social and Economic Supplement (ASEC) of Current Population Survey; includes Civilian noninstitutional population, 15 years old and over, and military personnel who live in households with at least one other civilian adult. See text, Section 1, and Appendix III]

Major occupation group of longest job held in 2009	All workers				Full-time, year-round			
	Female		Male		Female		Male	
	Number (1,000)	Median earnings (dol.)	Number (1,000)	Median earnings (dol.)	Number (1,000)	Median earnings (dol.)	Number (1,000)	Median earnings (dol.)
Total	72,972	26,030	81,934	36,331	43,217	36,278	56,053	47,127
Management, business, and financial occupations	9,380	45,591	12,737	61,495	7,347	51,014	10,633	70,183
Professional and related occupations	19,051	39,890	13,890	57,496	12,037	48,856	10,574	66,369
Service occupations	16,128	14,298	11,915	20,564	7,179	23,302	6,660	30,953
Sales and office occupations	23,642	24,119	13,619	32,168	14,002	31,770	9,271	42,284
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	800	17,535	14,926	31,032	398	30,731	8,988	40,712
Production, transportation, and material-moving occupations	3,872	20,028	14,060	30,021	2,192	25,322	9,225	36,678
Armed Forces	98	33,277	789	42,355	62	(B)	703	47,589

B Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, *Income, Poverty and Health Insurance in the United States: 2009*, Current Population Reports, P60-238, and Detailed Tables—Table PINC-06, September 2009. See also <<http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/cpstables/032010/perinc/toc.htm>>.

Table. 651. Employment Cost Index (ECI) by Total Compensation and Occupation and Industry: 2007 to 2010

[As of December, (2005 = 100). The ECI is a measure of the rate of change in compensation (wages, salaries, and employer costs for employee benefits). Data are not seasonally adjusted. Based on North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) for classifying by industry. Based on the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) for classifying by occupation]

Occupational group and industry	Indexes (December 2005 = 100)				Percent change for 12 months ending December			
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2007	2008	2009	2010
Civilian workers ¹	106.7	109.5	111.0	113.2	3.3	2.6	1.4	2.0
State and local government	108.4	111.6	114.2	116.2	4.1	3.0	2.3	1.8
Workers, by occupational group:								
Management, professional and related occupations	108.3	111.6	113.8	115.5	4.1	3.0	2.0	1.5
Sales and office occupations	108.6	111.3	114.4	116.6	4.3	2.5	2.8	1.9
Service occupations	109.1	112.4	115.3	118.0	4.4	3.0	2.6	2.3
Workers, by industry division:								
Service-providing industries: ²								
Education and health services	108.2	111.5	113.9	115.6	3.7	3.0	2.2	1.5
Schools	108.0	111.2	113.7	115.3	3.7	3.0	2.2	1.4
Health care and social assistance	109.3	113.2	115.4	117.9	3.4	3.6	1.9	2.2
Hospitals	108.2	111.3	114.3	117.0	3.7	2.9	2.7	2.4
Public administration ³	109.1	112.0	114.6	116.8	5.1	2.7	2.3	1.9
Private industry workers ⁴	106.3	108.9	110.2	112.5	3.0	2.4	1.2	2.1
Workers, by occupational group:								
Management, professional, and related occupations	106.8	109.9	110.7	113.0	3.2	2.9	0.7	2.1
Sales and office occupations	106.1	107.9	109.2	111.6	3.1	1.7	1.2	2.2
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	106.7	109.6	111.2	113.3	3.0	2.7	1.5	1.9
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	104.5	106.9	108.9	111.5	2.2	2.3	1.9	2.4
Service occupations	107.0	109.8	111.8	113.5	3.8	2.6	1.8	1.5
Workers, by industry division:								
Goods-producing industries ⁵	105.0	107.5	108.6	111.1	2.4	2.4	1.0	2.3
Construction	107.6	110.9	111.7	112.7	3.9	3.1	0.7	0.9
Manufacturing	103.8	105.9	107.0	110.0	2.0	2.0	1.0	2.8
Service-providing industries ²	106.7	109.4	110.8	113.0	3.2	2.5	1.3	2.0
Trade, transportation, and utilities	105.5	107.5	108.8	111.4	2.4	1.9	1.2	2.4
Information	106.1	107.4	108.3	110.0	2.8	1.2	0.8	1.6
Financial activities	105.6	107.1	108.6	111.4	3.0	1.4	1.4	2.6
Professional and business services	107.5	111.6	112.4	114.6	3.9	3.8	0.7	2.0
Education and health services	107.7	110.6	112.8	114.7	3.5	2.7	2.0	1.7
Leisure and hospitality	108.1	111.4	112.7	114.1	4.2	3.1	1.2	1.2
Bargaining status:								
Union	105.1	108.0	111.1	114.8	2.0	2.8	2.9	3.3
Nonunion	106.5	109.1	110.1	112.1	3.2	2.4	0.9	1.8

¹ Includes private industry and state and local government workers and excludes farm, household, and federal government workers. ² Includes all other service industries not shown separately. For a description of NAICS industries, see text, this section.

³ Consists of executive, legislative, judicial, administrative, and regulatory activities. ⁴ Excludes farm and household workers.

⁵ Includes the following NAICS industries: construction and manufacturing.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Employment Cost Index Historical Listing Current-dollar," <<http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ect/home.htm>>.