# Annual Statistical Supplement, 2001

## to the Social Security Bulletin

**Social Security Administration** Office of Policy Office of Research, Evaluation, and Statistics

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## Abbreviations

AB	Aid to the Blind
ACF	Administration for Children and Families
AET	Annual earnings test
AFDC	Aid to Families with Dependent Children
AFDC-UP	Aid to Families with Dependent Children-Unemployed Parents
AIDS	Acquired immunity deficiency syndrome
AIME	Average indexed monthly earnings
AMW	Average monthly wage
APTD	Aid to the Permanently and Totally Disabled
BBA	Balanced Budget Act of 1997
BC/BS	Blue Cross/Blue Shield
CDR	Continuing disability review
CHAMPVA	Civilian Health and Medical Program of the Department of Veterans Affairs
CLIA	Clinical Laboratory Improvement Act
СМР	Competitive medical plans
CMS	Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services
COBRA	Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act
COLA	Cost-of-living adjustment
CPI-U	Consumer price index for all urban consumers
CPI-W	Consumer price index for urban wage earners and clerical workers
CPS	Current Population Survey
DA&A	Drug addiction and alcoholism
DI	Disability Insurance
DME	Durable medical equipment
DOE	Department of Energy
DOL	Department of Labor
DRG	Diagnosis-related group
EA	Emergency Assistance
EBT	Electronic benefit transfer
EPSDT	Early and periodic screening, diagnostic, and treatment
ESRD	End stage renal disease
FERS	Federal Employees Retirement System
FFS	Fee for service
FICA	Federal Insurance Contributions Act
FMAP	Federal medical assistance percentage
FPL	Federal poverty level
FQHC	Federally qualified health center
FRA	Full retirement age

FUTA	Federal Unemployment Tax Act
FY	Fiscal year
GDP	Gross domestic product
HCBS	Home and community based services
HCFA	Health Care Financing Administration
ННА	Home health agency
HHS	Department of Health and Human Services
HI	Hospital Insurance
HIV	Human immunodeficiency virus
НМО	Health maintenance organization
ICF	Intermediate care facility
ICFs/MR	Intermediate care facilities for the mentally retarded
JOBS	Job Opportunities and Basic Skills Training
LIHEAP	Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program
LTC	Long-term care
MBC	Monthly benefit credited
MBR	Master Beneficiary Record
MCCA	Medicare Catastrophic Coverage Act
MCCRA	Medicare Catastrophic Coverage Repeal Act
MN	Medically needy
MOE	Maintenance of effort
MSA	Medical savings account
NEW	Native Employment Works
NRC	National Research Council
ΟΑΑ	Old-Age Assistance
OASDI	Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance
OASI	Old-Age and Survivors Insurance
OBRA	Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act
OEO	Office of Economic Opportunity
OMB	Office of Management and Budget
PACE	Programs of all-inclusive care for the elderly
PESS	Property essential to self-support
PIA	Primary insurance amount
PIB	Primary insurance benefit
PPO	Preferred provider organization
PPS	Prospective payment system
PRO	Peer review organization
PSO	Provider-sponsored organization
QC	Quarter of coverage

	Qualified dischlad working individuals	
QDWIS	<b>QDWIS</b> Qualified disabled working individuals	
QI	Qualified individual	
QMB	Qualified Medicare beneficiary	
REACH	Residential Emergency Assistance Challenge	
RVS	Relative value scale	
SCHIP	State Children's Health Insurance Program	
SECA	Self-Employment Contributions Act	
SGA	Substantial gainful activity	
SIPP	Survey of Income and Program Participation	
SLMB	Specified low-income Medicare beneficiary	
SMI	Supplementary Medical Insurance	
SNF	Skilled nursing facility	
SSA	Social Security Administration	
SSI	Supplemental Security Income	
TANF	Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	
TEFRA	Tax Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act	
TFP	Thrifty Food Plan	
TWP	Trial work period	
USDA	Department of Agriculture	
VA	Department of Veterans Affairs	
VEAP	Veterans' Educational Assistance Program	
WEP	Windfall Elimination Provision	
WIN	Work Incentive Program	

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## Highlights and Trends Social Security (OASDI)

•	
Cost-of-living adjustment for December 2000	3.5 percent
Average monthly benefit, December 2000 Retired workers Widows and widowers, nondisabled Disabled workers	\$845 810 786
Employment and Earnings	
Workers in OASDI covered employment, 2000 Average earnings, 2000	152.9 million \$31,213
Earnings required in 2001 for— 1 quarter of coverage Maximum of 4 quarters of coverage	\$830 3,320
Earnings test exempt amounts for 2001 Under age 65 for entire year For months before attainment of age 65 in 2001 Beginning with month of attainment of age 65 in 2001	\$10,680 25,000 Earnings test eliminated
Program Data	
Number of beneficiaries, December 2000 Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance Old-Age Insurance Retired workers Survivors Insurance Widows and widowers, nondisabled Disability Insurance Disabled workers	45.4 million 31.8 million 28.5 million 7.0 million 4.7 million 6.7 million 5.0 million
Benefit payments, 2000 Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Disability Insurance	\$407.6 billion 352.7 billion 55.0 billion
Administrative expenses, 2000 Old-Age and Survivors Insurance As a percent of total benefits paid Disability Insurance As a percent of total benefits paid	\$2.1 billion 0.6 percent \$1.6 billion 3.0 percent

## Social Security (OASDI)

### **Program Trends**

- In December 2000, 45,414,800 persons received Social Security benefits, an increase of 819,200 (1.8 percent) since December 1999, compared with an increase of 0.8 percent in the preceding year. This significant increase is related to the elimination of the earnings test in 2000 for persons who have reached the full retirement age.
- The number of retired workers increased by more than 700,000 in 2000 (2.6 percent), compared with an increase of 1.0 percent in 1999. The 28,499,000 retired workers represented 63 percent of all beneficiaries in December 2000. Another 10 percent were nondisabled widows and widowers (4,700,000).
- Seventy-one percent of the 28.5 million retiredworker beneficiaries received reduced benefits because of retirement prior to age 65. Relatively more women (75 percent) than men (68 percent) received reduced benefits.
- The number of persons aged 65 or older receiving Social Security benefits rose from 31.4 million in 1995 to 32.7 million in 2000 (4.0 percent). Beneficiaries aged 85 or older increased at a greater rate during the 5-year period (12.8 percent) from 3,576,000 in 1995 to 4,034,000 in 2000. In 2000, 39,500 centenarians were receiving Social Security.
- More than 19 million women aged 65 or older were receiving benefits in December 2000. Seven million (36.4 percent) were entitled solely to a retired-worker benefit, and another 5.5 million (28.9 percent) were dually entitled to a retired-worker benefit and a wife's or widow's benefit. About 6.6 million (34.7 percent) were receiving wife's or widow's benefits only.
- Almost 3 million children under age 18 were receiving benefits, including 1,346,100 children of deceased workers, 1,374,400 children of disabled workers, and 255,900 children of retired workers.
- In December 2000, 5,972,400 beneficiaries were receiving payments on the basis of disability—

   5,042,300 disabled workers, 728,700 disabled adult children, and 201,400 disabled widows and widowers. In addition, 165,100 spouses and 1,409,200 minor and student children of disabled workers were receiving benefits.

- The leading causes of disability for disabled workers were mental disorders other than mental retardation (27 percent), and musculoskeletal conditions (23 percent). About 11 percent had circulatory conditions and an additional 10 percent had diseases of the nervous system and sense organs.
- Average monthly benefits for December 2000, including the 3.5 percent COLA increase, were \$845 for retired workers, \$786 for disabled workers, and \$810 for nondisabled widows and widowers. Among retired workers, benefits averaged \$951 for men and \$730 for women. For disabled workers, average benefits were \$883 for men and \$661 for women.
- Average monthly family benefits for December 2000 were \$1,502 for a widowed mother or father and children; \$1,323 for a disabled worker, wife, and children; and \$1,640 for a retired worker, wife, and children.
- Total OASDI benefit payments for calendar year 2000 were \$407.6 billion. Payments from the OASI trust fund were \$352.7 billion—an increase of 5.5 percent from the \$334.4 billion paid in 1999.
- Benefit payments from the DI trust fund, from which benefits are paid to disabled workers, their spouses, and children, increased by 7.0 percent from \$51.4 billion in 1999 to \$55.0 billion in 2000.
- OASDI benefit awards in calendar year 2000 totaled 4,290,100, including 1,960,600 to retired workers, 456,900 to their spouses and children and 843,300 to survivors of insured workers. Benefits were awarded to 621,600 disabled workers and 407,600 of their spouses and children. Awards to disabled workers were 620,500 in 1999 and 608,100 in 1998.

## **Supplemental Security Income**

Federal benefit rate change, effective January 2001

Cost-of-living adjustment Monthly amount for—	3.5 percent
Individual living in his or her own household Couple with both members eligible	\$531 796
Program Data	
Total: Benefits paid in 2000 Number of recipients, December 2000 Average benefit, December 2000	\$31.6 billion 6.7 million \$385.52
Federally administered payments: Benefits paid in 2000 Number of recipients, December 2000 Average benefit, December 2000	\$30.7 billion 6.6 million \$378.82
Federal SSI payments: Benefits paid in 2000 Number of recipients, December 2000 Average benefit, December 2000	\$27.3 billion 6.3 million \$351.48
Federally administered state supplementation: Benefits paid in 2000 Number of recipients, December 2000 Average benefit, December 2000	\$3.4 billion <sup>1</sup> 2.5 million \$112.16
State-administered supplementation: Benefits paid in 2000 Number of recipients, December 2000 Average benefit, December 2000	\$0.9 billion <sup>2</sup> .7 million \$110.95

<sup>1</sup> Includes 2.2 million persons receiving federal SSI and state supplementation and 0.3 million persons receiving state supplementation only.

<sup>2</sup> Includes 83,500 persons receiving state supplementation only.

## **Supplemental Security Income**

### **Program Trends**

- In December 2000, 6,601,700 persons received federally administered SSI payments—45,100 more than the previous year. Of the total, 2,010,900 (30 percent) were aged 65 or older; 3,744,000 (57 percent) were blind or disabled aged 18-64; and 846,800 (13 percent) were blind or disabled under age 18.
- The number of blind or disabled aged 18-64 rose by 53,000 (1.4 percent) between December 1999 and December 2000, while the number under age 18 remained virtually unchanged. In comparison, between December 1998 and December 1999, blind or disabled aged 18-64 increased by 1.2 percent, while blind or disabled under age 18 dropped by 4.5 percent.
- During 2000, 747,200 persons were awarded federally administered payments, a decrease of 1.4 percent from the previous year. Of the 2000 awards, 483,200 went to blind or disabled recipients aged 18-64, 144,600 to those blind or disabled under age 18, and 119,400 to recipients aged 65 or older.
- Total SSI payments were \$31.6 billion in 2000, up 2.0 percent from 1999. The 1999 increase over 1998 was 2.5 percent. Federal SSI payments in 2000 were \$27.3 billion (an increase of 1.8 percent over the previous year). Federally administered state supplementation totaled \$3.4 billion and state-administered supplementation \$892.7 million, increasing by 2.4 percent and 4.6 percent, respectively from the previous year's totals.
- In 2000, the leading causes of disability among the blind or disabled between the ages of 18 and 64, and those under age 18 were mental disorders and mental retardation. Among disabled recipients between the ages of 18 and 64, 25.7 percent had mental retardation as the primary diagnosis, and 34.4 percent were diagnosed with another mental disorder. These conditions were also the most frequent diagnoses for blind or disabled under age 18.

## **Health Care**

## Medicare

Hospital Insurance (Part A): Total benefits paid in calendar year 2000	\$128.5 billion
Supplementary Medical Insurance (Part B): Total benefits paid in calendar year 2000	\$88.9 billion
Number of enrollees in July 2000, (one or both of Parts A and B) Aged Disabled	39.6 million 34.3 million 5.3 million
Administrative costs, 2000: Hospital Insurance As a percent of total benefits paid Supplementary Medical Insurance As a percent of total benefits paid	\$2.6 billion 2.1 percent \$1.8 billion 2.0 percent
Medicaid	
Medical service expenditures in fiscal year 1998	\$142.3 billion
Number of unduplicated recipients, fiscal year 1998	40.7 million
Average 1998 vendor payment per unduplicated recipient: Persons aged 65 or older Permanently and totally disabled persons Dependent children under age 21	\$10,242 9,095 1,203
Average 1998 vendor payment for medical services: Nursing facility services Inpatient general hospital care Prescribed drugs Physician's services	\$19,379 5,031 699 327

## **Unemployment Insurance**

Unemploy	ment insurance
2000 Total payments	\$20.3 billion
Average—	\$20.0 Smort
Weekly benefit amount (regular programs)	\$221
Duration of benefits	13.7 weeks
Weekly insured unemployment	2.1 million
Covered employment	127.9 million
Workers'	Compensation
1999	
Benefit payments: Total	\$43.4 billion
Compensation payments	25.3 billion
Medical and hospitalization	18.0 billion
Benefits paid by—	
Private insurance carriers State and federal funds	23.8 billion 10.2 billion
Employers' self-insurance	9.3 billion
Covered workers per month	123.9 million
Costs as a percent of covered payroll	1.29 percent
Temporary Di	sability Insurance
Programs in effect in—	
California, Hawaii, New Jersey, New York, Rhoo	le Island, Puerto Rico, and the railroad industry.
	Average weekly benefit, 1998 State fund Private plans
California*	\$230 \$352
New York	\$147 \$185
*Accounts for half of the workers participating in TDI.	
Bla	ck Lung
Basic benefit, miner or widow	\$500.50
Maximum family benefit	1,001.00
Part B (claims filed before July 1, 1973)	
Number of monthly benefits to miners, widows, an December 2000	d dependents, 89,400
Average monthly benefit, December 2000	\$518.60
Total benefits paid, calendar year 2000	\$509.3 million
Part C (claims filed before July 1, 1973 or later)	
Number of monthly benefits to miners and survivo	rs, September 2000 51,700
Total benefits paid, fiscal year 2000	
Disability and survivors benefits Medical benefits	\$350.3 million 75.6 million

## **Veterans' Benefits**

Disability compensation or pension, 2000			
Number of veterans with— Service-connected disability Non-service-connected disability	2,308,000 364,000		
Monthly payment in 2001 for— Service-connected disability 10 percent disability Total disability Non-service-connected disability (maximum payment) Without dependent With one dependent and in need of aid and attendance	\$101 2,107 775 1,533		
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families			
Total payments, 1999	\$22.8 billion		
Average monthly number of— Recipients Families Average monthly payment Per recipient Per family	6.8 million 2.6 million \$277 742		
Food Stamps			
Monthly benefits, beginning Oct. 1, 2000: Four-person household with no income Standard deduction	\$434 134		
Fiscal year 2000 Average number of participants Total benefits	17.2 million \$15.0 billion		

## Low-Income Home Energy Assistance

In fiscal year 1999 the Department of Health and Human Services issued—

- \$1.06 billion in block grants to the 50 states and the District of Columbia;
- \$9.6 million in direct block grants to 130 Indian tribes and tribal organizations;
- \$1.5 million in block grants to the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands, America Samoa, Guam, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands; and
- \$20.6 million in leveraging incentive awards to 33 states, 23 tribes;
- \$5.6 million for Residential Emergency Assistance Challenge (REACH) program awards to 5 states;
   \$681,000 to 6 Indian tribes and tribal organizations; \$124,000 to 1 insular area; and \$512,000 for states' second and third year REACH administrative costs;
- \$174.6 million in emergency contingency funds to 26 states and \$699,000 to 18 Indian tribes and tribal organizations.

#### Poverty

2000 weighted average poverty thresholds:	<b>\$0.050</b>
Individual, aged 65 or older	\$8,259
Couple, householder aged 65 or older	10,414
Family of four	17,601
Percent of population with income below poverty level, 1999:	
All ages	11.8 percent
Children under age 18 living in families	16.3 percent
Persons aged 65 or older	9.7 percent

## Social Security (Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance)

The Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance (OASDI) program provides monthly benefits to qualified retired and disabled workers and their dependents, and to survivors of insured workers. Eligibility and benefit amounts are determined by the worker's contributions to Social Security. Benefits are paid as an earned right to workers, their families and their survivors. There is no means test to qualify for benefits.

During 2000, more than 45 million people received cash benefits at a rate exceeding \$34 billion each month (\$408 billion annually). According to the latest Social Security Trustees Report, these cash benefits comprised just over 4 percent of the nation's gross domestic product. During the same year, approximately 153 million employees and self-employed workers, along with employers, contributed more than \$492 billion to the OASDI trust funds through which contributions are credited and benefits are paid.

Social Security benefits are essential to the economic well-being of millions of individuals. Social Security pays benefits to more than 90 percent of those 65 or older. It is the major source of income (providing 50 percent or more of total income) for 64 percent of the beneficiaries. It contributes 90 percent or more of income for almost one-third of the beneficiaries, and is the only source of income for 20 percent of them (see charts 1–4 at the end of this section).

## **Contributions and Trust Funds**

A person contributes to Social Security either through payroll taxes or self-employment taxes under the Federal Insurance Contribution Act (FICA) or the Self-Employed Contribution Act (SECA). Employers match the employee contribution, while self-employed workers pay an amount equal to the combined employer-employee contributions. (Self-employed workers receive a special tax deduction to ease the impact of paying the higher rate). There is a maximum yearly amount of earnings subject to OASDI taxes, \$80,400 in 2001. There is no upper limit on taxable earnings for Medicare Hospital Insurance (HI). Employees whose contributions exceed the maximum taxable amount because they worked for more than one employer can receive refunds of excess FICA payments when they file their tax returns.

Taxes are allocated to the Old-Age (Retirement) and Survivors Insurance (OASI), the Disability Insurance (DI), and the Hospital Insurance (HI) Trust Funds. In addition to the taxes on covered earnings, OASI and DI trust fund revenues include interest on trust fund securities, income from taxation of OASI and DI benefits, certain technical transfers, and gifts or bequests. By law, the OASI and DI trust funds may only be disbursed for:

- (1) Monthly benefits for workers and their families.
- (2) Vocational rehabilitation services for disabled beneficiaries.
- (3) Administrative costs (currently less than 1 percent of expenditures).
- (4) The lump-sum death payment to eligible survivors.

Revenue received from FICA payments is transferred to the U.S. Treasury. FICA revenue in excess of outlays is used to purchase special interest-bearing Treasury bonds. These securities remain assets of the trust funds until needed to cover Social Security costs.

#### Provisions for Railroad Retirement Board Beneficiaries

The OASDI tables do not include a number of persons receiving Railroad Retirement benefits who would be eligible for Social Security benefits had they applied. The reason they have not applied is that receipt of a Social Security benefit would reduce their Railroad Retirement benefit by a like amount. The number of persons is not available, but is estimated to be less than 100,000.

The Railroad Retirement Act of 1974, effective January 1, 1975, provided that the regular annuity for employees with 10 or more years of railroad service who retired after December 31, 1974, will consist of two components:

- Tier 1—A basic Social Security level component equivalent to what would be paid under the Social Security Act on the basis of the employee's combined railroad and nonrailroad service, reduced by the amount of any monthly benefit under OASDI actually paid on the basis of nonrailroad work; and
- Tier 2—A "private pension" component payable over and above the Social Security equivalent, calculated on the basis of the number of years of railroad service.

## **Structure and Organization**

The OASDI program is administered by the Social Security Administration (SSA) which became an independent agency in 1995. The Commissioner of Social Security serves a 6-year term following appointment by the President and confirmation by the Senate. A bipartisan Social Security Advisory Board serves to review existing laws and policies and commissions studies and issues recommendations intended to anticipate changing circumstances. The President appoints three of the seven board members and Congress appoints the other four members.

The Social Security Administration is headquartered in Baltimore, Maryland. Major headquarter components include the National Computer Center that contains SSA's mainframe computers that drive our systems, much of the executive staff for policy, programs and systems as well as field support components. SSA's field structure is divided into 10 geographic regions containing over 1,300 field installations in communities throughout the country. Office sizes range from large urban offices with 50 or more employees to remote resident stations staffed by one or two individuals. Each region is headed by a Regional Commissioner, and staffed with specialists to handle regional administrative tasks and to assist field offices with operational issues. In addition, there are teleservice centers servicing all regions. While physically located within the various regions, each teleservice center manages the public's Social Security business from throughout the nation using state of the art communications systems. Seven program service centers provide service and support for the field offices in some aspects of Social Security's workloads.

Tables 2.F1 – 2.F11 provide administrative data: Table2.F2 summarizes data describing SSA's national work-force, and table 2.F3 provides a historical record of workyears committed to SSA's overall operations. Table 2.F4provides workload data for the Old-Age and SurvivorsInsurance programs, and table 2.F5 similarly providesworkload data for the Disability Insurance program.Table 2.F7 provides data on the operation of SSA'steleservice centers.

## Significant Program Changes

Program changes occur through legislation or (in areas where authority is delegated to the Commissioner) through regulation. Recent program changes follow:

# Change in the Consumer Price Index Cost-of-Living Adjustment

The consumer price index (CPI), prepared by the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) in the Department of Labor, provides the basis for an annual cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) in Social Security and Supplemental Security Income benefits. On September 28, 2000, the BLS announced their discovery of a software error used in the CPI calculation, affecting the calculation for months after 1998.

Section 308 of Public Law 106-554, enacted December 21, 2000, requires the Office of Management and Budget and federal agencies that administer benefit programs to determine whether the CPI computation error for 1999 resulted in a shortfall in payments to beneficiaries and to compensate beneficiaries for any such shortfall. The Social Security Administration (SSA) determined that the December 1999 2.4 percent cost-of-living increase would have been 2.5 percent in the absence of the 1999 CPI error. SSA also determined that the December 2000 3.5 percent costof-living increase was not affected by the CPI error. SSA issued one-time payments in July 2001 to compensate beneficiaries for any shortfall in their benefits experienced between January 2000 and July 2001. Beginning in August 2001, ongoing benefits were adjusted based on the recalculated CPI.

#### Elimination of Annual Earnings Test for Persons Reaching Full Retirement Age

Public Law 106-182, The Senior Citizen's Freedom to Work Act of 2000, enacted April 7, 2000 eliminated the earnings test beginning with the month a beneficiary attains full retirement age (FRA), currently age 65. Elimination of this earnings test is effective for taxable years ending after December 31, 1999.

The earnings limit that applies in the year of attainment of FRA is based on the limits previously established for persons at FRA through age 69—\$17,000 in 2000; \$25,000 in 2001; and \$30,000 in 2002. Benefits are withheld at the rate of \$1 for every \$3 of earnings above these exempt amounts. In determining earnings for purposes of the annual earnings test under this legislation, only earnings before the month of attainment of FRA will be considered. The legislation also permits retired workers to earn delayed retirement credits for any months between the attainment of full retirement age and age 70 for which the worker requests that benefits not be paid.

Public Law 106-182 did not change the annual exempt amount for beneficiaries who are under FRA throughout the year, which continues to be pegged to increases in the average wage. This amount increased from \$10,080 in 2000 to \$10,680 in 2001. Withholding for beneficiaries subject to this earnings test is at \$1 for each \$2 of earnings over the exempt amounts.

#### **Work Incentives Improvement Act**

The Ticket to Work and Work Incentives Improvement Act, Public Law 106-170, was enacted on December 17, 1999. This legislation provides major enhancements to SSA's programs that assist disabled beneficiaries who attempt to return to work. It provides beneficiaries more choices in vocational rehabilitation services, and offers expanded health care for beneficiaries who are no longer eligible for cash benefits due to work. Effective October 1, 2000, the Act offers extended Medicare coverage to beneficiaries who return to work, and offers buy-in for Medicaid coverage.

The Ticket to Work provisions of this legislation will be phased in over a 3-year period beginning January 1, 2001. The provisions include demonstration projects that will eventually apply a disability earnings test more directed toward individuals' earnings history and circumstances of their reemployment. The Ticket to Work will emphasize and encourage rehabilitation efforts and will reimburse private vocational rehabilitation agencies for their services to beneficiaries attempting to return to work. Also beginning January 1, 2001, former beneficiaries may have their benefits resumed if their work activity ends within 5 years of the month their benefits stopped and they are still disabled.

# Regulatory Increases in Substantial Gainful Activity and in Trial Work Period Amounts

Effective July 1, 1999, the Social Security Administration raised from \$500 to \$700 the amount of monthly earnings for a nonblind disabled individual to be considered engaging in substantial gainful activity (SGA). Effective January 1, 2001, the top SGA level was raised to \$740 per month, with the provision that ongoing SGA levels will be automatically adjusted annually based on increases in the national average wage index.

The SGA threshold is part of the definition of disability that requires an individual to be unable to engage in substantial gainful activity to be eligible for benefits. Earnings of more than the top SGA level will ordinarily demonstrate that an individual is engaged in SGA. Earnings of less than \$300 per month will ordinarily demonstrate that an individual is not engaged in SGA. Earnings between \$300 and the top SGA level will require that consideration be given to circumstances related to the work activity.

A different definition of SGA applies to blind persons receiving Social Security disability benefits. Increases in the SGA amount for blind individuals are pegged to increases in the national average wage index and thus were not affected by the 1999 or subsequent rule changes. The level for blind individuals increased from \$1,170 in 2000 to \$1,240 in 2001.

New rules also affect the trial work period (TWP). The TWP allows disability beneficiaries to test their ability to work for at least 9 months. During the TWP, beneficiaries may earn any amount and still receive full benefits. The monthly level at which earnings count toward the 9-month TWP was raised from \$200 to \$530 effective January 1, 2001, with future increases pegged to the national average wage index. After completion of nine trial work months, the SGA level is used to determine whether earnings are substantial or not. If earnings fall below the SGA level, full benefits generally continue. If earnings are higher than the SGA level, cash benefits are usually suspended while medical benefits continue.

**Table 2.A30** provides related historical data on disability program earnings guidelines, including reference to recent changes in thresholds for determining substantial gainful activity (SGA).

## **Coverage and Financing**

In 2000, about 153 million persons worked in employment or self-employment covered under the OASDI program. In recent years, coverage has become nearly universal for work performed in the United States, including American Samoa, Guam, the Northern Mariana Islands, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands. Approximately 96 percent of the American workforce are covered by OASDI. Workers excluded from coverage fall into five major categories:

- (1) Civilian federal employees hired before January 1, 1984,
- (2) Railroad workers (who are covered under the railroad retirement system, which is coordinated with Social Security),
- (3) Certain employees of state and local governments who are covered under their employers' retirement systems,
- (4) Domestic workers and farm workers whose earnings do not meet certain minimum requirements (workers in industry and commerce are covered regardless of the amount of earnings), and
- (5) Persons with very low net earnings from selfemployment, generally under \$400 annually.

**Table 2.A1** outlines the history of coverage provisions and **table 2.A2** provides a history of provisions regarding noncontributory wage credits, mostly for military service.

For most employees, taxes are withheld from wages beginning with the first dollar earned. The exceptions are domestic employees, election workers, and agricultural workers. In 2001, a domestic employee must earn \$1,300 from any single employer in a calendar year before FICA is withheld. Most election workers must earn \$1,100 in 2001 before FICA is withheld. Most agricultural workers wages are covered if the employer pays more than \$2,500 in total wages in a year or if the individual worker earns over \$150 in a year from a single employer.

Employees, their employers, and the self-employed each pay taxes on earnings in covered employment and self-employment up to an annual maximum taxable amount for OASDI. There is no upper limit on taxable earnings for Medicare Hospital Insurance (HI). The OASDI maximum taxable amount—\$80,400 in 2001—is updated automatically each year in relation to increases in the national average annual wage. The current FICA tax rate applicable to both employees and employers is 6.2 percent for OASDI (5.30 percent for OASI and 0.9 percent for DI), and 1.45 percent for HI. See **Table 2.A3** for annual amounts of maximum taxable earnings and contribution rates. **Table 2.A4** shows historical annual maximum amounts of contributions by employees and self-employed persons.

A self-employed person pays the combined employeeemployer rate of 12.4 percent for OASDI and 2.9 for HI under the Self-Employment Contributions Act (SECA). Two deduction provisions reduce the SECA and income tax liability of self-employed persons. The intent of these provisions is to treat the self-employed in much the same manner as employees and employers are treated for purposes of FICA and income taxes. The first provision allows a deduction from net earnings from self-employment equal to the amount of net earnings before the deduction, times one-half the SECA tax rate. The effect of this deduction is intended to be analogous to the treatment of the FICA tax paid by the employer, which is disregarded as remuneration to the employee for FICA and income tax purposes. The second provision allows an income tax deduction, equal to one-half of the amount of the SECA tax paid, which is designed to reflect the income tax deductibility of the employer's share of the FICA tax.

**Table 2.A5** describes income tax credits for 1984–89 intended to cushion the impact of increases in FICA and SECA taxes enacted in 1983. The SECA tax credits were replaced, effective 1990, by the deduction provisions described above. **Table 2.A6** outlines the history of provisions regarding appropriations from general revenues and interfund borrowing.

## **Insured Status**

To become eligible for his or her benefit and benefits for family members or survivors, a worker must earn a minimum number of credits based on work in covered employment or self-employment. These credits are described as quarters of coverage. In 2001, a quarter of coverage (QC) is credited for each \$830 in annual covered earnings, up to a maximum of four QCs for the year. Earnings of \$3,320 or more in 2001 will give the worker four QCs regardless of when the money is actually earned or paid during the year. The amount of earnings required for a QC is adjusted automatically each year in proportion to increases in the average wage level.

#### **Fully Insured**

Eligibility for most types of benefits requires that the worker be fully insured. To be fully insured a worker must have a number of QCs at least equal to the number of calendar years elapsing between age 21 (or 1950 if later) and the year in which he or she reaches age 62, becomes disabled, or dies—whichever occurs first. Under this requirement, workers who reach age 62 in 1991 or later need the maximum number of 40 QCs to be fully insured. For workers who become disabled or die before age 62, the number of QCs needed for fully insured status depends on their age at the time the worker is disabled or dies. A minimum of 6 QCs is required regardless of age.

#### **Currently Insured**

If a worker dies before achieving fully insured status, benefits can still be paid to qualified survivors if the worker was "currently insured" at the time of death. (In the case of a young worker, survivor benefits are potentially payable to a worker's children and to a widow(er) with children in care.) To be currently insured, the worker must have earned 6 QCs in the 12 quarters before death (that is, 6 of the last 13 quarters, including the quarter in which death occurred).

#### **Disability Insured**

To qualify for disability benefits, a nonblind worker must have recent work activity as well as being fully insured. Under the test involving recent work experience, a nonblind worker older than age 31 must have earned at least 20 QCs among the 40 calendar quarters ending with the quarter in which the disability began. Workers disabled at ages 24 through 30 must have earned QCs in one-half of the calendar quarters elapsing between age 21 and the calendar quarter in which the disability began. Workers under age 24 need 6 QCs in the 12-quarter period ending with the quarter of disability onset. Workers who qualify for benefits based on blindness need only be fully insured.

**Table 2.A7** summarizes the basic provisions concerninginsured status.

## **International Agreements**

The President is authorized to enter into international Social Security agreements (also called "totalization" agreements) to coordinate the U.S. Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance (OASDI) program with comparable programs of other countries. The United States currently has Social Security agreements in effect with 18 countries. Agreements with several other countries are in progress.

Social Security Agreements and Effective Dates

Austria	1991	Korea2001
Belgium	1984	Luxembourg1993
Canada	1984	Netherlands 1990
Finland	1992	Norway1984
France	1988	Portugal 1989
Germany	1979	Spain
Greece	1994	Sweden 1987
Ireland	1993	Switzerland1980
Italy	1978	United Kingdom 1985

International Social Security agreements have two main purposes. First, they eliminate dual Social Security coverage, the situation that occurs when a person from one country works in another country and is required to pay Social Security taxes to both countries on the same earnings. Each agreement includes rules that assign a worker's coverage to only one country.

The second goal of the agreement is to help fill gaps in benefit protection for workers who have divided their careers between the United States and another country. Such workers may fail to qualify for Social Security benefits from one or both countries because they have not worked long enough to meet minimum eligibility requirements. Under an agreement, these workers and their family members may qualify for a partial U.S. benefit based on "totalized" (that is, combined) credits from both countries. Similarly, workers may qualify for partial benefits from the foreign country based on totalized credits.

**Table 5.M1** provides data on the number of beneficiaries

 receiving totalization payments, and average benefits.

## Benefit Computation and Automatic Adjustment Provisions

The primary insurance amount (PIA) is the monthly benefit amount payable to the worker upon retirement at full retirement age or upon entitlement to disability benefits. The PIA is also the base figure from which monthly benefit amounts payable to the worker's family members or survivors are determined. The PIA is derived from the worker's annual taxable earnings, averaged over a period that encompasses most of the worker's adult years. Until the late 1970s, the average monthly wage (AMW) was the earnings measure generally used. For worker's first eligible for benefits after 1978, average indexed monthly earnings (AIME) have replaced the AMW as the usually applicable earnings measure. The PIA computation based on AIME currently involves the following three steps:

(1) Indexing of earnings: The worker's annual taxable earnings after 1950 are updated, or indexed, to reflect the general earnings level in the indexing year—the second calendar year before the year in which the worker is first eligible; that is, first reaches age 62, becomes disabled, or dies. Earnings in years after the indexing year are not indexed but instead are counted at their actual value. A worker's earnings for a given year are indexed by multiplying them by the following ratio (indexing factor): The average wage in the national economy for the indexing year, divided by the corresponding average wage figure for the year to be indexed. **Table 2.A8** shows the indexing factors applicable to the earnings of workers who were first eligible in 1988–2001. **Table 2.A9** shows indexed earnings for workers first eligible in 1994–2001 who had maximum taxable earnings in each year after 1950. For a more detailed technical description of an AIME computation, including a computation worksheet, see the Technical Note "Computing a Retired-Worker Benefit."

(2) Determining AIME: The period used to calculate AIME equals the number of full calendar years elapsing between age 21 (or 1950, if later) and the year of first eligibility, usually excluding the lowest 5 years. Workers disabled before age 47 have between zero and four excluded years from the computation. At an absolute minimum, two years are used to compute AIME. The actual years used in the computation—the "computation years"—are the years of highest indexed earnings after 1950, including any years before age 22 or after age 61 as well as the year of disability or death. AIME is calculated as the sum of indexed earnings in the computation period, divided by the number of months in that period.

**Table 2.A10** provides a historical outline of provisions related to AIME and AMW, and describes variations in the number of dropout years. **Tables 2.A15** and **2.A16** describe AMW benefit computations based on the worker's nonindexed earnings after 1936 and 1950, respectively. (Very few persons currently being awarded benefits have PIAs computed under these old-start or new-start computation methods. These methods, particularly the new-start method shown in table 2.A16, are more frequently applicable in earnings re-computations for workers who reached age 62 before 1979.)

(3) Computing the PIA: The formula used to compute the PIA from AIME is weighted to provide a higher PIA-to-AIME ratio for workers with comparatively low earnings. The formula applies declining percentage conversion rates to three AIME brackets. For workers who reach age 62, become disabled, or die in 2001, the formula provides a PIA equal to the sum of:

> 90 percent of the first \$561 of AIME, plus 32 percent of the next \$2,820 of AIME, plus 15 percent of AIME over \$3,381.

Beginning with the first year of eligibility, the PIA is increased by cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs).

**Table 2.A11** shows the PIA formula and first applicableCOLA for workers first eligible in 1979 or later.

#### Social Security

The dollar amounts defining the AIME brackets are referred to as "bend points." These bend points (as described in table 2.A11) are updated automatically each year in proportion to increases in the national average wage level. This automatic adjustment ensures that benefit levels for successive generations of eligible workers will keep up with rising earnings levels, thereby assuring consistent rates of earnings replacement from one generation of beneficiaries to the next.

The benefit formula applicable to a worker depends on the year of eligibility (or death) rather than on the year benefits are first received. Thus the PIA of a worker retiring at age 65 in 2001 is calculated using the benefit formula that applies to all workers first eligible in 1998 (the "year of attainment" of age 62). The PIA derived from that formula is then increased by the COLAs effective for December, 1998, 1999, and 2000 to obtain the PIA effective at age 65. Subsequent recomputations of the worker's benefit, including additional earnings not originally considered, delayed retirement credits or additional COLA increases, all refer to the basic computation that originally applied, based on the year of attainment.

Beginning in 1981, benefits have been rounded to the next lower ten cents at each step in the computation. The final benefit payment is rounded to the next lower dollar amount (if not already an even dollar). Prior to 1981, benefits were paid in ten-cent increments after rounding up to the next dime in each computation step.

A cost-of-living increase in benefits generally is established each year if the consumer price index for urban wage earners and clerical workers (CPI-W), prepared by the Department of Labor, indicates a percentage increase (after rounding) of at least 0.1 percent between two specified guarters. The arithmetical mean of the CPI-W for July, August, and September in the year of determination is compared with the arithmetical mean of the CPI-W for the later of (a) July, August, and September in the year in which the last effective cost-of-living increase was established or (b) the 3 months of the calendar guarter in which the effective month of the last general benefit increase occurred. The percentage increase in the CPI-W, rounded to the nearest 0.1 percent, represents the size of the increase in benefits, effective for December of the year in which the determination is made.

Under certain conditions, depending on the size of the combined OASDI trust funds relative to estimated disbursements, the applicability and size of a cost-of-living adjustment may be determined under an alternative method, called the "stabilizer provision." In no case, however, are benefits reduced below the level of benefits in the year of determination. Historically, this provision has never been triggered.

 
 Table 2.A18 presents a history of provisions relating
 to the automatic adjustment of benefits, including a description of the stabilizer provision. In addition, table 2.A18 includes a summary history and description of provisions relating to the annual automatic adjustment of (1) the maximum amount of taxable and creditable earnings, (2) the dollar amount needed to establish a quarter of coverage, (3) the bend points defining the AIME brackets in the PIA formula and the PIA brackets in the maximum family benefit formula, and (4) the exempt amounts under the earnings (retirement) test. All of these adjustments are linked to increases in the level of the national average annual wage, rather than to increases in the CPI. Table 2.A19 illustrates the cumulative effect of statutory and automatic increases in benefits for workers who have been in benefit status over varying time periods.

#### **Alternative PIA Computation Provisions**

Special minimum PIA.—Workers with low earnings but steady attachment to the workforce over most of their adult years may qualify for monthly benefits based on the special minimum PIA computation. This computation does not depend on the worker's average earnings, but on the number of coverage years—years in which the worker had earnings equal to or above a specified amount. The level of the special minimum PIA is the same for workers having the same number of coverage years, regardless of age or year of first eligibility. Increases in the special minimum PIA are linked to cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs).

See **table 2.A12** for additional information on the special minimum PIA.

Windfall Elimination Provision PIA.—WEP affects persons who receive a pension based on noncovered work after 1956 and Social Security benefits. First eligibility for the noncovered pension and Social Security benefits must be after December 31, 1985 for WEP to apply. WEP reduces the Social Security PIA upon which SSA benefits are based and affects all benefits paid on that record, except survivors. The WEP reduction ceases when entitlement to the pension payment ends, the wage earner dies, or the wage earner earns a total of 30 years of substantial Social Security earnings. The WEP reduction amount is never more than one-half of the noncovered pension.

A WEP PIA is generally based on 40 percent of the first bend point instead of 90 percent as with the regular PIA:

Example: A retired worker with a noncovered pension of \$2,000 a month and less than 20 years of covered employment attains age 62 in 2001.

Normal PIA, based on AIME of \$800:

\$561 x .90 = \$504.90 \$239 x .32 = \$76.48 PIA = \$581.30 WEP PIA, based on AIME of \$800: \$561 x .40 = \$224.40 \$239 x .32 = \$76.48 PIA = \$300.80

If a worker has more than 20 years of substantial covered earnings, the WEP PIA begins to increase. With the 21st year of substantial covered earnings, the first bend point percentage is increased by 5 percentage points. This rate of increase applies for each additional year of substantial covered earnings, through the 30th year of substantial covered earnings, through the 30th year of substantial earnings at which point WEP no longer applies. After 23 years of substantial coverage, for example, the first bend point percentage would be 55 percent. Thirty years of substantial earnings would yield a first bend point percentage of 90 percent (the normal percentage of the first bend point).

Examples of pensions subject to WEP are U.S. Civil Service Retirement System annuities, retirement benefits based on foreign earnings, and state and local pensions based on noncovered earnings.

**Table 2.A11.1** provides more detail about the WEP computation and contains the amounts of substantial earnings for years after 1990. Substantial earnings for earlier years are listed in **table 2.A12**.

*Family maximum provisions.*—Monthly benefits payable to the worker and family members or to the worker's survivors are subject to a maximum family benefit amount. The family maximum level for retired-worker families or survivor families usually ranges from 150 percent to 188 percent of the worker's PIA. The maximum benefit for disabled-worker families is the smaller of 85 percent of AIME (or 100 percent of PIA, if larger) or 150 percent of the PIA.

Like the formula for determining the PIA, the maximum family benefit formula applicable to a worker depends on the year of first eligibility (that is, the year of attainment of age 62, onset of disability, or death). Once the worker's maximum family benefit amount for the year of first eligibility is determined, it is updated in line with the COLAs. For information on family maximum provisions, as described here, see **table 2.A13** (comparison of family maximums to the PIAs on which they are based), and **table 2.A14** (disability family maximums). **Table 2.A17** shows the maximum family benefit amounts applicable in cases of first eligibility before 1979.

## **Benefit Types and Levels**

#### **Retired and Disabled Workers**

The full retirement age (FRA) is the earliest age at which an unreduced retirement benefit is payable (sometimes referred to as the "normal retirement age"). The age for full retirement benefits is scheduled to rise gradually from age 65 to age 67, with the first incremental increase affecting workers who reach age 62 in the year 2000. Workers over age 62 who retire before FRA can receive reduced benefits. The monthly rate of reduction from the full retirement benefit (that is, the PIA) is 5/9 of 1 percent a month for the first 36 months immediately preceding FRA. The reduction rate is 5/12 of 1 percent a month for any additional months. The maximum overall reduction for early retirement will have risen from 20 percent to 30 percent by 2022, when age 67 becomes the full retirement age.

If a disabled worker receives a reduced retirement benefit for months before disability entitlement, the disability benefit is reduced by the number of months for which he or she received the reduced benefit.

For workers who postpone their retirement beyond the full retirement age, benefits are increased for each month of nonpayment beyond that age. This increase is called a "delayed retirement credit," and is potentially available for any or all months following attainment of the full retirement age (currently a maximum of 60 months for persons age 65). The annual rate of increase for delayed retirement credits is 6-1/2 percent for workers who reach age 62 in 1999 or 2000, 7 percent in 2001 and 2002, and will eventually rise to 8 percent for workers reaching age 62 in 2005 or later.

#### **Spouses and Children of Workers**

Spouses receive 50 percent of the worker's PIA (regardless of the worker's actual benefit amount), if the spouse has attained the full retirement age at entitlement to spousal benefits. The spouse of a retired or disabled worker can elect monthly benefits as early as age 62. These benefits are reduced at the rate of 25/36 of 1 percent a month for the first 36 months immediately preceding FRA and 5/12 of 1 percent for each additional month.

Children of retired or disabled workers are also eligible to receive monthly benefits. The term "child" refers to a child under the age of 18, a child aged 18–19 attending elementary or secondary school full time, or to an adult child, aged 18 or older, who was disabled prior to age 22. In addition, young spouses (that is, those under the age of 62) who care for a worker's entitled child may also be eligible. For purposes of defining young spouses' benefits, the term "child" refers to a child under age 16, or to an adult child of the worker who was disabled prior to age 22. Children of retired or disabled workers can receive up to 50 percent of the worker's PIA, as can young spouses. (The benefit of a young spouse is not reduced for age.) Monthly benefits payable to the spouse and children of a retired or disabled worker are limited to a family maximum amount, as discussed earlier.

Benefits are payable to unmarried divorced spouses of retirement age who were married at least 10 years to the worker. A divorced spouse benefit is excluded from family maximum provisions. Divorced spouses age 62 or older and divorced for 2 or more years (after marriage of 10 or more years) may be independently entitled on the record of the ex-spouse if the ex-spouse could be entitled if he or she applied.

#### **Survivors Benefits**

Widows and widowers of fully insured workers are eligible for unreduced benefits at full retirement age (FRA), currently age 65. As with retired workers and spouses, widows' and widowers' FRA will gradually increase to age 67. Widows and widowers can elect reduced monthly benefits at age 60 or, if disabled, as early as age 50. Surviving divorced spouses can also receive benefits if married to the worker for at least 10 years and not remarried before age 60 (age 50 if disabled).

For survivors whose full benefit retirement age is 65, the monthly rate of reduction for the first 60 months immediately preceding FRA is 19/40 of 1 percent of the worker's PIA, with a maximum reduction of 28.5 percent at age 60. For survivors whose full benefit retirement age is over 65, the amount of reduction for each month prior to FRA is adjusted accordingly to ensure that the maximum reduction at age 60 remains 28.5 percent of the worker's PIA.

Benefits for widows and widowers are increased if the deceased worker delayed retirement beyond the FRA. In these cases, the survivor benefits include any delayed retirement credits the deceased worker had earned. Conversely, if the worker had elected early retirement, widows' and widowers' benefits are limited for widows and widowers first entitled to survivor benefits at age 62 or later. For these beneficiaries, the benefit is the higher of 82.5 percent of the worker's PIA or the amount the worker would be receiving if still alive. Disabled widows and widowers ages 50–60 receive the age 60 widow's rate (71.5 percent of PIA) regardless of their age at the time of entitlement.

Children of deceased workers and mothers and fathers under FRA are eligible to receive monthly benefits up to 75 percent of the worker's PIA if the worker died either fully or currently insured. Mothers and fathers must be caring for the worker's entitled child who is either under age 16 or disabled. A dependent parent aged 62 or older is eligible for monthly benefits equal to 82.5 percent of the worker's PIA. Each of two dependent parents can qualify for benefits equal to 75 percent of the deceased worker's PIA. Monthly benefits payable to survivors are reduced to conform to the family maximum benefit payable on the deceased worker's account. Benefits for a surviving divorced spouse, however, are disregarded when computing the maximum family benefit.

See table 2.A20 for more information on the increases in the full (or "normal") retirement age for workers. Table 2.A21 describes age-related reductions for dependent beneficiaries, as does table 2.A22 (widows and widowers). Additionally, tables 2.A23 and 2.A24 show the history of legislation relating to special monthly benefits payable to certain persons born before January 2, 1900. Table 2.A25 summarizes the history of certain OASDI benefits other than monthly benefit payments. Table 2.A26 presents illustrative monthly benefit amounts for selected beneficiary families, based on hypothetical earnings histories representing five different earnings levels. Table 2.A27 shows minimum and maximum monthly benefits payable to retired workers retiring at age 62 in various years beginning with 1957 (the first full year benefits became available at age 62). Table 2.A28 shows minimum and maximum monthly benefits payable to retired workers retiring at age 65 in various years beginning with 1940.

#### Effect of Current Earnings on Benefits

Beneficiaries under age 65 with earnings in excess of certain exempt amounts may have all or part of their benefits withheld as a result of the annual earnings test (AET) provisions of the Social Security Act. For those aged 65 or older, however, there have been recent changes to AET provisions. Amendments in 1996 eased the impact of AET provisions, while changes in 2000 removed the AET altogether for beneficiaries aged 65 and older. Public Law 104-121, enacted March 29, 1996 substantially raised the exempt amounts under the annual earnings test for persons who have reached full retirement age. These amounts are \$12,500 in 1996; \$13,500 in 1997; \$14,500 in 1998; \$15,500 in 1999; \$17,000 in 2000; \$25,000 in 2001; and \$30,000 in 2002. After 2002, the annual exempt amount will be indexed to the growth in average wages. Benefits are withheld at the rate of \$1 in benefits for every \$3 of earnings above the age 65 exempt amount.

Public Law 106-182, enacted April 7, 2000 eliminated the earnings test beginning with the month a beneficiary reaches full retirement age (FRA). The annual earnings test that applies in the year one attains FRA is based on the more generous annual limits established under P.L. 104-121 (including the \$1 for \$3 withholding rate). In determining annual earnings for purposes of the annual earnings test, only earnings before the month of attainment of age 65 will be counted.

Public Laws 104-121 and 106-182 did not change the annual exempt amount for beneficiaries who are under age 65 throughout the year. This annual amount continues to be pegged to increases in average wages. The amounts are \$10,080 in 2000, and \$10,680 in 2001. When the annual earnings limit affects working beneficiaries under age 65, benefits are withheld at the rate of \$1 for every \$2 of earnings above the exempt amount.

Individuals have the option to receive reduced benefits under a monthly earnings test if it is to their advantage to do so. This option is usually exercised in the first year of retirement, as in that year the monthly test permits payment for some months even if the annual earnings limit is greatly exceeded. Under the monthly test, beneficiaries receive a full monthly benefit for months in which they do not earn over an amount equal to 1/12 of the annual earnings limit. The monthly earnings test is applied to the self-employed based on hours they work instead of monthly earnings. Generally, beneficiaries are eligible for the monthly earnings test in only one year.

 Table 2.A29 provides historical detail on the retirement test.

Beneficiaries entitled on the basis of their own disability—disabled workers, disabled adult children, and disabled widows and widowers—are not subject to the earnings test. Substantial earnings by disabled beneficiaries, however, may indicate that they are able to do work which constitutes substantial gainful activity (SGA) and are therefore no longer disabled. Although other factors are considered, numerical earnings thresholds are used in a determination of SGA.

**Table 2.A30** provides historical thresholds for determining substantial gainful activity (SGA).

## **Taxation of Benefits**

Up to 85 percent of Social Security benefits may be subject to federal income tax depending on the beneficiary's income, marital status, and filing status. The definition of income for this provision is as follows: Adjusted gross income (before Social Security or Railroad Retirement benefits are considered), plus tax-exempt interest income, with further modification of adjusted gross income in some cases involving certain tax provisions of limited applicability among the beneficiary population; plus onehalf of Social Security and Tier 1 Railroad Retirement benefits. For married beneficiaries filing jointly with adjusted gross income under \$32,000 a year, no Social Security benefits are subject to taxation. If adjusted gross income exceeds \$32,000 but is under \$44,000, the amount of benefits included in gross income is the lesser of one-half of income over \$32,000. If a couple's adjusted gross income exceeds \$44,000, the amount of benefits included in gross income is 85 percent of income over \$44,000 plus the lesser of \$6,000 or one-half of benefits. However, no more than 85 percent of benefits are subject to income tax. The income thresholds for single beneficiaries are \$25,000 and \$32,000.

If members of a married couple are filing separately, they do not have a minimum threshold if they lived together any time during the tax year. The amount of benefits included in gross income is the lesser of 85 percent of Social Security or Tier 1 Railroad Retirement benefits, or 85 percent of all income as defined above. Like all matters dealing with tax liability, taxation of Social Security benefits fall under the jurisdiction of the Internal Revenue Service.

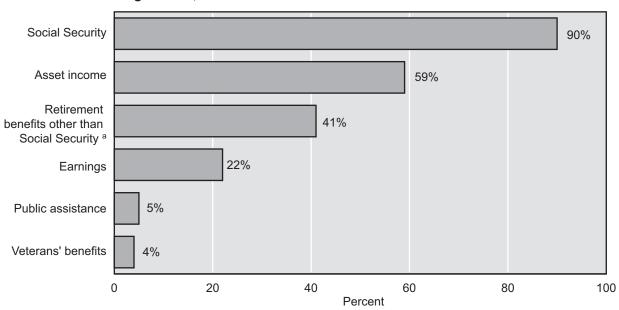
**Table 2.A31** shows the history of provisions related totaxation of Social Security benefits.**Table 2.A32** offersexamples to illustrate when benefits are taxable, and theamount subject to taxation.

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## Income of the Aged

The following charts highlight the importance of Social Security benefits for the population aged 65 or older. The source of the data is the March 2001 Income Supplement from the Current Population Survey conducted by the U.S. Census Bureau. The data are presented in terms of either aged units or aged persons. An aged unit is either a married couple living together with the husband or wife aged 65 or older, or a person 65 or older, who does not live with a spouse.

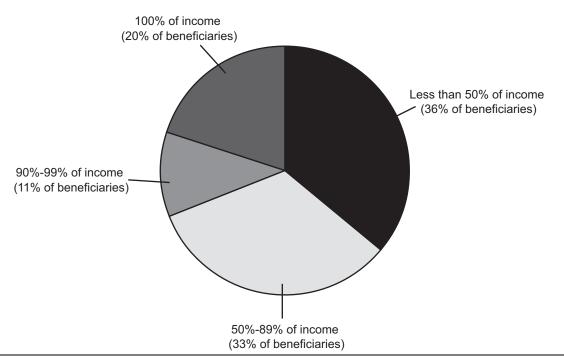
#### Chart 1.



#### Income sources of aged units, 2000

a. Includes private pensions and annuities, government employee pensions, Railroad Retirement, and individual retirement account, Keogh, and 401(k) payments.

#### Chart 2. Relative importance of Social Security income for aged units, 2000



# Chart 3. Shares of aggregate income, by source, 2000 Pensions a (18%) Asset income (18%) Asset income (18%) Earnings (23%)

a. Includes private pensions and annuities, government employee pensions, Railroad Retirement, and individual retirement account, Keogh, and 401(k) payments.

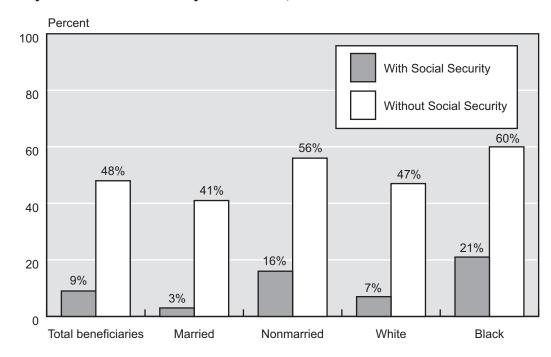
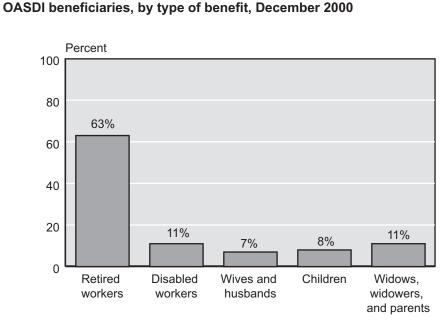


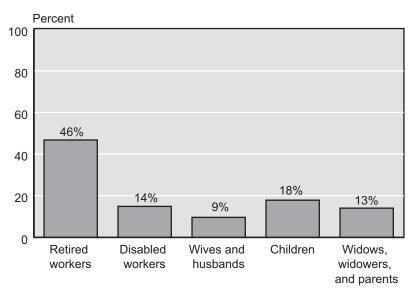
Chart 4. Poverty status of Social Security beneficiaries, 2000

Chart 5.



# Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance

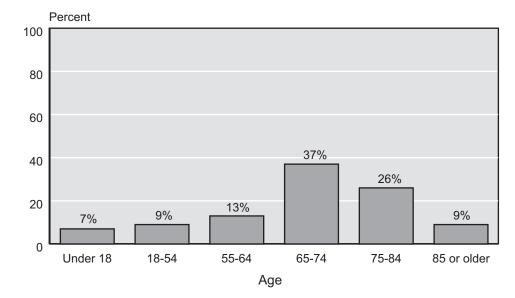




SOURCE: Table 6.A1.

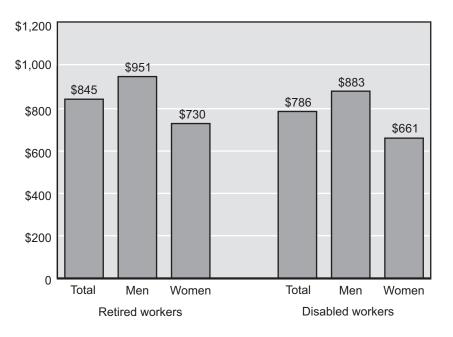
SOURCE: Table 5.A4.

## Chart 7. OASDI beneficiaries, by age, December 2000



SOURCE: Table 5.J5.





SOURCE: Tables 5.B8 and 5.E2.

# **Supplemental Security Income**

The Supplemental Security Income (SSI) program provides income support to persons aged 65 or older, blind or disabled adults, and blind or disabled children. Eligibility requirements and federal payment standards are nationally uniform. The 2001 federal SSI benefit rate for an individual living in his or her own household and with no countable income is \$531 monthly; for a couple (with both husband and wife eligible), the SSI benefit rate is \$796 monthly.

Payments under SSI began in January 1974. It replaced the former federal-state adult assistance programs in the 50 states and the District of Columbia. Residents of the Northern Mariana Islands became eligible for SSI in January 1998.

Under the SSI program, each eligible person is provided a monthly cash payment based on a statutory federal benefit rate. Since 1975, these rates have been increased by the same percentage as the cost-of-living increases in OASDI benefits. If an individual or couple is living in another person's household and is receiving both food and shelter from the person in whose household they are living, the federal benefit rate is reduced by one-third. This is done instead of determining the actual dollar value of the in-kind support and maintenance.

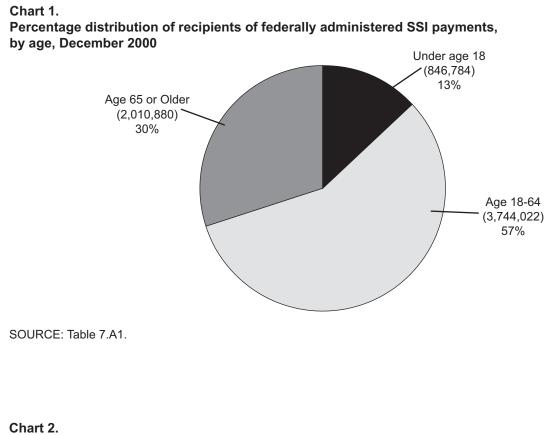
For institutionalized persons, the eligibility requirements and payment standards depend on the type of institution. With some exceptions, inmates of public institutions are ineligible for SSI. For persons institutionalized for a complete calendar month, a maximum federal SSI payment of \$30 per month applies where (1) the institution receives a substantial part of the cost of the person's care from the Medicaid program, or (2) recipients' under age 18 have private health insurance making payments to the institution. Other eligible persons in institutions may receive up to the full federal benefit rate. The federal payment is based on the individual's countable income. The first \$20 monthly in OASDI benefits or other earned or unearned income is not counted. Also excluded is \$65 monthly of earnings plus one-half of any earnings above \$65. For example, a person living in his or her own household, whose sole income is a \$200 monthly OASDI benefit, would receive \$351 in federal SSI payments:

531 - (200 - 20) = (531 - 180) = 351.

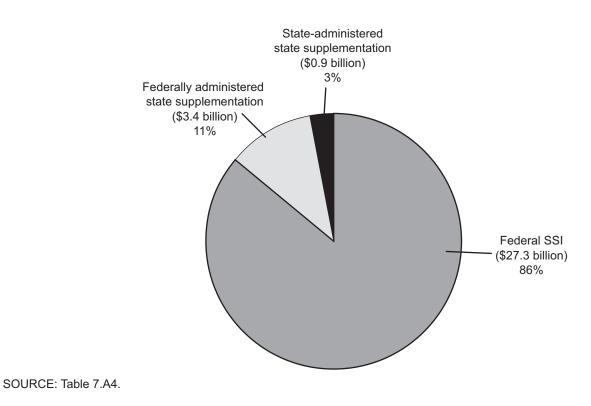
A person whose income consists of \$500 in gross monthly earnings would receive \$323.50 in federal SSI payments:

\$531 - ((\$500 - \$85) / 2 = \$207.50 countable earnings. Federal benefit rate \$531 - \$207.50 = \$323.50 federal SSI.

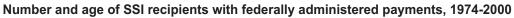
Individuals generally are not eligible for SSI if they have resources in excess of \$2,000 (or \$3,000 for a couple). Certain resources are excluded, most commonly a home, an automobile used for essential transportation, and household goods and personal insurance of reasonable value, burial plots and spaces, and life insurance. States have the option to supplement the federal SSI payment for all or selected categories of persons, regardless of previous state program eligibility. Initially, states were required to supplement to assure that recipients did not suffer a loss in total income from the former state programs. Most of these "converted" cases have now left the rolls.

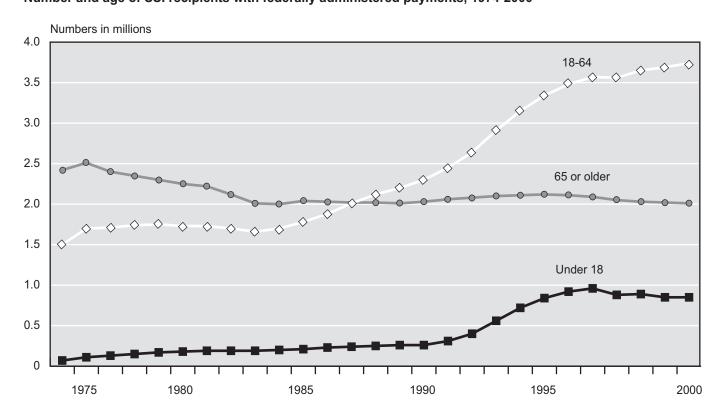


Amount of SSI payments, by source of payments, 2000



## Chart 3.





SOURCE: Table 7.A9.

# **SSI: History Of Provisions**

# Act

40-0	Basic Eligibility Requirements
<b>1972</b> Public Law 92-603, enacted October 30	An individual may qualify for payments on the basis of age, blindness, or disability. <b>Aged</b> : Any person aged 65 or older.
	<b>Blind</b> : Any person with 20/200 or less vision in the better eye with the use of correcting lenses, or with tunnel vision of 20 degrees or less. An individual transferred from a state Aid to the Blind (AB) program is eligible if he/she received such state aid in December 1973 and continues to meet the October 1972 state definition of blindness.
	<b>Disabled</b> : Any person unable to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment expected to result in death or that has lasted or can be expected to last for a continuous period of at least 12 months. For a child under age 18, eligibility is based on disability of severity comparable with that of an adult. An individual transferred from a state Aid to the Permanently and Totally Disabled (APTD) program to SSI is also eligible if he/she received such state aid in December 1973 and continues to meet the October 1972 state definition of disability.
<b>1973</b> Public Law 93-233, enacted December 31	Only persons who had received APTD before July 1973 and were on the rolls in December 1973 may receive SSI on the basis of the state definition of disability; those who became eligible for state aid from July to December 1973 must meet the federal definition of disability.
<b>1980</b> Public Law 96-265, enacted June 9	A disabled recipient who loses federal SSI eligibility because of earnings at the substantial gainful activity level may continue to receive a special benefit under section 1619 and retain eligibility for Medicaid under title XIX of the Social Security Act. This special benefit status may continue as long as the recipient has the disabling impairment and meets all nondisability SSI eligibility criteria. States have the option of supplementing this special benefit.
	This provision of the law was in effect from January 1, 1981, through December 31, 1983. Beginning in January 1984, under a 1-year demonstration project, this provision was contin- ued for persons already eligible for either regular SSI payments or special monthly benefits.
<b>1984</b> Public Law 98-460, enacted October 9	The special benefit and Medicaid provisions of the 1980 legislation were extended through June 30, 1987 (retroactive to January 1, 1984).
<b>1986</b> <i>Public Law 99-643,</i> <i>enacted November 10</i>	The special benefit and Medicaid provisions of the 1980 amendments are made permanent. The provisions were amended effective July 1, 1987, with significant modifications to simplify administration and to allow free movement between regular SSI disability payments and either the special cash benefit or Medicaid eligibility under section 1619. The distinction between a disabled person eligible for regular SSI payments and one eligible for 1619(a) is that the latter has several months with gross earnings above the SGA level. Previously, section 1619(a) status required completion of a trial work period and the determination that the work was SGA.
<b>1996</b> Public Law 104-193, enacted August 22	For individuals under age 18, the "comparable severity" standard is eliminated and replaced with a requirement that a child be considered disabled if he/she has a medically determin-

able impairment that results in "marked and severe functional limitations," and meets the existing statutory duration requirement. The law also eliminates references to "maladaptive behaviors" in the Listing of Impairments for children, and discontinues the use of individualized functional assessments for children.

SSI eligibility is prohibited for an individual in any month during which such an individual is a fugitive felon, fleeing prosecution, or violating state or federal conditions of probation or parole. In addition, SSI eligibility is prohibited for 10 years for those convicted of fraudulently claiming residence to obtain benefits simultaneously in two or more states.<sup>1</sup>

## **Other Eligibility Provisions**

## **Citizenship and Residence**

## 1972

Public Law 92-603, enacted October 30

503, The individual must reside within one of the 50 states or the District of Columbia and be a citizen or an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence or permanently residing in the United States under color of law. Persons living outside the United States for an entire calendar month lose their eligibility for such a month.

## 1976

Public Law 94-241, enacted March 24

## 1980

Public Law 96-265, enacted June 9 Eligibility for SSI is extended to residents of the Northern Mariana Islands, effective January 9, 1978.

The income and resources of the immigration sponsors of aliens applying for SSI are considered in determining eligibility for and the amount of payment. After allowances for the needs of the sponsor and his/her family, the remainder is deemed available for the support of the alien applicant for a 3-year period after admission to the United States for permanent residence. This provision does not apply to those who become blind or disabled after admission, to refugees, or to persons granted political asylum. (See "Deeming of Income and Resources" on page 30. for subsequent changes to sponsor-to-alien deeming provisions.)

## 1989

Public Law 101-239,<br/>enacted December 19SSI eligibility is continued for a disabled or blind child who was receiving SSI benefits while<br/>living in the United States and is now living with a parent who is a member of the U.S. Armed<br/>Forces assigned to permanent duty ashore outside the United States, but not where the par-<br/>ent is stationed in Puerto Rico or the territories and possessions of the United States.

## 1993

Public Law 103-66, enacted August 10 Above provision made applicable where the parent is a member of the U.S. Armed Forces and stationed in Puerto Rico or the territories and possessions of the United States.

## 1996

Public Law 104-193, enacted August 22 Prohibits SSI eligibility for anyone who is not a U.S. citizen or national unless they are in a "qualified alien" category and meet one of certain exceptions such as lawful permanent residents who earn or can be credited with 40 qualifying quarters of earnings, certain refugee type categories eligible for up to 5 years of time limited eligibility, or active duty U.S. military or veterans and their spouses and children. Extends eligibility for aliens receiving SSI as of August 22, 1996 (the enactment date of the law) for 1 year after the enactment date for those aliens found ineligible under the new standards.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This last provision was repealed in 1999 by Public Law 106-169 and replaced with a provision providing for nonpayment of benefits for up to 24 months for making false or misleading statements regarding material facts.

Public Law 104-208, enacted September 30	Amends Public Law 104-193 to add to the list of "qualified aliens" certain noncitizens (and their children) who have been battered or subjected to extreme cruelty by a spouse or parent or a member of the spouse's or parent's family living in the same household.
<b>1997</b>	Eutondo elizibility for eligno receiving COL on of August 22, 4000, until Contember 20, 4007
Public Law 105-18, enacted June 12	Extends eligibility for aliens receiving SSI as of August 22, 1996, until September 30, 1997, for those found ineligible under the new alien standards of Public Law 104-193.
Public Law 105-33, enacted August 5	Further amends Public Law 104-193 to add Cuban and Haitian entrants, and the child of a parent who has been battered or subjected to extreme cruelty, to the list of qualified aliens. Provides that Cuban and Haitian entrants and Amerasian immigrants qualify for time limited eligibility, and increases the time limit from 5 to 7 years for all categories. Additional exceptions are added for qualified aliens: (1) lawfully residing in the United States and receiving SSI benefits on August 22, 1996; and (2) lawfully residing in the United States on August 22, 1996 and meeting the definition of blind or disabled in the Social Security Act.
	Certain noncitizen American Indians are excepted from the alien nonpayment provisions of Public Law 104-193.
	Extends eligibility for "nonqualified aliens" receiving SSI as of August 22, 1996, until September 30, 1998.
<b>1998</b> Public Law 105-306, enacted October 28	Permanently extends eligibility of all remaining "nonqualified aliens" who were receiving SSI benefits when Public Law 104-193 was enacted on August 22, 1996.
<b>2000</b> Public Law 106-386, enacted October 28	Noncitizens, regardless of their immigration status, may be eligible for SSI as refugees, if they are determined to be victims of "severe forms of trafficking in persons."
	Other Benefits
<b>1980</b> Public Law 96-272, enacted June 17	SSI applicants and recipients are not required as a condition of eligibility to elect to receive Veterans Administration pensions under the Veterans and Survivors' Pension Improvement Act of 1978 if the state of residence lacks a medically needy program under title XIX.
	Drug Addiction and Alcoholism (DA&A)
<b>1972</b> <i>Public Law 92-603,</i> <i>enacted October 30</i>	Any disabled individual who has been medically determined to be an alcoholic or drug addict must accept appropriate treatment, if available, in an approved facility and demonstrate compliance with conditions and requirements for treatment.
	SSI payments are required to be made through a representative payee—another person or public or private agency designated by SSA to manage the recipient's benefit on his/her behalf.
1994	
Public Law 103-296, enacted August 15	Any individual who is receiving SSI based on a disability where drug addiction or alcoholism is a contributing factor material to the finding of disability must comply with the DA&A treat- ment requirements. The individual must accept appropriate treatment when it is available

and comply with the conditions and terms of treatment. Instances of noncompliance with the requirements result in progressively longer payment suspensions. Before payments can resume, the individual must demonstrate compliance for specific periods; 2 months, 3 months, and 6 months, respectively, for the first, second, third and subsequent instances of noncompliance. An individual who is not in compliance with the DA&A treatment requirements for 12 consecutive months shall not be eligible for payments; however, this does not prevent such individuals from reapplying and again becoming eligible for payments.

	SSI disability payments based on DA&A are also limited to a total of 36 benefit months (beginning March 1995) regardless of whether appropriate treatment is available. Months for which benefits are not due and received do not count towards the 36-month limit.
	Payments based on DA&A must be made to a representative payee. Preference is required to be given to community based nonprofit social service agencies and federal, state, or local government agencies in representative payee selection. These agencies when serving as payees for individuals receiving payments based on DA&A may retain the lesser of 10 percent of the monthly benefit or \$56 (indexed to the consumer price index (CPI)) as compensation for their services.
	Establishment of one or more referral and monitoring agencies for each state is required.
<b>1996</b> Public Law 104-121, enacted March 29	An individual is not considered disabled if DA&A is a contributing factor material to a finding of disability.
	Applies DA&A representative payee requirements enacted under Public Law 103-296 to dis- abled SSI recipients who have a DA&A condition and are incapable of managing their bene- fits. In addition, these recipients shall be referred to the appropriate state agency administering the state plan for substance abuse treatment.
	Institutionalization
<b>1972</b> Public Law 92-603, enacted October 30	An individual who is an inmate of a public institution is ineligible for SSI payments unless the institution is a facility approved for Medicaid payments and is receiving such payments on behalf of the person. Under <i>regulations</i> , the Medicaid payment must represent more than 50 percent of the cost of services provided by the facility to the individual.
<b>1976</b> Public Law 94-566, enacted October 20	An inmate of a publicly operated community residence serving no more than 16 persons may, if otherwise eligible, receive SSI.
<b>1983</b> Public Law 98-21, enacted April 20	Payments may be made to persons who are residents of public emergency shelters for the homeless for a period of up to 3 months in any 12-month period.
<b>1986</b> Public Law 99-643, enacted November 10	Effective July 1, 1987, disabled or blind recipients who were receiving special SSI payments or had special SSI recipient status under section 1619 in the month preceding the first full month of institutionalization, may receive payments based on the full federal benefit rate for the initial 2 full months of institutionalization, if they reside in certain public medical, psychiatric or Medicaid facilities, or in private Medicaid facilities.
<b>1987</b> Public Law 100-203, enacted December 22	Effective January 1, 1988, payments may be made to persons who are residents of public emergency shelters for the homeless, for up to 6 months in a 9-month period.
	Effective July 1, 1988, continued payment of SSI benefits for up to 3 months is permitted, at the rate that was applicable in the month prior to the first full month of institutionalization, for individuals whose expected institutional stay on admission is not likely to exceed 3 months, as certified by a physician, and for whom the receipt of benefits is necessary to maintain living arrangements to which they may return.
<b>1996</b> Public Law 104-193, enacted August 22	Effective December 1996, institutionalized children under age 18 whose private health insur- ance is making payments to the institution may receive no more than \$30 per month in fed- eral SSI.

## **Vocational Rehabilitation and Treatment**

## 1972

Public Law 92-603, enacted October 30

## 1976

Public Law 94-566, enacted October 20 Blind or disabled children under age 16 must be referred to the state agency administering crippled children's services or to another agency designated by the state. States are reimbursed for the cost of services.

Blind or disabled individuals receiving federal SSI benefits who are under age 65, must be

referred to the state agency providing services under the Vocational Rehabilitation Act and

must accept the services offered. States are reimbursed for the cost of services.

Of funds provided for these services, at least 90 percent must be used for children under age 6 or for those who have never attended public schools.

## 1980

Public Law 96-265, enacted June 9 Disabled SSI recipients who medically recover while enrolled in approved vocational rehabilitation programs of state VR agencies, may continue to receive benefits during their participation in such programs if the Commissioner of Social Security determines that continuation in the program will increase the probability that they leave the rolls permanently.

## 1981

Public Law 97-35, enacted August 13

Funding no longer provided under title XVI for medical, social, developmental and rehabilitative services to disabled or blind children.

Reimbursement for the cost of rehabilitation services will be made if the services result in the recipient's return to work.

## 1984

Public Law 98-460,Autenacted October 9who

Authorizes the reimbursement of states for the cost of VR services provided to individuals who (1) continue to receive benefits after medical recovery because they are participating in a state VR program or (2) refuse, without good cause, to continue in or cooperate with the VR program in which they had been participating.

## 1987

Public Law 100-203, enacted December 22

## 1990

Public Law 101-508, enacted November 5 Provision for continuation of payments to SSI recipients who have medically recovered while enrolled in an approved vocational rehabilitation program extended to blind SSI recipients.

Reimbursement authorized for the cost of vocational rehabilitation services provided in months in which the individual was not receiving federal SSI payments, if:

- SSI recipient status for Medicaid eligibility purposes was retained under work incentive provisions, or
- Benefits were in suspense<sup>2</sup> status (for a reason other than cessation of disability or blindness), or
- Federally administered state supplementation was received.

Extends the provision providing for benefit continuation to SSI recipients who medically recover while participating in a state VR program to include SSI recipients participating in a non-state VR program.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Recipients who have lost eligibility for SSI benefits for fewer than 13 consecutive months are in suspended payment status.

1994

*Public Law 106-170, enacted December 17* Establishes a program which will provide SSI (and OASDI) disability beneficiaries with a ticket that can be used to obtain vocational rehabilitation services, employment services, or other support services, from an employment network of their choice.

## Continuing Disability Reviews and Eligibility Redeterminations

#### Public Law 103-296, enacted August 15 During each of fiscal years 1996, 1997, and 1998, requires SSA to conduct continuing disability reviews (CDRs) on a minimum of 100,000 SSI recipients. In addition, during the same period, requires SSA to redetermine the SSI eligibility of at least one-third of all childhood SSI recipients who reach age 18 after April 1995 during the 1-year period following attainment of age 18. Redeterminations for persons turning age 18 could count toward the 100,000 CDR requirement.

## 1996

Public Law 104-193, enacted August 22 Repeals the requirement that SSA redetermine the eligibility of at least one-third of all childhood SSI recipients who reach age 18 after April 1995 during the 1-year period following attainment of age 18.

Requires a CDR:

- At least once every 3 years for SSI recipients under age 18 who are eligible by reason of an impairment which is likely to improve, and
- Not later than 12 months after birth for recipients whose low birth weight is a contributing factor material to the determination of their disability.

Requires eligibility redetermination for all childhood SSI recipients eligible for the month before the month in which they attain age 18.

Requires redetermination of eligibility for children considered disabled based on an individual functional assessment and/or consideration of maladaptive behavior.

Requires the representative payee of a childhood disability recipient whose continuing eligibility is being reviewed to present evidence that the recipient is receiving treatment which is considered medically necessary and available for the condition which was the basis for providing SSI benefits.

## 1997

Public Law 105-33,<br/>enacted August 5Modifies provision of Public Law 104-193 to extend from 12 to 18 months the period for rede-<br/>termining the disability of children under age 18 under the new childhood disability standard.

Modifies provision of Public Law 104-193 to permit SSA to schedule a CDR for a disabled child for whom low birth weight is a contributing factor material to the determination of disability, at a date after the child's first birthday if the Commissioner determines the impairment is not expected to improve within 12 months of the child's birth.

Modifies provision of Public Law 104-193 to provide SSA the authority to make redeterminations of disabled childhood recipients who attain age 18, more than 1 year after the date such recipient attains age 18.

## 1999

Public Law 106-170, enacted December 17 Prohibits the initiation of a CDR during the period that a recipient is using a "ticket" to work.

## **Deeming of Income and Resources**

**1972** Public Law 92-603, enacted October 30

603, Deeming occurs when the income and resources of certain family members living in the er 30 same household with the SSI recipient are considered in determining the amount of the SSI

	gible parents of a child recipient under age 21.
	After deduction of personal allocations for the spouse (or parents) and for ineligible children in the home, and after application of income exclusions, any remaining income of the spouse (or parents) is added to the income of the eligible person.
<b>1980</b> Public Law 96-265, enacted June 9	Children aged 18 or older are not subject to parental deeming. Sponsor's income and resources deemed to an alien for 3 years.
<b>1989</b> Public Law 101-239, enacted December 19	Disabled children receiving home care services under state Medicaid programs, who are ineligible for SSI because of deeming of parental income, and who received SSI benefits limited to \$30 while in a medical treatment facility may receive the \$30 monthly allowance that would be payable if the recipient were institutionalized.
<b>1993</b> Public Law 103-152, enacted November 24	Sponsor-to-alien deeming period extended from 3 years to 5 years, effective January 1, 1994, through September 30, 1996.
	Considers an ineligible spouse or parent who is absent from the household due to active mil- itary service to be a member of the household for deeming purposes.
<b>1996</b> Public Law 104-193, enacted August 22	Deeming of income and resources from an immigration sponsor to a noncitizen continues until citizenship, with exceptions for those who earn, or can be credited with, 40 qualifying quarters of earnings. Effective for those whose sponsor signs a new legally enforceable affi- davit of support.
Public Law 104-208,	Amends Public Law 104-193 to add two exceptions to the sponsor-to-alien deeming:
enacted September 30	<ul> <li>Provides that if the noncitizen is indigent and would be unable to obtain food and shel- ter without SSI benefits even after receiving support from the sponsor, then only the amount of income and resources actually provided by the sponsor will be counted for a 12-month period after a determination of indigence; and</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Provides that in certain cases, deeming would not apply for a 12-month period (with some options for extension) if the noncitizen (or his/her children) has been battered, or subjected to extreme cruelty by family members.</li> </ul>
<b>1997</b> Public Law 105-33, enacted August 5	Amends Public Law 104-208 to add an additional exception to sponsor-to-alien deeming when the parent of a noncitizen has been battered or subjected to extreme cruelty by family members.
	Federal Benefit Payments

payment. These family members are the ineligible spouse of an adult recipient and the ineli-

## Federal Benefit Rates

Basic benefit standards are used in computing the amount of federal SSI payments. Benefit levels differ for individuals and couples living in households and for persons in Medicaid institutions. Individuals or couples living in their own households receive the full federal benefit. If an individual or couple is living in another person's household and receiving support and maintenance there, the federal benefit is reduced by one-third. The federal benefit rates for persons in households are increased annually to reflect increases in the cost of living. Legislation affecting the level of federal benefit rates since the inception of the SSI program are summarized in table 2.B1.

## Windfall Offset

Offset (by reduction of retroactive Social Security benefits) to prevent persons whose initial OASDI payment is retroactive from receiving more in total benefits for the same period than if they were paid the benefits when regularly due.

**1984** Public Law 98-617, enacted November 8

Public Law 96-265,

enacted June 9

## Proration of Benefit

## 1982

1980

Public Law 97-248, enacted September 3

## 1996

1981

1984

Public Law 104-193, enacted August 22

Public Law 97-35,

enacted August 13

Public Law 98-369,

enacted July 18

Offset provision expanded to allow for reduction of retroactive SSI benefits and to apply in cases of OASDI benefit reinstatement.

# Benefit for first month of eligibility to be prorated by the number of days in the month for which an application has been filed and there is eligibility.

Changes the effective date of an SSI application to the first day of the month following the date on which the application was filed or on which the individual first becomes eligible, whichever is later. This, in effect, eliminates prorated payments in initial claims.

## **Retrospective Monthly Accounting**

Changes the method of computing the SSI benefit to one under which the benefit amount is computed on a monthly basis and is based on income and other characteristics in the previous (or second previous) month.

Changes the method of computing the SSI benefit to persons receiving title II payments. The effect of the increased title II income at the time of the cost-of-living increase is not delayed as it otherwise would be.

## 1987

Public Law 100-203, enacted December 22

## 1993

Public Law 103-66, enacted August 10

1981

Public Law 97-35, enacted August 13

## 1987

Public Law 100-86, enacted August 10

## 1982

Public Law 97-248, enacted September 3 Provides an exception to retrospective monthly accounting so that amounts received under Aid to Families With Dependent Children (AFDC), foster care, refugee cash assistance, Cuban-Haitian entrant assistance, or general and child welfare assistance provided by the Bureau of Indian Affairs are counted only in the month received.

Changes the method of computing the SSI benefit to persons receiving the value of the one-third reduction. The effect of the increased value at the time of the cost-of-living increase is not delayed as it otherwise would be. Effective January 1995.

## Uncashed Checks

States that have federally administered supplements to be credited their share of SSI checks that remain unnegotiated for 180 days.

SSI checks now unnegotiable after 1 year. States are credited their share of SSI checks after 1 year rather than 180 days.

## **Rounding of Payment Amounts**

Cost-of-living adjustments in the federal SSI benefit and income eligibility levels are to be rounded to the next lower whole dollar, after the adjustment is calculated. Subsequent cost-of-living adjustments will be calculated on the previous year's benefit standard before round-ing.

## Penalties Resulting in Nonpayment of Benefits

1999

Public Law 106-169, enacted December 14 Provides a penalty under the SSI program for the disposal of resources at less than fair market value. The penalty is a loss of benefits for up to 36 months. A formula is provided to determine the number of months.

Provides for the nonpayment of OASDI and SSI benefits (6, 12 and 24 months, respectively, for the first, second, and third or subsequent violations) for individuals found to have made a statement or representation of material fact for use in determining eligibility for benefits that the individual knew, or should have known, was false or misleading or omitted a material fact.

## **Exclusions from Income**

## **General Exclusions**

## 1972

Public Law 92-603, enacted October 30 The first \$60 of earned or unearned income per calendar quarter for an individual or couple; the next \$195 and one-half the remainder of quarterly earned income. Unearned income includes Social Security benefits, other government or private pensions, veterans' benefits, and workers' compensation.

1981

Public Law 97-35, enacted August 13 The first \$20 of earned or unearned income per month for an individual or couple; the next \$65 and one-half the remainder of monthly earned income. Unearned income includes Social Security benefits, other government or private pensions, veterans' benefits, and workers' compensation.

## 2000

Public Law 106-554, enacted December 21

## 1972

Public Law 92-603, enacted October 30 Earnings of persons defined as Social Security statutory employees are treated as selfemployment income for SSI purposes.

## Special Exclusions

Any amount of tax rebate issued to an individual by any public agency that is based on either real property or food purchase taxes.

Grants, scholarships, and fellowships used to pay tuition and fees at an educational institution.

Income required for achieving an approved self-support plan for blind or disabled persons.

Work expenses of blind persons.

For blind persons transferred from state programs to SSI, income exclusions equal to the maximum amount permitted as of October 1972 under the state programs.

Irregularly or infrequently received income totaling \$60 or less of unearned income and \$30 of earned income in a calendar quarter.

Payment for foster care of ineligible child residing in recipient's home through placement by a public or private nonprofit child care agency.

One-third of any payment received from an absent parent for the support of a child eligible for SSI.

Certain earnings of a blind or disabled child under age 22 regularly attending an educational institution.

State or local government cash payments based on need and designed to supplement SSI payments.

<b>1976</b> Public Law 94-331, enacted June 30	Disaster assistance from income for 9 months and application of one-third reduction for 6 months for certain victims of disasters.
Public Law 94-566, enacted October 20	Any assistance based on need (including vendor payments) made to or on behalf of SSI recipients, which is paid and wholly funded by state or local governments.
	The value of assistance provided under certain federal housing programs.
1977	
Public Law 95-113, enacted September 29	Food stamps, federally donated food, and the value of free or reduced price food for women and children under the Child Nutrition Act and National School Lunch Act.
Public Law 95-171, enacted November 12	Provisions for exclusions for support and maintenance under the Disaster Relief and Emer- gency Assistance Act of 1974 extended on a permanent basis. Effective January 1, 1978.
<b>1980</b> Public Law 96-222, enacted April 1	Earned income tax credit treated as earned income (temporarily excluded from 1975 through 1980).
Public Law 96-265, enacted June 9	Remunerations received in sheltered workshops and work activity centers are considered earned income and qualify for earned income exclusions.
	Impairment-related work expenses paid by the individual (including cost for attendant care, medical equipment, drugs, and services necessary to control an impairment) are deducted from earnings when determining if an individual is engaging in substantial gainful activity. Impairment-related work expenses are excluded in calculating income for benefit purposes if initial eligibility for benefits exists on the basis of countable income without applying this exclusion.
1091	
<b>1981</b> Public Law 97-35, enacted August 13	Modifies provision under which irregularly or infrequently received income is excluded to conform to change from quarterly to monthly accounting; amounts excludable: \$20 or less of unearned income and \$10 of earned income in a month.
1982	
Public Law 97-377, enacted December 21	From December 18, 1982, to September 30, 1983, certain home energy assistance pay- ments are excluded if a state agency certified that they are based on need.
1983	
Public Law 97-424, enacted January 6	Support or maintenance assistance (including home energy assistance) provided in kind by a nonprofit organization or in cash or in kind by certain providers of home energy is excluded if the state determines that the assistance is based on need. Provision is applicable through September 1984.
	Certain home energy assistance payments are excluded if a state agency certified that the assistance is based on need. Provision is applicable through June 1985.
<b>1984</b> Public Law 98-369, enacted July 18	The 1983 provisions for support and maintenance and home energy assistance continue to October 1, 1987.
<b>1986</b> Public Law 99-498, enacted October 17	Educational assistance used for educational expenses under the Higher Education Act of 1965 as amended.
1987	
Public Law 100-203, enacted December 22	The 1983 provisions for support and maintenance and home energy assistance made per- manent.

Death payments (for example, proceeds from life insurance) from SSI income determinations to the extent they were spent on last illness and burial.

Modifies the 1982 resource exclusion for burial funds to extend the exclusion to any burial fund of \$1,500 or less maintained separately from all other assets, thereby allowing the interest on the funds to be excluded from income if retained in the fund.

## 1988

Public Law 100-383, enacted August 10

## 1989

Public Law 101-239,	Interest on agreements representing the purchase of an excluded burial space.
enacted December 19	Payments from the Agent Orange Settlement.

Value of a ticket for domestic travel received as a gift and not cashed.

## 1990

Public Law 101-508, enacted November 5

Earned income tax credit (including the child health insurance portion).

Restitution payments made to Japanese internees and relocated Aleutians.

Payments received from a state-administered fund established to aid victims of crime.

Impairment-related work expenses excluded from income in determining initial eligibility for benefits.

Payments received as state or local government relocation assistance.

Payments received under the Radiation Exposure Compensation Act.

Redefines as earned income, royalties earned in connection with any publication of the individual's work, and honoraria received for services rendered (previously defined as unearned income).

## 1993

Public Law 103-66,<br/>enacted August 10Hostile fire pay to members of the uniformed services.Payments received as state or local government relocation assistance made permanent.

## 1994

Public Law 103-286, enacted August 1

## 1998

Public Law 105-285, enacted October 27

Public Law 105-306, enacted October 28

Payments to victims of Nazi persecution.

Funds made available to an SSI recipient by a state or local government or a nonprofit organization as part of the Individual Development Account demonstration project.

In-kind gifts to children with life-threatening conditions by tax-exempt organizations not converted to cash.

The first \$2,000 annually of cash gifts by tax-exempt organizations to, or for the benefit of, individuals under age 18 with life-threatening conditions.

Payments made under the Ricky Ray Hemophilia Relief Fund Act of 1998.

Public Law 105-369, enacted November 12

## 2000

Public Law 106-554, enacted December 21 Interest on funds deposited in an Individual Development Account.

Any adjustments made to prior payments from other federal programs to account for the error in the computation of the consumer price index during 1999.

## Limits and Exclusions from Resources

#### 1972

Public Law 92-603, Countable resources limited to \$1,500 or less for an individual and to \$2,250 or less for a enacted October 30 couple.

## 1984

enacted July 18

Public Law 98-369, Limit on countable resources raised by \$100 a year for individuals and \$150 a year for couples, beginning in calendar year 1985 through 1989. The respective limits would become \$2,000 for an individual and \$3,000 for a couple in 1989 and thereafter.

## 1999

1972

Public Law 106-169. enacted December 14

Includes generally in the countable resources of an individual the assets of a trust which could be used for the benefit of the individual or spouse.

#### General Exclusions

Public Law 92-603, A home of reasonable value—established by regulation as not exceeding a fair-market value enacted October 30 of \$25,000 (\$35,000 in Alaska and Hawaii).

> Personal effects and household goods of reasonable value established by *regulation* as not exceeding a total market value of \$1,500.

An automobile of reasonable value—established by regulation as not exceeding a market value of \$1,200.

An automobile may be excluded, regardless of value, if the individual's household uses it for employment or medical treatment, or if it is modified to be operated by or for transportation of a handicapped person.

Life insurance with face value of \$1,500 or less.

## 1976

Public Law 94-569, enacted October 20

The recipient's home, regardless of value, is excluded from consideration in determining resources.

## 1977

Public Law 95-171. Assistance received under the Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act of 1974 for enacted November 12 9 months following receipt.

1979

Reasonable value for an automobile increased by regulation to \$4,500 of current-market value; personal goods and household effects increased to \$2,000 of equity value.

## 1980

Public Law 96-611. enacted December 28 Assets transferred for less than fair market value for the purpose of establishing eligibility for benefits under the Social Security Act are counted as resources for 24 months after transfer.

#### 1982

Public Law 97-248, enacted September 3 The value, within prescribed limits, of a burial space for the recipient, spouse, and immediate family is excluded. In addition, \$1,500 each (less the value of already excluded life insurance and any amount in an irrevocable burial arrangement) may be set aside for the burial of the recipient and spouse, if held in separately identifiable burial funds and if inclusion of any of the burial funds in countable resources would cause the resource limit to be exceeded.

#### 1984

Public Law 98-369, The unspent portion of any retroactive title II or title XVI payment is excluded for 6 months enacted July 18 following its receipt, and the individual must be given written notice of the time limit on the exclusion.

1985	<i>Regulations</i> permit exclusion, regardless of value, of an automobile needed for essential transportation or modified for a handicapped person. The \$4,500 current market value limit applies only if no automobile could be excluded based on the nature of its use.
<b>1987</b> Public Law 100-203, enacted December 22	Provides for suspension of the 1980 transfer of assets provision, in any month that it is deter- mined that undue hardship would result.
	Real property that cannot be sold because it is jointly owned; its sale would cause the other owner(s) undue hardship due to loss of housing; its sale is barred by a legal impediment; or, the owner's reasonable efforts to sell have been unsuccessful.
	Temporarily extends the 1984 exclusion of retroactive title II and title XVI benefits from 6 months to 9 months (the longer exclusion applies to benefits paid in fiscal years 1988 and 1989).
	Allows the exclusion of burial funds, as described above, regardless of whether or not count- ing any portion of those funds would result in excess resources.
<b>1988</b> Public Law 100-360, enacted July 1	Removes the transfer-of-assets penalty for transfers made July 1, 1988, or later.
Public Law 100-707, enacted November 23	Removes the time limit for exclusion of disaster assistance.
	Special Exclusions
<b>1972</b> Public Law 92-603, enacted October 30	Assets of a blind or disabled individual that are necessary to an approved plan of self-sup- port.
	Tools and other property essential to self-support (PESS), within reasonable limits. Shares of nonnegotiable stock in regional or village corporations held by natives of Alaska.
	For persons transferred from state programs to SSI, resource exclusions equal to the maxi- mum amount permitted as of October 1972 under the state program.
<b>1988</b> Public Law 100-383, enacted August 10	Restitution payments made to Japanese internees and relocated Aleutians.
<b>1989</b> Public Law 101-239, enacted December 19	Specifies that no limitation can be placed on property essential to self-support used in a trade or business, or by an individual as an employee (including the tools of a tradesperson and the machinery and livestock of a farmer).
	Payments from the Agent Orange Settlement.
<b>1990</b> Public Law 101-508,	Earned income tax credit excluded for the month following the month the credit is received.
enacted November 5	Payments received from a state-administered fund established to aid victims of crime
	excluded for a 9-month period. Individual not required to file for such benefits.
	Payments received as state or local government relocation assistance excluded for a 9-month period. (The provision expired 3 years after its effective date.)
	Payments received under the Radiation Exposure Compensation Act.

Public Law 103-66,Makes permanent the 9-month exclusion of payments received as state or local governmentenacted August 10relocation assistance.

Payments to victims of Nazi persecution.

#### 1994

Public Law 103-286, enacted August 1

## 1996

Public Law 104-193,<br/>enacted August 22Dedicated financial institution accounts required to be established for large past-due benefits<br/>for disabled individuals under age 18 with a representative payee.

## 1998

Public Law 105-285,	Funds made available to an SSI recipient by a state or local government or a nonprofit orga-
enacted October 27	nization as part of the Individual Development Account demonstration project.
Public Law 105-306,	In-kind gifts to children with life-threatening conditions by tax-exempt organizations not con-
enacted October 28	verted to cash.

Payments made under the Ricky Ray Hemophilia Relief Fund Act of 1998.

verted to cash. The first \$2,000 annually of cash gifts by tax-exempt organizations to, or for the benefit of, individuals under age 18 with life-threatening conditions.

Public Law 105-369, enacted November 12

## 2000

Public Law 106-554, enacted December 21

Funds deposited by an individual in an Individual Development Account and the interest on those funds.

## Presumptive and Emergency Payments and Interim Assistance Reimbursement

## **Presumptive Payments**

#### **1972** Public

Public Law 92-603, enacted October 30 A person applying on the basis of disability who meets all other criteria of eligibility, and is likely to be disabled, may receive payments for 3 months pending the disability determination.

Presumptive payment provision was extended to persons applying on the basis of blindness.

## 1976

Public Law 94-569, enacted October 20

## 1990

1972

Public Law 101-508, enacted November 5

Public Law 92-603,

enacted October 30

Extends the period for receipt of payments to 6 months.

## **Emergency Advance Payments**

Any applicant who can be presumed to meet the criteria of eligibility, but has not yet been determined eligible, and who is faced with a financial emergency may receive an immediate cash advance of up to \$100.

## 1987

Public Law 100-203, enacted December 22 Increases the maximum emergency advance payment amount to the maximum amount of the regular federal SSI monthly benefit rate, plus, if any, the federally administered state supplementary payment.

Public Law 104-193, enacted August 22 Applicants who have a financial emergency may receive an emergency advance payment in the month of application, which, effective with this law, is always prior to the first month of eligibility. These advance payments are recouped by proportional reductions in the recipient's first 6 months of SSI benefits.

## Interim Assistance Reimbursement

## 1974

Public Law 93-368, enacted August 7 SSA may enter into agreements with the states to repay them directly for assistance payments made to an SSI applicant while his/her claim is being adjudicated. The repayment is made from the first check due to the individual. This legislation expires June 30, 1976.

#### 1976

Public Law 94-365, enacted July 14

## 1987

Public Law 100-203, enacted December 22 The authority to repay the state for interim assistance is made permanent.

Extends interim assistance reimbursement to situations in which payments are made by states or political subdivisions to persons whose SSI payments were suspended or terminated and who subsequently are found to be eligible for such benefits. Also clarifies that the payment from which the interim assistance reimbursement is paid must be the first payment of benefits relating to the interim period.

## Medicaid Eligibility

## 1972

Public Law 92-603, enacted October 30 States can provide Medicaid coverage to all recipients of SSI payments. Alternatively, they can limit coverage by applying more restrictive criteria from the state Medicaid plan in effect on January 1, 1972.

States can accept SSA determination of eligibility, or make their own determination.

due to the cost-of-living increases in Social Security benefits.

## 1976

Public Law 94-566, enacted October 20

## 1980

Public Law 96-265, Blind enacted June 9 payme

Blind or disabled recipients under age 65 no longer eligible for either regular or special SSI payments because of their earnings may retain SSI recipient status for Medicaid eligibility purposes under the following conditions: (1) they continue to have the disabling impairment, (2) they meet all nondisability eligibility criteria except for earned income, (3) they would be seriously inhibited from continuing employment without Medicaid services, and (4) their earnings are insufficient to provide a reasonable equivalent of SSI payments and Medicaid.

Preserves the Medicaid eligibility of recipients who become ineligible for cash SSI payments

In states that do not provide Medicaid coverage categorically to all SSI recipients, qualification for Medicaid benefits depends on the state's specific eligibility and program requirements.

The Medicaid provision of the 1980 legislation was in effect from January 1, 1981, through December 31, 1983. Under a 1-year demonstration project, beginning January 1, 1984, this provision was continued for persons already eligible for regular or special SSI payments or for retention of Medicaid eligibility.

## 1984

Public Law 98-460, enacted October 9 Medicaid provision of 1980 legislation extended through June 30, 1987 (retroactive to January 1, 1984).

Public Law 99-272,<br/>enacted April 7Restores Medicaid eligibility for some disabled widow(er)s who became ineligible for SSI<br/>when their title II benefits increased in 1984 because of a change in the Social Security dis-<br/>abled widow(er)s benefits reduction factor.

Public Law 99-643, enacted November 10

*r* The SSI recipient status for Medicaid eligibility provision of the 1980 amendments is made *r* 10 permanent.

Effective July 1, 1987, certain expenses are excluded from earnings when determining sufficiency of earnings to establish SSI recipient status eligibility for Medicaid purposes:

- Impairment-related work expenses of disabled persons,
- Work expenses of blind persons,
- Income required for achieving an approved self-support plan, and
- The value of publicly funded attendant care services.

Effective July 1, 1987, preserves the Medicaid eligibility of recipients who become ineligible for SSI payments because of entitlement to, or an increase in, Social Security disabled adult child benefits on or after the effective date.

Effective July 1, 1987, requires all states to provide Medicaid coverage for recipients in special SSI status (either receiving special SSI payments or in the special recipient status described for 1980) if they received Medicaid coverage the month before special SSI status.

## 1987

Public Law 100-203, enacted December 22

Effective July 1, 1988, restores or preserves the Medicaid eligibility of persons aged 60 or
 older who are eligible for Social Security benefits as widows or widowers (but not eligible for
 Medicare) and who become ineligible for SSI payments or state supplementation because of
 the receipt of Old-Age or Survivors Insurance benefits under Social Security.

## 1990

Public Law 101-508, enacted November 5

Age limit for retention of SSI recipient status for Medicaid eligibility purposes is (1980 and subsequent work incentive provisions, above) eliminated.

Preserves the Medicaid eligibility of SSI recipients who become ineligible for payments when they become entitled to Social Security disabled widow(er)s benefits following the revised definition used for their disability.

## 1997

Public Law 105-33, enacted August 5 Requires states to continue Medicaid coverage for disabled children who were receiving SSI payments as of August 22, 1996 and would have continued to be eligible for such payments except that their eligibility terminated because they did not meet the revised SSI childhood disability standard established under Public Law 104-193.

## **State Supplementation**

1972

Public Law 92-603, enacted October 30

503, States are given the option of providing supplementary payments both to recipients transferred from the state program and to those newly eligible for SSI.

States may either administer the payments themselves or have the Social Security Administration make payments on their behalf. When state supplementary payments are federally administered, the Social Security Administration makes eligibility and payment determinations for the state and assumes administrative costs.

"Hold harmless" protection, which limits a state's fiscal liability to its share of OAA, AB, and APTD expenditures for calendar year 1972, is provided to states electing federal administration of their supplementary plans. This provision applies only to supplementary payments that do not, on the average, exceed a state's "adjusted payment level." (The adjusted payment level is the average of the payments that individuals with no other income received in January 1972; it may include the bonus value of food stamps. Adjustments are provided for payments that had been below state standards.)

## 1973

Public Law 93-66,<br/>enacted July 9Provision is made for mandatory state supplementation as assurance against reduction of<br/>income for persons who received state assistance in December 1973 and were transferred<br/>to SSI. These supplementary payments must equal the difference between (1) the amount of<br/>the state assistance payment that the individual received in December 1973 plus other<br/>income and (2) his/her federal SSI payment plus other income.

## 1976

Public Law 94-585, enacted October 21 After June 30, 1977, when the federal SSI payment level is increased by a cost-of-living increase, such an increase will be excluded in calculating the "hold harmless" amount.

Requires states to maintain state supplementation payments at the level of December 1976 ("maintenance of payments") or to continue to pay in supplements the same total annual amounts ("maintenance of expenditures") when the federal SSI payment level is increased and thereby pass through any increases in federal benefits without reducing state supplements.

## 1982

*Public Law 97-248, enacted September 3* Begins a 3-year phase out of "hold harmless" protection. Effective with fiscal year 1985, Wisconsin and Hawaii (the only remaining "hold harmless" states) assumed the full cost of their supplementary payments.

## 1983

Public Law 98-21,<br/>enacted April 20Federal pass-through law is adjusted (1) by substituting the state supplementary payment<br/>levels in effect in March 1983 for those in effect in December 1976 as the levels that states<br/>must maintain in complying with the pass-through requirements, and (2) with regard to the<br/>\$20 (individual) and \$30 (couple) increase in the federal SSI standard in July 1983, by requir-

adjustment had been made in July 1983.

## 1987

Public Law 100-203,<br/>enacted December 22Provides for federal administration of state supplements to residents of medical institutions.Provides for required pass through of \$5 increase in federal rate for persons whose care in<br/>institutions is paid in substantial part by Medicaid.

## 1993

Public Law 103-66, enacted August 10

Requires states to pay fees for federal administration of their state supplementation payments. The fees are \$1.67 for each monthly supplementary payment in fiscal year 1994, \$3.33 in fiscal year 1995, and \$5.00 in fiscal year 1996. Fees for subsequent fiscal years will be \$5.00 or another amount determined by the Commissioner to be appropriate. The Commissioner may charge the states additional fees for services they request that are beyond the level customarily provided in administering state supplementary payments.

ing states to pass through only as much as would have been required if the SSI cost-of-living

## 1997

Public Law 105-33, enacted August 5 Revises the schedule of per-payment fees for federal administration of state supplementation for fiscal years 1998 (\$6.20) through 2002 (\$8.50) and provides a formula for determining the fee beyond fiscal year 2002. The scheduled fees for fiscal years 1999, 2000, and 2001 are \$7.60; \$7.80; and \$8.10, respectively.

## 1999

Public Law 106-170, enacted December 17 A state which has an agreement with SSA to administer its supplementation payments, must remit both payments and fees prior to the SSI payment date.

*Public Law 106-554,* Changes the effective date of above provision from 2009 to 2001. *enacted December 21* 

## **Overpayment Recovery**

## 1984

*Public Law 98-369, enacted July 18* Limits the rate of recovering overpayments from monthly payments to the lesser of (1) the monthly payment, or (2) 10 percent of a recipient's monthly income. Permits a higher or lower adjustment at the request of the recipient subject to the agreement of the Commissioner. The limit does not apply if fraud, willful misrepresentation, or concealment of material information was involved on the part of the recipient or spouse in connection with the overpayment.

Waives recovery of certain overpayments due to amount of excess resources of \$50 or less.

Provides for the recovery of overpayments from tax refunds.

## 1988

Public Law 100-485, enacted October 13 Extends the authority to recover overpayments from tax refunds.

## 1998

Public Law 105-306, enacted October 28

Authorizes SSA to collect SSI overpayments by offsetting Social Security benefits, with a maximum monthly offset of no more than 10 percent of the Social Security benefit.

#### 1999

Public Law 106-169, enacted December 14 Makes representative payees liable for an SSI overpayment caused by a payment made to a recipient who has died, and requires SSA to establish an overpayment control record under the representative payee's Social Security number.

Requires SSA to recover SSI overpayments from SSI lump-sum amounts by withholding at least 50 percent of the lump-sum payment or the amount of the overpayment, whichever is less.

Extends all of the debt collection authorities currently available for the collection of overpayments under the OASDI program to the SSI program.

## Medicare

The following summary of the Medicare program is intended for informational purposes only. It is not an official statement of policy that can be relied upon in lieu of the appropriate law, regulations, and rulings. This narrative is not intended to render legal or other professional advice; therefore, it should not be relied upon for making specific legal decisions. Instead, the law, regulations, and rulings should be consulted for purposes of making such decisions.

## **Overview**

Title XVIII of the Social Security Act, designated "Health Insurance for the Aged and Disabled," is commonly known as Medicare. As part of the Social Security Amendments of 1965, the Medicare legislation established a health insurance program for aged persons to complement the retirement, survivors, and disability insurance benefits under title II of the Social Security Act.

When first implemented in 1966, Medicare covered most persons aged 65 or older. In 1973, the following groups also became eligible for benefits: persons entitled to Social Security or Railroad Retirement disability cash benefits for at least 24 months, most persons with end stage renal disease (ESRD), and certain otherwise noncovered aged persons who elect to pay a premium for Medicare coverage. The Medicare, Medicaid, and SCHIP Benefits Improvement and Protection Act of 2000 (Public Law 106-554) allows persons with amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (Lou Gehrig's disease) to waive the 24-month waiting period.

Medicare has traditionally consisted of two parts: Hospital Insurance (HI), also known as Part A, and Supplementary Medical Insurance (SMI), also known as Part B. A new, third part of Medicare, sometimes known as Part C, is the Medicare+Choice program, which was established by the Balanced Budget Act (BBA) of 1997 (Public Law 105-33) and which expanded beneficiaries' options for participation in private-sector health care plans. When Medicare began on July 1, 1966, approximately 19 million people enrolled. In 2001, about 40 million people are enrolled in one or both of Parts A and B of the Medicare program, and 5.7 million of them have chosen to participate in a Medicare+Choice plan.

## Coverage

HI is generally provided automatically, and free of premiums, to persons aged 65 or older who are eligible for Social Security or Railroad Retirement benefits, whether they have claimed these monthly cash benefits or not. Also, workers and their spouses with a sufficient period of Medicare-only coverage in federal, state, or local government employment are eligible beginning at age 65. Similarly, individuals who have been entitled to Social Security or Railroad Retirement disability benefits for at least 24 months, and government employees with Medicare-only coverage who have been disabled for more than 29 months, are entitled to HI benefits. HI coverage is also provided to insured workers with ESRD (and to insured workers' spouses and children with ESRD), as well as to some otherwise ineligible aged and disabled beneficiaries who voluntarily pay a monthly premium for their coverage. In 2000, the HI program provided protection against the costs of hospital and specific other medical care to about 39 million people (34 million aged and 5 million disabled enrollees). HI benefit payments totaled \$128 billion in 2000.

The following health care services are covered under the HI program:

- Inpatient hospital care coverage includes costs of a semi-private room, meals, regular nursing services, operating and recovery rooms, intensive care, inpatient prescription drugs, laboratory tests, X-rays, psychiatric hospitals, inpatient rehabilitation, and longterm care (LTC) hospitalization when medically necessary, as well as all other medically necessary services and supplies provided in the hospital. An initial deductible payment is required of beneficiaries who are admitted to a hospital, plus copayments for all hospital days following day 60 within a benefit period (described later).
- Skilled nursing facility (SNF) care is covered by HI only if it follows within 30 days (generally) of a hospitalization of 3 days or more and is certified as medically necessary. Covered services are similar to those for inpatient hospital care but also include rehabilitation services and appliances. The number of SNF days provided under Medicare is limited to 100 days per benefit period (described later), with a copayment required for days 21–100. HI does not cover nursing facility care if the patient does not require skilled nursing or skilled rehabilitation services.
- Home health agency (HHA) care is covered by both HI and SMI. The BBA transferred from HI to SMI those home health services furnished on or after January 1, 1998 that are unassociated with a hospital or skilled nursing facility stay. HI will continue to cover the first 100 visits following a 3-day hospital stay or a skilled nursing facility stay; SMI covers any visits thereafter. Home health care under HI and SMI has no copayment and no deductible.

HHA care, including care provided by a home health aide, may be furnished part-time by a HHA in the residence of a home-bound beneficiary if intermittent or part-time skilled nursing and/or certain other therapy or rehabilitation care is necessary. Certain medical supplies and durable

## Medicare

medical equipment (DME) may also be provided, though beneficiaries must pay a 20-percent coinsurance for DME, as required under SMI. There must be a plan of treatment and periodical review by a physician. Full-time nursing care, food, blood, and drugs are not provided as HHA services.

 Hospice care is a service provided to terminally ill persons with life expectancies of 6 months or less who elect to forego the standard Medicare benefits for treatment of their illness and to receive only hospice care for it. Such care includes pain relief, supportive medical and social services, physical therapy, nursing services, and symptom management. However, if a hospice patient requires treatment for a condition that is not related to the terminal illness, Medicare will pay for all covered services necessary for that condition. The beneficiary pays no deductible for the hospice program, but does pay small coinsurance amounts for drugs and inpatient respite care.

An important HI component is the benefit period, which starts when the beneficiary first enters a hospital and ends when there has been a break of at least 60 consecutive days since inpatient hospital or skilled nursing care was provided. There is no limit to the number of benefit periods covered by HI during a beneficiary's lifetime; however, inpatient hospital care is normally limited to 90 days during a benefit period, and copayment requirements (detailed later) apply for days 61–90. If a beneficiary exhausts the 90 days of inpatient hospital care available in a benefit period, he or she can elect to use days of Medicare coverage from a nonrenewable "lifetime reserve" of up to 60 (total) additional days of inpatient hospital care. Copayments are also required for such additional days.

All citizens (and certain legal aliens) aged 65 or older, and all disabled persons entitled to coverage under HI, are eligible to enroll in the SMI program on a voluntary basis by payment of a monthly premium. Almost all persons entitled to HI choose to enroll in SMI. In 2000, the SMI program provided protection against the costs of physician and other medical services to about 37 million people (32 million aged and 5 million disabled). SMI benefits totaled \$88.9 billion in 2000.

The SMI program covers the following services and supplies:

 Physicians' and surgeons' services, including some covered services furnished by chiropractors, podiatrists, dentists, and optometrists. Also covered are the services provided by these Medicare-approved practitioners who are not physicians: certified registered nurse anesthetists, clinical psychologists, clinical social workers (other than in a hospital or skilled nursing facility), physician assistants, and nurse practitioners and clinical nurse specialists in collaboration with a physician.

- Services in an emergency room or outpatient clinic, including same-day surgery, and ambulance services.
- Home health care not covered under HI.
- Laboratory tests, X-rays, and other diagnostic radiology services, as well as certain preventive care screening tests.
- Ambulatory surgical center services in a Medicareapproved facility.
- Most physical and occupational therapy and speech pathology services.
- Comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation facility services, and mental health care in a partial hospitalization psychiatric program, if a physician certifies that inpatient treatment would be required without it.
- Radiation therapy, renal (kidney) dialysis and transplants, heart, lung, heart-lung, liver, pancreas, and bone marrow transplants, and, as of April 2001, intestinal transplants.
- Approved durable medical equipment for home use, such as oxygen equipment and wheelchairs, prosthetic devices, and surgical dressings, splints, and casts.
- Drugs and biologicals that cannot be self-administered, such as hepatitis B vaccines and immunosuppressive drugs (certain self-administered anticancer drugs are covered).

To be covered, all services must be either medically necessary or one of several prescribed preventive benefits. SMI services are generally subject to a deductible and coinsurance (see next section). Certain medical services and related care are subject to special payment rules, including deductibles (for blood), maximum approved amounts (for Medicare-approved physical, speech, or occupational therapy services performed after 2002 in settings other than hospitals), and higher cost-sharing requirements (such as those for outpatient treatments for mental illness).

It should be noted that some health care services are not covered by Medicare. Noncovered services include long-term nursing care, custodial care, and certain other health care needs, such as dentures and dental care, eyeglasses, hearing aids, and most prescription drugs. These services are not a part of the Medicare program unless they are a part of a private health plan under the Medicare+Choice program.

Medicare+Choice (Part C) is an expanded set of options for the delivery of health care under Medicare. While all Medicare beneficiaries can receive their benefits through the original fee-for-service (FFS) program, most beneficiaries enrolled in both HI and SMI can choose to participate in a Medicare+Choice plan instead. Organizations that seek to contract as Medicare+Choice plans must meet specific organizational, financial, and other requirements. Following are the primary Medicare+Choice plans:

- Coordinated care plans, which include health maintenance organizations (HMOs), provider-sponsored organizations (PSOs), preferred provider organizations (PPOs), and other certified coordinated care plans and entities that meet the standards set forth in the law.
- Private, unrestricted FFS plans, which allow beneficiaries to select certain private providers. For those providers who agree to accept the plan's payment terms and conditions, this option does not place the providers at risk, nor does it vary payment rates based on utilization.
- Medical savings account (MSA) plans, which provide benefits after a single high deductible is met. Medicare makes an annual deposit to the MSA, and the beneficiary is expected to use the money in the MSA to pay for medical expenses below the annual deductible. MSAs are currently a test program for a limited number of eligible Medicare beneficiaries.

Except for MSA plans, all Medicare+Choice plans are required to provide at least the current Medicare benefit package, excluding hospice services. Plans may offer additional covered services and are required to do so (or return excess payments) if plan costs are lower than the Medicare payments received by the plan. There are some restrictions as to who may elect an MSA plan, even when enrollment is no longer limited to a certain number of participants.

## Program Financing, Beneficiary Liabilities, and Provider Payments

All financial operations for Medicare are handled through two trust funds, one for the HI program and one for the SMI program. These trust funds, which are special accounts in the U.S. Treasury, are credited with all receipts and charged with all expenditures for benefits and administrative costs. The trust funds cannot be used for any other purpose. Assets not needed for the payment of costs are invested in special Treasury securities. The following sections describe Medicare's financing provisions, beneficiary cost-sharing requirements, and the basis for determining Medicare reimbursements to health care providers.

## **Program Financing**

The HI program is financed primarily through a mandatory payroll tax. Almost all employees and self-employed workers in the United States work in employment covered by the HI program and pay taxes to support the cost of benefits for aged and disabled beneficiaries. The HI tax rate is 1.45 percent of earnings, to be paid by each employee and a matching amount by the employer for each employee, and 2.90 percent for self-employed persons. Beginning in 1994, this tax is paid on all covered wages and self-employment income without limit. (Prior to 1994, the tax applied only up to a specified maximum amount of earnings.) The HI tax rate is specified in the Social Security Act and cannot be changed without legislation.

The HI trust fund also receives income from the following sources: (1) a portion of the income taxes levied on Social Security benefits paid to high-income beneficiaries; (2) premiums from certain persons who are not otherwise eligible and choose to enroll voluntarily; (3) reimbursements from the general fund of the U.S. Treasury for the cost of providing HI coverage to certain aged persons who retired when the HI program began and thus were unable to earn sufficient quarters of coverage (and those federal retirees similarly unable to earn sufficient quarters of Medicare-qualified federal employment); (4) interest earnings on its invested assets; and (5) other small miscellaneous income sources. The taxes paid each year are used mainly to pay benefits for current beneficiaries.

The SMI program is financed through premium payments (\$50 per beneficiary per month in 2001) and contributions from the general fund of the U.S. Treasury. Beneficiary premiums are generally set at a level that covers 25 percent of the average expenditures for aged beneficiaries. Therefore, the contributions from the general fund of the U.S. Treasury are the largest source of SMI income. The SMI trust fund also receives income from interest earnings on its invested assets, as well as a small amount of miscellaneous income. Beneficiary premiums and general fund payments are redetermined annually, to match estimated program costs for the following year.

Capitation payments to Medicare+Choice plans are financed from the HI and SMI trust funds in proportion to the relative weights of HI and SMI benefits to the total benefits paid by the Medicare program.

## **Beneficiary Payment Liabilities**

Fee-for-service beneficiaries are responsible for charges not covered by the Medicare program and for various cost-sharing aspects of both HI and SMI. These liabilities may be paid (1) by the Medicare beneficiary; (2) by a third party, such as an employer-sponsored retiree health plan or private "Medigap" insurance; or (3) by Medicaid, if the person is eligible. The term Medigap is used to mean private health insurance that pays, within limits, most of the health care service charges not covered by Parts A or B of Medicare. These policies, which must meet federally imposed standards, are offered by Blue Cross and Blue Shield (BC/BS) and various commercial health insurance companies.

For beneficiaries enrolled in Medicare+Choice plans, the beneficiary's payment share is based on the cost-sharing structure of the specific plan selected by the beneficiary, since each plan has its own requirements. Most plans have lower deductibles and coinsurance than are required of fee-for-service beneficiaries. Such beneficiaries pay the monthly Part B premium and may, depending on the plan, pay an additional plan premium.

For hospital care covered under HI, a fee-for-service beneficiary's payment share includes a one-time deductible amount at the beginning of each benefit period (\$792 in 2001). This deductible covers the beneficiary's part of the first 60 days of each spell of inpatient hospital care. If continued inpatient care is needed beyond the 60 days, additional coinsurance payments (\$198 per day in 2001) are required through the 90th day of a benefit period. Each HI beneficiary also has a "lifetime reserve" of 60 additional hospital days that may be used when the covered days within a benefit period have been exhausted. Lifetime reserve days may be used only once, and coinsurance payments (\$396 per day in 2001) are required.

For skilled nursing care covered under HI, Medicare fully covers the first 20 days of SNF care in a benefit period. But for days 21–100, a copayment (\$99 per day in 2001) is required from the beneficiary. After 100 days of SNF care per benefit period, Medicare pays nothing for SNF care. Home health care has no deductible or coinsurance payment by the beneficiary. In any HI service, the beneficiary is responsible for fees to cover the first 3 pints or units of nonreplaced blood per calendar year. The beneficiary has the option of paying the fee or of having the blood replaced.

There are no premiums for most people covered by the HI program. Eligibility is generally earned through the work experience of the beneficiary or of his or her spouse. However, most aged people who are otherwise ineligible for premium-free HI coverage can enroll voluntarily by paying a monthly premium, if they also enroll in SMI. For people with fewer than 30 quarters of coverage as defined by the Social Security Administration (SSA), the 2001 HI monthly premium rate is \$300; for those with 30 to 39 quarters of coverage, the rate is reduced to \$165. Voluntary coverage upon payment of the HI premium, with or without enrolling in SMI, is also available to disabled individuals for whom cash benefits have ceased due to earnings in excess of those allowed for receiving cash benefits.

For SMI, the beneficiary's payment share includes the following: one annual deductible (currently \$100); the monthly premiums; the coinsurance payments for SMI services (usually 20 percent of the medically allowed charges); a deductible for blood; certain charges above the Medicare-allowed charge (for claims not on assignment); and payment for any services that are not covered by Medicare. For outpatient mental health treatment services, the beneficiary is liable for 50 percent of the approved charges.

## **Provider Payments**

For HI, before 1983, payments to providers were made on a reasonable cost basis. Medicare payments for most inpatient hospital services are now made under a reimbursement mechanism known as the prospective payment system (PPS). Under PPS, a specific predetermined amount is paid for each inpatient hospital stay, based on each stay's diagnosis-related group (DRG) classification. In some cases the payment the hospital receives is less than the hospital's actual cost for providing the HI-covered inpatient hospital services for the stay; in other cases it is more. The hospital absorbs the loss or makes a profit. Certain payment adjustments exist for extraordinarily costly inpatient hospital stays. Payments for skilled nursing care and home health care are made under separate prospective payment systems. Payments for inpatient rehabilitation and psychiatric care are currently reimbursed on a reasonable cost basis, but prospective payment systems are expected to be implemented in the near future, as required by the BBA.

For SMI, before 1992, physicians were paid on the basis of reasonable charge. This amount was initially defined as the lowest of (1) the physician's actual charge; (2) the physician's customary charge; or (3) the prevailing charge for similar services in that locality. Beginning January 1992, allowed charges were defined as the lesser of (1) the submitted charges, or (2) the amount determined by a fee schedule based on a relative value scale (RVS). Payments for DME and clinical laboratory services are also based on a fee schedule. Most hospital outpatient services are reimbursed on a prospective payment system, and home health care is reimbursed under the same prospective payment system as HI.

If a doctor or supplier agrees to accept the Medicareapproved rate as payment in full ("takes assignment"), then payments provided must be considered as payments in full for that service. The provider may not request any added payments (beyond the initial annual deductible and coinsurance) from the beneficiary or insurer. If the provider does not take assignment, the beneficiary will be charged for the excess (which may be paid by Medigap insurance). Limits now exist on the excess that doctors or suppliers can charge. Physicians are "participating physicians" if they agree before the beginning of the year to accept assignment for all Medicare services they furnish during the year. Since Medicare beneficiaries may select their doctors, they have the option to choose those who participate.

Medicare payments to Medicare+Choice plans are based on a blend of local and national capitated rates, generally determined by the capitation payment methodology described in section 1853 of the Social Security Act. Actual payments to plans vary based on demographic characteristics of the enrolled population. New "risk adjusters" based on demographics and health status are currently being phased in to better match Medicare capitation payments to the expected costs of individual beneficiaries.

## **Claims Processing**

Medicare's HI and SMI fee-for-service claims are processed by nongovernment organizations or agencies that contract to serve as the fiscal agent between providers and the federal government. These claims processors are known as intermediaries and carriers. They apply the Medicare coverage rules to determine the appropriateness of claims.

Medicare intermediaries process HI claims for institutional services, including inpatient hospital claims, SNFs, HHAs, and hospice services. They also process outpatient hospital claims for SMI. Examples of intermediaries are BC/ BS (which utilize their plans in various states) and other commercial insurance companies. Intermediaries' responsibilities include the following:

- Determining costs and reimbursement amounts.
- Maintaining records.
- Establishing controls.
- Safeguarding against fraud and abuse or excess use.
- Conducting reviews and audits.
- · Making the payments to providers for services.
- Assisting both providers and beneficiaries as needed.

Medicare carriers handle SMI claims for services by physicians and medical suppliers. Examples of carriers are the BS plans in a state, and various commercial insurance companies. Carriers' responsibilities include the following:

- Determining charges allowed by Medicare.
- Maintaining quality-of-performance records.
- Assisting in fraud and abuse investigations.
- Assisting both suppliers and beneficiaries as needed.
- Making payments to physicians and suppliers for services that are covered under SMI.

Peer review organizations (PROs) are groups of practicing health care professionals who are paid by the federal government to generally oversee the care provided to Medicare beneficiaries in each state and to improve the quality of services. PROs educate other health care professionals and assist in the effective, efficient, and economical delivery of health care services to the Medicare population. The ongoing effort to combat monetary fraud and abuse in the Medicare program was intensified after enactment of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (Public Law 104-191), which created the Medicare Integrity Program. Prior to this 1996 legislation, the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) was limited by law to contracting with its current carriers and fiscal intermediaries to perform payment safeguard activities. The Medicare Integrity Program provided CMS with stable, increasing funding for payment safeguard activities, as well as new authorities to contract with entities to perform specific payment safeguard functions.

## Administration

The Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) has the overall responsibility for administration of the Medicare program. Within HHS, responsibility for administering Medicare rests with CMS. SSA assists, however, by initially determining an individual's Medicare entitlement, by withholding Part B premiums from the Social Security benefit checks of beneficiaries, and by maintaining Medicare data on the Master Beneficiary Record, which is SSA's primary record of beneficiaries. The Internal Revenue Service in the Department of the Treasury collects the HI payroll taxes from workers and their employers.

A Board of Trustees, composed of two appointed members of the public and four members who serve by virtue of their positions in the federal government, oversees the financial operations of the HI and SMI trust funds. The Secretary of the Treasury is the managing trustee. The Board of Trustees reports to Congress on the financial and actuarial status of the Medicare trust funds on or about the first day of April each year.

State agencies (usually State Health Departments under agreements with CMS) identify, survey, and inspect provider and supplier facilities and institutions wishing to participate in the Medicare program. In consultation with CMS, these agencies then certify the facilities that are qualified.

## **Data Summary**

The Medicare program covers 95 percent of our nation's aged population, as well as many people who are on Social Security because of disability. In 2000, HI covered about 39 million enrollees with benefit payments of \$128.5 billion, and SMI covered 37 million enrollees with benefit payments of \$88.9 billion. Administrative costs were about 2 percent of HI and about 2 percent of SMI disbursements for 2000. Total disbursements for Medicare in 2000 were \$222 billion.

Note: Medicare enrollment data are based on estimates prepared for the 2001 annual report of the Medicare Board of Trustees to Congress (available on the Internet at www.hcfa.gov/pubforms/tr/). Medicare benefits, administrative costs, and total disbursements for 2000 are actual amounts for the calendar year, as reported by the Department of the Treasury.

# **Medicare: History of Provisions**

Note: These summaries of public law were selected based on general interest and are not intended to include or explain fully all of the provisions and exclusions of the Medicare program.

Act<sup>\*</sup>

	Insured Status
	Entitlement to Hospital Insurance Benefits
1965	Individual aged 65 or older entitled to monthly benefits under the Social Security or Railroad Retirement program, or aged 65 before 1968, or 3 quarters of coverage (QC) after 1965 and before attainment of age 65.
1967	3 QC for each year after 1966 and before attainment of age 65.
1972	Disabled individual, under age 65, entitled to disability benefits for 24 consecutive months under the Social Security or Railroad Retirement program (excludes spouses and children of disabled individuals). Individual under age 65 who has end stage renal disease (ESRD) and who is either fully or currently insured, or is entitled to monthly benefits under the Social Security or Railroad Retirement program or is the spouse or dependent child of such an insured individual or beneficiary. Entitlement begins on the first day of the third month following the initiation of a course of renal dialysis and ends with the 12th month following the month in which either the dialysis terminates or the individual has a renal transplant.
	Individual aged 65 or older enrolled in the SMI program who is not otherwise entitled to HI benefits, upon voluntary participation with payment of Hospital Insurance premium.
1980	Individual who would be entitled to monthly benefits under the Social Security or Railroad Retirement program if application were made.
	Disabled individual under age 65 entitled to disability benefits for at least 24 months, not necessarily consecutive, under the Social Security or Railroad Retirement program.
	Medicare coverage extended for up to 36 months for disabled individuals whose disability continues, but whose monthly benefit ceased because they engaged in substantial gainful activity.
	Second waiting period eliminated if a former disabled-worker beneficiary becomes entitled again within 5 years (7 years for disabled widows and widowers and disabled children aged 18 or older).
1982	Federal employees covered under HI based on QC for earnings as federal employees and/ or based on deemed QC for earnings as federal employees before 1983.
1983	Employees of nonprofit organizations, effective Jan. 1, 1984.
1986	Mandatory coverage for state and local government employees not covered under Social Security and hired after Mar. 31, 1986.
1987	Second waiting period eliminated if a former disabled beneficiary becomes entitled again (no time limit).
1989	Disabled individuals under age 65 who are no longer entitled to Social Security disability benefits because their earnings exceeded the substantial gainful activity level have the option to purchase Medicare coverage by paying the HI and SMI premiums.
2000	The 24-month waiting period (otherwise required for an individual to establish Medicare eligibility on the basis of a disability) is waived for persons with amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, effective July 1, 2001.

<sup>\*</sup>Act refers to legislation enacted in the year shown.

	Entitlement to Supplementary Medical Insurance Benefits
1965	U.S. resident (citizen or lawfully admitted alien with 5 years continuous residence) aged 65 or older or any individual entitled to HI benefits, upon voluntary participation with payment of SMI premium.
1972	Individual under age 65 entitled to HI benefits, upon voluntary participation with payment of SMI premium.
	Medicare Benefits
	HI and SMI
1965	Requires that Medicare be secondary payer to benefits provided by liability insurance policies or under no-fault insurance.
1981	Requires that Medicare be secondary payer to employer-based group health plans for beneficiaries entitled to Medicare solely due to end-stage renal disease (ESRD) for up to 12 months.
1982	For workers and their spouses aged 65-69, Medicare is the secondary payer when benefits are provided under an employer-based group health plan (applicable to employers with 20 or more employees who sponsor or contribute to the group plan).
	Health maintenance organizations (HMOs) will be authorized as providers of benefits. The Secretary of HHS must certify the prospective payment mechanism for HMOs before implementation.
1984	Medicare secondary payer provisions are extended to spouses aged 65-69 of workers under age 65 whose employer-based group health plan covers such spouses.
	For HMOs, includes medical and other health services furnished by clinical psychologists.
1985	Provides payment for liver transplant services.
1986	Extends the working age secondary payer provision to cover workers and their spouses beyond age 69.
	For HMOs that offered organ transplants as a basic health service on Apr. 15, 1985, such services may be offered from Oct. 1, 1985, through Apr. 1, 1988.
	For disabled individuals who are covered by employer-based health plans (with at least 100 employees), Medicare is the secondary payer, effective for 1987-91.
1987	Requires HMOs/competitive medical plans that cease to contract with Medicare to provide or arrange supplemental coverage of benefits related to preexisting conditions for the lesser of 6 months or the duration of an exclusion period.
	Specifies in law that in order to be eligible for home health care, a Medicare beneficiary must have a restricted ability to leave the home, requiring the assistance of another or the aid of a supportive device (such as crutches, a cane, a wheelchair, or a walker).
	Clarifies that the secondary payer provision for disabled individuals covered under employer- based health plans for employers with at least 500 employees applies to employers who are government entities.
1990	Requires that Medicare be the secondary payer to employer-based group health plans for beneficiaries entitled to Medicare solely due to ESRD for up to 18 months (extended from 12 months), effective Feb. 1, 1991, to Jan. 1, 1996.
	The secondary payer provision for disabled beneficiaries covered under large employer plans (see 1986.); effective through Sept. 30, 1995.
1993	The secondary payer provision for disabled beneficiaries covered under large employer plans is effective through Sept. 30, 1998.

The secondary payer provision for beneficiaries with ESRD applies to all beneficiaries with end stage renal disease, not only those entitled to Medicare solely on the basis of it. The extension to include the first 18 months of an individual's entitlement on the basis of ESRD is effective through Sept. 30, 1998.

Established an expanded set of options for the delivery of health care under Medicare, referred to as Medicare+Choice. All Medicare beneficiaries can receive their Medicare benefits through the original fee-for-service program. In addition, most beneficiaries can choose instead to receive their Medicare benefits through one of the following Medicare+Choice plans: (1) coordinated care plans (such as HMOs, provider-sponsored organizations, and preferred provider organizations); (2) Medical Savings Account (MSA)/ High Deductible plans (through a demonstration available for up to 390,000 beneficiaries); or (3) private fee-for-service plans. Except for MSA plans, all Medicare+Choice plans are required to provide the current Medicare benefit package (excluding hospice services) and any additional health services required under the adjusted community rate (ACR) process. MSA plans provide Medicare benefits after a single high deductible is met, and enrollees receive an annual deposit in their Medical Savings Account. Transition rules for current Medicare HMO program also provided.

> The provision making Medicare the secondary payer for disabled beneficiaries covered under large employer plans, previously scheduled to expire Sept. 30, 1998, made permanent.

The provision making Medicare secondary payer for the first 12 months of entitlement due to ESRD, which had been extended on a temporary basis (through Sept. 30, 1998) to include the first 18 months of entitlement, has been extended, permanently, to include the first 30 months of entitlement on the basis of ESRD.

#### **Hospital Insurance**

1965	In each benefit period, inpatient hospital services, 90 days. Includes semiprivate accommodations, operating room, hospital equipment (including renal dialysis), laboratory tests and X-ray, drugs, dressings, general nursing services, and services of interns and residents in medical osteopathic or dentistry training. Inpatient psychiatric hospital care limited to 190-day lifetime maximum. Outpatient hospital diagnostic services. Post-hospital extended-care services, 100 days (including physical, occupational, and speech therapy). Post-hospital home health services, 100 visits. Deductible and coinsurance provisions (see table 2.C1).
1967	Lifetime reserve of 60 additional days of inpatient hospital services. Outpatient hospital diagnostic services transferred to SMI.
1972	Services of interns and residents in podiatry training.
1980	Unlimited home health visits in a year. Requirement for prior hospitalization eliminated. Home health services provided for up to 4 days a week and up to 21 consecutive days.
	Alcohol detoxification facility services.
1981	Part A coinsurance is based on the deductible for the calendar year in which services are received rather than the deductible in effect at the time the beneficiary's spell of illness began, starting in 1982.
	Alcohol detoxification facility services eliminated.
1982	Beneficiaries expected to live 6 months or less may elect to receive hospice care benefits instead of other Medicare benefits. May elect maximum of two 90-day and one 30-day hospice care periods, effective Nov. 1, 1983, to Oct. 1, 1986.
1984	For durable medical equipment provided by home health agencies, the payment amount is reduced from 100 percent of costs to 80 percent of reasonable charges.

1986	Set the Part A deductible for 1987 at \$520 with resulting increases in cost sharing. Increased the Part A deductible annually by the applicable percentage increase in the hospital prospective payment rates.
	Hospice care benefit (enacted in 1982) made permanent.
1987	Specifies in law that in order to be eligible for home health care, a Medicare beneficiary must have a restricted ability to leave the home, requiring the assistance of another or the aid of a supportive device (such as crutches, a cane, a wheelchair, or a walker).
1988	Enrollee pays annual hospital deductible (set at \$560 for 1989) and Medicare pays balance of covered charges, regardless of the number of days of hospitalization (except for psychiatric hospital care, which is still limited by 190-day lifetime maximum).
	The number of days in a skilled nursing facility changed to 150 per year. Deletes the requirement for a prior hospital stay of 3 or more consecutive days.
	Expands home health care to provide care for less than 7 days per week and up to 38 consecutive days.
	Hospice care extended beyond 210 days when beneficiary is certified as terminally ill.
	All 1988 provisions became effective Jan. 1, 1989.
1989	The spell of illness and benefit period coverage of laws prior to 1988 return to the determination of inpatient hospital benefits in 1990 and later. After the deductible is paid in benefit period, Medicare pays 100 percent of covered costs for the first 60 days of inpatient hospital care. Coinsurance applies for the next 30 days in a benefit period.
	The requirement for a prior hospital stay of 3 or more consecutive days is reinstated for skilled nursing facility services. Coverage returns to 100 days post-hospital care per spell of illness with a daily coinsurance rate in effect for days 21 through 100.
	Home health services return to a limit of 21 consecutive days of care. Provision providing for home health care for fewer than 7 days per week continued due to a court decision.
	Hospice care is returned to a lifetime limit of 210 days.
1990	Hospice care is extended beyond 210 days when beneficiary is certified as terminally ill.
1997	Home health services not associated with a hospital or skilled nursing facility stay for individuals enrolled in both HI and SMI are transferred from the HI program to the SMI program, effective January 1998. The HI program will continue to cover the first 100 visits following a hospital stay of at least 3 consecutive days or a skilled-nursing facility stay. The cost to the SMI trust fund of the transferred services will phase in over a 6-year period (that is, the HI trust fund will transfer funds to the SMI trust fund during that period).
	Limits on the number of hours and days that home health care can be provided have been clarified. "Part-time" now defined as skilled-nursing and home health aide services (combined) furnished any number of days per week, for less than 8 hours per day and 28 or fewer hours per week. "Intermittent" now defined as skilled-nursing care provided for fewer than 7 days each week, or less than 8 hours each day (combined) for 21 days or less.
	Hospice benefit periods are restructured to include two 90-day periods, followed by an unlimited number of 60-day periods.
	Medicare coverage provided for a number of prevention initiatives, most of which covered under SMI program. HI program affected mainly by two of the initiatives: (1) annual prostate cancer screening for male beneficiaries aged 50 or older, effective Jan. 1, 2000; and (2) colorectal screening procedures, including fecal-occult blood tests and flexible sigmoidoscopies, for beneficiaries age 50 or older, colonoscopy for beneficiaries at high risk for colorectal cancer, and other procedures, including screening barium enemas under certain circumstances.

2000	Screening colonoscopies are covered for all beneficiaries, not just those at high risk, beginning July 1, 2001. For persons not at high risk, a screening colonoscopy is covered 10 years after a previous one, or 4 years after a screening flexible sigmoidoscopy. (See 1997.)
	Supplementary Medical Insurance
1965	Physician and surgeon services. In-hospital services of anesthesiologists, pathologists, radiologists, and psychiatrists. Limited dental services. Home health services, 100 visits in calendar year. Other medical services including various diagnostic tests, limited ambulance services, prosthetic devices, rental of durable medical equipment used at home (including equipment for dialysis), and supplies used for fractures. For deductible and coinsurance provisions, see table 2.C1.
	Beginning in 1966, the beneficiary pays a \$50 deductible, with a 3-month carryover provision.
1967	Outpatient hospital diagnostic services transferred from HI. Includes physical therapy services in a facility. Purchase of durable medical equipment.
1972	Physical therapy services furnished by a therapist in his or her office or individual's home (calendar year limit of \$100). Chiropractor services (limited to manual manipulation of the spine). Outpatient services include speech pathology services furnished in, or under arrangements with, a facility or agency. Services of a doctor of optometry in furnishing prosthetic lenses.
	Beginning in 1973, the beneficiary pays a \$60 deductible.
1977	Services in rural health clinics.
1980	Home health services. Deductible applicable to home health services is eliminated, effective July 1, 1981.
	Facility costs of certain surgical procedures performed in freestanding ambulatory surgical centers.
	Increase in annual limit for outpatient therapy from \$100 to \$500.
	Recognizes comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation facilities as Medicare providers.
1981	Beginning in 1982, the beneficiary pays a \$75 deductible, with the carryover provision eliminated.
1984	Hepatitis B and pneumococcal vaccines and blood clotting factors and necessary supplies are included as Part B benefits. Debridement of mycotic toenails is limited.
	For outpatient physical therapy services, includes services of a podiatrist. For outpatient ambulatory surgery, includes services of a dentist and podiatrist furnished in his or her office.
1986	Includes vision care services furnished by an optometrist.
	For occupational therapy services, includes services furnished in a skilled nursing facility (when Part A coverage has been exhausted), in a clinic, rehabilitation agency, public health agency, or by an independently practicing therapist.
	Includes outpatient (in addition to previously covered inpatient) immunosuppressive drugs for 1 year after covered transplant.
	Includes occupational therapy services provided in certain delivery settings.
	For ambulatory surgical procedures performed in ambulatory surgical centers, hospital outpatient departments, and certain physician offices, the Part B coinsurance and deductible are no longer waived.
1987	Increases the maximum payment for mental health services and includes outpatient mental health services provided by ambulatory hospital-based or hospital-affiliated programs under the supervision of a physician.

	Services provided by clinical social workers when furnished by risk-sharing health maintenance organizations/competitive medical plans, physician assistants in rural health manpower shortage areas, clinical psychologists in rural health clinics and community mental health centers, and certified nurse-midwives.
	Coverage of outpatient immunosuppresive drugs (see 1986) is broadened/clarifed to include prescription drugs used in immunosuppressive therapy.
	Specifies in law that in order to be eligible for home health care, a Medicare beneficiary must have a restricted ability to leave the home, requiring the assistance of another or the aid of a supportive device (such as crutches, a cane, a wheelchair, or a walker).
1988	Beginning Jan. 1, 1990, the beneficiary pays a \$75 deductible and 20-percent coinsurance, but once out-of-pocket expenses for the deductible and coinsurance exceed \$1,370, Medicare pays 100 percent of allowable charges for remainder of year.
	Beginning in 1991, Medicare pays 50 percent of the cost of outpatient prescription drugs above \$600. When fully implemented in 1993, Medicare will pay 80 percent of prescription drug costs above a deductible that assumes that 16.8 percent of Part B enrollees will exceed the deductible.
	Certain prescription drugs administered in an outpatient or home setting, including immunosuppressive drugs (previously covered for 1 year after a covered transplant), home intravenous drugs, and certain others, will be covered in 1990 under a new prescription drug provision.
1989	Provisions enacted in 1988 and to begin in 1990 and 1991 are repealed and benefits are restored to levels in effect prior to Jan. 1, 1989.
	Limits on mental health benefits eliminated in 1990. Coverage extended to services of clinical psychologists and social workers.
	The annual payment limits of \$500 per beneficiary for outpatient physical therapy services and outpatient occupational therapy services, each, are raised to \$750, for 1990 and later. (See 1980.)
1990	Beginning in 1991, routine mammography screenings are covered.
	The Part B deductible is set at \$100 in 1991 and subsequent years.
	Beginning in 1992, physicians' services are reimbursed on a fee-schedule basis.
1993	Includes coverage of oral, self-administered anticancer drugs.
	Lengthens the coverage period for immunosuppressive drugs after a transplant to 18 months in 1995, 24 months in 1996, 30 months in 1997, and 36 months thereafter. (See 1986).
	The annual payment limits of \$750 per beneficiary for outpatient physical therapy services and outpatient occupational therapy services, each, are raised to \$900 for 1994 and later. (See 1989.)
1997	Home health services not associated with a hospital or skilled nursing facility stay for individuals enrolled in both HI and SMI are transferred from the HI program to the SMI program, effective January 1998. The HI program will continue to cover the first 100 visits following a hospital stay of at least 3 consecutive days or a skilled nursing facility stay. The cost to the SMI Trust Fund of the transferred services will phase in over a 6-year period, while the cost of the home health services will phase into the SMI premium over 7 years.
	Coverage provided for a number of prevention initiatives, including (1) annual screening mammograms for female beneficiaries age 40 or older, with SMI deductive waived; (2) screening pap smear and pelvic exam (including clinical breast exam) every 3 years or annually for beneficiaries at higher risk, with SMI deductible waived; (3) annual prostate cancer screening for male beneficiaries aged 50 or older, effective Jan. 1, 2000; (4) colorectal screening procedures, including fecal-occult blood tests and flexible sigmoidoscopies, for beneficiaries aged 50 or older, colonoscopy for beneficiaries at high

risk for colorectal cancer, and other procedures, including screening barium enemas under certain circumstances; (5) diabetes outpatient self-management training in nonhospitalbased programs (previously covered in hospital-based programs only) and blood glucose monitors and testing strips for all diabetics (previously provided for insulin-dependent diabetics only), effective July 1, 1998; (6) procedures to identify bone mass, detect bone loss, or determine bone quality for certain qualified beneficiaries, at frequencies determined by the Secretary of HHS, effective July 1, 1998. Beginning January 1999, an annual beneficiary limit of \$1,500 will apply to all outpatient physical therapy services, except for services furnished by a hospital outpatient department. A separate \$1,500 limit will also apply to outpatient occupational therapy services, except for services furnished by hospital outpatient departments. Beginning with 2002, these caps will be increased by the percentage increase in the Medical Economic Index. (See 1993.) 1999 The coverage period for immunosuppressive drugs after a transplant is lengthened to 44 months, for individuals who exhaust their 36 months of coverage in 2000. For those exhausting their 36 months of coverage in 2001, at least 8 more months will be covered. (The Secretary of HHS will specify the increase, if any, beyond 8 months.) For those exhausting their 36 months of coverage in 2002, 2003, or 2004, the number of additional months may be more or less than 8. (The Secretary will specify the increase for each of these years.) (See 1993.) The annual payment limits of \$1,500 per beneficiary for outpatient physical services and outpatient occupational therapy services, each, for services furnished by independent practitioners (that is, not by a hospital outpatient department), are suspended for 2000 and 2001. (See 1997.) 2000 Coverage for screening pap smears and pelvic exams (including a clinical breast exam) is provided every 2 years (increased from every 3 years) beginning July 1, 2001. (Annual coverage continues for beneficiaries at higher risk, and SMI deductible continues to be waived.) (See 1997.) Annual coverage of glaucoma screenings is provided for certain high-risk beneficiaries, effective Jan. 1, 2002. Screening colonoscopies are covered for all beneficiaries, not just those at high risk, beginning July 1, 2001. For persons not at high risk, a screening colonoscopy is covered 10 years after a previous one, or 4 years after a screening flexible sigmoidoscopy. (See 1997.) Coverage is provided for medical nutrition therapy services under certain circumstances for beneficiaries who have diabetes or a renal disease, effective Jan. 1, 2002. The amount of a beneficiary's copayment for a procedure in a hospital outpatient department is limited, beginning April 1, 2001, to the hospital inpatient deductible applicable for that year. Also, the Secretary of HHS must reduce the effective copayment rate for outpatient services to a maximum rate of 57 percent in 2001 (for services received after April 1); 55 percent in 2002 and 2003; 50 percent in 2004; 45 percent in 2005; and 40 percent in 2006 and later. Time and budget limitations are removed on the coverage of immunosuppresive drugs, making coverage of these drugs a permanent benefits for beneficiaries who have received a covered organ transplant. (See 1999.) The annual payment limits of \$1,500 per beneficiary for outpatient physical therapy services and outpatient occupational therapy services, each, for services provided by independent practitioners (that is, not by a hospital outpatient department), which were suspended for 2000 and 2001, are also suspended for 2002. (See 1999.)

	Medicare Financing
	Hospital Insurance Taxes
	See table 2.A3.
	Appropriations from General Revenues
1965	For HI costs attributable to transitionally insured beneficiaries.
	For HI costs attributable to noncontributory wage credits granted for military service prior to 1957 (see table 2.A2).
	For the SMI program, an amount equal to participant premiums.
1972	For cost of SMI not met by enrollee premiums.
1982	For HI costs attributable to beneficiaries having transitional entitlement based on Medicare- qualified federal employment.
1983	For HI taxes on noncontributory wage credits granted for military service (a) from the inception of HI program through 1983 and (b) on a current basis, annually, beginning in 1984 (see table 2.A2).
	Participant Premiums
	See also table 2.C1.
1965	SMI enrollee premium rate (originally \$3 per month) to be established annually such as to pay one-half of program costs.
1972	SMI enrollee premium rate increase limited to rate of increase in OASDI cash benefits.
	HI premium (originally \$33 per month) to be established annually. Only individuals not otherwise entitled to HI but desiring voluntary participation need to pay the HI premium.
1983	SMI enrollee premiums for July 1983, to Dec. 31, 1983, frozen at premium level of June 30, 1983. Premiums for Jan. 1, 1984, to Dec. 31, 1985, set to cover 25 percent of aged program costs.
1984	SMI enrollee premiums for Jan. 1, 1986, to Dec. 31, 1987, will be set to cover 25 percent of aged program costs. Increases in the SMI premium may not exceed the dollar amount of the Social Security cost-of-living adjustment.
	For calculating the amount of SMI premium surcharge for individuals from age 65 up to age 70 not previously enrolled in SMI, the number of years an individual did not enroll because of coverage by employer group health insurance will not be taken into account.
1985	Extends through calendar year 1988 the requirement that SMI premiums be set to cover 25 percent of aged program costs and that increases in the SMI premium may not exceed the dollar amount of the Social Security cost-of-living adjustment.
	Premium-paying individuals who do not purchase Part A coverage within a specific time after becoming eligible because of age are subject to a 10-percent penalty for each 12 months they are late in enrolling. There is a cutoff on the length of time these individuals will have to pay an enrollment penalty. The 10-percent premium penalty would be limited to twice the number of years enrollment was delayed. Therefore, if enrollment were delayed 1 year, the penalty would be assessed for 2 years. Individuals in this category and already enrolled will have the length of time the higher premium was paid credited to them.
1987	Extends through calendar year 1989 the provisions requiring that the SMI premium be set to cover 25 percent of aged program costs, prohibiting any increase in the premium if there is no Social Security cost-of-living adjustment, and continuing to hold beneficiaries harmless from Social Security check reductions as a result of a premium increase.
1988	Increases in the SMI premium may not exceed the dollar amount of the Social Security cost- of-living adjustments for 1989 and beyond.

1989 Extends through calendar year 1990 the requirement that SMI premiums be set to cover 25 percent of aged program costs. The SMI premium are \$29.90 in 1991; \$31.80 in 1992; \$36.60 in 1993; \$41.10 in 1994; and 1990 \$46.10 in 1995. 1993 SMI enrollee premiums for Jan. 1, 1996, to Dec. 31, 1998, will be set to cover 25 percent of aged program costs. 1997 The SMI premium is permanently set at 25 percent of program costs. **Income from Taxation of OASDI Benefits** 1993 The additional income tax revenues resulting from the increase in the taxable percentage applicable to OASDI benefits (an increase from 50 percent to 85 percent, see table 2.A31) are transferred to the HI Trust Fund. Interfund Borrowing 1981 See table 2.A6. 1983 See table 2.A6.

# Medicaid

The following summary of the Medicaid program is intended for informational purposes only. It is not an official statement of policy that can be relied upon in lieu of the appropriate law, regulations, and rulings. This narrative is not intended to render legal or other professional advice; therefore, it should not be relied upon for making specific legal decisions. Instead, the law, regulations, and rulings should be consulted for purposes of making such decisions.

## **Overview**

Title XIX of the Social Security Act is a federal/state entitlement program that pays for medical assistance for certain individuals and families with low incomes and resources. This program, known as Medicaid, became law in 1965 as a cooperative venture jointly funded by the federal and state governments (including the District of Columbia and the territories) to assist states in furnishing medical assistance to eligible needy persons. Medicaid is the largest source of funding for medical and health-related services for America's poorest people.

Within broad national guidelines established by federal statutes, regulations, and policies, each state (1) establishes its own eligibility standards; (2) determines the type, amount, duration, and scope of services; (3) sets the rate of payment for services; and (4) administers its own program. Medicaid policies for eligibility, services, and payment are complex and vary considerably, even among states of similar size or geographic proximity. Thus, a person who is eligible for Medicaid in one state may not be eligible in another state, and the services provided by one state may differ considerably in amount, duration, or scope from services provided in a similar or neighboring state. In addition, state legislatures may change Medicaid eligibility and/or services during the year.

## Basis of Eligibility and Maintenance Assistance Status

Medicaid does not provide medical assistance for all poor persons. Under the broadest provisions of the federal statute, Medicaid does *not* provide health care services even for very poor persons *unless* they are in one of the groups designated below. Low income is only one test for Medicaid eligibility for those within these groups; their resources also are tested against threshold levels (as determined by each state within federal guidelines).

States generally have broad discretion in determining which groups their Medicaid programs will cover and the financial criteria for Medicaid eligibility. To be eligible for federal funds, however, states are *required* to provide Medicaid coverage for certain individuals who receive federally assisted income-maintenance payments, as well as for related groups not receiving cash payments. In addition to their Medicaid programs, most states have additional "state-only" programs to provide medical assistance for specified poor persons who do not qualify for Medicaid. Federal funds are *not* provided for state-only programs. The following enumerates the mandatory Medicaid "categorically needy" eligibility groups for which federal matching funds are provided:

- Individuals are generally eligible for Medicaid if they meet the requirements for the Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC) program that were in effect in their state on July 16, 1996, or—at state option—more liberal criteria.
- Children under age 6 whose family income is at or below 133 percent of the federal poverty level (FPL).
- Pregnant women whose family income is below 133 percent of the FPL (services to these women are limited to those related to pregnancy, complications of pregnancy, delivery, and postpartum care).
- Supplemental Security Income (SSI) recipients in most states (some states use more restrictive Medicaid eligibility requirements that pre-date SSI).
- Recipients of adoption or foster care assistance under title IV of the Social Security Act.
- Special protected groups (typically individuals who lose their cash assistance due to earnings from work or from increased Social Security benefits, but who may keep Medicaid for a period of time).
- All children born after September 30, 1983 who are under age 19, in families with incomes at or below the FPL (this process phases in coverage, so that by the year 2002 all such poor children under age 19 will be covered).
- Certain Medicare beneficiaries (described later).

States also have the *option* of providing Medicaid coverage for other "categorically related" groups. These optional groups share characteristics of the mandatory groups (that is, they fall within defined categories), but the eligibility criteria are somewhat more liberally defined. The broadest optional groups for which states will receive federal matching funds for coverage under the Medicaid program include the following:

- Infants up to age 1 and pregnant women not covered under the mandatory rules whose family income is no more than 185 percent of the FPL (the percentage amount is set by each state).
- Children under age 21 who meet the AFDC income and resources requirements that were in effect in their state on July 16, 1996.

- Institutionalized individuals eligible under a "special income level" (the amount is set by each state—up to 300 percent of the SSI federal benefit rate).
- Individuals who would be eligible if institutionalized, but who are receiving care under home and community-based services waivers.
- Certain aged, blind, or disabled adults who have incomes above those requiring mandatory coverage, but below the FPL.
- Recipients of state supplementary income payments.
- Certain working-and-disabled persons with family income less than 250 percent of the FPL who would qualify for SSI if they did not work.
- TB-infected persons who would be financially eligible for Medicaid at the SSI income level if they were within a Medicaid-covered category (however, coverage is limited to TB-related ambulatory services and TB drugs).
- "Optional targeted low-income children" included within the State Children's Health Insurance Program (SCHIP) established by the Balanced Budget Act (BBA) of 1997 (Public Law 105-33).
- "Medically needy" persons (described below).

The medically needy (MN) option allows states to extend Medicaid eligibility to additional persons. These persons would be eligible for Medicaid under one of the mandatory or optional groups, except that their income and/or resources are above the eligibility level set by their state. Persons may qualify immediately or may "spend down" by incurring medical expenses that reduce their income to or below their state's MN income level.

Medicaid eligibility and benefit provisions for the medically needy do not have to be as extensive as for the categorically needy, and may be quite restrictive. Federal matching funds are available for MN programs. However, if a state elects to have a MN program, there are federal requirements that certain groups and certain services must be included; that is, children under age 19 and pregnant women who are medically needy must be covered, and prenatal and delivery care for pregnant women, as well as ambulatory care for children, must be provided. A state may elect to provide MN eligibility to certain additional groups and may elect to provide certain additional services within its MN program. Currently, 38 states have elected to have a MN program and are providing at least some MN services to at least some MN recipients. All remaining states utilize the "special income level" option to extend Medicaid to the "near poor" in medical institutional settings.

The Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996 (Public Law 104-193)—known as the "welfare reform" bill—made restrictive changes regarding eligibility for SSI coverage that impacted the Medicaid program. For example, legal resident aliens and other qualified aliens who entered the United States on or after August 22, 1996 are ineligible for Medicaid for 5 years. Medicaid coverage for most aliens entering before that date and coverage for those eligible after the 5-year ban are state options; emergency services, however, are mandatory for both of these alien coverage groups. For aliens who lose SSI benefits because of the new restrictions regarding SSI coverage, Medicaid can continue only if these persons can be covered for Medicaid under some other eligibility status (again with the exception of emergency services, which are mandatory). Public Law 104-193 also affected a number of disabled children, who lost SSI as a result of the restrictive changes; however, their eligibility for Medicaid was reinstituted by Public Law 105-33, the BBA.

In addition, welfare reform repealed the open-ended federal entitlement program known as Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC) and replaced it with Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), which provides states with grants to be spent on time-limited cash assistance. TANF generally limits a family's lifetime cash welfare benefits to a maximum of 5 years and permits states to impose a wide range of other requirements as well—in particular, those related to employment. However, the impact on Medicaid eligibility is not expected to be significant. Under welfare reform, persons who would have been eligible for AFDC under the AFDC requirements in effect on July 16, 1996 generally will still be eligible for Medicaid. Although most persons covered by TANF will receive Medicaid, it is not required by law.

Title XXI of the Social Security Act, known as the State Children's Health Insurance Program (SCHIP), is a new program initiated by the BBA. In addition to allowing states to craft or expand an existing state insurance program, SCHIP provides more federal funds for states to expand Medicaid eligibility to include a greater number of children who are currently uninsured. With certain exceptions, these are low-income children who would not qualify for Medicaid based on the plan that was in effect on April 15, 1997. Funds from SCHIP also may be used to provide medical assistance to children during a presumptive eligibility period for Medicaid. This is one of several options from which states may select to provide health care coverage for more children, as prescribed within the BBA's Title XXI program.

Medicaid coverage may begin as early as the third month prior to application—if the person would have been eligible for Medicaid had he or she applied during that time. Medicaid coverage generally stops at the end of the month in which a person no longer meets the criteria of any Medicaid eligibility group. The BBA allows states to provide 12 months of continuous Medicaid coverage (without reevaluation) for eligible children under the age of 19.

The Ticket to Work and Work Incentives Improvement Act of 1999 (Public Law 106-170) provides or continues Medicaid coverage to certain disabled beneficiaries who work despite their impairment. Those with higher incomes may pay a sliding scale premium based on income.

# **Scope of Medicaid Services**

Title XIX of the Social Security Act allows considerable flexibility within the states' Medicaid plans. However, some federal requirements are mandatory if federal matching funds are to be received. A state's Medicaid program *must* offer medical assistance for certain *basic* services to most categorically needy populations. These services generally include the following:

- Inpatient hospital services.
- Outpatient hospital services.
- Prenatal care.
- Vaccines for children.
- Physician services.
- Nursing facility services for persons aged 21 or older.
- Family planning services and supplies.
- Rural health clinic services.
- Home health care for persons eligible for skillednursing services.
- Laboratory and x-ray services.
- Pediatric and family nurse practitioner services.
- Nurse-midwife services.
- Federally qualified health-center (FQHC) services, and ambulatory services of an FQHC that would be available in other settings.
- Early and periodic screening, diagnostic, and treatment (EPSDT) services for children under age 21.

States may also receive federal matching funds to provide certain *optional* services. Following are the most common of the 34 currently approved optional Medicaid services:

- Diagnostic services.
- Clinic services.
- Intermediate care facilities for the mentally retarded (ICFs/MR).
- Prescribed drugs and prosthetic devices.
- Optometrist services and eyeglasses.
- Nursing facility services for children under age 21.
- Transportation services.
- Rehabilitation and physical therapy services.
- Home and community-based care to certain persons with chronic impairments.

The BBA included a state option known as programs of all-inclusive care for the elderly (PACE). PACE provides an alternative to institutional care for persons aged 55 or older who require a *nursing facility level* of care. The PACE team offers and manages *all* health, medical, and social services and mobilizes other services as needed to provide preventative, rehabilitative, curative, and supportive care. This care, provided in day health centers, homes, hospitals, and nursing homes, helps the person maintain independence, dignity, and quality of life. PACE functions within the Medicare program as well. Regardless of source of payment, PACE providers receive payment only through the PACE agreement and must make available all items and services covered under both titles XVIII and XIX, without amount, duration, or scope limitations and without application of any deductibles, copayments, or other cost sharing. The individuals enrolled in PACE receive benefits solely through the PACE program.

# Amount and Duration of Services

Within broad federal guidelines and certain limitations, states determine the amount and duration of services offered under their Medicaid programs. States may limit, for example, the number of days of hospital care or the number of physician visits covered. Two restrictions apply: (1) limits must result in a sufficient level of services to reasonably achieve the purpose of the benefits; and (2) limits on benefits may not discriminate among beneficiaries based on medical diagnosis or condition.

In general, states are required to provide comparable amounts, duration, and scope of services to all categorically needy and categorically related eligible persons. There are two important exceptions: (1) Medically necessary health care services that are identified under the EPSDT program for eligible children, and that are within the scope of mandatory or optional services under federal law, must be covered even if those services are not included as part of the covered services in that state's plan; and (2) states may request "waivers" to pay for otherwise uncovered home and community-based services (HCBS) for Medicaid-eligible persons who might otherwise be institutionalized. As long as the services are cost effective, states have few limitations on the services that may be covered under these waivers (except that, other than as a part of respite care, states may not provide room and board for the recipients). With certain exceptions, a state's Medicaid program must allow recipients to have some informed choices among participating providers of health care and to receive quality care that is appropriate and timely.

# **Payment for Services**

Medicaid operates as a vendor payment program. States may pay health care providers directly on a fee-forservice basis, or states may pay for Medicaid services through various prepayment arrangements, such as health maintenance organizations (HMOs). Within federally imposed upper limits and specific restrictions, each state for the most part has broad discretion in determining the payment methodology and payment rate for services. Gen-

#### Medicaid

erally, payment rates must be sufficient to enlist enough providers so that covered services are available at least to the extent that comparable care and services are available to the general population within that geographic area. Providers participating in Medicaid must accept Medicaid payment rates as payment in full. States must make additional payments to qualified hospitals that provide inpatient services to a disproportionate number of Medicaid recipients and/or to other low-income or uninsured persons under what is known as the "disproportionate share hospital" (DSH) adjustment. During 1988-1991, excessive and inappropriate use of the DSH adjustment resulted in rapidly increasing federal expenditures for Medicaid. However, under legislation passed in 1991, 1993, and again within the BBA of 1997, the federal share of payments to disproportionate share hospitals has become increasingly limited.

States may impose nominal deductibles, coinsurance, or copayments on some Medicaid recipients for certain services. The following Medicaid recipients, however, must be excluded from cost sharing: pregnant women, children under age 18, and hospital or nursing home patients who are expected to contribute most of their income to institutional care. In addition, all Medicaid recipients must be exempt from copayments for emergency services and family planning services.

The federal government pays a share of the medical assistance expenditures under each state's Medicaid program. That share, known as the federal medical assistance percentage (FMAP), is determined annually by a formula that compares the state's average per capita income level with the national income average. States with a higher per capita income level are reimbursed a smaller share of their costs. By law, the FMAP cannot be lower than 50 percent or higher than 83 percent. In 2001, the FMAPs varied from 50 percent in 10 states to 76.82 percent in Mississippi, and averaged 57 percent overall. The BBA also permanently raised the FMAP for the District of Columbia from 50 percent to 70 percent and raised the FMAP for Alaska from 50 percent to 59.8 percent through 2000. The Medicare, Medicaid, and SCHIP Benefits Improvement and Protection Act (BIPA) of 2000 (Public Law 106-554) further adjusted Alaska's FMAP to a higher level for 2001-2005. For the children added to Medicaid through the SCHIP program, the FMAP average for all states is about 70 percent, compared to the general Medicaid average of 57 percent.

The federal government also reimburses states for 100 percent of the cost of services provided through facilities of the Indian Health Service, provides financial help to the 12 states that furnish the highest number of emergency services to undocumented aliens, and shares in each state's expenditures for the administration of the Medicaid program. Most administrative costs are matched at 50 percent, although higher percentages are paid for certain activities and functions, such as development of mechanized claims processing systems.

Except for the SCHIP program, the Qualifying Individuals (QI) program (described later), and DSH payments, federal payments to states for medical assistance have no set limit (cap). Rather, the federal government matches (at FMAP rates) state expenditures for the mandatory services, as well as for the optional services that the individual state decides to cover for eligible recipients, and matches (at the appropriate administrative rate) all necessary and proper administrative costs. The Medicare, Medicaid, and SCHIP Balanced Budget Refinement Act of 1999 (as incorporated into Public Law 106-113, the appropriations bill for the District of Columbia for fiscal year 2000) increased the amount that certain states and the territories can spend on DSH and SCHIP payments, respectively. The BIPA set upper payment limits for inpatient and outpatient services provided by certain types of facilities.

# **Summary and Trends**

Medicaid was initially formulated as a medical care extension of federally funded programs providing cash income assistance for the poor, with an emphasis on dependent children and their mothers, the disabled, and the elderly. Over the years, however, Medicaid eligibility has been incrementally expanded beyond its original ties with eligibility for cash programs. Legislation in the late 1980s assured Medicaid coverage to an expanded number of low-income pregnant women, poor children, and to some Medicare beneficiaries who are not eligible for any cash assistance program. Legislative changes also focused on increased access, better quality of care, specific benefits, enhanced outreach programs, and fewer limits on services.

In most years since its inception, Medicaid has had very rapid growth in expenditures, although the rate of increase has subsided somewhat recently. This rapid growth in Medicaid expenditures has been due primarily to the following factors:

- The increase in size of the Medicaid-covered populations as a result of federal mandates, population growth, and the earlier economic recession. In recent years Medicaid enrollment has declined somewhat.
- The expanded coverage and utilization of services.
- The DSH payment program, coupled with its inappropriate use to increase federal payments to states.
- The increase in the number of very old and disabled persons requiring extensive acute and/or long-term health care and various related services.
- The results of technological advances to keep a greater number of very low-birth-weight babies and other critically ill or severely injured persons alive and in need of continued extensive and very costly care.
- The increase in payment rates to providers of health care services, when compared to general inflation.

As with all health insurance programs, most Medicaid recipients require relatively small average expenditures per person each year, and a relatively small proportion incurs very large costs. Moreover, the average cost varies substantially by type of beneficiary. The data for 1998, for example, indicate that Medicaid payments for services for 20.6 million children, who constitute 51 percent of all Medicaid recipients, average about \$1,150 per child (a relatively small average expenditure per person). Similarly, for 8.6 million adults, who comprise 21 percent of recipients, payments average about \$1,775 per person. However, certain other specific groups have much larger per-person expenditures. Medicaid payments for services for 4 million aged, constituting 11 percent of all Medicaid recipients, average about \$9,700 per person; for 7.2 million disabled, who comprise 18 percent of recipients, payments average about \$8,600 per person. When expenditures for these high- and lower-cost recipients are combined, the 1998 payments to health care vendors for 40.6 million Medicaid recipients average \$3,500 per person.

Long-term care is an important provision of Medicaid that will be increasingly utilized as our nation's population ages. The Medicaid program has paid for almost 45 percent of the total cost of care for persons using nursing facility or home health services in recent years. However, for those persons who use more than 4 months of this longterm care, Medicaid pays for a much larger percentage. The data for 1998 show that Medicaid payments for nursing facility services (excluding ICFs/MR) and home health care totaled \$41.3 billion for more than 3.3 million recipients of these services—an average 1998 expenditure of \$12,375 per long-term care recipient. With the percentage of our population who are elderly or disabled increasing faster than that of the younger groups, the need for long-term care is expected to increase.

Another significant development in Medicaid is the growth in managed care as an alternative service delivery concept different from the traditional fee-for-service system. Under managed care systems, HMOs, prepaid health plans, or comparable entities agree to provide a specific set of services to Medicaid enrollees, usually in return for a predetermined periodic payment per enrollee. Managed care programs seek to enhance access to quality care in a cost-effective manner. Waivers may provide the states with greater flexibility in the design and implementation of their Medicaid managed care programs. Waiver authority under sections 1915(b) and 1115 of the Social Security Act is an important part of the Medicaid program. Section 1915(b) waivers allow states to develop innovative health care delivery or reimbursement systems. Section 1115 waivers allow statewide health care reform experimental demonstrations to cover uninsured populations and to test new delivery systems without increasing costs. Finally, the BBA provided states a new option to use managed care. The number of Medicaid beneficiaries enrolled in some form of

managed care program is growing rapidly, from 14 percent of enrollees in 1993 to 54 percent in 1998.

Medicaid data as reported by the states indicate that more than 41.0 million persons received health care services through the Medicaid program in 1999 (the last year for which recipient data are available). Total outlays for the Medicaid program in 2000 included direct payment to providers of \$146.4 billion, payments for various premiums (for HMOs, Medicare, etc.) of \$33.9 billion, payments to the disproportionate share hospitals of \$14.4 billion, and administrative costs of \$10.6 billion.

The total expenditure for the nation's Medicaid program in 2000, excluding administrative costs, was \$194.7 billion (\$111.1 billion in federal and \$83.6 billion in state funds). With anticipated impacts from the BBA, projections now are that total Medicaid outlays may be \$334.9 billion in fiscal year 2006, with an additional \$4.3 billion expected to be spent for the new SCHIP.

## **Medicaid-Medicare Relationship**

Medicare beneficiaries who have low incomes and limited resources may also receive help from the Medicaid program. For such persons who are eligible for *full* Medicaid coverage, the Medicare health care coverage is supplemented by services that are available under their state's Medicaid program, according to eligibility category. These additional services may include, for example, nursing facility care beyond the 100-day limit covered by Medicare, prescription drugs, eyeglasses, and hearing aids. For persons enrolled in both programs, any services that are covered by Medicare are paid for by the Medicare program before any payments are made by the Medicaid program, since Medicaid is always the "payer of last resort."

Certain other Medicare beneficiaries may receive help with Medicare premium and cost-sharing payments through their state Medicaid program. Qualified Medicare beneficiaries (QMBs) and specified low-Income Medicare beneficiaries (SLMBs) are the best-known categories and the largest in numbers. QMBs are those Medicare beneficiaries who have resources at or below twice the standard allowed under the SSI program, and incomes at or below 100 percent of the FPL. For QMBs, Medicaid pays the Hospital Insurance (HI) and Supplementary Medical Insurance (SMI) premiums and the Medicare coinsurance and deductibles, subject to limits that states may impose on payment rates. SLMBs are Medicare beneficiaries with resources like the QMBs, but with incomes that are higher, though still less than 120 percent of the FPL. For SLMBs, the Medicaid program pays only the SMI premiums. A third category of Medicare beneficiaries who may receive help consists of disabled-and-working individuals. According to the Medicare law, disabled-and-working individuals who previously qualified for Medicare because of disability, but who lost entitlement because of their return to work (despite the disability), are allowed to purchase Medicare

#### Medicaid

HI and SMI coverage. If these persons have incomes below 200 percent of the FPL but do not meet any other Medicaid assistance category, they may qualify to have Medicaid pay their HI premiums as qualified disabled and working individuals (QDWIs). According to CMS estimates, Medicaid currently provides some level of supplemental health coverage for 5 million Medicare beneficiaries within the above three categories.

For Medicare beneficiaries with incomes that are above 120 percent and less than 175 percent of the FPL, the BBA establishes a capped allocation to states, for each of the 5 years beginning January 1998, for payment of all or some of the Medicare SMI premiums. These beneficiaries are known as qualifying individuals (QIs). Unlike QMBs and SLMBs, who may be eligible for other Medicaid benefits in addition to their QMB/SLMB benefits, the QIs cannot be otherwise eligible for medical assistance under a state plan. The payment of this QI benefit is 100 percent federally funded, up to the state's allocation.

Note: Medicaid data are based on the projections of the Midsession Review of the President's Fiscal Year 2002 Budget and are consistent with data received from the states on the Forms HCFA-2082, HCFA-37, and HCFA-64.

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# **Unemployment Insurance**

Through federal and state cooperation, unemployment insurance programs are designed to provide benefits to regularly employed members of the labor force who become involuntarily unemployed and who are able and willing to accept suitable employment. Workers in all 50 states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands are covered under unemployment insurance programs.

To induce states to enact unemployment insurance laws, the Social Security Act of 1935 provided a tax offset incentive. A uniform national tax was imposed on payrolls of industrial and commercial employers who employed eight or more workers in 20 or more weeks in a calendar year. Employers who paid taxes to a state with an approved unemployment insurance law could credit (offset) up to 90 percent of the state tax against the federal tax. This insured that employers in states without an unemployment insurance law would not have an advantage competing with similar businesses in states with such a law because they would still be subject to the federal payroll tax, and their employees would not be eligible for benefits.

In addition, the Social Security Act authorized grants to states to meet the costs of administering the state systems. By July 1937, all 48 states, the then territories of Alaska and Hawaii, and the District of Columbia had passed unemployment insurance laws. Later, Puerto Rico adopted its own unemployment insurance program, which was incorporated in 1961 into the federal-state system. A similar program for workers in the Virgin Islands was added in 1978.

If employers are to receive an offset against federal taxes and if states are to receive federal grants for administration, federal law requires state unemployment insurance programs to meet certain requirements. These requirements are intended to assure that a state participating in the program has an unemployment insurance system that is fairly administered and financially secure.

One requirement is that all contributions collected under state laws be deposited in the unemployment trust fund of the U.S. Treasury Department. The fund is invested as a whole, but each state has a separate account to which its deposits and its share of interest on investments are credited. At any time, a state may withdraw money from its account in the trust fund, but only to pay benefits. Thus, unlike the situation in the majority of states having workers' compensation and temporary disability insurance laws, unemployment insurance benefits are paid exclusively through a public fund. Private plans cannot be substituted for the state plan.

Aside from federal standards, each state has major responsibility for the content and development of its unemployment insurance law. The state itself decides the amount and duration of benefits (except for certain federal requirements concerning Federal-State Extended Benefits), the contribution rates (with limitations), and, in general, the eligibility requirements and disqualification provisions. The states also directly administer the programs-collecting contributions, maintaining wage records (where applicable), taking claims, determining eligibility, and paying benefits to unemployed workers.

#### Coverage

Originally, coverage had been limited to employment covered by the Federal Unemployment Tax Act (FUTA), which relates primarily to industrial and commercial workers in private industry. However, several federal laws added substantially to the number and types of workers protected under the state programs, such as the Employment Security Amendments of 1970 and the Unemployment Compensation Amendments of 1976.

Private employers in industry and commerce are subject to the law if they have one or more individuals employed on 1 day in each of 20 weeks during the current or preceding year, or if they paid wages of \$1,500 or more during any calendar quarter in the current or preceding year.

Agricultural workers are covered on farms with a quarterly payroll of at least \$20,000 or employing 10 or more employees in 20 weeks of the year. Domestic employees in private households are subject to FUTA if their employer pays wages of \$1,000 or more in a calendar quarter. Excluded from coverage are workers employed by their families and the self-employed.

Before 1976, employment in state and local governments and nonprofit organizations were exempt from FUTA. However, as a result of federal legislation enacted in 1976, most employment in these groups must now be covered by state law as a condition for securing federal approval of the state law. Under this form of coverage, local government and nonprofit employers have the option of making contributions as under FUTA or of reimbursing the state for benefit expenditures actually made. Elected officials, legislators, members of the judiciary, and the state National Guard are still excluded, as are employees of nonprofit organizations that employ fewer than four workers in 20 weeks in the current or preceding calendar year. Many states have extended coverage beyond that provided by federal legislation.

Through special federal legislation, federal civilian employees and ex-servicemembers of the Armed Forces were brought under the unemployment insurance system. Benefits for these persons are financed through federal funds but are administered by the states and paid in accordance with the provisions of the state laws. A separate unemployment insurance law enacted by Congress covers railroad workers.

# **Eligibility for Benefits**

Unemployment benefits are available as a matter of right (without a means test) to unemployed workers who have demonstrated their attachment to the labor force by a specified amount of recent work and/or earnings in covered employment. All workers whose employers contribute to or make payments in lieu of contributions to state unemployment funds, federal civilian employees, and ex-servicemembers are eligible if they are involuntarily unemployed, able to work, available for work, and actively seeking work. Workers must also meet the eligibility and qualifying requirements of the state law and be free from disqualifications. Workers who meet these eligibility conditions may still be denied benefits if they are found to be responsible for their own unemployment.

## **Work Requirements**

A worker's monetary benefit rights are based on his or her employment in covered work over a prior reference period called the "base period," and these benefit rights remain fixed for a "benefit year." In most states, the base period is the first 4 quarters of the last 5 completed calendar quarters preceding the claim for unemployment benefits.

#### **Benefits**

Under all state laws, the weekly benefit amount-that is, the amount payable for a week of total unemployment-varies with the worker's past wages within certain minimum and maximum limits. In most states, the formula is designed to compensate for a fraction of the usual weekly wage, normally about 50 percent, subject to specified dollar maximums.

Three-fourths of the laws use a formula that computes weekly benefits as a fraction of wages in one or more quarters of the base period. Most commonly, the fraction is taken of wages in the quarter during which wages were highest because this quarter most nearly reflects full-time work. In most of these states, the same fraction is used at all benefit levels. The other laws use a weighted schedule that gives a greater proportion of the high-quarter wages to lower paid workers than to those earning more.

Each state establishes a ceiling on the weekly benefit amount and no worker may receive an amount larger than the ceiling. The maximum may be either a fixed dollar amount or a flexible amount. Under the latter arrangement, which has been adopted in 35 jurisdictions, the maximum is adjusted automatically in accordance with the weekly wages of covered employees.

Twelve states provide additional allowances for certain dependents. They all include children under ages 16, 18, or 19 (and, generally, older if incapacitated); 8 states include a nonworking spouse; and 2 states consider other dependent

relatives. The amount allowed per dependent varies considerably by state but generally is \$24 or less per week and, in the majority of states, the amount is the same for each dependent.

All but 7 states require a waiting period of 1 week of total unemployment before benefits can begin. Three states pay benefits retroactively for the waiting period if unemployment lasts a certain period or if the employee returns to work within a specified period.

Except for two jurisdictions, states provide a statutory maximum duration of 26 weeks of benefits in a benefit year. However, jurisdictions vary the duration of benefits through various formulas.

#### **Extended Benefits**

In the 1970s, a permanent federal-state program of Extended Benefits (EB) was established for workers who exhaust their entitlement to regular state benefits during periods of high unemployment. The program is financed equally from federal and state funds. Employment conditions in an individual state trigger Extended Benefits. This happens when the unemployment rate among insured workers in a state averages 5 percent or more over a 13week period, and is at least 20 percent higher than the rate for the same period in the 2 preceding years. If the insured unemployment rate reaches 6 percent, a state may by state law disregard the 20-percent requirement in initiating Extended Benefits. Once triggered, Extended Benefit provisions remain in effect for at least 13 weeks. When a state's benefit period ends, Extended Benefits to individual workers also end, even if they have received less than their potential entitlement and are still unemployed. Further, once a state's benefit period ends, another statewide period cannot begin for at least 13 weeks.

State law determines most eligibility conditions for Extended Benefits and the weekly benefit payable. However, under federal law a claimant applying for Extended Benefits must have had 20 weeks in full-time employment (or the equivalent in insured wages) and must meet special work requirements. A worker who has exhausted his or her regular benefits is eligible for a 50-percent increase in duration of benefits for a maximum of 13 weeks of Extended Benefits. There is, however, an overall maximum of 39 weeks of regular and Extended Benefits. Extended Benefits are payable at the same rate as the weekly amount under the regular state program.

Prior to the 1992 legislation, the EB program was based on the insured unemployment rate (IUR)-the number of unemployed workers receiving benefits in a state as a percent of the number of persons in unemployment-insurance covered employment in that state. By definition, the IUR does not include workers who have exhausted their benefits but are still unemployed.

The 1992 legislation (P.L. 102-318) provided states the option of adopting an additional formula for triggering the

permanent Extended Benefits program. Effective March 1993, states had the option of amending their laws to use alternative total unemployment rate triggers in addition to the current insured unemployment rate triggers. Under this option, Extended Benefits would be paid when: (1) the state's seasonally adjusted total unemployment rate for the most recent 3 months is at least 6.5 percent, and (2) that rate is at least 110 percent of the state average total unemployment rate in the corresponding 3-month period in either of the 2 preceding years.

States triggering on to the Extended Benefits program under other triggers would provide the regular 26 weeks of unemployment benefits in addition to 13 weeks of Extended Benefits, (which is the same number of weeks of benefits provided previously). In addition, states that have chosen the total unemployment rate option will also amend their state laws to add an additional 7 weeks of Extended Benefits (for a total of 20 weeks) where the total unemployment rate is at least 8 percent and is 110 percent of the state's total unemployment rate for the same 3 months in either of the 2 preceding years. As of March 4, 2001, Extended Benefits were payable for 13 weeks in Alaska based on the insured unemployment rate.

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# **Workers' Compensation**

Workers' compensation provides cash benefits and medical care when employees suffer work-related injuries or illnesses, and survivor benefits to the dependents of workers whose deaths result from a work-related incident. In exchange for receiving benefits, workers who receive workers' compensation are generally not allowed to bring a tort suit against their employers for damages of any kind.

Workers' compensation was the first form of social insurance to develop widely in the United States. The federal government was the first to establish a workers' compensation program, covering its civilian employees with an act that was passed in 1908 to provide benefits for workers engaged in hazardous work. The remaining federal workforce was covered in 1916. Nine states enacted workers' compensation laws in 1911. By 1920, all but 7 states and the District of Columbia had workers' compensation laws.

Today each of the 50 states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands has its own program. The federal government covers its employees through its own program, and it also administers the Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act, enacted in 1927, which covers longshore and harbor workers throughout the United States.

Coal miners suffering from pneumoconiosis, or "black lung" disease, are covered by the Black Lung Benefits Act of 1972, with the initial benefits enacted as part of the Coal Mine Health and Safety Act of 1969. Under this program, monthly cash benefits are payable to miners disabled by black lung disease and to their dependents or survivors. Medical benefits are also payable on the basis of a diagnosis of pneumoconiosis.

The Energy Employees Occupational Illness Compensation Program Act of 2000 instituted a new program that covers employees, contractors, and sub-contractors of the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) for exposure to beryllium and the contraction of chronic beryllium disease. In addition, employees of private companies providing beryllium to DOE are covered. Employees' survivors also receive cash benefits.

This same act also covers employees disabled or killed by cancers that developed after beginning employment at a DOE or an atomic weapons facility, as long as the cancer was at least "as likely as not" related to this employment, subject to a number of guidelines relating to radiation exposure, type of cancer, and other relevant factors. It also provides benefits for silica-related diseases and to uranium miners and their survivors who have received lump sum payments under the Radiation Exposure Compensation Act, and establishes an Office of Worker Advocacy in the DOE to deal with other claims of work-related occupational disease.

# Coverage

In 1999, state and federal workers' compensation laws covered about 123.9 million employees. Covered payroll in 1999—that is, total wages paid to covered workers—was \$4.1 trillion.

Common exemptions from coverage are domestic service, agricultural employment, small employers, and casual labor. However, 39 programs have some coverage for agricultural workers, and 25 programs have some coverage for domestic workers. Many programs exempt employees of nonprofit, charitable, or religious institutions. The coverage of state and local public employees differs widely from one state program to another.

Two other major groups outside the coverage of workers' compensation laws are railroad employees engaged in interstate commerce and seamen in the U.S. Merchant Marine. These workers have health insurance and shortterm and long-term cash benefit plans that cover disabilities whether or not the conditions are work-related. In addition, under federal laws these workers retain the right to bring tort suits against their employers for negligence in the case of work-related injuries or illness.

The programs are compulsory for most private employment, except in Texas, where it is elective. That is, in Texas employers may accept or reject coverage under the law. If they reject it, they lose the customary common-law defenses against suits by employees in private industry.

#### **Benefits**

The benefits provided under workers' compensation include periodic cash payments and medical services to the worker during the period of disablement for the disabling condition. They also include death and funeral benefits to the workers' survivors. Lump-sum settlements are permitted under most programs.

Approximately three-fourths of all worker's compensation cases involve only medical benefits. Cash wage replacement benefits are categorized according to the duration and severity of the worker's disability.

#### **Temporary and Permanent Total Disability**

A large majority of compensation cases involving cash payments involve temporary total disability. That is, the employee is unable to work at all while he or she is recovering from the injury but the worker is expected to recover. When workers' lost time exceeds the waiting period (3 to 7 days, depending on the state) they receive a percentage of their weekly wages—typically two-thirds—up to a maximum weekly amount. The maximum generally is set at some percentage of the state's average weekly wage, ranging from 66-2/3 percent to 200 percent, but typically 100 percent. In some cases, workers return to work prior to the date they reach maximum medical improvement and thus have reduced responsibilities and an accompanying lower salary. In those cases, they receive temporary partial disability benefits.

After the date of maximum medical improvement, if a disability is severe enough, the worker receives permanent total disability benefits. Very few workers compensation cases are found to have permanent total disabilities.

#### **Permanent Partial Disability**

If the permanent disability of a worker is only partial and may or may not lessen work ability, permanent partial disability benefits are payable. The system for determining benefits in these cases is very complex and varies significantly across jurisdictions. Some states provide benefits based on an impairment rating process. The level of impairment, often expressed as a percent of total disability, is used to determine the benefit amount. Some states provide benefits based on the loss of earning capacity. They use impairment ratings with modifications based on vocational factors, such as the worker's education, job experience, and age. Other states use systems that attempt to compensate workers for actual lost wages.

#### **Death Benefits**

Generally, compensation is related to earnings and to the number of dependents payable to the survivors of workers who die from a work related illness or injury. Benefits are capped in 26 states.

## **Medical Benefits**

All compensation acts require that medical aid be furnished to workers suffering from a work-related injury or illness without delay, whether or not the condition entails work interruption. This care includes first-aid treatment, physician services, surgical and hospital services, nursing, medical drugs and supplies, appliances, and prosthetic devices. Care is typically provided with no co-payment from the worker.

A few state laws contain provisions for nominal contributions by the covered employee for hospital and medical benefits.

# Financing

Workers' compensation programs are financed almost exclusively by employers and are based on the principle that the cost of work-related accidents is a business expense. Depending on state laws, employers can purchase insurance from a private carrier or state fund, or they can self-insure. No program relies on general taxing power to finance workers' compensation. Employers in most programs are permitted to carry insurance against work accidents with commercial insurance companies or to qualify as self-insurers by giving proof of financial ability to carry their own risk. In seven jurisdictions, however, commercial insurance is not allowed. In four of these areas, including Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands, employers must insure with an exclusive state fund, and in three others, they must either insure with an exclusive state insurance fund or selfinsure. In 19 jurisdictions, state funds have been established that compete with private insurance carriers. Federal employees are provided protection through a federally financed and operated system.

# Workers' Compensation Program Summary

Benefit payments under workers' compensation programs increased 2.5 percent in 1999 to \$43.4, from the 1998 figure of \$42.3 billion. As a percentage of covered wages, however, benefits fell 3.9 percent from 1.09 to 1.05.

In 1999, medical benefits accounted for \$18.0 billion, and wage loss compensation \$25.3 billion. The latter amount includes payments to disabled workers and the survivors of deceased workers.

The \$43.4 billion for workers' compensation benefit payments in 1999 includes nearly \$1 billion in benefits for the Black Lung program. This program is described separately (see tables 9.B1–9.B3).

The employers' cost of providing workers' compensation coverage generally varies according to risk, industrial classification, and experience rating. Nationally, in 1999, such costs were approximately 1.29 percent of covered payroll, or about \$430 for each of the 123.9 million protected employees.

The year 1999 is the seventh in a row that benefits relative to covered wages declined. It is the sixth consecutive year that employer costs declined relative to covered wages. Benefits as a percentage of wages peaked in 1992 at 1.69 percent. Employer costs peaked in 1993 at 2.17 percent of covered wages.

# **Temporary Disability Insurance**

Five states, Puerto Rico, and the railroad industry have social insurance programs that partially compensate for the loss of wages caused by temporary nonoccupational disability or maternity. These programs are known as temporary disability insurance (TDI) because the duration of the payments is limited.

Federal law does not provide for a federal-state system of short-term disability comparable to the federal-state system of unemployment insurance. However, the Federal Unemployment Tax Act (FUTA) was amended in 1946 to permit states where employees made contributions under the unemployment insurance program to use some or all of these contributions for the payment of disability benefits (but not for administration). Three of the nine states that could have benefited by this provision for initial funding for temporary disability insurance took advantage of it: California, New Jersey, and Rhode Island. The first state law was enacted by Rhode Island in 1942, followed by legislation in California and the railroad industry in 1946. New Jersey in 1948, and New York in 1949. Then came a hiatus of two decades before Puerto Rico and Hawaii passed laws in 1968 and 1969, respectively.

The five state temporary disability insurance laws and the Puerto Rico law cover most commercial and industrial wage-and-salary workers in private employment if the employer has at least one worker. In no state is coverage under TDI identical with that of the unemployment insurance program. Principal occupational groups excluded are domestic workers, family workers (parent, child, or spouse of the employer), government employees, and the self-employed. State and local government employees are included in Hawaii, and the other state programs generally provide elective coverage for some or all-public employees.

Agricultural workers are covered to varying degrees in California, Hawaii, New Jersey, and Puerto Rico, but they are not covered in other jurisdictions. The California law permits self-employed individuals to elect coverage on a voluntary basis. Workers employed by railroads, railroad associations, and railroad unions are covered by temporary disability insurance under the national system included in the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act.

The methods used for providing this protection vary. In Rhode Island, the coverage is provided through an exclusive, state-operated fund into which all contributions are paid and from which all benefits are disbursed. In addition, a covered employer may provide supplemental benefits in any manner he or she chooses. The railroad program is also exclusively publicly operated in conjunction with its unemployment insurance provisions.

In California, New Jersey, and Puerto Rico, coverage is provided through a state-operated fund, but employers are permitted to "contract out" of the state fund by purchasing group insurance from commercial insurance companies, by self-insuring, or by negotiating an agreement with a union or employees' association. Coverage by the state fund is automatic unless or until an employer or the employees take positive action by substituting a private plan that meets the standards prescribed in the law and is approved by the administering agency. Premiums (in lieu of contributions) are then paid directly to the private plan, and benefits are paid to the workers affected.

The Hawaii and New York laws require employers to provide their own disability insurance plans for their workers-by setting up an approved self-insurance plan, by an agreement with employees or a union establishing a labor-management benefit plan, or by purchasing group insurance from a commercial carrier. In New York, the employer may also provide protection through the State Insurance Fund, which is a state-operated competitive carrier. Both Hawaii and New York operate special funds to pay benefits to workers who become disabled while unemployed or whose employers have failed to provide the required protection. In other jurisdictions, benefit payments for the disabled unemployed are made from the regular state-operated funds.

# **Eligibility for Benefits**

To qualify for benefits, a worker must fulfill certain requirements regarding past earnings or employment and must be disabled as defined in the law. In addition, claimants may be disqualified if they received certain types of income during the period of disability.

#### **Earnings or Employment Requirements**

A claimant must have a specified amount of past employment or earnings to qualify for benefits. However, in most jurisdictions with private plans, the plans either insure workers immediately upon their employment or, in some cases, require a short probationary period of employment, usually from 1 to 3 months. Upon cessation of employment after a specified period, a worker generally loses his or her private plan coverage and must look to a state- created fund for such protection.

#### **Disability Requirements**

The laws generally define disability as inability to perform regular or customary work because of a physical or mental condition. Stricter requirements are imposed for disability during unemployment in New Jersey and New York. All the laws pay full benefits for disability due to pregnancy.

#### **Disqualifying Income**

All the laws restrict payment of disability benefits when the claimant is also receiving workers' compensation payments. However, the statutes usually contain some exceptions to this rule (for example, if the workers' compensation is for partial disability or for previously incurred work disabilities).

The laws differ with respect to the treatment of sick leave payments. Rhode Island pays disability benefits in full even though the claimant draws wage continuation payments. New York deducts from the benefits any payment from the employer or from a fund contributed to by the employer, except for benefits paid pursuant to a collective bargaining agreement. In California, New Jersey, and Puerto Rico, benefits plus paid sick leave for any week during disability may not exceed the individual's weekly earnings before his or her disablement. Railroad workers are not eligible for TDI benefits while they receive sick leave pay.

In all seven temporary disability insurance systems, as with unemployment insurance, weekly benefit amounts are related to a claimant's previous earnings in covered employment. In general, the benefit amount for a week is intended to replace at least one-half the weekly wage loss for a limited time. All the laws, however, specify minimum and maximum amounts payable for a week. The maximum duration of benefits varies between 26 and 52 weeks. Hawaii, New York, and Puerto Rico provide for benefits of a uniform duration of 26 weeks for all claimants; California and the railroad program have maximum benefit periods of 52 weeks; New Jersey, 26 weeks; and Rhode Island, 30 weeks. Under the railroad program, duration varies between 26 weeks and 52 weeks, based on the total number of years of employment in the industry. In the other jurisdictions, limited pre-disability "base period" wages reduce benefit duration. A noncompensable waiting period of a week or 7 consecutive days of disability (4 days for railroad workers) is generally required before the payment of benefits for subsequent weeks.

The statutory provisions described above govern the benefits payable to employees covered by the stateoperated plans. In those states where private plans are permitted to participate, these provisions represent standards against which the private plan can be measured (in accordance with provisions in the state law).

## **Financing and Administration**

Under each of the laws, except for that governing the railroad program, employees may be required to contribute to the cost of the temporary disability benefit. In five of the jurisdictions (all but California and Rhode Island), employers are also required to contribute. In general, the government does not contribute. Five of the seven temporary disability insurance programs are administered by the same agency that administers unemployment insurance. Under these five programs, the unemployment insurance administrative machinery is used to collect contributions, to maintain wage records, to determine eligibility, and to pay benefits to workers under the state-operated funds. The New York law is administered by the state Workers' Compensation Board, and the Hawaii law is administered separately in the Department of Labor and Industrial Relations.

By way of contrast, claims in New York and Hawaii are filed with and paid by the employer, the insurance carrier, or the union health and welfare fund that is operating the private plan. The state agency limits its functions with respect to employed workers to exercising general supervision over private plans, to setting standards of performance, and to adjudicating disputed claims arising between claimants and carriers. A similar situation applies to claimants under private plans in California, New Jersey, and Puerto Rico.

CONTACT: Rita L. DiSimone (202) 358-6221 for further information.

# **Black Lung Benefits**

The Black Lung benefit program established by the Federal Coal Mine Health and Safety Act of 1969 provides monthly benefit payments to coal miners totally disabled as a result of pneumoconiosis, to the widows of coal miners who died as a result of pneumoconiosis, and to their dependents. The Social Security Administration (SSA) was responsible for the payment and administration of these Part B benefits (miner, survivor, and dependent) with respect to claims filed through June 30, 1973 (and certain survivor cases, before December 31, 1973).

On October 1, 1997, responsibility for maintenance and payment of Part B was transferred from SSA to the Department of Labor (DOL); SSA, however, maintains responsibility for conducting formal hearings necessary to resolve contested issues with respect to Part B claims. Only data on these Part B claims are reported on in this *Supplement*. Part C claims are reported in the *OWCP Annual Report to Congress*, U.S. Department of Labor, Office of Workers' Compensation Programs.

Under the Black Lung Benefits Act of 1972, DOL was assigned jurisdiction over Part C benefits, generally claims filed July 1, 1973 and later. Different financing provisions are applicable to these claims.

Under the law, the basic Black Lung benefit rate is 37-1/2 percent of the monthly pay rate for federal employees in the first step of grade GS-2. The basic rate to a miner or widow may be increased according to the number of qualified dependents—50 percent of the basic benefit rate if one dependent qualifies, 75 percent for two dependents, and 100 percent for three or more dependents.

Since Black Lung payments are tied directly to federal employee salary scales, increases are automatically payable when federal salaries are increased.

Reflecting a 2.7 percent adjustment, monthly benefit rates effective January 1, 2001 are:

Miner or widow \$500.50 Miner or widow and one dependent \$750.80 Miner or widow and 2 dependents \$875.90 Miner or widow and 3 or more dependents (family benefit) \$1,001.00

If a miner or surviving spouse is receiving workers' compensation, unemployment compensation, or disability insurance payments under state law, the Black Lung benefit is offset by the amount being paid under these other programs.

Under the 1972 amendments to the law, payments were extended to full orphans, parents, brothers, and sisters of deceased miners. Under earlier law, survivor payments were limited to widows and their dependent children (if the miner and spouse were both deceased, no benefits were payable to surviving children). The 1972 amendments also expanded coverage to include surface as well as underground coal miners.

Significant program data under Part B in 2000 included the following:

- Between December 1999 and 2000, the total number of Black lung beneficiaries dropped from 99,000 to 89,400. The beneficiaries included 11,600 miners, 61,500 widows, and 16,200 dependents.
- Total annual payments declined from \$541.2 million in 1999 to \$509.3 million in 2000.
- The average monthly benefit for miners in December 2000 was \$652.00 and \$495.50 for widows.
- Ninety-seven percent of miners and widows were aged 65 or older in 2000.
- Seventy-three percent of all Black Lung beneficiaries resided in five states in 2000: Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Kentucky, Virginia, and Ohio.

CONTACT: Donald T. Ferron/Wayne Tacy (410) 965-0160/(301) 731-5116 for futher information.

# Veterans' Benefits

A variety of programs and benefits are available to servicemembers and veterans of military service: disability payments, educational assistance, health care, vocational rehabilitation, survivor and dependents benefits, special loan programs, and hiring preference for certain jobs. Most of the veterans programs are administered by the Department of Veterans Affairs.

### **Monetary Benefits**

Two major cash benefit programs are available for veterans. The first program provides benefits to veterans with service-connected disabilities and, on the veteran's death, benefits are paid to the eligible spouse and children. These benefits are not means tested—that is, they are payable regardless of other income or resources. The second program provides benefits to needy veterans who have nonservice-connected disabilities. These benefits are means tested.

# Compensation for Service-connected Disabilities

The disability compensation program pays monthly benefits to veterans whose disabilities resulted from injury or disease incurred while in, or aggravated by, active military duty, whether in wartime or peacetime. Individuals discharged or separated from military service under dishonorable conditions are not eligible for compensation payments. The amount of monthly compensation depends on the degree of disability, rated as the percentage of normal function lost. Payments in 2001 range from \$101 a month for a 10-percent disability to \$2,107 a month for total disability. Veterans who have at least a 30-percent service-connected disability are entitled to an additional dependent's allowance. The amount is based on the number of dependents and degree of disability.

#### Pension for

#### Non-service-connected Disabilities

Monthly benefits are provided to wartime veterans with limited income and resources who are totally and permanently disabled because of a condition not attributable to their military service. To qualify for these pensions, a veteran must have served in one or more of the following designated war periods: The Mexican Border Period, World War I, World War II, the Korean Conflict, the Vietnam Era, or the Gulf War. The period of service must have lasted at least 90 days, and the discharge or separation cannot have been dishonorable.

Effective December 1, 2000, maximum benefit amounts for non-service-connected disabilities range from \$775 per month for a veteran without a dependent spouse or child to \$1,533 per month for a veteran who is in need of regular aid and attendance and who has one dependent. For each additional dependent child, the pension is raised by \$132 per month.

#### **Benefits for Survivors**

The dependency and indemnity compensation (DIC) program provides monthly benefits to the surviving spouse, children (under age 18, disabled, or students), and certain parents of service persons or veterans who die as the result of an injury or disease incurred while in or aggravated by active duty or training, or from a disability otherwise compensable under laws administered by the Department of Veterans Affairs.

Dependency and indemnity compensation payments may also be made if the veteran were receiving, or was entitled to receive, compensation for a service-connected disability at the time of death, and if certain conditions as to the severity of the disability are met.

Eligibility for survivor benefits based on a non-serviceconnected death of a veteran with a service-connected disability requires a marriage of at least a 1-year duration before the veteran's death. A surviving spouse is generally required to have lived continuously with the veteran from marriage until his or her death. Eligibility for benefits generally ends with the spouse's remarriage.

The monthly benefit amount payable to surviving spouses of veterans, who died before January 1, 1993, depends on the last pay rate of the deceased service person or veteran. In 2001, for pay grades E-1 through E-6, a flat monthly rate of \$911 is paid to surviving spouses. Monthly benefits for grades E-7 through E-9 range between \$942 and \$1,038. For veterans who died after January 1, 1993, surviving spouses receive a flat \$911 a month. An additional \$197 a month will be paid to supplement the basic rate if the deceased veteran had been entitled to receive 100-percent service-connected compensation for at least 8 years immediately preceding death. The amounts payable to eligible parents are lower and depend on: (1) the number of parents eligible, (2) their income, and (3) their marital status.

#### Pensions for

#### Non-service-connected Death

Pensions are paid based on need to surviving spouses and dependent children (under age 18, disabled or students) of deceased veterans of the wartime periods specified in the disability pension program. For a pension to be payable, the veteran generally must have met the same service requirements established for the non-serviceconnected disability pension program, and the surviving spouse must meet the same marriage requirements as under the dependency and indemnity compensation program. The pension amount depends on the composition of the surviving family and the physical condition of the surviving spouse. In 2001, pensions range from \$519 a month for a surviving spouse without dependent children to \$991 a month for a spouse who is in need of regular aid and attendance and who has a dependent child. The pension is raised by \$132 a month for each additional dependent child.

# Hospitalization and Other Medical Care

The Department of Veterans Affairs provides a nationwide system of health care through a system of hospitals and community-based outpatient clinics to eligible veterans.

# Enrollment - Provisions of Hospitalization and Outpatient Medical Care to Veterans

To receive health care, veterans generally must be enrolled with the VA and may apply for enrollment at any time. Veterans do not have to be enrolled if they (1) have a service-connected disability of 50 percent or more; (2) want care for a disability which the military determined was incurred or aggravated in the line of duty but which VA has not yet rated during the 12-month period following discharge; or (3) want care for a service-connected disability.

Enrolled veterans and those not subject to enrollment are eligible to receive comprehensive medical benefits, which includes basic and preventive care.

#### **Eligibility Requirements**

Basic eligibility for hospital care and outpatient medical services are based on a veteran's character of discharge from active military service. Veterans discharged prior to September 7, 1980 for other than dishonorable conditions have basic eligibility for care. However, veterans discharged after September 7, 1980, must have completed 24 consecutive months of active duty service. Reservists who were called or ordered to active duty may also be eligible for care as a veteran if they complete the full period for which they were called or ordered to active duty. The 24month minimum service time requirement does apply to veterans who were discharged for reasons of early-out under Title 38, U.S.C. 1173, discharged for a disability incurred or aggravated in the line of duty, awarded VA compensation or is in need of care for an adjudicated serviceconnected disability.

## **Care for Dependents and Survivors**

The dependents and survivors of certain veterans may be eligible for medical care under the Civilian Health and Medical Program of the Department of Veterans Affairs (CHAMPVA) if not eligible for medical care under Tricare or Medicare. Tricare (formerly known as CHAMPUS) is the health program administered by the Department of Defense for dependents of active duty personnel and military retirees and their dependents.

Beneficiaries covered by CHAMPVA may be treated at Department facilities when space is available. Usually, however, the person with CHAMPVA coverage is treated at a community hospital of his or her choice. The Department of Veterans Affairs pays for a part of the bill and the beneficiary is responsible for any required co-payment.

#### **Nursing Home Care**

A veteran seeking nursing home care must meet the established eligibility requirements for admission to a Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) nursing home. The Veterans Millennium Health Care and Benefits Act, Public Law 106-117 passed by Congress on November 30, 1999, made amendments to the original authority for nursing home placement. The new law requires that VA—

- Provide nursing home care to any veteran in need of such care for a service-connected disability;
- Provide nursing home care to any veteran who is in need of such care and who has a service-connected disability rated at 70 percent or greater;
- Provide nursing home care, either directly or through contracts when clinically indicated for eligible veterans;
- Facilities to determine the need for nursing home care based on a comprehensive interdisciplinary assessment.

### **Other Medical Benefits**

Other Department of Veterans Affairs programs and medical benefits are available to certain veterans. Veterans do not need to be enrolled in the VA health care system to be eligible for any of the following benefits; however, there may be restrictions: domiciliary care, alcohol and drug dependency treatment; prosthetic appliances; modification in certain veterans home when so ordered by his or her physician, subject to cost limitations; compensation and pension examinations; care as part of a VA approved research project; readjustment counseling and treatment for Vietnam veterans; sexual trauma counseling for veterans suffering from trauma of a sexual nature during active military service; counseling; vocational rehabilitation counseling; special registry examinations and dental care.

## **Educational Assistance**

The post-Vietnam Veterans' Educational Assistance Program (VEAP) is a voluntary contributory matching program for persons entering service after December 31, 1976. To be eligible, the servicemember must have initially contributed to VEAP before April 1, 1987. The Montgomery GI Bill-Active Duty program provides education benefits for individuals entering military service after June 30, 1985, and for certain other individuals. Servicemembers entering active duty have their basic pay reduced \$100 a month for the first 12 months of their service unless they specifically elect not to participate. An educational assistance program is also available for individuals who enter the Selected Reserve after June 30, 1985.

The Department of Veterans Affairs also pays educational assistance for dependents if a veteran is permanently and totally disabled from a service-related cause, or dies as a result of service, or while completely disabled from service-related causes.

CONTACT: Rita L. DiSimone (202) 358-6221 for further information.

# **Temporary Assistance for Needy Families**

On August 22, 1996, The Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996 (PRWORA) became law. This comprehensive, bipartisan legislation changed the nation's welfare system into one requiring work in exchange for time-limited assistance. It created the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) program, which replaced the Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC), Emergency Assistance (EA), and Job Opportunities and Basic Skills Training (JOBS) programs. The law marks the end of federal entitlement to assistance. In TANF, states and territories operate programs, and Indian tribes have the option to run their own programs. States, territories, and tribes each receive a block grant allocation, and states must maintain a historical level of state spending known as maintenance of effort. The basic block grant provides states and tribes \$16.5 billion in federal funds each year, through 2002. This amount covers benefits, administrative expenses, and services targeted to needv families.

The 1996 law offers states great flexibility in designing individual state TANF programs. Unless expressly provided under the statute, the federal government may not regulate the conduct of states.

States may use TANF funds in any manner "reasonably calculated to accomplish the purposes of TANF." The purposes are assisting needy families so that children can be cared for in their own homes; reducing dependency of needy parents by promoting job preparation, work, and marriage; preventing out-of-wedlock pregnancies, and encouraging the formation and maintenance of two-parent families.

# Highlights

## Work Requirements

With few exceptions, recipients must work as soon as job ready, or no later than 2 years after coming on assistance. In fiscal year 1997, each state had to ensure that 25 percent of all families in the state were engaged in work activities. This percentage increased to 50 percent in FY 2002. Minimum participation rates for two-parent families started at 75 percent in FY 1997 and increased to 90 percent. (If a state reduces its caseload, without restricting eligibility, it can receive a caseload reduction credit. This credit reduces the minimum participation rates the state must achieve.) During 1997 and 1998, single parents had to participate in work activities for at least 20 hours per week; by FY 2000, they had to participate at least 30 hours per week. Two-parent families had to participate in work activities for at least 35 or 55 hours per week, depending upon the circumstances. Failure to participate in work requirements can result in a reduction or a termination of benefits to the family. However, states cannot penalize

single parents with a child under six for failing to meet work requirements if they cannot obtain child care. A state may exempt single parents with children under the age of one from the work requirements and disregard these individuals in the calculation of participation rates for up to twelve months.

### **Work Activities**

Activities that count towards a state's participation rates are unsubsidized or subsidized employment, on-the-job training, work experience, community service, job search, vocational training, job skills training related to work, or education directly related to work; satisfactory secondary school attendance; and providing child care services to individuals who are participating in community service. However, no more than 12 months of vocational training, no more than 6 total weeks of job search, and no more than 4 consecutive weeks of job search may count. Further, effective in FY 2000, no more than 30 percent of those meeting the participation rates may count toward the work requirement on the basis of participation in vocational training or by being a teen parent in secondary school.

## **Five-Year Time Limit**

Families with an adult who has received federally funded assistance for a total of 5 years (or less at state option) are not eligible for cash aid under the TANF program. States may extend assistance beyond 60 months to up to 20 percent of their caseload. They may also elect to provide assistance to families beyond 60 months using state-only funds, or they may provide services to families that reach the time limit using Social Services Block Grants.

## State Maintenance of Effort Requirements

The TANF block grant program has an annual costsharing requirement, referred to as "maintenance of effort," or MOE. Every fiscal year each state must spend a certain minimum amount of its own money to help eligible families in ways that are consistent with the purposes of the TANF program. The required MOE amount is based on an "applicable percentage" of the state's (non-federal) expenditures on AFDC and the AFDC-related programs in 1994. The applicable percentage depends on whether the state meets its minimum work participation rate requirements for that fiscal year. A state that does not meet the required minimum work participation rate requirements must spend at least 80 percent of the amount it spent in 1994. A state that meets its minimum work participation rate requirements must spend at least 75 percent of the amount it spent in 1994.

In addition to the federal TANF block grant funding, needy states with economic problems may request federal

funds from the Contingency Fund. The Contingency Fund has a more rigorous MOE requirement.

### **Additional Funding**

Bonuses to reward high performance and reduce outof-wedlock births.—Through FY 2003, \$1 billion is available to states for high performance bonuses for achieving program goals, such as moving welfare recipients into jobs. There is a separate \$100 million annual appropriation for bonuses to the 5 states that have the greatest success in reducing their of out-of-wedlock birth rates, while also reducing their abortion rates.

Contingency fund, supplemental grants, and loans.— There is a contingency fund of \$2 billion available over 5 years to states experiencing economic downturns. There are a separate \$800 million fund available over 4 years to provide supplemental grants for states with high population growth and historically low welfare spending and a \$1.7 billion federal loan fund.

#### Penalties

The Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) may reduce s state's block grant if it fails to do any of the following:

- Satisfy work requirements. A penalty of 5 percent accrues in the first year. The penalty amount increases 2 percent per year for each consecutive failure. The penalty is adjusted based on degree of failure. The maximum penalty is 21 percent.
- Comply with 5-year limit on assistance. Failure to comply results in a 5 percent penalty.
- Meet the state's basic maintenance of effort requirements. The penalty is based on the amount of the state's under-spending. The state also loses its Welfare-to-Work funds.
- Meet the State's Contingency Fund MOE requirement. The penalty is a reduction of the State's Federal TANF grant by the amount of Contingency Funds received and not remitted.
- Reduce recipient grants for refusing to participate in work activities without good cause. A penalty of between 1 percent and 5 percent is assessed based on the degree of noncompliance. Maintain assistance when a single custodial parent with a child under six cannot obtain child care. Failure to comply results in a penalty of 5 percent.
- Submit required data reports. A penalty of 4 percent accrues.
- Comply with paternity establishment and child support enforcement requirements. Failure to comply results in a penalty of up to 5 percent.
- Participate in the Income and Eligibility Verification System. A penalty of up to 2 percent accrues.

- Repay a federal loan on time. The penalty will be based on the amount unpaid.
- Use funds appropriately. Misuse of funds can result in states being penalized for the amount misused. If this misuse is found to be intentional, an additional penalty of 5 percent will be assessed.
- Replace federal penalty reductions with additional state funds. This provision results in a penalty of up to 2 percent and requires states to contribute state funds to make up for any reductions in federal funds due to penalties.

The total penalty assessed against a state in given year may not exceed 25 percent of a state's block grant allotment. In some situations, states may avoid penalties: (1) if they demonstrate that they had reasonable cause for failing to meet the program requirements or (2) if they develop a corrective compliance plan, receive approval of their plan, and correct or discontinue the violation.

#### **Personal Employability Plans**

States must make an initial assessment of a recipient's skills. States may develop personal responsibility plans for each recipient to identify the education, training, and job placement services needed to move into the workforce.

#### Teen Parent Live-At-Home and Stay-In-School Requirement

Unmarried minor parents must participate in educational and training activities and live with a responsible adult or in an adult-supervised setting in order to receive assistance. States are responsible for assisting in locating adult-supervised settings for teens who cannot live at home.

#### **State Plans**

HHS reviews state plans for completeness only. States must allow for a 45-day comment period on the state plan by local governments and private organizations and consult with them. The state plan must have "objective criteria" for eligibility and benefits that are "fair" and "equitable." The plan must explain appeal rights.

#### **Job Subsidies**

The law allows states to create jobs by taking money that is now used for welfare checks and using it to create community service jobs, provide income subsidies, or provide hiring incentives for potential employers.

#### Waivers

States that received approval for welfare reform waivers before January 1,1997, have the option to operate their cash assistance program under some or all of these waivers, until the waivers expire.

#### **Effective Dates**

States had until July 1, 1997, to submit state plans and begin implementing TANF, although they had the option to implement earlier.

HHS published final regulations covering the state TANF programs on April 12, 1999. These regulations took effect October 1, 2000.

#### **Tribal Programs**

Federally recognized Indian tribes may apply directly to HHS to operate a TANF block grant program. Eligible tribes include the federally recognized tribes in the lower 48 states and 13 designated entities in Alaska (that is, the 12 Alaska Native regional nonprofit associations and Matlakatla). TANF allotments for Indian tribes are based upon previous state expenditures of federal dollars in AFDC, Emergency Assistance (EA), and JOBS on tribal members in fiscal year 1994. Tribal TANF programs could be implemented as early as July 1, 1997. Like states, Indian tribes can use their TANF funding in any manner reasonably calculated to accomplish the purposes of TANF. They have broad flexibility to determine eligibility, method of assistance, and benefit levels. Unlike state plans, the federal government approves tribal plans. Tribes and HHS must reach agreement on time limits, work requirements, and minimum participation rates.

In addition to authorizing tribes to administer TANF, PRWORA replaced the former tribal JOBS program with the Native Employment Works (NEW) program. The NEW program provides funding for tribes and inter-tribal consortia to design and administer tribal work activities that meet the unique employment and training needs of their populations while allowing tribes and states to provide other TANF services.

HHS published final regulations for the tribal TANF and NEW programs on February 18, 2000.

CONTACT: Bettie McClure (202) 401-5032 for futher information.

# **Food Stamps**

The Food Stamp program was designed to provide a means for persons with no or little income to obtain a nutritionally adequate diet. Under this program, single persons and individuals living in households meeting nationwide standards for income and assets may receive coupons redeemable for food for human consumption and garden seeds and plants. The benefits, which are in the form of coupons or Electronic Benefit Transfer (EBT) payments, are accepted at most retail food stores.

The value of the benefits that a unit receives each month is determined by household size, income, and deductible expenses. Households without income receive an amount equal to 100 percent of the June monthly cost of the Thrifty Food Plan (TFP—a nutritionally adequate diet) for a reference family of four adjusted for household size and economies of scale. This amount is updated every October for the new fiscal year to account for food price increases. As of October 2000, an eligible four-person household in the continental United States with no income receives \$434 per month in food stamps. Households with income receive food stamps valued at the difference between the maximum allotment and 30 percent of their income, after certain allowable deductions.

To qualify for the program, a household must have (1) less than \$2,000 in disposable assets (\$3,000, if one member is aged 60 or older), (2) gross income below 130 percent of the poverty guidelines for the household size, and (3) net income, after subtracting the six deductions listed below, of less than 100 percent of the poverty guidelines. Households with a person aged 60 or older or a disabled person receiving either Supplemental Security Income (SSI), Social Security (OASDI), state general assistance, or veterans' disability benefits (or interim disability assistance pending approval of any of the above programs) may have gross income exceeding 130 percent of the poverty guidelines, if, after subtracting the deductions listed below, the income is lower than 100 percent of the poverty guidelines. One- and two-person households that meet the applicable standard receive at least \$10 a month in food stamps. All households in which all members receive Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF) or SSI are categorically eligible for food stamps without meeting these income or resource criteria.

Net income is computed by deducting the following from monthly gross income:

- (1) Twenty percent of earned income.
- (2) A standard deduction of \$134 for fiscal year 2000.
- (3) The amount paid for dependent care (up to \$200 a month per child under age 2 and \$175 for all other dependents) while the dependent's caretaker is working or looking for work.

- (4) Any out-of-pocket medical expenses in excess of a \$35 deductible for a person aged 60 or older or a disabled person. If more than one person in the household is aged or disabled, \$35 is subtracted once before deducting combined medical expenses.
- (5) A child-support deduction for legally obligated child support paid for a nonhousehold member.
- (6) An excess shelter deduction, which is total shelter costs including utilities minus 50 percent of income after all the above deductions have been subtracted. Effective October 1, 2000, the limit was \$300. For households whose certification period began after March 1, 2001, the limit rose to \$340. Households with an aged or disabled person do not have a limit on this deduction.

Households are certified to receive food stamps for varying lengths of time, depending on their income sources and individual circumstances. Recertification is required at least annually. Households whose sole income is from SSI payments or Social Security benefits are certified for a 1year period. Moreover, households must report monthly income or expense changes of \$25 or more or other changes in circumstances that would affect eligibility. Families with income or food loss resulting from disaster situations such as tornadoes or floods may be eligible for food stamps for up to 1 month if they meet the special disaster income and asset limits.

Special provisions allow the homeless, drug addicts, alcoholics, blind, or disabled residents in certain group living arrangements, residents of shelters for battered spouses and children, and persons aged 60 or older to use their coupons for meals prepared at a nonprofit facility. The elderly and homeless may also use their coupons to purchase concession-priced meals from authorized restaurants. Households with members who are elderly (aged 60 or older), disabled, or lack transportation to the food stamp office may be certified for food stamps through a telephone interview or a home visit.

Initiated on a pilot basis in 1961, the Food Stamp program was formally established by the Food Stamp Act of 1964, with 22 states operating 43 projects, serving 350,000 people. The Food Stamp Act of 1977, as amended (P.L. 95-113), has been extended to all 50 states, the District of Columbia, Guam, and the Virgin Islands. Authorization for this program extends through September 30, 2002. (Since July 1982, Puerto Rico receives a block grant for nutrition assistance rather than participating in the Food Stamp program.) The Food Stamp program is administered nationally by the Food and Nutrition Service of the Department of Agriculture (USDA) and operates through local welfare offices and the nation's food marketing and banking systems. Since August 1, 1980, persons receiving or applying for SSI payments have been permitted to apply for food stamps through local Social Security district offices. The federal government, through general revenues, pays the entire cost of the food stamp benefits, but federal and state agencies share administrative costs.

# **History of Provisions**

Originally, food stamp coupons were purchased by participants. The difference between the face value of the coupons and the amount the participant paid was known as the "bonus value." The amount paid for coupons varied according to household income.

Legislation in 1971 established uniform national eligibility standards and uniform national benefit levels, required family allotments large enough to purchase a nutritionally adequate diet, provided free food stamps to the poorest recipients, required automatic cost-of-living increases in food stamp allotments, and established work-registration requirements for able-bodied adult household members up to age 65 (except students and those needed at home to care for children under age 18). Legislation in 1973 expanded the program (while phasing out the family food distribution program), provided for semi-annual allotments of coupon adjustments, and broadened the categories of persons eligible to participate. The 1973 legislation extended the program nationwide, requiring all states to participate in the Food Stamp program.

Major legislative changes in 1977 eliminated the purchase requirement and allowed households to receive only the bonus portion of their coupon allotments. Deductions from income were limited to a standard deduction, a 20percent earnings deduction, and a limited combined excess shelter and child-care deduction. The poverty guidelines became the new eligibility limits and, for the first time, households receiving Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC) or SSI payments were required to meet asset and income limits. The work registration requirements were tightened for students and for caretakers, whose children now had to be under age 12. Previously exempt, parents of children aged 12 or older were required to register for work. The age at which the registration exemption for older persons became effective was lowered from age 65 to age 60.

Legislation in 1979 provided a medical deduction to aged and disabled persons, removed the limit on their shelter deduction, and tightened fraud provisions.

The 1980 legislation provided for an annual, rather than semi-annual, adjustment to benefit levels and the amount of the standard deduction. This legislation also restricted student eligibility.

The Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act and the Food Stamp and Commodity Distribution Amendments of 1981 mandated further changes in the Food Stamp program. For the first time, a "gross income" eligibility standard was applied to all households not containing an aged or disabled person. The earnings deduction was lowered to 18 percent. The updates to the TFP to account for inflation were postponed until October 1982 and the deduction limits were postponed until July 1983. For new participants, benefits for the first month were prorated from the day the application was filed. Boarders and persons who take part in strikes were excluded from the program and the definition of what constitutes a household was tightened. Provisions facilitating claims and overpayment collection and fraud recovery were also enacted. The program in Puerto Rico was replaced by a block grant and monthly reporting/ retrospective accounting systems were made mandatory for all states effective October 1983. However, households composed solely of all aged or disabled persons, as defined above, were exempted from the monthly reporting requirements, and migrant households were exempted from both requirements.

Further revisions were made by the Food Stamp Amendments of 1982. Among changes, the maximum allotments were reduced from 100 percent to 99 percent of the TFP and adjustments to the standard and shelter deductions were delayed until October 1, 1983. (Public Law 98-473 restored maximum food stamp allotments to the full cost of the TFP beginning November 1, 1984.) A net income limit for nonelderly and nondisabled households was added to the existing gross income limit. Benefit computations and adjustments were rounded down to the nearest dollar, and new restrictions were placed on the use of the Standard Utility Allowance for the excess shelter expense deduction. At the same time, the definition of disability for food stamp purposes was expanded to include those persons receiving certain veterans' payments, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to SSI payments and Social Security benefits were not counted in determining food stamp amounts for 3 months.

The Food Stamp program authorization was extended for 5 years by the Food Security Act of 1985 (P.L. 99-198). Among the revisions enacted, the definition of disability for food stamp purposes was again extended to include recipients of State supplementary SSI payments, government disability benefits, and Railroad Retirement disability payments. Households in which all members receive AFDC or SSI were made categorically eligible for food stamps. The earned income, childcare, excess shelter cost deductions, and asset limits were increased as of May 1986. Portions of the income received under the Job Training Partnership Act were now considered countable income. Further, all states were required to implement an employment and training program for food stamp recipients by April 1987.

The Hunger Prevention Act of 1988 (P.L. 100-435) made several changes in the program. It raised the maximum food stamp allotments and established allotments as specified percents of the TFP as of the preceding June. For fiscal year 1989, the allotments were 100.65 percent of the TFP for June 1988; for fiscal year 1990, they were 102.05 percent of the TFP for June 1989; and for fiscal years 1991 and on, they are to be 103.00 percent of the TFP.

Other provisions of the 1988 legislation required states to institute prospective budgeting for households not required to report monthly and retrospective budgeting for households reporting monthly. It extended disability status to individuals who receive interim assistance pending the receipt of Supplemental Security Income, Social Security, or state disability payments, and allowed the elderly, disabled, and those without transportation to apply for food stamps via telephone interviews. It required states to process food stamp applications jointly with AFDC and general assistance applications. It raised the dependent-care deduction from \$160 per household to \$160 per dependent. It made permanent an amendment in the Homeless Eligibility Clarification Act that exempts residents of shelters from ineligibility as residents of institutions.

Several provisions of the 1988 legislation also affect persons in farming. Households with farm income and expenses were given the option of averaging irregular farm-related expenses and farm income over 12 months and excluding as resources the value of farm land, equipment, and supplies for a period of 1 year after a household member ceases to be self-employed in farming.

The Mickey Leland Memorial Domestic Hunger Relief Act of 1990 reauthorized the Food Stamp program and the Nutrition Assistance Program in Puerto Rico with no major changes through fiscal year 1995.

Legislation enacted in 1992 prevented a one-time decrease of food stamp allotments for the year beginning October 1, 1992, even though the cost of the TFP had declined slightly.

The Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993 (Mickey Leland Childhood Hunger Relief Act) made a number of program revisions including the following.

- The earnings of elementary or high school students who were aged 21 or younger were disregarded.
- Households that had breaks in participation of less than a month were allowed to receive a full month's benefit for the period of the break.
- The children of drug addicts and alcoholics living in treatment centers were permitted to qualify for food stamps.
- Food stamp households participating in demonstration projects were permitted to accumulate up to \$10,000 in resources.
- The shelter cap was raised to \$231 beginning July 1, 1994, then to \$247 beginning October 1995, and was to be eliminated entirely on January 1, 1997.
- The deduction for care of a child or other dependent was raised to \$200 per month for a child under age 2, and \$175 per month for all other dependents, effective September 1, 1994.
- State agencies were given the option to provide deductions for legally binding child support payments made to persons outside the household, effective

September 1, 1994. This deduction became mandatory October 1, 1995.

- The definition of a food stamp household was simplified to allow adult siblings who lived together and adult children who lived with their parents to form separate households if they purchased or prepared food separately.
- The amount of the Fair Market Value of a household's first vehicle that is excluded from the asset test was increased from \$4,500 to \$4,550, effective September 1, 1995. The limit was to have been raised to \$5,000, effective October 1, 1996, and indexed thereafter.

Legislation enacted in 1994 primarily provided means to combat fraud in the coupon redemption process. Legislation enacted in 1995, prevented a one-time decrease of food stamp allotments in Alaska for the year beginning October 1, 1994, even though the cost of the TFP for Alaska had declined slightly.

The Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996 made sweeping changes to the Food Stamp program. Additional restrictions were placed on the eligibility of certain low-income persons.

- Legal immigrants became ineligible for benefits, unless they met one of the following criteria: were naturalized citizens, had worked and paid taxes in the country for 40 quarters (or were the spouse or minor child of someone who had met the work requirement), had served in the U.S. Armed Forces (or were the spouse or child or a veteran) or were refugees, asylees, or persons granted a stay of deportation when admitted and have lived in the United States for less than 5 years. Legal immigrants currently receiving benefits were allowed to receive benefits until their first recertification after April 1, 1997, or until August 22, 1997, whichever date came first.
- Time limits were imposed for childless unemployed adults aged 18-50. Those who are not disabled are limited to receiving 3 months of benefits in any 36month period, unless they are working 20 hours per week, participating in a work training program for at least 20 hours per week, or participating in work fare. States may request waivers for areas with at least 10-percent unemployment or insufficient jobs.

Other key provisions included the following:

- The maximum allotment was set at 100 percent of the Thrifty Food Plan, effective October 1, 1996.
- The standard deduction was frozen at \$134.
- The excess shelter deduction cap was set at \$250, effective January 1, 1997 (instead of being lifted), to be raised to \$275 on October 1, 1998, and \$300 on October 1, 2000.

- The earnings of elementary or high school students aged 18-21 was counted again.
- Households with breaks in participation of less than a month received prorated benefits for the period of the break.
- Adult children under age 22 living with their parents were counted in the same household as their parents.
- The amount of Fair Market Value for a household's first vehicle that is excluded from the asset test was frozen at \$4,650, effective October 1, 1996.
- State and local energy assistance was counted as income.
- Recipients could be disqualified or given sanctions for a variety of reasons, such as failure to pay child support, receipt of multiple benefits, or failure to meet work requirements.
- States were permitted to operate a simplified Food Stamp program for households in which all household members participate in the state's Temporary Assistance for Needy Families program. In the simplified Food Stamp program, states may utilize their TANF rules to determine Food Stamp program benefits provided the TANF rules do not increase the aggregate cost of the Food Stamp program.
- States were required to implement Electronic Benefit Transfer (EBT) systems for issuing benefits before October 1, 2002, unless USDA granted a waiver.

The Balanced Budget Act of 1997 increased funds for the Food Stamp Employment and Training program, restricted the use of these funds, and made them available until spent. States were required to earmark 80 percent of these funds to provide work or training programs to childless, unemployed, able-bodied 18-50 year olds. The Act also allowed states to grant discretionary exemptions from the time limits for up to 15 percent of a state's unwaived caseload of childless, unemployed, able-bodied 18-50 year olds.

The Agricultural Research, Extension, and Education Reform Act of 1998 partially restored benefits to legal immigrants. Those who were lawfully residing in the United States on August 22, 1996, and are either: (1) blind or disabled (using the Food Stamp Act definition of "disability"), (2) aged 65 or older on August 22, 1996, or (3) under the age of 18 were eligible for benefits effective November 1, 1998. In addition, refugees and asylees were made eligible for the first 7 years after admittance into the United States (extended from 5 years). Members of Hmong or Highland Laotian tribes aiding U.S. personnel during the Vietnam War, and their spouses or unmarried dependent children were made eligible. Cross-border Native Americans were also made eligible. Other provisions reduced the funding for Employment and Training Programs by \$100 million in 1999 and by \$45 million in 2000 and reduced payments for Food Stamp program administrative costs.

The Electronic Benefit Transfer (EBT) Interoperability and Portability Act of 2000 (P.L. 106-71) required States to make their EBT systems inter-operable across State lines by October 2, 2002.

The Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 2001 (P.L. 106-387) made the following changes to the Food Stamp program:

- Effective July 2001, at state option, state agencies could substitute TANF vehicle rules in place of food stamp vehicle rules provided that the TANF vehicle rules were more liberal.
- Effective March 2001, for households whose certification period began on or after March 1, 2001, the maximum excess shelter deduction limit rose to \$340, and was to be adjusted for inflation on October 1, 2002 and every year after.

An estimated 17.2 million persons per month participated in the Food Stamp program during fiscal year 2000. The average monthly value of food stamps per person was about \$72.79 and the total value of benefits issued during the year was \$15.0 billion. Total federal government costs for this program were \$17.1 billion.

CONTACT: Jenny Genser (703) 305-2152 for further information.

# Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program

The Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1981 (P.L. 97-35), signed into law by the President on August 13, 1981, authorized seven block grants to be administered by the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS).<sup>1</sup> As one of HHS' block grants, the Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP) is administered by the Administration of Children and Families' Office of Community Services. Title XXVI of the Act authorized LIHEAP for fiscal years 1982-84. Title VI of the Human Services Reauthorization Act of 1984 (P.L. 98-88) reauthorized and amended LIHEAP for fiscal years 1985-86. Title V of the Human Services Reauthorization Act of 1986 (P.L. 99-425) reauthorized and amended LIHEAP for fiscal years 1987-90.Title VII of the Augustus F. Hawkins Human Services Reauthorization Act of 1990 (P.L. 101-501) reauthorized and amended LIHEAP for fiscal years 1991-94. Title XX of the National Institutes of Health Revitalization Act of 1993 (P.L. 103-43) reauthorized LIHEAP for fiscal year 1995. Title III of the Human Services Amendments of 1994 (P.L. 103-252) reauthorized and amended LIHEAP for fiscal years 1995-99. Title III of the Coats Human Services Reauthorization Act of 1996 (P.L. 105-285) reauthorized and amended LIHEAP for fiscal years 2000-04.

Reauthorizing the LIHEAP program for fiscal year 1995 through fiscal year 1999, the Human Services Amendments of 1994, Public Law 103-252, made a number of revisions to the LIHEAP statute.<sup>2</sup> There were no new provisions that became effective in fiscal years 1997–99.

Under LIHEAP, grants are provided to the states to assist eligible households to meet the costs of home energy In addition to the 50 states and the District of Columbia, grants were provided in:

- fiscal year 1997 to 6 insular areas, and 121 Indian tribes or tribal organizations;
- fiscal year 1998 to 6 insular areas, and 128 Indian tribes or tribal organizations; and
- fiscal year 1999 to 5 insular areas, and 130 Indian tribes or tribal organizations. Fiscal year 1999 represents the nineteenth year that an energy assistance program has been administered at the federal level by HHS.

In accordance with the act, the Secretary of HHS has left maximum policy discretion to the states. The federal information collection and reporting requirements for states were substantially reduced to require only information essential to federal administration and congressional oversight. State decisions, directed by public participation in the development of grant applications, largely replaced federal regulations in shaping the program for fiscal years 1982–99.

# Funding

For fiscal year 1997, \$1 billion was appropriated under P.L. 104-298, including the set aside of \$25 million for leveraging incentive awards. The President released an additional \$215 million in emergency contingency funds in response to an extraordinary cold wave and increases in bulk fuel prices during the 1996–97 winter. Fiscal year 1997 funds were distributed approximately as follows:

- \$965 million in block grants to the 50 states and the District of Columbia;
- (2) \$9 million in direct block grants to 121 Indian tribes and tribal organizations;
- (3) \$1.3 million in block grants to the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands, America Samoa, Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, and the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands/Palau; and
- (4) \$18.8 million in leveraging incentive awards to 39 states, and 26 tribes and tribal organizations
- (5) \$6.2 million in REACH awards to 6 states, 3 tribes and tribal organizations;
- (6) \$212 million in emergency contingency funds to 50 states and the District of Columbia, \$3 million to 121 Indian tribes and tribal organizations, \$200,000 to 6 insular areas; and
- (7) \$0.3 million for training and technical assistance.

For fiscal year 1998, \$1 billion was appropriated as advanced funding under P.L. 104-208, including the set aside of \$25 million for leveraging incentive awards. The President released an additional \$160 million in emergency contingency funds in response to an extraordinary heat wave and a disastrously low salmon run in Alaska. Fiscal year 1998 funds were distributed approximately as follows:

- \$965 million in block grants to the 50 states and the District of Columbia;
- (2) \$9 million in direct block grants to 128 Indian tribes and tribal organizations;
- (3) \$1.3 million in block grants to the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands, America Samoa, Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, and the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands/Palau; and
- (4) \$18.8 million in leveraging incentive awards to 39 states, 26 tribes and tribal organizations;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Effective in fiscal year 1987 the Primary Care Block Grant was repealed by the Health Services Amendment Act of 1985 (P.L. 99-80) enacted April 26, 1986.

 $<sup>^2\,</sup>$  The 1994 amendments provided that up to 25 percent of leveraging incentive funds may be set aside for the Residential Energy Assistance Challenge (REACH) program, which was funded for the first time in fiscal year 1996.

- (5) \$5.8 million in REACH awards to 7 states,
   \$400,000 to 6 Indian tribes and tribal organizations;
- (6) \$151 million in emergency contingency funds to 12 states and \$9 million to 33 Indian tribes and tribal organizations; and
- (7) \$0.3 million for training and technical assistance.

For fiscal year 1999, \$1.1 billion in advance funding was appropriated under P.L. 105-78, including the set aside of \$27.5 million for leveraging incentive awards. The President released an additional \$175.3 million in emergency contingency funds in response to an extraordinary heat wave and relief for energy-related damage caused by severe flooding in North Carolina. Fiscal year 1999 LIHEAP funds were distributed approximately as follows:

- \$1.06 billion in block grants to the 50 states and the District of Columbia;
- (2) \$9.6 million in direct block grants to 130 Indian tribes and tribal organizations;
- (3) \$1.5 million in block grants to the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands, America Samoa, Guam, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands; and
- (4) \$20.6 million in leveraging incentive awards to 33 states, 23 tribes;
- (5) \$5.6 million in REACH awards to 5 states,
  \$681,000 to 6 Indian tribes and tribal organizations, \$124,000 to 1 insular area, and
  \$512,000 for states' second and third year REACH administrative costs;
- (6) \$174.6 million in emergency contingency funds to 26 states and \$699,000 to 18 Indian tribes and tribal organizations; and
- (7) \$0.3 million for training and technical assistance.

The funds appropriated for LIHEAP provide payments to eligible households for heating or cooling costs and for home energy crises. Up to 15 percent of the available funds may be used for low-cost residential weatherization or other energy-related home repairs. Grantees can request from HHS a waiver to allow up to 25 percent of available funds to be spent for low cost residential weatherization or other energy-related home repairs.

To receive grants in each of the three fiscal years, each state had to submit an application consisting of assurances by its chief executive officer and a plan describing how the state would carry out those assurances. In the assurances, the state agreed to:

- (1) use funds only for the purposes of the statute;
- (2) make payments only to eligible low-income households;

- (3) conduct outreach activities;
- (4) coordinate LIHEAP activities with similar and related programs;
- (5) provide, in a timely manner, that the highest level of assistance will be furnished to those households with the lowest incomes and highest energy costs in relation to income, taking into account family size, except that the state may not differentiate between categorically eligible and income eligible households;
- (6) give consideration to agencies that have previously managed the program when designating local agencies to carry out the purposes of the program,
- (7) assure that energy suppliers receiving benefits directly on behalf of eligible households not treat assisted households adversely;
- (8) treat owners and renters equitably;
- (9) use not more than 10 percent of its allotment for planning and administration;
- (10) establish fiscal control and accounting procedures for proper disbursal of and accounting for federal funds, establish procedures for monitoring assistance provided, and prepare an annual audit;
- (11) permit and cooperate with federal investigations;
- (12) provide for public participation in the development of its plan;
- (13) provide an opportunity for a fair administrative hearing to individuals whose claims for assistance are denied or not acted on with reasonable promptness;
- (14) cooperate with HHS in collecting and reporting data under section 2610 of the statute;
- (15) provide outreach and intake through additional state and local government entities or communitybased organizations under certain circumstances; and
- (16) use no more than 5 percent of funds to encourage and enable households to reduce their home energy needs.

# Eligibility

The unit of eligibility for energy assistance is the household, defined as any individual or group of individuals who are living together as one economic unit for which residential energy is customarily purchased in common, either directly or through rent. The Act limits payments to those households with incomes under the greater of 150 percent of the income guidelines or 60 percent of the state's median income; or to those households with members receiving benefits from the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) program, SSI, food stamps, or need-tested veterans' benefits. No household may be excluded from eligibility on the basis of income alone if household income is less than 110 percent of the poverty guidelines. States are permitted to set more restrictive criteria as well.

# **Payments**

States make fuel assistance payments directly to eligible households or to home energy suppliers on behalf of eligible households. Payments can be provided in cash, fuel, prepaid utility bills, or as vouchers, stamps, or coupons that can be used in exchange for energy supplies. Payments are to vary in such a way that the highest level of assistance is furnished to households with the lowest income and highest energy costs in relation to income, taking into account family size.

CONTACT: Leon Litow (202) 401-5304 for futher information.

# Table 2.A1.—Type of covered employment and self-employment

Year enacted	Coverage election or waiver if any	Category of worker
1935	1	All workers in commerce and industry (except railroads) under age 65 in the continental United States, Alaska, and Hawaii and on American vessels. (Covered after 1936.)
1939		Age restriction eliminated.
1946		Railroad and Social Security earnings combined to determine eligibility for and amount of survivors benefits.
1950		Regularly employed farm and domestic workers. Nonfarm self-employed (except members of professional groups). Federal civilian employees not under a federal retirement system. U.S. citizens employed outside the United States by American employers. Workers in Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands (effective Jan. 1, 1951).
	Elective by employer	State and local government employees not under a state and local government retirement system. Termination permitted 2 years after giving notice if group has 5 years of coverage when notice is given.
	Elective by employer and employee	Employees (other than members of the clergy) of nonprofit organizations (upon election by employer, each current employee given a choice as to coverage; new employees are covered). Nonprofit organizations permitted to terminate coverage 2 years after giving notice, if the organization has 8 years of coverage when notice is given.
1951		Railroad workers with less than 10 years of service, for all benefits. (After October 1951, coverage retroactive to 1937.)
1954		Farm self-employed. Professional self-employed except lawyers, dentists, physicians, and members of other medical groups (taxable years ending after 1954). Additional regularly employed farm and domestic workers. Homeworkers.
	Elective by employer	U.S. citizens employed outside the United States by a foreign subsidiary of an American employer.
	Elective by employer and employee	State and local government employees (except fire fighters and police personnel) under a state or local government retirement system (coverage provided at state's option; a majority of the eligible employees must vote in favor). See above (elective by employer, 1950) for termination rule.
	Elective by individual	Members of the clergy and of religious orders not under a vow of poverty.
1956		Members of the uniformed services on active duty or on active duty for training. Remainder of professional self-employed except physicians (taxable years ending after 1955). Farm landlords who materially participate in farm operations.
	Elective by employer and employee	Fire fighters and police personnel in designated states. State and local government employees under a state or local government retirement system in designated states may be divided into two systems, one excluding employees not desiring coverage (new employees covered).
1960		U.S. citizens employed in United States by foreign governments or international organizations. Parents working for children (except domestic or casual labor). Workers in Guam and American Samoa.
1965		Interns. Self-employed physicians (taxable years ending on or after Dec. 31, 1965). Tips for employee tax only.
	Elective by individual	Members of certain religious sects may obtain exemptions from self-employed coverage (retroactive to 1951).
1967	Elective by employer and employee	Fire fighters under state and local government retirement system (under a majority favorable vote) and only if governor of state certifies Social Security protection.
	Subject to waiver by individual	Members of the clergy and of religious orders not under a vow of poverty are covered automatically, but they can choose to be exempt on grounds of conscience or religious principles. Taxable years ending after 1967.
1972	Elective by employer	Members of a religious order who are subject to a vow of poverty. Retroactivity allowed for 5 years but no earlier than Jan. 1, 1968.
1977	Elective by individual	Members of the clergy and of religious orders who filed an application for exemption from coverage may revoke the exemption if the revocation is filed before the due date of the individual's federal income tax return for the first taxable year beginning after Dec. 20, 1977.
1982		Federal employees—Hospital Insurance (Part A) program only, effective Jan. 1, 1983.
1983		Federal employees (except reemployed annuitants hired before Jan. 1, 1984), including executive, legislative, and judicial branch employees and including those with previous periods of federal service if the break in service lasted more than 365 days.
		Legislative branch employees hired before 1984 who were not participating in the Civil Service Retirement System on Dec. 31, 1983.
		Members of Congress, the President, the Vice President, sitting federal judges, and most executive-leve political appointees of the federal government.
		Employees of nonprofit organizations.
		U.S. residents employed outside the United States by American employers.
	Elective by employer	U.S. residents employed outside the United States by a foreign affiliate of an American employer.

# Table 2.A1.—Type of covered employment and self-employment—Continued

Year enacted	Coverage election or waiver if any	Category of worker
		Employees of nonprofit organizations placed under compulsory coverage; nonprofit organizations prohibited from terminating coverage of their employees on or after Mar. 31, 1983.
	Elective by employer or by employer and employee	States prohibited from terminating coverage of employees (after Apr. 20, 1983) and permitted to reinstate coverage for a terminated group.
1984		Rehired federal employees whose previous service was covered.
		Persons exercising reemployment rights to noncovered federal employment retain exemption after a period (not limited to 365 or fewer days) of military or national guard service or work for an international organization.
		Generally, all legislative branch employees except those who were participating on Dec. 31, 1983, and are also currently participating in the Civil Service Retirement System or another federal retirement system.
		Employees of nonprofit organizations who are also participating on a mandatory basis in the Civil Service Retirement System are treated like federal employees for Social Security tax and coverage purposes. They are therefore not covered unless hired on or after Jan. 1, 1984, or reemployed after a break in service of more than 365 days.
	Elective by employer	Churches or church-related organizations may elect irrevocably to have services performed by their employees excluded from covered employment. Their employees are then treated as self-employed for Social Security purposes.
1986		State and local government employees hired after Mar. 31,1986—Hospital Insurance (Part A) program only.
	Elective by individual	Members of the clergy and of religious orders who filed an application for exemption from coverage may revoke the exemption if the revocation is filed before the due date of the individual's federal income tax return for the first taxable year beginning after Oct. 22, 1986.
1987		Members of uniformed services reserve components on inactive duty training. Irregularly employed farm workers (if employer's annual expenditures for farm labor is at least \$2,500). Services performed in trade or business of spouse or by children aged 18 or older in trade or business of parent. For employers, the full amount of covered tips.
1990		State and local government employees not under a state or local government retirement system. Exception: (1) students employed by the educational institution they attend and (2) election workers paid less than the mandated amount (\$100), unless either group covered under a State's Section 218 agreement.
1994		Threshold for exclusion of wages paid to election workers raised from \$100 to \$1,000 annually beginning Jan. 1, 1995, and will be indexed for wage increases each year after Dec. 31, 1999.
		Police and fire fighters under a public retirement system can be covered for Social Security in all states.
		Threshold for coverage of domestic employees' earnings raised from \$50 per calendar quarter to \$1,000 per calendar year per employer; amount subject to annual automatic adjustments. Domestic workers no longer covered for years in which they were under age 18, unless they are no longer in school and domestic employment is their principal occupation. Coverage of earnings of domestic workers on farms becomes subject to new annual threshold for domestic workers instead of annual threshold for agricultural employees.

#### Table 2.A2.—Noncontributory wage credits

Year enacted	Provision
1946	Fully insured status and average monthly wage of \$160 for World War II veterans who died within 3 years after discharge.
1950	Wage credits of \$160 per month of military service during World War II period (Sept. 16, 1940–July 24, 1947).
1952	Same military wage credits to Dec. 31, 1953.
1953	Same military wage credits to June 30, 1955.
1955	Same military wage credits to Mar. 31, 1956.
1956	Same military wage credits to Dec. 31, 1956.
1967	For uniformed services, wage credits of \$100 for each \$100 (or fraction thereof) of basic pay not in excess of \$300 per calendar quarter, beginning in 1968.
1972	For uniformed services, wage credits of \$300 per calendar quarter of service after 1956. (Supersedes 1967 provision.) For U.S. citizens of Japanese ancestry, wage credits for the period they were interned by the U.S. government during World War II period (Dec. 7, 1941–Dec. 31, 1946) and were aged 18 or older.
1977	For uniformed services, wage credits of \$100 for each \$300 of basic pay up to maximum credit of \$1,200 per calendar year after 1977.

#### Table 2.A3.—Annual maximum taxable earnings and actual contribution rates, 1937–2001 and thereafter

	Annual maximum taxable earnings		Contribution rate (percent)							
			Employer and employee, each				Self-employed person			
Year	OASDI	н	Total	OASI	DI	н	Total	OASI	DI	н
1937–49	\$3,000		1.0	1.0						
1950	3,000		1.5	1.5						
1951–53	3,600		1.5	1.5			2.25	2.25		
1954	3,600	•••	2.0	2.0			3.0	3.0		
1955–56	4,200		2.0	2.0			3.0	3.0		
1957–58	4,200		2.25	2.0	0.25		3.375	3.0	0.375	
1959	4,800		2.5	2.25	.25		3.75	3.375	.375	
1960–61	4,800		3.0	2.75	.25		4.5	4.125	.375	
1962	4,800		3.125	2.875	.25		4.7	4.325	.375	
1963–65	4,800		3.625	3.375	.25		5.4	5.025	.375	
1966	6,600	\$6,600	4.2	3.5	.35	0.35	6.15	5.275	.525	0.35
1967	6,600	6,600	4.4	3.55	.35	.5	6.4	5.375	.525	.5
1968	7,800	7,800	4.4	3.325	.475	.6	6.4	5.0875	.7125	.6
1969	7,800	7,800	4.8	3.725	.475	.6	6.9	5.5875	.7125	.6
1970	7,800	7,800	4.8	3.65	.55	.6	6.9	5.475	.825	.6
1971	7,800	7,800	5.2	4.05	.55	.6	7.5	6.075	.825	.6
1972	9,000	9,000	5.2	4.05	.55	.6	7.5	6.075	.825	.6
1973	10,800	10,800	5.85	4.3	.55	1.0	8.0	6.205	.795	1.0
1974	13,200	13,200	5.85	4.375	.575	.9	7.9	6.185	.815	.9
1975	<sup>1</sup> 14,100	<sup>1</sup> 14,100	5.85	4.375	.575	.9	7.9	6.185	.815	.9
1976	<sup>1</sup> 15,300	<sup>1</sup> 15,300	5.85	4.375	.575	.9	7.9	6.185	.815	.9
1977	<sup>1</sup> 16,500	<sup>1</sup> 16,500	5.85	4.375	.575	.9	7.9	6.185	.815	.9
1978	<sup>1</sup> 17,700	<sup>1</sup> 17,700	6.05	4.275	.775	1.0	8.1	6.01	1.09	1.0
1979	22,900	22,900	6.13	4.33	.75	1.05	8.1	6.01	1.04	1.05
1980	25,900	25,900	6.13	4.52	.56	1.05	8.1	6.2725	.7775	1.05
1981	29,700	29,700	6.65	4.7	.65	1.3	9.3	7.025	.975	1.3
1982	<sup>1</sup> 32,400	<sup>1</sup> 32,400	6.7	4.575	.825	1.3	9.35	6.8125	1.2375	1.3
1983	<sup>1</sup> 35,700	<sup>1</sup> 35,700	6.7	4.775	.625	1.3	9.35	7.1125	.9375	1.3
1984	<sup>1</sup> 37,800	<sup>1</sup> 37,800	<sup>2</sup> 7.0	5.2	.5	1.3	<sup>2</sup> 14.0	10.4	1.0	2.6
1985	<sup>1</sup> 39,600	<sup>1</sup> 39,600	7.05	5.2	.5	1.35	<sup>2</sup> 14.1	10.4	1.0	2.7
1986	<sup>1</sup> 42,000	<sup>1</sup> 42,000	7.15	5.2	.5	1.45	<sup>2</sup> 14.3	10.4	1.0	2.9
1987	<sup>1</sup> 43,800	<sup>1</sup> 43,800	7.15	5.2	.5	1.45	<sup>2</sup> 14.3	10.4	1.0	2.9
1988	<sup>1</sup> 45,000	<sup>1</sup> 45,000	7.51	5.53	.53	1.45	<sup>2</sup> 15.02	11.06	1.06	2.9
1989	<sup>1</sup> 48,000	<sup>1</sup> 48,000	7.51	5.53	.53	1.45	<sup>2</sup> 15.02	11.06	1.06	2.9
1990	<sup>3</sup> 51,300	<sup>3</sup> 51,300	7.65	5.6	.6	1.45	15.3	11.2	1.2	2.9
1991	<sup>3</sup> 53,400	4125,000	7.65	5.6	.6	1.45	15.3	11.2	1.2	2.9
1992	<sup>3</sup> 55,500	<sup>3</sup> 130,200	7.65	5.6	.6	1.45	15.3	11.2	1.2	2.9
1993	<sup>1</sup> 57,600	<sup>1</sup> 135,000	7.65	5.6	.6	1.45	15.3	11.2	1.2	2.9
1994	<sup>1</sup> 60,600	(5)	7.65	5.26	.94	1.45	15.3	10.52	1.88	2.9
1995	<sup>1</sup> 61,200	(5)	7.65	5.26	.94	1.45	15.3	10.52	1.88	2.9
1996	<sup>1</sup> 62,700	(5)	7.65	5.26	.94	1.45	15.3	10.52	1.88	2.9
1997	<sup>1</sup> 65,400	(5)	7.65	5.35	.85	1.45	15.3	10.7	1.7	2.9
1998	<sup>1</sup> 68,400	(5)	7.65	5.35	.85	1.45	15.3	10.7	1.7	2.9
1999	<sup>1</sup> 72,600	(5)	7.65	5.35	.85	1.45	15.3	10.7	1.7	2.9
2000	<sup>1</sup> 76,200	(5)	7.65	5.3	.9	1.45	15.3	10.6	1.8	2.9
2001	<sup>1</sup> 80,400	(5)	7.65	5.3	.9	1.45	15.3	10.6	1.8	2.9
Future schedule:	, -	. /								
2002 and thereafter	(1)	(5)	7.65	5.3	.9	1.45	15.3	10.6	1.8	2.9

<sup>1</sup> Based on automatic adjustment, under 1972 legislation (as modified by 1973 legislation), in proportion to increases in average wage level. <sup>2</sup> Includes tax credit, see table 2.A5.

<sup>3</sup> Based on automatic adjustment, under 1972 legislation (as modified by 1973 legislation), using a transitional rule, specified by the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (OBRA) of 1989, for computing a "deemed" average annual wage for 1988, 1989, and 1990. <sup>4</sup> Based on 1990 legislation.

<sup>5</sup> Upper limit on earnings subject to HI taxes was repealed by OBRA 1993.

#### Table 2.A4.—Maximum annual amount of contribution, 1937–2001

	Employee			Ì	Self-employed person					
Year	Total OASDHI	Total OASDI	OASI	DI	н	Total OASDHI	Total OASDI	OASI	DI	н
1937–49	\$30.00	\$30.00	\$30.00							
1950	45.00	45.00	45.00							
1951–53	54.00	54.00	54.00			\$81.00	\$81.00	\$81.00		
1954		72.00	72.00			108.00	108.00	108.00		
1955–56	84.00	84.00	84.00			126.00	126.00	126.00		
1957–58	94.50	94.50	84.00	\$10.50		141.75	141.75	126.00	\$15.75	
1959	120.00	120.00	108.00	12.00		180.00	180.00	162.00	18.00	
1960–61		144.00	132.00	12.00		216.00	216.00	198.00	18.00	
1962	150.00	150.00	138.00	12.00		225.60	225.60	207.60	18.00	
1963–65	174.00	174.00	162.00	12.00		259.20	259.20	241.20	18.00	
1966	277.20	254.10	231.00	23.10	\$23.10	405.90	382.80	348.15	34.65	\$23.10
1967	290.40	257.40	234.30	23.10	33.00	422.40	389.40	354.75	34.65	33.00
1968	343.20 374.40	296.40 327.60	259.35 290.55	37.05	46.80 46.80	499.20 538.20	452.40 491.40	396.825 435.825	55.575 55.575	46.80 46.80
1969				37.05						
1970	374.40	327.60	284.70	42.90	46.80	538.20	491.40	427.05	64.35	46.80
1971	405.60	358.80	315.90	42.90	46.80	585.00	538.20	473.85	64.35	46.80
1972	468.00	414.00	364.50	49.50	54.00	675.00	621.00	546.75	74.25	54.00
1973	631.80	523.80	464.40	59.40	108.00	864.00	756.00	670.14	85.86	108.00
1974	772.20	653.40	577.50	75.90	118.80	1,042.80	924.00	816.42	107.58	118.80
1975		697.95	616.875	81.075	126.90	1,113.90	987.00	872.085	114.915	126.90
1976		757.35	669.375	87.975	137.70	1,208.70	1,071.00	946.305	124.695	137.70
1977	965.25	816.75	721.875	94.875	148.50	1,303.50	1,155.00	1,020.525	134.475	148.50
1978	1,070.85	893.85	756.675	137.175	177.00	1,433.70	1,256.70	1,063.77	192.93	177.00
1979	1,403.77	1,163.32	991.59	171.75	240.45	1,854.90	1,614.45	1,376.29	238.16	240.45
1980		1,315.72	1,170.68	145.04	271.95	2,097.90	1,825.95	1,624.58	201.37	271.95
1981	1,975.05	1,588.95	1,395.90	193.05	386.10	2,762.10	2,376.00	2,086.43	289.57	386.10
1982		1,749.60	1,482.30	267.30	421.20	3,029.40	2,608.20	2,207.25	400.95	421.20
1983	2,391.90	1,927.80	1,704.675	223.125	464.10	3,337.95	2,873.85	2,539.1625	334.6875	464.10
1984 <sup>1</sup>	2,646.00	2,154.60	1,965.60	189.00	491.40	5,292.00	4,309.20	3,931.20	378.00	982.80
1985 <sup>1</sup>		2,257.20	2,059.20	198.00	534.60	5,583.60	4,514.40	4,118.40	396.00	1,069.20
1986 <sup>1</sup>		2,394.00	2,184.00	210.00	609.00	6,006.00	4,788.00	4,368.00	420.00	1,218.00
1987 <sup>1</sup>	3,131.70	2,496.60	2,277.60	219.00	635.10	6,263.40	4,993.20	4,555.20	438.00	1,270.20
1988 <sup>1</sup>		2,727.00	2,488.50	238.50	652.50	6,759.00	5,454.00	4,977.00	477.00	1,305.00
1989 <sup>1</sup>	3,604.80	2,908.80	2,654.40	254.40	696.00	7,209.60	5,817.60	5,308.80	508.80	1,392.00
1990	3,924.45	3,180.60	2,872.80	307.80	743.85	7,848.90	6,361.20	5,745.60	615.60	1,487.70
1991	5,123.30	3,310.80	2,990.40	320.40	1,812.50	10,246.60	6,621.60	5,980.80	640.80	3,625.00
1992	5,328.90	3,441.00	3,108.00	333.00	1,887.90	10,657.80	6,882.00	6,216.00	666.00	3,775.80
1993	5,528.70	3,571.20	3,225.60	345.60	1,957.50	11,057.40	7,142.40	6,451.20	691.20	3,915.00
1994	(2)	3,757.20	3,187.56	569.64	(2)	(2)	7,514.40	6,375.12	1,139.28	(2)
1995		3,794.40	3,219.12	575.28	(2)	(2)	7,588.80	6,438.24	1,150.56	(2)
1996	( )	3,887.40	3,298.02	589.38	(2)	(2)	7,774.80	6,596.04	1,178.76	(2)
1997		4,054.80	3,498.90	555.90	(2)	(2)	8,109.60	6,997.80	1,111.80	(2)
1998		4,240.80	3,659.40	581.40	(2)	(2)	8,481.60	7,318.80	1,162.80	(2)
1999	(2)	4,501.20	3,884.10	617.10	(2)	(2)	9,002.40	7,768.20	1,234.20	(2)
2000	(2)	4,724.40	4,038.60	685.80	(2)	(2)	9,448.80	8,077.20	1,371.60	(2)
2001	(2)	4,984.80	4,261.20	723.60	(2)	(2)	9,969.60	8,522.40	1,447.20	(2)
						.,				

<sup>1</sup> Includes tax credit, see table 2.A5.
 <sup>2</sup> Upper limit on earnings subject to HI taxes was repealed by the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (OBRA) of 1993.

#### Table 2.A5.—Tax credits, 1983–1989<sup>1</sup>

Year enacted	Group	Tax payable under—	Percent of earnings	
1983	Employee	Federal Insurance Contributions Act (FICA)		Remuneration paid in calendar year 1984
	Self-employed	Self-Employment Contributions Act (SECA)	2.3	Self-employment income for taxable years beginning in 1984 Self-employment income for taxable years beginning in 1985 Self-employment income for taxable years beginning in 1986, 1987, 1988, and 1989

<sup>1</sup> During this period, scheduled taxes were credited to the Social Security trust funds, monies for tax credits were paid from the Treasury, and the reduced tax rates were paid by employees and the self-employed.

Table 2.A6.—Appropriations from general re	revenues and interfund borrowing
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Year enacted	Type of transaction	Provision
1935	Appropriations from general revenues	Annual appropriations to the old-age reserve account to provide payments; direct appropriation to pay for administrative expenses.
1939		Trust fund created from which benefits and administrative expenses were to be paid.
1944		General authorization to finance benefits and payments.
1947		For cost of gratuitous military service wage credits.
1950		General authorization repealed.
1951		Railroad interchange provisions enacted.
1956		For cost of gratuitous military service wage credits.
1966		For cost of transitional uninsured monthly benefits for those aged 72 and older with fewer than 3 quarters of coverage.
1972		For cost of gratuitous wage credits for Japanese-American internees.
1983		A lump-sum payment to the OASDI trust funds equal to (1) the present value of the estimated additional benefits arising from the gratuitous military service wage credits for service before 1957 and (2) the amount of the combined employer-employee OASDI taxes on the gratuitous wage credits for service after 1956 and before 1984 but less any amounts previously transferred. After 1983, the trust funds will be reimbursed on a current basis for employer-employee taxes on such wage credits for service after 1983.
		A lump-sum payment to the OASDI trust funds representing the amount of uncashed benefit checks (including interest) issued in the past. In the future, the trust funds will be credited on a regular basis. All transfers made for uncashed benefit checks will be subject to the annual appropriation process.
		Transfers in each year from the Treasury Department to the OASDI trust funds amounts equal to income tax receipts attributable to inclusion of Social Security benefits in taxable income.
		For tax credits for part of the 1984 employment FICA tax and part of the tax on self-employment income under SECA for 1984–89, see table 2.A5.
1993		Transfers in each year from the Treasury Department to the HI trust fund of amounts equal to income tax receipts attributable to the increased portions of Social Security benefits included in taxable income under the1993 Act.
1981	Interfund borrowing	Interfund borrowing permitted among OASI, DI, and HI trust funds as needed until Dec. 31,1982. For all or part of any loan to be repaid, the managing trustee determines if assets of borrowing trust fund(s) are sufficient for that purpose. Interest with respect to any outstanding loan balance at a rate equal to the rate earned by lending trust fund is transferred from time to time.
1983		Interfund borrowing reauthorized among OASI, DI, and HI trust funds for calendar years 1983–87, with provisions for scheduled repayment, no later than Dec. 31, 1989, of principal and interest (including amounts borrowed in 1982). No borrowing permitted from any fund that has been reduced to specified levels.

Year enacted	Eligibility concept	Provision
1939	Quarter of coverage (QC)	Calendar quarter in which \$50 of wages is earned. Four QC are credited for covered earnings equal to maximum limitation for the year.
1946		Calendar quarter in which \$50 of wages is paid.
1950		Calendar quarter credited with \$100 of self-employment income (reported annually).
1954		Calendar quarter credited with \$100 of agricultural wages (reported annually).
1977		Calendar quarters of coverage (up to 4) for each \$250 of annual earnings, effective Jan. 1, 1978 (effective on Jan. 1 of each year, dollar amount subject to automatic increase).
		Amount Year
		\$260
		290
		310
		370
		390 1984
		410
		440
		470
		500 1989
		520
		540
		590
		620 1994
		630
		640
		700
		740
		780
1954	Disability definition	Inability to engage in substantial gainful activity because of any medically determinable permanent physical or mental impairment.
1965		Disability lasting at least 12 months. For blind persons aged 55–64, inability to engage in usual occupation.
1967		Disability that precludes engagement in any substantial gainful work existing in the national economy. For surviving spouse, disability precludes any gainful activity.
1990		More restrictive definition for surviving spouse eliminated.
1954	Period of disability	Continuous period of at least 6 months as defined above or of blindness.
1972		At least 5 months of disability.
1935	Fully insured	Cumulative wages of \$2,000 and employment in each of 5 years after 1936 and before attainment of age 65.
1939		QC equal to one-half the quarters elapsed after 1936 (or quarter in which age 21 attained) and before quarter of death or attainment of age 65. Minimum 6 QC, maximum 40 QC.
1950		Elapsed period measured after 1950 (QC earned at any time are used).
1954		Period of disability excluded from elapsed period. Alternatively, QC earned in all quarters after 1954 and before quarter in which age 65 attained (minimum 6 QC).
1956		Elapsed period measured to age 62 for women. Alternatively, QC earned in all except 4 quarters after 1954 and before quarter in which age 65 attained (62 for women).
1960		QC reduced to 1/3 the elapsed quarters.
1961		QC equal to years elapsed after 1950 (or year age 21 attained) and before year of death or age 65 (62 for women).
1972		Elapsed period for men reaching age 62 after 1972, measured to age 62 or to 1975, if later.
1983		Any person aged 55 or older on Jan. 1, 1984, and employed by a nonprofit organization to whose employees coverage is extended solely by reason of the new compulsory coverage provision, will be deemed fully insured upon subsequently acquiring 6 QC if aged 60 or older on Jan. 1, 1984; 8 QC if aged 59; 12 QC if aged 58; 16 QC if aged 57; and 20 QC if aged 55 or 56.

# Table 2.A7.—Insured status (benefit eligibility)—Continued

Year		
enacted	Eligibility concept	Provision
1939	Currently insured	6 QC earned in 12 quarters before quarter of death.
1946		6 QC earned in preceding 13 quarters, including quarter of death.
1950		Including quarter of retirement added.
1954		Including quarter of disablement added.
1954	Disability insured	20 QC earned in last 40 quarters, including quarter of disablement, and currently insured.
1956		Fully insured requirement added.
1958		Currently insured requirement eliminated.
1960		Alternatively, 20 QC earned before quarter of disablement (not necessarily in last 40 quarters) but QC earned in all quarters after 1950, with minimum of 6 QC.
1965		Alternatively, for blind under age 31, QC earned in one-half the quarters elapsed after age 21, with minimum of 6 QC. For blind under age 24, 6 QC earned in preceding 12 quarters.
1967		For all disabled under age 31, same alternative.
1972		For blind, requirement for recent QC eliminated.
1983		For those who become disabled again at age 31 or older and who were previously disabled before age 31, same alternative as that for those under age 31.
1965	Transitionally insured	Same as fully insured, but minimum reduced to 3 QC.
1966	Requirement for special age-72 monthly benefit	3 QC for each year elapsed after 1966 and before attainment of age 72. (No QC if aged 72 before 1968.)

# Table 2.A8.—Factors for indexing earnings, 1951–2001

	Annual maximum	Average	Factor	rs <sup>2</sup> for workers w	ho were first eligi	ible (attained age	62, became disa	abled, or died) in-	_
Year	taxable earnings	annual wage <sup>1</sup>	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	199
951	. \$3,600	\$2,799.16	6.1882208	6.5828713	6.9070864	7.1805649	7.5122465	7.7921948	8.193679
952		2,973.32	5.8257503	6.1972845	6.5025090	6.7599687	7.0722223	7.3357728	7.713740
953		3,139.44	5.5174872	5.8693621	6.1584359	6.4022724	6.6980035	6.9476085	7.30557
)54		3,155.64	5.4891623	5.8392307	6.1268205	6.3694053	6.6636182	6.9119418	7.268072
	. 3,000	3,155.04	5.4691025	5.6592507	0.1200205	0.3094033	0.0030102	0.9119410	1.200014
955	. 4,200	3,301.44	5.2467469	5.5813554	5.8562445	6.0881161	6.3693358	6.6066928	6.94709
956		3,532.36	4.9037527	5.2164870	5.4734059	5.6901194	5.9529550	6.1747953	6.49294
								5.9893677	
957		3,641.72	4.7564942	5.0598371	5.3090408	5.5192464	5.7741891		6.29796
958		3,673.80	4.7149600	5.0156541	5.2626817	5.4710518	5.7237683	5.9370679	6.24296
959	. 4,200	3,855.80	4.4924062	4.7789071	5.0142746	5.2128093	5.4535972	5.6568287	5.94829
000	. 4,800	4,007.12	1 2227605	4.5984423	4.8249216	5.0159591	E 0476E40	E 4422111	5.72366
960			4.3227605				5.2476542	5.4432111	
961		4,086.76	4.2385215	4.5088310	4.7308968	4.9182115	5.1453915	5.3371375	5.61212
962		4,291.40	4.0364030	4.2938225	4.5052990	4.6836813	4.9000280	5.0826304	5.34450
963		4,396.64	3.9397858	4.1910436	4.3974581	4.5715706	4.7827386	4.9609702	5.21657
964	. 4,800	4,576.32	3.7850981	4.0264907	4.2248007	4.3920770	4.5949540	4.7661877	5.01176
965		4,658.72	3.7181500	3.9552731	4.1500756	4.3143932	4.5136819	4.6818869	4.92311
966		4,938.36	3.5076058	3.7313015	3.9150730	4.0700860	4.2580897	4.4167699	4.64433
967	. 6,600	5,213.44	3.3225318	3.5344245	3.7084996	3.8553335	4.0334175	4.1837251	4.39928
968	7,800	5,571.76	3.1088597	3.3071256	3.4700059	3.6073969	3.7740283	3.9146697	4.11636
969		5,893.76	2.9390101	3.1264439	3.2804254	3.4103102	3.5678378	3.7007954	3.89147
		,							
970	. 7,800	6,186.24	2.8000563	2.9786284	3.1253298	3.2490738	3.3991536	3.5258251	3.70748
971	. 7,800	6,497.08	2.6660931	2.8361218	2.9758045	3.0936282	3.2365278	3.3571389	3.53011
972	. 9,000	7,133.80	2.4281337	2.5829866	2.7102021	2.8175096	2.9476548	3.0575009	3.21503
973		7,580.16	2.2851523	2.4308867	2.5506111	2.6515997	2.7740813	2.8774591	3.02571
974		8,030.76	2.1569341	2.2944914	2.4074982	2.5028204	2.6184296	2.7160070	2.85594
975		8,630.92	2.0069494	2.1349416	2.2400903	2.3287842	2.4363544	2.5271466	2.65735
976	. 15,300	9,226.48	1.8774029	1.9971333	2.0954947	2.1784635	2.2790902	2.3640218	2.48582
977	. 16,500	9,779.44	1.7712487	1.8842091	1.9770089	2.0552864	2.1502233	2.2303527	2.34526
978	. 17,700	10,556.03	1.6409408	1.7455909	1.8315636	1.9040823	1.9920349	2.0662692	2.17273
979		11,479.46	1.5089403	1.6051722	1.6842290	1.7509142	1.8317917	1.9000545	1.99795
980		12,513.46	1.3842550	1.4725352	1.5450595	1.6062344	1.6804289	1.7430511	1.83286
981	. 29,700	13,773.10	1.2576559	1.3378622	1.4037537	1.4593338	1.5267427	1.5836377	1.66523
982	. 32,400	14,531.34	1.1920318	1.2680530	1.3305063	1.3831863	1.4470778	1.5010040	1.57834
983	. 35,700	15,239.24	1.1366590	1.2091489	1.2687011	1.3189339	1.3798575	1.4312787	1.50502
984		16,135.07	1.0735510	1.1420161	1.1982619	1.2457058	1.3032469	1.3518132	1.42146
985		16,822.51	1.0296811	1.0953484	1.1492958	1.1948009	1.2499906	1.2965723	1.36337
986		17,321.82	1.0000000	1.0637745	1.1161668	1.1603602	1.2139590	1.2591979	1.32407
87		18,426.51	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0492513	1.0907953	1.1411808	1.1837076	1.24469
88	45,000	19,334.04	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0395939	1.0876144	1.1281450	1.18627
989		20,099.55	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0461916	1.0851785	1.14109
990		21,027.98	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0372656	1.09070
991	. 53,400	21,811.60	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.05152
992	. 55,500	22,935.42	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.00000
993	. 57,600	23,132.67	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.00000
994		23,753.53	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.00000
		,							
995		24,705.66	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.00000
996		25,913.90	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.00000
997		27,426.00	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.00000
998	. 68,400	28,861.44	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.00000
999		30,469.84	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.00000
		,							
000			1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.00000
01	. 80,400		1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000

#### Table 2.A8.—Factors for indexing earnings, 1951–2001—Continued

Year         taxable ammusil         ammusil use         1996         1997         1998         1998         1998         1998         2000           1951         \$3,800         \$2,793.16         8,2941471         8,4859444         8,360078         9,277416         9,2774334         10.3107504         10.8655311           1952         3,600         3,139.44         7,3840465         7,6861679         7,8261448         8,2113317         8,3072841         8,7460752         9,1031609         9,1025829         8,2252753           1955         4,200         3,301.44         7,0864285         7,1498298         7,4361483         7,742143         8,7707528         8,2229575           1956         4,200         3,573.46         6,546768         6,7244543         7,7452048         7,455298         7,455298         7,2522357           1959         4,800         4,007,12         5,772814         6,1647405         6,2469400         6,7107937         7,022395         7,102208         7,482204         7,455248         6,2452141         7,252296         7,482204         7,455248         6,2454140         7,2522373         7,102307         7,0223595         7,922393         7,102307         7,0223595         7,922393         7,102307         7,02254138 <td< th=""><th></th><th>Annual maximum</th><th>Average</th><th>Facto</th><th>ors<sup>2</sup> for workers</th><th>who were first elig</th><th>jible (attained age</th><th>e 62, became dis</th><th>abled, or died) in</th><th>_</th></td<>		Annual maximum	Average	Facto	ors <sup>2</sup> for workers	who were first elig	jible (attained age	e 62, became dis	abled, or died) in	_
1952         3,600         2,973.32         7,7800809         7,888912         8.3091157         8.714763         9.2240324         9.7068069         10.2477500           1955         3,600         3,156.64         7,3306795         7,5273257         7.8290449         8.211917         8.071814         8.1911064         9.1459809         9.0765016           1955         4,200         3,352.36         6.5497616         6.7245496         6.9940946         7.3310748         7.4622744         8.1705282         8.6259158           1956         4.200         3,673.80         6.2996601         6.4656586         6.7244546         7.1152408         7.4622744         7.455118         8.2932211           1960         4.800         4.007.12         5.7728018         5.5273310         6.1544205         6.4696376         6.24747014         7.4622744         7.452744         7.452744         7.452744         7.452744         7.452744         7.452744         7.452744         7.452744         7.452744         7.452744         7.452744         7.452744         7.452744         7.452744         7.452744         7.45744         7.45744         7.45744         7.45744         7.45744         7.45744         7.45744         7.45744         7.4574474         7.457444         7.45744	Year			1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
1953         3.600         3.139.44         7.3684065         7.5661679         7.8694481         8.2519317         8.1439805         8.7359529         9.1831809         9.7055016           1956         4.200         3.301.44         7.006425         7.1946986         7.4332982         7.4821248         8.2012644         7.452126         8.22282718         8.2072841         8.7420822         8.22282718         8.2072841         8.7420828         2.2282575         6.528152         6.7446856         7.7482143         8.7452824         7.6301686         7.225221         8.3668816         5.228127         6.5281626         6.7446856         7.112206         7.4652449         7.0523783         7.112206         7.4652449         7.0523783         7.112206         7.4652449         7.0523783         7.1222057         7.6632850           1961         4.800         4.06676         5.6603986         5.123144         6.0452926         6.3406400         6.7103977         7.022187         7.002187         7.022187         7.002187         7.022187         7.002187         7.022187         7.002187         7.022187         7.002187         7.022187         7.002187         7.022187         7.002187         7.022187         7.002187         7.022187         7.002187         7.022187         7.002187	1951	\$3,600	\$2,799.16	8.2641471	8.4859494	8.8260978	9.2577416	9.7979394	10.3107504	10.8853513
1954         3,600         3,155,64         7,3305795         7,227257         7,8290499         8,2419317         8,6911054         9,1456820         9,655577           1956         4,200         3,331,36         6,549761         6,7245466         6,940946         7,351458         7,7542143         8,1705582         8,5625158           1957         4,200         3,671,80         6,2967661         6,7245246         7,845244         7,510568         7,922221         8,568916           1959         4,800         3,055,80         5,9994476         6,1667466         6,7249244         7,057046         7,465249         7,852163         2,923375           1960         4,800         4,007.12         5,7726118         5,2734310         6,1654405         6,469638         6,2443171         7,202393         7,002813         7,455249         7,830148         6,723934         7,2455449         7,300286         5,3994746         5,531470         5,770146         6,32394514         6,7245143         6,7403244         6,7403444         4,705235         5,6902506         5,9902506         6,3909244         6,7269418         7,465349         6,6302544         6,544310         6,544310         6,544310         6,544310         6,544310         6,544310         6,544310         6,	1952			7.7800809	7.9888912	8.3091157	8.7154763	9.2240324	9.7068059	10.2477500
1955.         4.200         3.301.44         7.0969425         7.1948988         7.4822842         7.482716         8.2072841         8.720722         9.292575           1957.         4.200         3.641.72         6.5521276         6.5226129         6.7340636         7.7361436         7.7662143         8.1705829         8.2595185           1957.         4.200         3.673.80         6.296616         6.45656         6.724424         7.0537046         7.4852948         7.850136         7.850215         7.6032305           1960.         4.800         4.007.12         5.7729816         5.227310         6.1664405         6.4666636         6.8443171         7.2025395         7.6033257           1961.         4.800         4.06.76         5.6603366         5.8123134         6.0452266         6.339024         6.7264130         6.5604310         6.306914         6.7100337         7.0022181         7.455244         6.5604338         6.644130         6.306914         6.520506         5.830224         6.524506         5.830244         6.524516         5.830246         6.2974438         6.56414310         6.306388         5.8444763         5.2474764         6.5063888         5.8444763         5.930246         5.930246         5.930246         5.930266         5.2474764										
1956.         4_200         3,532.36         6.5487861         6.7245496         6.9940946         7.3631435         7.7622143         8.1705828         8.2628158           1955.         4_200         3,671.80         6.2966601         6.456568         6.7448244         7.0537046         7.4552948         7.8560183         8.2988211           1959.         4,800         3,653.80         5.9994476         6.1604673         6.4707418         6.7207653         7.1125200         7.4852017         7.0032350           1960.         4.800         4.06.76         5.603936         5.812134         6.0452926         6.3409400         6.7247183         7.2621813         7.0621817         7.455749           1962.         4.800         4.967.5         5.904716         5.577164         6.2379450         6.3990214         6.7254136         7.102210         6.5361533           1964.         4.800         4.657.2         4.96552         5.6192742         5.303040         5.582456         5.897244         5.5386153         6.8971424         5.5386154         5.8444739         6.1951437         5.5386154         5.844739         6.1951437         5.953646         5.844739         6.1951437         7.002215         5.938176         3.9293474         4.539564         5.844	1954	3,600	3,155.64	7.3305795	7.5273257	7.8290489	8.2119317	8.6911054	9.1459862	9.6556768
1957         4.200         3.64172         6.3521276         6.5228129         7.7494039         7.71154099         7.5310568         7.9252221         8.3668816           1959         4.200         3.365.80         5.9994476         6.1604673         6.4074018         6.7207583         7.1129208         7.4852015         7.9033293           1960         4.800         4.007.12         5.7729181         5.9273310         6.1654405         6.409400         6.7109397         7.0621813         7.455749           1961         4.800         4.08074         5.5351470         5.770164         6.3092556         6.309214         6.7237453         6.5644310         6.3932550           1964         4.800         4.757.32         5.046629         5.1992138         5.9840236         6.2379453         6.5644310         6.3932550           1966         6.600         4.393.84         4.642816         4.810037         5.020666         5.990225         5.192138         7.653376         1.700322           1967         6.600         5.31.44         4.371221         4.5562105         4.3430851         4.653361         4.9995452         5.240651         4.343706         1.700322           1966         7.800         5.71.76         4.1517707										
1958         4.200         3.673.80         6.2966601         6.4656568         6.724824         7.0537046         7.4652945         7.4852048         7.8560183         8.293211           1960         4.800         4.007.12         5.7728918         5.9278310         6.1654405         6.4469638         6.443171         7.202595         7.6039250           1961         4.800         4.007.12         5.7728918         5.9278310         6.1654205         6.3409016         7.1092097         7.0621137         7.4557449           1962         4.800         4.291.40         5.3904716         5.5351470         6.7570164         6.3369556         6.309214         6.7254136         7.1002097           1964         4.800         4.575.32         5.0546629         5.1905308         5.838566         5.8393250         6.3066118         6.6581533           1964         4.800         4.575.32         5.054652         5.028066         5.8393250         5.3368566         5.444278         6.100322           1967         5.6600         5.3144         4.317121         4.565105         J.738044         4.2233265         5.1789685         5.444278           1967         7.800         5.837.63         3.244427         4.0302770         3.86564										
1959         4.800         3.855.80         5.9994476         6.1604673         6.4704018         6.7207583         7.1122020         7.4852015         7.9023393           1960         4.800         4.007712         5.7728916         5.9278310         6.1654405         6.4669638         6.844317         7.2023396         7.6039200           1961         4.800         4.98676         5.603936         5.8123130         6.1552926         6.3460403         6.2373453         6.5644130         6.3002558           1964         4.800         4.565.72         4.965462         5.0987245         5.3031004         5.6544656         5.89930250         6.3066918         6.6681533           1965         6.6600         4.333.34         4.842818         4.8100037         5.028065         5.2447708         5.555665         5.8443370         6.1700322           1967         7.600         5.897.72         3.244427         4.002844         4.198334         4.3923361         4.222256         5.1989336         5.4982745         5.308665         4.2214274         5.598685         4.2214935         5.4982745         5.308104         4.3223276         5.1789803         5.4982747           1967         7.600         5.897.76         3.2444172         4.505364										
1960         4,800         4,007:12         5,7728118         5,8273310         6,166403         6,468638         6,8443171         7,202538         7,603220           1961         4,800         4,007:12         5,7728118         5,8273310         6,1684023         6,3498405         6,7193347         7,6221313         7,455749           1963         4,800         4,396 64         5,2514428         5,402555         5,6300236         5,39804026         6,227453         6,644130         6,5301253           1964         4,800         4,576,32         5,054662         5,0987245         5,3031004         5,5526656         5,9302550         6,3098046         5,2174702         5,5536654         6,443370         6,170322           1965         4,800         4,576,32         5,049427         4,3003264         5,2174702         5,5536654         6,4433705         6,4703388           1966         7,800         5,571,76         4,1617707         4,2632075         4,430857         4,6533861         4,4984217         4,4303264         4,2322326         5,4485370         5,4485370         5,4485370         5,4485370         5,4485370         5,4485370         5,4485370         5,4485370         5,4485370         5,4485370         5,477248         5,227447170         5										
1961         4,800         4,066,76         5,6603396         5,812314         6,045226         6,3409400         6,7109397         7,0621813         7,455749           1962         4,800         4,396,64         5,2614428         5,304716         5,535470         5,5770164         6,0390256         6,2379453         6,5644310         6,3302558           1964         4,800         4,575.32         5,5048629         5,192318         5,5840026         5,8970248         6,2379453         6,5649310         6,50393256         6,506914         6,5631533           1966.         6,600         5,233,344         4,4371221         4,5562105         4,7388404         4,9705952         5,2606341         5,3295866         5,8444789           19668.         7,800         5,5917,64         4,1517707         4,2632005         4,4306851         4,433376         4,466522         4,9254216           1970.         7,800         6,487 08         3,504718         3,8397363         3,939472         4,188651         4,433376         4,4422171         4,5687745           1971.         7,800         6,487 08         3,654718         3,8397363         3,936472         4,188651         4,337446         5,1698744           1977.         7,800         6,487		,	,							
1962         4.800         4.291.40         5.3904716         5.5351470         5.7570146         6.038665         6.3902214         6.7254136         5.800236           1963         4.800         4.576.32         5.054862         5.1902538         5.58040236         6.3902214         6.5644310         6.53032558           1964         4.800         4.576.32         5.054862         5.0987245         5.0028065         5.2847608         5.8443370         6.700322           1986         6.600         5.231474         4.437174         4.560054         4.4300386         5.624516         5.8443370         6.700322           1986         7.600         5.893.76         3.9249427         4.0302846         4.191834         4.3968367         4.6533961         4.869486         5.1698473           1970         7.800         6.186.24         3.7393748         3.8025730         3.9986472         4.1889581         4.4323876         4.66533961         4.8697454           1971         7.800         6.186.24         3.7393748         3.8025790         3.9895472         4.1889581         4.432171         4.6697474         4.6697474         4.6697474         4.6697474         4.6697474         4.6697474         4.711935         1.77114         4.577114										
1963         4,800         4,386,44         5,2814428         5,4394256         5,642276         5,2394256         6,562406         5,2393025         6,5306316         6,56614370         6,5306316         6,56614370         6,56614370         6,56614370         6,56614370         6,56614370         6,567176         4,7324562         5,3031040         5,5524506         5,8870248         6,11611437         6,40303886         5,444370         6,542434788         5,533656         5,8443370         6,17003222         1070         6,1700322         1070         6,1700322         1070         1070322         10703         1070322         10703         10703374         10703744         10703744         10703744         10703744         10703744         10703744         10703744         10703744         10703744         10703746         10703747         10804474         10703744         10703746										
1964         4,800         4,576.32         5,0548629         5,1905308         5,393506         5,6824506         5,993205         6,306918         6,6541533           1965         4,800         4,658,72         4,965452         5,0937245         5,3031064         5,5624506         5,8970246         6,1951437         6,1407139           1966         6,000         5,513,44         4,1517707         4,2532005         4,4340854         4,6703542         6,232241         5,199503         5,4898203           1969         7,800         5,693,76         3,3249427         4,0302846         4,1988541         4,4533876         4,665422         4,2252421         5,1698474           1971         7,800         6,497,08         3,5604718         3,660316         3,3025731         3,4451367         3,652521         3,245451         3,798443           1973         10,800         7,580,16         3,057790         3,1334449         3,2526303         3,4611397         3,345451         3,451373         3,448513         3,51346451         3,513464         3,1704490         3,347475         4,116630         3,794141           1974         13,200         8,03076         2,805028         2,807643         2,275313         3,444513         3,633567         3,5										
1965.         4,800         4,658.72         4,9654562         5,0987245         5,3031004         5,5624506         5,8870248         6,1951437         6,5403888           1966.         6,600         4,338.36         4,684218         4,8100037         5,0028066         5,2474708         5,5536666         5,8443370         6,170032           1968.         7,800         5,571.76         4,1517707         4,2532005         4,370851         4,8903647         4,8533876         4,6654252         4,925426         5,1799503         5,4686203           1970.         7,800         6,168.24         3,7393748         3,8397363         3,9386472         4,1899831         4,333876         4,6654252         4,9254216           1972.         9,000         7,133.80         3,2426855         3,287163         3,481837         3,6325521         3,4445148         4,467316         4,2711395           1973.         10,000         7,580.16         3,0517390         3,136444         3,2625803         3,1415448         3,607476         3,303119           1974.         13,200         8,030.76         2,8805082         2,957144         3,2628303         3,4151199         3,530416         3,794145           1975.         14,100         8,630.92         2,										
1966.         6.600         4.938.36         4.642218         4.8100037         5.020666         5.2474708         5.5536666         5.8443370         6.170032           1967.         6.600         5.213.44         4.4371221         4.5562106         4.7388404         4.9705952         5.260634         5.5326665         5.6444789           1968.         7.800         5.571.76         4.1517707         4.2632005         4.434855         4.6539361         4.3988367         4.6533964         4.492171         4.689746           1970.         7.800         6.497.08         3.5604718         3.8650316         3.8025790         3.884546         4.2121209         4.4422171         4.689745           1973.         10.800         7.580.16         3.0173790         3.1336449         3.2285251         3.8445184         4.0467316         4.2711935           1974.         13.200         8.030.76         2.880502         2.9578144         3.076978         3.297495         3.1393687         3.503119           1975.         14.100         8.630.92         2.800201         2.5721435         2.804443         2.9725312         3.1281095         3.130439           1976.         15.500         9.778.44         2.3674345         2.5741456         2.9		,	,							
1967.         6.600         5.213.44         4.4371221         4.5662105         4.430852         5.2606341         5.5356866         5.6444789           1968.         7.800         5.571.76         4.1517707         4.2632005         4.4308567         4.6533961         4.92226         5.799503         5.4666203           1969.         7.800         6.186.24         3.7393748         3.8397363         3.998472         4.1889581         4.433876         4.6654252         4.9254216           1971.         7.800         6.186.24         3.7393748         3.8397363         3.998472         4.1889561         4.433876         4.6654252         4.9254216           1972.         9.000         7.133.80         3.2426855         3.3297163         3.481449         3.625521         3.4445148         4.0457316         4.2711833           1973.         10.800         7.580.16         3.061749         3.1376443         3.625521         3.445148         4.0457316         3.503119           1974.         13.200         8.03076         2.880502         2.5574895         3.2024393         3.475448         3.69857         3.503119           1975.         15.500         2.1691357         2.680202         2.55748957         2.8086443         2.97251										
1968         7,800         5,571,76         4,1517707         4,2632005         4,4390855         4,6503861         4,9223226         5,1799503         5,4666203           1969         7,800         5,893,76         3,9249427         4,0302846         4,1918334         4,368387         4,6533961         4,92524216         4,9254216           1971         7,800         6,497.08         3,5660316         3,8025790         3,988546         4,221209         4,4422171         4,6897745           1972         9,000         7,153.08         3,2426855         3,3267163         3,4631837         3,6325521         3,445184         4,045716         4,2711935           1973         10,800         7,580.16         3,0517390         3,1336449         3,2526331         3,418642         3,6181294         3,8074975         4,0196830           1974         15,300         9,226,48         2,5072043         2,574494         2,5076907         2,806443         2,3074513         3,124539         3,3024333           1975         14,100         8,630,92         2,6804391         2,574494         2,567268         2,109170         2,306143         2,2745145         2,381151         2,3121197         3,3024333           1977         10,55603         2,114										
1969										
1971         7,800         6,497.08         3,5604718         3,656376         3,8025790         3,9885456         4,221209         4,422171         4,6897745           1972         0,000         7,133.80         3,242655         3,3297163         3,463183         3,6325521         3,445148         4,0457316         4,2171935           1974         13,200         8,030.76         2,880508         2,9578184         3,0763788         3,2268303         3,4151189         3,5936616         3,7941415           1975         14,100         8,630.92         2,8802091         2,7521435         2,8624596         3,0024493         3,1776450         3,3439587         3,5033119           1977         16,500         9,279.44         2,365431         2,489254         2,56258         2,6489348         2,974145         3,8024399         2,9314188         2,8864867           1977         10,556.03         2,1914176         2,2502333         2,3404310         2,4548907         2,5981368         2,5141810         2,6542921           1980         2,5900         12,513.46         1,448620         1,8982384         1,9743268         2,070821         2,191420         2,3064316         2,439652           1981         2,4900         1,2,513.46         1,										
1971         7,800         6,497.08         3,5604718         3,656376         3,8025790         3,9885456         4,221209         4,422171         4,6897745           1972         0,000         7,133.80         3,242655         3,3297163         3,463183         3,6325521         3,445148         4,0457316         4,2171935           1974         13,200         8,030.76         2,880508         2,9578184         3,0763788         3,2268303         3,4151189         3,5936616         3,7941415           1975         14,100         8,630.92         2,8802091         2,7521435         2,8624596         3,0024493         3,1776450         3,3439587         3,5033119           1977         16,500         9,279.44         2,365431         2,489254         2,56258         2,6489348         2,974145         3,8024399         2,9314188         2,8864867           1977         10,556.03         2,1914176         2,2502333         2,3404310         2,4548907         2,5981368         2,5141810         2,6542921           1980         2,5900         12,513.46         1,448620         1,8982384         1,9743268         2,070821         2,191420         2,3064316         2,439652           1981         2,4900         1,2,513.46         1,	1970	7 800	6 186 24	3 7393748	3 8397363	3 9936472	4 1889581	4 4333876	4 6654252	4 9254216
1973										
1974.         13,200         8,030.76         2.8805082         2.9578184         3.0763788         3.2268303         3.4151189         3.5938616         3.7941415           1976.         14,100         8,630.92         2.6802091         2.7521435         2.8624596         3.0024493         3.1776450         3.3439887         3.5303119           1976.         16,500         9,779.44         2.3654391         2.4289254         2.5262858         2.6498348         2.804451         2.9512365         3.1177040           1978.         17,700         10,555603         2.1914176         2.250233         2.3404310         2.4584867         2.5912365         3.1157040           1979.         22,900         11,479.46         2.0151357         2.0692202         2.1521622         2.2574145         2.3891368         2.5141810         2.6542921           1980.         25,900         12,513.46         1.8486230         1.89824841         1.7004719         1.7995643         1.27937618         1.8814646         1.917202         2.3064316         2.4349652           1981.         32,400         14,531.34         1.579674         1.5587083         1.821871         1.7004719         1.799860         1.8938897         1.9994330           1983.         37,800		9,000	7,133.80	3.2426855	3.3297163	3.4631837	3.6325521	3.8445148	4.0457316	4.2711935
1975         14,100         8,630.92         2.6802091         2.7521435         2.8624596         3.0024493         3.1776450         3.3439587         3.5303119           1976         15,300         9.226.48         2.5072043         2.574954         2.6776907         2.8086443         2.9725312         3.1281095         3.3024339           1977         10,556.03         2.1914176         2.562333         2.3404310         2.4548907         2.5981359         2.7341188         2.8864867           1979         2.2,900         11,479.46         2.0151357         2.0692303         2.3404310         2.4548907         2.3981368         2.5141810         2.6542921           1980         25,900         12,513.46         1.8486230         1.3973618         1.8814864         1.9912728         2.0964316         2.439652           1981         29,700         13,773.10         1.6795543         1.7246321         1.7937618         1.8814864         1.9912728         2.0964316         2.4396652           1982         32,400         14,531.34         1.5919158         1.6211871         1.70004719         1.7996600         1.8937897         1.8884232           1983         37,800         16,125.07         1.4338889         1.4721678         1.5414301<										
1976         15.300         9.226.48         2.5072043         2.5744954         2.6776907         2.8086443         2.9725312         3.1281095         3.3024339           1977         16,500         9,779.44         2.3654391         2.428954         2.5262858         2.6498348         2.8044551         2.9512365         3.1157040           1978         17,700         10,556.03         2.1914176         2.2502333         2.3404310         2.4548907         2.5981359         2.7341188         2.8864867           1979         22,900         11,479.46         2.0151357         2.0692202         2.1521622         2.2574145         2.3891368         2.5141810         2.6542921           1980         25,900         12,513.46         1.8486230         1.892384         1.9743268         2.0708821         2.1917200         2.3064316         2.4349652           1981         24,400         14,531.34         1.5919674         1.5587083         1.6211871         1.7004719         1.7936690         1.8938897         1.9994330           1984         37,800         16,822.51         1.3751022         1.4120087         1.4686072         1.5404301         1.6303156         1.7156441         1.8112541           1985         39,600         16,822.51										
1977         16,500         9,779.44         2.3654391         2.4280254         2.5262858         2.6498348         2.8044551         2.9512365         3.1157040           1978         17,700         10,556.03         2.1914176         2.250233         2.3404310         2.4548907         2.5981359         2.7341188         2.864867           1979         22,900         11,479.46         2.0151357         2.069220         2.1521622         2.2574145         2.3891368         2.5141810         2.6542921           1980         25,900         12,513.46         1.8486230         1.8982384         1.9743268         2.0708821         2.1917200         2.3064316         2.4349652           1981         23,700         13,773.10         1.6755543         1.724821         1.7937618         1.8814864         1.9912728         2.0964934         2.2122717           1982         32,600         16,35.07         1.4336889         1.4721678         1.5311177         1.606066         1.699757         1.7887397         1.8884232           1985         39,600         16,822.51         1.3751022         1.412087         1.4626739         1.4602379         1.4883991         1.5662391         1.6525871           1986         42,000         17,321.82										
1978.         17,700         10,556.03         2.1914176         2.260233         2.3404310         2.4548907         2.5981359         2.7341188         2.8864867           1979.         22,900         11,479.46         2.0151357         2.0692202         2.1521622         2.2574145         2.3891368         2.5141810         2.6542921           1980.         25,900         12,513.46         1.8486230         1.982384         1.9743268         2.0708821         2.1917200         2.3064316         2.4349652           1981.         29,700         13,773.10         1.6795543         1.7246321         1.7937618         1.8814864         1.9912728         2.0954934         2.2122717           1982.         32,400         14,531.34         1.5919158         1.6346414         1.7004719         1.7833111         1.8873690         1.9861513         2.0968362           1984.         37,800         16,135.07         1.4336889         1.4721678         1.5311777         1.6060606         1.6997757         1.7887397         1.884232           1985.         39,600         16,822.51         1.3751022         1.4120087         1.4686072         1.5404301         1.6303156         1.7156441         1.8112541           1986.         42,000         17,32										
1979										
1981         29,700         13,773.10         1.6795543         1.7246321         1.7937618         1.8814864         1.9912728         2.0954934         2.212717           1982         32,400         14,531.34         1.5919158         1.6346414         1.7001639         1.7833111         1.8873690         1.9861513         2.0968362           1983         35,700         15,239.24         1.5179674         1.5587083         1.6211871         1.7004719         1.7986960         1.8938897         1.9994330           1984         37,800         16,135.07         1.4336889         1.4721678         1.5311777         1.6006066         1.6997757         1.7887397         1.8884232           1985         39,600         16,822.51         1.3751022         1.412087         1.4686072         1.5404301         1.6303156         1.7156441         1.8112541           1986         42,000         17,321.82         1.3354642         1.34767672         1.40603379         1.48832991         1.5662899         1.6525871           1987         43,800         18,426.51         1.2554016         1.2890954         1.2778323         1.3403251         1.4185344         1.4927785         1.5759686           1989         51,300         21,027.98         1.1009049										
1981         29,700         13,773.10         1.6795543         1.7246321         1.7937618         1.8814864         1.9912728         2.0954934         2.212717           1982         32,400         14,531.34         1.5919158         1.6346414         1.7001639         1.7833111         1.8873690         1.9861513         2.0968362           1983         35,700         15,239.24         1.5179674         1.5587083         1.6211871         1.7004719         1.7986960         1.8938897         1.9994330           1984         37,800         16,135.07         1.4336889         1.4721678         1.5311777         1.6006066         1.6997757         1.7887397         1.8884232           1985         39,600         16,822.51         1.3751022         1.412087         1.4686072         1.5404301         1.6303156         1.7156441         1.8112541           1986         42,000         17,321.82         1.3354642         1.34767672         1.40603379         1.48832991         1.5662899         1.6525871           1987         43,800         18,426.51         1.2554016         1.2890954         1.2778323         1.3403251         1.4185344         1.4927785         1.5759686           1989         51,300         21,027.98         1.1009049	1980	25,900	12,513.46	1.8486230	1.8982384	1.9743268	2.0708821	2.1917200	2.3064316	2.4349652
1983							1.8814864			
1984										
1985	1983									
1986         42,000         17,321.82         1.3354642         1.3713068         1.4262739         1.4960264         1.5833209         1.6661898         1.7590438           1987         43,800         18,426.51         1.2254016         1.2890954         1.3407672         1.4063379         1.4883991         1.5662999         1.6535871           1988         45,000         19,334.04         1.1964737         1.2285860         1.2778323         1.3403251         1.4185344         1.4927785         1.5759686           1989         48,000         20,099.55         1.1509049         1.1817941         1.2291648         1.2892776         1.3645082         1.4357255         1.4490141           1991         53,400         21,027.98         1.1000900         1.1296154         1.1748946         1.2323533         1.3042622         1.3725256         1.4490141           1991         53,400         21,811.60         1.0605673         1.0890320         1.326844         1.1880788         1.52759686         1.3223513         1.3042622         1.32232152         1.3980557           1992         55,500         22,935.42         1.0086002         1.0376702         1.0771837         1.1298638         1.1957924         1.2583785         1.3285059           1	1984	37,800	16,135.07	1.4336889	1.4721678	1.5311777	1.6060606	1.6997757	1.7887397	1.8884232
1987										
1988										
1989         48,000         20,099.55         1.1509049         1.1817941         1.2291648         1.2892776         1.3645082         1.4359247         1.5159464           1990         51,300         21,027.98         1.1000900         1.1296154         1.1748946         1.2323533         1.3042622         1.3725256         1.4490141           1991         53,400         21,811.60         1.0605673         1.0890320         1.1326844         1.1880788         1.2574043         1.3232152         1.3969557           1992         55,500         22,935.42         1.0086002         1.0356702         1.0771837         1.1298638         1.1957924         1.2583785         1.3285059           1993         57,600         23,132.67         1.0000000         1.0268391         1.0679986         1.1202295         1.1855960         1.2476485         1.3171778           1994         60,600         23,753.53         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.00909494         1.1546073         1.2150379         1.2827500           1995         61,200         24,705.66         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0080000         1.0080000         1.0283509         1.1137436         1.1758107           1997         65,400										
1990         51,300         21,027.98         1.1000900         1.1296154         1.1748946         1.2323533         1.3042622         1.3725256         1.4490141           1991         53,400         21,811.60         1.0605673         1.0890320         1.1326844         1.1880788         1.2574043         1.3232152         1.3969557           1992         55,500         22,935.42         1.0086002         1.0356702         1.0771837         1.1298638         1.1957924         1.2583785         1.3285059           1993         57,600         23,132.67         1.0000000         1.0268391         1.0679986         1.1202295         1.1855960         1.2476485         1.3171778           1994         60,600         23,753.53         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.040837         1.0909494         1.1546073         1.2150379         1.2827500           1995         61,200         24,705.66         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0890554         1.1101100         1.1682117         1.233141           1996         65,400         27,426.00         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.008370         1.988370<										
1991         53,400         21,811.60         1.0605673         1.0890320         1.1326844         1.1880788         1.2574043         1.3232152         1.3969557           1992         55,500         22,935.42         1.0086002         1.0356702         1.0771837         1.1298638         1.1957924         1.2583785         1.3285059           1993         57,600         23,132.67         1.0000000         1.0268391         1.0679986         1.120295         1.1855960         1.2476485         1.3171778           1994         60,600         23,753.53         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0400837         1.0909494         1.1546073         1.2150379         1.2827500           1995         61,200         24,705.66         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0400837         1.0909494         1.161100         1.1682117         1.233141           1996         62,700         25,913.90         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0533509         1.1137436         1.1758107           1997         65,400         27,426.00         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.002337         1.1109837           1998         68,400		,	,							
1992         55,500         22,935.42         1.0086002         1.0356702         1.0771837         1.1298638         1.1957924         1.2583785         1.3285059           1993         57,600         23,132.67         1.000000         1.0268391         1.0679986         1.1202295         1.1855960         1.2476485         1.3171778           1994         60,600         23,753.53         1.000000         1.000000         1.0400837         1.0999494         1.1546073         1.2150379         1.2827500           1995         61,200         24,705.66         1.0000000         1.000000         1.0400837         1.0909494         1.1101100         1.1682117         1.233141           1996         62,700         25,913.90         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0080000         1.0080000         1.0080000         1.0080000         1.0080000         1.0080000         1.0080000         1.0080000         1.0080000         1.0080000         1.0080000         1.0080000         1.0080000         1.0080000         1.088376         1.119837         1.19583785         1.1858107           1997         65,400         27,426.00         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0080000         1.008377 <th></th> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>										
1993         57,600         23,132.67         1.000000         1.0268391         1.0679986         1.1202295         1.1855960         1.2476485         1.3171778           1994         60,600         23,753.53         1.000000         1.000000         1.0400837         1.0909494         1.1546073         1.2476485         1.3171778           1995         61,200         24,705.66         1.000000         1.000000         1.000000         1.0400837         1.0140000         1.0583509         1.11546073         1.2476485         1.233141           1996         62,700         25,913.90         1.0000000         1.000000         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0583509         1.117746         1.1758107           1997         65,400         27,426.00         1.0000000										
1994         60,600         23,753.53         1.000000         1.0400837         1.099494         1.1546073         1.2150379         1.2827500           1995         61,200         24,705.66         1.000000         1.000000         1.040837         1.0499494         1.1546073         1.2150379         1.2827500           1995         61,200         24,705.66         1.000000         1.000000         1.0489054         1.1101100         1.1682117         1.2333141           1996         62,700         25,913.90         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0583509         1.1137436         1.1758107           1997         65,400         27,426.00         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0027283           1999         72,600         30,469.84         1.0000000										
1996         62,700         25,913.90         1.000000         1.000000         1.000000         1.000000         1.0583509         1.1137436         1.1758107           1997         65,400         27,426.00         1.000000         1.000000         1.000000         1.000000         1.000000         1.000000         1.000000         1.0583509         1.1137436         1.1758107           1997         65,400         27,426.00         1.000000         1.000000         1.000000         1.000000         1.000000         1.0523387         1.1109837           1998         68,400         28,861.44         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0000000										
1996         62,700         25,913.90         1.000000         1.000000         1.000000         1.000000         1.0583509         1.1137436         1.1758107           1997         65,400         27,426.00         1.000000         1.000000         1.000000         1.000000         1.000000         1.000000         1.000000         1.0583509         1.1137436         1.1758107           1997         65,400         27,426.00         1.000000         1.000000         1.000000         1.000000         1.000000         1.0523387         1.1109837           1998         68,400         28,861.44         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.0000000	1995	61,200	24,705.66	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0489054	1.1101100	1.1682117	1.2333141
1998         68,400         28,861.44         1.0000000         1.000000 <th< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></th<>										
1999         72,600         30,469.84         1.0000000         1.0000000         1.000000										
2000										
		,	30,409.84							
<u>2001</u>										
	2001	80,400		1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000	1.0000000

<sup>1</sup> National average wage levels. For years before 1978, average wages were determined from wages earned during the first quarter of the year and reported to the Social Security Administration (SSA) for Social Security tax purposes. These wages were then multiplied by 4 to obtain the average wage for the year. For 1973-77, from data collected on all taxable wages reported to SSA; for 1957-72, based on 1% statistical sample; for 1951-56, based on 1/10 of 1% statistical sample. For 1978-84,

cata collected on all taxable wages reported to SSA; tor 195/-/2, based on 1% statistical sample; for 1951-56, based on 1/10 of 1% statistical sample. For 1978–84, from wage data collected by the Internal Revenue Service during processing of annual tax returns. For years after 1984, from W-2 data processed by SSA. For years after 1977, the average wage amounts have been adjusted to be consistent with the pre-1978 series. <sup>2</sup> The indexing factor for a given year represents the ratio of the average annual wage (col. 2) for the second year before the year of first eligibility to the average annual wage for the year to be indexed. Multiplying a worker's covered earnings, up to the maximum taxable amounts for various years after 1951, by the indicated factors gives the indexed earnings. Earnings in the year of first eligibility, and any earnings thereafter, are not indexed. The actual taxable earnings for those years are considered in calculating the average indexed earnings. considered in calculating the average indexed earnings (AIME).

#### Table 2.A9.—Indexed earnings for workers with maximum earnings, 1951–2001

	Annual maximum	Average		Annual r		exed earnings ige 62, becam		who were first died) in—	eligible	
Year	taxable earnings	annual wage <sup>1</sup>	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
1951	\$3,600	\$2,799.16	\$29,497.25	\$29,750.93	\$30,549.42	\$31,773.95	\$33,327.87	\$35,272.58	\$37,118.70	\$39,187.26
1952	3,600	2,973.32	27,769.47	28,008.29	28,760.01	29,912.82	31,375.71	33,206.52	34,944.50	36,891.90
1953	3,600	3,139.44	26,300.08	26,526.26	27,238.20	28,330.01	29,715.50	31,449.43	33,095.45	34,939.81
1954	3,600	3,155.64	26,165.06	26,390.09	27,098.37	28,184.58	29,562.95	31,287.98	32,925.55	34,760.44
1955	4,200	3,301.44	29,177.80	29,428.74	30,218.58	31,429.85	32,966.94	34,890.59	36,716.72	38,762.88
1956	4,200	3,532.36	27,270.37	27,504.90	28,243.11	29,375.20	30,811.80	32,609.70	34,316.45	36,228.85
1957	4,200	3,641.72	26,451.45	26,678.94	27,394.97	28,493.07	29,886.53	31,630.44	33,285.93	35,140.90
1958	4,200	3,673.80	26,220.47	26,445.97	27,155.76	28,244.26	29,625.56	31,354.24	32,995.28	34,834.05
1959	4,800	3,855.80	28,551.80	28,797.35	29,570.24	30,755.53	32,259.64	34,142.02	35,928.97	37,931.23
1960	4,800	4,007.12	27,473.60	27,709.88	28,453.59	29,594.11	31,041.43	32,852.72	34,572.19	36,498.84
1961	4,800	4,086.76	26,938.21	27,169.89	27,899.10	29,017.40	30,436.51	32,212.51	33,898.47	35,787.58
1962	4,800	4,291.40	25,653.64	25,874.26	26,568.71	27,633.68	28,985.11	30,676.42	32,281.99	34,081.01
1963	4,800	4,396.64	25,039.58	25,254.93	25,932.75	26,972.23	28,291.31	29,942.14	31,509.27	33,265.23
1964	4,800	4,576.32	24,056.45	24,263.34	24,914.55	25,913.22	27,180.51	28,766.52	30,272.12	31,959.14
1965	4,800	4,658.72	23,630.96	23,834.19	24,473.88	25,454.88	26,699.76	28,257.72	29,736.69	31,393.87
1966	6,600	4,938.36	30,652.64	30,916.26	31,746.02	33,018.52	34,633.31	36,654.19	38,572.62	40,722.21
1967	6,600	5,213.44	29,035.30	29,285.01	30,070.99	31,276.35	32,805.93	34,720.18	36,537.39	38,573.56
1968	7,800	5,571.76	32,107.68	32,383.81	33,252.96	34,585.87	36,277.30	38,394.12	40,403.61	42,655.24
1969	7,800	5,893.76	30,353.51	30,614.55	31,436.22	32,696.30	34,295.33	36,296.49	38,196.20	40,324.81
1970	7,800	6,186.24	28,918.42	29,167.12	29,949.94	31,150.45	32,673.87	34,580.42	36,390.32	38,418.29
1971	7,800	6,497.08	27,534.87	27,771.68	28,517.05	29,660.12	31,110.66	32,925.99	34,649.29	36,580.24
1972	9,000	7,133.80	28,935.32	29,184.17	29,967.45	31,168.65	32,692.97	34,600.63	36,411.58	38,440.74
1973	10,800	7,580.16	32,677.75	32,958.78	33,843.37	35,199.93	36,921.40	39,075.80	41,120.97	43,412.58
1974	13,200	8,030.76	37,698.49	38,022.71	39,043.20	40,608.20	42,594.16	45,079.57	47,438.97	50,082.67
1975	14,100	8,630.92	37,468.71	37,790.95	38,805.22	40,360.68	42,334.54	44,804.79	47,149.82	49,777.40
1976	15,300	9,226.48	38,033.13	38,360.23	39,389.78	40,968.67	42,972.26	45,479.73	47,860.08	50,527.24
1977	16,500	9,779.44	38,696.94	39,029.75	40,077.27	41,683.72	43,722.27	46,273.51	48,695.40	51,409.12
1978 1979	17,700 22,900	10,556.03 11,479.46	38,457.35 45,753.12	38,788.09 46,146.61	39,829.13 47,385.14	41,425.63 49,284.51	43,451.57 51,694.79	45,987.00 54,711.23	48,393.90 57,574.74	51,090.81 60,783.29
		,		,		,	,		,	,
1980	25,900	12,513.46	47,471.07	47,879.34	49,164.37	51,135.07	53,635.85	56,765.55	59,736.58	63,065.60
1981	29,700	13,773.10	49,457.42	49,882.76	51,221.57	53,274.72	55,880.15	59,140.80	62,236.15	65,704.47
1982	32,400	14,531.34	51,138.27	51,578.07	52,962.38	55,085.31	57,779.28	61,150.75	64,351.30	67,937.49
1983 1984	35,700 37,800	15,239.24 16,135.07	53,729.35 53,731.34	54,191.44 54,193.44	55,645.89 55,647.94	57,876.38 57,878.52	60,706.85 60,709.09	64,249.15 64,251.52	67,611.86 67,614.36	71,379.76 71,382.40
	,	,	,	,	,	,	,		,	,
1985	39,600	16,822.51	53,989.72	54,454.05	55,915.54	58,156.85	61,001.03	64,560.50	67,939.51	71,725.66
1986	42,000	17,321.82	55,611.23	56,089.50	57,594.89	59,903.50	62,833.11	66,499.48	69,979.97	73,879.84
1987 1988	43,800 45,000	18,426.51 19,334.04	54,517.72 53,382.22	54,986.59 53,841.32	56,462.38 55,286.37	58,725.60 57,502.45	61,597.60 60,314.63	65,191.88 63,834.05	68,603.93 67,175.03	72,427.12 70,918.59
1989	48,000	20,099.55	54,772.38	55,243.43	56,726.12	58,999.91	61,885.33	65,496.39	68,924.38	72,765.43
1990	51,300 53.400	21,027.98	55,953.40	56,434.62 56.634.29	57,949.27 58.154.31	60,272.09	63,219.72 63.443.41	66,908.65	70,410.56 70.659.69	74,334.42 74,597.44
1991 1992	53,400 55,500	21,811.60 22,935.42	56,151.38 55,500.00	56,634.29 55,977.31	58,154.31 57,479.69	60,485.35 59,783.69	63,443.41 62,707.44	67,145.39 66,366.48	70,659.69 69,840.01	74,597.44 73,732.08
1992	57,600	23,132.67	57,600.00	57,600.00	59,145.93	61,516.72	64,525.22	68,290.33	71,864.55	75,869.44
1993	60,600	23,753.53	60,600.00	60,600.00	60,600.00	63,029.07	66,111.54	69,969.20	73,631.30	77,734.65
	61,200	24,705.66	61,200.00	61,200.00	61,200.00	61,200.00	64,193.01	67,938.73	71,494.55	75,478.83
1995 1996	61,200	24,705.66 25,913.90	61,200.00	61,200.00	61,200.00	61,200.00	64,193.01 62,700.00	67,938.73 66,358.60	71,494.55 69,831.72	75,478.83
1990	65,400	25,913.90	65,400.00	65.400.00	65.400.00	65.400.00	65.400.00	65,400.00	68,822.95	72,658.34
1998	68,400	28,861.44	68,400.00	68,400.00	68,400.00	68,400.00	68,400.00	68,400.00	68,400.00	72,211.82
1999	72,600	30,469.84	72,600.00	72,600.00	72,600.00	72,600.00	72,600.00	72,600.00	72,600.00	72,600.00
2000 2001	76,200 80,400		76,200.00 80,400.00	76,200.00 80,400.00	76,200.00 80,400.00	76,200.00 80,400.00	76,200.00 80,400.00	76,200.00 80,400.00	76,200.00 80,400.00	76,200.00 80,400.00
2001	00,400		00,400.00	00,400.00	00,400.00	00,400.00	00,400.00	00,400.00	00,400.00	00,+00.00

<sup>1</sup> National average wage levels. For years before 1978, average wages were determined from wages earned during the first quarter of the year and reported to the Social Security Administration (SSA) for Social Security tax purposes. These wages were then multiplied by 4 to obtain the average wage for the year. For 1973–77, from data collected on all taxable wages reported to SSA; for 1957–72, based on 1percent statistical sample; for 1951–56, based on 1/10 of 1 percent statistical sample. For 1978–84, from wage data collected by the Internal Revenue Service during processing of annual tax returns. For years after 1984, from W-2 data processed by SSA. For years after 1977, the average wage amounts have been adjusted to be consistent with the pre-1978 series.

<sup>2</sup> A worker's earnings for each year after 1950 and through the second year before the year of first eligibility are indexed by multiplying covered earnings, up to the maximum taxable amounts, by specified indexing factors (see table 2.A8). The indexing factor for a given year represents the ratio of the average annual wage (col. 2) for the second year before the year of first eligibility to the average annual wage for the year to be indexed. For example, if the year of first eligibility is 1999, the indexing factor for 1982 is \$27,426.00/14,531.34, or 1.8873690. Multiplication of maximum taxable earnings of \$32,400 for 1982 by this factor gives maximum indexed earnings of \$61,150.75 for 1982.

# Table 2.A10.—Average monthly wage (AMW) and average indexed monthly earnings (AIME)

Year enacted	Earnings measure	Provision
1939	AMW	Computed using creditable earnings after 1936 and before year of death or retirement, divided by months after 1936 and before quarter of death or retirement, excluding months before age 22 in quarters not QC.
1950		Alternatively, computed using creditable earnings after 1950 (or year aged 21, if later) and before year of death, year of retirement or subsequent year, or year age 65 attained if then insured, divided by number of months in those years.
1954		Earnings and months in 4 years may be excluded in all cases, 5 years if worker has 20 QC. Period of disability may be excluded.
1956		Earnings and months in 5 years may be excluded in all cases. Computation period may end at age 62 for women then insured.
1960		Earnings may be used for any year after 1950 and before year of retirement but including year of death with the number of years equal to the years elapsed after 1955 (or year age 26 attained) and before year of death or age 65 attained (62 for women).
		Same method may be used for earnings after 1936 and year elapsed after 1941.
1972		Number of years for men reaching age 62 after 1972, measured to age 62 or to 1975, if later.
1977		For workers who attain age 62, become disabled, or die after 1978, excludes earnings in year of attainment of age 62 and later, computed using creditable earnings after 1936.
		For workers who attain age 62 after 1978 and before 1984, excludes earnings in year of attainment of age 62 and later, computed using creditable earnings after 1950.
1977	AIME	For workers who attain age 62, become disabled, or die after 1978, AIME is computed by using indexed earnings after 1950 for the same computation period applicable in calculating the AMW. Indexed earnings for a given year equal actual creditable earnings multiplied by the national average wage for the second year before worker attains age 62, becomes disabled, or dies, divided by the national average wage for the given year, except that for years after the second year before the worker attains age 62, becomes disabled, or dies, divided by the national average wage for the given year, except that for years after the second year before the worker attains age 62, becomes disabled, or dies, indexed earnings equal actual creditable earnings.
1980		For disabled workers, the number of years of earnings used equals the number of years elapsed after 1950 (or year age 21 attained, if later) and before year of disability, minus dropout years equal to one- fifth of the number of elapsed years rounded to the next lower integer (to a maximum of 5 dropout years). However, the number of years of earnings used is at least 2. <i>Effective for initial entitlement after June 1980</i> .
		Disabled workers who receive less than 3 dropout years under the one-fifth rule may be credited with additional dropout years based on child care, up to a total of 3 dropout years. (To receive this credit, a worker must have had no earnings in that year and have been living with a child under age 3.) However, the number of years of earnings used is at least 2. <i>Effective for July 1981</i> .
1983		For workers who die after 1978 but before attaining age 62, indexed earnings for a given year equal actual creditable earnings, multipled by the national average wage for the earlier of (1) the year in which the worker reached or would have reached age 60 or (2) the second year before the survivor becomes eligible for aged or disabled widow(er) benefits, and then divided by the national average wage for the given year. This computation method applies only if it results in a higher benefit. <i>Effective for surviving spouses newly eligible after 1984</i> .

Table 2.A11.—Formulas for computing PIA from AIME, increases in PIA based on cost-of-living adjustments, and minimum PIA, for workers who were first eligible (attained age 62, became disabled, or died) in 1979 or later

	ving adjustment	First applicable cost-of-liv	to PIA	ge of AIME applicable t	Percentag		
Minimum PIA based or indexed earnings	Percentage increase	Effective for—	Plus 15 percent above—	Plus 32 percent of next—	90 percent of first—	Year of first eligibility	
<sup>3</sup> \$122	9.9	June 1979	\$1,085	\$905	\$180	<sup>2</sup> 1979	1977 <sup>1</sup>
<sup>3</sup> 122	14.3	1980	1,171	977	194	<sup>2</sup> 1980	
<sup>3</sup> 122	11.2	1981	1,274	1,063	211	<sup>2</sup> 1981	1981 <sup>4</sup>
(4	7.4	1982	1,388	1,158	230	<sup>2</sup> 1982	
(4	3.5	Dec. 1983	1,528	1,274	254	<sup>2</sup> 1983	1983
(4	3.5	1984	1,612	1,345	267	1984	
(4	3.1	1985	1,691	1,411	280	1985	
(4	1.3	1986	1,790	1,493	297	1986	
(4	4.2	1987	1,866	1,556	310	1987	
(4	4.0	1988	1,922	1,603	319	1988	
(4	4.7	1989	2,044	1,705	339	1989	
(4	5.4	1990	2,145	1,789	356	1990	
(4	3.7	1991	2,230	1,860	370	1991	
(4	3.0	1992	2,333	1,946	387	1992	
(4	2.6	1993	2,420	2,019	401	1993	
(4	2.8	1994	2,545	2,123	422	1994	
(4	2.6	1995	2,567	2,141	426	1995	
(4	2.9	1996	2,635	2,198	437	1996	
(4	2.1	1997	2,741	2,286	455	1997	
(4	1.3	1998	2,875	2,398	477	1998	
(4	<sup>5</sup> 2.4	1999	3,043	2,538	505	1999	
(4	3.5	2000	3,202	2,671	531	2000	
(4		2001	3,381	2,820	561	2001	

<sup>1</sup> The 1977 amendments provided for annual automatic adjustments of bend points (AIME brackets) in benefit formula in proportion to increases in average wage level. As a result, separate formulas are applicable to workers who were first eligible (attained age 62, became disabled, or died) in successive calendar years. The legislation also "froze" the minimum PIA at \$122.

<sup>2</sup> For workers who attained age 62 in the 1979–1983 period, PIA cannot be less than that derived from PIA table in effect in December 1978 (approximated by PIA formula in table 2.A16) based on provisions in effect before 1979 but excluding earnings after year aged 61 in computations of AMW, and including any general benefit increase after year aged 61.

<sup>3</sup> Not subject to automatic adjustments until earlier of year of attainment of age 65 or year of first receipt of benefits.

<sup>4</sup> Minimum PIA eliminated by 1981 legislation for workers who attain age 62 or die after 1981 (after 1991 for members of certain religious orders). August 1981 legislation would have eliminated the minimum PIA effective March 1982 for workers who attained age 62 before November 1981 or who died (before attaining age 62) before March 1982; for all others, the minimum would have been eliminated effective November 1981. This legislation was superseded by December 1981 legislation that restored the minimum PIA for workers who attained age 62 or died (before attaining age 62) before 1982.

before March 1962, for an others, the minimum would have been eminated effective November 1981. This registation was superseded by December 1997 registation was superseded by December 1999 registation was superseded by December 1997 registation was supersed by December 1997 registation registation register and the register of the supersed by December 1997 registation register and register of the supersed by December 1997 registation register and register of the recember of the register of the register of the regi

Year enacted	Effective	Provision
1983	1986	Workers first eligible for pensions based on noncovered employment <sup>1</sup> and disability or retired workers after Dec. 31, 1985. The benefit computation formula uses a reduced factor of the usual first AIME bendpoint.
		Factor         Year eligible           80%         1986           70%         1987           60%         1988           50%         1989           40%         1990 and later
		WEP is not applicable to persons who were federal employees or nonprofit employees on Jan. 1, 1984 and who were covered by Social Security on that date; to federal employees who switched to the Federal Employees Retirement System (FERS) during a special enrollment period and who have worked under FERS for 5 years; to persons with Railroad Retirement pensions; or to workers with 30 years of substantial Social Security earnings. Workers with 26–29 years of coverage have less than full WEP applied. <sup>2</sup> For benefits payable before January 1989:
		Factor         Years of coverage           80%         29           70%         28           60%         27           50%         26
1988	1989	5% added to factor for each year of coverage over 20.
		FactorYears of coverage $85\%$ 29 $80\%$ 28 $75\%$ 27 $70\%$ 26 $65\%$ 25 $60\%$ 24 $55\%$ 23 $40\%$ 22 $45\%$ 21
	1991	Earnings required for a year of substantial coverage (decoupled from the definition of a year of coverage for special minimum PIA). $^2$
		YearEarnings $1991$ \$9,900 $1992$ $10,350$ $1993$ $10,725$ $1994$ $11,250$ $1995$ $11,325$ $1996$ $11,625$ $1997$ $12,150$ $1998$ $12,675$ $1999$ $13,425$ $2000$ $14,175$ $2001$ $14,925$

### Table 2.A11.1.—Computation of PIA based on Windfall Elimination Provision (WEP)

<sup>1</sup> Reduction in PIA will not be greater than one-half of the periodic payment based on noncovered employment performed after 1956. <sup>2</sup> See table 2.A12. Before 1991, a year of substantial coverage for WEP was the same amount as for the minimum PIA (25 percent of the "old law" contribution and benefit base). For 1991 and following, a year of substantial coverage under WEP provisions remains 25 percent of the old law base, while the criterion for computing the special minimum PIA was changed to 15 percent of the base.

		Years of coverage		PIA computation	
Year enacted	Applicable period	Number	Amount <sup>2</sup> per year of coverage over 10 years	Maximum amount <sup>2</sup> for workers with 30 or more years of coverage	Effective for-
1972	1937–1950	The number (disregarding any remainder and not exceeding 14) obtained by dividing total creditable wages in 1937–1950 by \$900	\$8.50	\$170.00	January 1973
	After 1950	Number of years with creditable earnings equal to at least 25% of the effective annual maximum taxable earnings, that is: $1951-1954$ \$900 $1955-1958$ $1,050$ $1959-1965$ $1,200$ $1966-1967$ $1,650$ $1968-1971$ $1,950$ $1972$ $2,250$ $1973$ $2,700$ $1974$ $3,300$ $1975$ $3,525$ $1976$ $3,825$ $1978$ $4,425$			
1973			9.00	180.00	March 1974
1977 <sup>3</sup>	After 1978	Number of years with creditable earnings equal to at least 25% of what the annual taxable maximum would have been if the statutory increases in the maximum under the 1977 amendments had not been enacted (the "old law" contribution and benefit base), that is:         1979       \$4,725         1980       5,100         1981       5,500         1982       6,075         1983       6,675         1984       7,050         1985       7,425         1986       7,875         1987       8,175         1988       8,400         1989       8,925         1990       9,525	$\begin{array}{c} 11.50\\ 4 \ 12.64\\ 4 \ 14.45\\ 4 \ 16.07\\ 4 \ 17.26\\ 4 \ 17.26\\ 4 \ 17.86\\ 4 \ 18.49\\ 4 \ 19.06\\ 4 \ 19.31\\ 4 \ 20.12\\ 4 \ 20.92\\ 4 \ 21.90\\ 4 \ 23.08\\ 4 \ 23.08\\ 4 \ 23.93\\ 4 \ 24.65\\ 4 \ 25.29\\ 4 \ 26.00\\ 4 \ 26.68\\ 4 \ 27.45\\ 4 \ 28.03\\ 4 \ 28.39\\ 4 \ 29.07\\ 4 \ 30.09\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 230.00\\ 252.80\\ 289.00\\ 321.40\\ 345.10\\ 357.10\\ 369.50\\ 380.90\\ 385.80\\ 402.00\\ 418.00\\ 437.60\\ 461.20\\ 478.20\\ 492.50\\ 505.30\\ 519.40\\ 532.90\\ 548.30\\ 559.80\\ 557.00\\ 5 580.60\\ 5 600.90\end{array}$	January 1979 June 1979 June 1980 June 1981 June 1982 December 1983 December 1985 December 1986 December 1987 December 1989 December 1990 December 1993 December 1993 December 1994 December 1995 December 1995 December 1997 December 1998 December 1998 December 1999 December 1999 December 1999 December 1999

### Table 2.A12.—Special minimum PIA<sup>1</sup> (formula applies to years of coverage)

		Years of coverage		PIA computation	
Year enacted	Applicable period	Number	Amount <sup>2</sup> per year of coverage over 10 years	30 or more years	Effective for-
1990	After 1990	Number of years with creditable earnings equal to at least 25% of what the annual taxable maximum would have been if the statutory increases in the maximum under the 1977 amendments had not been enacted <sup>6</sup> (the "old law" contribution and benefit base), that is:           1991         \$5,940           1992         6,210           1993         6,435           1994         6,750           1995         6,795           1996         6,975           1997         7,290           1998         7,605           1999         8,055           2000         8,505           2001         8,955			

### Table 2.A12.—Special minimum PIA<sup>1</sup> (formula applies to years of coverage)—Continued

<sup>1</sup>Alternative PIA applicable when it exceeds the regularly computed PIA. The usual rates of actuarial reduction apply for retirement before age 65. No delayed retirement credits are applicable when it exceeds the regularly computed PIA. The usual rates of actual in reduction apply for retirement benefit derived gets raised if necessary to equal the benefit derived from the regularly computed PIA plus any delayed retirement credits. <sup>2</sup>The amount effective for a given month applies, as of that month, to all workers from the date of entitlement to benefits. <sup>3</sup>Provision for future automatic cost–of–living increases of amount per year of coverage (and maximum amount), beginning with the June 1979

increase. <sup>4</sup>Factors were obtained by applying cost-of-living increases to initial 1979 factor of \$11.50 and rounding each one to nearest cent. An approxi-<sup>4</sup>Factors were obtained by applying cost-of-living increases to initial 1979 factor of \$11.50 and rounding each one to nearest cent. An approxi-<sup>4</sup>Factors were obtained by applying cost-of-living increases to initial 1979 factor of \$11.50 and rounding each one to nearest cent. An approximate PIA may be computed by multiplying factor in year of entitlement by the number of years of coverage in excess of 10 with a maximum of 20. Actual PIA's are published yearly in the *Federal Register*. <sup>5</sup>The December 1999 cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) was originally determined to be 2.4%, based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI). The

underlying CPI was later recomputed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics; a 2.5% COLA would have been consistent with the recomputed CPI. Pursuant to P.L. 106-554, benefits will be calculated and paid in August 2001 and later as if the December 1999 COLA had been 2.5%. Affected beneficiaries will receive a one-time payment to cover the shortfall that occurred before August 2001. The recomputed special minimum PIA for 1999 and 2000 are \$581.10 and \$601.40, respectively.

<sup>6</sup> For 1991, and following, a year of substantial coverage under the Windfall Elimination Provision remains 25% of the old law base, while the criterion for the special minimum PIA was changed to 15% of the base.

Table 2.A13.—Formulas for computing maximum family benefit from PIA, and increases in maximum based on cost–of–living adjustments, for workers who attained age 62 or died (before attaining age 62) in 1979 or later

		Percer	ntage of PIA applicabl	e to maximum family b	enefit	First applicable cost-of-	-living adjustment
Year enacted	Year of first eligibility	150 percent of first—	Plus 272 percent of next—	Plus 134 percent of next—	Plus 175 percent above—	Effective for—	Percentage increase
1977 <sup>1</sup>	1979	\$230	\$102	\$101	\$433	June 1979	9.9
	1980	248	110	109	467	1980	14.3
	1981	270	120	118	508	1981	11.2
	1982	294	131	129	554	1982	7.4
	1983	324	144	142	610	Dec. 1983	3.5
	1984	342	151	150	643	1984	3.5
	1985	358	159	158	675	1985	3.1
	1986	379	169	166	714	1986	1.3
	1987	396	175	174	745	1987	4.2
	1988	407	181	179	767	1988	4.0
	1989	433	193	190	816	1989	4.7
	1990	455	201	200	856	1990	5.4
	1991	473	209	208	890	1991	3.7
	1992	495	219	217	931	1992	3.0
	1993	513	227	226	966	1993	2.6
	1994	539	240	237	1,016	1994	2.8
	1995	544	241	239	1,024	1995	2.6
	1996	559	247	246	1,052	1996	2.9
	1997	581	258	255	1,094	1997	2.1
	1998	609	271	267	1,147	1998	1.3
	1999	645	286	283	1,214	1999	<sup>2</sup> 2.4
	2000	679	301	298	1,278	2000	3.5
	2001	717	317	315	1,349	2001	

<sup>1</sup> The 1977 amendments provided for annual automatic adjustments of bend points (PIA brackets) in maximum family benefit formula in proportion to increases in average wage level. As a result, separate formulas are applicable to workers first eligible in successive calendar years. <sup>2</sup> The December 1999 cost–of–living adjustment (COLA) was originally determined to be 2.4 percent, based on the consumer price index (CPI). The underlying CPI was later recomputed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics; a 2.5 percent COLA would have been consistent with the recomputed CPI. Pursuant to P.L. 106–554, benefits will be calculated and paid in August 2001 and later as if the December 1999 COLA had been 2.5 percent. Affected beneficiaries will receive a one-time payment to cover the shortfall that occurred before August 2001.

Table 2.A14.—Formulas for computing maximum family benefit, and increases in maximum based on cost-of-living adjustments, for workers first eligible for disability benefits in 1979 or later

Year enacted	Year of first eligibility	Formula for maximum family benefit
1977 <sup>1</sup>	1979 <sup>2</sup>	150% of first \$230 of PIA + 272% of next \$102 of PIA + 134% of next \$101 of PIA + 175% of PIA over \$433 <sup>3</sup>
	1980 <sup>2</sup>	150% of first \$248 of PIA + 272% of next \$110 of PIA + 134% of next \$109 of PIA + 175% of PIA over \$467 $^3$
1980 <sup>4</sup>	1979 or later	Smaller of (1) 85% of the AIME (or 100% of PIA, if larger) and (2) 150% of PIA $^5$

<sup>1</sup> The 1977 amendments provided for annual automatic adjustments of bend points (PIA brackets) in maximum family benefit formula in proportion to increases in average wage level. As a result, separate formulas are applicable to workers first eligible in successive calendar years. <sup>2</sup> Applicability of formula limited to workers with initial entitlement before July 1980, as a result of 1980 amendments

<sup>2</sup> Applicability of formula limited to workers with initial entitlement before July 1980, as a result of 1980 amendments. <sup>3</sup> Calculated amount subject to cost–of–living adjustments beginning with the one effective for June of the year of first eligibility.

<sup>4</sup> Formula for computing maximum family benefit revised effective for workers with initial entitlement in or after July 1980. New formula remains unchanged for workers eligible in successive calendar years because it has no bend points requiring adjustments.

<sup>5</sup> Calculated amount subject to cost-of-living adjustments beginning with the one effective in year of first eligibility (or in 1981, if later).

Table 2.A15.—Formulas for computing PIA	<sup>1</sup> from creditable earnings after 1936
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				1
Year enacted	Formula	Special provisions	Limited to—	Effective for—
	Form	ula applied to cumulative wage	es after 1936:	
1935	1/2 of 1% of first \$3,000 of wages plus 1/12 of 1% of next \$42,000 of wages plus 1/24 of 1% of next \$84,000 of wages			January 1942, but never applicable; superseded by new formula under 1939 Act.
	Formula	applied to AMW based on ear	nings after 1936:	
1939	40% of first \$50 of AMW plus 10% of next \$200 of AMW	Sum increased by 1% for each increment year— year with at least \$200 of creditable wages—to obtain primary insurance benefit (PIB).		January 1940
1950		Number of increment years limited to 14 for years before 1951. Conversion table in the law, reflecting 1950 benefit increase, introduced for determining PIA from PIB.		September 1950
1960			Workers with at least 1 QC before 1951 and, if age 22 attained after 1950, with fewer than 6 QC after 1950.	Applications for benefits and recomputations filed after 1960.
1967		1967 simplified old-start formula: Total creditable wages for 1937–1950 distributed over 9–14 years, with 14 increment years assumed.	Workers with at least 1 QC before 1951 who attained age 21 before 1937 or attained age 21 after 1950 but with fewer than 6 QC. <sup>2</sup>	Applications for benefits and recomputations filed after Jan. 2, 1968.
1977		1977 simplified old-start formula: Total creditable wages for 1937–1950 distributed over 1–14 years. Number of increment years equal to total 1937–1950 wages, divided by \$1,650, with 4–14 increment years credited.	Workers with at least 1 QC before 1951 who either attained age 22 after 1936 and before 1950 or attained age 22 after 1950, but have fewer than 6 QC after 1950. <sup>3</sup>	Workers first eligible after 1977.
1990			Applicability of pre-1977 formulas terminated. 1977 old-start formula expanded to apply to all workers with pre-1951 earnings.	Persons becoming newly entitled after May 1992.

<sup>1</sup> Old-age benefit under 1935 Act and a primary insurance benefit (PIB) under 1939 Act. Effective for September 1950, the PIB became an intermediate step in benefit computations based on creditable earnings after 1936; a conversion table was introduced into the law for determining the PIA from the PIB. Each time a benefit increase becomes effective (see table 2.A16 for benefit increases since 1950), a new conversion table incorporating the increase takes effect.

<sup>2</sup> Under this computation method, a period of disability that began before 1951 is not taken into account. Earlier provisions remained in effect for workers who attained age 21 after 1936 and before 1951 or for whom consideration of a period of disability that began before 1951 resulted in a higher PIA.

<sup>3</sup> Under this computation method, a period of disability that began before 1951 is not taken into account. The 1967 simplified old-start method remained in effect for workers with first eligibility before 1978. The pre-1967 old-start formula remained in effect only for workers, irrespective of date of first eligibility, for whom consideration of a period of disability that began before 1951 resulted in a higher PIA.

# Table 2.A16.—Formulas for computing PIA from AMW based on earnings after 1950, and percentage increases in PIA

								;i	
Effective for Percentage increase in PIA	Apr. 1952 <sup>1</sup> 77.0	Sept. 1952 <sup>2</sup> 12.5	Sept. 1954 <sup>3</sup> 13.0	Jan. 1959 <sup>4</sup> 7.0	Jan. 1965 <sup>5</sup> 7.0	Feb. 1968 13.0	Jan. 1970 15.0	Jan. 1971 10.0	Sept. 1972 20.0
AMW			Per	centage of AMV	V applicable to PI	A			
First \$110	<sup>6</sup> 50.00	<sup>6</sup> 55.00	55.00	58.85	62.97	71.16	81.83	90.01	108.01
Next 290	7 15.00	7 15.00	<sup>8</sup> 20.00	21.40	22.90	25.88	29.76	32.74	39.29
Next 150					21.40	24.18	27.81	30.59	36.71
Next 100						28.43	32.69	35.96	43.15
Next 100								20.00	24.00
Next 250									<sup>9</sup> 20.00
Effective for	June 1974	June 1975	June 1976	June 1977	June 1978	June 1979	June 1980	June 1981	June 1982
Percentage increase in PIA	<sup>10</sup> 11.0	<sup>11</sup> 8.0	6.4	5.9	6.5	9.9	14.3	11.2	7.4
AMW			Per	centage of AMV	V applicable to PI	A			
First \$110	119.89	129.48	137.77	145.90	155.38	170.76	195.18	217.04	233.10
Next 290	43.61	47.10	50.10	53.06	56.51	62.10	70.98	78.93	84.77
Next 150	40.75	44.01	46.82	49.58	52.81	58.04	66.34	73.77	79.23
Next 100	47.90	51.73	55.05	58.30	62.09	68.24	78.00	86.74	93.16
Next 100	26.64	28.77	30.61	32.42	34.53	37.95	43.38	48.24	51.81
Next 250	22.20	23.98	25.51	27.02	28.78	31.63	36.15	40.20	43.17
Next 175	<sup>12</sup> 20.00	21.60	22.98	24.34	25.92	28.49	32.56	36.21	38.89
Next 100		20.00	21.28	22.54	24.01	26.39	30.16	33.54	36.02
Next 100			20.00	21.18	22.56	24.79	28.33	31.50	33.83
Next 100				20.00	21.30	23.41	26.76	29.76	31.96
Next 435					20.00	21.98	25.12	27.93	30.00
Next 250						20.00	22.86	25.42	27.30
Next 315							20.00	22.24	23.89
Next 225								20.00	21.48
Next 275									20.00
Effective for	Dec. 1983	Dec. 1984	Dec. 1985	Dec. 1986	Dec. 1987	Dec. 1988	Dec. 1989	Dec. 1990	Dec. 1991
Percentage increase in PIA	3.5	3.5	3.1	1.3	4.2	4.0	4.7	5.4	3.7
AMW			Per	centage of AMV	V applicable to PI	A			
First \$110	241.26	249.70	257.44	260.79	271.74	282.61	295.89	311.87	323.41
Next 290	87.74	90.81	93.62	94.84	98.82	102.77	107.60	113.42	117.62
Next 150	82.00	84.87	87.50	88.64	92.36	96.05	100.56	105.99	109.91
Next 100	96.42	99.79	102.88	104.22	108.60	112.94	118.25	124.64	129.25
Next 100	53.62	55.50	57.22	57.96	60.39	62.81	65.76	69.31	71.87
Next 250	44.68	46.24	47.67	48.29	50.32	52.33	54.79	57.75	59.89
Next 175	40.25	41.66	42.95	43.51	45.34	47.15	49.37	52.04	53.97
Next 100	37.28	38.58	39.78	40.30	41.99	43.67	45.72	48.19	49.97
Next 100	35.01	36.24	37.36	37.85	39.44	41.02	42.95	45.27	46.94
Next 100	33.08	34.24	35.30	35.76	37.26	38.75	40.57	42.76	44.34
Next 435	31.05	32.14	33.14	33.57	34.98	36.38	38.09	40.15	41.64
Next 250	28.26	29.25	30.16	30.55	31.83	33.10	34.66	36.53	37.88
Next 315	24.73	25.60	26.39	26.73	27.85	28.96	30.32	31.96	33.14
Next 225	22.23	23.00	23.72	24.03	25.04	26.04	27.26	28.73	29.79
Next 275	20.70	21.42	22.08	22.37	23.31	24.24	25.38	26.75	27.74
Next 175	20.00	20.70	21.34	21.62	22.53	23.43	24.53	25.85	26.81
Next 150		20.00	20.63	20.90	21.78	22.65	23.71	24.99	25.91
Next 200			20.00	20.26	21.10	21.95	22.98	24.22	25.12
Next 150			20.00	20.20	20.84	21.55	22.69	23.92	23.12
					20.00	20.80	21.78	22.96	23.81
Next 100									
Next 100									
Next 250						20.00	20.94	22.07	22.89
Next 250 Next 275						20.00	20.94 20.00	22.07 21.08	22.89 21.86
Next 250						20.00	20.94	22.07	22.89

Table 2.A16.—Formulas for computing PIA from AMW based on earnings after 1950, and percentage increase	s in
PIA—Continued	

AMW First \$110 Next 290 Next 150 Next 100	333.11 121.15 113.21	341.77	351.34	Percentage	of AMW applier				
Next 290 Next 150 Next 100	121.15		251.24		or Aivivi applica	able to PIA			
Next 150 Next 100				360.47	370.93	378.72	383.64	392.85	406.60
Next 100	113 21	124.30	127.78	131.10	134.90	137.73	139.52	142.87	147.87
		116.15	119.40	122.50	126.06	128.71	130.38	133.51	138.18
Next 400	133.13	136.59	140.41	144.06	148.24	151.35	153.32	157.00	162.50
Next 100	74.03	75.95	78.08	80.11	82.43	84.16	85.26	87.30	90.36
Next 250	61.69	63.29	65.06	66.75	68.69	70.13	71.04	72.75	75.30
Next 175	55.59	57.04	58.64	60.16	61.91	63.21	64.03	65.57	67.86
Next 100	51.47	52.81	54.29	55.70	57.32	58.52	59.28	60.71	62.83
Next 100	48.35	49.61	51.00	52.33	53.84	54.97	55.69	57.02	59.02
Next 100	45.67	46.86	48.17	49.42	50.86	51.93	52.60	53.87	55.75
Next 435	42.89	44.01	45.24	46.42	47.76	48.76	49.40	50.58	52.35
Next 250	39.02	40.03	41.15	42.22	43.44	44.35	44.93	46.01	47.62
Next 315	34.13	35.02	36.00	36.94	38.01	38.81	39.31	40.26	41.67
Next 225	30.68	31.48	32.36	33.20	34.16	34.88	35.33	36.18	37.44
Next 275	28.57	29.31	30.13	30.91	31.81	32.48	32.90	33.69	34.87
Next 175	27.61	28.33	29.12	29.88	30.74	31.39	31.79	32.56	33.70
Next 150	26.69	27.38	28.15	28.88	29.72	30.34	30.74	31.48	32.58
Next 200	25.87	26.54	27.28	27.99	28.80	29.40	29.79	30.50	31.57
Next 150	25.55	26.21	26.94	27.64	28.44	29.04	29.41	30.12	31.17
Next 100	24.52	25.16	25.86	26.53	27.30	27.87	28.24	28.91	29.93
Next 250	23.58	24.19	24.87	25.52	26.26	26.81	27.16	27.81	28.79
Next 275	22.52	23.11	23.76	24.38	25.08	25.61	25.94	26.56	27.49
Next 175	21.36	21.92	22.53	23.12	23.79	24.29	24.61	25.20	26.08
Next 175	20.60	21.14	21.73	22.29	22.94	23.42	23.73	24.30	25.15
Next 175	20.00	20.52	21.09	21.64	22.27	22.74	23.03	23.59	24.41
Next 250		20.00	20.56	21.09	21.71	22.17	22.45	22.99	23.80
Next 50			20.00	20.52	21.12	21.56	21.84	22.37	23.15
Next 125				20.00	20.58	21.01	21.29	21.80	22.56
Next 225					20.00	20.42	20.69	21.18	21.92
Next 250						20.00	20.26	20.75	21.47
Next 350							20.00	20.48	21.20
Next 300								20.00	20.70
Next 350								20.00	20.00

<sup>1</sup> Average increase in benefits of about 77%-from 100% at the lowest level to 50% at the highest level.

<sup>2</sup> Increase of 12.5% or \$5, if larger.

<sup>3</sup> Average increase of about 13%, with minimum increase of \$5.

<sup>4</sup> Increase of 7% or \$3, if larger.

<sup>5</sup> Increase of 7% or \$4, if larger.

<sup>6</sup> Applied to first \$100 of AMW.

<sup>7</sup> Applied to next \$200 of AMW.

<sup>8</sup> Applied to next \$190 before 1955 and to next \$240 effective for January 1955.

Applied to next \$150 effective for January 1973 and to next \$350 effective for January 1974.
 <sup>10</sup> Increase effective in two steps: 7% for March–May and other 4% for June.
 <sup>11</sup> Beginning June 1975 all benefit increases are based on automatic cost–of–living adjustments
 <sup>12</sup> Applied to next \$100 before January 1975.

<sup>13</sup> The December 1999 cost–of–living adjustment (COLA) was originally determined to be 2.4%, based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI). The underlying CPI was later recomputed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics; a 2.5% COLA would have been consistent with the recomputed CPI. Pursuant to P.L. 106–554, benefits will be calculated and paid in August 2001 and later as if the December 1999 COLA had been 2.5%. Affected beneficiaries will receive a one–time payment to cover the shortfall that occurred before August 2001.

Table 2.A17.—Minimum PIA and maximum family benefit for workers who attained age 62, were first eligible for disabled-worker benefits, or died before 1979

Veer			Maximum family ben	efit
Year enacted	Effective for—	Minimum PIA <sup>1</sup>	Percentage of AMW	But not less than—
1935		\$10.00		
1939			Lesser of 80%, \$85, or 200% of PIA	\$20.00
1950	September 1950	20.00	80% of first \$187.50	40.00
1952	September 1952	25.00	80% of first \$210.93	45.00
1954	September 1954	30.00	80% of first \$250	50.00 or 150% of PIA
1958	January 1959	33.00	80% of first \$317.50	20.00 + PIA or 150% of PIA
1961	August 1961	40.00		150% of PIA
	-			130% 01 FIA
1965	January 1965	44.00	80% of first \$370 + 40% of next \$180	
1967	February 1968	55.00	80% of first \$436 + 40% of next \$214	
1969	January 1970	64.00		
1971	January 1971	70.40	88% of first \$436 + 44% of next \$191 <sup>2</sup>	
1972	September 1972	84.50	105.6% of first \$436 + 52.8% of next \$191 <sup>2</sup>	
1973 <sup>3</sup>	June 1974	89.50	111.8% of first \$436 + 55.9% of next \$191 <sup>2</sup>	
1973 <sup>4</sup>	March 1974 June 1974 June 1975 June 1976 June 1977 June 1978 June 1980 June 1981	90.50 93.80 101.40 107.90 114.30 121.80 133.90 153.10 170.30	113.0% of first $436 + 56.5\%$ of next $191^2$ 117.2% of first $436 + 58.6\%$ of next $191^2$ 126.6% of first $436 + 63.3\%$ of next $191^2$ 134.7% of first $436 + 67.3\%$ of next $191^2$ 142.6% of first $436 + 71.3\%$ of next $191^2$ 151.9% of first $436 + 76.0\%$ of next $191^2$ 167.0% of first $436 + 83.5\%$ of next $191^2$ 190.9% of first $436 + 95.4\%$ of next $191^2$ 212.2% of first $436 + 106.1\%$ of next $191^2$	···· ···· ···· ···· ····
1981 <sup>5</sup>	March 1982	(6)		
1981	June 1982 December 1983 December 1984 December 1985 December 1986 December 1987 December 1989 December 1990 December 1991 December 1992 December 1993 December 1995 December 1996 December 1997 December 1998 December 1999 7	182.90 189.30 195.90 201.90 204.50 213.00 221.50 231.90 244.40 263.40 261.00 267.70 275.10 282.20 290.30 296.30 300.10 307.30	227.9% of first \$436 + 114.0% of next \$191 <sup>2</sup> 235.9% of first \$436 + 118.0% of next \$191 <sup>2</sup> 244.2% of first \$436 + 122.1% of next \$191 <sup>2</sup> 251.8% of first \$436 + 125.9% of next \$191 <sup>2</sup> 255.1% of first \$436 + 132.9% of next \$191 <sup>2</sup> 265.8% of first \$436 + 132.9% of next \$191 <sup>2</sup> 276.4% of first \$436 + 138.2% of next \$191 <sup>2</sup> 305.0% of first \$436 + 152.5% of next \$191 <sup>2</sup> 305.0% of first \$436 + 162.5% of next \$191 <sup>2</sup> 325.8% of first \$436 + 162.8% of next \$191 <sup>2</sup> 334.3% of first \$436 + 167.0% of next \$191 <sup>2</sup> 343.7% of first \$436 + 171.7% of next \$191 <sup>2</sup> 352.6% of first \$436 + 171.7% of next \$191 <sup>2</sup> 362.8% of first \$436 + 181.3% of next \$191 <sup>2</sup> 370.4% of first \$436 + 185.1% of next \$191 <sup>2</sup> 370.4% of first \$436 + 187.5% of next \$191 <sup>2</sup> 384.2% of first \$436 + 192.0% of next \$191 <sup>2</sup>	

<sup>1</sup> Based on earnings; subject to reduction if claimed before age 65.

<sup>2</sup> For AMW of \$628 or more, 175 percent of PIA.

<sup>3</sup> Superseded by 1973 legislation.

<sup>4</sup> Beginning in 1975, minimum PIA and percentages in maximum family benefit formula subject to automatic cost-of-living increases.

(Superseded 1972 legislation for automatic increases beginning in 1974.)

<sup>5</sup> Superseded by 1981 legislation that restored the minimum PIA for these groups.

<sup>6</sup> Minimum PIA eliminated by 1981 legislation.

<sup>7</sup> The December 1999 cost–of–living adjustment (COLA) was originally determined to be 2.4 percent, based on the consumer price index (CPI). The underlying CPI was later recomputed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics; a 2.5 percent COLA would have been consistent with the recomputed CPI. Pursuant to P.L.106–554, benefits will be calculated and paid in August 2001 and later as if the December 1999 COLA had been 2.5 percent. Affected beneficiaries will receive a one–time payment to cover the shortfall that occurred before August 2001.

# Table 2.A18.—Automatic adjustment provisions

Year enacted	Adjustment of—	Provision
1977	Quarter of coverage	Mandatory annual determination, beginning in 1978, as to whether or not an adjustment is required in the amount of wages and self-employment earnings an individual needs in order to be credited with a quarter of coverage (QC) in the succeeding year. The amount required for a QC is the product of \$250 (in effect in 1978) multiplied by the following quotient: the national average wage for the year before the year of determination, divided by the average wage for 1976 (see column 2 in table 2.A8 for average annual wages after 1950). The resulting product, rounded to the nearest multiple of \$10, is the new amount required for a QC. In no case, however, is the new amount reduced below the amount in effect in the year of determination.
1972	Maximum amount of taxable and creditable earnings	The 1972 Act (as modified by the 1973 legislation) mandated a determination in 1974, and in every subsequent year in which a cost–of–living benefit increase is established, as to whether or not an adjustment is required in the maximum amount of annual earnings that will be taxed and credited toward benefits.
		The determination in the years after 1975 is made by multiplying the "maximum" in effect in the year of determination by the following quotient: the national average wage for the year before the year of determination, divided by the average wage for the year before the most recent year in which an automatic determination was made that resulted in an increase or in which an increase in the maximum was enacted. (See column 2 in table 2.A8 for annual amounts of the average wage after 1950). The resulting product, rounded to the nearest multiple of \$300, is the new maximum amount of taxable and creditable earnings, effective with respect to remuneration paid after the year of determination and with respect to taxable years beginning after that year. In no case, however, is the maximum reduced to an amount below the maximum in the year of determination.
1976		In the 1974 and 1975 determinations the quotient was the average wage for the year of determination, estimated from data for the first calendar quarter, divided by the corresponding amount for the year before the year of determination. Public Law 94–202 (signed Jan. 2, 1976) revised the adjustment method by increasing by a year the lag in average wages used in the computation. Thus, for example, the 1976 determination was based on the percentage increase in the average wage from 1974 to 1975.
1977		Statutory in lieu of automatic increases in the maximum instituted for 1979, 1980, and 1981. Also, for purposes of establishing a "year of coverage" used in the computation of the special minimum PIA, annual maximum taxable and creditable earnings after 1978 are the amounts that would have been determined under the automatic adjustment provisions if the statutory increases in the maximum under the 1977 Act had not been enacted (see table 2.A12).
1989		Automatic increases in the maximum for 1990, 1991, and 1992 determined under a transitional rule, specified by the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1989, for computing "deemed" average annual wage for 1988, 1989, and 1990. The purpose of the legislation was to include contributions to certain "deferred compensation" plans, most importantly sections 401(k) pension plans, in the average annual average wage.
1994		The determination for years after 1994 is made by multiplying \$60,600, the "maximum" for 1994, by the following quotient: the national average wage index for the year before the year in which the determination is made, divided by the national average wage index.) The resulting product, rounded to the nearest \$300, is the new maximum amount of taxable and creditable earnings, effective with respect to renumeration paid in (and taxable years beginning in) the year following the year the determination is made, however, is the new maximum reduced to an amount below the maximum in the year of determination.
1977	Benefits: Computation	New benefit computation method based on average indexed monthly earnings (AIME) after 1950, effective for workers first eligible after 1978. Provision for automatic adjustment of the dollar amounts, or bend points, defining (1) the AIME brackets in the PIA formula (see table 2.A11) and (2) the PIA brackets in the maximum family benefit formula (see table 2.A13). New bend points are established by multiplying the bend points in effect in 1979–\$180 and \$1,085 for the PIA formula and \$230, \$332, and \$433 for the maximum family benefit formula–by the following quotient: the national average wage for the second year before the year for which the determination was made, divided by the average wage for 1977 (see column 2 in table 2.A8 for average annual wages after 1950). The resulting products, rounded to the nearest dollar, are the new bend points.
1980		Modified maximum family benefit formula applicable to workers with initial entitlement to disability benefits in or after July 1980 (see table 2.A14). New formula for disabled workers has no bend points subject to automatic adjustment.
1972	Benefits: Cost–of–living increase	Under the original provisions (based on 1972 and 1973 legislation), the arithmetical mean of the consumer price index (CPI) for January, February, and March in the year of determination was compared with the arithmetical mean of the CPI for the later of (a) January, February, and March of the year in which the last effective cost-of-living increase was established or (b) the 3 months of the calendar quarter in which the effective month of the last general benefit increase occurred. (Before the introduction, in 1977, of the alternative CPI series for "all urban consumers," or the CPI-U, the CPI-W was referred to as the CPI.) If the percentage increase in the CPI, rounded to the nearest one-tenth of 1 percent, was at least 3.0 (the triggering requirement), a cost-of-living benefit increase was established and the level of benefits increased by the same percentage, effective for June of the year in which the determination was made.
1983		The 1983 Act moved the effective date for a cost–of–living benefit increase from June to December, beginning in 1983, and eliminated the "triggering requirement" for the 1983 increase only. Effective with the determination made in 1984, the two periods used in calculating the CPI-W percentage increase were shifted from the first to the third quarter.

### Table 2.A18.—Automatic adjustment provisions —Continued

Year enacted	Adjustment of—	Provision
		The 1983 Act also introduced an alternative method for determining the size of a cost–of–living adjustment. This method, called the stabilizer provision, is applied when the ratio of the combined OASDI trust fund assets to estimated outgo falls below a certain percentage. The "triggering" percentage is 15 percent for 1985–1988 and 20 percent for years after 1988. Under these circumstances, the cost–of–living adjustment is based on the lesser of the CPI-W percentage increase determined above or the increase in average wages. The latter increase is the percentage, rounded to the nearest one-tenth of 1 percent by which the national average wage for the year before the year of determination exceeds the average wage for the year before the most recent year in which either a cost–of–living increase or a general benefit increase occurred. (See column 2 in table 2.A8 for the annual amount of the average wage after 1950 and footnote 1 in table 2.A8 for the underlying data sources.)
		The 1983 legislation also included a provision for making up any benefit increases that are based on a lower wage increase rather than on the increase in the cost of living. When the fund ratio is greater than 32 percent, additional increases will be provided so that benefits are increased to the level at which they would have been if all increases had been based on the CPI-W. (See table 2.A19 for the cumulative effect of statutory and automatic increases in benefits.)
1986		Triggering requirement eliminated for cost-of-living increases in and after 1986 by P.L. 99–509 (signed Oct. 21, 1986).
2001		The December 1999 cost–of–living adjustment (COLA) was originally determined to be 2.4 percent, based on the consumer price index (CPI). The underlying CPI was later recomputed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics; a 2.5 percent COLA would have been consistent with the recomputed CPI. Pursuant to P.L. 106-554, benefits will be calculated and paid in August 2001 and later as if the December 1999 COLA had been 2.5 percent. Affected beneficiaries will receive a one–time payment to cover the shortfall that occurred before August 2001.
1972	Earnings test	The 1972 Act (as modified by the 1973 Acts) mandated a determination in 1974, and in every subsequent year in which a cost–of–living increase is established, as to whether or not an adjustment in the exempt amount–the amount of earnings permitted without reduction in benefits–is required.
		The determination in the years after 1975 is made by multiplying the monthly exempt amount in effect in the year of determination by the following quotient: the national average wage for the year before the year of determination, divided by the average wage for the year before the most recent year in which an automatic determination was made that resulted in an increase or in which an increase in the exempt amount was enacted. (See column 2 in table 2.A8 for annual amounts of the average wage after 1950). The resulting product, rounded to the nearest multiple of \$10, is the new monthly exempt amount, effective with respect to remuneration paid after the year of determination and with respect to taxable year beginning after that year. In no case, however, is the new exempt amount is determined by multiplying the new monthly amount by 12.
1976		In the 1974 and 1975 determinations the quotient was the average wage for the year of determination, estimated from data for the first calendar quarter, divided by the corresponding amount for the year before the year of determination. Public Law 94–202 (signed Jan. 2, 1976) revised the adjustment method by increasing by a year the lag in average wages used in the computation. Thus, for example, the 1976 determination was based on the percentage increase in the average wage from 1974 to 1975.
1994		The determination for years after 1994 is made by multiplying the monthly exempt amounts in effect for 1994 (\$930 for beneficiaries who have, \$670 for beneficiaries who have not yet, reached "full retirement age" See footnote 6 in table 2.A29) by the following quotient: the national average wage index for the year before the year in which the determination is made, divided by the national average wage index for 1992. (See column 2 in table 2.A8 for annual amounts of the national average wage index.) The resulting products, rounded to the nearest \$10, are the new monthly exempt amounts effective for the year following the year the determination is made. The new annual exempt amounts are determined by multiplying the new monthly amounts by 12.
1996		Public Law 104–121, enacted Mar. 29, 1996, suspended the automatic indexing of the exempt amounts through the year 2002 for workers aged 65–69. It legislated ad hoc increases in the annual exempt amounts to \$12,500 in 1996; \$13,500 in 1997; \$14,500 in 1998; \$15,500 in 1999; \$17,000 in 2000; \$25,000 in 2001; and \$30,000 in 2002. Thereafter, the exempt amounts will increase automatically based on the annual increase in the national average wage index as under the 1994 legislation.
2000		Public Law 106–182, enacted Apr. 7, 2000, eliminated the earnings test beginning with the month a beneficiary reaches full retirement age (FRA). The annual earnings test that applies in the year of attainment of FRA is based on the annual limits established under P.L. 104–121 (including the \$1 for \$3 withholding rate). In determining annual earnings for purposes of the annual earnings test under this legislation, only earnings before the month of attainment of FRA will be considered. Public Law 106–182 did not change the annual exempt amount for beneficiaries who are under FRA throughout the year, which continues to be pegged to increases in the average wage.

			(C	Cost–of–living			enefit growth reases only.	Rounded to	nearest doll	ar)			
Base dates/ COLA	Aug. 1950	Sept. 1950 77.0	Sept. 1952 12.5	Sept. 1954 13.0	Jan. 1959 7.0	Jan. 1965 7.0	Feb. 1968 13.0	Jan. 1970 15.0	Jan. 1971 10.0	Sept. 1972 20.0	June 1974 11.0	June 1975 8.0	June 1976 6.4
Aug. 1950	\$100		\$199	\$225	\$241	\$258	\$291	\$335	\$368	\$442	\$491	\$530	\$564
Sept. 1950		100	113	127	136	146	164	189	208	250	277	299	318
Sept. 1952			100	113	121	129	146	168	185	222	246	266	283
Sept. 1954				100	107	114	129	149	164	196	218	235	250
Jan. 1959					100	107	121	139	153	184	204	220	234
Jan. 1965						100	113	130	143	172	190	206	219
Feb. 1968							100	115	127	152	168	182	194
Jan. 1970								100	110	132	147	158	168
Jan. 1971									100	120 <b>100</b>	133 111	144 120	153 128
Sept. 1972 June 1974											100	120	128
June 1974												108	106
June 1976													100
Julie 1970						•••							100
	June 1977	June 1978	June 1979	June 1980	June 1981	June 1982	Dec. 1983	Dec. 1984	Dec. 1985	Dec. 1986	Dec. 1987	Dec. 1988	Dec. 1989
	5.9	6.5	9.9	14.3	11.2	7.4	3.5	3.5	3.1	1.3	4.2	4.0	4.7
Aug. 1950	\$597	\$636	\$699	\$799	\$888	\$954	\$987	\$1,022	\$1,053	\$1,067	\$1,112	\$1,156	\$1,211
Sept. 1950	337	359	395	451	502	539	558	577	595	603	628	653	684
Sept. 1952	300	319	351	401	446	479	496	513	529	536	558	581	608
Sept. 1954	265		310	355	395	424	439	454	468	474	494	514	538
Jan. 1959	248		290	332	369	396	410	424	437	443	462	480	503
Jan. 1965	232		271	310	345	370	383	397	409	414	432	449	470
Feb. 1968	205	218	240	274	305	328	339	351	362	367	382	397	416
Jan. 1970	178	190	209	239	265	285	295	305	315	319	332	345	362
Jan. 1971	162	173	190	217	241	259	268	277	286	290	302	314	329
Sept. 1972	135	144	158	181	201	216	223	231	238	241	252	262	274
June 1974	122	130	142	163	181	194	201	208	215	218	227	236	247
June 1975	113	120	132	151	168	180	186	193	199	201	210	218	229
June 1976	106		124	142	158	169	175	181	187	189	197	205	215
June 1977	100		117	134	149	160	165	171	176	179	186	194	203
June 1978		100	110	126	140	150	155	161	166	168	175	182	190
June 1979			100	114	127	137	141	146	151	153	159	166	173
June 1980				100	111	119	124	128	132	134	139	145	152
June 1981					100	107	111	115	119	120	125	130	136
June 1982						100	104	107	110	112	117	121	127
Dec. 1983							100	104	107	108	113	117	123
Dec. 1984								100	103	104	109	113	118
Dec. 1985 Dec. 1986									100	101	106	110	115
1000 1086										100	104	108	113
											100	104	109
Dec. 1987													
												100	105 <b>100</b>

# Table 2.A19.—Cumulative effect of statutory and automatic increases in benefits: \$100 base benefit

			(Co	st-of-living ad		ated benefit gr A) increases		to nearest dol	lar)		
Base dates/ COLA	Dec. 1990 5.4	Dec. 1991 3.7	Dec. 1992 3.0	Dec. 1993 2.6	Dec. 1994 2.8	Dec. 1995 2.6	Dec. 1996 2.9	Dec. 1997 2.1	Dec. 1998 1.3	Dec. 1999 <sup>1</sup> 2.4	Dec. 2000 3.5
Aug. 1950	\$1,276	\$1,323	\$1,363	\$1,398	\$1,437	\$1,475	\$1,518	\$1,549	\$1,570	\$1,608	\$1,664
Sept. 1950	721	748	770	790	812	833	857	875	887	908	940
Sept. 1952	641	665	684	702	722	741	762	778	788	807	835
Sept. 1954	567	588	606	621	639	655	674	689	698	715	740
Jan. 1959	530	550	566	581	597	613	630	644	652	668	691
Jan. 1965	495	514	529	543	558	573	589	601	609	624	645
Feb. 1968	438	455	468	480	494	507	521	532	539	552	571
Jan. 1970	381	395	407	418	429	441	453	463	469	480	497
Jan. 1971	347	359	370	380	390	401	412	421	426	436	451
Sept. 1972	289	299	308	316	325	334	343	351	355	364	376
June 1974	260	270	278	285	293	301	309	316	320	328	339
June 1975	241	250	257	264	271	278	286	292	296	303	314
June 1976	226	235	242	248	255	262	269	275	278	285	295
June 1977	214	222	228	234	241	247	254	260	263	269	279
June 1978	201	208	214	220	226	232	239	244	247	253	262
June 1979	183	189	195	200	206	211	217	222	225	230	238
June 1980	160	166	171	175	180	185	190	194	197	202	209
June 1981	144	149	153	157	162	166	171	174	177	181	188
June 1982	134	139	143	147	151	155	159	162	165	169	175
Dec. 1983	129	134	138	142	146	149	154	157	159	163	169
Dec. 1984	125	130	133	137	141	144	149	152	154	158	163
Dec. 1985	121	126	129	133	136	140	144	147	149	153	158
Dec. 1986	120	124	128	131	135	138	142	145	147	151	156
Dec. 1987	115	119	123	126	129	133	137	139	141	144	149
Dec. 1988	110	114	118	121	124	128	131	134	136	139	144
Dec. 1989	105	109	113	116	119	122	125	128	130	133	138
Dec. 1990	100	104	107	110	113	116	119	121	123	126	130
Dec. 1991		100	103	106	109	111	115	117	119	122	126
Dec. 1992			100	103	105	108	111	114	115	118	122
Dec. 1993				100	103	105	109	111	112	115	119
Dec. 1994					100	103	106	108	109	112	116
Dec. 1995						100	103	105	106	109	112
Dec. 1996							100	102	103	105	109
Dec. 1997								100	101	103	107
Dec. 1998									100	102	106
Dec. 1999										100	104
Dec. 2000											100

Table 2.A19.—Cumulative effect of statutory and automatic increases in benefits: \$100 base benef
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<sup>1</sup> The December 1999 cost–of–living adjustment (COLA) was originally determined to be 2.4 percent, based on the consumer price index (CPI). The underlying CPI was later recomputed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics; a 2.5 percent COLA would have been consistent with the recomputed CPI. Pursuant to P.L. 106–554, benefits will be calculated and paid in August 2001 and later as if the December 1999 COLA had been 2.5 percent. Affected beneficiaries will receive a one–time payment to cover the shortfall that occurred before August 2001.

Type of benefit	Year enacted	Age	Percent of PIA	Condition or qualification
Retired worker	1935	65 or older		Fully insured. Amount based on cumulative wages.
	1939		100	Amount based on PIA.
	1956	Women: 62–64		Reduced 5/9 of 1% for each month under age 65.
	1961	Men: 62–64		Reduced 5/9 of 1% for each month under age 65.
	1972			Increased 1/12 of 1% for each month between ages 65 and 72 for which no benefits received after 1970 (PIA based on AMW only). Applicable only to worker whose benefit has not been actuarially reduced.
	1977			Increased 1/4 of 1% for each month after 1981 and between ages 65 and 72 in which no benefits received. Requirement for nonreceipt of actuarially reduced benefit removed.
	1983	100% of PIA payable at:		Applicable to workers who attain age 62 in year:
		65 and 2 months 65 and 4 months 65 and 6 months 65 and 8 months 66 and 10 months 66 and 2 months 66 and 4 months 66 and 6 months 66 and 8 months 66 and 10 months 67 62–66	···· ···· ···· ····	2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005–2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 and later Reduced 5/9 of 1% for each of the first 36 months of receipt of benefits immediately preceding the age at which 100% of PIA is payable, plus 5/12 of 1% for each of up to 24 earlier months of benefit receipt.
				Increased by the following percentage for each month between the age at which 100% of PIA is payable and age 70 in which no benefits are received: Age 62 Rate of Annual
				$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
				No further increases for months of nonreceipt of benefits after age 70, effective 1984.
				Partial offset for receipt of pension based on noncovered employment, phased in over a 5-year period beginning in 1986 for individuals first eligible for Social Security and noncovered pension after 1985 (see table 2.A11).
Disabled worker	1956	50–64	100	<i>Disability insured.</i> Waiting period of 6 calendar months. Reduced by amount of workers' compensation.
	1958			Reduction for workers' compensation eliminated.
	1960	Under 50		
	1965			Reduced if benefits plus workers' compensation exceed 80% of the higher of AMW or high-5 year average taxable earnings in covered employment. Adjusted periodically for rises in wage levels.
	1967			Reduced if benefits plus workers' compensation exceed 80% of the higher of AMW or high 5-year average earnings in covered employment, regardless of taxable limit.
	1972			Reduced if benefits plus workers' compensation exceed 80% of the highest of (a) AMW, (b) high 5-year average earnings or (c) highest annual earnings in the period consisting of year of disability onset and 5 preceding years in covered employment.
				Waiting period reduced to 5 full calendar months.
	1983			Partial offset for receipt of pension based on noncovered employment phased in over a 5-year period beginning in 1986 for individuals first eligible for Social Security and noncovered pension after 1985.

### Table 2.A21.—Monthly benefits for spouses and children of retired and disabled workers

Type of benefit	Year enacted	Age	Percent of PIA	Condition or qualification
Nife	1939	65 or older	50	Fully insured.
	1956	62–64		Reduced 25/36 of 1% for each month under age 65.
	1967			Maximum \$105.
	1969			Maximum eliminated.
	1977			Reduced by full amount of pension payable based on own earnings in noncovered governmental employment (noncovered pension offset). Reduction does not apply if eligible for such pension before December 1982.
	1983			Noncovered pension offset not applicable if first eligible for such pension before July 1983 and dependent. Reduced by only two-thirds of such pension if first eligible for it after June 1983.
		65 and 2 months–67		Beginning in year 2000, the age at which 50% of PIA is payable will be gradually increased (see table 2.A20).
		62–66		Reduced 25/36 of 1% for each of the first 36 months under the age at which 50% of PIA is payable, plus 5/12 of 1% for each of up to 24 earlier months of benefit receipt.
	1984			Noncovered pension offset limited to two-thirds of such pension.
Divorced wife	1965	65 or older	50	Fully insured. Dependent. Married 20 years. Not counted toward family maximum.
		62–64		Reduced 25/36 of 1% for each month under age 65.
	1967			Maximum \$105.
	1969			Maximum eliminated.
	1972			Dependency requirement eliminated.
	1977			Married 10 years.
				Reduced by full amount of pension payable based on own earnings in noncovered governmental employment (noncovered pension offset). Reduction does not apply if eligible for such pension before December 1982 and married 20 years.
	1983			Noncovered pension offset not applicable if first eligible for such pension befor July 1983 and dependent. Reduced by only two-thirds of such pension if first eligible for it after June 1983.
				Can be independently entitled to benefits if divorced for 2 years or more (after marriage of 10 or more years) and worker could be entitled to benefits if he applied. Effective with benefits for months after December 1984.
		65 and 2 months-67		Beginning in year 2000, the age at which 50% of PIA is payable will be gradually increased (see table 2.A20).
		62-66		Reduced 25/36 of 1% for each of the first 36 months under the age at which 50% of PIA is payable, plus 5/12 of 1% for each of up to 24 earlier months of benefit receipt.
	1984			Noncovered pension offset limited to two-thirds of such pension.
Wife (mother)	1950	Under 65	50	Fully insured. Caring for eligible child.
	1965			Eligible child excludes student aged 18–21.
	1967			Maximum \$105.
	1969			Maximum eliminated.
	1977			Reduced by full amount of pension payable based on own earnings in noncovered governmental employment (noncovered pension offset). Reductio does not apply if eligible for such pension before December 1982.
	1981			Eligible child excludes nondisabled child aged 16–17.
	1983			Noncovered pension offset not applicable if first eligible for such pension befor July 1983 and dependent. Reduced by only two-thirds of such pension if first eligible for it after June 1983.
	1984			Noncovered pension offset limited to two-thirds of such pension.
Child	1939	Under 18	50	Fully insured. <sup>1</sup>
	1965	18–21		Full-time student.
	1972			Benefits extended to end of quarter or semester in which 22nd birthday occurs while undergraduate student.

### Table 2.A21.—Monthly benefits for spouses and children of retired and disabled workers—Continued

Type of	Year		Percent	
benefit	enacted	Age	of PIA	Condition or qualification
Child (cont.)				Includes grandchild under certain circumstances.
	1981	18–22		Student benefits eliminated (to be phased out gradually for those entitled before May 1982), except for elementary or secondary school students under age 19.
	1996			Stepchildren must be dependent on worker.
Disabled child	1956	18 or older	50	Fully insured. <sup>1</sup> Disabled before age 18.
	1972			Disabled before age 22.
				Includes grandchild under certain circumstances.
Husband	1950	65 or older	50	Fully and currently insured. Dependent.
	1961	62–64		Reduced 25/36 of 1% for each month under age 65.
	1967			Currently insured requirement eliminated. Maximum \$105.
	1969			Maximum eliminated.
	1977			Dependency requirement eliminated.
				Reduced by full amount of pension payable based on own earnings in noncovered governmental employment (noncovered pension offset). Reduction does not apply if eligible for such pension before December 1982 and dependent.
	1983			Noncovered pension offset provision not applicable if first eligible for such pension before July 1983 and dependent. Reduced by only two-thirds of such pension if first eligible for it after June 1983.
		65 and 2 months-67		Beginning in year 2000, the age at which 50% of PIA is payable will be gradually increased (see table 2.A20).
		62–66		Reduced 25/36 of 1% for each of the first 36 months under the age at which 50% of PIA is payable, plus 5/12 of 1% for each of up to 24 earlier months of benefit receipt.
	1984			Noncovered pension offset limited to two-thirds of such pension.
Divorced husband	1977 <sup>2</sup>	65 or older	50	Fully insured. Married 10 years. Not counted toward family maximum.
		62–64		Reduced 25/36 of 1% for each month under age 65.
				Reduced by full amount of pension payable based on own earnings in noncovered governmental employment (noncovered pension offset).
	1983			Noncovered pension offset not applicable if first eligible for such pension before July 1983 and dependent. Reduced by only two-thirds of such pension if first eligible after June 1983.
				Can be independently entitled to benefits if divorced for 2 years or more (after marriage of 10 or more years) and worker could be entitled to benefits if she applied. Effective with benefits for months after December 1984.
		65 and 2 months–67		Beginning in year 2000, the age at which 50% of PIA is payable will be gradually increased (see table 2.A20).
		62–66		Reduced 25/36 of 1% for each of the first 36 months under the age at which 50% of PIA is payable, plus 5/12 of 1% for each of up to 24 earlier months of benefit receipt.
	1984			Noncovered pension offset limited to two-thirds of such pension.
Husband (father)	1978 <sup>3</sup>	Under 65	50	<i>Fully insured.</i> Caring for eligible child. Reduced by full amount of pension payable based on own earnings in noncovered governmental employment (noncovered pension offset).
	1981			Eligible child excludes nondisabled child aged 16–17.
	1983			Noncovered pension offset not applicable if first eligible for such pension before July 1983 and dependent. Reduced by only two-thirds of such pension if first eligible for it after June 1983.
	1984			-

<sup>1</sup> Under 1939 Act, generally not available to child of married female worker. Under 1950 Act, available if female worker is *fully* and *currently insured*. Currently insured requirement eliminated by 1967 Act.

<sup>2</sup>Northern District of California District Court decision in *Oliver v. Califano*, June 24, 1977. Statutory change enacted in 1983.

<sup>3</sup>Eastern District of Pennsylvania District Court decision in *Cooper v. Califano,* Dec. 29, 1978. Statutory change enacted in 1983.

# Table 2.A22.—Monthly benefits for survivors of deceased workers

Type of benefit	Year enacted	Age	Percent of PIA	Condition or qualification
Widow	1939	65 or older	75	Fully insured.
	1956	62–64		· · · ·
	1961		82 1/2	
	1965	60–61		Reduced 5/9 of 1% for each month under age 62.
	1972	65 or older	100	Limited, if husband retired before age 65, to amount husband would be receiving if still living, but not less than 82 1/2% of PIA.
		60–64		Reduced 19/40 of 1% each month under age 65. In addition, for a widow aged 62–64 whose husband retired before age 65 limited to amount he would be receiving if still living, but not less than 82 1/2% o PIA.
	1977			Increased by any delayed retirement credit husband would be receiving.
				Reduced by full amount of pension payable based on own earnings in noncovered governmental employment (noncovered pension offset). Reduction does not apply if eligible for such pension before December 1982.
	1983			Noncovered pension offset not applicable if first eligible for such pension before July 1983 and dependent. Reduced by only two-thirds of such pension if first eligible for it after June 1983.
		100% of PIA payable at:		Applicable to widows who attain age 60 in year:
		65 and 2 months		2000
		65 and 4 months		2001
		65 and 6 months 65 and 8 months	• • •	2002 2003
		65 and 10 months		2004
		66		2005–2016
		66 and 2 months		2017
		66 and 4 months		2018
		66 and 6 months		2019
		66 and 8 months 66 and 10 months	• • •	2020 2021
		67		2021 and later
		60–66		The percent of reduction for each month depends on the age at which 100% of PIA is payable. The percentage is adjusted so that the total reduction, in equal monthly steps, is always 28 1/2% at age 60.
	1984			Noncovered pension offset limited to two-thirds of such pension.
Disabled widow	1967	50–59	82 1/2	<i>Fully insured</i> . Reduced 13 1/3%, plus 43/198 of 1% for each month under age 60. Includes divorced wife, dependent and married 20 years.
	1972		100	Reduced 28 1/2%, plus 43/240 of 1% for each month under age 60.
	1977			Increased by any delayed retirement credit husband would be receiving.
				Reduced by full amount of pension payable based on own earnings in noncovered governmental employment (noncovered pension offset). Reduction does not apply if eligible for such pension before December 1982.
	1983			Noncovered pension offset not applicable if first eligible for such pension before July 1983 and dependent. Reduced by only two-thirds of such pension if first eligible for it after June 1983.
				Additional reduction for each month under age 60 eliminated.
	1984			Noncovered pension offset limited to two-thirds of such pension.
Surviving divorced wife	1965	60 or older	82 1/2	<i>Fully insured</i> . Dependent. Married 20 years. Not counted toward family maximum. Reduced 5/9 of 1% for each month under age 62.
	1972	65 or older	100	Limited, if former husband retired before age 65, to amount he would be receiving if still living, but not less than 82 1/2% of PIA.
		60–64		Reduced 19/40 of 1% for each month under age 65. In addition, for widow aged 62–64 whose former husband retired before age 65, limited to amount he would be receiving if still living, but not less than 82 1/2% of PIA.
	1977			Dependency requirement eliminated.

# Table 2.A22.—Monthly benefits for survivors of deceased workers—*Continued*

Usabled surviving         1983          Noncovered persion of pression offs Reducted 20 years.           05 and 2 monthe-67         Noncovered pension offs reach month opension offs reach month opension of the adjust of such pension of the adjust of years.           05 and 2 monthe-67         Beginning in year 2000, the age at which 100% of PA is payable be increased gradually (see Widow age).           06 - 66         The pension if first eligible of risk of pension of the adjust of years.           010% of PA is payable.         60 - 66           1987         So - 59           1987         So - 59           1972         100           1972         100           1977         Noncovered pension offset limited to two-thirds of such pension.           1977         100           1977         100           1977         100           1977         100           1977         100           1977         100           1977         100           1977         100           1977         100           1977         100           1977         100           1977         100           1977         100           1977         100           1977	Type of benefit	Year enacted	Age	Percent of PIA	Condition or qualification
Midowed mother       1983        Reduced by full amount of pension payable based on own earnin noncovered governmental employment (noncovered pension differ eligible such pension before July 1983 and dependent. Reduced by only thread of such pension before July 1983 and dependent. Reduced by only the individual such pension before July 1983 and dependent. Reduced by only the individual such pension before July 1983 and dependent. Reduced by only the individual such pension before July 1983 and dependent. Reduced by only the individual such pension before July 1983 and dependent. Reduced by only the individual such pension before July 1983 and dependent. Networks pension if that eligible is a such as the part of the individual such pension.         Disabled surviving divorced wills       1967       50-59       82 127 <i>Fully insured</i> . Dependent. Married 20 years. Not counted toward family maximum. Reduced 13 1375, plus 43/198 of 1% for each month under age 62.         Disabled surviving divorced wills       1967       50-59       82 127 <i>Fully insured</i> . Dependent. Married 20 years. Not counted toward family maximum. Reduced 13 1375, plus 43/198 of 1% for each month under age 62.         1972        100       Reduced 28 122%, plus 43/240 of 1% for each month under age 62.         1977         Reduced 28 123%, plus 43/240 of 1% for each month under age 62.         1977         Reduced 29 years.       Noncovered pension differ to applicable for such pension differ reduced by rol 1000 by receiving.         1977         Reduced 40 yuli amou					
1983          Noncovered governmental employment (noncovered persion offs Reduction does not apply religible for such persion before December 1982 and marined 20 years.           1983          Noncovered persion offs reprovision not applicable if first eligible of such persion of the applicable if first eligible of such persion.           65 and 2 months-67         Beginning in year 2000, the appet which 100% of PA is payable be increased gradually (see Widow age).         B0-66           1984          Noncovered persion offs reach month depends on the appet which 100% of PA is payable.           1984          Noncovered persion offset limited to work into the reduction, in equal monthy steps, is always 26 of 12% at age 60.           1984          Noncovered persion offset limited to work into the reduction, in equal monthy steps, is always 26 of 12% at age 60.           1987         50-59         82 12 <i>Fully insured</i> . Dependent. Married 20 years. Not counted doward family maximum. Reduced 29 v12%, plus 43/240 of 1% for each month under age 62.           1977          Increased by and depayed relimenent increment husband (or form husband) would be receiving.           1983          Reduced by v11 amount of persion payable based on own earnin noncovered governmental employment (noncovered persion offset Reduction for each month under age 60 elimited.           1983          Reduced by v11 amount of persion payable based on own earnin noncovered governmanted. <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>Married 10 years.</td></t<>					Married 10 years.
such pension before July 1983 and dependent. Reduced by four thirds of such pension fiftst eligible for it after June 1983. 66 and 2 months-67 60-66 71 72 60-66 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7					Reduced by full amount of pension payable based on own earnings noncovered governmental employment (noncovered pension offset). Reduction does not apply if eligible for such pension before Decemb 1982 and married 20 years.
be increased gradually (see Widox age). 60–66 The percent of reduction for each month depends on the age at w 100% of PIA is payable. The percentage is adjusted so that the the reduction, in equal monthly steps, is always 28 1/2% at age 60. 1984 Noncovered pension offset limited to two-thirds of such pension. Deabled surviving divorced wife		1983			Noncovered pension offset provision not applicable if first eligible for such pension before July 1983 and dependent. Reduced by only tw thirds of such pension if first eligible for it after June 1983.
100% of PIA is payable. The percentage is adjusted so that the the reduction, in equal monthly steps, is a stage 60.         1984          Disabled surviving divorced wife       1967         1972          1972          1973          1974          1975          1977          1977          1977          1977          1978          1977          1977          1978          1979          1970          1971          1972          1973          1974          1975          1977          1978          1979          1983          1983          1983          1984          1983          1984          1983 <td></td> <td></td> <td>65 and 2 months-67</td> <td></td> <td>Beginning in year 2000, the age at which 100% of PIA is payable wil be increased gradually (see Widow age).</td>			65 and 2 months-67		Beginning in year 2000, the age at which 100% of PIA is payable wil be increased gradually (see Widow age).
Disabled surviving livorced wife         1967         50–59         82 1/2 <i>Fully insured</i> Dependent. Married 20 years. Not counset toward family maximum. Reduced 13 1/3%, plus 43/198 of 1% for each munder age 62.           1972         100         Reduced 28 1/2%, plus 43/240 of 1% for each month under age 62.           1977          Dependency requirement islimitated.           1977          Increased by any delayed retirement increment husband (or form husband) would be receiving.             Reduced by full amount of pension payable based on own earnin noncovered governmental employment (incroxvered pension offs Reduction does not apply if eligible for such pension before Dece 1982 and married 20 years.           1983          Noncovered pension offset not applicable if first eligible for such pension before July 1983 and dependent. Reduced by only two- thirds of such pension if first eligible for it attry une 1983.           Additional reduction for each month under age 60 eliminated.         Noncovered pension offset minited to two-thirds of such pension offset limited to two-thirds of such pension offset limited to two-thirds of such pension offset Reduced by dull amount of pension payable based on own earnin noncovered governmental employment (noncovered pension offset Reduced notes not apply if eligible for such pension before Duce 1982           1984          Noncovered pension offset minder to applicable if first eligible for such pension before July 1983 and dependent. Reduced by only two-t of such pension if first eligible child. Dependent. Noncovered pension offset not appl			60–66		The percent of reduction for each month depends on the age at whit 100% of PIA is payable. The percentage is adjusted so that the tota reduction, in equal monthly steps, is always 28 1/2% at age 60.
divorced wife       1967       50–59       82 1/2       Fully insured. Dependent. Married 20 years. Not counted toward family maximum. Reduced 13/2%, plus 43/196 of 1% for each munder age 62.         1972       100       Reduced 28 1/2%, plus 43/240 of 1% for each month under age 6         1977        Dependency requirement eliminated.         1977        Married 10 years.         Reduced by full amount of pension payable based on own earnin noncovered governmental employment (noncovered pension file Reduction does not apply if eligible for such pension bfore Dece 1982 and married 20 years.         1983        Additional reduction for each month under age 60 eliminated.         1984        Noncovered pension offset imited to two-thirds of such pension file for such pension offset file		1984			Noncovered pension offset limited to two-thirds of such pension.
1977        Dependency requirement eliminated.         1977        Increased by any delayed retirement increment husband (or form husband) would be receiving.          Married 10 years.          Reduced by full amount of pension payable based on own earnin noncovered governmental employment (noncovered pension offs Reduction does not apply if eligible for such pension before Deceiving.         1983        Noncovered pension offset not applicable if first eligible for such pension before July 1983 and dependent. Reduced by only two-thirds of such pension before July 1983 and dependent. Reduced by only two-thirds of such pension offset imited to two-thirds of such pension.         1984        Noncovered pension offset imited to two-thirds of such pension non offset imited to two-thirds of such pension fore Deceiving.         Widowed mother       1984        Noncovered pension offset imited to two-thirds of such pension to the pension offset imited to two-thirds of such pension to the pension offset imited to two-thirds of such pension to the pension offset imited to two-thirds of such pension to the pension offset imited to two-thirds of such pension to the pension offset imited to two-thirds of such pension to the pension offset initiate inplicable if first eligible for such pension before Deceivity and dependent. Reduced by only two-t of such pension offset imited to two-thirds of such pension.         1981        Eligible child excludes nondisabled child aged 16–17.         1983        Noncovered pension offset imited to two-thirds of such pensio		1967	50–59	82 1/2	<i>Fully insured</i> . Dependent. Married 20 years. Not counted toward family maximum. Reduced 13 1/3%, plus 43/198 of 1% for each mor under age 62.
1977        Increased by any delayed retirement increment husband (or form husband) would be receiving.          Married 10 years.         Reduced by full arount of pension payable based on own earnin noncovered governmental employment (noncovered pension offse reduction does not apply if eligible for such pension before Dece 1982 and married 20 years.         1983       Noncovered pension offset not applicable if first eligible for such pension before Dece 1982 and married 20 years.         1984       Noncovered pension offset not applicable if first eligible for such pension before July 1983 and dependent. Reduced by only two-third's of such pension for each month under age 60 eliminated.         Nidowed mother       1984       Noncovered pension offset innited to two-thirds of such pension if such pension if first eligible for incovered pension offset innited to two-thirds of such pension if set not applicable if first eligible for such pension if first eligible for such pension before July 1983 and dependent. Reduced by full amount of pension payable based on own earnin noncovered governmental employment (noncovered pension offset indicated on the pension before July 1983 and dependent. Reduced by only two-to such pension before July 1983 and dependent. Reduced by only two-to such pension before July 1983 and dependent. Reduced by only two-to such pension before July 1983 and dependent. Necloced 1982.         Surviving divorced       1984       Noncovered pension offset initied to wo-thirds of such pension. If first eligible child. Dependent. Noncovered pension first eligible child. Dependent. Nouncovered pension offset initied to applicable if first eligible chind. Dependent. Nouncovered pension offset initimated. </td <td></td> <td>1972</td> <td></td> <td>100</td> <td>Reduced 28 1/2%, plus 43/240 of 1% for each month under age 60.</td>		1972		100	Reduced 28 1/2%, plus 43/240 of 1% for each month under age 60.
Number       Image: Strength Strengthand Strength Strengt Strength Strength Stre					Dependency requirement eliminated.
Image: Surviving divorced notify       Image: Surviving divorced not		1977			Increased by any delayed retirement increment husband (or former husband) would be receiving.
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Widowed mother         Additional reduction for each month under age 60 eliminated.         1984        Noncovered pension offset limited to two-thirds of such pension.         1984        Noncovered pension offset limited to two-thirds of such pension.         1985        Eligible child excludes student over age 18.         1977        Reduced by full amount of pension payable based on own earnin noncovered governmental employment (noncovered pension offset limited to two-thirds of such pension before Decension disa Reductind dees not apply if eligible for such pension before Decension offset instel did excludes not apply if eligible if first eligible for such pension before becension offset instel end to two-thirds of such pension.         Surviving divorced       1984        Noncovered pension offset limited to two-thirds of such pension.         Surviving divorced       1950       Under 65       75 <i>Fully or currently insured</i> . Caring for eligible child. Dependent. Noncovered pension offset limited to two-thirds of such pension.         Surviving divorced       1950       Under 65       75 <i>Fully or currently insured</i> . Caring for eligible child. Dependent. Noncovered pension offset limited to two-thirds of such pension.         1950       Under 65       75 <i>Fully or currently insured</i> . Caring for eligible child. Dependent. Noncovered governmental employment (noncovered pension offset limited to two-thirds of such pension offset limited.         19					Reduced by full amount of pension payable based on own earnings noncovered governmental employment (noncovered pension offset) Reduction does not apply if eligible for such pension before Decemb 1982 and married 20 years.
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Surviving divorced       1981        Eligible child excludes nondisabled child aged 16–17.         1983        Noncovered pension offset not apply if eligible for such pension before Decent 1982.         Surviving divorced       1984        Noncovered pension offset not applicable if first eligible for such pension.         Surviving divorced       1950       Under 65       75       Fully or currently insured. Caring for eligible child. Dependent. Noncovered pension offset invariant.         1965        Eligible child excludes student over age 18.         1972        Dependency requirement eliminated.         1977        Reduced by full amount of pension payable based on own earnin noncovered governmental employment (noncovered pension offset not apply if eligible for such pension filse.         1984        Noncovered pension offset not apply if eligible for such pension.         1950       Under 65       75         Fully or currently insured.       Caring for eligible child. Dependent. No counted toward family maximum.         1965        Eligible child excludes student over age 18.         1972        Dependency requirement eliminated.         1977        Reduced by full amount of pension payable based on own earnin noncovered governmental employment (noncovered pension offset not apply if eligible for such pension before Decent		1965			Eligible child excludes student over age 18.
1983        Noncovered pension offset not applicable if first eligible for such pension before July 1983 and dependent. Reduced by only two-t of such pension if first eligible for it after June 1983.         Surviving divorced mother       1984        Noncovered pension offset imited to two-thirds of such pension.         Surviving divorced mother       1950       Under 65       75       Fully or currently insured. Caring for eligible child. Dependent. Nocovered toward family maximum.         1965        Eligible child excludes student over age 18.         1972        Dependency requirement eliminated.         1977        Reduced by full amount of pension payable based on own earnin noncovered governmental employment (noncovered pension before Decent 1982.         1981        Eligible child excludes nondisabled child aged 16–17.         1983        Noncovered pension offset not applicable if first eligible for such pension before buty 1983 and dependent. Reduced by only two-t of such pension before in the pension before is pension before in the pension before is pension before in the pension before in the pension before is pension before in the pension if first eligible for it after is pension.		1977			Reduced by full amount of pension payable based on own earnings noncovered governmental employment (noncovered pension offset) Reduction does not apply if eligible for such pension before Decemb 1982.
Surviving divorced       1984        Noncovered pension offset limited to two-thirds of such pension.         Surviving divorced       1950       Under 65       75       Fully or currently insured. Caring for eligible child. Dependent. Nouncovered pension offset limited to two-thirds of such pension.         1950       Under 65       75       Fully or currently insured. Caring for eligible child. Dependent. Nouncovered family maximum.         1965        Eligible child excludes student over age 18.         1972        Dependency requirement eliminated.         1977        Reduced by full amount of pension payable based on own earnin noncovered governmental employment (noncovered pension offset limited to two-thirds of such pension before Decent 1982.         1981        Eligible child excludes nondisabled child aged 16–17.         1983        Noncovered pension offset not applicable if first eligible for such pension before July 1983 and dependent. Reduced by only two-t of such pension if first eligible for it after June 1983.         1984        Noncovered pension offset limited to two-thirds of such pension.		1981			Eligible child excludes nondisabled child aged 16–17.
Surviving divorced mother       1950       Under 65       75       Fully or currently insured. Caring for eligible child. Dependent. No counted toward family maximum.         1965        Eligible child excludes student over age 18.         1972        Dependency requirement eliminated.         1977        Reduced by full amount of pension payable based on own earnin noncovered governmental employment (noncovered pension offs. Reduction does not apply if eligible for such pension before Decentives.         1981        Eligible child excludes nondisabled child aged 16–17.         1983        Noncovered pension offset not applicable if first eligible for such pension before July 1983 and dependent. Reduced by only two-t of such pension if first eligible for it after June 1983.         1984        Noncovered pension offset limited to two-thirds of such pension.		1983			pension before July 1983 and dependent. Reduced by only two-thir
mother       1950       Under 65       75       Fully or currently insured. Caring for eligible child. Dependent. No counted toward family maximum.         1965        Eligible child excludes student over age 18.         1972        Dependency requirement eliminated.         1977        Reduced by full amount of pension payable based on own earnin noncovered governmental employment (noncovered pension offser Reduction does not apply if eligible for such pension before Decentives).         1981        Eligible child excludes nondisabled child aged 16–17.         1983        Noncovered pension offset not applicable if first eligible for such pension before July 1983 and dependent. Reduced by only two-t of such pension if first eligible for it after June 1983.         1984        Noncovered pension offset limited to two-thirds of such pension.		1984			Noncovered pension offset limited to two-thirds of such pension.
1965        Counted toward family maximum.         1965        Eligible child excludes student over age 18.         1972        Dependency requirement eliminated.         1977        Reduced by full amount of pension payable based on own earnin noncovered governmental employment (noncovered pension offset reduction does not apply if eligible for such pension before Deceinental environmental employment (noncovered pension offset reduction does not apply if eligible for such pension before Deceinental environmental employment (noncovered pension offset reduction does not apply if eligible for such pension before Deceinental environmental environmental employment (noncovered pension offset reduction does not apply if eligible for such pension before Deceinental environmental environmen					
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1981        Eligible child excludes nondisabled child aged 16–17.         1983        Noncovered pension offset not apply if eligible for such pension before Decension         1984        Noncovered pension offset limited to two-thirds of such pension.					
1983        Noncovered pension offset not applicable if first eligible for such pension before July 1983 and dependent. Reduced by only two-t of such pension if first eligible for it after June 1983.         1984        Noncovered pension offset limited to two-thirds of such pension.		1977			noncovered governmental employment (noncovered pension offset) Reduction does not apply if eligible for such pension before Decemb
pension before July 1983 and dependent. Reduced by only two-t of such pension if first eligible for it after June 1983. 1984 Noncovered pension offset limited to two-thirds of such pension.		1981			Eligible child excludes nondisabled child aged 16–17.
		1983			pension before July 1983 and dependent. Reduced by only two-thir
		1984			Noncovered pension offset limited to two-thirds of such pension.
Thild 1030 Under 19 50 Eully or overantly insured 1 Student aged 46-47	Child		Under 18	 50	Fully or currently insured. <sup>1</sup> Student aged 16–17

### Table 2.A22.—Monthly benefits for survivors of deceased workers—Continued

Type of benefit	Year enacted	Age	Percent of PIA	Condition or qualification
Child (cont.)	1946			Student requirement eliminated.
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1950			Plus 25% of PIA divided among the children.
	1960		75	Additional 25% of PIA eliminated.
	1965			Full-time student.
	1972			Benefits extended to end of quarter or semester in which 22nd birthday occurs while undergraduate student.
				Includes grandchild under certain circumstances.
	1981	18–22		Student category eliminated (to be phased out gradually for those entitled before May 1982), except for elementary or secondary school students under age 19.
	1996			Stepchildren must be dependent on worker.
Disabled child	1956	18 or older	50	<i>Fully or currently insured.</i> <sup>1</sup> Disabled before age 18. Plus 25% of PIA divided among the children.
	1960		75	Additional 25% of PIA eliminated
	1972			Disabled before age 22.
				Includes grandchild under certain circumstances.
Parent	1939	65 or older	50	Fully insured. Dependent. No surviving widow or child under age 18.
	1946			No surviving eligible widow or child.
	1950		75	
	1956	62–64		Women
	1958			No-other-survivor requirement eliminated.
	1961	62 or older	82 1/2	75% each if two parents.
Widower	1950	65 or older	75	Fully and currently insured. Dependent.
	1950	62 or older	82 1/2	
	1967			
	1972	65 or older	100	Currently insured requirement eliminated. Limited, if wife retired before age 65, to amount wife would be receiving if still living, but not less than 82 1/2% of PIA.
		60–64		Reduced 19/40 of 1% for each month under age 65. In addition, for a widower aged 62–64 whose wife retired before age 65, limited to amount she would be receiving if still living, but not less than 82 1/2% of PIA.
	1977			Dependency requirement eliminated.
				Increased by any delayed retirement increment wife would be receiving.
				Reduced by full amount of pension payable based on own earnings in noncovered governmental employment (noncovered pension offset). Reduction does not apply if eligible for such pension before Decembe 1982, dependent, and not remarried before age 60.
	1983			Noncovered pension offset not applicable if first eligible for such pension before July 1983 and dependent. Reduced by only two-thirds of such pension if first eligible for it after June 1983.
		65 and 2 months-67		Beginning in year 2000, the age at which 100% of PIA is payable will be increased gradually (see Widow age).
		60–66		The percent of reduction for each month depends on the age at which 100% of PIA is payable. The percentage is adjusted so that the total reduction, in equal monthly steps, is always 28 1/2% at age 60.
	1984			Noncovered pension offset limited to two-thirds of such pension.
Disabled widower	1967	50–61	82 1/2	<i>Fully insured</i> . Dependent. Reduced 5/9 of 1% per month between ages 60–62, plus 43/198 of 1% for each month under age 60.
	1972	50–59	100	Reduced 28 1/2%, plus 43/240 of 1% for each month under age 60. Disability requirement eliminated for ages 60–61.
				Dependency requirement eliminated.
	1977			Increased by any delayed retirement increment wife would be receiving.
				Reduced by full amount of pension payable based on own earnings ir noncovered governmental employment (noncovered pension offset). Reduction does not apply if eligible for such pension before Decembe 1982, dependent, and not remarried before age 60.

Table 2.A22.—Monthly benefits for survivors of deceased wor	kers—Continued
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Type of benefit	Year enacted	Age	Percent of PIA	Condition or qualification
Disabled widower (cont.)	1983			Noncovered pension offset not applicable if first eligible for such pension before July 1983 and dependent. Reduced by only two-thirds of such pension if first eligible for it after June 1983.
				Additional reduction for each month under age 60 eliminated.
	1984			Noncovered pension offset limited to two-thirds of such pension.
Surviving divorced husband	1980 <sup>2</sup>	65 or older	100	<i>Fully insured.</i> Married 10 years. Increased by any delayed retirement credit former wife would be receiving. Limited, if former wife retired before age 65, to amount she would be receiving if still living, but not less than 82 1/2% of PIA. Not counted toward family maximum. Reduced by full amount of pension payable based on own earnings in noncovered governmental employment (noncovered pension offset).
		60–64		Reduced 19/40 of 1% for each month under age 65. In addition, for a widower aged 62–64 whose wife retired before age 65, limited to amount she would be receiving if still living, but not less than 82 1/2% of PIA.
	1983			Noncovered pension offset provision not applicable if first eligible for such pension before July 1983 and dependent. Reduced by only two thirds of such pension if first eligible for it after June 1983.
		65 and 2 months-67		Beginning in year 2000, the age at which 50% of PIA is payable will be gradually increased (see Retired-Worker age).
		62–66		Reduced 24/36 of 1% for each of the first 36 months under the age a which 50% of PIA is payable, plus 5/12 of 1% for each of up to 24 earlier months of benefit receipt.
	1984			Noncovered pension offset limited to two-thirds of such pension.
Disabled surviving divorced husband	1980 <sup>2</sup>	50–59	100	<i>Fully insured</i> . Married 10 years. Increased by any delayed retiremen credit former wife would be receiving. Reduced 28 1/2%, plus 43/240 o 1% for each month under age 60. Not counted toward family maximum Reduced by full amount of pension payable based on own earnings ir noncovered employment (noncovered pension offset).
	1983			Noncovered pension offset provision not applicable if first eligible for such pension before July 1983 and dependent. Reduced by only two thirds of such pension if first eligible for it after June 1983.
				Additional reduction for each month under age 60 eliminated.
	1984			Noncovered pension offset limited to two-thirds of such pension.
Widowed father	1975 <sup>3</sup>	Under 65	75	Fully or currently insured. Caring for eligible child under age 18.
	1977			Reduced by full amount of pension payable based on own earnings ir noncovered governmental employment (noncovered pension offset). Reduction does not apply if eligible for such pension before Decembe 1982.
	1981			Eligible child excludes nondisabled child aged 16–17.
	1983			Noncovered pension offset provision not applicable if first eligible for such pension before July 1983 and dependent. Reduced by only two thirds of such pension if first eligible for it after June 1983.
	1984			Noncovered pension offset to two-thirds of such pension.
Surviving divorced father	1979 <sup>4</sup>	Under 65	75	Fully or currently insured. Caring for eligible child under age 18. Reduced by full amount of pension payable based on own earnings in noncovered governmental employment (noncovered pension offset).
	1981			Eligible child excludes nondisabled child aged 16–17.
	1983			Noncovered pension offset provision not applicable if first eligible for such pension before July 1983 and dependent. Reduced by only two thirds of such pension if first eligible for it after June 1983.
	1984			Noncovered pension offset limited to two-thirds of such pension.

<sup>1</sup> Under 1939 Act, generally not available to child of married female worker. Under 1950 Act, available if female worker is fully and currently insured; currently insured requirement eliminated by 1967 Act.

<sup>2</sup> Oregon District Court decision in Ambrose v. Harris, July 17, 1980. Statutory change enacted in 1983.

<sup>3</sup> Supreme Court decision in Weinberger v. Wiesenfeld, Mar. 19, 1975. Statutory change enacted in 1983.

<sup>4</sup> Western District Court decision in Yates v. Califano, Jan. 28, 1979. Statutory change enacted in 1983.

Table 2.A23.—Monthly benefits for transitionally insured workers and their spouses and surviving spouses, aged 72 before 1969

Year enacted	Type of benefit	Amount	Effective for—
1965	Worker	\$35.00	September 1965
		Same as benefit for individual receiving special age-72 benefits (see table 2.A24)	October 1966
	Wife	One-half of worker's benefit	September 1963
	Widow	Same as worker's benefit	September 1963
1983	Husband	One-half of worker's benefit	May 1983
	Widower	Same as worker's benefit	May 1983

#### Table 2.A24.—Monthly benefits for individuals and couples insured for special age-72 (Prouty) benefits

		Amount <sup>1</sup>		Year	
Effective for-	Couple	Individual	Age	enacted	
October 1966	\$52.50	\$35.00	72	1966	
February 1968	60.00	40.00		1967	
January 1970	69.00	46.00		1969	
January 1971	72.50	48.30		1971	
September 1972	87.00	58.00		1972 <sup>2</sup>	
June–December 1974	92.30	61.50		1973 <sup>3</sup>	
March 1974	93.20	62.10		1973 <sup>4</sup>	
June 1974	96.60	64.40			
June 1975	104.40	69.50			
June 1976	111.20	74.10			
June 1977	117.80	78.50			
June 1978	125.60	83.70			
June 1979	138.10	92.00			
June 1980	157.90	105.20			
June 1981 June 1982	175.70 188.60	117.00 125.60			
Julie 1982	100.00	125.00			
December 1983		129.90		1983 <sup>5</sup>	
December 1984		134.40			
December 1985		138.50			
December 1986		140.30			
December 1987		146.10			
December 1988		151.90			
December 1989		159.00			
December 1990		167.50	72 before 1972 <sup>6</sup>	1990	
December 1991		173.60			
December 1992		178.80			
December 1993		183.40			
December 1994		188.50			
December 1995		193.40			
December 1996		199.00			
December 1997		203.10			
December 1998		205.70			
<sup>7</sup> December 1999		210.60			
December 2000		217.90			

<sup>1</sup>Monthly benefit reduced by amount of any government pension excluding workers' compensation benefits and veterans' compensation for service–connected disability or death. Not available for persons receiving assistance.

<sup>2</sup> Provision for future automatic cost–of–living adjustments.

<sup>3</sup> Suspended by 1973 legislation.

<sup>4</sup> Beginning June 1975, subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments. Benefits no longer available to persons receiving payments under

Supplemental Security Income program.

<sup>5</sup> Separate rate for couples eliminated. Rate for individuals applied to all beneficiaries.

<sup>6</sup> Effective for applications after Nov. 5, 1990p

<sup>7</sup> The December 1999 cost–of–living adjustment (COLA) was originally determined to be 2.4 percent, based on the consumer price index (CPI). The underlying CPI was later recomputed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics; a 2.5 percent COLA would have been consistent with the recomputed CPI. Pursuant to P.L. 106–554, benefits will be calculated and paid in August 2001 and later as if the December 1999 COLA had been 2.5 percent. Affected beneficiaries will receive a one–time payment to cover the shortfall that occurred before August 2001.

### Table 2.A25.—Lump-sum benefits and vocational rehabilitation services

Year enacted	Type of benefit	Provision
1935	Lump-sum refund	Persons not insured at age 65 eligible for lump-sum refund equal to 3 1/2 percent of cumulative wage credits.
1939		Lump-sum refund eliminated.
1935	Lump-sum death payment	Under age 65: 3 1/2 percent of cumulative wage credits. Aged 65 or older and fully insured: 3 1/2 percent of cumulative wage credits, less monthly benefits received.
1939		Fully and currently insured: 6 times PIA if no survivor eligible for monthly benefits.
1950		3 times PIA for all deaths.
1954		3 times PIA with maximum of \$255.
1981		Payable only to a widow or widower who was living with the worker at time of the death or to a widow, widower, or children eligible for monthly benefits. Amount of lump sum fixed at \$255.
1965	Vocational rehabilitation services	Available to selected disabled individuals. Costs of services payable from OASDI trust funds to state vocational rehabilitation agencies. Reimbursement in any year may not exceed 1 percent of the total amount of OASDI disability benefits disbursed in the prior year.
1972		Maximum annual reimbursement increased to 1.25 percent for fiscal year ending June 30, 1973 and 1.50 percent thereafter.
1981		Reimbursement from trust funds for cost of rehabilitation services made if the services result in the disabled individual's return to work (performance of substantial gainful activity for 9 consecutive months).
1999		Enhancements including expanded beneficiary choice of service providers and extended health care for beneficiaries who return to work.

Table 2.A26.—Monthly benefit amount for selected beneficiary families with first eligibility in 2000, by average indexed monthly earnings for selected wage levels, effective December 2000

		Worker with y	early earnings equal	to—				
Beneficiary family	Federal minimum wage <sup>1</sup>	75% of average wage	Average wage <sup>2</sup>	150% of average wage	Maximum taxable earnings <sup>3</sup>			
		Retire	d-worker families 4	·				
Average indexed monthly earnings Primary insurance amount Maximum family benefit	700.20	\$1,806.00 916.90 1,636.50	\$2,408.00 1,116.20 2,038.10	\$3,487.00 1,423.40 2,491.00	\$4,775.00 1,623.30 2,840.90			
Monthly benefit amount: Retired worker claiming benefits at age 62: Worker alone Worker with spouse claiming benefits at—	554.00 904.00	725.00	883.00 1,441.00	1,126.00	1,285.00 2,096.00			
Age 65 or older Age 62		1,065.00	1,296.00	1,653.00	1,886.00			
	Survivor families <sup>5</sup>							
Average indexed monthly earnings Primary insurance amount Maximum family benefit	637.60	\$1,811.00 918.50 1,641.00	\$2,415.00 1,118.50 2,041.10	\$3,623.00 1,444.50 2,527.90	\$5,865.00 1,792.60 3,137.00			
Monthly benefit amount: Survivor of worker deceased at age 40: 1 surviving child Widowed mother or father and 1 child Widowed mother or father and 2 children	478.00 956.00 954.00	688.00 1,376.00 1,641.00	838.00 1,676.00 2,040.00	1,083.00 2,166.00 2,526.00	1,344.00 2,688.00 3,135.00			
	Disabled-worker families <sup>6</sup>							
Average indexed monthly earnings Primary insurance amount Maximum family benefit <sup>7</sup>	671.00	\$1,808.00 917.50 1,376.20	\$2,410.00 1,116.80 1,675.20	\$3,616.00 1,443.50 2,165.20	\$5,530.00 1,740.60 2,610.90			
Monthly benefit amount: Disabled worker age 50:	671.00	917.00	1,116.00	1,443.00	1,740.00			
Worker alone Worker, spouse, and 1 child		1,375.00	1,674.00	2,163.00	2,610.00			

1 Annual earnings are calculated by multiplying the federal minimum wage by 2,080 hours (see table 3.B3). Increases in the minimum wage during the year are prorated.

<sup>2</sup> See table 2.A8, column 2.

<sup>3</sup> See table 2.A9, column 1.

<sup>4</sup> Assumes the worker began to work at age 22, retired at age 62 in 2000 with maximum reduction, and had no prior period of disability.

<sup>5</sup> Assumes the deceased worker began to work at age 22, died in 2000 at age 40, had no earnings in that year, and had no prior period of disability.

<sup>6</sup> Assumes the worker began to work at age 22, became disabled at age 50 in 2000, had no earnings in that year, and had no prior period of disability.

<sup>7</sup> The 1980 Amendments to the Social Security Act provide for a different family maximum amount in disability cases. For disabled workers entitled after June 1980, the maximum is the smaller of (1) 85 percent of the worker's AIME (or 100 percent of the PIA, if larger) or (2) 150 percent of the PIA.

Table 2.A27.—Minimum and maximum monthly retired-worker benefits payable to individuals who retired at age 62, <sup>1</sup> 1957–2001

		Minimun	n benefit		Maximu	ım benefit	
Vear of attainment of age 62 2         of retirement         December 2000 3         Men         Women         Men         Women           1957				Payable at time of	f retirement	Payable effective	e December 2000 <sup>3</sup>
	Year of attainment of age 62 <sup>2</sup>			Men	Women	Men	Women
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	1957	\$24.00	\$299.50		\$86.80		\$738.10
	1958	24.00	299.50		86.80		738.10
	1959	26.40	299.50		92.80		738.10
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $							757.20
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $							
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $							
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	1964	32.00	294.10	95.20	98.40	753.60	779.60
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $							777.90
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$							
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$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $							
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	1974	67.60	263.30	217.00	219.70		856.00
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $							
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $							
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$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		. ,	( )				
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1984	(6)	(6)	559.40		941.60	941.60
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		(6)	(6)				
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		(6)	(6)				
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$							
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$							
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1989	(6)	(6)	734.00	734.00	1,055.10	1,055.10
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$							1,063.70
1993							
1994         (6)         (6)         948.00         948.00         1,127.50         1,127.50           1995         (6)         (6)         (6)         965.90         1,117.60         1,117.60           1996         (6)         (6)         999.90         999.90         1,127.60         1,127.60           1997         (6)         (6)         (6)         1,049.10         1,149.80         1,149.80           1998         (6)         (6)         (6)         1,109.60         1,191.10         1,191.10							1,073.30
1995         (6)         (6)         965.90         965.90         1,117.60         1,117.60           1996         (6)         (6)         999.90         999.90         1,127.60         1,127.60           1997         (6)         (6)         1,049.10         1,149.80         1,149.80           1998         (6)         (6)         1,109.60         1,191.10         1,191.10						,	
1996         (6)         (6)         999.90         999.90         1,127.60         1,127.60           1997         (6)         (6)         (6)         1,049.10         1,049.10         1,149.80         1,149.80           1998         (6)         (6)         (6)         1,109.60         1,191.10         1,191.10	1994	(6)	(6)	948.00	948.00	1,127.50	1,127.50
1997         (6)         (6)         1,049.10         1,049.10         1,149.80         1,149.80           1998         (6)         (6)         (6)         1,109.60         1,109.60         1,191.10         1,191.10		(6)	(6)				1,117.60
1998							1,127.60
		. ,					
1999 (6) (6) 1,183.60 1,183.60 1,254.40 1,254.40							
	1999	(6)	(6)	1,183.60	1,183.60	1,254.40	1,254.40
		(6)	(6)			1,285.10	1,285.10
2001	2001	(6)	(6)	1,307.30	1,307.30		

<sup>1</sup> Benefit first available at age 62 to female workers effective November 1956 and to male workers effective August 1961.

<sup>2</sup> Assumes the worker began to work at age 22, retired at the beginning of the year, had no prior disability, and received the maximum reduction. Through 1999 the assumed reduction was 36 months at 5/9 of 1 percent per month or 20 percent. In 2000, with the increase in the full retirement age to 65 and 2 months, the reduction increased to 20.008333 percent (see table 2.A.20). In 2001 the full retirement age increased to 65 and 4 months for a maximum reduction to 21.666667 percent.

<sup>3</sup> Final benefit amount payable after Supplementary Medical Insurance (SMI) premium or any other deduction is rounded to next lower \$1.

<sup>4</sup> Effective for February 1968.

<sup>5</sup> Derived from transitional guarantee computation based on 1978 PIA table.

<sup>6</sup> Minimum PIA eliminated by 1981 legislation for workers who attain age 62 in 1982 or later. (The minimum is retained until 1991 for members of religious orders who were under a vow of poverty, provided that the order had elected Social Security coverage before Dec. 29, 1981).

Note: The December 1999 cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) was originally determined to be 2.4 percent, based on the consumer price index (CPI). The underlying CPI was later recomputed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics; a 2.5 percent COLA would have been consistent with the recomputed CPI. Pursuant to P.L. 106–554, benefits will be calculated and paid in August 2001 and later as if the December 1999 COLA had been 2.5 percent. Affected beneficiaries will receive a one-time payment to cover the shortfall that occurred before August 2001.

Table 2.A28.—Minimum and maximum monthly retired-worker benefits payable to individuals who retired at age 65, 1940–2001

	Minimum	n benefit	Maximum benefit				
	Payable at time	Payable effective	Payable at time of retirement		Payable effective December 2000 <sup>2</sup>		
Year of attainment of age 65 <sup>1</sup>	of retirement	December 2000 <sup>2</sup>	Men	Women	Men	Women	
1940	\$10.00	\$318.00	\$41.20	\$41.20	\$615.90	\$615.90	
1941	10.00	318.00	41.60	41.60	615.90	615.90	
1942	10.00	318.00	42.00	42.00	623.20	623.20	
1943	10.00	318.00	42.40	42.40	623.20	623.20	
1944	10.00	318.00	42.80	42.80	623.20	630.00	
1945	10.00	318.00	43.20	43.20	630.00	630.00	
1946	10.00	318.00	43.60	43.60	637.60	637.60	
1947	10.00	318.00	44.00	44.00	643.50	643.50	
1948	10.00	318.00	44.40	44.40	643.50	643.50	
1949	10.00	318.00	44.80	44.80	649.90	649.90	
1950	10.00	318.00	45.20	45.20	658.10	658.10	
1951	20.00	318.00	68.50	68.50	658.10	658.10	
1952	20.00	318.00	68.50	68.50	658.10	658.10	
1953	25.00	318.00	85.00	85.00	726.90	726.90	
1954	25.00	318.00	85.00	85.00	726.90	726.90	
1955	30.00	318.00	98.50	98.50	726.90	726.90	
1956	30.00	318.00	103.50	103.50	768.00	768.00	
1957	30.00	318.00	108.50	108.50	802.80	802.80	
1958	30.00	318.00	108.50	108.50	802.80	802.80	
1959	33.00	318.00	116.00	116.00	802.80	802.80	
1960	33.00	318.00	119.00	119.00	822.90	822.90	
1961	33.00	318.00	120.00	120.00	829.50	829.50	
1962	40.00	318.00	121.00	123.00	837.10	851.20	
1963	40.00	318.00	122.00	125.00	843.70	864.10	
1964	40.00	318.00	123.00	127.00	851.20	878.40	
1965	44.00	318.00	131.70	135.90	851.20	878.40	
1966	44.00	318.00	132.70	135.90	857.40	878.40	
1967	44.00	318.00	135.90	140.00	878.40	904.30	
1968	<sup>3</sup> 55.00	318.00	<sup>3</sup> 156.00	<sup>3</sup> 161.60	891.60	923.90	
1969	55.00	318.00	160.50	167.30	917.90	956.40	
1970	64.00	318.00	189.80	196.40	943.50	977.10	
1971	70.40	318.00	213.10	220.40	962.80	995.10	
1972	70.40	318.00	216.10	224.70	977.10	1,015.20	
1973	84.50	318.00	266.10	276.40	1,001.80	1,040.80	
1974	84.50	318.00	274.60	284.90	1,033.60	1,072.50	
1975	93.80	318.00	316.30	333.70	1,072.50	1,131.70	
1976	101.40	318.00	364.00	378.80	1,142.20	1,188.90	
1977	107.90	318.00	412.70	422.40	1,217.40	1,245.80	
1978	114.30	318.00	459.80	459.80	1,280.80	1,280.80	
1979	121.80	318.00	503.40	503.40	1,316.50	1,316.50	
1980	133.90	318.00	572.00	572.00	1,361.10	1,361.10	
1981	153.10	318.00	677.00	677.00	1,409.40	1,409.40	
1982	4170.30	318.00	4 679.30	4 679.30	1,271.10	1,271.10	
1983 1984	<sup>4</sup> 166.40 <sup>4</sup> 150.50	289.30 252.40	709.50 703.60	709.50 703.60	1,236.70 1,184.60	1,236.70 1,184.60	
					,	,	
1985	(5)	(5)	717.20	717.20	1,167.00	1,167.00	
1986	(5)	(5)	760.10	760.10	1,199.50	1,199.50	
1987	(5)	(5)	789.20	789.20	1,229.60	1,229.60	
1988	(5)	(5)	838.60 899.60	838.60 899.60	1,254.20	1,254.20 1,293.40	
1989	(5)	(5)	699.60	099.00	1,293.40	1,293.40	

### Table 2.A28.—Minimum and maximum monthly retired-worker benefits payable to individuals who retired at age 65, 1940-2001-Continued

	Minimum	ı benefit	Maximum benefit					
			Payable at time of	retirement	Payable effective [	December 2000 <sup>2</sup>		
Year of attainment of age 65 <sup>1</sup>	Payable at time of retirement	Payable effective December 2000 <sup>2</sup>	Men	Women	Men	Women		
1990 1991. 1992. 1993 1994	(5) (5) (5) (5) (5)	(5) (5) (5) (5) (5)	975.00 1,022.90 1,088.70 1,128.80 1,147.50	975.00 1,022.90 1,088.70 1,128.80 1,147.50	1,339.20 1,333.00 1,368.20 1,377.30 1,364.80	1,339.20 1,333.00 1,368.20 1,377.30 1,364.80		
1995 1996 1997 1998 1999	(5) (5) (5) (5) (5)	(5) (5) (5) (5) (5)	1,199.10 1,248.90 1,326.60 1,342.80 1,373.10	1,199.10 1,248.90 1,326.60 1,342.80 1,373.10	1,387.30 1,408.40 1,454.00 1,441.50 1,455.20	1,387.30 1,408.40 1,454.00 1,441.50 1,455.20		
2000 2001	(5) (5)	(5) (5)	1,433.90 <sup>6</sup> 1,536.70	1,433.90 <sup>6</sup> 1,536.70	1,484.00	1,484.00		

1 Assumes the worker began to work at age 22, retired at the beginning of the year, had no earnings after retirement and had no prior period of disability.

<sup>2</sup> Final benefit amount payable after Supplementary Medical Insurance (SMI) premium or any other deduction is rounded to next lower \$1.

<sup>3</sup> Effective for February 1968.

<sup>4</sup> Derived from transitional guarantee computation based on 1978 PIA table.

 <sup>5</sup> Minimum PIA eliminated by 1981 legislation for workers who attain age 62 in 1982 or later. (The minimum is retained until 1991 for members of religious orders who are under a vow of poverty, provided that the order had elected Social Security coverage before Dec. 29, 1981).
 <sup>6</sup> The December 1999 cost–of–living adjustment (COLA) was originally determined to be 2.4%, based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI). The underlying CPI was later recomputed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics; a 2.5% COLA would have been consistent with the recomputed CPI. Pursuant to P.L. 106–554, benefits will be calculated and paid in August 2001 and later as if the December 1999 COLA had been 2.5%. Affected beneficiaries will receive a one–time payment to cover the shortfall that occurred before August 2001. The benefit will be adjusted to \$1,538.20 to reflect the recomputation of the December 1999 COLA and will be paid retroactively to January 2001. 2001.

Tab	le 2./	<b>∖</b> 29.—	-Earni	ngs (	(reti	irement)	) test
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		Earnings	Amount permitted without reduction in benefits (exempt amount)			
Year enacted	Beneficiaries exempt	ciaries subject Annual Monthly			Reduction in monthly benefits <sup>1</sup>	Effective year
				For all b	peneficiaries	
1935		Covered			Full monthly benefit	
1939				\$14.99		1940
1950 1952	Aged 75 or older		<sup>3</sup> \$600 <sup>3</sup> 900	50.00 75.00		1951 1953
	Aged 72 or older	All <sup>4</sup>	1,200	80.00	One month's full benefit for each \$80.00 or fraction thereof	1955
1956						1958
1958 1960				100.00	 \$1 for each \$2 of earnings from \$1,201–\$1,500	1959 1961
					\$1 for each \$1 of earnings above \$1,500	
1961					\$1 for each \$2 of earnings from \$1,201–\$1,700 \$1 for each \$1 of earnings above \$1,700	1962
1965			1,500	125.00	\$1 for each \$2 of earnings from \$1,501–\$2,700 \$1 for each \$1 of earnings above \$2,700	1966
1967			1,680	140.00	\$1 for each \$2 of earnings from \$1,681-\$2,880 \$1 for each \$1 of earnings above \$2,880	1968
1972		Up to age 72	2,100	175.00	\$1 for each \$2 of earnings above \$2,100	1973
1973			2,400	200.00	\$1 for each \$2 of earnings above \$2,400	1974
			<sup>5</sup> 2,520 <sup>5</sup> 2,760	<sup>5</sup> 210.00 <sup>5</sup> 230.00	\$1 for each \$2 of earnings above \$2,520 \$1 for each \$2 of earnings above \$2,760	1975 1976
			<sup>5</sup> 3,000	<sup>5</sup> 250.00	\$1 for each \$2 of earnings above \$3,000	1977
			For beneficiari	es who have	not reached full retirement age <sup>6</sup>	
1977			<sup>5</sup> \$3,240	<sup>5</sup> \$270.00	\$1 for each \$2 of earnings above \$3,240	1978
			<sup>5</sup> 3,480 <sup>5</sup> 3,720	<sup>5</sup> 290.00 <sup>5</sup> 310.00	\$1 for each \$2 of earnings above \$3,480	1979
			<sup>5</sup> 4,080	<sup>5</sup> 340.00	\$1 for each \$2 of earnings above \$3,720 \$1 for each \$2 of earnings above \$4,080	1980 1981
			<sup>5</sup> 4,440	<sup>5</sup> 370.00	\$1 for each \$2 of earnings above \$4,440	1982
			<sup>5</sup> 4,920	<sup>5</sup> 410.00	\$1 for each \$2 of earnings above \$4,920	1983
			<sup>5</sup> 5,160	<sup>5</sup> 430.00	\$1 for each \$2 of earnings above \$5,160	1984
			<sup>5</sup> 5,400	<sup>5</sup> 450.00	\$1 for each \$2 of earnings above \$5,400	1985
			<sup>5</sup> 5,760	<sup>5</sup> 480.00	\$1 for each \$2 of earnings above \$5,760	1986
			<sup>5</sup> 6,000 <sup>5</sup> 6,120	<sup>5</sup> 500.00 <sup>5</sup> 510.00	\$1 for each \$2 of earnings above \$6,000 \$1 for each \$2 of earnings above \$6,120	1987 1988
			<sup>5</sup> 6,480	<sup>5</sup> 540.00	\$1 for each \$2 of earnings above \$6,480	1989
			<sup>5</sup> 6,840	<sup>5</sup> 570.00	\$1 for each \$2 of earnings above \$6,840	1990
			<sup>5</sup> 7,080	<sup>5</sup> 590.00	\$1 for each \$2 of earnings above \$7,080	1991
			<sup>5</sup> 7,440	<sup>5</sup> 620.00	\$1 for each \$2 of earnings above \$7,440	1992
			<sup>5</sup> 7,680	<sup>5</sup> 640.00	\$1 for each \$2 of earnings above \$7,680	1993
			<sup>5</sup> 8,040	<sup>5</sup> 670.00	\$1 for each \$2 of earnings above \$8,040	1994
			<sup>5</sup> 8,160 <sup>5</sup> 8,280	<sup>5</sup> 680.00 <sup>5</sup> 690.00	\$1 for each \$2 of earnings above \$8,160 \$1 for each \$2 of earnings above \$8,280	1995 1996
			<sup>5</sup> 8,640	<sup>5</sup> 720.00	\$1 for each \$2 of earnings above \$8,640	1996
			<sup>5</sup> 9,120	<sup>5</sup> 760.00	\$1 for each \$2 of earnings above \$9,120	1998
			<sup>5</sup> 9,600	<sup>5</sup> 800.00	\$1 for each \$2 of earnings above \$9,600	1999

		Earnings	Amount permitted without reduction in benefits (exempt amount)			
Year enacted	Beneficiaries exempt	subject to test	Annual earnings	Monthly wages <sup>2</sup>	Reduction in monthly benefits <sup>1</sup>	Effective year
			For benefic	iaries who have	e reached full retirement age <sup>6</sup>	
1977			<sup>7</sup> \$4,000 <sup>7</sup> 4,500 <sup>7</sup> 5,000 <sup>7</sup> 5,500	<sup>7</sup> \$333.33 <sup>7</sup> 375.00 <sup>7</sup> 416.66 <sup>7</sup> 458.33	\$1 for each \$2 of earnings above \$4,000 \$1 for each \$2 of earnings above \$4,500 \$1 for each \$2 of earnings above \$5,000 \$1 for each \$2 of earnings above \$5,500	1978 1979 1980 1981
1981	Aged 70 or older	Up to age 70	<sup>7</sup> 6,000 5 6,600 <sup>5</sup> 6,960 <sup>5</sup> 7,320	<sup>7</sup> 500.00 <sup>5</sup> 550.00 <sup>5</sup> 580.00 <sup>5</sup> 610.00	<ul> <li>\$1 for each \$2 of earnings above \$6,000</li> <li>\$1 for each \$2 of earnings above \$6,600</li> <li>\$1 for each \$2 of earnings above \$6,960</li> <li>\$1 for each \$2 of earnings above \$7,320</li> </ul>	1982 1983 1983 1984 1985
			<sup>5</sup> 7,800 <sup>5</sup> 8,160 <sup>5</sup> 8,400 <sup>5</sup> 8,880	<sup>5</sup> 650.00 <sup>5</sup> 680.00 <sup>5</sup> 700.00 <sup>5</sup> 740.00	\$1 for each \$2 of earnings above \$7,800 \$1 for each \$2 of earnings above \$8,160 \$1 for each \$2 of earnings above \$8,400 \$1 for each \$2 of earnings above \$8,880	1986 1987 1988 1989
1983			<sup>5</sup> 9,360 <sup>5</sup> 9,720 <sup>5</sup> 10,200 <sup>5</sup> 10,560 <sup>5</sup> 11,160 <sup>5</sup> 11,280	5 780.00 5 810.00 5 850.00 5 880.00 5 930.00 5 940.00	<ul> <li>\$1 for each \$3 of earnings above exempt amount</li> <li>\$1 for each \$3 of earnings above \$9,360</li> <li>\$1 for each \$3 of earnings above \$9,720</li> <li>\$1 for each \$3 of earnings above \$10,200</li> <li>\$1 for each \$3 of earnings above \$10,560</li> <li>\$1 for each \$3 of earnings above \$11,160</li> <li>\$1 for each \$3 of earnings above \$11,280</li> </ul>	1990 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995
1996			12,500 13,500 14,500 15,500	<sup>8</sup> 1,041.67 1,125.00 <sup>9</sup> 1,208.33 <sup>10</sup> 1,291.67	\$1 for each \$3 of earnings above \$12,500 \$1 for each \$3 of earnings above \$13,500 \$1 for each \$3 of earnings above \$14,500 \$1 for each \$3 of earnings above \$15,500	1996 1997 1998 1999
2000			Earnings	test eliminated	y 11	2000
			For beneficiaries	who will not re	ach full retirement age during year <sup>6</sup>	
2000			<sup>5</sup> \$10,080 <sup>5</sup> 10,680	<sup>5</sup> \$840 <sup>5</sup> 890	\$1 for each \$2 of earnings above \$10,080 \$1 for each \$2 of earnings above \$10,680	2000 2001
			For beneficiarie	es who will read	h full retirement age during year <sup>6</sup>	
2000			\$17,000 25,000 30,000	<sup>12</sup> \$1,416.67 <sup>13</sup> 2,083.33 2,500.00	\$1 for each \$3 of earnings above \$17,000 \$1 for each \$3 of earnings above \$25,000 \$1 for each \$3 of earnings above \$30,000	2000 2001 2002

#### Table 2.A29.—Earnings (retirement) test—Continued

<sup>1</sup> Earnings of retired-worker beneficiary affect total monthly family benefit. Earnings of dependent or survivor beneficiary affect only his or her benefit. However, effective January 1985, earnings of retired-worker beneficiary do not affect benefit to divorced spouse who has been divorced at least 2 years. Effective for benefits after December 1990, the 2-year requirement is waived, if the worker was entitled to benefits before the divorce.

<sup>2</sup>Monthly test for self-employment income is defined in terms of substantial services. For taxable years beginning after Dec. 31, 1977, monthly test eliminated for both wage and self-employment income except that each individual may use monthly test for 1 grace year, usually the year of retirement.

<sup>3</sup>Applied to self-employment income only.

<sup>4</sup> Special provisions for earnings in noncovered employment outside the United States.

<sup>5</sup>Became effective due to automatic adjustment provisions mandated by 1972 and 1973 legislation.

<sup>6</sup>Age 65 for beneficiaries who attain age 62 (age 60 for widows and widowers) before 2000, gradually increasing to age 67 for beneficiaries who attain age 62 in 2022 or later.

<sup>7</sup>Discretionary increase included in 1977 legislation.

<sup>8</sup>Actual amount is \$1,041.66 2/3.

<sup>9</sup>Actual amount is \$1,208.33 1/3.

<sup>10</sup> Actual amount is \$1,291.66 2/3.

<sup>11</sup> Public Law 106–182, enacted Apr. 7, 2000, eliminated the earnings test beginning with the month a beneficiary reaches full retirement age (FRA). The annual earnings test that applies in the year of attainment of FRA is based on the annual limits established under P.L. 104–121 (including the \$1 for \$3 withholding rate). In determining annual earnings for purposes of the annual earnings test under this legislation, only earnings before the month of attainment of FRA will be considered. Public Law 106–182 did not change the annual exempt amount for beneficiaries who are under FRA throughout the year, which continues to be pegged to increases in the average wage.

<sup>12</sup> Actual amount is \$1.416.66 2/3.

13 Actual amount is \$2,083.33 1/3.

#### Table 2.A30.—Earnings guidelines<sup>1</sup> regarding substantial gainful activity (SGA), 1961–2001

	Average monthly amounts of earnings for—						
	Nonblind beneficiaries <sup>2</sup>						
Year	Maximum	Minimum	Blind beneficiaries <sup>3</sup>				
1961–1965 1966–June 1968 July 1968–1973 1974–1975	\$100 125 140 200	\$50 75 90 130	(4) (4) (4) (4)				
1976 1977 1978 1979	230 240 260 280	150 160 170 180	(4) (4) \$334 375				
1980 1981 1982 1983–1989	300 300 300 300 300	190 190 190 190	417 459 500 (5)				
1990 1991 1992 1993	500 500 500 500	300 300 300 300 300	780 810 850 880				
1994 1995 1996 1997	500 500 500 500	300 300 300 300 300	930 940 960 1,000				
1998 January–June 1999 July 1999 January 2000 January 2001	500 500 700 700 6 740	300 300 300 300 300 300	1,050 1,110 1,110 1,170 7 1,240				

<sup>1</sup> Earnings are net of any wage subsidies and impairment-related expenses. SGA guidelines for self-employed individuals differ from the guidelines for wage earners. Self-employment activity is generally examined in terms of time spent and degree of effort, as compared to that of nondisabled self-employed individuals.

<sup>2</sup> Earnings above the maximum amount ordinarily demonstrate SGA; earnings below the minimum amount show that SGA has not occurred. When earnings are between the minimum and maximum, other factors are considered.

<sup>3</sup> The 1977 amendments provided that, effective 1978, earnings of blind beneficiaries would be evaluated under different SGA guidelines than nonblind beneficiaries. <sup>4</sup> Pre-1978 guidelines are the same as those applicable to nonblind beneficiaries.

<sup>5</sup> Annual amounts were determined by automatic adjustments linked to increases in average wage level. The amounts equal the monthly exempt amounts under the earnings test applicable to beneficiaries who have reached full retirement age (see table 2.A29—fourth column, third bank—for the 1983–1995 amounts).

<sup>6</sup> Computed as follows: Nonblind SGA amount for 2000, multiplied by the ratio of the 1999 national average wage index to the 1998 index. Rounding is to the nearest multiple of \$10. (Had this computation produced a lower SGA level than the 2000 level, the 2000 level would have been used.)

<sup>7</sup> Computed as follows: Blind SGA amount for 1994, multiplied by the ratio of the 1999 national average wage index to the 1992 index. Rounding is to the nearest multiple of \$10. (Had this computation produced a lower SGA level than the 2000 level, the 2000 level would have been used.)

Year enacted	Definition of income	Individuals or couples with income exceeding—	Benefits included in gross income	Effective for taxable years—
		Marri	ed filing jointly	
1983	Modified adjusted gross income, <sup>1</sup> plus 50 percent of Social Security and Tier 1 Railroad Retirement benefits <sup>2</sup>		Lesser of one-half of Social Security and Tier 1 Railroad Retirement benefits <sup>2</sup> or one-half of income over \$32,000	Ending after Dec. 31, 1983
1993	Same as above	\$32,000 but not \$44,000	Same as above	Beginning after Dec. 31, 1993
		\$44,000	Lesser of 85 percent of Social Security and Tier 1 Railroad Retirement benefits <sup>2</sup> or the sum of \$6,000 plus 85 percent of income over \$44,000	
		Married filir	ng separate returns <sup>3</sup>	
1983	Same as above	0	Lesser of one-half of Social Security and Tier 1 Railroad Retirement benefits <sup>2</sup> or one-half of income	Ending after Dec. 31, 1983
1993	Same as above	0	Lesser of 85 percent of Social Security and Tier 1 Railroad Retirement benefits <sup>2</sup> or 85 percent of income	Beginning after Dec. 31, 1993
-		Individuals in a	all other filing categories	
1983	Same as above	\$25,000	Lesser of one-half of Social Security and Tier 1 Railroad Retirement benefits <sup>2</sup> or one-half of income over \$25,000	Ending after Dec. 31, 1983
1993	Same as above	\$25,000 but not \$34,000	Same as above	Beginning after Dec. 31, 1993
		\$34,000	Lesser of 85 percent of Social Security and Tier 1 Railroad Retirement benefits <sup>2</sup> or 85 percent of income over \$34,000	

<sup>1</sup> Adjusted gross income (before Social Security or Railroad Retirement benefits are considered), plus tax-exempt interest income, with further modification of adjusted gross income in some cases involving certain tax provisions of limited applicability among the beneficiary population. <sup>2</sup> Includes workers' compensation benefits to the extent they cause a reduction in Social Security or Tier 1 Railroad Retirement disability benefits. <sup>3</sup> Includes only married taxpayers filing separately who lived with their spouse at any time during the tax year; married individuals filing separately who did not live with their spouse are treated the same as unmarried individuals.

											enefits included ss income
Modified adjusted gross income <sup>1</sup>	Amount of benefits <sup>2</sup>	One-half of bene- fits <sup>2</sup>	Income to be compared with base amount	Relevant base amount <sup>3</sup>	Income in excess of base amount	One-half of excess	85 percent of excess income	Lower of one-half of benefits, or one-half of income between upper and lower base amounts	85 percent of benefits	If income does not exceed upper base amount— lesser of one-half of benefits or one-half of income over base amount	If income exceeds upper base amount— lesser of 85 percent of benefits or one-half of income between base amounts plus 85 percent of income over upper base amount
А	В	С	D = A + C	Е	F = D - E	G = F / 2	H = .85 F	I	J = .85 B	K = lesser of C or G	L = lesser of J or I + H
		Married filing jointly									
\$25,000 \$28,000 \$33,000 \$38,000 \$40,000 \$43,000 \$45,000	\$10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000	\$5,000 5,000 5,000 5,000 5,000 5,000 5,000	\$30,000 33,000 38,000 43,000 45,000 48,000 50,000	\$32,000 32,000 32,000 44,000 44,000 44,000	0 \$1,000 6,000 11,000 4,000 6,000	\$500 3,000 5,500	\$850 3,400 5,100	\$5,000 5,000 5,000	\$8,500 8,500 8,500	\$500 3,000 5,000	\$5,850 8,400 8,500
					Ма	rried filing se	parate returns	4			
0 \$2,000 \$4,000 \$10,000 \$20,000	\$6,000 6,000 6,000 6,000 6,000	\$3,000 3,000 3,000 3,000 3,000	\$3,000 5,000 7,000 13,000 23,000	0 0 0 0	\$3,000 5,000 7,000 13,000 23,000	···· ··· ···	\$2,550 4,250 5,950 11,050 19,550	0 0 0 0 0	\$5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100	···· ··· ···	\$2,550 4,250 5.100 5,100 5,100
	Individuals in all other filing categories										
\$20,000 \$25,000 \$30,000 \$32,000 \$35,000 \$40,000	\$8,000 8,000 8,000 8,000 8,000 8,000	\$4,000 4,000 4,000 4,000 4,000 4,000	\$24,000 29,000 34,000 36,000 39,000 44,000	\$25,000 25,000 25,000 34,000 34,000 34,000	0 \$4,000 9,000 2,000 5,000 10,000	\$2,000 4,500 	\$1,700 4,250 8,500	\$4,000 4,000 4,000	\$6,800 6,800 6,800	\$2,000 4,000	\$5,700 6,800 6,800

Table 2.A32.—Taxation of Socia	Security benefits: Examples
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<sup>1</sup> Adjusted gross income (before Social Security or Railroad Retirement benefits are considered), plus tax-exempt interest income, with further modification of adjusted gross income in some cases involving certain tax provisions of limited applicability among the beneficiary population.

<sup>2</sup> Social Security and Tier 1 Railroad Retirement benefits, including workers' compensation benefits to the extent they cause a reduction in either of these two types of benefits.

<sup>3</sup> For married couples filing joint returns, up to 50 percent of benefits are subject to income tax if gross income is over \$32,000 but less than \$44,000. If gross income is less than \$32,000, none of the Social Security benefits will be taxable. If gross income exceeds \$44,000, up to 85 percent of Social Security benefits will be taxable income. Similar lower and upper level thresholds or "base amounts" for single individuals are \$25,000 and \$34,000. There is no similar threshold or base amount for married individuals who live together but file separate returns (for example, up to 85 percent of Social Security benefits in those cases may be considered taxable income).

<sup>4</sup> Includes only married taxpayers filing separately who lived with their spouse at any time during the tax year; married individuals filing separately who did not live with their spouse at any time during the tax year; married individuals filing separately who did not live with their spouse are treated the same as unmarried individuals.

#### Table 2.B1.—Federal benefit rates

		Amou	nt <sup>2</sup>	
Act	Living arrangement <sup>1</sup>	Individual	Couple	Condition
1972	Own household <sup>3</sup>	\$130.00	\$195.00	Was to be effective Jan. 1, 1974; superseded by 1973 provision.
1973		140.00	210.00	Effective Jan. 1, 1974.
1973		146.00	219.00	Effective July 1, 1974.
1974				Mechanism established for providing cost-of-living adjustments.
		157.70	236.60	Effective July 1, 1975.
		167.80	251.80	Effective July 1, 1976.
		177.70	266.70	Effective July 1, 1977.
		189.40	284.10	Effective July 1, 1978.
		208.20	312.30	Effective July 1, 1979.
		238.00	357.00	Effective July 1, 1980.
		264.70	397.00	Effective July 1, 1981.
		284.30	426.40	Effective July 1, 1982.
1983		304.30	456.40	Effective July 1, 1983 (general benefit increase).
		314.00	472.00	Effective Jan. 1, 1984.
		325.00	488.00	Effective Jan. 1, 1985.
		336.00	504.00	Effective Jan. 1, 1986.
		340.00	510.00	Effective Jan. 1, 1987.
		354.00	532.00	Effective Jan. 1, 1988.
		368.00	553.00	Effective Jan. 1, 1989.
		386.00	579.00	Effective Jan. 1, 1990.
		407.00	610.00	Effective Jan. 1, 1991.
		422.00	633.00	Effective Jan. 1, 1992.
		434.00	652.00	Effective Jan. 1, 1993.
		446.00	669.00	Effective Jan. 1, 1994.
		458.00	687.00	Effective Jan. 1, 1995.
		470.00	705.00	Effective Jan. 1, 1996.
		484.00	726.00	Effective Jan. 1, 1997.
		494.00	741.00	Effective Jan. 1, 1998.
		500.00	751.00	Effective Jan. 1, 1999.
		513.00	769.00	Effective Jan. 1, 2000.
		531.00	796.00	Effective Jan. 1, 2001.
1972	Receiving institutional care	25.00	50.00	Effective Jan. 1, 1974. Must be receiving more than 50 percent of the cost of the
	covered by Medicaid			care from Medicaid (Title XIX of the Social Security Act).
1987		30.00	60.00	Effective July 1, 1988. Must be receiving more than 50 percent of the cost of the care from Medicaid (Title XIX of the Social Security Act).

<sup>1</sup> For those in another person's household receiving support and maintenance there, the federal benefit rate is reduced by one-third.
<sup>2</sup> For those without countable income. These payments are reduced by the amount of countable income of the individual or couple.
<sup>3</sup> Includes persons in private institutions whose care is not provided by Medicaid.

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			Hospital Insura	nce			Supplement	ary Medical Insu	urance	
	All expen	ses in "benef	it period" covere	ed except—				Mont	hly premiu	im
	Inpatient		it hospital insurance							ernment nts for—
Beginning <sup>1</sup> —	hospital deductible (IHD) covers first 60 days	Days 61 through 90 (1/4 X IHD)	Lifetime reserve days after 90 days (1/2 X IHD)	Skilled nursing facility daily coinsurance after 20 days (1/8 X IHD)	Monthly premium <sup>2</sup>	Annual deductible	Coinsurance (in percents)	For enrollee (aged and disabled) <sup>3</sup>	Aged	Disabled <sup>3</sup>
July:										
1966 1967 1968 1969	\$40 40 40 44	\$10 10 10 11	(4) (4) 20 22	(4) \$5.00 5.00 5.50	···· ···	\$50 50 <sup>5</sup> 50 50	20 20 <sup>5</sup> 20 20	\$3.00 3.00 <sup>6</sup> 4.00 4.00	\$3.00 3.00 <sup>6</sup> 4.00 4.00	· · · · · · · · ·
	52	13	22				20	5.30	5.30	
1970 1971 1972	52 60 68	13 15 17	20 30 34	6.50 7.50 8.50	••••	50 50 50	20 20 720	5.60 5.80	5.60 5.80	· · · · · ·
1973 1974	72 84	18 21	36 42	9.00 10.50	\$33 36	60 60	20 20 20	<sup>8</sup> 6.30 6.70	6.30 6.70	\$22.70 29.30
1975 1976	92 104	23 26	46 52	11.50 13.00	40 45	60 60	20 20	6.70 7.20	8.30 14.20	30.30 30.80
1977 1978 1979	124 144 160	31 36 40	62 72 80	15.50 18.00 20.00	54 63 69	60 60 60	20 20 20	7.70 8.20 8.70	16.90 18.60 18.10	42.30 41.80 41.30
1980	180	40	90	20.00	78	60	20	9.60	23.00	41.40
1981 1982	204 260	51 65	102 130	25.50 32.50	89 113	<sup>910</sup> 60 <sup>11</sup> 75	<sup>10</sup> 20 <sup>11</sup> 20	11.00 12.20	34.20 37.00	62.20 72.00
1983	304	76	152	38.00	113	75	20	12.20	41.80	80.00
January: 1984	356	89	178	44.50	155	75	20	14.60	43.80	94.00
1985 1986 1987	400 492 520	100 123 130	200 246 260	50.00 61.50 65.00	174 214 226	75 75 75	20 20 20	15.50 15.50 17.90	46.50 46.50 53.70	89.90 66.10 88.10
1988	540 <sup>12</sup> 560	135	270	67.50 <sup>13</sup> 25.50	234	75	20 20	24.80 <sup>14</sup> 31.90	74.40 83.70	72.40 40.70
1989 1990 1991 1992	592 628 652	(12) 148 157 163	(12) 296 314 326	74.00 78.50 81.50	156 175 177 192	75 75 100 100	20 20 20	28.60 29.90 31.80	85.80 95.30 89.80	59.60 82.10 129.80
1993	676	169	338	84.50	221	100	20	36.60	104.40	129.20
1994 1995 1996	696 716 736	174 179 184	348 358 368	87.00 89.50 92.00	<sup>15</sup> 245 <sup>15</sup> 261 <sup>15</sup> 289	100 100 100	20 20 20	41.10 46.10 42.50	82.50 100.10 127.30	111.10 165.50 167.70
1997 1998	760 764	190 191	380 382	95.00 95.50	<sup>15</sup> 311 <sup>15</sup> 309	100 100	20 20	43.80 43.80	131.40 132.00	177.00 150.40
1999 2000	768 776	192 194	384 388	96.00 97.00	<sup>15</sup> 309 <sup>15</sup> 301	100 100	20 20	45.50 45.50	139.10 138.30	160.50 196.70
2001	792	198	396	99.00	<sup>15</sup> 300	100	20	50.00	152.00	214.40

#### Table 2.C1.—Medicare cost sharing and premium amounts, 1966–2001

<sup>1</sup>The HI and SMI deductible and coinsurance amounts begin in January unless otherwise noted. The HI and SMI monthly premium amounts were effective

in July through 1983. Monthly premium amounts begin in January in 1984 and succeeding years.

<sup>2</sup> Premium paid for voluntary participation of individuals aged 65 or older not otherwise entitled to Hospital Insurance and of certain disabled individuals who have exhausted other entitlement.

<sup>3</sup> Beginning in July 1973 for the disabled.

<sup>4</sup> Benefit not provided.

<sup>5</sup> Professional inpatient services of pathologists and radiologists not subject to deductible or coinsurance, beginning in April 1968.

<sup>6</sup> Beginning in April 1968.

<sup>7</sup> Home health services not subject to coinsurance, beginning in January 1973.

<sup>8</sup> Monthly premium for July and August 1973 was reduced to \$5.80 and \$6.10, respectively, by the Cost of Living Council.

<sup>9</sup> Home health services not subjected to deductible.

<sup>10</sup> Same as footnote 5, but only when physician accepts assignment.

<sup>11</sup> Effective Oct. 1, 1982 professional inpatient services of pathologists and radiologists are subject to deductible and coinsurance.

<sup>12</sup> Unlike all other years, the 1989 deductible was applied on an annual, rather than a benefit period, basis. Once the deductible was paid by the beneficiary, Medicare paid the balance of expenses for covered hospital services, regardless of the number of days of hospitalization (except for psychiatric hospital care, which was still limited by the 190–day lifetime maximum).

<sup>13</sup> The coinsurance amount in 1989 was equal to 20 percent of the estimated national average daily cost of covered skilled nursing facility care, rather than 1/8 of the inpatient hospital deductible. The beneficiary paid the coinsurance amount for the first 8 days of care in 1989, rather than for days of care 21 to 100 in a benefit period as in all other years. Skilled nursing facility benefits were available for up to 150 days of care per year in 1989, rather than for up to 100 days of care per benefit period as in all other years.

<sup>14</sup> Includes the standard monthly SMI premium and a supplemental monthly flat premium under the Medicare Catastrophic Coverage Act of 1988. Amount shown is for most Part B enrollees. Residents of Puerto Rico and other territories and commonwealths, as well as persons enrolled in Part B only, paid different supplemental flat premiums resulting in a smaller premium than that shown.

<sup>15</sup> A reduced premium is available to individuals aged 65 or older who are not otherwise entitled to HI but who have (or who were married to, widowed, or divorced from a spouse for certain periods of time who has or had) at least 30 quarters of Social Security coverage. The reduced premium is \$184, \$183, \$188, \$187, \$170, \$170, \$166, and \$165, for 1994 to 2001, respectively.

CONTACT: Rita L. DiSimone/Barbara Klees (202) 358-6221/ (410) 786-6388 for further information.

Table 2.C2.—Federal medical assistance percentage and enhanced federal medical assistance percentage

	Federal medical	assistance percentage 1		Enhanced federal medical	assistance percentage 2
State	2000 <sup>3</sup>	2001 4	2002 <sup>5</sup>	2001	2002
Alabama	69.57	69.99	70.45	78.99	79.32
Alaska	<sup>6</sup> 59.80	<sup>6</sup> 56.04	<sup>6</sup> 53.01	<sup>6</sup> 69.23	<sup>6</sup> 67.11
Arizona	65.92	65.77	64.98	76.04	75.49
Arkansas	72.85	73.02	72.64	81.11	80.85
California	51.67	51.25	51.40	65.88	65.98
Colorado	50.00	50.00	50.00	65.00	65.00
Connecticut	50.00	50.00	50.00	65.00	65.00
Delaware	50.00	50.00	50.00	65.00	65.00
District of Columbia	<sup>6</sup> 70.00	<sup>6</sup> 70.00	<sup>6</sup> 70.00	<sup>6</sup> 79.00	<sup>6</sup> 79.00
Florida	56.52	56.62	56.43	69.63	69.50
Georgia	59.88	59.67	59.00	71.77	71.30
	51.01	53.85	56.34	67.70	69.44
Hawaii					
Idaho	70.15	70.76	71.02	79.53	79.71
Illinois	50.00	50.00	50.00	65.00	65.00
Indiana	61.74	62.04	62.04	73.43	73.43
lowa	63.06	62.67	62.86	73.87	74.00
Kansas	60.03	59.85	60.20	71.90	72.14
Kentucky	70.55	70.39	69.94	79.27	78.96
Louisiana	70.32	70.53	70.30	79.37	79.21
Maine	66.22	66.12	66.58	76.28	76.61
Maryland	50.00	50.00	50.00	65.00	65.00
Massachusetts	50.00	50.00	50.00	65.00	65.00
Michigan	55.11	56.18	56.36	69.33	69.45
Minnesota	51.48	51.11	50.00	65.78	65.00
Mississippi	76.80	76.82	76.09	83.77	83.26
Missouri	60.51	61.03	61.06	72.72	72.74
Montana	72.30	73.04	72.83	81.13	80.98
Nebraska	60.88	60.38	59.55	72.27	71.69
Nevada	50.00	50.36	50.00	65.25	65.00
New Hampshire	50.00	50.00	50.00	65.00	65.00
New Jersey	50.00	50.00	50.00	65.00	65.00
New Mexico	73.32	73.80	73.04	81.66	81.13
New York	50.00	50.00	50.00	65.00	65.00
North Carolina	62.49	62.47	61.46	73.73	73.02
	70.42	69.99	69.87	78.99	78.91
North Dakota	70.42				76.91
Ohio	58.67	59.03	58.78	71.32	71.15
Oklahoma	71.09	71.24	70.43	79.87	79.30
Oregon	59.96	60.00	59.20	72.00	71.44
Pennsylvania	53.82	53.62	54.65	67.53	68.26
Rhode Island	53.77	53.79	52.45	67.65	66.72
South Carolina	69.95	70.44	69.34	79.31	78.54
South Dakota	68.72	68.31	65.93	77.82	76.15
Tennessee	63.10	63.79	63.64	74.65	74.55
Texas	61.36	60.57	60.17	72.40	72.12
Utah	71.55	71.44	70.00	80.01	79.00
Vermont	62.24	62.40	63.06	73.68	74.14
Virginia	51.67	51.85	51.45	66.30	66.02
	51.83	50.70	50.37		65.26
Washington				65.49	
West Virginia	74.78	75.34	75.27	82.74	82.69
Wisconsin	58.78	59.29	58.57	71.50	71.00
Wyoming	64.04	64.60	61.97	75.22	73.38
Outlying areas:					
American Samoa	<sup>7</sup> 50.00	<sup>7</sup> 50.00	<sup>7</sup> 50.00	<sup>7</sup> 65.00	<sup>7</sup> 65.00
Guam	<sup>7</sup> 50.00	<sup>7</sup> 50.00	<sup>7</sup> 50.00	<sup>7</sup> 65.00	<sup>7</sup> 65.00
Northern Mariana Islands	<sup>7</sup> 50.00	<sup>7</sup> 50.00	<sup>7</sup> 50.00	<sup>7</sup> 65.00	<sup>7</sup> 65.00
Puerto Rico	7 50.00	<sup>7</sup> 50.00	7 50.00	<sup>7</sup> 65.00	<sup>7</sup> 65.00
Virgin Islands	<sup>7</sup> 50.00	<sup>7</sup> 50.00	<sup>7</sup> 50.00	<sup>7</sup> 65.00	<sup>7</sup> 65.00

<sup>1</sup> Section 1905 (b) of the Social Security Act specifies the method to be used to compute the federal medical assistance percentage. From this section the following formula is derived:

N = 3-year average national per capita personal income

S = 3-year average state per capita personal income

Federal medical assistance percentage:

State share =  $(S^2/N^2) \times 45$  or  $(45/N^2) \times S^2$ 

Federal share = 100 - state share with 50–83% limits. <sup>2</sup>This is the title XXI enhanced federal medical assistance percentage rate specified in section 2105(b) of the act. The enhanced federal medical assistance percentage is limited to no more than 85%

<sup>3</sup>Effective Oct. 1, 1997, through Sept. 30, 1998.

<sup>4</sup>Effective Oct. 1, 1998, through Sept. 30, 1999.

<sup>5</sup>Effective Oct. 1, 2000, through Sept. 30, 2001.

<sup>6</sup> For 1998, 1999, and 2000, the values in the table were set for state plans under titles XIX and XXI and for capitation payments and disproportionate share hospital allotments under those titles. For other purposes, the percentage for Alaska is 52.26 and for the District of Columbia 50%.

<sup>7</sup> For purposes of section 1118 of the Social Security Act, the federal medical assistance percentage used under titles I, X, XIV, and XVI, and part A of title IV will be 75%.

CONTACT: Gene Moyer (202) 690-7861 for further information.

#### Table 2.F1.—Number of SSA offices, 2000

Organization	Number
SSA headquarters (Baltimore, Maryland)	1
Regional offices <sup>1</sup>	10
Field offices <sup>2</sup> Level 1 Level 2 Resident stations Teleservice centers	1,340 567 721 52 36
Program service centers <sup>3</sup>	6
Data operations centers <sup>4</sup>	1
Office of Hearings and Appeals: Headquarters (Falls Church, Virginia) Regional offices Hearing offices Satellite offices	1 10 139 4

<sup>1</sup> Regional offices are located in Boston, MA; New York, NY; Philadelphia, PA; Atlanta, GA; Chicago, IL; Dallas, TX; Kansas City, MO; Denver, CO; San Francisco, CA; and Seattle, WA.

<sup>2</sup> In December 1997, the field offices were redesignated as Level 1, 2, or resident stations depending on the characteristics of the facility, service area, and other conditions. <sup>3</sup> Program service centers are located in Jamaica, NY; Philadelphia, PA; Birmingham, AL; Chicago, IL; Kansas City, MO; and Richmond, CA.

<sup>4</sup> The data operations center is located in Wilkes-Barre, PA.

#### Table 2.F2.—Number and percentage of SSA employees, by grade, September 30, 2000<sup>1</sup>

Employees	Total	GS 1–4	GS 5–8	GS 9–12	GS13–15	SES
Total number <sup>2</sup>	61,038	1,616	20,428	32,079	6,915	127
Percent: Women	72.2	78.5	82.5	70.9	45.7	38.5
All minorities Black	40.9 27.1	45.1 32.3	54.5 35.3	35.8 24.3	23.4 15.7	35.4 22.8
Hispanic Asian or Pacific Islander	10.2 2.6	9.2 2.8	14.8 3.4	8.5 2.3	4.8 1.9	10.2 1.6
American Indian or Alaskan Native	1.0	.8	1.3	.7	1.0	.8
Employees with severe disabilities	2.3	10.3	3.8	1.2	.8	.8

<sup>1</sup> Data from SSA's Affirmative Employment Plan.

<sup>2</sup> Includes all full-time and part-time permanent employees.

## Table 2.F3.—Number of work years, fiscal years 1991–2000

Year	Full-time permanent staff <sup>1</sup>	Total work years <sup>2</sup>
1991 1992 1993 1994	63,715 62,398 61,640 62,434	66,040 68,135 66,623 66,741
1995 <sup>3</sup>	62,504 62,133 61,224 59,943 59,752 60,434	67,063 66,726 69,378 67,210 66,459 65,521

<sup>1</sup> On duty at end of fiscal year; includes seasonal employees.

<sup>2</sup> Includes full-time, part-time, and temporary employees; employees in special programs; and overtime hours worked.

<sup>3</sup> Includes 1,055 positions that were transferred from the Department of Health and Human Services to SSA when SSA became an independent agency (under P.L. 103-296, effective Mar. 31, 1995).

CONTACTS: Table 2.F1, Harold Atkins (410) 965-2367; table 2.F2, Nelson Izquierdo (410) 965-4364; and table 2.F3, Donna Frocke (410) 965-3094 for further information.

#### Table 2.F4.—Old-Age and Survivors Insurance, fiscal year 2000

-	[Numbers in thousands]				
	Number of claims				
Workload	Total	Worker	Family members and survivors		
Beginning-of-year pending Received Processed <sup>1</sup> End-of-year pending	3,356.2 3,379.9	23.3 1,869.7 1,876.5 16.5	29.8 1,486.5 1,503.4 12.8		

<sup>1</sup> See table 6.A1 for data on number of awards.

Source: Office of Information Management, Office of Systems, District Office Workload Report (DOWR).

#### Table 2.F5.—Disability Insurance, fiscal year 2000

[Numbers in thousands]

	Number of claims				
Workload	Total	Worker	Family members and survivors		
Beginning-of-year pending Received Processed <sup>1</sup> End-of-year pending	321.2 1,595.6 1,574.7 341.9	307.1 1,376.5 1,346.2 337.3	14.1 219.1 228.5 4.6		

<sup>1</sup> See table 6.A1 for data on number of awards.

Source: Office of Information Management, Office of Systems, DOWR.

#### Table 2.F6.—Supplemental Security Income, fiscal year 2000

[Numbers in thousands]

	Number of claims			
Workload	Total	Aged	Blind/disabled	
Beginning-of-year pending Received Processed <sup>1</sup> End-of-year pending	1,699.60 1,645.60	7.5 153.5 153.4 7.6	358.2 1,546.1 1,492.2 412.1	

<sup>1</sup> See table 7.A8 for data on number of awards.

Source: Office of Information Management, Office of Systems, DOWR.

CONTACT: Shirley Hodges (410) 965-0635 for further information.

#### Table 2.F7.—Accuracy rates and use of 800 telephone number, fiscal years 1995–2000

Item	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Accuracy rates (in percents)					
OASI payments:					
Index of dollar accuracy	99.7	99.8	99.8	99.6	(1)
Post-entitlement payment change accuracy <sup>2</sup> Payment review/stewardship results:	98.4	98.0	98.5	<sup>3</sup> 98.6	(1)
Excess payments	99.8	99.9	99.9	99.8	(1)
Underpayments	99.8	99.9	99.9	99.9	(1)
SSI payments: <sup>4</sup>					
Index of dollar accuracy <sup>5</sup>	93.4	93.0	93.9	94.2	(1)
Post-eligibility Payment review/stewardship results:	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Éxcess payments	94.5	94.7	93.5	94.3	(1)
Underpayments	98.8	98.9	98.8	98.3	(1)
Disability Insurance benefits: 6					
Initial claims	94.5	94.0	93.7	94.3	94.2
Allowances	96.5	95.9	96.1	96.5	97.0
Denials	93.6	93.1	92.3	93.0	92.4
Reconsideration	92.7	92.3	91.6	92.3	92.2
Reversals of denials	95.6	94.0	95.6	96.0	96.9
Affirmations of denials	92.3	92.0	90.9	91.6	91.3
National 800 number network (1-800-772-1213)					
Calls received (number in millions)	62.5	75.3	78.9	78.7	76.3
Average speed calls answered (in minutes)	3.0	1.9	2.7	2.0	2.5

<sup>1</sup> Data not available.

<sup>2</sup> Represents calendar year data.

<sup>3</sup> Preliminary data.

<sup>4</sup> Excludes determinations of disability.

<sup>6</sup> Prior to FY 1999, percentages exclude errors of less than \$5. Any payments to ineligible beneficiaries are included regardless of the dollar amount of the error.
<sup>6</sup> Represents cases free of decisional and documentation errors.

CONTACT: Janeen Marzoli/Jay Garrett (410) 965-0715/966-1111 for further information.

### Table 2.F8.—Workload of SSA's Administrative Law Judges (ALJs),<sup>1</sup> fiscal years 1999–2001

Item	1999	2000	2001 <sup>2</sup>
Number of ALJs	1,107	989	954
Average monthly hearing dispositions per ALJ	38	42	46
Average hearings pending per ALJ	289	348	354

<sup>1</sup> Excludes Regional Chief ALJs; based on average number of ALJs available during fiscal year 2000.
<sup>2</sup> Estimated data.

#### Table 2.F9.—Number of hearing receipts, dispositions, and end-of-year pending cases, fiscal years 2000–2001

	Hearing receipts		Hearing di	spositions	End-of-year pending cases	
Program	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000	2001
Total <sup>1</sup>	569,276	557,422	539,426	525,636	346,756	378,542
OASI Disability:	3,419	3,345	3,220	3,154	2,554	2,745
DISSI SSI DI/SSI Medicare (Parts A and B and adversarial) Black Lung	185,375 161,844 140,758 77,872 8	181,491 158,475 137,850 76,255 6	163,856 154,354 129,905 88,084 7	159,736 150,384 126,573 85,783 6	110,459 106,162 91,673 35,904 4	132,214 114,253 102,950 26,376 4

<sup>1</sup> Data estimated for 2001.

#### Table 2.F10.—Number of civil litigation cases, fiscal year 2000

Program	New cases	Court decisions <sup>1</sup>	Affirmations	Reversals	Dismissals	End-of-year pending cases
Total	14,747	12,173	4,799	746	801	26,366
OASI Disability:	109	160	67	12	26	244
DI	5,468	4,558	1,847	332	271	9,804
SSI	4,217	3,191	1,210	157	256	7,199
DI/SSI	4,922	4,262	1,675	245	246	9,090
SSI nondisability	9	6	0	0	2	29
Black Lung	0	0	0	0	0	0

<sup>1</sup> Includes 5,827 remands that may not be a final court decision.

## Table 2.F11.—Number of SSA Appeals Council cases, fiscal years 1999–2001

Cases	1999	2000	2001 <sup>1</sup>
Beginning-of-year pending	120,548	146,564	127,190
Receipts	115,150	100,950	91,370
Dispositions	91,173	134,191	128,580
End-of-year pending	144,525	113,323	89,980

<sup>1</sup> Estimated data.

CONTACTS: Tables 2.F8, 2.F9, 2.F11, Beverly Nateghi (703) 605-8788 and table 2.F10, Jack Sacchetti (410) 965-3177 for further information.

#### **3.A Social Welfare Expenditures**

Table 3.A1.—Gross domestic product and social welfare expenditures under public programs, fiscal years 1965–1995<sup>1</sup>

Item	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990 <sup>2</sup>	1992 <sup>2</sup>	1993 <sup>2</sup>	1994 <sup>2</sup>	1995
					Amount (ir	millions)				
Gross domestic product	\$701,000	\$1,023,100	\$1,590,800	\$2,718,900	\$4,108,000	\$5,682,900	\$6,149,300	\$6,476,600	\$6,837,100	\$7,186,900
Total social welfare expenditures <sup>3</sup> Social insurance Public aid Health and medical programs Veterans' programs Education Housing Other social welfare All health and medical care <sup>4</sup>	28,123 6,283 6,155 6,031 28,108 318 2,066	145,979 54,691 16,488 10,030 9,078 50,846 701 4,145 24,801	288,967 123,013 41,447 16,535 17,019 80,834 3,172 6,947 51,022	492,213 229,754 72,703 26,762 21,466 121,050 6,879 13,599 99,145	731,840 369,595 98,362 38,643 27,042 172,048 12,598 13,552 170,665	1,048,951 513,822 146,811 61,684 30,916 258,332 19,468 17,918 274,472	1,266,504 618,938 207,953 70,143 35,642 292,145 20,151 21,532 353,174	1,366,743 659,210 221,000 74,706 36,378 331,997 20,782 22,670 381,710	1,435,714 683,779 238,025 80,130 37,895 344,091 27,032 24,762 408,780	$\begin{array}{c} 1,505,136\\ 705,483\\ 253,530\\ 85,507\\ 39,072\\ 365,625\\ 29,361\\ 26,558\\ 435,075\\ \end{array}$
				As pe	rcent of gross	domestic pro	duct			
Gross domestic product	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Total social welfare expenditures Social insurance. Public aid Health and medical programs Veterans' programs Education Housing Other social welfare All health and medical care	4.0 .9 .9 4.0 (5) .3	14.3 5.3 1.6 1.0 .9 5.0 .1 .4 2.4	18.2 7.7 2.6 1.0 1.1 5.1 .2 .4 3.2	18.1 8.5 2.7 1.0 .8 4.5 .3 .5 3.6	17.8 9.0 2.4 .9 .7 4.2 .3 .3 .3	18.5 9.0 2.6 1.1 .5 4.5 .3 .3 .3 4.8	20.6 10.1 3.4 1.1 .6 4.8 .3 .4 5.7	21.1 10.2 3.4 1.2 .6 5.1 .3 .4 5.9	21.0 10.0 3.5 1.2 .6 5.0 .4 .4 .4 6.0	20.9 9.8 3.5 1.2 .5 5.1 .4 .4 6.1

<sup>1</sup> Through 1976, fiscal year ended June 30 for federal government, most states, and some localities. Beginning in 1977, federal fiscal year ended Sept. 30. <sup>2</sup> Revised data.

<sup>3</sup> Represents program and administrative expenditures from federal, state and local public revenues and trust funds under public law. Includes workers' compensation

and temporary disability insurance payments made through private carriers and self-insurers. Includes capital outlay and some expenditures abroad. <sup>4</sup> Combines "health and medical programs" with medical services provided in connection with social insurance, public aid, veterans', and "other social welfare"

categories.

<sup>5</sup> Less than 0.05 percent.

Source: Gross domestic product data from Department of Commerce, Survey of Current Business. GDP figures revised in 1996 to reflect changes in the source data. Social welfare expenditures data taken or estimated from Federal Budgets, Census of Governments, and reports of administering agencies. See table 3.A3 for components of individual categories.

The series Social Welfare Expenditures Under Public Programs in the United States is undergoing review and revision. Current data should be available beginning 2002.

CONTACT: Martynas Ycas (202) 358-6215 for further information.

#### Table 3.A3.—Social welfare expenditures under public programs, fiscal years 1965–1995<sup>1</sup>

	•			[In millions]	-					
Item	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990 <sup>2</sup>	1992 <sup>2</sup>	1993 <sup>2</sup>	1994 <sup>2</sup>	1995
Total	\$77,058.0	\$145,979.2	\$288,966.0	\$492,212.7	\$731,840.1	\$1,048,950.8	\$1,266,502.8	\$1,366,743.1	\$1,435,714.3	\$1,505,136.4
Social insurance OASDHI <sup>3</sup> Health Insurance (Medicare) <sup>4</sup>	28,122.8 16,997.5	54,691.2 36,835.4 7,149.0	123,013.1 78,429.9 14,781.4	229,754.4 152,110.4 34,991.5	369,595.2 257,535.1 71,384.3	513,821.8 355,264.5 109,709.0	618,938.1 416,564.0 132,246.3	659,209.9 449,276.8 148,093.5	683,778.7 477,339.7 161,392.7	705,483.3 496,355.8 164,713.3
Railroad Retirement <sup>3</sup> Public employee retirement <sup>5</sup> Unemployment insurance and	1,128.1 4,528.5	1,609.9 8,658.7	3,085.1 20,118.6	4,768.7 39,490.2	6,275.6 63,044.0	7,229.9 90,391.2	7,737.1 103,698.7	7,920.6 112,559.5	8,025.2 119,253.1	8,106.2 128,001.8
employment service <sup>6</sup>	3,002.6 76.7 46.5 483.5 1,859.4	3,819.5 38.5 61.1 717.7 2,950.4	13,835.9 41.6 32.9 990.0 6,479.1	18,326.4 155.4 68.7 1,377.4 13,457.2	18,343.8 138.4 50.6 1,944.1 22,263.6	19,973.7 64.6 40.3 3,224.2 37,633.4	41,166.0 67.4 27.5 4,009.4 45,668.0	40,720.8 60.3 25.9 3,316.0 45,330.0	31,251.1 53.5 29.3 3,200.8 44,626.0	26,302.0 48.4 30.0 3,189.1 43,450.0
Public aid Public assistance <sup>9</sup> Supplemental Security Income <sup>10</sup> Food Stamps Other <sup>11</sup>	6,283.5 5,874.9  35.6 373.0	16,487.8 14,433.5  577.0 1,477.3	41,446.6 27,409.4 6,091.6 4,693.9 3,251.7	72,703.1 45,064.3 8,226.5 9,083.3 10,329.0	98,361.8 66,170.2 11,840.0 12,512.7 7,838.9	146,811.1 105,093.8 17,230.4 16,254.5 8,232.4	207,953.0 152,018.2 23,423.2 23,232.9 9,278.7	220,999.8 160,625.0 26,506.2 24,496.7 9,371.9	238,025.3 171,755.1 30,085.5 25,273.6 10,911.1	253,530.0 187,219.0 30,138.0 25,319.0 10,854.0
Health and medical programs <sup>12</sup> Hospital and medical care <sup>13</sup> Maternal and child health program <sup>14</sup> Medical research School health (education agencies) Other public health activities Medical facilities construction	6,129.0 3,391.0 239.0 1,227.0 140.0 614.0 518.0	10,030.0 5,407.0 450.0 1,684.0 247.0 1,312.0 930.0	16,535.0 8,729.0 567.0 2,648.0 352.0 2,727.0 1,512.0	26,762.0 12,286.0 870.0 4,924.0 575.0 6,484.0 1,623.0	38,643.0 16,373.0 1,222.0 6,903.0 790.0 11,223.0 2,132.0	61,684.0 25,971.0 1,865.0 10,848.0 1,113.0 19,354.0 2,533.0	70,143.0 28,697.0 2,106.0 12,599.0 1,230.0 22,976.0 2,535.0	74,706.0 30,617.0 2,185.0 12,779.0 1,309.0 24,772.0 3,044.0	80,130.0 31,562.0 2,272.0 13,988.0 1,384.0 27,685.0 3,239.0	85,507.0 31,904.0 2,348.0 14,982.0 1,667.0 30,808.0 3,798.0
Veterans' programs Pensions and compensation <sup>15</sup> Health and medical programs Education Life insurance <sup>16</sup> Welfare and other	6,031.1 4,141.4 1,228.7 40.9 434.3 185.8	9,078.1 5,393.8 1,784.1 1,018.5 502.3 379.4	17,018.9 7,578.5 3,516.8 4,433.8 556.1 933.7	21,465.5 11,306.0 6,203.9 2,400.7 664.5 890.4	27,042.3 14,333.0 9,493.2 1,170.8 795.5 1,249.8	30,916.2 15,792.6 12,004.1 522.8 1,037.8 1,558.9	35,642.0 16,539.3 15,442.0 772.0 1,113.7 1,775.0	36,378.3 17,205.2 15,410.5 937.7 904.7 1,920.2	37,894.8 17,481.0 16,231.4 1,098.3 971.5 2,112.6	39,072.0 18,070.4 16,654.4 1,118.2 946.3 2,282.7
Education	28,107.8	50,845.5	80,834.1	121,049.6	172,047.5	258,331.6	292,144.6	331,996.8	344,091.0	365,625.3
Housing	318.1	701.2	3,171.7	6,879.0	12,598.5	19,468.5	20,150.6	20,782.3	27,032.0	29,361.1
Other social welfare Vocational rehabilitation <sup>17</sup> Institutional care <sup>18</sup> Child nutrition programs <sup>19</sup> Child welfare <sup>20</sup> Special OEO and ACTION programs <sup>21</sup> Social welfare, not elsewhere	2,065.7 210.5 789.5 617.4 354.3 51.7	4,145.4 703.8 201.8 896.0 585.4 752.8	6,946.6 1,036.4 296.1 2,517.6 597.0 638.3	13,599.1 1,251.1 482.4 4,852.3 800.0 2,302.7	13,551.8 1,536.7 379.6 5,308.5 200.0 503.8	17,917.6 2,126.6 629.4 7,165.4 252.6 169.4	21,531.5 2,446.8 684.4 8,775.8 273.9 193.8	22,670.0 2,379.1 721.5 9,392.4 294.6 208.3	24,762.5 2,560.1 783.1 10,099.1 294.6 204.4	26,557.7 2,630.3 874.0 10,653.4 292.0 222.0
classified <sup>22</sup>	42.3	1,005.6	1,861.2	3,910.6	5,623.2	7,574.2	9,156.8	9,674.1	10,821.2	11,886.0

<sup>1</sup> Expenditures from federal, state, and local revenues and trust funds under public law; includes capital outlays and administrative expenditures unless otherwise noted. Includes some payments abroad. Through 1976, fiscal year ended June 30 for federal government, most states, and some localities; for federal government, beginning in 1977, fiscal year ends Sept. 30. <sup>2</sup> Revised data.

<sup>3</sup> Excludes financial interchange between OASDI and Railroad Retirement.

<sup>4</sup> Hospital Insurance and Supplementary Medical Insurance. Included in total shown directly above.

<sup>5</sup> Excludes refunds of employee contributions; includes payments to retired military personnel and survivors. Administrative expenses for federal noncontributory retirement not available.
<sup>6</sup> Includes unemployment compensation under state programs, programs for federal military and civilian employees and trade adjustment and cash training allowances, and payments under extended, emergency, disaster, and special unemployment insurance programs.

<sup>7</sup> Cash and medical benefits in five areas; includes private plans where applicable and state costs of administering state plans and supervising private plans. Administrative expenses of private plans and all data for Hawaii not available.

<sup>8</sup> Cash and medical benefits paid under federal and state laws by private insurance carriers, state funds, and self-insurers. Beginning in 1959–60, includes Alaska and Hawaii. Administrative costs of private carriers and self-insurers not available. Beginning in 1969–70, includes federal "black lung" benefit program.

<sup>9</sup> Categorical cash and medical payments under the Social Security Act, and general assistance from state and local funds. Beginning in 1968–69, includes work-incentive activities. <sup>10</sup> Income-maintenance payments began in Jan. 1974.

<sup>11</sup> Work relief, other emergency aid, surplus food for the needy, repatriate and refugee assistance, and work-experience training programs. Beginning 1974 includes WIC program. Beginning in 1981, includes Low-Income Home Energy Assistance.

<sup>12</sup> Excludes state and local expenditures for domicilliary care in institutions other than mental and tuberculosis, and services in connection with OASDI, state temporary disability insurance, workers' compensation, public assistance, vocational rehabilitation, and veterans' programs which are included in expenditures for these programs.

<sup>13</sup> Civilian and Department of Defense programs (including medical care provided to military dependents).

<sup>14</sup> Includes services for disabled children.

<sup>15</sup> Includes burial awards. Beginning in 1964–65, includes special allowances for survivors of veterans who did not qualify under OASDI. Beginning in 1973–74, subsistence payments to disabled veterans undergoing training shifted from the pensions and compensation to the education subgroup.

<sup>16</sup> Excludes the service persons' group life insurance program.

<sup>17</sup> Beginning in 1973–74, excludes administrative expenses.

<sup>18</sup> Federal expenditures represent primarily surplus food for institutions.

<sup>19</sup> Surplus food for schools and programs under National School Lunch and Child Nutrition Acts.

<sup>20</sup> Represents primarily child welfare services under the Social Security Act. Beginning in 1968–69, excludes administrative expenses.

21 Includes domestic programs consolidated in 1971–72 under ACTION and special Office of Economic Opportunity programs. Beginning 1988, represents ACTION funds only.

<sup>22</sup> Federal expenditures include administrative and related expenses of the Secretary of Health and Human Services; Indian welfare and guidance, aging and juvenile delinquency, and certain manpower and human development activities. State and local expenditures include amounts for antipoverty and manpower programs, day care, child placement and adoption services, foster care, legal assistance, care of transients, and other unspecified welfare services; before 1969–70, these amounts were included with institutional care.

Source: Data taken or estimated from Federal Budgets, Census of Governments, and reports of administrative agencies.

## The series Social Welfare Expenditures Under Public Programs in the United States is undergoing review and revision. Current data should be available beginning 2002.

CONTACT: Martynas Ycas (202) 358-6215 for further information.

Table 3.A4.—Private social welfare expenditures, by category and as a percent of gross domestic product (GDP), 1980-1994 ---

			[In millions	]					
Category	1980	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994
Private social welfare expenditures Health <sup>1</sup> Personal health care Income maintenance Private pension payments Life insurance Short-term sickness and disability benefits . Long-term disability Supplemental unemployment Education <sup>2</sup> Welfare and other services	\$251,938 142,463 130,026 53,519 37,560 5,075 8,630 1,282 972 33,180 22,776	\$549,423 292,965 273,030 143,359 120,442 8,166 11,822 2,293 636 65,498 47,601	\$606,377 333,128 307,110 148,533 124,546 8,418 12,789 2,295 485 72,137 52,579	\$676,424 369,844 336,005 166,885 140,911 9,063 13,616 2,892 403 80,383 59,312	\$729,989 413,145 373,691 164,397 137,739 9,278 13,680 2,926 774 87,864 64,583	\$774,096 440,978 399,617 170,307 142,924 9,472 13,787 3,172 952 93,813 68,998	\$840,192 477,024 431,456 186,655 158,487 9,866 14,566 3,143 593 100,491 76,022	\$887,555 505,086 452,346 194,119 165,097 10,276 15,389 2,900 457 107,451 80,899	\$924,994 528,600 469,900 204,736 174,452 11,229 15,901 2,895 259 105,361 86,297
Social welfare expenditures as a percent of GDP: Total <sup>3</sup> Public <sup>4</sup> Private <sup>5</sup>	27.4 18.6 9.3	29.1 18.7 11.7	29.2 18.5 12.0	29.6 18.5 12.4	31.3 18.5 12.8	32.9 19.8 13.2	34.3 20.6 13.6	34.8 21.1 13.7	34.5 21.8 13.5

<sup>1</sup> Includes program administration and net cost of health insurance, research, and construction of medical facilities.

<sup>2</sup> Includes construction.

<sup>3</sup> Represents sum of public and private expenditures as a percent of GDP, after adjustment for elimination of overlap. The overlap occurs when payments received under public or private income-maintenance programs are used to purchase medical care, educational services, or residential care.
 <sup>4</sup> Represents fiscal year expenditures as a percent of federal fiscal year GDP.
 <sup>5</sup> Represents calendar year expenditures as a percent of calendar year GDP.

The series Social Welfare Expenditures Under Private Programs in the United States is undergoing review and revision. Current data should be available beginning 2002.

CONTACT: Martynas Ycas (202) 358-6215 for further information.

Table 3.B3.—Federal minimum wage rates under the Fair Labor Standards Act and average hourly earnings and average weekly hours for production workers in manufacturing, 1938-2000

		Minimum hourly wa in jobs first cov			Average for product in manufactu	
		1961 —	1966 and subse amendment		Gross hourly	Weekly
Effective date	1938 Act <sup>2</sup>	amendments <sup>3</sup>	Nonfarm	Farm	earnings	hours
October 24:		-				
1938	\$0.25				\$0.62	35.6
1939	.30				.63	37.7
1945	.40				1.02	43.5
January 25, 1950	.75				1.44	40.5
March 1, 1956	1.00				1.95	40.4
September 3:						
1961	1.15	\$1.00			2.32	39.8
1961	1.15	1.00			2.32	40.5
1964	1.25	1.15			2.40	40.3
1965	1.25	1.15			2.55	40.7
	1.20	1.20			2.01	71.2
February 1:	1 40	1 40	¢1.00	¢1.00	2.02	40.6
1967	1.40	1.40	\$1.00	\$1.00	2.83	40.6
1968	1.60	1.60	1.15	1.15	3.01	40.7
1969	1.60	1.60	1.30	1.30	3.19	40.6
1970	1.60	1.60	1.45	1.30	3.36	39.8
1971	1.60	1.60	1.60	1.30	3.57	39.9
May 1, 1974	2.00	2.00	1.90	1.60	4.42	40.0
January 1:						
1975	2.10	2.10	2.00	1.80	4.83	39.5
1976	2.30	2.30	2.20	2.00	5.22	40.1
1977	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.20	5.68	40.3
1978	2.65	2.65	2.65	2.65	6.17	40.4
1979	2.90	2.90	2.90	2.90	6.70	40.2
1980	3.10	3.10	3.10	3.10	7.27	39.7
1981	3.35	3.35	3.35	3.35	7.99	39.8
1982	3.35	3.35	3.35	3.35	8.49	38.9
1983	3.35	3.35	3.35	3.35	8.83	40.1
1984	3.35	3.35	3.35	3.35	9.19	40.7
1985	3.35	3.35	3.35	3.35	9.54	40.5
1986	3.35	3.35	3.35	3.35	9.73	40.3
1987	3.35	3.35	3.35	3.35	9.91	41.0
1988	3.35	3.35	3.35	3.35	10.19	41.0
1989	3.35	3.35	3.35	3.35	10.48	41.0
April 1:						
1990 <sup>5</sup>	3.80	3.80	3.80	3.80	10.83	40.8
1990 <sup>5</sup>	4.25	4.25	4.25	4.25	11.18	40.8
1992 <sup>5</sup>	4.25	4.25	4.25	4.25	11.46	41.0
1992 <sup>5</sup>	4.25	4.25	4.25	4.25	11.74	41.0
1994	4.25	4.25	4.25	4.25	12.07	42.0
1995	4.25	4.25	4.25	4.25	12.37	41.6
	4.75	4.75	4.75	4.75	12.77	41.6
October 1, 1996 <sup>5</sup> September 1, 1997 <sup>5</sup>	4.75	4.75 5.15	4.75 5.15	4.75	13.17	41.6
1998 <sup>5</sup>	5.15	5.15	5.15	5.15	13.49	42.0
1998 <sup>5</sup>	5.15	5.15	5.15	5.15	13.49	41.7
2000 <sup>5</sup>	5.15	5.15	5.15	5.15	14.38	41.7
2000	5.15	5.15	0.10	5.15	14.30	41.0

<sup>1</sup> For year in which minimum wage rate changes were effective.

<sup>2</sup> The 1938 Act was applicable generally to employees engaged in interstate commerce or in the production of goods for interstate commerce.

<sup>3</sup> The 1961 amendments extended coverage primarily to employees in large retail and service trades as well as local transit, construction, and gasoline service station

employees. <sup>4</sup> The 1966 amendments extended coverage to state and local government employees of hospitals, nursing homes, and schools, and to employees of laundries, dry cleaners, large hotels and motels, restaurants, and farms. Subsequent amendments extended coverage to the remaining federal, state, and local employees not protected in 1966, to certain workers in retail and service trades previously exempted, and to certain domestic workers in private household employment.

<sup>5</sup> A training wage may be paid for a period of 90 days to an employee who has not attained age 20. The training wage was \$3.35 per hour effective Apr. 1, 1990 and \$3.61 per hour effective Apr. 1, 1991, through Mar. 31, 1993. Effective Oct. 1, 1996, the training wage is \$4.25 per hour.

CONTACT: Greg Diez (410) 965-0153 for further information.

#### 3.C Interprogram Data

### Table 3.C3.—Selected social insurance programs: Source of funds from contributions, 1965–2000

[In millions]

Program and source	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Social Security Trust Funds: Old-Age and Survivors Insurance <sup>1</sup> Employer Employee Self-employed Taxation of benefits	\$16,017 7,618 7,440 959	\$30,257 14,489 14,204 1,564	\$56,815 27,184 26,947 2,684	\$103,456 49,731 49,436 4,289	\$178,010 83,682 83,400 7,720 3,208	\$270,507 125,272 124,481 15,906 4,848	\$309,906 143,978 143,335 17,103 5,490	\$327,764 153,388 152,628 15,277 6,471	\$357,104 165,563 164,667 19,448 7,426	\$380,113 176,564 174,786 19,614 9,149	\$407,023 188,461 187,160 20,503 10,899	\$432,977 200,431 198,736 22,216 11,594
Disability Insurance <sup>1</sup> Employer Employee Self-employed. Taxation of benefits	1,188 564 551 73	4,481 2,154 2,117 210	7,444 3,562 3,530 352	13,255 6,307 6,254 694	17,204 8,119 8,087 776 222	28,498 13,414 13,338 1,602 144	54,695 25,665 25,545 3,144 341	57,651 27,299 27,160 2,819 373	56,473 26,437 26,279 3,287 470	59,485 28,064 27,772 3,091 558	63,827 29,936 29,730 3,500 661	71,813 33,971 33,701 3,420 721
Medicare Trust Funds: Hospital Insurance <sup>1</sup> Employer Self-employed Voluntarily insured <sup>2</sup> Taxation of benefits	···· ···· ···	4,880 2,379 2,332 169	11,510 5,578 5,530 395 7	23,866 11,591 11,518 739 18	47,173 22,613 22,549 1,970 41	71,753 33,850 33,635 4,146 122	103,301 45,839 45,852 6,743 954 3,913	115,853 52,414 52,419 5,752 1,199 4,069	119,546 53,345 53,348 7,976 1,319 3,558	130,700 57,849 57,849 8,619 1,316 5,067	140,306 61,826 61,826 8,655 1,447 6,552	154,520 67,526 67,526 9,299 1,382 8,787
Supplementary Medical Insurance <sup>1,3</sup> Aged Disabled	 	1,096 1,096	1,917 1,759 158	3,011 2,707 304	5,613 5,105 508	11,319 10,311 1,008	19,717 17,651 2,066	18,763 16,654 2,109	19,289 17,079 2,210	20,932 18,594 2,338	18,966 16,604 2,362	20,556 17,892 2,664
Railroad Retirement <sup>4</sup> Employer Employee Self-employed	647 315 315 17	968 510 439 19	1,506 1,146 356 4	2,630 1,722 594 313	4,626 2,417 1,110 1,099	4,316 2,512 1,209 595	4,032 2,592 1,265 175	4,261 2,664 1,316 281	4,273 2,707 1,355 211	(5) (5) (5) (5)	(5) (5) (5) (5)	(5) (5) (5) (5)
Federal Civil Service <sup>6</sup> Employer Employee	2,197 1,123 1,073	3,870 2,001 1,869	9,507 6,905 2,600	19,986 16,220 3,766	27,160 22,472 4,688	31,869 27,368 4,501	37,628 33,174 4,454	38,097 33,720 4,377	39,745 35,376 4,369	(5) (5) (5)	(5) (5) (5)	(5) (5) (5)
State and local government <sup>7</sup> Employer Employee	4,225 2,525 1,700	7,895 4,920 2,975	14,560 9,880 4,680	25,654 18,776 6,878	37,455 27,699 9,756	41,700 29,300 12,400	59,611 41,011 18,600	60,898 41,528 19,370	(5) (5) (5)	(5) (5) (5)	(5) (5) (5)	(5) (5) (5)

<sup>1</sup> For OASDI-HI contribution rates and wage base, see table 2.A3. Beginning in 1952 (1959 for DI, 1968 for HI) employer and employee contributions differ by estimated amount of refunds of employee tax overpayments and, beginning in 1966, by employee tax on tips. For SMI premium rates, see table 2.C1.

<sup>2</sup> Beginning in July 1973, aged ineligibles may voluntarily enroll for HI.

<sup>3</sup> Includes premiums paid on behalf of eligibles by state governments under "buy-in" arrangements.

<sup>4</sup> Beginning in 1966, excludes HI contributions and includes employer contributions to supplemental benefit account.

<sup>5</sup> Data not available.

<sup>6</sup> Employer share represents federal and District of Columbia government contributions; employee share includes voluntary contributions to purchase additional annuity. Peginning in 1980, estimated by the Social Security Administration from fiscal year data. <sup>7</sup> Estimated by Social Security Administration from U.S. Census Bureau fiscal year data. Employer share represents government contribution.

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Table 3.C4.—Social Security and selected public assistance programs: Average monthly amount in current and 2000 dollars, 1950-2000

			e monthly So in current-pay	cial Security bene ment status	efit				
	Consumer Price Index,	Retired wo	rkers	Widowed moth and 2 ch		Old-Age Assis Supplemental Secu		Temporary As for Needy Fa	
Period	all items <sup>1</sup> (1982-84 = 100)	Current dollars	2000 dollars	Current dollars	2000 dollars	Current dollars	2000 dollars	Current dollars	2000 dollars
December:						ΙΙ			
1950	25.0	\$43.86	\$305.27	\$93.90	\$653.54	\$43.05	\$299.63	\$20.85	\$145.12
1951	26.5	42.14	276.69	93.80	615.89	44.55	292.52	22.00	144.45
1952	26.7	49.25	320.96	106.00	690.79	48.80	318.02	23.45	152.82
1953	26.9	51.10	330.54	111.90	723.81	48.90	316.30	23.20	150.07
1954	26.7	59.14	385.41	130.50	850.45	48.70	317.37	23.25	151.52
1955	26.8	61.90	401.89	135.40	879.09	50.05	324.95	23.50	152.57
1956	27.6	63.09	397.74	141.00	888.91	53.25	335.71	24.80	156.35
1957	28.4	64.58	395.67	146.30	896.35	55.50	340.04	25.40	155.62
1958	28.9	66.35	399.48	151.70	913.35	56.95	342.88	26.65	160.45
1959	29.4	72.78	430.74	170.70	1010.27	56.70	335.57	27.30	161.57
1960	29.8	74.04	432.31	188.00	1,097.72	58.90	343.91	28.35	165.53
1961	30.0	75.65	438.77	189.30	1,097.94	57.60	334.08	29.45	170.81
1962	30.4	76.19	436.09	190.70	1,091.51	61.55	352.29	29.30	167.70
1963	30.9	76.88	432.92	192.50	1,083.98	62.80	353.63	29.70	167.24
1964	31.2	77.57	432.60	193.40	1,078.58	63.65	354.97	31.50	175.67
1965	31.8	83.92	459.18	219.80	1,202.68	63.10	345.26	32.85	179.75
1966	32.9	84.35	446.11	221.90	1,173.57	68.05	359.90	36.25	191.72
1967	33.9	85.37	438.18	224.40	1,151.79	70.15	360.06	39.50	202.74
1968	35.5	98.86	484.55	257.10	1,260.15	69.55	340.89	44.75	219.34
1969	37.7	100.40	463.38	255.80	1,180.62	73.90	341.08	45.15	208.38
1970	39.8	118.10	516.32	291.10	1,272.65	77.65	339.47	50.30	219.90
1971	41.1	132.17	559.55	320.00	1,354.74	77.50	328.10	52.30	221.42
1972	42.5	162.35	664.68	383.10	1,568.46	79.95	327.32	54.10	221.49
1973	46.2	166.42	626.78	391.00	1,472.60	76.15	286.80	56.95	214.49
1974	51.9	188.21	630.99	438.40	1,469.78	91.06	305.29	63.37	212.45
1975	55.5	207.18	649.54	468.60	1,469.12	90.93	285.08	69.69	218.49
1976	58.2	224.86	672.26	503.40	1,505.01	94.37	282.14	75.20	224.82
1977	62.1	243.00	680.87	546.60	1,531.54	96.62	270.72	80.08	224.38
1978	67.7	263.20	676.47	591.90	1,521.28	100.43	258.12	83.60	214.87
1979	76.7	294.30	667.64	655.00	1,485.92	122.67	278.29	90.34	204.94
1980	86.3	341.40	688.34	759.20	1,530.72	128.20	258.48	97.10	195.78
1981	94.0	385.97	714.46	858.00	1,588.21	137.81	255.10	103.15	190.94
1982	97.6	419.30	747.52	885.50	1,578.66	145.69	259.73	106.33	189.56
1983 1984	101.3 105.3	440.77 460.57	757.10 761.06	923.00 948.30	1,585.41 1,566.99	157.89 157.88	271.20 260.88	109.93 114.72	188.82 189.57
1985	109.3	478.62	761.94	981.50	1,562.50	164.26	261.49	118.17	188.12
1986	110.5	488.44	769.13	994.00	1,565.21	173.66	273.46	122.09	192.25
1987	115.4	512.65	772.97	1,032.30	1,556.50	180.64	272.37	125.19	188.76
1988 1989	120.5 126.1	536.77 566.85	775.09 782.17	1,070.40 1,120.04	1,545.64 1,545.50	188.23 198.81	271.80 274.33	130.30 131.89	188.15 181.99
1990	133.8	602.56	783.60	1.177.70	1,531.54	212.66	276.55	135.96	176.8
1991	137.9	629.32	794.07	1,216.76	1,535.29	221.30	279.23	134.98	170.32
1992	141.9	652.64	800.28	1,252.40	1,535.71	227.39	278.83	132.92	162.99
1993	145.8	674.06	804.43	1,282.60	1,530.67	236.52	282.27	132.87	158.5
1994	149.7	697.34	810.54	1,328.40	1,544.03	242.54	281.91	133.71	155.4
1995	153.5	719.80	815.93	1,365.50	1,547.86	250.65	284.12	134.35	152.29
1996	158.6	744.96	817.30	1,450.60	1,591.45	260.75	286.07	133.53	146.50
1997	161.3	774.84	835.85	1,502.60	1,620.91	268.46	289.60	170.71	184.15
1998	163.9	779.69	827.74	1,537.70	1,632.46	277.45	294.55	197.80	209.99
1999	168.3	804.30	831.54	1,590.40	1,644.26	289.19	298.98	236.16	244.16
2000	174.0	844.48	844.48	1,675.40	1,675.40	299.69	299.69	<sup>4</sup> 147.78	147.7

<sup>1</sup> Data from Bureau of Labor Statistics, consumer price index for all urban consumers (CPI-U).

<sup>a</sup> Data from Bureau or Labor Statistics, consumer price index to a undar consumers (CFFO).
 <sup>a</sup> Effective July 1, 1997, the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) block grant program replaced the Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC) program. Beginning in 1997, payments include services.
 <sup>4</sup> Preliminary data.

#### 3.C Interprogram Data

Table 3.C5.—Population aged 65 or older receiving Social Security (OASDI) benefits, Supplemental Security Income (SSI) payments, or both 1940–2000, ranked by state, December 2000<sup>1</sup>

		Рори	lation aged 65 or	older receiving-	_		Persons receivir and SSI as a	
	OASD	I	SSI 2		OASDI and	OASDI or SSI		
Year and state	Number per 1,000	State rank	Number per 1,000	State rank	SSI, number per 1,000	or both, number per 1,000	OASDI beneficiaries	SSI recipients
1940	7 62		217 194		1 5	223 251	14.3 8.1	0.5 2.6
1945 1950	164		224		22	366	12.6	2.0 9.8
1955	394		179		34	539	8.6	19.2
1960	616		141		41	716	6.6	28.5
1965 1970	752 855		117 104		52 63	817 896	7.0 7.4	44.7 60.4
1975	904		111		78	939	8.6	69.5
1980 1985	914 917		87 71		61 51	941 937	6.7 5.5	70.2 71.1
1990	924		66		46	944	4.9	69.2
1995	913		63		39	937	4.9	62.6
1996	907		61		38	931	4.2	61.7
1997 1998	913 906		60 59		37 36	955 929	4.0 3.9	61.4 60.5
1999	908		58		35	927	3.8	59.7
2000	911		57		34	934	3.7	59.1
Alabama	922	30	77	6	62	937	6.7	80.3
Alaska Arizona	917 845	35 50	58 32	15 32	26 19	949 858	2.8 2.3	44.8 60.2
Arkansas	916	37	65	11	54	926	5.9	83.3
California	865	48	132	1	64	933	7.4	48.6
Colorado Connecticut	917 951	34 7	33 26	29 37	20 12	931 964	2.2 1.3	59.8 47.4
Delaware	947	11	24	42	16	954	1.7	67.0
District of Columbia Florida	792 851	51 49	72 47	9 21	44 24	820 874	5.6 2.9	61.5 52.1
Georgia	915	38	75	7	55	934	6.0	74.1
Hawaii	888	46	55	17	22	921	2.5	40.3
Idaho	954	6	21	44	16	958	1.7	77.2
Illinois Indiana	915 948	39 9	38 18	25 47	17 13	936 953	1.8 1.3	43.4 70.7
lowa	949	8	18	49	13	953	1.3	72.3
Kansas	931 919	24 32	19 74	45 8	13 55	938 938	1.3 6.0	65.3 75.1
Kentucky Louisiana	896	43	84	4	62	917	6.9	74.0
Maine	947	10	33	30	27	953	2.9	82.8
Maryland	887	47	41	24	20	908	2.3	49.6
Massachusetts Michigan	923 962	29 2	58 31	16 34	34 19	946 974	3.7 1.9	58.8 60.8
Minnesota	938	14	26	38	14	950	1.5	53.6
Mississippi	912	40	114	2	92	934	10.1	80.6
Missouri Montana	933 926	23 26	31 21	33 43	23 16	941 931	2.4 1.7	73.1 76.5
Nebraska	938	15	18	48	13	943	1.4	70.9
Nevada New Hampshire	921 980	31 1	33 13	31 51	19 9	934 984	2.1 0.9	59.6 69.4
New Jersey	926	25	45	22	21	950	2.3	46.6
New Mexico	888	45	70	10	49	909	5.5	69.2
New York	894	44	89	3	42	941	4.7	47.0
North Carolina North Dakota	942 937	13 16	60 24	14 40	47 18	955 943	5.0 1.9	79.0 74.7
Ohio	937	18	24	39	15	946	1.6	61.2
Oklahoma	925 960	27 4	41	23 36	31	936 971	3.3	73.9
Oregon Pennsylvania	980	4 22	26 34	28	15 21	945	1.6 2.3	58.5 63.2
Rhode Island	937	17	50	18	32	955	3.4	64.1
South Carolina	923	28	63	12	49	936	5.3	78.7
South Dakota Tennessee	946 935	12 21	31 61	35 13	22 47	955 949	2.3 5.0	70.4 76.8
Texas	899	42	78	5	54	923	6.0	69.1
Utah	917	36	19	46	10	926	1.0	50.8
Vermont Virginia	936 907	19 41	38 49	26 19	32 32	943 925	3.4 3.5	83.4 64.4
Washington	936	20	36	27	15	956	1.6	42.1
West Virginia	919	33	47	20	33	933	3.6	70.2
Wisconsin Wyoming	961 954	3 5	24 16	41 50	16 13	969 957	1.7 1.3	66.8 78.5
·· , -······	001	v	10		10	001	1.0	, 0.0

<sup>1</sup> Population data for 2000 on which ratios are based furnished by the U.S. Census Bureau. <sup>2</sup> For 1940–1973, data refer to Old-Age Assistance program. Beginning January 1974, the Supplemental Security Income program superseded the Old-Age Assistance program in the 50 states and the District of Columbia.

CONTACT: Stella M. Coleman/Rona Blumenthal (410) 965-0157/0163 for further information.

## Table 3.C6.—Number and percent of OASDI beneficiaries also receiving federally administered SSI payments, by SSI category and type of OASDI benefit, December 2000

[Based on 10-percent sample]

			(	DASDI beneficiari	es with SSI		
			Number		Percent of all	OASDI benefic	iaries
Type of benefit	All OASDI beneficiaries <sup>1</sup>	Total	Aged	Blind and disabled	Total	Aged	Blind and disabled
Total	45,417,400	2,386,850	751,740	1,635,110	5.3	1.7	3.6
Retirement	31,761,120	1,063,080	588,540	474,540	3.3	1.9	1.5
Workers aged 65 or older	25,952,920	793,180	526,810	266,370	3.1	2.0	1.0
Men	13,441,700	299,600	191,920	107,680	2.2	1.4	.8
Women	12,511,220	493.580	334.890	158,690	3.9	2.7	1.3
Workers aged 62-64	2,553,070	37,550		37,550	1.5		1.5
Men		23,110		23,110	1.7		1.7
Women	1,222,840	14,440		14,440	1.2		1.2
Wives and husbands		128,950	61.700	67.250	4.6	2.2	2.4
Aged 65 or older		115.900	61,700	54.200	4.8	2.5	2.2
Aged 62–64	, - ,	11.710	- ,	11.710	3.7	2.0	3.7
Under age 62 with children		1.340		1.340	2.8		2.8
Disabled adult children	191.950	99,470	30	99.440	51.8		51.8
		99,470 400	30	99,440 370	40.4	3.0	37.4
Aged 65 or older							
Aged 18–64	. 190,960	99,070		99,070	51.9	•••	51.9
Children under age 18 and students aged 18–19	. 266,010	3,930		3,930	1.5		1.5
Disability	6.675.280	833.150	1,140	832.010	12.5		12.5
Workers under age 65	5,035,840	742.080		742.080	14.7		14.7
Men	2.856.870	333.950		333.950	11.7		11.7
Women	2,030,070	408.130		408.130	18.7		18.7
Wives and husbands	164,850	11,230	1.140	10.090	6.8		6.1
Aged 65 or older		3,330	1,140	2,190	14.9	5.1	9.8
			, -				
Aged 62–64		1,640		1,640	5.5		5.5
Under age 62 with children		6,260		6,260	5.6		5.6
Disabled adult children aged 18-64	. 58,090	39,910		39,910	68.7		68.7
Children under age 18 and students aged 18–19	. 1,416,500	39,930		39,930	2.8		2.8
Survivors	6.981.000	490.620	162.060	328.560	7.0	2.3	4.7
Nondisabled widows and widowers	4,698,660	268,430	158,900	109.530	5.7	3.4	2.3
Aged 65 or older		259.690	158.900	100,790	6.1	3.8	2.4
Aged 60–64		8.740		8.740	1.9		1.9
Disabled widows and widowers	- / -	38.850		38.850	19.4		19.4
Widowed mothers and fathers	200,130	5,570	20	5,550	2.8		2.8
Parents	3.000	240	220	20	8.0	7.3	.7
Disabled adult children	483,570	157.430	2.920	154.510	32.6	.6	32.0
Aged 65 or older		21.450	2,920	18.530	34.2	4.7	29.5
	420,830	135,980	,	135,980	32.3		32.3
Aged 18–64							
Children under age 18 and students aged 18–19	. 1,394,370	20,100		20,100	1.4		1.4

<sup>1</sup> Excludes 70 special age-72 beneficiaries.

CONTACT: Lenna D. Kennedy (410) 965-9846 for further information.

Table 3.C6.1.—Number of persons aged 18–64 receiving Social Security (OASDI) benefits or federally administered SSI payments based on disability, by type of benefit, 1978-2000

			OASDI ber	neficiaries		Blind or	disabled SSI recip	pients
				Disabled	Disabled		Persons	with—
December	Unduplicated total <sup>1</sup>	Total	Disabled workers	adult children, under age 65	widows and widowers	Total	SSI only	Both SSI and OASDI
1978	4,676,450	3,415,469	2,879,774	405,944	129,751	1,747,126	<sup>2</sup> 1,260,981	486,145
1979	4,662,528	3,419,624	2,870,590	419,201	129,833	1,726,553	<sup>2</sup> 1,242,904	483,649
1980	4,662,546	3,418,434	2,858,680	432,174	127,580	1,730,847	<sup>2</sup> 1,244,112	486,735
1981	4,570,071	3,340,701	2,776,519	442,592	121,590	1,702,895	<sup>2</sup> 1,229,370	473,525
1982	4,366,314	3,169,449	2,603,599	449,478	116,372	1,655,279	<sup>2</sup> 1,196,865	458,414
1983	4,367,241	3,143,111	2,569,029	462,491	111,591	1,699,774	<sup>2</sup> 1,224,130	475,644
1984	4,460,188	3,183,618	2,596,516	477,951	109,151	1,780,459	<sup>2</sup> 1,276,570	503,889
1985	4,591,316	3,258,200	2,656,638	494,557	107,005	1,879,168	<sup>2</sup> 1,333,116	546,052
1986	4,812,143	3,346,603	2,728,463	511,166	106,974	2,010,458	<sup>2</sup> 1,465,540	544,918
1987	4,904,785	3,416,529	2,785,859	524,388	106,282	2,118,710	<sup>2</sup> 1,488,256	630,454
1988	5,012,435	3,468,186	2,830,284	534,779	103,123	2,202,714	1,544,249	658,465
1989	5,155,787	3,540,480	2,895,364	543,486	101,630	2,301,926	<sup>3</sup> 1,615,307	686,619
1990 1991	5,395,261 5,743,614 6,249,217 6,707,127 7,103,399	3,667,721 3,877,804 4,185,714 4,476,648 4,741,348	3,011,294 3,194,938 3,467,783 3,725,966 3,962,954	555,438 568,377 586,607 603,667 617,718	100,989 114,489 131,324 147,015 160,676	2,449,897 2,641,524 2,909,997 3,148,413 3,335,255	1,727,540 1,865,810 2,063,503 2,230,479 2,362,051	722,357 775,714 846,494 917,934 973,204
1995	7,398,942	4,987,004	4,185,263	628,717	173,024	3,482,256	2,411,938	1,070,318
1996	7,691,134	5,205,071	4,385,623	637,537	181,911	3,568,393	2,486,063	1,082,330
1997	7,818,216	5,340,082	4,508,134	644,010	187,938	3,561,625	2,478,134	1,083,491
1998	8,090,686	5,543,886	4,698,319	651,386	194,181	3,646,020	2,546,800	1,099,220
1999	8,311,949	5,736,071	4,879,455	657,821	198,795	3,690,970	2,575,878	1,115,092
2000	8,519,241	5,908,756	5,042,334	664,995	201,427	3,744,022	2,610,485	1,133,537

<sup>1</sup> Includes persons receiving OASDI, SSI, or both.

<sup>2</sup> The number of OASDI disabled adult child beneficiaries aged 18–64 also receiving SSI was estimated based on the number of such beneficiaries aged 18 or older for the same year and on the comparative size of the two groups at the end of 1988. <sup>3</sup> December data for OASDI disabled beneficiaries also receiving SSI not available. Instead the average of the September 1989 and March 1990 numbers was used.

CONTACT: Joseph Bondar/Arthur Kahn (410) 965-0162/0186 for further information.

## Table 3.C7.—Number of persons aged 15 or older with Social Security benefits or Supplemental Security Income, by age, sex, race, March 2000, and median annual benefit, 1999

[Civilian noninstitutionalized population residing in the 50 states and the District of Columbia]

Age, sex and median benefit	Total	White	Black	American Indian, Eskimo, Aleut	Asian, Pacific Islander					
			With Social Security							
Total number (in thousands)	37,783	33,186	3,690	254	653					
Men Women	16,233 21,550	14,305 18,881	1,529 2,161	106 148	293 360					
Under 55	3,998 4,601 15,447 13,738	3,074 3,956 13,637 12,519	792 541 1,366 991	58 38 111 47	74 66 332 181					
Median benefit	\$8,574	\$8,844	\$7,032	\$7,200	\$7,746					
	With Supplemental Security Income									
Total number (in thousands)	4,895	3,249	1,336	61	249					
Men Women	1,939 2,956	1,335 1,915	491 845	16 45	97 152					
Under 55	2,779 824 686 606	1,825 588 462 375	853 197 142 144	41 1 13 5	61 38 69 82					
Median benefit	\$5,232	\$4,890	\$5,472	\$5,520	\$6,000					

Source: Public use file of the March 2000 Income Supplement, Current Population Survey, U.S. Census Bureau. For a discussion of standard errors of estimated numbers and percentages, see U.S. Census Bureau, *Current Population Reports*, P-60 series.

# Table 3.C8.—Number of persons aged 15 or older with Social Security benefits or Supplemental Security Income and number and percent of Hispanic origin, by age, sex, March 2000, and median annual benefit, 1999

			Number (in t	thousands)					
		Total		His	spanic origin <sup>1</sup>		•	ercent of panic origin	
Age and median benefit	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women
				With	Social Security	1			
Total	37,783	16,233	21,550	2,094	910	1,184	5.5	5.6	5.5
Under 35	1,304 1,201 1,493 4,601 15,447 13,738 <b>\$8,574</b>	613 584 772 2,064 6,876 5,324 <b>\$10,314</b>	690 617 722 2,537 8,570 8,414 <b>\$7,158</b>	151 121 126 311 856 529 <b>\$6,786</b>	76 52 68 136 364 214 <b>\$8,226</b>	75 69 59 175 491 315 <b>\$6,006</b>	11.6 10.0 8.5 6.8 5.5 3.9 	12.3 8.9 8.8 6.6 5.3 4.0	10.9 11.1 8.1 6.9 5.7 3.7
				With Suppler	mental Security	Income			
Total	4,895	1,939	2,956	666	242	424	13.6	12.5	14.3
Under 35 35–44 45–54 55–64 65–74 75 or older	1,087 837 855 824 686 606	460 427 357 309 225 161	628 410 498 515 461 445	118 95 98 111 136 109	64 40 32 41 31 34	54 54 66 70 105 75	10.8 11.3 11.4 13.5 19.8 18.0	13.9 9.5 8.9 13.4 13.6 21.2	8.6 13.2 13.3 13.5 22.8 16.8
Median benefit	\$5,232	\$5,280	\$5,160	\$5,400	\$5,184	\$5,400			

[Civilian noninstitutionalized population residing in the 50 states and the District of Columbia]

<sup>1</sup> Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

Source: Public use file of March 2000 Income Supplement, Current Population Survey, U.S. Census Bureau. For a discussion of standard errors of estimated numbers and percentages, see U.S. Census Bureau, *Current Population Reports*, P-60 series.

#### Table 3.E1.—Weighted average poverty thresholds for nonfarm families of specified size, 1959–2000

				Families of 2 persons or more								Annual
	Unrel	ated individ	luals		2 person	S						average CPI,
Calendar year	All ages	Under age 65	Aged 65 or older	All ages	Householder under age 65	Householder aged 65 or older	3 persons	4 persons	5 persons	6 persons	7 persons or more	all items
1959	\$1,467	\$1,503	\$1,397	\$1,894	\$1,952	\$1,761	\$2,324	\$2,973	\$3,506	\$3,944	\$4,849	29.2
1960	1,490	1,526	1,418	1,924	1,982	1,788	2,359	3,022	3,560	4,002	4,921	29.6
1961	1,506	1,545	1,433	1,942	2,005	1,808	2,383	3,054	3,597	4,041	4,967	29.9
1962	1,519	1,562	1,451	1,962	2,027	1,828	2,412	3,089	3,639	4,088	5,032	30.3
1963 1964	1,539 1,558	1,581 1,601	1,470 1,488	1,988 2,015	2,052 2,079	1,850 1,875	2,442 2,473	3,128 3,169	3,685 3,732	4,135 4,193	5,092 5,156	30.6 31.0
1965	1,582	1,626	1,512	2,048	2,114	1,906	2,514	3,223	3,797	4,264	5,248	31.5
1966	1,628	1,674	1,556	2,107	2,175	1,961	2,588	3,317	3,908	4,388	5,395	32.5
1967	1,675	1,722	1,600	2,168	2,238	2,017	2,661	3,410	4,019	4,516	5,550	33.4
1968	1,748	1,797	1,667	2,262	2,333	2,102	2,774	3,553	4,188	4,706	5,789	34.8
1969	1,840	1,893	1,757	2,383	2,458	2,215	2,924	3,743	4,415	4,958	6,101	36.7
1970	1,954	2,010	1,861	2,525	2,604	2,348	3,099	3,968	4,680	5,260	6,468	38.8
1971	2,040	2,098	1,940	2,633	2,716	2,448	3,229	4,137	4,880	5,489	6,751	40.5
1972		2,168	2,005	2,724	2,808	2,530	3,339	4,275	5,044	5,673	6,983	41.8
1973	2,247	2,307	2,130	2,895	2,984	2,688	3,548	4,540	5,358	6,028	7,435	44.4 49.3
1974	2,495	2,562	2,364	3,211	3,312	2,982	3,936	5,038	5,950	6,699	8,253	
1975 1976	2,724	2,797	2,581 2,730	3,506	3,617	3,257	4,293	5,500	6,499	7,316	9,022 9,588	53.8 56.9
1978	2,884 3,075	2,959 3,152	2,730	3,711 3,951	3,826 4,072	3,445 3,666	4,540 4,833	5,815 6,191	6,876	7,760		60.6
1977	3,075	3,392	2,900	4,249	4,072	3,944	4,033	6,662	7,320 7,880	8,261 8,891	10,216 11,002	65.2
1979		3,778	3,479	4,725	4,878	4,390	5,784	7,412	8,775	9,914	12,280	72.6
1980	4,190	4,290	3,949	5,363	5,537	4,983	6,565	8,414	9,966	11,269	13,955	82.4
1981	4,620	4,729	4,359	5,917	6,111	5,498	7,250	9,287	11,007	12,449		90.9
1982		5,019	4,626	6,281	6,487	5,836	7,693	9,862	11,684	13,207		96.5
1983	5,061	5,180	4,775	6,483	6,697	6,023	7,938	10,178	12,049	13,630		99.6
1984	5,278	5,400	4,979	6,762	6,983	6,282	8,277	10,609	12,566	14,207		103.9
1985	5,469	5,593	5,156	6,998	7,231	6,503	8,573	10,989	13,007	14,696		107.6
1986		5,701	5,255	7,138	7,372	6,630	8,737	11,203	13,259	14,986		109.6
1987	5,778	5,909	5,447	7,397	7,641	6,872	9,056	11,611	13,737	15,509		113.6
1988	6,022	6,155	5,674	7,704	7,958	7,157	9,435	12,092	14,304	16,146		118.3
1989	6,310	6,451	5,947	8,076	8,343	7,501	9,885	12,674	14,990	16,921		124.0
1990	6,652	6,800	6,268	8,509	8,794	7,905	10,419	13,359	15,792	17,839		130.7
1991	6,932	7,086	6,532	8,865	9,165	8,241	10,860	13,924	16,456	18,587		136.2
1992	7,143	7,299	6,729	9,137	9,443	8,487	11,186	14,335	16,952	19,137		140.3
1993	7,363	7,518	6,930	9,414	9,728	8,740	11,522	14,763	17,449	19,718		144.5
1994	7,547	7,710	7,108	9,661	9,976	8,967	11,821	15,141	17,900	20,235		148.2
1995	7,763	7,929	7,309	9,933	10,259	9,219	12,158	15,569	18,408	20,804		152.4
1996	7,995	8,163	7,525	10,233	10,564	9,491	12,516	16,036	18,952	21,389		156.9
1997	8,183	8,350	7,698	10,473	10,805	9,712	12,802	16,400	19,380	21,886		160.5
1998 1999	8,316 8,501	8,480 8,667	7,818 7,990	10,634 10,869	10,972 11,214	9,862 10,075	13,003 13,290	16,660 17,029	19,680 20,127	22,228 22,727		163.0 166.6
1999 2000 <sup>.2</sup>	8,501	8,958	7,990 8,259	10,869	11,214	10,075	13,290	17,029	20,127	22,727 23,491		172.2
2000	0,707	0,300	0,209	11,204	11,591	10,414	13,737	17,001	20,004	20,491		172.2

<sup>1</sup> Beginning in January 1978, the Bureau of Labor Statistics introduced a new price index for all urban consumers (CPI-U) that forms a continuous series with the earlier index for urban wage earners and for clerical workers as of December 1977.

<sup>2</sup> Preliminary data; 1999 weighted average poverty levels raised to correspond with the 2000 increase from the 1999 Consumer Price Index (CPI-U) for all Urban Consumers.

Note: Three technical changes in the definition of poverty are described in "Characteristics of the Population Below the Poverty Level, 1980," U.S. Census Bureau, *Current Population Reports*, Series P-60, No. 133: (1) Distinctions based on the sex of the family householder will no longer be made; (2) income thresholds for farm families will be the same as for nonfarm families of the same size and composition, and (3) the increased sample size will now permit separate poverty income criteria for families of 7, 8, and 9 or more persons. Separate criteria for these family sizes by number of children have been developed by the Social Security Administration for the base year 1978 on the same basis as the original poverty matrix for smaller family sizes, and then updated by means of the all-items Consumer Price Index. The thresholds for larger families beginning in 1980 are:

Year	7 persons	8 persons	9 persons or more
1980	\$12,761	\$14,199	\$16,896
1981	14,110	15,655	18,572
1982	15,036	16,719	19,698
1983	15,500	17,170	20,310
1984	16,096	17,961	21,247
1985	16,656	18,512	22,083
1986	17,049	18,791	22,497
1987	17,649	19,515	23,105
1988	18,232	20,253	24,129
1989	19,162	21,328	25,480
1990	20,241	22,582	26,848
1991	21,058	23,605	27,942
1992	21,594	24,053	28,745
1993	22,383	24,838	29,529
1994	22,923	25,427	30,300
1995	23,552	26,237	31,280
1996	24,268	27,091	31,971
1997	24,802	27,593	32,566
1998	25,257	28,166	,
1999	25,912	28,967	34,417
2000 (see footnote 2 above)	26,783	29,941	35,574
	CONTACT	Ine Dele	kan (204) 457 2242 fa

CONTACT: Joe Dalaker (301) 457-3213 for further information.

#### Table 3.E2.—Number and percent of poor persons, by age, at end of 1959–1999<sup>1</sup>

[Civilian noninstitutionalized population residing in the 50 states and the District of Columbia]

Age and family status <sup>2</sup>	1959	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990 <sup>3</sup>	1998	1999
			Tot	al population <sup>4</sup>	(in millions)	·	•	
All ages	176.5	202.5	210.4	225.0	236.6	248.6	271.1	273.5
Children under 18 in families With—	64.0	69.9	64.8	62.2	62.0	64.9	70.2	70.5
Male householder <sup>5</sup>	58.3	60.8	54.1	50.6	49.5	49.5	52.9	54.0
Female householder	5.7	9.0	10.6	11.5	12.5	15.4	17.2	16.4
18–54 <sup>6</sup>	81.0	94.9	104.7	116.3	125.2	132.3	144.6	146.0
55–64	15.5	18.4	19.8	21.7	22.1	21.3	22.9	23.4
65 or older	15.6	19.3	21.7	24.7	27.3	30.1	32.4	32.6
In families	11.9	13.4	14.8	16.7	18.4	20.1	21.8	22.0
Unrelated individuals	3.7	5.8	6.9	8.0	8.9	10.0	10.6	10.6
Men	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.3	2.7	2.8
Women	2.5	4.4	5.4	6.3	7.0	7.7	7.9	7.8
-			Ν	umber poor (in	millions) <sup>4</sup>			
All ages	39.5	25.3	25.9	29.3	33.1	33.6	34.5	32.3
Children under 18 in families With—	17.2	10.5	10.9	11.1	12.5	13.3	12.8	11.5
Male householder <sup>5</sup>	13.1	5.7	5.3	5.2	5.8	5.3	5.1	4.8
Female householder	4.1	4.8	5.6	5.9	6.7	8.0	7.7	6.7
18–54 <sup>6</sup>	13.4	8.2	9.7	12.2	14.8	14.6	15.6	15.0
55–64	3.3	2.1	2.0	2.1	2.3	2.1	2.2	2.2
65 or older	5.5	4.7	3.3	3.9	3.5	3.7	3.4	3.2
In families	3.2	2.0	1.2	1.4	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.1
Unrelated individuals	2.3	2.7	2.1	2.4	2.3	2.5	2.2	2.1
Men	.7	.5	.4	.4	.4	.4	.4	.5
Women	., 1.6	.5 2.2	.4 1.7	2.0	.4 1.9	2.1	.4 1.7	.5
				Percent po	or <sup>4</sup>			
All ages	22.4	12.6	12.3	13.0	14.0	13.5	12.7	11.8
Children under 18 in families With—	26.9	15.0	16.8	17.9	20.1	20.5	18.3	16.3
Male householder <sup>5</sup>	22.4	9.3	9.8	10.4	11.7	10.7	9.6	9.0
Female householder	72.2	53.4	52.7	50.8	53.6	52.1	44.8	40.6
18–54 <sup>6</sup>	16.5	8.7	9.2	10.5	11.8	11.0	10.8	10.3
55–64	21.5	11.4	10.2	9.5	10.5	9.7	9.6	9.5
65 or older	35.2	24.6	15.3	15.7	12.6	12.2	10.5	9.7
In families	26.9	14.7	8.0	8.5	6.4	5.9	5.7	4.9
Unrelated individuals	61.9	47.1	31.0	30.6	25.6	24.8	20.4	19.7
Men	59.0	38.9	27.7	24.4	20.5	17.3	16.3	16.4
Women	63.3	49.7	31.9	32.3	20.5	26.9	21.7	20.9

<sup>1</sup> Data for 1970 and 1975 are based on the 1970 Census of Population controls.

<sup>2</sup> Income and poverty status refer to the calendar year shown; family status is as of March of the succeeding year.

<sup>3</sup> Based on revised methodology.

<sup>4</sup> Includes Armed Forces in the United States living off post or with families on post. Excludes unrelated individuals under age 16.

<sup>6</sup> Includes children in families with both spouses present and in families with male householder with no spouse present.
 <sup>6</sup> Includes persons under age 18 listed as unrelated individual, family householder, spouse of householder, or other family member.

Source: Public use file of the March 2000 Income Supplement, Current Population Survey, U.S. Census Bureau. For a discussion of standard errors of estimated numbers and percentages, see U.S. Census Bureau, *Current Population Reports*, P-60 series.

#### Table 3.E3.—Shares of money income from earnings and other sources for aged and nonaged families, 1999

[Civilian noninstitutionalized population residing in the 50 states and the District of Columbia]

			Aged fam	nily units				I	Nonaged f	amily units	;		
Type of money income	older	luals aged living alon onrelatives	e or		Multiperson families with householder aged 65 or older			Individuals under age 65 living alone or with nonrelatives only			Multiperson families with householder under age 65		
received during year <sup>1</sup>	Total	Nonpoor	Poor <sup>2</sup>	Total	Nonpoor	Poor <sup>2</sup>	Total	Nonpoor	Poor <sup>2</sup>	Total	Nonpoor	Poor <sup>2</sup>	
Number of families and unrelated individuals (in millions)	10.6	8.5	2.1	11.6	11.0	0.6	32.9	26.4	6.5	60.4	54.4	6.1	
				F	Percent rec	eiving inco	me of spec	cified type <sup>3</sup>					
Earnings Public program payments:	14	16	3	45	47	24	84	94	44	95	97	70	
Social Security <sup>4</sup>	92 6	94 2	84 21	92 5	93 5	65 13	6 4	5 1	11 12	10 3	10 2	10 11	
Other public assistance	2	2	2	4	4	6	10	9	13	12	11	29	
Other programs <sup>5</sup> Other sources:		5	3	8	8	4	6	6	3	9	10	7	
Dividends, interest, rent Employment-related pensions,	60	68	26	71	73	28	48	56	17	63	68	15	
alimony, annuities, etc	41	49	8	52	54	14	6	6	3	16	16	14	
	Percentage distribution of income, by type												
Total percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	
Earnings Public program payments:	13	14	(6)	33	33	13	87	88	50	89	89	66	
Social Security <sup>4</sup>	44	41	83	30	30	64	2	1	18	2	1	8	
Supplemental Security Income	1	(6)	10	1	1	9	1	(6)	15	(6)	(6)	7	
Other public assistance	(6)	(6)	(6)	(6)	(6)	2	2	2	9	1	1	11	
Other programs <sup>5</sup>	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	3	
Other sources: Dividends, interest, rent Employment-related pensions,	20	21	2	17	18	4	6	6	3	5	5	1	
alimony, annuities, etc	20	21	3	17	17	7	2	2	3	3	3	4	
Median income	\$13,809	\$16,435	\$5,572	\$33,131	\$34,719	\$7,741	\$23,365	\$28,739	\$3,779	\$52,593	\$56,149	\$8,356	

<sup>1</sup> Household surveys tend to underestimate the number of income recipients with income sources such as interest, dividends, rents, veterans' payments, unemployment compensation, and workers' compensation are more underreported than others. For more detail, see U.S. Census Bureau, The Value of Noncash Benefits: 1979-1982, Technical Paper No. 52, Appendix F.

<sup>2</sup> Poverty status based on money income of all family members after receipt of OASDI and any other cash transfer payments.

<sup>3</sup> Received by individuals or any family member at any time during 1998. Most individuals or families received more than one type of income during the year.
<sup>4</sup> Social Security may include more than one type of income during the year.

<sup>5</sup> Unemployment insurance, workers' compensation, or veterans' payments.

<sup>6</sup> Less than 0.5 percent.

Source: Public use file of the March 2000 Income Supplement, Current Population Survey, U.S. Census Bureau. For a discussion of standard errors of estimated numbers and percentages, see U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Reports, P-60 series.

#### Table 3.E4.—Current living arrangements of persons aged 65 or older, March 2000 1

[Civilian noninstitutionalized population residing in the 50 states and the District of Columbia]

	Popul	ation (in thousa	nds)	Pe	rcentage distribut	on	Percent
Living arrangement and sex	Total	Poor	Nonpoor	Total	Poor	Nonpoor	officially poor
Total	32,621	3,167	29,454	100	100	100	9.7
Unrelated individuals	10,641	2,095	8,546	32.6	66.1	29.0	19.7
Family members	21,980	1,072	20,908	67.4	33.9	71.0	4.9
Householder or spouse	19,978	961	19,017	61.2	30.3	64.6	4.8
Other relative 2	2,002	112	1,890	6.1	3.5	6.4	5.6
Poor by own income	863	101	762	2.6	3.2	2.6	11.7
Not poor by own income	1,139	11	1,129	3.5	.3	3.8	.9
Men	13,886	960	12,926	42.6	30.3	43.9	6.9
Unrelated individuals	2,816	461	2,355	8.6	14.6	8.0	16.4
Family members	11,070	499	10,571	33.9	15.8	35.9	4.5
Householder	8,172	360	7,813	25.1	11.4	26.5	4.4
Spouse of householder	2,328	118	2,211	7.1	3.7	7.5	5.0
Other relative <sup>2</sup>	570	22	548	1.7	.7	1.9	3.9
Poor by own income	179	22	156	.5	.7	.5	12.4
Not poor by own income	392	(3)	392	1.2	(3)	1.3	(3)
Women	18,735	2,207	16,528	57.4	69.7	56.1	11.8
Unrelated individuals	7,826	1,634	6,192	24.0	51.6	21.0	20.9
Family members	10,910	573	10,337	33.4	18.1	35.1	5.3
Householder, no husband present	1,735	184	1,551	5.3	5.8	5.3	10.6
Householder with husband present	1,797	69	1,727	5.5	2.2	5.9	3.8
Wife of householder	5,947	231	5,716	18.2	7.3	19.4	3.9
Other relative <sup>2</sup>	1,432	89	1,343	4.4	2.8	4.6	6.2
Poor by own income	684	79	606	2.1	2.5	2.1	11.5
Not poor by own income	748	11	737	2.3	.3	2.5	1.4

<sup>1</sup> Living arrangements as of March 2000. Poverty status in 1999 as reflected by income of unrelated individual or family money income for year compared with official poverty income criterion for families of appropriate size and composition. <sup>2</sup> Aged family members who are neither the family householder nor the spouse of the householder. Official poverty classification is based on combined income of all

<sup>2</sup> Aged family members who are neither the family householder nor the spouse of the householder. Official poverty classification is based on combined income of all related persons living together. Persons in this group are classified here on the basis of official poverty criteria for family income and on a comparison of their own income with official poverty criteria for elderly persons maintaining their own households. The hidden poor are other relatives in nonpoor households whose own income is below the official poverty line for unrelated individuals or married couples.

<sup>3</sup> Less than 0.05 percent.

Source: Public use file of the March 2000 Income Supplement, Current Population Survey, U.S. Census Bureau. For a discussion of standard errors of estimated numbers and percentages, see U.S. Census Bureau, *Current Population Reports*, P-60 series.

#### Table 3.E6.—Aged families receiving Social Security benefits, by share of income from benefits and race, 1999

[Civilian noninstitutionalized population residing in the 50 states and the District of Columbia]

	Individu	uals aged 65 of or with nonrel		alone	Multiperson families with householder aged 65 or older				
Social Security share of money income for year <sup>1</sup>	Total	Nonpoor	Poor	Percent poor	Total	Nonpoor	Poor	Percent poor	
				All race	s <sup>2</sup>				
Total number (in thousands)	10,638	8,543	2,095		11,773	11,117	656		
Total percent	100	100	100	20	100	100	100	6	
No Social Security benefits Some Social Security benefits Less than one-fourth of income One-fourth up to one-half of income One-half up to three-fourths of income Three-fourths or more of income	8 92 19 21 43	6 94 11 23 24 36	16 84 1 3 10 70	41 18 2 3 9 32	8 92 23 26 20 22	7 93 25 27 21 21	35 65 2 7 6 50	23 4 (3) 1 2 12	
				White	9				
Total number (in thousands)	9,463	7,835	1,627		10,299	9,881	418		
Total percent	100	100	100	17	100	100	100	4	
No Social Security benefits Some Social Security benefits Less than one-fourth of income One-fourth up to one-half of income One-half up to three-fourths of income Three-fourths or more of income	7 93 9 20 22 42	5 95 11 23 24 36	16 84 1 3 9 70	39 15 2 3 7 29	7 93 23 26 21 22	6 94 24 27 22 21	37 63 1 8 6 48	20 3 (3) 1 9	
-				Black	ĸ				
Total number (in thousands)	989.6	574.7	414.9		972	835	137		
Total percent	100	100	100	42	100	100	100	14	
No Social Security benefits Some Social Security benefits Less than one-fourth of income One-fourth up to one-half of income One-half up to three-fourths of income Three-fourths or more of income	11 89 7 13 17 51	9 91 12 20 21 38	14 86 (3) 3 13 70	52 41 (3) 10 30 57	10 90 25 24 14 26	8 92 29 27 16 21	25 75 5 8 6 56	35 12 3 5 6 30	

<sup>1</sup> Payments under Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance program any time in 1999 to any family member as reported in the March 2000 Current Population Survey. <sup>2</sup> Includes other races. <sup>3</sup> Less than 0.05 percent.

Source: Public use file of the March 2000 Income Supplement, Current Population Survey, U.S. Census. For a discussion of standard errors of estimated numbers and percentages, see Bureau of the Census, Current Population Reports, P-60 series.

#### Table 3.E8.—Poverty guidelines for families of specified size, 1965–2001<sup>1,2</sup>

Date of issuance <sup>3</sup>	1 person	2 persons	3 persons	4 persons	5 persons	6 persons	7 persons	8 persons	Increment 4
December 1965	. \$1,540	\$1,990	\$2,440	\$3,130	\$3,685	\$4,135	\$4,635	\$5,135	\$500
August 1967		2,000	2,500	3,200	3,800	4,200	4,700	5,300	500
September 1968	1,600	2,100	2,600	3,300	3,900	4,400	4,900	5,400	500
September 1969	. 1,800	2,400	3,000	3,600	4,200	4,800	5,400	6,000	600
December 1970	. 1,900	2,500	3,100	3,800	4,400	5,000	5,600	6,200	600
November 1971		2,600	3,300	4,000	4,700	5,300	5,900	6,500	600
October 1972	. 2,100	2,725	3,450	4,200	4,925	5,550	6,200	6,850	650
March 1973	. 2,200	2,900	3,600	4,300	5,000	5,700	6,400	7,100	700
May 1974	. 2,330	3,070	3,810	4,550	5,290	6,030	6,770	7,510	740
March 1975		3,410	4,230	5,050	5,870	6,690	7,510	8,330	820
April 1976		3,700	4,600	5,500	6,400	7,300	8,200	9,100	900
April 1977		3,930	4,890	5,850	6,810	7,770	8,730	9,690	960
April 1978		4,160	5,180	6,200	7,220	8,240	9,260	10,280	1,020
May 1979	. 3,400	4,500	5,600	6,700	7,800	8,900	10,000	11,100	1,100
April 1980		5,010	6,230	7,450	8,670	9,890	11,110	12,330	1,220
March 1981	. 4,310	5,690	7,070	8,450	9,830	11,210	12,590	13,970	1,380
April 1982	. 4,680	6,220	7,760	9,300	10,840	12,380	13,920	15,460	1,540
February 1983	. 4,860	6,540	8,220	9,900	11,580	13,260	14,940	16,620	1,680
February 1984	. 4,980	6,720	8,460	10,200	11,940	13,680	15,420	17,160	1,740
March 1985		7,050	8,850	10,650	12,450	14,250	16,050	17,850	1,800
February 1986		7,240	9,120	11,000	12,880	14,760	16,640	18,520	1,880
February 1987	. 5,500	7,400	9,300	11,200	13,100	15,000	16,900	18,800	1,900
February 1988		7,730	9,690	11,650	13,610	15,570	17,530	19,490	1,960
February 1989	. 5,980	8,020	10,060	12,100	14,140	16,180	18,220	20,260	2,040
February 1990	. 6,280	8,420	10,560	12,700	14,840	16,980	18,120	21,260	2,140
February 1991		8,880	11,140	13,400	15,660	17,920	20,180	22,440	2,260
February 1992	. 6,810	9,190	11,570	13,950	16,330	18,710	21,090	23,470	2,380
February 1993	. 6,970	9,430	11,890	14,350	16,810	19,270	21,730	24,190	2,460
February 1994	. 7,360	9,840	12,320	14,800	17,280	19,760	22,240	24,720	2,480
February 1995		10,030	12,590	15,150	17,710	20,270	22,830	25,390	2,560
March 1996		10,360	12,980	15,600	18,220	20,840	23,460	26,080	2,620
March 1997	. 7,890	10,610	13,330	16,050	18,770	21,490	24,210	26,960	2,720
February 1998	. 8,050	10,850	13,650	16,450	19,250	22,050	24,850	27,650	2,800
March 1999	. 8,240	11,060	13,880	16,700	19,520	22,340	25,160	27,980	2,820
February 2000	. 8,350	11,250	14,150	17,050	19,950	22,850	25,750	28,650	2,900
February 2001	. 8,590	11,610	14,630	17,650	20,670	23,690	26,710	29,730	3,020

<sup>1</sup> Except for Alaska and Hawaii. Guidelines for Alaska and Hawaii since 1980 are:

	Alask	а	Hawa	aii
Year	1 person	Increment	1 person	Increment
1980	\$4,760	\$1,520	\$4,370	\$1,400
1981	5,410	1,720	4,980	1,580
1982	5,870	1,920	5,390	1,770
1983	6,080	2,100	5,600	1,930
1984	6,240	2,170	5,730	2,000
1985	6,560	2,250	6,040	2,070
1986	6,700	2,350	6,170	2,160
1987	6,860	2,380	6,310	2,190
1988	7,210	2,450	6,650	2,250
1989	7,480	2,550	6,870	2,350
1990	7,840	2,680	7,230	2,460
1991	8,290	2,820	7,610	2,600
1992	8,500	2,980	7,830	2,740
1993	8,700	3,080	8,040	2,820
1994	9,200	3,100	8,470	2,850
1995	9,340	3,200	8,610	2,940
1996	9,660	3,280	8,910	3,010
1997	9,870	3,400	9,070	3,130
1998	10,070	3,500	9,260	3,220
1999	10,320	3,520	9,490	3,240
2000	10,430	3,630	9,590	3,340
2001	10,730	3,780	9,890	3,470

Separate figures for Alaska and Hawaii reflect Office of Economic Opportunity administrative practice beginning in the 1966–70 period. The U.S.Census Bureau, producer of the primary version of the poverty measure (the poverty thresholds), does not produce separate figures for Alaska and Hawaii.

<sup>2</sup> Before 1983, the guidelines shown are for nonfarm families only.

<sup>3</sup> The guidelines are effective from the date of issuance (unless otherwise specified by a particular program using them).

<sup>4</sup> Add this amount for each additional family member. Before 1973, increments between some of the smaller family sizes differed from the increment shown in the table. Beginning in 1973, the increment has been the same between all family sizes in each year's set of guidelines.

## Table 4.A1.—Old-Age and Survivors Insurance, 1937–2000

[In millions]

			Receipts				Expend	litures		Assets		
Calendar year	Total	Net contri- butions <sup>1</sup>	Income from taxation of benefits	Payments from the general fund of the Treasury <sup>2</sup>	Net interest <sup>3</sup>	Total	Benefit payments <sup>4</sup>	Adminis- trative expenses	Transfers to Railroad Retirement program	Net increase during year	Amount at end of period	
1937 1938 1939	\$767 375 607	\$765 360 580	···· ···	· · · · · · ·	\$2 15 27	\$1 10 14	\$1 10 14	· · · · · ·	···· ···	\$766 366 592	\$766 1,132 1,724	
1940 1941 1942 1943 1944	368 845 1,085 1,328 1,422	325 789 1,012 1,239 1,316	···· ··· ···	···· ···· ···	43 56 72 88 107	62 114 159 195 238	35 88 131 166 209	\$26 26 28 29 29	···· ··· ···	306 731 926 1,132 1,184	2,031 2,762 3,688 4,820 6,005	
1945 1946 1947 1948 1948	1,420 1,447 1,722 1,969 1,816	1,285 1,295 1,557 1,685 1,666	· · · · · · · · · ·	\$1 3 4	134 152 164 281 146	304 418 512 607 721	274 378 466 556 667	30 40 46 51 54	···· ··· ···	1,116 1,029 1,210 1,362 1,094	7,121 8,150 9,360 10,722 11,816	
1950 1951 1952 1953 1954	2,928 3,784 4,184 4,359 5,610	2,667 3,363 3,819 3,945 5,163	· · · · · · · · ·	4 4 	257 417 365 414 447	1,022 1,966 2,282 3,094 3,741	961 1,885 2,194 3,006 3,670	61 81 88 88 92	-\$21	1,905 1,818 1,902 1,265 1,869	13,721 15,540 17,442 18,707 20,576	
1955 1956 1957 1958 1959	6,167 6,697 7,381 8,117 8,584	5,713 6,172 6,825 7,566 8,052	· · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · ·	454 526 556 552 532	5,079 5,841 7,507 8,646 10,308	4,968 5,715 7,347 8,327 9,842	119 132 162 194 184	-7 -5 -2 124 282	1,087 856 -126 -528 -1,724	21,663 22,519 22,393 21,864 20,141	
1960 1961 1962 1963 1964	11,382 11,833 12,585 15,063 16,258	10,866 11,285 12,059 14,541 15,689	· · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · ·	516 548 526 521 569	11,198 12,432 13,973 14,920 15,613	10,677 11,862 13,356 14,217 14,914	203 239 256 281 296	318 332 361 423 403	184 -599 -1,388 143 645	20,324 19,725 18,337 18,480 19,125	
1965 1966 1967 1968 1969	16,610 21,302 24,034 25,040 29,554	16,017 20,580 23,138 23,719 27,947	· · · · · · · · ·	78 78 382 442	593 644 818 939 1,165	17,501 18,967 20,382 23,557 25,176	16,737 18,267 19,468 22,643 24,210	328 256 406 476 474	436 444 508 438 491	-890 2,335 3,652 1,483 4,378	18,235 20,570 24,222 25,704 30,082	
1970 1971 1972 1973 1974	32,220 35,877 40,050 48,344 54,688	30,256 33,723 37,781 45,975 52,081	· · · · · · · · ·	449 488 475 442 447	1,515 1,667 1,794 1,928 2,159	29,848 34,542 38,522 47,175 53,397	28,798 33,414 37,124 45,745 51,623	471 514 674 647 865	579 613 724 783 909	2,371 1,335 1,528 1,169 1,291	32,454 33,789 35,318 36,487 37,777	
1975 1976 1977 1978 1979	59,605 66,276 72,412 78,094 90,274	56,816 63,362 69,572 75,471 87,919	· · · · · · · · · ·	425 614 613 615 557	2,364 2,301 2,227 2,008 1,797	60,395 67,876 75,309 83,064 93,133	58,517 65,705 73,121 80,361 90,573	896 959 981 1,115 1,113	982 1,212 1,208 1,589 1,448	-790 -1,600 -2,897 -4,971 -2,860	36,987 35,388 32,491 27,520 24,660	
1980 1981 1982 1983 1984	105,841 125,361 125,198 150,584 169,328	103,456 122,627 123,673 138,337 164,122	\$2,835	540 675 680 5,541 105	1,845 2,060 845 6,706 2,266	107,678 126,695 142,119 152,999 161,883	105,083 123,803 138,806 149,221 157,841	1,154 1,307 1,519 1,528 1,638	1,442 1,585 1,793 2,251 2,404	-1,837 -1,334 <sup>5</sup> 598 -2,416 7,445	22,823 21,490 22,088 19,672 27,117	
1985 1986 1987 1988 1988	184,239 197,393 210,736 240,770 264,653	176,958 190,741 202,735 229,775 250,195	3,208 3,424 3,257 3,384 2,439	2,203 160 55 43 34	1,871 3,069 4,690 7,568 11,985	171,150 181,000 187,668 200,020 212,489	167,248 176,813 183,587 195,454 207,971	1,592 1,601 1,524 1,776 1,673	2,310 2,585 2,557 2,790 2,845	<sup>5</sup> 8,725 <sup>5</sup> 3,239 23,068 40,750 52,164	35,842 39,081 62,149 102,899 155,063	
1990 1991 1992 1993 1994	286,653 299,286 311,162 323,277 328,271	267,530 272,574 280,992 290,905 293,323	4,848 5,864 5,852 5,335 4,995	-2,089 19 14 10 7	16,363 20,829 24,303 27,027 29,946	227,519 245,634 259,861 273,104 284,133	222,987 240,467 254,883 267,755 279,068	1,563 1,792 1,830 1,996 1,645	2,969 3,375 3,148 3,353 3,420	59,134 53,652 51,301 50,173 44,138	214,197 267,849 319,150 369,322 413,460	
1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000	342,801 363,741 397,169 424,848 457,040 490,513	304,620 321,557 349,946 371,207 396,352 421,391	5,490 6,471 7,426 9,149 10,899 11,594	-129 7 2 1 (6)	32,820 35,706 39,795 44,491 49,788 57,529	297,760 308,217 322,073 332,324 339,874 358,339	291,630 302,861 316,257 326,762 334,383 352,652	2,077 1,802 2,128 1,899 1,809 2,149	4,052 3,554 3,688 3,662 3,681 3,538	45,041 55,524 75,096 92,524 117,167 132,174	458,502 514,026 589,121 681,645 798,812 930,986	

See footnotes following table 4.A3.

#### Table 4.A2.—Disability Insurance, 1957–2000

[In millions]

			Receipts				Expen	ditures		Ass	ets
Calendar year	Total	Net contri- butions <sup>1</sup>	Income from taxation of benefits	Payments from the general fund of the Treasury <sup>2</sup>	Net interest <sup>3</sup>	Total	Benefit payments <sup>4</sup>	Adminis- trative expenses	Transfers to Railroad Retirement program	Net increase during year	Amount at end of period
1957 1958 1959	\$709 991 931	\$702 966 891	···· ···	···· ···	\$7 25 40	\$59 261 485	\$57 249 457	\$3 12 50	-\$22	\$649 729 447	\$649 1,379 1,825
1960 1961 1962 1963 1964	1,063 1,104 1,114 1,165 1,218	1,010 1,038 1,046 1,099 1,154	···· ··· ···	· · · · · · · · · ·	53 66 68 66 64	600 956 1,183 1,297 1,407	568 887 1,105 1,210 1,309	36 64 66 68 79	-5 5 11 20 19	464 148 -69 -133 -188	2,289 2,437 2,368 2,235 2,047
1965 1966 1967 1968 1969	1,247 2,079 2,379 3,454 3,792	1,188 2,006 2,286 3,316 3,599	···· ··· ···	\$16 16 32 16	59 58 78 106 177	1,687 1,947 2,089 2,458 2,716	1,573 1,784 1,950 2,311 2,557	90 137 109 127 138	24 25 31 20 21	-440 133 290 996 1,075	1,606 1,739 2,029 3,025 4,100
1970 1971 1972 1973 1974	4,774 5,031 5,572 6,443 7,378	4,481 4,620 5,107 5,932 6,826	···· ··· ···	16 50 51 52 52	277 361 414 458 500	3,259 4,000 4,759 5,973 7,196	3,085 3,783 4,502 5,764 6,957	164 205 233 190 217	10 13 24 20 22	1,514 1,031 813 470 182	5,614 6,645 7,457 7,927 8,109
1975 1976 1977 1978 1979	8,035 8,757 9,570 13,810 15,590	7,444 8,233 9,138 13,413 15,114	···· ··· ···	90 103 128 142 118	502 422 304 256 358	8,790 10,366 11,945 12,954 14,186	8,505 10,055 11,547 12,599 13,786	256 285 399 325 371	29 26 (5) 30 30	-754 -1,609 -2,375 856 1,404	7,354 5,745 3,370 4,226 5,630
1980 1981 1982 1983 1984	13,871 17,078 22,715 20,682 17,309	13,255 16,738 21,995 17,991 15,945	\$190	130 168 174 1,121	485 172 546 1,569 1,174	15,872 17,658 17,992 18,177 18,546	15,515 17,192 17,376 17,524 17,898	368 436 590 625 626	-12 29 26 28 22	-2,001 -580 6-358 2,505 -1,237	3,629 3,049 2,691 5,195 3,959
1985 1986 1987 1988 1988	19,301 19,439 20,303 22,699 24,795	17,191 18,399 19,691 22,039 23,993	222 238 <sup>7</sup> -36 61 95	1,017  	870 803 648 600 707	19,478 20,522 21,425 22,494 23,753	18,827 19,853 20,519 21,695 22,911	608 600 849 737 754	43 68 57 61 88	<sup>6</sup> 2,363 <sup>6</sup> 1,459 -1,122 206 1,041	6,321 7,780 6,658 6,864 7,905
1990 1991 1992 1993 1994	28,791 30,390 31,430 32,301 52,841	28,539 29,137 30,136 31,185 51,373	144 190 232 281 311	-775  	883 1,063 1,062 835 1,157	25,616 28,571 32,004 35,662 38,879	24,829 27,695 31,112 34,613 37,744	707 794 834 966 1,029	80 82 58 83 106	3,174 1,819 -574 -3,361 13,962	11,079 12,898 12,324 8,963 22,925
1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000	56,696 60,710 60,499 64,357 69,541 77,920	54,401 57,325 56,037 58,966 63,203 71,093	341 373 470 558 661 721	-203   -836	2,158 3,012 3,992 4,832 5,677 6,942	42,055 45,351 47,034 49,931 53,035 56,782	40,923 44,189 45,695 48,207 51,381 54,983	1,064 1,160 1,280 1,567 1,519 1,639	68 2 59 157 135 159	14,641 15,359 13,465 14,425 16,507 21,138	37,566 52,924 66,389 80,815 97,321 118,459

<sup>1</sup> Beginning in 1983, includes transfers from the general fund of the Treasury representing contributions that would have been paid on deemed wage credits for military service in 1957 and later, if such credits were considered to be covered wages.

<sup>2</sup> Includes payments (1) in 1966 and later, for costs of noncontributory wage credits for military service performed before 1957; and (2) in 1971–1982, for costs of deemed

wage credits for military service performed after 1956. <sup>3</sup> Net interest includes net profits or losses on marketable investments. Beginning in 1967, administrative expenses are charged to the trust fund on an estimated basis, with a final adjustment, including interest, made in the following fiscal year. The amounts of these interest adjustments are included in net interest. Beginning in July 1974, the figures shown include relatively small amounts of gifts to the fund. Figures for 1983–1986 reflect payments from a borrowing trust fund to a lending trust fund for interest on amounts owed under the interfund borrowing provisions. During 1983–1990, interest paid from the trust fund to the general fund of the Treasury on advance tax transfers is reflected. The amount shown for 1985 includes an interest adjustment of \$14.8 million on unnegotiated checks issued before April 1985.

<sup>4</sup> Beginning in 1966, includes payments for vocational rehabilitation services furnished to disabled persons receiving benefits because of their disabilities. Beginning in 1983, amounts are reduced by amount of reimbursement for unnegotiated benefit checks.

<sup>5</sup> Less than \$500,000.

<sup>6</sup> Amount equals total receipts less total expenditures, less amounts loaned or plus amounts repaid under interfund borrowing provisions.

<sup>7</sup> Reflects \$195 million in transfers from the DI trust fund to the general fund of the Treasury to correct estimated amounts transferred for calendar years 1984 and 1985.

#### Table 4.A3.—Combined OASI and DI, 1957–2000

[In millions]

			Receipts				Expend	ditures		Assets		
Calendar year	Total	Net contri- butions <sup>1</sup>	Income from taxation of benefits	Payments from the general fund of the Treasury <sup>2</sup>	Net interest <sup>3</sup>	Total	Benefit payments <sup>4</sup>	Adminis- trative expenses	Transfers to Railroad Retirement program	Net increase during year	Amount at end of period	
1957 1958 1959	\$8,090 9,108 9,516	\$7,527 8,531 8,943	···· ···	···· ···	\$563 577 572	\$7,567 8,907 10,793	\$7,404 8,576 10,298	\$164 207 234	-\$2 124 260	\$523 201 -1,277	\$23,042 23,243 21,966	
1960 1961 1962 1963 1964	12,445 12,937 13,699 16,227 17,476	11,876 12,323 13,105 15,640 16,843	· · · · · · · · · ·	···· ··· ···	569 614 594 587 633	11,798 13,388 15,156 16,217 17,020	11,245 12,749 14,461 15,427 16,223	240 303 322 348 375	314 337 372 442 422	647 -451 -1,457 10 456	22,613 22,162 20,705 20,715 21,172	
1965 1966 1967 1968 1969	17,857 23,381 26,413 28,493 33,346	17,205 22,585 25,424 27,034 31,546	···· ···· ···	\$94 94 414 458	651 702 896 1,045 1,342	19,187 20,913 22,471 26,015 27,892	18,311 20,051 21,417 24,954 26,767	418 393 515 603 612	459 469 539 458 513	-1,331 2,467 3,942 2,479 5,453	19,841 22,308 26,250 28,729 34,182	
1970 1971 1972 1973 1974	36,993 40,908 45,622 54,787 62,066	34,737 38,343 42,888 51,907 58,907	· · · · · · · · · ·	465 538 526 494 499	1,791 2,027 2,208 2,386 2,660	33,108 38,542 43,281 53,148 60,593	31,884 37,197 41,625 51,508 58,581	635 719 907 837 1,082	589 626 749 802 931	3,886 2,366 2,341 1,639 1,472	38,068 40,434 42,775 44,414 45,886	
1975 1976 1977 1978 1979	67,640 75,034 81,982 91,903 105,864	64,259 71,595 78,710 88,883 103,034	···· ··· ···	515 717 741 757 675	2,866 2,722 2,531 2,264 2,155	69,184 78,242 87,254 96,018 107,320	67,022 75,759 84,667 92,960 104,359	1,152 1,244 1,379 1,440 1,483	1,010 1,239 1,208 1,618 1,477	-1,544 -3,209 -5,272 -4,115 -1,456	44,342 41,133 35,861 31,746 30,291	
1980 1981 1982 1983 1984	119,712 142,438 147,913 171,266 186,637	116,711 139,364 145,667 156,328 180,067	\$3,025	670 843 854 6,662 105	2,330 2,231 1,391 8,276 3,440	123,550 144,352 160,111 171,177 180,429	120,598 140,995 156,182 166,745 175,739	1,522 1,743 2,109 2,153 2,264	1,430 1,614 1,820 2,279 2,426	-3,838 -1,914 <sup>5</sup> 239 89 6,208	26,453 24,539 24,778 24,867 31,075	
1985 1986 1987 1988 1988	203,540 216,833 231,039 263,469 289,448	194,149 209,140 222,425 251,814 274,189	3,430 3,662 3,221 3,445 2,534	3,220 160 55 43 34	2,741 3,871 5,338 8,168 12,692	190,628 201,522 209,093 222,514 236,242	186,075 196,667 204,106 217,149 230,882	2,200 2,202 2,373 2,513 2,427	2,353 2,653 2,614 2,851 2,934	<sup>5</sup> 11,088 <sup>5</sup> 4,698 21,946 40,955 53,206	42,163 46,861 68,807 109,762 162,968	
1990 1991 1992 1993 1994	315,443 329,676 342,591 355,578 381,111	296,070 301,711 311,128 322,090 344,695	4,992 6,054 6,084 5,616 5,306	-2,864 19 14 10 7	17,245 21,892 25,365 27,862 31,103	253,135 274,205 291,865 308,766 323,011	247,816 268,162 285,995 302,368 316,812	2,270 2,587 2,664 2,963 2,674	3,049 3,457 3,206 3,435 3,526	62,309 55,471 50,726 46,812 58,100	225,277 280,747 331,473 378,285 436,385	
1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000	399,497 424,451 457,668 489,204 526,582 568,433	359,021 378,881 405,984 430,174 459,556 492,484	5,831 6,844 7,896 9,707 11,559 12,314	-332 7 2 1 (6) -836	34,977 38,718 43,787 49,323 55,466 64,471	339,815 353,569 369,108 382,255 392,908 415,121	332,554 347,050 361,952 374,969 385,765 407,635	3,141 2,962 3,409 3,467 3,328 3,788	4,120 3,556 3,747 3,819 3,816 3,698	59,683 70,883 88,560 106,950 133,673 153,312	496,068 566,950 655,510 762,460 896,133 1,049,445	

#### Footnotes to tables 4.A1 and 4.A3

<sup>1</sup> Beginning in 1983, includes transfers from the general fund of the Treasury representing contributions that would have been paid on deemed wage credits for military service in 1957 and later, if such credits were considered to be covered wages.

<sup>2</sup> Includes payments (1) in 1947–51 and in 1966 and later, for costs of noncontributory wage credits for military service performed before 1957; (2) in 1971–1982, for costs of deemed wage credits for military service performed after 1956; and (3) in 1968 and later, for costs of benefits to certain uninsured persons who attained age 72 before 1968. <sup>3</sup> Net interest includes net profits or losses on marketable investments. Beginning in 1967, administrative expenses are charged to the trust fund on an estimated basis, with

<sup>o</sup> Net interest includes net profits or losses on marketable investments. Beginning in 1967, administrative expenses are charged to the trust fund on an estimated basis, with a final adjustment, including interest, made in the following fiscal year. The amounts of these interest adjustments are included in net interest. Beginning in October 1973, the figures shown include relatively small amounts of gifts to the fund. Figures for 1983–1986 reflect payments from a borrowing trust fund to a lending trust fund for interest on amounts owed under the interfund borrowing provisions. During 1983–1990, interest paid from the trust fund to the general fund of the Treasury on advance tax transfers is reflected. For the OASI trust fund, the amount shown for 1985 includes an interest adjustment of \$88 million on unnegotiated checks issued before April 1985. For the OASI and DI trust funds, combined, the amount shown for 1985 includes an interest adjustment of \$102.8 million on unnegotiated checks issued before April 1985.

<sup>4</sup> Beginning in 1966, includes payments for vocational rehabilitation services furnished to disabled persons receiving benefits because of their disabilities. Beginning in 1983, amounts are reduced by amount of reimbursement for unnegotiated benefit checks.

<sup>5</sup> Amount equals total receipts less total expenditures, plus amounts borrowed or less amounts repaid under interfund borrowing provisions.

<sup>6</sup> Less than \$500,000.

		Cash bene	efits <sup>1</sup>	Service	benefits	Rehabilitatio	on services <sup>2</sup>		
Year	Total benefits	Old-Age and Survivors Insurance <sup>4</sup>	Disability Insurance	Hospital Insurance	Supplementary Medical Insurance	Old-Age and Survivors Insurance	Disability Insurance	Personal income <sup>3</sup>	Total benefits as percent of personal income
1937 1938 1939	\$1 10 14	\$1 10 14	···· ···				···· ···	\$74,300 68,600 73,100	(5) (5) (5)
1940 1941	35 88	35 88	···· ···	···· ···	···· ···	···· ···	···· ···	78,600 96,300	(5) 0.1
1942 1943 1944	131 166 209	131 166 209	· · · · · ·	···· ···	· · · · · ·	· · · · · · ·	· · · · · · ·	123,800 152,400 166,300	.1 .1 .1
1945 1946 1947	274 378 466	274 378 466	· · · · · · ·	· · · · · · ·		· · · · · ·		171,900 179,500 192,100	.2 .2 .2 .3
1948 1949 1950	556 667 961	556 667 961	···· ···		···· ···	···· ···	···· ···	211,100 208,200 229,900	.3 .3 .4
1951 1952 1953	1,885 2,194 3,006	1,885 2,194 3,006		· · · · · · · · · ·	···· ···	••••	···· ···· ···	258,700 276,100 292,600	.7 .8 1.0
1954 1955 1956	3,670 4,968 5,715	3,670 4,968 5,715	···· ···	···· ···	···· ···	···· ···	···· ···	295,200 316,800 340,000	1.2 1.6 1.7
1957 1958 1959	7,404 8,576 10,298	7,347 8,327 9,842	\$57 249 457					359,300 370,000 394,000	2.1 2.3 2.6
1960 1961 1962 1963 1964	11,245 12,749 14,461 15,427 16,223	10,677 11,862 13,356 14,217 14,914	568 887 1,105 1,210 1,309	···· ··· ···	···· ···· ···	···· ··· ···	···· ··· ···	412,700 430,300 457,900 481,000 515,800	2.7 3.0 3.2 3.2 3.1
1965 1966 1967 1968	18,311 21,070 25,967 30,651	16,737 18,267 19,468 22,642	1,573 1,781 1,939 2,294	\$891 3,353 4,179	\$128 1,197 1,518	(6) (6) \$1	\$3 11 16	557,400 606,400 650,400 714,500	3.3 3.5 4.0 4.3
1969 1970 1971 1972 1973 1974	33,371 38,982 45,065 50,269 61,091 70,996	24,209 28,796 33,413 37,122 45,741 51,618	2,542 3,067 3,758 4,473 5,718 6,903	4,739 5,124 5,751 6,318 7,057 9,099	1,865 1,975 2,117 2,325 2,526 3,318	1 2 2 2 3 5	15 18 24 29 46 54	780,800 841,100 905,100 994,300 1,113,400 1,225,600	4.3 4.6 5.0 5.1 5.5 5.8
1975 1976 1977 1978 1979	82,611 94,180 106,443 117,894 133,691	58,509 65,699 73,113 80,352 90,556	8,414 9,966 11,463 12,513 13,708	11,315 13,340 15,737 17,682 20,623	4,273 5,080 6,038 7,252 8,708	9 6 8 9 18	91 89 84 86 78	1,331,700 1,475,400 1,637,100 1,848,300 2,081,500	6.2 6.4 6.5 6.4 6.4
1980 1981 1982 1983 1984	156,298 184,450 207,268 224,524 238,682	105,074 123,795 138,800 149,502 157,862	15,437 17,199 17,338 17,530 17,900	25,064 30,342 35,631 39,337 43,257	10,635 13,113 15,455 18,106 19,661	8 8 6 6 (6)	78 -8 38 42 1	2,323,900 2,599,400 2,768,400 2,946,900 3,274,800	6.7 7.1 7.5 7.6 7.3
1985 1986 1987 1988 1989	256,723 272,698 284,487 303,717 329,193	167,360 176,845 183,644 195,522 207,977	18,836 19,847 20,512 21,692 22,873	47,580 49,758 49,496 52,517 60,011	22,947 26,239 30,820 33,970 38,294	(6)  	(6) 9 16 16 38	3,515,000 3,712,400 3,962.500 4,272,100 4,599.800	7.3 7.3 7.2 7.1 7.2
1990 1991 1992 1993 1994	356,536 386,912 419,325 449,896 478,775	222,993 240,436 254,939 267,804 279,118	24,803 27,662 31,091 34,598 37,717	66,239 71,549 83,895 93,487 103,282	42,468 47,229 49,367 53,979 58,618	···· ··· ···	32 36 33 28 40	4,903.200 5,085,400 5,390,400 5,610,000 5,888,000	7.3 7.6 7.8 8.0 8.1
1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000	513,959 544,350 572,542 585,156 595,326 625,060	291,682 302,914 316,311 326,817 334,437 352,706	40,898 44,174 45,659 48,173 51,331 54,938	116,368 128,632 137,762 133,990 128,766 128,458	64,972 68,598 72,757 76,125 80,724 88,893	· · · · · · · · · ·	39 31 53 51 68 63	6,200,900 6,547,400 6,937,000 7,391,000 7,789,600 8,281,700	8.3 8.3 7.9 7.6 7.5

#### Table 4.A4.—Total annual benefits paid, by type of benefit and trust fund, and as percent of personal income, 1937–2000

[Amounts in millions]

<sup>1</sup> Unnegotiated checks not deducted.

<sup>2</sup> Vocational rehabilitation services to disabled workers and disabled children under the 1965 Amendments to the Social Security Act and to disabled widows and widowers under the 1967 Amendments to the Social Security Act.

<sup>3</sup> Data from Bureau of Economic Analysis. Figures subject to revision.

<sup>4</sup> For 1937–1939, refunds and lump-sum death payments under the Social Security Act of 1935.

<sup>5</sup> Less than 0.05 percent.

<sup>6</sup> Less than \$500,000.

## Table 4.A5.—Total annual benefits<sup>1</sup> paid from OASI trust fund, by type of benefit, 1937–2000

[In millions]

			Benefits paid to-												
	-		Retir	ed workers	and depende				Survivors			0			
Year	Total	Total	Total	Retired workers	Wives and husbands	Children	Total	Children	Widowed mothers and fathers	Widows and widowers	Parents	Special age-72 benefi- ciaries	Lump-sum death payments		
1937 1938 1939	\$1 10 14	· · · · · · ·	· · · · · · ·	· · · · · · ·	· · · · · · ·	· · · · · · ·	· · · · · · ·	· · · · · · ·	· · · · · · ·	· · · · · · ·	· · · · · · ·	· · · · · ·	\$1 10 14		
1940 1941 1942 1943 1944	35 88 131 166 209	\$24 75 116 148 187	\$17 51 76 93 113	\$15 44 65 79 97	\$2 7 10 13 16	(2) \$1 1 1	\$6 24 40 55 73	\$3 13 21 29 39	\$2 8 13 16 20	(2) \$2 5 9 14	(2) (2) (2) \$1 1	···· ··· ···	9 13 15 18 22		
1945 1946 1947 1948 1949	274 378 466 556 667	248 350 437 524 634	148 222 288 352 437	126 189 245 300 373	21 31 40 49 60	2 2 3 4 5	100 128 149 172 197	52 66 77 86 95	27 32 34 36 39	20 28 37 48 60	1 1 2 2 2	···· ···· ····	26 28 29 32 33		
1950 1951 1952 1953 1954	961 1,885 2,194 3,006 3,670	928 1,828 2,131 2,919 3,578	651 1,321 1,539 2,175 2,698	557 1,135 1,328 1,884 2,340	88 175 200 275 338	6 11 12 16 21	277 507 592 744 880	135 260 298 369 430	49 82 92 114 133	89 156 191 248 304	3 9 10 12 13	···· ···· ····	33 57 63 87 92		
1955 1956 1957 1958 1959	4,968 5,715 7,347 8,327 9,842	4,855 5,605 7,209 8,194 9,670	3,748 4,361 5,688 6,474 7,607	3,253 3,793 4,888 5,567 6,548	466 536 756 851 982	29 33 43 56 77	1,108 1,244 1,521 1,720 2,063	532 581 651 720 855	163 177 198 223 263	396 469 653 757 921	16 17 19 20 25	···· ··· ···	113 109 139 133 171		
1960 1961 1962 1963 1964	10,677 11,862 13,356 14,217 14,914	10,512 11,690 13,173 14,011 14,698	8,196 9,032 10,162 10,795 11,281	7,053 7,802 8,813 9,391 9,854	1,051 1,124 1,216 1,258 1,277	92 106 134 146 150	2,316 2,659 3,011 3,216 3,416	945 1,080 1,171 1,222 1,275	286 316 336 348 354	1,057 1,232 1,470 1,612 1,754	28 31 34 34 33	···· ···· ···	164 171 183 206 216		
1965 1966 1967 1968 1969	16,737 18,267 19,468 22,642 24,209	16,521 18,030 19,215 22,373 23,917	12,542 13,373 14,049 16,204 17,395	10,984 11,727 12,372 14,278 15,385	1,383 1,429 1,456 1,673 1,750	175 216 221 253 260	3,979 4,613 4,854 5,839 6,219	1,515 1,812 1,855 2,207 2,322	388 415 420 478 490	2,041 2,351 2,545 3,117 3,371	35 35 34 37 36	\$44 313 330 303	217 237 252 269 291		
1970 1971 1972 1973 1974	28,796 33,413 37,122 45,741 51,618	28,503 33,107 36,802 45,412 51,291	20,770 24,219 27,057 32,793 37,211	18,438 21,544 24,143 29,336 33,369	2,029 2,323 2,532 3,000 3,309	303 352 382 457 533	7,428 8,602 9,482 12,356 13,843	2,760 3,168 3,433 4,002 4,399	574 630 679 801 898	4,055 4,763 5,326 7,505 8,497	39 41 43 48 49	305 285 263 264 237	294 306 320 329 327		
1975 1976 1977 1978 1979	58,509 65,699 73,113 80,352 90,556	58,172 65,366 72,801 80,008 90,216	42,432 47,936 53,575 59,159 66,947	38,079 43,083 48,186 53,255 60,379	3,719 4,117 4,559 4,983 5,554	634 736 830 921 1,014	15,544 17,257 19,070 20,707 23,140	4,888 5,336 5,759 6,093 6,608	1,009 1,113 1,191 1,284 1,409	9,597 10,757 12,068 13,278 15,071	50 51 52 51 52	196 174 157 142 128	337 332 312 344 340		
1980 1981 1982 1983 1984	105,074 123,795 138,800 149,502 157,862	104,678 123,463 138,596 149,297 157,651	77,905 92,478 104,885 114,048 120,952	70,358 83,614 95,123 103,578 109,957	6,405 7,543 8,539 9,328 9,860	1,142 1,321 1,223 1,143 1,135	26,654 30,875 33,612 35,164 36,628	7,389 8,307 8,204 7,911 7,775	1,572 1,760 1,861 1,771 1,474	17,638 20,749 23,488 25,425 27,325	55 58 59 56 53	119 110 100 85 71	394 332 203 205 212		
1985 1986 1987 1988 1989	167,360 176,845 183,644 195,522 207,977	167,152 176,642 183,441 195,314 207,770	128,479 135,902 141,293 150,498 160,331	116,823 123,584 128,513 136,987 146,027	10,517 11,152 11,598 12,292 13,054	1,140 1,166 1,183 1,219 1,249	38,616 40,693 42,112 44,787 47,418	7,762 7,843 7,846 8,120 8,254	1,474 1,457 1,388 1,392 1,401	29,330 31,345 32,833 35,233 37,723	51 48 44 43 41	57 47 36 29 21	207 203 203 208 206		
1990 1991 1992 1993 1994	222,993 240,436 254,939 267,804 279,118	222,787 240,234 254,734 267,590 278,898	172,025 185,533 196,676 206,359 214,891	156,756 169,142 179,372 188,440 196,400	13,953 14,986 15,810 16,356 16,854	1,316 1,405 1,494 1,563 1,637	50,746 54,689 58,049 61,225 64,003	8,564 9,022 9,431 9,897 10,293	1,437 1,490 1,521 1,547 1,551	40,705 44,139 47,060 49,746 52,124	39 38 37 36 34	16 12 9 6 4	206 202 206 214 220		
1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000	291,682 302,914 316,311 326,817 334,437 352,706	291,464 302,697 316,095 326,599 334,222 352,492	224,378 232,937 243,590 252,659 258,885 274,645	205,315 213,423 223,554 232,324 238,478 253,542	17,348 17,715 18,154 18,395 18,415 18,969	1,715 1,799 1,882 1,940 1,992 2,133	67,083 69,759 72,505 73,940 75,336 77,848	10,717 11,217 11,660 11,936 12,125 12,532	1,573 1,486 1,466 1,435 1,415 1,406	54,761 57,025 59,349 60,540 61,769 63,884	32 31 30 29 27 26	3 1 (2) (2) (2)	218 218 216 218 216 216 214		

<sup>1</sup> Type of benefit estimated. Unnegotiated checks not deducted. <sup>2</sup> Less than \$500,000.

## 4.A OASDI: Trust Funds

## Table 4.A6.—Total annual benefits<sup>1</sup> paid from DI trust fund, by type of benefit, 1957–2000

[In millions]

			Benefits paid to—					
Year	Total	Disabled workers	Wives and husbands	Children				
1957	\$57	\$57						
1958	249	246	\$1	\$1				
1959	457	390	29	38				
	-							
1960	568	489	32	48				
1961	887	724	54	109				
1962	1,105	888	68	149				
1963	1,210	965	73	172				
1964	1,309	1,044	79	186				
1065	1 570	1.246	95	222				
1965	1,573			232				
1966	1,781	1,394	108	280				
1967	1,939	1,519	113	307				
1968	2,294	1,804	131	360				
1969	2,542	2,014	139	389				
1970	3.067	2,448	165	454				
1971	3,758	3.028	192	539				
1972	4,473	3,626	224	623				
1973	5.718	4.676	281	760				
1974	6,903	5,662	320	920				
1975	8,414	6,908	385	1,121				
1976	9,966	8,190	447	1,328				
1977	11,463	9,456	505	1,503				
1978	12,513	10,315	541	1,657				
1979	13,708	11,333	581	1,794				
1080	15.437	12.816	638	1.983				
1980	17,199	14.379	684	2,136				
1981	17,199	14,811	652	1.875				
1982 1983	17,530	14,011	607	1,875				
1984	17,900	15,623	536	1,741				
1904	17,900	15,025	550	1,741				
1985	18,836	16,483	545	1,809				
1986	19,847	17,409	547	1,890				
1987	20,512	18,053	532	1,926				
1988	21,692	19,165	529	1,999				
1989	22,873	20,314	523	2,036				
1999								
1990	24,803	22,113	531	2,159				
1991	27,662	24,738	550	2,374				
1992	31,091	27,856	572	2,663				
1993	34,598	30,913	572	3,112				
1994	37,717	33,711	579	3,428				
1995	40.898	36.610	577	3,711				
1996	44.174	39,625	515	4,034				
1997	45.659	41.083	479	4.098				
1998	48.173	43.467	457	4.249				
1999	51,331	46.459	433	4.439				
2000	54,938	49,848	421	4,670				
	5 1,000			.,010				

<sup>1</sup> Type of benefit estimated. Unnegotiated checks not deducted.

#### Table 4.B1.—Workers, earnings, and Social Security numbers issued, 1937–2000

[Worker estimates based on 1-percent sample]

	Workers repo	orted with taxable (in thousands)	earnings <sup>1</sup>						
			New entrants	Total in	Reported	taxable <sup>1</sup>	Average per	r worker	Social Security
Year	Total	With maximum earnings	into covered employment <sup>3</sup>	covered employment <sup>4</sup> (in millions)	Amount (in millions)	Percent of total	Total earnings <sup>4</sup>	Reported taxable	numbers issued <sup>2</sup> (in thousands)
1937	32,900	1,031	32,900	\$32,200	\$29,620	92.0	\$979	\$900	37,139
1940 1945	35,390 46,390	1,196 6,361	4,430 3,480	35,700 71,600	32,970 62,950	92.4 87.9	1,009 1,543	932 1,357	5,227 3,321
1950 1951	48,280 58,120	13,936 14,270	2,520 6,000	109,800 148,900	87,500 120,770	79.7 81.1	2,274 2,562	1,812 2,078	2,891 4,927
1952	59,580	16,606	3,500	159,900	128,640	80.5	2,684	2,159	4,363
1953	60,840	19,013	3,090	173,000	135,870	78.5	2,844	2,233	3,464
1954	59,610	18,866	2,360	171,900	133,520	77.7	2,884	2,240	2,743
1955	65,200	16,704	4,760	196,100	157,540	80.3	3,008	2,416	4,323
1956 1957	67,610 70,590	19,236 21,095	3,660 3,380	216,800 233,900	170,720 181,380	78.8 77.5	3,207 3,314	2,525 2,569	4,376 3,639
1958	69,770	21,328	2,450	236,500	180,720	76.4	3,390	2,500	2,290
1959	71,700	19,112	3,180	255,000	202,310	79.3	3,556	2,822	3,388
1960	72,530	20,310	3,130	265,200	207,000	78.1	3,656	2,854	3,415
1961	72,820	21,265	2,990	270,700	209,640	77.4	3,717	2,879	3,370
1962 1963	74,280 75,540	23,154 24,570	3,360 3,520	289,000 302,300	219,050 225,550	75.8 74.6	3,891 4,002	2,949 2,986	4,519 8,617
1964	77,430	26,717	3,890	324,500	236,390	72.8	4,191	3,053	5,623
1965	80,680	29,136	4,620	351,700	250,730	71.3	4,359	3,108	6,131
1966	84,600	20,498	5,080	390,700	312,540	80.0	4,618	3,694	6,506
1967 1968	87,040 89,380	22,948 19,120	4,530 4,830	422,300 460,000	329,960	78.1 81.7	4,852 5,147	3,791 4,205	5,920 5,862
1969	92,060	22,577	4,830 5,160	502,800	375,840 402,550	80.1	5,462	4,205	6,289
1970	93,090	24,224	4,440	531,600	415,600	78.2	5,711	4,464	6,132
1971	93,340	26,404	4,470	559,700	426,960	76.3	5,996	4,574	6,401
1972	96,240	24,074	5,150	617,900	484,110	78.3	6,420	5,030	9,564
1973 1974	99,830 101,330	20,250 15,310	5,670 4,940	686,700 746,700	561,850 636,760	81.8 85.3	6,879 7,369	5,628 6,284	10,038 7,998
				,					
1975 1976	100,200 102,600	15,070 15,330	4,120 4,700	787,600 874,700	664,660 737,700	84.4 84.3	7,860 8,525	6,633 7,190	8,164 9,043
1977	105,800	15,700	5,070	960,100	816,550	85.0	9,075	7,718	7,724
1978	110,600	17,050	5,460	1,092,600	915,600	83.8	9,879	8,278	5,260
1979	112,700	11,236	4,883	1,222,200	1,067,000	87.3	10,845	9,468	5,213
1980	113,000	9,903	4,243	1,328,800	1,180,700	88.9	11,759	10,449	5,984
1981 1982	113,000 111,800	8,594 7,929	4,090 3,408	1,450,900 1,516,600	1,294,100 1,365,300	89.2 90.0	12,840 13,565	11,452 12,212	5,581 5,362
1983	112,100	7,044	3,914	1,615,200	1,454,100	90.0	14,409	12,971	6,699
1984	116,300	7,421	4,743	1,800,800	1,608,800	89.3	15,484	13,833	5,980
1985	119,800	7,766	4,756	1,936,800	1,722,600	88.9	16,167	14,379	5,720
1986	122,900	7,624	4,641	2,081,800	1,844,400	88.6	16,939	15,007	5,711
1987 1988	125,600 129,600	7,735 8,483	4,956 5,489	2,237,000 2,432,800	1,960,000 2,088,400	87.6 85.8	17,811 18,772	15,605 16,114	11,621 11,370
1989	131,700	8,463 8,110	4,856	2,432,800	2,088,400	86.8	19,580	17,005	8,049
1990	133,600	7,575	4,012	2,703,800	2,358,000	87.2	20,238	17,650	9,054
1990	133,000	7,483	3,541	2,760,500	2,338,000	87.8	20,236	18,214	7,509
1992	134,000	7,667	3,918	2,917,800	2,532,900	86.8	21,775	18,902	6,819
1993 1994	136,100 138,200	7,617 7,518	4,204 4,591	3,022,900 3,197,000	2,636,100 2,785,200	87.2 87.1	22,211 23,133	19,369 20,153	5,893 5,816
	138,200								
1995 1996 <sup>5</sup>	141,000 143,500	8,191 8,693	4,621 4,617	3,401,800 3,602,500	2,919,100 3,073,700	85.8 85.3	24,126 25,105	20,703 21,420	5,465 5,533
1997 <sup>5</sup>	146,300	9,052	4,702	3,879,600	3,285,500	84.7	26,518	22,457	5,413
1996 <sup>-5</sup> 1997 <sup>-5</sup> 1998 <sup>-5</sup>	149,100	9,226	4,871	4,174,700	3,515,600	84.2	27,999	23,579	5,288
1999 <sup>6</sup> 2000 <sup>8</sup>	151,200	(7)	(7)	4,463,200	3,736,400	83.7	29,519	24,712	5,306
2000	152,900	(7)	(7)	4,772,500	3,982,700	83.5	31,213	26,048	5,476

<sup>1</sup> Relates to wage and salary workers for 1937–1950. Beginning in 1951, includes self-employment. See table 2.A3 for annual maximum taxable earnings. <sup>2</sup> Excludes railroad account numbers. Since program began, 402 million Social Security numbers have been issued. (Some individuals have been issued more than

<sup>1</sup> And the second secon

<sup>6</sup> Taxable earnings are preliminary estimates based on Social Security data; employment and total covered earnings are preliminary estimates based on data from Bureau of Labor Statistics and the National Income and Product Accounts.

<sup>7</sup> Data not available.
 <sup>8</sup> Preliminary estimates based on data from Bureau of Labor Statistics and the National Income and Product Accounts.

#### Table 4.B2.—Number and amount of earnings for wage and salary and self-employed workers, 1951–2000

[Worker estimates based on 1-percent sample. See table 4.B1 for wage and salary data before 1951]

							Earn	ings				
	Workoro ro	ported with		Wage a	and salary				Self	-employment		
	taxable e	eponed with earnings <sup>1</sup> usands)		Reported	taxable	Average p	er worker	Tatalia	Reported	d taxable	Average employee	
Year	Wage and salary employment	Self- employment	Total in covered employment <sup>2</sup> (in millions)	Amount <sup>4</sup> (in millions)	Percent of total wages	Total wages <sup>2</sup>	Reported taxable <sup>4</sup>	Total in covered employ- ment <sup>3</sup> (in millions)	Amount <sup>4</sup> (in millions)	Percent of total self- employment	Total earnings <sup>3</sup>	Reported taxable <sup>4</sup>
1951	54,630	4,190	\$132,500	\$111,250	84.0	\$2,425	\$2,036	\$16,400	\$9,520	58.0	\$3,914	\$2,272
1952	56,060	4,240	143,500	118,880	82.8	2,560	2,121	16,400	9,760	59.5	3,868	2,302
1953	57,220	4,340	156,000	125,840	80.7	2,726	2,199	17,000	10,030	59.0	3,917	2,311
1954	55,940	4,350	155,100	123,410	79.6	2,773	2,206	16,800	10,110	60.2	3,862	2,324
1955	59,560	6,810	171,600	141,810	82.6	2,881	2,381	24,500	15,730	64.2	3,598	2,310
1956	61,560	7,390	188,500	153,010	81.2	3,062	2,486	28,300	17,710	62.6	3,829	2,396
1957	64,730	7,150	205,500	163,990	79.8	3,175	2,533	28,400	17,390	61.2	3,972	2,432
1958	64,040	7,130	208,000	163,140	78.4	3,248	2,547	28,500	17,580	61.7	3,997	2,466
1959	66,000	7,060	225,100	183,620	81.6	3,411	2,782	29,900	18,690	62.5	4,235	2,647
1960	66,980	6,870	236,000	188,580	79.9	3,523	2,815	29,200	18,420	63.1	4,250	2,681
1961	67,360	6,790	240,700	190,850	79.3	3,573	2,833	30,000	18,790	62.6	4,418	2,767
1962	68,890	6,720	257,700	200,130	77.7	3,741	2,905	31,300	18,920	60.4	4,658	2,815
1963	70,310	6,590	270,600	206,840	76.4	3,849	2,942	31,700	18,710	59.0	4,810	2,839
1964	72,230	6,480	290,900	217,430	74.7	4,027	3,010	33,600	18,960	56.4	5,185	2,926
1965	75,430	6,570	311,400	230,830	74.1	4,128	3,060	40,300	19,900	49.4	6,153	3,038
1966	79,460		346,700	287,860	83.0	4,363	3,623	44,000	24,680	56.1	6,637	3,722
1967	82,020		377,500	305,670	81.0	4,603	3,727	44,800	24,290	54.2	6,924	3,754
1968	84,470		413,600	348,500	84.3	4,896	4,126	46,400	27,340	58.9	7,062	4,161
1969	87,200		455,700	375,010	82.3	5,226	4,301	47,100	27,540	58.5	7,417	4,337
1970	88,180	6,270	483,600	388,680	80.4	5,484	4,408	48,000	26,920	56.1	7,656	4,293
1971	88,460	6,290	509,000	399,550	78.5	5,754	4,517	50,700	27,410	54.1	8,060	4,358
1972	91,220	6,600	563,300	452,050	80.3	6,175	4,956	54,600	32,060	58.7	8,273	4,858
1973	94,610	7,100	624,400	523,450	83.8	6,600	5,533	62,300	38,400	61.6	8,775	5,408
1974	96,190	7,040	681,600	594,400	87.2	7,086	6,179	65,200	42,360	65.0	9,261	6,017
1975	94,900	7,000	717,200	621,100	86.6	7,557	6,545	70,400	43,560	61.9	10,057	6,223
1976	97,230	7,400	797,200	689,200	86.4	8,199	7,088	76,800	48,500	63.2	10,378	6,554
1977	100,450	7,480	879,500	763,600	86.8	8,935	7,602	80,600	52,950	65.7	10,775	7,079
1978	104,810	8,040	998,900	856,100	85.7	9,531	8,168	93,700	59,500	63.5	11,654	7,400
1979	106,900	8,200	1,122,000	997,500	88.9	10,496	9,331	100,200	69,500	69.4	12,220	8,476
1980	107,200	8,200	1,231,000	1,109,000	90.1	11,483	10,345	97,800	71,700	73.3	11,927	8,744
1981	107,300	8,250	1,352,000	1,220,000	90.2	12,600	11,370	98,900	74,100	74.9	11,988	8,982
1982	105,800	8,550	1,418,000	1,290,000	91.0	13,403	12,193	98,600	75,300	76.4	11,532	8,807
1983	105,900	9,200	1,502,000	1,369,000	91.1	14,183	12,927	113,200	85,100	75.2	12,304	9,250
1984	109,900	9,900	1,671,500	1,515,000	90.6	15,209	13,785	129,300	93,800	72.5	13,061	9,475
1985	113,100	10,600	1,794,500	1,621,000	90.3	15,866	14,332	142,300	101,600	71.4	13,425	9,585
1986	115,900	11,200	1,921,000	1,730,800	90.1	16,575	14,934	160,800	113,600	70.6	14,357	10,143
1987	118,200	12,000	2,057,100	1,835,100	89.2	17,404	15,525	179,900	124,900	69.4	14,992	10,408
1988	122,100	12,400	2,224,700	1,952,000	87.7	18,220	15,987	208,100	136,400	65.5	16,782	11,000
1989	123,900	12,900	2,367,800	2,096,000	88.5	19,111	16,917	210,900	143,500	68.0	16,349	11,124
1990	126,100	13,200	2,510,000	2,222,000	88.5	19,905	17,621	193,800	136,000	70.2	15,504	10,880
1991	125,200		2,565,000	2,283,000	89.0	20,487	18,235	195,500	139,500	71.4	15,273	10,898
1992	126,000		2,711,000	2,386,000	88.0	21,516	18,937	206,800	146,600	71.0	15,786	11,214
1993	128,100		2,808,900	2,483,400	88.4	21,927	19,386	214,000	152,700	71.4	16,212	11,568
1994	130,100		2,964,100	2,624,500	88.5	22,783	20,173	232,900	160,700	69.0	17,511	12,083
1995 1996 <sup>5</sup> 1997 <sup>5</sup> 1998 <sup>5</sup> 1999 <sup>6</sup> 2000 <sup>7</sup>	132,800 135,100 137,700 140,400 142,400 144,200	13,900 14,200 14,400 14,600	3,159,100 3,346,800 3,608,200 3,885,100 4,158,600 4,446,500	2,754,300 2,902,000 3,105,400 3,325,800 3,536,000 3,770,400	87.2 86.7 86.1 85.6 85.0 84.8	23,788 24,773 26,203 27,672 29,204 30,836	20,740 21,480 22,552 23,688 24,831 26,147	242,700 255,700 271,400 289,600 304,600 326,000	164,800 171,700 180,100 189,800 200,400 212,300	67.9 67.1 66.4 65.5 65.8 65.1	17,978 18,396 19,113 20,111 20,863 22,329	12,207 12,353 12,683 13,181 13,726 14,541

<sup>1</sup> Represents total number in specified type of employment. Persons with both types of covered employment during the year are included in each type.
 <sup>2</sup> Total wages, including estimated amounts above the taxable limit.
 <sup>3</sup> Reported self-employment net earnings.

<sup>4</sup> See table 2.A3 for annual maximum taxable earnings.

<sup>5</sup> Preliminary data.

<sup>6</sup> Taxable earnings are preliminary estimates based on Social Security data; employment and total covered earnings are preliminary estimates based on data from Bureau of Labor Statistics and the National Income and Product Accounts.
 <sup>7</sup> Preliminary estimates based on data from Bureau of Labor Statistics and the National Income and Product Accounts.

#### Table 4.B3.—Number of workers and median annual earnings, by type of worker and sex, 1937–1998

[Based on 1-percent sample]

		All workers	-	All wage	and salary work	ers	All self-er	nployed worker	s <sup>1</sup>
Year	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women
				Numbe	er (in thousands)	)			
1937 1940 1945	32,900 35,390 46,390	23,810 25,570 28,820	9,090 9,820 17,570	32,900 35,390 46,390	23,810 25,570 28,820	9,090 9,820 17,570	· · · · · · ·	· · · · · · ·	· · · · · · ·
1950 1955 1960 1965	48,280 65,200 72,530 80,680	32,620 43,140 47,900 51,990	15,660 22,060 24,630 28,690	48,280 59,560 66,980 75,430	32,620 38,240 43,100 47,500	15,660 21,320 23,880 27,930	6,810 6,870 6,550	5,980 5,990 5,640	830 880 910
1970	93,090	57,330	35,760	88,180	53,180	35,000	6,270	5,370	900
1975	100,200	59,520	40,680	94,900	55,140	39,760	7,000	5,790	1,210
1980	113,000	64,288	48,712	107,200	59,751	47,449	8,200	6,407	1,793
	113,000	63,984	49,016	107,300	59,562	47,738	8,250	6,361	1,889
	111,800	63,089	48,711	105,800	58,557	47,243	8,550	6,443	2,107
	112,100	62,881	49,219	105,900	58,248	47,652	9,200	6,823	2,377
	116,300	64,700	51,600	109,900	60,009	49,891	9,900	7,196	2,704
1985	119,800	66,113	53,687	113,100	61,285	51,815	10,600	7,623	2,977
1986	122,900	67,412	55,488	115,900	62,398	53,502	11,200	7,932	3,268
1987	125,600	68,591	57,009	118,200	63,306	54,894	12,000	8,450	3,550
1988	129,600	70,596	59,004	122,100	65,270	56,830	12,400	8,630	3,770
1988	131,700	71,517	60,183	123,900	66,105	57,795	12,900	8,842	4,058
1990	133,600	72,291	61,309	126,100	67,064	59,036	12,500	8,526	3,974
1991	133,000	71,787	61,213	125,200	66,406	58,794	12,800	8,669	4,131
1992	134,000	72,016	61,984	126,000	66,543	59,457	13,100	8,797	4,303
1993	136,100	73,154	62,946	128,100	67,673	60,427	13,200	8,840	4,360
1994	138,200	73,989	64,211	130,100	68,481	61,619	13,300	8,840	4,460
1995	141,000	75,444	65,556	132,800	69,900	62,900	13,500	8,908	4,592
1996 <sup>.2</sup>	143,500	76,572	66,928	135,100	70,939	64,161	13,900	9,089	4,811
1997 <sup>.2</sup>	146,300	77,916	68,384	137,700	72,215	65,485	14,200	9,199	5,001
1998 <sup>.2</sup>	149,100	79,152	69,948	140,400	73,474	66,926	14,400	9,192	5,208
				Med	ian earnings <sup>3</sup>				
1937         1940         1945         1950         1955         1960         1965         1960         1965         1970         1975	\$761 746 1,159 2,438 2,894 3,414 4,375 5,803	\$945 935 1,654 2,532 3,315 3,879 4,685 6,180 8,250	\$484 472 770 1,124 1,351 1,679 1,984 2,735 3,730	\$761 746 1,159 1,926 2,383 2,833 3,319 4,317 5,790	\$945 935 1,654 2,532 3,348 3,875 4,630 6,173 8,315	\$484 472 770 1,124 1,338 1,676 1,979 2,770 3,794	\$2,397 2,903 3,858 5,104 6,700	\$2,550 3,129 4,242 5,683 7,846	\$1,552 1,695 1,898 2,360 3,113
1980	8,549	11,963	6,012	8,612	12,166	6,106	8,699	10,572	4,133
1981	9,361	12,941	6,690	9,476	13,255	6,807	8,655	10,512	4,330
1982	9,924	13,318	7,232	10,109	13,726	7,390	8,175	10,139	4,333
1983	10,322	13,687	7,618	10,527	14,130	7,809	8,669	10,686	4,722
1984	10,757	14,360	7,878	11,094	15,062	8,088	9,302	11,684	5,113
1985	11,265	14,959	8,293	11,638	15,706	8,525	9,877	12,301	5,529
1986	11,831	15,579	8,796	12,064	16,025	9,019	10,424	12,908	6,152
1987	12,327	16,073	9,261	12,576	16,559	9,500	10,886	13,401	6,573
1988	12,825	16,613	9,753	13,086	17,055	9,992	11,478	14,090	7,036
1989	13,314	17,014	10,265	13,762	17,800	10,577	11,602	14,538	7,010
1990	13,898	17,582	10,837	14,432	18,483	11,199	11,220	14,097	6,898
1991	14,278	17,765	11,369	14,859	18,730	11,767	11,125	13,703	7,186
1992	14,739	18,208	11,842	15,386	19,292	12,268	11,392	13,966	7,452
1993	15,000	18,430	12,093	15,665	19,516	12,546	11,595	14,128	7,720
1994	15,560	19,249	12,422	16,010	19,969	12,807	12,051	14,737	8,002
1995	16,108	19,907	12,897	16,618	20,672	13,296	12,198	14,931	8,301
1996 <sup>.2</sup>	16,706	20,699	13,371	17,250	21,499	13,799	12,490	15,289	8,639
1997 <sup>.2</sup>	17,546	21,697	14,078	18,104	22,559	14,514	12,869	15,854	8,920
1998 <sup>.2</sup>	18,376	22,766	14,765	18,933	23,604	15,205	13,220	16,324	9,253

 <sup>1</sup> Not covered before 1951.
 <sup>2</sup> Preliminary data.
 <sup>3</sup> For all workers, medians relate to combined earnings from wage and salary employment and self-employment. For all wage and salary workers, medians relate to wages and salaries only.

Table 4.B4.—Percent of all workers and self-employed workers with total annual earnings below annual maximum taxable, by sex, 1937-1998

		[Based on 1-	percent sample]				
	Annual maximum	All	workers <sup>1</sup>		All self-en	ployed workers	
Year	taxable earnings	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women
1937	\$3,000	96.9	95.8	99.7			
1940	3,000	96.6	95.4	99.7			
1945	3,000	86.3	78.6	98.9			
1950	3,000	71.1	59.9	94.6			
1950	3,600	75.5	64.6	96.7	65.4	62.6	83.3
1952	3.600	73.3	60.0	95.4	64.1	61.2	83.5
1953	3,600	68.8	55.5	93.8	62.9	59.5	83.1
1954	3,600	68.4	55.4	93.0	62.6	58.8	82.8
1955	4,200	74.4	63.4	95.9	74.0	72.3	86.3
1956	4,200	71.6	59.7	94.5	71.2	69.1	86.0
1957	4,200	70.1	58.7	93.1	69.6	67.2	85.5
1958	4,200	69.4	58.4	91.8	68.8	66.3	85.7
1959	4,800	73.3	62.7	94.3	72.0	69.6	88.0
1960	4,800	72.0	60.9	93.5	71.6	69.2	87.7
1961	4,800	70.8	59.6	92.4	70.3	67.8	86.9
1962	4,800	68.8	57.1	91.1	67.9	65.3	85.3
1963	4,800	67.5	55.5	90.0	66.3	63.4	85.3
1964	4,800	65.5	53.1	88.5	63.8	60.5	84.4
1005	4 800	62.0	<b>F1</b> 0	07.0	50 F	<b>FF</b> 0	00 F
1965	4,800	63.9	51.0 64.4	87.3	59.5	55.8	82.5
1966	6,600 6,600	75.8 73.6	64.4 61.5	95.6 94.2	68.3 66.7	65.0 63.2	88.4 87.5
1967 1968	7,800	78.6	68.0	94.2 96.3	70.3	67.2	87.5 89.7
1969	7,800	75.5	62.8	96.0	68.3	65.0	89.1
1909	7,800	75.5	02.0	90.0	00.5	05.0	09.1
1970	7,800	74.0	61.8	93.5	67.8	64.3	88.3
1971	7,800	71.7	59.1	91.7	66.7	63.3	86.2
1972	9,000	75.0	62.9	93.9	68.8	65.0	89.7
1973	10,800	79.7	68.9	96.2	71.1	67.4	91.0
1974	13,200	84.9	76.2	97.8	75.7	72.1	94.0
1975	14,100	84.9	76.4	97.5	77.8	74.4	93.9
1976	15,300	85.1	76.3	97.5	78.6	75.1	94.3
1977	16,500	85.2	76.3	97.5	79.3	75.8	94.1
1978	17,700	84.6	75.4	97.1	79.3	75.6	94.0
1979	22,900	90.0	83.6	98.6	84.3	81.3	95.9
	05,000	04.0	05.5				
1980	25,900	91.2	85.5	98.8	86.9	84.2	96.6
1981	29,700	92.4	87.4	99.0	89.4	87.1	97.2
1982	32,400 35,700	92.9	88.3	98.9	91.0 92.0	88.8	97.7 97.7
1983 1984	37,800	93.7 93.6	89.6 89.4	99.0 98.9	92.0 91.8	90.0 89.7	97.7 97.6
1904	57,800	95.0	09.4	30.9	91.0	09.7	97.0
1985	39,600	93.5	89.3	98.8	92.0	89.8	97.5
1986	42,000	93.8	89.7	98.7	92.3	90.2	97.5
1987	43,800	93.9	89.9	98.6	92.5	90.4	97.5
1988	45,000	93.5	89.4	98.3	91.7	89.4	97.1
1989	48,000	93.8	90.1	98.3	92.4	90.1	97.3
1990	51.300	94.3	90.9	98.4	93.3	91.3	97.7
1990	53,400	94.3 94.4	90.9 91.1	98.3	93.6	91.6	97.7
1992	55.500	94.4	91.0	98.1	93.6	91.0	97.6
1993	57,600	94.4	91.3	98.1	93.7	91.9	97.4
1994	60,600	94.6	91.4	98.1	93.9	92.0	97.5
	,						
1995	61,200	94.2	91.0	97.9	93.9	92.0	97.5
1996 <sup>2</sup>	62,700	93.9	90.6	97.7	93.8	92.0	97.4
1997 <sup>2</sup>	65,400	93.8	90.5	97.6	93.8	92.0	97.3
1998 <sup>2</sup>	68,400	93.7	90.4	97.5	94.6	92.9	97.6

 $^1$  For 1937–1950, relates to wage and salary workers. Beginning in 1951, includes self-employed workers.  $^2$  Preliminary data.

#### Table 4.B5.—Number of all workers, by age and sex, 1937–1998

[In thousands. Based on 1-percent sample. Age refers to age attained during year]

	<del>г г</del>			iousunus.	Dasca on		ampie. Ag		age attain	cu uuning	yearj				
Year	Total	Under 20	20–24	25–29	30–34	35–39	40–44	45–49	50–54	55–59	60–61	62–64	65–69	70–71	72 or older
								Total							
1937 1940 1945 1950 1955	32,900 35,390 46,390 48,280 65,200	3,277 2,963 6,313 4,469 5,410	6,302 6,481 5,908 7,057 7,065	5,480 5,794 5,571 6,732 7,499	4,413 4,904 5,495 5,991 7,801	3,688 3,930 5,288 5,609 7,458	3,055 3,342 4,623 5,016 7,222	2,580 2,706 4,061 4,076 6,507	1,918 2,147 3,275 3,375 5,299	1,308 1,488 2,577 2,597 4,261	384 437 831 811 1,423	398 494 926 1,052 1,893	<sup>1</sup> 97 451 975 979 2,091	106 214 210 537	152 333 306 734
1960	72,530	6,328	8,749	7,461	7,812	8,301	7,938	7,432	6,448	4,996	1,643	2,102	1,989	419	912
1965	80,680	8,556	11,066	8,261	7,488	8,120	8,550	7,936	7,163	5,931	1,943	2,272	2,027	424	943
1970	93,090	10,790	14,945	10,587	8,492	8,028	8,539	8,647	7,700	6,594	2,236	2,692	2,362	475	1,003
1975	100,200	11,939	16,419	13,852	10,304	8,644	7,997	8,157	7,896	6,626	2,289	2,543	2,139	444	951
1980	113,000	12,372	18,403	16,464	14,184	10,982	9,003	7,961	7,768	7,076	2,326	2,632	2,292	491	1,046
1985	119,800	10,685	17,727	18,012	16,193	14,276	10,961	8,713	7,435	6,870	2,410	2,726	2,206	489	1,097
1990	133,600	10,907	16,760	18,701	18,696	17,008	14,984	11,119	8,533	6,928	2,454	2,854	2,687	605	1,362
1991	133,000	9,751	16,398	18,048	18,721	17,353	15,342	11,752	8,756	6,950	2,424	2,831	2,648	647	1,380
1992	134,000	9,693	16,112	17,470	18,739	17,648	15,454	12,526	9,260	7,020	2,378	2,833	2,710	669	1,489
1993	136,100	9,910	15,991	17,100	18,817	18,020	15,835	13,109	9,777	7,243	2,360	2,827	2,782	683	1,647
1994	138,200	10,392	15,719	16,869	18,783	18,275	16,323	13,816	10,149	7,417	2,371	2,811	2,825	707	1,743
1995	141,000	10,832	15,465	17,078	18,692	18,760	16,918	14,622	10,510	7,667	2,440	2,777	2,836	699	1,704
1996 <sup>.2</sup>	143,500	11,163	15,264	17,194	18,403	19,036	17,493	15,118	11,213	7,939	2,520	2,811	2,868	699	1,779
1997 <sup>.2</sup>	146,300	11,428	15,506	17,169	18,046	19,292	17,975	15,389	12,032	8,439	2,578	2,913	2,921	733	1,878
1998 <sup>.2</sup>	149,100	11,949	15,811	17,058	17,712	19,379	18,410	15,788	12,689	8,934	2,680	3,003	2,981	756	1,951
								Men							
1937 1940 1945 1950 1955	23,810 25,570 28,820 32,620 43,140	2,020 1,821 3,343 2,530 3,026	4,021 4,072 2,296 4,215 3,980	3,797 4,028 3,054 4,497 5,019	3,237 3,545 3,502 4,135 5,345	3,775 2,922 3,486 3,889 5,035	2,387 2,550 3,150 3,419 4,846	2,091 2,151 2,840 2,827 4,327	1,606 1,770 2,409 2,417 3,595	1,110 1,265 1,984 1,951 2,995	330 373 664 635 1,012	351 434 765 843 1,387	<sup>1</sup> 85 403 838 815 1,566	96 189 181 414	140 300 266 593
1960	47,900	3,748	5,455	5,148	5,464	5,591	5,188	4,818	4,183	3,336	1,125	1,480	1,392	293	697
1965	51,990	5,206	6,731	5,574	5,153	5,416	5,464	5,002	4,536	3,803	1,274	1,519	1,359	280	673
1970	57,330	6,308	8,639	6,760	5,564	5,126	5,287	5,242	4,671	4,084	1,392	1,730	1,522	321	684
1975	59,520	6,635	9,122	8,245	6,440	5,311	4,831	4,891	4,729	4,023	1,418	1,595	1,352	285	643
1980	64,288	6,620	9,971	9,278	8,206	6,372	5,178	4,590	4,516	4,152	1,391	1,597	1,411	309	697
1985	66,114	5,547	9,432	9,870	9,066	7,920	6,050	4,838	4,186	3,932	1,408	1,593	1,297	289	686
1990	72,292	5,690	8,835	10,131	10,251	9,216	7,977	5,976	4,651	3,857	1,381	1,619	1,526	358	823
1991	71,787	5,075	8,646	9,781	10,238	9,406	8,126	6,284	4,732	3,861	1,348	1,594	1,494	377	825
1992	72,015	5,014	8,504	9,430	10,213	9,555	8,157	6,655	4,973	3,875	1,309	1,566	1,505	382	875
1993	73,154	5,149	8,403	9,209	10,276	9,732	8,363	6,939	5,260	3,984	1,316	1,567	1,567	395	996
1994	73,989	5,371	8,231	9,020	10,219	9,859	8,624	7,265	5,437	4,077	1,322	1,548	1,578	402	1,036
1995	. 75,443	5,590	8,069	9,097	10,146	10,106	8,966	7,663	5,620	4,193	1,374	1,547	1,614	405	1,053
1996 <sup>2</sup>	. 76,572	5,756	7,946	9,109	9,968	10,223	9,267	7,890	5,977	4,314	1,417	1,577	1,633	404	1,090
1997 <sup>2</sup>	. 77,919	5,934	8,032	9,070	9,736	10,314	9,527	8,023	6,389	4,580	1,428	1,650	1,656	434	1,148
1998 <sup>2</sup>	. 79,152	6,203	8,169	8,966	9,502	10,370	9,706	8,216	6,690	4,833	1,472	1,696	1,696	446	1,187
								Women							
1937 1940 1945 1950 1955	. 15,660	1,257 1,142 2,970 1,939 2,384	2,281 2,409 3,612 2,842 3,085	1,683 1,766 2,517 2,235 2,480	1,176 1,359 1,993 1,856 2,456	913 1,008 1,802 1,720 2,423	668 792 1,473 1,597 2,376	489 555 1,221 1,249 2,180	312 377 866 958 1,704	198 218 593 646 1,266	54 64 167 176 411	47 60 161 209 506	<sup>1</sup> 12 48 137 164 525	10 25 29 123	12 33 40 141
1960		2,580	3,294	2,313	2,348	2,710	2,750	2,614	2,265	1,660	518	622	597	126	233
1965		3,350	4,335	2,687	2,335	2,704	3,086	2,934	2,627	2,128	669	753	668	144	270
1970		4,482	6,306	3,827	2,928	2,902	3,252	3,405	3,029	2,510	844	962	840	154	319
1975		5,304	7,297	5,607	3,864	3,333	3,166	3,266	3,167	2,603	871	948	787	159	308
1980		5,752	8,432	7,186	5,978	4,610	3,825	3,371	3,252	2,924	935	1,035	881	182	349
1985		5,138	8,295	8,142	7,127	6,356	4,911	3,875	3,249	2,938	1,002	1,233	909	200	411
1990	61,309	5,217	7,925	8,570	8,445	7,792	7,007	5,143	3,882	3,071	1,073	1,235	1,161	247	540
1991	61,213	4,676	7,752	8,267	8,484	7,947	7,216	5,467	4,023	3,089	1,076	1,237	1,154	270	556
1992	61,985	4,678	7,608	8,040	8,526	8,093	7,297	5,871	4,286	3,145	1,069	1,267	1,205	287	614
1993	62,946	4,761	7,588	7,891	8,541	8,288	7,472	6,170	4,517	3,259	1,044	1,260	1,215	289	651
1994	64,212	5,020	7,488	7,849	8,565	8,416	7,698	6,551	4,712	3,341	1,049	1,264	1,247	304	707
1995	65,557	5,241	7,396	7,981	8,546	8,654	7,951	6,959	4,891	3,474	1,066	1,230	1,222	295	651
1996 <sup>2</sup>	66,927	5,407	7,318	8,085	8,435	8,813	8,226	7,228	5,235	3,625	1,102	1,235	1,235	295	688
1997 <sup>2</sup>	68,381	5,494	7,475	8,099	8,310	8,978	8,448	7,365	5,643	3,860	1,151	1,263	1,265	299	731
1998 <sup>2</sup>	69,948	5,746	7,642	8,092	8,210	9,009	8,703	7,572	5,999	4,101	1,209	1,307	1,285	310	764

<sup>1</sup> Represents workers attaining age 65 during the year. Workers aged 65 or older were not covered under the program in that year. <sup>2</sup> Preliminary data.

#### Table 4.B6.—Median earnings of all workers, by age and sex, 1937–1998

[Based on 1-percent sample. Includes estimates above the annual maximum taxable earnings. Age refers to age attained during year]

		n I-percen	t sample. I	neiuues et	sumates a					is. Age iei	ers to age	attaineu u	anng year]		
Year	Total	Under 20	20–24	25–29	30–34	35–39	40–44	45–49	50–54	55–59	60–61	62–64	65–69	70–71	72 or older
								Total							
1937 1940 1945 1950 1955	\$761 746 1,159 1,926 2,438	\$170 140 288 385 443	\$570 498 669 1,376 1,601	\$829 764 818 1,971 2,689	\$998 934 1,383 2,312 3,173	\$1,061 1,041 1,617 2,456 3,233	\$1,126 1,064 1,842 2,473 3,196	\$1,121 1,110 2,026 2,517 3,068	\$1,177 1,071 1,874 2,442 2,966	\$1,020 1,018 1,821 2,394 2,728	\$1,010 978 1,782 2,492 2,525	\$927 963 1,739 2,252 2,427	<sup>1</sup> \$512 874 1,482 1,973 1,736	\$924 1,341 1,916 1,279	\$788 1,307 1,589 1,149
1960	2,894	561	1,917	3,138	3,738	3,903	3,891	3,785	3,643	3,452	3,166	3,052	1,590	1,140	1,252
1965	3,414	613	2,326	3,919	4,540	4,747	4,756	4,665	4,526	4,304	4,087	3,767	1,791	1,171	1,326
1970	4,375	810	2,988	5,334	6,156	6,339	6,357	6,292	6,105	5,831	5,473	5,047	2,099	1,578	1,683
1975	5,803	1,070	4,187	6,795	8,249	8,629	8,725	8,810	8,748	8,299	7,779	6,620	2,524	2,105	2,137
1980	8,549	1,646	6,205	9,593	11,510	12,540	12,690	12,784	12,794	12,309	11,606	9,651	4,451	3,306	3,140
1985	11,265	1,647	7,136	12,453	14,886	16,458	16,984	16,849	16,528	15,831	14,724	11,907	5,974	4,330	3,729
1990	13,898	1,937	8,054	14,687	17,482	19,296	20,664	20,958	20,157	18,584	17,163	13,021	6,812	5,375	4,536
1991	14,278	1,894	7,790	14,833	17,731	19,599	21,038	21,670	20,613	19,030	17,172	13,020	7,026	5,428	4,515
1992	14,739	1,866	7,829	15,083	18,290	20,274	21,662	22,478	21,565	19,639	17,375	13,130	7,116	5,563	4,443
1993	15,000	1,898	7,925	15,279	18,542	20,558	22,036	23,000	22,172	19,819	17,665	12,527	7,194	5,367	4,124
1994	15,560	1,989	8,125	15,696	19,103	21,244	22,762	23,982	23,224	20,748	18,107	12,857	7,104	5,363	4,190
1995	16,108	2,076	8,392	16,134	19,654	21,629	23,468	24,690	24,090	21,320	19,136	12,961	7,551	5,816	4,681
1996 <sup>2</sup>	16,706	2,138	8,555	16,652	20,326	22,306	24,113	25,321	25,173	22,093	19,678	13,435	7,692	6,207	4,879
1997 <sup>2</sup>	17,546	2,302	9,029	17,572	21,251	23,263	24,982	26,266	26,421	23,448	20,434	14,331	8,056	6,387	5,050
1998 <sup>2</sup>	18,376	2,489	9,579	18,519	22,330	24,224	25,893	27,321	27,491	24,664	21,337	15,202	8,416	6,717	5,322
								Men							
1937 1940 1945 1950 1955	\$945 935 1,654 2,532 3,315	\$174 147 271 402 468	\$647 550 422 1,566 1,871	\$1,117 928 813 2,465 3,450	\$1,202 1,143 1,983 2,918 4,079	\$1,286 1,289 2,245 3,102 4,201	\$1,338 1,306 2,405 3,131 4,159	\$1,308 1,320 2,364 3,156 4,005	\$1,232 1,238 2,319 3,018 3,818	\$1,137 1,153 2,170 2,959 3,512	\$1,131 1,088 2,106 2,812 3,201	\$1,008 1,058 2,000 2,618 3,044	<sup>1</sup> \$563 950 1,666 2,317 2,164	\$917 1,462 2,049 1,498	\$899 1,390 1,707 1,292
1960	3,879	615	2,116	3,942	4,831	5,175	5,167	4,954	4,702	4,416	3,982	3,812	2,112	1,207	1,340
1965	4,685	710	2,609	4,957	6,055	6,481	6,519	6,369	5,921	5,581	4,993	4,784	2,628	1,246	1,443
1970	6,180	930	3,281	6,827	8,131	8,528	8,686	8,735	8,370	7,675	7,051	6,456	2,927	1,662	1,863
1975	8,250	1,246	4,870	8,464	11,170	12,131	12,533	12,605	12,270	11,290	10,398	8,700	2,895	2,276	2,371
1980	11,963	1,857	7,007	11,880	15,491	17,982	18,720	18,896	18,391	17,585	15,939	13,201	4,902	3,658	3,529
1985	14,959	1,771	8,185	14,465	18,642	22,021	24,433	24,385	23,841	22,117	19,953	16,532	6,760	4,977	4,351
1990	17,582	2,058	8,945	16,412	21,211	24,424	27,608	29,074	28,027	25,509	23,243	17,408	7,714	6,153	5,129
1991	17,765	1,987	8,562	16,260	21,213	24,547	27,488	29,519	28,407	25,538	22,714	17,429	7,830	6,111	5,168
1992	18,208	1,947	8,632	16,521	21,697	25,235	28,025	30,327	29,709	26,228	23,102	17,558	8,072	6,324	5,200
1993	18,430	1,984	8,860	16,680	21,855	25,439	28,173	30,652	30,072	26,218	23,086	16,676	7,897	5,768	4,595
1994	19,249	2,057	9,190	17,284	22,653	26,444	29,024	31,851	31,506	27,691	23,604	17,375	7,870	6,274	4,838
1995	19,907	2,164	9,618	17,810	23,200	26,912	29,732	32,334	32,505	28,260	24,673	17,090	8,133	6,430	4,977
1996 <sup>2</sup>	20,699	2,229	9,871	18,493	23,983	27,725	30,613	32,821	33,590	29,387	25,106	17,621	8,429	6,700	5,307
1997 <sup>2</sup>	21,697	2,366	10,290	19,693	25,162	28,802	31,744	33,698	34,883	31,058	26,168	18,184	8,821	7,097	5,300
1998 <sup>2</sup>	22,766	2,566	10,902	20,847	26,424	30,003	32,894	34,712	36,013	32,502	27,576	19,673	9,274	7,386	5,642
								Women							
1937 1940 1945 1950 1955	\$484 472 770 1,124 1,351	\$163 127 307 362 408	\$477 432 811 1,153 1,312	\$602 530 821 1,158 1,406	\$621 590 871 1,196 1,430	\$609 599 971 1,297 1,586	\$604 596 1,026 1,421 1,706	\$589 590 1,018 1,456 1,775	\$576 580 987 1,410 1,768	\$563 562 955 1,416 1,622	\$585 499 946 1,370 1,542	\$582 577 899 1,349 1,445	<sup>1</sup> \$366 607 832 1,176 1,057	\$999 766 1,399 949	\$424 928 1,232 802
1960	1,679	484	1,558	1,969	1,718	1,899	2,075	2,205	2,290	2,221	2,040	1,783	1,142	1,007	1,036
1965	1,984	539	1,852	2,067	2,069	2,243	2,478	2,660	2,715	2,764	2,678	2,372	1,208	1,054	1,093
1970	2,735	675	2,538	3,151	2,953	3,210	3,498	3,721	3,790	3,747	3,729	3,236	1,674	1,344	1,375
1975	3,730	905	3,287	4,800	4,454	4,512	4,870	5,168	5,340	5,300	5,020	4,055	2,189	1,895	1,715
1980	6,012	1,451	5,083	7,496	7,649	7,495	7,761	7,893	8,079	7,966	7,756	6,044	3,589	2,853	2,569
1985	8,293	1,524	6,063	10,251	10,986	11,169	11,163	11,072	10,898	10,714	10,133	7,728	4,959	3,671	3,067
1990	10,837	1,816	7,104	12,677	13,642	14,339	15,031	14,920	14,373	13,088	12,194	9,133	5,888	4,387	3,830
1991	11,369	1,802	6,990	13,075	14,159	14,872	15,708	15,741	15,035	13,647	12,791	9,182	6,175	4,741	3,869
1992	11,842	1,789	7,017	13,499	14,813	15,579	16,523	16,684	15,844	14,406	12,740	9,424	6,145	4,808	3,568
1993	12,093	1,818	7,018	13,731	15,016	15,806	16,946	17,331	16,387	14,918	13,175	9,461	6,383	4,891	3,536
1994	12,422	1,924	7,109	13,981	15,324	16,214	17,545	18,036	17,102	15,464	13,655	9,511	6,236	4,515	3,276
1995	12,897	1,991	7,232	14,249	15,853	16,547	18,068	18,732	17,937	16,030	14,147	9,882	6,910	5,120	4,376
1996 <sup>2</sup>	13,371	2,052	7,376	14,653	16,407	17,025	18,545	19,506	18,854	16,748	14,635	10,393	6,978	5,600	4,400
1997 <sup>2</sup>	14,078	2,237	7,828	15,236	17,177	17,824	19,298	20,349	20,020	17,781	15,722	11,006	7,334	5,640	4,730
1998 <sup>2</sup>	14,765	2,415	8,351	15,989	18,053	18,554	19,975	21,425	21,012	18,660	16,600	11,653	7,601	5,978	4,917

<sup>1</sup> Earnings of workers attaining age 65 during the year. Workers aged 65 or older not covered under program in that year. <sup>2</sup> Preliminary data.

#### Table 4.B7.—Number of wage and salary workers, by amount of taxable earnings and sex, 1992–1998

[In thousands. Based on 1-percent sample]

					Worke	ers with earr	ings below	taxable max	imum				Workers
Year	Total	\$1– \$999	\$1,000– \$4,999	\$5,000– \$9,999	\$10,000– \$14,999	\$15,000– \$19,999	\$20,000– \$24,999	\$25,000– \$29,999	\$30,000– \$39,999	\$40,000– \$49,999	\$50,000– \$59,999	\$60,000– \$68,399	with maximum earnings
							Total						
1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 <sup>1</sup> 1997 <sup>1</sup>	126,000 128,100 130,100 132,800 135,100 137,700	9,357 9,655 9,591 9,213 9,178 8,815	19,519 19,395 19,403 19,355 19,216 18,887	17,496 17,521 17,273 17,213 16,977 16,834	15,765 15,808 15,709 15,766 15,568 15,385	14,047 14,092 14,194 14,376 14,239 14,180	11,641 11,807 11,930 12,230 12,442 12,583	9,058 9,327 9,552 9,867 10,156 10,443	12,554 12,786 13,230 13,853 14,432 15,221	7,084 7,371 7,709 8,171 8,707 9,317	2,422 3,325 4,310 4,662 5,051 5,516	277 498 1,053 2,103	7,057 7,013 6,921 7,597 8,082 8,417
1998 <sup>1</sup>	140,400	8,675	18,745	16,505	15,123	14,007	12,680	10,753	16,002	10,000	5,979	3,244	8,687
							Men						
1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 <sup>1</sup>	66,543 67,673 68,481 69,901 70,939	4,171 4,429 4,350 4,256 4,225	8,743 8,665 8,548 8,510 8,425	7,726 7,740 7,546 7,457 7,314	7,186 7,223 7,118 7,051 6,887	6,587 6,652 6,718 6,814 6,652	6,006 6,048 6,068 6,238 6,290	5,122 5,222 5,292 5,415 5,515	8,069 8,074 8,211 8,448 8,671	5,109 5,224 5,372 5,587 5,842	1,868 2,527 3,243 3,444 3,673	222 388 800	5,955 5,869 5,794 6,292 6,646
1997 <sup>1</sup> 1998 <sup>1</sup>	72,215 73,475	4,117 4,067	8,296 8,241	7,220 7,071	6,744 6,541	6,486 6,317	6,275 6,211	5,591 5,687	8,953 9,251	6,155 6,485	3,929 4,184	1,579 2,389	6,870 7,030
							Women						
1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 <sup>1</sup> 1997 <sup>1</sup> 1998 <sup>1</sup>	59,457 60,427 61,619 62,900 64,161 65,485 66,925	5,186 5,226 5,241 4,957 4,953 4,698 4,608	10,776 10,730 10,856 10,845 10,791 10,591 10,505	9,770 9,781 9,726 9,756 9,663 9,614 9,434	8,579 8,586 8,592 8,714 8,680 8,641 8,581	7,460 7,440 7,476 7,563 7,587 7,694 7,690	5,635 5,759 5,862 5,992 6,152 6,308 6,469	3,936 4,105 4,260 4,452 4,641 4,851 5,066	4,485 4,712 5,020 5,405 5,761 6,269 6,751	1,975 2,147 2,337 2,584 2,865 3,162 3,515	554 798 1,067 1,217 1,378 1,586 1,795	55 110 252 524 854	1,103 1,144 1,127 1,305 1,436 1,547 1,657

<sup>1</sup> Preliminary data.

#### Table 4.B8.—Number of self-employed workers, by age and sex, 1951–1998

[In thousands. Based on 1-percent sample. Age refers to age attained during year]

			[				ampio. / ig		ago attain		your]				
Year	Total	Under 20	20–24	25–29	30–34	35–39	40–44	45–49	50–54	55–59	60–61	62–64	65–69	70–71	72 or older
								Total							
1951	4,190	6	71	246	414	543	592	565	503	462	164	215	237	55	117
1955	6,810	18	114	362	600	757	865	874	790	737	290	441	497	143	322
1960	6,870	19	133	305	560	743	848	929	918	846	316	452	414	101	286
1965	6,550	31	143	292	452	664	814	870	913	885	328	411	388	92	267
1970	6,270	33	159	348	476	581	729	808	837	839	327	407	388	94	244
1975	7,000	67	302	581	679	700	731	813	869	823	317	382	393	95	248
1980	8,200	78	380	824	1,052	983	869	812	851	852	307	381	419	112	280
1985	10,600	112	527	1,099	1,488	1,522	1,261	1,030	930	929	368	434	455	124	321
1990	12,500	152	529	1,123	1,663	1,854	1,736	1,377	1,113	980	381	487	567	150	389
1991	12,800	136	521	1,105	1,697	1,897	1,818	1,474	1,170	998	388	486	561	158	391
1992	13,100	137	509	1,093	1,678	1,951	1,864	1,589	1,243	1,018	382	484	576	166	410
1993	13,200	131	488	1,029	1,650	1,956	1,892	1,647	1,325	1,047	375	481	589	164	426
1994	13,300	140	473	989	1,624	1,936	1,945	1,726	1,357	1,070	375	482	580	164	437
1995	13,500	143	482	1,005	1,612	1,960	1,964	1,808	1,393	1,097	385	467	574	166	445
1996 <sup>1</sup>	13,900	149	489	1,033	1,611	2,012	2,035	1,872	1,472	1,145	404	478	576	164	460
1997 <sup>1</sup>	14,200	153	497	1,030	1,557	1,993	2,078	1,901	1,576	1,222	413	498	609	174	499
1998 <sup>1</sup>	14,400	167	506	1,033	1,517	1,956	2,102	1,907	1,644	1,297	429	515	620	186	521
								Men							
1951 1955 1960 1965 1970 1975 1980 1985	3,620 5,980 5,990 5,640 5,370 5,790 6,407 7,623	5 16 26 28 57 60 79	61 104 119 127 136 251 305 378	219 335 284 263 306 479 639 782	370 555 515 410 422 564 793 1,060	478 687 678 598 522 584 752 1,058	519 773 757 714 642 619 672 873	479 773 812 759 699 680 641 730	430 679 793 772 712 715 681 674	393 631 709 742 695 672 668 686	139 247 260 272 268 255 244 278	179 373 386 339 324 309 301 328	204 420 348 326 320 326 333 351	47 122 83 75 77 78 92 97	97 265 230 217 201 201 226 249
1990	8,525	103	346	746	1,112	1,241	1,148	914	762	693	270	355	424	116	295
1991	8,668	92	341	726	1,109	1,268	1,204	976	793	699	273	350	418	119	299
1992	8,798	89	330	714	1,090	1,289	1,228	1,041	830	706	271	344	427	126	312
1993	8,840	89	310	674	1,075	1,290	1,241	1,078	885	713	261	341	436	125	322
1994	8,839	89	309	638	1,053	1,269	1,268	1,127	890	723	263	333	423	122	331
1995	8,908	97	305	648	1,030	1,271	1,281	1,170	906	735	269	325	413	124	335
1996 <sup>1</sup>	9,089	96	308	657	1,021	1,282	1,324	1,201	956	755	277	330	416	119	348
1997 <sup>1</sup>	9,199	100	310	636	982	1,253	1,329	1,218	1,011	801	281	343	433	126	376
1998 <sup>1</sup>	9,192	105	312	629	935	1,204	1,325	1,198	1,049	838	284	352	436	136	390
								Women							
1951 1955 1960 1965 1970 1975 1980 1985	570 830 910 900 1,210 1,793 2,977	1 2 3 5 5 10 18 33	10 10 14 23 51 75 149	27 27 29 42 102 185 317	44 45 42 54 115 259 428	65 70 65 66 59 116 231 464	73 92 91 100 87 112 197 388	86 101 117 111 109 133 171 300	73 111 125 141 125 154 170 256	69 106 137 143 144 151 184 243	25 43 56 59 62 63 90	36 68 66 72 65 73 80 106	33 77 67 62 68 67 86 104	8 21 18 17 17 17 20 27	20 57 55 50 43 47 54 72
1990	3,975	49	183	377	551	613	588	463	350	287	111	132	142	34	94
1991	4,131	44	180	378	588	629	614	499	376	299	115	136	143	39	92
1992	4,302	48	179	380	588	662	636	548	413	312	110	140	148	39	98
1993	4,360	41	178	355	575	666	651	569	440	334	114	140	153	39	104
1994	4,460	51	164	352	572	667	677	599	468	346	112	148	157	42	105
1995	4,592	46	177	357	582	689	683	638	487	362	116	142	161	42	109
1996 <sup>1</sup>	4,811	53	181	376	590	730	711	671	516	389	128	147	160	45	113
1997 <sup>1</sup>	5,001	53	187	394	575	740	749	683	566	421	132	155	176	48	122
1998 <sup>1</sup>	5,208	63	194	405	582	752	777	709	595	458	145	163	184	50	131

<sup>1</sup> Preliminary data.

#### Table 4.B9.—Number of self-employed workers, by amount of taxable earnings and sex, 1992–1998

[In thousands. Based on 1-percent sample. Taxable earnings consist of self-employment income and taxable wages (see table 2.A3)]

					Worke	ers with earr	ings below	taxable max	imum				Workers
Year	Total	\$1– \$999	\$1,000– \$4,999	\$5,000– \$9,999	\$10,000– \$14,999	\$15,000– \$19,999	\$20,000– \$24,999	\$25,000– \$29,999	\$30,000– \$39,999	\$40,000– \$49,999	\$50,000– \$59,999	\$60,000– \$68,399	with maximum earnings
							Total						
1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 <sup>1</sup>	13,100 13,200 13,300 13,500 13,900	593 587 551 535 523	2,927 2,866 2,825 2,781 2,790	2,519 2,562 2,510 2,593 2,665	1,599 1,627 1,670 1,690 1,752	1,156 1,149 1,162 1,192 1,210	882 881 872 892 918	694 689 714 712 731	971 990 1,019 1,044 1,092	612 633 645 678 714	308 388 426 444 471	92 116 177	839 828 814 822 856
1997 <sup>1</sup> 1998 <sup>1</sup>	14,200 14,400	533 540	2,768 2,732	2,706 2,718	1,753 1,773	1,238 1,250	936 957	747 770	1,115 1,173	748 792	498 516	284 402	876 779
							Men						
1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 <sup>1</sup>	8,798 8,840 8,839 8,908 9,089	288 291 268 256 248	1,603 1,559 1,511 1,492 1,473	1,606 1,632 1,552 1,581 1,601	1,109 1,118 1,138 1,138 1,166	827 809 820 826 832	633 640 626 638 649	512 501 527 514 526	746 760 772 782 808	485 500 503 521 546	253 316 340 356 367	 77 96 142	734 715 705 708 731
1997 <sup>1</sup> 1998 <sup>1</sup>	9,199 9,192	260 263	1,461 1,423	1,572 1,546	1,147 1,124	849 828	653 652	527 539	807 843	567 598	387 397	228 321	740 657
							Women						
1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 <sup>1</sup> 1997 <sup>1</sup> 1998 <sup>1</sup>	4,302 4,360 4,460 4,592 4,811 5,001 5,208	305 296 282 280 274 273 277	1,323 1,308 1,314 1,289 1,317 1,306 1,309	913 930 957 1,012 1,064 1,134 1,172	490 509 531 552 586 605 649	329 340 342 366 378 389 421	249 241 254 269 283 305	182 188 188 198 205 220 230	225 230 246 261 285 308 329	127 133 142 157 168 181 194	55 73 85 88 104 111 119	 15 20 35 55 80	105 113 109 114 126 136 122

<sup>1</sup> Preliminary data.

#### Table 4.B10.—Number of workers, taxable earnings, and contributions, by type of employment and state, 1998

[Preliminary estimates. Based on 1-percent sample]

State 1         Total.         Wage and workers         State workers         Total         Total         Wage and workers         State workers         Wage and workers         State workers         Wage and workers         State workers         Wage and workers         State workers         Wage and workers         Wage and workers         State workers         Wage and workers         Wage and workers         State workers         Wage and workers         State workers         Wage and workers         State workers         Wage and workers           Attrona         2,512         2,313         240         7,744         2,640         2,444         1,556         3,224         3,251         2,213         2,214         3,753           Colorado         2,319         2,167         2,546         5,468         5,203         3,450         6,681         6,453         428           Colorado         2,319         2,167         2,54         5,461         3,203         7,77         6,375         4,03         3,045         6,681         6,453         428           Colorado         7,314         8,015         7,534         9,033         3,045		reported v	mber of workers with taxable earr in thousands)	iings <sup>2</sup>	Repor	ted taxable earn (in millions)	ings <sup>3</sup>	OAS	SDI contributions (in millions)	s <sup>4</sup>
Jabaman.         2266         21.73         203         44.237         45.03         2.344         5.861         5.694         267           Alaska         336         313         40         7.776         7.252         504         962         989         633           Arkransa         1.371         1.287         140         26.004         24.444         1.556         3.244         3.032         193           Calfornia         2.319         2.167         2566         65.4688         52.038         3.450         6.881         6.453         428           Connecticut         1.326         1.410         192         54.668         51.409         3.224         3.032         193           Disterior         Connecticut         1.326         1.801         192         1.71         463         11.44         1.066         47           Florida         8.015         7.534         803         171.523         12.801         8.872         11.281         1.289         10.75           Georgia         4.318         4.089         3.283         2.2030         7.75         1.144         1.966         1.777         1.541         1.4660         1.702         1.923         1	State <sup>1</sup>	all	salary	employed	Total	Wages	employment	Total	salary	
Alaska         336         313         40         7,756         7,252         604         962         899         63           Arkona         1,371         1,287         140         26,004         224,448         1,564         3,224         3,032         183           Colorado         2,319         2,101         280,041         30,854         68,87         30,264         49,862         48,87         34,843         68,87         64,843         443         443         443         443         443         443         443         344         328         27         9,224         8,761         463         1,144         1,085         57           District of Columbia         8,015         7,534         803         17,1523         162,850         8,672         12,392         17,794         598           Carono         667         7,674         641         13,723         12,893         33,42         1,762         1599         101           Indian         647         74         13,723         12,894         833         1,722         13,992         103         1,723         15,993         1,721         1599         1,01         1,026         1,026         1,026         <	Total	149,100	140,400	14,400	\$3,515,600	\$3,325,800	\$189,800	\$435,934	\$412,399	\$23,535
Connecticut         1,926         1,810         192         64,661         51,409         3,252         6,778         6,375         403           Delaware         344         328         27         9,224         8,761         443         1,144         1,086         57           Florida         6,015         7,534         803         17,1523         162,850         8,672         21,269         20,133         1,075           Georgia         4,318         4,089         367         99,337         95,115         4,822         12,392         11,794         598           Hawai         617         577         61         14,460         13,033         757         1,818         1,724         94           Idaho         638         639         504         15,723         12,803         360         920         9,471         499           Indiana         1,707         1594         200         36,100         76,830         32,255         2,203         4,479         4,495         266         4,962         304           Marea         664         630         91         13,557         12,507         1,503         1,681         1,551         130      M	Alaska	336	313	40	7,756	7,252	504	962	899	63
	Arizona	2,512	2,383	215	57,045	54,204	2,841	7,074	6,721	352
	Arkansas	1,371	1,287	140	26,004	24,448	1,556	3,224	3,032	193
Harwaii         617         577         61         14,660         13,903         757         1,818         1,724         94           Idho.         660         647         74         13,725         12,894         831         1,702         1,599         103           Illinois.         6,738         6,388         594         167,123         159,130         7,994         20,723         19,732         991           Iowa         1,707         1,594         200         36,120         33,837         2,283         4,479         4,168         24,88           Kamas         1,511         1,419         164         43,355         32,225         2,080         4,258         4,000         25,86         4,962         304           Kamas         2,114         1,987         200         42,647         40,018         2,449         1,515         130           Maire         684         630         91         13,557         12,507         1,560         1,881         1,515         130           Maryland         2,953         3,88         422         143,344         138,193         5,152         17,775         1,7136         6539           Minesota	Connecticut	1,926	1,810	192	54,661	51,409	3,252	6,778	6,375	403
	Delaware	474	459	30	11,838	11,491	347	1,468	1,425	43
	District of Columbia	344	328	27	9,224	8,761	463	1,144	1,086	57
	Florida	8,015	7,534	803	171,523	162,850	8,672	21,269	20,193	1,075
Kansas.         1,511         1,419         164         34,335         32,255         2,080         4,258         4,000         258           Kentucky.         2,044         1,913         225         41,722         39,493         2,229         5,174         4,897         276           Louisiana.         2,114         1,967         200         42,467         40,018         2,449         5,266         4,962         304           Mariyand.         2,905         2,768         242         78,308         76,028         3,280         9,710         9,303         407           Massaipusetts         3,390         3,613         361         3,512         11,775         17,136         639           Minesota         2,653         2,783         202         65,408         62,108         3,300         8,111         7,714         409           Mississiput.         1,412         1,334         127         27,022         25,492         1,530         3,311         3,161         190           Mississiput.         3,045         2,873         292         65,408         62,108         2,714         2,589         125           Newards         997         9444         72	Hawaii	617	577	61	14,660	13,903	757	1,818	1,724	94
	Idaho	690	647	74	13,725	12,894	831	1,702	1,599	103
	Illinois	6,738	6,388	594	167,123	159,130	7,994	20,723	19,732	991
	Indiana	3,440	3,283	295	80,000	76,380	3,620	9,920	9,471	449
Massachusetts         3,390         3,163         363         90,105         84,731         5,374         11,173         10,507         666           Michigan         5,625         5,388         422         143,344         188,193         5,152         17,775         17,136         639           Minnesota         2,953         2,789         301         73,641         69,727         3,914         9,131         8,646         485           Missouri.         3,045         2,873         292         65,408         62,108         3,300         8,111         7,701         409           Montana         486         441         72         8,781         7,997         784         1,089         992         97           Nevbraka         1,002         938         115         20,847         19,580         1,268         2,585         2,428         157           Nevada         987         944         72         2,1890         20,882         1,008         2,714         2,569         124         134           New Hampshire         737         691         80         1,6173         15,995         738           New Maction         838         830         840	Kansas	1,511	1,419	164	34,335	32,255	2,080	4,258	4,000	258
	Kentucky	2,044	1,913	225	41,722	39,493	2,229	5,174	4,897	276
	Louisiana	2,114	1,987	200	42,467	40,018	2,449	5,266	4,962	304
	Maine	684	630	91	13,557	12,507	1,050	1,681	1,551	130
Montana         İ46         441         72         8,781         7,997         784         1,089         992         97           Nebraska         1,002         938         115         20,847         19,580         1,268         2,585         2,428         157           Nevada         987         944         72         21,890         20,882         1,008         2,714         2,589         125           New Hampshire         737         691         80         18,566         17,487         1,078         2,302         2,188         134           New Jersey         4,636         4,005         377         134,944         128,996         5,949         16,733         15,995         738           New Mexico         9,776         9,221         912         256,508         244,348         12,160         31,807         30,299         1,508           North Carolina         4,448         4,205         421         98,337         93,752         5,085         12,256         11,623         131         597         858           North Carolina         4,448         4,205         41,419         127,197         6,921         16,631         15,772         858	Massachusetts Michigan Minnesota	3,390 5,625 2,953 1,412	3,163 5,388 2,789 1,334	363 422 301 127	90,105 143,344 73,641 27,022	84,731 138,193 69,727 25,492	5,374 5,152 3,914 1,530	11,173 17,775 9,131 3,351	10,507 17,136 8,646 3,161	666 639 485 190
New Mexico         683         630         88         17,590         16,621         969         2,181         2,061         120           New York         9,776         9,221         912         256,508         244,348         12,160         31,807         30,299         1,508           North Carolina         4,448         4,205         421         98,837         93,752         5,085         12,256         11,625         631           North Dakota         373         345         51         7,216         6,634         582         895         823         72           Ohio         5,984         5,647         550         134,119         127,197         6,921         16,631         15,772         858           Oregon         1,788         1,666         199         35,189         33,111         2,078         4,363         4,106         258           Oregon         1,881         1,765         190         43,299         40,745         2,554         5,369         5,052         317           Rhode Island         578         547         56         13,691         13,011         680         1,688         1,613         848           South Carolina <t< td=""><th>Montana</th><td>486</td><td>441</td><td>72</td><td>8,781</td><td>7,997</td><td>784</td><td>1,089</td><td>992</td><td>97</td></t<>	Montana	486	441	72	8,781	7,997	784	1,089	992	97
	Nebraska	1,002	938	115	20,847	19,580	1,268	2,585	2,428	157
	Nevada	987	944	72	21,890	20,882	1,008	2,714	2,589	125
Oklahoma	New Mexico New York North Carolina	883 9,776 4,448	830 9,221 4,205	88 912 421	17,590 256,508 98,837	16,621 244,348 93,752 6,634	969 12,160 5,085	2,181 31,807 12,256 895	2,061 30,299 11,625	120 1,508 631 72
South Dakota442404608,1037,3597451,00591292Tennessee3,1592,97431568,36964,3264,0438,4787,976501Texas10,1129,4651,057228,697215,16613,53128,35826,6811,678Utah1,1581,1049724,19823,0291,1693,0012,856145Vermont361335447,5917,10248994188161Virginia3,8623,67832496,73892,5814,15611,99511,480515Washington3,2883,11429582,17177,6524,51810,1899,629560West Virginia8508028017,33016,4189112,1492,036113Wyoming283265345,7585,40535471467044Puerto Rico1,1501,0926415,88614,9199671,9701,850120Virgin Islands46434984931531221157	Oklahoma	1,788	1,666	199	35,189	33,111	2,078	4,363	4,106	258
	Oregon	1,881	1,765	190	43,299	40,745	2,554	5,369	5,052	317
	Pennsylvania	6,585	6,241	561	159,170	151,148	8,023	19,737	18,742	995
	Rhode Island	578	547	56	13,691	13,011	680	1,698	1,613	84
Virginia3,8623,67832496,73892,5814,15611,99511,480515Washington3,2883,11429582,17177,6524,51810,1899,629560West Virginia8508028017,33016,4189112,1492,036113Wisconsin3,1623,01326274,68971,3753,3149,2618,851411Wyoming283265345,7585,40535471467044Puerto Rico1,1501,0926415,88614,9199671,9701,850120Virgin Islands46434984931531221157	South Dakota	442	404	60	8,103	7,359	745	1,005	912	92
	Tennessee	3,159	2,974	315	68,369	64,326	4,043	8,478	7,976	501
	Texas	10,112	9,465	1,057	228,697	215,166	13,531	28,358	26,681	1,678
	Utah	1,158	1,104	97	24,198	23,029	1,169	3,001	2,856	145
Virgin Islands         46         43         4         984         931         53         122         115         7	Virginia	3,862	3,678	324	96,738	92,581	4,156	11,995	11,480	515
	Washington	3,288	3,114	295	82,171	77,652	4,518	10,189	9,629	560
	West Virginia	850	802	80	17,330	16,418	911	2,149	2,036	113
	Wisconsin	3,162	3,013	262	74,689	71,375	3,314	9,261	8,851	411
	Wyoming	283	265	34	5,758	5,405	354	714	670	44
Other and unknown ~										

<sup>1</sup> State designation based primarily on employee end-of-year residence, obtained from employer wage reports filed via magnetic media. State designation based on location of employer for reports filed via paper.
 <sup>2</sup> Workers with earnings in both wage and salary employment and self-employment are counted in each type of employment. National and state totals and subtotals are unduplicated counts of workers in each type of employment.
 <sup>3</sup> Annual maximum taxable earnings for Social Security (OASDI) from a single employer or from self-employment were \$68,400 in 1998.
 <sup>4</sup> For 1998 earnings, paid at the rate of 6.2 percent of taxable wages by both employees and employers, 6.2 percent of taxable tips by employees, and 12.4 percent of self-employment income by self-employed workers. Data are unadjusted for multi-employer tax refunds.
 <sup>5</sup> Persons employed in American Samoa and Guam, U.S. citizens employed abroad by American employers, persons employed on oceanborne vessels, and workers with unknown residence

with unknown residence.

#### Table 4.B11.—Number of workers, taxable earnings, and contributions, by type of employment, 1937–2000

[Based on 1-percent sample]

	reported	mber of workers with taxable earn (in thousands)	ings <sup>1</sup>	Repo	rted taxable e (in millions	•	OA	ASDI contributions (in millions)	3, 4
Year	Total, all workers	Wage and salary workers	Self- employed persons	Total	Wages	Self- employment income	Total	Wage and salary employment	Self- employment
1937 1940 1945	32,900 35,390 46,390	32,900 35,390 46,390	· · · · · ·	\$29,620 32,970 62,950	\$29,620 32,970 62,950	· · · · · · ·	\$592 659 1,259	\$592 659 1,259	· · · · · ·
1950 1951 1952 1953 1954	48,280 58,120 59,580 60,840 59,610	48,280 54,630 56,060 57,220 55,940	4,190 4,240 4,340 4,350	87,500 120,770 128,640 135,870 133,520	87,500 111,250 118,880 125,840 123,410	\$9,520 9,760 10,030 10,110	2,625 3,552 3,786 4,001 5,240	2,625 3,338 3,566 3,775 4,936	\$214 220 226 303
1955	65,200	59,560	6,810	157,540	141,810	15,730	6,144	5,672	472
1956	67,610	61,560	7,390	170,720	153,010	17,710	6,652	6,120	531
1957	70,590	64,730	7,150	181,380	163,990	17,390	7,966	7,380	587
1958	69,770	64,040	7,130	180,720	163,140	17,580	7,935	7,341	593
1959	71,700	66,000	7,060	202,310	183,620	18,690	9,882	9,181	701
1960	72,530	66,980	6,870	207,000	188,580	18,420	12,144	11,315	829
1961	72,820	67,360	6,790	209,640	190,850	18,790	12,297	11,451	846
1962	74,280	68,890	6,720	219,050	200,130	18,920	13,397	12,508	889
1963	75,540	70,310	6,590	225,550	206,840	18,710	16,006	14,996	1,010
1964	77,430	72,230	6,480	236,390	217,430	18,960	16,788	15,764	1,024
1965	80,680	75,430	6,550	250,730	230,830	19,900	17,810	16,735	1,075
1966	84,600	79,460	6,630	312,540	287,860	24,680	23,597	22,165	1,431
1967	87,040	82,020	6,470	329,960	305,670	24,290	25,275	23,842	1,433
1968	89,380	84,470	6,570	375,800	348,500	27,300	28,069	26,486	1,583
1969	92,060	87,200	6,350	402,510	375,010	27,500	33,233	31,501	1,733
1970	93,090	88,180	6,270	415,580	388,680	26,900	34,344	32,649	1,695
1971	93,340	88,460	6,290	426,950	399,550	27,400	38,649	36,759	1,891
1972	96,240	91,220	6,600	484,150	452,050	32,100	43,804	41,589	2,215
1973.	99,830	94,610	7,100	561,850	523,450	38,400	53,463	50,775	2,688
1974.	101,330	96,190	7,040	636,800	594,400	42,400	61,814	58,846	2,968
1975	100,200	94,900	7,000	664,700	621,100	43,600	64,541	61,489	3,052
1976	102,600	97,230	7,400	737,700	689,200	48,500	71,626	68,231	3,395
1977	105,800	100,450	7,480	816,600	763,600	53,000	79,306	75,596	3,710
1978	110,600	104,810	8,040	915,600	856,100	59,500	90,691	86,466	4,225
1979	112,700	106,900	8,200	1,067,000	997,500	69,500	106,246	101,346	4,900
1980	113,000	107,200	8,200	1,180,700	1,109,000	71,700	117,729	112,674	5,055
1981	113,000	107,300	8,250	1,294,100	1,220,000	74,100	136,468	130,540	5,928
1982	111,800	105,800	8,550	1,365,300	1,290,000	75,300	145,382	139,320	6,062
1983	112,100	105,900	9,200	1,454,100	1,369,000	85,100	154,703	147,852	6,851
1984	116,300	109,900	9,900	1,608,800	1,515,000	93,800	183,403	172,710	10,693
1985 1986 1987 1988 1988 1989	119,800 122,900 125,600 129,600 131,700	113,400 115,900 118,200 122,100 123,900	10,600 11,200 12,000 12,400 12,900	1,722,600 1,844,400 1,960,000 2,088,400 2,239,500	1,621,000 1,730,800 1,835,100 1,952,000 2,096,000	101,600 113,600 124,900 136,400 143,500	196,376 210,262 223,440 253,114 271,427	184,794 197,311 209,201 236,582 254,035	11,582 12,950 14,239 16,532 17,392
1990 1991 1992 1993 1994	133,600 133,000 134,000 136,100 138,200	126,100 125,200 126,000 128,100 130,100	12,500 12,800 13,100 13,200 13,300	2,422,500		136,000 139,500 146,900 152,700 160,700	292,392 300,390 314,080 326,876 345,365	275,528 283,092 295,864 307,942 325,438	16,864 17,298 18,216 18,935 19,927
1995	141,000	132,800	13,500	2,919,100	2,754,300	164,800	361,968	341,533	20,435
1996 <sup>5</sup>	143,500	135,100	13,900	3,073,700	2,902,000	171,700	381,139	359,848	21,291
1997 <sup>5</sup>	146,300	137,700	14,200	3,285,500	3,105,400	180,100	407,402	385,070	22,332
1998 <sup>5</sup>	149,100	140,400	14,400	3,515,600	3,325,800	189,800	435,934	412,399	23,535
1999 <sup>6</sup>	151,200	142,400	14,600	3,736,400	3,536,000	200,400	463,314	438,464	24,850
2000 <sup>7</sup>	152,900	144,200	14,600	3,982,700	3,770,400	212,300	493,855	467,530	26,325

<sup>1</sup> Workers with earnings in both wage and salary employment and self-employment are counted in each type of employment.

 $^2$  See table 2.A3 for annual maximum taxable earnings.

<sup>3</sup> See table 2.A3 for contribution rates.

Unadjusted for multi-employer tax refunds. Unadjusted for tax credits. See table 2.A5 for information on tax credits.

<sup>5</sup> Preliminary data.

<sup>6</sup> Taxable earnings are preliminary estimates based on Social Security data; employment data are preliminary estimates based on data from Bureau of Labor Statistics and the National Income and Product Accounts. <sup>7</sup> Preliminary estimates based on data from Bureau of Labor Statistics and the National Income and Product Accounts.

#### Table 4.B12.—Number of workers, taxable earnings, and contributions, by type of employment and state, 1998

[Preliminary estimates. Based on 1-percent sample]

	reported	mber of workers with taxable ear in thousands)		Report	ted taxable earn (in millions)	·	(Hospital I	Medicare nsurance) contr (in millions)	ibutions <sup>4</sup>
State <sup>1</sup>	Total, all workers	Wage and salary workers	Self- employed persons	Total	Wages	Self- employment income	Total	Wage and salary employment	Self- employment
Total	152,400	143,800	15,100	\$4,307,300	\$4,017,700	\$289,600	\$124,912	\$116,513	\$8,398
Alabama	2,319	2,196	211	53,814	50,800	3,014	1,561	1,473	87
Alaska	356	335	41	9,764	9,066	698	283	263	20
Arizona	2,532	2,402	226	65,592	61,762	3,830	1,902	1,791	111
Arkansas	1,382	1,299	145	28,855	26,902	1,953	837	780	57
California	16,565	15,331	1,990	531,060	483,101	47,959	15,401	14,010	1,391
Colorado	2,441	2,294	267	70,373	65,375	4,997	2,041	1,896	145
Connecticut	1,958	1,842	208	81,320	74,702	6,618	2,358	2,166	192
Delaware	477	462	32	13,727	13,205	522	398	383	15
District of Columbia	360	344	29	13,905	12,441	1,465	403	361	42
Florida	8,097	7,617	837	205,000	193,125	11,875	5,945	5,601	344
Georgia Hawaii Idaho Illinois Indiana	4,411 640 696 6,899 3,467	4,186 601 653 6,555 3,309	402 64 76 629 307	123,369 16,944 14,958 210,589 89,607	115,977 15,983 13,938 197,195 84,357	7,393 962 1,020 13,394 5,251	3,578 491 434 6,107 2,599	3,363 463 404 5,719 2,446	214 28 30 388 152 79
lowa Kansas Kentucky Louisiana Maine	1,719 1,523 2,085 2,251 708	1,606 1,431 1,956 2,128 656	205 171 232 208 92	39,757 39,484 47,203 51,860 15,521	37,024 36,544 44,410 48,341 14,286	2,733 2,941 2,794 3,519 1,235	1,153 1,145 1,369 1,504 450	1,074 1,060 1,288 1,402 414	85 81 102 36
Maryland	2,981	2,845	259	94,769	89,607	5,161	2,748	2,599	150
Massachusetts	3,567	3,350	389	120,978	110,713	10,265	3,508	3,211	298
Michigan	5,664	5,427	449	167,547	160,220	7,326	4,859	4,646	212
Minnesota	2,975	2,811	316	85,601	80,441	5,160	2,482	2,333	150
Mississippi	1,423	1,344	131	29,159	27,078	2,081	846	785	60
Missouri	3,106	2,936	304	76,121	71,233	4,889	2,208	2,066	142
Montana	491	446	73	9,673	8,599	1,074	281	249	31
Nebraska	1,010	946	120	23,012	21,348	1,665	667	619	48
Nevada	1,035	993	76	26,679	25,239	1,440	774	732	42
New Hampshire	746	700	84	22,150	20,671	1,479	642	599	43
New Jersey	4,675	4,444	415	178,860	168,177	10,683	5,187	4,877	310
New Mexico	897	844	91	19,374	18,198	1,176	562	528	34
New York	9,846	9,289	981	334,740	308,306	26,433	9,707	8,941	767
North Carolina	4,478	4,234	436	112,942	106,138	6,803	3,275	3,078	197
North Dakota	376	348	52	7,819	7,148	671	227	207	19
Ohio	6,352	6,036	575	166,701	157,179	9,522	4,834	4,558	276
Oklahoma	1,809	1,688	205	39,078	36,658	2,419	1,133	1,063	70
Oregon	1,898	1,782	196	49,575	46,260	3,315	1,438	1,342	96
Pennsylvania	6,649	6,304	590	187,524	175,979	11,546	5,438	5,103	335
Rhode Island	585	554	59	16,336	15,477	859	474	449	25
South Carolina	2,152	2,047	179	50,379	47,665	2,713	1,461	1,382	79
South Dakota	447	409	61	8,855	8,021	834	257	233	24
Tennessee	3,183	2,999	326	78,639	72,686	5,954	2,281	2,108	173
Texas	10,540	9,908	1,102	290,358	270,791	19,566	8,420	7,853	567
Utah	1,172	1,118	101	27,044	25,590	1,454	784	742	42
Vermont.	363	337	44	8,491	7,841	650	246	227	19
Virginia	3,914	3,730	343	115,970	109,645	6,325	3,363	3,180	183
Washington	3,327	3,153	309	101,085	94,926	6,159	2,931	2,753	179
West Virginia	860	813	82	19,102	17,722	1,380	554	514	40
Wisconsin.	3,180	3,030	274	84,492	80,027	4,465	2,450	2,321	129
Wyoming	286	268	35	6,375	5,862	513	185	170	15
Puerto Rico	1,183	1,126	64	17,514	16,270	1,244	508	472	36
Virgin Islands	46	43	4	1,131	982	150	33	28	4
Other and unknown <sup>5</sup>	297	294	5	6,525	6,471	54	189	188	2

<sup>1</sup> State designation based primarily on employee end-of-year residence, obtained from employer wage reports filed via magnetic media. State designation based on location of employer for reports filed via paper.
 <sup>2</sup> Workers with earnings in both wage and salary employment and self-employment are counted in each type of employment. National and state totals and subtotals are unduplicated counts of workers in each type of employment.
 <sup>3</sup> No annual maximum taxable earnings amount for Medicare.
 <sup>4</sup> For 1998 earnings, paid at the rate of 1.45 percent of taxable wages by both employees and employers, 1.45 percent of taxable tips by employees, and 2.9 percent of self-employment of the self-employment of

<sup>5</sup> Persons employed in American Samoa and Guam, U.S. citizens employed abroad by American employers, persons employed on oceanborne vessels, and workers

with unknown residence.

### Table 4.C1.—Estimated number,<sup>1</sup> by insured status, December 31, 1940–2001

[In millions]

	Workers fully insured	d for retirement and/or surv	ivor benefits	Workers
Year	Total	Permanently insured	Not permanently insured	insured in event of disability
1940	24.2	1.1	23.1	
1941	25.8	1.4	24.4	
1942	28.1	1.8	26.3	
1943	29.9	2.3	27.6	
1944	31.9	2.8	29.1	
1945	33.4	3.4	30.0	
1945	35.4	3.4 8.6	26.8	
1940	37.3	11.6	20.8	
1948	38.9	13.2	25.7	
1949	40.1	14.9	25.2	
1050	50.8	21.0	20.0	
1950 1951	59.8 62.8	21.0 22.9	38.8 39.9	
1952	68.2	25.6	42.7	
1953	71.0	20.0	43.4	
1954	70.2	29.9	40.4	31.9
4055	70.5	00 F	22.0	05.4
1955 1956	70.5 74.0	32.5 36.1	38.0 38.0	35.4 37.2
1956	74.0 76.1	38.3	38.0 37.9	37.2 38.4
1958	76.5	40.3	36.2	43.4
1959	76.7	42.2	34.6	46.4
1060	04.4	47.0	00.0	40 F
1960 1961	84.4 88.5	47.6 53.3	36.8 35.3	48.5 50.5
1962	89.8	54.9	34.8	51.5
1963	91.3	56.6	34.7	52.3
1964	92.8	58.3	34.5	53.3
1965	94.8	60.2	34.6	55.0
1965	94.0	61.9	35.3	55.7
1967	99.9	63.3	36.6	56.9
1968	102.6	64.5	38.1	70.1
1969	105.1	65.7	39.4	72.4
1970	107.9	66.9	41.0	74.5
1971	111.1	68.7	42.3	74.0
1972	113.8	70.1	43.7	77.8
1973	116.8	71.3	45.6	80.4
1974	120.2	72.7	47.5	83.3
1975	123.2	74.4	48.8	85.3
1976	126.0	76.1	49.9	87.0
1977	129.0	78.1	50.9	89.3
1978	133.3	80.3	53.0	93.7
1979	137.3	83.0	54.3	98.0
1980	140.4	85.3	55.0	100.3
1981	142.9	88.0	54.9	102.6
1982	144.7	90.7	54.0	104.5
1983	146.5	94.0	52.5	105.4
1984	148.3	96.9	51.4	107.1
1985	150.9	100.1	50.8	109.6
1986	153.2	103.3	49.9	111.6
1987	155.7	107.4	48.3	113.5
1988	158.3	110.7	47.6	115.7
1989	161.3	113.6	47.8	118.1
1990	164.0	116.4	47.6	120.1
1991	165.9	118.8	47.2	121.5
1992	167.5	121.1	46.4	122.9
1993	169.2	123.6	45.6	124.4
1994	170.8	125.9	44.9	126.2
1995	173.2	128.4	44.8	128.2
1996	175.3	130.9	44.4	130.3
1997	177.7	133.8	44.0	132.2
1998	180.0	136.2	43.8	134.2
1999	182.4	138.6	43.8	136.4
2000	184.8	140.8	44.0	138.7
2001	187.3	143.0	44.2	141.0

<sup>1</sup> Figures are subject to revision.

CONTACT: Jeff Kunkel (410) 965-3013 for further information.

### Table 4.C2.—Estimated number, <sup>1</sup> by insured status, age, and sex, 1970–2001

[In thousands]

						[	babanabi							
December 31	Total	Under 20	20–24	25–29	30–34	35–39	40–44	45–49	50–54	55–59	60–64	65–69	70–74	75 or older
							Fully in	sured						
Total: 1970 1975 1980	108,343 123,150 140,387	4,104 5,304 6,558	14,972 16,938 19,153	12,704 17,057 19,269	10,156 12,716 17,199	9,219 10,148 12,785	9,685 9,237 10,239	10,026 9,605 9,210	9,169 9,716 9,402	7,922 8,630 9,267	6,676 7,513 8,232	5,242 6,204 6,957	3,781 4,385 5,197	4,688 5,698 6,919
1985	150,868	4,301	17,735	20,771	19,298	17,100	12,779	10,205	9,042	9,020	8,842	7,507	5,889	8,380
1986	153,232	4,384	17,288	20,872	19,746	17,383	13,801	10,655	9,092	8,947	8,734	7,690	5,992	8,649
1987	155,730	4,545	16,824	20,840	20,195	17,723	14,539	11,310	9,305	8,795	8,787	7,837	6,078	8,953
1988	158,295	4,874	16,394	20,787	20,467	18,230	15,305	11,845	9,600	8,708	8,709	7,942	6,200	9,234
1989	161,346	5,045	16,333	20,770	20,777	18,760	16,159	12,350	9,768	8,746	8,711	8,116	6,244	9,567
1990	164,012	4,805	16,449	20,468	21,096	19,312	17,099	12,725	10,046	8,749	8,811	8,170	6,399	9,884
1991	165,948	4,325	16,440	19,971	21,327	19,807	17,432	13,696	10,480	8,807	8,727	8,133	6,617	10,186
1992	167,488	3,960	16,132	19,382	21,380	20,304	17,764	14,470	11,098	9,004	8,545	8,176	6,768	10,507
1993	169,159	3,743	15,735	18,873	21,378	20,681	18,257	15,199	11,655	9,271	8,500	8,174	6,876	10,817
1994	170,818	3,753	15,235	18,560	21,231	20,984	18,778	16,023	12,153	9,475	8,403	8,117	7,037	11,070
1995	173,170	3,983	14,858	18,555	20,858	21,251	19,313	16,918	12,554	9,748	8,512	8,126	7,093	11,402
1996	175,297	4,226	14,614	18,541	20,355	21,436	19,803	17,375	13,378	10,159	8,492	8,075	7,071	11,772
1997	177,749	4,368	14,687	18,413	19,823	21,521	20,288	17,657	14,239	10,712	8,771	8,012	7,140	12,117
1998	180,042	4,593	14,945	18,151	19,377	21,557	20,676	18,115	14,939	11,297	8,905	7,915	7,156	12,417
1999	182,417	4,701	15,333	17,771	19,111	21,431	21,024	18,641	15,740	11,781	9,170	7,917	7,102	12,695
2000	184,789	4,793 4,846	15,798	17,348	19,078	21,110	21,317 21,532	19,195	16,619	12,194	9,382	7,895 7,968	7,108	12,951
2001 Male:	187,261	4,040	16,302	17,080	19,095	20,623	21,002	19,745	17,146	12,951	9,732	7,900	7,064	13,178
1970	62,946	2,702	8,563	7,108	5,861	5,431	5,681	5,766	5,298	4,694	3,905	3,025	2,172	2,742
1975	69,315	3,210	9,376	9,230	7,153	5,847	5,367	5,543	5,527	4,919	4,278	3,426	2,413	3,024
1980	76,634	3,700	10,223	10,198	9,311	7,119	5,788	5,247	5,338	5,213	4,567	3,762	2,751	3,416
1985	80,721	2,325	9,407	10,871	10,233	9,220	7,029	5,676	5,073	5,052	4,861	3,991	3,067	3,917
1986	81,703	2,349	9,139	10,911	10,434	9,306	7,554	5,892	5,086	5,003	4,797	4,105	3,113	4,016
1987	82,744	2,419	8,850	10,885	10,647	9,428	7,898	6,227	5,190	4,905	4,834	4,182	3,146	4,133
1988	83,808	2,588	8,596	10,850	10,762	9,647	8,251	6,486	5,332	4,847	4,780	4,237	3,196	4,237
1989	85,239	2,697	8,579	10,860	10,889	9,904	8,652	6,726	5,394	4,854	4,778	4,326	3,214	4,367
1990	86,472	2,568	8,652	10,729	11,050	10,177	9,092	6,894	5,514	4,849	4,823	4,339	3,299	4,488
1991	87,287	2,303	8,616	10,475	11,174	10,420	9,211	7,382	5,718	4,873	4,783	4,318	3,411	4,606
1992	87,893	2,077	8,463	10,157	11,205	10,674	9,343	7,749	6,028	4,966	4,678	4,337	3,486	4,730
1993	88,536	1,957	8,228	9,869	11,208	10,857	9,575	8,088	6,297	5,091	4,639	4,334	3,542	4,851
1994	89,190	1,962	7,953	9,690	11,128	10,996	9,838	8,476	6,534	5,172	4,567	4,300	3,622	4,952
1995	90,178	2,078	7,704	9,661	10,933	11,116	10,104	8,901	6,721	5,289	4,625	4,307	3,638	5,100
1996	91,060	2,177	7,561	9,626	10,662	11,200	10,348	9,096	7,130	5,484	4,606	4,277	3,628	5,266
1997	92,056	2,250	7,567	9,522	10,362	11,234	10,591	9,208	7,547	5,760	4,730	4,232	3,651	5,402
1998	92,974	2,363	7,665	9,357	10,100	11,242	10,783	9,422	7,867	6,042	4,777	4,170	3,656	5,530
1999	94,021	2,427	7,845	9,125	9,934	11,173	10,948	9,683	8,251	6,276	4,902	4,167	3,634	5,657
2000	95,040	2,473	8,075	8,875	9,882	11,003	11,076	9,958	8,674	6,468	4,991	4,141	3,651	5,772
2001	96,135	2,498	8,340	8,712	9,854	10,739	11,168	10,233	8,908	6,843	5,170	4,163	3,634	5,875
Female: 1970 1975 1980	45,398 53,836 63,752	1,402 2,094 2,858	6,409 7,562 8,931	5,597 7,827 9,071	4,295 5,563 7,888	3,788 4,301 5,666	4,004 3,870 4,452	4,260 4,061 3,963	3,872 4,189 4,064	3,229 3,710 4,054	2,771 3,235 3,664	2,217 2,778 3,195	1,608 1,972 2,446	1,947 2,674 3,503
1985	70,147	1,976	8,328	9,900	9,066	7,880	5,750	4,528	3,969	3,968	3,981	3,516	2,822	4,464
1986	71,529	2,035	8,149	9,961	9,312	8,077	6,248	4,763	4,006	3,944	3,937	3,585	2,879	4,633
1987	72,986	2,126	7,974	9,955	9,548	8,295	6,641	5,083	4,115	3,889	3,953	3,655	2,931	4,820
1988	74,487	2,286	7,798	9,937	9,705	8,583	7,054	5,359	4,268	3,861	3,929	3,705	3,004	4,997
1989	76,107	2,348	7,754	9,911	9,888	8,857	7,507	5,625	4,374	3,892	3,933	3,790	3,029	5,200
1990	77,540	2,237	7,796	9,739	10,047	9,135	8,007	5,831	4,532	3,900	3,988	3,831	3,100	5,396
1991	78,662	2,023	7,825	9,496	10,153	9,387	8,221	6,314	4,762	3,934	3,944	3,815	3,206	5,581
1992	79,595	1,883	7,670	9,225	10,175	9,630	8,421	6,721	5,069	4,038	3,867	3,839	3,282	5,777
1993	80,623	1,786	7,508	9,004	10,170	9,824	8,682	7,112	5,358	4,180	3,860	3,840	3,335	5,966
1994	81,628	1,791	7,282	8,869	10,103	9,988	8,940	7,547	5,619	4,303	3,836	3,817	3,415	6,118
1995	82,991	1,905	7,153	8,894	9,925	10,135	9,208	8,017	5,833	4,459	3,887	3,819	3,455	6,301
1996	84,237	2,048	7,053	8,915	9,694	10,236	9,454	8,279	6,248	4,675	3,886	3,799	3,443	6,506
1997	85,693	2,119	7,119	8,892	9,462	10,287	9,698	8,449	6,691	4,952	4,041	3,780	3,489	6,715
1998	87,068	2,231	7,281	8,794	9,276	10,314	9,893	8,693	7,072	5,255	4,128	3,745	3,500	6,887
1999	88,396	2,274	7,488	8,646	9,177	10,258	10,076	8,959	7,489	5,505	4,268	3,750	3,468	7,038
2000	89,749	2,320	7,723	8,473	9,197	10,107	10,240	9,237	7,945	5,726	4,392	3,754	3,458	7,179
2001	91,126	2,348	7,962	8,368	9,241	9,885	10,364	9,512	8,238	6,108	4,563	3,805	3,430	7,303

#### Table 4.C2.—Estimated number, <sup>1</sup> by insured status, age, and sex, 1970–2001—*Continued*

						[In the	ousands]							
December 31	Total	Under 20	20–24	25–29	30–34	35–39	40–44	45–49	50–54	55–59	60–64	65–69	70–74	75 or older
							Disability i	nsured						
Total: 1970 1975 1980	74,504 85,305 100,329	3,860 4,948 6,341	12,432 14,144 17,410	9,858 13,289 16,104	7,257 9,313 12,997	6,743 7,610 9,788	7,399 7,271 8,267	7,817 7,762 7,628	7,250 7,892 7,888	6,486 7,035 7,669	5,401 6,041 6,238	· · · · · · ·		 
1985 1986 1987 1988	109,572 111,647 113,499 115,679	4,105 4,198 4,325 4,631	15,868 15,636 15,243 14,969	17,976 18,143 18,229 18,180	15,851 16,380 16,781 17,109	13,683 14,195 14,478 14,945	10,661 11,370 12,128 12,778	8,747 9,048 9,615 10,162	7,780 7,890 7,985 8,258	7,763 7,669 7,560 7,493	7,138 7,118 7,155 7,154	· · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · ·
1989 1990 1991	118,062 120,081 121,530	4,795 4,541 4,047	14,939 15,023 14,788	18,172 17,954 17,620	17,375 17,691 17,946	15,521 16,099 16,653	13,530 14,339 14,890	10,616 10,991 11,743	8,486 8,759 9,075	7,541 7,569 7,700	7,087 7,116 7,070	 	···· ···	· · · · · · ·
1992 1993 1994	122,883 124,430 126,205	3,655 3,461 3,514	14,295 13,945 13,639	17,188 16,758 16,433	18,204 18,341 18,358	17,178 17,646 17,957	15,203 15,672 16,234	12,610 13,262 14,029	9,683 10,261 10,724	7,823 8,093 8,310	7,045 6,991 7,009	···· ···	···· ···	· · · · · · ·
1995 1996 1997 1998 1999	128,233 130,315 132,229 134,196 136,367	3,763 4,021 4,160 4,376 4,461	13,374 13,206 13,392 13,626 13,992	16,409 16,440 16,293 16,104 15,867	18,068 17,665 17,212 16,803 16,652	18,291 18,507 18,620 18,673 18,527	16,787 17,278 17,685 18,036 18,317	14,823 15,328 15,540 15,925 16,498	11,095 11,839 12,652 13,255 14,007	8,571 8,889 9,440 9,970 10,384	7,051 7,142 7,234 7,428 7,662	···· ··· ···	···· ··· ···	· · · · · · · · · ·
2000 2001	138,698 141,028	4,556 4,602	14,515 15,061	15,534 15,335	16,649 16,737	18,335 17,964	18,677 18,921	16,986 17,501	14,798 15,295	10,778 11,441	7,871 8,172	· · · · · · ·	 	 
Male: 1970 1975 1980	49,847 54,323 60,140	2,550 3,004 3,586	7,622 8,274 9,607	6,519 8,191 9,218	5,331 6,400 8,068	4,956 5,320 6,348	5,191 4,911 5,238	5,218 5,037 4,733	4,722 4,977 4,833	4,224 4,389 4,672	3,512 3,822 3,837	· · · · · · ·	· · · · · · ·	 
1985 1986 1987	62,896 63,611 64,231	2,219 2,250 2,298	8,650 8,455 8,190	9,952 9,980 9,970	9,169 9,415 9,583	8,105 8,327 8,413	6,319 6,667 7,052	5,124 5,237 5,513	4,561 4,603 4,635	4,570 4,479 4,372	4,227 4,198 4,205	 	 	 
1988 1989	65,069 66,052	2,453 2,562	8,014 7,990	9,927 9,886	9,689 9,777	8,611 8,873	7,344 7,700	5,802 6,005	4,735 4,833	4,312 4,309	4,183 4,118			· · · · · · ·
1990 1991 1992	66,898 67,380 67,837	2,424 2,145 1,906	8,039 7,907 7,644	9,749 9,549 9,296	9,909 9,985 10,095	9,157 9,435 9,691	8,070 8,309 8,432	6,175 6,553 6,982	4,941 5,064 5,363	4,319 4,380 4,425	4,116 4,052 4,003	 	· · · · · · ·	 
1993 1994	68,435 69,150	1,806 1,829	7,426 7,263	9,042 8,824	10,177 10,156	9,892 10,028	8,650 8,944	7,287 7,651	5,665 5,878	4,532 4,632	3,959 3,946			
1995 1996 1997 1998 1999	69,979 70,815 71,591 72,370 72,832	1,957 2,068 2,139 2,245 2,306	7,079 6,948 6,987 7,071 7,245	8,774 8,747 8,647 8,491 8,333	9,971 9,720 9,438 9,165 9,007	10,186 10,272 10,296 10,320 10,094	9,244 9,509 9,716 9,869 9,900	8,020 8,252 8,336 8,527 8,755	6,054 6,435 6,843 7,132 7,417	4,737 4,863 5,146 5,428 5,562	3,957 4,003 4,044 4,123 4,214	· · · · · · · · · ·	···· ··· ···	· · · · · · · · · ·
2000 2001	73,955 74,880	2,355 2,376	7,542 7,838	8,114 7,979	8,943 8,953	9,990 9,755	10,106 10,202	9,021 9,257	7,815 8,010	5,775 6,075	4,294 4,437		 	
Female: 1970 1975 1980	24,656 30,982 40,189	1,310 1,945 2,755	4,810 5,870 7,804	3,339 5,098 6,886	1,926 2,913 4,929	1,787 2,290 3,441	2,208 2,360 3,028	2,599 2,726 2,894	2,527 2,915 3,055	2,262 2,646 2,997	1,889 2,219 2,401	· · · · · · ·	···· ···	 
1985 1986 1987 1988	46,676 48,036 49,268 50,610	1,886 1,948 2,027 2,178	7,218 7,182 7,054 6,955	8,025 8,163 8,259 8,252	6,682 6,965 7,198 7,420	5,578 5,868 6,064 6,334	4,342 4,703 5,075 5,434	3,622 3,811 4,102 4,360	3,219 3,287 3,351 3,524	3,193 3,190 3,188 3,181	2,911 2,920 2,950 2,971	· · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · ·
1989 1990 1991	52,009 53,183 54,150	2,233 2,116 1,902	6,949 6,984 6,881	8,286 8,206 8,071	7,598 7,782 7,960	6,648 6,942 7,217	5,830 6,269 6,581	4,610 4,816 5,190	3,653 3,818 4,010	3,233 3,250 3,320	2,970 3,000 3,019			
1992 1993 1994	55,046 55,995 57,055	1,749 1,656 1,685	6,652 6,519 6,376	7,892 7,715 7,609	8,109 8,165 8,202	7,487 7,754 7,929	6,771 7,022 7,289	5,628 5,974 6,378	4,319 4,597 4,845	3,398 3,561 3,678	3,041 3,033 3,063	···· ···	···· ···	···· ···
1995 1996 1997 1998	58,254 59,500 60,639 61,827	1,806 1,953 2,021 2,131	6,295 6,258 6,405 6,556	7,635 7,693 7,646 7,613	8,097 7,946 7,775 7,637	8,105 8,234 8,325 8,354	7,544 7,769 7,969 8,167	6,803 7,077 7,205 7,398	5,042 5,404 5,809 6,124	3,834 4,026 4,295 4,541	3,094 3,139 3,190 3,306	· · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · ·
1999 2000 2001	63,535 64,743 66,147	2,155 2,201 2,227	6,747 6,972 7,222	7,534 7,419 7,356	7,645 7,706 7,783	8,433 8,345 8,209	8,417 8,571 8,719	7,743 7,966 8,244	6,590 6,983 7,285	4,823 5,003 5,367	3,448 3,577 3,735	· · · · · · ·	···· ···	···· ···

<sup>1</sup> Figures are subject to revision.

CONTACT: Jeff Kunkel (410) 965-3013 for further information.

Table 4.C5.—Population in the Social Security area:<sup>1</sup> Estimated number and percentage fully insured, by age and sex, 1997-2001

[Numbers in thousands]

			Inditio		inusj					
	199	7	199	8	199	99	200	00	20	01
		Percent fully								
Age attained at end of year	Population	insured								
Total	279,703	<sup>2</sup> 87	282,024	<sup>2</sup> 87	284,388	<sup>2</sup> 88	286,765	<sup>2</sup> 88	289,114	<sup>2</sup> 88
Under 15	61,331	(3)	61,579	(3)	61,810	(3)	61,966	(3)	62,096	(3)
15–19	19,580	22	19,830	23	19,957	24	20,077	24	20,183	24
20–24	18,096	81	18,363	81	18,777	82	19,247	82	19,681	83
25–29	19,964	92 92	19,658	92 92	19,248	92 92	18,806	92 93	18,552	92
30–34	21,517		21,014		20,681		20,604		20,565	93 92
35–39	23,508 22,195	92 91	23,451 22,625	92 91	23,263 22,991	92 91	22,869 23,296	92 92	22,326 23,475	92 92
40-44	19,378	91	22,625 19,821	91	22,991	91	23,296	92 92	23,475 21,506	92 92
45–49 50–54	16,013	89	16,668	90	20,359	92 90	18,361	92 91	18.865	92 91
55–59	12.548	85	13.095	86	13.562	87	13.938	87	14.694	88
60–64	10,491	84	10,712	83	10.917	84	11.138	84	11,475	85
65–69	9.846	81	9.688	82	9.602	82	9.575	82	9.595	83
70–74	8.950	80	8,958	80	8,936	79	8.922	80	8.864	80
75 or older	16,288	74	16,563	75	16,815	75	17,038	76	17,236	76
Male	137, 921	<sup>2</sup> 93	139,108	<sup>2</sup> 93	140,316	<sup>2</sup> 93	141,530	<sup>2</sup> 93	142,729	<sup>2</sup> 93
	31.368	(2)	31,490	(2)	24 607	(2)	04 007	(2)	31,754	(3)
Under 15 15–19	10,028	(3) 22	10,157	(3) 23	31,607 10,219	(3) 24	31,687 10,277	(3) 24	10,327	(3)
20–24	9,212	82	9,358	23 82	9,584	82	9,835	82	10,327	83
25–29	10,093	02 94	9,928	02 94	9,564	82 94	9,835	93	9,396	93
30–34	10,888	94 95	10,622	94 95	10,442	94	10,389	95	10,358	95
35–39	11,884	95	11,855	95	11,756	95	11,549	95	11,266	95
40–44	11,004	95	11,366	95	11,559	95	11.720	95	11,200	95
45–49	9.645	95	9.867	95	10,141	95	10.431	95	10.728	95
50–54	7.916	95	8.241	95	8.640	95	9.083	95	9.331	95
55–59	6.137	94	6.407	94	6.636	95	6.820	95	7.195	95
60–64	5,042	94	5,153	93	5,254	93	5,364	93	5,530	93
65–69	4.599	92	4.534	92	4,497	93	4,488	92	4.505	92
70–74	3,970	92	3,992	92	4,001	91	4.012	91	3.998	91
75 or older	5,998	90	6,138	90	6,258	90	6,364	91	6,460	91
Female	141,781	<sup>2</sup> 82	142,917	<sup>2</sup> 82	144,072	<sup>2</sup> 83	145,236	<sup>2</sup> 83	146,385	<sup>2</sup> 84
Under 15	29,963	(3)	30,089	(3)	30,202	(3)	30,279	(3)	30,342	(3)
15–19	9,551	22	9,673	23	9,738	23	9,800	24	9,856	24
20–24	8,884	80	9,005	81	9,193	81	9,412	82	9,617	83
25–29	9,871	90	9,730	90	9,525	91	9,296	91	9,156	91
30–34	10,629	89	10,393	89	10,239	90	10,215	90	10,207	91
35–39	11,624	88	11,597	89	11,508	89	11,319	89	11,061	89
40–44	11,054	88	11,259	88	11,431	88	11,575	88	11,659	89
45–49	9,733	87	9,954	87	10,218	88	10,497	88	10,777	88
50–54	8,096	83	8,427	84	8,830	85	9,278	86	9,534	86
55–59	6,411	77	6,688	79	6,926	79	7,118	80	7,498	81
60–64	5,449	74	5,559	74	5,663	75	5,774	76	5,945	77
65–69	5,247	72	5,154	73	5,105	73	5,086	74	5,091	75
70–74	4,980	70	4,966	70	4,936	70	4,910	70	4,866	70
75 or older	10,290	65	10,425	66	10,558	67	10,674	67	10,775	68

<sup>1</sup> The population referred to as "population in the Social Security area" includes residents of the 50 states and the District of Columbia adjusted for net census undercount; civilian residents of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa and the Northern Mariana Islands; federal civilian employees and persons in the Armed Forces abroad and their dependents; crew members of merchant vessels; and all other U.S. citizens abroad. Population estimates are subject to revision. <sup>2</sup> Percent of population fully insured aged 20 or older. <sup>3</sup> Less than 0.5 percent.

CONTACT: Felicitie Bell (410) 965-3020 for further information.

Table 4.C6.—Period life table, 1998

		Male			Female		1		Male			Female	
Exact	Death	Number	Life	Death	Number	Life	Exact	Death	Number	Life	Death	Number of lives <sup>2</sup>	Life
age	probability <sup>1</sup>	of lives <sup>2</sup>	expectancy	probability <sup>1</sup>	of lives <sup>2</sup>	expectancy	age	probability <sup>1</sup>	of lives <sup>2</sup>	expectancy	probability <sup>1</sup>		expectancy
0	0.007845	100,000	73.52	0.006550	100,000	79.31	60	0.013329	84,161	19.20	0.008121	90,680	22.98
1	.000560	99,216	73.10	.000494	99,345	78.83	61	.014585	83,040	18.45	.008906	89,944	22.16
2	.000391	99,160	72.15	.000312	99,296	77.87	62	.016056	81,829	17.72	.009806	89,143	21.36
3	.000285	99,121	71.17	.000236	99,265	76.90	63	.017782	80,515	17.00	.010839	88,269	20.56
4	.000236	99,093	70.19	.000187	99,242	75.91	64	.019723	79,083	16.30	.011991	87,312	19.78
5	.000220	99,070	69.21	.000171	99,223	74.93	65	.021891	77,523	15.62	.013284	86,265	19.02
6	.000215	99,048	68.23	.000161	99,206	73.94	66	.024165	75,826	14.95	.014658	85,119	18.27
7	.000208	99,026	67.24	.000153	99,190	72.95	67	.026396	73,994	14.31	.016025	83,871	17.53
8	.000191	99,006	66.25	.000145	99,175	71.96	68	.028513	72,041	13.69	.017350	82,527	16.81
9	.000168	98,987	65.27	.000135	99,160	70.97	69	.030624	69,987	13.07	.018697	81,095	16.10
10	.000148	98,970	64.28	.000129	99,147	69.98	70	.032968	67,843	12.47	.020230	79,579	15.39
11	.000155	98,956	63.29	.000132	99,134	68.99	71	.035655	65,607	11.88	.021996	77,969	14.70
12	.000212	98,940	62.30	.000152	99,121	68.00	72	.038609	63,267	11.30	.023910	76,254	14.02
13	.000334	98,919	61.31	.000196	99,106	67.01	73	.041865	60,825	10.73	.025981	74,431	13.35
14	.000502	98,886	60.33	.000254	99,087	66.03	74	.045483	58,278	10.18	.028277	72,497	12.70
15	.000688	98,837	59.36	.000322	99,062	65.04	75	.049533	55,628	9.64	.030928	70,447	12.05
16	.000862	98,769	58.40	.000385	99,030	64.06	76	.054076	52,872	9.12	.033988	68,268	11.42
17	.001016	98,684	57.45	.000430	98,992	63.09	77	.059153	50,013	8.61	.037428	65,948	10.80
18	.001137	98,583	56.51	.000450	98,949	62.11	78	.064811	47,055	8.12	.041280	63,480	10.20
19	.001230	98,471	55.57	.000452	98,904	61.14	79	.071088	44,005	7.65	.045613	60,859	9.62
20	.001324	98,350	54.64	.000450	98,860	60.17	80	.078040	40,877	7.20	.050572	58,083	9.06
21	.001414	98,220	53.71	.000454	98,815	59.20	81	.085676	37,687	6.76	.056188	55,146	8.51
22	.001467	98,081	52.79	.000460	98,770	58.22	82	.093986	34,458	6.35	.062399	52,047	7.99
23	.001474	97,937	51.86	.000472	98,725	57.25	83	.102981	31,219	5.96	.069221	48,800	7.49
24	.001448	97,793	50.94	.000490	98,678	56.28	84	.112720	28,004	5.58	.076760	45,422	7.01
25	.001407	97,651	50.01	.000509	98,630	55.30	85	.123271	24,848	5.23	.085146	41,935	6.55
26	.001376	97,514	49.08	.000529	98,580	54.33	86	.134690	21,785	4.89	.094488	38,365	6.11
27	.001365	97,380	48.15	.000556	98,528	53.36	87	.147013	18,851	4.58	.104868	34,740	5.70
28	.001386	97,247	47.21	.000589	98,473	52.39	88	.160256	16,079	4.28	.116326	31,097	5.31
29	.001434	97,112	46.28	.000629	98,415	51.42	89	.174414	13,502	4.00	.128874	27,479	4.94
30	.001491	96,973	45.35	.000674	98,353	50.45	90	.189473	11,147	3.74	.142507	23,938	4.60
31	.001551	96,828	44.41	.000723	98,287	49.49	91	.205410	9,035	3.50	.157207	20,527	4.28
32	.001618	96,678	43.48	.000779	98,216	48.52	92	.222195	7,179	3.28	.172950	17,300	3.98
33	.001692	96,521	42.55	.000842	98,139	47.56	93	.239796	5,584	3.07	.189705	14,308	3.71
34	.001775	96,358	41.62	.000911	98,056	46.60	94	.258174	4,245	2.88	.207437	11,593	3.46
35	.001872	96,187	40.69	.000988	97,967	45.64	95	.276585	3,149	2.71	.225438	9,189	3.24
36	.001985	96,007	39.77	.001071	97,870	44.68	96	.294835	2,278	2.56	.243491	7,117	3.04
37	.002115	95,816	38.85	.001157	97,766	43.73	97	.312719	1,606	2.42	.261361	5,384	2.85
38	.002262	95,614	37.93	.001246	97,652	42.78	98	.330021	1,104	2.29	.278792	3,977	2.68
39	.002428	95,397	37.01	.001338	97,531	41.84	99	.346522	740	2.17	.295520	2,868	2.53
40	.002613	95,166	36.10	.001442	97,400	40.89	100	.363848	483	2.06	.313251	2,021	2.38
41	.002816	94,917	35.20	.001557	97,260	39.95	101	.382040	308	1.95	.332046	1,388	2.24
42	.003040	94,650	34.29	.001677	97,108	39.01	102	.401142	190	1.84	.351969	927	2.10
43	.003285	94,362	33.40	.001801	96,946	38.08	103	.421199	114	1.74	.373087	601	1.97
44	.003551	94,052	32.51	.001933	96,771	37.14	104	.442259	66	1.64	.395472	377	1.85
45	.003853	93,718	31.62	.002081	96,584	36.21	105	.464372	37	1.55	.419200	228	1.73
46	.004180	93,357	30.74	.002252	96,383	35.29	106	.487591	20	1.46	.444352	132	1.62
47	.004514	92,967	29.87	.002447	96,166	34.37	107	.511970	10	1.37	.471013	73	1.51
48	.004848	92,547	29.00	.002669	95,930	33.45	108	.537569	5	1.29	.499274	39	1.40
49	.005197	92,099	28.14	.002920	95,674	32.54	109	.564447	2	1.21	.529230	19	1.31
50	.005586	91,620	27.28	.003204	95,395	31.63	110	.592669	1	1.14	.560984	9	1.21
51	.006035	91,108	26.43	.003519	95,089	30.73	111	.622303	0	1.06	.594643	4	1.12
52	.006544	90,558	25.59	.003863	94,755	29.84	112	.653418	0	1.00	.630322	2	1.04
53	.007122	89,966	24.76	.004236	94,389	28.95	113	.686089	0	0.93	.668141	1	0.96
54	.007775	89,325	23.93	.004645	93,989	28.07	114	.720393	0	0.86	.708230	0	0.88
55 56 57 58 59	.008515 .009338 .010226 .011176 .012212	88,630 87,876 87,055 86,165 85,202	23.11 22.31 21.51 20.73 19.96	.005106 .005619 .006173 .006768 .007417	93,552 93,075 92,552 91,980 91,358	27.20 26.34 25.49 24.64 23.80	115 116 117 118 119	.756413 .794234 .833945 .875642 .919424	0 0 0 0	0.80 0.74 0.69 0.63 0.58	.750723 .794234 .833945 .875642 .919424	0 0 0 0	0.81 0.74 0.69 0.63 0.58

Probability of dying within one year.
 Number of survivors out of 100,000 born alive.

CONTACT: Felicitie Bell (410) 965-3020 for further information.

### Table 5.A1.—Number and average monthly benefit, by type of benefit, race, <sup>1</sup> age, and sex, December 2000

[Based on 10-percent sample]

Average Average Average		
monthly         monthly         monthly         monthly           Age and sex         Number <sup>4</sup> benefit         Number         benefit         Number	Number	Average monthly benefit
	1,768,950	\$589.50
OASI         38,742,190         787.80         34,046,540         807.60         3,423,580         652.40           DI         6,675,280         649.10         4,806,830         677.50         1,198,460         587.90	1,151,500 617,450	611.10 549.30
Retired workers		
Total	749,030	\$697.40
62-64	88,700	605.30 607.10
62	24,680 31,200	607.10
<u>64</u> <u>946,260</u> 757.70 <u>832,430</u> 770.70 <u>80,890</u> <u>687.40</u>	32,820	601.60
65-69         7,284,590         836.20         6,357,910         853.60         663,140         730.80           65         1,531,390         830.30         1,328,440         847.80         143,170         726.30	256,640 58,900	680.90 690.60
65	54,410	664.20
671,414,230 835.50 1,230,690 853.30 130,190 729.80	52,050	681.70
68	47,480	692.60
69         1,401,740         838.50         1,238,690         855.10         117,030         726.60           70–74         6,635,980         842.20         5,910,520         857.40         530,770         724.50	43,800 176,110	674.80 700.90
701,413,290 835.90 1,252,630 852.20 115,180 724.00	43,200	671.20
71	37,190	695.60
72	34,900 32,720	719.10 714.70
74	28,100	714.70
75–79	117,600	718.90
75	27,380 25,410	728.10 720.90
76         1,170,200         840.50         1,053,630         854.10         86,680         715.60           77         1,088,150         833.90         982,550         846.90         77,680         710.40	24,070	720.90
781,021,090 833.40 919,150 846.20 75,600 713.70	21,840	718.40
79	18,900	711.00
80-84         3,623,140         884.00         3,292,210         897.30         251,440         742.10           80         888,300         832.40         805,650         844.60         61,840         708.00	63,520 16,870	764.40 714.80
81	14,040	726.50
82	12,500	752.20
83	11,140 8,970	812.90 874.00
55-89	32,010	829.90
85	8,720	862.10
86	7,420 6,360	842.60 813.40
33,700 901.10 304,210 915.10 24,730 741.90	5,350	807.80
89	4,160	793.50
90–94         751,790         855.50         679,090         871.30         59,330         690.20           95 or older         199,600         787.50         175,570         807.70         20,500         623.80	11,360 3,090	755.70 724.20
Men	420,740	752.60
62–64	48,430	671.70
62	13,110	686.50
63	16,980	668.90
65–69	18,340 147,690	663.70 742.90
65	33,740	753.60
66 842,380 958.50 737,280 983.50 72,780 808.60	31,690	724.90
67	30,270 27,120	744.80 756.10
69	24,870	734.70
70-74	98,390	753.70
70	23,540 20,540	718.80 755.20
72	19,730	780.20
73	18,480	761.30
74         670,420         948.70         604,540         966.50         47,780         787.40           75–79         2,854,830         927.00         2,589,430         942.70         190,430         773.60	16,100 65,900	761.70 762.80
75	14,980	786.40
76	14,300	766.00
77	13,660	754.60
78	12,530 10,430	750.20 750.60
80-84         500,400         500,400         500,500         442,000         514,00         52,000         730,000           80-84         1,734,140         953,40         1,587,290         967.20         105,190         797.10	35,050	803.90
80	9,920	758.80
81	7,850 6,760	760.70 788.00
82	5,930	788.00 854.90
84 261,190 1,076.90 240,140 1,091.70 15,530 894.10	4,590	933.00

#### Table 5.A1.—Number and average monthly benefit, by type of benefit, race, <sup>1</sup> age, and sex, December 2000—*Continued* [Based on 10-percent sample]

	Tota	-	Wh	-	Bla	ck	Other	3
·		Average monthly		Average monthly		Average monthly		Average monthly
Age and sex	Number <sup>4</sup>	benefit	Number	benefit	Number	benefit	Number	benefit
				Retired worke	rs—Continued			
85–89	827,920	\$1,025.80	758,620	\$1,039.70	48,740	\$850.00	17,420	\$893.80
85	227,510	1,065.20	209,170	1,077.70	12,730	897.90	4,690	950.60
86	197,700	1,038.70	180,600	1,053.50	12,200	858.90	4,070	910.90
87	162,970	1,022.00	149,950	1,035.70	9,240	844.90	3,250	861.90
88 89	134,490 105,250	992.10 965.40	122,870 96,030	1,005.70 980.50	8,040 6,530	815.40 789.80	2,980 2,430	870.90 826.50
90–94	262,460	927.10	237,350	942.80	18,020	754.10	6,410	796.80
95 or older	55,750	867.20	48,920	888.20	5,290	697.70	1,450	782.80
Women	13,734,060	729.60	12,174,830	739.30	1,190,230	659.20	328,290	626.50
62–64	1,222,840	605.50	1,078,730	608.10	103,800	609.60	40,270	525.50
62	344,800	602.00	304,960	604.20	28,260	613.20	11,570	517.20
63	431,680	608.80	379,690	611.10	37,760	612.70	14,220	535.10
64	446,360	605.00	394,080	608.10	37,780	603.70	14,480	522.90
65–69	3,208,920 675,040	673.30 658.00	2,778,100 580,970	679.40 662.90	319,330	647.30 635.60	108,950 25,160	596.80 606.00
65 66	661,820	663.20	572,060	668.80	68,590 66,600	644.10	22,720	579.60
67	620,790	673.80	535,830	680.10	62,730	649.00	21,780	594.00
68	634,080	687.90	549,080	694.20	64,130	659.80	20,360	608.00
69	617,190	685.60	540,160	692.80	57,280	649.30	18,930	596.30
70–74	3,005,050	705.50	2,652,950	713.20	264,400	652.00	77,720	634.00
70 71	626,990 600,070	689.80 695.70	550,660 526,730	697.20 703.60	55,720 54,810	645.70 646.20	19,660 16,650	614.20 622.00
72	604,510	705.90	534,030	713.40	52,910	653.30	15,170	639.70
73	600,650	716.20	531,800	724.20	52,440	656.10	14,240	654.20
74	572,830	721.20	509,730	728.90	48,520	659.80	12,000	651.70
75–79	2,618,000	744.60	2,344,140	754.00	209,890	661.70	51,700	663.00
75	564,680	735.60	502,990	744.20	46,820	666.30	12,400	657.70
76 77	556,320 518,880	734.50 741.80	497,340 465,250	743.50 751.10	45,200 41,020	656.00 660.10	11,110 10,410	662.90 658.90
78	490,970	751.50	439,480	760.90	39,590	665.70	9,310	675.60
79	487,150	762.40	439,080	773.20	37,260	660.50	8,470	662.10
80–84	1,889,000	820.30	1,704,920	832.20	146,250	702.50	28,470	715.80
80	440,670	776.30	397,300	787.10	34,130	677.00	6,950	652.00
81	394,650	792.30	354,340	804.30	31,990	680.10	6,190	683.20
82 83	386,130 349,080	824.90 842.20	349,700 315,960	837.10 854.20	28,820 26,200	701.10 713.50	5,740 5,210	710.10 765.10
84	318,470	886.20	287,620	898.50	25,110	755.60	4,380	812.10
85–89	1,157,070	857.40	1,047,600	871.10	90,040	712.30	14,590	753.60
85	290,410	873.40	263,400	886.90	21,580	730.20	4,030	759.10
86	266,490	868.60	241,090	883.00	20,900	714.30	3,350	759.60
87 88	231,500 201,210	853.60 840.20	209,270 181.340	866.70 853.70	18,080 16,690	715.60 706.50	3,110 2,370	762.70 728.40
89	167,460	837.80	152,500	851.60	12,790	681.80	1,730	728.40
90–94	489,330	817.10	441,740	832.80	41,310	662.40	4,950	702.50
95 or older	143,850	756.60	126,650	776.50	15,210	598.00	1,640	672.50
ł				Disabled	workers			
·								
Total	5,035,840	\$787.00	3,701,770	\$809.30	868,070	\$731.40	426,970	\$709.90
Under 20	1,470	334.40	1,100	327.20	220	325.40	150	400.50
20–24	34,260 2,920	429.70 360.70	24,030 1,990	431.90 370.40	6,260 650	421.50 326.50	3,960 280	428.20 371.40
20 21	2,920 4,830	383.70	3,450	370.40 387.00	870	326.50 345.80	280 510	426.40
22	6,440	419.70	4,490	417.90	1,230	418.40	720	433.50
23	9,000	448.00	6,330	450.10	1,600	447.80	1,070	436.00
24	11,070	458.70	7,770	460.90	1,910	468.40	1,380	431.60
25–29	100,940	522.40	67,980	534.00	18,920	502.10	13,440	492.20
25 26	13,990 16,400	488.80 501.40	9,700 10,770	494.90 513.50	2,410 3,520	475.30 487.30	1,870 2,070	473.20 462.50
27	18,580	510.00	12,300	523.00	3,600	491.30	2,600	475.20
28	23,600	534.70	15,880	547.80	4,450	505.70	3,010	508.60
29	28,370	548.90	19,330	560.70	4,940	530.40	3,890	515.90
30–34	209,070	596.90	142,290	605.80	37,790	574.70	26,260	583.40
30	33,570	562.10	22,910	568.00	5,790	548.00	4,450	553.40 563.90
31 32	37,050 41,760	578.90 594.40	25,370 28,420	586.70 599.20	6,540 7,880	559.40 588.10	4,750 4,960	563.90 578.00
33	45,030	610.60	30,300	620.20	8,340	573.00	5,700	617.50
34	51,660	622.30	35,290	637.00	9,240	592.20	6,400	592.70
35–39	380,480	657.80	267,610	673.10	68,570	610.70	40,080	638.80
35	61,540	632.10	42,620	643.80	10,960	598.90	7,140	610.70
36 37	69,500 75,140	649.60 654.40	48,840 52,450	666.80 669.20	12,630 13,480	599.70 611.10	7,350 8,440	622.60 634.70
38	83,380	661.50	58,790	677.00	15,020	608.40	8,710	650.90
39	90,920	680.90	64,910	696.70	16,480	628.60	8,440	668.10
See footnotes at end of table	, -							

### Table 5.A1.—Number and average monthly benefit, by type of benefit, race, <sup>1</sup> age, and sex, December 2000—*Continued*

[Based on 10-percent sample]

	Tota	2	Wł	nite	Bla	ick	Othe	r <sup>3</sup>
		Average monthly		Average monthly		Average monthly		Average monthly
Age and sex	Number <sup>4</sup>	benefit	Number	benefit	Number	benefit	Number	benefit
			I	Disabled worke	ers—Continue	d		
40-44	573,730	\$722.20	405,120	\$739.60	108,120	\$670.20	54,670	\$696.30
40	99,830	696.10	70,930	714.10	18,090	638.50	9,600	677.30
41 42	109,070 112,820	708.20 717.50	76,840 79,890	724.60 731.20	20,600 21,290	655.10 671.80	10,600 10,560	691.90 708.60
43	122,770	731.80	86,870	748.80	23,090	684.30	11,490	696.80
44	129,240	749.00	90,590	770.90	25,050	691.40	12,420	704.00
45–49 45	711,240 132,750	776.60 755.20	506,070 94,000	794.60 774.60	132,050 25,500	731.00 707.70	64,950 11,820	728.10 709.70
45	137,210	767.40	97,590	787.40	25,180	714.90	12,820	718.20
47	140,380	779.10	99,260	796.70	26,430	733.90	13,120	733.90
48 49	147,940 152,960	782.00 796.00	106,430 108,790	798.90 812.20	26,470 28,470	738.20 756.60	13,460 13,730	730.70 745.30
49 50–54	884,370	823.60	638,650	840.10	156,040	784.90	79,040	745.30
50	155,280	803.40	109,240	821.00	29,780	766.10	14,200	742.30
51	169,090	812.80	119,900	827.70	31,510	780.50	15,320	755.10
52 53	178,300 193,890	825.50 834.50	127,820 142,780	839.50 849.60	31,360 32,440	791.40 794.00	16,460 16,550	778.70 779.50
54	187,810	837.20	138,910	856.50	30,950	791.20	16,510	762.30
55–59	1,021,360	847.90	774,820	869.00	167,310	794.70	75,340	751.60
55 56	178,900 194,020	835.40 848.40	131,600 147,180	854.90 867.50	31,480 32,010	794.80 800.80	14,830 14,030	751.80 760.80
57	215,030	848.30	164,130	869.40	35,080	794.60	15,150	745.20
58	218,800	852.70	167,890	875.50	34,500	792.50	15,580	742.90
59 60–64	214,610 1,118,920	852.30 857.30	164,020 874,100	874.50 882.10	34,240 172,790	791.10 779.30	15,750 69,080	758.00 744.20
60	218,370	854.90	169,300	879.10	34,300	782.00	14,340	744.20
61	224,110	857.70	173,290	881.30	35,830	788.70	14,300	750.70
62	232,320	862.00	182,520 175,140	885.20	35,350 34,100	793.20	13,870	738.20
63 64	223,100 221,020	860.30 851.20	173,850	887.90 876.50	33,210	769.00 761.80	13,180 13,390	735.60 749.30
Men	2,856,870	883.00	2,127,670	915.30	465,840	790.90	239,030	784.50
Under 20	880	352.90	660	354.00	110	337.50	110	361.20
20–24	20,080 1,670	441.10	14,180 1,180	444.30	3,430 350	434.00 325.90	2,460	431.50 383.90
20 21	2,970	362.40 395.40	2,130	370.70 396.90	530	325.90	140 310	450.70
22	3,830	420.90	2,720	415.20	610	428.30	500	442.60
23	5,250	465.70	3,650	472.30	960	460.00	640	437.10
24 25–29	6,360 57,880	474.90 535.30	4,500 38,720	480.90 548.10	980 10,830	492.50 508.00	870 7,960	421.90 510.20
25	8,370	498.20	5,710	505.30	1,520	477.00	1,140	490.90
26	9,370	510.50	6,180	525.10	1,990	483.00	1,160	480.70
27 28	10,370 13,730	526.80 541.80	6,810 9,320	537.70 555.90	2,050 2,490	503.30 508.50	1,440 1,800	510.80 511.60
29	16,040	568.90	10,700	584.10	2,780	545.70	2,420	532.00
30–34	120,150	608.70	80,660	620.30	21,740	579.10	15,890	595.00
30 31	18,970 21,530	575.60 589.60	12,730 14,680	585.70 595.80	3,260 3,700	553.60 570.10	2,680 2,920	560.60 584.60
32	23,880	603.70	15,820	610.00	4,590	593.60	3,090	587.30
33	26,110	623.20	17,460	637.10	4,900	574.10	3,280	627.90
34 35–39	29,660 217,860	635.00 676.20	19,970 151,900	653.90 694.80	5,290 39,760	593.10 619.40	3,920 23,580	604.70 656.00
35	35,090	644.90	23,750	659.10	6,450	601.80	4,400	625.50
36	39,920	665.30	27,820	687.60	7,320	609.30	4,420	619.10
37	43,050	671.30	29,460	687.90	8,170	620.80	4,930	659.20
38 39	47,760 52,040	681.90 704.70	33,860 37,010	699.70 724.10	8,410 9,410	614.40 642.50	4,950 4,880	679.60 689.70
40–44	327,410	762.40	230,240	787.50	61,540	689.00	31,990	728.10
40	56,810	725.60	40,360	750.30	10,190	653.00	5,530	690.80
41 42	62,880 63,920	742.10 757.20	43,830 45,330	767.70 774.50	11,960 11,780	668.20 696.80	6,480 6,110	708.50 750.20
43	69,820	777.20	49,320	802.50	13,030	701.60	6,610	741.00
44	73,980	798.60	51,400	830.60	14,580	713.70	7,260	743.70
45–49 45	396,030 74,370	845.40 812.80	284,370 52,890	870.90 838.70	71,110	768.70 740.40	35,800 6,420	797.30 771.40
45 46	76,510	812.80	52,890 54,780	854.50	14,270 13,660	740.40 746.10	6,420 6,980	776.80
47	77,800	846.90	55,640	872.20	14,130	769.00	7,170	803.10
48	82,390	857.80	60,350	882.40	13,650	778.80	7,550	801.70
49 50–54	84,960 494,710	877.20 924.70	60,710 360,690	901.10 949.80	15,400 82,770	805.90 849.70	7,680 44,360	827.80 864.00
50	87,610	885.30	62,630	908.40	15,910	813.20	7,680	845.50
51	94,340	902.70	67,410	926.40	16,940	836.80	8,540	846.50
52 53	99,320 108,670	928.40 942.90	71,740 80,540	951.50 966.80	16,280 17,370	862.20 868.90	9,520 9,400	873.50 879.40
53	104,770	942.90 954.90	78,370	983.70	16,270	865.80	9,220	870.10

# Table 5.A1.—Number and average monthly benefit, by type of benefit, race,<sup>1</sup> age, and sex, December 2000—*Continued*

[Based on	10-percent sample]
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-	Tota	2	Wh	iite	Bla	ack	Othe	r <sup>3</sup>
Age and sex	Number <sup>4</sup>	Average monthly benefit	Number	Average monthly benefit	Number	Average monthly benefit	Number	Average monthly benefit
	Turnoci	benefit					Number	benefit
			[	Disabled work	ers— <i>Continue</i>	d		
55–59	. 571,040	\$989.70	443,110	\$1,018.50	85,970	\$895.20	39,450	\$878.50
55	. 99,410	964.30	74,060	995.00	16,650	878.10	8,060	866.50
56		984.80	84,010	1,011.10	16,210	899.10	7,380	883.90
57		993.30	93,140	1,021.10	17,810	896.70	7,370	880.60
58		1,001.30	96,370	1,031.80	17,820	898.20	8,020	869.70
59 60–64		999.60 1,006.50	95,530 523,140	1,027.30 1,034.50	17,480 88,580	903.30 901.10	8,620 37,430	891.40 871.30
60		1,005.90	99,030	1,034.60	17,450	900.30	7,700	880.20
61		1,008.40	103,000	1,035.80	18,620	906.50	7,540	892.50
62		1,013.00	108,230	1,041.00	18,000	916.10	7,570	849.70
63		1,008.70	106,390	1,039.10	17,530	891.60	7,190	855.60
64	. 131,200	996.50	106,490	1,022.10	16,980	890.00	7,430	877.90
Women	. 2,178,970	661.10	1,574,100	666.10	402,230	662.40	187,940	615.00
Under 20	. 590	306.90	440	287.00	110	313.30	40	508.80
20–24	. 14,180	413.50	9,850	414.10	2,830	406.40	1,500	422.70
20		358.40	810	369.90	300	327.20	140	358.90
21		365.20	1,320	371.00	340 620	328.60 408.70	200	388.70
22 23		418.00 423.20	1,770 2,680	422.00 419.90	620 640	408.70 429.50	220 430	412.70 434.30
23		436.90	3,270	433.40	930	442.90	430 510	448.10
25–29		505.00	29,260	515.40	8,090	494.30	5,480	466.20
25		474.70	3,990	480.00	890	472.40	730	445.50
26		489.30	4,590	498.00	1,530	492.90	910	439.40
27		488.80 524.70	5,490	504.80 536.40	1,550 1,960	475.50 502.00	1,160 1,210	431.10 504.20
28 29		522.80	6,560 8,630	530.40	2,160	510.70	1,210	489.40
30–34		580.90	61,630	586.80	16,050	568.70	10,370	565.70
30		544.50	10,180	545.90	2,530	540.90	1,770	542.40
31		564.20	10,690	574.30	2,840	545.40	1,830	530.70
32		582.10	12,600	585.60	3,290	580.40	1,870	562.70
33 34		593.30 605.10	12,840 15,320	597.20 615.10	3,440 3,950	571.40 591.10	2,420 2,480	603.40 573.80
35–39		633.10	115,710	644.70	28,810	598.60	16,500	614.10
35		615.20	18,870	624.50	4,510	594.60	2,740	586.90
36		628.40	21,020	639.30	5,310	586.40	2,930	627.90
37		631.60	22,990	645.20	5,310	596.10	3,510	600.20
38 39		634.30 649.00	24,930 27,900	646.30 660.40	6,610 7,070	600.90 610.20	3,760 3,560	613.00 638.60
40–44		668.60	174,880	676.60	46,580	645.40	22,680	651.50
40		657.20	30,570	666.40	7,900	619.80	4,070	659.00
41		662.10	33,010	667.30	8,640	636.90	4,120	665.80
42		665.60	34,560	674.50	9,510	640.70	4,450	651.50
43 44		671.80 682.70	37,550 39,190	678.20 692.70	10,060 10,470	661.80 660.20	4,880 5,160	636.90 648.10
44		690.20	221,700	696.70	60,940	686.90	29,150	643.20
45		681.90	41,110	692.10	11,230	666.10	5,400	636.30
46	. 60,700	692.20	42,810	701.50	11,520	677.90	5,840	648.10
47		694.80	43,620	700.30	12,300	693.60	5,950	650.40
48		686.70	46,080	689.40	12,820	695.00	5,910	640.10
49 50–54		694.70 695.40	48,080 277,960	699.90 697.80	13,070 73,270	698.50 711.70	6,050 34,680	640.60 636.80
50		697.50	46,610	703.70	13,870	712.20	6,520	620.60
51		699.20	52,490	700.90	14,570	715.00	6,780	640.00
52		696.20	56,080	696.10	15,080	714.90	6,940	648.70
53		696.30	62,240	698.00	15,070	707.70	7,150	648.10
54		688.60	60,540	691.80	14,680	708.60	7,290	625.90
55–59 55		668.00 674.30	331,710 57,540	669.20 674.60	81,340 14,830	688.40 701.20	35,890 6,770	612.20 615.30
56		676.80	63,170	676.60	15,800	700.00	6,650	624.30
57	. 96,230	669.30	70,990	670.30	17,270	689.20	7,780	617.10
58		662.80	71,520	664.90	16,680	679.50	7,560	608.30
59		658.40	68,490	661.40	16,760	674.10	7,130	596.70
60–64		649.70 654.90	350,960	654.80	84,210	651.10	31,650	593.80 591.20
60 61		654.90 651.20	70,270 70,290	660.10 654.80	16,850 17,210	659.50 661.30	6,640 6,760	591.20
62		655.80	74,290	658.40	17,350	665.80	6,300	604.30
63		647.00	68,750	653.90	16,570	639.30	5,990	591.70
	. 89,820	638.90	67,360	646.20	16,230	627.80	5,960	589.10

Table 5.A1.—Number and average monthly benefit, by type of benefit, race, <sup>1</sup> age, and sex, December 2000—*Continued* 

[Based	on	10-percent sample]
[Duoou	0.1	ro poroont oumpioj

	Total	2	Wh	ite	Bla	ck	Other	3
Age and sex	Number <sup>4</sup>	Average monthly benefit	Number	Average monthly benefit	Number	Average monthly benefit	Number	Average monthly benefit
-				Sno	uses			
				· ·	4303			
Total	2,962,020	\$416.90	2,685,660	\$427.70	155,620	\$327.40	110,730	\$283.70
Wives	2,925,950	419.20	2,662,350	429.30	150,600	330.30	103,280	289.60
Entitlement based on care of children	166,760	220.80	123,770	235.20	23,080	197.90	18,870	156.30
Under 35	23,490	128.10	16,470	135.80	3,170	112.90	3,670	107.40
35–39	28,620	156.80	20,830	164.40	3,840	142.90	3,770	130.70
40-44	33,790	195.40	24,530	206.60	5,090	179.80	3,870	147.30
45–49 50–54	30,440 21,470	237.30 270.80	22,630 16,020	251.60 284.50	4,410 2,930	209.30 256.20	3,260 2,350	175.60 200.30
55–59	15,180	308.40	11,930	324.60	2,000	269.80	1,220	213.10
60–61	5,820	347.10	4,650	363.10	780	284.50	370	282.80
62–64	7,950	374.20	6,710	382.80	860	362.30	360	237.60
Entitlement based on age	2,759,190	431.10	2,538,580	438.80	127,520	354.30	84,410	319.30
62–64	336,740	392.60	304,470	401.70	17,480	320.30	14,330	290.50
62	89,010	386.70	80,810	394.50	4,480 6,230	325.40	3,650	290.70
63 64	117,160 130,570	390.50 398.50	105,930 117,730	399.90 408.20	6,230	319.30 317.90	4,850 5,830	279.90 299.30
65–69	767,870	429.80	697,500	439.30	39,980	352.60	28,620	312.20
65	151,690	422.40	136,310	432.80	8,450	343.20	6,630	313.60
66	154,610	427.20	139,720	436.50	8,640	361.90	5,900	307.70
67	150,050	431.40	135,850	442.20	7,730	337.30	6,200	314.80
68	155,870	433.00	142,600	441.80	7,870	351.50	5,010	317.70
69 70–74	155,650 732,410	435.10 433.20	143,020 674,300	442.90 440.70	7,290 34,450	369.90 361.20	4,880 21,090	307.00 318.80
70	158,590	433.60	145,300	441.80	7,800	363.20	5,060	315.10
71	149,050	433.90	137,080	442.10	6,810	354.60	4,690	320.00
72	147,520	431.90	135,490	439.40	7,230	361.70	4,200	316.30
73	144,420	434.50	133,840	440.70	6,530	368.50	3,480	326.20
74	132,830	432.10	122,590	439.30	6,080	357.50	3,660	318.30
75–79 75	540,440 126,040	432.60 431.60	503,180 116,320	438.20 437.90	21,830 5,830	359.90 366.40	13,190 3,420	337.60 335.30
76	117,490	427.90	109,780	433.00	4,600	361.80	2,650	328.90
77	107,020	434.60	99,350	440.60	4,410	358.20	2,700	344.70
78	99,290	432.40	92,500	438.30	3,860	350.20	2,560	334.90
79	90,600	437.70	85,230	442.50	3,130	359.30	1,860	347.70
80–84	269,220 93,320	459.10 469.50	253,340 87,760	464.00 474.30	9,270	372.00 386.70	5,390 1,540	367.80 392.20
85–89 90–94	93,320 17,590	464.60	16,570	474.30	3,630 740	370.40	250	392.20
95 or older	1,600	433.60	1,460	434.60	140	423.00		
Husbands	36,070	232.10	23,310	239.40	5,020	240.40	7,450	203.10
Under 62	2,220	132.10	1,560	130.50	340	154.20	320	116.30
62–64	1,730	189.60	1,290	184.10	200	202.30	240	208.70
65–69	7,660	235.80	4,700	238.50	1,240	263.60	1,710	207.40
70–74	9,550	241.80	5,980	250.90	1,290	253.90	2,240	211.00
75–79	7,340	230.40	4,630	240.40	950	233.60	1,640	198.00
80–84 85-89	3,750 2,770	242.60 268.40	2,200 2,210	261.10 275.60	620 240	245.30 243.10	890 270	200.10 236.20
90 or older	1,050	275.70	740	298.20	140	192.40	140	228.90
				Spouses of re	etired workers			
Total	0 707 470	¢400.70	2 560 800	·		¢250.50	02.860	¢200.40
Total	2,797,170	\$429.70	2,560,800	\$438.40	134,530	\$350.50	92,860	\$308.10
Wives of retired workers Entitlement based on care of children	2,765,190	431.90	2,540,300	439.90	130,190	353.90	85,990	316.00 222.80
	55,610	330.40	43,420	347.20	7,560	298.80	4,460	
Under 35	1,930	279.70	1,420	293.10	310	247.90	190	240.60
35–39 40–44	4,140 7,360	269.00 302.30	3,060 5,310	281.50 322.30	730 1,290	256.30 278.50	340 740	190.90 203.40
40–44	9,960	327.80	7,900	344.80	1,260	291.30	790	203.40
50–54	10,150	320.70	7,710	337.60	1,340	309.20	1,040	216.70
55–59	9,770	344.20	7,750	362.20	1,230	301.70	760	230.90
60–61	5,020	364.10	4,110	377.10	610	309.00	290	294.00
62–64	7,280	382.30	6,160	390.10	790	373.20	310	248.40

#### Table 5.A1.—Number and average monthly benefit, by type of benefit, race, <sup>1</sup> age, and sex, December 2000—*Continued* [Based on 10-percent sample]

	Tota	2	Whi	te	Bla	ck	Other	3
Age and sex	Number <sup>4</sup>	Average monthly benefit	Number	Average monthly benefit	Number	Average monthly benefit	Number	Average monthly benefit
			Spous	es of retired v	workers—Con	inued	I	
		<b>A</b> 100 00						<b>*</b> ***
Entitlement based on age	2,709,580	\$433.90	2,496,880	\$441.50	122,630	\$357.30	81,530	\$321.10
62–64	308,140	403.40	279,630	412.70	15,270	328.00	12,810	293.60
62 63	78,060 106,700	403.30 401.40	71,080 96,920	411.70 410.80	3,780 5,320	335.20 329.60	3,140 4,330	296.80 284.20
64	123,380	405.20	111,630	415.10	6,170	322.20	5,340	299.20
65–69	752,040	433.00	684,680	442.30	38,070	356.30	27,610	313.30
65	145,990	428.40	131,670	438.60	7,810	352.00	6,260	313.60
66 67	150,860 147,130	430.70 434.20	136,670 133,530	439.90 444.90	8,210 7,330	364.80 340.20	5,640 6,000	309.80 316.60
68	153,900	435.00	140,950	443.70	7,630	353.50	4,940	318.30
69	154,160	436.40	141,860	444.20	7,090	370.80	4,770	308.10
70–74	728,330	434.10	671,140	441.40	33,860	361.90	20,780	319.80
70	157,360 148,070	434.90 435.00	144,360	442.90	7,660 6,680	364.30	4,920	316.80
71 72	148,070	435.00	136,280 134,930	443.10 440.00	7,090	354.80 363.20	4,640 4,150	321.20 316.10
73	143,790	435.10	133,360	441.30	6,430	368.10	3,440	327.30
74	132,340	432.50	122,210	439.60	6,000	358.70	3,630	319.10
75–79	539,490	432.80	502,390	438.40	21,700	360.30	13,160	337.90
75 76	125,740 117,170	432.10 428.20	116,060 109,490	438.30 433.30	5,820 4,570	367.00 362.50	3,390 2,650	336.60 328.90
77	106,890	428.20	99,240	440.70	4,390	358.60	2,030	344.70
78	99,230	432.50	92,470	438.40	3,830	351.00	2,560	334.90
79	90,460	437.80	85,130	442.50	3,090	358.50	1,860	347.70
80-84	269,100	459.20	253,280	464.00	9,220	372.60	5,380	367.90
85–89 90–94	93,300 17,580	469.60 464.90	87,740 16,560	474.40 470.50	3,630 740	386.70 370.40	1,540 250	392.20 373.20
95 or older	1,600	433.60	1,460	434.60	140	423.00		
Nondivorced wives of retired workers Divorced wives of retired workers	2,644,300 120,890	432.10 426.50	2,436,290 104,010	440.00 436.20	117,570 12,620	352.70 365.60	82,140 3,850	313.90 361.40
Husbands of retired workers	31,980	242.00	20,500	252.00	4,340	247.60	6,870	208.30
	01,000	212.00			,		0,010	200.00
				•	sabled workers	i		
Total	164,850	\$199.30	124,860	\$208.70	21,090	\$180.30	17,870	\$157.40
Wives of disabled workers	160,760	200.50	122,050	210.10	20,410	179.90	17,290	158.00
Entitlement based on care of children	111,150	165.90	80,350	174.70	15,520	148.80	14,410	135.80
Under 35	21,560	114.60	15,050	120.90	2,860	98.30	3,480	100.10
35–39 40–44	24,480 26,430	137.80 165.60	17,770 19,220	144.30 174.60	3,110 3,800	116.30 146.20	3,430 3,130	124.70 134.00
45–49	20,480	193.30	14,730	201.70	3,150	176.50	2,470	163.10
50–54	11,320	226.10	8,310	235.20	1,590	211.50	1,310	187.40
55–59	5,410	243.80	4,180	255.00	770	218.80	460	183.70
60–61 62–64	800 670	240.40 285.60	540 550	256.40 301.90	170 70	196.60 239.00	80 50	242.40 171.20
Entitlement based on age	49,610	277.90	41,700	278.50	4,890	278.50	2,880	269.00
62–64	28,600	276.10	24,840	277.80	2,210	267.20	1,520	265.10
62	10,950	268.70	9,730	269.40	700	272.20	510	253.50
63	10,460	278.70	9,010	283.10	910	259.50	520	244.10
64	7,190	283.70	6,100	283.50	600	273.10	490	299.40
65–69	15,830	279.10	12,820	278.70	1,910	279.30	1,010	281.60
65 66	5,700 3,750	268.40 285.00	4,640 3,050	269.80 284.00	640 430	236.00 307.00	370 260	313.40 263.20
67	2,920	287.00	2,320	289.60	400	285.10	200	261.40
68	1,970	275.80	1,650	273.90	240	287.30	70	276.90
69	1,490	293.40	1,160	285.70	200	337.40	110	257.70
70–74	4,080 1,230	285.50 275.30	3,160 940	282.20 276.10	590 140	318.70 302.00	310 140	253.50 255.40
70 71	980	275.30 268.20	940 800	276.10 259.40	130	302.00	50	255.40 207.60
72	750	301.00	560	301.80	140	288.50	50	328.00
73	630	289.30	480	267.30	100	392.60	40	231.30
74	490	316.90	380	335.10	80	264.50	30	226.30
75 or older	1,100	277.40	880	280.10	180	276.70	40	221.80
	150 070	100 10	118,460	208.10	19,690	175.30	16,960	156.20
Nondivorced wives of disabled workers Divorced wives of disabled workers	156,070 4,690	198.10 278.80	3,590	276.50	720	306.50	330	249.40

Table 5.A1.—Number and average monthly benefit, by type of benefit, race,<sup>1</sup> age, and sex, December 2000—*Continued* 

[Based on 10-percent sample]

		-					0.1	
	Tot	al <sup>2</sup>	Wh	nite	Bla	ack	Othe	r <sup>3</sup>
		Average monthly		Average monthly		Average monthly		Average monthly
Age and sex	Number <sup>4</sup>	benefit	Number	benefit	Number	benefit	Number	benefit
				Chi	dren			
Total	3,810,490	\$406.30	2,590,050	\$434.50	827,670	\$357.80	358,150	\$312.00
Under age 18	2,979,660	375.60	1,938,100	400.60	680,400	337.20	329,460	303.50
Under 1	9,650	276.20	5,960	290.70	2,370	265.80	1,280	230.10
1	24,400 36,080	281.00 294.20	15,360 22,890	288.80 312.40	5,680 7,930	272.40 266.60	3,240 5,050	260.50 258.80
3	50,520	294.20	31,710	320.50	11,550	269.00	7,020	260.90
4	61,720	310.10	39,250	326.80	14,240	285.20	8,000	275.40
5	77,530	315.50	48,950	334.50	17,910	286.60	10,310	280.10
6	97,490	323.40	61,920	345.00	23,040	293.00	11,870	270.80
7	119,230	327.20	74,170	347.40	29,720	298.20	14,470	285.80
8	141,020	332.40	88,790	357.20	33,470	295.30	17,540	279.00
9	166,290	335.70	103,400	358.40	40,880	304.90	20,180	281.90
10	192,850 213,490	348.20 355.90	121,350 136,740	370.70 379.00	46,050 50,460	315.90 322.70	23,230 23,870	290.80 289.40
11 12	238,270	365.50	154,170	390.90	55,330	327.50	25,600	289.40
13	255,870	376.50	165,590	400.30	58,920	342.60	28,110	301.00
14	284,090	390.40	188,070	416.10	63,430	350.80	29,540	306.00
15	311,240	401.90	206,660	427.30	69,440	359.50	31,340	319.40
16	337,540	428.20	228,290	453.40	71,840	383.90	33,540	345.50
17	362,380	441.40	244,830	467.10	78,140	396.00	35,270	353.70
Disabled, aged 18 or older	733,610	518.40	583,510	536.40	126,480	454.20	21,710	409.30
18–19	12,310	419.60	8,320	438.40	2,990	387.90	870	361.70
20–24	55,370	444.40	36,690	460.40	14,690	420.30	3,530	368.50
25–29	64,680	485.30	44,990	504.10	16,230	452.20	3,110	379.20
30–34 35–39	78,530 104,010	512.50 526.20	58,610 80,410	529.10 545.60	16,690 20,090	472.40 466.10	2,990 3,370	410.60 422.70
40-44	104,010	538.40	85,950	558.70	19,260	463.20	2,720	422.70
45–49	90,720	548.90	74,700	567.50	13,880	467.10	1,990	422.10
50–54	70,190	551.70	60,310	566.50	8,560	462.60	1,230	445.50
55–59	50,450	550.10	44,170	562.70	5,580	453.20	640	508.20
60–64	35,470	537.80	31,490	547.70	3,270	460.50	650	436.10
65–69	25,260	505.40	22,630	515.80	2,390	412.10	230	465.40
70–74	18,790	480.40	16,970	486.60	1,580	417.70	240	457.90
75–79	11,550	458.90	10,720	464.40	740	384.10	90	418.70
80 or older	8,130	431.60	7,550	435.80	530	372.10	50	426.60
Students, aged 18–19	97,220 92,570	501.00 501.60	68,440 65,580	526.00 526.10	20,790 19,360	446.70 446.60	6,980 6,660	411.80 414.40
19	4,650	489.80	2,860	524.10	1,430	447.50	320	357.70
Children of retired workers	457,960	395.60	339,420	418.50	90,800	347.30	26,670	271.40
Under age 18	254,970	364.70	170,080	388.10	64,270	338.60	20,000	252.50
Under 1	550	378.50	370	380.70	140	392.50	40	309.50
1	1,050	335.30	740	351.50	280	302.10	30	243.00
2	2,310	314.00	1,370	332.70	690	302.00	250	244.60
3	3,000	335.00	1,900	359.90	820	326.60	260	195.30
4 5	3,770 4,340	338.40 341.00	2,420 2,450	343.10 359.00	1,100 1,480	341.00 347.00	230 410	295.10 211.60
6	6,180	342.20	3,890	351.80	1,770	354.50	500	229.20
7	7,310	321.10	4,530	333.80	2,270	319.60	500	218.80
8	10,380	326.30	6,400	347.00	3,080	316.50	890	213.50
9	11,610	335.10	7,470	356.30	3,230	322.80	860	206.80
10	14,120	341.70	8,930	365.70	4,060	317.70	1,090	235.10
11	17,010	338.00	11,040	356.20	4,690	326.40	1,240	217.70
12	19,590	349.70	12,990	373.00	5,080	319.70	1,470	249.00
13	22,440	347.80	14,880	366.80	5,700	334.90	1,790	233.10
14	25,980	356.90	17,050	378.00	6,830	333.40	2,070	262.20
15	29,630	363.20	20,250	386.40	6,920	337.70	2,400	244.60
16 17	35,290	399.00	24,690	425.80	7,770	354.40	2,780	288.50
17	40,410	416.90	28,710	443.00	8,360	378.60	3,190	291.80

#### Table 5.A1.—Number and average monthly benefit, by type of benefit, race, <sup>1</sup> age, and sex, December 2000—*Continued* [Based on 10-percent sample]

	Tota	1 2	Wł	nite	Bla	ack	Othe	r <sup>3</sup>
Age and sex	Number <sup>4</sup>	Average monthly benefit	Number	Average monthly benefit	Number	Average monthly benefit	Number	Average monthly benefit
				-Continued				
Disabled, aged 18 or older	191,950	\$433.70	161,200	\$448.10	24,270	\$365.40	6,040	\$326.70
- 18–19	1,940	368.70	1,260	412.40	500	294.50	160	271.40
20–24	,	375.20	6,760	392.20	1,970	345.30	520	255.30
25–29	15,530	408.40	12,190	421.60	2,480	370.20	820	331.40
30–34	26,300	426.40	21,750	441.80	3,520	355.10	970	345.30
35–39		448.30	35,670	462.60	5,270	376.60	1,250	346.70
40–44		448.00	37,000	462.60	5,070	366.90	1,060	332.50
45–49		440.00	24,730	450.70	3,020	379.90	760	325.80
50–54		427.30	13,120	436.50	1,520	369.10	330	312.80
55–59		436.80	5,790	445.20	630	364.50	70	312.40
60–64		424.90	2,120	436.20	120	337.70	90	313.00
65–69		382.90	540	394.50	90	317.20	10	346.00
70 or older	350	363.50	270	396.00	80	254.10		••
Students, aged 18–19	11,040	447.00	8,140	468.10	2,260	401.10	630	340.70
18		447.20	7,800	468.80	2,070	396.60	600	344.10
19	560	442.20	340	452.90	190	449.90	30	271.30
Children of deceased workers	1,877,940	548.70	1,270,430	589.50	427,570	464.90	158,870	448.30
Under age 18	1,343,190	536.20	853,120	584.10	327,160	452.00	143,640	442.80
Under 1	2,020	490.50	1,120	563.70	580	421.80	320	359.10
1	6,750	497.80	3,980	526.00	1,780	450.30	990	469.60
2	11,460	492.70	6,830	547.40	2,930	398.10	1,690	434.40
3	17,440	484.70	10,640	536.90	4,240	390.60	2,550	424.80
4		495.30	14,050	544.60	5,670	409.90	3,280	432.00
5		494.20	18,410	544.10	7,900	402.10	4,200	451.30
6		494.50	24,210	548.30	10,260	401.60	4,850	423.20
7		491.50	30,080	540.50	13,830	411.40	6,450	436.70
8		494.60	37,310	547.70	15,460	401.80	7,620	428.80
9		493.30 509.90	43,570	543.60	19,880	415.20	8,960	425.90
10 11		516.80	52,450 59,920	560.30	22,330 24,430	430.70 436.40	10,520 10,910	427.70 421.50
11 12		527.60	68,780	566.90 577.80	24,430 27,250	430.40	11,340	421.50
12		535.20	74,710	583.10	29,110	455.50	12,730	436.20
13		551.30	87,210	595.90	30,910	468.00	12,730	430.20
15		557.40	96,950	602.30	34,930	472.30	13,620	453.60
16		572.20	106,050	615.50	36,040	491.00	15,430	463.60
17		581.50	116,850	620.90	39,630	502.50	15,450	479.40
Disabled, aged 18 or older	483,570	575.10	381,720	594.30	88,860	502.80	11,890	493.20
18–19		566.60	3,720	588.10	1,420	527.00	360	496.60
20–24		571.60	16,950	597.70	8,030	528.20	1,600	503.30
25–29		592.00	21,780	628.50	10,180	524.90	1,300	489.50
30–34	,	607.70	29,270	636.70	10,980	542.80	1,420	508.00
35–39		600.80	40,410	635.40	13,520	510.80	1,740	492.30
40–44		604.50	47,790	636.80	13,730	503.60	1,610	495.00
45–49		599.90	49,830	626.00	10,790	493.10	1,230	481.50
50–54		585.60	47,160	602.80	7,040	482.80	900	494.10
55–59	43,950	566.80	38,380	580.50	4,950	464.50	570	532.20
60–64		545.80	29,370	555.70	3,150	465.10	560	455.90
65–69 70–74		508.60	22,090	518.70	2,300	415.80	220 240	470.90
70–74 75–79		481.90	16,840 10,630	487.40	1,520	424.00 388.00	240 90	457.90 418.70
80 or older		459.80 431.40	7,500	465.00 435.60	720 530	372.10	90 50	418.70
Students, aged 18–19		626.30	35,590	664.60	11,550	536.50	3,340	528.20
18		628.50	33,950	666.10	10,720	539.10	3,210	529.00
	40.040	020.00	00,900	000.10	10,720	553.10	3,210	JZ3.00

Table 5.A1.—Number and average monthly benefit, by type of benefit, race,<sup>1</sup> age, and sex, December 2000—*Continued* 

[Based on 10-percent sample]

	Tota	al 2	W	nite	Bla	ack	Othe	er <sup>3</sup>
Age and sex	Number <sup>4</sup>	Average monthly benefit	Number	Average monthly benefit	Number	Average monthly benefit	Number	Average monthly benefit
	Number	benent	Number		-Continued	Denent	Number	Denenit
Children of dischlad workers	1 474 500	¢229.20	080 200			¢212.00	172 610	¢102.90
Children of disabled workers		\$228.20	980,200	\$239.20	309,300	\$212.90	172,610	\$192.80
Under age 18		221.40	914,900	231.70	288,970	206.80	165,820	188.90
Under 1		207.10 189.40	4,470 10,640	214.80 195.70	1,650 3,620	200.20 182.60	920 2,220	181.80 167.50
2		190.20	14,690	201.30	4,310	171.50	3,110	164.50
3 4	,	188.90 185.10	19,170 22,780	196.40 190.80	6,490 7,470	182.30 182.40	4,210 4,490	165.70 159.90
5	42,630	184.80	28,090	194.90	8,530	169.10	5,700	158.80
6 7		190.70 191.60	33,820 39,560	198.70 202.00	11,010 13,620	182.00 179.80	6,520 7,520	160.50 160.80
8	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	190.80	45,080	202.00	14,930	180.60	9,030	159.00
9		193.60	52,360	204.50	17,770	178.20	10,360	163.70
10 11	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	197.10 202.80	59,970 65,780	205.70 211.60	19,660 21,340	185.10 191.70	11,620 11,720	172.10 173.90
12		206.20	72,400	216.60	23,000	189.80	12,790	172.80
13		217.90	76,000	227.10	24,110	208.00	13,590	183.20
14 15		226.70 238.10	83,810 89,460	236.70 246.90	25,690 27,590	214.30 222.30	14,740 15,320	191.20 211.80
16	142,150	273.10	97,550	284.20	28,030	254.30	15,330	236.90
17	147,140	281.60	99,270	293.20	30,150	260.70	16,630	248.70
Disabled, aged 18 or older	58,090	326.20	40,590	342.10	13,350	292.40	3,780	277.50
18–19		270.80	3,340	281.60	1,070	247.00	350	264.30
20–24 25–29		300.10 333.90	12,980 11,020	316.50 349.30	4,690 3,570	266.90 301.80	1,410 990	257.30 273.90
30–34		347.40	7,590	363.70	2,190	307.70	600	285.70
35–39		382.40	4,330	390.90	1,300	365.00	380	354.30
40 or older	,	372.60	1,330	401.40	530	304.50	50	326.00
Students, aged 18–19		334.90	24,710	345.40	6,980	312.80	3,010	297.50
18 19		335.10 331.20	23,830 880	345.40 345.40	6,570 410	311.60 332.60	2,850 160	300.20 249.70
			,	Nidowed moth	ers and father	s		
Total	201,270	\$593.00	141,800	\$633.10	34,090	\$508.40	22,740	\$469.60
Under 20 20–24		308.90 444.00	80 1,730	388.60 462.00	300	382.10	50 430	181.40 414.90
20–24		402.90	110	402.00			430	414.90
21		432.90	150	444.70	50	348.40	110	455.30
22 23		461.70 417.70	330 480	494.00 436.00	70 40	389.90 400.80	60 90	367.70 327.70
24		460.30	660	478.60	140	384.90	170	451.60
25–29	-,	483.90	6,830	514.60	1,620	392.90	1,640	452.60
25 26		474.50 471.70	890 1,010	504.90 501.30	190 220	342.00 358.60	220 230	466.00 455.80
27	1,890	487.00	1,400	516.80	250	379.40	220	437.10
28		463.30 508.40	1,460 2,070	481.40 547.10	440 520	421.50 408.20	510 460	448.70 456.30
29 30–34		513.70	16,110	548.10	3,560	439.60	3,610	434.30
30	3,640	480.90	2,440	514.10	520	434.50	640	394.10
31 32		519.90 509.00	2,810 3,000	548.90 542.20	550 710	423.60 450.80	460 660	454.50 423.30
33		520.50	3,530	563.20	890	429.10	920	444.60
34		526.50	4,330	558.40	890	454.10	930	449.40
35–39 35		552.40 522.70	28,750 4,500	597.10 569.40	6,730 1,020	452.60 425.10	5,010 950	434.40 409.90
36		540.40	5,500	588.80	1,310	452.10	910	395.60
37		551.10	5,570	599.80	1,480	434.00	980	456.80
38 39		556.10 581.80	6,760 6,420	601.90 616.30	1,510 1,410	436.40 509.80	1,100 1,070	438.10 464.80
40–44	45,890	616.10	32,690	662.50	7,540	510.50	4,960	475.40
40		600.90 615.40	6,340 6,840	642.90 660.60	1,390 1,620	507.40 499.80	960 900	456.40 481.80
41 42		615.40 619.10	6,960	664.70	1,620	512.80	1,050	461.80
43	8,980	612.20	6,240	664.70	1,510	509.00	1,120	468.00
44 45–49		632.30 640.00	6,310 25,130	679.60 676.30	1,550 5,990	523.50 567.60	930 3,980	504.80 510.50
45-49		625.80	5,890	667.30	1,380	523.70	1,010	510.00
46	7,680	650.00	5,430	681.70	1,220	606.60	910	500.20
47 48		646.50 650.60	5,210 4,380	688.00 680.40	1,210 1,150	568.10 594.20	760 750	501.30 550.50
40		627.30	4,380	663.30	1,030	550.30	550	487.10
	-,		.,0		.,200			

#### Table 5.A1.—Number and average monthly benefit, by type of benefit, race, <sup>1</sup> age, and sex, December 2000—*Continued* [Based on 10-percent sample]

	Tot	al <sup>2</sup>	Wł	nite	Bla	ack	Othe	r <sup>3</sup>
Age and sex	Number <sup>4</sup>	Average monthly benefit	Number	Average monthly benefit	Number	Average monthly benefit	Number	Average monthly benefit
			Widow	ed mothers an	d fathers—Co	ontinued	1 1	
E0 E4	20,400	¢652.90	11 110	¢602.20	2.050	¢567.40	1 950	¢E40.70
50-54 50	20,490 4,890	\$653.80 637.50	14,440 3,230	\$693.20 688.40	3,850 1,010		1,850 550	\$518.70 507.80
51	4,280	636.90	2,910	673.60	870	573.80	400	474.80
52	3,880	658.30	2,710	684.20	740	578.50	360	615.00
53	4,000	686.30	2,940	726.10	760	598.10	270	496.70
54 55-59	3,440 11,340	655.20 649.50	2,650 8,370	693.50 677.40	470 2,240	534.10 575.90	270 670	499.60 537.30
55	2,720	654.60	1,870	686.70	600	584.70	230	586.30
56	2,320	632.40	1,840	655.20	360	511.70	100	614.00
57	2,130	664.80	1,590	690.50	390	616.40	150	518.50
58	2,130 2,040	656.50	1,600	676.60	440	623.60	80	405.50
59 60-61	3,720	638.80 640.00	1,470 2,540	680.00 683.20	450 910	533.80 549.50	110 240	486.50 523.80
60	1,830	659.40	1,250	706.80	450	566.80	100	485.20
61	1,890	621.20	1,290	660.40	460	532.60	140	551.40
62 or older	6,800	630.40	5,130	654.90	1,350	552.30	300	568.90
Widowed mothers	191,470	598.20	135,120	639.70	32,160	508.80	21,660	472.10
Mothers	173,310	599.20	120,960	643.00	29,790	506.80	20,190	472.40
Surviving divorced mothers Widowed fathers	18,160 9,800	588.50 491.40	14,160 6,680	611.70 498.70	2,370 1,930	533.30 501.70	1,470 1,080	468.30 420.20
	3,000	431.40	0,000	490.70	1,950	501.70	1,000	420.20
	Nondisabled widows and widowers							
Total	4,698,660	\$810.20	4,182,110	\$829.90	412,210	\$646.00	91,730	\$644.50
Widows	4,661,540	811.80	4,152,820	831.40	406,230	646.90	90,000	646.60
60–61	128,420	773.90	108,220	796.60	15,960	661.40	4,150	617.70
60	52,670	785.20	44,450	804.60	6,740	683.60	1,450	668.50
61 62–64	75,750 316,750	766.10 774.10	63,770 268,880	791.00 797.40	9,220 37,050	645.10 648.70	2,700 10,070	590.40 618.20
62	96,250	768.10	81,770	791.60	11,270		3,070	601.90
63	103,930	776.50	87,880	798.60	12,540	662.50	3,290	634.90
64	116,570	776.80	99,230	801.10	13,240	640.50	3,710	616.90
65–69 65	693,230 135,490	814.30 800.40	594,980 115,110	839.10 826.20	79,260 16,520	666.20 656.00	17,240 3,610	646.80 646.40
66	135,810	820.50	116,900	843.40	15,300	685.40	3,300	645.00
67	133,970	815.50	115,180	841.20	15,290	662.10	3,130	626.40
68	141,780	816.10	121,110	842.20	16,290	661.80	3,930	656.40
69	146,180	818.50	126,680	841.90	15,860	666.70	3,270	657.10
70–74 70	809,890 150,940	815.10 817.00	709,980 131,510	837.40 839.90	80,060 15,530	657.20 668.40	17,220 3,380	641.00 628.30
71	151,150	820.00	131,350	845.70	15,710	648.20	3,490	633.30
72	159,610	817.00	140,460	838.60	15,680	663.00	3,030	624.80
73	171,110	812.10	150,520	833.20	16,340	654.60	3,700	654.10
74 75–79	177,080 940,570	810.70 813.70	156,140 843,090	831.30 832.90	16,800 77,920	652.60 641.90	3,620 16,770	660.40 645.30
75	178,360	808.80	158,190	829.40	16,180	647.30	3,510	636.20
76	189,010	805.40	168,790	825.70	16,070	635.70	3,660	617.70
77	186,690	811.40	167,270	830.70	15,610	640.60	3,200	635.30
78	190,390	817.40	170,860	836.60	15,500	642.70	3,410	642.30
79 80–84	196,120 799,700	824.60 842.00	177,980 728,880	841.10 859.10	14,560 56,260	643.10 652.10	2,990 12,180	703.60 678.70
80	187,070	835.50	169,840	853.30	13,650		2,950	681.50
81	165,910	837.30	149,950	855.00	12,560	657.20	2,840	704.70
82	159,900	851.30	146,630	866.80	10,470	662.30	2,280	668.30
83 84	145,490 141,330	850.60 836.90	133,410 129,050	866.40 855.00	9,620 9,960	663.20 637.50	2,070 2,040	676.50 652.20
64 85–89	576,030	817.80	531,930	832.20	34,840	617.80	7,710	671.20
85	135,180	832.70	124,420	846.50	8,450	652.10	1,830	672.00
86	125,790	827.00	115,980	841.00	7,590	626.40	1,800	696.60
87	116,450	817.90	107,400	833.40	7,160	604.90	1,580	676.00
88 89	106,430 92,180	804.90 798.00	98,180 85,950	821.00 810.70	6,660 4,980	598.70 590.70	1,380 1,120	624.50 679.70
90–94	293,340	782.20	272,080	795.60	17,370	599.20	3,460	641.20
95 or older	103,610	733.10	94,780	748.50	7,510	554.10	1,200	612.90
		811.00	3,898,730	830.70	369,880	640.50	84,780	644.70

## Table 5.A1.—Number and average monthly benefit, by type of benefit, race, <sup>1</sup> age, and sex, December 2000—*Continued*

[Based on	10-percent sample]
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	Tot	al <sup>2</sup>	Wł	nite	Bla	ack	Othe	r <sup>3</sup>		
Age and sex	Number <sup>4</sup>	Average monthly benefit	Number	Average monthly benefit	Number	Average monthly benefit	Number	Average monthly benefit		
			Nondisab	led widows ar	d widowers—	Continued	II			
Widowers		\$606.30	29,290	\$614.90	5,980	\$585.80	1,730	\$533.90		
	- , -		,		,					
60–61		577.80	5,810	578.30	950	590.70	270	521.60		
62–64		658.00 668.40	8,050 5,110	663.40 686.70	1,450	644.30 636.00	390 390	600.10 562.20		
65–69 70–74	- /	624.30	3,010	646.70	1,340 770	548.40	240	586.70		
70–74		538.70	2,430	557.20	670	502.60	240	452.80		
80–84		533.50	1,750	551.30	400	501.30	130	368.30		
85–89		490.70	1,900	491.60	250	496.40	80	452.60		
90 or older		487.90	1,300	489.30	150	476.60	10	495.00		
	Disabled widows and widowers									
Total	200,130	\$518.90	149,080	\$538.50	41,470	\$463.40	8,840	\$449.50		
50–54	27,540	518.90	19,760	538.50	6,320	472.50	1,310	454.60		
50		529.00	1,340	568.60	710	472.60	90	391.00		
51	, -	509.50	2,750	528.00	1,010	454.20	190	553.60		
52		530.40	3,920	553.00	1.450	482.70	230	445.40		
53		521.30	5,530	543.90	1,630	463.10	400	452.50		
54		510.70	6,220	522.60	1,520	485.00	400	429.50		
55–59		519.30	56,060	537.60	15,440	467.30	3,520	454.10		
55	10,020	524.10	7,330	546.10	2,090	475.30	580	429.70		
56		515.30	9,250	533.20	2,690	473.10	740	449.00		
57		519.80	11,220	531.80	3,020	484.50	760	473.60		
58		515.50	13,420	530.80	3,680	465.30	620	474.50		
59		522.40	14.840	546.60	3,960	447.90	820	442.70		
60–64	- ,	518.60	73,260	539.10	19,710	457.50	4,010	443.80		
60		520.70	15,360	540.80	4,320	462.50	1,150	460.70		
61		520.60	15,510	542.10	4.010	455.70	900	450.80		
62		520.50	14,430	539.00	3,940	468.80	720	417.60		
63		519.80	14,250	541.20	3,980	458.90	650	435.00		
64		510.70	13,710	531.80	3,460	438.90	590	441.70		
Disabled widows		523.00	145,890	542.70	40,160	465.90	8,580	453.30		
Widows		523.00	125,440	544.40	35,500	463.90	7,070	455.50		
Surviving divorced wives		520.10	20,450	532.80	4,660	482.70	1,510	450.90		
Disabled widowers		352.80	3,190	342.80	1,310	387.20	260	326.60		
				Par	ents					
Total	3,000	\$701.00	1,830	\$735.50	360	\$643.50	760	\$652.00		
62–64	30	688.70	10	666.00			20	700.00		
65–69	270	752.90	110	828.20	10	1,023.00	140	687.40		
70–74		756.80	120	796.50	30	1,114.30	150	637.10		
75–79		686.60	360	724.70	30	626.00	160	627.10		
80–84		774.10	320	817.90	100	630.10	130	777.00		
85–89	570	676.60	380	720.90	70	584.70	120	589.90		
90 or older	700	629.80	530	671.80	120	543.90	40	439.50		
Men		620.80	150	669.20	10	520.00	210	591.00		
Women	2,630	712.20	1,680	741.40	350	647.00	550	675.30		

<sup>1</sup> Race and ethnic designations are collected from the form SS-5 (Application for a Social Security Card). For dependents and survivor beneficiaries, race is assumed to be the same as that shown on the SS-5 for the wage earner on whose earnings record the benefit is based.

<sup>2</sup> "Total" includes 173,110 persons of unknown race. In years prior to 1993, persons of unknown race were included with "White."

<sup>3</sup> The "Other" classification includes Asians and Pacific Islanders, American Indians and Alaskan Natives, and a subset of the total number of beneficiaries of Hispanic origin. The distribution of beneficiaries between these three groups is not available.

<sup>4</sup> Provisions for Railroad Retirement beneficiaries are described in the section Social Security (Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance).

<sup>5</sup> Includes special-age 72 beneficiaries.

Table 5.A3.—Number and average monthly benefit, with reduction for early retirement, by type of benefit, race, <sup>1</sup> age, and sex, December 2000 [Based on 10-percent sample]

Total <sup>2</sup> White Black Other Average Average Average Average monthly monthly monthly monthly Age and sex Number benefit Number benefit Number benefit Number benefit **Retired workers** Total..... \$791.00 \$674.70 \$635.50 20,319,630 \$778.50 18,275,920 1,528,210 469,840 2,553,070 766.10 2.245.920 779.20 218.270 695.70 88.700 605.30 62–64..... 703,160 768.80 620,630 781.20 57.820 704.60 24,680 607.10 62 ..... 903,650 772.70 792,860 786.70 79,560 697.70 31,200 607.90 63 ..... 80,890 687.40 32,820 601.60 946,260 757.70 832,430 770.70 ..... 65–69..... 5,044,450 768.90 4,462,390 782.90 423,520 678.10 154,900 616.40 94,940 87,700 36,230 33,360 65 ..... 1,091,170 771.90 959,760 786.70 679.60 622.00 1.034,850 66 ..... 760.90 913.340 775.50 672.30 595.60 964,050 764.80 850,900 779.00 82,020 673.10 30,430 616.10 67 ..... 987,430 779.30 873,110 792.80 84,980 689.90 28,540 637.60 68 ..... 69 ..... 966,950 767.50 865,280 780.40 674.80 26,340 612.10 73,880 70–74..... 4,573,500 771.90 783.90 336,750 669.70 97,630 631.30 4,125,390 70 ..... 972,860 765.50 874,580 777.60 71,960 671.70 24,660 617.20 916,440 764.30 824,360 68,900 665.30 675.10 20,310 618.90 71 ..... 776.50 67,540 641.70 918,450 776.20 828,940 788.00 18,690 72 ..... 911,260 781.20 822,550 793.50 67,290 672.50 18,400 642.90 73 ..... 74 ..... 854,490 772.90 774,960 784.50 61,060 663.10 15,570 643.80 75–79..... 3,770,630 772.30 3,436,600 783.00 254,470 662.20 66,120 657.50 75 ..... 839,380 787.20 761,580 798.60 59,210 678.00 15,820 664.40 771.40 766.70 782.30 777.40 661.60 653.10 14,070 13,410 653.70 650.90 76 ..... 802,110 730,710 54,480 49,180 746.180 681.150 77 ..... 766.80 776.90 47,710 663.10 12,110 661.20 78 702.080 639.380 79 ..... 680,880 767.00 623,780 777.30 43,890 650.70 10,710 656.30 80–84..... 2,456,900 810.30 2,255,330 821.00 156,540 682.00 35,460 704.40 600,080 766.20 550,240 776.30 38,400 652.80 9,110 647.10 80 ..... 524,740 500,890 790.80 829.20 656.40 687.40 675.30 704.70 81 ..... 779.80 479,270 35,550 7,770 30,190 7,100 82 ..... 818.80 461.520 439,390 843.00 404,590 853.70 26,750 704.40 6.350 755.10 83 ..... 391,800 871.10 359,710 882.40 25,650 731.60 5,130 787.00 84 ..... 85–89..... 1,331,180 828.50 1,219,590 840.30 88,490 687.80 19,170 734.00 346,350 854.00 319,200 864.90 20,910 712.90 5,060 757.50 85 ..... 20,520 688.60 691.70 304,630 836.10 278,720 848.50 4,410 741.80 86 ..... 832.30 87 ..... 262.760 821.60 240.960 3.830 732.40 3,280 2,590 16,650 679.30 719.70 230,660 809.80 210,010 821.40 88 ..... 89 ..... 186,780 802.00 815.10 13,140 652.10 695.50 170,700 90–94..... 477.800 772.20 432,150 787.00 38,230 620.90 6,410 674.80 95 or older..... 112,100 708.00 98,550 727.60 11,940 552.80 1,450 641.40 Men ..... 10,074,260 867.60 9,082,610 883.50 723,250 734.80 249,910 685.10 1,330,230 913.70 1,167,190 937.40 114,470 773.90 48,430 671.70 62–64 ..... 792.10 774.50 760.70 358,360 929.20 315,670 952.10 29,560 13,110 686.50 62 ..... 16,980 18,340 471,970 922.70 413,170 948.10 41,800 668.90 63 64 499,900 894.00 438.350 916.80 43,110 220,460 663.70 888.60 746.30 84,760 675.70 2.712.240 2.404.730 909.40 65–69..... 20,190 584,690 902.30 514,780 925.50 49,530 751.80 682.40 65 ..... 554,830 66 ..... 884.10 490,040 906.60 45,990 741.10 18,510 647.20 518,080 881.70 458,080 903.00 42,990 736.70 16,550 673.70 67 ..... 759.40 741.10 15,210 14,300 68 530,450 897.80 470,820 917.30 43,960 703.90 37,990 675.20 678.70 69 524.190 875.60 471,010 893.00 168,770 728.70 869.40 51,660 2.426.420 2.200.150 885.00 70–74..... 70 ..... 527,960 868.50 476,570 885.00 37,380 731.30 13,070 667.60 492,770 863.90 446,050 879.30 34,700 729.50 10,730 668.60 71 ..... 442,960 488,210 876.50 891.80 34,200 735.90 9,870 693.90 72 ..... 732.20 712.10 705.80 73 476,750 878.70 432,570 894.70 32,990 9,820 681.10 ..... 29,500 118,110 440,730 1,869,910 859.00 8,170 34,050 688.30 74 402,000 873.50 692.60 834.10 75–79..... 1.712.430 846.10 426,420 873.00 886.80 28,220 731.80 8,050 389.000 714.70 75 ..... 844.50 715.60 692.30 400,410 366,340 856.90 25,690 7,340 76 ..... 371,060 825.20 22,390 694.80 7,020 687.50 77 ..... 340,700 836.80 78 345,440 814.10 315,890 825.60 22,120 694.60 6,270 680.40 ..... 680.70 711.60 5,370 17,600 79 326,580 802.00 300,500 812.40 19,690 680.60 1,004,370 1,086,550 844.30 61,170 16,290 80-84..... 834.60 724.30 282,350 781.70 260,330 791.80 662.00 4,850 658.80 80 ..... 238,580 795.00 219,350 804.40 14,640 682.20 3,860 697.30 81 ..... 847.90 82 ..... 220,500 204,640 856.90 11,710 729.60 3,400 723.60 185,180 880.60 9,500 752.00 3,090 779.40 172,030 889.60 ..... 159,940 915.60 148,020 925.40 9,030 782.90 2,400 830.20 84

Table 5.A3.—Number and average monthly benefit, with reduction for early retirement, by type of benefit, race, <sup>1</sup> age, and sex, December 2000—*Continued*[Based on 10-percent sample]

			[Based off T0-per	icent samplej					
	Total	2	White	e	Black	Black Othe			
	10101			-	D.G.O.		e the		
		Average		Average		Average		Average	
Age and sex	Number	monthly benefit	Number	monthly benefit	Number	monthly benefit	Number	monthly benefit	
		Denom	. tallbol			50.1011	. tumber		
				Retired worke	rs—Continued				
85–89	489,730	\$856.70	450,760	\$865.70	28,170	\$743.20	9,510	\$768.70	
85	136,470	896.40	126,610	904.90	7,140	778.00	2,330	806.90	
86 87	114,430 95,730	863.40 849.10	105,060 88,280	872.60 857.50	6,800 5,340	751.20 744.80	2,160 1,880	784.80 751.60	
88	81,090	830.60	74,250	838.70	4,940	744.80	1,710	756.10	
89	62,010	802.90	56,560	813.50	3,950	684.20	1,430	719.40	
90–94	136,290	761.50	123,230	772.70	9,550	638.90	3,310	701.10	
95 or older	22,890	687.70	19,750	704.10	2,550	560.90	590	688.00	
Women	10,245,370	690.80	9,193,310	699.70	804,960	620.60	219,930	579.10	
62–64	1,222,840	605.50	1,078,730	608.10	103,800	609.60	40,270	525.50	
62	344,800	602.00	304,960	604.20	28,260	613.20	11,570	517.20	
63	431,680 446,360	608.80 605.00	379,690 394,080	611.10 608.10	37,760	612.70 603.70	14,220 14,480	535.10 522.90	
64 65–69	2,332,210	629.60	2,057,660	635.10	37,780 203,060	604.00	70,140	522.90 544.70	
65	506,480	621.30	444,980	626.10	45,410	600.90	16,040	546.10	
66	480,020	618.40	423,300	623.70	41,710	596.40	14,850	531.30	
67	445,970	628.90	392,820	634.40	39,030	603.20	13,880	547.30	
68	456,980	641.60	402,290	647.10	41,020	615.40	13,330	561.80	
69 70–74	442,760 2.147.080	639.50 661.70	394,270 1,925,240	646.00 668.40	35,890 167,980	604.60 610.40	12,040 45,970	537.20 578.20	
70	444,900	643.20	398,010	648.90	34,580	607.40	11,590	560.50	
71	423,670	648.50	378,310	655.30	34,200	600.20	9,580	563.10	
72	430,240	662.40	385,980	668.80	33,340	612.70	8,820	583.30	
73	434,510	674.20	389,980	681.30	34,300	615.10	8,580	599.20	
74 75–79	413,760	681.20	372,960	688.50	31,560	617.20	7,400	594.80	
75–79	1,900,720 412,960	711.60 698.70	1,724,170 372,580	720.30 706.50	136,360 30,990	624.40 629.00	32,070 7,770	620.30 612.40	
76	401,700	698.60	364,370	707.30	28,790	613.40	6,730	611.70	
77	375,120	708.70	340,450	717.90	26,790	618.30	6,390	610.80	
78	356,640	721.00	323,490	729.30	25,590	635.90	5,840	640.60	
79	354,300	734.70	323,280	744.60	24,200	626.20	5,340	631.80	
80–84 80	1,370,350 317,730	791.00 752.30	1,250,960 289,910	802.40 762.40	95,370 22,110	663.10 646.10	17,860 4,260	684.80 633.70	
81	286,160	767.20	259,920	779.40	20,910	638.40	3,910	653.60	
82	280,390	795.90	256,880	807.20	18,480	660.70	3,700	687.30	
83	254,210	815.60	232,560	827.10	17,250	678.20	3,260	732.20	
84	231,860	840.30	211,690	852.30	16,620	703.80	2,730	749.10	
85–89 85	841,450 209,880	812.10 826.40	768,830 192,590	825.30 838.60	60,320 13,770	661.90 679.20	9,660 2,730	700.00 715.40	
86	190,200	819.70	173,660	834.00	13,720	657.50	2,730	700.50	
87	167,030	805.80	152,680	817.70	11,930	667.90	1,950	713.90	
88	149,570	798.60	135,760	812.00	11,710	659.00	1,570	680.00	
89	124,770	801.50	114,140	815.90	9,190	638.30	1,160	666.00	
90–94	341,510	776.40	308,920 78,800	792.70 733.60	28,680	614.90	3,100 860	646.80	
95 or older	89,210	713.30	70,000	733.00	9,390	550.60	800	609.50	
				Disabled	l workers				
Total	34,560	\$924.90	27,970	\$965.10	4,940	\$788.30	1,650	\$652.60	
62	3,830	990.00	3,200	1,034.20	390	798.50	240	711.50	
63	11,770	947.40	9,650	989.10	1,490	806.60	630	641.70	
64	18,960	897.80	15,120	935.20	3,060	778.10	780	643.30	
Men	22,140	1,051.70	18,510	1,092.60	2,550	903.80	1,080	699.80	
62	2,520	1,101.80	2,180	1,152.40	180	819.40	160	729.60	
63	7,500	1,079.80	6,400	1,117.90	710	948.90	390	692.20	
64	12,120	1,023.90	9,930	1,063.20	1,660	893.60	530	696.40	
Women	12,420	698.90	9,460	715.70	2,390	665.20	570	563.20	
62	1,310	774.90	1,020	781.50	210	780.60	80	675.40	
63	4,270	714.90	3,250	735.40	780	677.10	240	559.80	
64	6,840	674.40	5,190	690.30	1,400	641.20	250	530.60	

Table 5.A3.—Number and average monthly benefit, with reduction for early retirement, by type of benefit, race, <sup>1</sup> age, and sex, December 2000-Continued

,		[E	Based on 10-perce	nt sample]				
	Total <sup>2</sup>		White		Black		Other	
	Number	Average monthly	Number	Average monthly	Number	Average monthly	Number	Average monthly
Age and sex	Number	benefit	Number	benefit	Number	benefit	Number	benefit
				Spou	ses			
Total	2,264,660	408.50	2,098,870	415.10	97,580	336.00	61,870	304.90
Wives	2,254,310	409.40	2,091,400	415.80	96,070	337.90	60,510	307.30
62–64 62	332,990 87,640	393.30 387.30	301,360 79,630	402.30 395.00	17,100 4,390	320.40 325.90	14,070 3,550	291.40 293.20
63	115,820	391.20	104,820	400.60	4,390	319.10	4,790	293.20 280.40
64	129,530	399.10	116,910	408.80	6,650	318.10	5,730	299.50
65–69	650,350	414.20	595,090	422.40	32,310	340.60	21,400	302.10
65	136,280	413.70	122,960	423.10	7,520	336.90	5,530	311.50
66	130,830	411.60	119,080	419.70	6,930	349.80	4,490	299.00
67	124,630	413.00	113,780	422.50	6,150	320.70	4,470	301.20
68	129,580	415.30	119,440	422.90	6,230	338.40	3,540	302.50
69	129,030	417.30	119,830	423.70	5,480	359.00	3,370	291.80
70–74	593,960	413.50	553,600	419.30	24,950	346.10	13,460	306.80
70	131,480	416.60	121,920	422.80	6,010	355.20	3,240	304.80
71	121,610 120.050	414.40 413.90	112,930 111,850	421.00	5,080	340.80 347.40	3,190	308.70
72 73	116,410	413.60	109,430	419.60 418.60	5,130 4,570	345.10	2,590 2,010	304.40 309.90
74	104,410	408.10	97,470	413.70	4,370	338.70	2,010	306.90
75–79	414,680	405.10	391,100	409.20	14,170	336.80	7,870	328.90
75	97,740	407.10	91,780	411.50	3,680	346.10	1,950	331.80
76	91,210	400.40	85,960	404.40	3,330	337.30	1,590	317.50
77	81,540	404.10	76,670	408.90	2,810	323.10	1,700	325.50
78	76,020	405.40	71,740	409.30	2,500	332.00	1,560	340.70
79	68,170	409.60	64,950	412.70	1,850	344.60	1,070	328.50
80–84	193,800	421.90	184,920	425.20	5,320	344.50	2,880	349.10
85–89	59,180	400.00	56,420	402.50	1,830	336.40	780	367.20
90–94 95 or older	8,870 480	381.50 380.10	8,460 450	385.20 380.70	360 30	296.80 371.30	50	372.80
	400	000.10	-00	500.70	00	071.00		
Wives of retired workers	2,210,970	412.10	2,054,620	418.40	92,110	341.10	58,030	309.00
Wives of disabled workers .	43,340	269.70	36,780	271.00	3,960	261.90	2,480	266.80
Husbands	10,350	217.10	7,470	220.70	1,510	216.50	1,360	198.40
			Nondi	sabled widow	s <sup>3</sup> and widowers			
Total	2,734,480	\$739.60	2,387,950	\$757.90	283,600	\$614.10	56,250	\$600.90
60–64	464,270	766.60	392,680	789.30	55,790	648.70	14,930	614.50
60	55,540	775.20	46,790	793.70	7,160	681.20	1,560	657.60
61	79,910	755.80	67,240	779.80	9,750	639.90	2,860	586.90
62 63	99,850 107,080	764.30 772.80	84,760 90,390	787.30 794.60	11,730 13,060	642.60 660.70	3,220 3,390	601.80 637.70
64	121,890	766.20	103,500	790.60	14,090	632.30	3,900	607.80
65–69	573,360	784.70	490,450	807.90	67,380	651.00	14,020	623.90
65	121,780	786.00	103,240	810.70	14,980	653.40	3,320	625.10
66	116,600	791.40	99,840	813.10	13,630	669.50	2,850	625.00
67	110,940	786.40	94,990	810.40	13,070	647.60	2,570	613.60
68	112,640	781.20	96,240	805.40	13,140	640.20	2,900	622.20
69	111,400	778.40	96,140	799.70	12,560	643.20	2,380	634.30
70–74	543,590	761.10	472,220	781.90	58,980	624.40	10,600	608.00
70	110,040	775.20	95,240	796.60	12,100	642.50	2,290	608.20
71	105,800	769.50	91,150	793.20	11,990	621.80	2,260	602.00
72	107,140	763.40	93,490	783.90	11,440	631.00	1,900	571.50
73 74	110,730 109,880	754.40 743.50	96,730 95,610	773.90 762.60	11,570 11,880	617.80 608.80	2,150 2,000	620.10 636.10
75–79	512,120	725.80	453,640	743.60	48,830	585.20	8,340	580.00
75	106,590	738.40	93,790	756.80	10,650	603.70	1,880	591.20
76	106,690	726.80	94,250	746.20	10,000	574.60	1,960	587.90
77	101,990	724.30	90,320	741.50	9,870	590.90	1,470	560.30
78	98,950	719.30	87,550	737.60	9,610	577.90	1,550	560.10
79	97,900	718.90	87,730	734.90	8,480	576.30	1,480	595.70
80–84	338,260	697.50	303,940	712.00	28,730	564.80	4,780	567.10
85–89	192,380	643.60	174,190	656.40	15,410	518.10	2,510	524.20
90–94	85,100	647.50	77,760	658.80	6,390	529.80	840	519.80
95 or older	25,400	639.80	23,070	650.40	2,090	531.10	230	576.70
	1							

For a description of the race data, see footnotes 1 and 3 in table 5.A1.
 Includes persons of unknown race.
 For data on widows with benefits limited due to early retirement of spouse, see table 5.F13.

Table 5.A4.—Number and total month	hlv benefit. 1940–2000 <sup>1</sup>

		Total				Wives		Widowed mothers	Widows		Specia
December	Total	OASI trust fund	DI trust fund	Retired workers	Disabled workers	and	Children	fathers	and widowers	Parents	age-72 beneficiarie
						Number					
940	222,488	222,488		112,331		29,749	54,648	20,499	4,437	824	
945		1,288,107		518,234		159,168	390,134	120,581	93,781	6,209	
950		3,477,243		1,770,984		508,350	699,703	169,438	314,189	14,579	• •
955 957		7,960,616 10,979,047	149,850	4,473,971 6,197,532	149,850	1,191,963 1,827,048	1,276,240 1,502,077	291,916 328,309	701,360 1,095,137	25,166 28,944	
960	14,844,589	14,157,138	687,451	8,061,469	455,371	2,345,983	2,000,451	401,358	1,543,843	36,114	
965		19,127,716	1,739,051	11,100,584	988,074	2,806,912	3,092,659	471,816	2,371,433	35,289	
966		20,796,930	1,970,322	11,658,443	1,097,190	2,860,026	3,392,970	487,755	2,602,015	34,540	634,31
970 975		23,563,634 27,732,311	2,664,995 4,352,200	13,349,175 16,588,001	1,492,948 2,488,774	2,951,552 3,320,310	4,122,305 4,972,008	523,136 581,845	3,227,160 3,888,705	28,729 21,444	533,62 223,42
980	35,584,955	30,906,511	4,678,444	19,562,085	2,858,680	3,477,427	4,606,517	562,316	4,410,515	14,779	92,63
981		31,550,097		20,195,362	2,776,519	3,459,027	4,429,979	547,593	4,507,941	13,627	76,32
982		31,866,077	3,973,261	20,763,230	2,603,599	3,405,170	3,882,511	514,772	4,594,961	12,483	62,61
983 984		32,271,757 32,656,902	3,812,991 3,821,781	21,418,747 21,906,461	2,569,029 2,596,516	3,347,237 3,354,799	3,593,377 3,408,457	400,298 382,411	4,693,791 4,779,190	11,422 10,452	50,84 40,39
985	37,058,317	33,151,003	3,907,314	22,431,930	2,656,638	3,374,599	3,319,490	371,659	4,862,805	9,541	31,65
986		33,707,103		22,980,948	2,728,463	3,386,917	3,294,587	350,546	4,928,019	8,726	24,77
987		34,145,244		23,439,684	2,785,859	3,380,856	3,243,939	328,838	4,983,846	7,890	19,00
988 989		34,552,719 35,022,543	4,074,300 4,128,827	23,858,226 24,326,604	2,830,284 2,895,364	3,366,843 3,364,563	3,203,822 3,165,113	317,761 312,079	5,028,822 5,070,873	7,145 6,484	14,11 10,29
990	39,832,125	35,566,144	4,265,981	24,838,100	3,011,294	3,366,975	3,187,010	303,923	5,111,482	5,908	7,43
991	40,592,173	36,079,133	4,513,040	25,288,719	3,194,938	3,370,454	3,268,252	300,661	5,158,383	5,467	5,29
992		36,617,492	4,889,696		3,467,783	3,382,189	3,391,173	294,176	5,205,375	5,083	3,68
993 994		36,992,153 37,299,951	5,253,566 5,583,519	26,104,305 26,407,756	3,725,966 3,962,954	3,367,206 3,337,484	3,527,483 3,653,887	289,350 283,072	5,224,279 5,232,379	4,673 4,318	2,45 1,62
995		37,529,603		26,672,806	4,185,263	3,289,551	3,734,097	275,020	5,225,519	3,976	1,02
996		37,664,802	6,072,034	26,898,072	4,385,623	3,194,080	3,802,791	242,135	5,209,812	3,670	65
997		37,818,047		27,274,572	4,508,134	3,129,129	3,771,774	230,222	5,053,442	3,419	39
998		37,911,161		27,510,535	4,698,319	3,054,073	3,768,928	220,610	4,989,855	3,186	22
999 000		38,071,894 38,741,432		27,774,677 28,498,945	4,879,455 5,042,334	2,987,307 2,963,326	3,794,795 3,802,863	212,401 203,052	4,943,915 4,901,437	2,931 2,748	14 8
					Monthly	benefit (in th	ousands)				
940	\$4,070	\$4,070		\$2,539		\$361	\$668	\$402	\$90	\$11	
945		23,801		12,538		2,040	4,858	2,391	1,893	81	
950		126,857		77,678		11,995	19,366	5,801	11,481	535	
955		411,613	¢10.004	276,942	¢10.004	39,416	46,444	13,403	34,152	1,256	•
957		594,552	\$10,904	400,250	\$10,904	62,802	57,952	16,102	55,944	1,501	•
960 965		888,320 1,395,817	48,000 120,986	596,849 931,532	40,668 96,599	90,503 120,796	93,275 159,428	23,795 30,882	89,054 174,883	2,178 2,683	•
966		1,502,863	135,685	983,338	107,627	123,262	175,100	31,983	192,821	2,642	\$21,77
970		2,385,926	242,400	1,576,551	196,010	175,323	279,845	45,258	328,245	2,965	24,12
975		5,047,656	680,102	3,436,752	562,180	332,159	544,048	85,676	747,903	3,685	15,35
980		9,422,206	1,260,585	6,678,216	1,059,792	569,528	864,242	138,426	1,358,836	4,080	9,67 8.86
981 982		10,901,677 11,997,646	1,353,632 1,322,835	7,794,868 8,705,109	1,147,113 1,147,131	642,347 693,100	946,273 882,875	151,509 155,876	1,560,102 1,724,392	4,230 4,186	8,80 7,8
983			1,338,594	9,440,689	1,171,957	725,618	856,218	123,559	1,844,798	3,996	6,57
	15,025,627	13,636,147	1,389,480	10,089,401	1,222,081	760,944	847,825	122,957	1,973,203	3,804	5,41
985		14,441,682		10,736,304	1,285,375	796,351	858,006	123,557	2,094,003	3,609	4,37
986 987	- , ,		1,507,331	11,225,159 12,016,444	1,331,144 1,415,811	816,351 856,263	860,953 883,739	118,602 115,966	2,175,345 2,318,748	3,371 3,213	3,45 2,76
988		17,008,453		12,806,481	1,498,637	893,521	908,660	116,902	2,461,948	3,061	2,13
989	20,037,582	18,237,927	1,799,655	13,789,570	1,609,780	944,429	938,538	120,970	2,629,728	2,941	1,62
990				14,966,531	1,768,313	1,004,852	991,628	124,340	2,827,012	2,849	1,23
991 992				15,914,665 16,810,432	1,946,823 2,171,080	1,049,463 1,089,504	1,045,006 1,100,812	127,510 128,748	2,989,385 3,138,250	2,767 2,676	91 65
993		23,011,870		17,595,964	2,390,829	1,117,643	1,160,403	120,740	3,264,849	2,557	44
994				18,415,099	2,620,982	1,144,466	1,226,468	131,463	3,394,982	2,459	30
995		24,993,131		19,199,157	2,853,365	1,164,029	1,283,288	131,430	3,514,262	2,349	19
996				20,038,023	3,087,223	1,177,458	1,356,685	124,678	3,639,632	2,252	1
997				20,864,462 21,449,654	3,252,919 3,444,259	1,185,143 1,179,882	1,389,552 1,417,362	122,488 120,247	3,646,898 3,685,349	2,173 2,074	-
	31 208 873				U,7777,203	1,110,002	1,717,002	120,241	3,000,043	2,014	-
998 999				22,339,070	3,679,691	1,188,814	1,473,988	120,157	3,774,601	1,975	3

<sup>1</sup> Provisions for Railroad Retirement beneficiaries are described in the section Social Security (Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance).

# Table 5.A5.—Number and average age, by type of benefit, December 2000

Type of benefit	Number <sup>1</sup> (in thousands)	Average age
Total	45,417	
OASI	38,742	
Retired workers	28,506	74
Spouses	2,797	72
Children of retired workers	458	24
Under age 18	255	13
Disabled, aged 18 or older	192	40
Students, aged 18-19	11	18
Children of deceased workers	1,878	21
Under age 18	1,343	12
Disabled, aged 18 or older	484	47
Students, aged 18–19	51	18
Nondisabled widows and widowers	4,699	77
Widowed mothers and fathers	201	43
Disabled widows and widowers	200	59
Parents of deceased workers	3	82
DI	6,675	
Disabled workers	5,036	51
Spouses	165	48
Children	1,475	12
Under age 18	1,382	11
Disabled, aged 18 or older	58	27
Students, aged 18–19	35	18

<sup>1</sup> Provisions for Railroad Retirement beneficiaries are described in the section Social Security (Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance).

## Table 5.A6.—Number and average monthly benefit, by type of benefit and race, $^1\,$ December 2000 [Based on 10-percent sample]

Type of benefit	Total <sup>2</sup>	White	Black	Other
		Number <sup>3</sup> (ir	n thousands)	
Total	45,417	38,853	4,622	1,769
Men Women	17,717 23,890	15,416 20,847	1,572 2,222	671 740
Children Under age 18 Disabled, aged 18 or	3,810 2,980	2,590 1,938	828 680	358 329
older Students, aged 18–19	734 97	584 68	126 21	22 7
Retired workers and their spouses				
and children Retired workers	31,761 28,506	28,301 25,401	2,509 2,283	859 749
Wives and husbands	28,508	2,561	2,203	83
Children	458	339	91	27
Disabled workers and their spouses				
and children	6,676	4,707	1,198	448
Disabled workers Wives and husbands	5,036 165	3,702 125	868 21	427 18
Children	1,475	980	309	173
Survivors of deceased				
workers	6,786	5,604	875	274
Widows and widowers Widowed mothers and	4,699 201	4,182	412 34	92 23
fathers	1,878	1,270	34 428	23 159
Parents	3	2	(4)	(4)
		Average mo	nthly benefit	
Retired workers	\$844.60	\$859.90	\$724.20	\$697.40
Men	951.50	970.90	795.10	752.60
Women	729.60	739.30	659.20	626.50
Disabled workers	787.00	809.30	731.40	709.90
Men Women	883.00 661.10	915.30 666.10	790.90 662.40	784.50 615.00
Widowed mothers and fathers	593.00	633.10	508.40	469.60
Nondisabled widows and widows	810.20	829.90	646.00	644.50
Surviving children	548.70	589.50	464.90	448.30

 $^{1}$  For a description of the race data, see footnotes 1 and 3 in table 5.A1.

<sup>2</sup> Includes persons of unknown race.

<sup>3</sup> Provisions for Railroad Retirement beneficiaries are described in the section

Social Security (Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance).

<sup>4</sup> Fewer than 500 beneficiaries.

CONTACT: Rona Blumenthal/Joseph Bondar (410) 965-0163/0162 for further information.

#### Table 5.A7.—Number and average monthly benefit for women, by type of benefit and race, <sup>1</sup> December 2000

[Numbers in thousands. Based on 10-percent sample]

	Tota	al <sup>2</sup>	Wł	nite	Bla	ck	Othe	er
Type of benefit	Number	Average monthly benefit	Number	Average monthly benefit	Number	Average monthly benefit	Number	Average monthly benefit
				All wo	omen			
Total <sup>3</sup>	23,890	\$698.60	20,847	\$710.50	2,222	\$629.60	740	\$572.50
Workers Retired Full benefit Reduced benefit Disabled	15,913 13,734 3,489 10,245 2,179	720.20 729.60 843.50 690.80 661.10	13,749 12,175 2,982 9,193 1,574	730.90 739.30 861.30 699.70 666.10	1,592 1,190 385 805 402	660.00 659.20 739.80 620.60 662.40	516 328 108 220 188	622.30 626.50 722.90 579.10 615.00
Wives of retired and disabled workers         Entitlement based on care of children         Husband retired         Husband disabled         Entitlement based on age         Husband retired         Full benefit         Reduced benefit         Husband disabled	2,926 167 56 111 2,759 2,710 496 2,214 50	419.20 220.80 330.40 165.90 431.10 433.90 531.90 412.00 277.90	2,662 124 43 80 2,539 2,497 440 2,057 42	429.30 235.20 347.20 174.70 438.80 441.50 550.10 418.30 278.50	151 23 8 16 128 123 30 92 5	330.30 197.90 298.80 148.80 354.30 357.30 407.00 341.10 278.50	103 19 4 14 84 82 23 58 3	289.60 156.30 222.80 135.80 319.30 321.10 352.20 308.70 269.00
Widows Entitlement based on care of children Nondisabled, aged 60 or older Disabled, aged 50–64	5,048 191 4,622 195	792.60 598.20 811.80 523.00	4,434 135 4,153 146	816.10 639.70 831.40 542.70	479 32 406 40	622.50 508.80 646.90 465.90	120 22 90 9	601.40 472.10 646.60 453.30
				Women age	d 65 or older			
Total <sup>4</sup>	19,150	\$719.40	17,106	\$730.10	1,550	\$638.30	434	\$591.70
Entitled as worker Worker only Dually entitled Wife's benefit Widow's benefit Entitled as wife or widow only Wife's benefit.	12,511 6,979 5,532 2,229 3,306 6,639 2,422	741.80 714.40 776.20 504.60 959.30 677.40 436.50	11,096 5,985 5,111 2,108 3,006 6,010 2,234	752.00 728.40 779.80 507.10 971.00 689.50 443.90	1,086 757 329 81 248 463 110	663.90 633.10 735.00 450.50 827.80 578.10 359.70	288 215 73 33 40 146 70	640.70 619.80 702.10 480.10 882.30 495.00 325.20
Widow's benefit	4,216	815.80	3,776	834.90	353	646.10	76	652.00

<sup>1</sup> For a description of the race data, see footnotes 1 and 3 in table 5.A1.

<sup>2</sup> Includes persons of unknown race.

<sup>3</sup> Includes special-age 72 beneficiaries and parents, excludes adults receiving benefits because of childhood disability.

<sup>4</sup> Excludes parents, special age-72 beneficiaries, and adults receiving benefits because of childhood disability.

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Table 5.A8.—Number and average primary insurance amount and average monthly benefit for persons with benefits based on **special minimum primary insurance amount**, by type of benefit, December 2000

Type of benefit	Number of beneficiaries	Average primary insurance amount	Average monthly benefit
Total	141,516	\$521.31	\$583.49
Retired workers Men Women Wives and husbands of retired workers Children of retired workers	97,874 4,362	518.66 504.88 522.78 506.46 517.32	607.19 447.37 655.05 206.36 206.01
Disabled workers Wives and husbands of disabled workers Children of disabled workers		506.36 600.90	502.71 199.33
Nondisabled widows and widows Disabled widows and widowers Widowed mothers and fathers Children of deceased workers	252	564.14 564.85 559.00 566.85	475.36 359.96 361.91 398.22

#### Table 5.A10.—Number and average monthly benefit for beneficiaries aged 60 or older, by type of benefit, age, and sex, December 2000

[Based on 10-percent sample]

			[	i io poloolii o						
					Age att	ained during 2	2000			
Type of benefit	Total <sup>1</sup>	60–61	62–64	65–69	70–74	75–79	80–84	85–89	90–94	95 or older <sup>2</sup>
					Number (in th	housands)				
Total	37,341	645	3,984	8,786	8,211	6,977	4,704	2,662	1,066	306
Retired workers <sup>3</sup> Widows, widowers, parents,	28,506		2,553	7,285	6,636	5,473	3,623	1,985	752	200
and mothers and fathers		181	389	701	814	945	803	579	295	104
Wives and husbands	2,807	6	346	776	742	548	273	96	19	2
Disabled workers Disabled children <sup>4</sup>	1,119	442	676					2		
	99	16	20	25	19	12	6		(5)	(5)
Men		271	1,750	4,103	3,653	2,870	1,742	834	265	56
Retired workers <sup>3</sup>	14,772		1,330	4,076	3,631	2,855	1,734	828	262	56
Widowers, parents, and fathers		8	11	7	4	3	2	2	1	(5)
Husbands		(5)	2	8	10	7	4	3	1	(5)
Disabled workers	651	254	397							
Disabled children <sup>4</sup>		8	10	12	9	4	2	1	(5)	
Women		374	2,234	4,684	4,558	4,107	2,962	1,828	801	249
Retired workers <sup>3</sup>	13,734		1,223	3,209	3,005	2,618	1,889	1,157	489	144
Widows, parents, and mothers	4,770	172	378	694	810	941	800	577	294	104
Wives		6	345	768	732	540	269	93	18	2
Disabled workers Disabled children <sup>4</sup>	468	189	280							
Disabled children	53	7	9	13	10	7	4	1	(5)	(5)
					Average mon	thly benefit				
Total	\$807.50	\$801.80	\$744.60	\$797.30	\$801.40	\$803.20	\$851.30	\$886.30	\$827.70	\$766.30
Retired workers <sup>3</sup> Widows, widowers, parents,	844.60		766.10	836.20	842.20	839.70	884.00	927.70	855.50	787.30
and mothers and fathers	803.90	705.40	732.00	812.60	814.20	812.60	841.10	816.40	780.90	732.00
Wives and husbands	428.50	345.70	391.20	427.90	430.80	429.80	456.10	463.70	455.50	419.20
Disabled workers		856.30	857.90			120.00				
Disabled children <sup>4</sup>	500.80	549.60	528.30	505.40	480.40	458.90	443.70	406.10	(5)	(5)
Men	950.00	978.90	929.90	961.10	952.00	924.00	950.70	1,021.30	922.80	864.00
Retired workers <sup>3</sup>	951.50		913.70	964.40	955.30	927.00	953.40	1,025.80	927.10	867.20
Widowers, parents, and fathers	593.20	549.10	630.30	668.80	622.70	537.90	536.70	494.50	487.90	(5)
Husbands	238.50	(5)	189.60	235.80	241.80	230.40	241.70	268.40	281.90	(5)
Disabled workers	1,006.50	1,007.20	1,006.10							
Disabled children <sup>4</sup>	504.40	549.60	529.60	503.60	478.70	460.60	432.50	412.60	(5)	
Women	706.00	673.80	599.40	653.80	680.70	718.80	792.90	824.70	796.30	744.30
Retired workers <sup>3</sup>	729.60		605.50	673.30	705.50	744.60	820.30	857.40	817.10	756.30
Widows, parents, and mothers	805.60	712.90	734.90	814.10	815.10	813.60	842.00	817.70	782.00	732.70
Wives	430.80	347.10	392.20	429.80	433.20	432.60	459.10	469.50	464.60	433.60
Disabled workers	649.70	653.00	647.50							
Disabled children <sup>4</sup>	497.60	549.50	526.90	507.20	481.80	457.90	450.20	403.00	(5)	(5)

<sup>1</sup> The sum of the individual categories may not equal total because of independent rounding. <sup>2</sup> Includes 39,480 persons aged 100 or older, 5,590 men and 33,890 women. <sup>3</sup> Includes special age-72 beneficiaries.

<sup>4</sup> Includes adults receiving benefits because of childhood disability.
 <sup>5</sup> Fewer than 500 beneficiaries.

Table 5.A14.—Number and percentage distribution of women aged 62 or older, by type of benefit and dual entitlement status, December 1960-2000

Type of benefit	1960	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	1999	2000			
	1900	1970	1975		nber (in thousa		1995	1999	2000			
_		Nambol (In Househab)										
Total <sup>1</sup>	6,619	11,374	14,010	16,350	18,412	19,954	20,888	21,147	21,381			
Entitled as worker <sup>2</sup>	2,866	5,753	7,586	9,304	10,805	12,037	12,974	13,719	14,013			
Worker only	2,563	4,786	5,926	6,710	7,096	7,359	7,554	7,947	8,117			
Dually entitled <sup>3</sup>	303	967	1,660	2,594	3,709	4,678	45,420	4 5,772	4 5,896			
Wife's benefit	159	388	617	1,016	1,594	2,077	4 2,398	4 2,499	4 2,568			
Widow's benefit	141	574	1,039	1,575	2,112	2,600	4 3,022	4 3,272	4 3,327			
Entitled as wife or widow only <sup>3</sup>	3,753	5,621	6,424	7,046	7,607	7,917	7,914	7,429	7,368			
Wife's benefit	2,174	2,546	2,745	2,884	3,018	3,059	2,985	2,784	2,768			
Widow's benefit <sup>5</sup>	1,546	3,048	3,659	4,148	4,580	4,853	4,926	4,642	4,598			
	Percentage distribution											
Total <sup>1</sup>	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.00			
Entitled as worker <sup>2</sup>	43.3	50.6	54.1	56.9	58.7	60.3	62.1	64.9	65.5			
Worker only	38.7	42.1	42.3	41.0	38.5	36.9	36.2	37.6	38.0			
Dually entitled <sup>3</sup>	4.6	8.5	11.8	15.9	20.1	23.4	4 25.9	4 27.3	4 27.6			
Wife's benefit	2.4	3.4	4.4	6.2	8.7	10.4	<sup>4</sup> 11.5	4 11.8	<sup>4</sup> 12.0			
Widow's benefit	2.1	5.0	7.4	9.6	11.5	13.0	<sup>4</sup> 14.4	<sup>4</sup> 15.5	<sup>4</sup> 15.6			
Entitled as wife or widow only <sup>3</sup>	56.7	49.4	45.9	43.1	41.3	39.7	37.9	35.1	34.5			
Wife's benefit	32.8	22.4	19.6	17.6	16.4	15.3	14.3	13.2	12.9			
Widow's benefit <sup>5</sup>	23.4	26.8	26.1	25.4	24.9	24.3	23.6	22.0	21.5			

<sup>1</sup> Excludes special age-72 beneficiaries and adults receiving benefits because of childhood disability.

<sup>2</sup> Includes disabled workers.

<sup>3</sup> Includes parents.

<sup>4</sup> Based on 10-percent sample.
 <sup>5</sup> Includes disabled widows and mothers.

Table 5.A15.—Number and average monthly benefit for women aged 65 or older, by age, type of benefit, and dual entitlement status, December 2000

[Based on	10-percent sample]
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Type of benefit	Total	65–69	70–74	75–79	80–84	85–89	90 or older
	·			Number			
Total <sup>1</sup>	19,150,040	4,670,020	4,547,350	4,099,010	2,957,920	1,826,420	1,049,320
Entitled as worker Worker only Dually entitled Wife's benefit Widow's benefit	12,511,220 6,976,300 5,534,920 2,228,840 3,306,080	3,208,920 2,104,860 1,104,060 795,400 308,660	3,005,050 1,726,480 1,278,570 692,720 585,850	2,618,000 1,329,530 1,288,470 469,590 818,880	1,889,000 892,650 996,350 206,840 789,510	1,157,070 589,260 567,810 54,800 513,010	633,180 333,520 299,660 9,490 290,170
Entitled as wife or widow only Wife's benefit Widow's benefit	6,638,820 2,422,450 4,216,370	1,461,100 767,870 693,230	1,542,300 732,410 809,890	1,481,010 540,440 940,570	1,068,920 269,220 799,700	669,350 93,320 576,030	416,140 19,190 396,950
			Aver	age monthly bene	iit		
Total <sup>1</sup>	\$719.40	\$654.20	\$681.20	\$719.30	\$793.30	\$825.10	\$784.20
Entitled as worker Worker only Dually entitled Wife's benefit Widow's benefit	741.70 714.40 776.20 504.60 959.30	673.30 691.30 639.10 511.60 967.90	705.50 696.80 717.20 500.60 973.40	744.60 696.10 794.60 491.70 968.20	820.30 748.50 884.50 512.10 982.10	857.40 813.60 902.90 534.10 942.30	803.30 758.30 853.50 527.30 864.20
Entitled as wife or widow only Wife's benefit Widow's benefit	677.40 436.50 815.80	612.20 429.80 814.30	633.80 433.20 815.10	674.60 432.60 813.70	745.60 459.10 842.00	769.20 469.50 817.80	755.20 462.00 769.30

<sup>1</sup> Excludes parents, special age-72 beneficiaries, and adults receiving benefits because of childhood disability.

Table 5.A16.—Number and average monthly benefit for adult beneficiaries, by type of benefit, sex, and age, December 2000

	Numb	per of beneficiarie	s (in thousand	is)	Average monthly benefit				
Type of benefit and sex	Total	Under 62	62–64	65 or older	Total	Under 62	62–64	65 or older	
Total <sup>1</sup>	42,341	5,645	3,973	32,722	\$795.43	\$717.25	\$744.35	\$815.11	
Retired workers	28,499		2,545	25,954	844.48		765.67	852.21	
Disabled workers	5.042	4.363	679		786.40	775.50	856.43		
Wives and husbands of retired workers	2,798	48	314	2,436	429.14	321.79	401.38	434.86	
Wives and husbands of disabled workers	165	113	30	23	198.42	164.53	269.50	273.95	
Nondisabled widows and widowers	4,700	134	324	4,242	810.18	764.75	772.10	814.52	
Disabled widows and widowers	201	145	56		519.66	520.99	516.25		
Mothers and fathers	203	197	6	1	594.98	593.68	641.77	592.77	
Disabled children, aged 18 or older	729	646	19	64	518.26	521.69	529.73	479.95	
Men <sup>1</sup>	18,111	2,843	1,749	13,519	928.13	815.79	929.60	951.56	
Retired workers	14,767		1,329	13,439	951.05		913.13	954.80	
Disabled workers	2,856	2,458	398	· · · ·	882.66	862.73	1,005.81		
Husbands of retired workers	32	(2)	1	31	242.74	(2)	208.41	244.03	
Husbands of disabled workers	4	2	(2)	1	155.86	125.84	(2)	196.04	
Nondisabled widowers	37	7	10	20	606.86	573.94	660.14	591.87	
Disabled widowers	5	4	1		361.68	364.86	349.37		
Fathers	10	10	(2)	(2)	502.76	502.76	(2)	(2)	
Disabled children, aged 18 or older	399	361	ÌÓ	28	515.83	518.54	524.24	477. <del>5</del> 0	
Women <sup>1</sup>	24,230	2,803	2,225	19,203	696.24	617.31	598.71	719.05	
Retired workers	13,732		1,217	12,515	729.89		604.66	742.06	
Disabled workers	2,186	1,905	281	· · · ·	660.61	662.92	645.02		
Wives of retired workers	2,766	48	313	2,405	431.32	321.91	402.07	437.33	
Wives of disabled workers	161	111	29	21	199.48	165.26	271.14	279.35	
Nondisabled widows	4,663	127	314	4,222	811.78	775.29	775.64	815.57	
Disabled widows	196	141	55	, · · · ·	523.83	525.55	519.45		
Mothers	193	187	5	1	599.67	598.39	644.12	596.19	
Disabled children, aged 18 or older	330	284	10	36	521.19	525.69	535.24	481.84	

<sup>1</sup> Includes parents and special age-72 beneficiaries. Excludes 97,768 student beneficiaries aged 18–19.
 <sup>2</sup> Fewer than 500 beneficiaries.

CONTACT: Rona Blumenthal/Angela Y. Harper (410) 965-0163/9952 for further information.

Table 5.A17.—Number and average benefit for disabled beneficiaries, by type of benefit, 19	957–2000
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			Number of—		Avera	age monthly benefit o	f—
December	Total	Workers	Children, aged 18 or older	Widows and widowers	Workers	Children, aged 18 or older	Widows and widowers
1957	178,719	149,850	28,869		\$72.76	\$38.62	
1958	284,744	237,719	47,025		82.10	39.62	
1959	416,896	334,443	82,453		89.00	42.96	
1960	559,425	455,371	104,054		89.31	44.15	
1961	742,296	618,075	124,221		89.59	45.28	
1962	888,131	740,867	147,264		89.99	45.67	
1963	993,656	827,014	166,642		90.59	46.45	
1964	1,077,695	894,173	183,522		91.12	47.35	
1965	1,186,464	988.074	198,390		97.76	51.77	
1966		1,097,190	213,721		98.09	52.42	
1967	1.422.778	1,193,120	229,658		98.43	53.41	
				21 562			¢70.05
1968	1,560,517	1,295,300	243,654	21,563	111.86	61.83	\$72.25
1969	1,690,982	1,394,291	257,222	39,469	112.74	62.79	71.02
1970	1,812,786	1,492,948	270,557	49,281	131.26	73.21	82.00
1971	1,990,098	1,647,684	285,671	56,743	146.52	81.37	90.11
1972	2,202,090	1,832,916	305,007	64,167	179.32	98.81	109.54
1973	2,415,383	2,016,626	319,988	78,769	183.00	100.14	111.14
1974	2,670,092	2,236,882	341,082	92,128	205.70	112.45	125.87
1975	2,960,620	2,488,774	362,335	109,511	225.90	122.80	137.70
1976	3,171,198	2,670,208	381,563	119,427	245.17	132.32	147.01
1977	3,368,954	2,837,432	404,246	127,276	265.30	142.12	156.11
1978	3,429,421	2,879,774	419.896	129,751	288.30	153.66	165.46
1979	3,435,761	2,870,590	435,338	129,833	322.00	171.55	180.52
1980	3,436,429	2,858,680	450.169	127,580	370.70	198.95	205.02
1981	3,361,130	2,776,519	463,021	121,590	413.20	224.51	226.58
1982	3,192,379	2,603,599	472,408	116,372	440.60	245.07	242.11
		2,569.029	488.372		456.20	257.78	250.33
1983 1984	3,168,992	2,599,029	488,372 506,373	111,591 109,151	456.20 470.70	257.78 270.28	306.24
1985		2.656.638	525.842	107.005	483.80	281.92	315.26
							319.74
1986	3,380,480	2,728,463	545,043	106,974	487.90	288.79	
1987	3,453,414	2,785,859	561,273	106,282	508.20	304.32	333.89
1988 1989	3,507,707 3,583,451	2,830,284 2,895,364	574,300 586,457	103,123 101,630	529.50 556.00	320.21 339.47	348.05 366.72
			,	,			
1990		3,011,294	600,480	100,989	587.20	361.71	388.93
1991	3,925,472	3,194,938	616,045	114,489	609.40	378.86	406.96
1992	4,236,080	3,467,783	636,973	131,324	626.10	393.61	422.65
1993	4,529,466	3,725,966	656,485	147,015	641.70	407.20	434.20
1994	4,796,313	3,962,954	672,683	160,676	661.40	422.40	446.30
1995	5,044,388	4,185,263	686,101	173,024	681.80	437.30	458.30
1996	5,264,321	4,385,623	696,787	181,911	703.90	454.30	471.00
1997	5,400,781	4,508,134	704,709	187,938	721.60	468.60	480.40
1998	5,605,272	4,698,319	712,772	194,181	733.10	479.40	487.30
1999	5,798,776	4,879,455	720,526	198,795	754.10	495.60	499.90
2000	5,972,450	5,042,334	728,689	201,427	786.40	518.30	519.70
2000	0,012,400	0,042,004	120,003	201,427	700.40	010.00	013.70

CONTACT: Rona Blumenthal/Angela Y. Harper (410) 965-0163/9952 for further information.

# Table 5.B1.—Number, average primary insurance amount, and average monthly benefit without reduction for early retirement and **with delayed retirement credit**, by age and sex, December 2000

[Based on	10-percent sample]
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		Total			Men		Women			
	Average		Average				Averag	ge		
Age	Number	Primary insurance amount	Monthly benefit	Number	Primary insurance amount	Monthly benefit	Number	Primary insurance amount	Monthly benefit	
Total	4,206,030	\$1,073.60	\$1,156.00	2,630,730	\$1,187.70	\$1,261.20	1,575,300	\$883.00	\$980.40	
66–69	795,740	1,085.90	1,152.60	524,260	1,201.80	1,270.00	271,480	862.10	925.90	
66	183,840	1,106.40	1,137.10	123,900	1,215.50	1,243.30	59,940	880.90	917.50	
67	197,520	1,086.90	1,147.20	131,140	1,202.00	1,263.40	66,380	859.50	917.70	
68	203,520	1,093.00	1,170.30	133,320	1,210.20	1,291.40	70,200	870.40	940.10	
69	210,860	1,060.30	1,154.20	135,900	1,180.90	1,279.80	74,960	841.50	926.40	
70–74	1,101,310	1,043.10	1,142.00	688,070	1,170.10	1,266.90	413,240	831.70	934.10	
70	225,710	1,036.10	1,136.60	140,720	1,168.20	1,271.20	84,990	817.40	913.70	
71	219,870	1,024.40	1,131.90	135,380	1,153.70	1,262.10	84,490	817.10	923.30	
72	219,650	1,049.60	1,148.40	137,090	1,180.20	1,276.40	82,560	832.90	935.80	
73	218,110	1,059.90	1,159.50	136,960	1,185.40	1,281.60	81,150	848.30	953.30	
74	217,970	1,045.70	1,133.90	137,920	1,162.70	1,243.00	80,050	844.10	945.90	
75–79	976,440	1,026.30	1,118.50	622,830	1,134.20	1,212.00	353,610	836.20	953.90	
75	194,640	1,068.10	1,165.80	122,660	1,188.40	1,279.00	71,980	863.10	973.10	
76	211,190	1,036.90	1,122.20	134,660	1,149.20	1,220.90	76,530	839.20	948.40	
77	199,370	1,016.60	1,106.60	127,670	1,121.80	1,195.90	71,700	829.30	947.60	
78	187,030	1,008.40	1,103.20	120,530	1,109.20	1,186.60	66,500	825.80	952.10	
79	184,210	998.50	1,092.90	117,310	1,099.50	1,175.50	66,900	821.40	947.80	
80–84	688,530	1,088.70	1,179.30	431,980	1,192.30	1,263.60	256,550	914.20	1,037.30	
	172,060	988.00	1,085.20	110,070	1,083.80	1,159.80	61,990	817.80	952.70	
	146,290	1,015.60	1,113.40	92,640	1,110.60	1,188.10	53,650	851.50	984.40	
	135,920	1,076.50	1,178.10	83,550	1,184.10	1,265.70	52,370	904.80	1,038.30	
	124,400	1,108.80	1,208.90	77,920	1,221.00	1,302.20	46,480	920.60	1,052.50	
	109,860	1,336.20	1,382.30	67,800	1,457.30	1,488.20	42,060	1,140.90	1,211.50	
85–89	408,320	1,244.40	1,292.90	244,510	1,360.40	1,392.20	163,810	1,071.20	1,144.70	
85	101,920	1,312.80	1,357.70	62,990	1,433.40	1,464.10	38,930	1,117.70	1,185.50	
86	96,950	1,271.50	1,319.20	58,510	1,384.50	1,414.90	38,440	1,099.40	1,173.60	
87	82,600	1,236.60	1,285.70	49,230	1,352.60	1,383.80	33,370	1,065.50	1,141.10	
88	69,100	1,193.00	1,243.70	40,530	1,306.30	1,339.30	28,570	1,032.30	1,108.20	
89	57,750	1,150.90	1,203.30	33,250	1,257.50	1,292.80	24,500	1,006.30	1,081.90	
90 or older	235,690	1,030.50	1,083.80	119,080	1,135.80	1,169.80	116,610	922.90	995.90	

CONTACT: Joseph Bondar/Rona Blumenthal (410) 965-0162/0163 for further information.

# Table 5.B2.—Number, average primary insurance amount, and average monthly benefit without reduction for early retirement and **without delayed retirement credit**, by age and sex, December 2000

		Total			Men		Women			
		Total			Men					
	Average		Average				Average			
Age	Number	Primary insurance amount	Monthly benefit	Number	Primary insurance amount	Monthly benefit	Number	Primary insurance amount	Monthly benefit	
Total	3,980,260	\$798.10	\$852.80	2,066,940	\$965.10	\$965.80	1,913,320	\$617.60	\$730.70	
65–69 65 66 67 68 69	1,444,330 440,150 285,510 252,660 242,080 223,930	870.00 961.70 848.50 831.40 826.40 808.10	896.80 975.30 875.00 861.60 862.00 847.70	839,170 271,660 163,650 144,220 135,180 124,460	1,018.70 1,104.30 995.30 976.90 974.80 958.50	1,018.20 1,103.70 994.80 976.30 974.40 958.40	605,160 168,490 121,860 108,440 106,900 99,470	663.90 731.70 651.20 637.80 638.80 620.00	728.50 768.30 714.20 709.10 719.90 709.20	
70–74 70 71 72 73 74	961,170 214,720 198,360 194,620 182,680 170,790	779.60 794.20 778.20 779.50 777.20 765.60	833.00 839.00 830.10 832.80 833.00 829.10	516,440 117,620 106,450 102,910 97,690 91,770	943.10 947.70 938.50 947.90 944.00 936.40	943.60 948.00 938.80 948.30 944.90 937.20	444,730 97,100 91,910 91,710 84,990 79,020	589.60 608.10 592.60 590.50 585.40 567.20	704.50 706.90 704.30 703.30 704.40 703.50	
75–79 75 76 77 78 79	725,760 165,820 156,900 142,600 131,980 128,460	739.30 769.00 741.50 727.50 723.80 727.10	814.70 834.30 814.80 804.70 804.90 810.50	362,090 86,080 78,810 70,540 64,150 62,510	914.70 945.90 918.20 900.70 898.00 900.10	916.20 947.30 919.30 902.20 899.40 902.40	363,670 79,740 78,090 72,060 67,830 65,950	564.60 578.10 563.10 558.10 559.10 563.10	713.60 712.30 709.30 709.20 715.50 723.30	
80–84	477,710 116,160 100,130 97,130 86,290 78,000	752.30 712.40 726.70 753.00 770.60 823.40	837.50 799.90 813.30 838.30 857.20 902.00	215,610 55,210 45,290 43,760 37,900 33,450	928.40 883.60 906.30 922.10 953.30 1,012.40	930.50 886.10 907.70 924.10 955.90 1,014.00	262,100 60,950 54,840 53,370 48,390 44,550	607.40 557.30 578.50 614.30 627.40 681.50	761.10 721.80 735.30 767.90 779.90 817.90	
85–89 85 86	245,490 69,650 62,610 49,110 35,940 28,180 125,800	767.80 800.50 775.20 761.40 739.50 717.50 684.80	857.70 887.80 866.30 857.20 827.90 802.80 767.70	93,680 28,050 24,760 18,010 12,870 9,990 39,950	950.00 986.90 957.60 949.80 912.00 876.80 815.00	953.80 990.80 959.90 952.50 916.90 884.40 822.00	151,810 41,600 37,850 31,100 23,070 18,190 85,850	655.30 674.80 655.90 652.40 643.30 630.10 624.20	798.40 818.30 805.10 802.10 778.30 758.10 742.40	

[Based on 10-percent sample]

CONTACT: Joseph Bondar/Rona Blumenthal (410) 965-0162/0163 for further information.

# Table 5.B3.—Number and average monthly benefit **before and after delayed retirement credit**, by age and sex, December 2000

		Total			Men		Women			
	-	Average monthly benefit			Average mon	thly benefit	-	Average mor	thly benefit	
Age	Number	Before delayed retirement credit	After delayed retirement credit	Number	Before delayed retirement credit	After delayed retirement credit	Number	Before delayed retirement credit	After delayed retirement credit	
Total	4,910,000	\$1,106.30	\$1,126.20	2,977,500	\$1,212.80	\$1,234.90	1,932,500	\$942.10	\$958.80	
66–69 66 67 68 69	872,600 181,700 222,900 227,100 240,900	1,123.50 1,134.00 1,116.10 1,131.90 1,114.60	1,134.80 1,138.70 1,125.30 1,145.20 1,130.70	567,200 123,800 144,800 146,300 152,300	1,238.70 1,238.40 1,234.00 1,249.40 1,233.20	1,251.50 1,243.60 1,244.70 1,264.60 1,251.80	305,400 57,900 78,100 80,800 88,600	909.50 910.70 897.30 919.10 910.50	917.90 914.30 903.90 928.90 922.50	
70–74 70 71 72 73 74	1,291,400 271,100 254,800 257,600 257,300 250,600	1,094.00 1,089.00 1,090.70 1,091.00 1,117.20 1,081.80	1,113.40 1,107.60 1,110.40 1,110.90 1,137.30 1,100.60	793,300 169,900 155,300 153,800 160,700 153,600	1,216.80 1,213.60 1,214.30 1,229.70 1,242.10 1,183.70	1,238.40 1,234.70 1,236.30 1,252.20 1,264.40 1,203.70	498,100 101,200 99,500 103,800 96,600 97,000	898.20 879.90 897.90 885.40 909.40 920.40	914.10 894.10 913.80 901.40 925.80 937.40	
75–79 75 76 77 78 79	1,147,300 230,100 250,400 225,200 220,900 220,700	1,060.40 1,095.20 1,069.20 1,055.40 1,050.90 1,029.00	1,081.70 1,116.30 1,089.90 1,076.30 1,073.60 1,050.20	703,500 137,100 155,000 139,600 138,000 133,800	1,156.80 1,216.60 1,172.00 1,143.70 1,129.40 1,119.80	1,180.10 1,240.20 1,194.90 1,166.20 1,153.90 1,143.00	443,800 93,000 95,400 85,600 82,900 86,900	907.70 916.20 902.00 911.40 920.30 889.20	925.80 933.50 919.30 929.60 939.90 907.30	
80–84 80 81 82 83 84	813,200 199,100 175,000 165,500 143,400 130,200	1,124.10 1,027.10 1,080.10 1,117.30 1,145.50 1,317.00	1,147.20 1,048.20 1,102.90 1,140.50 1,167.50 1,344.20	488,100 121,400 110,500 96,800 83,300 76,100	1,214.60 1,099.70 1,155.70 1,212.90 1,253.30 1,443.00	1,239.90 1,122.60 1,180.60 1,238.50 1,277.50 1,473.40	325,100 77,700 64,500 68,700 60,100 54,100	988.40 913.60 950.60 982.60 996.00 1,139.70	1,008.00 931.90 969.70 1,002.30 1,015.10 1,162.30	
85–89 85 86	501,300 125,300 118,500 95,200 89,100 73,200 284,200	1,227.80 1,291.20 1,258.30 1,219.10 1,178.90 1,140.70 1,028.70	1,254.00 1,316.60 1,285.80 1,244.50 1,205.70 1,166.20 1,052.90	287,800 73,800 70,300 53,900 49,600 40,200 137,600	1,335.30 1,404.70 1,379.80 1,324.90 1,267.80 1,227.20 1,107.10	1,364.90 1,433.10 1,411.70 1,353.00 1,297.40 1,256.90 1.135.80	213,500 51,500 48,200 41,300 39,500 33,000 146,600	1,082.80 1,128.50 1,081.00 1,081.00 1,067.20 1,035.30 955.10	1,104.40 1,149.70 1,102.20 1,102.80 1,090.50 1,055.80 975.10	

[Based on 1-percent sample]

CONTACT: Joseph Bondar/Rona Blumenthal (410) 965-0162/0163 for further information.

Table 5.B4.—Number, percent, and average monthly benefit, by year of entitlement as retired worker and sex, December 2000<sup>1</sup>

		То	tal			M	en			Woi	men	
Year of entitlement	Number as of December 2000	Percentage distribution	Cumulative percent <sup>2</sup>	Average monthly benefit	Number as of December 2000	Percentage distribution	Cumulative percent <sup>2</sup>	Average monthly benefit	Number as of December 2000	Percentage distribution	Cumulative percent <sup>2</sup>	Average monthly benefit
Total	28,505,990	100.0		\$844.60	14,771,930	100.0		\$951.50	13,734,060	100.0		\$729.60
1995–2000 1990–1994 1985–1989 1980–1984	9,328,030 6,658,750 5,506,650 3,828,830	32.7 23.4 19.3 13.4	···· ··· ···	844.50 838.70 826.80 863.50	5,114,610 3,700,620 2,905,150 1,847,900	34.6 25.1 19.7 12.5	· · · · · · · · · ·	981.20 952.40 916.50 930.90	4,213,420 2,958,130 2,601,500 1,980,930	30.7 21.5 18.9 14.4	· · · · · · · · · ·	678.60 696.40 726.80 800.50
1975–1979 1970–1974 1965–1969 Before 1965	2,085,010 866,480 202,190 30,050	7.3 3.0 .7 .1	···· ···	896.70 819.20 764.80 673.70	863,890 284,570 50,060 5,130	5.8 1.9 .3 (3)	· · · · · · ·	973.80 860.20 802.80 684.50	1,221,120 581,910 152,130 24,920	8.9 4.2 1.1 .2	· · · · · · ·	842.20 799.20 752.30 671.50
2000 1999 1998 1997 1996	1,769,440 1,630,560 1,514,990 1,496,730 1,509,080	6.2 5.7 5.3 5.3 5.3 5.3	6.2 11.9 17.2 22.5 27.8	880.10 849.80 832.50 830.70 831.20	995,880 903,590 827,570 809,340 793,340	6.7 6.1 5.6 5.5 5.4	6.7 12.9 18.5 23.9 29.3	1,033.30 991.90 967.80 963.70 957.90	773,560 726,970 687,420 687,390 715,740	5.6 5.3 5.0 5.0 5.2	5.6 10.9 15.9 20.9 26.1	682.70 673.20 669.70 674.20 690.60
1995 1994 1993 1992 1991 1990	1,407,230 1,386,860 1,366,810 1,360,400 1,289,180 1,255,500	4.9 4.9 4.8 4.8 4.5 4.4	32.7 37.6 42.4 47.2 51.7 56.1	835.50 837.50 836.50 838.70 839.80 841.00	784,890 770,850 766,400 760,570 716,800 686,000	5.3 5.2 5.2 5.1 4.9 4.6	34.6 39.8 45.0 50.2 55.0 59.7	958.40 957.90 951.60 952.60 949.80 949.40	622,340 616,010 600,410 599,830 572,380 569,500	4.5 4.5 4.4 4.4 4.2 4.1	30.7 35.2 39.5 43.9 48.1 52.2	680.50 686.90 689.60 694.30 702.10 710.40
1989 1988 1987 1986 1985	1,196,460 1,144,910 1,103,460 1,074,380 987,440	4.2 4.0 3.9 3.8 3.5	60.3 64.3 68.2 71.9 75.4	833.20 825.80 829.00 824.30 820.80	644,190 607,370 581,480 562,530 509,580	4.4 4.1 3.9 3.8 3.4	64.0 68.1 72.1 75.9 79.3	936.20 921.60 920.00 907.00 891.80	552,270 537,540 521,980 511,850 477,860	4.0 3.9 3.8 3.7 3.5	56.2 60.2 64.0 67.7 71.2	713.10 717.50 727.70 733.40 745.10
1984 1983 1982 1981 1980	895,760 853,550 767,210 686,800 625,510	3.1 3.0 2.7 2.4 2.2	78.5 81.5 84.2 86.6 88.8	820.10 839.20 857.90 905.30 919.40	449,390 419,920 371,370 324,900 282,320	3.0 2.8 2.5 2.2 1.9	82.4 85.2 87.7 89.9 91.9	884.80 900.70 921.40 980.20 1,004.90	446,370 433,630 395,840 361,900 343,190	3.3 3.2 2.9 2.6 2.5	74.4 77.6 80.4 83.1 85.6	755.00 779.60 798.40 838.10 849.10
1979 1978 1977 1976 1975	551,530 468,790 381,000 369,930 313,760	1.9 1.6 1.3 1.3 1.1	90.8 92.4 93.7 95.0 96.1	927.70 911.40 896.50 870.60 851.40	239,470 196,070 160,140 147,070 121,140	1.6 1.3 1.1 1.0 .8	93.5 94.8 95.9 96.9 97.7	1,018.50 995.20 976.20 930.00 900.60	312,060 272,720 220,860 222,860 192,620	2.3 2.0 1.6 1.6 1.4	87.9 89.8 91.4 93.1 94.5	858.00 851.20 838.80 831.50 820.40
1974 1973 1972 1971 1970	260,270 214,570 165,970 128,670 97,000	.9 .8 .6 .5 .3	97.1 97.8 98.4 98.8 99.2	832.40 823.30 813.30 811.00 796.00	93,220 71,720 52,580 39,220 27,830	.6 .5 .4 .3 .2	98.3 98.8 99.2 99.4 99.6	877.40 859.70 853.70 849.90 830.30	167,050 142,850 113,390 89,450 69,170	1.2 1.0 .8 .7 .5	95.7 96.7 97.6 98.2 98.7	807.30 805.00 794.60 793.90 782.30
1969 1968 1967 1966 1965	70,740 51,070 36,800 25,260 18,320	.2 .2 .1 .1	99.4 99.6 99.7 99.8 100.0	782.70 773.10 754.30 733.40 736.90	18,700 12,830 8,660 5,940 3,930	.1 .1 .1 (3) (3)	99.8 99.8 99.9 99.9 100.0	822.60 806.50 775.30 762.10 818.50	52,040 38,240 28,140 19,320 14,390	.4 .3 .2 .1	99.1 99.4 99.6 99.7 100.0	768.40 762.00 747.90 724.60 714.60

[Based on 10-percent sample]

<sup>1</sup> Provisions for Railroad Retirement beneficiaries are described in the section Social Security (Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance).

<sup>2</sup> Represents those entitled in specified year or later.
 <sup>3</sup> Less than 0.05 percent.

### Table 5.B5.—Number, average age, and percentage distribution, by age and sex, 1940–2000<sup>1</sup>

	<b>T</b> ( )				Percentage	distribution, by	age		
December	Total number (in thousands)	Average age	Total	62–64	65–69	70–74	75–79	80-84	85 or older
		<u>.</u>	·	N	len		·		
1940 1945 1950 1955	99 447 1,469 3,252	68.8 71.7 72.2 72.7	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	· · · · · · · · · ·	74.4 39.9 39.1 35.7	17.4 40.2 33.7 34.8	6.4 15.1 20.2 20.0	1.6 4.0 5.9 7.6	0.2 .7 1.2 1.9
1960 1965 1970 1975	5,217 6,825 7,688 9,163	73.2 72.9 72.6 72.3	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	6.9 7.5 9.3	33.8 29.7 30.1 32.2	33.1 29.5 26.9 25.6	21.1 19.9 19.6 17.1	9.0 9.9 10.6 10.1	3.1 4.1 5.3 5.7
1980 1981 1982 1983 1984	10,461 10,767 11,030 11,358 11,573	72.2 72.2 72.2 72.2 72.2 72.2	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	9.5 9.9 10.3 10.6 10.8	32.1 31.8 31.3 31.0 30.3	25.8 25.7 25.6 25.8 25.9	16.9 17.1 17.1 17.0 17.3	9.5 9.3 9.4 9.4 9.6	6.1 6.2 6.2 6.1 6.1
1985 1986 1987 1988 <sup>2</sup> 1989	11,817 12,080 12,295 12,483 12,718	72.3 72.4 72.4 72.4 72.4 72.5	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	10.9 10.9 10.9 10.7 10.5	30.2 30.3 30.2 30.0 30.1	25.9 25.7 25.5 25.5 25.2	17.3 17.3 17.4 17.6 17.8	9.6 9.7 9.9 10.0 10.1	6.1 6.1 6.2 6.3
1990 <sup>2</sup> 1991 <sup>2</sup> 1992 <sup>2</sup> 1993 <sup>2</sup> 1993 <sup>2</sup>	12,985 13,227 13,474 13,649 13,795	72.5 72.6 72.7 72.8 72.8	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	10.3 10.2 10.0 9.9 9.8	30.0 29.5 29.2 28.9 28.3	25.3 25.7 25.8 25.9 26.2	17.8 17.9 17.8 17.9 17.9	10.2 10.3 10.5 10.7 10.9	6.4 6.4 6.6 6.8 6.9
1995 <sup>2</sup> 1996 <sup>2</sup> 1997 <sup>2</sup> 1998 <sup>2</sup> 1999 <sup>2</sup> 2000 <sup>2</sup>	13,915 14,012 14,126 14,206 14,329 14,772	72.9 73.1 73.2 73.3 73.3 73.2	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	9.5 9.2 9.0 9.1 9.0	28.0 27.6 27.2 26.6 26.4 27.6	26.1 25.8 25.8 25.6 25.2 24.6	18.3 18.9 19.2 19.5 19.8 19.3	11.1 11.3 11.4 11.6 11.7 11.7	7.0 7.2 7.4 7.6 7.8 7.8
				Wo	men				
1940 1945 1950 1955	13 71 302 1,222	68.1 70.8 71.1 71.3	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	· · · · · · · · · ·	82.6 47.1 48.4 47.8	12.8 40.0 32.9 32.3	3.9 10.2 15.0 14.6	0.6 2.3 3.2 4.4	(3) 0.3 .5 .8
1960 1965 1970 1975	2,845 4,276 5,661 7,424	71.0 71.8 72.0 72.2	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	12.6 12.2 11.5 11.8	36.3 31.6 30.1 30.4	29.0 28.1 25.4 24.2	15.0 17.6 18.7 16.9	5.6 7.7 10.0 10.6	1.6 2.8 4.4 6.1
1980 1981 1982 1983 1984	9,101 9,428 9,733 10,060 10,334	72.6 72.7 72.8 72.9 73.1	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	11.2 11.1 11.2 11.1 11.1	29.2 28.9 28.3 28.0 27.2	24.2 24.0 24.0 23.9 24.0	17.1 17.4 17.5 17.6 17.8	10.6 10.6 10.8 11.0 11.3	7.7 8.0 8.2 8.4 8.6
1985 1986 1987 1988 <sup>2</sup> 1989	10,615 10,901 11,145 11,944 11,608	73.3 73.3 73.4 73.5 73.6	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	11.0 10.8 10.7 10.5 10.2	26.9 26.7 26.4 26.0 26.1	23.9 23.8 23.6 23.6 23.1	17.9 18.0 18.1 18.2 18.4	11.4 11.7 11.9 12.2 12.4	8.8 9.0 9.3 9.5 9.8
1990 <sup>2</sup> 1991 <sup>2</sup> 1992 <sup>2</sup> 1993 <sup>2</sup> 1993 <sup>2</sup> 1994 <sup>2</sup>	11,842 12,048 12,272 12,447 12,607	73.7 73.9 74.0 74.1 74.2	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	9.9 9.5 9.3 9.0 9.0	25.9 25.4 25.2 24.9 24.3	23.0 23.2 23.1 23.0 23.2	18.5 18.6 18.5 18.6 18.4	12.5 12.7 12.9 13.1 13.4	10.2 10.5 10.9 11.3 11.6
1995 <sup>2</sup> 1996 <sup>2</sup> 1997 <sup>2</sup> 1998 <sup>2</sup> 1999 <sup>2</sup> 2000 <sup>2</sup>	12,757 12,887 13,155 13,304 13,453 13,734	74.3 74.4 74.5 74.6 74.6 74.6	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	8.8 8.7 8.6 8.7 8.8 8.9	24.0 23.6 23.2 22.8 22.8 23.4	23.2 22.9 23.0 22.8 22.3 21.9	18.5 18.8 19.0 19.0 19.3 19.1	13.5 13.7 13.8 13.9 13.8 13.8	11.9 12.2 12.5 12.8 13.0 13.0

<sup>1</sup> Provisions for Railroad Retirement beneficiaries are described in the section Social Security (Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance).
 <sup>2</sup> Based on 10-percent sample.
 <sup>3</sup> Less than 0.05 percent.

Table 5.B6.—Number and percentage distribution with and without reduction for early retirement, by **monthly benefit** and sex, December 2000<sup>1</sup>
[Based on 10-percent sample]

	Total		Without reducti for early retirem		With reduction for early retirem	
Monthly benefit and sex	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	28,505,990	100.0	8,186,360	100.0	20,319,630	100.0
Less than \$400.00	2,357,730	8.3	418,770	5.1	1,938,960	9.5
\$400.00-\$449.90	1,058,680	3.7	130,150	1.6	928,530	4.6
\$450.00-\$499.90	1,480,780	5.2	232,270	2.8	1,248,510	6.1
\$500.00-\$549.90	1,570,570	5.5 4.8	273,300	3.3 3.7	1,297,270	6.4 5.2
\$550.00-\$599.90 \$600.00-\$649.90	1,363,210 1,278,600	4.0	300,580 330,220	4.0	1,062,630 948,380	4.7
\$650.00-\$699.90	1,206,380	4.2	310,850	3.8	895,530	4.4
\$700.00-\$749.90	1,224,500	4.3	306,920	3.7	917,580	4.5
\$750.00-\$799.90	1,273,520	4.5	298,120	3.6	975,400	4.8
\$800.00-\$849.90	1,383,910	4.9	313,560	3.8	1,070,350	5.3
\$850.00-\$899.90	1,533,810	5.4	336,970	4.1	1,196,840	5.9
\$900.00–\$949.90 \$950.00–\$999.90	1,626,180 1,657,380	5.7 5.8	334,870 353,180	4.1 4.3	1,291,310 1,304,200	6.4 6.4
\$1,000.00-\$1,049.90	1,776,980	6.2	357,170	4.4	1,419,810	7.0
\$1,050.00-\$1,099.90	1,457,620	5.1	356,000	4.3	1,101,620	5.4
\$1,100.00-\$1,149.90	1,209,500	4.2	367,660	4.5	841,840	4.1
\$1,150.00-\$1,199.90	1,006,740	3.5	395,780	4.8	610,960	3.0
\$1,200.00-\$1,249.90	888,430	3.1	422,470	5.2	465,960	2.3
\$1,250.00–\$1,299.90 \$1,300.00 or more	785,550 2,365,920	2.8 8.3	455,940 1,891,580	5.6 23.1	329,610 474,340	1.6 2.3
		0.5		25.1		2.5
Average benefit, total	\$844.60		\$1,008.60		\$778.50	
Men	14,771,930	100.0	4,697,670	100.0	10,074,260	100.0
Less than \$400.00	932,830	6.3	189,250	4.0	743,580	7.4
\$400.00-\$449.90	284,680	1.9	46,830	1.0	237,850	2.4
\$450.00-\$499.90 \$500.00-\$549.90	335,840 353,180	2.3 2.4	80,150 85,670	1.7 1.8	255,690 267,510	2.5 2.7
\$550.00-\$599.90	379,360	2.4	87,510	1.0	291,850	2.9
\$600.00-\$649.90	413,290	2.8	94,510	2.0	318,780	3.2
\$650.00-\$699.90	453,080	3.1	95,720	2.0	357,360	3.5
\$700.00-\$749.90	515,130	3.5	103,690	2.2	411,440	4.1
\$750.00-\$799.90	595,610	4.0	111,120	2.4	484,490	4.8
\$800.00–\$849.90 \$850.00–\$899.90	702,260 848,350	4.8 5.7	126,830 144,510	2.7 3.1	575,430 703,840	5.7 7.0
\$900.00-\$949.90	978,620	6.6	153,380	3.3	825,240	8.2
\$950.00-\$999.90	1,068,170	7.2	178,740	3.8	889,430	8.8
\$1,000.00-\$1,049.90	1,244,070	8.4	197,510	4.2	1,046,560	10.4
\$1,050.00-\$1,099.90	1,037,330	7.0	214,900	4.6	822,430	8.2
\$1,100.00-\$1,149.90	869,490	5.9	246,630	5.3	622,860	6.2
\$1,150.00–\$1,199.90 \$1,200.00–\$1,249.90	726,840 652,480	4.9 4.4	287,910 322,080	6.1 6.9	438,930	4.4 3.3
\$1,250.00-\$1,249.90	581,460	4.4 3.9	360,810	7.7	330,400 220.650	2.2
\$1,300.00 or more	1,799,860	12.2	1,569,920	33.4	229,940	2.3
Average benefit, men	\$951.50		\$1,131.30		\$867.60	
Women	13,734,060	100.0	3,488,690	100.0	10,245,370	100.0
Less than \$400.00 \$400.00–\$449.90	1,424,900 774,000	10.4 5.6	229,520 83,320	6.6 2.4	1,195,380 690,680	11.7 6.7
\$450.00-\$499.90	1,144,940	8.3	152,120	4.4	992,820	9.7
\$500.00-\$549.90	1,217,390	8.9	187,630	5.4	1,029,760	10.1
\$550.00-\$599.90	983,850	7.2	213,070	6.1	770,780	7.5
\$600.00-\$649.90	865,310	6.3	235,710	6.8	629,600	6.1
\$650.00-\$699.90	753,300	5.5	215,130	6.2	538,170	5.3
\$700.00-\$749.90	709,370	5.2	203,230	5.8	506,140	4.9
\$750.00-\$799.90 \$800.00-\$849.90	677,910 681,650	4.9 5.0	187,000 186,730	5.4 5.4	490,910 494,920	4.8 4.8
\$850.00-\$899.90	685,460	5.0	192,460	5.5	493,000	4.8
\$900.00-\$949.90	647,560	4.7	181,490	5.2	466,070	4.5
\$950.00-\$999.90	589,210	4.3	174,440	5.0	414,770	4.0
\$1,000.00-\$1,049.90	532,910	3.9	159,660	4.6	373,250	3.6
\$1,050.00-\$1,099.90	420,290 340,010	3.1	141,100	4.0	279,190	2.7 2.1
\$1,100.00–\$1,149.90 \$1,150.00–\$1,199.90	279,900	2.5 2.0	121,030 107,870	3.5 3.1	218,980 172,030	2.1 1.7
\$1,200.00-\$1,249.90	235,950	1.7	100,390	2.9	135,560	1.3
\$1,250.00-\$1,299.90	204,090	1.5	95,130	2.7	108,960	1.1
\$1,300.00 or more	566,060	4.1	321,660	9.2	244,400	2.4
Average benefit, women	\$729.60		\$843.50		\$690.80	

<sup>1</sup> Provisions for Railroad Retirement beneficiaries are described in the section Social Security (Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance).

### Table 5.B7.—Number and percentage distribution with and without reduction for early retirement, by **primary insurance amount** and sex, December 2000<sup>1</sup>

[Based on 10-percent sample]

	Total		Without reduction for early retireme		With reduction for early retirem	
Primary insurance amount and sex	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	28,505,990	100.0	8,186,360	100.0	20,319,630	100.0
Less than \$400.00	3,593,350	12.6	718,650	8.8	2,874,700	14.1
\$400.00-\$449.90	914,800	3.2	194,020	2.4	720,780	3.5
\$450.00-\$499.90	1,408,900	4.9	317,960	3.9	1,090,940	5.4
\$500.00–\$549.90 \$550.00–\$599.90	1,322,630 1,217,530	4.6 4.3	299,590 292,740	3.7 3.6	1,023,040	5.0 4.6
\$600.00-\$649.90	1,285,820	4.5	311,610	3.8	924,790 974,210	4.0
\$650.00-\$699.90	1,148,970	4.0	290,570	3.5	858,400	4.2
\$700.00-\$749.90	1,120,780	3.9	299,560	3.7	821,220	4.0
\$750.00-\$799.90	1,078,100	3.8	301,590	3.7	776,510	3.8
\$800.00-\$849.90	1,055,230	3.7	305,480	3.7	749,750	3.7
\$850.00–\$899.90 \$900.00–\$949.90	1,075,550 1,045,090	3.8 3.7	320,130 306,980	3.9 3.7	755,420 738,110	3.7 3.6
\$950.00-\$999.90	1,090,930	3.8	328,550	4.0	762,380	3.8
\$1,000.00-\$1,049.90	1,115,940	3.9	333.560	4.1	782,380	3.9
\$1,050.00-\$1,099.90	1,171,480	4.1	335,820	4.1	835,660	4.1
\$1,100.00-\$1,149.90	1,313,320	4.6	367,740	4.5	945,580	4.7
\$1,150.00-\$1,199.90	1,325,490	4.6	414,460	5.1	911,030	4.5
\$1,200.00-\$1,249.90	1,430,200	5.0 5.4	466,730 492,460	5.7 6.0	963,470	4.7 5.1
\$1,250.00–\$1,299.90 \$1,300.00 or more	1,531,390 3,260,490	5.4 11.4	492,460 1.488.160	18.2	1,038,930 1,772,330	5.1 8.7
Average primary insurance amount, total	\$851.20		\$939.60		\$815.50	
Men	14,771,930	100.0	4,697,670	100.0	10,074,260	100.0
Less than \$400.00	712.940	4.8	200,270	4.3	512,670	5.1
\$400.00-\$449.90	184,320	1.2	51,640	1.1	132,680	1.3
\$450.00-\$499.90	291,940	2.0	86,750	1.8	205,190	2.0
\$500.00-\$549.90	296,550	2.0	87,100	1.9	209,450	2.1
\$550.00–\$599.90 \$600.00–\$649.90	298,320 333,240	2.0 2.3	88,400 97.030	1.9 2.1	209,920 236,210	2.1 2.3
\$650.00-\$699.90	335,730	2.3	96,170	2.1	239,560	2.3
\$700.00-\$749.90	370.010	2.5	106.020	2.3	263,990	2.6
\$750.00-\$799.90	397,790	2.7	113,290	2.4	284,500	2.8
\$800.00-\$849.90	447,330	3.0	129,630	2.8	317,700	3.2
\$850.00-\$899.90	514,100	3.5	147,440	3.1	366,660	3.6
\$900.00–\$949.90 \$950.00–\$999.90	566,280 661,780	3.8 4.5	155,530 186,440	3.3 4.0	410,750 475,340	4.1 4.7
	,	5.1		4.4		5.4
\$1,000.00-\$1,049.90 \$1,050.00-\$1,099.90	748,320 867,030	5.1	207,780 227,440	4.4 4.8	540,540 639,590	5.4 6.3
\$1,100.00-\$1,149.90	1,060,130	7.2	271.920	5.8	788,210	7.8
\$1,150.00-\$1,199.90	1,118,120	7.6	328,810	7.0	789,310	7.8
\$1,200.00-\$1,249.90	1,239,450	8.4	382,610	8.1	856,840	8.5
\$1,250.00-\$1,299.90	1,362,880	9.2	415,020	8.8	947,860	9.4
\$1,300.00 or more	2,965,670	20.1	1,318,380	28.1	1,647,290	16.4
Average primary insurance amount, men	\$1,041.80		\$1,089.80		\$1,019.50	
Women	13,734,060	100.0	3,488,690	100.0	10,245,370	100.0
Less than \$400.00	2,880,410	21.0	518,380	14.9	2,362,030	23.1
\$400.00-\$449.90 \$450.00-\$499.90	730,480 1,116,960	5.3 8.1	142,380 231,210	4.1 6.6	588,100 885,750	5.7 8.6
\$500.00-\$549.90	1,026,080	7.5	212,490	6.1	813,590	7.9
\$550.00-\$599.90	919,210	6.7	204,340	5.9	714,870	7.0
\$600.00-\$649.90	952,580	6.9	214,580	6.2	738,000	7.2
\$650.00-\$699.90	813,240	5.9	194,400	5.6	618,840	6.0
\$700.00-\$749.90	750,770	5.5	193,540	5.5	557,230	5.4
\$750.00–\$799.90 \$800.00–\$849.90	680,310 607,900	5.0 4.4	188,300 175,850	5.4 5.0	492,010 432,050	4.8 4.2
\$850.00-\$899.90	561,450	4.1	172,690	4.9	388,760	3.8
\$900.00-\$949.90	478,810	3.5	151,450	4.3	327,360	3.2
\$950.00-\$999.90	429,150	3.1	142,110	4.1	287,040	2.8
\$1,000.00-\$1,049.90	367,620	2.7	125,780	3.6	241,840	2.4
\$1,050.00-\$1,099.90	304,450	2.2	108,380	3.1	196,070	1.9
\$1,100.00–\$1,149.90 \$1,150.00–\$1,199.90	253,190 207,370	1.8 1.5	95,820 85,650	2.7 2.5	157,370 121,720	1.5 1.2
\$1,150.00-\$1,199.90	190,750	1.5	85,650	2.5	106,630	1.2
\$1,250.00-\$1,299.90	168,510	1.2	77,440	2.4	91,070	0.9
		2.1	169,780	4.9	125,040	1.2
\$1,300.00 or more	294,820	2.1	109,700	4.5	120,040	1.2

<sup>1</sup> Provisions for Railroad Retirement beneficiaries are described in the section Social Security (Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance).

Table 5.B8.—Number and average monthly benefit with and without reduction for early retirement, by sex, 1956–2000<sup>1</sup>

December         Without reduction for early retirement         With reduction for early retirement         Without reduction for early retirement         With out reduction for early retirement         With out reduction for early retirement           1956         5,112,430         4,997,401         115,029         2.2         \$63.10         \$63.40           1966         8,061,469         7,112,265         949,204         11.8         74.00         76.50           1970         13,349,175         7,282,295         6,066,880         45.4         118.10         130.20           1980         19,562,085         7,397,198         12,164,887         62.2         341.40         391.80           1980         24,439,300         7,20,959         14,710,971         65.6         478.60         581.20           1990         24,439,300         7,720,959         14,710,971         65.6         478.60         581.20           1991         25,288,719         7.940,233         17,737,284         68.9         652,60         805.40           1992         26,677,756         8,109,975         18,297,781         69.3         697.30         859.70           1994         26,607,756         8,109,975         19,297,72         719,80         885.60         1997.30<	
December         Total         for early retirement         Number         Percent         Total         for early retirement         fo	
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	\$48.20 55.80
1980	70.60
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	103.60 310.70
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	424.80
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	537.90
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	562.10 583.60
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	603.50
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	625.40
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	649.50
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	678.30 705.90
2000         28,498,945         8,179,425         20,319,520         71.3         844.50         1,008.40           Men           1956         3,572,271         3,572,271          \$68.20         \$68.20           1960         5,216,668         5,216,668          81.90         81.90           1965         6,825,078         5,389,166         1,435,912         21.0         92.60         96.10           1970         7,688,460         4,930,400         2,758,060         35.9         130.50         139.10           1980         10,460,735         4,586,539         5,874,196         54.8         380.20         419.60           1985         11,816,956         4,655,477         7,161,479         60.6         538.40         627.50           1990         12,983,832         4,592,911         8,390,921         64.6         679.30         803.60           1991         13,222,776         4,621,584         8,601,192         65.0         709.30         840.50           1992         13,470,502         4,649,446         8,821,056         65.5         735.50         872.50           1993         13,645,386         4,645,649         8,999,737 <t< th=""><th>720.30</th></t<>	720.30
Men           1956	744.40
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	778.50
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$79.40
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	115.30
199012,983,8324,592,9118,390,92164.6679.30803.60199113,222,7764,621,5848,601,19265.0709.30840.50199213,470,5024,649,4468,821,05665.5735.50872.50199313,645,3864,645,6498,999,73766.0759.30901.70199413,790,9974,639,0899,151,90866.4785.20932.80199513,913,5314,559,5359,353,99667.2810.20963.70	349.50
1991       13,222,776       4,621,584       8,601,192       65.0       709.30       840.50         1992       13,470,502       4,649,446       8,821,056       65.5       735.50       872.50         1993       13,645,386       4,645,649       8,999,737       66.0       759.30       901.70         1994       13,790,997       4,639,089       9,151,908       66.4       785.20       932.80         1995       13,913,531       4,559,535       9,353,996       67.2       810.20       963.70	480.50
1992         13,470,502         4,649,446         8,821,056         65.5         735.50         872.50           1993         13,645,386         4,645,649         8,999,737         66.0         759.30         901.70           1994         13,790,997         4,639,089         9,151,908         66.4         785.20         932.80           1995         13,913,531         4,559,535         9,353,996         67.2         810.20         963.70	611.20
1993       13,645,386       4,645,649       8,999,737       66.0       759.30       901.70         1994       13,790,997       4,639,089       9,151,908       66.4       785.20       932.80         1995       13,913,531       4,559,535       9,353,996       67.2       810.20       963.70	638.90 663.30
1995	685.80
	710.50
	735.40
1996         14,010,875         4,478,565         9,532,310         68.0         838.10         997.80           1997         14,116,818         4.371,503         9.745,315         69.0         860.50         1,025.10	763.10
1997         14,116,818         4,371,503         9,745,315         69.0         860.50         1,025.10           1998         14,200,826         4,371,895         9,828,931         69.2         876.90         1,044.50	786.60 802.40
1999	829.30
2000 14,767,170 4,690,652 10,076,518 68.2 951.10 1,131.10	867.20
Women	
1956	\$48.20
1960         2,844,801         1,895,597         949,204         33.4         59.70         61.60           1965         4,275,506         2,192,220         2,083,286         48.7         70.10         75.40	55.80
1965	64.50 93.80
<u>1980</u> <u>9,101,350</u> <u>2,810,659</u> <u>6,290,691</u> <u>69.1</u> <u>296.80</u> <u>346.50</u>	274.60
1985 10,614,974 3,065,482 7,549,492 71.1 412.10 511.00	372.00
1990         11,854,268         3,247,328         8,606,940         72.6         518.60         656.80           1004         10,854,268         3,247,328         8,606,940         72.6         518.60         656.80	466.40
1991         12,065,943         3,306,543         8,759,400         72.6         541.60         687.00           1992         12,287,225         3,370,997         8,916,228         72.6         561.80         712.90	486.80 504.70
1993	521.50
1994         12,616,759         3,470,886         9,145,873         72.5         601.30         762.10	540.20
1995	563.80
1996         12,887,197         3,305,513         9,581,684         74.4         643.70         788.00           1997         13,157,754         3,301,783         9.855,971         74.9         662.50         771.30	593.90 626.10
1997         13,157,754         3,301,783         9,855,971         74.9         662.50         771.30           1998         13,309,709         3,327,769         9,981,940         75.0         675.90         785.40	626.10 639.50
1999	661.00
2000 13,731,775 3,488,773 10,243,002 74.6 729.90 843.40	691.20

<sup>1</sup> Provisions for Railroad Retirement beneficiaries are described in the section Social Security (Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance).

### Table 5.B9.—Number and percentage distribution, by monthly benefit, age, and sex, December 2000

[Based on 10-percent sample]

				Ag	e attained during	2000		
Monthly benefit	Total	62–64	65–69	70–74	75–79	80–84	85–89	90 or older
Total number (in thousands)	28,506	2,553	7,285	6,636	Total 5,473	3,623	1,985	951
Total percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Less than \$400.00	8.3	10.9	8.7	8.2	8.1	7.5	6.7	7.9
\$400.00-\$449.90	3.7	5.0	3.5	3.8	4.1	3.0	2.6	2.8
\$450.00-\$499.90	5.2	6.3	5.4	5.9	5.3	4.0	3.3	3.7
\$500.00-\$549.90	5.5	8.4	6.6	5.6	4.7	4.1	3.4	4.0
\$550.00-\$599.90	4.8 4.5	7.0	5.2 4.9	4.8 4.6	4.4 4.3	3.9	3.5	4.0
\$600.00–\$649.90 \$650.00–\$699.90		5.1 4.3	4.9	4.8	4.3	3.8 3.9	3.8 3.9	4.4 4.7
\$700.00-\$749.90	4.3	3.9	4.4	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.7	5.9
\$750.00-\$799.90	4.5	3.9	4.0	4.1	4.5	4.9	5.8	7.6
\$800.00-\$849.90	4.9	3.8	4.1	4.4	5.0	5.8	6.5	8.5
\$850.00-\$899.90	5.4	3.7	4.2	4.7	6.0	7.6	6.9	8.6
\$900.00-\$949.90	5.7	3.7	4.3	5.2	8.1	6.7	6.2	7.1
\$950.00-\$999.90	5.8	3.7	4.6	6.6	7.2	6.0	5.8	6.8
\$1,000.00-\$1,049.90	6.2	4.1	6.6	7.9	5.7	5.5	5.2	5.6
\$1,050.00-\$1,099.90	5.1 4.2	5.4 7.0	6.5	5.0 3.5	4.1 4.0	4.6	4.1 3.4	4.1 2.5
\$1,100.00-\$1,149.90 \$1,150.00-\$1,199.90	3.5	6.2	4.6 3.0	3.1	3.8	4.3 4.0	3.0	1.7
\$1,200.00-\$1,249.90	3.1	4.1	2.8	3.2	3.2	3.4	2.9	1.4
\$1,250.00-\$1,299.90	2.8	2.4	2.9	2.8	2.5	3.1	3.5	1.3
\$1,300.00 or more	8.3	1.2	9.2	8.5	7.1	9.8	14.8	7.3
Average benefit	<b>\$844.60</b>	<b>\$766.10</b>	<b>\$836.20</b>	<b>\$842.20</b>	<b>\$839.70</b>	<b>\$884.00</b>	<b>\$927.70</b>	<b>\$841.20</b>
				• • •	Men			
Total number (in thousands)	14,772	1,330	4,076	3,631	2,855	1,734	828	318
Total percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Less than \$400.00	6.3	7.6	6.4	6.0	6.2	6.5	5.9	6.8
\$400.00-\$449.90	1.9	2.4	1.7	1.9	2.0	1.9	1.9	2.5
\$450.00-\$499.90	2.3	2.4	2.1	2.3	2.4	2.2	2.3	3.0
\$500.00-\$549.90	2.4	2.5	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.3	2.2	3.1
\$550.00–\$599.90	2.6	2.7	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.4	2.4	3.2
\$600.00–\$649.90	2.8	2.9	2.7	2.8	2.9	2.7	2.8	3.3
\$650.00-\$699.90	3.1	3.2	3.0	3.0	3.1	3.1	2.9	3.7
\$700.00-\$749.90	3.5	3.5	3.3	3.5	3.6	3.5	3.6	4.6
\$750.00-\$799.90	4.0	3.8	3.7	3.9	4.1	4.3	5.0	7.0
\$800.00–\$849.90	4.8	4.1	4.1	4.4	5.1	5.8	5.7	7.4
\$850.00–\$899.90	5.7	4.4	4.6	5.1	6.7	9.0	6.1	7.0
\$900.00-\$949.90	6.6	4.7	5.0	6.0	10.4	7.5	5.7	7.0
\$950.00-\$999.90	7.2	5.1	5.7	8.7	9.4	6.5	5.4	8.0
\$1,000.00-\$1,049.90	8.4	6.0	9.3	11.3	7.1	6.2	5.0	7.2
\$1,050.00-\$1,099.90	7.0	8.5	9.7	6.8	4.9	5.3	4.1	5.5
\$1,100.00-\$1,149.90	5.9	11.7	6.8	4.5	4.9	5.3	3.9	3.5
\$1,150.00-\$1,199.90	4.9	10.8	4.2	4.0	4.9	5.2	3.6	2.1
\$1,200.00-\$1,249.90	4.4	7.4	3.9	4.4	4.3	4.3	3.8	1.9
\$1,250.00-\$1,299.90	3.9	4.4	4.3	3.9	3.3	3.8	4.9	1.7
\$1,300.00 or more	12.2	2.0	14.6	12.7	9.7	12.3	22.8	11.4
Average benefit	\$951.50	\$913.70	\$964.40	\$955.30	\$927.00	\$953.40	\$1,025.80	\$916.60
				W	/omen			
Total number (in thousands)	13,734	1,223	3,209	3,005	2,618	1,889	1,157	633
Total percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Less than \$400.00	10.5	14.5	11.5	10.9	10.2	8.4	7.3	8.5
\$400.00-\$449.90	5.5	7.9	5.9	6.0	6.3	4.1	3.1	2.9
\$450.00-\$499.90	8.3	10.5	9.5	10.3	8.4	5.7	4.1	4.1
\$500.00-\$549.90	8.9	14.7	12.0	9.4	7.1	5.7	4.2	4.4
\$550.00-\$599.90	7.2	11.7	8.6	7.4	6.4	5.2	4.4	4.4
\$600.00-\$649.90	6.3	7.5	7.6	6.7	5.8	4.9	4.6	5.0
\$650.00-\$699.90	5.5	5.5	6.5	5.8	5.1	4.6	4.7	5.1
\$700.00-\$749.90	5.5	4.5	5.7	5.0	4.8	4.0	5.4	6.6
\$750.00-\$799.90	4.9	3.9	4.5	4.4	4.8	5.4	6.3	8.0
\$800.00-\$849.90	5.0	3.4	4.1	4.3	5.0	5.8	7.1	9.1
\$850.00-\$899.90 \$900.00-\$949.90	5.0	2.9	3.8	4.2	5.2	6.3	7.4	9.4
\$900.00-\$949.90	4.7	2.6	3.4	4.2	5.6	6.1	6.5	7.2
\$950.00-\$999.90	4.3	2.2	3.1	4.0	4.9	5.5	6.1	6.2
\$1,000.00-\$1,049.90	3.9	2.0	3.2	3.8	4.1	4.9	5.3	4.8
\$1,050.00-\$1,099.90	3.1	2.0	2.5	2.9	3.3	4.0	4.1	3.4
\$1,100.00-\$1,149.90	2.5	2.0	1.9	2.2	2.9	3.4	3.0	2.0
\$1,150.00-\$1,199.90	2.0	1.2	1.5	2.0	2.5	2.9	2.6	1.5
\$1,200.00-\$1,249.90	1.7	.6	1.3	1.8	2.0	2.5	2.3	1.2
\$1,250.00–\$1,299.90	1.5	.3	1.2	1.4	1.6	2.4	2.5	1.2
\$1,300.00 or more	4.1	.2	2.4	3.3	4.2	7.4	9.1	5.2
Average benefit	\$729.60	\$605.50	\$673.30	\$705.50	\$744.60	\$820.30	\$857.40	\$803.40

Table 5.C1.—Number and percentage distribution, by type of benefit and primary insurance amount, December 2000<sup>1</sup>

[Based on 10-percent sample]

	Retired work	ers	Wives and h	usbands	Child	ren
Primary insurance amount	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	28,505,990	100.0	2,797,170	100.0	457,960	100.0
Less than \$300.00	1,904,920	6.7	76,120	2.7	14,300	3.1
\$300.00-\$349.90	1,025,870	3.6	33,920	1.2	7,090	1.5
\$350.00-\$399.90	662,560	2.3	25,300	.9	5,970	1.3
\$400.00-\$449.90	914,800	3.2	36,640	1.3	7,260	1.6
\$450.00-\$499.90	1,408,900	4.9	54,640	2.0	15,390	3.4
\$500.00-\$549.90	1,322,630	4.6	54,480	1.9	15,570	3.4
\$550.00-\$599.90	1,217,530	4.3	53,690	1.9	16,170	3.5
\$600.00-\$649.90	1,285,820	4.5	57,490	2.1	16,450	3.6
\$650.00-\$699.90	1,148,970	4.0	58,730	2.1	17,180	3.8
\$700.00-\$749.90	1.120.780	3.9	64.000	2.3	18.160	4.0
\$750.00-\$799.90	1,078,100	3.8	67,970	2.4	19,150	4.2
\$800.00-\$849.90	1,055,230	3.7	75,840	2.7	18,250	4.0
\$850.00-\$899.90	1,075,550	3.8	87,300	3.1	20,430	4.5
\$900.00-\$949.90	1.045.090	3.7	93.910	3.4	19.540	4.3
\$950.00-\$999.90	1,090,930	3.8	111,380	4.0	20,740	4.5
\$1,000.00-\$1,049.90	1,115,940	3.9	125,570	4.5	20,700	4.5
\$1,050.00-\$1,099.90	1,171,480	4.1	152,760	5.5	21,980	4.8
\$1,100.00-\$1,149.90	1,313,320	4.6	204.700	7.3	24.120	5.3
\$1,150.00-\$1,199.90	1,325,490	4.6	227,980	8.2	23,540	5.1
\$1,200.00-\$1,249.90	1,430,200	5.0	257,030	9.2	27,200	5.9
\$1,250.00-\$1,299.90	1,531,390	5.4	284,760	10.2	31,310	6.8
\$1,300.00 or more	3,260,490	11.4	592,960	21.2	77,460	16.9
Average primary insurance amount	\$8	51.20	\$	61,057.50	\$	957.60

<sup>1</sup> Provisions for Railroad Retirement beneficiaries are described in the section Social Security (Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance).

### Table 5.C2.—Average monthly benefit, by type of benefit and sex, 1940–2000

	Re	tired workers			Wives				Childr	en	
December	Total	Men	Women	Total	Entitled solely by age <sup>1</sup>	Entitled because of children <sup>2</sup>	Husbands	Total	Under age18	Disabled, aged 18 or older	Students
1940 1941 1942 1943 1944	\$22.60 22.70 23.02 23.42 23.73	\$23.17 23.32 23.71 24.17 24.48	\$18.37 18.48 18.73 19.06 19.35	\$12.13 12.11 12.28 12.49 12.63	\$12.13 12.11 12.28 12.49 12.63	· · · · · · · · · ·	···· ··· ···	\$12.22 12.19 12.24 12.31 12.38	\$12.22 12.19 12.24 12.31 12.38	···· ··· ···	···· ··· ···
1945 1946 1947 1948 1948 1949	24.19 24.55 24.90 25.35 26.00	24.94 25.30 25.68 26.21 26.92	19.51 19.64 19.91 20.11 20.58	12.82 12.99 13.17 13.42 13.76	12.82 12.99 13.17 13.42 13.76	···· ··· ···	···· ···· ····	12.45 12.57 12.77 12.99 13.18	12.45 12.57 12.77 12.99 13.18	···· ··· ···	···· ··· ···
1950 1951 1952 1953 1954	43.86 42.14 49.25 51.10 59.14	45.67 44.44 52.16 54.46 63.34	35.05 33.03 39.17 40.66 47.05	23.60 22.75 26.01 27.08 31.81	23.79 23.16 26.48 27.53 32.36	\$12.85 14.33 16.33 17.97 21.11	\$20.01 19.49 22.31 23.10 26.61	17.05 13.37 14.67 15.79 18.53	17.05 13.37 14.67 15.79 18.53	···· ···· ···	· · · · · · · · · ·
1955 1956 1957 1958 1959	61.90 63.09 64.58 66.35 72.78	66.40 68.23 70.47 72.74 80.11	49.93 51.16 52.23 53.55 58.81	33.12 33.76 34.41 35.11 38.24	33.63 34.22 34.89 35.59 38.68	22.96 23.64 24.21 25.12 29.39	27.27 27.90 29.39 30.45 33.85	20.01 20.63 21.89 22.99 27.34	20.01 20.63 20.90 21.66 25.61	\$31.55 32.00 35.08	· · · · · · · · · ·
1960 1961 1962 1963 1964	74.04 75.65 76.19 76.88 77.57	81.87 83.13 83.79 84.69 85.58	59.67 62.00 62.61 63.42 64.28	38.74 39.47 39.64 39.95 40.24	39.19 40.09 40.35 40.66 40.95	30.15 29.45 29.55 29.94 30.16	34.72 36.61 37.05 37.64 38.18	28.25 27.52 27.39 27.85 28.13	26.38 25.56 25.44 25.76 25.86	35.70 36.22 36.35 36.84 37.34	· · · · · · · · · ·
1965	83.92	92.59	70.07	43.64	44.41	32.60	41.69	31.98	28.27	40.64	\$46.75
1966	84.35	93.26	70.79	43.82	44.60	32.64	42.21	32.72	28.18	41.03	45.05
1967	85.37	94.49	71.92	44.25	45.01	32.92	42.79	33.10	28.34	41.49	45.07
1968	98.86	109.08	84.24	51.22	52.13	37.66	49.29	38.12	32.44	47.79	51.08
1969	100.40	110.96	85.71	51.89	52.81	38.00	49.90	38.63	32.79	48.46	51.33
1970	118.10	130.53	101.22	61.20	62.41	43.23	58.47	44.85	37.72	56.79	59.46
1971	132.17	146.13	113.60	68.36	69.82	47.07	65.25	49.36	41.08	62.57	65.93
1972	162.35	179.44	140.11	84.11	86.07	56.10	79.97	59.90	49.44	75.91	80.13
1973	166.40	182.60	145.80	84.80	86.80	56.80	80.80	61.10	50.30	77.00	82.70
1974	188.20	206.56	165.47	95.77	98.08	64.24	90.90	69.63	57.10	86.61	94.21
1975	207.18	227.75	181.80	105.21	107.74	70.72	99.07	77.42	63.13	94.75	103.88
1976	224.86	247.70	197.08	114.15	116.82	77.29	106.68	85.64	69.55	102.81	113.92
1977	243.00	268.40	212.60	123.30	126.20	84.20	100.90	94.90	76.90	112.30	124.60
1978	263.20	291.60	229.70	133.10	136.00	91.70	106.00	104.70	85.10	121.70	138.40
1979	294.30	326.80	256.50	148.80	151.90	102.90	116.00	119.20	97.00	137.10	157.20
1980	341.40	380.20	296.80	172.50	176.00	120.40	132.10	140.00	114.30	159.80	184.00
1981	386.00	431.10	334.50	195.40	199.20	138.20	145.90	161.40	131.10	182.20	210.60
1982	419.30	469.60	362.20	213.60	216.90	148.80	156.00	165.00	145.90	198.40	179.70
1983	440.80	495.00	379.60	226.50	229.50	151.30	160.90	175.80	163.20	210.10	153.50
1984	460.60	517.80	396.50	237.20	240.30	156.70	165.80	185.50	170.60	220.80	149.90
1985	478.60	538.40	412.10	247.20	250.30	161.90	169.50	197.60	177.40	230.80	232.30
1986	488.50	549.80	420.50	252.70	255.70	165.10	170.40	203.80	182.50	236.80	241.20
1987	512.70	577.50	441.20	265.40	268.40	174.00	175.90	215.90	192.70	249.90	252.60
1988	536.80	604.90	462.00	278.00	281.00	182.40	181.50	227.70	201.60	263.30	265.40
1989	566.90	638.90	487.90	293.80	296.80	194.00	189.10	242.40	213.80	279.30	283.70
1990	602.60	679.30	518.60	312.30	315.40	208.10	198.20	259.40	228.50	298.30	300.90
1991	629.30	709.30	541.60	326.10	329.20	219.40	203.30	272.70	240.60	312.90	306.70
1992	652.60	735.50	561.80	337.90	341.00	229.30	208.20	285.20	252.30	326.00	322.20
1993	674.10	759.30	580.70	348.80	351.80	238.70	212.10	296.80	263.10	338.00	333.40
1994	697.30	785.20	610.30	360.50	363.60	248.60	216.40	309.30	275.00	351.10	349.60
1995	719.80	810.20	621.20	371.90	375.00	256.70	220.80	321.50	286.70	363.80	360.30
1996	745.00	838.10	643.70	385.10	387.70	277.30	225.70	337.10	303.00	378.40	374.70
1997	765.00	860.50	662.50	394.70	397.20	286.40	228.80	349.00	314.90	389.80	388.40
1998	779.70	876.90	675.90	401.70	404.00	294.90	230.50	358.40	324.30	399.00	398.00
1999	804.30	904.60	697.50	413.00	415.30	307.50	234.50	372.40	338.90	413.00	417.30
2000	844.50	951.10	729.90	431.30	433.50	328.90	242.70	394.80	363.40	433.70	444.40

Aged 62 or older. Includes wives aged 65 or older with children.
 <sup>2</sup> Under age 65 with entitled children in their care.

Table 5.D1.—Number, percent, and average monthly benefit, by year of entitlement as disabled worker and sex, December 2000<sup>1</sup>

[Based on 10-percent sample]

				1			1 - 1					
		Tot	al			M	en			Wor	men	
Year of entitlement	Number as of December 2000	Percentage distribution	Cumulative percent <sup>2</sup>	Average monthly benefit	Number as of December 2000	Percentage distribution	Cumulative percent <sup>2</sup>	Average monthly benefit	Number as of December 2000	Percentage distribution	Cumulative percent <sup>2</sup>	Average monthly benefit
Total	5,035,840	100.0		\$787.00	2,856,870	100.0		\$883.00	2,178,970	100.0		\$661.10
1995–2000 1990–1994 1985–1989 1980–1984	2,334,220 1,504,830 619,020 286,440	46.4 29.9 12.3 5.7	···· ···· ···	816.50 762.70 744.00 713.20	1,258,250 839,140 372,360 188,270	44.0 29.4 13.0 6.6	···· ····	932.30 862.10 823.10 767.80	1,075,970 665,690 246,660 98,170	49.4 30.6 11.3 4.5	· · · · · · · · ·	681.00 637.30 624.50 608.40
1975–1979 1970–1974 1965–1969 1960–1964	178,630 87,810 22,950 1,940	3.5 1.7 .5 (3)	···· ···· ···	897.10 778.40 656.80 640.10	120,120 60,370 16,960 1,400	4.2 2.1 .6 (3)	···· ···· ····	950.60 807.50 666.80 622.50	58,510 27,440 5,990 540	2.7 1.3 .3 (3)	···· ··· ···	787.40 714.40 628.50 685.70
2000	252,370	5.0	5.0	894.40	143,370	5.0	5.0	1,014.40	109,000	5.0	5.0	736.40
1999	426,550	8.5	13.5	842.20	230,040	8.1	13.1	959.90	196,510	9.0	14.0	704.40
1998	449,900	8.9	22.4	813.60	240,530	8.4	21.5	929.20	209,370	9.6	23.6	680.70
1997	427,160	8.5	30.9	795.10	227,610	8.0	29.5	907.60	199,550	9.2	32.8	666.80
1996	404,590	8.0	38.9	789.00	217,260	7.6	37.1	904.10	187,330	8.6	41.4	655.60
1995	373,650	7.4	46.4	792.20	199,440	7.0	44.0	904.20	174,210	8.0	49.4	664.00
1994	357,840	7.1	53.5	785.60	192,650	6.7	50.8	898.80	165,190	7.6	57.0	653.70
1993	328,190	6.5	60.0	766.00	180,130	6.3	57.1	873.30	148,060	6.8	63.8	635.40
1992	310,290	6.2	66.1	754.00	174,260	6.1	63.2	849.40	136,030	6.2	70.0	631.70
1991	282,430	5.6	71.7	747.70	161,110	5.6	68.8	837.80	121,320	5.6	75.6	628.10
1990	226,080	4.5	76.2	752.10	130,990	4.6	73.4	839.70	95,090	4.4	79.9	631.50
1989	168,840	3.4	79.6	754.10	98,150	3.4	76.9	840.10	70,690	3.2	83.2	634.70
1988	136,880	2.7	82.3	759.50	81,290	2.8	79.7	846.00	55,590	2.6	85.7	633.10
1987	115,650	2.3	84.6	753.00	70,040	2.5	82.1	833.90	45,610	2.1	87.8	628.70
1986	105,370	2.1	86.7	728.40	64,810	2.3	84.4	802.20	40,560	1.9	89.7	610.30
1985	92,280	1.8	88.5	708.90	58,070	2.0	86.4	772.80	34,210	1.6	91.3	600.60
1984	80,860	1.6	90.1	694.30	51,840	1.8	88.3	752.60	29,020	1.3	92.6	590.30
1983	64,590	1.3	91.4	695.80	42,660	1.5	89.8	747.00	21,930	1.0	93.6	596.20
1982	52,990	1.1	92.5	698.90	34,960	1.2	91.0	751.30	18,030	.8	94.4	597.40
1981	43,820	.9	93.3	730.30	29,130	1.0	92.0	784.20	14,690	.7	95.1	623.60
1980	44,180	.9	94.2	773.10	29,680	1.0	93.0	827.70	14,500	.7	95.8	661.40
1979	39,980	.8	95.0	882.10	26,770	.9	94.0	941.10	13,210	.6	96.4	762.60
1978	36,430	.7	95.7	953.10	24,460	.9	94.8	1,005.10	11,970	.5	96.9	846.90
1977	34,890	.7	96.4	921.70	23,030	.8	95.6	984.20	11,860	.5	97.5	800.40
1976	35,930	.7	97.1	886.80	24,320	.9	96.5	939.50	11,610	.5	98.0	776.40
1975	31,400	.6	97.8	835.80	21,540	.8	97.2	877.20	9,860	.5	98.4	745.60
1974	26,550	.5	98.3	816.10	18,040	.6	97.9	851.50	8,510	.4	98.8	741.00
1973	22,250	.4	98.7	772.60	14,770	.5	98.4	809.00	7,480	.3	99.2	700.80
1972	15,160	.3	99.0	773.80	10,530	.4	98.8	805.20	4,630	.2	99.4	702.30
1971	13,330	.3	99.3	764.30	9,450	.3	99.1	782.40	3,880	.2	99.6	720.10
1970	10,520	.2	99.5	720.20	7,580	.3	99.4	734.50	2,940	.1	99.7	683.50
1969	7,970	.2	99.7	672.40	5,850	.2	99.6	680.20	2,120	.1	99.8	651.10
1968	10,060	.2	99.9	628.90	7,440	.3	99.8	640.50	2,620	.1	99.9	596.00
1967	2,490	(3)	99.9	706.10	1,930	.1	99.9	722.00	560	(3)	99.9	651.50
1966	1,320	(3)	99.9	670.70	950	(3)	99.9	682.10	370	(3)	100.0	641.20
1965	1,110	(3)	100.0	669.90	790	(3)	100.0	662.10	320	(3)	100.0	689.30

Provisions for Railroad Retirement beneficiaries are described in the section Social Security (Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance).
 Represents those entitled in specified year or later.
 Less than 0.05 percent.

### Table 5.D2.—Number and percentage distribution, by monthly benefit and sex, December 2000<sup>1</sup>

[Based on 10-percent sample]

	Total		Men		Women	
Monthly benefit	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	5,035,840	100.0	2,856,870	100.0	2,178,970	100.0
Less than \$300.00	218,230	4.3	71,270	2.5	146,960	6.7
\$300.00-\$349.90	108,500	2.2	37,750	1.3	70,750	3.2
\$350.00-\$399.90	113,190	2.2	39,830	1.4	73,360	3.4
\$400.00-\$449.90	166,760	3.3	60,000	2.1	106,760	4.9
\$450.00-\$499.90	329,560	6.5	119,940	4.2	209,620	9.6
\$500.00-\$549.90	355,760	7.1	142,280	5.0	213,480	9.8
\$550.00-\$599.90	349,680	6.9	151,030	5.3	198,650	9.1
\$600.00-\$649.90	342,960	6.8	161,170	5.6	181,790	8.3
\$650.00-\$699.90	318,460	6.3	159,040	5.6	159,420	7.3
\$700.00-\$749.90	292,130	5.8	154,710	5.4	137,420	6.3
\$750.00-\$799.90	269,820	5.4	152,120	5.3	117,700	5.4
\$800.00-\$849.90	245,140	4.9	146,060	5.1	99,080	4.5
\$850.00-\$899.90	229,330	4.6	144,520	5.1	84,810	3.9
\$900.00-\$949.90	205,620	4.1	135,970	4.8	69,650	3.2
\$950.00-\$999.90	190,040	3.8	130,930	4.6	59,110	2.7
\$1,000.00-\$1,049.90	171,550	3.4	123,010	4.3	48,540	2.2
\$1,050.00-\$1,099.90	152,370	3.0	113,520	4.0	38,850	1.8
\$1,100.00-\$1,149.90	138,500	2.8	106,910	3.7	31,590	1.4
\$1,150.00-\$1,199.90	133,400	2.6	106,630	3.7	26,770	1.2
\$1,200.00-\$1,249.90	142,960	2.8	117,030	4.1	25,930	1.2
\$1,250.00-\$1,299.90	158,190	3.1	132,190	4.6	26,000	1.2
\$1,300.00 or more	403,690	8.0	350,960	12.3	52,730	2.4
Average benefit	\$787.00		\$883.0	00	\$661.10	

<sup>1</sup> Provisions for Railroad Retirement beneficiaries are described in the section Social Security (Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance).

### Table 5.D3.—Number and monthly benefits, by sex, 1957–2000<sup>1</sup>

[Monthly benefits, in thousands]

	Total		Men		Women	
December	Number	Benefit	Number	Benefit	Number	Benefit
1957	149,850	\$10,904	121,172	\$8,903	28,678	\$2,001
1958	237,719	19,516	189,883	16,138	47,836	3,378
1959	334,443	29,765	264,201	24,417	70,242	5,348
1960	455,371	40,668	356,277	33,034	99,094	7,633
1965	988,074	96,599	734,047	74,946	254,027	21,656
1970	1,492,948	196,010	1,068,986	148,194	423,962	47,819
1975	2,488,774	562,180	1,710,923	418,013	777,851	144,167
1980	2,858,680	1,059,792	1,928,030	784,266	930,650	275,525
1981	2,776,519	1,147,113	1,870,436	849,599	906,083	297,513
1982	2,603,599	1,147,131	1,745,492	847,512	858,107	299,619
1983	2,569,029	1,171,957	1,730,947	870,075	838,082	301,882
1984	2,596,516	1,222,081	1,747,536	906,985	848,980	315,096
1985	2,656,638	1,285,375	1,784,750	953,156	871,888	332,219
1986	2,728,463	1,331,144	1,826,835	985,003	901,628	346,141
1987	2,785,859	1,415,811	1,857,172	1,044,647	928,687	371,165
1988	2,830,284	1,498,637	1,876,878	1,101,675	953,406	396,962
1989	2,895,364	1,609,780	1,906,379	1,176,403	988,985	433,376
1990	3,011,294	1,768,313	1,967,408	1,283,579	1,043,886	484,735
1991	3,194,938	1,946,823	2,067,777	1,401,006	1,127,161	545,817
1992	3,467,783	2,171,080	2,219,789	1,546,924	1,247,994	624,156
1993	3,725,966	2,390,829	2,357,332	1,685,025	1,368,634	705,804
1994	3,962,954	2,620,982	2,473,061	1,824,195	1,489,893	796,787
1995	4,185,263	2,853,365	2,568,359	1,956,168	1,616,904	897,197
1996	4,385,623	3,087,223	2,644,454	2,083,123	1,741,169	1,004,100
1997	4,508,134	3,252,919	2,666,486	2,158,017	1,841,648	1,094,902
1998	4,698,319	3,444,259	2,737,296	2,252,129	1,961,023	1,192,130
1999	4,879,455	3,679,691	2,801,163	2,371,141	2,078,292	1,308,550
2000	5,042,334	3,965,304	2.856.411	2.521.252	2.185.923	1,444,052

<sup>1</sup> Provisions for Railroad Retirement beneficiaries are described in the section Social Security (Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance).

#### Table 5.D4.—Number, average age, and percentage distribution, by age and sex, 1957–2000

	Total				Perc	entage distrib	ution, by age			
December <sup>1</sup>	number <sup>2</sup> (in thousands)	Average age	Total	Under 30	30–39	40–44	45–49	50–54	55–59	60–64
					Men					
1957 1958 1959 1960	. 190 . 264	59.4 59.5 59.3 57.3	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	0.5	3.3	3.0	4.9	18.5 18.2 19.0 16.6	29.9 29.7 30.7 26.7	51.6 52.1 50.3 44.9
1965 1970 1975	. 1,069	54.4 53.9 53.5	100.0 100.0 100.0	1.0 3.3 4.6	7.5 6.8 7.5	7.6 6.9 6.2	10.4 10.9 9.7	15.4 15.2 15.8	24.7 23.2 23.2	33.3 33.7 33.0
1980 1982 1983 1984	. 1,746 . 1,731	52.9 53.2 52.9 52.5	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	4.1 4.0 4.2 4.4	9.6 9.7 10.4 11.3	6.0 5.8 6.3 6.8	8.9 7.8 8.0 8.3	14.3 13.6 13.0 12.8	24.0 23.6 23.1 22.2	33.1 35.5 35.0 34.2
1985 1986 1987 1988 <sup>3</sup> 1989	1,827 1,857 1,869	51.9 51.4 51.1 50.9 50.7	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	4.6 4.9 4.8 4.7 4.5	12.3 13.3 13.8 14.3 14.7	7.3 7.9 8.5 9.0 9.6	8.6 8.9 9.4 9.8 10.3	12.9 12.7 12.5 12.7 12.7	21.4 20.7 20.1 19.6 19.4	32.9 31.5 30.8 29.9 28.8
1990 <sup>3</sup> 1991 <sup>3</sup> 1992 <sup>3</sup> 1993 <sup>3</sup> 1994 <sup>3</sup>	. 2,066 . 2,221 . 2,358	50.4 50.1 49.9 49.6 49.6	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	4.5 4.5 4.6 4.6 4.3	15.2 15.6 16.0 16.2 16.1	10.3 10.7 11.0 11.2 11.4	10.7 11.2 12.0 12.3 12.8	12.7 13.0 13.4 13.9 14.2	19.1 18.6 18.0 17.9 17.8	27.5 26.4 25.0 23.9 23.4
1995 <sup>3</sup> 1996 <sup>3</sup> 1997 <sup>3</sup> 1998 <sup>3</sup> 1999 <sup>3</sup> 2000 <sup>3</sup>	. 2,650 . 2,671 . 2,741 2,802	49.7 49.9 50.2 50.5 50.6 50.7	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	4.0 3.6 3.3 3.1 2.9 2.8	15.5 14.8 13.9 13.3 12.6 11.8	11.5 11.6 11.6 11.6 11.6 11.5	13.4 13.7 13.6 13.7 13.8 13.9	14.5 15.0 15.7 16.1 16.7 17.3	18.0 18.3 18.9 19.4 19.7 20.0	23.2 22.9 23.0 22.9 22.9 22.9
					Women					
1957 1958 1959 1960	. 48 . 70	57.9 58.2 58.4 56.7	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	  0.3	 3.2	 3.2	 5.3	25.6 23.8 23.4 19.4	39.2 37.5 36.8 31.4	35.2 38.6 39.7 37.2
1965 1970 1975	. 424	55.2 55.0 54.4	100.0 100.0 100.0	.6 1.9 3.3	5.4 5.1 6.1	6.3 5.6 5.3	9.8 10.1 9.0	16.2 15.9 16.3	27.3 26.0 25.5	34.3 35.3 34.5
1980 1982 1983 1984	. 858 . 838	53.7 53.9 53.6 53.2	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	3.4 3.3 3.5 3.7	8.2 8.5 9.3 10.2	5.3 5.1 5.7 6.3	8.2 7.2 7.5 7.8	14.4 13.7 12.9 12.8	25.4 25.2 24.3 23.2	35.0 37.0 36.8 36.0
1985 1986 1987 1988 <sup>3</sup> 1989	. 902 . 929 . 952 . 980	52.6 52.0 51.7 51.4 51.1	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	3.8 4.1 4.2 4.0 4.0	11.2 12.1 12.7 13.1 13.5	6.9 7.6 8.2 8.7 9.2	8.3 8.8 9.4 9.9 10.6	12.9 12.9 12.9 13.2 13.4	22.3 21.6 20.9 20.6 20.1	34.6 32.9 31.7 30.5 29.2
1990 <sup>3</sup> 1991 <sup>3</sup> 1992 <sup>3</sup> 1993 <sup>3</sup> 1994 <sup>3</sup>	. 1,252 . 1,371	50.8 50.5 50.1 49.9 49.9	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	3.9 4.0 4.3 4.3 4.1	14.0 14.3 14.6 14.9 14.8	9.8 10.3 10.7 11.0 11.2	11.1 11.6 12.2 12.6 13.1	13.4 13.8 14.3 14.8 15.3	19.9 19.4 18.8 18.9 18.7	27.9 26.5 25.0 23.5 22.8
1994 <sup>3</sup>	. 1,614 . 1,736 . 1,835 . 1,956 2 071	49.9 50.0 50.2 50.5 50.5 50.5	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	3.8 3.4 3.1 3.0 2.8 2.7	14.5 14.1 13.3 12.8 12.1 11.5	11.5 11.6 11.6 11.5 11.5 11.3	13.6 13.9 14.0 14.2 14.3 14.5	15.7 16.2 16.8 17.0 17.5 17.9	18.8 19.0 19.6 20.0 20.4 20.7	22.2 21.7 21.5 21.6 21.5 21.5

<sup>1</sup> Data not available for 1981. <sup>2</sup> Provisions for Railroad Retirement beneficiaries are described in the section Social Security (Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance).

<sup>3</sup> Based on 10-percent sample.

Table 5.D4.1.—Number and percentage distribution of disabled beneficiaries, by type of beneficiary and diagnostic group, December 2000

		i i	1	<u>.</u>
			Disabled children,	Disabled widows
Diagnostic group	Total	Disabled workers	aged 18 or older	and widowers
		Num	ber	
Total	5,972,468	5,042,333	728,689	201,446
Diagnosis available	5,652,157	4,959,682	<sup>1</sup> 495,904	196,571
Infectious and parasitic diseases <sup>2</sup>	102,391	97,919	2,795	1,677
Neoplasms	142,375	136,404	1,746	4,225
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	267,826	244,456	2,753	20,617
Diseases of blood and blood-forming organs	14,132	12,070	1,713	349
Mental disorders (other than mental retardation)	1,486,022	1,361,157	83,593	41,272
Mental retardation	567,151	257,601	299,925	9,625
Diseases of the—				
Nervous system and sense organs	550,741	479,246	57,679	13,816
Circulatory system	559,027	532,998	2,992	23,037
Respiratory system	178,279	166.054	891	11.334
Digestive system	72,345	69.735	501	2.109
Genitourinary system	88,069	84.687	1,671	1.711
Skin and subcutaneous tissue		12,351	237	515
Musculoskeletal system	1,207,914	1,152,231	4.090	51.593
Congenital anomalies	14.641	8.540	5.838	263
Injuries	244,231	231.066	8.124	5.041
Other	143,910	113,167	21,356	9,387
	110,010			0,001
		Percentage	distribution	
Diagnosis available	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Infectious and parasitic diseases <sup>2</sup>	1.8	2.0	.6	.9
Neoplasms	2.5	2.8	.4	2.1
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	4.7	4.9	.6	10.5
Diseases of blood and blood-forming organs	.3	.2	.3	.2
Mental disorders (other than mental retardation)	26.3	27.4	16.9	21.0
Mental retardation	10.0	5.2	60.5	4.9
Diseases of the—				
Nervous system and sense organs	9.7	9.7	11.6	7.0
Circulatory system	9.9	10.7	.6	11.7
Respiratory system	3.2	3.3	.2	5.8
Digestive system	1.3	1.4	.1	1.1
Genitourinary system	1.6	1.7	.3	.9
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	.2	.2	(3)	.3
Musculoskeletal system		23.2	(3)	.3 26.2
Congenital anomalies	.3	.2	.0 1.2	.1
Injuries	.3	4.7	1.6	2.6
Other	4.3	2.3	4.3	4.8
	2.5	2.3	4.5	4.0

<sup>1</sup> The diagnosis for disabled children typically was not recorded on the Master Beneficiary Record (MBR) until 1984. Many beneficiaries entitled before that date are still on the rolls today. <sup>2</sup> AIDS/HIV records are counted in the Infectious and Parasitic Diseases group. Before 1990, those records were included in the Other group. <sup>3</sup> Less than 0.05 percent

#### Table 5.D5.—Number and percentage distribution, by diagnostic group, and sex, December 2000

		Number		Percentage distribution			
Diagnostic group	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	
Total	5,042,333	2,856,410	2,185,923				
Diagnosis available Infectious and parasitic diseases <sup>1</sup>	4,959,682 97,919 136,404 244,456 12,070 1,361,157 257,601 479,246 532,998 166,054 69,735 84,687 12,351 1,152,231	2,799,719 75,065 67,303 99,459 5,799 729,135 173,193 249,625 366,900 87,706 38,425 51,597 5,141 623,017	2,159,963 22,854 69,101 144,997 6,271 632,022 84,408 229,621 166,098 78,348 31,310 33,090 7,210 529,214	100.0 2.0 2.8 4.9 .2 27.4 5.2 9.7 10.7 3.3 1.4 1.7 .2 23.2	100.0 2.7 2.4 3.6 .2 26.0 6.2 8.9 13.1 3.1 1.4 1.8 .2 22.3	100.0 1.1 3.2 6.7 .3 29.3 3.9 10.6 7.7 3.6 1.4 1.5 .3 24.5	
Congenital anomalies Injuries Other	8,540 231,066 113,167	4,565 166,364 56,425	3,975 64,702 56,742	.2 4.7 2.3	.2 5.9 2.0	.2 3.0 2.6	

<sup>1</sup> AIDS/HIV records are counted in the Infectious and Parasitic Diseases group. Before 1990, these records were included in the Other group.

#### Table 5.D6.—Number and percentage distribution, by diagnostic group, age, and sex, December 2000

	i i			-				
					Age			
Diagnostic group	Total	Under 30	30–39	40–44	45–49	50–54	55–59	60–64
				То	tal			
Total	5,042,333	137,359	591,894	572,784	710,578	886,202	1,021,533	1,121,983
Diagnosis available, number	4,959,682	136,763	589,977	566,904	698,376	870,218	1,005,155	1,092,289
Diagnosis available, percentage distribution	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Infectious and parasitic diseases <sup>1</sup>	2.0	1.6	4.4	3.5	2.5	1.6	1.0	.8
Neoplasms Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases		2.6 2.4	1.9 3.4	2.0 4.1	2.4 4.9	2.8 5.7	3.2 5.7	3.4 5.2
Diseases of blood and blood-forming organs	.2	.9	.4	.3	.2	.2	.2	.1
Mental disorders (other than mental retardation) Mental retardation	27.4 5.2	41.0 17.5	39.3 11.2	37.7 7.6	34.7 5.9	29.7 4.0	20.2 2.7	14.2 1.9
Diseases of the—								
Nervous system and sense organs Circulatory system		12.1 2.0	11.3 2.7	10.5 4.0	10.5 6.2	9.8 9.8	8.9 15.1	8.1 19.4
Respiratory system	-	.8	1.0	1.3	1.8	2.8	4.8	6.1
Digestive system Genitourinary system	1.4 1.7	1.1 3.1	1.2 2.4	1.6 2.0	1.8 2.0	1.6 1.7	1.3 1.4	1.2 1.1
Skin and subcutaneous tissue		2	.3	.3	.3	.3	.2	.2
Musculoskeletal system Congenital anomalies		4.7 .6	11.7 .3	17.1 .2	19.6 .2	23.1	29.3 .1	31.9 .1
Injuries		.0 7.5	6.3	.2 5.4	4.6	.1 4.2	3.9	4.2
Other	2.3	1.9	2.2	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.2	2.1
				M	en			
Total	2,856,410	79,273	337,287	325,942	398,007	494,668	569,900	651,333
Diagnosis available, number	2,799,719	78,914	336,076	321,742	389,348	483,288	558,786	631,565
Diagnosis available, percentage distribution	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Infectious and parasitic diseases <sup>1</sup>		1.9	6.5	5.1	3.6	2.0	1.1	.8
Neoplasms Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases		2.5 1.7	1.6 2.6	1.6 3.1	1.9 3.6	2.3 4.0	2.8 4.1	3.3 3.7
Diseases of blood and blood-forming organs	.2	.8	.4	.2	.2	.2	.1	.1
Mental disorders (other than mental retardation) Mental retardation Diseases of the—		41.6 18.4	38.0 12.9	36.1 9.1	33.3 7.2	29.3 5.0	18.5 3.4	12.4 2.3
Nervous system and sense organs Circulatory system		11.2 2.0	9.9 2.7	9.3 4.4	9.4 7.3	9.0 11.9	8.5 18.9	7.9 23.9
Respiratory system		.5	.7	1.0	1.5	2.5	4.6	6.1
Digestive system		.7	.9	1.5	1.9	1.6	1.3	1.2
Genitourinary system Skin and subcutaneous tissue		3.1 .1	2.5 .2	2.2 .2	2.2 .2	1.9 .2	1.5 .2	1.2 .2
Musculoskeletal system		3.3	10.7	17.0	19.6	22.2	28.1	30.0
Congenital anomalies Injuries		.5 9.9	.2 8.3	.2 7.2	.2 6.0	.1 5.5	.1 4.9	.1 4.8
Other	2.0	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.2	2.0	2.0
				Wor	men			
Total	2,185,923	58,086	254,607	246,842	312,571	391,534	451,633	470,650
Diagnosis available, number	2,159,963	57,849	253,901	245,162	309,028	386,930	446,369	460,724
Diagnosis available, percentage distribution	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Infectious and parasitic diseases <sup>1</sup> Neoplasms	1.1 3.2	1.3 2.7	1.7 2.3	1.4 2.6	1.2 3.0	1.0 3.4	.8 3.6	.7 3.7
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	6.7	3.2	2.3 4.4	2.0 5.4	5.0 6.6	5.4 7.8	7.7	7.3
Diseases of blood and blood-forming organs Mental disorders (other than mental retardation)		1.1 40.2	.5 41.1	.4 40.0	.3 36.5	.2 30.2	.2 22.3	.2 16.7
Mental retardation		16.3	9.0	40.0 5.6	4.3	2.8	1.8	1.3
Diseases of the— Nervous system and sense organs	10.6	13.2	13.1	12.1	11.8	10.8	9.5	8.3
Circulatory system	7.7	2.2	2.6	3.5	4.8	7.2	10.4	13.2
Respiratory system Digestive system		1.2 1.5	1.4 1.6	1.7 1.7	2.2 1.7	3.3 1.5	5.0 1.3	6.1 1.2
Genitourinary system	1.5	3.1	2.3	1.8	1.7	1.5	1.2	1.0
Skin and subcutaneous tissue Musculoskeletal system		.4 6.6	.4 12.9	.4 17.3	.4 19.7	.3 24.2	.3 30.7	.3 34.4
Congenital anomalies	.2	.7	.3	.2	.2	.1	.1	.1
Injuries Other		4.3 2.1	3.7 2.7	3.1 2.9	2.7 2.9	2.6 2.8	2.6 2.5	3.3 2.3
	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.5	2.5	2.0	2.0	2.0

<sup>1</sup> AIDS/HIV records are counted in the Infectious and Parasitic Diseases group. Before 1990, these records were included in the Other group.

 Table 5.E1.—Number and percentage distribution, by type of benefit and primary insurance amount, December 2000

 [Based on 10-percent sample]

	Disabled wor	kers	Wives and h	usbands	Childre	en	
Primary insurance amount	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
Total	5,035,840	100.0	164,850	100.0	1,474,590	100.0	
Less than \$300.00	202,440	4.0	50	(1)	490	(1)	
\$300.00-\$349.90	111,670	2.2	250	.2	2,020	.1	
\$350.00-\$399.90	109,450	2.2	100	.1	1,020	.1	
\$400.00-\$449.90	163,270	3.2	510	.3	5,470	.4	
\$450.00-\$499.90	333,210	6.6	4,480	2.7	76,720	5.2	
\$500.00-\$549.90	355,830	7.1	7,630	4.6	119,070	8.1	
\$550.00-\$599.90	347,610	6.9	9,090	5.5	125,040	8.5	
\$600.00-\$649.90	339,060	6.7	8,900	5.4	124,180	8.4	
\$650.00-\$699.90	315,500	6.3	10,170	6.2	118,620	8.0	
\$700.00-\$749.90	290,270	5.8	9,090	5.5	108,490	7.4	
\$750.00-\$799.90	269,730	5.4	9,660	5.9	102,110	6.9	
\$800.00-\$849.90	245,120	4.9	8,960	5.4	90,890	6.2	
\$850.00-\$899.90	229,160	4.6	8,580	5.2	83,900	5.7	
\$900.00-\$949.90	205,730	4.1	8,290	5.0	72,440	4.9	
\$950.00-\$999.90	191,100	3.8	7,600	4.6	63,820	4.3	
\$1,000.00-\$1,049.90	173.200	3.4	7.480	4.5	56,460	3.8	
\$1,050.00-\$1,099.90	154.810	3.1	7.090	4.3	47,780	3.2	
\$1,100.00-\$1,149.90	141.010	2.8	6,960	4.2	39.810	2.7	
\$1,150.00-\$1,199.90	135,500	2.7	7,080	4.3	37,420	2.5	
\$1,200.00-\$1,249.90	146,160	2.9	7,720	4.7	39,400	2.7	
\$1,250.00-\$1,299.90	162,080	3.2	9,630	5.8	42,840	2.9	
\$1,300.00 or more	413,930	8.2	25,530	15.5	116,600	7.9	
Average primary insurance amount		792.30		\$953.70		\$836.50	

<sup>1</sup> Less than 0.05 percent.

### Table 5.E2.—Average monthly benefit, by type of benefit, age, and sex, 1957–2000

	Disa	bled workers					C	Children	
December	Total	Men	Women	Wives	Husbands	Total	Under age 18	Disabled, aged 18 or older	Students
1957	\$72.80	\$73.50	\$69.80						
1958	82.10	85.00	70.60	\$34.00	\$33.90	\$27.30	\$27.30	\$38.50	
1959	89.00	92.40	76.10	36.10	34.70	31.00	30.80	39.40	
1960	89.30	92.70	77.00	34.40	34.70	30.20	30.00	39.00	
1965	97.80	102.10	85.30	35.00	32.60	31.60	30.90	41.60	\$49.30
1970	131.30	138.60	112.80	42.60	42.40	38.60	36.90	53.30	54.10
1975	225.90	244.30	185.30	67.40	61.70	62.00	58.60	84.10	86.90
1980	370.70	406.80	296.10	110.60	91.80	110.30	104.60	136.00	152.40
1981	413.20	454.20	328.40	121.70	100.10	134.40	115.60	151.90	172.90
1982	440.60	485.60	349.20	129.40	101.70	127.90	124.30	163.90	155.50
1983	456.20	502.70	360.20	129.30	101.50	135.50	133.80	172.00	144.00
1984	470.70	519.00	371.40	131.10	101.10	138.50	136.60	178.60	149.80
1985	483.80	534.10	381.00	132.70	102.70	141.80	138.90	183.80	196.90
1986	487.90	539.20	383.90	131.40	101.20	141.40	138.40	186.70	201.60
1987	508.20	562.50	399.70	135.80	86.10	146.40	143.00	195.70	213.40
1988	529.50	587.00	416.40	139.70	86.60	150.90	146.70	205.00	228.00
1989	556.00	617.10	438.20	145.50	91.50	156.70	151.90	218.20	240.60
1990	587.20	652.40	464.40	151.30	96.90	163.80	158.80	231.40	250.00
1991	609.40	677.50	484.20	154.60	101.70	167.90	162.70	240.90	253.20
1992	626.10	696.90	500.10	156.40	106.00	170.20	165.10	246.80	262.00
1993	641.70	714.80	515.70	157.50	108.60	173.10	167.70	253.30	265.90
1994	661.40	731.60	534.80	161.00	112.60	177.70	172.20	261.50	273.80
1995	681.80	761.60	554.90	165.00	116.60	183.50	177.90	270.10	284.10
1996	703.90	787.70	576.70	172.60	124.50	193.50	187.70	281.70	295.00
1997	721.60	809.30	594.50	178.00	129.10	201.20	195.20	292.20	306.30
1998	733.10	822.80	607.90	183.00	136.50	207.50	201.40	300.20	313.10
1999	754.10	846.50	629.60	190.20	145.40	216.10	209.50	310.70	319.80
2000	786.40	882.70	660.60	199.50	155.90	227.60	220.80	325.60	336.00

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#### Table 5.F1.—Number of wives and husbands and total monthly benefit, by type of benefit, 1950–2000

[Dollars, in thousands]

				_		Wives e	entitled becau	se of childre	n <sup>2</sup>			
	Total		Wives er solely becaus		Total		With at 1 child unde		With at 1 disabled		Husba	nds
December	Number E	Benefit	Number	Benefit	Number	Benefit	Number	Benefit	Number	Benefit	Number	Benefit
					Wives and hu	usbands of	retired worke	rs				
1950	508,350 \$1	11,995	498,688	\$11,865	8,865	\$114	8,865	\$114			797	\$16
1955	1,191,963 3	39,416	1,124,616	37,826	57,284	1,315	57,284	1,315			10,063	274
1960 1965		37,867 14,035	2,143,949 2,433,602	84,018 108,069	110,909 168,951	3,344 5,508	101,774 154,829	3,010 4,947	9,135 14,122	\$334 561	14,526 10,997	504 458
1970	2,668,105 16	53,263	2,491,724	155,510	167,968	7,261	154,919	6,542	13,049	719	8,413	492
1975		01,623	2,664,132	287,043	195,993	13,861	178,909	12,391	17,084	1,470	7,263	720
1980 1981		18,500 90,266	2,789,472 2,805,274	490,818 558,805	186,894 186,982	22,508 25,834	167,793 167,895	19,708 22,659	19,101 19,087	2,800 3,175	39,183 38,559	5,174 5,627
1982 1983		45,814 79,886	2,838,541 2,885,724	615,677 662,255	162,865 116,159	24,226 17,569	144,245 95,901	20,867 13,769	18,620 20,258	3,359 3,799	37,902 37,295	5,912 6,002
1984		21,148	2,903,112	697,676	111,332	17,441	88,576	13,050	22,756	4,391	36,373	6,031
1985		55,844	2,926,300	732,464	107,166	17,347	84,074	12,762	23,092	4,585	35,601	6,033
1986 1987		76,870 17,058	2,948,854 2,959,301	754,026 794,258	102,549 96,928	16,933 16,865	79,471 74,141	12,304 12,078	23,078 22,787	4,629 4,788	34,688 33,739	5,911 5,935
1988 1989		54,644 05,281	2,959,856 2,971,440	831,659 881,836	93,577 89,839	17,071 17,431	71,585 68,857	12,266 12,571	21,992 20,982	4,805 4,859	32,589 31,796	5,914 6,014
1999		54,983	2,982,034	940,514	87,925	18,300	67,785	13,322	20,302	4,977	31,126	6,169
1991	3,104,235 1,00	08,672	2,986,975	983,434	86,682	19,020	66,992	13,897	19,690	5,122	30,578	6,218
1992 1993	3,111,515 1,04 3,094,447 1,07		2,995,629 2,980,671	1,021,616 1.048.712	85,680 83,751	19,648 19,993	66,618 65,225	14,468 14,782	19,062 18,526	5,180 5,211	30,206 30,025	6,289 6,368
1994	3,066,430 1,10		2,954,950	1,074,452	81,644	20,296	63,575	15,033	18,069	5,263	29,836	6,455
1995	3,026,012 1,12 2,970,226 1,13		2,917,764	1,094,203 1,113,470	78,507	20,155 18,942	61,132	14,932 13,874	17,375	5,223	29,741 29.600	6,567
1996 1997	2,970,226 1,13		2,872,316 2,828,261	1,123,381	68,310 64,123	18,363	52,384 49,372	13,540	15,926 14,751	5,068 4,823	29,800	6,680 6,814
1998 1999	2,864,230 1,14 2,811,008 1,15		2,773,583 2,722,244	1,120,553 1,130,413	60,634 58,229	17,883 17,905	46,649 45,002	13,205 13,333	13,985 13,227	4,678 4,572	30,013 30,535	6,917 7,161
2000	2,798,203 1,20		2,707,444	1,173,771	58,416	19,212	45,680	14,547	12,736	4,665	32,343	7,851
					Wives and hu	sbands of o	disabled work	ers				
1958	12,231	\$415	4,845	\$192	7,370	\$223	7,345	\$222	25	\$1	16	\$1
1960 1965		2,636 6,761	21,845 29,352	841 1,109	54,543 163,500	1,788 5,635	53,549 160,922	1,746 5,512	994 2,578	42 123	211 510	7 17
1970	283,447 1	12,060	41,582	2,063	241,341	9,975	235,892	9,667	5,449	307	524	22
1975 1980		30,536 51,028	64,883 77,276	5,263 9,672	387,474 382,457	25,239 41.159	380,763 374,147	24,633 40,018	6,711 8,310	606 1,142	565 2,145	35 197
1981	428,212 5	52,081	74,403	10,226	351,820	41,655	343,718	40,419	8,102	1,237	1,989	199
1982 1983		47,286 39,793	75,708 78,843	11,135 11,882	288,323 227,523	35,965 27,739	281,423 220,127	34,854 26,545	6,900 7,396	1,111 1,194	1,831 1,693	186 172
1984		39,796	79,437	12,320	222,959	27,316	213,530	25,782	9,429	1,533	1,586	160
1985		40,507	79,294	12,693	224,704	27,656	215,012	26,055	9,692	1,602	1,534	158 149
1986 1987	290,888 3	39,481 39,195	78,925 73,484	12,766 12,808	220,426 211,222	26,566 25,854	210,515 201,280	24,952 24,194	9,911 9,942	1,614 1,661	1,475 6,182	532
1988 1989		38,878 39,148	70,654 67,154	12,924 12,974	203,788 197,946	25,402 25,590	194,068 188,562	23,746 23,916	9,720 9,384	1,656 1,674	6,379 6,388	552 584
1999		39,869	63,584	13,018	197,940	26,222	186,641	24,506	9,304 9,177	1,716	6,488	629
1991	266,219 4	40,792	60,866	13,020	198,457	27,071	189,401	25,321	9,056	1,750	6,896	701
1992 1993		41,951 42,570	59,536 58,052	13,196 13,241	203,703 206,975	27,967 28,490	194,459 197,589	26,152 26,616	9,244 9,386	1,815 1,874	7,435 7,732	788 839
1994	271,054 4	43,263	56,343	13,367	206,854	29,011	197,492	27,094	9,362	1,917	7,857	885
1995 1996		43,105 38,366	53,882 51,779	13,300 13,251	201,827 166,586	28,892 24,432	192,573 158,106	26,962 22,597	9,254 8,480	1,929 1,834	7,830 5,489	913 683
1997	206,959 3	36,585	51,265	13,251	150,647	22,683	142,717	20,928	7,930	1,755	5,047	651
1998 1999		34,530 33,336	50,759 50,165	13,197 13,314	134,584 121,906	20,718 19,407	127,083 114,842	19,032 17,781	7,501 7,064	1,686 1,626	4,500 4,228	614 615
2000		32,763	49,171	13,488	111,933	18,649	105,248	17,044	6,685	1,605	4,019	626

<sup>1</sup> Aged 62 or older. Includes wives aged 65 or older with children.

<sup>2</sup> Under age 65 with entitled children in their care.

<sup>3</sup> Prior to August 1981, benefits were payable to mothers and fathers caring for a child under age 18. For mothers and fathers caring for a child who was at least 14 and

who were entitled in August 1981, benefits were continued until the child attained age 18 or September 1983, whichever came earlier.

<sup>4</sup> Excludes wives with both disabled and nondisabled children in their care.

Table 5.F3.—Number and percentage distribution of **wives** with entitlement based on age, by monthly benefit and age, December 2000

[Based on 10-percent sample]

		[Babba on re	percent sample]				
		i	i	Age attained d	uring 2000	i	
Monthly benefit	Total	62–64	65–69	70–74	75–79	80–84	85 or older
Total number	2,759,190	336,740	767,870	732,410	540,440	269,220	112,510
Total percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Less than \$150.00	5.7	10.2	6.3	4.8	4.6	4.3	3.9
\$150.00-\$174.90	1.8	2.1	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.7	2.2
\$175.00-\$199.90	2.1	2.6	2.3	2.0	2.0	1.8	1.7
\$200.00-\$224.90	2.3	2.7	2.3	2.2	2.2	1.9	2.2
\$225.00-\$249.90	2.6	2.8	2.6	2.5	2.6	2.5	2.7
\$250.00-\$274.90	2.7	3.1	2.8	2.6	2.6	2.4	2.7
\$275.00-\$299.90	2.9	3.2	2.9	2.9	3.0	2.7	3.0
\$300.00-\$324.90	3.3	3.5	3.2	3.1	3.4	3.1	3.5
\$325.00-\$349.90	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.8	4.4
\$350.00-\$374.90	4.2	4.1	3.8	4.1	4.2	4.8	6.6
\$375.00-\$399.90	5.0	4.2	4.4	4.9	5.6	5.7	6.8
\$400.00-\$424.90	6.5	5.0	5.1	6.4	9.0	6.9	6.8
\$425.00-\$449.90	8.1	5.6	6.2	9.1	12.1	7.3	5.7
\$450.00-\$474.90	9.1	7.4	9.0	11.6	8.5	7.5	4.4
\$475.00-\$499.90	9.5	10.9	11.9	10.3	6.1	7.3	4.8
\$500.00-\$524.90	6.5	10.4	8.6	5.1	4.2	5.4	4.1
\$525.00-\$549.90	4.5	7.6	4.6	3.5	3.8	4.9	4.1
\$550.00-\$574.90	3.5	4.3	3.0	3.1	3.5	4.6	4.3
\$575.00-\$599.90	3.0	2.6	2.4	2.9	3.3	4.4	3.4
\$600.00-\$624.90	2.7	1.5	2.4	2.7	3.4	3.6	3.4
\$625.00-\$649.90	2.6	1.1	2.4	2.6	3.0	3.0	3.8
\$650.00 or more	7.9	1.4	8.5	8.2	7.5	10.4	15.4
Average benefit	\$431.10	\$392.60	\$429.80	\$433.20	\$432.60	\$459.10	\$468.30

### Table 5.F4.—Number of **children** and total monthly benefit, by type of benefit, 1940–2000

[Dollars, in thousands]

	1							
		Number of o	children of—			Monthly benefit for	or children of—	
December	All workers	Retired workers	Deceased workers	Disabled workers	All workers	Retired workers	Deceased workers	Disabled workers
			I	Tot	al	•	L.	
1957 1960	1,502,077 2,000,451	179,697 268,168	1,322,380 1,576,802	155,481	\$57,951 93,276	\$3,932 7,576	\$54,019 81,003	\$4,697
1965 1970 1980	3,092,659 4,122,305 4,606,517	460,781 545,708 638,711	2,074,263 2,687,997 2,609,920	557,615 888,600 1,357,886	159,428 279,845 864,242	14,736 24,473 89,386	127,067 221,041 625,090	17,627 34,330 149,766
1990 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999	. 3,187,010 3,734,097 3,802,791 3,771,774 3,768,928 3,794,795	422,200 441,600 442,567 441,121 438,726 442,016	1,776,013 1,883,643 1,897,667 1,892,707 1,883,794 1,884,803	988,797 1,408,854 1,462,557 1,437,946 1,446,408 1,467,976	991,628 1,283,288 1,356,685 1,389,552 1,417,362 1,473,988	109,497 141,974 149,177 153,949 157,230 164,755	720,206 882,837 924,491 946,325 959,939 991,963	161,926 258,477 283,017 289,278 300,194 317,270
2000	3,802,863	458,951	1,878,007	1,465,905	1,547,808	181,177	1,033,055	333,575
				Children un				
1940 1950 1960 1965	54,648 699,703 1,896,397 2,688,592	6,410 46,241 214,343 339,507	48,238 653,462 1,529,535 1,816,888	152,519 532,197	\$668 19,366 88,682 135,432	\$62 788 5,654 9,598	\$606 18,578 78,446 109,392	\$4,582 16,442
1970 1980 1990	3,314,578 3,423,081 2,497,252	354,373 354,797 236,051	2,161,094 1,883,438 1,333,690	799,111 1,184,846 927,511	215,366 607,574 739,787	13,367 40,548 53,944	172,499 443,097 538,546	29,500 123,930 147,296
1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000	. 2,956,482 3,010,100 2,969,909 2,962,704 2,970,039 2,976,406	241,756 241,911 240,031 238,455 240,899 255,908	1,386,111 1,391,095 1,376,186 1,363,444 1,353,918 1,346,091	1,328,615 1,377,094 1,353,692 1,360,805 1,375,222 1,374,407	943,028 997,075 1,014,245 1,031,690 1,066,979 1,120,977	69,312 73,297 75,573 77,334 81,648 92,987	637,326 665,269 674,451 680,264 697,212 724,567	236,390 258,509 264,221 274,092 288,119 303,423
			Di	sabled children,	aged 18 or olde	r		
1957 1960 1965	28,869 104,054 198,390	16,686 53,825 87,122	12,183 47,267 102,287	2,962 8,981	\$1,115 4,594 10,271	\$526 1,922 3,541	\$589 2,557 6,357	\$115 374
1970 1980 1990	450,169	101,341 140,548 173,941	154,921 276,738 389,385	14,295 32,883 37,154	19,807 89,561 217,201	5,755 22,463 51,879	13,290 62,625 156,725	761 4,473 8,597
1995	686,101 696,787 704,709 712,772 720,526 728,689	188,965 189,788 189,780 189,637 189,815 191,584	446,377 454,367 461,974 468,705 474,804 480,351	50,759 52,632 52,955 54,430 55,907 56,754	300,007 316,579 330,258 341,731 357,099 377,647	68,743 71,808 73,984 75,663 78,391 83,098	217,553 229,947 240,802 249,726 261,339 276,072	13,711 14,824 15,472 16,342 17,369 18,478
				Stude	ents			
1965 1970 1980 1990	205,677 537,170 733,267 89,278	34,152 89,994 143,366 12,208	155,088 371,982 449,744 52,938	16,437 75,194 140,157 24,132	\$13,725 44,672 167,107 34,641	\$1,597 5,351 26,375 3,673	\$11,318 35,252 119,368 24,935	\$811 4,069 21,363 6,033
1995 1996 1997 1998 1999.	95,904	10,879 10,868 11,310 10,634 11,302	51,155 52,205 54,547 51,645 56,081	29,480 32,831 31,299 31,173 36,847	40,253 43,032 45,049 43,941 49,910	3,919 4,072 4,393 4,233 4,716	27,958 29,276 31,071 29,949 33,412	8,376 9,684 9,585 9,759 11,782
2000	97,768	11,459	51,565	34,744	49,910 49,184	5,092	32,417	11,674

Table 5.F6.—Average month	v benefit for survivors	<b>s</b> , by type of benefit, 1940–2000
Table on of Therage mena		

							ren			led
December	Widowed mothers and fathers	Widows	Widowers	Parents	Total	Under age 18	Disabled, aged 18 or older	Students	Widows	Widowers
1940	\$19.61	\$20.28		\$13.09	\$12.22	\$12.22				
1941	19.50	20.22		12.97	12.19	12.19				
1942	19.57	20.15		13.05	12.24	12.24				
1943	19.72	20.15		13.11	12.31	12.31				
1944	19.80	20.17		13.08	12.38	12.38				
1945	19.83	20.19		13.06	12.45	12.45				
1946	20.07	20.22		13.15	12.57	12.57				
1947	20.44	20.40		13.44	12.77	12.77				
1948	20.80	20.60		13.63	12.99	12.99				
1949	21.08	20.82		13.77	13.18	13.18				
1950	34.24	36.54	\$37.23	36.69	28.43	28.43				
1951	33.24	36.04	30.03	36.68	28.05	28.05				
1952	36.13	40.67	33.09	41.33	31.30	31.30				
1953	37.49	40.88	34.08	41.96	32.28	32.28				
1954	44.52	46.28	39.27	47.44	37.01	37.01				
1955	45.91	48.70	46.51	49.93	38.12	38.12				
1956	47.35	50.14	47.11	50.78	39.36	39.36				
1957	49.05	51.09	47.77	51.87	40.85	40.78	\$48.38			
1958	50.53	51.91	48.84	52.83	42.10	41.98	49.63			
1959	57.37	56.73	53.28	58.86	47.48	47.34	52.89			
1960	59.29	57.69	53.81	60.31	51.37	51.29	54.10			
1961	59.38	64.92	61.66	67.15	52.74	52.64	55.50			
1962	59.38	65.88	62.12	68.18	53.57	53.47	55.99			
1963	59.43	66.85	63.17	69.11	54.33	54.23	56.58			
1964	59.40	67.85	63.49	70.05	54.99	54.87	57.27			
1965	65.46	73.75	69.68	76.03	61.26	60.21	62.14	\$72.98		
1966	65.59	74.11	70.52	76.52	61.84	60.37	62.67	71.71		
1967	65.86	74.99	71.22	77.23	62.57	60.99	63.37	72.33		
1968	74.93	86.54	82.14	88.21	70.85	68.90	73.11	81.76	\$72.27	\$72.40
1969	75.06	87.48	83.08	88.96	71.10	69.11	73.77	81.93	71.02	66.50
1970	86.51	102.02	96.50	103.21	82.23	79.82	85.79	94.77	81.99	73.10
1971	95.61	113.57	106.13	114.26	90.94	88.12	95.03	104.80	90.11	83.10
1972	115.45	138.19	127.98	138.95	110.36	106.87	115.25	126.63	109.50	98.80
1973	118.20	157.40	146.70	140.60	111.70	108.20	116.20	128.50	111.20	101.70
1974	134.20	177.30	164.30	157.50	126.48	122.52	130.33	144.79	125.90	118.60
1975	147.25	193.92	178.27	171.86	139.40	135.00	142.26	157.81	137.70	128.10
1976	159.77	208.99	191.78	185.07	151.94	147.49	152.88	169.80	147.00	133.80
1977 <sup>1</sup>	173.80	224.30	177.10	198.30	165.70	161.50	163.60	183.10	156.20	131.60
1978	190.40	241.40	186.10	214.00	182.20	178.30	176.20	200.80	165.70	129.70
1979	212.60	269.80	209.00	238.70	205.60	201.70	195.90	226.60	180.80	133.40
1980	246.20	311.50	239.40	276.00	239.50	235.30	226.40	265.40	205.40	145.70
1981	276.70	349.80	266.80	310.40	270.90	265.70	254.00	301.70	227.20	158.80
1982	302.80	379.30	285.60	335.40	285.40	291.50	279.90	260.70	242.80	165.50
1983	308.70	397.10	295.70	349.80	298.00	307.20	289.00	233.40	251.10	166.20
1984	321.50	416.10	306.80	363.90	314.30	320.70	302.60	257.20	307.70	190.70
1985	332.50	434.00	317.80	378.20	330.50	332.60	315.50	360.80	316.60	191.80
1986	338.30	434.00	324.80	386.30	336.80	338.70	323.10	375.70	321.30	191.60
1987	352.70	468.90	340.60	407.30	352.40	353.90	340.00	400.10	335.60	202.30
1988	367.90	493.40	359.50	428.40	367.60	368.00	357.40	424.70	350.00	211.30
1989	387.60	522.60	382.00	453.50	384.90	384.30	378.10	447.90	368.90	223.60
1990	409.10	557.40	408.40	482.20	405.50	403.80	402.50	471.00	391.30	238.40
1991	424.10	584.50	408.40	506.10	405.50	403.80	402.50	486.20	409.40	238.40
1992	437.70	608.70	443.60	526.40	432.30	427.60	438.30	504.10	425.30	273.30
1993	448.40	631.70	461.50	547.20	443.10	437.00	453.70	515.00	436.90	286.20
1994	464.40	656.60	481.40	569.50	456.20	448.70	470.80	532.20	449.20	299.90
1995	477.90						487.40	546.50	461.50	
1995	477.90 514.90	681.20 708.30	500.20 520.70	590.80 613.50	468.70 487.20	459.80 478.20	487.40 506.10	546.50 560.80	461.50 474.30	307.60 318.00
1996	532.00	708.30	520.70 534.50	635.70	487.20 500.00	478.20 490.10	506.10	569.60	474.30 483.90	318.00
		102.00	004.00							
		750.30	549 10	651 10	509.60	498 90	532.80	579 90	491 00	332 90
1997 1998 1999	545.10 565.70	750.30 776.10	549.10 572.40	651.10 673.90	509.60 526.30	498.90 515.00	532.80 550.40	579.90 595.80	491.00 503.90	332.90 340.30

<sup>1</sup> Children's data estimated.

## Table 5.F7.—Number and percentage distribution of **survivors**, by type of benefit and primary insurance amount, December 2000

[Based on 10-percent sample]

			-							
	Widowed r and fatl		Nondisable and wide		Pare	ents		d widows dowers	Childre	۶n
Primary insurance amount	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	201,270	100.0	4,698,660	100.0	3,000	100.0	200,130	100.0	1,877,940	100.0
Less than \$300.00	5,690	2.8	36,080	.8	30	1.0	2,740	1.4	97,130	5.2
\$300.00-\$349.90	2,240	1.1	115,230	2.5	50	1.7	2,480	1.2	65,390	3.5
\$350.00-\$399.90	2,270	1.1	46,640	1.0	30	1.0	1,770	.9	41,620	2.2
\$400.00-\$449.90	3,510	1.7	64,660	1.4	60	2.0	2,720	1.4	53,390	2.8
\$450.00-\$449.90	6,940	3.4	120,680	2.6	110	3.7	5,580	2.8	104,000	5.5
\$500.00-\$549.90	8,510	4.2	115,400	2.5	260	8.7	6,200	3.1	108,310	5.8
\$550.00-\$599.90	8,580	4.3	120,080	2.6	90	3.0	6,680	3.3	106,460	5.7
\$600.00-\$649.90	8,490	4.2	148,670	3.2	200	6.7	8,220	4.1	106,530	5.7
\$650.00-\$699.90	9,630	4.8	139,610	3.0	160	5.3	8,110	4.1	102,670	5.5
\$700.00-\$749.90	9,580	4.8	173,520	3.7	200	6.7	9,710	4.9	103,800	5.5
\$750.00-\$799.90	10,520	5.2	195,150	4.2	160	5.3	9,660	4.8	98,990	5.3
\$800.00-\$849.90	10,630	5.3	276,560	5.9	200	6.7	10,100	5.0	103,330	5.5
\$850.00-\$899.90	10,450	5.2	337,180	7.2	140	4.7	10,860	5.4	98,880	5.3
\$900.00-\$949.90	9,600	4.8	288,340	6.1	120	4.0	11,200	5.6	80,920	4.3
\$950.00-\$999.90	9,670	4.8	336,750	7.2	110	3.7	11,580	5.8	77,370	4.1
\$1,000.00-\$1,049.90	8,970	4.5	315,090	6.7	100	3.3	11,750	5.9	69,140	3.7
\$1,050.00-\$1,099.90	8,890	4.4	298,480	6.4	90	3.0	10,680	5.3	63,280	3.4
\$1,100.00-\$1,149.90	7,580	3.8	319,260	6.8	170	5.7	10,990	5.5	55,720	3.0
\$1,150.00-\$1,199.90	7,470	3.7	308,980	6.6	90	3.0	10,380	5.2	52,700	2.8
\$1,200.00-\$1,249.90	8,320	4.1	289,930	6.2	170	5.7	12,130	6.1	53,380	2.8
\$1,250.00-\$1,299.90	9,280	4.6	265,520	5.7	170	5.7	12,850	6.4	55,130	2.9
\$1,300.00 or more	34,450	17.1	386,850	8.2	290	9.7	23,740	11.9	179,800	9.6

#### Table 5.F8.—Number of **widows and widowers** and total monthly benefit, by type of benefit, 1950–2000

[Dollars, in thousands]

				Nondisable	ed—		2	
	Total		Widows	6	Widowers	5	Disabled widows and wid	
December	Number	Benefit	Number	Benefit	Number	Benefit	Number	Benefit
1950	314.189	\$11.481	314.126	\$11.479	63	\$2		
1951	384,265	13,849	384,011	13,841	254	8		
1952	454.563	18,482	454.064	18,466	499	17		
	540,653	22,096	539,854	22,069	799	27		
1953	638,091		637,012	29,483	1,079	42		
1954	,	29,526	*	,	,			
1955	701,360	34,152	700,294	34,103	1,066	50		
1956	913,069	45,780	911,841	45,722	1,228	58		
1957	1,095,137	55,944	1,093,645	55,872	1,492	71		
1958	1,232,583	63,977	1,230,953	63,897	1,630	80		
1959	1,393,587	79,047	1,391,686	78,946	1,901	101		
1960	1,543,843	89,054	1,541,790	88,943	2,053	110		
1961	1,697,308	110,179	1,694,977	110,035	2,331	144		
1962	1,859,191	122,475	1,856,658	122,318	2,533	157		
1963	2,010,769	134,403	2,008,102	134,234	2,667	168		
1964	2,158,912	146,476	2,156,143	146,300	2,769	176		
1965	2,371,433	174,883	2,368,629	174,688	2,804	195		
1966	2.602.015	192.821	2,599,178	192,620	2.837	200		
1967	2,769,618	207.692	2,766,736	207.487	2.882	205		
1968	2.937.890	253.924	2.913.376	252,123	2,951	242	21,563	\$1,558
1969	3,091,710	269,799	3,049,177	266,741	3,064	255	39,469	2,803
1970	3,227,160	328.245	3,174,846	323,912	3.033	293	49,281	4.041
1971	3,366,304	380,963	3,306,528	375,528	3,033	322	56,743	5,113
1972	3,509,777	483,161	3,442,595	475,746	3,015	386	64,167	7,029
1972	3,656,353	571,654	3,574,458	562,441	3,126	459	78,769	8,754
1974	3,769,559	663,569	3,674,376	651,471	3,055	502	92,128	11,596
1975	3.888.705	747.902	3,776,090	732,269	3.104	553	109.511	15.080
1976	3.994.380	827.325	3.871.894	809.181	3.059	587	119.427	17.557
1977	4.119.487	914,738	3,980,324	892,764	11.887	2.105	127,276	19.869
1978	4,211,710	1,005,929	4,066,673	981.615	15,287	2,100	129,751	21.469
1979	4,321,496	1,153,272	4,173,745	1,126,089	17,918	3,745	129,833	23,438
1980	4.410.515	1.358.836	4,262,607	1,327,814	20.328	4.866	127.580	26.156
1980	4,507,941	1,560,103	4,363,708	1,526,511	22,643	6,042	121,590	27,550
	4,594,961	1,724,392			25,043	7,144	116,372	28,175
1982	4,693,791	1,724,392	4,453,575 4.554.414	1,689,073 1.808.647	27,786	8.216	111.591	27,935
1983 1984	4,779,190	1,973,203	4,640,805	1,930.807	29,234	8,970	109,151	33,426
1985	4.862.805	2.094.003	4.725.618	2.050.678	30.182	9.592	107.005	33.734
1985	4,862,805	2,094,003 2,175,345	4,789,969	2,050,678	31,076	9,592 10.092	106,974	33,734 34,204
1987	4,983,846	2,318,747	4,846,135	2,272,557	31,429	10,703	106,282	35,487
1988	5,028,822	2,461,945	4,892,829	2,414,239	32,870	11,816	103,123	35,892
1989	5,070,873	2,629,728	4,935,911	2,579,726	33,332	12,731	101,630	37,270
1990	5,111,482	2,827,012	4,976,420	2,773,818	34,073	13,916	100,989	39,278
1991	5,158,383	2,989,385	5,008,789	2,927,768	35,105	15,024	114,489	46,593
1992	5,205,375	3,138,250	5,037,583	3,066,568	36,468	16,178	131,324	55,504
1993	5,224,279	3,264,849	5,039,874	3,183,768	37,390	17,255	147,015	63,826
1994	5,232,379	3,394,982	5,034,219	3,305,229	37,484	18,043	160,676	71,710
1995	5,225,519	3,514,262	5,014,991	3,416,203	37,504	18,759	173,024	79,300
1996	5,209,812	3,639,632	4,990,079	3,534,268	37,822	19,692	181,911	85,671
1997	5,053,442	3,646,898	4,829,456	3,537,348	36,048	19,268	187,938	90,282
1998	4,989,855	3,685,349	4,759,829	3,571,047	35,845	19,683	194,181	94,619
1999	4,943,915	3,774,601	4,709,091	3,654,598	36,029	20,624	198,795	99,380
2000	4,901,437	3,912,527	4,663,228	3,785,532	36,782	22,322	201,427	104,674
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# Table 5.F9.—Number, percent, and average monthly benefit, by year of entitlement as **nondisabled widow or widower**, December 2000

[Based on 10-percent sample]

		-percent samp	lel	
Year of entitlement	Number as of December 2000	Percentage distribution	Cumulative percent <sup>1</sup>	Average monthly benefit
Total	4,698,660	100.0		\$810.20
1995–2000 1990–1994 1985–1989 1980–1984	1,610,790 1,063,290 865,750 611,090	34.3 22.6 18.4 13.0	· · · · · · · · ·	864.70 846.80 801.10 747.60
1975–1979 1970–1974 1965–1969 Before 1965	320,440 160,290 59,930 7,080	6.8 3.4 1.3 .2	· · · · · · · · ·	683.60 639.10 626.20 602.90
2000	281,940	6.0	6.0	875.30
1999	295,630	6.3	12.3	861.40
1998	280,800	6.0	18.3	864.60
1997	263,500	5.6	23.9	862.20
1996	251,850	5.4	29.2	860.80
1995	237,070	5.0	34.3	863.00
1994	229,050	4.9	39.2	863.50
1993	221,720	4.7	43.9	854.20
1992	212,070	4.5	48.4	850.40
1991.	203,640	4.3	52.7	834.20
1990.	196,810	4.2	56.9	828.20
1989	185,880	4.0	60.9	820.50
1988	179,840	3.8	64.7	812.40
1987	173,660	3.7	68.4	802.10
1986	168,520	3.6	72.0	787.30
1985	157,850	3.4	75.3	778.90
1984	147,730	3.1	78.5	768.40
1983	136,620	2.9	81.4	753.30
1982	120,190	2.6	83.9	749.30
1981	111,700	2.4	86.3	733.20
1980	94,850	2.0	88.3	722.20
1979	83,610	1.8	90.1	708.20
1978	72,450	1.5	91.7	697.70
1977	56,770	1.2	92.9	682.30
1976	57,660	1.2	94.1	657.00
1975	49,950	1.1	95.2	654.40
1974	42,780	.9	96.1	649.00
1973	37,360	.8	96.9	639.60
1972	31,120	.7	97.5	635.50
1971	27,020	.6	98.1	631.30
1970	22,010	.5	98.6	633.20
1969	17,010	.4	98.9	637.10
1968	14,190	.3	99.2	627.40
1967	10,930	.2	99.5	623.80
1964	8,210	.2	99.6	619.00
1965	9,590	.2	99.8	614.00

<sup>1</sup> Represents those entitled in specified year or later.

Table 5.F10.—Number, percent, and average monthly benefit, by year of entitlement as **disabled widow** or widower, December 2000

[Based on 10-percent sample]

Year of entitlement	Number as of December 2000	Percentage distribution	Cumulative percent <sup>1</sup>	Average monthly benefit
Total	200,130	100.0		\$518.90
1996–2000 1991–1995 1986–1990	105,100 81,010 14,020	52.5 40.5 7.0	· · · · · ·	515.60 522.00 525.90
2000 1999 1998 1997 1996	13,360 22,840 23,090 23,080 22,730	6.7 11.4 11.5 11.5 11.4	6.7 18.1 29.6 41.2 52.5	511.40 525.20 519.20 511.50 508.90
1995 1994 1993 1992 1991	20,020 19,010 15,450 12,700 13,830	10.0 9.5 7.7 6.3 6.9	62.5 72.0 79.7 86.1 93.0	521.20 521.30 517.00 527.60 524.80
1990 1989 1988 1987 1986	4,860 3,840 2,400 1,820 1,100	2.4 1.9 1.2 .9 .5	95.4 97.3 98.5 99.5 100.0	548.50 520.90 510.90 522.60 481.20

<sup>1</sup> Represents those entitled in specified year or later.

### Table 5.F11.—Number and percentage distribution of **nondisabled widows**, by monthly benefit and age, December 2000

					Age attained	during 2000			
Monthly benefit	Total	60–61	62–64	65–69	70–74	75–79	80-84	85–89	90 or older
Total number	4,661,540	128,420	316,750	693,230	809,890	940,570	799,700	576,030	396,950
Total percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Less than \$300.00	3.3	3.7	4.3	3.5	3.6	3.6	3.2	3.1	1.7
\$300.00-\$349.90	2.3	1.8	1.6	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.3	2.8	4.7
\$350.00-\$399.90	2.4	2.8	2.5	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.2
\$400.00-\$449.90	2.8	3.0	3.1	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.7	3.0	3.3
\$450.00-\$499.90	3.4	3.5	3.4	3.1	3.1	3.2	3.4	3.6	4.4
\$500.00-\$549.90	3.7	3.9	3.7	3.4	3.4	3.7	3.7	4.1	4.4
\$550.00-\$599.90	4.5	4.6	4.4	4.1	4.0	4.5	4.8	4.9	4.8
\$600.00-\$649.90	5.5	5.5	5.0	5.0	5.1	5.5	5.8	6.8	5.7
\$650.00-\$699.90	6.2	5.8	6.1	5.4	5.8	6.3	6.4	7.0	7.4
\$700.00-\$749.90	6.8	6.9	6.7	6.3	6.3	6.7	6.6	7.0	9.5
\$750.00-\$799.90	7.1	6.9	7.2	6.9	7.0	7.0	6.3	7.2	9.2
\$800.00-\$849.90	7.7	7.5	7.6	7.8	8.3	8.2	6.6	7.0	9.1
\$850.00-\$899.90	8.2	8.9	9.2	9.6	9.4	7.6	6.8	6.7	8.7
\$900.00-\$949.90	7.5	9.8	10.8	9.2	7.5	7.5	6.4	5.9	5.9
\$950.00-\$999.90	6.3	8.5	8.8	6.6	6.3	6.1	5.8	5.6	5.5
\$1,000.00-\$1,049.90	5.1	7.0	6.0	5.6	5.8	4.9	5.0	4.5	3.3
\$1,050.00-\$1,099.90	3.8	5.1	4.2	4.5	4.3	3.8	3.8	3.3	2.2
\$1,100.00-\$1,149.90	2.9	3.2	2.5	3.4	3.2	3.2	3.0	2.5	1.3
\$1,150.00-\$1,199.90	2.3	1.1	1.3	2.5	2.9	2.8	2.5	1.9	1.0
\$1,200.00-\$1,249.90	1.9	.4	.7	2.3	2.4	2.1	2.4	1.8	.8
\$1,250.00-\$1,299.90	1.6	.2	.4	1.8	1.7	1.7	2.3	1.8	.7
\$1,300.00 or more	4.6	2	.6	2.8	3.2	4.5	8.1	7.3	4.3
Average benefit	\$811.80	\$773.90	\$774.10	\$814.30	\$815.10	\$813.70	\$842.00	\$817.80	\$769.30

[Based on 10-percent sample]

### Table 5.F12.—Number of widowed mothers and fathers and total monthly benefit, by type of benefit, 1950–2000

[Dollars, in thousands]

					Widov	ved				
	Total		Total		With at le 1 child under age	d .	Entitled s because at least 1 disab	e of	Survivir divorce mothers and	ed
December	Number	Benefit	Number	Benefit	Number	Benefit	Number	Benefit	Number	Benefit
1950	169,438	\$5,801	169,426	\$5,800	169,426	\$5,800			12	(3) \$4
1951	203,782	6,776	203,662	6,771	203,662	6,771			120	\$4
1952	228,984	8,273	228,815	8,266	228,815	8,266			169	7
1953 1954	253,873 271,536	9,517 12,089	253,670 271,313	9,508 12,078	253,670 271,313	9,508 12,078			203 223	9 11
1955	291,916	13,403	291,656	13,389	291,656	13,389			260	14
1956	301,240	14,262	300,978	14,248	300,978	14,248			262	14
1957	328,309	16,102	328,018	16,087	325,636	15,958	2,382	\$129	291	16
1958 1959	353,964 376,145	17,887 21,579	353,650 375,819	17,869 21,557	349,649 370,545	17,649 21,245	4,001 5,274	220 312	314 326	18 22
1960	401,358	23,795	400,976	23,768	394,560	23,383	6,416	385	382	27
1961	428,138	25,425	427,699	25,395	420,258	24,938	7,441	457	439	30
1962	451,984	26,838	451,520	26,805	443,182	26,290	8,338	515	464	33
1963 1964	461,675 470,597	27,438 27,954	461,211 470,100	27,405 27,290	452,106 460,348	26,830 27,295	9,105 9,752	575 625	464 497	32 34
1965	471,816	30,882	471,286	30,842	461,011	30,132	10,275	710	530	40
1966	487,755	31,983	486,958	31,927	476,275	31,188	10,683	739	797	56
1967	496,307	32,686	495,308	32,616	483,808	31,791	11,500	825	999	71
1968 1969	504,916 511,639	37,833 38,406	503,774 510,355	37,743 38,305	492,674 499,324	36,849 37,402	11,100 11,031	894 902	1,142 1,284	90 101
1970	523,136	45,258	521,698	45,127	510,215	44,039	11,483	1,089	1,438	131
1971	535,126	51,163	533,560	51,055	520,301	49,603	13,259	1,402	1,566	158
1972	540,965	62,457	539,153	62,237	526,548	60,612	12,605	1,625	1,812	220
1973	571,907	67,578	565,327	66,823	551,509	64,985	13,818	1,838	6,580	754
1974	573,506	76,980	562,801	75,605	544,335	72,914	18,466	2,692	10,705	1,374
1975	581,845	85,676	565,941	83,435	544,886	80,068	21,075	3,366	15,904	2,241
1976 1977	578,727 583,195	92,466	558,933	89,400	537,002	85,637	21,931	3,764	19,794	3,065 4,117
1977	576,343	101,345 109,714	558,886 548,463	97,227 104,506	536,481 525,879	93,091 100,028	22,405 22,584	4,136 4,478	24,309 27,880	5,209
1979	573,750	121,957	541,480	115,284	518,564	110,235	22,916	5,049	32,270	6,674
1980	562,316	138,426	525,661	129,754	502,639	123,885	23,022	5,869	36,655	8,671
1981	547,593	151,509	507,777	140,990	484,427	134,299	23,350	6,691	39,816	10,518
1982	514,772	155,876	474,003	144,207	451,159	137,068	22,844	7,139	40,769	11,669
1983 1984	400,298 382,411	123,559 122,957	363,946 346,319	112,979 112,002	339,367 318,076	104,956 102,391	24,579 28,243	8,022 9,612	36,352 36,092	10,581 10,995
1985	371,659	123,557	335,085	112,117	306,004	101,812	29,081	10,304	36,574	11,440
1986	350,546	118,602	315,572	107,470	286,290	96,887	29,282	10,583	34,974	11,132
1987	340,940	115,967	307,581	104,888	278,582	93,871	28,999	11,017	33,359	11,079
1988 1989	317,761 312,079	116,902 120,970	285,265 280,006	105,596 109,184	256,463 251,646	94,096 97,170	28,802 28,360	11,500 12,014	32,496 32,073	11,306 11,786
1990	303,923	124,340	272,526	112,103	244,965	99,683	27,561	12,420	31,397	12,237
1990	300,661	124,340	269,679	112,103	242,379	102,085	27,300	12,420	30,982	12,237
1992	294,716	128,748	263,630	115,884	236,990	102,840	26,640	13,045	30,546	12,864
1993	289,350	129,752	259,320	116,771	232,794	103,365	26,526	13,407	30,030	12,981
1994	283,072	131,463	253,928	118,399	227,709	104,658	26,219	13,741	29,144	13,064
1995	275,020	131,430	247,113	118,550	221,494	104,664	25,619	13,886	27,907	12,881
1996 1997	242,135	124,678	218,171	112,627	193,664 184,184	98,799 97,120	24,507 23.474	13,828	23,964	12,051
1997	230,222 220,610	122,488 120,247	207,658 199,447	110,774 109,001	176,660	97,120 95,491	23,474 22,787	13,654 13,510	22,564 21,163	11,714 11,246
1998	212,401	120,247	199,447	109,001	170,572	95,491	21,972	13,463	19,857	10,962
2000	203,052	120,812	184,397	109,941	164,420	97,063	19,977	12,878	18,655	10,871
	,	-,	- ,		-,,,	- ,- ,-	- , -	,	- ,	- ,

<sup>1</sup> Prior to August 1981, benefits were payable to mothers and fathers caring for a child under age 18. For mothers and fathers caring for a child who was at least age 14 and who were entitled in August 1981, benefits were continued until the child attained age 18 or September 1983, whichever came earlier. <sup>2</sup> Excludes mothers and fathers who had both disabled and nondisabled entitled children in their care.

<sup>3</sup> Less than \$500.

# Table 5.F13.—Number and average monthly benefit for **nondisabled widows** aged 65 or older, by reduction status and limitation of benefit, December 2000 [Based on 10-percent sample]

	i										
				Benefits no	ot reduced due to	o early retiremen	t of widow				
					Benefits not l	imited due to	Benefits lin	nited due to	Benefits reduced due to		
					early retireme	ent of spouse	early retirem	ent of spouse	t of spouse early retirement		
		Average		Average		Average		Average		Average	
		monthly		monthly		monthly		monthly		monthly	
Age	Number	benefit	Number	benefit	Number	benefit	Number	benefit	Number	benefit	
Total	4,216,370	\$815.80	1,954,430	\$910.20	996,840	\$1,009.00	957,590	\$807.30	<sup>1</sup> 2,261,940	\$734.30	
65–69	693,230	814.30	123,260	951.90	86,600	991.30	36,660	858.80	569,970	784.50	
65	135,490	800.40	13,470	974.90	11,650	991.00	1,820	871.90	122,020	781.20	
66 67	135,810 133,970	820.50 815.50	20,490 24,000	976.30 942.80	16,000	1,006.00 982.50	4,490 6,980	870.30 845.90	115,320 109,970	792.80 787.70	
68	141,780	815.50	24,000 29,840	942.80 944.40	17,020 19,910	982.50 984.10	9,980	845.90 864.80	111,940	787.70	
69	146,180	818.50	35,460	941.60	22,020	994.10	13,440	855.40	110,720	779.10	
									,		
70–74 70	809,890	815.10	268,700	922.70	143,890	991.50	124,810	843.40	541,190	761.70	
70	150,940 151,150	817.00 820.00	41,590 45,850	924.30 934.30	23,640 25,640	990.20 991.20	17,950 20,210	837.60 862.30	109,350 105,300	776.20 770.20	
72	159.610	817.00	43,850 52,870	934.30 924.40	28,290	991.20	20,210	845.00	105,300	763.80	
73	171,110	812.10	60,840	915.30	31,590	984.00	29,250	841.10	110,270	755.10	
74	177,080	810.70	67,550	919.10	34,730	997.80	32,820	835.80	109,530	743.80	
75–79	940,570	813.70	429,880	917.50	206,900	1,017.00	222,980	825.20	510,690	726.30	
75	178,360	808.80	72,100	911.70	34,750	1,002.30	37,350	827.40	106,260	739.00	
76	189,010	805.40	82,700	905.50	40,240	994.70	42,460	821.00	106,310	727.60	
77	186,690	811.40	84,950	915.20	41,160	1,013.30	43,790	822.90	101,740	724.70	
78	190,390	817.40	91,650	922.60	44,260	1,025.80	47,390	826.20	98,740	719.80	
79	196,120	824.60	98,480	929.00	46,490	1,042.20	51,990	827.80	97,640	719.30	
80–84	799,700	842.00	462,140	947.40	214,560	1,077.30	247,580	834.80	337,560	697.80	
80	187,070	835.50	99,070	941.40	46,750	1,063.00	52,320	832.70	88,000	716.20	
81	165,910	837.30	92,330	944.10	43,030	1,068.30	49,300	835.70	73,580	703.20	
82	159,900	851.30	93,880	956.70	43,110	1,099.80	50,770	835.20	66,020	701.50	
83	145,490	850.60	88,040	955.50	41,550	1,086.00	46,490	838.90	57,450	689.70	
84	141,330	836.90	88,820	939.50	40,120	1,070.20	48,700	831.90	52,510	663.30	
85–89	576,030	817.80	383,990	904.70	181,220	1,039.30	202,770	784.50	192,040	644.00	
85	135,180	832.70	87,620	930.60	40,530	1,071.30	47,090	809.40	47,560	652.50	
86	125,790	827.00	82,340	922.30	38,690	1,066.50	43,650	794.50	43,450	646.50	
87	116,450	817.90	77,770	904.60	36,490	1,041.80	41,280	783.20	38,680	643.70	
88	106,430	804.90	72,420	884.50	33,800	1,016.20	38,620	769.20	34,010	635.40	
89	92,180	798.00	63,840	869.80	31,710	987.00	32,130	754.10	28,340	636.40	
90 or older	396,950	769.30	286,460	817.00	163,670	900.80	122,790	705.40	110,490	645.80	

<sup>1</sup> Includes 151,820 widows with benefits also limited due to early retirement of spouse.

## Table 5.G1.—Number and percentage distribution of persons receiving both a retired-worker and secondary benefit with and without reduction for early retirement, by primary insurance amount and sex, December 2000

[Based on 10-percent sample]

	Tot	al	Without reduce retire	ction for early ment	With reduction for early retirement		
Primary insurance amount and sex	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
Total	6,009,800	100.0	1,060,100	100.0	4,949,700	100.0	
Less than \$250.00	742,520	12.4	107,190	10.1	635,330	12.8	
\$250.00-\$299.90	411,240	6.8	58,330	5.5	352,910	7.1	
\$300.00-\$349.90	635,300	10.6	107,190	10.1	528,110	10.7	
\$350.00-\$399.90	384,730	6.4	62,500	5.9	322,230	6.5	
\$400.00-\$449.90	509,670	8.5	85,460	8.1	424,210	8.6	
\$450.00-\$499.90	726,780	12.1	127,550	12.0	599,230	12.1	
\$500.00-\$549.90	596,960	9.9	106,000	10.0	490,960	9.9	
\$550.00-\$599.90	459,480	7.6	87,970	8.3	371,510	7.5	
\$600.00-\$649.90	384,230	6.4	74,340	7.0	309,890	6.3	
\$650.00-\$699.90	247,750	4.1	49,940	4.7	197,810	4.0	
\$700.00-\$749.90	198,780	3.3	41,140	3.9	157,640	3.2	
\$750.00-\$799.90	163,250	2.7	34,430	3.2	128,820	2.6	
\$800.00-\$849.90	134,240	2.2	28,390	2.7	105,850	2.1	
\$850.00-\$899.90	113,920	1.9	24,410	2.3	89,510	1.8	
\$900.00-\$949.90	85,760	1.4	17,220	1.6	68,540	1.4	
\$950.00-\$999.90	68,300	1.1	13,620	1.3	54,680	1.1	
\$1,000.00-\$1,049.90	48,970	.8	9,470	.9	39,500	.8	
\$1,050.00-\$1,099.90	33,790	.6	6,770	.6	27,020	.5	
\$1,100.00 or more	64,130	1.1	18,180	1.7	45,950	.9	
Men	113,410	100.0	29,050	100.0	84,360	100.0	
Less than \$250.00	8,690	7.7	3,920	13.5	4,770	5.7	
\$250.00-\$299.90	3,850	3.4	1,400	4.8	2,450	2.9	
\$300.00-\$349.90	7,600	6.7	2,800	9.6	4,800	5.7	
\$350.00-\$399.90	3,800	3.4	1,360	4.7	2,440	2.9	
\$400.00-\$449.90	5,700	5.0	1,970	6.8	3,730	4.4	
\$450.00-\$499.90	8,140	7.2	2,490	8.6	5,650	6.7	
\$500.00-\$549.90 \$550.00-\$599.90 \$600.00-\$649.90 \$650.00-\$699.90 \$700.00-\$749.90 \$750.00-\$799.90	7,240 6,320 6,360 4,920 5,070 5,150	6.4 5.6 5.6 4.3 4.5 4.5	2,090 1,850 1,450 870 930 940	7.2 6.4 5.0 3.0 3.2 3.2 3.2	5,150 4,470 4,910 4,050 4,140 4,210	6.1 5.3 5.8 4.8 4.9 5.0	
\$800.00-\$849.90.	4,640	4.1	870	3.0	3,770	4.5	
\$850.00-\$899.90.	5,000	4.4	1,010	3.5	3,990	4.7	
\$900.00-\$949.90.	5,200	4.6	750	2.6	4,450	5.3	
\$950.00-\$999.90.	5,290	4.7	970	3.3	4,320	5.1	
\$1,000.00-\$1,049.90.	4,810	4.2	740	2.5	4,070	4.8	
\$1,050.00-\$1,099.90.	4,040	3.6	560	1.9	3,480	4.1	
\$1,000.00 or more.	11,590	10.2	2,080	7.2	9,510	11.3	
Women	5,896,390	100.0	1,031,050	100.0	4,865,340	100.0	
Less than \$250.00	733,830	12.4	103,270	100.0	630,560	13.0	
\$250.00-\$299.90	407,390	6.9	56,930	5.5	350,460	7.2	
\$300.00-\$349.90	627,700	10.6	104,390	10.1	523,310	10.8	
\$350.00-\$349.90	380,930	6.5	61,140	5.9	319,790	6.6	
\$400.00-\$449.90	503,970	8.5	83,490	8.1	420,480	8.6	
\$450.00-\$449.90	718,640	12.2	125,060	12.1	593,580	12.2	
\$500.00-\$549.90.	589,720	10.0	103,910	10.1	485,810	10.0	
\$550.00-\$599.90.	453,160	7.7	86,120	8.4	367,040	7.5	
\$600.00-\$649.90	377,870	6.4	72,890	7.1	304,980	6.3	
\$650.00-\$699.90	242,830	4.1	49,070	4.8	193,760	4.0	
\$700.00-\$749.90	193,710	3.3	40,210	3.9	153,500	3.2	
\$750.00-\$799.90.	158,100	2.7	33,490	3.2	124,610	2.6	
\$800.00-\$849.90	129,600	2.2	27,520	2.7	$\begin{array}{c} 102,080\\ 85,520\\ 64,090\\ 50,360\\ 35,430\\ 23,540\\ 36,440\end{array}$	2.1	
\$850.00-\$899.90	108,920	1.8	23,400	2.3		1.8	
\$900.00-\$\$49.90	80,560	1.4	16,470	1.6		1.3	
\$950.00-\$999.90.	63,010	1.1	12,650	1.2		1.0	
\$1,000.00-\$1,049.90	44,160	.7	8,730	.8		.7	
\$1,050.00-\$1,099.90	29,750	.5	6,210	.6		.5	
\$1,100.00 or more	52,540	.9	16,100	1.6		.7	

					Women				Men				
		To	tal	Wife's b	enefits	Widow's	benefits						
December <sup>1</sup>	Total	Number	Percent of all women retired workers	Number	Percent of all entitled to wife's benefits because of age	Number	Percent of all entitled to widow's benefits	Parent's benefits	Total	Husband's benefits	Widower's benefits	Parent's benefits	
1952	36,132	35,402	6.0	14,131	6.0	20,850	4.4	421	730	258	83	389	
1953	54,798	53,631	6.8	23,355	2.7	29,668	5.2	608	1,167	529	148	490	
1954	79,689	77,978	8.0	34,225	3.4	42,899	6.3	854	1,711	827	257	627	
1955	108,551	106,320	8.7	49,637	4.2	55,664	7.4	1,019	2,231	1,224	342	665	
1956	143,284	140,603	9.1	68,766	4.8	70,601	7.2	1,236	2,681	1,542	426	713	
1957	194,501	190,951	9.6	102,522	5.6	86,951	7.4	1,478	3,550	2,152	578	820	
1958	229,599	225,790	9.8	124,504	6.1	99,669	7.5	1,617	3,809	2,421	634	754	
1959	268,900	264,434	10.2	141,831	6.4	120,458	8.0	2,145	4,466	2,794	772	900	
1960	307,736	302,646	10.6	159,032	6.8	141,218	8.4	2,396	5,090	3,197	911	982	
1961	335,243	330,727	10.5	159,587	6.6	169,264	9.1	1,876	4,516	2,652	1,090	774	
1962	427,085	421,535	12.1	204,445	7.9	214,371	10.4	2,719	5,550	3,229	1,330	991	
1963	502,839	496,639	13.2	138,081	8.9	255,408	11.3	3,150	6,200	3,597	1,543	1,060	
1964	577,954	571,144	14.2	269,657	9.9	297,929	12.1	3,558	6,810	3,940	1,752	1,118	
1965 <sup>2</sup>	618,730	611,610	14.3	282,940	10.3	324,930	12.3	3,740	7,120	4,110	1,910	1,100	
1966 <sup>2</sup>	706,860	699,080	15.1	315,550	11.2	379,440	13.2	4,090	7,780	4,470	2,260	1,050	
1967 <sup>2</sup>	770,190	760,950	15.7	334,200	11.8	422,480	13.8	4,270	9,240	5,190	3,070	980	
1968 <sup>2</sup>	842,560	831,760	16.3	354,750	12.4	472,590	14.5	4,420	10,800	5,810	4,110	880	
1969 <sup>2</sup>	920,250	909,720	17.0	376,520	13.0	528,660	15.3	4,540	10,530	5,620	4,160	750	
1970 <sup>2</sup>	977,340	966,780	17.1	388,210	13.3	573,950	15.9	4,620	10,560	5,530	4,400	630	
1971 <sup>2</sup>	1,069,940	1,060,120	17.7	411,710	13.8	643,730	16.9	4,680	9,820	5,130	4,170	520	
1972 <sup>2</sup>	1,183,369	1,170,286	18.5	477,333	15.5	688,087	17.3	4,866	13,083	6,797	5,442	844	
1973	1,377,080	1,361,360	20.2	562,111	17.7	794,001	22.2	5,248	15,710	7,966	6,986	758	
1974 <sup>2</sup>	1,534,583	1,516,326	21.3	554,844	17.1	956,662	21.4	4,820	18,257	6,592	11,080	585	
1975	1,679,825	1,660,451	22.4	616,669	18.4	1,038,992	22.3	4,790	19,374	9,920	8,690	764	
1976 <sup>2</sup>	1,827,928	1,812,008	23.4	669,792	19.5	1,137,251	23.4	4,965	15,920	7,497	7,779	644	
1977	2,026,534	1,991,915	24.6	762,250	21.4	1,225,344	24.3	4,321	34,619	14,557	19,544	518	
1978	2,208,490	2,163,011	25.7	836,004	22.8	1,322,897	25.3	4,110	45,479	17,832	27,192	455	
1979	2,435,848	2,380,260	27.1	917,747	24.4	1,458,611	26.6	3,902	55,588	20,179	35,004	405	
1980	2,660,037	2,594,467	28.5	1,015,672	26.2	1,575,085	27.8	3,710	65,570	22,597	42,580	393	
1982	3,109,239	3,031,518	31.1	1,239,736	29.8	1,788,556	29.5	3,226	77,721	24,787	52,604	330	
1983	3,355,148	3,267,890	32.5	1,369,396	31.6	1,895,579	30.3	2,915	87,258	27,449	59,518	291	
1984	3,568,639	3,479,191	33.7	1,479,756	33.2	1,996,805	31.0	2,630	89,448	27,189	62,011	248	
1985	3,801,183	3,708,856	34.9	1,594,226	34.7	2,112,245	31.8	2,385	92,327	26,912	65,202	213	
1986	4,032,760	3,934,811	36.1	1,719,449	36.2	2,213,225	32.5	2,137	97,949	27,693	70,064	192	
1987	4,214,214	4,116,759	36.9	1,804,946	37.3	2,309,899	33.1	1,914	97,455	26,928	70,359	168	
1988	4,403,012	4,302,714	37.9	1,892,763	38.5	2,408,232	33.8	1,719	100,298	27,210	72,942	146	
1989	4,590,475	4,487,314	38.7	1,982,095	39.5	2,503,679	34.4	1,540	103,161	27,484	75,543	134	
1990	4,783,122	4,677,680	39.5	2,076,737	40.5	2,599,560	35.1	1,383	105,442	27,463	77,862	117	
1991	4,959,610	4,852,656	40.2	2,158,022	41.5	2,693,388	35.7	1,246	106,954	27,195	79,654	105	
1992	5,140,627	5,032,206	41.0	2,242,029	42.3	2,789,029	36.3	1,148	108,421	26,849	81,475	97	
1993 <sup>3</sup>	5,285,960	5,176,650	41.6	2,312,000	43.1	2,863,510	37.0	1,140	109,310	26,330	82,920	60	
1994 <sup>3</sup>	5,419,910	5,308,300	42.1	2,359,470	43.9	2,947,820	37.6	1,010	111,610	26,920	84,660	30	
1995 <sup>3</sup>	5,533,200	5,420,320	42.5	2,397,710	44.5	3,021,720	38.0	890	112,880	26,660	86,190	30	
1996 <sup>3</sup>	5,629,780	5,517,510	42.8	2,429,520	45.3	3,087,130	38.3	860	112,270	25,750	86,480	40	
1997 <sup>3</sup>	5,729,620	5,617,590	42.7	2,461,060	46.0	3,155,760	39.6	770	112,030	24,540	87,460	30	
1998 <sup>3</sup>	5,810,410	5,699,080	42.8	2,482,950	46.7	3,215,380	40.4	750	111,330	23,740	87,560	30	
1999 <sup>3</sup>	5,883,950	5,772,260	42.9	2,499,200	47.3	3,272,420	41.0	640	111,690	23,560	88,100	30	
2000 <sup>3</sup>	6,009,800	5,896,390	42.9	2,568,470	48.2	3,327,360	41.6	560	113,410	24,660	88,720	30	

Table 5.G2.—Number receiving both a retired-worker and secondary benefit, by type of secondary benefit, 1952–2000

<sup>1</sup> Data not available for 1981.
 <sup>2</sup> Distributions by type of secondary benefit are estimated.
 <sup>3</sup> Based on 10-percent sample.

Table 5.G3.—Number and average monthly benefit for persons receiving both a retired-worker and secondary benefit, by type of secondary benefit, December 2000

[Based on 10-percent sample]											
		Average monthly benefit									
Secondary benefit	Number	Total benefit	Retired- worker benefit	Reduced secondary benefit							
Total	6,009,800	\$760.20	\$421.30	\$338.90							
Wives and husbands	2,593,130 2,568,470 2,536,710 31,760 23,840 820 3,416,080 3,327,360	506.90 507.60 508.00 481.00 438.90 441.10 377.00 952.40 954.30	333.70 333.80 333.90 327.30 323.10 325.10 266.60 487.80 483.20	173.20 173.80 174.10 153.70 115.80 116.00 110.40 464.60 471.10							
Widowers Parents	88,720 590	879.60 835.10	661.00 412.00	218.60 423.10							

### Table 5.G4.—Number, combined average monthly benefit, and retired-worker benefit as percent of total combined benefit, December 2000

	[Based on 10-percent sample]												
	Number dually	entitled as—	Average combine	d monthly benefit	Retired-worker benefit as percent of combined monthly benefit								
Total combined monthly benefit	Wives or husbands <sup>1</sup>	Widows or widowers <sup>2</sup>	Wives or husbands	Widows or widowers	Wives or husbands	Widows or widowers							
Total	2,593,130	3,416,080	\$504.50	\$957.60	66	51							
Less than \$200.00 \$200.00-\$249.90 \$250.00-\$299.90 \$300.00-\$349.90 \$350.00-\$349.90	22,900 29,870 49,580 83,220 154,580	2,620 3,420 10,130 18,000 22,550	157.70 226.20 276.10 326.80 377.50	154.20 226.80 277.70 324.40 376.50	80 75 72 69 68	78 75 77 77 72							
\$400.00-\$449.90 \$450.00-\$499.90 \$500.00-\$549.90 \$550.00-\$599.90	331,340 578,450 594,310 334,640	34,820 53,240 63,250 78,270	427.80 476.40 522.50 572.10	426.20 476.00 525.40 575.20	67 67 69 67	70 69 68 66							
\$600.00-\$649.90 \$650.00-\$699.90 \$700.00-\$749.90 \$750.00-\$799.90	206,110 111,040 57,660 17,250	102,070 118,920 155,150 202,250	622.50 671.60 722.00 770.00	625.40 675.80 725.70 775.20	64 61 59 53	64 63 62 60							
\$800.00-\$849.90 \$850.00-\$899.90 \$900.00-\$949.90 \$950.00-\$999.90	6,130 4,040 2,890 2,120	253,520 301,520 315,350 301,510	823.30 872.80 922.10 974.20	824.50 873.90 924.80 974.00	48 47 49 46	59 57 53 52							
\$1,000.00-\$1,049.90 \$1,050.00-\$1,099.90 \$1,100.00-\$1,149.90 \$1,150.00-\$1,199.90	<sup>3</sup> 7,000 	280,690 223,490 182,050 156,720	<sup>3</sup> 1,156.90	1,024.10 1,073.60 1,124.30 1,174.30	<sup>3</sup> 40	50 48 47 46							
\$1,200.00-\$1,249.90 \$1,250.00-\$1,299.90 \$1,300.00-\$1,349.90 \$1,350.00-\$1,399.90 \$1,400.00 or more	···· ··· ···	130,940 112,190 73,100 52,870 167,440	···· ··· ···	1,224.20 1,273.10 1,323.70 1,372.80 1,638.30	···· ··· ···	44 43 42 40 36							

<sup>1</sup> Includes 24,660 husbands.

<sup>2</sup> Includes 88,720 widowers.

<sup>3</sup> \$1,000 or more.

### Table 5.G5.—Number and percentage distribution, by total combined monthly benefit and retired-worker benefit, December 2000

						Percent	of beneficia	aries receiv	ving retired	-worker be	nefit of—			
Total combined monthly benefit	Number	Total	Less than \$200.00	\$200.00- \$249.90	\$250.00- \$299.90	\$300.00- \$349.90	\$350.00- \$399.90	\$400.00- \$449.90	\$450.00- \$499.90	\$500.00- \$549.90	\$550.00- \$599.90	\$600.00- \$649.90	\$650.00- \$699.90	\$700.00 or more
						Dually e	ntitled as w	vives or hus	sbands <sup>1</sup>					
Total Less than \$200.00	2,593,130 22,900	100.0 100.0	17.8 100.0	11.7	11.5	10.5	15.6	13.9	9.9	5.1	2.3	1.1	0.4	0.2
\$200.00-\$249.90 \$250.00-\$299.90 \$300.00-\$349.00 \$350.00-\$399.90	29,870 49,580 83,220 154,580	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	66.1 47.1 35.4 27.3	33.9 29.3 24.1 18.5	23.6 23.8 19.1	 16.7 17.8	  17.4	· · · · · ·	· · · · · ·	· · · · · · ·	· · · · · ·	· · · · · ·	· · · · · · ·	· · · · · · ·
\$400.00-\$449.90 \$450.00-\$499.90 \$500.00-\$549.90	331,340 578,450 594,310	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	22.8 17.7 10.8	14.4 12.0 8.8	14.1 12.0 9.6	13.6 11.3 9.8	22.2 19.9 18.1	12.8 18.4 19.0	8.8 17.0	  6.9	· · · · · · · · · ·	···· ···	···· ···	
\$550.00-\$599.90 \$600.00-\$649.90	334,640 206,110	100.0 100.0	10.5 11.2	8.1 7.9	8.8 8.2	8.5 7.8	13.3 10.5	16.3 12.8	15.6 13.2	13.7 12.2	5.2 11.1	5.0		
\$650.00–\$699.90 \$700.00 or more	111,040 97,090	100.0 100.0	11.5 11.4	8.8 8.4	8.2 10.0	7.5 8.5	7.7 7.2	9.9 8.1	12.6 11.2	10.8 8.7	10.4 8.4	9.4 7.0	3.2 6.5	4.6
		Dually entitled as widows or widowers <sup>2</sup>												
Total	3,416,080	100.0	6.4	5.3	10.1	7.9	9.3	9.0	9.0	7.6	6.9	6.1	5.2	17.0
Less than \$200.00 \$200.00-\$249.90 \$250.00-\$299.90 \$300.00-\$349.90 \$350.00-\$399.90	2,620 3,420 10,130 18,000 22,550	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	100.0 67.3 32.1 18.8 18.7	32.7 27.2 14.8 13.6	40.7 47.5 29.5	 18.9 23.7	  14.5	· · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · ·	···· ··· ···	···· ··· ···	···· ··· ···	···· ··· ···	···· ··· ···
\$400.00-\$449.90 \$450.00-\$499.90 \$500.00-\$549.90 \$550.00-\$599.90	34,820 53,240 63,250 78,270	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	14.5 11.5 8.8 7.3	10.1 8.0 7.1 7.0	24.9 18.8 16.5 13.2	18.8 16.7 14.0 11.6	19.8 17.5 15.5 13.5	11.8 16.9 14.6 13.9	10.6 15.7 14.8	7.9 12.3	  6.5	···· ··· ···	···· ··· ···	···· ··· ···
\$600.00-\$649.90 \$650.00-\$699.90 \$700.00-\$749.90 \$750.00-\$799.90	102,070 118,920 155,150 202,250	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	7.3 6.1 5.1 4.7	5.7 5.2 4.7 4.5	12.1 11.1 10.5 10.7	10.0 8.6 8.6 7.7	12.0 10.7 9.7 9.6	12.2 11.3 10.5 9.7	13.7 13.0 11.5 10.2	11.8 11.0 10.2 9.7	10.4 10.5 9.6 8.8	4.9 8.5 9.0 8.7	3.9 7.2 7.1	 3.2 8.7
\$800.00-\$849.90 \$850.00-\$899.90 \$900.00-\$949.90 \$950.00-\$999.90	253,520 301,520 315,350 301,510	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	4.6 4.7 6.2 6.4	4.3 4.1 5.1 5.1	10.1 9.5 9.0 8.9	7.6 7.3 7.3 7.0	9.0 8.8 9.2 8.7	8.8 8.5 8.4 8.4	9.1 9.0 8.5 8.3	8.8 8.2 7.6 7.1	8.9 7.9 7.4 7.2	8.0 7.6 6.7 6.4	7.1 7.0 6.2 5.7	13.7 17.4 18.5 20.8
\$1,000.00-\$1,049.90. \$1,050.00-\$1,099.90. \$1,100.00-\$1,149.90. \$1,150.00-\$1,199.90.	280,690 223,490 182,050 156,720	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	6.3 6.0 5.8 6.8	4.8 5.2 5.1 5.4	8.5 8.1 7.7 7.6	6.7 6.5 6.8 6.3	8.9 8.8 8.8 8.0	8.4 8.4 8.2 8.1	8.5 8.3 8.0 7.6	7.1 7.2 6.9 6.9	6.8 6.4 6.1 6.1	6.2 6.2 6.1 5.6	5.6 5.4 5.8 5.2	22.1 23.5 24.6 26.5
\$1,200.00-\$1,249.90. \$1,250.00-\$1,299.90. \$1,300.00-\$1,349.90. \$1,350.00-\$1,399.90. \$1,400.00 or more	130,940 112,190 73,100 52,870 167,440	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	6.7 6.0 5.5 5.4 5.3	5.0 5.5 5.7 5.3 5.5	7.8 8.8 9.6 9.3	6.7 6.6 7.1 6.9 7.5	8.5 7.9 8.2 7.7 7.5	7.9 7.9 7.4 8.2 7.3	8.1 7.9 7.6 8.0 6.8	6.6 6.4 5.9 6.5 5.8	6.1 5.5 6.0 5.7 5.3	5.8 4.9 5.0 4.5 5.2	5.2 4.9 5.0 4.7 4.3	25.6 27.5 28.0 27.5 30.2

[Based on 10-percent sample]

<sup>1</sup> Includes 24,660 husbands.

<sup>2</sup> Includes 88,720 widowers.

#### Table 5.H1.—Number and average monthly family benefit for selected family groups, 1945–2000

[Data for 1985-2000 based on 10-percent sample. Data for prior years based on different sampling rates]

	F	Retired-worker families Survivor families				Disabled-worker families								
		Norker on			Non-	V	/idowed mo		N	Vorker only			ife, <sup>3</sup> and—	
December <sup>1</sup>	Total	Men	Women	Worker and wife <sup>2</sup>	disabled widow only	1 child	2 children	3 or more children	Total	Men	Women	1 child	2 or more chldren	Worker and spouse
	1						Number	(in thousand	s)					
1945	416	338	78	181	95	86	48	24						
1950 1955	1,240 3,266	939 2,054	301 1,212	498 1,124	314 700	82 126	53 86	33 80						
1960 1965	5,742 8,386	2,922 4,137	2,820 4,249	2,122 2,400	1,527 2,332	172 182	113 135	114 153	357 714	261 481	96 232	22 54	32 109	22 30
1970	10,533	4,904	5,629	2,457	3,080	183	155	182	1,054	680	374	77	164	43
1975 1980	13,520 16,314	6,134 7,286	7,385 9,028	2,618 2,736	3,606 4,033	221 239	182 184	176 134	1,750 2,061	1,080 1,257	671 804	137 154	250 228	66 80
1982 1983	17,519 18,162	7,852 8,166	9,667 9,996	2,784 2,830	4,191 4,271	236 161	165 141	106 92	1,969 1,961	1,208 1,215	760 746	124 85	163 143	78 80
1983	18,613	8,362	10,251	2,839	4,520	159	135	52 79	1,993	1,213	740	83	143	76
1985 1986	19,132 19,664	8,601 8,849	10,531 10,816	2,861 2,883	4,606 4,666	158 151	131 123	74 68	2,039 2,096	1,267 1,301	772 795	84 82	140 136	76 74
1987	20,137	9,064	11,074	2,893	4,709	141	115	62	2,154	1,338	816	79	132	74
1988 1989	20,567 21,036	9,264 9,495	11,302 11,541	2,896 2,903	4,749 4,788	137 137	112 109	61 58	2,194 2,262	1,353 1,390	841 872	77 75	125 120	71 67
1990	21,537	9,752	11,786 11,992	2,914 2,918	4,825	133 130	106 106	57 55	2,370 2,523	1,448 1,529	922 994	75 76	118 119	63 61
1991 1992	21,978 22,434	9,985 10,218	12,216	2,928	4,850 4,871	129	103	54	2,738	1,643	1,094	78	125	61
1993 1994	22,796 23,124	10,404 10,573	12,392 12,552	2,912 2,885	4,870 4,862	126 123	103 100	53 51	2,935 3,121	1,743 1,830	1,192 1,292	78 76	127 128	59 57
1995	23,433	10,732	12,701	2,845	4,841	120	97	49	3,305	1,909	1,396	75	124	55
1996 1997	23,705 24,124	10,874 11,027	12,831 13,097	2,799 2,759	4,815 4,657	117 113	78 74	41 37	3,473 3,593	1,973 2,006	1,500 1,588	61 57	104 91	53 53
1998 1999	24,409 24,730	11,163 11,337	13,246 13,394	2,703 2,651	4,589 4,536	111 107	69 67	34 32	3,769 3,924	2,074 2,131	1,695 1,793	52 49	80 72	53 52
2000	25,452	11,780	13,672	2,638	4,491	102	65	30	4,080	2,191	1,890	45	65	50
						A	verage mo	nthly family b	enefit					
1945	\$23.50 42.20	\$24.50	\$19.50 34.80	\$38.50 71.70	\$20.20	\$34.10	\$47.70 93.90	\$50.40 92.40						
1950 1955	59.10	44.60 64.60	49.80	103.50	36.50 48.70	76.90 106.80	135.40	133.20						
1960 1965	69.90 80.10	79.90 90.50	59.60 70.00	123.90 141.50	57.70 73.90	131.70 153.00	188.00 219.80	181.70 218.10	\$87.90 95.40	\$91.90 100.70	\$76.90 85.00	\$184.70 201.00	\$192.20 216.30	\$135.50 145.90
1970	114.20	128.70	101.60	198.90	102.40	213.00	291.10	289.90	128.10	136.30	113.10	264.10	273.20	199.20
1975 1980	201.60 333.00	225.50 377.10	181.80 297.40	343.90 566.60	195.90 311.60	367.20 612.80	468.60 759.20	461.80 740.50	218.90 355.40	240.00 396.20	185.00 291.70	441.00 727.00	454.00 746.10	344.00 573.00
1982 1983	408.90 429.70	465.50 490.00	362.90 380.40	702.50 742.90	379.00 400.60	735.60 774.80	885.50 923.00	867.90 884.50	424.20 439.40	474.20 490.90	344.70 355.40	847.40 867.90	858.20 881.80	690.70 716.20
1983	448.20	511.60	396.40	781.20	416.30	805.30	923.00 948.30	906.60	454.00	507.60	365.70	881.50	885.50	740.40
1985	465.80	531.80	412.00	813.90	434.30	829.60	981.50	924.90	466.90	523.10	374.60	898.10	895.20	765.00
1986 1987	475.20 499.20	542.60 570.40	420.10 440.80	831.30 873.30	444.90 468.70	841.70 882.10	994.00 1,032.30	939.80 968.90	470.70 491.60	527.80 552.00	377.40 392.60	896.90 929.40	888.30 918.30	773.30 815.50
1988 1989	522.70 552.10	597.20 630.70	461.70 487.40	914.10 965.60	493.60 522.80		1,070.40 1,120.00	1,012.90 1,064.60	512.20 539.30	576.10 607.10	409.50 431.20	960.20 1,009.40	938.40 971.90	855.40 903.70
1990	588.30	671.90		1,026.60	557.90	1,020.20		1,124.60	570.40	642.80		1,062.10	1,016.00	960.80
1991 1992	614.70 637.80	702.00 728.10	562.30	1,071.70 1,110.50	609.00	1,059.80 1,086.90	1,252.40	1,160.60 1,190.80	592.30 609.50	668.40 688.70		1,098.00 1,122.10		1,004.70 1,045.00
1993 1994	659.10 682.30	751.90 777.80		1,145.40 1,183.70		1,114.20 1,150.10		1,229.40 1,271.00	625.50 646.20	707.20 731.80		1,143.00 1,177.60		1,078.20 1,118.60
1995	704.80	803.00		1,220.60	681.60	1,184.50	1,365.50	1,299.80	667.60	757.40	544.80	1,205.50	1,130.90	
1996 1997	730.00 750.20	831.10 853.70	644.20	1,262.10 1,294.60	708.70	1,222.50 1,250.30	1,450.60	1,347.20 1,358.00	690.60 708.00	785.30 806.60	566.00	1,245.90 1,280.20	1,148.50	
1998	765.10	870.50	676.40	1,317.70	750.90	1,277.00	1,537.70	1,393.20	720.00	820.20	597.40	1,300.40	1,189.40	1,261.90
1999 2000	789.80 830.10	898.60 945.90		1,356.80 1,419.90		1,325.40 1,387.90		1,446.30 1,513.20	741.20 773.60	844.50 880.70		1,344.90 1,394.20	1,224.20 1,274.30	

<sup>1</sup> Data not available for 1981.

<sup>2</sup> Wife's entitlement based on age.
<sup>3</sup> Wife's entitlement based on care of children.

### Table 5.H2.—Number and average primary insurance amount and average monthly family benefit for selected family groups, December 2000

[Numbers in thousands. Based on 10-percent sample]

	Number of <sup>2</sup> -	-	Average			
			Primary	Monthly		
Family classification <sup>1</sup>	Families	Beneficiaries	insurance amount	family benefit		
Retired-worker families:						
Worker only	25,452	25,452	\$827.50	\$830.10		
Men	11,780	11,780	1.037.80	945.90		
Full benefit	3,684	3,684	1,081.70	1,122.00		
Reduced benefit	8,096	8,096	1,017.80	865.80		
Women	13.672	13.672	646.30	730.30		
Full benefit	3,472	3,472	737.90	844.30		
Reduced benefit	10,200	10,200	615.10	661.60		
Worker and wife	2,638	5,276	1,066.50	1,419.90		
Full worker benefit	909	1,.818	1,129.40	1,660.00		
Reduced worker benefit	1,729	3,458	1,033.40	1,293.70		
Worker and husband	32	63	522.80	729.20		
Worker and children	270	591	955.20	1,369.60		
Male worker <sup>3</sup>	241	529	986.70	1.412.90		
Female worker <sup>4</sup>	30	63	699.60	1.018.60		
Worker, wife, and children	105	342	996.70	1,640.30		
Worker, wife, and 1 child	86	259	1.007.80	1,654.90		
Full worker benefit	27	80	1,041.70	1,845.00		
Reduced worker benefit	60	178	992.60	1,569.50		
Worker, wife, and 2 or more children				,		
	19	83	945.20	1,573.30		
Full worker benefit	5	24	957.70	1,716.40		
Reduced worker benefit	13	59	940.00	1,514.40		
Survivors families:						
Nondisabled widow or widower only	4,528	4,528	952.60	810.60		
Full benefit	1,899	1,899	958.80	909.90		
Reduced benefit	2,628	2,628	948.20	738.90		
Nondisabled widow or widower and children	95	197	875.20	1,407.30		
Full benefit	59	121	860.20	1,434.50		
Reduced benefit	36	75	899.30	1,363.40		
Disabled widow or widower only	183	183	949.00	517.80		
Widowed mother or father and children	196	530	934.70	1,501.70		
1 child	102	203	933.50	1,387.90		
2 children	65	194	964.00	1,675.40		
3 or more children	30	132	875.40	1,513.20		
Children only	1,055	1,443	778.60	741.00		
1 child	776	776	780.70	584.80		
2 children	200	399	786.20	1,155.30		
3 or more children	79	267	738.00	1,229.20		
Parents	2	2	888.20	720.00		
Disabled-worker families:						
Worker only	4,080	4,080	777.00	773.60		
Men	2,191	2,191	886.20	880.70		
Women	1.890	1.890	650.40	649.40		
Worker and spouse <sup>5</sup>	50	101	1,085.70	1,355.50		
Worker and children	793	2.025	837.80	1,206.20		
Male worker	507	1,308	891.40	1,289.90		
Female worker	285	717	742.40	1,057.60		
Worker, wife, and children	110	438	899.50	1.323.40		
1 child	45	430	935.70	1,394.20		
				,		
2 or more children	65	302	874.30	1,274.30		
Worker, husband, and children	2	8	719.10	1,032.10		

<sup>1</sup> The term "full benefit" applies to benefits not subject to actuarial reduction and the term "reduced benefit" applies to benefits subject to actuarial reduction.

<sup>2</sup> Provisions for Railroad Retirement beneficiaries are described in the section Social Security (Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance).

<sup>3</sup> Includes 168,700 families with reduced retired-worker benefits.

<sup>4</sup> Includes 29,700 families with reduced retired-worker benefits.

<sup>5</sup> Where the disabled worker's spouse is dually entitled as a retired worker, the benefit amount shown for the spouse represents the difference between the entitlement amount as a spouse and as a retired worker.

#### Table 5.H3.—Number and percentage distribution of retired-worker and disabled-worker families, by monthly benefit for selected family groups, December 2000<sup>1</sup> [Based on 10-percent sample]

	Retired wo	orker only	Retired –	Retired v wife, a		Disabled wo	orker only	Disabled wife, ar			
Monthly family benefit <sup>2</sup>	Men	Women	worker and wife	1 child	2 or more children	Men	Women	1 child	2 or more children		
Total number	11,780,000	13,672,390	2,638,180	86,220	18,730	2,190,550	1,889,500	45,200	65,130		
Total percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
Less than \$100.00	.2	.2	.1		.1	.2	.2	.1	.1		
\$100.00-\$149.90	.5	.5	.2	.1	.2	.2	.6		.1		
\$150.00-\$199.90	.8	.8	3	.2	.2	.6	1.5	.1	.1		
\$200.00-\$249.90		1.1	.4	.3	.3	.8	2.3	.1	.2		
\$250.00–\$299.90 \$300.00–\$349.90	1.1 1.2	1.7 2.3	.5 .6	.3 .6	.5 .5	1.2 1.6	3.0 3.7	.1 .2	.2 .3		
\$350.00-\$399.90	1.6	3.5	.0	.0	.5	1.0	3.9	.2	.3		
\$400.00-\$449.90		5.6	.8	.8	.9	2.5	5.5	.2	.4		
\$450.00-\$499.90	2.3	8.3	.8	.8	1.1	4.4	9.8	.8	1.4		
\$500.00-\$549.90		8.9	.9	.8	1.3	4.8	9.5	1.4	2.0		
\$550.00-\$599.90	2.6	7.2	1.1	1.2	1.3	5.0	8.8	1.4	2.1		
\$600.00-\$649.90		6.3	1.3	1.3	1.4	5.4	8.0	1.7	2.2		
\$650.00-\$699.90 \$700.00-\$749.90	3.1 3.6	5.5 5.2	1.4 1.5	1.7 1.6	2.6 2.9	5.2 5.1	7.0 6.1	1.8 1.9	2.5 2.7		
\$750.00-\$799.90		4.9	1.5	2.1	2.9	5.0	5.2	2.2	3.5		
\$800.00-\$849.90		5.0	1.6	1.5	2.5	4.9	4.3	2.5	2.9		
\$850.00-\$899.90	5.8	5.0	1.6	1.4	1.4	4.9	3.8	2.3	3.0		
\$900.00-\$949.90	6.6	4.7	1.8	1.1	1.7	4.6	3.1	3.0	3.2		
\$950.00-\$999.90		4.3	1.9	1.1	2.3	4.5	2.6	3.1	4.1		
\$1,000.00-\$1,049.90		3.9	2.0	1.4	1.5	4.3	2.2	4.1	4.9		
\$1,050.00–\$1,099.90 \$1,100.00–\$1,149.90	7.0 5.9	3.1 2.5	2.3 2.5	1.2 1.5	2.1 1.5	4.0 3.8	1.7 1.4	4.1 3.8	4.5 4.7		
\$1,150.00-\$1,199.90		2.0	2.8	1.6	2.0	3.8	1.4	3.6	4.7		
\$1,200.00-\$1,249.90	4.4	1.7	3.1	1.4	1.6	4.2	1.2	3.9	3.9		
\$1,250.00–\$1,299.90	3.9	1.5	3.6	1.7	1.7	4.8	1.1	3.8	4.0		
\$1,300.00-\$1,349.90		1.0	4.4	1.6	1.4	4.0	.8	3.5	3.1		
\$1,350.00-\$1,399.90		.8	4.8	1.6	1.4	3.3	.6	3.5	3.5		
\$1,400.00–\$1,449.90 \$1,450.00–\$1,499.90		.6 .4	5.0 5.9	1.5 2.0	2.2 1.7	<sup>3</sup> 5.2	<sup>3</sup> .8	3.5 2.9	2.9 2.5		
\$1,450.00-\$1,499.90		4 .4 4 1.1	6.0	2.0	2.5			3.0	2.5		
\$1,550.00-\$1,599.90			5.3	2.9	2.5			2.7	2.2		
\$1,600.00-\$1,649.90			4.6	3.1	2.2			2.6	1.9		
\$1,650.00–\$1,699.90			4.1	3.7	2.9			2.7	2.0		
\$1,700.00-\$1,749.90			3.6	3.8	3.3			2.5	1.8		
\$1,750.00-\$1,799.90			3.1	3.8 4.3	3.4 2.7			2.9 2.9	1.7 2.2		
\$1,800.00–\$1,849.90 \$1,850.00–\$1,899.90			2.7 2.3	4.5	3.5			2.9	2.2		
\$1,900.00-\$1,949.90			1.9	4.6	3.6			2.8	2.0		
\$1,950.00-\$1,999.90			1.7	4.7	3.6			2.5	1.6		
\$2,000.00-\$2,049.90			1.4	4.3	2.8			2.1	1.3		
\$2,050.00-\$2,099.90			1.2	3.2	2.5			1.9	1.4		
\$2,100.00-\$2,149.90			1.0	3.0	3.2			1.6	1.4		
\$2,150.00-\$2,199.90 \$2,200.00-\$2,249.90			.8 .7	3.1 2.8	2.8 2.1			1.7 <sup>5</sup> 5.6	1.0 <sup>5</sup> 5.7		
\$2,250.00-\$2,299.90			.6	2.0	1.5						
\$2,300.00-\$2,349.90			.5	1.9	1.7						
\$2,350.00-\$2,399.90			.4	1.6	1.7						
\$2,400.00–\$2,449.90 \$2,450.00–\$2,499.90			.5 .4	1.3 1.1	1.3 1.1						
\$2,450.00-\$2,499.90 \$2,500.00 or more			.4 1.8	4.9	7.0						
Average monthly benefit per family	\$945.90	\$730.30	\$1,419.90	\$1,654.90	\$1,573.30	\$880.70	\$649.40	\$1,394.20	\$1,274.30		
Average monthly benefit per failing	φ343.90	φr 30.30	ψ1, <del>4</del> 13.30	ψ1,034.30	φ1,373.30	<i>4000.70</i>	ψ043.4U	ψ1,334.20	ψ1,27 <b>4.</b> 30		

<sup>1</sup> Provisions for Railroad Retirement beneficiaries are described in the section Social Security (Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance).

<sup>2</sup> Cases involving actuarial reduction may be represented in all benefit intervals for which values are shown.
 <sup>3</sup> \$1,400 or more.

4 \$1,500 or more.

<sup>5</sup> \$2,200 or more.

Table 5.H4.—Number and percentage distribution of survivor families, by monthly benefit for selected family groups, December 2000

[Based on 10-percent sample]

	Widowod	other or fathe	rand		Children only			
-					i			<b>D</b>
Monthly family benefit	1 child	2 children	3 or more children	1 child	2 children	3 or more children	Nondisabled widow only	Disabled widow only
Total number	101,690	64,730	29,820	776,240	199,700	79,020	4,491,310	178,380
Total percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Less than \$100.00			.1	.5	.5	.6	.2	3.6
\$100.00-\$149.90	.1	.1		1.3	.3	.4	.2	3.0
\$150.00–\$199.90 \$200.00–\$249.90	.2 .3	.2 .3	.2 .7	1.8 2.1	.6 1.0	.8 1.6	.3 .9	3.9 5.0
\$250.00-\$299.90	.4	.3	.7	2.2	1.4	1.8	1.6	5.1
\$300.00–\$349.90 \$350.00–\$399.90	.5 .6	.5 .6	.8 1.0	9.0 7.9	1.5 1.4	2.1 1.8	2.3 2.3	6.7 7.2
\$350.00-\$399.90	.0	.6	.8	7.8	1.4	2.2	2.3	7.5
\$450.00-\$499.90	.9	.6	.6	7.8	2.2	2.3	3.4	7.3
\$500.00-\$549.90	.8	.8	1.5	7.8	1.7	2.3	3.7	7.0
\$550.00–\$599.90 \$600.00–\$649.90	.8 1.1	.6 .9	1.0 1.4	7.3 8.2	1.7 2.0	1.9 2.1	4.5 5.6	6.4 5.7
\$650.00-\$699.90	1.9	1.6	2.2	6.3	3.2	3.9	6.3	5.2
\$700.00-\$749.90	2.2	2.2	3.1	5.6	4.1	4.2	6.9	5.0
\$750.00-\$799.90	2.7	2.6	3.1	4.7	4.1	4.5	7.1	4.2
\$800.00-\$849.90 \$850.00-\$899.90	2.8 2.9	2.5 2.6	3.8 4.0	3.9 3.6	4.3 3.9	4.1 4.1	7.7 8.2	3.8 4.6
\$900.00-\$949.90	2.9	2.2	2.8	3.4	4.0	3.8	7.5	4.1
\$950.00-\$999.90	3.0	1.5	2.4	3.0	3.8	2.8	6.3	2.4
\$1,000.00-\$1,049.90	3.5	1.7	1.9	2.2	3.7	2.4	5.1	<sup>1</sup> 2.1
\$1,050.00-\$1,099.90	3.0 3.6	1.7	2.0	1.5 <sup>2</sup> 1.9	3.8	2.0 1.9	3.8 2.9	
\$1,100.00–\$1,149.90 \$1,150.00–\$1,199.90	3.6 3.6	1.9 1.6	1.8 2.0	2 1.9 	3.5 3.5	2.0	2.9	
\$1,200.00-\$1,249.90	3.5	1.6	1.7		3.3	1.9	1.9	
\$1,250.00-\$1,299.90	3.4	1.7	2.0		3.2	2.1	1.6	
\$1,300.00-\$1,349.90	3.4	2.0	2.2		2.9	1.8	1.1	
\$1,350.00-\$1,399.90 \$1,400.00-\$1,449.90	3.2 3.2	2.1 2.0	1.6 2.3		2.7 2.5	1.9 1.9	.8 <sup>3</sup> 2.6	
\$1,450.00-\$1,499.90	3.1	2.0	2.3		2.5	1.5	- 2.0	
\$1,500.00-\$1,549.90	3.4	2.1	1.9		2.0	1.7		
\$1,550.00-\$1,599.90	2.9	2.0	2.0		2.0	1.6		
\$1,600.00-\$1,649.90 \$1,650.00-\$1,699.90	2.8 2.6	2.0 2.6	1.9 2.2		1.8 1.7	1.6 1.4		
\$1,700.00-\$1,749.90	2.0	2.0	2.2		1.6	2.0		
\$1,750.00-\$1,799.90	2.0	3.0	2.4		1.6	2.0		
\$1,800.00-\$1,849.90	2.8	3.3	2.7		1.9	2.0		
\$1,850.00-\$1,899.90	3.2	2.9	2.6		1.8	1.9		
\$1,900.00-\$1,949.90	3.2 2.6	3.0 2.9	3.4 2.2		1.7	1.7 1.8		
\$1,950.00–\$1,999.90 \$2,000.00–\$2,049.90	2.0	2.9	2.2		1.5 1.5	1.5		
\$2,050.00-\$2,099.90	2.0	2.1	1.7		1.4	1.1		
\$2,100.00-\$2,149.90	2.0	2.2	1.6		1.2	1.1		
\$2,150.00-\$2,199.90	1.5	2.7	1.8		.9	1.4		
\$2,200.00-\$2,249.90 \$2,250.00-\$2,299.90	<sup>4</sup> 4.9	2.6 2.7	1.9 1.4		<sup>4</sup> 3.1	1.3 1.0		
\$2,20.00-\$2,299.90		2.1	1.4			1.1		
\$2,350.00-\$2,399.90		1.9	1.5			.9		
\$2,400.00-\$2,449.90		2.0	1.5			.8		
\$2,450.00-\$2,499.90 \$2,500.00 or more		1.8 11.9	1.2 9.0			.9 3.9		
Average monthly benefit per family	\$1,387.90	\$1,675.40	\$1,513.20	\$584.80	\$1,155.30	\$1,229.20	\$812.30	\$522.20

<sup>1</sup> \$1,000 or more.

<sup>2</sup> \$1,100 or more.
 <sup>3</sup> \$1,400 or more.
 <sup>4</sup> \$2,200 or more.

### Table 5.J1.—Estimated total benefits paid, by program, calendar year 2000<sup>1</sup>

[In millions. Based on 10-percent sample]

Total         \$407,431         \$274,645         \$77,848           Alabama.         6,942         4,186         1,483           Alaska         465         291         94           Arizona         7,163         5,026         1,187           Arkansas         4,250         2,633         845           California         38,138         26,460         6,864           Colorado         4,698         3,148         882           Connecticut         5,711         4,219         896           Delaware         1,268         872         229	\$54,938 1,272 80 950 772 4,814 667 597 167 83
Alaska       465       291       94         Arizona       7,163       5,026       1,187         Arkansas       4,250       2,633       845         California       38,138       26,460       6,864         Colorado       4,698       3,148       882         Connecticut       5,711       4,219       896	80 950 772 4,814 667 597 167
Arizona         7,163         5,026         1,187           Arkansas         4,250         2,633         845           California         38,138         26,460         6,864           Colorado         4,698         3,148         882           Connecticut         5,711         4,219         896	950 772 4,814 667 597 167
Arkansas         4,250         2,633         845           California         38,138         26,460         6,864           Colorado         4,698         3,148         882           Connecticut         5,711         4,219         896	772 4,814 667 597 167
California         38,138         26,460         6,864           Colorado         4,698         3,148         882           Connecticut         5,711         4,219         896	4,814 667 597 167
Colorado         4,698         3,148         882           Connecticut         5,711         4,219         896	667 597 167
Connecticut	597 167
	167
Delaware 1 268 872 220	
1,200 0/2 229	
District of Columbia	03
Florida	3,328
Georgia	1,683
Hawaii	152
ldaho	211
Illinois	1,993
Indiana	1,198
lowa	505
Kansas	448
Kentucky	1,373
Louisiana	995
Maine	344
Maryland	789
Massachusetts	1,350
Michigan	2,157
Minnesota         6,633         4,673         1,252	708
Mississippi	883
Missouri	1,306
Montana	182
Nebraska	262
Nevada	358
New Hampshire	245
New Jersey 13,521 9,712 2,319	1,489
New Mexico         2,303         1,508         456	338
New York	3,862
North Carolina	2,021
North Dakota         972         645         232	95
Ohio 17,724 11,698 3,877	2,149
Oklahoma	703
Oregon	609
Pennsylvania	2,342
Rhode Island 1,739 1,237 259	243
South Carolina	1,088
South Dakota	118
Tennessee	1,505
Texas	2,781
Utah	236
Vermont	135
Virginia	1,390
Washington	968
West Virginia	705
Wisconsin	889
Wyoming	87
Outlying areas:	
American Samoa	10
Guam	7
Northern Mariana Islands	1
Puerto Rico	1,173
Virgin Islands	12
Foreign countries	110

<sup>1</sup>Unnegotiated checks not deducted. Excludes lump-sum death payments.

### Table 5.J2.—Number, by type of benefit, December 2000

[Based on 10-percent sample]

	Social Security program								
			Retirement		Surviv	ors		Disability	
State	Total	Retired workers <sup>1</sup>	Spouses	Children	Widows, widowers, and parents	Children	Disabled workers	Spouses	Children
Total <sup>2</sup>	45,417,470	28,506,060	2,797,170	457,960	5,103,060	1,877,940	5,035,840	164,850	1,474,590
Alabama	826,710	457,990	47,810	9,980	105,650	40,480	121,120	4,410	39,270
Alaska	54,950	31,320	2,650	1,020	4,940	4,600	7,460	220	2,740
Arizona	791,330	517,120	50,410	7,000	76,430	29,410	84,500	2,280	24,180
Arkansas	517,230	296,920	29,500	5,100	62,820	23,050	75,390	2,120	22,330
California	4,208,290	2,708,560	287,130	50,170	428,280	169,740	437,270	12,770	114,370
Colorado	535,270	334,580	37,430	3,910	57,370	21,070	61,280		17,930
Connecticut	578,650	404,160	27,050	5,070	52,550	19,630	53,190	1,330	15,670
Delaware	134,900	87,530	7,460	1,390	14,080	5,010	14,920	350	4,160
District of Columbia	74,030	48,070	2,920	770	7,970	4,650	8,470	70	1,110
Florida	3,193,390	2,163,900	187,490	29,420	310,400	103,830	305,290	8,550	84,510
Georgia	1,106,410	647,960	53,650	10,370	124,060	61,540	157,920	4,530	46,380
Hawaii	184,140	131,010	9,890	2,400	15,920	6,860	13,510	400	4,150
Idaho	194,030	124,620	13,840	1,570	19,890	7,790	20,020	730	5,570
Illinois	1,842,350	1,196,410	105,870	17,370	211,000	79,880	175,060	4,800	51,960
Indiana	994,060	629,500	57,090	8,890	113,640	40,720	108,210	2,810	33,200
lowa	540,360	351,580	39,960	4,100	65,500	16,900	47,800	1,260	13,260
Kansas	440,010	284,660	28,920	3,410	50,390	16,210	42,390	810	13,220
Kentucky	739,010	382,810	47,650	7,060	98,620	31,130	125,650	6,840	39,250
Louisiana	710,870	362,400	57,010	9,640	109,570	44,120	88,460	5,480	34,190
Maine	251,480	153,520	14,280	2,170	26,370	8,100	34,700	1,120	11,220
Maryland	723,250	473,330	38,520	6,820	79,380	35,860	70,200	1,140	18,000
Massachusetts	1,063,950	697,230	52,190	9,640	105,620	34,470	125,430	2,650	36,720
Michigan	1,644,640	1,017,370	103,800	16,520	191,860	69,730	182,760	5,410	57,190
Minnesota	738,750	490,040	49,230	6,030	82,350	25,210	66,600	1,230	18,060
Mississippi	516,260	271,660	24,110	7,310	61,370	31,050	85,700	3,420	31,640
Missouri	1,004,500	620,490	57,480	8,900	111,860	41,810	123,130	3,730	37,100
Montana	157,720	98,240	11,140	1,530	18,060	6,180	16,870	670	5,030
Nebraska	284,370	186,000	20,790	2,230	32,440	9,530	25,380	560	7,440
Nevada	287,200	194,640	14,360	2,780	25,170	10,320	31,400	620	7,910
New Hampshire	200,490	134,170	9,490	1,570	18,730	6,970	22,210	490	6,860
New Jersey	1,352,210	927,740	59,560	12,380	137,120	50,380	127,330	3,200	34,500
New Mexico	280,660	165,580	21,650	3,560	30,710	15,770	31,620	1,410	10,360
New York	3,005,760	1,961,260	151,660	33,800	301,990	114,200	333,870	11,090	97,890
North Carolina	1,349,740	836,050	59,330	10,340	136,670	56,660	193,120	4,730	52,840
North Dakota	114,100	69,730	10,600	860	17,090	3,920	9,080	300	2,520
Ohio	1,918,410	1,172,680	144,440	17,300	253,930	73,150	195,430	5,720	55,760
Oklahoma	594,020	364,720	37,870	4,970	73,580	26,810	65,800	2,290	17,980
Oregon	568,250	378,090	36,530	4,990	57,690	19,320	57,030	1,500	13,100
Pennsylvania	2,357,380	1,545,640	143,960	18,510	290,060	80,580	213,630	7,590	57,410
Rhode Island	191,680	130,530	7,100	1,560	16,330	6,240	22,970	580	6,370
South Carolina	689,020	411,030	30,720	5,970	71,530	35,530	102,370	2,580	29,290
South Dakota	136,050	85,470	10,710	1,060	16,800	5,970	12,020	170	3,850
Tennessee	995,810	577,560	55,440	9,110	118,830	46,380	142,960	4,930	40,600
Texas	2,638,130	1,577,730	201,100	32,430	342,880	137,980	254,380	11,530	80,100
Utah	242,280	156,820	18,330	2,810	21,590	12,630	21,500	580	8,020
Vermont	104,680	65,820	5,870	1,040	10,540	3,630	12,920	500	4,360
Virginia	1,035,090	637,040	58,360	9,000	117,330	44,100	127,610	4,440	37,210
Washington	845,210	554,450	55,840	7,250	83,740	30,140	89,640	2,120	22,030
West Virginia	390,430	199,320	29,810	4,050	59,700	16,110	60,940	3,990	16,510
Wisconsin	899,520	603,380	54,380	7,570	96,180	31,190	82,340	1,480	23,000
Wyoming	77,240	50,570	4,950	590	7,330	2,960	7,940	380	2,520
Outlying areas: American Samoa Guam Northern Mariana	5,410 10,710	1,380 5,380	180 1,100	340 580	580 1,060	850 1,400	1,250 660	90 100	740 430
Islands Puerto Rico Virgin Islands	1,740 665,490 13,430	710 293,610 8,310	130 53,320 940	250 15,480 440	220 80,110 1,140	290 39,890 990	100 124,420 1,170	10,070 80	40 48,590 360
Foreign countries	393,070	225,890	53,730	7,400	75,780	14,720	11,250	890	3,410

<sup>1</sup> Includes special age-72 beneficiaries.
 <sup>2</sup> Includes beneficiaries with unknown state code.

### Table 5.J3.—Number and total monthly benefit for beneficiaries aged 65 or older, December 2000

[Based on 10-percent sample]

State		Number		Monthly benefit (in thousands)				
	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women		
Total <sup>1</sup>	32,718,170	13,526,820	19,191,350	\$26,675,290	\$12,877,180	\$13,798,120		
Alabama Alaska	537,650 33,250	215,610 15,800	322,040 17,450	409,640 26,610	193,900 14,530	215,750 12,080		
Arizona	574,970	251,860	323,110	475,990	242,580	233,410		
Arkansas	345,110	141,840	203,270	256,280	123,390	132,890		
California	3,105,840	1,330,640	1,775,200	2,565,620	1,269,040	1,296,580		
Colorado	385,050	163,910	221,140	305,310	152,930	152,380		
Connecticut	447,230	180,760	266,470	405,470	192,650	212,820		
Delaware	97,450	40,890	56,560	83,510	41,050	42,450		
District of Columbia	54,790	21,070	33,720	38,310	16,680	21,630		
Florida	2,407,810	1,037,400	1,370,410	1,972,340	986,430	985,910		
Georgia	725,980	288,530	437,450	568,910	267.320	301,590		
Hawaii	142,800	62,600	80,200	115,070	57,160	57,920		
Idaho	140,590	61,240	79,350	111,820	57,240	54,580		
Illinois	1,372,310	554,450	817,860	1,183,210	557,770	625,450		
Indiana	715,980	287,520	428,460	613,390	288,630	324,770		
lowa	415,060	170,060	245,000	336,690	162,660	174,030		
Kansas	332,020	133,990	198,030	278,090	132,300	145,780		
Kentucky	466,870	188,830	278,040	350,070	166,670	183,400		
Louisiana	466,440	190,280	276,160	346,130	168,510	177,630		
Maine	175,730	73,590	102,140	132,470	64,740	67,720		
Mandand	533 300	045 500	247.070	440 740	207.000	000 740		
Maryland	533,390	215,520	317,870	440,710	207,000	233,710		
Massachusetts	793,350	315,510 483,200	477,840 688,380	659,160 1,024,480	306,680 496,820	352,480 527,660		
Michigan Minnesota	1,171,580 560.060	230,390	329,670	450,340	218,240	232,100		
Mississippi	315,020	125,240	189,780	229,790	107,810	121,980		
Missouri	706,540	287,590	418,950	568,230	271,090	297,140		
Montana	112,920	49,380 89,410	63,540 129,090	89,210	45,220 84,370	44,000 91,000		
Nebraska Nevada	218,500 205,980	96,360	109,620	175,370 172,060	91,280	80,780		
New Hampshire	146,190	61,690	84,500	122,990	60,780	62,210		
	,	,			,			
New Jersey	1,032,770	414,660	618,110	943,400	441,950	501,450		
New Mexico New York	191,780 2,192,600	84,860 879,840	106,920 1,312,760	144,200	74,610 888,810	69,590 1,026,250		
North Carolina	918,550	368,100	550,450	1,915,060 722,410	339,440	382,970		
North Dakota	88,960	36,660	52,300	66,520	32,540	33,980		
	,	,						
Ohio	1,413,200	575,880	837,320	1,168,940	564,370	604,570		
Oklahoma	423,460	174,630	248,830	329,270	157,260	172,010		
Oregon Pennsylvania	421,850 1,793,470	179,990 714,470	241,860 1,079,000	349,750 1,510,260	173,600 709,270	176,140 800,990		
Rhode Island	142,200	56,530	85,670	118,520	54,490	64,030		
South Carolina	452,020	183,680	268,340	355,010	170,040	184,970		
South Dakota	102,900	42,880	60,020	76,370	37,440	38,940		
Tennessee	663,420 1,880,060	265,420 792,770	398,000 1,087,290	516,820	243,860 734,300	272,950 743.900		
Texas Utah	175,960	76,420	99,540	1,478,190 144,510	74,280	743,900 70,230		
Otan				,510				
Vermont	73,720	30,750	42,970	59,410	29,010	30,400		
Virginia	724,750	293,630	431,120	573,500	271,780	301,720		
Washington	621,790	264,550	357,240	527,680	262,500	265,180		
West Virginia	254,990	102,410	152,580	199,920	94,690	105,220		
Wisconsin	677,680 55,610	281,880 25,100	395,800 30,510	566,840 45,380	276,710 24,120	290,140 21,260		
Wyoming	55,610	20,100	50,510	+0,000	27,120	21,200		
Outlying areas:						_		
American Samoa	1,650	720	930	760	390	370		
Guam	6,120	3,190	2,930	3,410	2,030	1,370		
Northern Mariana	700	450	040	050	000			
Islands	760	450	310	350	230	110		
Puerto Rico	367,160 8,660	165,320	201,840	188,630	97,670	90,960		
Virgin Islands	0,000	3,990	4,670	5,820	3,030	2,790		
Foreign countries	323,500	141,500	182,000	155,510	72,100	83,410		

<sup>1</sup>Includes beneficiaries with unknown state code.

### Table 5.J4.—Total monthly benefit, by type of benefit, December 2000

[In thousands. Based on 10-percent sample]

	Social Security program								
			Retirement		Surviv	vors		Disability	
State	Total	Retired workers <sup>1</sup>	Spouses	Children	Widows, widowers, and parents	Children	Disabled workers	Spouses	Children
Total <sup>2</sup>	\$34,854,200	\$24,075,785	\$1,201,931	\$181,166	\$4,032,189	\$1,030,430	\$3,963,282	\$32,859	\$336,559
Alabama	586,094	364,925	19,959	3,762	75,307	21,151	91,533	825	8,631
Alaska	39,836	25,843	1,054	354	3,627	2,529	5,797	34	599
Arizona Arkansas	620,816 360,110	443,040 230,619	22,181 11.596	2,689	62,284 43,498	15,594 11.690	69,008 55.637	472 380	5,548 4,824
California	3,279,164	2,311,844	123,346	1,865 19,297	351,822	94,082	349,365	2,547	26,861
Colorado	402,577	275,003	15,915	1,641	45,825	11,882	47,713	347	4,252
Connecticut	495,515	374,403	13,381	2,370	46,283	11,797	43,298	266	3,718
Delaware District of Columbia	109,257 49,383	77,040 34,301	3,543 1,096	578 236	11,926 5,273	2,971 2,001	12,146 6,198	77 13	976 264
Florida	2,483,561	1,818,566	81,609	11,320	253,045	56,069	241,668	1,780	19,503
Georgia	808,086	526,209	22,973	4,160	89,566	32,618	121,098	841	10,620
Hawaii Idaho	142,159	109,261	4,005	937 668	12,232	3,772	10,860	85 149	1,007
Illinois	146,087 1,497,284	102,476 1,058,759	5,950 48,977	7,505	16,041 179,654	4,218 46,186	15,453 142,768	1,018	1,133 12,416
Indiana	800,794	556,083	26,350	4,041	95,887	24,181	86,087	602	7,564
lowa	418,786	296,515	17,540	1,789	53,486	9,633	36,533	265	3,023
Kansas	347,639	246,236	13,070	1,432	42,344	9,004	32,417	176	2,961
Kentucky	519,403 490.146	302,999 283,904	19,072 23,071	2,640 3,334	69,820 79,306	16,418 22,033	98,301 69,889	1,363 1,135	8,790 7,474
Maine	177,175	119,160	5,871	841	19,701	4,452	24,867	174	2,109
Maryland	568,689	402,148	17,122	2,957	63,798	20,128	57,628	254	4,654
Massachusetts Michigan	833,030 1.355.471	592,084	23,389 48,901	3,956	87,035 163,145	20,199 41,439	97,607 154,776	500 1,210	8,262 14,126
Minnesota	570,270	924,577 409.342	21,260	7,297 2,582	66,329	14,988	51,310	263	4,120
Mississippi	345,057	207,095	9,456	2,585	40,738	15,254	62,843	590	6,497
Missouri	758,648	516,008	24,643	3,683	87,700	22,883	94,843	728	8,159
Montana Nebraska	117,418 216,661	80,414 154,090	4,730 9,095	574 944	14,093 26,511	3,287 5,380	13,097 18,872	136 121	1,088 1,649
Nevada	227,775	165,658	6,188	1,094	20,693	5,838	26,220	151	1,934
New Hampshire	159,707	115,352	4,343	679	15,694	4,302	17,510	93	1,734
New Jersey New Mexico	1,166,595 196,600	865,187 130,546	28,183	5,460 1,237	120,477 22,569	29,932	107,630	724 243	9,002 2,200
New York	2,463,458	1,759,515	8,467 68,356	14,071	252,908	7,235 65,328	24,103 277,941	2,258	2,200
North Carolina	998,643	680,305	25,369	4,197	98,313	30,264	147,051	886	12,257
North Dakota	82,083	54,970	4,274	341	13,062	1,995	6,792	60	589
Ohio Oklahoma	1,501,679 437,230	1,010,369 293,727	64,464 15,665	7,330 2,023	209,977 56,109	41,533 14,295	154,119 50.871	1,321 450	12,567 4,090
Oregon	448,400	323,146	16,195	2,023	47,945	11,059	44,409	356	3,196
Pennsylvania	1,891,167	1,342,184	65,705	8,080	242,475	46,664	171,570	1,456	13,033
Rhode Island	150,039	110,290	3,150	636	13,475	3,487	17,550	93	1,359
South Carolina	504,741	333,830	13,234	2,440	50,728	18,362	78,978	510	6,659
South Dakota Tennessee	95,829 724,754	66,171 468,453	4,291 23,516	406 3,608	12,593 86,847	2,995 23,962	8,543 108,196	28 948	801 9.224
Texas	1,945,753	1,295,337	83,969	11,583	262,283	73,904	198,514	2,233	17,929
Utah	185,762	132,990	8,196	1,171	18,029	6,985	16,581	105	1,706
Vermont	78,815	54,725	2,485	427	8,320	2,060	9,763	92	943
Virginia Washington	774,442 681,942	522,891 487,407	25,032 25,663	3,736 3,165	88,272 70,952	24,992 17,816	100,062 70,958	908 491	8,549 5,490
West Virginia	290,021	166,055	12,497	1,617	45,228	8,879	50,733	944	4,068
Wisconsin	717,999	521,393	24,340	3,487	80,573	18,141	64,315	302	5,448
Wyoming	59,582	42,528	2,183	259	5,946	1,734	6,333	71	527
Outlying areas: American Samoa	2,284	692	44	99	237	343	745	13	112
Guam	5,319	3,177	289	156	580	569	451	18	80
Northern Mariana		- <i>-</i> -	- <i>-</i>			105			· -
Islands Puerto Rico	675 327,393	340 163,066	21 13,971	47 3,800	86 39,123	126 14,690	41 82,978	1,548	15 8,217
Virgin Islands	327,393 8,423	5,901	309	3,800	39,123 709	415	849	1,548	8,217 77
Foreign countries	185,733	115,156	12,205	1,693	41,537	6,539	7,689	179	734

<sup>1</sup> Includes special age-72 beneficiaries.

<sup>2</sup> Includes beneficiaries with unknown state code.

#### Table 5.J5.—Number, by age, December 2000

[Based on 10-percent sample]

							Age					
State	Total	17 or under	18–54	55–61	62–64	65–69	70–74	75–79	80–84	85–89	90–99	100 or older
Total <sup>1</sup>	45,417,470	2,979,420	3,923,630	1,818,670	3,977,580	8,793,000	8,211,020	6,976,700	4,704,280	2,662,000	1,331,690	39,480
Alabama Alaska Arizona Arkansas California	826,710 54,950 791,330 517,230 4,208,290	71,480 7,420 51,230 40,330 269,790	93,750 6,360 62,450 54,700 342,840	44,900 2,300 29,150 28,380 150,990	78,930 5,620 73,530 48,710 338,830	154,790 11,510 158,650 97,470 829,180	138,030 8,840 146,660 85,140 775,890	109,350 6,530 125,250 72,430 674,890	72,410 3,790 81,490 47,440 451,250	41,370 1,760 43,020 28,010 249,750	21,070 820 19,420 14,190 121,450	630 480 430 3,430
Colorado	535,270	35,690	47,880	18,720	47,930	109,620	96,680	79,800	53,250	29,910	15,420	370
Connecticut	578,650	30,450	42,050	17,710	41,210	107,720	108,420	98,810	70,890	40,100	20,660	630
Delaware	134,900	8,520	11,210	5,140	12,580	27,840	25,610	20,070	13,350	7,170	3,260	150
District of Columbia	74,030	5,030	6,620	2,770	4,820	13,190	13,240	11,710	8,680	5,220	2,660	90
Florida	3,193,390	180,510	221,300	111,680	272,090	614,320	608,950	532,440	358,600	195,980	95,180	2,340
Georgia	1,106,410	94,640	120,110	58,560	107,120	220,440	181,360	144,530	96,960	54,910	27,010	770
Hawaii	184,140	10,970	11,660	4,680	14,030	37,060	37,200	32,520	19,720	11,100	5,030	170
Idaho	194,030	12,200	14,970	7,340	18,930	39,510	34,450	28,590	20,950	11,430	5,530	130
Illinois	1,842,350	113,980	142,620	61,880	151,560	354,040	337,230	293,090	206,450	118,930	60,680	1,890
Indiana	994,060	63,180	86,280	38,860	89,760	192,860	180,780	151,850	101,860	58,460	29,240	930
lowa	540,360	24,550	38,000	16,270	46,480	101,190	99,920	87,900	65,240	38,530	21,440	840
Kansas	440,010	25,580	34,150	13,270	34,990	83,150	79,190	69,620	51,590	30,220	17,620	630
Kentucky	739,010	59,660	96,740	45,330	70,410	134,240	117,430	97,380	63,660	36,110	17,600	450
Louisiana	710,870	68,770	77,210	35,080	63,370	130,670	122,240	98,300	62,310	35,200	17,340	380
Maine	251,480	16,520	26,680	11,270	21,280	47,800	43,520	38,020	24,700	14,030	7,440	220
Maryland	723,250	48,680	55,080	24,530	61,570	144,760	135,780	115,960	75,360	40,440	20,480	610
Massachusetts	1,063,950	61,440	99,200	38,330	71,630	194,490	191,990	173,430	123,760	71,350	37,020	1,310
Michigan	1,644,640	107,710	148,270	65,730	151,350	310,530	296,340	254,550	170,500	93,480	44,650	1,530
Minnesota	738,750	36,000	54,150	21,920	66,620	144,740	134,800	114,620	84,740	51,800	28,500	860
Mississippi	516,260	56,630	67,490	30,360	46,760	90,100	80,190	64,060	41,730	25,180	13,250	510
Missouri	1,004,500	69,280	94,190	43,550	90,940	191,850	174,920	147,170	99,470	60,850	31,320	960
Montana	157,720	10,280	12,860	6,120	15,540	30,310	28,240	22,710	17,110	9,590	4,840	120
Nebraska	284,370	14,630	19,920	8,530	22,790	54,880	54,320	45,000	32,170	20,520	11,210	400
Nevada	287,200	18,570	20,360	11,810	30,480	65,370	56,430	43,860	23,690	11,550	4,990	90
New Hampshire	200,490	11,950	17,820	6,900	17,630	39,740	38,090	29,950	20,330	11,380	6,490	210
New Jersey	1,352,210	76,230	96,840	45,560	100,810	263,030	260,450	224,530	154,760	87,280	41,600	1,120
New Mexico	280,660	24,880	25,700	11,160	27,140	56,050	49,570	39,580	25,130	14,380	6,930	140
New York	3,005,760	185,900	258,290	120,780	248,190	570,260	545,590	465,700	320,300	187,830	99,290	3,630
North Carolina	1,349,740	94,610	136,520	71,330	128,730	267,670	234,830	190,730	123,890	67,480	33,110	840
North Dakota	114,100	5,050	7,300	3,210	9,580	21,540	21,180	18,670	13,420	8,830	5,150	170
Ohio	1,918,410	106,510	158,740	70,110	169,850	367,500	360,520	309,970	205,980	114,680	52,870	1,680
Oklahoma	594,020	39,040	49,130	26,500	55,890	119,620	104,270	88,460	58,140	34,660	17,790	520
Oregon	568,250	29,380	43,380	20,410	53,230	107,730	102,750	91,940	64,070	36,680	18,300	380
Pennsylvania	2,357,380	113,800	169,440	81,000	199,670	443,680	455,160	396,870	273,120	151,380	71,490	1,770
Rhode Island	191,680	10,750	17,240	7,880	13,610	32,680	34,270	32,400	23,100	12,860	6,650	240
South Carolina	689,020	55,830	75,340	39,260	66,570	133,780	116,750	95,100	60,000	30,860	15,080	450
South Dakota	136,050	8,370	9,600	4,010	11,170	25,180	24,400	21,450	15,950	9,990	5,690	240
Tennessee	995,810	74,860	108,000	53,990	95,540	194,790	166,910	136,450	87,550	52,240	24,660	820
Texas	2,638,130	202,590	213,460	96,900	245,120	549,110	478,350	389,280	247,920	140,720	72,870	1,810
Utah	242,280	19,620	18,390	7,290	21,020	50,350	43,610	36,110	25,460	13,970	6,370	90
Vermont	104,680	6,910	10,330	4,180	9,540	20,090	18,560	15,190	10,440	6,230	3,110	100
Virginia	1,035,090	71,020	96,470	47,560	95,290	206,990	184,090	152,010	99,520	54,440	26,860	840
Washington	845,210	46,630	69,680	29,920	77,190	166,730	149,840	132,780	93,730	51,390	26,540	780
West Virginia	390,430	25,250	46,810	24,860	38,520	68,730	65,790	55,560	35,060	19,980	9,550	320
Wisconsin	899,520	44,450	66,730	28,000	82,660	174,340	167,420	140,940	102,590	59,690	31,740	960
Wyoming	77,240	5,020	6,130	2,740	7,740	16,090	14,250	11,070	7,880	4,090	2,160	70
Outlying areas: American Samoa Guam Northern Mariana	5,410 10,710	1,890 2,300	800 920	560 230	510 1,140	680 2,530	520 1,890	170 1,140	160 390	90 130	30 40	
Islands Puerto Rico Virgin Islands	1,740 665,490 13,430	500 80,120 1,430	230 97,350 980	90 50,990 590	160 69,870 1,770	400 114,390 3,110	210 89,420 2,330	70 72,980 1,560	60 48,400 910	20 28,260 420	13,280 310	430 20
Foreign countries	393,070	20,200	12,710	7,440	29,220	82,930	85,640	71,320	42,670	26,040	14,400	500

<sup>1</sup> Includes beneficiaries with unknown state code.

#### Table 5.J5.1.—Number, by race <sup>1</sup> and sex, December 2000

[Based on 10-percent sample]

		Race			Adult beneficia	ries
State	Total <sup>2</sup>	White	Black	Other	Men	Women
Total <sup>3</sup>	45,417,470	38,853,370	4,622,040	1,768,950	17,716,940	23,890,040
Alabama	826.710	626,340	188,040	10,610	309,140	427,840
Alaska	54,950	42,190	1,750	10,780	22,690	23,900
Arizona	791,330	725,600	20,310	43,100	325,050	405,690
Arkansas	517,230	444,600	64,520	7,030	199,140	267,610
California	4,208,290	3,453,230	294,530	440,080	1,692,040	2,181,970
Colorado	535,270	495,650	18,190	19,090	214,540	277,820
Connecticut	578,650	525,710	36,210	13,620	224,200	314,080
Delaware	134,900	112,200	19,930	2,390	52,830	71,510
District of Columbia	74,030	18,420	52,800	2,280	27,510	39,990
Florida	3,193,390	2,801,500	295,270	83,240	1,306,560	1,669,070
Georgia	1,106,410	818.680	265,470	19,400	408,860	579,260
Hawaii	184,140	48,330	2,200	132,560	76,020	94,710
Idaho	194,030	188,210	380	4,620	79,990	99,110
Illinois	1,842,350	1,551,040	234,690	50,150	703,010	990,130
Indiana	994,060	905,930	73,300	11,950	378,420	532,830
lowa	540.360	525,720	8,350	4.660	212,620	293,480
Kansas	440,010	409,000	21,460	8,120	168,950	238,220
Kentucky	739,010	682,200	44,720	10,020	287,400	374,170
Louisiana	710,870	499,520	196,040	12,970	269,120	353,800
Maine	251,480	244,720	760	4,860	100,580	129,410
Maryland	700.050	E 40 770	457 500	10 550	075 400	
Massachusetts	723,250	543,770	157,590	19,550	275,460	387,110
	1,063,950	985,370	40,680	31,720	406,720	576,400
Michigan Minnesota	1,644,640	1,410,300	201,010	28,310	637,490	863,710
Mississippi	738,750 516,260	711,170 350,350	12,300 156,790	12,230 7,860	291,340 187,130	398,110 259,130
		,				
Missouri	1,004,500 157,720	900,830	90,030	10,840	386,650	530,040
Montana		151,330	350	5,460	65,240	79,740
Nebraska	284,370	270,060	8,880	4,630	109,970	155,200
Nevada New Hampshire	287,200 200,490	253,690 195,530	17,790 930	14,800 3,090	125,140 79,670	141,050 105,420
New Jersey New Mexico	1,352,210 280.660	1,151,460 247,690	148,810	46,150 26,710	512,870 113,830	742,080 137,140
New York	3,005,760	2,475,360	5,150 359,420	153,080	1,146,970	1,612,900
North Carolina	1,349,740	1,058,370	263,610	24,590	511,760	718,140
North Dakota	114,100	110,330	203,010	2,850	45,360	61,440
Ohio	1,918,410	1,706,030	182,110	23,130	746,090	1,026,110
Oklahoma	594,020	537,490	33,460	21,330	231,140	313,120
Oregon Pennsylvania	568,250	545,030	7,410	13,910	232,110	298,730
Rhode Island	2,357,380 191,680	2,139,070 179,430	176,710 5,950	34,950 5,120	905,320 73,230	1,295,560 104,280
					*	
South Carolina	689,020	502,520	176,350	8,080	258,800	359,430
South Dakota	136,050	129,450	450	5,740	53,300	71,870
Tennessee	995,810	857,550	123,890	11,980	375,500	524,220
Texas Utah	2,638,130 242,280	2,233,880 231,990	284,690 1,580	111,430 7,850	1,028,930 96,420	1,358,690 122,400
	,	,	,	,	,	,
Vermont	104,680	102,200	420	1,340	41,360	54,290
Virginia	1,035,090	819,880	189,270	22,660	396,820	547,960
Washington	845,210	784,930	20,610	36,600	344,050	441,740
West Virginia	390,430	372,460	10,820	6,200	156,290	197,470
Wisconsin	899,520	853,230	32,320	10,680	358,320	479,440
Wyoming	77,240	74,670	370	1,860	32,770	38,400
Outlying areas:						
American Samoa	5,410	430	30	4,950	1,510	1,970
Guam	10,710	1,230	310	9,020	4,040	4,260
Northern Mariana	1 7 10		~~	4 400	500	
Islands	1,740	220	30	1,480	560	600
Puerto Rico	665,490	514,470	50,040	96,760	258,340	303,190
Virgin Islands	13,430	2,630	9,790	910	5,250	6,390
Foreign countries	393,070	327,510	12,540	49,260	160,800	206,740

 $^1$  For a description of the race data, see footnotes 1 and 3 in table 5.A1.  $^2$  Includes persons of unknown race.

<sup>3</sup> Includes beneficiaries with unknown state code.

# Table 5.J6.—Average and median monthly benefit for **retired workers** and number and percentage distribution, by monthly benefit, December 2000

[Based on 10-percent sample]

	Monthly	benefit		Percentage distribution of beneficiaries receiving—										
State	Average	Median	Number	Total	Less than \$400.00	\$400.00- \$499.90	\$500.00- \$599.90	\$600.00- \$699.90	\$700.00- \$799.90	\$800.00- \$899.90	\$900.00- \$999.90	\$1,000.00- \$1,099.90	\$1,100.00- \$1,199.90	\$1,200.00 or more
Total <sup>1</sup>	\$844.60	\$851.00	28,505,990	100.0	8.3	8.9	10.3	8.7	8.8	10.2	11.5	11.3	7.8	14.2
Alabama	796.80	784.00	457,990	100.0	9.6	10.1	11.5	10.4	10.0	10.9	10.7	9.6	6.6	10.7
Alaska	825.10	806.00	31,320	100.0	10.0	10.4	10.8	9.3	8.5	9.4	9.6	9.4	7.3	15.4
Arizona	856.70	877.00	517,120	100.0	7.0	8.2	10.0	8.1	8.6	10.9	12.8	12.3	8.4	13.8
Arkansas	776.70	756.00	296,920	100.0	8.9	10.7	12.6	11.5	11.0	11.4	10.4	9.2	5.6	8.7
California	853.50	854.00	2,708,560	100.0	9.9	8.8	9.8	8.4	8.2	9.2	10.4	10.6	7.7	16.9
Colorado	821.90	830.00	334,580	100.0	10.8	9.1	10.2	8.5	8.5	9.6	11.0	11.0	7.8	13.4
Connecticut	926.40	937.00	404,160	100.0	4.7	6.5	8.8	7.8	7.8	9.9	11.9	12.7	9.4	20.3
Delaware	880.20	907.00	87,530	100.0	4.9	8.5	9.8	8.0	7.9	9.9	13.4	14.1	8.8	14.8
District of Columbia	713.60	638.00	48,070	100.0	23.2	11.0	11.8	9.8	8.8	7.1	6.6	5.0	4.2	12.5
Florida	840.40	843.00	2,163,900	100.0	7.5	9.4	10.6	8.8	9.2	10.8	11.7	11.3	7.4	13.3
Georgia	812.10	792.00	647,960	100.0	8.8	9.5	11.4	10.9	10.1	10.1	10.1	10.1	6.8	12.2
Hawaii	834.00	835.00	131,010	100.0	9.5	8.8	9.9	8.8	9.3	10.8	11.8	10.3	7.2	13.6
Idaho	822.30	832.00	124,620	100.0	7.5	10.5	9.9	8.9	9.5	11.7	12.3	11.4	7.6	10.8
Illinois	884.90	905.00	1,196,410	100.0	7.1	7.8	9.5	7.7	7.6	9.7	11.8	12.3	9.0	17.4
Indiana	883.40	906.00	629,500	100.0	4.6	7.7	9.7	7.6	8.3	11.2	13.9	13.6	9.2	14.2
lowa	843.40	856.00	351,570	100.0	6.2	9.2	10.4	8.5	9.4	11.6	13.2	11.8	7.9	11.8
Kansas	865.00	872.00	284,660	100.0	5.9	8.7	9.9	8.6	9.3	10.7	12.0	12.1	8.1	14.7
Kentucky	791.50	783.00	382,810	100.0	10.0	10.4	11.3	10.0	10.0	10.5	11.1	10.3	6.6	9.9
Louisiana	783.40	768.00	362,400	100.0	13.0	10.8	11.0	9.3	8.6	9.3	10.2	9.6	6.7	11.5
Maine	776.20	766.00	153,520	100.0	10.8	10.2	11.3	10.5	10.9	11.1	10.8	9.6	5.8	8.9
Maryland	849.60	856.00	473,310	100.0	10.1	8.3	9.6	8.3	8.6	9.4	10.7	11.3	7.8	15.9
Massachusetts	849.20	849.00	697,230	100.0	9.2	8.8	10.4	8.8	8.5	9.4	10.5	10.6	7.6	16.1
Michigan	908.80	929.00	1,017,370	100.0	4.0	7.3	9.0	6.6	7.7	11.4	13.7	14.5	9.6	16.3
Minnesota	835.30	848.00	490,040	100.0	8.0	9.4	11.0	8.9	8.2	9.7	11.8	12.1	8.1	12.8
Mississippi	762.30	731.00	271,660	100.0	11.0	11.4	12.8	11.1	10.9	10.2	9.7	8.3	5.4	9.1
Missouri	831.60	837.00	620,490	100.0	7.8	9.2	10.7	9.3	9.2	10.6	11.9	11.6	7.5	12.2
Montana	818.50	828.00	98,240	100.0	8.1	9.9	10.3	9.0	9.5	11.5	12.2	11.6	7.5	10.4
Nebraska	828.40	823.00	186,000	100.0	7.3	9.6	10.7	9.6	10.2	10.8	11.7	10.7	7.2	12.2
Nevada	851.10	858.00	194,640	100.0	8.1	8.1	10.2	9.0	8.8	10.3	10.9	11.8	8.5	14.3
New Hampshire	859.80	863.00	134,160	100.0	6.5	7.8	10.3	9.3	9.6	11.0	11.8	11.3	8.3	14.3
New Jersey	932.60	947.00	927,730	100.0	4.9	6.8	9.1	7.6	7.5	9.1	11.0	12.2	9.7	22.0
New Mexico	788.40	775.00	165,580	100.0	11.7	10.0	10.9	9.8	10.0	10.2	10.4	9.6	6.4	11.0
New York	897.10	903.00	1,961,250	100.0	6.2	7.7	9.3	7.9	8.3	10.2	11.7	12.0	8.5	18.0
North Carolina	813.70	799.00	836,050	100.0	7.1	8.9	11.3	11.2	11.4	11.7	11.2	10.0	6.5	10.6
North Dakota	788.30	770.00	69,730	100.0	9.9	10.9	11.5	10.9	10.0	10.0	10.2	9.7	6.6	10.4
Ohio	861.60	897.00	1,172,680	100.0	8.3	8.1	9.2	7.2	7.4	10.2	13.3	13.2	9.0	14.3
Oklahoma	805.30	801.00	364,720	100.0	9.3	9.8	10.8	10.0	9.8	10.9	11.5	10.4	6.7	10.7
Oregon	854.70	878.00	378,090	100.0	6.3	8.6	9.9	8.1	8.6	11.3	13.7	12.8	8.3	12.4
Pennsylvania	868.40	890.00	1,545,630	100.0	5.7	8.4	9.8	7.8	8.4	11.2	13.7	12.9	8.3	13.7
Rhode Island	844.90	840.00	130,530	100.0	7.0	8.7	10.5	9.2	9.9	11.9	11.6	10.4	7.5	13.4
South Carolina	812.20	799.00	411,030	100.0	7.6	9.1	11.3	10.9	11.0	11.4	11.0	10.0	6.7	10.9
South Dakota	774.20	760.00	85,470	100.0	10.0	11.7	11.6	10.1	10.9	11.1	10.3	9.4	6.1	8.7
Tennessee	811.10	795.00	577,560	100.0	8.2	9.8	11.5	10.6	10.3	10.7	10.9	10.0	6.5	11.5
Texas	821.00	810.00	1,577,730	100.0	10.6	9.6	10.8	9.2	8.8	9.3	10.2	10.2	7.0	14.2
Utah	848.00	876.00	156,820	100.0	9.5	9.1	10.0	7.9	7.2	8.5	11.5	12.2	8.6	15.5
Vermont	831.40	829.00	65,820	100.0	6.6	9.0	10.8	9.5	10.3	12.2	11.8	11.4	7.0	11.5
Virginia	820.80	810.00	637,040	100.0	9.5	9.0	11.0	9.8	9.5	10.2	10.6	10.2	7.0	13.1
Washington	879.10	903.00	554,450	100.0	6.1	7.9	9.6	7.8	8.0	10.2	12.7	13.0	9.2	15.5
West Virginia	833.10	854.00	199,320	100.0	6.8	9.2	9.3	8.7	9.4	12.4	14.1	12.6	7.6	10.0
Wisconsin	864.10	893.00	603,380	100.0	5.1	8.8	10.1	7.8	8.1	10.9	14.0	14.0	8.9	12.3
Wyoming	841.00	847.00	50,570	100.0	7.3	9.3	10.9	8.5	9.2	10.1	11.1	12.2	8.1	13.2
Outlying areas: American Samoa Guam Northern Mariana	501.50 590.50	448.50 515.00	1,380 5,380	100.0 100.0	35.5 25.5	26.8 21.6	12.3 13.6	8.7 10.8	3.6 9.3	3.6 5.9	2.2 3.3	3.6 3.2	1.4 2.2	2.2 4.6
Islands	478.30	424.00	710	100.0	45.1	22.5	9.9	4.2	4.2	4.2	1.4	1.4	2.8	4.2
Puerto Rico	555.40	510.00	293,610	100.0	29.3	18.8	16.1	11.5	8.0	5.6	3.9	2.5	1.6	2.7
Virgin Islands	710.10	643.00	8,310	100.0	13.6	15.8	15.4	11.4	9.6	8.7	7.2	5.3	4.2	8.8
Foreign countries	509.80	471.00	225,890	100.0	38.8	15.3	12.6	8.9	6.5	5.5	4.2	3.2	1.9	3.1

<sup>1</sup> Includes beneficiaries with unknown state code.

Table 5.J8.—Average and median monthly benefit for **disabled workers** and number and percentage distribution, by monthly benefit, December 2000

[Based on 10-percent sample]

Monthly benefit Percentage distribution of beneficiaries receiving-Less \$400.00-\$500.00-\$1,000.00-\$1,100.00than \$600.00 \$700.00 \$800.00 \$900.00 \$1,200.00 State Average Median Number Total \$400.00 \$499.90 \$599.90 \$699.90 \$799.90 \$899.90 \$999.90 \$1,099.90 \$1,199.90 or more Total <sup>1</sup> ..... \$787.00 \$736.00 5,035,840 100.0 8.7 9.9 14.0 13.1 11.2 9.4 7.9 6.4 5.4 14.0 100.0 10.6 15.8 12.0 97 73 5.9 10.9 Alabama..... 755.70 703.00 121.120 8.8 14.4 4.6 7,460 84,500 Alaska. 777.10 712 00 100.0 10.2 11 0 14 5 12.9 10.5 90 7.5 47 46 15.3 816.70 Arizona..... 767.00 100.0 6.8 9.6 13.4 13.0 10.6 9.4 8.1 6.6 6.2 16.4 Arkansas..... 738.00 697.00 75,390 100.0 92 11.2 15.3 14.7 13.2 10.0 79 6.0 4.3 83 California..... 799.00 751.00 437.270 100.0 9.5 9.8 13.1 12.1 10.4 9.3 7.8 6.5 5.7 15.9 Colorado ..... 6.7 778.60 728.00 61,280 100.0 8.4 10.1 14.6 13.7 11.7 8.9 7.8 5.5 12.7 Connecticut ..... 814.00 814.10 757.00 53,190 14,920 100.0 6.7 9.0 13.7 13.5 13.0 11.9 9.5 8.3 7.5 6.5 7.3 5.5 15.8 768.00 Delaware. 100.0 8.6 8.5 12.1 10.1 9.6 5.8 17.0 District of Columbia. 8,470 4.7 693.00 100.0 14.2 16.5 11.6 7.8 3.3 8.4 731.80 8.6 11.3 13.6 Florida ..... 791.60 743.00 305,290 100.0 7.9 10.0 13.9 13.1 11.5 9.7 7.9 6.6 5.4 14.0 Georgia ..... 100.0 9.5 15.0 12.6 8.2 6.3 10.8 766.80 721.00 157,920 8.0 14.7 10.0 4.9 Hawaii ..... 8.4 9.9 12.7 12.3 11.3 10.2 6.3 6.3 15.1 12.7 803.90 760.00 13,510 100.0 7.5 10.6 14.8 9.6 8.8 5.5 5.7 Idaho..... 724 00 20 020 14 4 83 771 90 100.0 94 Illinois..... 815.50 770.00 175.060 100.0 7.9 9.3 13.1 12.1 10.8 9.6 7.7 6.7 6.0 16.8 108,210 Indiana ..... 743.00 7.8 6.2 795.60 8.9 10.3 13.6 12.0 11.1 9.1 5.6 15.5 100.0 lowa 764.30 719.00 47,800 100.0 10.6 10.7 14.1 12.3 10.6 9.3 7.8 7.3 5.3 11.9 Kansas..... 764.70 712.00 42,390 100.0 10.0 10.6 15.3 12.9 10.9 8.8 7.3 6.8 5.4 11.9 Kentucky ..... 782 30 727.00 125.650 100.0 10.3 10.6 13.7 12.4 104 8.6 7.1 65 5.4 150Louisiana..... 68 790 10 741 00 88.460 100.0 10.3 10 1 12.9 12 2 10.6 84 72 57 15.8 Maine ..... 716.60 12.2 10.0 7.3 5.5 3.7 674.00 34.700 100.0 11.4 11.7 15.6 14.8 7.8 820.90 70,200 100.0 8.5 12.4 13.3 11.6 10.1 8.5 6.6 16.2 Maryland ..... 776.00 7.0 5.8 Massachusetts ...... 778.20 125,430 100.0 7.4 9.8 15.1 14.3 12.4 9.7 7.7 4.7 12.5 723.00 6.4 Michigan..... 846.90 809.00 182,760 100.0 8.6 8.5 11.8 10.8 9.4 8.8 7.7 6.9 6.5 21.0 Minnesota ..... 770.40 716.00 66.600 100.0 9.3 10.8 14.8 13.1 11.4 9.1 7.2 5.8 5.3 13.1 Mississippi..... 7.5 3.9 683.00 9.1 9.7 733.30 85.700 100.0 11.4 15.5 16.2 12.3 5.6 8.8 Missouri..... 770.30 715.00 123,130 100.0 9.0 10.2 14.9 13.9 11.1 9.4 8.1 5.9 5.0 12.6 Montana ..... 776.40 744.00 16,870 100.0 9.2 11.4 13.1 11.9 10.5 10.8 7.3 7.1 6.6 12.1 Nebraska..... 683.00 25,380 10.0 10.0 743.60 100.0 12.3 15.0 14.9 10.4 8.1 7.6 6.7 5.0 Nevada..... 835.00 793 50 31.400 100.0 69 8.0 13 1 12.0 104 90 89 77 63 177 New Hampshire ..... 788.40 743.00 22,210 100.0 6.2 10.4 13.8 14.4 12.6 10.1 8.4 6.5 5.2 12.6 New Jersey ..... 845.30 798.00 127,330 100.0 6.5 8.5 12.9 12.0 10.1 9.6 8.1 7.1 5.6 19.5 New Mexico ..... 762.30 716.50 31,620 100.0 9.3 10.5 14.5 13.6 11.4 10.3 7.3 6.5 5.7 11.0 New York. 832.50 785.00 333,870 100.0 7.8 9.0 12.6 11.9 10.1 9.1 8.1 6.6 6.1 18.6 North Carolina...... 761.40 722.00 193,120 100.0 7.8 9.6 14.7 14.7 13.2 11.0 8.4 6.3 4.8 9.5 North Dakota..... 748.00 705.50 9,080 100.0 11.5 10.8 14.8 12.3 11.8 8.8 8.5 6.7 3.7 11.1 Ohio .. 788.60 740.00 195,430 100.0 10.3 10.4 13.3 11.8 10.1 8.3 7.8 6.7 6.2 15.1 Oklahoma..... 773.10 734.00 65,800 100.0 9.5 10.5 14.1 12.2 11.1 9.8 8.3 6.9 5.6 12.1 Oregon..... 778.70 732.00 57,030 100.0 10.0 10.1 14.1 12.2 10.9 8.7 8.3 6.1 5.9 13.6 Pennsylvania..... 803.10 760.00 213,630 13.0 12.5 8.3 6.3 100.0 8.8 9.1 10.4 9.2 74 14.9 Rhode Island ..... 764.00 710.00 22,970 100.0 8.6 10.4 15.1 14.5 11.4 9.6 7.6 6.6 5.1 11.1 South Carolina ...... 771.50 730.00 102,370 100.0 7.3 8.8 14.9 14.8 13.2 10.6 8.9 6.3 4.8 10.4 South Dakota ..... 710.80 663.00 12,020 100.0 14.6 12.0 14.1 14.6 9.8 10.3 6.4 57 4.2 8.3 10.2 Tennessee..... 756.80 711.50 142,960 100.0 8.9 10.1 14.8 14.7 12.4 10.2 7.9 6.2 4.6 Texas..... 11.4 6.4 736.00 254,380 12.9 9.8 780.40 100.0 8.8 9.7 14.3 8.4 5.3 12.9 Utah ..... 771.20 706.00 21,500 100.0 10.8 11.7 15.3 11.6 9.4 7.3 7.5 6.0 5.1 15.3 Vermont..... 755 70 713 00 12 920 100.0 90 10 1 15.3 13.9 12 5 10 1 82 64 43 10.0 Virginia ..... 784.10 734.00 127,610 100.0 9.3 11.6 7.9 8.8 13.8 14.0 9.6 6.2 5.3 13.5 Washington ..... 791.60 739.00 89,640 100.0 9.6 10.4 13.7 12.1 10.3 9.2 7.2 6.4 5.2 15.8 West Virginia ..... 832.50 791.50 60,940 100.0 9.7 8.2 11.2 11.4 10.1 8.9 7.5 7.1 6.0 19.9 Wisconsin..... 82,340 100.0 10.5 11.1 8.9 7.6 781.10 733.00 9.7 14.3 11.5 6.4 6.2 13.7 Wyoming ..... 797.70 744.50 7.940 100.0 9.7 10.6 13.1 11.8 9.7 77 6.9 6.4 7.7 16.4 Outlving areas: 595.80 100.0 American Samoa 585.00 1.250 28.8 12.8 12.0 12.8 7.2 12.0 6.4 3.2 1.6 3.2 682.70 10.6 10.6 12.1 4.5 3.0 7.6 Guam 638.00 660 100.0 15.2 13.6 16.7 6.1 Northern Mariana Islands .. 409 50 284.50 100 100.0 (2)(2)(2)(2)(2)(2) 5.7 (2)(2)(2)(2)12.4 12.6 3.8 2.1 3.4 Puerto Rico 666.90 626.00 124,420 100.0 8.9 22.6 19.9 8.6 Virgin Islands..... 10.3 17.1 12.0 11.1 4.3 5.1 4.3 10.3 725.50 676.00 1.170 100.0 12.8 12.8

<sup>1</sup> Includes beneficiaries with unknown state code.

683 40

<sup>2</sup> Base figure too small to meet statistical standards for reliability of derived figure.

11 250

100.0

19.0

10.8

658 00

CONTACT: Rona Blumenthal/Salvatore Gallicchio (410) 965-0163/0158 for further information.

13.0

12 1

11.3

87

7.2

51

45

84

Foreign countries ...

#### Table 5.J9.—Average and median monthly benefit for nondisabled widows and widowers and number and percentage distribution, by monthly benefit, December 2000

[Based on 10-percent sample]

	Monthly	benefit		Percentage distribution of beneficiaries receiving—										
State	Average	Median	Number	Total	Less than \$400.00	\$400.00- \$499.90	\$500.00- \$599.90	\$600.00- \$699.90	\$700.00- \$799.90	\$800.00- \$899.90	\$900.00- \$999.90	\$1,000.00- \$1,099.90	\$1,100.00- \$1,199.90	\$1,200.00 or more
Total <sup>1</sup>	\$810.20	\$811.00	4,698,660	100.0	8.1	6.2	8.2	11.8	13.9	15.9	13.8	8.9	5.2	8.1
Alabama	733.40	724.00	94,690	100.0	12.1	9.5	11.1	14.0	13.5	13.7	11.0	6.3	3.7	5.1
Alaska	764.90	778.00	4,220	100.0	11.1	9.2	8.3	8.8	16.1	14.0	13.5	9.7	4.7	4.5
Arizona	837.60	843.00	69,920	100.0	6.6	4.8	6.8	10.4	13.9	18.0	15.9	9.4	5.6	8.6
Arkansas	714.00	699.00	56,620	100.0	12.6	10.2	12.7	14.5	13.3	12.9	10.1	6.0	3.3	4.3
California	843.20	838.00	394,960	100.0	7.6	5.6	7.0	10.8	13.2	15.6	14.2	9.6	5.7	10.8
Colorado	817.50	820.00	53,140	100.0	8.0	6.3	8.3	11.3	13.0	15.1	14.6	9.1	5.6	8.7
Connecticut	898.80	886.00	49,430	100.0	3.7	2.8	5.4	9.5	13.6	17.6	15.9	11.6	8.4	11.6
Delaware	868.10	870.00	13,010	100.0	3.5	3.8	6.8	10.1	14.9	17.6	17.0	11.1	5.9	9.3
District of Columbia	674.80	629.00	7,510	100.0	22.6	12.0	12.3	11.6	12.3	8.4	7.6	4.0	2.9	6.4
Florida	835.20	826.00	288,490	100.0	5.9	5.1	7.7	12.1	14.7	17.0	14.3	8.9	5.3	9.0
Georgia	745.20	734.00	110,720	100.0	11.7	9.0	11.4	13.1	13.7	13.6	10.7	6.8	3.7	6.2
Hawaii	783.30	782.00	14,730	100.0	9.1	7.3	7.9	12.3	15.8	16.4	12.2	8.0	5.2	5.8
Idaho	825.30	822.00	18,400	100.0	4.5	5.4	9.2	11.5	15.6	17.9	15.0	9.1	4.3	7.6
Illinois	871.80	867.00	195,660	100.0	5.1	4.2	5.7	9.9	13.9	17.1	15.9	11.1	6.5	10.6
Indiana	863.40	862.00	105,130	100.0	3.4	3.7	6.1	10.6	14.9	18.4	17.8	11.0	5.8	8.3
lowa	829.70	821.00	62,420	100.0	3.9	5.2	8.7	12.9	15.8	18.2	13.5	9.1	5.1	7.7
Kansas	858.20	842.00	47,270	100.0	4.3	4.7	8.3	11.9	14.3	15.3	14.6	9.6	6.5	10.4
Kentucky	727.20	727.00	88,150	100.0	12.6	10.1	11.4	12.6	13.2	14.5	10.6	6.7	3.7	4.7
Louisiana	740.60	730.00	98,750	100.0	12.7	8.7	11.0	13.3	13.2	13.4	11.0	7.0	3.7	6.0
Maine	765.10	754.00	24,410	100.0	9.1	7.0	9.5	16.1	14.7	14.7	12.4	7.0	4.1	5.5
Maryland	819.20	822.00	74,110	100.0	8.3	6.3	7.4	11.0	13.7	15.5	14.1	9.7	5.4	8.6
Massachusetts	842.30	839.00	98,710	100.0	7.5	4.9	6.7	11.0	14.1	15.7	14.3	10.0	5.8	10.0
Michigan	869.80	865.00	177,670	100.0	3.3	3.2	5.0	10.6	15.0	20.1	17.4	11.1	6.3	8.1
Minnesota	816.60	820.00	78,370	100.0	6.4	6.5	8.5	11.8	13.9	15.5	14.9	9.4	5.8	7.5
Mississippi	686.50	664.00	53,560	100.0	16.7	12.0	12.5	13.4	12.5	11.1	9.1	4.9	3.2	4.5
Missouri	804.50	802.00	102,750	100.0	7.0	6.3	8.8	13.0	14.5	16.2	13.6	8.7	5.1	6.8
Montana	802.20	792.50	16,620	100.0	6.0	6.0	9.3	13.1	16.7	16.2	13.2	8.1	4.4	7.0
Nebraska	832.90	813.00	30,720	100.0	4.2	5.9	9.7	13.7	14.5	16.0	12.1	9.0	5.4	9.6
Nevada	846.80	851.00	22,890	100.0	6.2	5.0	6.7	10.8	13.8	15.9	16.3	9.9	6.1	9.3
New Hampshire	857.90	857.00	17,260	100.0	4.9	3.8	6.4	12.2	14.2	16.8	16.0	9.9	6.0	9.8
New Jersey	897.20	885.00	128,210	100.0	3.7	3.2	5.2	10.3	13.2	16.9	16.0	12.2	7.4	12.0
New Mexico	757.80	757.00	27,800	100.0	11.5	8.1	10.4	12.5	13.3	14.3	11.6	7.5	4.6	6.0
New York	861.00	850.00	278,140	100.0	4.8	4.2	6.8	11.4	14.5	17.3	15.0	10.1	5.9	10.1
North Carolina	742.50	732.50	123,780	100.0	11.6	9.0	10.6	14.1	14.7	13.2	10.8	6.8	3.5	5.7
North Dakota	774.80	747.00	16,420	100.0	6.3	8.9	10.8	15.6	14.7	14.7	10.7	6.9	4.6	6.8
Ohio	842.50	851.00	237,690	100.0	6.4	4.6	6.1	10.5	13.4	18.2	16.2	10.4	6.0	8.2
Oklahoma	783.50	782.00	67,350	100.0	8.3	7.2	9.9	12.8	14.5	16.0	12.7	7.9	4.1	6.7
Oregon	849.60	851.00	53,540	100.0	4.7	3.7	6.7	11.2	14.7	18.8	16.2	10.5	5.2	8.3
Pennsylvania	851.40	849.00	272,390	100.0	4.1	3.7	6.5	11.6	15.0	18.8	16.7	10.4	5.6	7.7
Rhode Island	845.70	832.00	15,170	100.0	4.5	4.0	8.8	11.7	14.8	18.7	13.6	8.6	5.7	9.5
South Carolina	736.40	723.00	63,050	100.0	12.3	9.2	11.3	13.7	13.9	12.8	10.9	6.3	4.1	5.6
South Dakota	762.80	739.00	16,000	100.0	6.3	9.1	12.2	15.3	16.4	14.0	10.8	6.8	3.8	5.3
Tennessee	754.60	745.00	106,510	100.0	10.8	8.3	10.8	13.7	13.7	14.1	11.4	7.1	4.0	6.0
Texas	786.50	777.00	312,510	100.0	9.9	7.8	9.8	12.1	13.2	14.0	12.1	8.1	4.8	8.3
Utah	859.80	874.00	19,750	100.0	6.7	4.6	6.1	9.8	12.2	15.1	17.0	11.0	7.0	10.5
Vermont	812.80	803.50	9,560	100.0	5.6	7.7	8.7	12.8	14.3	16.6	12.8	8.5	4.0	9.0
Virginia	769.70	758.00	107,440	100.0	9.8	8.5	10.5	12.7	14.3	13.9	11.5	7.3	4.3	7.2
Washington	864.80	862.00	77,540	100.0	4.7	3.9	6.0	9.9	14.9	17.7	16.5	10.9	6.1	9.6
West Virginia	774.00	776.00	54,220	100.0	7.6	6.6	10.3	14.4	14.7	16.7	12.9	8.0	4.3	4.4
Wisconsin	851.60	853.00	90,880	100.0	3.7	4.3	6.3	11.3	15.2	18.4	16.8	10.5	5.7	7.7
Wyoming	825.80	819.00	6,750	100.0	5.0	5.9	9.0	12.4	15.0	14.7	15.9	8.7	5.5	7.9
Outlying areas: American Samoa Guam Northern Mariana	419.00 566.70	358.50 503.00	400 870	100.0 100.0	(2) 33.3	(2) 14.9	(2) 14.9	(2) 9.2	(2) 8.0	(2) 8.0	(2) 5.7	(2) 2.3	(2) 3.4	(2) (3)
Islands	367.70	318.00	140	100.0	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)		(2)
Puerto Rico	498.00	451.00	69,660	100.0	40.7	17.6	14.1	10.0	6.6	4.4	2.8	1.5		1.4
Virgin Islands	636.70	607.00	1,010	100.0	21.8	11.9	13.9	15.8	7.9	8.9	10.9	5.0		3.0
Foreign countries	550.60	523.00	71,150	100.0	30.9	15.5	15.4	11.7	9.1	7.0	4.3	2.2	1.6	2.4

<sup>1</sup> Includes beneficiaries with unknown state code.
 <sup>2</sup> Base figure too small to meet statistical standards for reliability of derived figure.
 <sup>3</sup> Less than 0.05 percent.

### Table 5.J10.—Number of children, by type of benefit, December 2000

[Based on 10-percent sample]

						Diad		10 or oldor	of.	<u></u>	danta ago	d 10, 10 a	
			Under ag			Disa	, 5	18 or older	of—	Stu	idents, age		vi—
State	Total	Total	Retired workers	Disabled workers	Deceased workers	Total	Retired workers	Disabled workers	Deceased workers	Total	Retired workers	Disabled workers	Deceased workers
Total <sup>1</sup>	3,810,490	2,979,660	254,970	1,381,500	1,343,190	733,610	191,950	58,090	483,570	97,220	11,040	35,000	51,180
Alabama	89,730	71,460	5,970	36,780	28,710	15,940	3,720	1,410	10,810	2,330	290	1,080	960
Alaska	8,360	7,430	810	2,650	3,970	690	200	20	470	240	10	70	160
Arizona	60,590	51,240	4,590	22,800	23,850	7,710	2,220	830	4,660	1,640	190	550	900
Arkansas	50,480	40,300	3,200	20,680	16,420	8,830	1,770	990	6,070	1,350	130	660	560
California	334,280	269,860	30,080	108,710	131,070	58,420	19,130	4,090	35,200	6,000	960	1,570	3,470
Colorado Connecticut Delaware District of Columbia Florida	42,910 40,370 10,560 6,530 217,760	35,700 30,440 8,510 5,030 180,480	2,060 2,350 700 540 20,010	17,120 14,990 3,960 1,050 79,980	16,520 13,100 3,850 3,440 80,490	6,000 9,190 1,810 1,410 31,630	1,700 2,620 640 230 8,680	480 460 150 50 2,700	3,820 6,110 1,020 1,130 20,250	1,210 740 240 90 5,650	150 100 50 730	330 220 50 10 1,830	730 420 140 80 3,090
Georgia	118,290	94,680	5,950	43,080	45,650	19,930	4,070	1,940	13,920	3,680	350	1,360	1,970
Hawaii	13,410	10,980	1,600	4,070	5,310	2,250	750	70	1,430	180	50	10	120
Idaho	14,930	12,200	870	5,340	5,990	2,390	670	140	1,580	340	30	90	220
Illinois	149,210	113,990	9,490	48,370	56,130	31,360	7,410	2,220	21,730	3,860	470	1,370	2,020
Indiana	82,810	63,200	4,560	30,850	27,790	17,070	4,120	1,470	11,480	2,540	210	880	1,450
lowa	34,260	24,570	1,510	12,170	10,890	8,580	2,490	580	5,510	1,110	100	510	500
Kansas	32,840	25,570	1,560	12,410	11,600	6,150	1,700	370	4,080	1,120	150	440	530
Kentucky	77,440	59,660	3,510	36,170	19,980	15,490	3,440	1,910	10,140	2,290	110	1,170	1,010
Louisiana	87,950	68,760	5,590	31,600	31,570	16,860	3,840	1,720	11,300	2,330	210	870	1,250
Maine	21,490	16,520	980	10,620	4,920	4,420	1,140	310	2,970	550	50	290	210
Maryland	60,680	48,680	3,870	17,220	27,590	11,000	2,820	490	7,690	1,000	130	290	580
Massachusetts	80,830	61,420	4,310	34,720	22,390	18,160	5,200	1,360	11,600	1,250	130	640	480
Michigan	143,440	107,670	7,840	53,160	46,670	32,030	8,410	2,590	21,030	3,740	270	1,440	2,030
Minnesota	49,300	35,990	2,340	17,000	16,650	11,770	3,520	540	7,710	1,540	170	520	850
Mississippi	70,000	56,630	4,980	29,200	22,450	11,340	2,140	1,420	7,780	2,030	190	1,020	820
Missouri	87,810	69,250	4,790	34,590	29,870	15,550	3,800	1,410	10,340	3,010	310	1,100	1,600
Montana	12,740	10,310	970	4,660	4,680	1,950	510	220	1,220	480	50	150	280
Nebraska	19,200	14,630	850	6,970	6,810	3,920	1,280	210	2,430	650	100	260	290
Nevada	21,010	18,580	2,170	7,580	8,830	1,900	540	150	1,210	530	70	180	280
New Hampshire	15,400	11,950	810	6,490	4,650	2,990	710	170	2,110	460	50	200	210
New Jersey	97,260	76,280	6,720	32,950	36,610	19,040	5,400	1,070	12,570	1,940	260	480	1,200
New Mexico	29,690	24,870	2,370	9,730	12,770	3,980	1,110	340	2,530	840	80	290	470
New York	245,890	185,980	18,370	92,740	74,870	55,630	14,940	3,580	37,110	4,280	490	1,570	2,220
North Carolina	119,840	94,630	5,240	49,340	40,050	22,420	4,910	2,260	15,250	2,790	190	1,240	1,360
North Dakota	7,300	5,060	370	2,340	2,350	1,930	450	100	1,380	310	40	80	190
Ohio	146,210	106,480	7,890	51,540	47,050	35,300	8,990	2,630	23,680	4,430	420	1,590	2,420
Oklahoma	49,760	39,050	2,750	16,540	19,760	8,860	2,110	700	6,050	1,850	110	740	1,000
Oregon	37,410	29,360	2,750	12,050	14,560	6,970	2,110	660	4,200	1,080	130	390	560
Pennsylvania	156,500	113,760	8,430	53,140	52,190	38,730	9,700	2,910	26,120	4,010	380	1,360	2,270
Rhode Island	14,170	10,750	780	6,020	3,950	3,250	750	290	2,210	170	30	60	80
South Carolina	70,790	55,840	3,060	27,540	25,240	13,240	2,770	1,200	9,270	1,710	140	550	1,020
South Dakota	10,880	8,380	530	3,580	4,270	2,170	470	140	1,560	330	60	130	140
Tennessee	96,090	74,890	4,960	37,800	32,130	18,530	3,920	1,670	12,940	2,670	230	1,130	1,310
Texas	250,510	202,590	20,200	74,820	107,570	38,980	11,040	2,750	25,190	8,940	1,190	2,530	5,220
Utah	23,460	19,610	1,540	7,650	10,420	3,200	1,140	170	1,890	650	130	200	320
Vermont	9,030	6,920	520	4,030	2,370	1,870	470	240	1,160	240	50	90	100
Virginia	90,310	71,020	4,690	35,010	31,320	17,410	4,010	1,430	11,970	1,880	300	770	810
Washington	59,420	46,640	3,830	20,510	22,300	11,030	3,200	830	7,000	1,750	220	690	840
West Virginia	36,670	25,290	1,920	14,880	8,490	10,350	2,040	1,150	7,160	1,030	90	480	460
Wisconsin	61,760	44,460	2,940	21,320	20,200	15,380	4,370	1,050	9,960	1,920	260	630	1,030
Wyoming	6,070	5,020	310	2,370	2,340	850	250	100	500	200	30	50	120
Outlying areas: American Samoa Guam Northern Mariana	1,930 2,410	1,890 2,300	340 550	730 420	820 1,330	20 100		 10	20 60	20 10	···· ···	10 	10 10
Islands Puerto Rico Virgin Islands	580 103,960 1,790	500 80,130 1,430	230 8,470 300	30 45,580 330	240 26,080 800	50 22,310 300	10 6,730 130	2,280 10	40 13,300 160	30 1,520 60	10 280 10	10 730 20	10 510 30
Foreign countries	25,530	20,230	5,910	3,340	10,980	4,930	1,400	50	3,480	370	90	20	260

<sup>1</sup> Includes beneficiaries with unknown state code.

#### Table 5.J11.—Number and total monthly benefit for beneficiaries in foreign countries, December 2000

			Numb	per	_		Monthly be (in thousa	
Country <sup>1</sup>	Total	Retired workers <sup>2</sup>	Disabled workers	Widows and widowers <sup>3</sup>	Wives and husbands	Children	All beneficiaries	Retired workers <sup>2</sup>
Total	396,482	228,215	11,539	75,832	55,911	24,985	\$187,156	\$115,952
Canada	90,657	52,011	2,395	17,021	16,694	2,536	37,206	22,972
Mexico	49,814	23,969	1,446	11,966	6,019	6,414	22,449	11,978
Central America and Caribbean	19,670	13,098	1,022	1,995	1,337	2,218	11,466	8,181
Barbados	1,005	797	27	95	66	20	668	542
Costa Rica	2,672	1,719	172	276	182	323	1,710	1,180
Dominican Republic	5,398	3,268	431	423	343	933	2,786	1,831
El Salvador	778	505	44	86	58	85	401	275
Guatemala	1,070	679	50	123	69	149	586	394
Honduras	972	565	65	100	58	184	608	392
Jamaica	2,717	2,111	65	236	195	110	1,639	1,329
Panama	821	487	41	137	65	91	484	309
Trinidad and Tobago	815	631	18	76	57	33	526	423
South America	12,461	8,117	481	1,797	1,157	909	7,080	4,862
Argentina	2,785	1,743	55	490	381	116	1,536	1,033
Brazil	1,656	968	32	349	183	124	991	613
Chile	1,047	670	36	176	83	82	669	455
Colombia	2,538	1,714	157	278	152	237	1,404	982
Ecuador	2,128	1,526	103	183	144	172	1,170	871
Peru	699	435	32	111	63	58	406	267
Uruguay	601	434	28	57	66	16	315	239
Africa	1,412	774	85	203	97	253	828	514
Asia	38,929	18,175	1,174	9,523	4,607	5,450	20,904	11,570
Cyprus	558	314	20	111	61	52	288	183
Hong Kong	804	338	7	369	62	28	428	203
India	603	368	38	61	58	78	351	222
Israel	8,181	4,571	199	1,339	1,154	918	4,788	3,119
Japan	5,648	2,643	35	1,678	1,063	229	3,496	1,913
Thailand	766	563	49	36	22	96	563	433
Philippines	17,988	7,515	540	5,386	1,838	2,709	8,806	4,308
Turkey	607	360	25	118	63	41	373	233
Yemen	1,589	377	116	127	91	878	607	238
Europe	178,237	108,777	4,831	32,485	25,342	6,802	84,046	53,701
Austria	2,087	1,364	57	383	237	46	1,044	702
Belgium	1,507	938	9	253	254	53	735	489
Croatia	1,414	742	152	327	101	92	890	480
Denmark	859	498	14	200	99	48	538	324
Finland	716	458	21	135	73	29	398	257
France	9,109	5,953	88	1,331	1,452	285	4,427	3,118
Germany	26,233	16,231	669	4,518	3,531	1,284	11,282	6,953
Greece	21,334	11,969	738	4,499	3,299	829	9,865	5,946
Hungary	1,591	1,186	93	185	80	47	1,168	905
Ireland	7,405	5,033	197	1,018	797	360	4,087	2,978
Italy	34,687	19,949	907	7,996	4,728	1,107	16,204	9,810
Malta	590	311	27	131	72	49	350	206
Netherlands	3,693	2,302	56	549	644	142	1,584	1,029
Norway	5,820	3,406	107	1,153	999	155	2,290	1,386
Poland	3,412	2,141	181	676	265	149	1,879	1,164
Portugal	11,601	7,630	642	1,558	1,326	445	5,332	3,642
Serbia	962	503	56	278	88	37	588	292
Spain	8,637	5,005	218	1,763	1,360	291	4,268	2,661
Sweden	2,742	1,820	38	425	364	95	1,220	805
Switzerland.	5,228	3,582	32	577	915	122	2,011	1,427
United Kingdom	25,971	16,081	421	4,048	4,392	1,029	12,243	8,023
Oceania	5,302	3,294	105	842	658	403	3,177	2,174
Australia	4,285	2,674	67	735	579	230	2,570	1,751
New Zealand	652	450	19	70	52	61	412	306

<sup>1</sup> Countries with 500 or more beneficiaries are shown separately. The total and continent sub-totals include all foreign residents.

<sup>2</sup> Includes special age-72 beneficiaries.

<sup>3</sup> Includes nondisabled widows and widowers, disabled widows and widowers, widowed mothers and fathers, and parents.

#### Table 5.J12.—Number of disabled workers, by diagnostic group, December 2000

				Diagnostic group									
									Disease	s of the—			
State	Total number	Diagnosis available	Infectious and parasitic diseases <sup>1</sup>	Neo- plasms	Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic	Mental disorders (other than retarda- tion)	Mental retarda- tion	Nervous system and sense organs	Circula- tory system	Respira- tory system	Muscu- loskele- tal system	Injuries	Other
Total	5,042,333	4,959,682	97,919	136,404	244,456	1,361,157	257,601	479,246	532,998	166,054	1,152,231	231,066	300,550
Alabama	121,253	119,129	1,403	2,844	6,143	27,483	5,905	10,085	14,839	4,534	32,630	6,304	6,959
Alaska	7,233	7,178	90	228	283	2,163	359	827	589	211	1,619	422	387
Arizona	85,763	84,539	1,496	2,245	3,444	26,265	2,574	8,589	7,628	2,778	20,284	4,434	4,802
Arkansas	76,532	75,451	1,030	2,176	3,635	13,218	4,089	7,116	9,856	2,933	22,973	4,115	4,310
California	433,005	426,130	13,618	11,926	18,143	138,087	11,684	42,899	37,219	9,800	99,237	20,640	22,877
Colorado	60,958	60,048	1,245	1,505	2,233	15,153	2,857	7,946	4,044	2,118	16,092	3,382	3,473
Connecticut	53,815	53,003	1,103	1,538	2,356	17,863	2,709	5,286	4,925	1,556	10,155	1,909	3,603
Delaware	14,600	14,429	385	428	805	3,761	836	1,465	1,533	509	3,294	611	802
District of Columbia	8,340	8,238	690	181	430	2,479	485	857	795	191	1,269	237	624
Florida	307,500	302,528	10,235	8,852	15,763	78,900	9,605	25,037	35,873	10,391	66,108	17,203	24,561
Georgia	157,748	154,932	4,001	4,178	8,894	36,821	8,676	12,423	18,589	5,765	35,085	6,657	13,843
Hawaii	13,854	13,622	332	441	623	4,883	547	1,168	1,608	292	2,291	640	797
Idaho	20,737	20,509	199	584	978	5,684	1,073	2,231	1,738	716	5,218	1,164	924
Illinois	175,929	173,259	3,166	5,125	9,776	55,181	10,834	18,090	18,705	5,692	30,380	7,006	9,304
Indiana	109,696	107,709	1,463	3,197	7,277	26,267	8,755	11,677	12,575	4,669	21,294	4,338	6,197
lowa	46,465	45,528	412	1,342	2,277	12,514	4,376	5,166	4,007	1,657	9,711	2,049	2,017
Kansas	41,949	41,427	538	1,128	2,667	10,841	3,237	4,556	3,784	1,569	8,457	2,202	2,448
Kentucky	125,832	124,007	1,158	2,672	5,175	32,630	7,873	8,866	13,860	5,725	33,862	5,229	6,957
Louisiana	88,568	86,741	1,524	2,248	4,175	14,918	5,324	7,497	11,775	2,397	25,420	4,611	6,852
Maine	35,023	34,726	269	797	1,392	11,212	1,918	3,088	3,178	1,106	8,845	1,625	1,296
Maryland	69,741	68,411	2,116	2,380	3,524	17,457	3,658	7,675	8,438	2,358	12,926	3,226	4,653
Massachusetts	123,930	122,250	2,754	3,211	4,250	45,831	5,425	11,518	9,868	3,347	26,102	4,759	5,185
Michigan	183,045	180,013	1,933	4,825	9,644	59,511	9,742	17,804	18,722	5,573	37,073	7,263	7,923
Minnesota	67,849	66,523	813	1,909	2,342	24,645	5,325	7,576	4,976	1,567	11,702	3,079	2,589
Mississippi	85,194	83,794	961	2,145	4,663	20,437	5,037	6,820	11,427	2,828	18,300	3,739	7,437
Missouri	122,975	121,042	1,760	3,089	7,318	27,995	8,276	11,814	13,153	5,080	29,148	6,237	7,172
Montana	16,828	16,612	163	435	594	3,926	818	2,049	1,271	665	4,722	1,052	917
Nebraska	25,320	24,964	314	709	1,331	5,919	1,517	3,112	2,544	899	5,875	1,457	1,287
Nevada	31,460	31,055	659	879	1,455	7,996	775	3,148	3,442	1,239	7,934	1,531	1,997
New Hampshire	22,806	22,620	170	593	805	7,814	1,119	2,455	2,019	738	5,043	1,032	832
New Jersey	125,686	123,263	2,992	4,251	5,568	36,718	4,644	13,519	14,430	3,819	24,771	5,275	7,276
New Mexico	31,544	31,046	499	694	1,412	7,092	1,036	3,271	2,414	1,004	9,688	2,026	1,910
New York	338,265	333,116	9,867	9,894	14,837	83,399	13,981	30,490	36,151	10,457	90,317	14,183	19,540
North Carolina	194,528	191,876	3,320	5,271	11,354	39,345	13,428	15,954	25,075	7,400	45,436	7,865	17,428
North Dakota	9,004	8,868	68	246	324	2,270	808	1,097	856	296	2,035	512	356
Ohio	194,624	190,979	1,983	4,659	9,543	65,222	15,852	16,909	18,740	6,249	31,990	6,341	13,491
Oklahoma	64,892	64,022	821	1,782	3,723	14,871	3,332	6,489	7,806	2,642	16,730	3,122	2,704
Oregon	56,269	55,623	884	1,621	2,545	15,392	3,023	7,068	4,778	1,682	12,806	3,221	2,603
Pennsylvania	214,106	210,514	3,383	6,376	11,459	50,290	12,513	22,311	25,087	7,067	50,223	9,995	11,810
Rhode Island	23,431	23,035	320	647	967	7,652	1,397	2,093	2,130	717	5,179	873	1,060
South Carolina	101,967	100,515	1,516	2,645	5,088	25,438	5,374	8,412	13,746	3,922	23,412	4,862	6,100
South Dakota	11,900	11,728	134	311	405	2,842	935	1,530	1,079	444	3,033	521	494
Tennessee	143,191	141,139	1,822	3,580	6,744	38,910	8,396	11,522	17,086	5,905	32,847	5,778	8,549
Texas	257,413	253,778	7,047	7,846	16,080	53,236	9,767	28,035	30,336	7,996	63,014	13,123	17,298
Utah	21,850	21,662	243	504	1,000	6,588	1,347	2,739	1,565	703	4,722	1,023	1,228
Vermont	12,437	12,308	168	312	616	3,752	668	1,169	1,075	411	2,803	576	758
Virginia	127,904	125,847	2,217	3,690	6,475	28,653	8,823	11,468	14,916	4,916	31,357	5,602	7,730
Washington	90,121	89,234	1,629	2,702	3,844	29,242	4,308	9,849	6,964	2,705	18,827	4,247	4,917
West Virginia	60,494	59,353	430	1,271	3,010	11,818	4,881	4,274	7,474	2,958	15,996	3,435	3,806
Wisconsin	82,672	80,971	936	2,268	4,049	25,524	5,737	9,760	6,712	2,179	16,201	3,634	3,971
Wyoming	7,912	7,835	89	181	325	2,000	456	953	674	395	1,927	477	358
Outlying areas: Puerto Rico Other <sup>2</sup>	123,326 14,849	118,850 13,703	1,373 178	1,484 359	2,224 469	49,635 3,414	1,272 215	10,009 1,484	9,081 1,843	2,990 294	31,969 3,899	5,378 844	3,435 703

AIDS/HIV records are counted in the Infectious and Parasitic Diseases group. Before 1990, these records were included in the Other group.
 Includes American Samoa, Guam, Northern Mariana Islands, VIrgin Islands, and foreign countries.

CONTACT: Joseph Bondar/Shirley Turpin (410) 965-0162/0181 for further information.

		Diagnosis a	vailable	ailable Diagnostic group										
		Diagnosis a					Montal	Diagin			of the			
	Total		Per-	Infectious and parasitic	Neo-	Endo- crine, nutritional, and	Mental disor- ders (other than retarda-	Mental retarda-	Nervous system and sense	Circula- tory	s of the	Muscu- loskele- tal		1
State	number	Number	cent	diseases <sup>1</sup>	plasms	metabolic	tion)	tion	organs	system	system	system	Injuries	Other
Total	5,042,333	4,959,682	100.0	2.0	2.8	4.9	27.4	5.2	9.7	10.7	3.3	23.2	4.7	6.1
Alabama	121,253	119,129	100.0	1.2	2.4	5.2	23.1	5.0	8.5	12.5		27.4	5.3	5.8
Alaska	7,233	7,178	100.0	1.3	3.2	3.9	30.1	5.0	11.5	8.2		22.6	5.9	5.4
Arizona	85,763	84,539	100.0	1.8	2.7	4.1	31.1	3.0	10.2	9.0	3.3	24.0	5.2	5.7
Arkansas	76,532	75,451	100.0	1.4	2.9	4.8	17.5	5.4	9.4	13.1	3.9	30.4		5.7
California	433,005	426,130	100.0	3.2	2.8	4.3	32.4	2.7	10.1	8.7	2.3	23.3	4.8	5.4
Colorado	60,958	60,048	100.0	2.1	2.5	3.7	25.2	4.8	13.2	6.7	3.5	26.8	5.6	5.8
Connecticut	53,815	53,003	100.0	2.1	2.9	4.4	33.7	5.1	10.0	9.3	2.9	19.2		6.8
Delaware	14,600	14,429	100.0	2.7	3.0	5.6	26.1	5.8	10.2	10.6		22.8	4.2	5.6
District of Columbia	8,340	8,238	100.0	8.4	2.2	5.2	30.1	5.9	10.4	9.7	2.3	15.4	2.9	7.6
Florida	307,500	302,528	100.0	3.4	2.9	5.2	26.1	3.2	8.3	11.9	3.4	21.9	5.7	8.1
Georgia	157,748	154,932	100.0	2.6	2.7	5.7	23.8	5.6	8.0	12.0	3.7	22.6	4.3	8.9
Hawaii	13,854	13,622	100.0	2.4	3.2	4.6	35.8	4.0	8.6	11.8	2.1	16.8	4.7	5.9
Idaho	20,737	20,509	100.0	1.0	2.8	4.8	27.7	5.2	10.9	8.5	3.5	25.4	5.7	4.5
Illinois	175,929	173,259	100.0	1.8	3.0	5.6	31.8	6.3	10.4	10.8	3.3	17.5	4.0	5.4
Indiana	109,696	107,709	100.0	1.4	3.0	6.8	24.4	8.1	10.8	11.7	4.3	19.8	4.0	5.8
lowa	46,465	45,528	100.0	.9	2.9	5.0	27.5	9.6	11.3	8.8	3.6	21.3	4.5	4.4
Kansas	41,949	41,427	100.0	1.3	2.7	6.4	26.2	7.8	11.0	9.1	3.8	20.4		5.9
Kentucky	125,832	124,007	100.0	.9	2.2	4.2	26.3	6.3	7.1	11.2		27.3		5.6
Louisiana	88,568	86,741	100.0	1.8	2.6	4.8	17.2	6.1	8.6	13.6	2.8	29.3	5.3	7.9
Maine	35,023	34,726	100.0	.8	2.3	4.0	32.3	5.5	8.9	9.2	3.2	25.5	4.7	3.7
Maryland	69,741	68,411	100.0	3.1	3.5	5.2	25.5	5.3	11.2	12.3	3.4	18.9	4.7	6.8
Massachusetts	123,930	122,250	100.0	2.3	2.6	3.5	37.5	4.4	9.4	8.1	2.7	21.4		4.2
Michigan	183,045	180,013	100.0	1.1	2.7	5.4	33.1	5.4	9.9	10.4		20.6		4.4
Minnesota	67,849	66,523	100.0	1.2	2.9	3.5	37.0	8.0	11.4	7.5		17.6	4.6	3.9
Mississippi	85,194	83,794	100.0	1.1	2.6	5.6	24.4	6.0	8.1	13.6	3.4	21.8	4.5	8.9
Missouri	122,975	121,042	100.0	1.5	2.6	6.0	23.1	6.8	9.8	10.9	4.2	24.1	5.2	5.9
Montana	16,828	16,612	100.0	1.0	2.6	3.6	23.6	4.9	12.3	7.7	4.0	28.4	6.3	5.5
Nebraska	25,320	24,964	100.0	1.3	2.8	5.3	23.7	6.1	12.5	10.2	3.6	23.5	5.8	5.2
Nevada	31,460	31,055	100.0	2.1	2.8	4.7	25.7	2.5	10.1	11.1	4.0	25.5		6.4
New Hampshire	22,806	22,620	100.0	.8	2.6	3.6	34.5	4.9	10.9	8.9	3.3	22.3	4.6	3.7
New Jersey	125,686	123,263	100.0	2.4	3.4	4.5	29.8	3.8	11.0	11.7	3.1	20.1	4.3	5.9
New Mexico	31,544	31,046	100.0	1.6	2.2	4.5	22.8	3.3	10.5	7.8		31.2		6.2
New York	338,265	333,116	100.0	3.0	3.0	4.5	25.0	4.2	9.2	10.9		27.1	4.3	5.9
North Carolina	194,528	191,876	100.0	1.7	2.7	5.9	20.5	7.0	8.3	13.1	3.9	23.7	4.1	9.1
North Dakota	9,004	8,868	100.0	.8	2.8	3.7	25.6	9.1	12.4	9.7	3.3	22.9	5.8	4.0
Ohio	194,624	190,979	100.0	1.0	2.4	5.0	34.2	8.3	8.9	9.8	3.3	16.8	3.3	7.1
Oklahoma	64,892	64,022	100.0	1.0	2.4	5.8	23.2	5.2	10.1	12.2		26.1	4.9	4.2
Oregon	56,269	55,623	100.0	1.6	2.9	4.6	27.7	5.4	12.7	8.6		23.0	5.8	4.7
Pennsylvania	214,106	210,514	100.0	1.6	3.0	5.4	23.9	5.9	10.6	11.9		23.9	4.7	5.6
Rhode Island	23,431	23,035	100.0	1.4	2.8	4.2	33.2	6.1	9.1	9.2	3.1	22.5	3.8	4.6
South Carolina	101,967	100,515	100.0	1.5	2.6	5.1	25.3	5.3	8.4	13.7	3.9	23.3	4.8	6.1
South Dakota	11,900	11,728	100.0	1.0	2.0	3.5	24.2		13.0					4.2
Tennessee	143,191	141,139	100.0	1.3	2.5	4.8	27.6	5.9	8.2					6.1
Texas	257,413	253,778	100.0	2.8	3.1	6.3	21.0	3.8	11.0					6.8
Utah	21,850	21,662	100.0	1.1	2.3	4.6	30.4	6.2						5.7
Vermont		12,308	100.0	1.4	2.5	5.0	30.5	5.4	9.5	8.7	3.3	22.8	4.7	6.2
Virginia	127,904	12,308	100.0	1.4	2.3	5.1	22.8	7.0	9.0	11.9				6.1
Washington	90,121	89,234	100.0	1.8	3.0	4.3	32.8	4.8	11.0	7.8		24.5	4.8	5.5
West Virginia	60,494	59,353	100.0	.7	2.1	5.1	19.9	8.2						6.4
Wisconsin	82,672	80,971	100.0	1.2	2.8	5.0	31.5	7.1	12.1					4.9
Wyoming	7,912	7,835	100.0	1.1	2.3	4.1	25.5	5.8						4.6
Outlying areas:														
Puerto Rico	123.326	118,850	100.0	1.2	1.2	1.9	41.8	1.1	8.4	7.6	2.5	26.9	4.5	2.9
Other <sup>2</sup>	123,320	13,703	100.0	1.2	2.6	3.4	24.9	1.6				28.5		2.9 5.1
	. 1,0 70	10,100		1.0	2.0	0.4	21.5		10.0	10.4	£.1	20.0	0.2	5.1

AIDS/HIV records are counted in the Infectious and Parasitic Diseases group. Before 1990, these records were included in the Other group.
 Includes American Samoa, Guam, Northern Mariana Islands, VIrgin Islands, and foreign countries.

CONTACT: Joseph Bondar/Shirley Turpin (410) 965-0162/0181 for further information.

#### Table 5.J14.—Number, average and median monthly benefit, by type of disabled beneficiary, December 2000

[Based on 10-percent sample]

		Total		Dis	abled worker	S	Disabled ch	ildren, aged	18 or older	Disabled	widows and w	idowers
State	Number	Average benefit	Median benefit	Number	Average benefit	Median benefit	Number	Average benefit	Median benefit	Number	Average benefit	Median benefit
Total <sup>1</sup>	5,969,580	\$745.00	\$692.00	5,035,840	\$787.00	\$736.00	733,610	\$518.40	\$508.00	200,130	\$518.90	\$501.00
Alabama	142,670	713.10	663.00	121,120	755.70	703.00	15,940	464.30	435.00	5,610	500.80	494.00
Alaska Arizona	8,330 95,220	752.80 785.60	694.00 733.00	7,460 84,500	777.10 816.70	712.00 767.00	690 7,710	531.40 534.50	504.00 534.00	180 3,010	596.30 555.30	621.50 543.00
Arkansas	87,850	697.80	658.00	75,390	738.00	697.00	8,830	452.50	424.00	3,630	460.10	459.00
California	508,380	762.70	710.00	437,270	799.00	751.00	58,420	538.60	534.00	12,690	543.90	512.00
Colorado	69,170	751.00	698.00 716.00	61,280 53,190	778.60 814.00	728.00 757.00	6,000	540.60 584.40	543.50	1,890	522.50	502.00 492.50
Connecticut Delaware	64,040 17,220	773.80 776.80	722.50	14,920	814.00	768.00	9,190 1,810	544.90	596.00 529.00	1,660 490	533.70 497.50	492.00 529.00
District of Columbia	10,220	686.00	647.00	8,470	731.80	693.00	1,410	466.80	441.00	340	453.10	464.50
Florida	347,180	758.30	707.00	305,290	791.60	743.00	31,630	519.40	507.00	10,260	503.70	479.00
Georgia Hawaii	184,710 16,170	725.40 756.80	681.00 707.00	157,920 13,510	766.80 803.90	721.00 760.00	19,930 2,250	484.30 506.90	458.00 502.00	6,860 410	470.70 575.50	442.50 562.00
Idaho	23,000	740.70	689.00	20,020	771.90	724.00	2,390	520.30	513.00	590	576.10	590.00
Illinois	214,260	769.80	718.00	175,060	815.50	770.00	31,360	570.10	572.50	7,840	547.00	527.50
Indiana	129,900	755.70	700.00	108,210	795.60	743.00	17,070	556.30	561.00	4,620	559.10	554.50
lowa Kansas	58,030 50,060	722.70 729.30	670.00 675.00	47,800 42,390	764.30 764.70	719.00 712.00	8,580 6,150	531.80 538.60	525.00 519.00	1,650 1,520	509.40 513.70	506.00 507.00
Kentucky	147,810	736.90	678.00	125,650	782.30	727.00	15,490	461.40	430.00	6,670	521.60	506.00
Louisiana Maine	110,800 40,330	729.20 686.60	678.00 646.00	88,460 34,700	790.10 716.60	741.00 674.00	16,860 4,420	464.20 501.10	430.00 488.00	5,480 1,210	561.40 504.00	533.00 510.00
	,								534.00			
Maryland Massachusetts	83,660 147,560	777.00 740.40	728.00 690.00	70,200 125,430	820.90 778.20	776.00 723.00	11,000 18,160	550.50 531.20	534.00 529.50	2,460 3,970	537.70 501.90	517.50 481.00
Michigan	223,070	798.70	747.00	182,760	846.90	809.00	32,030	580.90	596.00	8,280	578.00	566.00
Minnesota Mississippi	80,290 101,490	729.10 687.20	673.00 645.00	66,600 85,700	770.40 733.30	716.00 683.00	11,770 11,340	533.20 428.40	534.00 396.00	1,920 4,450	495.50 460.20	461.50 445.00
Missouri	143.730	733.80	680.00	123,130	770.30	715.00	15,550	517.60	501.00	5,050	508.90	482.00
Montana	19,430	739.20	696.00	16,870	776.40	744.00	1,950	497.20	500.00	610	486.40	454.00
Nebraska	30,120	708.00	648.00	25,380	743.60	683.00	3,920	521.30	502.00	820	500.10	497.50
Nevada New Hampshire	34,380 25,900	811.20 754.40	769.00 708.50	31,400 22,210	835.00 788.40	793.50 743.00	1,900 2,990	584.30 556.80	588.00 545.00	1,080 700	518.20 518.60	460.50 531.00
New Jersey	150,690	803.50	749.00	127,330	845.30	798.00	19,040	585.00	587.50	4,320	536.40	510.00
New Mexico	36,570	722.30	677.00	31,620	762.30	716.50	3,980	453.60	425.00	970	520.80	508.00
New York North Carolina	401,680 223,270	785.30 721.40	726.00 685.00	333,870 193,120	832.50 761.40	785.00 722.00	55,630 22,420	559.90 478.90	558.00 457.50	12,180 7,730	522.10 424.60	503.50 406.00
North Dakota	11,320	696.00	635.00	9,080	748.00	705.50	1,930	486.80	456.00	310	477.90	487.00
Ohio	239,820	745.30	690.00	195,430	788.60	740.00	35,300	549.30	546.00	9,090	575.70	585.00
Oklahoma Oregon	77,500 66,010	731.30 748.40	685.00 698.00	65,800 57,030	773.10 778.70	734.00 732.00	8,860 6,970	497.40 552.60	484.50 550.00	2,840 2,010	492.10 567.20	476.00 567.00
Pennsylvania	261,640	757.00	705.00	213,630	803.10	760.00	38,730	552.00	554.00	9,280	552.20	554.50
Rhode Island	26,870	731.70	678.00	22,970	764.00	710.00	3,250	539.60	547.00	650	551.20	538.00
South Carolina	120,020	726.00	686.00	102,370	771.50	730.00	13,240	470.70	450.00	4,410	436.30	425.00
South Dakota Tennessee	14,580 168,600	672.60 714.60	629.50 672.00	12,020 142,960	710.80 756.80	663.00 711.50	2,170 18,530	495.90 478.40	484.00 457.00	390 7,110	479.10 482.10	488.00 474.00
Texas	305,340	732.30	686.50	254,380	780.40	736.00	38,980	485.40	461.00	11,980	513.70	504.00
Utah	25,340	735.30	665.00	21,500	771.20	706.00	3,200	531.80	518.50	640	548.00	527.50
Vermont Virginia	15,330 150,320	715.90 741.00	674.00 690.00	12,920 127,610	755.70 784.10	713.00 734.00	1,870 17,410	495.20 494.00	493.00 472.00	540 5,300	528.40 514.30	536.00 493.00
Washington	103,500	762.60	706.50	89,640	791.60	739.00	11,030	571.70	580.00	2,830	589.50	610.00
West Virginia	74,590	773.40	720.00	60,940	832.50	791.50	10,350	484.90	472.00	3,300	587.80	577.50
Wisconsin Wyoming	100,290 9,010	740.30 765.70	686.00 711.00	82,340 7,940	781.10 797.70	733.00 744.50	15,380 850	555.10 513.20	561.00 513.00	2,570 220	541.40 586.90	534.00 590.50
Outlying areas:	, -											
American Samoa	1,270	589.60	584.00	1,250	595.80	585.00	20	207.50	207.50			
Guam Northern Mariana	770	633.30	612.00	660	682.70	638.00	100	328.60	328.50	10	419.00	419.00
Islands	150	381.70	281.00	100	409.50	284.50	50	326.20	179.00			
Puerto Rico	151,330	609.40	588.00	124,420	666.90 725.50	626.00	22,310	327.60	318.00	4,600	421.20	390.50
Virgin Islands	1,520	663.60	604.50	1,170	725.50	676.00	300	441.50	377.00	50	548.60	546.00
Foreign countries	17,020	587.10	558.00	11,250	683.40	658.00	4,930	373.40	347.00	840	549.90	570.50

<sup>1</sup> Includes beneficiaries with unknown state code.

CONTACT: Joseph Bondar/Shirley Turpin (410) 965-0162/0181 for further information.

# Table 5.K1.—Number and percent of beneficiaries, and average monthly benefit, by state and direct deposit status, December 2000

[Based on 10-percent sample]

					Direct dep	osit status		
	All bene	ficiaries		Using			Not using	
State	Number	Average monthly benefit	Number	Percent	Average monthly benefit	Number	Percent	Average monthly benefit
Total	45,417,470	\$767.40	35,618,600	78.4	\$799.10	9,798,870	21.6	\$652.40
Alabama	826,710	708.90	605,100	73.2	751.30	221,610	26.8	593.20
Alaska	54,950	725.00	42,440	77.2	754.30	12,510	22.8	625.30
Arizona	791,330	784.50	691,310	87.4	809.30	100,020	12.6	613.00
Arkansas California	517,230 4,208,290	696.20 779.20	384,720 3,551,210	74.4 84.4	733.20 798.90	132,510 657,080	25.6 15.6	588.80 673.10
						,		
Colorado Connecticut	535,270 578,650	752.10 856.30	440,190 441,220	82.2 76.2	773.70 884.00	95,080 137,430	17.8 23.8	652.20 767.50
Delaware	134,900	809.90	113,110	83.8	833.80	21,790	16.2	686.10
District of Columbia	74,030	667.10	53,570	72.4	693.00	20,460	27.6	599.10
Florida	3,193,390	777.70	2,814,940	88.1	798.80	378,450	11.9	620.90
Georgia	1,106,410	730.40	821,720	74.3	772.20	284,690	25.7	609.70
Hawaii	184,140	772.00	156,270	84.9	788.90	27,870	15.1	677.20
Idaho	194,030	752.90	166,080	85.6	771.90	27,950	14.4	640.10
Illinois	1,842,350	812.70	1,443,870	78.4	837.70	398,480	21.6	722.10
Indiana	994,060	805.60	769,370	77.4	834.00	224,690	22.6	708.20
lowa	540,360	775.00	456,390	84.5	793.10	83,970	15.5	676.70
Kansas	440,010	790.10	361,890	82.2	810.80	78,120	17.8	694.10
Kentucky	739,010	702.80	518,690	70.2	746.20	220,320	29.8	600.70
Louisiana	710,870	689.50	469,000	66.0	741.40	241,870	34.0	588.90
Maine	251,480	704.50	192,630	76.6	736.50	58,850	23.4	599.90
Maryland	723,250	786.30	565,340	78.2	809.40	157,910	21.8	703.50
Massachusetts	1,063,950	783.00	821,850	77.2	808.50	242,100	22.8	696.30
Michigan Minnesota	1,644,640 738,750	824.20 771.90	1,327,370 604,200	80.7 81.8	849.00 794.70	317,270 134,550	19.3 18.2	720.10 669.60
Mississippi	516,260	668.40	388,820	75.3	794.70	127,440	24.7	546.30
Missouri	1,004,500	755.20	784,940	78.1	782.30	219,560	21.9	658.60
Montana	157,720	744.50	130,030	82.4	767.30	27,690	17.6	637.20
Nebraska	284,370	761.90	236,670	83.2	782.30	47,700	16.8	660.50
Nevada	287,200	793.10	241,560	84.1	811.30	45,640	15.9	696.80
New Hampshire	200,490	796.60	163,220	81.4	817.00	37,270	18.6	707.20
New Jersey	1,352,210	862.70	1,048,530	77.5	886.20	303,680	22.5	781.80
New Mexico	280,660	700.50	219,670	78.3	744.30	60,990	21.7	542.70
New York	3,005,760	819.60	2,334,220	77.7	847.40	671,540	22.3	722.80
North Carolina North Dakota	1,349,740 114,100	739.90 719.40	1,000,540 90,860	74.1 79.6	783.80 744.10	349,200 23,240	25.9 20.4	613.90 622.80
Ohio	1,918,410	782.80	1,441,910	75.2	810.30	476,500	24.8	699.40
Oklahoma Oregon	594,020 568.250	736.10 789.10	466,730 503,090	78.6 88.5	765.20 803.30	127,290 65,160	21.4 11.5	629.10 679.30
Pennsylvania	2,357,380	802.20	1,834,510	77.8	825.40	522,870	22.2	721.10
Rhode Island	191,680	782.80	147,620	77.0	811.20	44,060	23.0	687.30
South Carolina	689,020	732.50	504.200	73.2	780.30	184,820	26.8	602.40
South Dakota	136,050	704.40	111,000	81.6	728.00	25,050	18.4	599.80
Tennessee	995,810	727.80	738,270	74.1	767.70	257,540	25.9	613.50
Texas	2,638,130	737.60	1,992,340	75.5	778.40	645,790	24.5	611.50
Utah	242,280	766.70	204,910	84.6	788.90	37,370	15.4	645.40
Vermont	104,680	752.90	84,480	80.7	775.30	20,200	19.3	659.40
Virginia	1,035,090	748.20	772,360	74.6	783.10	262,730	25.4	645.60
Washington	845,210	806.80	743,120	87.9	824.50	102,090	12.1	677.90
West Virginia	390,430	742.80	248,530	63.7	785.50	141,900	36.3	668.00
Wisconsin	899,520	798.20 771.40	743,570	82.7 83.6	818.10 791.30	155,950	17.3 16.4	703.30 670.20
Wyoming	77,240	771.40	64,560	03.0	791.30	12,680	10.4	070.20
Outlying areas:	005 100	100.00		10.0		007 400	50 <b>-</b>	
Puerto Rico	665,490	492.00	328,000	49.3 55.6	575.00	337,490	50.7	411.30
Other <sup>1</sup>	427,710	478.50	237,860	55.6	493.50	189,850	44.4	459.70

<sup>1</sup> Includes American Samoa, Guam, Northern Mariana Islands, Virgin Islands, and foreign countries.

Table 5.L1.—Total number of OASDI beneficiaries and number and percentage with representative payee, by type of beneficiary and age, December 2000

[Based on 10-percent sample]

		Beneficiaries with representative payee	
Type of beneficiary and age	All beneficiaries	Number	Percent
Total	45,417,470	4,759,210	10.5
Adult beneficiaries <sup>1</sup>	42,437,810	1,781,920	4.2
Retired workers	28,505,990	425,690	1.5
Under 65	2,553,070	4,830	.2
65–74	13.920.570	127.080	.9
75–84	9,095,970	143,470	1.5
85 or older	2,936,380	150,310	5.1
Disabled workers	5.035.840	599.880	11.9
Under 35	345.740	92,390	26.7
35–44	954,210	167,170	17.5
45–54	1,595,610	190,090	11.9
55 or older	2,140,280	149,430	7.0
Wives and husbands	2,962,020	21,120	.7
Under 65	507.450	2.590	.5
65–74	1,517,490	8,050	.5
75–84	820,750	6,800	.8
85 or older	116,330	3,000	2.6
Widows and widowers <sup>2</sup>	4,902,930	141.160	2.9
Under 65	662,570	2,750	.4
65–74	1,515,390	22,950	1.5
75–84	1,747,100	47,470	2.7
85 or older	977,870	67,990	7.0
Disabled widows and widowers	200,130	13.510	6.8
Under 55	27,540	2,100	7.6
55–64	172,590	11,410	6.6
Disabled children, aged 18 or older	733,610	577,250	78.7
Under 35	210.890	150.680	70.7
35–44	210,890	167,670	71.4
45–54	160,910	133,520	82.9
43–34	149,650	125,380	83.7
Students, aged 18–19	97,220	3,270	3.4
Children under age 18	2,979,660	2,977,290	99.9
In custody of parent payee	2,675,030	2,675,030	100.0
Not in custody of parent payee	304,630	302,260	99.2

Includes special age-72 beneficiaries.
 Includes nondisabled widows and widowers, widowed mothers and fathers, and parents.

CONTACT: Robert Hackendorf/Dana Nichele Mercer(410) 965-5536/966-6377 for further information.

Table 5.M1.—Number of beneficiaries and average monthly benefit under U.S. totalization agreements, by country and type of benefit, December 1983-2000

		Retired	Disabled	Wives and	Widows and	
Year and country	Total	workers	workers	husbands	widowers <sup>1</sup>	Children
December:			NU	umber		
1983	. 1,541	970	97	266	109	99
1984		1,664	254	435	202	162
1985	7,857	4,773	404	1,730	578	372
1990		17,432	1,609	5,801	2,078	742
1995	. 54,806	35,925	2,428	10,974	4,431	1,048
1996	59.455	39.085	2.514	11.917	4.893	1.046
1997		42,163	2,662	12,583	5,342	1,092
1998		45,632	2,708	13,376	5.926	1.106
1999		50,018	2,749	14,421	6,636	1,109
2000		55,398	2,687	15,806	7,302	1,211
2000	02,404	55,596	2,007	15,606	7,302	1,211
December 2000:						
Austria	. 614	464	45	67	25	13
Belgium		348	(2)	94	32	(2)
Canada		21,292	1,475	7,721	3,940	494
Finland		94	.,8	19	(2)	(2)
France		2,071	36	517	164	73
-			523		654	159
Germany	. 11,915	9,142	523	1,437	004	159
Greece	1,544	1,060	55	322	79	28
Ireland		601	27	132	53	20
Italy		4,385	97	1,277	931	99
,	,	,		4		
Luxembourg		15	(2)		(2)	(2)
Netherlands	/	1,078	6	317	83	29
Norway	2,658	1,715	74	544	288	37
Portugal	1,504	1,005	78	252	139	30
Spain		945	57	345	149	36
Sweden		767	23	164	40	13
Switzerland		1,973	21	522	104	29
United Kingdom	. 11,421	8,443	155	2,072	615	136
			Avera	ge benefit		
December:			7.1014			
1983	\$62.61	\$68.77	\$145.68	\$24.01	\$49.27	\$40.16
1984		90.32	144.07	25.64	51.61	42.90
1985		86.52	147.43	32.04	60.94	38.79
1990		122.87	223.71	44.37	88.01	63.88
1990	100.07	122.07	223.71	44.57	00.01	03.00
1995	. 134.13	155.20	271.21	51.27	108.60	69.88
1996		160.65	287.11	52.80	112.45	74.22
1997		165.94	298.78	54.24	115.62	74.27
1998	146.37	169.15	305.43	55.08	117.87	73.49
		174.94	312.05	56.58	123.64	78.56
1999						
2000	. 157.03	182.39	324.60	59.01	127.96	79.70
December 2000:						
Austria	202.49	229.06	206.33	60.40	154.64	65.00
Belgium		186.91	(2)	56.68	144.97	(2)
		148.32	(2) 318.43	54.98	144.97	84.63
Canada						
Finland		170.20	369.75	61.00	(2)	(2)
France		192.37	346.03	65.56	143.49	56.55
Germany	. 211.95	237.13	313.10	62.04	141.00	77.82
Crosse	130.64	140.68	369.62	60.86	128.54	89.36
Greece						
Ireland		191.67	476.70		163.64	70.70
Italy		169.47	380.48		115.53	78.33
Luxembourg		227.00	(2)	59.00	(2)	(2)
Netherlands	150.77	177.52	430.33	63.96	137.14	86.59
Norway		173.40	380.20	68.42	157.39	92.35
Portugal		152.50	314.01	59.93	132.82	95.57
Spain		150.91	337.42	55.53	142.60	110.42
Sweden	150.90	165.10	312.87		158.38	89.85
		169.42	380.62		141.15	70.97
				00.04		
Switzerland United Kingdom	195.83	229.33	331.32		164.78	65.63

<sup>1</sup> Includes nondisabled and disabled widow and widowers, and mothers and fathers.
<sup>2</sup> Not shown to avoid disclosure of information regarding particular individuals.

CONTACT: Dana Nichele Mercer/Robert L. Hackendorf (410) 966-6377/965-5536 for further information.

#### Table 6.A1.—Number, by type of benefit, 1940–2000

[Benefits not necessarily payable at time of award]

				Wives a husbands			Children of—		Widowed mothers	Widows		Special age-72
Year	Total	Retired workers	Disabled workers	Retired workers	Disabled workers	Retired workers	Deceased workers	Disabled workers	fathers	and widowers	Parents	benefi- ciaries
Total	177,112,105	72,766,968	18,381,693	17,247,276	3,605,831	6,793,237	20,021,267	13,407,601	4,661,199	18,845,987	113,622	1,267,424
1940	254,984	132,335		34,555		8,249	51,133		23,260	4,600	852	
1941 1942	269,286 258,116	114,660 99,622		36,213 33,250		6,031 4,859	69,588 72,525		30,502 31,820	11,020 14,774	1,272 1,266	
1943	262,865	89,070		31,916		3,652	81,967		35,420	19,576	1,264	
1944	318,949	110,097		40,349		4,350	95,326		42,649	24,759	1,419	
1945	462,463	185,174		63,068		7,215	120,299		55,108	29,844	1,755	
1946	547,150 572,909	258,980		88,515		10,736	104,139		44,190	38,823 45,249	1,767 3,422	
1947 1948	596,201	271,488 275,903		94,189 98,554		12,446 12,604	103,308 106,351		42,807 44,276	43,249 55,667	2,846	
1949	682,241	337,273		117,356		15,854	103,068		43,087	62,928	2,675	
1950	962,628	567,131		162,768		25,495	97,146		41,101	66,735	2,252	
1951	1,336,432	702,984		228,887		40,958	189,542		78,323	89,591	6,147	
1952 1953	1,053,303 1,419,462	531,206 771,671		177,707 246,856		24,695 33,868	158,650 178,310		64,875 71,945	92,302 112,866	3,868 3,946	
1954	1,401,733	749,911		236,764		35,938	176,858		70,775	128,026	3,461	
1955	1,657,773	909,883		288,915		40,402	198,393		76,018	140,624	3,538	
1956	1,855,296	934,033		384,562		37,900	173,883		67,475	253,524	3,919	
1957 1958 <sup>1</sup>	2,832,344 2,123,465	1,424,975 1,041,668	178,802 131,382	578,012 366,553	12,920	81,842 63,408	231,321 205,110	18,264	88,174 81,467	244,633 199,320	4,585 3,373	
1959 <sup>2</sup>	2,501,802	1,089,740	177,811	390,517	54,299	83,157	265,123	78,655	102,020	252,683	7,797	
1960	2,336,144	981,717	207,805	339,987	54,187	69,979	241,430	104,310	92,607	239,267	4,855	
1961	3,046,653	1,361,505	279,758	394,198	77,588	126,019	264,440	189,283	98,449	251,275	4,138	
1962 1963	3,004,501 2,729,559	1,347,268 1,145,602	250,634 223,739	393,857 345,610	69,212 66,543	135,984 115,220	266,286 281,511	170,354 163,967	99,925 104,960	267,051 278,709	3,930 3,698	
1964	2,552,063	1,041,807	207,592	316,262	59,706	100,051	288,304	145,439	104,300	283,263	3,390	
1965	3,072,426	1,183,133	253,499	321,015	69,183	134,187	451,399	197,616	100,005	359,431	2,958	
1966	4,722,483	1,647,524	278,345	396,856	81,238	195,055	584,901	276,093	107,135	403,595	3,202	748,539
1967 1968	3,596,770 3,619,927	1,161,130 1,240,098	301,359 323,154	319,503 329,935	87,296 89,603	167,676 172,460	534,568 593,331	282,662 299,016	110,762 113,765	355,589 375,391	2,658 2,144	273,567 81,030
1969	3,699,633	1,272,784	344,741	335,723	94,690	176,162	622,109	313,629	116,922	375,753	2,093	45,027
1970	3,722,433	1,338,107	350,384	339,447	96,304	182,595	591,724	316,546	112,377	363,216	1,852	29,881
1971	3,965,157	1,391,403	415,897	338,219	113,222	196,589	613,193	372,224	116,548	381,262	1,635	24,965
1972 1973	4,202,607 4,220,493	1,461,399 1,493,194	455,438 491,616	353,742 349,493	124,366 128,198	209,422 217,708	643,513 618,825	411,766 413,751	117,699 118,775	402,809 372,167	2,086 1,655	20,367 15,111
1974	4,100,809	1,413,145	535,977	319,149	132,042	201,684	574,174	443,909	109,221	363,693	1,155	6,660
1975	4,427,138	1,505,750	592,049	350,558	148,741	225,579	591,118	515,216	116,224	377,246	969	3,688
1976	4,351,654	1,475,773	551,460	346,623	147,407	236,805	578,905	511,487	113,520	385,373	914	3,387
1977 1978	4,610,730 4,166,571	1,593,631 1,472,786	568,874 464,415	390,874 346,956	151,938 130,161	259,447 214,284	587,589 566,992	518,477 453,382	118,821 110,015	416,735 403,679	870 844	3,474 3,057
1979	4,229,286	1,590,854	416,713	358,163	113,243	247,800	544,549	399,172	110,424	445,555	788	2,025
1980	4,214,567	1,612,669	396,559	360,693	108,500	248,658	540,246	385,208	107,809	452,156	724	1,345
1981	4,029,827	1,578,990	351,847	338,540	95,575	211,406	535,487	339,654	99,653	477,121	606	948
1982 1983	3,840,579 3,755,994	1,618,411 1,669,738	297,131 311,549	349,967 356,274	77,835 80,079	182,849 144,945	473,396 380,992	260,470 226,895	86,786 82,464	492,451 501,688	498 431	785 939
1984	3,690,103	1,607,370	361,998	342,691	81,834	131,986	351,326	238,252	73,794	499,677	383	792
1985	3,796,394	1,690,490	377,371	356,558	83,511	128,076	332,531	253,025	72,241	501,673	381	537
1986	3,853,454	1,734,248	416,865	358,115	82,435	122,652	319,808	258,167	69,340	491,052	344	428
1987 1988	3,733,853 3,680,969	1,681,716 1,654,068	415,848 409,490	333,333 316,929	77,316 73,790	117,984 116,659	310,573 324,346	256,742 265,026	64,777 62,676	475,035 457,574	286 263	243 148
1989	3,646,349	1,656,744	425,582	310,498	69,113	106,491	307,484	261,387	59,525	449,139	203	105
1990	3,716,924	1,664,754	467,977	308,980	69,667	108,105	303,616	283,586	58,060	451,862	233	84
1991	3,865,426	1,695,346	536,434	307,000	72,754	107,261	301,459	318,188	57,896	468,788	246	54
1992 1993	4,050,849 4,001,201	1,707,949 1,661,281	636,637 635,238	304,764 290,728	78,083 74,605	108,686 106,566	304,300 311,290	381,585 398,598	56,402 56,408	472,078 466,198	298 238	67 51
1994	3,940,342	1,625,347	631,870	275,025	69,549	102,983	310,051	411,205	54,732	459,340	213	27
1995	3,882,193	1,609,174	645,832	258,740	63,097	101,239	306,044	401,295	51,645	444,899	200	28
1996 1997	3,793,238 3,865,966	1,581,452 1,718,623	624,335 587,417	244,014 268,012	57,528 50,818	98,655 97,594	302,480 297,204	397,350 362,548	49,150 43,504	438,081 440,076	177 157	16 13
1998	3,800,259	1,631,511	608,131	263,668	47,550	96,893	294,851	371,426	42,395	440,070	152	13
1999	3,917,099	1,690,024	620,488	275,568	46,164	99,826	295,196	378,144	41,756	469,806	118	9
2000	4,290,080	1,960,649	621,650	341,503	43,941	115,358	297,686	363,632	40,491	505,021	135	14

<sup>1</sup> January—November. <sup>2</sup> Includes December 1958.

# Table 6.A2.—Average primary insurance amount for retired workers and average monthly benefit for retired workers, disabled workers, and widows, 1940–2000

	Average primary insurance amount			Average monthly benefit							
	Re	tired workers		Ret	ired workers		Disal	bled workers		Non-	
Year <sup>1</sup>	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	disabled widows	
1940	\$22.71	\$23.26	\$18.38	\$22.71	\$23.26	\$18.38				\$20.36	
1945	25.11	25.71	19.99	25.11	25.71	19.99				20.17	
1950 (JanAug.) 1950 (SeptDec.)	29.03 33.24	30.16 35.32	22.98 26.85	29.03 33.24	30.16 35.32	22.98 26.85				21.65 36.89	
1955	69.74	75.86	56.05	69.74	75.86	56.05				49.68	
1960	83.87	92.03	69.23	81.73	92.03	63.26	\$91.16	\$94.02	\$78.91	62.12	
1965 (JanAug.)	88.57	96.56	74.99	82.69	90.89	68.78	93.26	97.89	80.27	73.81	
1965 (SeptDec.)	99.36	108.79	82.34	89.20	99.90	71.26	101.30	106.51	86.75	75.37	
1966	100.57	108.82	85.06	93.75	102.85	77.34	101.41	106.40	86.92	74.16	
1967 1968 (MarDec.) <sup>2</sup>	96.62 111.82	105.83 122.00	81.66 95.49	89.74 103.82	99.05 114.15	74.63 87.25	101.84 115.67	106.95 121.77	87.04 98.35	77.68 90.02	
. ,											
1969	114.51	125.37	97.29	106.13	117.09	88.80	118.35	125.11	99.37	91.55	
1970 1975 (JanMay)	133.94 216.56	146.99 242.76	113.69 176.76	123.82 196.42	136.80 220.35	103.67 160.50	139.79 220.60	148.39 241.48	115.74 175.27	106.95 185.34	
1975 (June-Dec.)	235.13	264.67	191.56	213.68	241.05	173.31	243.47	266.08	192.13	198.88	
1976 (JanMay)	241.19	273.43	193.03	218.40	247.46	174.99	247.32	270.78	193.97	201.05	
1976 (June-Dec.)	257.95	293.96	206.65	233.72	266.64	186.84	271.19	297.10	213.29	214.22	
1977 (JanMay)	264.80	301.70	209.90	239.60	272.80	190.30	273.20	299.30	214.10	216.90	
1977 (June-Dec.)	280.20	322.30	221.50	254.90	293.20	201.40	294.80	323.20	230.00	227.40	
1978 (JanMay)	288.50	332.60	225.30	262.20	301.80	205.50	300.20	329.30	233.80	233.60	
1978 (June-Dec.)	305.00	356.00	237.60	278.40	324.70	217.10	328.80	360.70	254.70	246.50	
1979 (JanMay)	318.00	368.50	246.50	289.30	335.30	224.40	333.60	366.60	259.10	241.50	
1979 (June-Dec.)	348.50	406.00	269.10	317.00	370.80	242.80	360.30	396.50	278.30	275.60	
1980 (JanMay)	353.80	411.70	270.50	321.10	374.00	244.90	352.10	388.80	269.70	277.50	
1980 (June-Dec.)	396.30	465.50	301.00	359.80	422.90	272.90	396.50	437.90	301.00	312.80	
1981 (JanMay)	400.10	467.50	302.60	363.60	424.20	276.00	389.80	431.40	295.00	313.00	
1981 (June-Dec.)	438.80	514.50	332.60	400.10	468.00	304.80	425.60	471.30	320.70	346.30	
1982 (JanMay)	425.60	504.20	315.10	388.40	457.50	291.40	416.90	462.40	312.70	350.80	
1982 (June-Dec.)	447.10	532.70	328.50	408.60	483.00	305.50	441.10	489.50	328.00	375.30	
1983 (JanNov.)	448.00	531.60	330.00	408.20	480.30	306.50	432.40	480.30	317.90	385.10	
1983 (Dec.)	451.20	546.40	325.50	410.20	491.80	302.50	445.30	496.80	333.20	400.50	
1984 (JanNov.) 1984 (Dec.)	457.10 471.00	544.40 565.70	335.60 343.00	414.70 429.50	489.40 511.30	310.90 318.90	443.00 461.10	494.00 516.50	332.20 342.90	406.80 428.00	
1985 (JanNov.)	475.70	566.20	348.00	432.00	509.60	322.20	459.20	514.00	345.00	431.10	
1985 (Dec.)	487.60	588.30	352.00	443.10	530.00	326.10	477.60	535.90	357.20	436.90	
1986 (JanNov.)	500.30	596.90	363.50	453.10	536.00	335.70	471.50	527.60	358.20	452.10	
1986 (Dec.)	504.60	611.00	361.70	456.90	548.40	334.00	489.00	546.90	369.60	446.20	
1987 (JanNov.)	516.80	618.90	374.10	466.10	553.60	343.90	487.00	546.80	368.90	462.00	
1987 (Dec.)	536.90	648.80	386.80	484.00	580.00	355.20	517.10	583.40	391.80	477.40	
1988 (JanNov.) 1988 (Dec.)	540.70 560.00	648.60 679.50	390.40 401.20	487.80 504.90	580.30 607.00	359.00 369.20	517.20 543.00	581.90 612.70	392.60 410.00	488.80 499.20	
1989 (JanNov.) 1989 (Dec.)	572.80 597.50	686.90 724.90	412.90 425.90	516.60 538.70	614.80 647.50	379.00 392.10	539.90 571.20	608.00 645.90	414.40 437.50	512.90 525.70	
1989 (Dec.) 1990 (JanNov.)	609.00	724.90	425.90 438.20	550.50	654.60	403.30	566.90	637.80	437.50	525.70 541.10	
1990 (Dec.)	626.40	761.00	438.20	559.30	672.10	403.30	600.60	676.90	466.60	566.60	
1991 (JanNov.)	642.80	768.90	460.40	583.50	692.30	426.10	593.00	666.90	464.20	573.70	
1991 (Dec.)	656.20	793.40	467.40	592.80	709.50	432.10	613.20	689.70	481.50	582.10	
1992 (JanNov.)	671.60	803.10	483.40	608.60	721.90	446.50	601.60	677.00	474.70	596.90	
1992 (Dec.)	688.30	829.30	493.80	620.70	740.90	454.90	625.70	706.50	490.30	604.00	
1993 (JanNov.)	697.10	831.50	507.10	630.60	746.20	467.00	621.70	699.80	494.70	620.70	
1993 (Dec.)	716.20	861.70	519.00	645.90	769.80	477.90	649.90	735.70	512.30	618.90	
1994 (JanNov.) 1994 (Dec.)	722.90 741.90	862.90 892.40	530.30 541.50	651.00 665.70	771.30 794.20	485.40 494.50	647.00 684.80	731.30 776.50	518.50 549.00	637.80 644.60	
1995 (JanNov.) 1995 (Dec.)	744.30 765.30	887.00 917.60	551.40 563.60	671.70 668.40	794.30 818.00	505.80 516.70	675.70 703.40	767.30 798.70	546.00 568.70	662.50 675.40	
1996 (JanNov.)	769.20	916.80	572.40	693.60	820.50	524.50	693.70	788.90	567.80	683.10	
1996 (Dec.)	788.90	950.20	582.90	708.70	846.00	533.30	727.70	832.00	590.00	690.30	
1997 (JanNov.)	787.10	951.70	608.50	723.30	854.30	581.30	718.30	820.40	590.70	700.60	
1997 (Dec.)	812.80	982.00	610.40	734.50	876.90	564.40	748.40	851.60	615.10	699.90	
1998 (JanNov.)	819.50	983.10	620.00	744.70	882.10	577.10	737.00	841.50	610.60	716.70	
1998 (Dec.)	831.10	1,003.20	628.80	754.20	898.40	584.70	762.00	870.30	633.80	711.00	
1999 (JanNov.)	857.60	1,023.20	649.50	777.10	918.40	599.60	763.90	870.60	636.60	713.30	
1999 (Dec.)	875.70	1,043.90	663.70	791.20	934.30	610.70	792.60	904.30	660.60	708.20	
2000 (JanNov.)	904.90	1,069.40	685.40	841.60	990.50	643.00	806.40	917.60	673.20	708.70	
2000 (Dec.)	930.00	1,111.00	713.00	842.80	996.50	658.50	846.60	960.20	710.00	715.40	

<sup>1</sup> Some years shown in several parts to reflect amendments that change benefit rates during the year.

<sup>2</sup> Data for January and February not available.

#### Table 6.A3.—Number and average monthly benefit, by type of benefit, age, sex, and race,<sup>1</sup> 2000 [Based on 1-percent sample]

		Fotal <sup>2</sup>		White		Black	(	Other
Type of benefit, sex, and age in month of award	Number	Average monthly benefit <sup>3</sup>	Number	Average monthly benefit <sup>3</sup>	Number	Average monthly benefit <sup>3</sup>	Number	Average monthly benefit <sup>3</sup>
				Retired w	vorkers <sup>4</sup>			
Total	1.968.100	\$873.30	1,625,400	\$904.70	177.000	\$761.70	158,300	\$680.60
62–64	1,211,700	<sup>\$873.30</sup> 791.40	1,023,400	815.00	100,100	706.10	85,100	607.80
65–69	719,700	1,011.50	578,200	1,060.10	73,200	839.20	63,100	785.80
70 or older	36,700	868.90	22,600	995.10	3,700	733.10	10,100	636.00
Men	1,114,600	1,026.80	933,600	1,071.10	92,300	850.90	84,500	738.00
62–64	637,000	948.10	540,100	985.70	49,600	792.00	46,200	676.60
65–69 70 or older	463,000 14,600	1,137.30 953.70	383,200 10,300	1,190.80 1,093.80	41,100 1,600	925.90 750.30	35,700 2,600	831.00 550.50
Women	853,500	672.90	691,800	680.20	84,700	664.50	73,800	614.80
62–64	574.700	617.70	484,500	624.80	50,500	621.80	38,900	526.10
65–69	256,700	784.60	195,000	803.30	32,100	728.10	27,400	727.00
70 or older	22,100	812.80	12,300	912.50	2,100	720.10	7,500	665.60
				Disabled	workers			
Total	612,200	\$833.80	424,200	\$872.20	101,800	\$771.40	84,300	\$713.20
Under 30	38,900	514.00	24,900	532.90	7,600	459.10	6,400	505.90
30–39	81,400	700.80	53,700	717.50	15,100	666.80	12,400	671.70
40–49 50–54	150,100 111,000	813.70 862.20	98,100 73,700	845.50 901.80	28,500 17,800	761.90 856.30	23,400 19,400	743.60 717.90
55–59	130,300	928.40	98,000	955.50	19,700	880.00	11,700	768.60
60 or older	100,500	941.40	75,800	991.60	13,100	815.50	11,000	748.30
Men	329,800	947.50	231,000	1,002.50	52,000	843.30	45,400	784.70
Under 30	22,500	532.90	13,900	549.10	4,400	502.10	4,200	511.60
30–39	42,700 77,200	726.10 905.50	26,900 51,000	745.30 947.60	8,300 14,700	685.70 820.50	7,300	704.30 827.80
40–49 50–54	58,300	1,002.80	38,700	1,060.30	9,000	973.40	11,400 10,500	819.20
55–59	69,300	1,089.90	52,600	1,133.80	9,500	982.30	6,700	876.90
60 or older	59,800	1,097.10	47,900	1,146.10	6,100	950.50	5,300	834.60
Women	282,400	701.00	193,200	716.50	49,800	696.40	38,900	629.60
Under 30	16,400	488.10	11,000	512.30	3,200	400.10	2,200	494.90
30–39 40–49	38,700 72,900	673.00 716.50	26,800 47,100	689.50 734.90	6,800 13,800	643.60 699.40	5,100 12,000	625.00 663.70
40–49 50–54	52,700	706.50	35,000	726.50	8,800	736.40	8,900	598.40
55–59	61,000	744.90	45,400	748.90	10,200	784.70	5,000	623.50
60 or older	40,700	712.70	27,900	726.40	7,000	697.90	5,700	668.10
				Wiv	/es			
Total	282,100	\$387.70	241,500	\$403.30	17,100	\$306.40	21,500	\$281.50
Wives of retired workers	245,300	412.30	212,200	426.10	13,200	341.60	18,200	306.60
Entitlement based on care of children	14,600	340.00	10,500	372.70	1,500	341.10	2,500	196.10
Entitlement based on age	230,700	416.90 401.00	201,700	428.80	11,700	341.70	15,700	324.20
62–64 65–69	169,400 53,200	401.00 474.00	152,100 43,600	411.10 494.10	7,100 3,400	312.10 397.60	9,300 5,600	310.30 368.00
70 or older	8,100	374.00	6,000	406.00	1,200	358.70	800	179.80
Wives of disabled workers	36,800	223.50	29,300	238.00	3,900	186.90	3,300	143.30
Entitlement based on care of children Entitlement based on age	15,500 21,300	169.10 263.00	11,100 18,200	190.90 266.80	1,800 2,100	126.90 238.40	2,500 800	101.90 272.70
				Husb	ands			
Total	11,400	\$215.80	6,900	\$214.40	1,200	\$285.40	3,300	\$193.40
Husbands of retired workers	9,700	\$213.80 229.50	5,600	1,133.80	1,200	\$203.40 307	3,300	195.70
Husbands of disabled workers	1,700	137.50	1,300	128.20	200	(5)	200	(5)

#### Table 6.A3.—Number and average monthly benefit, by type of benefit, age, sex, and race,<sup>1</sup> 2000—*Continued* [Based on 1-percent sample]

	٦	lotal <sup>2</sup>	١	White	I	Black		Other
Type of benefit, sex, and age in month of award	Number	Average monthly benefit <sup>3</sup>	Number	Average monthly benefit <sup>3</sup>	Number	Average monthly benefit <sup>3</sup>	Number	Average monthly benefit <sup>3</sup>
				Child	dren			
Total	737,100		461,500		154,000		105,300	
Children of retired workers Children of deceased workers Children of disabled workers	111,300 281,500 344,300	\$373.00 560.50 219.50	72,800 165,500 223,200	\$410.10 618.00 234.00	21,800 59,700 72,500	\$345.40 494.30 197.50	16,100 41,600 47,600	\$239.30 434.70 182.90
Under age 18 Disabled, aged 18 or older Students, aged 18–19	509,800 37,500 189,800	333.10 391.30 476.20	304,900 26,500 130,100	354.20 403.60 504.80	107,100 5,900 41,000	300.70 386.40 411.40	85,500 4,100 15,700	270.80 287.10 402.00
				Widowed mothe	ers and father	S		
Total	37,300	\$588.70	24,200	\$607.50	4,900	\$562.00	5,000	\$478.90
Under 30 30–39 40–49	3,300 13,500 15,300 4,600 600	516.60 525.20 640.30 653.80 595.50	1,500 7,900 11,000 3,400 400	502.40 527.50 651.20 696.80 (5)	2,200 1,600 900 200	504.50 641.10 565.10 (5)	800 2,200 1,700 300	607.90 476.60 429.30 (5)
Widowed mothers Widowed fathers	34,500 2,800	596.80 488.60	22,100 2,100	624.50 428.60	4,700 200	555.80 (5)	4,600 400	470.30 (5)
-				Nondisabled wido	ws and widow	vers		
Total	333,800	\$850.90	278,800	\$881.10	31,300	\$695.00	13,500	\$591.20
60–64 65–69 70–74 75 or older Widows Widowers	144,700 60,300 37,100 91,700 318,200 15,600	781.30 860.80 890.30 938.40 866.60 530.60	120,000 48,800 32,400 77,600 266,000 12,800	812.60 902.00 923.50 956.20 898.70 515.10	16,300 8,100 2,900 4,000 29,500 1,800	649.90 721.60 688.00 829.80 697.60 652.30	7,700 2,600 1,000 2,200 12,700 800	585.80 620.60 476.00 628.10 597.00 500.40
-				Disabled widows	s and widowe	rs		
Total	27,700	\$516.40	18,700	\$545.20	6,800	\$426.70	1,900	\$556.50
50–54 55–59 60 or older	9,000 16,400 2,300	512.30 517.70 522.90	5,500 11,700 1,500	556.70 541.90 528.70	3,000 3,300 500	431.10 423.90 418.80	300 1,300 300	(5) 513.60 (5)
Widows Widowers	26,800 900	520.60 389.50	18,400 300	548.80 (5)	6,400 400	430.60 (5)	1,700 200	559.10 (5)

<sup>1</sup> Race and ethnic designations are collected from the form SS-5 (Application for a Social Security Card). For dependents and survivor beneficiaries, race is assumed to be the same as that shown on the SS-5 for the wage earner on whose earnings record the benefit is based.

<sup>2</sup> Includes persons of unknown race.

<sup>3</sup> Benefits awarded before the December increase are converted to the December rates before computation of the averages.

<sup>4</sup> Includes conversions from nondisabled widow(er)'s benefits to higher retired-worker benefits.

<sup>5</sup> Average benefits not shown for fewer than 500 beneficiaries.

#### Table 6.A4.—Number and average monthly benefit for retired and disabled workers, by age and sex, 2000

[Based on 1-percent sample]

	Total		Men		Wom	en
Type of benefit and age in month of award	Number	Average monthly benefit <sup>1</sup>	Number	Average monthly benefit <sup>1</sup>	Number	Average monthly benefit <sup>1</sup>
Retired workers <sup>2</sup>	1,968,100	\$873.30	1,114,600	\$1,026.80	853,500	\$672.90
62–64	1,211,700	791.40	637,000	948.10	574,700	617.70
62	909,700	762.30	464,100	921.70	445,600	596.30
63	118,100	846.90	68,100	980.20	50,000	665.30
64	183,900	899.70	104,800	1,044.10	79,100	708.30
65–69	719,700	1,011.50	463,000	1,137.30	256,700	784.60
65	553,900	971.90	352,800	1,098.50	201,100	749.90
Disability conversions Newly entitled	209,200 344,700 69,000 42,200 32,200 22,400	852.50 1,044.40 1,100.10 1,133.70 1,180.10 1,244.40	126,800 226,000 47,700 27,300 20,900 14,300	989.90 1,159.40 1,194.90 1,267.30 1,311.00 1,399.70	82,400 118,700 21,300 14,900 11,300 8,100	641.00 825.40 887.60 889.00 938.00 970.20
70–74	31,500	901.50	12,500	1,024.90	19,000	820.30
75 or older	5,200	671.10	2,100	529.90	3,100	766.70
Disabled workers	612,200	833.80	329,800	947.50	282,400	701.00
Under 25 25–29	17,700 21,200 29,900 51,500 70,100 80,000	439.30 576.40 650.60 730.00 764.30 856.90	11,000 11,500 15,300 27,400 35,300 41,900	466.50 596.40 645.60 771.00 846.40 955.30	6,700 9,700 14,600 24,100 34,800 38,100	394.60 552.70 655.70 683.40 681.20 748.70
50–54	111,000	862.20	58,300	1,002.80	52,700	706.50
	21,200	831.20	11,200	931.20	10,000	719.30
	19,500	850.10	10,000	983.70	9,500	709.50
	21,900	891.80	11,800	1,060.10	10,100	695.10
	26,200	891.70	14,000	1,032.60	12,200	730.10
	22,200	838.20	11,300	994.20	10,900	676.40
55–59	130,300	928.40	69,300	1,089.90	61,000	744.90
	24,400	908.10	13,300	1,067.00	11,100	717.60
	26,600	939.90	14,100	1,102.90	12,500	756.00
	29,700	934.80	15,800	1,101.40	13,900	745.40
	23,400	952.80	12,300	1,093.60	11,100	796.80
	26,200	906.70	13,800	1,082.30	12,400	711.30
60–64	100,500	941.40	59,800	1,097.10	40,700	712.70
60	25,100	934.10	14,600	1,109.40	10,500	690.30
61	27,800	948.50	15,400	1,123.40	12,400	731.20
62	22,800	960.60	13,900	1,096.90	8,900	747.70
63	13,900	951.30	9,000	1,060.00	4,900	751.60
64 <sup>3</sup>	10,900	887.60	6,900	1,060.80	4,000	588.90

<sup>1</sup> Benefits awarded before the December increase are converted to the December rates before computation of the averages.

<sup>2</sup> Includes conversions from nondisabled widow(er)'s benefits to higher retired-worker benefits.

<sup>3</sup> Includes 1,300 beneficiaries with awards processed after attainment of age 65.

Table 6.A5.—Number and average monthly benefit with reduction for early retirement, by type of benefit, sex, and age, 2000

[Based on 1-percent sample]

	[	in i percent sample	-1			
	То	tal	M	en	Woi	men
Type of benefit and age in month of award	Number	Average monthly benefit <sup>1</sup>	Number	Average monthly benefit <sup>1</sup>	Number	Average monthly benefit <sup>1</sup>
Retired workers	1,252,900	\$792.80	660,500	\$947.70	592,400	\$620.20
62 63 64 65 66 or older	909,700 118,100 174,600 44,500 6,000	762.30 846.90 898.10 872.10 707.00	464,100 68,100 99,200 28,100 1,000	921.70 980.20 1,042.70 972.50 648.90	445,600 50,000 75,400 16,400 5,000	596.30 665.30 707.90 699.90 718.70
Disabled workers	27,900	924.70	18,100	1,048.50	9,800	696.10
62 63 64 <sup>2</sup> Wives and husbands, total	10,000 9,700 8,200 204,200	951.00 943.90 869.80 376.90	6,500 6,400 5,200 3,800	1,059.10 1,028.50 1,059.80 182.20	3,500 3,300 3,000 200,400	750.40 780.00 540.40 380.60
Wives and husbands of retired workers	183,400	391.10	3,100	187.40	180,300	394.60
Wives and husbands of disabled workers	20,800	251.90	700	159.40	20,100	255.10
Wives	200,400	380.60			200,400	380.60
62 63	132,200 29,900 26,100 7,300 1,300 3,600	374.60 414.60 413.80 332.60 190.80 245.50	···· ···· ···	···· ··· ···	132,200 29,900 26,100 7,300 1,300 3,600	374.60 414.60 413.80 332.60 190.80 245.50
Husbands	3,800	182.20	3,800	182.20		
Nondisabled widows and widowers, total	163,900	769.50	10,200	558.40	153,700	783.50
Nondisabled widows	153,700	783.50			153,700	783.50
60         61         62         63         64	68,100 23,100 16,800 11,700 12,900	771.80 788.20 812.50 804.80 923.90	···· ··· ···	···· ···· ···	68,100 23,100 16,800 11,700 12,900	771.80 788.20 812.50 804.80 923.90
65 66 67–69 70 or older	14,100 1,100 1,600 4,300	676.00 763.50 800.70 700.50	···· ···	···· ··· ···	14,100 1,100 1,600 4,300	676.00 763.50 800.70 700.50
Nondisabled widowers	10,200	558.40	10,200	558.40		

<sup>1</sup> Benefits awarded before the December increase are converted to the December rates before computation of the averages.

<sup>2</sup> Includes 1,000 beneficiaries with awards processed after attainment of age 65.

Table 6.A6.—Number, percentage distribution, and average monthly benefit for retired and disabled workers, by state, 2000

	Re	etired workers		Disabled workers				
State	Number	Percent	Average monthly benefit <sup>1</sup>	Number	Percent	Average monthly benefit <sup>1</sup>		
Total <sup>2</sup>	1,959,376	100.0	\$869.00	621,316	100.0	\$837.40		
Alabama	33,451	1.7	839.00	15,597	2.5	810.70		
Alaska	3,229	.2	843.80	1,113	.2	875.60		
Arizona	34,383	1.8	885.80	11,750	1.9	852.30		
Arkansas	20,443	1.0	801.90	8,630	1.4	790.90		
California	202,484	10.3	869.60	54,890	8.8	812.50		
Colorado	25,460	1.3	853.70	5,843	.9	857.20		
Connecticut	25,100	1.3	950.40	7,296	1.2	894.50		
Delaware	5,832	.3	925.20	2,018	.3	874.20		
District of Columbia	3,755	.2	757.20	977	.2	787.90		
Florida	124,050	6.3	835.40	35,259	5.7	826.10		
Georgia	50,016	2.6	849.00	19,350	3.1	825.10		
Hawaii	8,367	.4	852.10	2,124	.3	849.20		
Idaho	8,720	.4	845.50	2,682	.4	806.00		
Illinois	83,218	4.2	893.60	22,093	3.6	877.70		
Indiana	43,152	2.2	922.00	13,039	2.1	863.30		
lowa	21,640	1.1	875.30	5,982	1.0	802.90		
Kansas	17,782	.9	879.60	5,711	.9	826.90		
Kentucky	27,692	1.4	825.90	13,958	2.2	812.40		
Louisiana	26,634	1.4	798.50	10,682	1.7	816.20		
Maine	9,705	.5	795.20	4,007	.6	749.90		
Maryland	36,994	1.9	891.70	10,215	1.6	880.60		
Massachusetts	44,156	2.3	882.00	14,572	2.3	831.60		
Michigan	69,943	3.6	965.10	23,841	3.8	895.70		
Minnesota	32,739	1.7	892.00	8,895	1.4	831.50		
Mississippi	19,920	1.0	801.60	10,066	1.6	781.10		
Missouri	41,052	2.1	856.00	16,517	2.7	833.40		
Montana	6,661	.3	810.40	1,821	.3	808.00		
Nebraska	11,599	.6	862.70	3,506	.6	783.10		
Nevada	15,878	.8	856.30	4,401	.7	866.60		
New Hampshire	9,121	.5	899.50	2,841	.5	841.80		
New Jersey	63,470	3.2	959.20	16,978	2.7	929.50		
New Mexico	12,396	.6	801.60	3.665	.6	811.30		
New York	131,833	6.7	915.00	41,776	6.7	897.20		
North Carolina	57,561	2.9	844.80	23,191	3.7	821.40		
North Dakota	4,523	.2	829.30	983	.2	785.60		
Ohio	79,166	4.0	884.70	22,001	3.5	830.90		
Oklahoma	25,183	1.3	828.10	8,255	1.3	807.50		
Oregon	24,321	1.2	871.50	6,887	1.1	832.10		
Pennsylvania	94,623	4.8	913.30	30,219	4.9	846.30		
Rhode Island	7,372	.4	878.80	2,950	.5	785.80		
South Carolina	29,117	1.5	846.50	12,578	2.0	825.90		
South Dakota	5,333	.3	802.60	1,304	.2	745.50		
Tennessee	42,479	2.2	847.00	15,749	2.5	813.20		
Texas	120,407	6.1	843.40	31,177	5.0	828.70		
Utah	11,786	.6	886.10	2,727	.4	834.10		
Vermont	4,335	.2	854.00	1,487	.2	795.40		
Virginia	47,413	2.4	858.90	16,254	2.6	844.20		
Washington	38,934	2.0	916.00	12,472	2.0	867.30		
West Virginia	13,764	.7	857.80	6,925	1.1	877.90		
Wisconsin	38,047	1.9	901.30	10,262	1.7	844.50		
Wyoming	3,527	.2	855.90	861	.1	835.70		
Outlying areas:								
Puerto Rico	22,434	1.1	612.00	11,603	1.9	692.70		
Other areas and foreign countries <sup>3</sup>	18,176	.9	461.50	1,336	.2	618.20		

<sup>1</sup> Benefits awarded before the December increase are converted to the December rates before computation of the averages.

<sup>2</sup> Includes beneficiaries with state code unknown.

<sup>3</sup> Includes American Samoa, Guam, Northern Mariana Islands, Virgin Islands, and foreign countries.

## Table 6.B1.—Number of initial awards to retired workers aged 62–64, average primary insurance amount, average monthly benefit, and number of months of benefits withheld due to earnings, by age and sex, 2000 <sup>1</sup> [Based on 1-percent sample]

			Benefi	ts withheld due to earning	S
Age in month of award and sex	All initial awards <sup>2</sup>	Benefits received for all entitlement months <sup>3</sup>	All entitlement months	Less than one-half of entitlement months	One-half or more of entitlement months
			Number of beneficiaries		
Total	1,184,400	1,072,500	14,500	64,700	27,200
	896,100	835,400	10,000	31,100	15,500
	115,300	99,100	2,800	7,700	5,100
	173.000	138,000	1,700	25,900	6,600
64	620,400	554,700	9,100	38,500	14,900
	620,400	421,700	6,100	17,800	8,200
	66,200	56,800	2,000	4,300	2,800
	97,900	76,200	1,000	16,400	3,900
Women	564,000	517,800	5,400	26,200	12,300
	439,800	413,700	3,900	13,300	7,300
	49,100	42,300	800	3,400	2,300
	75,100	61,800	700	9,500	2,700
		Averag	ge primary insurance amoun	t 4	
Total	\$930.20 931.50 938.90 917.40 1,136.00 1,151.90 1,105.00 1,082.70 703.80 714.90 701.90	\$922.20 928.40 928.70 880.10 1,131.60 1,151.60 1,095.30 1,047.50 698.00 700.90 704.90 673.70	\$1,016.30 1,002.50 1,116.80 932.00 1,143.80 1,136.20 1,191.90 1,094.00 801.50 793.50 928.90 700.50	\$1,022.50 992.00 953.50 1,079.60 1,188.30 1,181.50 1,105.60 1,217.50 778.80 738.50 761.10 841.60	\$1,000.70 979.20 992.20 1,058.00 1,194.60 1,181.80 1,226.90 1,198.20 766.00 751.60 706.60 855.50
		A	verage monthly benefit <sup>4</sup>		
Total	\$795.30	\$785.90	\$854.80	\$915.00	\$869.00
62	765.70	763.80	811.60	805.00	794.20
63	854.00	847.20	988.20	855.40	891.00
64	909.50	875.20	889.50	1,064.80	1,027.50
Men	949.20	940.10	961.20	1,057.30	1,032.50
62	923.50	922.80	917.30	954.00	953.50
63	981.50	972.70	1,052.40	938.70	1,097.50
64	1,047.10	1,011.20	1,046.60	1,188.60	1,152.20
Women	626.00	620.70	675.50	705.90	670.80
	601.90	601.70	646.20	605.60	615.30
	682.20	678.60	827.90	693.10	639.50
	730.20	707.60	665.10	851.10	847.50

<sup>1</sup> Excludes persons whose benefits were converted from disabled worker to retired worker in 2000. Includes conversions from nondisabled widow(er)'s benefits to higher retired-worker benefits.

<sup>2</sup> Includes 5,500 awards for which benefits were withheld for reasons other than earnings.

<sup>3</sup> Months of entitlement begin with the month of award and end either in December 2000 or the month before the retired-worker benefit is terminated.

<sup>4</sup> Amount for December 2000 or the amount for the latest month of entitlement multiplied by the December benefit increase.

Note: Due to the elimination of the earnings test for beneficiaries aged 65 or older in 2000, Table 6.B1 includes data previously published in Table 6.B2 for beneficiaries aged 62-64.

Table 6.B3.—Number and percentage distribution with and without reduction for early retirement, by **monthly benefit** and sex, 2000

[Based on 1-percent sample. Benefits not necessarily payable at time of award]

Monthly honofit	Total		Without reduct for early retiren		With reduction for early retiren	
Monthly benefit and sex <sup>1</sup>	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	1,968,100	100.0	715,200	100.0	1,252,900	100.0
Less than \$450.00	264,100	13.4	65,400	9.1	198,700	15.9
\$450.00-\$499.90		4.7	19.400	2.7	73,000	5.8
\$500.00-\$549.90		5.4	21,600	3.0	84,700	6.8
\$550.00-\$599.90		5.2	22,200	3.1	79,300	6.3
\$600.00-\$649.90		4.5	26,800	3.7	62,500	5.0
\$650.00-\$699.90		4.2	27,100	3.8	55,700	4.4
\$700.00-\$749.90	79,300	4.0	26,800	3.7	52,500	4.2
\$750.00-\$799.90	71,600	3.6	24,200	3.4	47,400	3.8
\$800.00-\$849.90		3.6	24,100	3.4	46,300	3.7
\$850.00-\$899.90		3.6	25,600	3.6	46,000	3.7
\$900.00-\$949.90		3.4	22,900	3.2	43,500	3.5
\$950.00-\$999.90	70,800	3.6	25,600	3.6	45,200	3.6
\$1,000.00-\$1,049.90	71,500	3.6	24,800	3.5	46,700	3.7
\$1,050.00-\$1,099.90	74,700	3.8	25,700	3.6	49,000	3.9
\$1,100.00-\$1,149.90	101,500	5.2	26,000	3.6	75,500	6.0
\$1,150.00-\$1,199.90		4.9	25,600	3.6	71,600	5.7
\$1,200.00-\$1,249.90		4.8	24,500	3.4	70,300	5.6
\$1,250.00-\$1,299.90		5.0	40.100	5.6	57,900	4.6
\$1.300.00-\$1.349.90		2.8	33,000	4.6	21,600	1.7
\$1,350.00-\$1,399.90		2.5	34,400	4.8	15,300	1.2
\$1,400.00 or more		8.1	149,400	20.9	10,200	.8
Average benefit, total	\$873.30		\$1,014.30		\$792.80	
Men		100.0	454,100	100.0	660,500	100.0
Less than \$450.00		8.6	29,000	6.4	66,800	10.1
\$450.00-\$499.90		2.1	7,700	1.7	15,400	2.3
\$500.00-\$549.90		1.9	6,700	1.5	14,200	2.0
\$550.00-\$599.90		2.2	8,600	1.9	16,400	2.5
\$600.00-\$649.90		2.2	9,300	2.0	16,500	2.5
\$650.00-\$699.90		2.6	8,700	1.9	20,200	3.1
\$700.00-\$749.90		2.7	10,200	2.2	19,600	3.0
\$750.00-\$799.90		2.9	10,100	2.2	21,700	3.3
\$750.00-\$799.90 \$800.00-\$849.90	31,800	3.1	10,800	2.2	23,900	3.5
\$850.00-\$899.90		3.5	11,900	2.4	26,800	4.1
\$900.00-\$949.90		3.5	11,900	2.6	27,300	4.1
\$950.00-\$999.90		3.9	13,300	2.9	30,400	4.6
\$1,000.00-\$1,049.90		4.4	15,600	3.4	33,700	5.1
\$1,050.00-\$1,099.90		4.8	16,300	3.6	37,200	5.6
\$1,100.00-\$1,149.90	,	7.3	19,200	4.2	62,200	9.4
\$1,150.00-\$1,199.90		7.3	18,300	4.2	64,000	9.4
\$1,200.00-\$1,249.90		7.5	18,200	4.0	65,400	9.9
\$1,250.00-\$1,299.90		7.9	34,400	7.6	54,200	8.2
\$1,300.00-\$1,349.90		4.3	27,100	6.0	20,400	3.1
\$1,350.00-\$1,399.90		3.9	29,000	6.4	14,400	2.2
\$1,400.00 or more		13.2	137,800	30.3	9,800	1.5
Average benefit, men	,		\$1,141.80		\$947.70	
Women		100.0	261,100	100.0	592,400	100.0
Less than \$450.00		19.7	36,400	13.9	131,900	22.3
\$450.00-\$499.90	/	8.1	11,700	4.5	57,600	9.7
\$500.00–\$549.90 \$550.00–\$599.90		10.0 9.0	14,900	5.7 5.2	70,500	11.9 10.6
\$600.00-\$649.90	- /	9.0 7.4	13,600	6.7	62,900	
\$650.00-\$699.90	/		17,500	7.0	46,000	7.8
\$700.00-\$749.90		6.3	18,400	6.4	35,500 32,900	6.0
		5.8	16,600			5.6
\$750.00-\$799.90		4.7	14,100	5.4	25,700	4.3
\$800.00-\$849.90	00,100	4.2	13,300	5.1	22,400	3.8
\$850.00-\$899.90	,	3.9	13,700	5.2	19,200	3.2
\$900.00-\$949.90	,	3.2	11,000	4.2	16,200	2.7
\$950.00-\$999.90 \$1.000.00 \$1.049.90		3.2	12,300	4.7	14,800	2.5
\$1,000.00-\$1,049.90 \$1,050.00-\$1,099.90		2.6	9,200	3.5	13,000	2.2
	,	2.5	9,400	3.6	11,800	2.0
\$1,100.00-\$1,149.90		2.4	6,800	2.6	13,300	2.2
\$1,150.00-\$1,199.90	,	1.7	7,300	2.8	7,600	1.3
\$1,200.00-\$1,249.90		1.3	6,300	2.4	4,900	.8
\$1,250.00-\$1,299.90		1.1	5,700	2.2	3,700	.6
\$1,300.00-\$1,349.90		.8	5,900	2.3	1,200	.2
\$1,350.00-\$1,399.90		.7	5,400	2.1	900	.2
\$1,400.00 or more	12,000	1.4	11,600	4.4	400	.1
Average benefit, women			\$792.60		\$620.20	

<sup>1</sup> Benefits awarded before the December increase are converted to the December rates before computation of the percentages.

CONTACT: Diane Wallace/Barbara Lingg (410) 965-0165/0156 for further information.

# Table 6.B4.—Number and percentage distribution with and without reduction for early retirement, by **primary insurance amount** and sex, 2000

[Based on 1-percent sample. Benefits not necessarily payable at time of award]

Discosio	Total		Without reduct for early retirer		With reducti for early retire	
Primary insurance amount and sex <sup>1</sup>	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	1,968,100	100.0	715,200	100.0	1,252,900	100.0
Less than \$450.00	244,500	12.4	72.000	10.1	172,500	13.8
\$450.00-\$499.90	66,100	3.4	23,800	3.3	42,300	3.4
\$500.00-\$549.90	84,100	4.3	25,200	3.5	58,900	4.7
\$550.00-\$599.90	79,500	4.0	23,800	3.3	55,700	4.4
\$600.00-\$649.90	79,500	4.0	26,800	3.7	52,700	4.2
\$650.00-\$699.90	77,700	3.9	27,400	3.8	50,300	4.0
\$700.00–\$749.90	76,400	3.9	23,800	3.3	52,600	4.2
\$750.00-\$799.90	66,000	3.4	24,600	3.4	41,400	3.3
\$800.00-\$849.90	69,300	3.5	24,200	3.4	45,100	3.6
\$850.00-\$899.90	71,300	3.6	25,600	3.6	45,700	3.6
\$900.00-\$949.90	61,800	3.1	22,600	3.2	39,200	3.1
\$950.00-\$999.90 \$1,000.00-\$1,049.90	64,500	3.3	24,700	3.5	39,800	3.2
\$1,050.00-\$1,099.90	59,900	3.0 3.2	24,700	3.5 3.5	35,200	2.8
	63,000		25,000		38,000	3.0
\$1,100.00–\$1,149.90 \$1,150.00–\$1,199.90	65,900	3.3	25,900	3.6	40,000	3.2
\$1,130.00=\$1,199.90	63,100 63,800	3.2 3.2	25,200 25,400	3.5 3.6	37,900 38,400	3.0 3.1
\$1,250.00-\$1,299.90	92,200	3.2 4.7	45,500	5.0 6.4	46,700	3.7
\$1,300.00-\$1,349.90	84,500	4.7	38,800	5.4	45,700	3.6
\$1,350.00-\$1,399.90	92,900	4.7	38,100	5.3	54,800	4.4
\$1,400.00 or more	342,100	17.4	122,100	17.1	220,000	17.6
Average primary insurance amount, total	\$944.90		\$977.60		\$926.30	
Men	1,114,600	100.0	454,100	100.0	660,500	100.0
Less than \$450.00	77,000	6.9	29,000	6.4	48,000	7.3
\$450.00-\$499.90	18,000	1.6	9,100	2.0	8,900	1.3
\$500.00-\$549.90	21,000	1.9	7,300	1.6	13,700	2.1
\$550.00-\$599.90 \$600.00-\$649.90	19,700	1.8	9,100	2.0	10,600	1.6
\$650.00-\$699.90	21,500 21,700	1.9 1.9	9,400	2.1	12,100	1.8 2.0
\$700.00-\$749.90	26,900	2.4	8,600 10,200	1.9 2.2	13,100 16,700	2.0
\$750.00-\$799.90	20,300	1.9	10,200	2.2	11,700	1.8
\$730.00-\$799.90	26,400	2.4	10,900	2.2	15,500	2.3
\$850.00-\$899.90	32,400	2.9	12,500	2.4	19,900	3.0
\$900.00-\$949.90	31,300	2.8	12,100	2.7	19,200	2.9
\$950.00-\$999.90	35,600	3.2	13,900	3.1	21,700	3.3
\$1.000.00-\$1,049.90	37,000	3.3	16,000	3.5	21,000	3.2
\$1,050.00-\$1,099.90	40,700	3.7	17,300	3.8	23,400	3.5
\$1,100.00-\$1,149.90	47,300	4.2	19,700	4.3	27,600	4.2
\$1,150.00-\$1,199.90	44,700	4.0	18,300	4.0	26,400	4.0
\$1,200.00-\$1,249.90	46,200	4.1	19,000	4.2	27,200	4.1
\$1,250.00-\$1,299.90 \$1,300.00-\$1,349.90	75,200	6.7	38,200	8.4	37,000	5.6
\$1,350.00-\$1,349.90	70,800 79,200	6.4 7.1	33,100 33,400	7.3 7.4	37,700 45.800	5.7 6.9
\$1,400.00 or more	320,300	28.7	117,000	25.8	203,300	30.8
Average primary insurance amount, men	\$1,119.90		\$1,108.90		\$1,127.50	
Women	853,500	100.0	261,100	100.0	592,400	100.0
Less than \$450.00	167,500	19.6	43,000	16.5	124,500	21.0
\$450.00-\$499.90	48,100	5.6	14,700	5.6	33,400	5.6
\$500.00-\$549.90	63,100	7.4	17,900	6.9	45,200	7.6
\$550.00-\$599.90	59,800	7.0	14,700	5.6	45,100	7.6
\$600.00-\$649.90	58,000	6.8	17,400	6.7	40,600	6.9
\$650.00-\$699.90	56,000	6.6	18,800	7.2	37,200	6.3
\$700.00-\$749.90	49,500	5.8	13,600	5.2	35,900	6.1
\$750.00-\$799.90 \$800.00 \$840.00	44,300	5.2	14,600	5.6	29,700	5.0
\$800.00-\$849.90	42,900	5.0	13,300	5.1	29,600	5.0
\$850.00-\$899.90 \$900.00-\$949.90	38,900 30,500	4.6 3.6	13,100 10,500	5.0 4.0	25,800	4.4 3.4
\$900.00-\$949.90 \$950.00-\$999.90	30,500 28,900	3.6 3.4	10,500	4.0 4.1	20,000 18,100	3.4 3.1
\$1,000.00-\$1,049.90	22,900	2.7	8,700	3.3	14,200	2.4
\$1,050.00-\$1,099.90	22,300	2.6	7,700	2.9	14,600	2.5
\$1,100.00-\$1,149.90	18,600	2.2	6,200	2.4	12,400	2.1
\$1,150.00–\$1,199.90	18,400	2.2	6,900	2.6	11,500	1.9
\$1,200.00-\$1,249.90	17,600	2.1	6,400	2.5	11,200	1.9
\$1,250.00-\$1,299.90	17,000	2.0	7,300	2.8	9,700	1.6
\$1,300.00-\$1,349.90	13,700	1.6	5,700	2.2	8,000	1.4
\$1,350.00-\$1,399.90		16	4,700	1.8	9,000	1.5
	13,700	1.6				
\$1,400.00 or more Average primary insurance amount, women	21,800 \$716.40	2.6	4,700 5,100 <b>\$749.20</b>	2.0	16,700 <b>\$701.90</b>	2.8

<sup>1</sup> Primary insurance amounts awarded before the December increase are converted to the December rates before computation of the percentages.

CONTACT: Diane Wallace/Barbara Lingg (410) 965-0165/0156 for further information.

#### 6.B OASDI Benefits Awarded: Retired Workers

#### Table 6.B5.—Number, average age, and percentage distribution, by age and sex, 1940–2000

						Percentage di	istribution, by	/ age 1			
	Tatal	ł					,-,				
	Total number	Average									80 or
Year	(in thousands)	age	Total	62–64	62	63	64	65–69	70–74	75–79	older
					Me	en					
1940	99	68.8	100.0					74.4	17.4	6.4	1.8
1945 1950	166 444	69.6 68.7	100.0 100.0					59.2 69.2	28.1 21.0	10.4 7.4	2.3 2.3
1955	629	68.4	100.0					67.5	24.7	6.8	1.1
1960	630	66.8	100.0					84.7	13.2	1.3	.7
1965 1970	743 814	65.8 64.4	100.0 100.0	30.2 39.4	14.7 18.4	9.6 12.6	5.9 8.4	57.5 58.8	8.3 1.4	1.8 .3	2.2 .1
1975	902	64.0	100.0	48.9	25.8	14.1	9.0	50.2	.7	.2	(2)
1980	942 926	63.9 63.8	100.0 100.0	51.7 54.5	30.1 30.8	13.1 14.8	8.5 8.9	47.6 44.9	.6 .5	.1	(2)
1981 1982	942	63.7	100.0	56.5	30.8	14.0	0.9 7.7	44.9	.5	.1 .1	(2) (2)
1983	976	63.7	100.0	57.4	35.8	14.7	6.9	41.8	.7	.1	(2)
1984 1985 <sup>3</sup>	934 986	63.7 63.7	100.0 100.0	58.8 65.7	36.4 45.5	15.2 8.2	7.2 12.0	40.5 33.6	.6 .5	.1 .1	(2)
1985 ° 1986 °	1,011	63.7	100.0	67.0	43.3	8.2	11.8	32.3	.6	.1	(2) (2)
1987 <sup>3</sup>	970	63.6	100.0	67.1	47.6	8.1	11.4	32.3	.6	.1	(2)
1988 <sup>3</sup> 1989 <sup>3</sup>	944 983	63.7 63.7	100.0 100.0	66.2 64.4	48.2 48.0	8.1 7.1	9.9 9.3	32.7 34.7	.9 .7	.1 .1	.1 (2)
1990 <sup>3</sup>	964	63.7	100.0	66.1	47.2	7.6	11.3	32.7	1.0	.2	(2)
1991 <sup>3</sup>	996	63.7	100.0	65.8	46.8	8.1	10.9	33.0	.9	.1	.1
1992 <sup>3</sup> 1993 <sup>3</sup>	989 980	63.7 63.7	100.0 100.0	66.9 67.8	48.2 48.8	7.3 8.0	11.4 11.0	32.2 31.1	.8 .9	.1 .1	(2) (2)
1994 <sup>3</sup>	923	63.6	100.0	67.8	49.0	7.4	11.4	31.2	1.0	.1	(2)
1995 <sup>3</sup>	916	63.7	100.0	67.1	49.3	7.3	10.5	31.5	1.1	.2	.1
1996 <sup>3</sup> 1997 <sup>3,4</sup>	895 904	63.6 63.7	100.0 100.0	66.7 66.8	49.9 50.5	7.1 6.6	9.7 9.7	32.1 31.6	1.1 1.3	.1 .2	(2) .1
1998 <sup>3,4</sup>	909	63.8	100.0	66.6	49.6	7.1	9.9	31.9	1.3	.1	.1
1999 <sup>3,4</sup> 2000 <sup>3,4</sup>	940 1,115	63.7 64.1	100.0 100.0	66.4 57.1	49.3 41.6	7.3 6.1	9.8 9.4	32.1 41.5	1.3 1.1	.1 .2	.1
2000 0,1	1,115	04.1	100.0	57.1	41.0	0.1	3.4	41.5	1.1	.2	(2)
					Wor	men					
1940	13	68.1	100.0					82.6	12.8	3.9	.6
1945 1950	20 123	73.3 68.0	100.0 100.0					69.1 75.9	23.6 19.6	6.2 3.7	1.2 .8
1955	281	67.8	100.0					75.4	18.1	5.5	1.1
1960 1965	351 440	65.2 66.2	100.0 100.0	48.5 48.4	27.1 30.9	13.3 11.6	8.1 5.9	40.6 37.6	8.2 7.4	1.9 3.5	.8 3.1
1903	524	63.9	100.0	56.0	34.7	14.1	7.2	41.4	1.9	.5	.2
1975	603	63.7	100.0	62.3	41.6	13.7	7.0	36.1	1.2	.3	.1
1980 1981	671 653	63.5 63.6	100.0 100.0	63.9 64.1	45.9 43.8	11.5 13.2	6.5 7.1	34.9 34.8	.9 .8	.2 .2	.1 .1
1982	676	63.4	100.0	66.9	46.6	14.5	5.9	32.1	.8	.1	.1
1983 1984	694 674	63.4 63.4	100.0 100.0	67.2 68.4	47.6 47.6	14.2 14.9	5.4 5.9	31.5 30.3	1.0 1.0	.2 .2	.1 .1
1985 <sup>2</sup>	697	63.4	100.0	75.2	57.9	7.4	9.9	23.7	.8	.1	.1
1986 <sup>3</sup>	713	63.4	100.0	74.9	57.5	7.0	10.4	24.1	.9	.1	(2)
1987 <sup>3</sup> 1988 <sup>3</sup>	681 667	63.3 63.3	100.0 100.0	75.7 74.2	58.9 59.4	7.2 6.9	9.6 7.9	23.4 24.8	.7 .7	.2 .1	(2) .1
1989 <sup>3</sup>	674	63.4	100.0	73.8	57.9	6.5	9.4	24.0	1.0	.2	.1
1990 <sup>3</sup>	679	63.5	100.0	72.9	55.9	7.2	9.8	25.6	1.0	.3	.2
1991 <sup>3</sup> 1992 <sup>3</sup>	685 708	63.5 63.5	100.0 100.0	72.7 73.4	56.1 56.7	7.1 6.9	9.5 9.8	26.1 25.3	.9 1.1	.2 .2	.1 .1
1993 <sup>3</sup>	708	63.5	100.0	73.0	56.0	6.8	9.8 10.2	25.5	1.1	.2	.1
1994 <sup>3</sup>	690	63.4	100.0	74.5	57.6	6.7	10.2	24.3	1.0	.2	.1
1995 <sup>3</sup> 1996 <sup>3</sup>	684 684	63.5 63.4	100.0 100.0	72.1 72.7	55.4 57.4	6.6 5.9	10.1 9.4	26.1 26.0	1.4 1.0	.2 .2	.2 .1
1996 <sup>3</sup> 1997 <sup>3,4</sup>	809	65.4	100.0	61.2	57.4 48.2	5.9 5.5	9.4 7.5	26.0	6.4	.2 4.4	4.1
1998 <sup>3,4</sup>	733	64.0	100.0	69.0	53.1	7.0	8.9	26.1	2.4	1.1	1.3
1999 <sup>3,4</sup> 2000 <sup>3,4</sup>	737 854	63.6 63.8	100.0 100.0	71.1 67.4	55.1 52.2	6.8 5.9	9.2 9.3	26.4 30.1	1.8 2.2	.4 .2	.3 .2
2000	004	00.0	100.0	07.4	52.2	5.3	9.0	50.1	2.2	.2	2.

<sup>1</sup> Age in year of award for 1940–1984. Age in month of award for 1985–2000.

<sup>2</sup> Less than 0.05 percent.

<sup>3</sup> Based on 1-percent sample.

<sup>4</sup> Includes conversions from nondisabled widow(er)'s benefits to higher retired-worker benefits.

CONTACT: Diane Wallace/Barbara Lingg (410) 965-0165/0156 for further information.

### Table 6.C1.—Number and percentage distribution, by monthly benefit and sex, 2000

	[Based on	1-percent sample]				
	Total		Men		Women	,
Monthly benefit <sup>1</sup>	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	612,200	100.0	329,800	100.0	282,400	100.0
Less than \$100.00	5,800	.9	2,500	.8	3,300	1.2
\$100.00–\$149.90	3,400	.6	1,200	.4	2,200	.8
\$150.00–\$199.90	6,800	1.1	2,900	.9	3,900	1.4
\$200.00-\$249.90	9,300	1.5	3,100	.9	6,200	2.2
\$250.00-\$299.90	11,300	1.8	3,800	1.2	7,500	2.7
\$300.00-\$349.90	13,800	2.3	4,800	1.5	9,000	3.2
\$350.00-\$399.90	14,800	2.4	5,000	1.5	9,800	3.5
\$400.00–\$449.90	17,300	2.8	4,900	1.5	12,400	4.4
\$450.00–\$499.90	28,900	4.7	10,100	3.1	18,800	6.7
\$500.00-\$549.90	37,000	6.0	14,000	4.2	23,000	8.1
\$550.00-\$599.90	38,600	6.3	15,300	4.6	23,300	8.3
\$600.00-\$649.90	33,300	5.4	13,300	4.0	20,000	7.1
\$650.00–\$699.90	32,800	5.4	14,100	4.3	18,700	6.6
\$700.00–\$749.90	32,400	5.3	15,200	4.6	17,200	6.1
\$750.00–\$799.90	28,700	4.7	13,100	4.0	15,600	5.5
\$800.00-\$849.90	29,400	4.8	15,700	4.8	13,700	4.9
\$850.00–\$899.90	25,000	4.1	13,800	4.2	11,200	4.0
\$900.00-\$949.90	25,600	4.2	16,300	4.9	9,300	3.3
\$950.00–\$999.90	23,100	3.8	13,700	4.2	9,400	3.3
\$1,000.00-\$1,049.90	18,700	3.1	11,400	3.5	7,300	2.6
\$1,050.00-\$1,099.90	19,800	3.2	13,400	4.1	6,400	2.3
\$1,100.00-\$1,149.90	17,900	2.9	12,200	3.7	5,700	2.0
\$1,150.00–\$1,199.90	15,400	2.5	10,500	3.2	4,900	1.7
\$1,200.00-\$1,249.90	16,100	2.6	13,200	4.0	2,900	1.0
\$1,250.00-\$1,299.90	15,500	2.5	11,200	3.4	4,300	1.5
\$1,300.00-\$1,349.00	18,100	3.0	13,200	4.0	4,900	1.7
\$1,350.00-\$1,399.90	20,200	3.3	16,000	4.9	4,200	1.5
\$1,400.00 or more	53,200	8.7	45,900	13.9	7,300	2.6
Average benefit	\$833.80		\$947.50		\$701.00	

<sup>1</sup> Benefits awarded before the December increase are converted to the December rates before computation of the percentages.

#### 6.C OASDI Benefits Awarded: Disabled Workers

#### Table 6.C2.—Number, average age, and percentage distribution, by age and sex, 1957–2000

						Percen	tage distribu	ition, by age	1			
Year	Total number	Average age	Total	Under 30	30–39	40–44	45–49	50–54	55–59	60–61	62–64	65 <sup>2</sup>
						Men						
1957	148,376	59.2	100.0					17.1	28.0	17.0	33.8	4.1
1958	107,003	59.0	100.0					19.7	27.5	15.2	28.9	8.7
1959	146,547	58.9	100.0					21.1	27.4	14.8	28.8	7.8
1960	168,466	54.5	100.0	.8	7.0	6.5	10.5	16.7	20.0	11.8	21.3	5.4
1965 1970	186,808 258,072	53.0 52.1	100.0 100.0	1.8 6.7	8.2 7.6	7.9 6.5	11.1 10.1	17.1 14.7	25.7 23.5	14.0 12.3	13.0 16.1	1.0 2.6
1975	408,531	51.5	100.0	7.7	8.6	6.2	9.5	15.7	23.1	12.3	14.6	2.5
1980	275,185	51.2	100.0	8.3	9.7	6.0	8.4	14.7	24.6	12.3	14.2	1.8
1981	244,984	50.8	100.0	8.6	10.2	6.2	8.4	14.5	24.3	13.0	13.1	1.7
1982	207,453	50.9	100.0	8.4	10.4	6.3	8.4	14.1	24.6	12.9	13.6	1.2
1983 1984	217,422 247,833	50.2 50.0	100.0 100.0	9.5 9.2	11.7 12.8	6.6 7.1	8.4 8.7	13.6 13.4	23.4 22.6	12.2 12.2	13.3 12.7	1.3 1.3
1985 <sup>3</sup> 1986 <sup>3</sup>	274,400 273,700	50.1 48.7	100.0 100.0	8.7 10.7	13.3 15.3	7.0 8.1	9.9 9.4	14.6 14.3	23.1 21.3	12.4 11.1	10.6 9.5	.3 .3
1987 <sup>3</sup>	265,900	49.0	100.0	9.4	16.0	8.6	9.3	13.9	20.8	10.9	11.0	.2
1988 <sup>3</sup>	265,700	49.2	100.0	8.4	16.0	9.7	9.0	14.6	21.3	10.5	10.2	.2
1989 <sup>3</sup>	268,600	49.0	100.0	8.7	16.0	9.5	10.2	14.2	20.6	9.7	10.8	.3
1990 <sup>3</sup>	293,300	48.1	100.0	10.9	16.9	9.4	9.5	13.5	20.5	10.3	8.8	.1
1991 <sup>3</sup>	322,700	47.9	100.0	9.5	17.7	10.6	11.0	14.1	18.4	9.4	9.1	.2
1992 <sup>3</sup>	395,600	47.8	100.0	9.5	18.5	10.8	11.0	13.0	18.6	9.8	8.7	.2
1993 <sup>3</sup> 1994 <sup>3</sup>	391,800 379,300	47.7 48.4	100.0 100.0	9.2 6.8	18.9 18.4	10.1 10.8	11.7 12.7	14.7 15.4	18.8 19.3	8.6 9.0	7.8 7.6	.2 .1
1995 <sup>3</sup>	368,400	48.9	100.0	7.2	16.3	10.7	11.5	15.7	20.4	8.9	9.1	.2
1996 <sup>3</sup> 1997 <sup>3</sup>	347,100 311,100	48.7 49.3	100.0 100.0	6.9 6.3	16.2 14.6	10.8 10.8	13.2 13.5	16.2 16.1	19.9 21.6	9.3 8.8	7.5 8.2	.1 .1
1998 <sup>3</sup>	331,400	49.2	100.0	6.3	14.3	11.1	12.4	18.3	21.6	8.1	7.8	.2
1999 <sup>3</sup>	338,900	49.6	100.0	6.2	13.1	11.4	12.4	18.3	21.7	8.8	8.0	.3
2000 <sup>3</sup>	329,800	49.6	100.0	6.8	12.9	10.7	12.7	17.7	21.0	9.1	8.8	.2
						Womer	า					
1957	30,426	57.4	100.0					25.5	38.9	19.8	15.3	.5
1958	24,379	57.2	100.0					28.6	37.2	17.8	15.2	1.2
1959	31,264	57.0	100.0					30.2	36.9	17.6	14.2	1.1
1960	39,339	52.5	100.0	.7	8.1	8.0	13.3	21.9	24.6	12.4	10.1	.8
1965 1970	66,691 92,312	53.2 52.8	100.0 100.0	1.1 4.2	6.5 6.3	7.4 6.1	11.7 11.0	19.3 17.5	28.3 27.2	14.1 13.0	10.9 12.9	.6 1.7
1975	183,518	52.1	100.0	6.1	7.3	6.1	10.1	17.7	25.5	12.2	12.9	2.1
1980	121,374	51.1	100.0	7.4	9.7	6.4	9.3	16.3	25.5	11.7	12.2	1.5
1981	106,863	50.8	100.0	7.8	10.2	6.5	9.5	16.4	25.1	12.0	11.1	1.4
1982	89,678	50.5	100.0	8.0	10.9	6.8	9.5	15.6	24.9	11.7	11.4	1.1
1983 1984	94,127 114,165	49.8 49.7	100.0 100.0	9.0 8.3	12.2 13.2	7.4 7.9	9.5 9.7	14.8 14.9	23.5 22.8	10.9 10.9	11.6 11.7	1.1 1.2
1985 <sup>3</sup> 1986 <sup>3</sup>	134,500 135,700	49.7 48.8	100.0 100.0	8.6 9.0	12.9 15.5	8.0 10.4	10.6 10.5	15.8 14.8	23.3 21.3	10.1 9.6	10.5 8.6	.1 .2
1987 <sup>3</sup>	143,700	40.0	100.0	9.0 7.5	15.5	8.1	10.5	14.0	21.3	9.6 9.6	8.8	.2
1988 <sup>3</sup>	147,000	49.3	100.0	8.5	14.0	8.8	10.9	16.1	23.5	10.5	7.4	.3
1989 <sup>3</sup>	146,900	49.1	100.0	7.8	14.8	10.4	11.9	13.8	21.2	10.8	8.9	.3
1990 <sup>3</sup>	168,500	48.4	100.0	8.5	16.3	9.8	13.1	14.2	22.3	8.9	6.5	.4
1991 <sup>3</sup>	190,400	48.4	100.0	8.5	16.8	10.1	12.2	16.2	19.5	8.9	7.4	.4
1992 <sup>3</sup>	241,300	47.7	100.0	8.6	17.7	12.0	12.4	15.6	17.6	8.4	7.5	.2
1993 <sup>3</sup> 1994 <sup>3</sup>	237,900 234,000	48.1 48.2	100.0 100.0	7.5 7.4	17.5 16.9	11.2 11.1	13.1 12.9	16.5 17.0	19.7 20.8	6.8 7.3	7.4 6.4	.2 .2
1995 <sup>3</sup> 1996 <sup>3</sup>	263,200 256,900	48.5 49.1	100.0 100.0	6.4 5.3	16.7 15 1	11.4 11.3	13.8 14.0	17.2	20.5	7.6 8.3	6.3 5.8	.1 .1
1996 ° 1997 ³	256,900	49.1 48.4	100.0	5.3 6.2	15.1 16.3	12.2	14.0	19.0 19.0	21.2 19.0	6.8	5.8 6.2	.1
1998 <sup>3</sup>	271,900	48.9	100.0	5.4	14.9	12.2	14.5	19.1	20.4	7.6	5.7	.2
1999 <sup>3</sup>	266,900	48.7	100.0	5.7	14.6	12.5	15.3	18.2	20.6	6.6	6.2	.3
2000 <sup>3</sup>	282,400	49.2	100.0	5.8	13.7	12.3	13.5	18.7	21.6	8.1	6.1	.2

<sup>1</sup> Age in year of award for 1957–1984. Age in month of award for 1985–2000.

<sup>2</sup> Includes awards processed after attainment of age 65.

<sup>3</sup> Based on 1-percent sample.

## Table 6.C3.—Number and percentage distribution, by diagnostic group, age, and sex, 2000<sup>1,2</sup>

		Т	otal			N	len			Wor	men	
Diagnostic group	Total	Under 35	35–49	50 or older	Total	Under 35	35–49	50 or older	Total	Under 35	35–49	50 or older
						Num	ber			•		
Total	621,316	60,121	193,066	368,129	338,784	32,720	100,642	205,422	282,532	27,401	92,424	162,707
Diagnosis available	620,017	60,068	192,886	367,063	338,054	32,687	100,554	204,813	281,963	27,381	92,332	162,250
Infectious and parasitic diseases <sup>3</sup> Neoplasms Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases Diseases of blood and blood-forming organs Mental disorders (other than mental retardation) Diseases of the— Nervous system and sense organs Circulatory system	11,273 67,791 18,617 2,029 128,796 17,005 51,758 75,752	1,928 3,627 1,271 454 24,771 4,132 6,644 1,818	6,126 18,520 5,122 642 55,317 4,694 17,273 13,681	3,219 45,644 12,224 933 48,708 8,179 27,841 60,253	10,692 26,286 52,233	1,428 1,885 566 226 13,022 2,590 3,272 1,069	4,811 8,604 2,577 285 24,932 3,152 8,108 8,860 2,021	2,129 24,862 6,549 495 23,689 4,950 14,906 42,304	2,905 32,440 8,925 1,023 67,153 6,313 25,472 23,519	1,542 3,372 749	1,315 9,916 2,545 357 30,385 1,542 9,165 4,821	1,090 20,782 5,675 438 25,019 3,229 12,935 17,949
Respiratory system Digestive system Genitourinary system Skin and subcutaneous tissue Musculoskeletal system Congenital anomalies Injuries Other	27,422 14,122 14,441 1,343 152,931 790 25,885 10,062	627 977 2,049 190 6,374 230 4,100 876	4,456 6,332 5,199 523 42,490 209 8,947 3,355	22,339 6,813 7,193 630 104,067 351 12,838 5,831	14,619 8,641 8,767 524 77,458 436 17,343 4,995	233 441 1,196 66 3,116 139 3,020 418	2,021 3,996 3,127 206 22,102 107 6,148 1,518	12,365 4,204 4,444 252 52,240 190 8,175 3,059	12,803 5,481 5,674 819 75,473 354 8,542 5,067	394 536 853 124 3,258 91 1,080 458	2,435 2,336 2,072 317 20,388 102 2,799 1,837	9,974 2,609 2,749 378 51,827 161 4,663 2,772
					Pe	rcentage	distribution					
Diagnosis available	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Infectious and parasitic diseases <sup>3</sup> Neoplasms Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases Diseases of blood and blood-forming organs Mental disorders (other than mental retardation) Disease of blood	1.8 10.9 3.0 .3 20.8 2.7	3.2 6.0 2.1 .8 41.2 6.9	3.2 9.6 2.7 .3 28.7 2.4	.9 12.4 3.3 .3 13.3 2.2	2.5 10.5 2.9 .3 18.2 3.2	4.4 5.8 1.7 .7 39.8 7.9	4.8 8.6 2.6 .3 24.8 3.1	1.0 12.1 3.2 .2 11.6 2.4	1.0 11.5 3.2 .4 23.8 2.2	2.6 .8	1.4 10.7 2.8 .4 32.9 1.7	.7 12.8 3.5 .3 15.4 2.0
Diseases of the— Nervous system and sense organs Circulatory system Respiratory system Digestive system Genitourinary system Skin and subcutaneous tissue Musculoskeletal system Congenital anomalies Injuries Other	8.4 12.2 4.4 2.3 2.3 .2 24.7 .1 4.2 1.6	11.1 3.0 1.0 1.6 3.4 .3 10.6 .4 6.8 1.5	9.0 7.1 2.3 3.3 2.7 .3 22.0 .1 4.6 1.7	7.6 16.4 6.1 1.9 2.0 .2 28.4 .1 3.5 1.6	7.8 15.4 4.3 2.6 .2 22.9 .1 5.1 1.5	10.0 3.3 .7 1.3 3.7 .2 9.5 .4 9.2 1.3	8.1 8.8 2.0 4.0 3.1 .2 22.0 .1 6.1 1.5	7.3 20.7 6.0 2.1 2.2 .1 25.5 .1 4.0 1.5	9.0 8.3 4.5 1.9 2.0 .3 26.8 .1 3.0 1.8	12.3 2.7 1.4 2.0 3.1 .5 11.9 .3 3.9 1.7	9.9 5.2 2.6 2.5 2.2 .3 22.1 3.0 2.0	8.0 11.1 6.1 1.6 1.7 .2 31.9 .1 2.9 1.7

<sup>1</sup> Effective 1995, impairment data for disabled-worker awards are no longer based solely on cases medically allowed at the initial level.
 <sup>2</sup> Classification based on impairment codes established by SSA.
 <sup>3</sup> AIDS/HIV records are counted in the Infectious and Parasitic Diseases group. Before 1990, they were included in the Other group.

CONTACT: Terry Dodson (410) 965-0143 for further information.

Table 6.C7.—Number of applications, awards, and ratio of awards to applications and awards per 1,000 insured workers for selected years, 1960–2000

[Numbers in thousands]

Year	Number of applications	Number of awards	Awards as a percent of applications	Awards per 1,000 insured workers
1960	418.6	207.8	49.6	4.5
1965	529.3	253.5	47.9	4.7
1966		278.3	51.1	5.1
1967		301.4	52.6	5.4
1968	719.8	323.2	44.9	5.7
1969	725.2	344.7	47.5	4.9
1970	869.8	350.4	40.3	4.8
1971		415.9	45.0	5.6
1972		455.4	48.1	6.0
1973		491.6	46.1	6.3
1974	1,330.2	536.0	40.3	6.7
1975	1,285.3	592.0	46.1	7.1
1976		551.5	44.8	6.5
1977		568.9	46.1	6.5
1978		464.4	39.2	5.2
1979	1,187.8	416.7	35.1	4.4
1980		396.6	31.4	4.0
1981		351.8	30.3	3.4
1982		297.1	29.1	2.9
1983		311.5	30.6	3.0
1984	1,036.7	362.0	34.9	3.4
1985	1,066.2	377.4	35.4	3.5
1986	1,118.4	416.9	37.3	3.8
1987	1,108.9	415.8	37.5	3.7
1988		409.5	40.2	3.6
1989	984.9	425.6	43.2	3.7
1990		468.0	43.8	4.0
1991		536.4	44.4	4.5
1992	1,335.1	636.6	47.7	5.2
1993		635.2	44.6	5.2
1994	1,443.8	631.9	43.8	5.1
1995		645.8	48.3	5.1
1996		624.3	48.8	4.9
1997	1,180.2	587.4	49.8	4.5
1998		608.1	52.0	4.6
1999		620.5	51.7	4.6
2000	1,330.6	621.7	46.7	4.6

CONTACT: Jeff Kunkel (410) 965-3013 for further information.

### Table 6.D1.—Number of wives and husbands, by type of benefit, 1950–2000

[Benefits not necessarily payable at time of award]

Year	Total	Wives entitled solely because of age	Wives entitled because of children in their care	Husbands
		Wives and husband	ls of retired workers	
1950	162,768	152,310	9,646	812
1955	288,915	263,816	21,692	3,407
1960	339,987	305,713	32,254	2,020
1965	321,015	275,717	44,087	1,211
1970	339,447	286,867	51,378	1,202
	350,558	289,600	60,184	774
	346,623	287,455	58,440	728
	390,874	300,651	60,976	29,247
	346,956	277,330	53,072	16,554
1979	358,163	292,010	55,498	10,655
	360,693	294,892	55,401	10,400
	338,540	277,641	50,993	9,906
	349,967	302,739	36,229	10,999
	356,274	308,922	35,309	12,043
1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 1988 1988	342,691 356,558 358,115 333,333 316,929 310,498	298,855 312,849 315,427 294,499 281,760 278,655	30,972 30,454 28,925 26,099 23,045 21,285	12,864 13,255 13,763 12,735 12,124 10,558
1990	308,980 307,000 304,764 290,728 275,025	276,035 277,238 276,236 274,670 262,240 248,430	21,203 21,395 21,154 21,057 19,945 18,431	10,338 10,347 9,610 9,037 8,543 8,164
1995	258,740	233,731	17,214	7,795
1996	244,014	221,059	15,466	7,489
1997	268,012	246,229	14,040	7,743
1998	263,668	242,390	13,472	7,806
1999	275,568	253,559	13,521	8,488
2000	341,503	315,148	15,625	10,730
		Wives and husbands		
1958 <sup>1</sup>	12,920	5,035	7,869	16
1959 <sup>2</sup>	54,299	21,301	32,844	154
1960	54,187	15,756	38,326	105
1965	69,183	13,813	55,230	140
1970	96,304	21,227	74,913	164
1975	148,741	31,942	116,624	175
1976	147,407	36,600	110,626	181
1977	151,938	36,990	113,417	1,531
1978	130,161	35,335	93,293	1,533
1979	113,243	32,863	79,414	966
1980	108,500	32,616	74,922	962
1981	95,575	30,360	64,333	882
1982	77,835	31,540	45,463	832
1983	80,079	35,369	43,820	890
1984	81,834	34,470	46,433	931
1985	83,511	34,101	48,522	888
1986	82,435	33,797	47,711	927
1987	77,316	31,652	43,881	1,783
1988	73,790	29,634	41,627	2,529
1989	69,113	27,750	39,212	2,151
1990	69,667	27,023	40,458	2,186
1991	72,754	26,747	43,543	2,464
1992	78,083	27,502	47,841	2,740
1993	74,605	26,276	45,602	2,727
1994	69,549	24,240	42,824	2,485
1995	63,097	22,833	37,972	2,292
1996	57,528	21,775	33,638	2,115
1997	50,818	23,329	25,779	1,710
1998	47,550	22,693	23,190	1,667
1998	46,164	22,557	21,949	1,658
2000	43,941	22,399	19,801	1,741

<sup>1</sup> September—November.

<sup>2</sup> Includes December 1958.

#### Table 6.D3.—Number and average monthly benefit for wives and husbands, by age and sex, 2000

[Based on 1-percent sample]

				Wives	of—			
	Total v	vives	Retired	workers	Disabled	workers	Husba	inds
Type of benefit and age in month of award	Number	Average monthly benefit <sup>1</sup>	Number	Average monthly benefit <sup>1</sup>	Number	Average monthly benefit <sup>1</sup>	Number	Average monthly benefit <sup>1</sup>
Total	282,100	\$387.70	245,300	\$412.30	36,800	\$223.50	11,400	\$215.80
Entitlement based on care of children	30,100	252.00	14,600	340.00	15,500	169.10	1,000	122.10
Under 35	5,900 3,900 5,300 5,800 3,900 2,500 2,200 600	142.20 159.60 233.90 277.10 366.90 305.90 417.20 270.00	700 1,000 2,100 3,000 3,200 1,900 2,100 600	312.30 233.00 288.90 341.40 388.30 312.00 420.80 270.00	5,200 2,900 3,200 2,800 700 600 100	119.40 134.30 197.90 208.20 269.00 286.50 (3)	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	···· ··· ···
Entitlement based on age	252,000	403.90	230,700	416.90	21,300	263.00	10,400	224.80
62–64 62	188,600 132,200 29,900 26,500 55,100 32,200 10,300 5,200 4,300 3,100 5,300 3,000 263,600	386.20 374.60 414.60 411.90 469.70 463.30 506.00 459.30 472.40 428.60 375.30 361.40 388.70	169,400 115,400 28,200 25,800 33,200 9,900 5,200 3,900 3,900 5,300 2,800 228,800 228,800	401.00 391.10 424.80 419.50 474.00 465.90 513.60 459.30 489.50 432.80 375.30 371.60 414.00	19,200 16,800 1,700 700 (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	255.20 261.40 243.80 132.90 347.20    (3) 222.20	2,700 (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	195.10  244.20  252.10 159.60
Divorced wives Husbands of retired workers Husbands of disabled workers	18,500 	373.20	16,500 	388.70	2,000	244.90 	9,700 1,700	229.50 137.50

<sup>1</sup> Benefits awarded before the December increase are converted to the December rates before computation of the averages.

<sup>2</sup> Base figure too small to meet statistical standards for reliability of derived figure.

<sup>3</sup> Average benefit not shown for groups with fewer than 500 beneficiaries.

### Table 6.D4.—Number of **children**, by type of benefit, 1957–2000

		Children of—							
Year	Total	Retired workers	Deceased workers	Disabled workers					
		Total							
57	313,163	81,842	231,321						
60	415,719	69,979	241,430	104,31					
65	783,202	134,187	451,399	197,61					
′0	1,090,865	182,595	591,724	316,54					
′5	1,331,913	225,579	591,118	515,21					
76	1,327,197	236,805	578,905	511,48					
7	1,365,513	259,447	587,589	518,47					
'8	1,234,658	214,284	566,992	453,382					
'9	1,191,521	247,800	544,549	399,17					
30	1,174,112	248,658	540,246	385,20					
31	1,086,547	211,406	535,487	339,65					
32	916,715	182,849	473,396	260,47					
33	752,839	144,945	380,992	226,89					
34	721,564	131,986	351,326	238,25					
35	713,632	128,076	332,531	253,02					
36	700,627	122,652	319,800	258,16					
37	685,299	117,984	310,573	256,74					
38	706,031	116,659	324,346	265,020					
39	675,362	106,491	307,484	261,38					
00	695,307	108,105	303,616	283,586					
91	726,908	107,261	301,459	318,188					
92	794,571	108,686	304,300	381,585					
3	816,454	106,566	311,290	398,598					
94	824,239	102,983	310,051	411,205					
95	808.578	101,239	306,044	401,295					
96	798,485	98,655	302,480	397,350					
	757,346	97,594	297,204	362,548					
98	763,170	96,893	294,851	371,426					
99	773,166	99,826	295,196	378,144					
00	776,676	115,358	297,686	363,632					
		Children under ag	e 18						
0	59,382	8,249	51,133						
5	127,514	7,215	120,299						
<u>50</u>	122,641	25,495	97,146						
55			198,393						
	238,795	40,402	100,000						
60	238,795 391,366	40,402 57,239	231,611	102,516					
	391,366 523,453	57,239 84,707	231,611 263,637	175,109					
50 55 70	391,366 523,453 678,940	57,239 84,707 99,353	231,611 263,637 337,960	175,109 241,62					
60 65	391,366 523,453	57,239 84,707	231,611 263,637	175,109 241,62					
50 55 70	391,366 523,453 678,940	57,239 84,707 99,353	231,611 263,637 337,960	175,109 241,62 391,284					
50	391,366 523,453 678,940 806,770	57,239 84,707 99,353 115,347	231,611 263,637 337,960 300,139	175,109 241,62 391,28 235,079					
50 55 70 75 30	391,366 523,453 678,940 806,770 573,828 512,939 457,445	57,239 84,707 99,353 115,347 111,610 84,793 81,502	231,611 263,637 337,960 300,139 227,139 228,317 222,738	175,10 241,62 391,28 235,07 199,82 153,20					
50	391,366 523,453 678,940 806,770 573,828 512,939 457,445 444,467	57,239 84,707 99,353 115,347 111,610 84,793 81,502 80,117	231,611 263,637 337,960 300,139 227,139 228,317 222,738 211,396	175,10 241,62 391,28 235,07 199,82 153,20 152,95					
50	391,366 523,453 678,940 806,770 573,828 512,939 457,445	57,239 84,707 99,353 115,347 111,610 84,793 81,502	231,611 263,637 337,960 300,139 227,139 228,317 222,738	175,10 241,62 391,28 235,07 199,82 153,20 152,95					
50	391,366 523,453 678,940 806,770 573,828 512,939 457,445 444,467	57,239 84,707 99,353 115,347 111,610 84,793 81,502 80,117	231,611 263,637 337,960 300,139 227,139 228,317 222,738 211,396	175,10 241,62 391,28 235,07 199,82 153,20 152,95 172,72					
50	391,366 523,453 678,940 806,770 573,828 512,939 457,445 444,467 449,242	57,239 84,707 99,353 115,347 111,610 84,793 81,502 80,117 74,328	231,611 263,637 337,960 300,139 227,139 228,317 222,738 211,396 202,163	175,109 241,62 391,284 235,079 199,829 153,200 152,954 172,721 190,204					
50	391,366 523,453 678,940 806,770 573,828 512,939 457,445 444,467 449,242 464,908 465,115 451,370	57,239 84,707 99,353 115,347 111,610 84,793 81,502 80,117 74,328 74,128 70,915 66,672	231,611 263,637 337,960 300,139 227,139 228,317 222,738 211,396 202,163 200,576 196,008 184,668	175,10 241,62 391,28 235,07 199,82 153,20 152,95 172,72 190,20 198,19					
50	391,366 523,453 678,940 806,770 573,828 512,939 457,445 444,467 449,242 464,908 465,115 451,370 452,519	57,239 84,707 99,353 115,347 111,610 84,793 81,502 80,117 74,328 74,128 70,915	231,611 263,637 337,960 300,139 227,139 228,317 222,738 211,396 202,163 200,576 196,008 184,668 192,278	175,10 241,62 391,28 235,07 199,82 153,20 152,95 172,72 190,20 198,19 195,03 196,65					
30	391,366 523,453 678,940 806,770 573,828 512,939 457,445 444,467 449,242 464,908 465,115 451,370	57,239 84,707 99,353 115,347 111,610 84,793 81,502 80,117 74,328 74,128 70,915 66,672	231,611 263,637 337,960 300,139 227,139 228,317 222,738 211,396 202,163 200,576 196,008 184,668	175,10 241,62 391,28 235,07 199,82 153,20 152,95 172,72 190,20 198,10 195,03 196,65					
30         35         00         75         30         11         12         13         14         155         166         17         188         19	391,366 523,453 678,940 806,770 573,828 512,939 457,445 444,467 449,242 464,908 465,115 451,370 452,519 446,308	57,239 84,707 99,353 115,347 111,610 84,793 81,502 80,117 74,328 74,128 70,915 66,672 63,586 59,073	231,611 263,637 337,960 300,139 227,139 228,317 222,738 211,396 202,163 200,576 196,008 184,668 192,278 189,285	175,10 241,62 391,28 235,07 199,82 153,20 152,95 172,72 190,20 198,19 195,03 196,65 197,95					
30         55         00         75         30         11         22         33         34         35         36         77         38	391,366 523,453 678,940 806,770 573,828 512,939 457,445 444,467 449,242 464,908 465,115 451,370 452,519	57,239 84,707 99,353 115,347 111,610 84,793 81,502 80,117 74,328 74,128 70,915 66,672 66,672 63,586	231,611 263,637 337,960 300,139 227,139 228,317 222,738 211,396 202,163 200,576 196,008 184,668 192,278	175,10 241,62 391,28 235,07 199,82 153,20 152,95 172,72 190,20 198,193 195,03 196,65 197,95 218,05					
30         35         75         30         11         32         33         34         35         36         37         38         39         30	391,366 523,453 678,940 806,770 573,828 512,939 457,445 444,467 449,242 464,908 465,115 451,370 452,519 446,308 468,439	57,239 84,707 99,353 115,347 111,610 84,793 81,502 80,117 74,328 74,128 70,915 66,672 63,586 59,073 60,588	231,611 263,637 337,960 300,139 227,139 228,317 222,738 211,396 202,163 200,576 196,008 184,668 192,278 189,285 189,792	175,10 241,62 391,28 235,07 199,82 153,20 152,95 172,72 190,20 198,19 195,03 196,65 197,95 218,05 250,28					
30	391,366 523,453 678,940 806,770 573,828 512,939 457,445 444,467 449,242 464,908 465,115 451,370 452,519 446,308 468,439 502,442	57,239 84,707 99,353 115,347 111,610 84,793 81,502 80,117 74,328 74,128 70,915 66,672 63,586 59,073 60,588 60,618	231,611 263,637 337,960 300,139 228,317 222,738 211,396 202,163 200,576 196,008 184,668 192,278 189,285 189,285 189,792 191,537	175,10 241,62 391,28 235,07 199,82 153,20 152,95 172,72 190,20 198,19 195,03 196,65 197,95 218,05 250,28 306,00					
30	391,366 523,453 678,940 806,770 573,828 512,939 457,445 444,467 449,242 464,908 465,115 451,370 452,519 446,308 468,439 502,442 559,725	57,239 84,707 99,353 115,347 111,610 84,793 81,502 80,117 74,328 70,915 66,672 63,586 59,073 60,588 60,618 61,034	231,611 263,637 337,960 300,139 227,139 228,317 222,738 211,396 202,163 200,576 196,008 184,668 192,278 189,285 189,792 191,537 192,689	175,10 241,62 391,28 235,07 199,82 153,20 152,95 172,72 190,20 198,19 195,03 196,65 197,95 218,05 250,28 306,00 317,26					
30	391,366 523,453 678,940 806,770 573,828 512,939 457,445 444,467 449,242 464,908 465,115 451,370 452,519 446,308 468,439 502,442 559,725 575,247 586,342	57,239 84,707 99,353 115,347 111,610 84,793 81,502 80,117 74,328 74,128 70,915 66,672 63,586 59,073 60,588 60,518 61,034 59,515 57,677	231,611 263,637 337,960 300,139 227,139 228,317 222,738 211,396 202,163 200,576 196,008 184,668 192,278 189,285 189,285 189,792 191,537 192,689 198,469 201,598	175,10 241,62 391,28 235,07 199,82 153,20 152,95 172,72 190,20 198,19 195,03 196,65 197,95 218,05 250,28 306,00 317,26 327,06					
30	391,366 523,453 678,940 806,770 573,828 512,939 457,445 444,467 449,242 464,908 465,115 451,370 452,519 446,308 468,439 502,442 557,247 586,342 571,650	57,239 84,707 99,353 115,347 111,610 84,793 81,502 80,117 74,328 74,128 70,915 66,672 63,586 59,073 60,588 60,618 61,034 59,515 57,677 57,215	231,611 263,637 337,960 300,139 227,139 228,317 222,738 211,396 202,163 200,576 196,008 184,668 192,278 189,285 189,792 191,537 192,689 198,469 201,598 198,848	175,103 241,627 391,284 235,077 199,829 153,205 172,727 190,200 198,192 195,033 196,655 218,056 250,287 306,000 317,266 327,067 315,587					
30	$\begin{array}{c} 391,366\\ 523,453\\ 678,940\\ 806,770\\ 573,828\\ 512,939\\ 457,445\\ 444,467\\ 449,242\\ 464,908\\ 465,115\\ 451,370\\ 452,519\\ 446,308\\ 468,439\\ 502,442\\ 559,725\\ 575,247\\ 586,342\\ 571,650\\ 561,687\\ \end{array}$	57,239 84,707 99,353 115,347 111,610 84,793 81,502 80,117 74,328 74,128 70,915 66,672 63,586 59,073 60,588 60,618 60,618 61,034 59,515 57,677 57,215 56,126	231,611 263,637 337,960 300,139 227,139 228,317 222,738 211,396 202,163 200,576 196,008 184,668 192,278 189,285 189,792 191,537 192,689 198,469 201,598 198,848 194,333	175,109 241,627 391,284 235,075 199,829 153,200 152,954 172,727 190,200 198,192 195,033 196,655 197,950 218,055 250,288 306,000 317,263 327,067 315,588 311,220					
30	391,366 523,453 678,940 806,770 573,828 512,939 457,445 444,467 449,242 464,908 465,115 451,370 452,519 446,308 468,439 502,442 559,725 575,247 586,342 571,650 561,687 517,118	57,239 84,707 99,353 115,347 111,610 84,793 81,502 80,117 74,328 74,128 70,915 66,672 63,586 59,073 60,588 60,618 61,034 59,515 57,677 57,215 56,126 54,841	231,611 263,637 337,960 300,139 227,139 228,317 222,738 211,396 202,163 200,576 196,008 184,668 192,278 189,285 189,792 191,537 192,689 198,469 201,598 198,848 194,333 184,237	102,516 175,100 241,622 391,284 235,075 199,825 153,200 152,954 172,721 190,204 198,192 195,033 196,655 197,950 218,055 250,287 306,002 317,263 327,067 315,587 311,226 278,040 279,764					
30	$\begin{array}{c} 391,366\\ 523,453\\ 678,940\\ 806,770\\ 573,828\\ 512,939\\ 457,445\\ 444,467\\ 449,242\\ 464,908\\ 465,115\\ 451,370\\ 452,519\\ 446,308\\ 468,439\\ 502,442\\ 559,725\\ 575,247\\ 586,342\\ 571,650\\ 561,687\\ \end{array}$	57,239 84,707 99,353 115,347 111,610 84,793 81,502 80,117 74,328 74,128 70,915 66,672 63,586 59,073 60,588 60,618 60,618 61,034 59,515 57,677 57,215 56,126	231,611 263,637 337,960 300,139 227,139 228,317 222,738 211,396 202,163 200,576 196,008 184,668 192,278 189,285 189,792 191,537 192,689 198,469 201,598 198,848 194,333	175,109 241,627 391,284 235,075 199,829 153,200 152,954 172,727 190,200 198,192 195,033 196,655 197,950 218,055 250,287 306,000 317,263 327,067 315,587 311,228					

#### Table 6.D4.—Number of children, by type of benefit, 1957–2000—Continued

			Children of—	
Year	Total	Retired workers	Deceased workers	Disabled workers
		Disabled children,	, aged 18 or older	
1957	29,507	17,249	12,258	
960	24,353	12,740	9,819	1,794
965	21,398	10,017	8,668	2,713
1970	24,547	11,348	9,425	3,774
1975	32,707	14,636	11,182	6,889
1976	34,517	15,602	11,546	7,369
1977	36,210	(1)	(1)	7,885
978	33,611	15,378	11,013	7,220
979	33,419	15,967	10,999	6,453
1980	33,470	16,650	10,626	6,194
1980	30,545	15,365	9,745	5,435
1982	28,707	14,772	9,685	4,250
1983	33,639	17,309	11,223	5,107
1984	36,427	18,330	12,556	5,541
1985	39,083	19,661	12,709	6,713
986	40,525	20,295	13,244	6,986
1987	39,665	20,761	12,117	6,787
988 989	38,702 37,001	20,544 19,668	11,512 10,975	6,646
909	37,001	19,000	10,975	6,358
1990	38,772	20,862	11,277	6,633
1991	41,086	21,850	11,684	7,552
1992	47,009	23,615	13,846	9,548
1993	47,246	23,173	13,819	10,254
1994	44,483	22,119	12,590	9,774
1995	43,275	21,566	11,930	9,779
996	40,583	20,169	11,061	9,353
997	38,701	19,611	10,616	8,474
1998	39,941	19,932	10,914	9,095
1999	41,748	20,467	11,430	9,851
2000	43,845	22,567	11,621	9,657
		Stud	ents	
1965	238,351	39,463	179,094	19,794
1970	387,378	71,894	244,339	71,145
1975	492,436	95,596	279,797	117,043
976	544,739	108,197	295,058	141,484
1977 1978	574,760 544,396	(1) 105,719	(1) 291,434	148,227 147,243
1979	553,889	117,118	291,434	144,005
1980	566,814	120,398	302,481	143,935
1981	543,063	111,248	297,425	134,390
1982	430,563	86,575	240,973	103,015
983	274,726	47,519	158,373	68,834
1984	235,895	39,328	136,577	59,990
985	209,641	34,287	119,246	56,108
986	194,987	31,442	110,556	52,989
987	194,264	30,551	108,788	54,925
1988	214,810	32,529	120,556	61,725
1989	192,053	27,750	107,224	57,079
	188,096	26,655	102,547	58,894
990		24,793	98,238	60,349
1990 1991	183,380			
	/		97,765	66,035
1991	183,380 187,837 193,961	24,037 23,878	97,765 99,002	66,035 71,081
991 1992	187,837	24,037		
991 992. 993. 994.	187,837 193,961 193,414	24,037 23,878 23,187	99,002 95,863	71,081 74,364
991 992 993 994 995	187,837 193,961 193,414 193,653	24,037 23,878 23,187 22,458	99,002 95,863 95,266	71,081 74,364 75,929
991 992 993 994 995 996	187,837 193,961 193,414 193,653 196,215	24,037 23,878 23,187 22,458 22,360	99,002 95,863 95,266 97,086	71,081 74,364 75,929 76,769
991 992 993 994 995 996 997	187,837 193,961 193,414 193,653 196,215 201,527	24,037 23,878 23,187 22,458 22,360 23,142	99,002 95,863 95,266 97,086 102,351	71,081 74,364 75,929
991 992 993 994 995 996	187,837 193,961 193,414 193,653 196,215	24,037 23,878 23,187 22,458 22,360	99,002 95,863 95,266 97,086	71,081 74,364 75,929 76,769 76,034

<sup>1</sup> Data not available.

#### Table 6.D5.—Number and average monthly benefit for children, by type of benefit and age, 2000

[Based on 1-percent sample]

				Childre	en of—		
		Retired	workers	Decease	d workers	Disabled	workers
Type of benefit and age in month of award	Total number	Number	Average monthly benefit <sup>1</sup>	Number	Average monthly benefit <sup>1</sup>	Number	Average monthly benefit <sup>1</sup>
Total	737,100	111,300	\$373.00	281,500	\$560.50	344,300	\$219.50
Children under age 18	509,800	68,600	354.70	177,800	533.10	263,400	192.50
Under 1 1 2 3 4	21,600 13,500 14,700 17,200 20,000	1,000 500 1,200 1,200 1,500	382.60 395.40 301.30 335.80 307.30	4,600 4,700 4,300 7,100 7,400	501.30 515.70 413.10 536.40 490.60	16,000 8,300 9,200 8,900 11,100	170.70 142.90 169.50 179.30 155.70
5 6 7 8 9	18,900 23,500 24,400 24,600 30,400	1,500 1,900 2,200 2,500 2,900	283.20 311.50 378.40 280.00 332.10	7,000 9,000 8,800 10,000 12,400	529.60 541.90 508.00 495.40 493.50	10,400 12,600 13,400 12,100 15,100	167.10 200.80 164.10 159.70 160.20
10 11 12 13 14	27,500 36,200 35,300 33,400 37,600	4,100 5,500 5,200 6,300 5,600	315.80 362.90 360.70 331.30 351.60	9,600 12,800 13,400 11,000 12,600	539.10 517.10 515.20 550.60 585.50	13,800 17,900 16,700 16,100 19,400	205.50 175.60 174.50 193.40 223.60
15 16 17	41,700 45,900 43,400	6,800 8,500 10,200	352.70 405.40 387.00	13,900 14,900 14,300	576.70 575.60 558.10	21,000 22,500 18,900	228.00 241.60 238.50
Disabled children, aged 18 or older	37,500	21,100	371.40	9,400	540.70	7,000	250.50
Under 20	2,400 8,100 5,900 6,800 7,400 6,900	600 2,900 3,000 4,400 5,500 4,700	423.30 353.10 294.80 416.50 380.50 372.10	800 2,700 1,600 1,100 1,100 2,100	409.90 578.10 594.80 546.30 537.10 500.30	1,000 2,500 1,300 1,300 800 100	135.10 279.50 232.70 240.00 335.40 (2)
Students, aged 18–19	189,800	21,600	432.80	94,300	614.10	73,900	313.10
18 19	188,400 1,400	21,300 300	438.40 (2)	94,000 300	614.10 (2)	73,100 800	314.40 192.00

<sup>1</sup> Benefits awarded before the December increase are converted to the December rates before computation of the averages.

 $^{2}\ensuremath{\,\text{Average}}\xspace$  benefit not shown for groups with fewer than 500 beneficiaries.

#### Table 6.D6.—Number of mothers and fathers, by type of benefit, 1950–2000

Vear         Total         Mothess         Fathers         Total         With at least under age 161         Entitled solely totable duild         duily mothers           1960.         11.01         11.101         11.101         11.01         11.0111         11.0111						Widowed		Surviving
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Year	Total	Mothers	Fathers	Total	1 child	because of at least	divorced mothers and fathers
	1050				44.000	-		
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$								12 142
								99
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$								99 84
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$								64 76
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	1004	,	,		,	,		
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$								91
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$								65
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		/	,		,	,	7 -	72
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		- , -	- , -				, -	75
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	1959 <sup>4</sup>	102,020	102,020		101,933	100,234	1,699	87
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	1960	92.607	92.607		92.507	90.939	1.568	100
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		98.449	98,449					75
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		99,925	99,925		99,835	98,099	1,736	90
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	1963	104,960	104,960		104,866	102,828	2,038	94
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	1964	106,249	106,249		106,137	103,778	2,359	112
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	1965	100.005	100 005		00 804	07 072	1 832	201
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $								458
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $								479
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$								442
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $								488
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		,	,		,	,		100
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $								490
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $								552 665
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $								6.264
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $								6,637
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		440.004	444.070		400.000	400 507	4.405	0.000
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $								8,222 8,362
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$								9,771
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$								9,768
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $								11,011
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		,	*	,	,	,	,	,
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$								11,804
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$								11,059
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$								10,179 9,560
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$								8,908
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		,	, -	,	,	,	,	,
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$								9,360
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		/						9,140
1989								8,448
199058,06053,3464,71450,87947,6733,2067199157,89652,8895,00750,78747,6953,0927199256,40251,2735,12949,34146,3023,0397199356,40851,3585,05049,46546,4203,0456199454,73249,8254,90748,21745,3462,8716								7,843 7,533
1991         57,896         52,889         5,007         50,787         47,695         3,092         7           1992         56,402         51,273         5,129         49,341         46,302         3,039         7           1993         56,408         51,358         5,050         49,465         46,420         3,045         6           1994         54,732         49,825         4,907         48,217         45,346         2,871         6	1909	59,525	54,910	4,009	51,992	40,220	5,700	7,555
1992         56,402         51,273         5,129         49,341         46,302         3,039         7           1993         56,408         51,358         5,050         49,465         46,420         3,045         6           1994         54,732         49,825         4,907         48,217         45,346         2,871         6								7,181
1993         56,408         51,358         5,050         49,465         46,420         3,045         6           1994         54,732         49,825         4,907         48,217         45,346         2,871         6								7,109
1994         54,732         49,825         4,907         48,217         45,346         2,871         6								7,061
								6,943 6 5 1 5
	1994	54,732	49,825	4,907	48,217	45,346	2,871	6,515
	1995	51,645	46,874	4,771	45,368		2,551	6,277
								5,612
								4,939
								4,656
								4,485
2000	2000	40,491	36,521	3,970	36,197	34,241	1,956	4,294

<sup>1</sup> Prior to August 1981, benefits were payable to mothers and fathers caring for a child under age 18. For mothers and fathers caring for a child who was at least age 14 and who were entitled in August 1981, benefits were continued until the child attained age 18 or September 1983, whichever came earlier.

<sup>2</sup> Excludes mothers and fathers who had both disabled and nondisabled entitled children in their care.

<sup>3</sup> January—November.
 <sup>4</sup> Includes December 1958.

#### Table 6.D7.—Number and average monthly benefit for widows and widowers, by age and sex, 2000

[Based on 1-percent sample]

		Nondisa	abled		Dischlad	widowo	\\/idowed	en eth e re
	Wido	ws	Widov	vers	Disabled and wid		Widowed i and fat	
Type of benefit, age in month of award, and sex	Number	Average monthly benefit <sup>1</sup>	Number	Average monthly benefit <sup>1</sup>	Number	Average monthly benefit <sup>1</sup>	Number	Average monthly benefit <sup>1</sup>
Total	318,200	\$866.60	15,600	\$530.60	27,700	\$516.40	37,300	\$588.70
Under 25	···· ··· ···	···· ··· ···	···· ··· ···	···· ··· ···	···· ··· ···	· · · · · · · · · ·	800 2,500 5,300 8,200 8,900	425.50 545.70 498.70 542.40 645.80
45—49 50—54 55—59	· · · · · · ·	· · · · · · ·	· · · · · · ·	· · · · · · ·	9,000 16,400	512.30 517.70	6,400 3,400 1,200	632.70 681.40 575.90
60–64 60 61 62 63 64	134,800 68,300 23,100 16,800 11,700 14,900	797.30 771.10 788.20 812.50 804.80 908.50	9,900 3,800 2,700 2,300 700 400	564.00 503.10 551.00 722.10 481.00 (3)	2,100 1,400 300 200 200	545.20 585.30 (3) (3) (3)	600 (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	595.50  
65–69 65	59,300 32,800 6,500 6,300 7,600 6,100	862.50 821.90 888.20 940.40 929.00 890.20	1,000 (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	758.40	200  	(3)	···· ···· ···	···· ··· ···
70–74	36,200 7,200 7,100 7,300 7,200 7,400	902.10 894.00 913.40 917.60 877.00 908.00	900 (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	416.10  	···· ··· ···	···· ··· ···	···· ··· ···	· · · · · · · · · ·
75–79 75 76 77 78 79	39,900 8,300 8,300 7,700 8,200 7,400	904.30 870.80 929.50 934.70 901.10 885.20	1,200 (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	386.60	···· ··· ···	· · · · · · · · · · · · ·	···· ···· ···	· · · · · · · · · ·
80 or older	48,000	1,008.50	2,600	422.10				
Men Women Widow or mother Surviving divorced wife or mother	285,100 33,100	870.50 833.50	···· ···· ····	···· ···· ····	900 26,800 22,800 4,000	389.50 520.60 519.60 526.80	2,800 34,500 31,600 2,900	488.60 596.80 587.80 695.00

<sup>1</sup> Benefits awarded before the December increase are converted to the December rates before computation of the averages.

<sup>2</sup> Base figure too small to meet statistical standards for reliability of derived figure.

<sup>3</sup> Average benefit not shown for groups with fewer than 500 beneficiaries.

#### Table 6.D8.—Number of widows and widowers, by type of benefit, 1950-2000

		Entitled b of a		Entitled b of disa	
Year	Total	Widows	Widowers	Widows	Widowers
1950	66,735	66,672	63		
1951	89,591	89,324	267		
1952	92,302	91,992	310		
1953	112,866	112,467	399		
1954	128,026	127,626	400		
1955	140,624	140,273	351		
1956	253,524	253,191	333		
1957	244,633	244,172	461		
1958 <sup>1</sup>	199,320	198,948	372		
1959 <sup>2</sup>	252,683	252,100	583		
1960	239,267	238,813	454		
1961	251,275	250,606	669		
1962	267,051	266,465	586		
1963	278,709	278,138	571		
1964	283,263	282,689	574		
1965	359,431	358,875	556		
1966	403,595	403,035	560		
1967	355,589	355,032	557		
1968	375,391	352,280	604	22,438	69
1969	375,753	353,928	625	21,127	73
1970	363,216	347,031	576	15,546	63
1971	381,262	363,689	551	16,960	62
1972	402,809	382,452	544	19,739	74
1973	372,167	351,793	651	19,660	63
1974	363,693	343,317	550	19,793	33
1975	377,246	353,249	476	23,476	45
1976	385,373	362,229	489	22,603	52
1977	416,735	383,057	10,416	22,981	281
1978	403,679	375,750	9,022	18,553	354
1979	445,555	418,883	9,272	17,136	264
1980	452,156	424,690	11,412	15,789	265
1981	480,772	453,307	13,311	13,868	286
1982	492,451	465,070	14,941	12,222	218
1983	501,688	470,764	16,512	14,144	268
1984	499,677	464,979	17,533	16,847	318
1985	501,673	467,197	17,390	16,759	327
1986	491,052	454,903	17,731	18,033	385
1987	475,035	440,803	17,836	16,062	334
1988	457,574	424,107	18,139	14,979	349
1989	449,139	416,154	17,817	14,830	338
1990	451,862	417,925	18,513	15,058	366
1990	468,788	417,925	19,008	28,951	639
1992	472,078	419,413	19,008	32,477	758
1992	466,198	414,941	19,430	31,036	799
1993	459,340	410,323	19,114	29,075	828
1995	444,899	396,725	18.577	28,762	835
1995	444,099 438,081	390,725	18,508	20,702	828
1990	430,001 440,076	390,962	18,508	27,783	855
1998	440,078	395,014	19,039	28,494	905
	440.009	JJJ,2JI	19,039	20,494	905
1999	469,806	419,205	20,951	28,654	996

<sup>1</sup> January–November. <sup>2</sup> Includes December 1958.

Table 6.D9.—Number and average amount of lump-sum death payment awards, 1940-2000

	Number of—		
Year	Deceased workers	Lump-sum payments	Average lump sum per worker
1940	61,080	75,095	\$145.79
1941	90,941	117,303	144.58
1942	103,322	134,991	144.77
1943	122,185	163,011	145.66
1944	151,869	205,117	145.68
1945	178,813	247,012	146.05
1946	179,588	250,706	151.74
1947	181,992	218,787	162.16
1948	200,090	213,096	161.50
1949	202,154	212,614	164.02
1950	200,411	209,960	147.81
1951	414,470	431,229	138.24
1952	437,896	456,531	178.20
1953	511,986	532,846	174.16
1953	516,158	536,341	207.86
1955	566,830	589,612	202.72
1956	546,984	572,291	200.80
1957	689,282	718,672	201.63
1958 <sup>1</sup>	656,825	683,964	202.52
1959 <sup>2</sup>	822,413	855,032	212.67
1960	778,660	809,194	211.55
1961	813,464	843,308	210.46
1962	865,217	892,261	212.02
1963	968,651	1,015,536	212.61
1964	1,011,414	1,073,044	213.94
1965	989,848	1,046,874	226.01
1966	1,060,335	1,138,317	224.00
1967	1,133,787	1,217,980	222.51
1968	1,158,666	1,216,910	236.30
1969	1,253,467	1,295,897	232.60
1970	1,220,248	1,257,687	243.90
1971	1,251,831	1,283,924	244.20
1972	1,290,133	1,320,637	247.90
1973	1,299,223	1,325,833	253.10
1974	1,285,221	1,307,890	254.64
1975	1,334,914	1,344,095	252.47
1976	1,321,516	1,328,008	251.60
1977	1,227,390	1,240,304	254.17
1978	1,437,275	1,451,140	254.65
1979	1,500,944	1,515,614	254.68
1980	1,552,617	1,566,330	254.70
1981	1,305,261	1,321,565	254.72
1982	797,096	808,041	255.00
1983	805,524	807,537	255.00
1983	825,494	831,761	255.00
1985 1986 1987 1988 1988	823,053 809,487 810,066 839,802 829,682	825,395 811,946 812,814 842,037 831,825	255.00 255.00 255.00 255.00 255.00 255.00
1990 1991 1992 1993 1994	830,799 847,838 855,073 860,861 852,289	832,900 850,100 857,614 863,492 855,278	255.00 255.00 255.00 255.00 255.00 255.00
1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000	<sup>3</sup> 835,360 832,304 825,176 833,770 873,890 933,767	<sup>3</sup> 838,015 835,277 828,072 836,468 876,878 937,159	255.00 255.00 255.00 255.00 255.00 255.00 255.00

<sup>1</sup> January–November.

<sup>2</sup> Includes December 1958.

<sup>3</sup> Revised data.

# Table 6.E1.—Number and percentage distribution of **retired workers** with benefits withheld, by monthly benefit, reduction for early retirement, and sex, December 2000

[Based on 10-percent sample]

	Tota	1	Without rec for early ret		With redu for early ret	
Monthly benefit and sex	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	117,120	100.0	34,980	100.0	82,140	100.0
Less than \$350.00	18,690	16.0	7,250	20.7	11,440	13.9
\$350.00-\$399.90 \$400.00-\$449.90	3,480 3,430	3.0 2.9	1,350 1,310	3.9 3.7	2,130 2,120	2.6 2.6
\$450.00-\$499.90	5,710	4.9	2,330	6.7	3,380	4.1
\$500.00-\$549.90 \$550.00-\$599.90	5,900 5,500	5.0 4.7	1,950 1,540	5.6 4.4	3,950 3,960	4.8 4.8
\$600.00-\$649.90	5,110	4.4	1,550	4.4	3,560	4.8
\$650.00-\$699.90	5,210	4.4	1,550	4.4	3,660	4.5
\$700.00–\$749.90 \$750.00–\$799.90	4,800 4,160	4.1 3.6	1,360 1,060	3.9 3.0	3,440 3,100	4.2 3.8
\$800.00-\$849.90	4,100	3.7	1,110	3.2	3,260	4.0
\$850.00-\$899.90	4,140	3.5	1,240	3.5	2,900	3.5
\$900.00-\$949.90 \$950.00-\$999.90	3,490 3,290	3.0 2.8	860 990	2.5 2.8	2,630 2,300	3.2 2.8
\$1,000.00-\$1,049.90	3,160	2.7	800	2.3	2,360	2.9
\$1,050.00-\$1,099.90	3,200	2.7	810	2.3	2,390	2.9
\$1,100.00–\$1,149.90 \$1.150.00–\$1.199.90	3,090 2,900	2.6 2.5	690 560	2.0 1.6	2,400 2,340	2.9 2.8
\$1,200.00-\$1,249.90	3,290	2.5	820	2.3	2,340 2,470	2.0 3.0
\$1,200.00-\$1,299.90	3,950	3.4	1,100	3.1	2,850	3.5
\$1,300.00 or more	20,250	17.3	4,750	13.6	15,500	18.9
Men	74,990	100.0	24,590	100.0	50,400	100.0
Less than \$350.00 \$350.00–\$399.90	9,680 2,140	12.9 2.9	4,310 1,070	17.5 4.4	5,370 1,070	10.7 2.1
\$400.00-\$449.90	2,120	2.8	1,010	4.1	1,110	2.2
\$450.00-\$499.90 \$500.00-\$549.90	3,340 2,850	4.5 3.8	1,710 1,280	7.0 5.2	1,630 1,570	3.2 3.1
\$550.00-\$599.90	2,850	3.8	950	3.9	1,370	2.9
\$600.00-\$649.90	2,550	3.4	1,040	4.2	1,510	3.0
\$650.00-\$699.90	2,430	3.2	970	3.9	1,460	2.9
\$700.00–\$749.90 \$750.00–\$799.90	2,300 2,280	3.1 3.0	850 760	3.5 3.1	1,450 1,520	2.9 3.0
\$800.00-\$849.90	2,130	2.8	630	2.6	1,500	3.0
\$850.00-\$899.90 \$900.00-\$949.90	2,510 2,200	3.3 2.9	910 560	3.7 2.3	1,600 1,640	3.2 3.3
\$950.00-\$999.90	2,200	2.9	620	2.5	1,520	3.0
\$1,000.00-\$1,049.90	2,130	2.8	570	2.3	1,560	3.1
\$1,050.00–\$1,099.90 \$1,100.00–\$1,149.90	2,390 2,400	3.2 3.2	610 500	2.5 2.0	1,780 1,900	3.5 3.8
\$1,150.00-\$1,199.90	2,320	3.1	390	1.6	1,930	3.8
\$1,200.00-\$1,249.90	2,680	3.6	650	2.6	2,030	4.0
\$1,200.00–\$1,299.90 \$1,300.00 or more	3,440 18.560	4.6 24.7	920 4,280	3.7 17.4	2,520 14,280	5.0 28.3
Women	42,130	100.0	10,390	100.0	31,740	100.0
Less than \$350.00	9,010	21.4	2,940	28.3	6,070	19.1
\$350.00-\$399.90	1,340	3.2	280	2.7	1,060	3.3
\$400.00-\$449.90 \$450.00-\$499.90	1,310 2,370	3.1 5.6	300 620	2.9 6.0	1,010 1,750	3.2 5.5
\$500.00-\$549.90	3,050	7.2	670	6.4	2,380	7.5
\$550.00-\$599.90 \$600.00-\$649.90	3,100	7.4	590 510	5.7	2,510 2,050	7.9
\$650.00-\$699.90	2,560 2,780	6.1 6.6	510 580	4.9 5.6	2,050 2,200	6.5 6.9
\$700.00-\$749.90	2,780	5.9	500	4.9	1,990	6.3
\$750.00-\$799.90	1,880	4.5	300	2.9	1,580	5.0
\$800.00-\$849.90 \$850.00-\$899.90	2,240 1,630	5.3 3.9	480 330	4.6 3.2	1,760 1,300	5.5 4.1
\$900.00-\$949.90	1,290	3.1	300	2.9	990	3.1
\$950.00-\$999.90	1,150	2.7	370	3.6	780	2.5
\$1,000.00-\$1,049.90 \$1,050.00-\$1,099.90	1,030 810	2.4 1.9	230 200	2.2 1.9	800 610	2.5 1.9
\$1,100.00-\$1,149.90	690	1.6	190	1.8	500	1.6
\$1,150.00-\$1,199.90	580	1.4	170	1.6	410	1.3
\$1,200.00-\$1,249.90 \$1,200.00-\$1,299.90	610 510	1.4 1.2	170 180	1.6 1.7	440 330	1.4 1.0
\$1,300.00 or more	1,690	4.0	470	4.5	1,220	3.8

CONTACT: Dana Nichele Mercer/Robert L. Hackendorf (410) 966-6637/965-5536 for further information.

Table 6.E4.—Number of **beneficiaries**, with benefits withheld, by reason for withholding payment, type of benefit, and age, December 2000

		R	etired work	ers		Wives and husbands								
							Wive	S			Widowed			Special
Reason payment withheld	Total	Total	Men	Women	Disabled workers	Total	Without children <sup>1</sup>	With chil- dren <sup>2</sup>	Hus- bands	Children	mothers and fathers	Widows and widowers	Par- ents	age-72 benefi- ciaries
Total	1,608,582	115,809	73,704	42,105	100,761	276,192	137,738	67,267	71,187	471,272	69,569	564,989	524	9,466
Earnings of retired workers Earnings of other	51,109	47,506	28,503	19,003		2,305	1,979	234	92	1,298				
beneficiaries	100,684					45,172	1,060	41,645	2,467	267	45,083	10,162		
Entitled child not in care of beneficiary Payee not determined Recoupment of	30,252 9,716	830	426	404	1,553	14,016 46	118 30	12,812 16	1,086	6,952	16,236 17	 318		· · · · · · ·
overpayment Address unknown Determination of	30,562 46,989	10,203 19,575	5,724 11,570	4,479 8,005	4,622 8,063	2,654 1,641	1,462 1,066	1,133 446	59 129	9,143 10,457	1,495 259	2,445 6,567	32	395
continuing disability pending Workers' compensation					5,984	303		303		3,277		23		
offset Govenment pension	7,142				1,786	537	42	495		4,819				
offset Receipt of public	250,189					168,470	104,246		64,224		73	78,187		3,459
Technical entitlement Other reasons	3,847 838,421 230,084	 37,695	 27,481	10,214	 78,753	25,066 15,982	16,757 10,978	6,494 3,689	1,815 1,315	356,504 78,555	1,476 4,930	455,225 12,062	106 386	3,847 44 1,721

<sup>1</sup> Aged 62 or older.

<sup>2</sup> Under age 65 with entitled children in their care.

Note: Due to the elimination of the earnings test for beneficiaries aged 65 or older in 2000, these beneficiaries are not included in table 6.E4.

Table 6.E5.—Number of **wives**, **husbands**, **and children**, with benefits withheld, by reason for withholding payment and type of benefit, December 2000

	Wives and hu	Wives and husbands of—					Children				
			Ur	nder age 18 d	of—	Disabled	, aged 18 or o	older of—	Students, aged 18-19 of-		
Reason payment witheld	Retired workers	Disabled workers	Retired workers	Deceased workers	Disabled workers	Retired workers	Deceased workers	Disabled workers	Retired workers	Deceased workers	Disabled workers
Total	212,572	63,620	24,052	61,184	197,667	81,755	53,342	16,991	5,965	19,490	10,826
Earnings of— Retired workers Other beneficiaries Entitled child not in care of beneficiary Payee not determined Recoupment of overpayment for	8,259 2,500 30	36,913 11,516 16	1,055 27  321	57 3,002	96 2,517	197 19  148	 15 	  92	46 11 	21  12	21  16
reasons other than earnings Address unknown Determination of continuing	1,596 1,184	1,058 457	445 498	2,012 2,536	6,118 5,065	109 315	243 1,433	86 227	10 31	68 236	52 116
disability pending Workers' compensation offset Government pension offset		303 537 1,564			2,582 4,690	99	403	168 69		· · · · · · ·	25 60
Technical entitlement Other reasons		8,064 3,192	17,682 4,024	39,092 14,485	146,356 30,243	78,348 2,520	42,207 8,197	13,067 3,282	4,230 1,637	10,553 8,600	4,969 5,567

CONTACT: Dana Nichele Mercer/Robert L. Hackendorf (410) 966-6377/965-5536 for further information.

Table 6.F1.—Number of benefits terminated, by type, 1940–2000

						Children						
Year	Total	Retired workers	Disabled workers	Wives and husbands	Total	Under age 18	Disabled, aged 18 or older	Students	Widowed mothers and fathers	Widows and widowers	Parents	Special age-72
Total	127,171,930	44,040,383	13,372,715	16,420,059	36,181,467	22,729,112	650,798	12,801,557	4,376,440	11,441,703	106,698	1,232,465
1940–1944 1945–1949	246,534 896,041	84,737 304,902	· · · · · · ·	40,811 154,261	73,394 250,835	73,394 250,835	· · · · · · ·		40,868 145,998	5,680 36,144	1,044 3,901	
1950 1951	266,615 354,282	98,280 141,665		51,200 73,706	69,062 82,516	69,062 82,516	···· ···		33,313 37,016	13,642 17,999	1,118 1,380	
1952 1953 1954	383,780 455,652 501,694	160,284 193,688 212,894	· · · · · ·	85,349 99,409 111,788	75,352 89,292 99,375	75,352 89,292 99,375	···· ···	· · · · · · ·	40,085 44,331 45,870	20,978 27,006 29,871	1,732 1,926 1,896	· · · · · ·
1955 1956		247,998 269,006		125,880 134,700	117,443 128,391	117,443 128,391			49,330 51,874	36,488 38,849	2,090 2,161	
1957 1958 1959	789,331 817,512 1,163,018	334,710 322,279 458,175	16,131 52,949 81,982	178,464 173,608 255,169	146,828 156,944 211,711	146,540 156,348 209,948	288 596 1,763	· · · · · · ·	54,715 52,088 67,346	56,022 57,422 85,401	2,461 2,222 3,234	· · · · · ·
1960 1961	1,170,612 1,327,950	440,555 471,552	89,090 115,546	249,792 276,437	235,965 290,895	233,512 287,599	2,453 3,296		67,555 77,778	84,396 92,322	3,259 3,420	
1962 1963 1964	1,410,718 1,672,045 1,739,693	507,807 591,951 616,124	128,299 137,850 138,576	282,569 330,576 333,969	311,045 397,764 424,680	307,200 392,606 418,834	3,845 5,158 5,846	· · · · · · ·	78,261 92,246 96,116	99,332 117,743 126,328	3,405 3,915 3,900	· · · · · · ·
1965 1966	1,868,804 2,178,105	646,734 696,038	156,648 168,630	345,229 351,877	481,215 704,131	448,344 457,688	6,628 7,329	26,243 239,114	98,058 92,054	137,031 158,302	3,889 3,749	3,324
1967 1968	2,545,076 2,654,191	748,184 789,586	208,899 222,197	373,803 386,245	820,610 837,390	503,110 514,363	9,178 10,620	308,322 312,407	102,004 100,344	172,411 188,844	3,789 4,004	115,376 125,581
1969 1970	2,860,287 2,841,523	827,151 817,129	251,269 260,444	399,689 388,574	946,481 956,566	564,725 582,918	11,922 11,795	369,834 361,853	107,119 102,578	205,188 208,843	3,525 3,313	119,865 104,076
1971 1972 1973 1974	2,944,134 2,949,327 3,132,957 3,296,247	846,103 839,018 873,593 921,897	266,471 261,739 304,792 320,958	394,422 384,297 396,828 416,891	1,011,381 1,037,251 1,137,641 1,205,329	607,138 605,569 637,851 699,400	11,621 13,924 12,445 15,288	392,622 417,758 487,345 490,641	104,577 108,995 103,056 116,061	223,988 232,375 234,039 243,139	3,162 2,950 2,955 2,886	94,030 82,702 80,053 69,086
1975 1976 1977 1978 1979	3,313,151 3,405,273 3,551,125 3,589,849 3,568,400	931,953 941,162 955,114 977,703 953,520	329,532 351,504 401,334 413,571 422,503	421,973 424,417 430,431 428,498 426,014	1,209,574 1,262,306 1,331,923 1,342,365 1,346,176	695,082 711,425 740,822 736,536 726,910	15,195 16,104 17,060 17,496 18,598	499,297 534,777 574,041 588,333 600,668	110,493 114,823 114,605 112,491 111,604	249,274 256,020 265,721 271,102 272,422	2,574 2,412 2,285 2,106 1,831	57,778 52,629 49,712 42,013 34,330
1980 1981 1982 1983 1984	3,538,615 3,596,613 3,869,989 3,788,835 3,230,134	1,009,542 1,006,756 1,032,327 1,068,963 1,102,737	408,051 434,187 483,847 453,621 371,913	420,313 419,331 437,104 492,524 373,796	1,259,831 1,305,554 1,485,066 1,223,789 954,150	636,825 664,436 677,326 584,312 498,199	14,561 15,482 16,435 19,706 19,277	608,445 625,636 791,305 619,771 436,674	118,300 111,025 109,210 214,361 88,342	289,326 291,081 298,435 309,168 319,858	1,705 1,649 1,521 1,448 1,283	31,547 27,030 22,479 24,961 18,055
1985 1986 1987 1988 1989	3,109,569 2,996,494 2,967,965 3,087,126 2,977,413	1,150,236 1,152,844 1,163,655 1,227,357 1,202,430	339,984 341,276 347,948 356,143 351,402	367,257 362,966 354,240 354,250 339,550	820,641 703,293 681,275 723,385 678,094	446,106 474,999 457,523 484,001 454,048	17,022 17,013 17,056 19,478 19,726	357,513 211,281 206,696 219,906 204,320	84,165 90,071 80,131 73,473 66,527	331,090 329,855 328,008 341,432 332,040	1,228 1,110 1,041 922 856	14,968 15,079 11,667 10,164 6,514
1990 1991 1992 1993 1994	2,958,646 2,943,272 2,969,109 3,075,227 3,124,009	1,222,810 1,237,517 1,252,171 1,313,867 1,329,241	348,194 351,303 361,796 372,317 384,590	337,006 332,892 329,102 336,335 331,416	646,343 619,977 616,771 632,585 647,848	415,616 401,092 397,723 408,497 421,730	20,014 17,723 17,857 18,842 20,034	210,713 201,162 201,191 205,246 206,084	64,260 61,383 65,852 62,436 72,662	334,293 335,740 339,827 354,833 356,097	769 646 617 578 529	4,971 3,814 2,973 2,276 1,626
1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000	3,161,744 3,187,291 3,413,296 3,307,618 3,366,363 3,404,466	1,334,027 1,352,339 1,370,596 1,405,342 1,436,865 1,447,269	399,475 396,980 464,984 409,489 433,950 460,351	327,233 321,703 319,172 313,423 312,867 310,703	678,821 690,618 777,803 741,412 748,950 753,430	451,375 459,254 537,259 495,678 490,634 502,351	22,639 23,776 26,210 26,755 29,444 33,300	204,807 207,588 214,334 218,979 228,872 217,779	61,813 61,618 60,342 54,551 51,341 50,925	358,691 362,751 419,105 382,619 381,791 381,341	493 444 376 346 361 282	1,191 838 918 436 238 165

CONTACT: Dana Nichele Mercer/Robert L. Hackendorf (410) 966-6377/965-5536 for further information.

#### Table 6.F2.—Number, by reason for termination and type of benefit, 2000

Reason for termination	Total	Retired workers	Disabled workers	Wives and husbands	Children	Widows, widowers, and parents	Widowed mothers and fathers	age-72
Total	3,404,466	1,447,269	460,351	310,703	753,430	381,623	50,925	165
Death of beneficiary Termination resulting from death of worker Marriage, remarriage, or divorce of beneficiary Attainment of age—	2,003,565 183,373 36,406	1,401,607 	168,996 	83,809 153,065 4,970	18,965 30,308 16,823	329,014 4,396	1,009  10,217	165 
18 by children 19 by student 65 by disabled worker 65 by disabled widow(er)	61,057	· · · · · · · · ·	212,948	19,493	399,831 61,057 11,715	 13,391	· · · · · · · · · ·	···· ···· ···
Termination due to attainment of age 16 of child Entitlement to an equal or larger	61,840			27,080			34,760	
Social Security benefit Does not meet medical standards: <sup>1</sup>	83,401	33,961	4,167	7,440	3,027	30,992	3,814	
Disabled worker or widow(er) Disabled adult child Student no longer attending school Other	118,495 5,299 153,349 40,303	 11.701	68,226  6,014	4,080	45,939 5,299 153,349 7,117	250  3,580	1,125	···· ··· ···

<sup>1</sup> Excludes disabled beneficiaries whose monthly benefits have been suspended because of their ability to engage in substantial gainful activity. These persons continue to be eligible for Medicare for a 3-year period.

#### Table 6.F3.—Number of wives, husbands, and children, by reason for termination and type of benefit, 2000

	Wives husbanc			Children								
			Und	Under age 18 of—			Disabled, aged 18 or older of-			Students, aged 18–19 of—		
Reason for termination	Retired workers	Disabled workers	Retired workers	Deceased workers	Disabled workers	Retired workers	Deceased workers	Disabled workers	Retired workers	Deceased workers	Disabled workers	
Total	255,810	54,893	46,077	194,874	261,400	5,562	17,909	9,829	24,944	113,164	79,671	
Death of beneficiary Termination resulting from	82,380	1,429	203	1,902	961	2,822	12,402	463	13	132	67	
death of worker Marriage, remarriage, or	147,317	5,748			27,497			1,644			1,167	
divorce of beneficiary	1,895	3,075	1,063	3,883	8,978	229	1,426	336	116	363	429	
18 by children			43,268	187,639	168,924							
19 by student 65 by disabled worker		19,493			6,806			4,465	6,608	33,171	21,278 444	
Termination due to attainment of age 16 of child	9,250	17,830										
Entitlement to an equal or larger Social Security benefit Does not meet medical	6,049	1,391	865	192	735	576	296	264	60	12	27	
standards: <sup>1</sup> Disabled worker		4,080			43,880	4.055		1,691			368	
Disabled adult child Student no longer attending school Other	8,919	1,847	678	1,258	3,619	1,255  680	3,638  147	406  560	18,113 34	79,429 57	55,807 84	

<sup>1</sup> Excludes disabled beneficiaries whose monthly benefits have been suspended because of their ability to engage in substantial gainful activity. These persons continue to be eligible for Medicare for a 3-year period.

CONTACT: Dana Nichele Mercer/Robert L. Hackendorf (410) 966-6377/965-5536 for further information.

Table 7.A1.—Number of persons receiving federally administered payments, total amount and average monthly amount, by source of payment, category, and age, December 2000

		Category				Age	
Source of payment	Total	Aged	Blind	Disabled	Under 18	18–64	65 or older <sup>1</sup>
			N	umber of persons			
Total	6,601,686	1,289,339	78,511	5,233,836	846,784	3,744,022	2,010,880
Federal payment only Federal payment and state supplementation State supplementation only	4,121,049 2,198,858 281,779	666,671 519,638 103,030	42,571 30,360 5,580	3,411,807 1,648,860 173,169	607,415 237,064 2,305	2,413,695 1,195,468 134,859	1,099,939 766,326 144,615
Total with— Federal payment State supplementation	6,319,907 2,480,637	1,186,309 622,668	72,931 35,940	5,060,667 1,822,029	844,479 239,369	3,609,163 1,330,327	1,866,265 910,941
			Amount of	payments (in thous	ands) <sup>2</sup>		
Total	\$2,676,378	\$390,787	\$33,274	\$2,252,317	\$419,577	\$1,641,231	\$615,570
Federal payments State supplementation	2,383,254 293,124	309,590 81,198	26,936 6,337	2,046,728 205,589	405,864 13,713	1,480,228 161,003	497,162 118,408
			Avera	ige monthly amoun	t <sup>3</sup>		
Total	\$378.82	\$299.69	\$413.22	\$397.92	\$463.05	\$401.20	\$302.68
Federal payments State supplementation	351.48 112.50	258.12 128.46	360.51 171.01	373.41 105.86	449.34 53.04	374.74 112.39	263.54 127.99

Includes approximately 18,800 blind and 702,700 disabled persons aged 65 or older.
 Includes retroactive payments.
 Excludes retroactive payments.

Table 7.A2.—Number of persons<sup>1</sup> receiving federally administered payments, total amount and average monthly amount, by source of payment and category, December 2000

	Aged		Blind		Disabled	ł	Blind and		
Source of payment	Individual	Couple	Individual	Couple	Individual	Couple	disabled, under age 18		
		Number of persons							
Total	1,033,262	133,081	66,906	3,000	4,109,014	136,779	846,784		
Federal payment only Federal payment and state supplementation State supplementation only	564,211 390,802 78,249	52,570 68,054 12,457	36,617 25,275 5,014	1,325 1,408 267	2,645,038 1,307,947 156,029	79,931 49,735 7,113	607,415 237,064 2,305		
Total with— Federal payment State supplementation	955,013 469,051	120,624 80,511	61,892 30,289	2,733 1,675	3,952,985 1,463,976	129,666 56,848	844,479 239,369		
			Amount of pa	ayments (in thous	sands)				
Total	\$305,613	\$90,081	\$27,994	\$2,299	\$1,743,512	\$87,303	\$419,577		
Federal payments State supplementation	249,063 56,550	64,159 25,922	22,806 5,188	1,533 765	1,569,635 173,877	70,194 17,109	405,864 13,713		
-	Average monthly amount								
Total	\$292.67	\$665.60	\$407.94	\$746.27	\$391.03	\$608.49	\$463.05		
Federal payments State supplementation	258.18 118.60	523.37 317.01	359.61 166.11	544.53 451.18	365.21 111.26	517.04 286.83	449.34 53.04		

<sup>1</sup> See Eligible couple (SSI) and Eligible individual (SSI) in the Glossary.

Table 7.A3.—Number of persons	receiving payments, b	y source of payment a	nd category, 1974–2000
	J ,, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -,	J	,

					Sta	te supplementatior	1			
					Federally ad	ministered	State admini	stered		
Month and year	Total	Federally administered	Federal SSI	Total	Total	Only	Total	Only		
				All pe	rsons					
January 1974	3,248,949	3,215,632	2,955,959	1,838,602	1,480,309	259,673	358,293	33,317		
December:	4 050 005	4 04 4 075	0.000.440	4 007 400	4 004 040	100.050	000 004	45.050		
1975 1980	4,359,625	4,314,275	3,893,419	1,987,409	1,684,018	420,856	303,391	45,350		
	4,194,100	4,142,017	3,682,411	1,934,239	1,684,765	459,606	249,474	52,083		
1985	4,200,177	4,138,021	3,799,092	1,915,503	1,660,847	338,929	254,656	62,156		
1990	4,888,180	4,817,127	4,412,131	2,343,803	2,058,273	404,996	285,530	71,053		
1995	6,575,753	6,514,134	6,194,493	2,817,408	2,517,805	319,641	299,603	61,619		
1996	6,676,729	6,613,718	6,325,531	2,731,681	2,421,470	288,187	310,211	63,011		
1997	6,564,613	6,494,985	6,211,867	3,029,449	2,372,479	283,118	656,970	69,628		
1998	6,649,465	6,566,069	6,289,070	3,072,392	2,411,707	276,999	660,685	83,396		
1999	6,641,256	6,556,634	6,274,707	3,116,309	2,441,482	281,927	674,827	84,622		
2000	6,685,169	6,601,686	6,319,907	3,163,504	2,480,637	281,779	682,867	83,483		
	Aged									
January 1974	1,889,898	1,865,109	1,690,496	1,022,244	770,318	174,613	251,926	24,789		
December: 1975	0 000 605	0 007 405	0.004.765	1 000 506	042.047	202.240	104 670	00 500		
	2,333,685	2,307,105	2,024,765	1,028,596	843,917	282,340	184,679	26,580		
1980	1,838,381	1,807,776	1,533,366	837,318	702,763	274,410	134,555	30,605		
1985 1990	1,529,674 1,484,160	1,504,469 1,454,041	1,322,292 1,256,623	698,634 765,420	583,913 649,530	182,177 197,418	114,721 115,890	25,205 30,119		
1995	1,479,415	1,446,122	1,314,720	777,841	663,390	131,402	114,451	33,293		
1996	1.446.321	1,412,632	1,296,462	752,760	638,173	116,170	114,587	33,689		
1997	1,395,845	1,362,350	1,251,374	750,168	619,516	110,976	130,652	33,495		
1998	1,369,206	1,331,782	1,225,578	756,209	617,984	106,204	138,225	37,424		
1999	, ,				620.261					
2000	1,346,771 1,327,567	1,308,062	1,203,056 1,186,309	759,681	, -	105,006	139,420 144,644	38,709		
2000	1,327,307	1,289,339	1,180,309	767,312	622,668	103,030	144,044	38,228		
				Bli	nd					
January 1974 December:	73,850	72,390	55,680	45,828	37,326	16,710	8,502	1,460		
1975	75 045	74 400	60.075	26.200	24.276	C 111	4 0 2 2	0.00		
1980	75,315	74,489	68,375	36,309	31,376	6,114	4,933	826		
	79,139	78,401	68,945	39,863	36,214	9,456	3,649	738		
1985 1990	82,622	82,220	73,817	41,323	38,291	8,403	3,032	402		
1990	84,109	83,686	74,781	43,376	40,334	8,905	3,042	423		
1995	84,273	83,545	77,064	42,272	38,695	6,481	3,577	728		
1996	82,815	82,137	76,180	40,173	36,759	5,957	3,414	678		
1997	81,449	80,778	74,926	40,593	36,050	5,852	4,543	671		
1998	81,029	80,243	74,623	40,828	36,193	5,620	4,635	786		
1999	80,097	79,291	73,579	40,765	36,118	5,712	4,647	806		
2000	79,295	78,511	72,931	40,585	35,940	5,580	4,645	784		
				Disa	bled					
January 1974	1,285,201	1,278,122	1,209,783	769,501	672,575	68,350	96,926	7,068		
December: 1975	1,950,625	1,932,681	1,800,279	922,229	808,725	132,402	113,504	17,944		
1980	2,276,130	2,255,840		1,050,155		175,740	104,367	20,290		
1985		2,255,640	2,080,100 2,402,983	1,167,326	945,788 1,038,643	148,349	128,683	35,409		
1990	2,586,741 3,319,911	3,279,400	3,080,727	1,535,007	1,368,409	198,673	166,598	40,511		
1995	5,010,326	4,984,467	4,802,709	1,995,262	1,815,720	181,758	179,542	25,859		
1996	5,145,850	5,118,949	4,952,889	1,933,493	1,746,538	166,060	186,955	26,901		
1997		5,051,857	4,952,889	1,998,187		166,290	281,274	20,901		
1997	5,078,995		4,885,567 4,988,869	2,067,530	1,716,913 1,757,530	165,175	310,000	36,771		
1999	5,190,815	5,154,044								
2000	5,205,997	5,169,281	4,998,072	2,107,982 2,147,945	1,785,103	171,209	322,879	36,716		
∠000	5,270,126	5,233,836	5,060,667	2,147,945	1,822,029	173,169	325,916	36,290		

## Table 7.A4.—Total annual amount of payments, by source of payment and category, 1974–2000

[In thousands]

			State supplementa	ition
Calendar year	Total <sup>1</sup>	Federal SSI <sup>1</sup>	Federally administered	State administered <sup>1</sup>
	·	All persons	·	
1974	\$5,245,719	\$3,833,161	\$1,263.652	\$148,906
1975	5,878,224	4,313,538	1,402,534	162,152
1980	7,940,734	5,866,354	1,848,286	226,094
1985	11,060,476	8,777,341	1,972,597	310,538
1990	16,598,680	12,893,805	3,239,154	465,721
1992 1993	22,232,503 24,556,867	18,246,934 20,721,613	3,435,476 3,269,540	550,093 565,714
1994	25,876,571	22,175,233	3,115,854	585,483
1995	27,627,658	23,919,430	3,117,850	590,378
1995	28,791,924	25,264,878	2,987,596	539,450
1997	29,052,089	25,457,387	2,913,181	681,521
1998	30,216,345	26,404,793	3,003,415	808,137
1999 2000	30,959,475 31,564,439	26,805,156 27,290,248	3,300,976 3,381,451	853,343 892,740
2000	31,304,439	21,290,240	3,301,431	092,740
		Aged		
1974	\$2,503,407	\$1,782,742	\$631,292	\$89,373
1975	2,604,792	1,842,980	673,535	88,277
1980	2,734,270	1,860,194	756,829	117,247
1985	3,034,596	2,202,557	694,114	137,925
1990	3,736,104	2,521,382	1,038,006	176,716
1992 1993	4,139,612 4,250,092	2,901,063 3,097,616	1,023,030 933,852	215,519 218,624
1994	4,366,528	3,265,711	876,053	224,764
1995	4,467,146	3,374,772	864,450	227,924
1996	4,407,140	3,449,407	833.091	224,705
1997	4,531,973	3,479,948	823,581	228,444
1998	4,424,877	3,327,856	838,375	258,646
1999 2000	4,724,748 4,811,048	3,514,689 3,595,384	921,332 942,530	271,003 283,073
	.,,	Blind		
	\$400.40F	-	<b>*</b> 24.422	<u> </u>
1974 1975	\$130,195 130,936	\$91,308 92,427	\$34,483 34,813	\$4,404 3,696
1980	190,075	131,506	54,321	4,248
1985	264,162	195,183	64,657	4,322
1990	334,120	238,415	90,534	5,171
1992	370,769	275,606	87,783	7,380
1993 1994	374,998 372,461	287,754 292,102	79,479 72,596	7,765 7,763
	,		,	,
1995 1996	375,512 371,869	298,238 298,897	69,203 65,894	8,071 7,077
1997	374,809	302,656	65,189	7,012
1998	366,452	291,050	67,137	8,265
1999	391,181	308,556	73,028	8,557
2000	394,484	312,144	73,688	8,636
		Disabled		
1974	\$2,601,936	\$1,959,112	\$597,876	\$44,948
1975 1980	3,142,476 5,013,948	2,378,131 3,874,655	694,186 1,037,137	70,159 102,156
1985	7,754,588	6,379,601	1,213,826	161,161
1990 1992	12,520,568 17,710,514	10,134,007 15,070,265	2,110,615 2,324,664	275,946 315,585
1993	19,925,929	17,336,243	2,256,209	333,477
1994	21,131,001	18,617,421	2,167,205	346,375
1995	22,778,547	20,246,415	2,184,197	347,935
	23,905,578	21,516,579	2,088,610	300,389
1996				
1997	24,006,254	21,685,421	2,024,410	296,423
	24,006,254 25,304,721 25,722,400	21,685,421 22,785,879 22,598,270	2,024,410 2,097,903 2,306,616	296,423 420,939 452,640

<sup>1</sup> Includes data not distributed by category.

CONTACT: Stella M. Coleman/Arthur Kahn (410) 965-0157/0186 for further information.

# Table 7.A5.—Average monthly amount,<sup>1</sup> by source of payment and category, 1975–2000

					State supplementation	
December	Total	Federally administered	Federal SSI	Total	Federally administered	State administered <sup>2</sup>
			Tot	tal		
1975	\$108.46	\$106.33	\$90.59	\$57.55	\$61.72	\$38.69
1980	164.66	161.92	138.14	93.44	95.17	81.57
1985	220.70	218.09	193.77	99.37	99.39	99.21
1990	279.91	276.45	241.52	128.24	127.83	131.32
1995	338.73	335.45	312.83	103.23	98.66	142.59
1996	347.62	343.88	322.11	104.82	98.80	152.91
1997	356.96	350.58	327.53	101.46	101.92	99.82
1998	365.28	359.45	336.06	102.47	102.33	102.97
1999	374.96	368.53	341.86	110.44	110.92	108.70
2000	385.52	378.82	351.48	112.16	112.50	110.95
			Ag	ed		
1975	\$88.91	\$86.72	\$73.77	\$50.61	\$57.38	\$28.68
1980	130.28	126.66	105.69	92.64	95.60	77.55
1985	168.16	164.01	141.41	101.25	103.58	89.91
1990	213.40	208.26	170.74	133.62	136.31	118.82
1995	256.66	250.27	220.15	116.26	109.62	153.94
1996	267.69	260.27	228.25	120.53	111.74	168.66
1997	275.83	268.46	235.45	120.11	114.35	147.09
1998	285.95	277.45	243.28	123.29	115.29	158.80
1999	298.23	289.19	249.36	133.51	125.90	167.17
2000	309.40	299.69	258.12	135.88	128.46	167.49
			Bli	nd		
1975	\$140.20	\$137.58	\$112.69	\$68.81	\$78.57	\$35.40
1980	195.60	192.51	163.36	109.79	111.41	97.56
1985	263.86	260.25	224.31	121.76	122.15	118.07
1990	323.31	319.03	267.34	165.57	167.29	148.26
1995	360.61	355.24	317.06	143.65	138.31	188.15
1996	366.59	362.07	326.16	141.92	138.18	171.65
1997	385.42	381.65	337.79	149.55	152.83	123.70
1998	395.20	390.19	344.77	154.21	154.33	153.18
1999	407.19	401.99	350.72	166.66	167.64	159.15
2000	418.14	413.22	360.51	168.91	171.01	154.79
			Disa	bled		
1975	\$130.59	\$128.49	\$108.55	\$65.63	\$65.68	\$65.20
1980	190.96	188.70	160.78	93.57	94.38	86.19
1985	248.36	246.50	219.61	97.73	96.63	107.06
1990	305.82	302.78	266.84	125.01	123.36	139.70
1995	360.99	358.18	336.39	97.76	94.26	134.44
1996	368.65	365.49	345.36	98.32	93.63	142.92
1997	375.45	372.52	351.28	95.09	96.29	87.88
1988	384.67	380.46	359.07	99.32	96.63	114.30
1999	393.18	388.29	364.24	107.06	104.52	120.92
2000	402.93	397.92	373.41	108.66	105.86	124.09

<sup>1</sup> Excludes retroactive payments.
 <sup>2</sup> Includes data not distributed by category.

## Table 7.A8.—Number of federally administered awards, by category and age, 1974–2000<sup>1</sup>

[Based on 10-percent sample]

			Category			Age	
Year	Total	Aged	Blind	Disabled	Under 18	18–64	65 or older
Total	21,523,610	6,816,880	271,940	14,434,790	2,352,250	12,431,790	6,739,570
Awards based on:							
State conversions	3,150,690	1,760,970	77,810	1,311,910	3,160	1,303,490	1,844,040
New applications:							
1974	1,337,630	770,880	8,700	558.050	66,970	497.910	772.750
1975	927,770	350,130	9,090	568.550	62,900	513,590	351,280
1976	674,560	222,900	7,040	444,620	45,060	408,010	221,490
1980	526.780	185.340	8.850	332.590	46.240	299.950	180.590
1981	411,500	122,690	8,250	280,560	39.020	254,880	117.600
1982	342.650	103.350	6.810	232,490	35.680	206.550	100.420
1983	458,590	152,800	7,760	298,030	42,110	267,620	148,860
1984	586,700	217,210	8,950	360,540	45,750	331,340	209,610
1985	527.790	155.880	8.290	363.620	46.580	335.340	145.870
1986	603.560	159,740	7.780	436.040	51.060	404.470	148.030
1987	589,460	166.250	8.420	414,790	48,490	386.970	154.000
1988	578,340	168,570	7.150	402.620	47,570	374.290	156,480
1989	629,500	188,040	7,040	434,420	51,530	401,060	176,910
1990	718.300	193.380	7.980	516.940	76.120	459,800	182.380
1991	822.880	189,860	7,570	625,450	126,190	518,610	178.080
1992	1,049,250	190,170	8,260	850,820	221,120	650.260	177.870
1993	1,054,190	185,770	7.040	861,380	236.250	644.810	173.130
1994	944,780	158,400	6,600	779,780	203,220	595,620	145,940
1995	893,440	142.140	5.950	745.350	177.620	586.120	129.700
1996	798.000	124.020	5.540	668,440	144.300	535.270	118,430
1997	673,390	93.810	4.870	574,710	116.350	461,580	95.460
1998	739,680	108.920	6.320	624.440	135.650	489.950	114.080
1999	757,580	120,630	5,840	631,110	139,480	494.180	123,920
2000	747,170	116,470	5,830	624,870	144,560	483,170	119,440

<sup>1</sup>Represents period in which first payment was made, not date of entitlement to payments.

#### CONTACT: Clark Pickett (410) 965-9016 for further information.

## Table 7.A9.—Number of persons receiving federally administered payments, by category, 1974–2000

			Category			Age	
December	Total	Aged	Blind	Disabled	Under 18	18–64	65 or older
1974	3,996,064	2,285,909	74,616	1,635,539	70,900	1,503,155	2,422,009
1975	4,314,275	2,307,105	74,489	1,932,681	107,026	1,699,394	2,507,855
1976	4,235,939	2,147,697	76,366	2,011,876	125,412	1,713,594	2,396,933
1980	4,142,017	1,807,776	78,401	2,255,840	190,394	1,730,847	2,220,776
1981	4,018,875	1,678,090	78,570	2,262,215	194,890	1,702,895	2,121,090
1982	3,857,590	1,548,741	77,356	2,231,493	191,570	1,655,279	2,010,741
1983	3,901,497	1,515,400	78,960	2,307,137	198,323	1,699,774	2,003,400
1984	4,029,333	1,530,287	80,524	2,418,522	211,587	1,780,459	2,037,287
1985	4.138.021	1.504.469	82.220	2.551.332	227.384	1.879.168	2.031.469
1986	4,269,184	1.473.428	83,115	2,712,641	241,198	2.010.458	2,017,528
1987	4,384,999	1.455.387	83.421	2,846,191	250.902	2.118.710	2.015.387
1988	4,463,869	1,433,420	82.864	2,947,585	255,135	2.202.714	2,006,020
1989	4,593,059	1,439,043	82,765	3,071,251	264,890	2,301,926	2,026,243
1990	4.817.127	1.454.041	83,686	3.279.400	308.589	2.449.897	2.058.641
1991	5.118.470	1.464.684	84,549	3,569,237	397,162	2.641.524	2.079.784
1992	5.566.189	1.471.022	85,400	4.009.767	556.470	2.910.016	2,099,703
1993	5.984.330	1.474.852	85.456	4,424,022	722.678	3.148.413	2.113.239
1994	6,295,786	1,465,905	84,911	4,744,970	841,474	3,335,255	2,119,057
1995	6.514.134	1,446,122	83.545	4.984.467	917.048	3,482,256	2.114.830
1996	6.613.718	1.412.632	82.137	5.118.949	955.174	3.568.393	2,090,151
1997	6,494,985	1.362.350	80.778	5.051.857	879.828	3.561.625	2.053.532
1998	6,566,069	1.331.782	80.243	5.154.044	887.066	3.646.020	2.032.983
1999	6,556,634	1.308.062	79.291	5.169.281	847.063	3.690.970	2,002,000
2000	6,601,686	1,289,339	78,511	5,233,836	846.784	3,744,022	2,010,880

Table 7.B1.—Number of persons receiving federally administered payments and total annual amount, by category, 2000
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		Number, Dece	mber		An	nount of payments, (in thousar		
State	Total	Aged	Blind <sup>1</sup>	Disabled <sup>2</sup>	Total	Aged	Blind	Disabled
Total <sup>3</sup>	6,601,686	1,289,339	78,511	5,233,836	\$30,671,699	\$4,540,045	\$385,927	\$25,745,710
Alabama	159,343	26,534	1,152	131,657	658,648	52,344	4,514	601,791
Alaska	8,636	1,453	123	7,060	36,717	3,907	514	32,296
Arizona	81,278	13,194	959	67,125	355,074	39,084	4,333	311,656
Arkansas	85,310	14,206	943	70,161	332,628	25,114	3,871	303,644
California	1,087,614	333,892	21,949	731,773	6,385,553	1,729,632	140,135	4,515,786
Colorado	53,694	8,985	553	44,156	228,481	26,795	2,378	199,307
Connecticut	48,731	7,115	510	41,106	215,865	23,658	2,262	189,946
Delaware	11,961 20,073	1,387 2,524	117 190	10,457 17,359	50,172 92,673	3,388 6,987	490 885	46,294 84,801
District of Columbia	376,555	94,038	3,109	279,408	1,620,866	312,575	13,286	1,295,005
	*							
Georgia	196,780	34,112	2,264	160,404	785,363	73,308	9,454	702,601
Hawaii	21,009	7,047	168	13,794	103,603	29,248	841	73,514
Idaho	18,347 248,833	1,839 32,541	182 2.374	16,326 213,918	76,065 1,174,336	3,908 113,997	730 10.613	71,426 1,049,727
Illinois Indiana	88,017	7,309	1,045	79,663	381,786	16,396	4,317	361,073
lowa	40.298	4,477	827	34,994	157,905	9.595	3,174	145,135
Kansas	36,277	3,784	376	32,117	151,084	9,595	1,630	140,230
Kentucky	174,346	18,753	1.442	154,151	740,790	38.492	6,117	696,181
Louisiana	165,525	24,563	1,442	139,068	715,106	53,293	7,911	653,902
Maine	29,705	3,298	234	26,173	115,902	5,584	909	109,410
Maryland	88,073	15,726	745	71,602	400,089	49,697	3,241	347,151
Massachusetts	167,784	45,959	4,251	117,574	807,328	171.146	21.946	614,235
Michigan	209,608	19,413	1,892	188,303	988,272	57,019	8,602	922,651
Minnesota	64.084	10.152	721	53.211	271.952	30.256	3.071	238.625
Mississippi	128,791	22,440	1,257	105,094	512,112	43,535	4,921	463,656
Missouri	112,230	12,877	987	98,366	470,986	27,929	3,977	439,079
Montana	13,845	1,342	125	12,378	57,334	2,695	522	54,117
Nebraska	21,221	2,382	239	18,600	85,105	5,284	965	78,855
Nevada	25,405	6,972	644	17,789	108,413	21,989	3,168	83,256
New Hampshire	11,577	1,006	119	10,452	48,825	2,380	490	45,956
New Jersey	146,350	34,048	1,080	111,222	672,255	124,176	4,692	543,387
New Mexico	46,662	8,930	566	37,166	193,252	22,370	2,465	168,417
New York	617,167	138,971	3,370	474,826	3,197,466	572,354	16,009	2,609,104
North Carolina	191,053 8,167	33,990 1,351	2,093 80	154,970	731,568 29,797	68,029	8,273 325	655,266
North Dakota	*	,		6,736	,	2,815		26,656
Ohio	239,911	17,526	2,248	220,137	1,114,044	47,524	9,668	1,056,852
Oklahoma	72,140	10,782	866	60,492	302,057	23,276	3,623	275,157
Oregon	51,936	7,238	634	44,064	228,109	21,400	2,757	203,952
Pennsylvania Rhode Island	283,969 27,778	36,547 4,606	2,457 226	244,965 22,946	1,367,077 130,379	109,264 14,977	11,256 991	1,246,556 114,411
		,		,	,			
South Carolina	107,469	17,162	1,583	88,724	428,933	34,925	6,501	387,507
South Dakota	12,642 164,202	1,999 23,118	110 1.663	10,533 139.421	48,363 664,461	3,936 45.861	426 6,992	44,001 611.607
Texas	409,162	115,402	5,725	288,035	1,574,945	294,276	6,992 23,571	1,257,098
Utah	20,130	2,096	270	17,764	87,074	6,769	1,201	79,104
Vermont	12.525	1.567	115	10,843	51,487	3,216	507	47,765
Virginia	131.942	24.530	1.455	105,957	535.180	65,276	6,092	463.811
Washington	100,761	14,148	949	85,664	484,345	54,941	4,424	424,979
West Virginia	71,420	5,527	589	65,304	318,198	10,983	2,555	304,661
Wisconsin	84,887	9,771	969	74,147	357,084	23,598	4,033	329,454
Wyoming	5,798	559	53	5,186	23,444	988	209	22,247
Other:								
Northern Mariana Islands	665	151	19	495	3,174	643	90	2,440

Includes approximately 18,800 blind persons aged 65 or older.
 Includes approximately 702,700 disabled persons aged 65 or older.
 Includes data not distributed by state.

CONTACT: Stella M. Coleman/Art Kahn (410) 965-0157/0186 for further information.

Table 7.B2.—Number of persons receiving state-administered supplementation and total amount of payments, by category, 2000<sup>1</sup>

		Number, D	December		1	Amount of payments (In thousa		
State	Total	Aged	Blind	Disabled	Total	Aged	Blind	Disabled
Total	<sup>2</sup> 682,867	144,644	4,645	325,916	<sup>2</sup> \$892,740	\$283,073	\$8,636	\$479,635
Alabama Alaska Arizona Colorado Connecticut Florida Idaho Illinois	823 13,911 457 31,297 22,329 15,762 10,248 35,810	370 4,662  23,834 6,401 7,344 2,056 7,710	13 93  18 131 9 27 168	440 9,156 457 7,445 15,797 8,409 8,165 27,932	570 51,210 250 74,293 87,365 27,876 8,379 28,592	257 16,837 53,728 30,001 12,283 1,406 7,437	8 356  46 560 15 19 181	305 34,017 250 20,519 56,804 15,578 6,954 20,974
Indiana Iowa	35,810 1,140 4,324	7,710 525 1,195	6	27,932 609 3,129	28,592 4,577 16,676	1,697 (3)	15 (3)	20,974 2,865 (3)
Kentucky Louisiana Maine Maryland Michigan	4,891 5,209 34,489 2,972 195,701	2,103 (3) 7,030 (3) (3)	37 (3) 147 (3) (3)	2,751 (3) 27,312 (3) (3)	17,198 497 9,100 6,952 94,883	7,549 (3) 3,097 (3) (3)	83 (3) 56 (3) (3)	9,566 (3) 5,947 (3) (3)
Minnesota Missouri Nebraska New Hampshire New Mexico	36,494 9,022 5,574 17,039 203	8,108 3,244 1,327 8,340 (3)	182 847 47 335 (3)	28,204 4,931 4,200 8,364 (3)	76,460 25,354 6,255 11,848 235	9,342 9,204 1,332 1,834 (3)	269 3,154 24 687 (3)	66,849 12,996 4,899 9,327 (3)
North Carolina North Dakota Oklahoma Oregon South Carolina	23,063 355 70,972 16,972 3,647	13,006 151 21,652 4,710 1,981	124 1 530 706 15	9,933 203 48,790 11,556 1,651	123,651 2,225 37,429 20,442 13,877	65,758 1,009 10,029 17,875 7,328	853 30 299 390 71	57,040 1,186 27,101 2,177 6,478
South Dakota Virginia Washington Wisconsin Wyoming	3,577 6,598 70 107,090 2,828	(3) 2,984 11 15,829 71	(3) 15 2 1,164 28	(3) 3,599 57 90,097 2,729	2,153 20,270 310 123,132 681	(3) 8,876 35 16,141 18	(3) 48 3 1,462 7	(3) 11,346 272 105,529 656

<sup>1</sup> Data reported to the Social Security Administration by individual states. All data subject to revision. Excludes optional supplementation data for Missouri and North Dakota. <sup>2</sup> Includes data not distributed by category.

CONTACT: Alfreda Brooks (410) 965-9849 for further information.

Table 7.B3.—Number of persons receiving federally administered payments and average monthly amount, December 2000

	То	tal	Feder	al SSI	State suppl	ementation		Number with—	
State	Number	Average monthly amount	Number	Average monthly amount	Number	Average monthly amount	Federal SSI only	Federal SSI and state supple- mentation	State supple- mentation only
Total <sup>1</sup>	6,601,686	\$378.82	6,319,907	\$351.48	2,480,637	\$112.50	4,121,049	2,198,858	281,779
Alabama	159,343	327.13	159,343	327.13		307.00	159,342		
Alaska	8,636	344.48	8,636	344.47		22.90	8,636		
Arizona	81,278	359.68	81,278	359.67		173.50	81,278		
Arkansas	85,310	309.82	85,310	309.82	8	53.16	85,302	8	
California	1,087,614	484.97	906,163	367.62	1,086,919	178.41	695	905,468	181,451
Colorado	53,694	340.70	53,694	340.69			53,694		
Connecticut	48,731	360.83	48,731	360.84			48,730		
Delaware	11,961	344.43	11,839	340.97	643	126.83	11,318	521	122
District of Columbia	20,073	377.32	19,932	365.82	1,720	163.05	18,353	1,579	141
Florida	376,555	352.51	376,555	352.51	7	36.55	376,548	7	
Georgia	196,780	322.96	196,779	322.97	15	26.98	196,765	14	1
Hawaii	21,009	397.72	20,212	361.97	19,522	53.37	1,487	18,725	797
Idaho	18,347	336.26	18,347	336.26			18,346		
Illinois	248,833	386.16	248,833	386.16			248,831		
Indiana	88,017	352.31	88,017	352.31			88,017		
lowa	40,298	324.34	40,031	321.10	1,647	132.93	38,651	1,380	267
Kansas	36,277	340.81	36,276	340.80	14	51.24	36,263	13	1
Kentucky	174,346	349.35	174,346	349.35			174,346		
Louisiana	165,525	345.13	165,523	345.13	22	16.81	165,503	20	2
Maine	29,705	316.10	29,705	316.10			29,703		
Maryland	88,073	363.51	88,072	363.50	38	42.43	88,035	37	1
Massachusetts	167,784	394.68	147,625	355.72	167,563	81.59	221	147.404	20,159
Michigan	209,608	383.65	205,247	380.69	19,191	119.03	190,417	14,830	4,361
Minnesota	64,084	349.96	64,084	349.96			64,084		·
Mississippi	128,791	321.61	128,789	321.61	19	21.84	128,772	17	2
Missouri	112,230	341.86	112,230	341.86			112,230		
Montana	13,845	336.15	13,747	333.72	895	76.50	12,950	797	98
Nebraska	21,221	325.85	21,221	325.85			21,221		
Nevada	25,405	349.15	24,576	344.34	7,481	53.63	17,924	6,652	829
New Hampshire	11,577	332.61	11,577	332.59			11,577		
New Jersey	146,350	373.04	138,729	347.97	145,733	44.09	617	138,112	7,621
New Mexico	46,662	336.37	46,662	336.37			46,662		
New York	617,167	420.79	569,928	376.50	612,031	73.84	5,136	564,792	47,239
North Carolina	191,053	310.83	191,053	310.83			191,053		
North Dakota	8,167	298.15	8,167	298.15			8,167		
Ohio	239,911	377.49	239,910	377.48	30	30.00	239,881	29	1
Oklahoma	72,140	332.77	72,140	332.77			72,139		
Oregon	51,936	354.57	51,936	354.57			51,935		
Pennsylvania	283,969	390.24	271,391	369.62	278,797	37.96	5,172	266,219	12,578
Rhode Island	27,778	383.58	25,019	349.50	27,740	68.96	38	24,981	2,759
South Carolina	107,469	324.23	107,469	324.22			107,468		
South Dakota	12,642	314.92	12,642	314.89	12	34.68	12,630	12	
Tennessee	164,202	331.89	164,201	331.89	8	21.94	164,194	7	1
Texas	409,162	312.36	409,160	312.36			409,156		
Utah	20,130	354.05	20,127	353.93	1,514	2.77	18,616	1,511	3
Vermont	12,525	340.87	11,214	313.89	12,478	60.27	47	11,167	1,311
Virginia	131,942	329.45	131,942	329.44			131,942	,	
Washington	100,761	388.04	98,729	376.47	96,573	20.18	4,188	94,541	2,032
West Virginia	71,420	359.87	71,420	359.87			71,420		
Wisconsin	84,887	345.39	84,887	345.39			84,886		
Wyoming	5,798	329.30	5,798	329.30			5,798		
Other:									
Northern Mariana Islands	665	412.39	665	412.39			665		

<sup>1</sup> Includes data not distributed by state.

## Table 7.B7.—Total amount, federal payments, and state supplementation, calendar year 2000

[In thousands]

			State supplem	entation
State	Total	Federal SSI	Federally administered	State administered
Total <sup>1</sup>	\$31,564,439	\$27,290,248	\$3,381,451	\$892,740
Alabama	659.218	658.648		570
Alaska	87,927	36,717		51,210
Arizona	355,324	355,074		250
Arkansas	332,628	332,628		
California	6,385,553	4,041,417	2,344,136	
Colorado	302,774	228,481		74,293
Connecticut	303,230	215,865		87,365
Delaware District of Columbia	50,172 92,673	49,227 89,376	945 3,297	
Florida	1,648,742	1,620,862	5,297	27,876
Georgia	785,363	785.363		
Hawaii	103,603	90,874	12,729	
Idaho	84,444	76,065	, 	8,379
Illinois	1,202,928	1,174,336		28,592
Indiana	386,363	381,786		4,577
lowa	174,581	155,214	2,691	16,676
Kansas	151,084	151,084		
Kentucky	757,988	740,790		17,198
Louisiana Maine	715,603 125,002	715,106 115,902		497 9,100
Maryland	407,041	400.086	3	6,952
Massachusetts	807,328	641,376	165,952	0,932
Michigan	1.083.155	960.707	27,565	94.883
Minnesota	348.412	271.952		76,460
Mississippi	512,112	512,111	1	
Missouri	496,340	470,986		25,354
Montana	57,334	56,523	811	
Nebraska	91,360	85,105		6,255
Nevada	108,413	103,556	4,857	
New Hampshire	60,673	48,825		11,848
New Jersey	672,255	593,624	78,631	
New Mexico	193,487	193,252		235
New York	3,197,466	2,647,827	549,639	
North Carolina	855,219	731,568		123,651
North Dakota	32,022	29,797		2,225
Ohio	1,114,044	1,114,042	2	:::
Oklahoma	339,486	302,057		37,429
Oregon	248,551	228,109	100 500	20,442
Pennsylvania Rhode Island	1,367,077 130,379	1,237,548 106,976	129,529 23,403	
South Carolina	442.810	428.933		13.877
South Dakota	50.516	428,933 48.358		2.153
Tennessee	664,461	664,459	2	2,100
Texas	1,574,945	1,574,945		
Utah	87,074	87,023	51	
Vermont	51,487	42,478	9,009	
Virginia	555,450	535,180		20,270
Washington	484,655	456,107	28,238	310
West Virginia	318,198	318,198		
Wisconsin	480,216	357,084		123,132
Wyoming	24,125	23,444		681
Other: Northern Mariana Islands	3,174	3,174		
		3174		

<sup>1</sup> Includes data not distributed by state.

CONTACT: Stella M. Coleman/Arthur Kahn (410) 965-0157/0186 for further information.

Table 7.B8.—Number of **blind and disabled persons under age 18** receiving federally administered payments, December 2000

State	Total	Blind	Disabled
Total	846,784	6,710	840,074
Alabama	23,699	60	23.639
Alaska	926	11	915
Arizona	12,174	111	12,063
Arkansas	13,624	87	13,537
California	82,169	1,726	80,443
	0.000	10	0.040
Colorado	6,682	40 57	6,642
Connecticut Delaware	5,531 2,509	9	5,474 2.500
District of Columbia	3,227	9 10	3.217
Florida	64,463	218	64,245
Georgia	26,932	226	26,706
Hawaii	1,169	18	1,151
Idaho	3,145	33	3,112
Illinois	38,345	158	38,187
Indiana	16,708	119	16,589
lowa	5,552	94	5,458
Kansas	5,994	39	5,955
Kentucky	22,676	64	22,612
Louisiana	27,105	126	26,979
Maine	2,859	16	2,843
Maryland	13,278	43	13,235
Massachusetts	15,739	516	15,233
Michigan	33,568	134	33.434
Minnesota	8,455	81	8,374
Mississippi	18,526	44	18,482
		70	10.050
Missouri	16,122 1.779	70 9	16,052 1,770
Montana	3.295	24	3.271
Nebraska Nevada	3,295	94	3,750
New Hampshire	1,564	18	1,546
	,		,
New Jersey	19,405	59	19,346
New Mexico	5,418	41	5,377
New York	65,942	189	65,753
North Carolina	28,999	176	28,823
North Dakota	879	10	869
Ohio	40,263	256	40,007
Oklahoma	10,041	114	9,927
Oregon	6,456	74	6,382
Pennsylvania	39,952	165	39,787
Rhode Island	3,222	14	3,208
South Carolina	16,818	161	16,657
South Dakota	1.966	9	1.957
Tennessee	20,475	160	20.315
Texas	47,665	650	47,015
Utah	3,287	38	3,249
Vermont	4 400	8	1 400
Vermont Virginia	1,198 19,220	8 125	1,190 19,095
	19,220	75	11,169
Washington West Virginia	7.334	58	7.276
Wisconsin	14,312	65	14,247
Wyoming	885	4	881
, ,	000	+	001
Other:			
Northern Mariana Islands	144	4	140

# Table 7.B9.—Number of federally administered awards, by category and age, 2000

[Based on 10-percent sample]

			Category			Age	
State	Total	Aged	Blind	Disabled	Under 18	18–64	65 or olde
Total	747,170	116,470	5,830	624,870	144,560	483,170	119,440
Alabama	18,030	1,810	30	16,190	3,110	13,100	1,820
Alaska	1.650	290	20	1.340	230	1.120	300
Arizona	11,500	1,290	120	10,090	2.120	8,030	1,350
Arkansas	8,970	800	50	8.120	2,120	6.110	810
California	106,030	30,940	1,350	73,740	14,660	59,580	31,790
Colorado	5,640	960	60	4,620	960	3,720	960
Connecticut	6,370	820	20	5,530	1.220	4,320	830
Delaware	2,030	230		1,800	500	1,290	240
District of Columbia	2,270	200	30	2,040	700	1,370	200
Florida	51.550	9.090	260	42,200	13,220	29.030	9.300
	- ,	-,				-,	- /
Georgia	23,910	2,830	130	20,950	4,770	16,250	2,890
Hawaii	3,510	1,020	20	2,470	260	2,230	1,020
Idaho	2,830	280	30	2,520	570	1,980	280
Illinois	26,480	3,240	210	23,030	6,650	16,580	3,250
Indiana	11,040	610	110	10,320	3,020	7,400	620
lowa	5,300	450	80	4,770	1,100	3,720	480
Kansas	5,050	260	20	4,770	1,100	3,680	270
Kentucky	19.070	1.390	100	17.580	3.930	13,700	1.440
Louisiana	16,330	1,610	130	14,590	3,990	10,680	1.660
Maine	3,950	350	50	3,550	520	3,080	350
Maryland	12.490	1.830	50	10.610	2.350	8.280	1.860
		3,020	120		3.110	12.600	3.040
Massachusetts	18,750			15,610			
Michigan	22,230	1,850	180	20,200	5,140	15,170	1,920
Minnesota	7,910	1,230	70	6,610	1,690	4,980	1,240
Mississippi	13,570	1,370	80	12,120	3,220	8,960	1,390
Missouri	15,840	1,300	140	14,400	2,860	11,680	1,300
Montana	1,820	160		1,660	320	1,330	170
Nebraska	3,290	370	10	2,910	590	2,330	370
Nevada	4,500	660	50	3,790	840	2,990	670
New Hampshire	1,830	120		1,710	270	1,440	120
New Jersey	17,380	3,780	90	13,510	3.080	10,460	3.840
New Mexico	5,240	750	40	4,450	920	3,570	750
New York	62,950	12,930	160	49.860	10.140	39.170	13.640
North Carolina	22,390	2,720	100	19,570	4,290	15,270	2,830
North Dakota	960	130	20	810	220	610	130
Ohio	23,140	1,660	150	21,330	5.650	15,810	1,680
Oklahoma	7,920	770	100	7,050	1,580	5,550	790
Oregon	7,920	800	20	6,180	1,560	5,060	800
	34,790	3,740	170	30,880	7,200	23,760	3,830
Pennsylvania Rhode Island	3,210	430		2,780	7,200 780	1,980	3,830
	12,430	1,150	160	11,120	2.640	8.630	1.160
South Carolina					2,640 290		270
South Dakota	1,630	260	20	1,350		1,070	
Tennessee	17,090	1,660	190	15,240	3,370	12,040	1,680
Texas Utah	46,830 2,530	9,430 270	790 10	36,610 2,250	8,290 670	28,880 1,590	9,660 270
	,			,		,	
Vermont	1,400	210	20	1,170	250	940	210
Virginia	16,170	2,470	120	13,580	3,070	10,590	2,510
Washington	14,500	1,550	100	12,850	2,490	10,410	1,600
West Virginia	6,620	420	20	6,180	1,080	5,100	440
Wisconsin	8,380	870	30	7,480	2,180	5,330	870
Wyoming	790	70		720	130	590	70
Other:							
Northern Mariana Islands	80	20		60	30	30	20

### 7.C SSI: Benefit Distributions

Table 7.C1.—Number and percentage distribution of **adult individuals** and **persons under age 18** receiving federal SSI payments, by category and monthly amount, December 2000

			Adult individuals		
Monthly amount	Total	Aged	Blind	Disabled	Blind and disabled, under age 18
Total number	5,814,369	955,013	61,892	3,952,985	844,479
Total percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Less than \$50.00 \$50.00-\$99.99 \$100.00-\$149.99 \$150.00-\$149.99 \$150.00-\$249.99 \$250.00-\$249.99 \$300.00-\$349.99 \$350.00-\$399.99	7.1 5.5 4.5 4.3 3.3 7.3	16.0 12.1 10.5 8.3 6.7 5.1 10.6 1.9	9.4 6.6 5.2 4.5 5.1 3.3 8.6 2.3	9.3 7.1 5.1 4.2 3.1 6.6 2.0	2.4 1.1 1.4 1.6 1.9 2.4 6.4 4.3
\$400.00-\$449.99 \$450.00-\$499.99 \$500.00-\$511.99 \$512.00 <sup>1</sup>	2.1	1.3 0.9 0.2 26.4	1.8 1.7 0.4 51.3	1.7 1.6 0.4 54.6	5.5 6.3 1.2 65.5

<sup>1</sup> Individuals living in their own household with no countable income were eligible for a federal SSI payment of \$512 in Calendar Year 2000.

Table 7.C2.—Number and percentage distribution of **couples** receiving federal SSI payments, by category and monthly amount, December 2000

Monthly amount	Total	Aged	Blind	Disabled
Total number	253,023	120,624	2,733	129,666
Total percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Less than \$50.00 \$50.00-\$99.99 \$100.00-\$149.99 \$150.00-\$199.99	5.2	5.2 5.5 5.2 5.0	3.8 3.9 4.6 4.3	4.3 4.9 5.2 5.2
\$200.00-\$249.99 \$250.00-\$299.99 \$300.00-\$349.99 \$350.00-\$399.99	4.6 4.3 4.0 3.2	4.2 3.4 2.8 2.6	4.3 4.3 4.2 3.9	5.0 5.2 5.1 3.7
\$400.00-\$449.99 \$450.00-\$499.99 \$500.00-\$549.99 \$550.00-\$599.99	2.1	2.2 1.8 9.8 1.3	2.8 2.0 4.7 1.9	2.7 2.4 2.9 1.8
\$600.00-\$649.99 \$650.00-\$699.99 \$700.00-\$749.99 \$750.00-\$768.99 \$769.00 <sup>1</sup>	1.2 1.2 1.1 0.3	1.1 1.3 1.3 0.4 47.0	1.7 1.1 0.8 0.5 51.2	1.3 1.1 0.8 0.3 47.9

<sup>1</sup> Couples living in their own household with no countable income were eligible for a federal SSI payment of \$769 in Calendar Year 2000.

Table 7.D1.—Persons receiving both federally administered payments and other income, average monthly amount of income, by source, category, and age, December 2000<sup>1</sup>

		Cate	gory	_	_	Age	
Source of income	Total	Aged	Blind	Disabled	Under 18	18–64	65 or older <sup>2</sup>
Total number	6,601,686	1,289,339	78,511	5,233,836	846,784	3,744,022	2,010,880
			Nu	mber with income			
Social Security benefits Other unearned income Earned income	2,383,275 769,756 293,500	762,410 241,550 19,816	27,060 8,819 5,568	1,593,805 519,387 268,116	61,268 146,296 3,704	1,133,537 306,723 259,708	1,188,470 316,737 30,088
			Pe	rcent with income			
Social Security benefits Other unearned income Earned income	36.1 11.7 4.4	59.1 18.7 1.5	34.5 11.2 7.1	30.5 9.9 5.1	7.2 17.3 0.4	30.3 8.2 6.9	59.1 15.8 1.5
			Aver	age monthly incom	ne		
Social Security benefits Other unearned income Earned income	\$399.44 128.23 308.59	\$398.87 99.88 278.18	\$412.92 114.24 546.96	\$399.49 141.65 305.89	\$181.85 188.02 363.49	\$416.84 129.11 316.98	\$394.07 99.76 229.42

<sup>1</sup> See the section SSI: History of Provisions for discussion of income.
 <sup>2</sup> Includes approximately 18,800 blind and 702,700 disabled persons aged 65 or older.

Table 7.D2.—Percent of persons receiving both federally administered payments and Social Security benefits, average monthly amount of benefits, by category, age, and state, December 2000

		Perce	ent with So	ocial Sec	urity benef	its			Ave	erage month	ly Social Se	ecurity bene	fit	
-		C	ategory			Age				Category			Age	
State	Total	Aged	Blind	Dis- abled	Under 18	18–64	65 or older	Total	Aged	Blind	Disabled	Under 18	18–64	65 or older
Total <sup>1</sup>	36.1	59.1	34.5	30.5	7.2	30.3	59.1	\$399.44	\$398.87	\$412.92	\$399.49	\$181.85	\$416.84	\$394.07
Alabama	43.6	87.0	42.4	34.9	9.8	34.3	80.3	380.60	384.75	369.89	378.62	176.18	399.15	377.71
Alaska	31.1	43.0	35.0	28.5	6.9	29.9	44.8	376.52	330.05	367.65	391.12	156.77	411.57	328.97
Arizona	33.6	61.2	25.4	28.3	7.0	28.2	60.2	368.64	355.25	345.45	374.64	174.64	399.24	350.10
Arkansas California	45.6 37.5	89.7 46.5	36.7 36.6	36.8 33.3	9.9 5.4	36.3 32.4	83.3 48.6	381.97 456.77	394.30 434.65	360.92 486.83	376.17 469.86	176.89 212.15	394.90 486.79	384.74 439.20
Colorado	36.6	58.2	28.6	32.3	7.1	32.7	59.8	385.35	386.22	373.03	385.16	179.35	399.34	378.89
Connecticut	30.7	44.4	24.9	28.3	7.9	28.2	47.4	376.62	360.30	347.46	381.37	168.94	396.63	361.85
Delaware	34.6	68.6	33.3	30.1	7.3	33.0	67.0	400.51	398.41	383.82	401.35	185.40	422.44	393.93
District of Columbia	28.3	66.8	26.3	22.8	5.9	20.6	61.5	380.95	376.74	394.40	382.57	212.67	405.33	371.74
Florida	34.8	52.4	32.6	28.8	7.8	31.6	52.1	375.15	370.34	373.46	378.11	182.08	399.85	368.97
Georgia	41.6	78.3	34.6	33.8	7.3	32.5	74.1	388.70	393.95	371.20	386.38	188.46	403.36	385.65
Hawaii	31.6 36.8	38.5 80.0	28.6 29.7	28.1 32.1	5.0 7.9	27.4 34.3	40.3 77.2	405.71 385.01	374.02 397.48	456.54 376.59	427.20 381.59	196.69 170.47	444.91 394.25	376.51 391.37
Idaho Illinois	23.7	41.9	29.7	20.9	5.8	20.7	43.4	371.61	369.19	370.39	372.36	178.77	387.95	368.17
Indiana	32.6	76.0	30.2	28.6	7.3	30.9	70.7	377.73	390.00	379.24	374.73	164.26	389.38	383.38
lowa	39.6	74.3	40.0	35.2	7.6	36.9	72.3	394.48	404.19	379.91	392.25	164.69	402.99	396.68
Kansas	36.3	67.2	30.3	32.7	8.3	34.9	65.3	385.81	395.89	357.07	383.68	168.53	397.75	388.10
Kentucky	35.9	83.9	33.6	30.1	9.4	28.3	75.1	369.91	378.24	351.14	367.29	162.77	384.81	368.50
Louisiana	36.2	81.1	35.5	28.2	7.8	26.9	74.0	368.31	377.63	354.23	363.83	186.99	380.93	370.28
Maine	45.4	88.0	42.3	40.1	12.1	39.1	82.8	393.24	410.38	377.84	388.64	146.90	399.79	399.66
Maryland	29.5	47.3	30.1	25.6	6.2	25.7	49.6	383.14	377.14	390.79	385.48	207.01	402.21	375.06
Massachusetts	38.4	59.7	42.2	29.9	9.5	32.9	58.8	441.10	445.55	459.59	436.69	181.79	448.29	446.14
Michigan Minnesota	30.2 33.1	60.3 54.9	31.0 26.6	27.0 29.0	7.1 6.6	27.5 30.8	60.8 53.6	396.59 378.64	402.53 384.33	388.65 353.01	395.32 376.90	174.91 169.05	409.71 387.99	397.75 378.79
Mississippi	44.6	88.7	41.6	35.2	9.4	33.8	80.6	375.05	381.56	357.22	371.79	175.36	392.64	372.74
Missouri	38.6	77.9	37.1	33.4	8.6	34.0	73.1	379.59	391.44	371.32	376.06	165.27	390.36	381.46
Montana	39.6	80.3	36.0	35.2	7.9	35.7	76.5	392.48	402.39	345.13	390.52	180.65	403.32	388.66
Nebraska	40.4	74.6	35.6	36.0	7.8	38.9	70.9	394.05	403.06	369.92	391.97	166.47	405.63	392.94
Nevada New Hampshire	34.5 38.1	60.3 69.7	36.3 33.6	24.4 35.2	5.7 12.0	29.5 36.0	59.6 69.4	421.29 390.47	426.12 375.34	447.64 370.65	415.18 393.57	183.20 151.14	429.06 410.39	425.71 380.03
New Jersey	32.9	43.9	35.6	29.5	7.2	30.4	46.6	400.51	389.14	394.44	405.75	201.63	423.47	389.45
New Mexico	40.1	73.5	30.2	32.2	7.1	30.0	69.2	365.83	360.33	353.90	369.02	195.23	388.01	355.56
New York	31.9	45.5	36.7	27.8	6.4	26.9	47.0	426.41	417.95	424.79	430.48	187.03	453.75	412.45
North Carolina	45.6	85.4	36.2	37.0	8.5	37.1	79.0	380.49	387.88	368.19	376.92	177.20	397.41	377.31
North Dakota	46.7	80.9	37.5	39.9	7.4	40.7	74.7	375.85	386.50	307.27	372.29	165.95	382.25	376.22
Ohio	27.0	62.8	27.8	24.2	6.6	24.3	61.2	368.27	378.84	367.66	366.09	168.59	378.67	373.56
Oklahoma	39.0	80.3	31.8	31.7	7.0	31.0	73.9	376.95	389.17	363.19	371.64	185.64	384.73	379.11
Oregon Pennsylvania	35.4 32.7	57.6 66.5	31.4 33.4	31.9 27.7	6.1 7.2	33.2 27.3	58.5 63.2	390.27 407.47	395.20 428.70	345.60 399.88	389.44 399.94	186.38 176.68	399.24 416.55	387.22 412.85
Rhode Island	40.9	65.7	43.8	35.9	8.1	36.7	64.1	431.11	448.78	404.95	424.94	174.11	439.76	433.82
South Carolina	42.0	86.4	36.6	33.5	7.9	32.8	78.7	377.62	382.06	359.58	375.76	190.16	393.53	375.03
South Dakota	42.3	75.1	35.5	36.1	7.9	38.7	70.4	373.23	400.50	361.10	362.60	153.86	376.86	383.43
Tennessee	40.8	85.4	32.4	33.6	8.1	31.9	76.8	378.28	385.68	355.85	375.42	177.18	391.38	375.66
Texas Utah	42.9 30.0	69.7 50.1	31.8 22.2	32.4 27.7	5.5 5.5	30.5 30.4	69.1 50.8	368.54 378.11	364.38 370.63	354.92 310.22	372.40 380.54	203.34 185.03	390.13 391.52	360.73 367.87
Vermont	50.4	89.0	50.4	44.8	10.5	44.1	83.4	424.73	436.40	400.71	421.66	162.98	433.78	424.64
Virginia	30.4 39.1	64.8	33.6	44.0 33.3	7.9	33.8	64.4	379.40	430.40 384.65	369.57	377.16	173.85	433.78 393.70	377.65
Washington	28.9	36.9	27.6	27.6	6.0	28.0	42.1	400.57	392.44	382.51	402.57	181.11	416.36	386.29
West Virginia	32.7	82.4	29.7	28.5	9.7	26.4	70.2	371.75	387.26	358.32	368.09	160.39	381.34	374.12
Wisconsin	35.4	69.5	29.9	30.9	6.7	33.1	66.8	386.38	396.57	382.78	383.41	172.54	394.41	391.95
Wyoming	39.0	82.3	37.7	34.3	8.4	36.5	78.5	387.48	410.34	412.75	381.28	182.82	392.41	398.35
Other: Northern Mariana Islands	28.3	51.7	26.3	21.2	0.7	29.0	47.0	265.04	243.05	221.00	283.47	374.00	288.83	240.34
					-		-				-			

<sup>1</sup> Includes recipients not distributed by state.

# Table 7.E2.—Number and percentage distribution of federally administered awards, by sex, age, and category, 2000

[Based on 10-percent sample]

			Adults							
Age and sex	Total	Aged	Blind	Disabled	Blind and disabled children <sup>1</sup>					
			All persons							
Total number	747,170	116,470	4,910	477,490	148,300					
Total percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0					
Male	49.4	36.1	50.5	48.5	62.7					
Female	50.6	63.9	49.5	51.5	37.3					
Under 5	8.4				42.2					
5–9 10–14	5.3 4.1				26.9 20.9					
15–17	1.5				7.5					
18–21	4.9		13.4	6.8	2.6					
22–29	5.3		10.4	8.2						
30–39 40–49	12.1 17.2		15.5 20.8	18.8 26.7						
40–49 50–59	19.1		20.8	29.6						
60–64	6.1		9.0	10.0						
65–69	8.8	54.7	1.6							
70–74	3.1	19.5	.4							
75–79	1.9	12.0	1.2							
80 or older	2.2	13.8	1.8							
_	Male									
Total number	369,060	42,010	2,480	231,550	93,020					
Total percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0					
Under 5	10.0				39.8					
5–9	7.5				29.7					
10–14	5.4				21.4					
15–17	1.7				6.8					
18–21 22–29	5.6 5.7		13.7 11.7	7.9 8.9	2.3					
30–39	11.7		18.1	18.5						
40–49	17.1		19.0	27.0						
50–59	18.1		27.0	28.5						
60–64	5.5		6.5	9.2						
65–69	6.8	57.9	1.2							
70–74	2.4	20.8	.4							
75–79 80 or older	1.4 1.1	12.0 9.3	1.2 1.2							
	1.1	0.0	1.2							
_			Female							
Total number	378,110	74,460	2,430	245,940	55,280					
Total percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0					
Under 5	6.7				46.1					
5–9	3.2				22.2					
10–14 15–17	2.9 1.3				20.0 8.6					
18–21	4.2		13.2	5.6	3.1					
22–29	4.2 5.0		9.1	7.6	5.1					
30–39	12.5		12.8	19.0						
40–49	17.3		22.6	26.3						
50–59	20.1		24.7	30.7						
60–64	6.6		11.5	10.7						
65–69	10.8	53.0	2.1							
70–74	3.8	18.8	.4							
75–79 80 or older	2.4 3.2	11.9 16.3	1.2 2.5							
	5.2	10.5	2.5							

<sup>1</sup> Includes students aged 18–21.

Table 7.E3.—Number and percentage distribution of persons receiving federally administered payments, by sex, age, and category, December 2000

			Adults		
Age and sex	Total	Aged	Blind	Disabled	Blind and disabled, under age 18
			All persons	·	
Total number <sup>1</sup>	6,601,686	1,289,339	71,801	4,393,762	846,784
Total percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Male Female	41.5 58.5	29.0 71.0	42.7 57.3	40.8 59.2	63.7 36.3
Under 5	2.0 3.6 4.6 2.5 3.4 7.0 11.2 14.3 14.0 6.8 7.8 7.9	···· ···· ···· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ···	 5.9 11.1 15.5 17.2 16.1 7.9 7.3 6.6	 5.1 10.3 16.6 21.1 20.8 10.1 7.0 4.4	15.7 28.3 36.2 19.8   
75–79 80 or older	6.5 8.3	24.8 34.5	4.9 7.3	2.4 2.2	
Total number	2,736,497	374,455	Male 30,660	1,792,241	539,141
Total percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	1,792,241	100.0
Under 5	2.8 5.7 7.3 3.9 4.7 8.8 12.9 14.8 12.4 5.8 6.2 6.1 4.3 4.3	   18.8 29.4 25.3 26.5	 7.2 13.9 18.9 19.0 15.1 7.2 6.1 4.8 3.6 4.2	 7.1 13.2 19.4 22.2 18.7 8.8 5.4 3.0 1.3 .9	14.2 28.9 37.2 19.6   
			Female		
Total number	3,865,189	914,884	41,141	2,601,521	307,643
Total percent Under 5	100.0 1.5	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0 18.3
5-9. 10-14. 15-17. 18-21. 22-29. 30-39. 40-49. 50-59. 60-64. 65-69. 70-74. 75-79. 80 or older	2.2 2.7 1.6 2.5 5.7 10.0 13.9 15.1 7.5 8.9 9.3 8.0 11.1	···· ···· ···· ···· ···· ···· ···· ···· ····	 4.9 9.0 13.0 15.9 16.8 8.4 8.3 7.9 6.0 9.7	 3.7 8.3 14.7 20.4 22.2 11.0 8.1 5.4 3.1 3.1	27.0 34.5 20.2    

<sup>1</sup> Includes recipients not distributed by sex.

# Table 7.E4.—Number and percentage distribution of persons with **representative payees** receiving federally administered payments, by category and age, December 2000

		Number		Percentage distribution				
Category and age	Total	With representative payee	Without representative payee	Total	With representative payee	Without representative payee		
Total	6,601,686	2,223,203	4,378,483	100.0	33.7	66.3		
Category: Aged Blind Disabled Age: Under 18 18–64 65 or older	1,289,339 78,511 5,233,836 846,784 3,744,022 2,010,880	47,978 18,375 2,156,850 845,628 1,225,786 151,789	1,241,361 60,136 3,076,986 1,156 2,518,236 1,859,091	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	3.7 23.4 41.2 99.9 32.7 7.5	96.3 76.6 58.8 .1 67.3 92.5		

#### CONTACT: Arthur Kahn (410) 965-0186 for further information.

Table 7.E5.—Number and percentage distribution of persons receiving federally administered payments, by category, age, and living arrangement, December 2000

			Category				
Living arrangement <sup>1</sup>	Total	Aged	Blind <sup>2</sup>	Disabled <sup>3</sup>	Under 18	18–64	65 or older
Total number	6,601,686	1,289,339	78,511	5,233,836	846,784	3,744,022	2,010,880
Total percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Own household Another's household Institutional care covered by Medicaid	93.8 4.1 2.2	90.9 7.1 2.0	92.2 5.2 2.6	94.5 3.3 2.2	95.5 3.0 1.5	94.4 3.7 1.9	91.9 5.2 2.9

<sup>1</sup> As defined for determination of federal SSI payment standards.

<sup>2</sup> Includes 18,800 persons aged 65 or older.

<sup>3</sup> Includes 702,700 persons aged 65 or older.

#### CONTACT: Arthur Kahn (410) 965-0186 for further information.

# Table 7.E6.—Number of **noncitizens** receiving federally administered payments as a percent of SSI recipients, by category, 1982–2000

	Tot	tal	Ag	led	Blind and	disabled
December	Noncitizens	Percent of total SSI	Noncitizens	Percent of total SSI	Noncitizens	Percent of total SSI
1982	127,900	3.3	91,900	5.9	36,000	1.6
1985	210,800	5.1	146,500	9.7	64,300	2.4
1986	244,300	5.7	165,300	11.2	79,000	2.8
1987	282,500	6.4	188,000	12.9	94,500	3.2
1988	320,300	7.2	213,900	14.9	106,400	3.5
1988	370,300	8.1	245,700	17.1	124,600	4.0
1990	435,600	9.0	282,400	19.4	153,200	4.6
1991	519,660	10.2	329,690	22.5	189,970	5.2
1992	601,430	10.8	372,930	25.4	228,500	5.6
1993	683,150	11.4	416,420	28.2	266,730	5.9
1994	738,140	11.7	440,000	30.0	298,140	6.2
1995	785,410	12.1	459,220	31.8	326,190	6.3
	724,990	11.0	417,360	29.5	307,630	5.9
	650,830	10.0	367,200	27.0	283,630	5.5
	669,630	10.2	364,980	27.4	304,650	5.8
	684,930	10.4	368,330	28.2	316,600	6.0
	692,590	10.5	364,470	28.3	328,120	6.2

CONTACT: Lenna D. Kennedy (410) 965-9846 for further information.

Table 7.F1.—Number and percentage distribution of blind and disabled persons under age 65 receiving federally administered payments and not transferred from prior state programs, by diagnostic group, December 2000

		Nur	nber		Percentag	ge distributior	ı	
		Under age 18,		Aged 2	8–64	Under age 18,		
Diagnostic group	Total	Blind	Disabled	blind and disabled	Total	Blind	Disabled	blind and disabled
Total	4,590,806	51,019	3,693,003	846,784				
Diagnosis available	4,130,574	43,268	3,277,781	809,525	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Infectious and parasitic diseases Neoplasms Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases Diseases of blood and blood-forming organs Mental disorders (other than mental retardation) <sup>2</sup> Mental retardation Diseases of the Nervous system and sense organs Circulatory system	73,510 51,491 178,184 26,002 1,419,469 1,059,769 371,211 188,069	127 91 562 9 399 848 39,419 777	70,402 42,355 171,197 13,580 1,160,250 792,772 237,929 182,952	2,981 9,045 6,425 12,413 258,820 266,149 93,863 4,340	1.8 1.2 4.3 .6 34.4 25.7 9.0 4.6	.3 .2 1.3 (1) .9 2.0 91.1 1.8	2.1 1.3 5.2 .4 35.4 24.2 7.3 5.6	.4 1.1 .8 1.5 32.0 32.9 11.6 .5
Respiratory system Digestive system Genitourinary system Skin and subcutaneous tissue Musculoskeletal system Congenital anomalies Injuries Other	107,490 34,017 42,280 6,385 334,879 58,593 100,046 79,179	43 18 152 20 155 385 183 80	82,528 30,380 39,638 5,503 326,964 15,498 95,217 10,616	24,919 3,619 2,490 862 7,760 42,710 4,646 68,483	2.6 .8 1.0 .2 8.1 1.4 2.4 1.9	.1 (1) .4 (1) .4 .9 .4 .2	2.5 .9 1.2 .2 10.0 .5 2.9 .3	3.1 .4 .3 .1 5.3 .6 8.5

<sup>1</sup> Less than 0.05 percent.
 <sup>2</sup> Beginning in 2000, approximately 60,000 persons previously shown under "Other" are now shown under "Mental disorders (other than mental retardation)".

CONTACT: Stella M. Coleman (410) 965-0157 for further information.

Table 7.F2.—Number and percentage distribution of **blind and disabled persons under age 65** receiving federally administered payments, by diagnostic group, age, and sex, December 2000

						Age				
Diagnostic group	Total	Under 5	5–12	13–17	18–21	22–29	30–39	40–49	50–59	60–64
	I				Tot	al			I	
Total	4,590,806	132,860	424,321	289,603	226,792	461,731	741,315	941,481	925,044	447,659
Diagnosis available, number	4,130,574	123,515	404,943	281,067	221,005	432,575	671,816	821,644	788,622	385,387
Diagnosis available, percentage distribution	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Infectious and parasitic diseases	1.8	.3	.5	.2	.2	.8	3.1	3.3	1.8	1.1
Neoplasms Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	1.2 4.3	1.6 1.3	1.2 .7	.8 .7	.9 .8	.8 1.6	.7 3.1	1.2 5.7	1.8 8.2	2.0 7.9
Diseases of blood and blood-forming organs Mental disorders (other than mental retardation) <sup>1</sup>	.6 34.4	1.6 16.9	1.7 36.1	1.3 32.7	1.2 24.4	.9 29.1	.5 38.0	.3 44.4	.2 34.2	.2 23.5
Mental retardation	25.7	7.8	31.2	46.4	49.9	45.7	33.0	18.6	10.7	6.9
Diseases of the— Nervous system and sense organs	9.0	12.0	12.6	10.0	14.4	12.0	9.2	7.1	6.4	6.1
Circulatory system	4.6	1.3	.5	.3	.6	.9	1.5	3.5	9.9	16.0
Respiratory system Digestive system	2.6 .8	7.2 1.5	3.0 .3	1.4 .2	.7 .2	.6 .3	.8 .6	1.7 1.2	4.5 1.3	6.1 1.1
Genitourinary system	1.0	.4	.3	.3	.7	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.2	.9
Skin and subcutaneous tissue Musculoskeletal system	.2 8.1	.2 .9	.1 .9	.1 1.1	.1 1.2	.1 1.9	.2 4.1	.2 7.9	.2 16.4	.2 24.5
Congenital anomalies	1.4	14.0	4.7	2.2	1.9	1.2	.5	.2	.1	.1
Injuries Other	2.4 1.9	.8 32.3	.5 5.7	.5 1.9	1.8 .9	2.7 .4	3.1 .3	2.9 .3	2.9 .3	3.2 .2
					Ма	le				
Total	2,166,214	76,607	278,006	184,542	129,291	241,667	353,127	403,775	339,894	159,305
Diagnosis available, number	1,951,874	71,380	265,856	179,052	126,045	226,362	320,264	347,403	281,131	134,381
Diagnosis available, percentage distribution	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Infectious and parasitic diseases	2.2	.3	.4	.2	.2	.8	4.0	4.7	2.8	1.5
Neoplasms Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	1.1 2.1	1.5 1.2	1.0 .6	.7 .5	.9 .7	.7 1.2	.6 1.9	1.0 2.9	1.9 4.1	2.2 4.3
Diseases of blood and blood-forming organs Mental disorders (other than mental retardation)	.7 35.0	1.6 19.9	1.5 41.4	1.1 37.8	1.0 26.7	.8 30.2	.4 37.3	.2 44.0	.1 31.8	.1 20.8
Mental retardation Diseases of the—	28.5	8.5	30.0	44.0	49.0	45.2	34.7	20.5	12.4	8.1
Nervous system and sense organs	9.1	11.7	10.7	8.7	13.9	11.9	9.1	6.9	6.5	6.5
Circulatory system Respiratory system	4.3 2.3	1.2 8.0	.4 2.9	.2 1.4	.6 .6	.8 .4	1.5 .5	3.8 1.1	12.5 4.3	19.6 6.8
Digestive system	.8	1.5	.2	.2	.2	.3	.5	1.4	1.7	1.4
Genitourinary system Skin and subcutaneous tissue	1.0 .1	.4 .1	.3 .1	.3 .1	.6 .1	1.1 .1	1.3 .1	1.6 .1	1.5 .2	1.0 .2
Musculoskeletal system	5.9	.8	.7	.7	.8	1.3	3.2	7.0	15.2	22.5
Congenital anomalies	1.5 3.1	12.9 .8	3.8 .5	1.8 .5	1.7 2.1	1.1 3.7	.5 4.3	.2 4.2	.1 4.5	.1 4.7
Other	2.2	29.4	5.4	1.8	.9	.5	.3	.3	.3	.2
					Fem	ale				
Total	2,424,592	56,253	146,315	105,061	97,501	220,064	388,188	537,706	585,150	288,354
Diagnosis available, number	2,178,700	52,135	139,087	102,015	94,960	206,213	351,552	474,241	507,491	251,006
Diagnosis available, percentage distribution	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Infectious and parasitic diseases Neoplasms	1.4 1.4	.3 1.7	.7 1.6	.3 .9	.3 .9	.9 .8	2.3 .9	2.2 1.4	1.3 1.8	.9 1.9
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	6.3	1.3	1.0	.9	1.0	2.0	4.3	7.9	10.4	9.8
Diseases of blood and blood-forming organs Mental disorders (other than mental retardation)	.6 33.8	1.6 12.7	2.1 25.8	1.6 23.7	1.4 21.3	1.0 27.8	.5 38.7	.3 44.7	.2 35.5	.2 25.0
Mental retardation	23.1	6.8	33.3	50.6	51.2	46.2	31.5	17.2	9.7	6.3
Diseases of the— Nervous system and sense organs	8.9	12.4	16.2	12.1	15.1	12.0	9.2	7.2	6.3	5.9
Circulatory system	4.8 2.9	1.5 6.1	.6 2 1	.4	.7	.9	1.5	3.3 2.2	8.4	14.0
Respiratory system Digestive system	2.9	6.1 1.6	3.1 .4	1.5 .3	.8 .3	.8 .4	1.2 .7	2.2 1.1	4.5 1.0	5.7 .9
Genitourinary system	1.0	.3	.3	.4	.8	1.1	1.3	1.2	1.1	.9
Skin and subcutaneous tissue Musculoskeletal system	.2 10.1	.2 .9	.2 1.3	.1 1.7	.1 1.7	.2 2.4	.2 4.9	.2 8.6	.2 17.1	.2 25.5
Congenital anomalies	1.3	15.5	6.5	3.0	2.1	1.3	.6	.2	.1	.1
Injuries Other	1.8 1.6	.8 36.2	.7 6.4	.5 2.0	1.3 .9	1.7 .4	2.0 .2	1.9 .3	2.0 .3	2.4 .2
								-	-	

<sup>1</sup> Beginning in 2000, approximately 60,000 persons previously shown under "Other" are now shown under "Mental disorders (other than mental retardation)".

CONTACT: Stella M. Coleman (410) 965-0157 for further information.

Table 7.F3.—Number of persons receiving special Supplemental Security Income payments and extended Medicaid coverage, for selected months, 1982-2000

	Special SSI ca (section 1		Continuation of Medicaid coverage only (section 1619(b)) <sup>1</sup>			
Reporting month	Number	Percentage change over prior report month	Number	Percentage change over prior report month		
December: <sup>2</sup>						
1982	287		5,515			
1983	392		5,165			
1987	14,559		15,632			
1988	19,920	36.8	15,625			
1989	25,655	28.8	18,254	16.8		
1990	13,994	-45.5	23,517	28.8		
1991	15,531	11.0	27,264	15.9		
1992	17,603	13.3	31,649	16.1		
1993	20,028	13.8	35,299	11.5		
1994	24,315	21.4	40,683	15.3		
1995	28,060	15.4	47,002	15.5		
1996	31,085	10.8	51,905	10.4		
1997	34,673	11.5	57,089	10.0		
1998	37,271	7.5	59,542	4.3		
1999	25,528	-31.5	69,265	16.3		
2000	27,542	7.9	83,572	20.7		
1998						
March	34,637	1	54,639	-4.3		
June	35,528	2.6	55,761	2.1		
September	37,216	4.8	58,183	4.3		
December	37,271	.1	59,542	2.3		
1999						
March	39,457	5.9	63,431	6.5		
June	23.304	-40.9	66.939	5.5		
September	23,914	2.6	70,580	5.4		
December	25,528	6.7	69,265	-1.9		
2000						
March	25,055	-1.9	69,545	.4		
June	25.837	3.1	77.782	11.8		
September	26,180	1.3	84.199	8.2		
December	27,542	5.2	83,572	7		

<sup>1</sup> Includes blind participants. For December 2000, of the 83,572 participants, 1,488 were blind. <sup>2</sup> Data not available for December 1984, 1985, 1986.

Note: In January 1990, the SGA level was raised from \$300 to \$500 and section 1619(a) participants with earnings below \$500 became eligible for regular SSI benefits rather than the special cash payments under section 1619(a). This is reflected in the decrease shown for 1990. In July 1999, the SGA level was further increased to \$700, resulting in the decrease shown for June 1999.

Table 7.F4.—Number of persons receiving special Supplemental Security Income payments and extended Medicaid coverage, by age, sex, and types of earned and unearned income, December 2000

	Special SSI ca (section 1		Continuation of Medicai (section 161	
Selected characteristics	Number	Average earnings	Number	Average earnings
Total	27,542	\$945	83,572	\$1,048
Age: Under 18	282 2,849 8,881 7,753 5,074 2,185 391 127	880 912 939 954 958 957 966 928	356 3,469 21,307 26,515 18,712 8,577 2,521 2,115	(1) 1,154 1,162 1,016 1,007 997 887 794
Sex: Male Female Earned income: <sup>2</sup> Wages Self-employment	15,132 12,410 27,147 542	953 936 946 908	45,082 38,490 81,855 2,350	1,076 1,015 1,050 1,039
Earnings level: Less than \$400.00. \$400.00-\$499.00. \$500.00-\$599.00. \$600.00-\$699.00. \$700.00-\$899.00. \$900.00-\$1,199.00. \$1,200.00 or more.	 11,679 13,681 2,181	 795 1,009 1,354	11,500 7,286 7,852 6,662 8,263 9,708 32,301	268 437 528 631 778 1,034 1,749
Unearned income: <sup>2</sup> None Social Security Other pensions Assistance based on need Interest, dividends, etc Other	24,385 867 45 4 1,687 695	949 861 894 828 951 893	30,452 48,802 639 28 5,525 3,850	1,528 714 892 1,191 923 1,140

<sup>1</sup> Data not available.

<sup>2</sup> Persons with more than one type are shown under each type.

Table 7.F5.—Number of persons receiving special Supplemental Security Income payments and extended Medicaid coverage and average monthly earnings, by state, December 2000

	Special SSI ca (section 1		Continuation of Medica (section 16	
State	Number	Average earnings	Number	Average earnings
Total	27,542	\$945	83,572	\$1,048
Alabama	379	922	928	1,133
Alaska <sup>1</sup>	45	940	142	1,001
Arizona	304	931	966	1,063
Arkansas	264	924	862	989
California	4,525	1,039	7,267	1,295
Colorado	316	929	1,167	1,045
Connecticut <sup>1</sup>	248	899	1,172	916
Delaware	74	915	304	1,082
District of Columbia	80	941	243	1,209
Florida	1,181	907	3,423	1,047
Georgia	631	902	1,956	1,017
	47	885	136	978
	131	910	488	904
	1,236	915	3,489	1,079
	493	923	1,884	924
lowa	370	922	1,731	760
Kansas <sup>1</sup>	252	919	1,031	890
Kentucky	423	923	1,338	1,237
Louisiana	588	910	1,503	993
Maine	158	969	678	966
Maryland	402	931	1,372	1,098
Massachusetts	1,019	963	3,534	1,159
Michigan	1,184	930	4,317	1,054
Minnesota <sup>1</sup>	495	902	2,648	938
Mississippi	323	916	1,025	1,137
Missouri <sup>1</sup>	477	914	1,633	840
Montana	83	899	403	793
Nebraska <sup>1</sup>	171	925	629	876
Nevada <sup>1</sup>	113	935	354	1,091
New Hampshire <sup>1</sup>	92	932	441	956
New Jersey	537	936	1,826	1,139
New Mexico	147	910	496	966
New York	2,391	957	6,064	1,185
North Carolina	533	922	1,993	999
North Dakota <sup>1</sup>	59	908	309	810
Ohio 1	1,440	918	4,104	1,027
Oklahoma 1	215	921	769	913
Oregon 1	199	924	1,106	893
Pennsylvania	1,303	933	3,700	980
Rhode Island	110	966	441	1,034
South Carolina	349	918	1,092	977
South Dakota	100	909	508	813
Tennessee	515	922	1,732	1,132
Texas	1,179	913	3,898	990
Utah <sup>1</sup>	143	916	463	896
Vermont Virginia <sup>1</sup>	127 575 698 144 617 51	992 926 937 929 923 923 921	360 1,666 2,221 490 3,049 215	982 980 1,082 1,166 920 753
Other: Northern Mariana Islands	6	909	6	779

<sup>1</sup> Initial Medicaid determinations are made by the state after identification of potentially eligible persons by the Social Security Administration.

#### Table 8.A1.—Hospital Insurance, 1966–2000

[Amounts in millions]

		Receipts								Expe	nditures		
				T	Reimburser general reve						Administrativ	e expenses	Truck
Calendar year	Total	Payroll taxes	Income from taxation of benefits	Transfers from Railroad Retirement account	Uninsured persons	Military wage credits	Premiums from voluntary enrollees	Interest on investments and other income <sup>1</sup>	Total	Benefit payments <sup>2</sup>	Amount <sup>3</sup>	Percent- age of benefit payments	Trust fund assets at end of year
1966 1967 1968 1969	\$1,943 3,559 5,287 5,279	\$1,858 3,152 4,116 4,473	···· ··· ···	\$16 44 54 64	\$26 301 1,022 617	\$11 11 22 11	···· ····	\$32 51 74 113	\$999 3,430 4,277 4,857	\$891 3,353 4,179 4,739	\$108 77 99 118	12.1 2.3 2.4 2.5	\$944 1,073 2,083 2,505
1970 1971 1972 1973 1974	5,979 5,732 6,403 10,821 12,024	4,881 4,921 5,731 9,944 10,844	···· ··· ···	66 66 63 99 132	863 503 381 451 471	11 48 48 48 48	\$2 5	158 193 180 278 523	5,281 5,900 6,503 7,289 9,372	5,124 5,751 6,318 7,057 9,099	157 150 185 232 272	3.1 2.6 2.9 3.3 3.0	3,202 3,034 2,935 6,467 9,119
1975 1976 1977 1978 1979	12,980 13,766 15,856 19,213 22,825	11,502 12,727 14,114 17,324 20,768	· · · · · · · · · ·	138 143 (5) <sup>5</sup> 214 191	621 (4) <sup>4</sup> 803 688 734	48 141 <sup>6</sup> 143 141 141	7 9 12 13 16	664 746 784 834 975	11,581 13,679 16,019 18,178 21,073	11,315 13,340 15,737 17,682 20,623	266 339 283 496 450	2.4 2.5 1.8 2.8 2.2	10,517 10,605 10,442 11,477 13,228
1980 1981 1982 1983 1984	26,097 35,725 37,998 44,570 46,720	23,848 32,959 34,586 37,259 42,288	···· ··· ···	244 276 351 358 351	697 659 808 878 752	141 207 207 <sup>8</sup> 3,456 250	18 22 24 27 33	1,149 1,603 2,022 2,593 3,046	25,577 30,726 36,144 39,877 43,887	25,064 30,342 35,631 39,337 43,257	512 384 513 540 629	2.0 1.3 1.4 1.4 1.5	13,749 18,748 <sup>7</sup> 8,164 12,858 15,691
1985 1986 1987 1988 1989	51,397 59,267 64,064 69,239 76,721	47,576 54,583 58,648 62,449 68,369	···· ··· ···	371 364 368 364 379	766 566 447 475 515	<sup>9</sup> -719 91 94 80 86	41 43 38 41 55	3,362 3,619 4,469 5,830 7,317	48,414 50,422 50,289 53,331 60,803	47,580 49,758 49,496 52,517 60,011	834 664 793 815 792	1.8 1.3 1.6 1.6 1.3	<sup>7</sup> 20,499 <sup>7</sup> 39,957 53,732 69,640 85,558
1990 1991 1992 1993 1994	80,372 88,839 93,836 98,187 109,570	72,013 77,851 81,745 84,133 95,280	\$1,639	367 352 374 400 413	413 605 621 367 506	<sup>10</sup> -993 89 86 81 80	122 432 522 675 907	8,451 9,510 10,487 <sup>11</sup> 12,531 10,745	66,997 72,570 85,015 94,391 104,545	66,239 71,549 83,895 93,487 103,282	758 1,021 1,121 904 1,263	1.1 1.4 1.3 1.0 1.2	98,933 115,202 124,022 127,818 132,844
1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000	115,027 124,603 130,154 140,547 151,597 167,185	98,421 110,585 114,670 124,317 132,306 144,351	3,913 4,069 3,558 5,067 6,552 8,787	396 401 419 419 430 465	462 419 481 34 652 470	61 <sup>12</sup> -2,293 70 67 71 2	954 1,199 1,319 1,316 1,447 1,382	10,820 10,222 9,637 9,327 10,139 11,729	117,604 129,929 139,452 135,771 130,632 131,095	116,368 128,632 137,762 <sup>13</sup> 133,990 <sup>13</sup> 128,766 <sup>13</sup> 128,458	1,236 1,297 1,690 1,782 1,866 2,636	1.1 1.0 1.2 1.3 1.4 2.1	130,267 124,942 115,643 120,419 141,385 177,475

<sup>1</sup> Other income includes recoveries of amounts reimbursed from the trust fund which are not obligations of the trust fund, receipts from the fraud and abuse control program, and a small amount of miscellaneous income.

<sup>2</sup> Includes costs of Peer Review Organizations (beginning with the implementation of the Prospective Payment System on Oct. 1, 1983).

<sup>3</sup> Includes costs of experiments and demonstration projects. Beginning in 1997, includes fraud and abuse control expenses, as provided for by P.L. 104–91.

<sup>4</sup> No transfer was made in 1976 because of the change in transfer dates from December to March. The 1977 transfer was for benefits and administrative expenses during the 15-month period beginning July 1976 and ending September 1977.

<sup>5</sup> No transfer was made in 1977 because of the change in transfer dates from August to June. The 1978 transfer was for contributions during the 15-month period beginning

July 1976 and ending September 1977. <sup>6</sup> Includes \$2 million in reimbursements from general revenues for costs arising from the granting of deemed wage credits to persons of Japanese ancestry who were interned during World War II.

7 For 1982, assets exclude \$12,437 million loaned to the OASI trust fund under the interfund borrowing provisions of the law. Repayments of \$1,824 million and \$10,613 million were made in 1985 and 1986, respectively.

<sup>8</sup> The lump-sum general revenue transfer, as provided for by section 151 of P.L. 98-21.

<sup>9</sup> Includes the lump-sum general revenue adjustment of \$805 million, as provided for by section 151 of P.L. 98-21.

<sup>10</sup> Includes the lump-sum general revenue adjustment of \$1,100 million, as provided for by section 151 of P.L. 98-21.

<sup>11</sup> Includes \$1,805 million transfer from the Supplementary Medical Insurance (SMI) catastrophic coverage reserve fund, as provided for by P.L. 102–394.

12 Includes the lump-sum general revenue adjustment of \$2,366 million, as provided for by section 151 of P.L. 98-21.

<sup>13</sup> Includes monies transferred to the SMI trust fund for home health agency costs, as provided for by P.L. 105–33.

Note: Totals do not necessarily equal the sums of rounded components.

Source: 2001 Annual Report of the Board of Trustees of the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund, table II.D2, and analogous tables from earlier Annual Reports.

#### Table 8.A2.—Supplementary Medical Insurance, 1966–2000

[Amounts in millions]

			Receip	ots				Expenditu	res		Balance <sup>1</sup>
		Premiur	ns from particip	ants					Administrat	ive expenses	Truck formed
Calendar year	Total	Total	Aged	Disabled	Government contributions <sup>2</sup>	Interest and other income <sup>3</sup>	Total	Benefit payments	Amount	Percentage of benefit payments	Trust fund assets at end of year
1966 1967 1968 1969	\$324 1,597 1,711 1,839	\$322 640 832 914	\$322 640 832 914	· · · · · · · · · ·	\$0 933 858 907	\$2 24 21 18	\$203 1,307 1,702 2,061	\$128 1,197 1,518 1,865	\$75 110 184 196	58.6 9.2 12.1 10.5	\$122 412 421 199
1970 1971 1972 1973 1974	2,201 2,639 2,808 3,312 4,124	1,096 1,302 1,382 1,550 1,804	1,096 1,302 1,382 1,491 1,664	 \$59 140	1,093 1,313 1,389 1,705 2,225	12 24 37 57 95	2,212 2,377 2,614 2,844 3,728	1,975 2,117 2,325 2,526 3,318	237 260 289 318 410	12.0 12.3 12.4 12.6 12.4	188 450 643 1,111 1,506
1975	4,673	1,918	1,759	158	2,648	107	4,735	4,273	462	10.8	1,444
1976	5,977	2,060	1,878	183	3,810	107	5,622	5,080	542	10.7	1,799
1977	7,805	2,247	2,030	217	5,386	172	6,505	6,038	467	7.7	3,099
1978	9,056	2,470	2,221	248	6,287	299	7,755	7,252	503	6.9	4,400
1979	9,768	2,719	2,451	267	6,645	404	9,265	8,708	557	6.4	4,902
1980	10,874	3,011	2,707	304	7,455	408	11,245	10,635	610	5.7	4,530
1981	15,374	<sup>4</sup> 3,722	<sup>4</sup> 3,356	<sup>4</sup> 366	<sup>4</sup> 11,291	361	14,028	13,113	915	7.0	5,877
1982	16,580	<sup>4</sup> 3,697	<sup>4</sup> 3,341	<sup>4</sup> 356	<sup>4</sup> 12,284	599	16,227	15,455	772	5.0	6,230
1983	19,824	4,236	3,845	391	14,861	727	18,984	18,106	878	4.8	7,070
1984	23,180	5,167	4,721	445	17,054	959	20,552	19,661	891	4.5	9,698
1985	25,106	5,613	5,105	508	18,250	1,243	23,880	22,947	933	4.1	10,924
1986	24,665	5,722	5,218	504	17,802	1,141	27,299	26,239	1,060	4.0	8,291
1987	31,844	<sup>5</sup> 7,409	<sup>5</sup> 6,747	<sup>5</sup> 661	<sup>5</sup> 23,560	875	31,740	30,820	920	3.0	8,394
1988	35,825	<sup>5</sup> 8,761	<sup>5</sup> 7,983	<sup>5</sup> 778	<sup>5</sup> 26,203	861	35,230	33,970	1,260	3.7	8,990
1989	<sup>6</sup> 44,349	<sup>6,7</sup> 12,263	9,793	993	30,852	<sup>6</sup> 1,234	<sup>6</sup> 39,783	38,294	<sup>6</sup> 1,489	3.9	<sup>6</sup> 13,556
1990	45,913	11,320	10,311	1,008	33,035	1,558	43,987	42,468	1,519	3.6	15,482
1991	51,224	11,934	10,846	1,088	37,602	1,688	48,877	47,336	1,541	3.3	17,828
1992	57,237	<sup>8</sup> 14,077	<sup>8</sup> 12,814	<sup>8</sup> 1,263	<sup>8</sup> 41,359	1,801	50,830	49,260	1,570	3.2	24,235
1993	57,679	<sup>8</sup> 14,193	<sup>8</sup> 12,731	<sup>8</sup> 1,462	<sup>8</sup> 41,465	2,021	57,784	<sup>9</sup> 55,784	2,000	3.7	24,131
1994	55,607	17,386	15,569	1,817	36,203	2,018	60,317	58,618	1,699	2.9	19,422
1995	60,306	19,717	17,651	2,066	39,007	1,582	66,599	64,972	1,627	2.5	13,130
1996	85,609	18,763	16,654	2,109	65,035	1,811	70,408	68,598	1,810	2.6	28,332
1997	81,924	19,289	17,079	2,210	60,171	2,464	74,124	72,757	1,368	1.9	36,131
1998	87,711	20,933	18,594	2,338	<sup>10</sup> 64,068	2,711	77,630	<sup>11</sup> 76,125	1,505	2.0	46,212
1999	80,902	<sup>10</sup> 18,967	<sup>10</sup> 16,604	<sup>10</sup> 2,362	<sup>10</sup> 59,095	2,841	82,327	<sup>11</sup> 80,724	1,603	2.0	44,787
2000	89,903	<sup>10</sup> 20,555	<sup>10</sup> 17,892	<sup>10</sup> 2,664	<sup>10</sup> 65,898	3,450	90,663	<sup>11</sup> 88,893	1,770	2.0	44,027

<sup>1</sup> The financial status of the program depends on both the assets and the liabilities of the program.

<sup>2</sup> General fund matching payments, plus certain interest-adjustment items.

<sup>3</sup> Other income includes recoveries of amounts reimbursed from the trust fund that are not obligations of the trust fund and other miscellaneous income.

<sup>4</sup> Section 708 of Title VII of the Social Security Act modified the provisions for the delivery of Social Security benefit checks when the regularly designated delivery day falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal public holiday. Delivery of benefit checks normally due January 1982 occurred on Dec. 31, 1981. Consequently, the SMI premiums withheld from the checks (\$264 million) and the associated general revenue contributions (\$883 million) were added to the SMI trust fund on Dec. 31, 1981. These amounts are excluded from the premium income and general revenue income for calendar year 1982.

<sup>5</sup> Delivery of benefit checks normally due January 1988 occurred on Dec. 31, 1987. Consequently, the SMI premiums withheld from the checks (\$692 million) and the associated general revenue contributions (\$2,178 million) were added to the SMI trust fund on Dec. 31, 1987. These amounts are excluded from the premium income and general revenue income for calendar year 1988; see footnote 4.

<sup>6</sup> Includes the impact of the Medicare Catastrophic Coverage Act of 1988 (P.L. 100-360).

<sup>7</sup> Catastrophic coverage premiums-\$1.5 billion-not distributed between aged and disabled enrollees are included in total.

<sup>8</sup> Delivery of benefit checks normally due January 1993 occurred on Dec. 31, 1992. Consequently, the SMI premiums withheld from the checks (\$1,089 million) and the associated general revenue contributions (\$3,175 million) were added to the SMI trust fund on Dec. 31, 1992. These amounts are excluded from the premium income and general revenue income for calendar year 1993; see footnote 4.

<sup>9</sup> Includes the impact of the transfer to the HI trust fund of the SMI catastrophic coverage reserve fund on Mar. 31, 1993, as specified in P.L. 102–394. Actual benefit payments for 1993 were \$53,979 million and the amount transferred was \$1,805 million.

<sup>10</sup> Delivery of benefit checks normally due January 1999 occurred on Dec. 31, 1998. Consequently, the SMI premiums withheld from the checks (\$1,512 million) and the associated general revenue contributions (\$4,711 million) were added to the SMI trust fund on December 31, 1998. These amounts are excluded from the premium income and general revenue income for calendar year 1999; see footnote 4.

<sup>11</sup>Benefit payments less monies transferred from the HI trust fund for home health agency costs, as provided for by P.L. 105–33.

Note: Totals do not necessarily equal the sums of rounded components.

Source: 2001 Annual Report of the Board of Trustees of the Federal Supplementary Medical Insurance Fund, table II.D2, analogous tables from earlier Annual Reports, and unpublished Treasury reports.

Table 8.B1.—Hospital Insurance and Supplementary Medical Insurance: Aged persons enrolled, served, and amount reimbursed, by type of coverage and service, 1967–1998<sup>1</sup>

Hospital Insurance       19,         Supplementary Medical Insurance       17,1         Hospital Insurance and/or Supplementary Medical Insurance       3,         Inpatient hospital       3,         Skilled nursing services       3,         Home health services <sup>2</sup> 6,         Outpatient services       6,         Nupplementary Medical Insurance       6,         Physicians' and other medical services       6,         Outpatient services <sup>2</sup> 1,         Home health services <sup>2</sup> 1,         Hospital Insurance and/or Supplementary Medical Insurance       6,         Inpatient hospital       1,         Hospital Insurance and/or Supplementary Medical Insurance       1,         Hospital Insurance       1,         Skilled nursing services       1,         Home health services <sup>2</sup> 1,         Supplementary Medical Insurance       1,         Home health services <sup>2</sup> 1,         Home health services <sup></sup>		22,790 22,472 21,945 12,032 4,963 4,913 260 329 11,762 11,396 3,768 161	25,515 25,104 24,680 16,271 6,024 5,951 2,48 675 16,099 15,627 6,629 302	30,948 30,464 29,685 Persons so 24,809 6,367 5,906 615 1,818 24,687 24,193	rolled (in thou 33,424 33,022 31,984 erved (in thou 27,263 7,139 6,091 1,321 3,290	33,630 33,237 32,164	33,802 33,410 32,308 25,931 6,840 6,074	1.9 1.9 2.1 4.5
Hospital Insurance       19,         Supplementary Medical Insurance       17,         Hospital Insurance and/or Supplementary Medical Insurance       3,         Inpatient hospital       3,         Skilled nursing services       6,         Physicians' and other medical services       6,         Outpatient services <sup>2</sup> 1,         Home health services <sup>2</sup> 5,         Physicians' and other medical services       6,         Outpatient services       1,         Home health services <sup>2</sup> 1,         Hospital Insurance       1,         Skilled nursing services	494 893 154 960 601 354 126 523 415 511 118 367	22,472 21,945 12,032 4,963 4,913 260 329 11,762 11,396 3,768	25,104 24,680 16,271 6,024 5,951 248 675 16,099 15,627 6,629	30,464 29,685 Persons si 24,809 6,367 5,906 615 1,818 24,687 24,193	33,022 31,984 erved (in thou 27,263 7,139 6,091 1,321	33,237 32,164 Isands) 26,587 7,360 6,220	33,410 32,308 25,931 6,840	1.9 2.1 4.5
Hospital Insurance       3,         Inpatient hospital       3,         Skilled nursing services       3,         Home health services <sup>2</sup> 6,         Supplementary Medical Insurance       6,         Outpatient services       6,         Hospital Insurance and/or Supplementary Medical Insurance       1,         Hospital Insurance and/or Supplementary Medical Insurance       1,         Inpatient hospital       Skilled nursing services         Home health services <sup>2</sup> 5         Unpatient services       1,         Hospital Insurance       1,         Hospital Insurance       1,         Hospital Insurance and/or Supplementary Medical Insurance       1,         Hospital Insurance       1,         Skilled nursing services       2,         Home health services <sup>2</sup> 3,         Supplementary Medical Insurance       3,         Physicians' and other medical services	960 601 354 126 523 415 511 118 367	4,963 4,913 260 329 11,762 11,396 3,768	6,024 5,951 248 675 16,099 15,627 6,629	24,809 6,367 5,906 615 1,818 24,687 24,193	27,263 7,139 6,091 1,321	26,587 7,360 6,220	6,840	
Hospital Insurance       3,1         Inpatient hospital       3,1         Skilled nursing services       3,1         Home health services <sup>2</sup> 6,         Supplementary Medical Insurance       6,         Outpatient services <sup>2</sup> 6,         Unpatient services <sup>2</sup> 1,         Home health services <sup>2</sup> 1,         Home health services <sup>2</sup> 1,         Hospital Insurance and/or Supplementary Medical Insurance       1,         Inpatient hospital       Skilled nursing services.         Home health services <sup>2</sup> 5         Supplementary Medical Insurance       6,         Outpatient services <sup>2</sup> 1,         Hospital Insurance       1,         Hospital Insurance       1,         Inpatient hospital       5         Skilled nursing services       2,         Home health services <sup>2</sup> 5         Supplementary Medical Insurance       1,         Physicians' and other medical services       1,         Outpatient services       1,	960 601 354 126 523 415 511 118 367	4,963 4,913 260 329 11,762 11,396 3,768	6,024 5,951 248 675 16,099 15,627 6,629	6,367 5,906 615 1,818 24,687 24,193	7,139 6,091 1,321	7,360 6,220	6,840	
Hospital Insurance       3,1         Inpatient hospital       3,1         Skilled nursing services       3,1         Home health services <sup>2</sup> 6,         Supplementary Medical Insurance       6,         Outpatient services       6,         Nome health services <sup>2</sup> 1,         Home health services <sup>2</sup> 1,         Home health services <sup>2</sup> 1,         Hospital Insurance and/or Supplementary Medical Insurance       1,         Hospital Insurance       1,         Inpatient hospital       Skilled nursing services         Home health services <sup>2</sup> 5         Supplementary Medical Insurance       6,         Outpatient services <sup>2</sup> 1,         Hospital Insurance       1,         Inpatient hospital       5         Skilled nursing services       2,         Home health services <sup>2</sup> 5         Supplementary Medical Insurance       6,         Physicians' and other medical services       6,         Outpatient services       7,	960 601 354 126 523 415 511 118 367	4,963 4,913 260 329 11,762 11,396 3,768	6,024 5,951 248 675 16,099 15,627 6,629	6,367 5,906 615 1,818 24,687 24,193	6,091 1,321	7,360 6,220	6,840	
Skilled nursing services       3         Home health services <sup>2</sup> 6         Supplementary Medical Insurance       6         Physicians' and other medical services       6         Outpatient services <sup>2</sup> 1         Home health services <sup>2</sup> 1         Hospital Insurance and/or Supplementary Medical Insurance       1         Hospital Insurance       1         Inpatient hospital       5         Skilled nursing services       1         Home health services <sup>2</sup> 1         Skilled nursing services       1         Home health services <sup>2</sup> 1         Skilled nursing services       1         Home health services <sup>2</sup> 1         Outpatient services <sup>2</sup> 1	354 126 523 415 511 118 367	260 329 11,762 11,396 3,768	248 675 16,099 15,627 6,629	615 1,818 24,687 24,193	1,321		6,074	1.9
Home health services 2       6,         Supplementary Medical Insurance       6,         Physicians' and other medical services       6,         Outpatient services       1,         Home health services 2       1,         Hospital Insurance       1,         Hospital Insurance       1,         Skilled nursing services       1,         Home health services 2       1,         Home health services 2       1,         Upplementary Medical Insurance       1,         Physicians' and other medical services       1,         Outpatient services 2       1,         Skilled nursing services 2       1,         Home health services 2       1,         Supplementary Medical Insurance       1,         Physicians' and other medical services       1,         Outpatient services       1,	126 523 415 511 118 367	329 11,762 11,396 3,768	675 16,099 15,627 6,629	1,818 24,687 24,193			1,443	1.8 5.0
Physicians' and other medical services       6,         Outpatient services       1,         Home health services <sup>2</sup> 1,         Hospital Insurance and/or Supplementary Medical Insurance       1,         Hospital Insurance and/or Supplementary Medical Insurance       1,         Hospital Insurance       1,         Skilled nursing services       1,         Home health services <sup>2</sup> 1,         Supplementary Medical Insurance       1,         Physicians' and other medical services       1,         Outpatient services       1,	415 511 118 367	11,396 3,768	15,627 6,629	24,193		3,483	<sup>3</sup> 2,641	11.1
Outpatient services       1,         Home health services <sup>2</sup> 1         Hospital Insurance and/or Supplementary Medical Insurance       1         Hospital Insurance       1         Inpatient hospital       1         Skilled nursing services       1         Home health services <sup>2</sup> 1         Supplementary Medical Insurance       1         Physicians' and other medical services       1         Outpatient services       1	511 118 367	3,768	6,629		27,113	26,237	25,605 25,083	4.8 4.8
Home health services <sup>2</sup> Hospital Insurance and/or Supplementary Medical Insurance Hospital Insurance Inpatient hospital Skilled nursing services Home health services <sup>2</sup> Supplementary Medical Insurance Physicians' and other medical services Outpatient services	118 367			14,055	26,432 17,875	25,707 18,093	25,083	4.8 9.0
Hospital Insurance         Inpatient hospital         Skilled nursing services         Home health services <sup>2</sup> Supplementary Medical Insurance         Physicians' and other medical services         Outpatient services				38	45	47	1,339	8.7
Hospital Insurance         Inpatient hospital         Skilled nursing services         Home health services <sup>2</sup> Supplementary Medical Insurance         Physicians' and other medical services         Outpatient services			Р	Persons serv	ed per 1,000	enrollees		
Inpatient hospital Skilled nursing services Home health services 2 Supplementary Medical Insurance Physicians' and other medical services Outpatient services		528	638	802	816	791	767	2.6
Skilled nursing services Home health services <sup>2</sup> Supplementary Medical Insurance Physicians' and other medical services Outpatient services	203 185	221 219	240 237	209 94	216 185	221 187	205 182	0 -0.1
Supplementary Medical Insurance Physicians' and other medical services Outpatient services	18	12	10	21	40	43	43	3.0
Physicians' and other medical services Outpatient services	7 365	15 536	27 652	60 832	100 848	105 816	<sup>3</sup> 79 793	8.7 2.7
	359	519	633	815	826	799	776	2.7
	77 7	172 7	269 12	474 1	559 1	563 2	562 41	7.1 6.3
				Amount rei	mbursed (in r	nillions)		
Hospital Insurance and/or Supplementary Medical Insurance \$4,	239	\$12,689	\$29.134	\$88,778	\$145,322	\$152,772	\$146,355	13.0
Hospital Insurance 2,9	967	9,209	20,353	54,244	95,404	101,027	90,511	12.5
	659 274	8,840 233	19,583 331	48,952 1,886	71,191 9,157	73,237 10,831	71,899 11,074	12.0 13.6
Home health services <sup>2</sup>	26	136	440	3,406	15,056	16,960	<sup>3</sup> 7,538	24.5
	272	3,481	8,871	34,533	49,918	51,744	55,844	13.9
Physicians' and other medical services	224 38	3,050 374	7,361 1,261	27,379 7,077	36,865 12,838	38,206 13,319	38,685 12,972	12.6 22.2
Home health services <sup>2</sup>	17	56	159	78	215	219	4,187	20.9
			An	nount reimb	ursed per per	son served		
	592	\$1,055	\$1,791	\$3,578	\$5,330	\$5,746	\$5,644	8.1
	749 738	1,855 1,799	3,379 3,291	8,520 8,289	13,363 11,688	13,726 11,774	13,233 11,837	10.4 10.0
	774	896	1,336	3,068	6,931	7,511	7,675	8.2
	204	413	652	1,874	4,577	4,869	<sup>3</sup> 2,855	9.5
	195 191	296 268	545 471	1,399 1,132	1,841 1,395	1,972 1,486	2,181 1,542	8.7 7.5
Outpatient services	25	99	190	503	718	736	715	12.3
Home health services <sup>2</sup>	145	347	526	2,033	4,815	4,606	3,126	11.2
				Amount rei	mbursed per	enrollee		
	217 152	\$557 410	\$1,142 811	\$2,869 1,781	\$4,348 2,899	\$4,543 3,040	\$4,330 2,709	10.9 10.4
Inpatient hospital	137	394	780	1,607	2,156	2,203	2,152	10.0
Skilled nursing services	14	11	13	62	277	326	331	11.5
Home health services <sup>2</sup> Supplementary Medical Insurance	1 71	6 159	18 356	112 1,163	456 1,561	510 1,609	<sup>3</sup> 226 1,728	23.5 11.6
Physicians' and other medical services	69	139	298	922	1,153	1,188	1,197	10.3
Outpatient services Home health services <sup>2</sup>	2 1	17 2	51	238	401	414	402	20.1

<sup>1</sup> Data for persons enrolled as of July 1 are 100 percent and include Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) beneficiaries. Calendar year utilization for persons served and amounts reimbursed are inflated to represent 100 percent and exclude HMO services.

<sup>2</sup> The Balanced Budget Act of 1997, enacted on Aug. 5, 1997, specified that effective January 1998, coverage for the majority of home health services not associated with a hospital or skilled nursing facility will be transferred from the Hospital Insurance (HI) program to Supplementary Medical Insurance (SMI) program. The HI program will cover the first 100 home health agency visits following a hospital or skilled nursing facility stay of at least 3 days. From July 1981 to December 1997, home health agency services have been almost exclusively provided by the HI program. For more information, refer to the 1998 HI and SMI Trust Fund Reports.

<sup>3</sup> Hospice utilization is combined in the Part A home health services.

Table 8.B2.—Hospital Insurance and Supplementary Medical Insurance: Disabled persons enrolled, served, and amount reimbursed, by type of coverage and service, 1974–1998<sup>1</sup>

Type of coverage and service	1974	1975	1980	1990	1996	1997	1998	Average annual rate change (percent), 1974–1998
-					rolled (in tho	,		
Hospital Insurance and/ or Supplementary Medical Insurance Hospital Insurance	1,928 1,928	2,168 2,168	3,171 3,171	3,255	4,640 4,640	4,815 4,815	5,023 5,023	4.4 4.4
Supplementary Medical Insurance	1,928	2,168	2,883	3,255 2,943	4,640 4,155	4,815	5,023 4,472	4.4
	,	,	,	Persons se	erved (in thou	isands)	,	
Hospital Insurance and/ or Supplementary Medical Insurance	792	975	2,287	2,390	3,476	3,547	3,641	7.2
Hospital Insurance	400	475	659	680	964	986	961	4.1
Inpatient hospital	397	472	628	644	868	887	899	3.8
Skilled nursing services	8	8	23	23	63	73	3025	10.7
Home health services <sup>2</sup> Supplementary Medical Insurance	15 740	22 924	105 2,263	122 2,365	293 3,442	304 3,499	<sup>3</sup> 225 3,596	13.1 7.5
Physicians' and other medical services	691	865	2,159	2,249	3,315	3,363	3,452	7.6
Outpatient services	296	399	1,415	1,496	2,407	2,510	2,619	10.4
Home health services <sup>2</sup>	9	13	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	131	12.9
Hospital Insurance and/ or Supplementary Medical Insurance	411	450	721	734	749	737	725	2.6
Hospital Insurance Inpatient hospital	208 206	219 218	208 198	209 198	208 187	205 184	191 179	-0.4 -0.6
Skilled nursing services	4	4	7	7	14	15	15	6.2
Home health services <sup>2</sup>	8	10	33	38	63	63	349	8.6
Supplementary Medical Insurance	424	471	785	804	828	814	804	3.0
Physicians' and other medical services Outpatient services	396 170	442 204	749 491	764 508	798 579	783 584	772 586	3.1 5.8
Home health services <sup>2</sup>	5	7	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	29	8.3
				Amount reir	mbursed (in r	nillions)		
Hospital Insurance and/ or Supplementary Medical Insurance	\$1,049	\$1,509	\$10,364	\$11,239	\$22,647	\$23,796	\$23,855	15.3
Hospital Insurance	694	987	6,253	6,694	13,790	14,383	13,624	14.5
Inpatient hospital Skilled nursing services	681 7	968 9	5,936 143	6,346 85	11,848 464	12,177 564	12,342 603	14.1 22.5
Home health services <sup>2</sup>	6	10	173	264	1.478	1.641	<sup>3</sup> 678	28.4
Supplementary Medical Insurance	355	522	4,111	4,545	8,858	9,414	10,231	16.5
Physicians' and other medical services	206	295	2,623	2,831	5,125	5,474	5,749	16.3
Outpatient services Home health services <sup>2</sup>	145 3	221 5	1,488 (4)	1,714 (4)	3,733 (4)	3,940 (4)	3,994 488	16.3 (4)
-			An	nount reimbu	ursed per per	son served		
Hospital Insurance and/ or Supplementary Medical Insurance	\$1,324	\$1,548	\$4,531	\$4,703	\$6,515	\$6,710	\$6,552	7.5
Hospital Insurance	1,735	2,077	9,482	9,847	14,306	14,582	14,170	10.0
Inpatient hospital	1,714	2,051	9,455	9,849	13,649	13,731	13,722	9.9
Skilled nursing services Home health services <sup>2</sup>	936 399	1,049 478	6,107 1,645	3,702 2,156	7,336 5,052	7,785 5,395	8,066 <sup>3</sup> 3,014	10.3 9.6
Supplementary Medical Insurance	479	565	1,817	1,922	2,574	2,691	2,845	9.0 8.4
Physicians' and other medical services	298	341	1,215	1,259	1,546	1,628	1,666	8.1
Outpatient services	490	554	1,051	1,146	1,551	1,569	1,525	5.3
Home health services <sup>2</sup>	345	420	230	517	1,235	1,046	3,732	11.4
_				Amount reir	nbursed per e	enrollee		
Hospital Insurance and/ or Supplementary Medical Insurance	\$544	\$696	\$3,268	\$3,453	\$4,881	\$4,942	\$4,749	10.4
Hospital Insurance Inpatient hospital	360 353	455 446	1,972 1,872	2,057 1,950	2,972 2,553	2,987 2,529	2,712 2,457	9.6 9.2
Skilled nursing services	4	440	45	26	2,555	2,529	2,457	9.2
Home health services <sup>2</sup>	3	5	55	81	319	341	<sup>3</sup> 135	18.9
Supplementary Medical Insurance	208	266	1,426	1,544	2,132	2,191	2,288	11.5
Physicians' and other medical services	118 83	151 113	910 516	962 582	1,233 898	1,247 917	1,285 893	11.5 11.4
Outpatient services								

<sup>1</sup>Data for persons enrolled as of July 1 are 100 percent and include Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) beneficiaries. Calendar year utilization for persons served and amounts reimbursed are inflated to represent 100 percent and exclude HMO services.

<sup>2</sup>The Balanced Budget Act of 1997, enacted on Aug. 5, 1997, specified that effective January 1998, coverage for the majority of home health services not associated with a hospital or skilled nursing facility will be transferred from the Hospital Insurance (HI) program to Supplementary Medical Insurance (SMI) program. The HI program will cover the first 100 home health agency visits following a hospital or skilled nursing facility stay of at least 3 days. From July 1981 to December 1997, home health agency services have been almost exclusively provided by the HI program. For more information, refer to the 1998 HI and SMI Trust Fund Reports.

<sup>3</sup>Hospice utilization is combined in the Part A home health services.

<sup>4</sup>Sample population too small to yield valid calculated results.

Table 8.B3.—Hospital Insurance and Supplementary Medical Insurance: Number of enrollees, by state, July 1, 1980–2000

[In thousands]

					Aged			
Census division and state	1980	1990	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Total	25,515	30,948	33,142	38,064	33,630	33,802	33,929	34,347
United States <sup>1</sup>	25,027	30,350	32,492	37,269	32,958	33,120	33,240	33,635
ew England	1,506	1,734	1,816	2,067	1,826	1,827	1,829	1,840
Connecticut		436	455	457	456	456	456	458
Maine		165	174	176	177	178	179	18
Massachusetts New Hampshire		795 126	825 139	828 140	828 142	827 143	826 145	83 14
Rhode Island		145	149	140	142	148	143	14
Vermont		68	72	73	74	74	75	7
liddle Atlantic	4,496	5,084	5,267	5,903	5,262	5,259	5,264	5,27
New Jersey		1,006	1,058	1,062	1,063	1,064	1,065	1,06
New York		2,280	2,328	2,325	2,320	2,320	2,334	2,340
Pennsylvania		1,798	1,881	1,883	1,878	1,874	1,865	1,86
ast North Central Illinois		5,224 1,401	5,500 1,446	6,261 1,444	5,523 1,441	5,527 1,440	5,526 1,437	5,55 1,43
Indiana		685	725	728	730	732	732	73
Michigan		1,101	1,177	1,183	1,188	1,191	1,194	1,20
Ohio		1,387	1,471	1,475	1,476	1,476	1,474	1,48
Wisconsin		650	683	686	687	689	689	69
est North Central		2,424	2,510	2,808	2,514	2,515	2,513	2,52
lowa		422	432	431	430	429	427	42
Kansas Minnesota		337 544	348 570	348 573	348 575	348 577	347 579	34 58
Missouri		706	733	734	734	735	734	73
Nebraska		221	228	228	228	227	227	22
North Dakota		91	94	94	93	93	93	9
South Dakota		102	106	106	106	106	106	10
outh Atlantic		5,536	6,091	7,070	6,250	6,307	6,330	6,45
Delaware		80 71	90 70	92 68	93	95	96 66	9
District of Columbia Florida		2,174	70 2,396	2,434	67 2,460	67 2,477	2,473	6 2,51
Georgia		636	700	710	721	730	736	75
Maryland		496	542	549	554	559	562	57
North Carolina		786	878	892	906	917	925	94
South Carolina		383 645	428 714	435 724	443 733	449 742	454 748	46 76
Virginia West Virginia		264	274	274	273	272	270	27
ast South Central		1,887	2,000	2,437	2,028	2,035	2,041	2,07
Alabama		508	541	546	549	551	553	2,07
Kentucky	402	459	482	484	486	487	488	49
Mississippi		313	325	327	328	328	328	33
Tennessee		607	652	659	665	669	672	68
/est South Central	,	2,880	3,120	3,632	3,187	3,211	3,232	3,28
Arkansas Louisiana		343 460	356 488	357 491	358 494	357 495	358 495	36 49
Oklahoma		400	432	433	434	435	436	44
Texas		1,665	1,845	1,874	1,901	1,924	1,943	1,98
lountain	1,043	1,490	1,726	2,013	1,806	1,839	1,863	1,91
Arizona	295	456	536	551	562	573	577	59
Colorado	244	324	367	376	383	389	395	40
Idaho		121 106	134 114	136	138	140	142 118	14
Montana Nevada		128	172	116 180	116 188	117 195	200	11 21
New Mexico		160	182	186	190	193	196	20
Utah		147	168	171	174	176	178	18
Wyoming	38	47	54	54	55	56	57	5
acific	3,157	4,082	4,444	5,060	4,548	4,586	4,630	4,70
Alaska		22	28	29	31	32	33	3
California Hawaii		2,990 118	3,241 138	3,286 141	3,320 144	3,348 146	3,385 148	3,43 15
Oregon		390	422	425	426	428	429	43
Washington		562	614	622	627	632	635	64
esidence unknown		10	18	16	15	14	12	
		344	383	391	398	404	404	42
utlying areas Puerto Rico		344 337	363	391	398	404	404 393	42 40
Virgin Islands		6	8	8	8	8	9	40
Other		1	8	8	9	9	2	1
	217	254	268	271	275	277		

See footnotes at end of table.

#### Table 8.B3.—Hospital Insurance and Supplementary Medical Insurance: Number of enrollees, by state, July 1, 1980–2000–Continued

[In thousands]

	Disabled								
Census division and state	1980 <sup>1</sup>	1990	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	
Total	2,963	3,255	4,393	4,640	4,815	5,023	5,212	5,273	
United States <sup>2</sup>	2,863	3,148	4,266	4,507	4,675	4,878	5,062	5,122	
New England	141	156	228	243	254	266	277	280	
Connecticut	31	33	47	49	51	54	56	56	
Maine Massachusetts	16 64	18 72	27 108	29 115	31 119	33 124	35 128	36 129	
New Hampshire	9	11	108	113	20	21	22	23	
Rhode Island	14	14	19	20	21	22	23	23	
Vermont	7	7	10	11	12	12	13	13	
Middle Atlantic	493	473	603	633	657	685	713	715	
New Jersey	91	86	110	115	119	124	130	130	
New York	237	229	302	319	331	346	360	359	
Pennsylvania	165	158	190	199	206	215	223	226	
East North Central	486	561	715	744	758	782	807	809	
Illinois Indiana	113 63	132 77	172 99	179 103	181 105	186 109	192 113	191 115	
Michigan	118	132	170	103	181	188	195	113	
Ohio	141	156	196	203	207	213	219	217	
Wisconsin	50	64	79	81	83	86	88	89	
West North Central	180	211	280	295	305	317	328	333	
lowa	29	34	43	44	46	47	49	49	
Kansas	22	26	35	38	39	41	42	43	
Minnesota Missouri	35 67	44 75	60 100	63 106	64 111	67 115	69 120	70 122	
Nebraska	14	16	22	23	24	24	25	26	
North Dakota	6	7			10	10	10	10	
South Dakota	7	8	11	12	12	12	13	13	
South Atlantic	545	607	834	892	940	990	1,034	1,060	
Delaware	7	8	11	12	12	13	14	14	
District of Columbia	8	7	8	9	9	9	9	9	
Florida	147 88	165 96	232 134	251 142	267 148	284 155	298 161	309 164	
Georgia Maryland	00 41	90 46	60	63	66	69	72	74	
North Carolina	91	106	149	159	168	178	186	191	
South Carolina	51	59	81	87	92	96	101	103	
Virginia	68	77	105	111	117	122	128	130	
West Virginia	43	44	55	58	60	63	65	66	
East South Central	246	287	397	422	441	462	480	488	
Alabama Kentucky	63 62	74 75	101 105	108 112	113 117	118 123	123 128	125 130	
Mississippi	46	53	72	76	80	83	86	87	
Tennessee	76	85	119	127	132	138	143	146	
West South Central	288	317	452	477	497	514	528	531	
Arkansas	45	48	67	70	73	76	78	79	
Louisiana	63	71	93	97	99	101	103	102	
Oklahoma	41 139	39 159	56 236	60 251	63 262	65 272	67 280	68 282	
Texas									
Mountain Arizona	112 34	148 42	228 66	243 71	255 74	267 78	276 81	281 84	
Colorado	24	34	54	57	60	62	64	64	
Idaho	9	11	16	17	18	19	20	21	
Montana	9	12	16	16	17	17	18	18	
Nevada	8	13	22	24	26	28	29	30	
New Mexico	15 9	19 13	28 20	30 21	31 21	32 22	33 23	33 23	
Utah Wyoming	3	4	20	7	7	8	23	23	
Pacific	367	388	529	556	, 569	593	618	624	
Alaska	2	3	5	6	6	6	7	7	
California	284	289	392	411	418	435	452	455	
Hawaii	7	9	11	12	12	13	14	14	
Oregon	31	34	47	49	51	53	55	57	
Washington	43	53	74	79	82	86	90	91	
Residence unknown	4	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Outlying areas	88	93	112	118	124	130	134	137	
Puerto Rico Virgin Islands	88	92	110	116	122	127	132	134	
Virgin Islands Other	(2) (2)	(2)	(2)	1	1	2	1	2	
	\-/	(-)	(-)			-		-	

 $^1$  Represents beneficiaries of 50 states, District of Columbia and those with residence unknown.  $^2$  Data not available.

# Table 8.B4.—Hospital Insurance and Supplementary Medical Insurance: Number of persons aged 65 or older enrolled, by age, sex, and race, selected years July 1, 1980–1999

		[In thousands	5]													
Age, sex, and race	1980	1985	1990	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999								
			Hospital and	d Supplement	ary Medical In	surance										
Total	25,515	28,176	30,948	33,142	33,424	33,630	33,802	33,929								
Age: 65–69 70–74 75–79 80–84 85 or older	8,459 6,756 4,809 3,081 2,410	8,956 7,441 5,453 3,463 2,861	9,695 7,951 6,058 3,957 3,286	9,517 8,756 6,563 4,470 3,837	9,445 8,745 6,749 4,554 3,930	9,317 8,737 6,932 4,619 4,025	9,184 8,725 7,055 4,707 4,130	9,077 8,656 7,232 4,735 4,229								
Sex: Men Women Race:	10,268 15,247	11,282 16,894	12,416 18,532	13,434 19,708	13,583 19,841	13,701 19,929	13,806 19,996	13,900 20,029								
White All other races Unknown	22,534 2,257 724	24,745 2,585 846	26,855 3,114 979	29,011 3,253 878	29,177 3,374 873	29,215 3,139 1,276	29,288 3,259 1,255	29,311 4,431 187								
				Hospital Ins	surance											
Total	25,104	27,683	30,464	32,742	33,022	33,237	33,410	33,516								
Age: 65–69 70–74 75–79 80–84 85 or older	8,302 6,592 4,731 3,072 2,407	8,818 7,292 5,315 3,403 2,854	9,565 7,829 5,947 3,872 3,252	9,411 8,652 6,483 4,409 3,787	9,342 8,642 6,666 4,495 3,877	9,222 8,636 6,847 4,561 3,971	9,093 8,626 6,968 4,649 4,074	8,984 8,552 7,138 4,674 4,168								
Sex: Men Women Race:	10,156 14,948	11,146 16,536	12,280 18,184	13,310 19,431	13,458 19,563	13,579 19,658	13,684 19,726	13,770 19,746								
White	22,244 2,160 699	24,424 2,444 815	26,591 2,931 942	28,822 3,127 792	28,992 3,236 793	29,036 3,043 1,158	29,111 3,151 1,148	29,131 4,206 179								
			Supp	lementary Me	dical Insuranc	e		19,72619,74629,11129,1313,1514,206								
Total	24,680	27,311	29,686	31,742	31,984	32,164	32,308	32,403								
Age: 65–69 70–74 75–79 80–84 85 or older	8,156 6,570 4,684 2,981 2,289	8,607 7,277 5,333 3,381 2,712	9,008 7,740 5,942 3,879 3,118	8,830 8,430 6,431 4,392 3,659	8,742 8,412 6,604 4,476 3,751	8,605 8,402 6,772 4,541 3,845	10,205 6,649 6,881 4,627 3,946	8,349 8,315 7,043 4,651 4,042								
Sex: Men Women Race:	9,868 14,813	10,852 16,459	11,758 17,927	12,694 19,048	12,818 19,166	12,919 19,245	13,007 19,302	13,079 19,324								
All other races Unknown	21,876 2,114 691	24,060 2,441 810	25,849 2,910 927	27,899 3,028 815	28,035 3,136 813	28,061 2,914 1,190	28,115 3,020 1,173	28,115 4,126 162								

Table 8.B5.—Hospital Insurance and Supplementary Medical Insurance: Number of disabled persons and persons with end stage renal disease under age 65 enrolled, by age, sex, and race, selected years July 1, 1980–1999

	19	980	19	90	199	95	199	98	19	99				
Age, sex, and race	Total	End stage renal disease only	Total	End stage renal disease only	Total	End stage renal disease only	Total	End stage renal disease only	Total	End stage renal disease only				
				Hospital Insurar	nce and Supple	ementary Med	dical Insurance							
Total	2,963,175	28,334	3,255,007	64,692	4,393,294	70,526	5,022,817	77,395	5,211,634	67,058				
Age:														
Under 35	371,204	8,773	483,265	16,603	587,709	15,942	558,419	16,234	542,507	12,792				
35–44	369,460	5,188	654,957	14,159	973,328	15,149	1,093,963	16,350	1,117,360	14,222				
45–54	657,486	6,977	741,200	15,800	1,187,995	19,473	1,453,359	22,231	1,539,116	20,337				
55–64	1,565,025	7,396	1,375,585	18,130	1,644,262	19,962	1,917,076	22,580	2,012,651	19,707				
Sex:														
Men	1,870,558	14,547	2,042,944	33,647	2,627,807	36,279	2,885,653	40,371	2,959,769	35,798				
Women	1,092,617	13,787	1,212,063	31,045	1,765,487	34,247	2,137,164	37,024	2,251,865	31,260				
Race:														
White	2,422,253	19,232	2,480,767	35,638	3,216,249	34,418	3,622,218	35,791	3,734,108	28,574				
All other races	486,677	7,907	712,315		985,924	31,407	1,141,214	35,397	1,445,265	37,603				
Unknown	54,245	1,195	61,925	2,577	191,121	4,701	259,385	6,207	32,261	881				
	Hospital Insurance													
Total	2,963,156	28,334	3,254,983	64,677	4,393,287	70,526	5,022,811	77,394	5,211,162	67,056				
Age:														
Under 35	371,199	8,773	483,262		587,709	15,942	558,417	16,234	542,400	12,792				
35–44	369,458	5,188	654,953		973,328	15,149	1,093,962	16,350	1,117,262	14,222				
45–54	657,483	6,977	741,193		1,187,993	19,473	1,453,356	22,230	1,539,006	20,337				
55–64	1,565,016	7,396	1,375,575	18,125	1,644,257	19,962	1,917,076	22,580	2,012,494	19,705				
Sex:														
Men	1,870,543	14,547	2,042,929	33,639	2,627,802	36,279	2,885,651	40,371	2,959,498	35,797				
Women	1,092,613	13,787	1,212,054	31,038	1,765,485	34,247	2,137,160	37,023	2,251,664	31,259				
Race:														
White	2,422,239	19,232	2,480,754	35,631	3,216,247	34,418	3,622,215	35,791	3,733,764	28,574				
All other races	486,672	7,907	712,304	26,469	985,919	31,407	1,141,213	35,397	1,445,139	37,601				
Unknown	54,245	1,195	61,925	2,577	191,121	4,701	259,383	6,206	32,259	881				
				Sup	plementary M	edical Insuran	се							
Total	2,719,226	27,046	2,943,480	58,912	3,942,452	63,189	4,472,463	66,777	4,637,088	62,633				
Age:														
Under 35	339,665	8,294	441,640	14,782	534,868	14,042	500,821	13,683	485,600	11,830				
35–44	337,146	4,963	586,537	12,567	869,845	13,121	968,782	13,473	988,378	13,045				
45–54	596,287	6,683	666,257	14,559	1,049,718	17,483	1,272,214	19,155	1,346,050	18,899				
55–64	1,446,128	7,106	1,249,046	17,004	1,488,021	18,543	1,730,646	20,466	1,817,060	18,859				
Sex:														
Men	1,694,569	13,887	1,833,959	30,338	2,346,940	32,122	2,556,481	34,249	2,620,171	33,092				
Women	1,024,657	13,159	1,109,521	28,574	1,595,512	31,067	1,915,982	32,528	2,016,917	29,541				
Race:														
White	2,218,176	18,458	2,236,781	32,347	2,882,893	30,531	3,220,156	30,160	3,315,154	26,658				
All other races	449,753	7,446	650,121	24,240	891,837	28,487	1,024,864	31,310	1,293,562	35,173				
Unknown	51,297	1,142	56,578		167,722	4,171	227,443	5,307	28,372	802				
		•	,	, -	•	•	, -							

Table 8.B8—Hospital Insurance: Average covered charge per covered day of care in short-stay hospitals (1990–2000) and skilled nursing facilities (1975–2000), by state<sup>1</sup>

	Short-stay hospitals									
Census division and state <sup>2</sup>	1990	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000 <sup>3</sup>		
Total <sup>4</sup>	\$1,090	\$1,753	\$1,908	\$2,067	\$2,235	\$2,370	\$2,533	\$2,753		
United States <sup>5</sup>	1,081	1,763	1,920	2,081	2,252	2,388	2,554	2,777		
New England	988	1,567	1,763	1,915	2,050	2,149	2,284	2,427		
Connecticut	1,177 927	1,801 1,460	2,013 1,645	2,207 1,826	2,336 1,949	2,442 2,005	2,522 2,140	2,598 2,323		
Maine Massachusetts	942	1,513	1,705	1,830	1,949	2,005	2,140	2,323		
New Hampshire	1,022	1,543	1,699	1,847	2,010	2,061	2,269	2,477		
Rhode Island	851	1,413	1,638	1,818	1,923	2,046	2,172	2,309		
Vermont	923	1,456	1,580	1,646	1,817	1,849	1,945	1,988		
Middle Atlantic	943	1,550	1,704	1,849	2,082	2,272	2,480	2,734		
New Jersey	725	1,639	1,865	2,093	2,458	2,726	3,154	3,752		
New York	836	1,252	1,366	1,477	1,702	1,843	1,971	2,107		
Pennsylvania	1,236	1,925	2,109	2,251	2,402	2,628	2,806	2,993		
East North Central	1,097	1,721	1,866	2,025	2,146	2,225	2,377	2,540		
Illinois Indiana	1,202 997	1,951 1,575	2,126 1,713	2,340 1,830	2,476 1,950	2,614 2,006	2,806 2,108	3,006 2,264		
Michigan	1,193	1,756	1,881	2,014	2,124	2,000	2,100	2,204		
Ohio	1,030	1,599	1,730	1,872	1,985	2,050	2,233	2,348		
Wisconsin	933	1,535	1,690	1,856	1,994	2,081	2,201	2,412		
West North Central	1,052	1,677	1,831	1,988	2,111	2,235	2,400	2,628		
lowa	902	1,453	1,573	1,726	1,821	1,831	1,953	2,120		
Kansas	1,093	1,752	1,957	2,105	2,212	2,203	2,377	2,577		
Minnesota	1,132	1,794	1,938	2,108	2,243	2,457	2,651	2,898		
Missouri Nebraska	1,108 1,043	1,755 1,710	1,922 1,850	2,076 2,012	2,218 2,167	2,381 2,386	2,551 2,600	2,773 2,995		
North Dakota	937	1,367	1,509	1,630	1,776	1,898	2,000	2,174		
South Dakota	915	1,396	1,518	1,649	1,760	1,806	1,919	2,156		
South Atlantic	1,106	1,722	1,876	2,023	2,154	2,277	2,430	2,629		
Delaware	1,191	1,759	1,831	1,882	1,889	1,926	1,948	1,957		
District of Columbia	1,374	1,960	2,129	2,267	2,417	3,061	3,178	3,318		
Florida	1,360	2,124	2,351	2,567	2,730	2,902	3,147	3,432		
Georgia Maryland	1,081 813	1,594 1,256	1,744 1,365	1,881 1,504	2,020 1,618	2,144 1,527	2,323 1,565	2,513 1,601		
North Carolina	932	1,502	1,603	1,688	1,799	1,896	2,004	2,165		
South Carolina	1,021	1,675	1,818	1,950	2,087	2,185	2,362	2,605		
Virginia	1,022	1,606	1,732	1,877	2,010	2,115	2,257	2,423		
West Virginia	1,009	1,378	1,472	1,585	1,654	1,620	1,681	1,815		
East South Central	1,019	1,573	1,718	1,858	1,983	2,077	2,248	2,442		
Alabama	1,176	1,877	2,054	2,222	2,402	2,499	2,677	2,901		
Kentucky Mississippi	967 865	1,466 1,306	1,630 1,437	1,762 1,546	1,901 1,655	1,972 1,678	2,093 1,852	2,256 2,013		
Tennessee	1,012	1,546	1,662	1,820	1,905	2,062	2,262	2,013		
West South Central	1,138	1,783	1,937	2,098	2,234	2,344	2,520	2,759		
Arkansas	923	1,382	1,511	1,649	1,744	1,776	1,974	2,182		
Louisiana	1,180	1,794	1,926	2,056	2,179	2,275	2,451	2,718		
Oklahoma	997	1,453	1,620	1,772	1,892	1,988	2,146	2,325		
Texas	1,212	1,953	2,118	2,296	2,450	2,573	2,749	3,001		
Mountain	1,350	2,181	2,321	2,549	2,743	2,878	3,016	3,269		
Arizona	1,442	2,356	2,617	2,880	3,164	3,382	3,537	3,872		
Colorado Idaho	1,308 1,140	2,225 1,789	2,240 1,951	2,434 2,115	2,504 2,303	2,673 2,201	3,047 2,328	3,382 2,467		
Montana	1,036	1,610	1,742	1,877	1,907	1,947	2,046	2,227		
Nevada	2,031	2,967	3,253	3,492	3,858	4,017	3,973	4,295		
New Mexico	1,140	1,766	1,913	2,081	2,302	2,254	2,410	2,525		
Utah	1,283	1,990	2,069	2,290	2,433	2,556	2,721	2,862		
Wyoming	1,094	1,765	1,985	2,110	2,269	2,122	2,257	2,365		
Pacific	1,651	2,708	2,877	3,074	3,339	3,574	3,818	4,216		
Alaska	1,470 1,794	2,032	2,385	2,434	2,695	2,701	2,817	3,152		
California Hawaii	1,794	2,960 2,242	3,156 2,319	3,371 2,484	3,679 2,599	3,931 2,803	4,228 2,941	4,690 2,964		
Oregon	1,275	1,905	1,987	2,135	2,290	2,358	2,481	2,304		
Washington	1,162	1,816	1,924	2,020	2,146	2,237	2,448	2,696		
Outlying areas	510	686	739	794	842	832	894	944		
Puerto Rico	505	683	736	793	837	831	893	943		
Virgin Islands	746	854	843	831	1,068	870	922	1,008		

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 8.B8—Hospital Insurance: Average covered charge per covered day of care in short-stay hospitals (1975–1998) and skilled nursing facilities (1975–2000), by state <sup>1</sup>—*Continued* 

	Skilled nursing facilities									
Census division and state <sup>2</sup>	1975	1980	1990	1995	1997	1998	1999	2000 <sup>3</sup>		
Total <sup>4</sup>	\$43	\$70	\$193	\$402	\$487	\$498	\$425	\$421		
United States <sup>5</sup>	43	70	193	402	487	498	425	421		
New England	50	77	172	347	435	448	395	397		
Connecticut Maine	35 52	51 100	165 274	314 308	391 373	412 381	364 361	366 388		
Massachusetts	63	98	181	380	492	510	438	434		
New Hampshire	41	86	218	412	447	458	387	393		
Rhode Island	43	59	129	265	331	337	341	348		
Vermont	38	62	155	266	314	327	331	331		
Middle Atlantic	50	73	168	308	368	391	378	385		
New Jersey	45	81	164	344	426	468	393	399		
New York	61	80	168	240	275	297	325	338		
Pennsylvania	40	65	170	373	475	492	443	442		
East North Central	40	68	167	358	461	478	413	412		
Illinois Indiana	37 35	77 60	215 180	421 399	533 500	555 514	493 414	502 399		
Michigan	45	60	130	270	373	396	357	360		
Ohio	41	69	157	375	473	486	422	419		
Wisconsin	35	64	149	315	398	399	320	323		
West North Central	45	82	194	367	433	452	421	427		
lowa	46	84	269	406	469	473	442	440		
Kansas	39	66	255	461	524	533	504	505		
Minnesota	46	94	125	245	276	286	273	286		
Missouri Nebraska	47	95 71	263 205	465 338	563 426	599 432	548 414	547 438		
North Dakota	43	49	118	221	291	303	331	362		
South Dakota	33	61	160	270	287	306	287	292		
South Atlantic	34	59	168	396	494	498	388	374		
Delaware	31	50	132	328	451	417	329	326		
District of Columbia	34	64	193	389	498	529	447	413		
Florida	. 34	59	195	488	602	609	446	424		
Georgia	34 37	71 56	146 141	346 347	446 471	437 482	344 390	327 382		
Maryland North Carolina	31	50	132	283	367	382	315	302		
South Carolina	26	46	159	337	465	457	358	342		
Virginia	42	68	168	331	410	416	350	345		
West Virginia	. 36	64	171	364	448	474	418	401		
East South Central	. 37	56	154	358	460	467	381	383		
Alabama	. 33	38	143	353	436	426	346	345		
Kentucky	. 36 45	58 105	151 160	352 377	461 524	461 538	382 426	389 431		
Mississippi Tennessee	41	70	162	358	447	467	390	387		
West South Central	45	94	267	539	660	651	546	520		
Arkansas	43	94 84	238	372	468	501	458	464		
Louisiana	43	83	374	683	753	759	726	667		
Oklahoma	60	145	312	563	671	665	536	541		
Texas	. 43	78	238	542	680	657	527	492		
Mountain	. 38	64	226	486	568	568	463	448		
Arizona	41	71	236	549	670	655	533	503		
Colorado	42	73	266	538	584	588	480	462		
Idaho Montana	. 27 . 30	46 44	152 123	381 291	465 342	457 369	373 354	360 357		
Montana Nevada	37	66	232	569	721	744	559	564		
New Mexico	57	122	267	488	589	582	528	509		
Utah	36	75	266	473	529	545	425	414		
Wyoming	. 36	49	208	379	467	433	392	398		
Pacific	45	81	269	576	651	667	551	554		
Alaska	68	115	283	437	704	634	759	756		
California	46	87	287	629	709	728	604	610		
Hawaii	49	83	217	467	505	508	425	457		
Oregon Washington	40 34	63 62	207 196	421 412	496 453	465 465	376 378	371 383		
	07	02	100	f I L	100	100	570	000		
Outlying areas Puerto Rico	51	97	202	261	314	312	344	389		
Virgin Islands	43	104	171	370	433	474	315	461		
				5.0	.00		5.0			

<sup>1</sup> Data for 1975 and 1980 are based on bills approved in each year and recorded in the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services before Dec. 29, 1995. Data from 1990– 2000 are based on bills incurred in each year and recorded before Dec. 29, 2000. Includes data for services rendered to both aged and disabled persons. <sup>2</sup>Geographic distribution reflects the beneficiaries' area of residence.

<sup>3</sup>Preliminary data.

<sup>4</sup>Excludes claims for persons residing in foreign countries.

<sup>5</sup> Includes claims for persons whose place of residence is unknown.

				J		·-, ·· ,			i	
State	1990	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Total	10,472,587	11,124,165	11,122,070	11,503,279	11,680,874	11,749,394	11,952,088	11,912,079	11,659,885	11,664,041
Alabama	226,359	240,158	238,366	252,428	255,013	258,908	265,029	266,603	266,541	271,600
Alaska	6,491	7,447	7,446	7,954	8,635	9,593	9,917	10,633	11,031	11,457
Arizona	140,069	137,267	134,305	134,786	139,564	146,446	150,597	150,190	128,363	133,920
Arkansas	143,363	146,789	141,228	152,452	152,516	154,626	157,920	160,379	160,880	162,522
California	834,829	885,013	868,175	879,227	875,926	889,323	901,018	921,068	780,295	732,543
Colorado	98,262	104,555	102,789	104,733	105,216	102,450	103,735	97,479	100,648	100,610
Connecticut	114,938	134,079	134,264	138,988	141,765	141,031	143,071	133,672	125,115	123,780
Delaware	26,125	28,473	29,352	30,322	30,336	30,051	30,632	30,738	33,287	33,767
District of Columbia	36,062	37,616	37,612	39,306	39,526	38,661	38,508	38,661	38,693	38,723
Florida	579,368	684,199	696,322	734,297	742,862	739,066	743,556	758,714	736,958	760,154
Georgia	274,957	297,365	298,054	312,133	316,301	323,093	327,839	320,774	311,998	319,946
Hawaii	26,340	28,944	29,107	31,077	32,526	32,939	34,795	33,331	26,347	25,654
Idaho	31,559	33,064	33,806	35,923	36,327	39,236	41,066	42,451	43,353	43,593
Illinois	460,926	522,431	517,848	531,390	533,238	524,936	538,476	531,184	539,314	550,348
Indiana	254,404	266,239	267,841	278,602	276,601	278,303	287,615	289,743	289,693	294,997
lowa	141,191	144,375	144,717	146,352	146,448	148,724	151,815	154,152	155,497	158,268
Kansas	117,017	117,648	118,000	121,106	120,593	122,917	125,481	127,045	126,920	126,782
Kentucky	199,042	207,091	206,131	219,042	222,162	224,322	231,081	231,352	237,553	241,392
Louisiana	213,819	217,702	218,393	228,770	234,663	235,574	237,390	232,942	223,794	234,815
Maine	54,963	61,022	61,205	62,904	63,013	64,361	66,278	67,895	68,128	68,384
Maryland	179,835	196,433	198,735	206,778	214,989	211,265	204,988	195,489	199,012	206,587
Massachusetts	286,332	311,500	315,864	314,727	310,455	299,734	293,217	280,333	268,179	261,591
Michigan	366,349	379,485	391,061	416,096	435,455	443,753	457,401	456,972	452,461	447,719
Minnesota	170,808	184,743	180,515	175,255	178,018	181,315	187,164	192,488	194,935	198,576
Mississippi	142,662	148,049	148,737	157,119	162,934	170,698	181,599	185,149	181,575	181,548
Missouri	281,059	284,099	278,659	292,107	298,509	298,805	299,996	297,554	293,724	298,150
Montana	40,505	40,560	40,343	40,361	40,770	40,831	41,542	41,854	42,343	43,763
Nebraska	69,299	69,270	66,847	68,982	70,113	72,975	75,630	77,188	76,841	76,349
Nevada	37,478	42,346	43,473	47,397	49,254	52,175	54,509	55,150	48,369	49,169
New Hampshire	39,103	40,913	40,515	41,737	42,746	43,834	44,758	42,918	42,054	45,266
New Jersey	338,509	363,838	372,253	377,524	385,145	375,353	371,173	364,034	373,224	368,032
New Mexico	50,391	48,520	48,373	47,576	50,334	49,758	53,329	52,913	51,459	50,585
New York	723,060	753,389	760,012	779,941	797,453	796,965	798,611	787,116	777,269	743,953
North Carolina	267,370	287,899	294,295	312,494	336,173	353,297	369,667	385,533	395,004	401,234
North Dakota	37,543	38,447	36,848	37,344	37,014	36,807	38,272	38,332	38,847	39,343
Ohio	527,006	535,508	534,017	557,927	562,234	565,237	562,603	541,958	533,499	529,912
Oklahoma	155,100	152,784	147,665	154,360	156,239	158,966	163,842	166,068	170,592	174,035
Oregon	106,164	109,871	106,863	106,454	105,878	106,901	111,656	111,028	100,569	90,934
Pennsylvania	685,403	748,226	758,360	768,866	766,535	731,542	728,572	692,290	664,002	630,150
Rhode Island	46,578	51,153	50,324	49,186	49,740	50,739	50,498	46,484	39,625	38,258
South Carolina	112,232	133,126	136,991	148,028	156,060	163,200	171,889	184,188	194,344	201,956
South Dakota	38,175	41,052	40,508	41,963	41,714	42,916	44,101	44,350	44,846	44,877
Tennessee	290,371	296,696	294,103	304,007	310,335	318,600	324,380	324,831	318,793	323,644
Texas	603,621	621,078	619,068	650,174	671,734	689,627	721,006	732,255	725,166	737,065
Utah	39,963	40,931	41,057	42,199	43,819	45,418	44,513	45,698	48,898	52,504
Vermont	20,251	21,409	21,636	22,239	22,815	23,001	23,456	22,585	23,133	23,860
Virginia	240,165	255,222	251,676	267,259	271,620	274,285	285,721	286,752	289,195	293,689
Washington	157,942	165,855	162,571	163,092	157,146	160,146	158,264	152,867	148,620	152,409
West Virginia	111,305	119,829	117,610	122,868	124,293	125,954	131,334	131,473	134,483	133,366
Wisconsin	217,727	223,501	220,189	225,486	227,774	226,898	232,721	233,103	233,432	235,466
Wyoming	15,255	14,783	14,580	15,505	16,009	15,912	16,557	17,256	17,429	18,561
Outlying areas:	00.400	400.007	404 400	404400	444.050	445 445	400 5 45	400 750	400.000	405 000
Puerto Rico	93,436	100,607	101,422	104,129	111,950	115,410	120,547	123,752	130,209	135,096
Virgin Islands	528	653	969	1,156	1,374	1,234	1,402	1,569	1,511	1,500
Unknown	978	913	970	1,151	1,012	1,283	1,351	1,543	1,835	1,639

Note: Discharge data for fiscal year 2000 are preliminary as of December 2000.

# Table 8.B9.—Supplementary Medical Insurance: Number of reimbursed bills, charges, and amount reimbursed, by type of service and type of beneficiary, 1992–2000

[In thousands. Includes only bills for which reimbursements were made by carriers or intermediaries and recorded in Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services records before Mar. 31, 2001]

		Phy	sicians' services		Outpatient	Independent	Home	All
Period claim incurred <sup>1</sup>	All services <sup>2</sup>	Total	Surgical <sup>4</sup>	Medical <sup>4</sup>	hospital services	laboratory services	health services <sup>3</sup>	other services
				Number of	of bills		I	
Persons aged 65 or older:								
1992	472,494 507.057	343,545	40,176 39,489	303,369 319.277	37,986 40.806	45,030 48,141	121 160	45,812 59.184
1993 1994	507,057 554,498	358,766 397,244	39,489 42,750	319,277 354,494	40,806 44,476	48,141 52,813	160	59,184 59,787
1995	578,104	406,868	44,896	361,972	48,063	53,175	213	69,785
1996	590,301	411,789	46,171	365,618	50,578	52,417	248	75,269
1997 1998	600,228 611,356	418,826 427,891	46,517 46,273	372,309 381,618	52,364 52,807	49,917 42,715	245 4,632	78,876 83,311
1998	<sup>6</sup> 486,296	429,299	45,496	383,803	51,498	(6)	5,499	(6)
2000	(7)	(7)	(7)	(7)	(7)	(7)	(7)	(7)
				Allowed ch	arges <sup>5</sup>			
1992	63,695,756	32,232,168	12,140,164	20,092,004	21,179,875	1,740,330	116,754	8,426,629
1993	69,049,184	33,544,901	11,836,033	21,708,868	24,340,137	1,833,058	177,712	9,153,376
1994	76,874,905	37,701,371	12,860,568	24,840,803	28,538,051	1,848,456	220,737	8,566,290
1995	84,326,192	39,754,224	13,734,383	26,019,841	31,783,721	1,802,712	288,350	10,697,185
1996 1997	88,168,998 92.881.137	39,483,431 40.445.669	13,164,604 12,953,005	26,318,827 27,482,664	34,954,323 37.660.773	1,634,473 1,490,450	319,593 334.328	11,777,178 12.949.917
1998	101,754,914	41,691,926	12,060,806	29,631,120	38,696,904	1,333,014	6,036,075	13,996,995
1999	105,351,394	43,673,233	12,071,308	31,601,925	40,098,944	1,262,050	6,847,578	13,469,589
2000	102,820,883	47,137,542	12,107,055	35,030,487	35,450,868	1,535,970	5,253,333	13,443,170
-				Amount reim	bursed <sup>8</sup>			
1992	39,371,755	25,181,542	9,537,434	15,644,108	7,325,694	1,692,787	83,634	5,088,098
1993 1994	41,833,132 45,850,064	26,286,843 29,551,995	9,316,793 10,141,117	16,970,050 19,410,878	8,085,002 9,222,076	1,786,035 1,796,306	125,662 158,445	5,549,590 5,121,242
1994	49,727,101	31,117,304	10,833,801	20,283,503	10,090,122	1,751,375	206,543	6,561,757
1996	50,798,250	30,914,500	10,381,168	20,533,332	10,731,299	1,583,842	228,182	7,340,427
1997	52,430,354	31,682,203	10,218,372	21,463,831	11,206,086	1,440,418	233,845	7,867,802
1998 1999	56,669,900 58.084.084	32,658,601 34,349,529	9,517,107 9,517,348	23,141,494 24.832.181	10,643,987 10,324,977	1,278,551 1,207,160	4,252,056 4,817,709	7,806,705 7,384,709
2000	60,280,333	37,048,382	9,549,347	27,499,035	10,202,242	1,459,690	3,918,673	7,651,346
				Number of	of bills			
Disabled beneficiaries:								
1992 1993	52,565 59,885	33,951 38,755	3,142 3,374	30,809 35,381	7,809 8,907	4,731 5,286	1	6,073 6,937
1993	70,089	46,364	3,859	42,505	10,107	6,753		6,865
1995	77,224	49,829	4,261	45,568	11,152	7,758		8,485
1996	82,908	53,010	4,594	48,416	12,068	8,193	1	9,636
1997 1998	86,071 89,890	55,260 58,244	4,773 4,991	50,487 53,253	12,415 12,639	8,073 6,776	475	10,323 11,756
1999	<sup>6</sup> 72,288	59,281	5,042	54,239	12,413	(6)	594	(6)
2000	(7)	(7)	(7)	(7)	(7)	(7)	(7)	(7)
				Allowed ch	arges 5			
1992	9,149,564	3,338,315	1,006,996	2,331,319	4,314,700	187,936	2,373	1,306,239
1993	10,682,707	3,841,935	1,067,711	2,774,221	5,402,254	208,698	17	1,229,803
1994	12,561,482	4,659,517	1,231,331	3,428,186	6,543,312	247,559	63	1,110,031
1995 1996	14,392,023 15,900,771	5,005,089 5,168,435	1,392,174 1,401,271	3,612,915 3,767,164	7,691,393 8,680,992	280,673 284,031	79 194	1,414,789 1,767,119
1997	17,057,906	5,398,744	1,409,511	3,989,233	9,391,718	281,453	575	1,985,416
1998	18,720,517	5,821,159	1,400,856	4,420,303	9,539,962	252,450	717,092	2,389,854
1999 2000	19,916,349 19,567,132	6,250,597	1,451,037	4,799,560 5.345.833	10,071,491	244,217 278.107	857,855 675.373	2,492,189 2,545,633
2000	19,007,132	6,813,109	1,467,276	0,040,000	9,254,910	270,107	010,013	2,040,033

See footnotes at end of table.

# Table 8.B9.—Supplementary Medical Insurance: Number of reimbursed bills, charges, and amount reimbursed, by type of service and type of beneficiary, 1992–2000—*Continued*

[In thousands. Includes only bills for which reimbursements were made by carriers or intermediaries and recorded in Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services records before Mar. 31, 2001]

		Phys	sicians' services		Outpatient	Independent	Home	All
Period claim incurred <sup>1</sup>	All services <sup>2</sup>	Total	Surgical <sup>4</sup>	Medical <sup>4</sup>	hospital services	laboratory services	health services <sup>3</sup>	other services
	·			Amount reimb	oursed <sup>8</sup>	·		
1992	5,759,178	2,541,003	783,020	1,757,983	2,130,491	185,199	1,564	900,920
1993	6,500,244	2,927,640	831,482	2,096,162	2,521,822	204,857	16	845,905
1994	7,458,746	3,547,105	959,659	2,587,446	2,886,999	242,791	46	781,805
1995	8,407,923	3,791,099	1,088,307	2,702,792	3,331,529	275,955	52	1,009,288
1996	9,099,174	3,908,892	1,095,969	2,812,923	3,652,382	278,816	142	1,258,942
1997	9,590,902	4,093,188	1,103,023	2,990,165	3,838,798	276,051	454	1,383,411
1998	10,432,018	4,404,528	1,092,002	3,309,526	3,773,959	246,241	494,389	1,512,901
1999	10,932,394	4,746,000	1,133,434	3,612,566	3,822,307	237,960	588,574	1,537,553
2000	11,325,194	5,183,942	1,148,818	4,035,124	3,791,047	270,957	487,188	1,592,060

<sup>1</sup> Period for which the claim incurred.

<sup>2</sup> Included in total, but not shown separately, are some bills and charges for which type of service is unknown.

<sup>3</sup> Due to Balanced Budget Act provisions, beginning in 1998 Part A now has a 100-visit limit and additional home health services will be billed under Part B.

<sup>4</sup> Where both medical and surgical charges are included on a single bill, the highest-priced service is the determining factor in classifying the bill.

<sup>5</sup> Includes physican or supplier allowed charges as determined by the carrier and amounts actually billed by providers for outpatient hospital and home health services.

<sup>6</sup>Data not available due to programmatic problems. Total for all services excluded independent laboratory services and all other services.

<sup>7</sup> Data on the number of bills are no longer available.

<sup>8</sup>Amount reimbursed to or on behalf of the beneficiary-generally 80 percent of the allowed charges, once the beneficiary has satisfied the deductible in the current year. Some radiology and pathology services are reimbursed at a 100 percent rate, regardless of the beneficiary's deductible status.

Table 8.B10.—Supplementary Medical Insurance: Claims received by carriers and assignment rates, 1969-2000

Table 8.B11.—Supplementary Medical Insurance: Reasonable charge determination for claims assigned and unassigned for aged and disabled persons, 1971-2000

Calendar year	Total number of claims (in thousands)	Net assignment rate <sup>1</sup> (percent)
1969	37,542	61.5
1970	42,148	60.8
1971	46,572	58.5
1972	51,041	54.9
1973	57,007	52.7
1974	68,307	51.9
1975	79,980	51.8
1976	91,624	50.5
1977	105,339	50.5
1978	117,886	50.6
1979	132,098	51.3
1980	150,048	51.5
1981	167,154	52.3
1982	182,440	53.0
1983	204,122	53.9
1984	238,362	59.0
1985	279,559	68.5
1986	306,714	68.0
1987	346,551	73.1
1988	386,763	77.3
1989	421,305	79.7
1990	474,226	81.1
1991	517,123	83.1
1992	554,619	86.2
1993	583,863	90.1
1994	622,514	92.8
1995	647,855	94.7
1996	678,030	95.9
1997	688,891	96.7
1998	697,523	97.3
1999	703,227	97.6
2000	720,493	97.9

<sup>1</sup> Represents the number of assigned claims as a percent of claims received.

	Claims appro	ved	Charges before	e reduction
Calendar year	Number (in thousands)	Percent reduced	Amount (in millions)	Percent reduced
		Assigned	claims	
1971	25,919	44.5	\$1,571	11.1
1972	26,798	47.5	1,630	10.9
1973	28,376	55.6	1,751	11.9
1974	33,295	64.5	2,194	14.3
1975	39,218	70.8	2,716	17.8
1976	44,065	74.3	3,261	19.9
1977	50,260	72.8	3,936	19.4
1978	56,493	73.6	4,678	19.9
1979	64,051	77.0	5,746	21.2
1980	73,068	80.8	7,303	22.7
1981 <sup>1</sup>	80,127	82.8	8,868	24.0
1982	91,615	83.3	11,315	24.3
1983	103,139	81.0	13,657	23.6
1984	128,559	80.8	16,571	25.4
1985	176,956	81.7	22,008	27.4
1986	191,139	82.8	24,662	28.4
1987	234,488	83.4	31,179	28.0
1988	271,225	85.6	37,275	29.8
1989	304,649	86.9	44,567	31.0
1990	341,220	87.5	51,012	32.9
1991	384,168	87.4	60,057	36.2
1992	412,924	86.2	67,667	39.7
1993	460,761	88.8	76,186	42.8
1994	508,981	87.7	85,170	42.5
1995	539,630	86.4	93,300	42.3
1996	550,587	87.1	97,744	44.9
1997	566,591	87.4	103,389	45.9
1998	575,799	87.9	106,947	46.9
1999	590,463	88.9	114,981	47.8
2000	615,862	87.9	126,391	47.7
F		Unassigned	d claims	
1971	17,955	57.6	\$1,348	12.5
1972	21,286	59.3	1,608	12.0

	Unassigned claims						
1971	17,955	57.6	\$1,348	12.5			
1972	21,286	59.3	1,608	12.0			
1973	24,691	66.4	1,886	12.6			
1974	30,492	72.7	2,401	14.7			
1975	36,182	77.4	2,973	17.7			
1976	42,100	78.9	3,591	19.8			
1977	48,619	77.1	4,233	19.0			
1978	53,700	77.5	4,749	19.2			
1979	59,961	80.9	5,596	20.7			
1980	68,113	84.3	6,836	22.5			
1981 <sup>1</sup>	72,765	85.8	7,870	23.8			
1982	80,253	85.4	9,545	23.9			
1983	87,436	82.7	10,885	22.9			
1984	88,594	83.7	11,216	24.2			
1985	77,965	84.6	10,059	25.9			
1986	87,121	85.0	10,757	26.9			
1987	83,116	82.4	10,258	24.7			
1988	76,503	86.4	9,005	25.0			
1988	74,947	90.1	8,971	25.0			
1990	77,746	90.4	8,789	25.3			
1991	77,520	91.3	7,884	23.1			
1992	66,403	82.9	6,215	18.5			
1993	51,080	86.5	4,267	16.5			
1994	39,364	86.4	3,255	16.3			
1995	29,975	83.4	2,543	15.4			
1996	22,819	84.4	1,952	15.8			
1997	18,615	84.4	1,650	16.4			
1998	15,172	82.3	1,382	17.1			
1999	13,834	81.3	1,316	17.7			
2000	12,755	78.6	1,287	18.1			

<sup>1</sup> Excludes Texas Blue-Shield plan for July–December 1981.

CONTACT: Maria Diacogiannis (410) 786-0178 for further information.

Table 8.B12.—Supplementary	Medical Insurance: State buy-ins,	1991–2001
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State	1991	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
United States	3,640,121	4,168,837	4,443,683	4,705,625	4,914,789	5,008,860	5,109,228	5,273,573	5,425,048	5,615,326
Alabama	97,601	109,353	112,909	116,916	120,399	122,720	121,990	128,875	136,860	141,436
Alaska	4,539	5,354	5,853	6,193	6,659	6,835	7,093	7,799	8,486	8,832
Arizona	28,650	36,980	40,360	44,236	47,393	49,213	51,141	53,450	57,712	61,989
Arkansas	64,996	72,885	74,689	77,660	79,549	79,176	78,514	79,508	79,606	80,231
California	646,108	697,406	722,377	747,814	768,907	769,335	776,832	793,510	818,846	848,361
Colorado	36,470	41,738	43,747	46,660	49,561	50,749	52,175	53,964	55,325	56,934
Connecticut	23,535	36,062	40,812	48,047	50,226	50,668	51,335	52,134	53,141	55,933
Delaware	4,499	5,433	6,058	6,645	7,735	8,446	8,900	8,231	10,737	12,094
District of Columbia	12,791	11,205	13,436	14,152	14,195	14,482	14,582	13,181	14,233	14,621
Florida	196,992	229,914	258,382	271,430	290,838	304,791	313,744	324,172	342,109	358,642
Georgia	128,976	146,893	153,559	160,380	165,210	168,267	171,047	171,638	176,596	181,312
Hawaii	11,529	13,706	15,571	16,695	17,905	18,751	19,226	19,962	20,326	21,090
Idaho	9,127	11,185	12,062	12,931	13,835	14,296	14,909	15,868	17,081	18,550
Illinois	94,434	122,169	129,353	137,571	144,330	144,684	145,976	149,850	155,743	161,141
Indiana	60,297	69,500	74,598	76,460	75,930	76,846	81,184	82,901	87,543	91,311
lowa	41,170	44,713	46,223	48,517	50,031	49,344	49,844	50,954	51,976	52,891
Kansas	26,960	30,046	32,485	34,708	37,064	37,486	39,008	40,365	41,217	42,126
Kentucky	76,456	88,272	92,555	97,978	103,705	105,188	106,537	111,789	117,697	118,641
Louisiana	87,570	101,002	106,915	112,090	114,917	114,482	115,031	116,602	117,179	117,867
Maine	22,176	25,837	27,447	29,453	31,063	32,168	33,006	35,211	36,946	38,161
Maryland	48,028	52,891	55,978	58,865	59,882	59,745	61,669	64,086	65,372	68,010
Massachusetts	89,163	109,304	118,683	125,859	132,575	132,874	138,796	143,779	152,587	160,198
Michigan	91,340	108,216	116,004	123,948	131,263	130,682	135,769	139,411	145,172	148,760
Minnesota	39,366	45,956	48,577	52,192	55,989	56,486	57,559	59,926	63,607	66,874
Mississippi	90,530	98,952	103,338	108,577	104,036	106,461	106,336	107,176	107,495	116,503
Missouri	55,116	64,243	68,610	72,659	76,883	79,847	81,841	85,329	88,343	91,244
Montana	10,058	9,578	10,206	11,031	11,638	11,825	11,882	12,274	12,828	13,120
Nebraska	11,358	14,142	15,357	16,146	16,986	17,321	18,029	19,064	20,520	21,121
Nevada New Hampshire	8,657 3,807	11,080 4,555	12,350 4,982	14,227 5,405	15,711 5,878	16,435 6,119	17,191 6,295	18,322 6,875	19,155 7,434	20,709 8,866
	,	,	,	,		,	,	,	,	,
New Jersey	95,795	105,339	113,658	122,923	131,292	135,109	137,598	143,024	146,705	149,303
New Mexico	22,246	27,440	29,268	29,855	32,346	33,472	34,411	36,023	37,330	39,275
New York	255,952	283,900	304,719	325,882	342,539	352,129	363,331	372,824	369,479	395,830
North Carolina North Dakota	117,656 4.639	147,404 5,218	159,439 5,400	186,328 5,560	197,039 5,751	204,551 5,684	210,388 5,612	216,563 5,758	223,402 5,908	228,997 6,275
	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,
Ohio Oklahoma	112,598 51,457	139,755 55,868	151,070 57,960	164,044 60,080	172,316 61,723	178,365 62,965	180,172 63,142	181,407 66,115	171,139 67,413	176,602 67,787
Oregon	28,537	36,654	39,558	43,642	47,600	49,553	51,392	55,896	59,169	62,910
Pennsylvania	127,519	138,565	156,701	43,042	170,790	173,142	179,295	198,492	206,468	215,351
Rhode Island		13,466	14,353	15,517	16,780	17,321	17,729	18,513	19,787	213,331
South Carolina	78,701	88,876	92.551	95.970	98.817	101.455	104.111	110.032	112,232	116.288
South Dakota	9.399	11,333	11,839	12,346	12,661	12,778	12,791	13,112	13,146	13,237
Tennessee	116,861	130,102	140,945	148,391	157,602	164,010	171,653	178,707	182,342	184,570
Texas	234,169	274,297	294,115	314,991	327,827	336,801	339,648	350,959	360,191	370,598
Utah	10,263	12,101	12,902	13,506	14,387	14,589	14,900	15,569	16,231	16,712
Vermont	8.223	10.467	11.240	12.428	12,863	13,048	13,197	13,598	13,754	14,296
Virginia	77,898	92,793	97,821	102,964	107,457	108,365	108,427	111,404	113,259	113,898
Washington	54,774	62,973	66,830	71,531	76,885	83,128	89,419	91,976	97,390	94,852
West Virginia	28,086	34,479	36,531	39,720	42,377	43,572	43,019	45,406	46,305	47,774
Wisconsin	67,516	73,884	77,472	75,247	78,661	76,109	74,429	74,681	74,101	73,875
Wyoming	3,505	4,276	4,726	5,265	5,548	5,781	5,963	6,183	6,444	6,746
Outlying areas:										
Guam	443	579	600	669	710	682	650	583	417	385
Northern Mariana Islands	273	335	320	314	318	322	311	335	342	367
Virgin Islands	727	163	189	219	205	207	199	207	204	210
	1									

Note: Data are as of July except for 1995 data which are as of June.

Table 8.C1.—Hospital Insurance and Supplementary Medical Insurance: Number of facilities and beds, by participating providers, December 1967-2000

		Hospitals		Skilled	Home	CLIA/
Year	All hospitals	General <sup>1</sup>	Psychiatric	nursing facilitites	health agencies	independent laboratories
				Facilities	-	
1967	6,829	6,501	328	4,405	1,890	2,355
1970	6,779	6,444	335	4,494	2,333	2,750
1971 1972		6,401 6,392	340 352	4,084 3,981	2,256 2,212	2,808 2,906
1973		6,388	358	3,961	2,212	2,961
1974		6,349	358	3,892	2,254	2,991
1975	6,770	6,383	387	3,932	2,290	3,174
1976	6,774	6,368	406	3,992	2,353	3,156
1977 1978		6,353 6,432	402 416	4,461 4,982	2,496 2,715	3,249 3,384
1979		6,372	408	5,055	2,858	3,448
1980		6,325	411	5,155	3.012	3,374
1981	6,749	6,335	414	5,295	3,169	3,511
1982		6,321	416	5,510	3,627	3,643
1983 1984		6,257 6,228	430 448	5,760 6,183	4,235 5,237	3,708 3,890
1985 1986	6,710 6,731	6,209 6,189	501 542	6,725 7,148	5,932 5,953	4,029 4,298
1987		6,130	585	7,379	5,769	4,487
1988	6,658	6,044	614	7,683	5,673	4,676
1989		5,891	656	8,688	5,661	4,828
1990	6,522	5,848	674	9,008	5,730	4,881
1991 1992		5,759 5,722	712 711	10,061 10,910	5,963 6,461	4,898 4,942
1993		5,738	735	11,472	7,000	<sup>2</sup> 156,117
1994		5,705	709	12,584	7,827	<sup>2</sup> 151,422
1995		5,694	682	13,452	8,447	<sup>2</sup> 156,511
1996	6,273	5,627	646	14,177	9,850	<sup>2</sup> 157,876
1997	6,293	5,639	654	14,860	10,807	<sup>2</sup> 164,054
1998		5,514	602	15,032	9,330	<sup>2</sup> 166,817
1999 2000		5,415 5,512	570 519	14,913 14,841	7,857 7,099	<sup>2</sup> 171,018 <sup>2</sup> 168,333
2000	0,001	5,512	519		7,035	- 100,333
1967	1,141,155	837,211	303,944	Beds 308,843		
1970 1971		878,509 888,205	311,800 284,148	325,415 296,090		
1972		906,280	248,990	287,533		
1973	1,147,501	919,832	227,669	290,060		
1974		925,772	206,663	289,416		
1975	1,136,908	939,717	197,191	287,468		
1976 1977	1,169,433 1,130,519	980,805 976,465	188,628 154,054	332,515 381,715		
1978		1,015,645	138,605	414,188		
1979	1,152,088	1,016,525	135,563	433,715		
1980	1,145,245	1,017,794	127,451	448,007		
1981	1,152,877	1,032,042		463,715		
1000			120,835			
1982 1983	1,146,480	1,044,427	102,053	497,056		
1982 1983 1984	1,146,480 1,143,544					· · · · · ·
1983	1,146,480 1,143,544 1,146,093	1,044,427 1,046,674 1,050,832	102,053 96,870 95,261	497,056 519,551 548,201	···· ···	
1983 1984 1985 1986	1,146,480 1,143,544 1,146,093 1,144,589 1,137,853	1,044,427 1,046,674 1,050,832 1,046,889 1,043,430	102,053 96,870 95,261 97,700 94,423	497,056 519,551 548,201 (3) 444,326	···· ···	
1983 1984 1985 1986 1987	1,146,480 1,143,544 1,146,093 1,144,589 1,137,853 1,124,928	1,044,427 1,046,674 1,050,832 1,046,889 1,043,430 1,030,556	102,053 96,870 95,261 97,700 94,423 94,372	497,056 519,551 548,201 (3) 444,326 449,867	···· ··· ···	···· ··· ···
1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988	1,146,480 1,143,544 1,146,093 1,144,589 1,137,853 1,124,928 1,115,809	1,044,427 1,046,674 1,050,832 1,046,889 1,043,430 1,030,556 1,022,116	102,053 96,870 95,261 97,700 94,423 94,372 93,693	497,056 519,551 548,201 (3) 444,326 449,867 476,447	···· ··· ··· ···	···· ···· ···
1983	1,146,480 1,143,544 1,146,093 1,144,589 1,137,853 1,124,928 1,115,809 1,106,295	1,044,427 1,046,674 1,050,832 1,046,889 1,043,430 1,030,556 1,022,116 1,008,845	102,053 96,870 95,261 97,700 94,423 94,372 93,693 97,450	497,056 519,551 548,201 (3) 444,326 449,867 476,447 507,475	···· ···· ··· ···	···· ··· ···
1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988	1,146,480 1,143,544 1,146,093 1,144,589 1,137,853 1,124,928 1,115,809 1,1106,295 1,104,703	1,044,427 1,046,674 1,050,832 1,046,889 1,043,430 1,030,556 1,022,116	102,053 96,870 95,261 97,700 94,423 94,372 93,693	497,056 519,551 548,201 (3) 444,326 449,867 476,447	···· ··· ··· ···	···· ···· ···
1983	1,146,480 1,143,544 1,146,093 1,144,589 1,137,853 1,124,928 1,115,809 1,106,295 1,104,703 1,102,286 1,102,285	1,044,427 $1,046,674$ $1,050,832$ $1,046,889$ $1,043,430$ $1,030,556$ $1,022,116$ $1,008,845$ $1,005,480$ $1,003,147$ $997,695$	102,053 96,870 95,261 97,700 94,423 94,372 93,693 97,450 99,223 99,139 96,200	497,056 519,551 548,201 (3) 444,326 449,867 476,447 507,475 512,107 583,116 606,218	···· ··· ··· ··· ···	···· ···· ··· ···
1983	1,146,480 1,143,544 1,146,093 1,144,589 1,137,853 1,124,928 1,115,809 1,106,295 1,104,703 1,102,286 1,093,895 1,094,422	$\begin{array}{c} 1,044,427\\ 1,046,674\\ 1,050,832\\ 1,043,430\\ 1,043,430\\ 1,030,556\\ 1,022,116\\ 1,008,845\\ 1,005,480\\ 1,003,147\\ 997,695\\ 994,847\\ \end{array}$	102,053 96,870 95,261 97,700 94,423 94,372 93,693 97,450 99,223 99,139 96,200 99,575	497,056 519,551 548,201 (3) 444,326 449,867 476,447 507,475 512,107 583,116 606,218 622,534	···· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ···	···· ···· ···· ···· ···
1983	1,146,480 1,143,544 1,146,093 1,144,589 1,137,853 1,124,928 1,115,809 1,106,295 1,104,703 1,102,286 1,093,895 1,094,422 1,074,371	1,044,427 $1,046,674$ $1,050,832$ $1,043,430$ $1,043,430$ $1,030,556$ $1,022,116$ $1,008,845$ $1,005,480$ $1,003,147$ $997,695$ $994,847$ $985,809$	102,053 96,870 95,261 97,700 94,423 94,372 93,693 97,450 99,223 99,139 96,200 99,575 88,562	497,056 519,551 548,201 (3) 444,326 449,867 476,447 507,475 512,107 583,116 606,218 622,534 649,054		···· ···· ···· ··· ··· ···
1983	1,146,480 1,143,544 1,146,093 1,144,589 1,137,853 1,124,928 1,115,809 1,106,295 1,104,703 1,102,286 1,093,895 1,074,371 1,074,371 1,056,454	1,044,427 $1,046,674$ $1,050,832$ $1,046,889$ $1,043,430$ $1,030,556$ $1,022,116$ $1,008,845$ $1,005,480$ $1,003,147$ $997,695$ $994,847$ $985,809$ $970,143$	102,053 96,870 95,261 97,700 94,423 93,693 97,450 99,223 99,139 96,200 99,575 88,562 86,311	497,056 519,551 548,201 (3) 444,326 449,867 476,447 507,475 512,107 583,116 606,218 622,534 649,054 657,225	···· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ·	
1983	1,146,480 1,143,544 1,146,093 1,144,589 1,137,853 1,124,928 1,115,809 1,106,295 1,104,703 1,102,286 1,093,895 1,094,422 1,074,371 1,056,454 1,038,105	1,044,427 $1,046,674$ $1,050,832$ $1,043,430$ $1,043,430$ $1,030,556$ $1,022,116$ $1,008,845$ $1,005,480$ $1,003,147$ $997,695$ $994,847$ $985,809$	102,053 96,870 95,261 97,700 94,423 94,372 93,693 97,450 99,223 99,139 96,200 99,575 88,562 86,311 82,501	497,056 519,551 548,201 (3) 444,326 449,867 476,447 507,475 512,107 583,116 606,218 622,534 649,054 657,225 671,839		···· ···· ··· ··· ··· ···
1983	1,146,480 1,143,544 1,146,093 1,144,589 1,124,928 1,124,928 1,124,928 1,115,809 1,106,295 1,104,703 1,102,286 1,093,895 1,094,422 1,074,371 1,056,454 1,037,356 1,037,356	1,044,427 $1,046,674$ $1,050,832$ $1,043,430$ $1,030,556$ $1,022,116$ $1,003,145$ $1,005,480$ $1,003,147$ $997,695$ $994,847$ $985,809$ $970,143$ $955,604$ $954,372$ $934,635$	102,053 96,870 95,261 97,700 94,423 94,372 93,693 97,450 99,223 99,139 96,200 99,575 88,562 86,311 82,501 82,984 77,533	497,056 519,551 548,201 (3) 444,326 449,867 476,447 507,475 512,107 583,116 606,218 622,534 649,054 657,225 671,839 684,977 722,626	···· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ·	···· ···· ···· ···· ··· ··· ··· ···
1983	1,146,480 1,143,544 1,146,093 1,144,589 1,137,853 1,124,928 1,115,809 1,106,295 1,106,295 1,102,286 1,102,286 1,093,895 1,074,371 1,074,371 1,056,454 1,038,105 1,012,168 993,901	1,044,427 $1,046,674$ $1,050,832$ $1,046,889$ $1,043,430$ $1,030,556$ $1,022,116$ $1,008,845$ $1,005,480$ $1,003,147$ $997,695$ $994,847$ $985,809$ $970,143$ $955,604$ $954,372$	102,053 96,870 95,261 97,700 94,423 94,372 93,693 97,450 99,223 99,139 96,200 99,575 88,562 86,311 82,504	497,056 519,551 548,201 (3) 444,326 449,867 476,447 507,475 512,107 583,116 606,218 622,534 649,054 657,225 671,839 684,977		···· ···· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ···

Includes short-stay and other long-stay hospitals.
 Beginning in 1993, the data include all Clinical Laboratory Improvement Act facilities as of December of each year.

<sup>3</sup> Data not available.

Table 8.C2—Hospital Insurance: Number of participating hospitals and beds per 1,000 enrollees, by state, December 2000

	All hos	pitals		Short stay		Long	stay
Census division and state	Hospitals	Beds	Hospitals	Beds	Beds per 1,000 enrollees <sup>1</sup>	Hospitals	Beds
Total	6,031	982,616	4,704	862,607	22.2	1,327	120,009
United States	5,968	971,544	4,647	852,683	22.4	1,321	118,861
lew England	270	45,413	189	34,638	16.5	81	25,285
Connecticut	47	10,892	32	8,884	17.4	15	8,062
Maine Massachusetts	41 119	4,227 20,537	31 75	3,683 14,257	17.2 15.0	10 44	9,998 5,282
New Hampshire	30	3,442	26	2,967	17.6	4	475
Rhode Island	17	4,220	11	2,957	17.5	6 2	1,263
Vermont	16	2,095	14	1,890	21.5 22.5		205
/iddle Atlantic New Jersey	627 108	158,260 31,970	491 82	131,704 28,201	22.5	136 26	26,556 3,769
New York	268	82,147	216	67,447	26.1	52	14,700
Pennsylvania	251	44,143	193	36,056	17.3	58	8,087
East North Central	886 218	170,994	708 184	155,220	24.6 28.6	178 34	15,774
Illinois Indiana	151	49,377 21,353	104	46,051 18,985	20.0	45	3,326 2,368
Michigan	174	31,926	137	28,229	20.3	37	3,697
Ohio	203 140	48,158 20,180	165	43,828	26.1 23.3	38 24	4,330
Wisconsin		,	116	18,127			2,053
Vest North Central Iowa	770 120	81,269 12,300	577 106	72,066 11,701	25.4 24.7	193 14	9,203 599
Kansas	149	12,127	107	10,610	27.4	42	1,517
Minnesota	150 141	17,147	129 111	14,918	23.0 28.2	21 30	2,229
Missouri Nebraska	96	26,116 6.892	43	24,014 5,057	20.2	53	2,102 1,835
North Dakota	51	3,350	36	2,857	27.9	15	493
South Dakota	63	3,337	45	2,909	24.5	18	428
South Atlantic	907	175,523	703	154,739	20.9	204	20,784
Delaware District of Columbia	11 16	2,325 5,105	5 10	1,892 3,946	17.0 54.8	6 6	433 1,159
Florida	236	53,970	183	50,071	18.0	53	3,899
Georgia	182 67	26,474	144 48	23,103	25.6 20.8	38 19	3,371 3,446
Maryland North Carolina	135	16,675 26,337	40 114	13,229 22,930	20.8	21	3,440
South Carolina	76	12,560	62	11,336	20.2	14	1,224
Virginia West Virginia	118 66	22,403 9,674	91 46	19,532 8,700	22.2 25.9	27 20	2,871 974
West Virginia East South Central	491	77,680	40	71,277	23.9	20 75	6,403
Alabama	123	20,591	105	19,006	28.1	18	1,585
Kentucky	117	18,633	95	16,292	27.4	22	2,341
Mississippi Tennessee	104 147	12,390 26,066	97 119	12,008 23,971	28.9 29.2	7 28	382 2,095
Vest South Central	897	106,682	653	91,353	29.2	24	15,329
Arkansas	95	11,895	69	10,105	23.2	26	1,790
Louisiana	176	22,137	116	17,914	30.3	60	4,223
Oklahoma Texas	151 475	14,820 57,830	112 356	13,078 50,256	26.0 22.5	39 119	1,742 7,574
Nountain	445	45,254	333	39,618	18.4	110	5,636
Arizona	84	11,304	67	10,370	15.6	17	934
Colorado	82	11,466	60	9,448	20.6	22	2,018
Idaho Montana	48 61	2,908 2,846	29 44	2,493 2,695	15.3 19.9	19 17	415 151
Nevada	42	4,785	28	4,100	17.3	14	685
New Mexico	51	4,957	38	4,369	19.1	13	588
Utah Wyoming	50 27	5,356 1,632	43 24	4,594 1,549	22.6 23.9	7 3	762 83
Pacific		110,469	577	102,068	19.8	98	8,401
Alaska	24	1,550	21	1,347	32.6	30	203
California	465	84,143	397	78,475	21.0	68	5,668
Hawaii Oregon	27 63	2,777 8,063	23 56	2,375 7,650	14.6 15.9	4	402 413
Washington	96	13,936	80	12,221	16.9	16	1,715
Dutlying areas	63	11,072	57	9,924	11.5	6	1,148
		40.000	50	0.054	17.0	•	4 4 4 0
Puerto Rico Virgin Islands	58 2	10,399 320	52 2	9,251 320	17.3 31.3	6	1,148

<sup>1</sup> Based on total number of persons enrolled in the Hospital Insurance program as of July 2000.

Table 8.C3—Hospital Insurance and Supplementary Medical Insurance: Number of participating skilled nursing facilities, home health agencies, independent laboratories, and end stage renal disease facilities, by state, December 2000

Census division and stateNumberBedsBeds per 1,000 enrolleesHome health agenciesLaboratory Improvement Act facilitiesTotal14,841939,36424.17,099168,333	End stage renal diseases facilities 3,991
Total         14,841         939,364         24.1         7,099         168,333	3,991
United States	3,951
New England 1,089 86,611 41.2 325 8,886	136
Connecticut         250         26,829         52,5         81         2,484	31
Maine         126         7,611         35.6         36         929           Massachusetts         505         37,174         39.1         136         3,546	12 65
New Hampshire	10
Rhode Island         99         6,974         41.3         25         743           Vermont         42         3,476         39.5         13         400	12 6
Middle Atlantic         1,774         204,049         34.9         590         21,683	522
New Jersey 360 32,084 27.2 54 4,757	89
New York	209
Pennsylvania	224
East North Central         2,809         150,606         23.9         1,138         27,726           Illinois         657         20,506         12.8         288         7,251	551 129
Indiana 499 22,355 26.4 178 4,153	82
Michigan	105
Ohio         892         50,243         29.9         346         8,127           Wisconsin         372         30,603         39.3         132         2,429	155 80
West North Central	314
lowa	47
Kansas         263         10,068         26.0         149         2,074           Minnesota         412         36,797         56.7         251         2,158	40 69
Minisouri 455 9,901 11.6 170 4,109	104
Nebraska 172 9,349 37.1 69 1,196	22
North Dakota         88         6,954         68.0         35         467           South Dakota         89         5,645         47.6         46         562	13 19
South Atlantic	895
Delaware	13
District of Columbia         19         1,535         21.3         16         458           Florida         724         44,583         16.1         307         10,936	24 248
Georgia	170
Maryland 244 15,253 24.0 53 3,113	109
North Carolina         408         24,887         22.1         164         4,920           South Carolina         178         11,955         21.3         76         2,557	109 77
Virginia 229 9,776 11.1 167 3,954	120
West Virginia         113         5,764         17.2         68         1,493	25
East South Central         936         46,771         18.7         469         10,928           Alabama         221         12,194         18.0         143         2,894	318 94
Ze1         12,134         10.0         145         2,055           Kentucky         307         16,356         27.5         111         2,555	48
Mississippi 132 6,292 15.1 62 1,781	62
Tennessee         276         11,929         14.5         153         3,698           Nu + 0 - + 1 - 0 - + 1         1 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 -	114
West South Central         1,682         75,854         20.1         1,485         20,880           Arkansas         189         6,020         13.8         182         1,727	535 57
Louisiana	123
Oklahoma         242         10,573         21.0         187         2,611           Texas         1,019         44,467         19.9         859         13,169	60 295
Mountain         766         44,768         20.8         485         9,170	233
Arizona 148 6,189 9.3 68 2,543	83
Colorado	37
Idaho         82         5,149         31.6         53         674           Montana         101         6,253         46.1         51         606	8 15
Nevada	16
New Mexico         69         2,510         10.9         67         1,014           Utah         81         4,595         22.6         42         976	29 21
Wyoming     34     2,546     39.2     39     319	9
Pacific 1,717 94,759 18.4 693 22,100	462
Alaska	2
California         1,271         71,712         19.2         536         16,355           Hawaii         41         3,125         19.2         19         742	359 17
Oregon 124 5,291 11.0 60 1,931	41
Washington         266         14,144         19.5         62         2,654	43
Outlying areas         9         340         .4         49         903           Puerto Rico         7         244         .5         45         831	40 32
Puerto Rico         7         244         .5         45         831           Virgin Islands         1         60         5.9         2         25	32
Other 1 36 .1 2 47	5

<sup>1</sup> Based on total number of persons enrolled in the Hospital Insurance program as of July 2000.

Table 8.E1.—Unduplicated number of recipients, total vendor payments, and average amounts, by type of medical service, fiscal years 1972-1998<sup>1,2</sup>

,																
	-	Inpati service		Intermed care facilit services	y (ICF)				Othor	Out-		Labor-		Pre-		
Fiscal year	Total	General hospital	Mental hospital	Mentally retarded	All other	Nursing facility <sup>3</sup>	Physi- cians'	Dental	Other practi- tioner	patient hosptal	Clinic	atory and radio- logical	Home health	scribed drugs	Family planning	Other
		I		L			Number (in	thousan	ds)						1	
1972	17,606	2,832	40			552	12,282	2,397	1,600	5,215	501	3,523	105	11,139		2,531
1975 1980	22,007 21,605	3,432 3,680	67 66	69 121	682 789	630 606	15,198 13,765	3,944 4,652	2,673 3,234	7,437 9,705	1,086 1,531	4,738 3,212	343 392	14,155 13,707	1,217 1,129	2,911 2,563
1985	21,814	3,434	60	147	828	547	14,387	4,672		10,072	2,121	6,354	535	13,921	1,636	5,371
1986 1987	22,515 23,109	3,544 3,767	53 57	145 149	828 849	571 572	14,894 15,373	5,161 5,131	3,451 3,542	10,702 10,979	2,027 2,183	7,123 7,596	593 609	14,704 15,083	1,732 1,652	5,573 5,957
1988 1989	22,907 23,511	3,832 4,170	60 90	145 148	866 888	579 564	15,265 15,686	5,072 4,214	3,480 3,555	10,533 11,344	2,256 2,391	7,579 7,759	569 609	15,323 15,916	1,525 1,564	6,601 7,278
1990	25,255	4,593	92	140	860	601	17,078	4,552		12,370	2,804	8,959	719	17,294	1,752	8,302
1991	28,280 30,926	5,072	65	146	(3)	1,500	19,321	5,209	4,282	14,137	3,511 4,115	10,505	813	19,602	2,185	10,319
1992 1993	33,432	5,768 5,894	77 75	151 149	(3) (3)	1,573 1,610	21,627 23,746	5,700 6,174	4,711 5,229	16,436	4,839	11,804 12,970	925 1,067	22,030 23,901	2,550 2,538	12,427 15,035
1994 1995	35,053 36,282	5,866 5,561	85 84	159 151		1,639 1,667	24,267 23,789	6,352 6,383	5,409 5,528	16,567 16,712	5,258 5,322	13,412 13,064	1,293 1,639	24,471 23,723	2,566 2,501	17,321 19,277
1996	36,118	5,362	93	140		1,594	22,861	6,208	5,343	15,905	5,070	12,607	1,727	22,585	2,366	21,104
1997 1998	34,873 40,649	4,746 4,273	87 135	136 126		1,603 1,646	21,170 18,555	5,935 4,965	5,142 4,342	13,632 12,158	4,713 5,285	11,074 9,381	1,861 1,225	20,954 19,338	2,091 2,011	20,284 34,820
							Amount (i	n million	s)							
1972	\$6,300	\$2,557	\$113			\$1,471	\$794	\$170	\$59	\$365	\$41	\$81	\$24	\$512		\$112
1975 1980	12,242 23,311	3,374 6,412	405 775	\$380 1,989	\$1,885 4,202	2,434 3,685	1,225 1,875	339 462	127 198	373 1,101	389 320	126 121	70 332	815 1,318	\$67 81	233 440
1985 1986	37,508 41,005	9,453 10,364	1,192 1,113	4,731 5,072	6,516 6,773	5,071 5,660	2,346 2,547	458 531	251 252	1,789 1,980	714 807	337 424	1,120 1,352	2,315 2,692	195 226	1,020 1,212
1987	45,050	11,302	1,409	5,591	7,280	5,967	2,776	541	263	2,226	963	475	1,690	2,988	228	1,349
1988 1989	48,710 54,500	12,076 13,378	1,375 1,470	6,022 6,649	7,923 8,871	6,354 6,660	2,953 3,408	577 498	284 317	2,413 2,837	1,105 1,249	543 590	2,015 2,572	3,294 3,689	206 227	1,569 2,085
1990	64,859	16,674	1,714	7,354	9,667	8,026	4,018	593	372	3,324 4,283	1,688 2,211	721 897	3,404	4,420	265	2,618 3,384
1991 1992	77,048 90,814	19,891 23,503	2,010 2,196	7,680 8,550		20,709 23,544	4,952 6,102	710 851	437 538	5,279	2,818	1,035	4,101 4,886	5,424 6,765	359 500	4,243
1993 1994	101,709 108,270	25,734 26,180	2,161 2,057	8,831 8,347		25,431 27,095	6,952 7,189	961 969	937 1,040	6,215 6,342	3,457 3,747	1,137 1,176	5,601 7,042	7,970 8,875	538 516	5,784 7,695
1995	120,141	26,331	2,511	10,383		29,052	7,360	1,019	986	6,627	4,280	1,180	9,406	9,791	514	10,700
1996 1997	121,685 124,429	25,176 23,143	2,040 2,009	9,555 9,798		29,630 30,504	7,238 7,041	1,028 1,036	1,094 979	6,504 6,169	4,222 4,252	1,208 1,033	10,868 12,237	10,697 11,972	474 418	11,948 12,958
1998	142,318	21,499	2,801	9,482		31,892	6,070	901	587	5,759	3,921	939	2,702	13,522	449	38,747
							Average	e amount								
1972 1975	\$358 556	\$903 983	\$2,825 6,017	\$5,538	\$2,764	\$2,665 3,865	\$65 81	\$71 86	\$37 48	\$70 50	\$82 358	\$23 27	\$229 204	\$46 58	\$55	\$44 80
1980	1,079	1,742	11,697	16,439	5,322	6,079	136	99	61	113	113	38	846	96	72	172
1985 1986	1,719 1,821	2,753 2,924	20,021 20,952	32,238 35,089	7,868 8,182	9,278 9,910	163 171	98 103	75 73	178 185	337 398	53 60	2,092 2,278	166 183	119 130	190 217
1987	1,949	3,000	24,714	37,490	8,571	10,432	181	105	74	203	441	63	2,777	198	138	227
1988 1989	2,126 2,318	3,151 3,208	22,956 16,397	41,413 44,999	9,153 9,994	10,971 11,809	193 217	114 118	82 89	229 250	490 523	72 76	3,542 4,225	215 232	135 145	238 286
1990	2,568	3,630	18,548	50,048	11,236	13,356	235	130	96	269	602	80	4,733	256	151	315
1991 1992	2,725 2,936	3,922 4,075	30,948 28,364	52,750 56,502		13,811 14,965	256 282	136 149	102 114	303 349	630 685	85 88	5,048 5,283	277 307	164 196	328 342
1993 1994	3,042 3,089	4,366 4,463	28,948 24,120	59,156 52,571		15,798 16,533	293 296	156 153	179 192	378 383	714 713	88 88	5,250 5,445	333 363	212 201	385 444
1995	3,311	4,735	29,847	68,613		17,424	309	160	178	397	804	90	5,740	413	201	555
1996 1997	3,369 3,568	4,696 4,877	21,873 22,990	68,232 72,033		18,589 19,029	317 333	166 275	205 190	409 453	833 902	96 93	6,293 6,575	474 571	200 200	566 639
1998	3,501	5,031	20,701	74,960		19,379	327	182	135		742	100	2,206	699	200	1,113

<sup>1</sup> Fiscal year 1977 began in October 1976 and was the first year of the new federal fiscal cycle. Before 1977, the fiscal year began in July.

<sup>2</sup> Beginning in fiscal year 1980, recipients' categories do not add to unduplicated total because of the small number of recipients that are in more than one category

during the year. <sup>3</sup>Beginning in fiscal year 1991, "Nursing facility services" category combines "ICF, All other" and "Skilled nursing facility services," which were previously separate. Data under "Nursing facility services" prior to 1991, reflect "Skilled nursing facility services."

Table 8.E2.—Unduplicated number of recipients, total vendor payments, and average amounts, by type of eligibility category, fiscal years 1972-1998<sup>1,2</sup>

Fiscal year	Total	Aged 65 or older	Blind	Permanent and total disability Number (in thousands)	Dependent children under age 21	Adults in families with dependent children	Other
				,			
1972	17,606 22,007	3,318	108 109	1,625 2,355	7,841	3,137 4,529	1,576 1,800
1975 1980	22,007 21.605	3,615 3,440	92	2,355 2,819	9,598 9,333	4,529 4,877	1,800
	,	- / -		,	,	,	,
1985 1986	21,814 22,515	3,061 3,140	80 82	2,937 3,100	9,757 10,029	5,518 5,647	1,214 1,362
1987	23,109	3,140	85	3,296	10,168	5.599	1,302
1988	22,907	3,159	86	3,401	10,037	5,503	1,343
1989	23,511	3,132	95	3,496	10,318	5,717	1,175
1990	25,255	3,202	83	3,635	11,220	6,010	1,105
1991	28,280	3,359	85	3,983	13,415	6,778	658
1992	30,926	3,742	84	4,378	15,104	6,954	664
1993	33,432	3,863	84	4,932	16,285	7,505	763
1994	35,053	4,035	87	5,372	17,194	7,586	779
1995	36,282	4,119	92	5,767	17,164	7,604	1,537
1996 1997	36,118 34,872	4,285 3,955	95	6,126 6,129	16,739 15,791	7,127 6,803	1,746 2,195
1998	40.649	3,955		6,638	18,964	7,908	3,176
	,	-,		,	,	.,	-,
				Amount (in millions)			
1972	\$6,300	\$1,925	\$45	\$1,354	\$1,139	\$962	\$875
1975	12,242	4,358	93	3,052	2,186	2,062	492
1980	23,311	8,739	124	7,497	3,123	3,231	596
1985	37,508	14,096	249	13,203	4,414	4,746	798
1986	41,005	15,097	277 309	14,635	5,135	4,880	980 1.078
1987 1988	45,050 48,710	16,037 17,135	309	16,507 18,250	5,508 5,848	5,592 5.883	1,078
1989	54,500	18,558	409	20,476	6,892	6,897	1,268
1990	64,859	21,508	434	23,969	9,100	8,590	1,257
1991	77,048	25,453	475	27,798	11,690	10,439	1,193
1992	90,814 101,709	29,078	530	33,326 38.065	14,491 16.504	12,185	1,204
1993 1994	101,709	31,554 33,618	589 644	38,065 41,654	17,302	13,605 13,585	1,391 1,467
			848		17,976		
1995 1996	120,141 121,685	36,527 36,947	869	48,570 51,196	17,976	13,511 12,275	2,708 2,853
1997	121,003	37,721		54,130	17,544	12,275	2,033
1998	142,318	40,602		60,375	22,806	14,833	3,702
-				<b>.</b> .			
	<b>.</b>		<b>•</b> ···-	Average amount	<b>.</b>		<b>.</b>
1972	\$358 556	\$580 1,205	\$417 850	\$833 1,296	\$145 228	\$307 455	\$555 273
1975 1980	556 1,079	2,540	1,358	2,659	335	455 663	398
	,	,	3,104	4,496		860	
1985 1986	1,719 1,821	4,605 4,808	3,104 3,401	4,496 4,721	452 512	860 864	658 719
1987	1,949	4,808	3,644	5,008	542	999	761
1988	2,126	5,425	4,005	5,366	583	1,069	891
1989	2,318	5,926	4,317	5,858	668	1,206	1,079
1990	2,568	6,717	5,212	6,595	811	1,429	1,138
1991	2,725	7,577	5,572	6,979	871	1,540	1,813
1992	2,936	7,770	6,298	7,612	959	1,752	1,813
1993 1994	3,042 3,089	8,168 8,331	7,036 7,412	7,717 7,755	1,013 1,006	1,813 1,791	1,824 1,884
	,	,	,	,	,	,	,
1995 1996	3,311 3,369	8,868 8,622	9,256 9,143	8,422 8,357	1,047 1,048	1,777 1,722	1,762 1,635
1996	3,369 3,568	9,538	9,143	8,832	1,048	1,722	3,597
1998	3,501	10,242		9,095	1,203	1,876	1,166

<sup>1</sup> Fiscal year 1977 began in October 1976 and was the first year of the new federal fiscal cycle. Before 1977, the fiscal year began in July.
 <sup>2</sup> Beginning in fiscal year 1980, recipients' categories do not add to unduplicated total because of the small number of recipients that are in more than one category during the year.

CONTACT: Tony Parker (410) 786-0155 for further information.

Table 8.H1—Number of recipients, amount of payments, and average amount per recipient, by state, fiscal year 1998

State	Recipients	Amount (in millions)	Average amount
Total	40,649,482	\$142,318	\$3,501
Alabama	527,078	1,902	3,609
Alaska	74,508	330	4,434
Arizona	507,668	1,644	3,238
Arkansas	424,727	1,376	3,239
California	7,082,175	14,237	2,010
Colorado	344,916	1,439	4,173
Connecticut	381,208	2,421	6,350
Delaware	101,436	420	4,138
District of Columbia	166,146	731	4,402
Florida	1,904,591	5,687	2,986
Georgia	1,221,978	3,012	2,466
Hawaii	184,614	507	2,749
Idaho	123,176	425	3,446
Illinois	1,363,856	6,173	4,526
Indiana	607,293	2,564	4,222
lowa	314,936	1,289	4,092
Kansas	241,933	916	3,788
Kentucky	644,482	2,425	3,763
Louisiana	720,615	2,384	3,308
Maine	170,456	747	4,383
Maryland	561,085	2.489	4,437
Massachusetts	908,238	4,609	5,075
Michigan	1,362,890	4,345	3,188
Minnesota	538,413	2,924	5,432
Mississippi	485,767	1,442	2,969
Missouri	734,015	2,570	3,501
Montana	100,760	361	3,585
Nebraska	211,188	753	3,566
Nevada	128,144	462	3,606
New Hampshire	93,970	606	6,449
New Jersey	813,251	4,219	5,188
New Mexico	329,418	862	2,617
New York	3,073,241	24,299	7,907
North Carolina	1,167,988	4,014	3,437
North Dakota	62,280	341	5,476
Ohio	1,290,776	6,121	4,742
Oklahoma	342,475	1,178	3,439
Oregon	511,171	1,378	2,695
Pennsylvania	1,523,120	6,080	3,992
Rhode Island	153,130	919	6,004
South Carolina	594,962	2,019	3,393
South Dakota	89,537	356	3,974
Tennessee	1,843,661	3,167	1,718
Texas	2,324,810	7,140	3,071
Utah	215,801	619	2,867
Vermont	123,992	351	2,834
Virginia	653,236	2,118	3,243
Washington	1,413,208	2,044	1,447
West Virginia	342,668	1,243	3,628
Wisconsin	518,595	2,206	4,255
Wyoming	46,121	192	4,163
Outlying areas:			
Puerto Rico	964,015	250	259
Virgin Islands	19,764	10	511

CONTACT: Tony Parker (410) 786-0155 for further information.

### Table 9.A2.—Summary data on state programs, 1999

[Except where noted excludes data for federal employees and for ex-servicemembers; includes data for state and local government employees where covered by state law after 1955]

					9.				.,				
	(exclud	employment es federal rnment)	Insured unemploy-		Average benefit f unemple	or total				exhausting efits <sup>2</sup>			
	Average number of workers (in thou-	Total payroll <sup>6</sup>	ment as percent of covered employ-	Number of first		Percent of average weekly	Average weekly insured unemploy-	Average actual duration		Percent of first	Contributions collected	Benefits paid	Average employer contribution rate
State	sands)	(in millions)	ment <sup>1</sup>	payments	Amount <sup>7</sup>	wages <sup>8</sup>	ment	(in weeks)	Number	payments <sup>2</sup>	(in millions) <sup>3</sup>	(in millions) <sup>4</sup>	(percent) <sup>5</sup>
Total	125,334	\$4,130,377		6,951,210	\$211.75	33.1	2,187,932	14.5	2,300,128	31.4	\$19,153.8	\$20,270.5	1.8
AL AK AR CA CO CT DE FL	1,818 252 2,104 1,092 14,135 2,051 1,630 397 432 6,720	50,209 8,381 63,718 27,408 528,918 69,588 69,588 69,783 13,901 20,506 192,543	1.6 5.1 1.0 2.3 2.6 .8 1.9 1.4 1.5 1.1	127,895 45,635 70,638 76,981 1,047,526 55,494 109,049 22,525 17,190 223,361	155.55 181.58 157.31 197.20 158.21 240.96 225.36 203.70 235.01 211.84	29.3 28.4 27.0 40.9 22.0 36.9 27.4 30.3 25.7 38.4	28,382 12,866 21,228 366,976 15,908 31,248 5,503 6,455 73,090	10.1 14.9 14.3 13.0 16.4 12.1 14.6 12.6 19.7 14.0	26,912 19,252 22,447 24,341 412,584 20,316 27,530 4,534 9,425 94,332	19.9 41.9 31.8 29.2 38.2 36.6 24.2 19.6 51.8 39.8	159.1 105.3 173.2 175.6 2,693.0 191.3 380.7 63.7 88.4 549.5	192.2 122.8 150.3 162.4 2,634.5 158.6 372.4 56.4 60.1 670.4	1.1 2.5 1.1 2.0 2.7 1.0 1.8 2.1 2.3 1.2
GA HI ID IN IA KS KY LA ME	3,708 508 530 5,756 2,867 1,412 1,273 1,696 1,812 560	118,993 14,728 13,618 208,105 85,648 37,820 35,355 46,709 48,798 14,856	.9 2.1 2.4 1.8 1.0 1.3 1.2 1.5 1.4 1.8	163,110 30,754 43,733 307,325 111,817 80,519 52,947 103,664 73,959 32,599	198.70 277.63 200.43 241.16 210.31 227.05 237.48 201.03 162.10 192.30	32.2 49.8 40.5 34.7 36.6 44.1 44.5 38.0 31.3 37.7	32,573 10,706 12,457 104,015 28,575 17,909 14,680 24,945 25,930 9,816	9.0 16.4 12.5 15.9 11.3 10.8 12.9 12.1 15.3 13.0	45,919 9,921 12,536 92,449 34,135 14,073 15,867 18,543 21,765 13,376	27.2 28.9 27.5 30.2 26.7 17.8 31.1 16.9 29.3 34.6	154.3 135.7 79.6 1,121.8 266.5 152.5 42.5 238.5 166.4 128.5	280.7 129.6 101.5 1,169.0 270.5 180.3 158.0 240.4 186.7 81.4	.5 1.7 1.2 2.4 1.4 1.0 .3 1.8 1.5 3.6
MD MA MN MS MO MT NE NV NH	2,220 3,133 4,446 2,517 1,113 2,588 358 851 962 583	74,475 126,114 158,447 83,990 26,744 76,897 8,144 22,450 29,838 18,664	1.4 2.1 1.8 1.2 1.6 1.5 2.2 .8 1.9 .6	96,934 181,671 323,015 100,147 54,780 132,136 24,517 25,996 65,028 15,380	204.78 278.86 237.88 278.76 153.30 174.57 181.04 177.13 215.61 208.27	31.7 36.0 34.7 43.4 33.2 30.6 41.4 34.9 36.1 33.8	30,246 66,242 79,736 29,944 18,365 40,110 7,830 6,989 18,327 3,704	13.5 17.0 11.5 14.0 13.7 13.1 13.8 12.1 13.8 9.6	27,069 59,382 84,055 26,306 14,618 35,010 7,423 7,811 19,646 775	27.2 31.3 21.3 24.8 25.1 25.7 28.6 27.1 31.0 4.8	284.2 785.0 990.2 344.8 122.6 268.4 61.5 32.0 211.8 28.1	271.0 822.4 879.9 356.6 110.2 293.2 56.1 54.8 192.3 35.4	1.6 2.3 2.7 1.1 1.7 1.4 1.3 .6 1.4 .7
NJ NM NC ND OH OK PA	3,719 671 8,156 3,743 297 5,368 1,376 1,547 5,387	151,570 17,217 343,441 109,645 6,953 167,392 34,703 47,389 174,537	2.4 1.6 1.9 1.4 1.4 1.3 1.0 2.7 2.5	255,979 30,032 416,634 215,968 11,925 228,265 44,883 142,505 402,078	277.02 178.06 231.93 218.71 201.35 224.04 208.67 223.45 250.56	35.3 36.1 28.6 38.8 44.7 37.4 43.0 37.9 40.2	91,039 10,956 157,548 51,266 4,098 68,074 14,200 42,374 136,528	17.2 16.2 17.7 10.0 14.9 13.2 13.9 14.5 15.7	117,080 10,915 209,016 40,120 4,455 46,542 13,531 39,854 102,613	44.4 33.8 45.5 18.7 34.8 17.8 26.8 27.1 24.5	1,061.8 83.2 1,485.7 327.0 31.7 631.9 51.7 471.9 1,393.5	1,076.8 85.7 1,639.3 428.3 39.9 687.8 120.6 429.2 1,350.5	1.9 1.2 2.7 .8 1.1 1.5 .4 2.1 3.7
RI SC TN TX UT VA VA WV WV WY	446 1,763 345 2,575 8,830 987 3,176 282 2,575 659 2,662 218	13,763 47,453 8,052 75,263 288,791 27,139 102,665 7,728 91,543 16,814 78,482 5,492	2.9 1.5 .6 1.6 1.0 .7 1.9 3.0 2.4 1.9 1.4	43,505 96,434 7,657 150,970 358,590 38,217 92,254 17,836 190,056 52,317 209,497 10,947	245.73 185.48 170.05 183.95 225.36 205.20 186.91 203.40 275.82 197.98 223.46 200.61	41.4 35.8 37.9 32.7 35.8 38.8 30.1 38.7 40.3 40.4 39.4 41.4	13,155 25,694 2,115 39,943 124,619 10,108 22,200 5,276 77,627 16,090 50,277 3,126	13.2 11.3 11.0 11.9 15.9 12.1 10.2 13.3 18.4 13.6 11.8 13.2	13,562 22,846 815 45,392 201,647 11,907 20,533 2,525 64,095 10,566 36,982 2,914	30.2 22.9 9.7 27.9 54.6 30.5 20.9 13.8 35.0 19.4 17.1 25.3	159.3 161.9 12.6 269.7 932.4 78.7 140.5 48.5 864.1 128.3 426.8 22.8	140.6 194.4 15.9 323.0 1,189.4 97.6 178.6 45.4 905.7 128.6 474.8 27.1	3.3 1.4 .6 1.5 1.2 .6 2.5 2.2 2.9 1.9 1.5
Other: PR VI	988 40	17,969 1,027	5.2 1.2	116,746 1,590	102.82 172.64	29.4 35.3	51,431 496	19.3 14.7	59,225 641	43.7 34.2	170.9 4.0	237.2 3.8	3.3 1.6

<sup>1</sup> Based on average covered employment in 12-month period.

 <sup>2</sup> Percentages based on first payments for 12-month period.
 <sup>3</sup> Contributions, penalties, and interest from employers and contributions from employees in states taxing workers. Adjusted to exclude refunds of contributions and dishonored checks. Excludes state and local government employees covered on reimbursable basis.

<sup>4</sup> Adjusted to exclude voided benefit checks and for transfers under interstate combined-wage plan. Excludes Extended Benefits and Emergency Unemployment Compensation. <sup>5</sup> Estimated data. As percent of taxable payroll. Standard contribution rate for most states, 2.7 percent. Excludes state and local jurisdictions covering state and local government employees on a reimbursable basis. <sup>6</sup> Total wages earned in covered employment during all pay periods ended within the year.

<sup>7</sup> Includes dependents' allowances for states that provide such benefits.

<sup>8</sup> Based on average total weekly wage in current year.

Source: Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration and Bureau of Labor Statistics; based on data submitted by state agencies.

#### Table 9.A2.—Summary data on state programs, 2000

[Except where noted excludes data for federal employees and for ex-servicemembers; includes data for state and local government employees where covered by state law after 1955]

	1			1	0		. ,		,				
	(exclud	employment es federal rnment)	Insured unemploy-		Average benefit f unemple	or total				exhausting efits <sup>2</sup>			
	Average		ment			Percent	Average						Average
	number of workers	Total	as percent of covered	Number		of average	weekly insured	Average actual		Percent	Contributions		employer contribution
State	(in thou-	payroll <sup>6</sup>	employ- ment <sup>1</sup>	of first	Amount <sup>7</sup>	weekly	unemploy-	duration	Numbor	of first payments <sup>2</sup>	collected (in millions) <sup>3</sup>	Benefits paid	rate (percent) <sup>5</sup>
State	sands)	(in millions)		payments		wages <sup>8</sup>	ment	(in weeks)	Number		. ,	(in millions) <sup>4</sup>	
Total AL	127,858 1,824	\$4,464,095 52,054	1.7 1.6	7,033,133 133,933	\$221.00 159.41	32.9 29.1	2,110,279 29,046	13.7 9.9	2,143,989 26,847	31.8 21.5	\$19,899.3 158.2	\$20,276.9 202.9	1.8 1.1
AK	259	8,856	4.8	43,557	189.86	28.8	12,290	14.2	16,962	39.2	110.9	110.5	2.7
AZ AR	2,173 1,108	70,326 28,841	.9 2.2	69,104 80,163	162.51 210.08	26.1 42.0	20,527 23,885	14.0 11.8	23,333 22,722	33.5 30.8	170.9 175.8	154.3 169.6	1.1 1.9
CA	14,615	600,346	2.3	973,333	160.00	20.3	338,454	15.9	370,790	37.1	2,836.8	2,406.7	2.7
CO CT	2,132 1,653	78,692 75,154	.7 1.7	51,952 102,837	255.86 257.56	36.0 29.5	15,034 28,347	12.0 14.1	20,506 24,483	39.0 23.3	186.1 312.7	157.7 348.9	.9 1.5
DE	403	14,749	1.5	26,978	214.85	30.5	5,870	11.9	4,988	19.9	59.1	74.2	1.8
DC FL	453 6,939	22,506 210,178	1.3 1.0	15,164 224,212	241.03 220.21	25.2 37.8	5,705 70,767	19.6 13.3	8,230 86,357	49.6 39.8	99.7 398.3	61.2 661.7	2.3 .8
GA	3,798	128,867	.9	177,902	211.89	32.5	34,467	8.7	42,699	27.2	132.3	317.0	.5
HI	523	15,544	1.6	25,247	283.67	49.6	8,389	15.4	7,058	25.5	139.6	101.6	1.7
ID IL	550 5,840	15,055 221,450	2.2 1.8	45,292 309,386	209.46 251.58	39.8 34.5	12,101 103,824	11.7 15.8	11,219 91,236	25.8 30.7	90.4 1,093.1	102.8 1,212.2	1.2 2.2
IN	2,893	89,263	1.1	129,325	222.19	37.4	31,768	10.7	35,548	32.2	277.1	310.8	1.4
IA KS	1,423 1,286	39,507 37,400	1.4 1.2	84,455 54,263	238.42 247.09	44.7 44.2	19,407 15,635	11.2 13.3	15,626 16,641	19.3 33.5	175.7 143.0	210.3 173.9	1.2 1.1
KY	1,724	49,322	1.5	111,252	224.78	40.8	25,421	11.5	18,296	18.5	248.9	271.4	1.9
LA ME	1,832 577	50,530 15,715	1.3 1.5	71,852 28,203	182.06 202.29	34.3 38.6	23,972 8,863	14.5 14.1	22,561 10,569	32.7 39.0	117.1 150.8	182.0 76.6	1.3 2.6
MD	2,278	80,643	1.3	92,798	212.51	31.2	28,881	13.4	25,996	27.5	274.6	271.1	1.5
MA MI	3,223 4,527	142,529 167,108	1.9 1.8	172,041 358,509	293.45 244.12	34.5 34.4	60,076 81,550	16.3 10.6	53,639 80,809	31.1 25.5	821.8 1,016.5	789.7 921.5	2.3 2.7
MN	2,572	90,830	1.2	109,278	290.51	42.8	31,385	13.6	26,734	26.6	345.4	397.8	1.0
MS MO	1,110 2,617	27,530 81,474	1.8 1.6	60,187 137,426	156.62 186.22	32.8 31.1	19,663 41,848	13.6 13.1	16,108 34,663	29.9 26.9	114.9 237.6	122.0 333.5	1.5 1.3
MT	367	8,658	2.1	25,194	187.92	41.4	7,798	13.0	7,216	30.6	55.8	57.8	1.1
NE NV	867 1,003	23,790 32,158	.8 1.9	27,838 67,949	188.00 222.43	35.6 36.1	7,323 19,534	11.6 13.8	8,179 21,190	32.2 32.8	42.3 213.3	59.4 204.3	.8 1.3
NH	598	20,675	.5	13,595	217.21	32.7	3,108	9.0	817	5.9	30.7	31.1	.8
NJ NM	3,811 687	166,245 18,444	2.2 1.4	245,606 27,492	289.61 180.43	34.5 34.9	84,750 9,475	16.6 15.2	109,650 8,594	44.4 30.6	1,233.3 84.9	1,045.8 72.9	2.0 1.2
NY	8,329	374,357	1.8	424,234	247.48	28.6	146,212	16.0	186,345	46.3	1,870.4	1,602.2	3.2
NC ND	3,795 300	117,380 7,296	1.4 1.3	256,360 11,800	231.21 210.01	38.9 44.8	54,345 3,855	8.9 14.0	42,564 4,282	18.5 37.6	300.5 37.7	474.6 40.2	.6 1.3
OH	5,428	175,237	1.3	248,223	236.40	38.1	71,623	12.4	48,306	22.0	640.5	742.2	1.5
OK OR	1,404 1,577	37,032 51,368	.9 2.6	40,872 147,190	214.40 232.62	42.3 37.1	12,218 41,228	13.0 13.7	11,846 36,272	30.5 25.7	47.4 503.9	103.7 430.4	.4 2.1
PA	5,446	184,011	2.4	396,227	264.76	40.7	132,350	15.2	96,622	24.8	1,400.3	1,461.6	3.7
RI SC	457 1,790	14,724 50,058	2.7 1.5	37,798 101,066	253.48 190.18	40.9 35.4	12,159 27,053	14.1 10.9	12,501 22,586	31.9 24.8	142.5 170.7	224.9 136.4	3.4 3.2
SD	353	8,592	.6	7,791	180.86	38.6	2,043	10.0	642	9.0	13.5	203.7	1.4
TN TX	2,614 9,101	79,029 316,219	1.6 1.2	177,875 322,307	188.74 227.11	32.5 34.0	42,216 107,906	11.1 14.5	45,512 165,241	31.2 50.4	284.7 982.4	15.2 363.5	.6 1.5
UT	1,012	29,132	1.0	40,584	213.89	38.6	107,500	11.8	11,571	30.5	61.4	988.7	1.3
VA VT	3,276 290	112,668 8,324	.7 1.6	95,607 17,593	203.88 215.55	30.8 39.1	22,233 4,789	9.8 12.5	21,975 2,258	25.2 13.6	149.3 49.0	3.0 44.3	2.6 2.4
WA	2,638	97,229	2.7	205,411	280.94	39.6	70,580	16.2	57,301	29.0	919.2	196.9	.6
WV WI	664 2,703	17,491 82,682	2.1 2.0	48,884 230,458	197.53 233.11	39.0 39.6	14,067 53,078	12.6 11.2	8,808 38,121	19.1 17.9	132.1 440.5	872.8 526.3	2.1 1.9
WY	2,703	5,898	1.3	10,833	207.01	40.8	2,867	11.2	2,494	25.2	23.3	26.3	1.9
Other:	1 0 1 0	10.000	4.0	114,649	102.04	29.3	40 407	407	E7 00 4	40.0	A75 7	004.0	0.4
PR VI	1,012 41	18,666 1,120	4.9 .8	1,048	103.91 183.43	29.3 35.2	49,437 333	18.7 15.4	57,994 482	48.8 38.3	175.7 6.5	224.9 3.0	3.4 2.6

<sup>1</sup> Based on average covered employment in 12-month period.

 <sup>2</sup> Percentages based on first payments for 12-month period.
 <sup>3</sup> Contributions, penalties, and interest from employers and contributions from employees in states taxing workers. Adjusted to exclude refunds of contributions and dishonored checks. Excludes state and local government employees covered on reimbursable basis.

<sup>4</sup> Adjusted to exclude voided benefit checks and for transfers under interstate combined-wage plan. Excludes Extended Benefits and Emergency Unemployment Compensation. <sup>5</sup> Estimated data. As percent of taxable payroll. Standard contribution rate for most states, 2.7 percent. Excludes state and local jurisdictions covering state and local government employees on a reimbursable basis.

<sup>6</sup> Total wages earned in covered employment during all pay periods ended within the year.

<sup>7</sup> Includes dependents' allowances for states that provide such benefits.

<sup>8</sup> Based on average total weekly wage in current year.

Source: Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration and Bureau of Labor Statistics; based on data submitted by state agencies.

CONTACT: Cindy Ambler (202) 693-3177 for futher information.

Table 9.B1.—Coverage, benefits, and costs, 1940–1999	Table 9.B1	Coverage,	benefits.	and costs.	1940-1999
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		Benefits paid during year (in millions)							
	Estimated			Type of insurance		Type of	benefits	0.1.1	
Calendar year	number of workers covered per month (in millions)	Total	Insurance losses paid by private carriers <sup>4</sup>	State and federal fund disbursements <sup>5</sup>	Employers' self-insurance payments <sup>6</sup>	Medical and hospitalization	Compensation payments	Cost of program as a percentage of covered payroll <sup>2</sup>	Benefits as a percentage of covered payroll <sup>3</sup>
1940	24.6	\$256	\$135	\$73	\$48	\$95	\$161	1.19	0.72
1946	32.7	434	270	96	68	140	294	.91	.54
1948	36.0	534	335	121	78	175	359	.96	.51
1949	35.3	566	353	132	81	185	381	.98	.55
1950	36.9	615	381	149	85	200	415	.89	.54
1951	38.7	709	444	170	94	233	476	.90	.54
1952	39.4	785	491	193	101	260	525	.94	.55
1953	40.7	841	524	210	107	280	561	.97	.55
1954	39.8	876	540	225	110	308	568	.98	.57
1955	41.4	916	563	238	115	325	591	.91	.55
1956	43.0	1,002	618	259	125	350	652	.92	.55
1957	43.3	1,062	661	271	130	360	702	.91	.56
1958	42.5	1,112	694	285	132	375	737	.91	.58
1959	44.0	1,210	753	316	141	410	800	.89	.58
1960	44.9	1,295	810	325	160	435	860	.93	.59
1961	45.0	1,374	851	347	176	460	914	.95	.61
1962	46.2	1,489	924	371	194	495	994	.96	.62
1963	47.3	1,582	988	388	207	525	1,057	.99	.62
1964	48.8	1,707	1,070	412	226	565	1,142	1.00	.63
1965	50.8	1,814	1,124	445	244	600	1,214	1.00	.61
1966	53.7	2,000	1,239	486	275	680	1,320	1.02	.61
1967	55.0	2,189	1,363	524	303	750	1,439	1.07	.63
1968	56.8	2,376	1,482	556	338	830	1,546	1.07	.62
1968	59.0	2,634	1,641	607	386	920	1,714	1.08	.62
1970	59.2	3,031	1,843	755	432	1,050	1,981	1.11	.66
1971	59.4	3,563	2,005	1,098	460	1,130	2,433	1.11	.67
1972	62.3	4,061	2,179	1,379	504	1,250	2,811	1.14	.68
1973	66.3	5,103	2,514	1,998	592	1,480	3,623	1.17	.70
1974	68.0	5,781	2,971	2,086	724	1,760	4,021	1.24	.75
1975	67.2	6,598	3,422	2,324	852	2,030	4,568	1.32	.83
1976	69.6	7,584	3,976	2,570	1,039	2,380	5,204	1.49	.87
1977	72.1	8,630	4,629	2,750	1,250	2,680	5,950	1.71	.92
1978	75.6	9,796	5,256	3,043	1,497	2,980	6,816	1.86	.94
1979	78.6	12,027	6,157	4,022	1,848	3,520	8,507	1.95	1.01
1980	78.8	13,618	7,029	4,330	2,259	3,947	9,671	1.96	1.07
1981	78.3	15,054	7,876	4,595	2,583	4,431	10,623	1.85	1.08
1982	77.0	16,407	8,647	4,768	2,993	5,058	11,349	1.75	1.16
1983	78.0	17,575	9,265	5,061	3,249	5,681	11,894	1.67	1.17
1984	81.9	19,685	10,610	5,405	3,671	6,424	13,261	1.66	1.21
1985	84.3	22,217	12,341	5,744	4,132	7,498		1.82	1.30
1986	86.0	24,613	13,827	6,248	4,538	8,642		1.99	1.37
1987	88.4	27,318	15,453	6,782	5,082	9,912		2.07	1.43
1988	91.3	30,733	17,512	7,477	5,744	11,518		2.16	1.49
1989	93.7	34,316	19,918	7,965	6,433	13,424		2.04	1.46
1990	95.1	38,238	22,222	8,658	7,358	15,187	23,051	2.13	1.57
1991	93.6	42,169	24,515	9,711	7,944	16,832	25,337	2.16	1.65
1992	94.6	44,660	24,030	10,987	9,643	18,252	26,408	2.13	1.69
1993.	96.1	42,925	21,773	11,294	9,857	17,521	25,403	2.17	1.62
1994.	109.4	44,586	22,306	10,753	11,527	17,194	27,392	2.05	1.51
1995 1996 1997 1998 1999	112.8 114.6 117.7 120.9 123.9	43,373 41,836 41,147 42,312 43,371	21,145 20,392 20,978 22,821 23,813	10,996 10,669 10,294 10,269 10,221	11,232 10,775 9,875 9,222 9,337	16,733 16,555 15,701 16,390 18,043	25,445 25,922	1.83 1.67 1.47 1.37 1.29	1.39 1.26 1.15 1.09 1.05

<sup>1</sup> Beginning in 1959, includes Alaska and Hawaii.

<sup>2</sup> Premiums written by private carriers, and state funds and benefits paid by self-insurers increased by 5–11 percent to allow for administrative costs; also includes benefits paid and administrative costs of federal system for government employees.

<sup>3</sup> Excludes programs financed from general revenue-most federal Black Lung benefits.

<sup>4</sup> Net cash and medical benefits paid during calendar year by private insurance companies under standard workers' compensation policies.

<sup>5</sup> Net cash and medical benefits paid by competitive and exclusive state funds and by federal system for government employees and, beginning in 1970, cash benefits paid by federal Black Lung program. <sup>6</sup> Cash and medical benefits paid by self-insurers, plus value of medical benefits paid by employers carrying workers' compensations policies that exclude standard medical

coverage

Source: National Academy of Social Insurance estimates based on data received from state agencies, the Department of Labor, A.M. Best Company and the National Council on Compensation Insurance.

CONTACT: Daniel Mont (202) 452-8097 for further information.

#### Table 9.B2.—Benefits, by state, 1996–1999

	[In thousands]										
State	1996	1997	1998	1999							
Total <sup>1</sup>	\$41,835,949	\$41,146,574	\$42,311,540	\$43,371,412							
Alabama	525,073	530,230	615,316	596,233							
Alaska	121,597	130,045	128,576	137,630							
Arizona	458,593	427,885	417,673	427,841							
Arkansas	160,328	157,128	163,733	165,854							
California	6,829,656	7,073,544	7,374,486	7,856,442							
Colorado	679,270	674,035	656,894	702,458							
Connecticut	672,241	731,830	711,130	722,156							
Delaware	121,154	120,719	118,511	105,436							
District of Columbia	89,945	81,696	75,800	82,011							
Florida	2,706,603	2,318,086	2,207,984	2,079,830							
Georgia	821,952	713,041	807,582	816,249							
Hawaii	288,495	254,995	233,491	211,138							
Idaho	189,575	212,563	237,444	230,218							
Illinois	1,643,487	1,576,695	1,687,070	1,719,617							
Indiana	409,901	437,797	482,029	522,237							
lowa	260,628	273,028	292,002	283,983							
Kansas	269,507	312,698	318,352	326,196							
Kentucky	506,771	380,417	410,003	430,953							
Louisiana	557,131	419,777	428,441	428,808							
Maine	314,116	271,307	246,145	249,674							
Maryland	1,037,957	1,082,280	1,127,128	1,169,386							
Massachusetts	700,375	653,327	641,409	633,840							
Michigan	1,346,409	1,332,222	1,366,963	1,392,806							
Minnesota	739,500	738,100	732,300	744,600							
Mississippi	224,341	231,340	234,700	253,532							
Missouri	618,911	527,053	589,232	592,993							
Montana	149,540	167,812	170,715	145,306							
Nebraska	198,923	184,673	181,816	173,149							
Nevada	382,873	341,203	334,659	362,971							
New Hampshire	188,262	155,397	163,885	170,876							
New Jersey	930,724	923,460	954,696	987,378							
New Mexico	151,299	119,893	116,819	117,168							
New York	2,558,704	2,618,320	2,556,658	2,782,474							
North Carolina	500,506	618,426	765,817	710,100							
North Dakota	66,819	76,617	81,403	77,236							
Ohio	2,146,314	2,030,046	2,068,878	2,018,923							
Oklahoma	645,329	547,355	520,181	465,231							
Oregon	445,505	417,222	432,825	399,965							
Pennsylvania	2,533,788	2,471,021	2,418,072	2,441,255							
Rhode Island	135,520	138,211	145,252	152,861							
South Carolina	371,724	459,377	483,606	511,735							
South Dakota	82,063	73,862	72,722	80,331							
Tennessee	432,422	432,662	517,846	514,242							
Texas	1,259,647	1,377,393	1,488,896	1,677,824							
Utah	224,146	192,381	220,247	219,338							
Vermont	74,271	87,488	95,056	103,928							
Virginia	560,309	534,350	591,068	581,357							
Washington	1,192,926	1,234,495	1,309,371	1,418,255							
West Virginia	523,803	616,790	629,480	665,403							
Wisconsin	647,520	594,463	621,973	652,281							
Wyoming	73,592	68,068	74,469	71,151							
Federal programs: Civilian employee Black lung <sup>2</sup>	1,911,682 1,154,222	1,900,963 1,102,798	1,955,287 1,035,450	2,008,909 980,642							

[In thousands]

<sup>1</sup> Calendar year data, except fiscal year data for federal civilian and other programs and for some states with state funds. Payments represent compensation and medical benefits and include insurance losses paid by private insurance carriers (compiled form state workers' compensation agencies and the A.M. Best Company); disbursement of state funds (compiled from the A.M. Best Company, state workers' compensation agencies and U.S. Census Bureau); and self-insurance payments, estimated from available state data. Includes benefit payments under Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act for states in which such payments are made. For data for years 1990, 1993-95, see U.S. Census Bureau, Statistical Abstract of the United States: 1999 (119th edition) Washington, DC, 1999, table 630, p.397.
<sup>2</sup> Includes payments by the Social Security Administration and the Department of Labor.

Source: National Academy of Social Insurance estimates based on data received from state agencies, the Department of Labor, A.M. Best Company and the National Council on Compensation Insurance.

#### Table 9.B3.—Type of insurer and medical benefits, by state, 1999

[In thousands]

State	Total	Private carriers <sup>4</sup>	State funds	Self- insurance <sup>1</sup>	Medical amount	Medical percent
Total	\$43,371,412				\$18,042,726	41.6
Alabama	596.233	\$320,786		\$275,447	309,392	51.9
Alaska	137,630	108,604		29,026	73,456	53.4
Arizona	427,841	191,455	\$174,825	61,561	149,956	<sup>2</sup> 35.0
Arkansas	165,854	110,673		55,182	71,317	<sup>3</sup> 43.0
California	7,856,442	4,611,639	1,002,435	2,242,368	3,506,531	44.6
Colorado	702,458	330,465	181,449	190,543	348,110	<sup>2</sup> 49.6
Connecticut	702,458	553,612	,	168,544	196,079	<sup>2</sup> 27.2
Delaware	105,436	78,243		27,193	45,337	<sup>3</sup> 43.0
District of Columbia	82,011	64,157		17,853	35,265	<sup>3</sup> 43.0
Florida	2,079,830	1,668,092		411,738	1,277,633	61.4
1 101104	2,079,000			411,750	1,277,000	01.4
Georgia	816,249	450,288		365,961	487,804	59.8
Hawaii	211,138	144,706	5,223	61,209	86,574	40.9
Idaho	230,218	141,392	77,754	11,072	111,303	48.3
Illinois	1,719,617	1,353,213		366,405	828,341	<sup>2</sup> 48.2
Indiana	522,237	391,347		130,890	343,188	<sup>2</sup> 65.7
lowa	283,983	236,098		47,885	159,420	<sup>2</sup> 56.1
Kansas	326,196	236,753		89,443	113,239	34.7
Kentucky	430,953	260,222	20,420	150,310	229,300	53.2
Louisiana	428,808	207,532	101,602	119,674	184,387	<sup>3</sup> 43.0
Maine	249,674	106,619	48,183	94,872	93,731	37.7
Mondand	1 160 296	005 022	150 165	106.188	102 101	40.0
Maryland	1,169,386 633,840	905,032 515,852	158,165	117,988	493,481 202,341	42.2 31.9
Massachusetts Michigan	1,392,806	760,306		632,500	413,859	29.7
Minnesota	744,600	479,400	88,100	177,100	315,700	42.4
Mississippi	253,532	162,808		90,724	132,971	52.4
	-					
Missouri	592,993	506,218	43,357	43,418	363,761	59.5
Montana	145,306	53,222	60,962	31,121	62,482	<sup>3</sup> 43.0
Nebraska	173,149	131,579	070.000	41,570	86,079	49.7
Nevada	362,971 170,876	4,649 134,339	273,386	84,935	125,871 88,787	34.7 <sup>2</sup> 52.0
New Hampshire	170,070	134,339		36,537	00,707	- 52.0
New Jersey	987,378	937,022		50,356	424,573	<sup>3</sup> 43.0
New Mexico	117,168	60,348	12,036	44,784	65,857	56.2
New York	2,782,474	1,314,422	836,453	631,599	835,726	30.0
North Carolina	710,100	534,710		175,390	327,739	<sup>2</sup> 46.2
North Dakota	77,236	428	76,808		36,201	46.9
Ohio	2,018,923	18,104	1,571,004	429,815	803,675	39.8
Oklahoma	465,231	261,595	105,621	98,015	221,583	<sup>2</sup> 47.6
Oregon	398,965	202,220	145,285	51,460	190,422	47.7
Pennsylvania	2,441,255	1,692,089	176,004	573,162	867,097	35.5
Rhode Island	152,861	98,356	43,409	11,096	35,306	23.1
South Carolina	511,735	358,012	37,100	116.623	247,866	<sup>2</sup> 48.4
South Dakota	80,331	69,408	37,100	10,923	38,915	48.4
Tennessee	514,242	404,946		109.296	264,953	<sup>2</sup> 51.5
Texas	1,677,824	1,353,079	185,305	139,441	721,464	<sup>2</sup> 31.3 <sup>3</sup> 43.0
Utah	219,338	133,718	67,987	17,633	152,456	69.5
	,		57,007	,	,	
Vermont	103,928	78,652		25,276	51,214	<sup>2</sup> 49.3
Virginia	581,357	441,457		139,900	214,004	36.8
Washington	1,418,255	20,873	1,117,017 552,302	280,365	475,492	33.5
West Virginia	665,403 652 281	3,894	,	109,207	176,139	26.5 <sup>2</sup> 52.6
Wisconsin	652,281	609,039	60 710	43,242	342,874	
Wyoming	71,151	1,432	69,719		45,068	63.3
Total without federal	40,381,861	23,813,108	7,231,914	9,336,839	17,474,320	43.3
Total federal	2,989,551				568,406	19.0
Civilian employee	2,008,909				492,835	24.5
Black Lung	980,642				75,571	7.7

<sup>1</sup> Self-insurance includes individual self-insurers and group self-insurance.

<sup>2</sup> Imputed based on regression analysis using data from states where the percentage was known. The independent variables used in regression were percent of private carrier incurred losses that is attributed to medical benefits, the market insured by private carriers, and the presence of a state fund.

<sup>3</sup> For these states, the data used for the imputation procedure were unavailable, so the percentage of medical benefits was estimated to be the weighted average of the percentages in the states reporting such a percentage.
 <sup>4</sup> States with exclusive funds (Nevada, North Dakota, Ohio, Washington, West Virginia and Wyoming), also have small amounts of benefits paid in the private carrier category.

<sup>4</sup> States with exclusive funds (Nevada, North Dakota, Ohio, Washington, West Virginia and Wyoming), also have small amounts of benefits paid in the private carrier category. This results from two sources: companies with group policies that overlap states and the fact that some companies include excess workers' compensation coverage in their reports of workers' compensation benefits to A.M. Best Company.

Source: National Academy of Social Insurance estimates based on data received from state agencies, the Department of Labor, A.M. Best Company, and the National Council on Compensation Insurance.

CONTACT: Daniel Mont (202) 452-8097 for further information.

#### Table 9.C1.—Selected data on state and railroad programs, 1998

Program <sup>1</sup>	Average annual covered employment (in thou- sands)	Taxable payrolls (in millions)	Average weekly number of beneficiaries (in thou- sands)	Average weekly benefit	Average duration (weeks) per period paid	Contributions collected (in millions)	Net benefits paid (in millions)	Administra- tive expenditures (in millions) <sup>2</sup>
California <sup>3</sup>	11,916	\$271,500	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	\$1,793.0	\$173 .0
State-operated fund	11,371	252,500	80.0	\$229.74	12.14	\$1,207.5	1,645.0	145.4
Private plans	546	18,900	(4)	352.06	10.46	136	148.0	28.0
Hawaii <sup>5</sup> (private plans)	263	5,347	24.9	365.00	3.16	35.6	28.7	(4)
New Jersey <sup>6</sup>	<sup>7</sup> 3,341	<sup>(4)</sup>	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	452.5	29.8
State-operated fund	<sup>7</sup> 2,676	7 45,100	(4)	282.00	(4)	352.5	319.0	28.1
Private plans	<sup>7</sup> 665	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	133.5	1.7
New York <sup>6</sup>	6,594	42,959	50.1	185.05	7.10	(4)	555.6	9.1
Special state fund <sup>8</sup>			.6	147.20	15.00	(4)	4.4	6.0
Private plans <sup>9</sup>	6,594	42,959	49.5	185.49	7.10	<b>421.0</b>	<sup>10</sup> 551.2	(4)
Puerto Rico	599	10,778	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	9.2	2.5
State-operated fund	178	5,339	1.3	89.00	8.46	12.3	6.1	2.3
Private plans	421	5,439	.6	91.00	7.99	.9	3.1	.2
Rhode Island (state-operated fund)	392	8,796	7.6	263.00	9.60	105.0	103.8	5.8
Railroad (publicly operated fund)	256	2,943	<sup>11</sup> 5.6	<sup>12</sup> 214.50	<sup>12</sup> 14.00	<sup>13</sup> 87.4	<sup>14</sup> 32.8	<sup>13</sup> 14.3

<sup>1</sup> Statutory programs providing short-term cash benefits to employees unable to work because of nonoccupational illness or injury.

<sup>2</sup> State cost of administering state program and of supervising private plans.

<sup>3</sup> Benefits and beneficiary data are for periods paid or terminated in 1998.

<sup>4</sup> Data not available.

<sup>5</sup> Includes data not shown separately for special fund for workers whose disability begins during unemployment. In 1998, the fund paid \$68,472 in benefits.

<sup>6</sup> State fiscal year data.

7 Estimated data.

<sup>8</sup> For workers whose disability begins during unemployment.

<sup>9</sup> Includes State Insurance Fund of \$12.1 million.

<sup>10</sup> Includes medical, surgical, and hospital benefits amounting to \$69.3 million paid under approved plans.

<sup>11</sup> For 14-day registration period.

<sup>12</sup> For benefit year 1997–1998 (July 1, 1997–June 30, 1998). <sup>13</sup> Single system of contributions and administrative operations for railroad unemployment insurance and temporary disability; collections amounted to \$87.4 million and administrative expenses to \$14.3 million for the system in 1998. <sup>14</sup> Of this amount, \$29.3 million was for regular benefits and \$3.5 million for extended benefits.

CONTACT: Rita L. DiSimone (202) 358-6221 for futher information.

#### Table 9.D1.—Currently payable to miners, widows, and dependents, 1970–2000<sup>1</sup>

		Ν	lumber		Benefits (in thousands)		
December	Total	Miners	Widows	Dependents <sup>2</sup>	Monthly amount	Annual amount	
1970	111,976	43,921	24,889	43,166	\$12,500	\$111,000	
1971	231,729	77,213	67,358	87,158	27,200	378,900	
1972	298,963	101,802	88,067	109,094	37,800	554,400	
1973	461,491	159,837	124,154	177,500	63,700	1,045,200	
1974	487,216	169,097	134,700	183,419	71,500	951,300	
1975	482,311	165,405	139,407	177,499	75,500	947,700	
1976	469,655	158,087	142,495	169,073	77,400	963,300	
1977	457,399	148,720	144,543	164,136	80,500	942,200	
1978	439,970	138,648	145,829	155,493	82,300	965,100	
1979	418,948	129,558	146,527	142,863	86,500	983,100	
1980	399,477	120,235	146,603	132,639	91,400	1,032,000	
	376,505	111,249	146,173	119,083	91,700	1,081,300	
	354,569	102,234	144,863	107,472	90,800	1,076,000	
	333,358	93,694	142,967	96,697	86,300	1,055,800	
	313,822	85,658	140,995	87,169	85,300	1,038,000	
1985	294,846	77,836	138,328	78,682	83,700	1,025,000	
	275,783	70,253	135,033	70,497	78,900	971,000	
	258,988	63,573	131,561	63,854	76,800	940,000	
	241,626	56,977	127,322	57,327	73,500	904,000	
	225,764	51,048	123,220	51,496	72,000	882,000	
1990	210,678	45,643	118,705	46,330	70,000	863,400	
1991	196,419	40,703	114,046	41,670	68,400	844,400	
1992	182,396	35,971	109,091	37,334	66,500	822,500	
1993	168,365	31,664	103,334	33,367	64,100	794,300	
1994	155,172	27,828	97,414	29,930	60,600	751,900	
1995 1996	143,011 131,143 119,233 109,271 98,977 89,355	24,573 21,477 18,488 15,964 13,635 11,587	91,517 85,559 79,238 73,420 67,359 61,542	26,921 24,107 21,507 19,887 17,983 16,226	56,100 52,600 49,255 46,204 43,225 40,625	696,700 654,600 614,888 576,389 541,200 509,290	

<sup>1</sup> Benefits payable under Part B of the Black Lung program established by the Federal Coal Mine Health and Safety Act of 1969. Beginning Oct. 1, 1997, responsibility for maintenance and payment of Part B benefits was transferred from the Social Security Administration (SSA) to the Department of Labor (DOL); SSA, however, maintains responsibility for conducting formal hearings necessary to resolve contested issues with regard to Part B claims. Benefits under Part C (generally claims arising July 1, 1973 and later) are also administered by the DOL but are not included here.

2 Includes wives of living miners, divorced wives, children, and dependent brothers and sisters of miners.

CONTACT: Wayne Tacy/Joseph Bondar (301) 731-5116/(410) 965-0162 for further information.

#### Table 9.D2.—Currently payable to miners, widows, and dependents, by state, December 2000<sup>1</sup>

		Num	nber		Month	ly amount (in thousa	nds)
State	Total	Miners	Widows	Dependents <sup>2</sup>	Total	Miners <sup>3</sup>	Widows <sup>4</sup>
Total	89,355	11,587	61,542	16,226	\$40,625	\$7,554	\$33,070
Alabama	3,743	313	2,728	702	1,678	203	1,475
Alaska Arizona	14 260		13 209	1 27	6 122		6 107
Arkansas California	513 637	67 56	379 516	67 65	236 300	43 34	193 266
Colorado Connecticut	662 177	71 11	509 147	82 19	307 83	46 7	261 76
Delaware	115	10	92	13	54	6	48
District of Columbia Florida	30 2,113	2 253	25 1,489	3 371	14 954	1 169	12 785
Georgia Hawaii	341 4	33	256 3	52 1	156 2	20	136 1
Idaho	27	2	19	6	13	1	11
Illinois Indiana	3,353 1,792	289 179	2,654 1,323	410 290	1,569 830	184 114	1,384 715
lowa	374	42	286	46	176	25	150
Kansas Kentucky	173 12,488	9 2,199	150 7,273	14 3,016	82 5,497	5 1,476	77 4,021
Louisiana Maine	33	4	23	6	15 1	2	12 1
Maryland	799	72	596	131	371	45	325
Massachusetts Michigan	47 988	2 72	38 779	7 137	22 465	1 46	20 418
Minnesota Mississippi	24 52		21 37	3	11 23		11 19
Missouri	280	11	235	34	132	7	125
Montana Nebraska	113 11	11	90 10	12 1	53 5	6	46 5
Nevada New Hampshire	75	4	63 3	8	35 1	2	32 1
New Jersey	666	40	559	67	314		289
New Mexico New York	193 592	18 40	147 475	28 77	90 279	12 25	77 254
North Carolina	750	80	535	135	338	51	286
North Dakota	7 5.496	536	7 4.044	 916	3 2.544	 349	3 2.195
Oklahoma	417	55	307	55	192	34	158
Oregon Pennsylvania	69 22,374	8 2,650	50 16,664	11 3.060	32 10.405	4 1,654	27 8.751
Rhode Island	8		7	1	3		3
South Carolina South Dakota	253 2	26	176 2	51	112 (5)	16	96 (5)
Tennessee	3,515	426	2,377	712	1,572	278	1,294
Texas Utah	250 438	19 58	190 320	41 60	117 202	11 37	105 164
Vermont Virginia	7 6,871	1,142	7 4,226	1,503	3 3,062	763	3 2,299
Washington	157	<sup>′</sup> 15	126	16	73	9	63
West Virginia Wisconsin	17,692 42	2,709 2	11,065 37	3,918 3	7,876 20	1,792 (5)	6,084 19
Wyoming	169	13	136	20	20 80	(5)	72
Other	143	7	116	20	68	5	63

<sup>1</sup>Benefits payable under Part B of the Black Lung program established by the Federal Coal Mine Health and Safety Act of 1969. Beginning Oct. 1, 1997, responsibility for maintenance and payment of Part B benefits was transferred from the Social Security Administration (SSA) to the Department of Labor (DOL); SSA, however, maintains responsibility for conducting formal hearings necessary to resolve contested issues with regard to Part B claims. Benefits under Part C (generally claims arising July 1, 1973 and later) are also administered by the DOL but are not included here.

<sup>2</sup> Includes wives of living miners, divorced wives, children, and dependent brothers and sisters of miners.

<sup>3</sup>Includes benefits for wives and children.

<sup>4</sup> Includes benefits for surviving children, brothers, sisters, and divorced wives. Prior to December 1997, monthly payments for surviving children were included with payments to miners.

<sup>5</sup> Less than \$500.

#### Table 9.D3.—Currently payable to miners and widows, by age, December 2000<sup>1</sup>

	Tota	al	Mir	ners	Wide	ows
Age	Number	Average monthly benefit <sup>2</sup>	Number	Average monthly benefit <sup>2</sup>	Number	Average monthly benefit <sup>3</sup>
Total	<sup>4</sup> 73,129	\$519.79	<sup>4</sup> 11,587	\$651.98	<sup>4</sup> 61,542	\$494.91
Under 45 45–54	79 315 1,770 9,683 30,552 30,588	573.70 548.05 546.26 542.80 521.64 508.81	7 9 291 2,032 4,996 4,252	626.43 663.00 717.09 700.38 660.41 614.49	1,479 7,651 25,556	568.57 544.67 512.65 500.94 494.51 491.75

<sup>1</sup>Benefits payable under Part B of the Black Lung program established by the Federal Coal Mine Health and Safety Act of 1969. Beginning Oct. 1, 1997, responsibility for maintenance and payment of Part B benefits was transferred from the Social Security Administration (SSA) to the Department of Labor (DOL); SSA, however, maintains responsibility for conducting formal hearings necessary to resolve contested issues with regard to Part B claims. Benefits under Part C (generally claims arising July 1, 1973 and later) are also administered by the DOL but are not included here.

<sup>2</sup> Includes benefits for wives and children.

<sup>3</sup> Includes benefits for surviving children, brothers, sisters, and divorced wives. Prior to December 1997, monthly payments for surviving children were included with payments to miners.

<sup>4</sup> Includes miners and widows for whom age is not available.

CONTACT: Wayne Tacy/Joseph Bondar (301) 731-5116/(410) 965-0162 for further information.

## Table 9.F1.—Number of payments, by type of payment and age, 1940–2000

[In thousands]

					Disa	cility compe	ensation or pe	nsion			
				Serv	ice-connect	ed					
			ι	Jnder age 65		Ag	ged 65 or olde	r	Non-s	ervice-conn	ected
				Disability	rating <sup>2</sup>		Disability	rating <sup>2</sup>			
Period	Total <sup>1</sup>	All ages	Total	Less than 70 percent	70–100 percent	Total	Less than 70 percent	70–100 percent	All ages	Under age 65	Aged 65 or older
As of June 30:		- 3						1		- 9	
1940	610	385							189		
1945	1,144	912							159		
1950	2,368	1,990							290		
1955 1956	2,669 2,739	2,076 2,083	2,026	1,841	185	57	43	 14	531 597	319	278
As of June 20:											
1957	2,797	2,074	2,004	1,825	179	70	53	17	670	304	366
1958 1959	2,850 2,934	2,064 2,053	1,980 1,952	1,807 1,781	173 171	84 101	65 78	19 23	741 841	279 257	462 584
1960	3,009	2,027	1,908	1,746	162	119	93	26	947	219	728
1961	3,107	2,000	1,868	1,711	158	131	104	27	1,077	182	895
1962 1963	3,150 3,181	1,987 1,989	1,849 1,844	1,693 1,686	156 158	138 145	109 115	29 30	1,138 1,170	166 165	972 1,005
1964	3,197	1,993	1,846	1,684	162	147	117	30	1,186	176	1,000
1965	3,217	1,992	1,846	1,679	167	146	117	29	1,210	197	1,013
1966	3,201	1,993	1,850	1,677	173	143	115	28	1,196	221	975
1967	3,182	1,999	1,858	1,683	175	141	114	27	1,173	243	930
1968	3,164	2,011	1,873	1,696	177	138	112	26	1,145	265	880
1969	3,160	2,039	1,904	1,712	192	135	110	25	1,114	286	828
1970	3,181	2,091	1,950	1,754	196	141	116	25	1,086	310	776
1971	3,222	2,146	1,995	1,780	215	151	128	23	1,073	335	738
1972 1973	3,269 3,257	2,183 2,204	2,022 2,028	1,804 1,806	218 222	161 176	135 150	26 26	1,086 1,053	381 402	705 651
1974	3,241	2,204	2,020	1,796	222	193	165	28	1,030	410	620
1975	3,227	2,220	2,006	1,784	222	214	185	29	1,006	430	576
1976	3,236	2,232	1,996	1,767	229	236	209	27	1,003	456	547
As of September 30:											
1977	3,280	2,248	1,989	1,759	230	258	226	32	1,032	505	527
1978 1979	3,284 3,241	2,259 2,267	1,971 1,944	1,741 1,717	230 227	288 323	254 285	34 38	1,025 974	516 500	509 474
			,								
1980	3,196	2,274 2,279	1,912 1,873	1,689	223 217	362	320 359	42 47	922 875	467 438	455 437
1981 1982	3,154 3,096	2,279	1,818	1,656 1,606	217	406 456	404	47 52	824	436	437
1983	3,044	2,263	1,744	1,544	200	519	461	58	781	373	408
1984	2,980	2,251	1,666	1,476	190	585	520	65	729	339	390
1985	2,931	2,240	1,589	1,408	181	651	579	72	690	306	384
1986	2,883	2,225	1,505	1,335	169	720	641	79	658	274	384
1987	2,844	2,212	1,428	1,268	160	784	698	86	631	244	387
1988 1989	2,804 2,776	2,199 2,192	1,361 1,302	1,209 1,156	153 146	838 890	746 792	92 98	606 584	219 196	387 388
1990 1991	2,746 2,709	2,184 2,179	1,253 1,238	1,113 1,098	140 140	931 941	828 838	102 103	562 530	175 156	387 375
1992	2,674	2,181	1,245	1,104	141	936	833	103	493	138	354
1993	2,660	2,198	1,265	1,122	143	932	828	104	462	128	335
1994	2,659	2,218	1,290	1,144	146	928	824	104	441	122	319
1995	2,669	2,236	1,310	1,158	152	926	819	107	433	120	313
1996	2,671	2,253	1,330	1,171	158	923	814	109	418	116	302
1997	2,667	2,263	1,346	1,178	168	917	805	112	404	112	292
1998 1999	2,668 2,673	2,277 2,294	1,372 1,404	1,191 1,209	180 195	905 890	790 771	115 119	391 379	110 113	281 266
2000	2,673	2,294	1,404	1,209	211	874	751	123	364	115	200
	.,	-,	.,	,== :	=						=

<sup>1</sup> Persons receiving payments under special acts and as retired emergency and reserve officers included in total but excluded from distribution.
<sup>2</sup> Disability rated by the Department of Veterans Affairs according to average impairment of earning capacity, graduated in intervals from 10–100 percent.

Source: Department of Veterans Affairs published and unpublished data.

CONTACT: Rita L. DiSimone (202) 358-6221 for futher information.

#### Table 9.G1.—Average monthly number of recipients, total amount of cash payments, and average monthly payment, 1936-1999

[Includes nonmedical vendor payments. Includes Alaska and Hawaii, beginning in 1943; Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands, beginning in October 1950, and Guam, beginning in July 1959]

				e for Needy Familie Dependent Childrer			Emer	gency Assistan	ce <sup>2</sup>
_	Average mon	thly number (in th	ousands)	Amo	ount in payments <sup>3</sup>		Average	Total assistance	
		Recipie	nts		Monthly avera	ge per—	monthly number of	payments during year	Average monthly
Year	Families	Total	Children	Total (in thousands)	Family	Recipient	families (in thousands)	(in thou- sands)	payment per family
1936	147	534	361	\$49,678	\$28.15	\$7.75			
1940	349	1,182	840	133,770	31.98	9.43			
1945 1950	259 644	907 2,205	656 1,637	149,667 551,653	48.18 71.33	13.75 17.64			
1955	612	2,205	1,673	617,841	84.17	23.26			
	787	3.005	2.314		105.75				
1960 1961	787 869	3,005 3,354	2,314 2,587	1,000,784 1.156.769	105.75	27.75 28.74			
1962	931	3,676	2,818	1,298,774	116.30	29.44			
1963	947	3,876	2,909	1,365,851	120.19	29.36			
1964	992	4,118	3,091	1,510,352	126.88	30.57			
1965	1,039	4,329	3,256	1,660,186	133.20	31.96			
1966	1,088	4,513	3,411	1,863,925	142.83	34.42			
1967	1,217	5,014	3,771	2,266,400	155.19	37.67			
1968	1,410	5,705	4,275	2,849,298	168.41	41.62			
1969	1,698	6,706	4,985	3,563,427	174.89	44.28	7.5	\$6,699	\$117.23
1970	2,208	8,466	6,214	4,852,964	183.13	47.77	7.5	11,396	126.14
1971	2,762	10,241	7,434	6,203,528	187.16	50.48	11.1	19,843	148.54
1972	3,049	10,947	7,905	6,909,260	188.87	52.60	19.9	44,180	184.91
1973 1974	3,148 3,230	10,949 10,864	7,902 7,822	7,212,035 7,916,563	190.91 204.27	54.89 60.72	18.8 31.3	39,265 64,031	174.05 170.38
1975	3,498	11,346	8,095	9,210,995	219.44	67.65	38.3	77,516	168.85
1976	3,579	11,304	8,001	10,140,543	236.10	74.75	27.5	55,673	168.43
1977	3,588	11,050	7,773	10,603,820	246.27	79.97	32.8	66,132	168.05
1978 1979	3,522 3,509	10,570 10,312	7,402 7,179	10,730,415 11,068,864	253.89 262.86	84.60 89.45	34.5 35.7	80,919 84,043	195.24 195.92
1980	3.712	10,774	7,419	12.475.245	280.03	96.49	48.6	113.238	194.29
1981	3,835	10,079	7,419	12,981,115	282.04	97.64	49.1	123,467	209.51
1982	3,542	10,258	6,903	12,877,906	303.02	103.60	27.5	102,344	4 278.54
1983	3,686	10,761	7,098	13,837,228	312.82	107.16	30.0	125,246	4 283.15
1984	3,714	10,831	7,144	14,503,710	325.44	111.60	32.1	141,137	<sup>4</sup> 276.97
1985	3,701	10,855	7,198	15,195,835	342.15	116.65	32.6	157,304	<sup>4</sup> 312.98
1986	3,763	11,038	7,334	16,033,074	355.04	121.05	34.8	178,824	4 362.45
1987	3,776	11,027	7,366	16,372,535	361.37	123.73	42.4	213,903	4 358.29
1988	3,749	10,915	7,329	16,826,794	374.07	128.47	48.8	278,906	4 420.89
1989	3,799	10,993	7,420	17,465,943	383.14	132.40	48.7	296,841	4 461.45
1990	4,057	11,695	7,917	19,066,541	391.67	135.86	56.0	348,986	4 476.50
1991	4,467	12,930	8,715	20,930,600	390.44	134.89	59.7	302,894	4 422.07
1992	4,829	13,773	9,303	21,655,881	373.71	131.03	52.7	272,853	<sup>4</sup> 431.41 <sup>4</sup> 568.17
1993 1994	5,012 5,035	14,205 14,164	9,574 9,570	22,688,016 22,827,399	377.24 377.78	133.10 134.30	56.8 60.5	387,113 802,258	<sup>4</sup> 568.17 <sup>4</sup> 1,105.95
	,	,	,					,	,
1995 1996	4,791 4,434	13,418 12,321	9,135 8,469	21,608,686 20,614,437	375.31 386.68	134.21 139.44	84.1 69.8	3,447,361 2,708,401	<sup>4</sup> 3,415.93 <sup>4</sup> 3,235.10
1996	4,434 3,740	10,376	8,469 7,042	20,614,437 22,031,399	490.01	176.95	81.8	403,138	<sup>4</sup> 410.74
1998	3,740	8.347	6,034	19.328.429	528.04	192.96		403,130	410.74
1999	2.555	6,835	5,130	22,759,897	742.45	277.48			

<sup>1</sup> Thirty-four states had converted to TANF as of Jan. 1, 1997; eight phased in over the next 5 months; the remaining 12 waited until July 1, 1997.
<sup>2</sup> Reporting initiated July 1969. Number of states with program: 1969-70, 23; 1971, 24; 1972, 27; 1973-75, 29; 1976-78, 26; 1979, 24; 1980-84, 27; 1985-86, 28; 1987, 29; 1988, 30; 1989, 31; 1990, 33; 1991, 34; 1992, 34; 1993, 35; 1994, 49; 1995, 50; 1996, 51; and 1997, 34. Program ended June 30, 1997.
<sup>3</sup> TANF expenditures include services as well as cash payments.
<sup>4</sup> Excludes family count and expenditures for states providing only partial data.

CONTACT: Evelyn Mills (202) 401-4055 for further information.

Table 9.G2.—Average monthly number of families and recipients of cash payments and total amount of payments, by state, 1999

			Temp	orary Assistance for	Needy Families		
		Average n	nonthly number of—		Amount	of payments	
	TANF		Recipient	is		Monthly average	ge per—
State	effective date <sup>1</sup>	Families	Total	Children	Total (in thousands)	Family	Recipient
Total		2,554,603	6,835,260	5,130,247	\$22,759,897	\$742.45	\$277.48
Alabama	11/15/96	19,817	49,470	38,257	91,038	\$382.83	\$153.36
Alaska	7/1/97	8,128	25,221	16,640	85,343	874.96	281.99
Arizona	10/1/96	33,895	89,097	49,030	240,416	591.08	224.86
Arkansas	7/1/97	11,979	29,023	21,913	84,210	585.80	241.79
California	11/26/96	591,812	1,661,769	1,294,329	6,615,099	931.48	331.73
Colorado	7/1/97	13,263	35,207	28,165	123,404	775.37	292.09
Connecticut	10/1/96	32,028	77,955	57,404	363,044	944.60	388.09
Delaware	3/10/97	6,385	16,613	12,448	62,372	814.09	312.87
District of Columbia	3/1/97	18,744	50,153	39,029	121,847	541.70	202.46
Florida	10/1/96	77,274	184,486	150,196	430,761	464.54	194.58
Georgia	1/1/97	59,123	150,324	115,378	343,899	484.73	190.64
Guam	7/1/97	1,952	6,648	4,958	12,165	519.28	152.49
Hawaii	7/1/97	15,610	45,606	32,508	118,227	631.16	216.03
Idaho	7/1/97	1,303	2,499	2,055	33,248	2,126.40	1,108.87
Illinois	7/1/97	112,469	335,395	261,860	785,688	582.15	195.21
Indiana	10/1/96	36,910	107,688	76,201	199,491	450.40	154.37
lowa	1/1/97	21,434	57,618	39,305	163,020	633.80	235.78
Kansas	10/1/96	12,775	32,356	23,709	187,284	1,221.71	482.35
Kentucky	10/18/96	41,200	95,488	70,527	215,659	436.20	188.21
Louisiana	1/1/97	35,636	101,299	95,018	121,722	284.64	100.13
Maine	11/1/96	12,748	33,436	23,303	89,180	582.98	222.27
Maryland	12/9/96	32,299	81,736	62,219	280,507	723.72	285.99
Massachusetts	9/30/96	51,169	121,784	92,024	628,883	1,024.20	430.33
Michigan	9/30/96	89,102	243,818	191,119	1,083,499	1,013.35	370.32
Minnesota	7/1/97	41,441	120,788	87,209	363,334	730.62	250.67
Mississippi	10/1/96	15,770	36,191	31,809	84,483	446.42	194.53
Missouri	12/1/96	49,130	128,485	99,089	295,717	501.59	191.80
Montana	12/16/96	4,620	13,618	9,057	38,357	691.84	234.72
Nebraska	12/1/96	10,797	30,900	21,789	81,375	628.06	219.46
Nevada	12/3/96	7,318	18,359	14,485	58,689	668.31	266.40
New Hampshire	10/1/96	6,255	15,274	10,509	57,819	770.31	315.47
New Jersey	2/1/97	59,256	155,067	119,490	423,058	594.96	227.35
New Mexico	7/1/97	25,325	79,183	53,311	116,092	382.01	122.18
New York	12/2/96	309,800	793,366	556,264	3,367,194	905.74	353.68
North Carolina	1/1/97	55,034	123,748	96,815	394,949	598.04	265.96
North Dakota	7/1/97	3,061	8,409	6,135	31,847	867.04	315.60
Ohio	10/1/96	104,215	262,806	203,846	792,541	633.74	251.31
Oklahoma	10/1/96	18,194	49,152	34,922	156,684	717.66	265.65
Oregon	10/1/96	16,922	43,891	30,530	264,048	1,300.29	501.33
Pennsylvania	3/3/97	100,622	280,084	204,790	1,285,821	1,064.89	382.57
Puerto Rico	7/1/97	34,946	102,806	75,736	42,390	101.08	34.36
Rhode Island	5/1/97	17,613	48,891	29,557	154,027	728.74	262.54
South Carolina	10/12/96	17,440	41,029	32,837	118,565	566.54	240.82
South Dakota	12/1/96	3,070	7,667	6,094	21,601	586.38	234.77
Tennessee	10/1/96	57,287	153,286	110,581	242,553	352.84	131.86
Texas	11/5/96	115,313	310,698	228,161	599,296	433.10	160.74
Utah	10/1/96	9,430	27,435	18,112	78,034	689.61	237.03
Vermont	9/20/96	6,492	17,585	11,500	62,417	801.26	295.78
Virgin Islands	7/1/97	992	3,529	2,653	3,040	255.26	71.77
Virginia	2/1/97	35,977	85,933	62,861	243,055	562.99	235.70
Washington	1/10/97	60,805	166,085	117,607	503,048	689.43	252.41
West Virginia	1/11/97	11,322	30,961	20,780	69,790	513.69	187.84
Wisconsin	9/30/96	18,347	43,777	34,880	316,422	1,437.20	602.34
Wyoming	1/1/97	756	1,576	1,247	13,645	1,503.72	721.45

<sup>1</sup> Transition from AFDC to TANF reporting systems occurred July 1, 1997 or 6 months after TANF effective date, whichever was later.

CONTACT: Evelyn Mills (202) 401-4055 for further information.

#### 9.H Food Stamps

Table 9.H1.—Number of persons participating, value of benefits, and average benefit per person, fiscal years 1962–2000<sup>1</sup>

Fiscal year	Persons participating, average during year (in thousands)	Annual benefit (in thousands)	Annual average monthly benefit <sup>2</sup> per person
1962	143	\$13,153	\$7.66
1963	226	18,639	6.87
1964	367	28,643	6.50
1965	424	32,494	6.39
1966	864	64,781	6.25
1967	1,447	105,455	6.07
1968	2,211	172,982	6.52
1969	2,878	228,587	6.62
1970	4,340	550,806	10.58
1971	9,368	1,522,904	13.55
1972	11,103	1,794,875	13.47
1973	12,190	2,102,133	14.37
1974	12,896	2,725,988	17.62
1975	17,063	4,386,144	21.42
1976	18.557	5.310.133	23.85
1977	17,058	5,057,700	24.71
1978	16.044	5.165.209	26.83
1979	17,710	6,484,538	30.51
1980	21,077	8.685.521	34.34
1981	22,430	10,615,964	39.44
1982 <sup>3</sup>	21.716	10.205.799	39.18
1983	21,630	11,153,867	42.98
1984	20,858	10,696,100	42.74
1985	19,910	10,744,200	44.99
1986	19,428	10,604,950	45.49
1987	19,113	10,500,344	45.78
1988	18,644	11,149,051	50.00
1989	18,766	10,676,436	51.85
1990	20,038	14,184,028	59.01
1991	22,629	17,307,235	63.89
1992	25,403	20,899,531	68.57
1993 <sup>4</sup>	26,982	22,006,031	67.96
1994 <sup>4</sup>	27,468	22,748,559	69.01
1995 <sup>4</sup>	26.619	22.765.478	71.27
1996	25,533	22,440,298	73.23
1997	22,851	19,555,263	73.23
1998	19.787	16.879.929	71.09
1999	18,123	15,761,615	72.23
2000	17,155	14.985.093	72.79
	11,100	: ,,500,000	12.10

<sup>1</sup> Between 1974 and 1979, Supplemental Security Income (SSI) recipients were made ineligible for food stamps in Massachusetts, Wisconsin, California and selected counties in New York and Virginia because those areas supplemented SSI payments in amounts that included the value of food stamps. As of 1983 and 1992, SSI recipients were returned to the Food Stamp program in Massachusetts and Wisconsin, respectively, when these states chose to stop including a value for food stamps in the SSI <sup>2</sup> That portion of the food stamp allotment, before the elimination of the purchase requirement, represented the government's share of total food stamps received. Since

January 1979, only the bonus portion of the total food stamp allotment is received by participants.

<sup>3</sup> Excludes participants and benefits under the Puerto Rico Nutrition Assistance Program after July 1, 1982.

<sup>4</sup> Revised data.

Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Food and Nutrition Service.

CONTACT: Jenny Genser (703) 305-2152 for further information.

Table 9.J1.—Number of households receiving home energy assistance, by type of assistance and state, fiscal years 1997–1999

			Energy crisis interve	ention	Low-cost residentia weatherization/energy-
State	Heating	Cooling	Winter	Summer	related home repair
		Numb	per of households assisted:	1997 <sup>1</sup>	
Total	<sup>2</sup> 4,069,409	<sup>3</sup> 129,184	769,154	19,121	82,931
Alabama	44.261		8.784	13,180	445
Alaska	11.947		419		1,310
Arizona	<sup>2</sup> 17,713	(3)	3,141		560
Arkansas	42,964	(3)	12,692		556
California	<sup>2</sup> 171,574	(3)	18,949		16,373
Colorado	59,566		1.091		1,999
Connecticut	59,586		15,356		1,555
Delaware	10,958		534		263
District of Columbia	11,147		2,664		285
Florida	2 69.999	(3)	21,826		1.116
	,	(3)	21,020		, -
Georgia	80,060				786
Hawaii	<sup>2</sup> 5,703	(3)		1,655	•••
Idaho	21,186		2,148		1,527
Illinois	192,337	_ :::	10,509		524
Indiana	104,945	5,469	23,122		1,617
lowa	67,993		5,194		1,029
Kansas	21,015		6,481		401
Kentucky	98,544		58,597		3,087
Louisiana	15,016	28,291	103		1,204
Maine	43,561		786		1,006
Maryland	73.404		3.299		
Massachusetts	119.017		8.478		4.861
Michigan	305,634		73,968		4,090
Minnesota	88,650		17,909		-,050
Mississippi	27,262	10,220	1,376	580	
Missouri	105,010		28,261		
Montana	17,025		187		480
Nebraska	27,071	5,149	30,902	360	693
Nevada	8.076	4.316	30,902	124	090
New Hampshire	19,074	4,310	2,505	124	354
	,		,		
New Jersey	139,567	15,320	7,046		1,298
New Mexico	65,564		3,577	547	151
New York	659,270		90,026		2,818
North Carolina	163,161		44,325		1,747
North Dakota	13,303	105	1,213		1,321
Ohio	226,464		119,843	364	7,498
Oklahoma	62,322		5,397		305
Oregon	45,469		213		1,960
Pennsylvania	234,577		63,259		5,059
Rhode Island	17,602		2,535		409
South Carolina	50.247		2,818	1,613	675
South Dakota	14.874		707	·	760
Tennessee	62,709	7,056	20,142		1,707
Texas	29,722	48,177	6,350		1,051
Utah	25,573	5,081	584		646
Vermont	13.691		5.683	698	1.146
Virginia	95.970		1.769		768
Washington	55.157		920		2.902
West Virginia	42,895		13.141		555
Wisconsin	103,534		19,148		4,851
Wyoming	7.440		1.177		176
	7,0		1,177		170

# 9.J Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program

Table 9.J1.—Number of households receiving home energy assistance, by type of assistance and state, fiscal years 1997–1999—*Continued* 

		F	Energy crisis ir	tervention	Low-cost residentia weatherization/energy
State	Heating	Cooling	Winter	Summer	relatec home repair
		Nu	mber of households assis	sted: 1998 <sup>1</sup>	
Total	<sup>2</sup> 3,641,836	<sup>3</sup> 316,764	704,640	154,708	85,708
Alabama	36,389		6,705	44,743	570
Alaska	10,729		573		1.036
Arizona	<sup>2</sup> 17,316	(3)	3,041		495
Arkansas	39,030	19,850	16,640	5,436	607
California	<sup>2</sup> 121,161	(3)	22,916		16,983
Calarada	E7 000		1 045		1 500
Colorado	57,802 56.602		1,245 10.945		1,569
Connecticut					
Delaware District of Columbia	10,517 10,842		777 2,502		246 350
Florida	33,770	48,054	14,421	51,368	783
1 1011ua	55,770	40,004	14,421	51,500	785
Georgia	64,189	48,334			875
Hawaii	<sup>2</sup> 5,298	(3)		1,550	
Idaho	21,803		2,739		1,178
Illinois	152,497		8,544		2,841
Indiana	105,380	22,269	24,574		1,668
Iowa	64.039		4.894		970
Kansas	18,721		5,181		385
Kentucky	92,642		48,778		1,874
Louisiana	14,687	29,375	-,		383
Maine	36,604	-,	852	40,273	251
Mandand	68,733		16,554	2,278	42
Maryland Massachusetts	112.593		8.259	,	6.800
Massachusetts	299,787		49,469		3,133
Minnesota	81.486		10.317		466
Mississippi	21,265	18,914	2,370	5,873	400
		- / -	,	-,	
Missouri	93,143		26,917		
Montana	15,211		189		301
Nebraska	23,064	5,333	10,947		519
Nevada	8,257	4,343	3.606		219
New Hampshire	17,598		2,606		219
New Jersey	120,656	19,441	7,726		964
New Mexico	11,543	3,372	7,220	1,275	93
New York	563,883		9,580		9,590
North Carolina	216,539		84,719		2,301
North Dakota	11,007	275	1,004		1,093
Ohio	207.951		108.942	362	6.022
Oklahoma	56.841	37,383	6.087		291
Oregon	42.781	01,000	117		1,960
Pennsylvania	231,740		65,324		4,150
Rhode Island	16,288		2,351	127	456
On the Onestine	40,000		1 000	4 000	0.75
South Carolina	48,909		1,839	1,332	675
South Dakota	13,134	28.671	469		702
Tennessee Texas	50,746 19.034	28,671 31,150	13,941 53,464		2,172 1.946
Utah	26,037	51,150	662		782
	,				
Vermont	14,140		4,600	91	1,192
Virginia	91,275		3,320		736
Washington	46,214		904		3,257
West Virginia	43,131		11,737		516
Wisconsin	92,271		17,074		2,071
Wyoming	6,561		605		195

Table 9.J1.—Number of households receiving home energy assistance, by type of assistance and state, fiscal years 1997-1999-Continued

		_	Energy crisis	intervention	Low-cost residential weatherization/energy-
State	Heating	Cooling	Winter	Summer	related home repair
		N	umber of households ass	isted: 1999 <sup>1</sup>	
Total	2 3,338,720	<sup>3</sup> 532,619	757,410	315,470	84,106
labama	43,785		5,980	23,378	407
laska rizona	8,226 <sup>2</sup> 16,484	(3)	343 2.711		985 473
rkansas	35,600	(3)	16,338	5,329	395
alifornia	<sup>2</sup> 06,338	(3)	27,363		15,377
olorado	48,656		979		1,536
Connecticut	52,587		7,375	32,919	
elaware	9,716	2,620	676		181
istrict of Columbia	14,046		3,710		119
lorida	34,701	36,425	12,617	63,638	1,346
eorgia	62,881				1,457
awaii	<sup>2</sup> 5,509	(3)		1,442	
daho	21,229 84,334	27,417	1,691 6,358		1,004
linois ndiana	84,469	31,226	12,394		1,987 1,487
owa	60,159	60,159	1,718	568	2,058
ansas	20.500	00,139	4.699		2,030
entucky	84,469	44,127	51,804		802
ouisiana	3,457	17,285	01,001		321
laine	35,696	31,816	814		326
laryland	64,773	64,773	5,319	2,415	
lassachusetts	105,665	95,056	7,453	2,410	6,763
lichigan	289.878		34.331		1.212
linnesota	89,924		19.479		498
1ississippi	21,855	15,985	2,714	580	
1issouri	88.498		43.830		
Iontana	13.984		348	348	553
lebraska	21,472	5,607	27,508	575	557
levada	8,001	4,363		9	
lew Hampshire	17,051	5,823	2,193		151
lew Jersey	113,086	19,983	8,846	28,723	1,826
lew Mexico	18,856		3,343		441
lew York	547,246		90,712		8,579
lorth Carolina	117,052		65,156		1,993
lorth Dakota	10,983	3	955		471
)hio	195,272		102,487	43,734	4,453
Oklahoma	57,316		10,745		338
Dregon	46,082		151		1,960
ennsylvania	215,876		42,696	84,490	4,347
hode Island	15,886		2,220	13,626	195
outh Carolina	52,222		2,690	2,488	1,181
outh Dakota	12,038		398		664
ennessee	45,390	16,003	12,953		2,380
exas Itah	18,176 17,363	28,895	65,609 391		3,867 675
		12,717	4.504	940	
ermont	13,165 82,988	7,533	4,504 4,063		1,000 1.700
Vashington	82,988 50,507	7,533	4,003 1,417		3,257
Vest Virginia	39,216		13,156		974
Visconsin	87,002		23,414	11,196	3,257
Vyoming	6,317		759		105

<sup>1</sup> An unduplicated total of households assisted cannot be derived from these data because the same households may be included under more than one type of assistance. <sup>2</sup> Totals include households that received combined heating and cooling assistance in Arizona, California, and Florida; households that received energy assistance in Hawaii

with no differentiation made between heating and cooling assistance. <sup>3</sup> Excludes households that received combined heating and cooling assistance in Arizona, California, and Florida; households that received energy assistance in Hawaii with no differentiation made between heating and cooling assistance.

Source: Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program, U.S. Administration for Children and Families' administrative data.

Table 9.J1.1—Number of households receiving home energy assistance, by type of assistance, fiscal years 1982–1999

			Number of households	assisted <sup>1</sup>	
			Energy crisis	intervention	Low-cost residential weatherization/energy-
Fiscal year	Heating	Cooling	Winter	Summer	related home repair
1982 1983 1984	5,990,176 6,414,448 6,443,637	1,075,061 529,036 537,598	707,123 972,894 963,743	25,342 28,841	430,830 482,620 180,748
1985 1986 1987 1988 1989	6,545,616 6,359,924 6,495,409 5,827,481 5,595,268	511,333 535,553 366,721 309,044 126,977	857,809 951,945 1,060,425 981,775 890,616	27,196 114,194 60,797 57,750 20,384	217,864 191,316 172,372 156,770 142,584
1990 1991 1992 1993 1994	5,459,631 5,769,346 5,906,292 5,282,993 5,663,040	358,823 374,483 384,468 143,279 145,684	1,058,067 1,004,634 950,275 956,435 1,127,832	37,340 39,399 25,570 47,169 24,532	148,104 127,587 106,066 111,295 126,086
1995 1996 1997 1998 1999	5,147,619 4,069,409 4,069,409 3,641,836 3,338,720	341,041 129,184 129,184 316,764 532,619	932,263 769,154 769,154 704,640 757,410	77,915 29,121 19,121 154,708 315,470	102,817 82,931 82,931 85,708 84,106

<sup>1</sup> An unduplicated total of households assisted cannot be derived from these data because the same households may be included under more than one type of assistance. Totals include households that received combined heating and cooling assistance in Arizona, California, and Florida; households that received energy assistance in Hawaii with no differentiation made between heating and cooling assistance.

Source: Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program, U.S. Administration for Children and Families' administrative data.

CONTACT: Leon Litow (202) 401-5304 for further information.

### Table 9.J2.—Federal net allocations and amounts carried over, by state, fiscal years 1997–1999

State	Amount of regular federal allocation	Amount of supplemental federal allocation	Carried over to following fiscal year
	Low-income H	lome Energy Assistance Program fun	ds: 1997 <sup>1</sup>
Total <sup>1</sup>	\$964,896,037	\$211,876,438	\$59,564,206
Alabama	8,331,663	1,556,412	660,286
Alaska	3,914,822	746,010	383,745
Arizona	3,723,469	695,563	
Arkansas	6,391,684	1,194,014	273,042
California	44,626,866	8,336,606	3,522,413
Colorado	15,668,348	2,926,963	584,120
Connecticut	20,439,912	3,818,327	
Delaware	2,713,005	506,809	299,954
District of Columbia	3,174,352	592,992	343,965
Florida	13,249,033	2,475,017	1,437,613
Georgia	10,479,449	1,957,639	600,943
Hawaii	1,055,338	197,145	11,435
Idaho	6,011,493	1,122,987	· · · ·
Illinois	56,574,147	20,044,545	5,653,337
Indiana	25,608,520	4,783,860	
lowa	18,153,824	6,432,004	1,511,065
Kansas	8,323,163	1,554,827	1,515,281
Kentucky	13,330,055	2,490,153	3,980,489
Louisiana	8,563,712	1,599,765	
Maine	12,757,817	2,383,256	532,308
Maryland	15,650,582	2,923,645	1,008,581
Massachusetts	40,876,832	7,636,095	1,996,277
Michigan	53,503,729	9,994,891	5,491,176
Minnesota	38,696,597	13,710,427	0,101,110
Mississippi	7,169,576	1,339,328	
Missouri	22.597.923	8.006.574	1,540,026
Montana	6,083,254	2,155,332	241,329
Nebraska	8.977.762	3.180.873	2.1.,020
Nevada	1,902,629	355,425	180,126
New Hampshire	7,738,998	1,445,702	274,933
New Jersey	37,861,945	7,072,891	4,032,007
New Mexico	4.691.554	876.412	227,865
New York	123,704,329	23,139,615	8,814,529
North Carolina	18,111,203	3,414,394	24,086
North Dakota	6,726,675	4,767,388	686,958
Ohio	50,048,288	9,349,391	1,651,195
Oklahoma	7,095,942	1,325,561	242,185
Oregon	12,034,631	2,248,147	· · · ·
Pennsylvania	66,571,289	12,436,010	7,136,263
Rhode Island	6,711,108	1,253,683	726,510
South Carolina	6,652,668	1,242,768	722,660
South Dakota	5.200.146	3.684.165	722,000
Tennessee	13,503,061	2.522.472	184,683
Texas	22.050.507	4.119.198	10 1,000
Utah	7,031,651	1,334,106	752,628
Vermont	5,800,654	1,083,605	583,098
Virginia	19,064,159	3,561,326	927,898
Washington	19,178,470	3,582,648	448,446
West Virginia	8,821,510	1,647,923	360,751
Wisconsin	34,832,494	6,506,968	300,731
Wyoming	2,915,199	544,581	
···,	2,010,100	011,001	

# Table 9.J2.—Federal net allocations and amounts carried over, by state, fiscal years 1997–1999—Continued

State	Amount of regular federal allocation	Amount of supplemental federal allocation	Carried over to following fiscal year
	Low-income H	lome Energy Assistance Program fund	ls: 1998 <sup>1</sup>
Total <sup>1</sup>	\$964,167,635	\$150,896,688	\$55,654,317
Alabama	8,326,719	8,194,841	988,800
Alaska	3,813,633	1,700,000	423,726
Arizona	3,713,949		
Arkansas	6,388,182	5,944,812	341,664
California	44,581,315		1,700,000
Colorado	15,659,762		2,695,194
Connecticut	20,428,712		,, -
Delaware	2,711,518		321,981
District of Columbia	3,172,613		392,858
Florida	13,241,770	25,937,306	435,322
Georgia	10,473,707	12,667,785	
Hawaii	1,054,760	12,007,705	12,519
Idaho	6.008.175		12,513
Illinois	56,543,147		
Indiana	25.594.484		
	-,, -		
lowa	18,143,877		717,008
Kansas	8,319,289		1,699,809
Kentucky	13,322,751		2,403,559
Louisiana	8,559,019	9,633,559	
Maine	12,750,827		95,180
Maryland	15,642,006		1,513,317
Massachusetts	40,846,928		4,374,615
Michigan	53,464,245		5,257,909
Minnesota	38,675,393		
Mississippi	7,165,641	4,361,857	
Missouri	22,585,540		1,991,334
Montana	6,079,920		423,792
Nebraska	8,972,843		650,237
Nevada	1,901,586		179,203
New Hampshire	7,734,757		
New Jersey	37,841,198		4,558,787
New Mexico	4,688,953		4,550,767
New York	123,636,421		7,579,790
North Carolina	18,101,082	9,601,364	311,789
North Dakota	6,571,998	0,001,001	1,152,181
Ohio	50,020,864	: : :	853,369
Oklahoma	7,081,712	6,358,396	239,999
Oregon	12,027,977		
Pennsylvania	66,534,811		7,897,082
Rhode Island	6,707,420		796,479
South Carolina	6,649,023	7,103,592	
South Dakota	5,197,282		851,852
Tennessee	13,495,662	8,344,732	518,729
Texas	22,038,424	51,048,444	
Utah	7,137,697		836,576
Vermont	5.797.476		679.969
West Virginia			1,046,843
Wisconsin	34.813.407		1,010,010
Wyoming			
sin	19,053,713 19,165,169 8,816,676 34,813,407 2,913,602	···· ··· ··· ···	

See footnote at end of table.

### Table 9.J2.—Federal net allocations and amounts carried over, by state, fiscal years 1997–1999—Continued

Carried over to following fiscal year	Amount of supplemental federal allocation	Amount of regular federal allocation	State
: 1999 <sup>1</sup>	ome Energy Assistance Program funds:	Low-income Ho	
\$42,151,190	\$174,599,382	\$1,060,819,242	Total <sup>1</sup>
396,311		9,156,163	Alabama
317,899		4.816.179	Alaska
		4,099,508	Arizona
1,573,467		7,024,524	Arkansas
		49,026,236	California
387,339		17,204,666	Colorado
	3,123,251	22,463,661	Connecticut
271,152	694,531	2,981,619	Delaware
205,153	1,085,603	3,488,644	District of Columbia
3,014,188		14,560,812	Florida
350.000		11,517,016	Georgia
10,549		1,159,827	Hawaii
220,590		6,606,661	Idaho
	15,958,676	62,175,536	Illinois
	7,141,955	28,144,672	Indiana
405,000	3,498,425	19,951,229	lowa
400,000	3.302.242	9.148.744	Kansas
859,535	7,749,823	14.649.860	Kentucky
		9.411.602	Louisiana
408,383	753,964	14,020,965	Maine
628,590	3,576,484	17,200,142	Maryland
3,652,154	7,759,149	44.916.788	Massachusetts
4,987,988	3,934,824	58,789,938	Michigan
1,001,000	3,080,093	42,527,935	Minnesota
200,000	-,,	7,879,426	Mississippi
3.432.901	7,637,125	24,835,337	Missouri
85,986		6,685,555	Montana
732,958	2,132,186	9,854,648	Nebraska
152,525		2,091,007	Nevada
40,452	774,056	8,505,234	New Hampshire
2,985,268	9,031,094	41,610,645	New Jersey
234,855	-,,	5,156,031	New Mexico
4,162,476	28,247,775	135,968,512	New York
	26,457,523	19,920,759	North Carolina
507,097		7,167,598	North Dakota
1,152,317	8,489,614	55,003,555	Ohio
948.067	-,,	7,785,924	Oklahoma
1,032,175		13,236,969	Oregon
3,025,488	12,957,432	73,162,492	Pennsylvania
31,084	1,716,490	7,375,560	Rhode Island
1,141,686		7,311,347	South Carolina
351,852		5,714,996	South Dakota
		14,839,995	Tennessee
		24,233,721	Texas
713,770		7,856,070	Utah
127,898	474,893	6,374,976	Vermont
1,791,653	.7,639,727	20,951,696	Virginia
473,821	• • •	21,074,256	Washington
847,179	2,891,975	9,694,925	West Virginia
	4,490,472	38,281,248	Wisconsin
291,384		3,203,833	Wyoming

<sup>1</sup>Net of set-asides to direct-grant Indian tribes/tribal organizations and the insular areas.

Source: Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program, U.S. Administration for Children and Families' administrative data.

CONTACT: Leon Litow (202) 401-5304 for further information.

#### Table 9.J2.1—Federal net allocations and amounts carried over, by state, fiscal years 1982–1999

	Low-income Home Energy Assistance Program funds <sup>1</sup>			
Fiscal year	Amount of regular federal allocation	Amount of supplemental federal allocation	Carried over to following fiscal year	
1982	\$1,855,265,713	\$123,000,000	\$167,622,219	
1983	1,954,327,406		126,734,742	
1984	2,052,395,279	2,200,000	160,512,007	
1985 1986 1987 1988 1989	2,078,044,805 1,988,842,779 1,804,751,604 1,516,388,203 1,369,642,868	···· ··· ··· ···	103,191,230 100,034,095 128,664,885 76,987,683 68,307,592	
1990	1,379,023,013	49,700,470	53,923,488	
1991.	1,400,498,244	193,443,923	73,292,715	
1992.	1,460,448,621	24,431,796	78,189,483	
1993.	1,307,182,655	23,663,576	36,828,086	
1994.	1,397,090,175	322,170,703	91,639,371	
1995	1,855,265,713	123,000,000	167,622,219	
	867,303,740	178,061,574	81,479,264	
	964,896,037	211,876,438	59,564,206	
	964,167,635	150,896,688	55,654,317	
	1,060,819,242	174,599,382	42,151,190	

<sup>1</sup>Net of set-asides to direct-grant Indian tribes/tribal organizations and the insular areas.

Source: Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program, U.S. Administration for Children and Families' administrative data.

CONTACT: Leon Litow (202) 401-5304 for further information.

## Table 9.J3.—Estimated home energy assistance obligations, by type of assistance and state, fiscal years 1997–1999

State	Heating assistance benefits	Cooling assistance benefits	Crisis assistance benefits	Weatherization assistance benefits	
		Estimated Amount: 1997 <sup>1</sup>			
Total	<sup>2</sup> \$749,704,757	<sup>3</sup> \$18,755,118	\$176,095,176	\$153,589,045	
Alabama	5,830,577		2,711,801	495,000	
Alaska	3,733,663		74,937	<sup>4</sup> 7,181,255	
Arizona	<sup>2</sup> 3,032,890	(3)	457,388	885,780	
Arkansas	3,517,192		1,806,598	1,365,425	
California	<sup>2</sup> 26,260,573	(3)	8,502,595	15,074,072	
Colorado	17,563,743		370,053	2,858,896	
Connecticut	21,793,624		4,096,647		
Delaware	2,500,632		102,629	308,129	
District of Columbia	2,420,434		427,254	640,881	
Florida	<sup>2</sup> 8,682,322	(3)	3,938,698	2,763,264	
Georgia	9,920,230			1,864,701	
Hawaii	<sup>2</sup> 854,660	(3)	271,548		
Idaho	3,720,628		1,143,912	1,237,160	
Illinois	52,811,770		5,241,395	9,576,402	
Indiana	24,701,779		3,068,010	3,360,745	
lowa	17,484,616	306,982	1,151,621	3,686,382	
Kansas	7,282,063		1,790,955	1,332,912	
Kentucky	8,701,462		4,648,157	2,445,353	
Louisiana Maine	3,239,607 11,696,873	4.535.452	304.139	1,372,070 2.273.881	
	,,	4,555,452	,	2,273,001	
Maryland	14,269,602		504,532		
Massachusetts	38,627,195		(5)	2,835,936	
Michigan	39,192,409 44.803.997		13,743,248 7,937,324	4,459,098 2,383,352	
Minnesota Mississippi	44,803,997 4,764,167		333,166	2,363,352	
		1 707 005	,		
Missouri Montana	18,991,968 5,838,126	1,787,925	8,100,000 46,839	1,259,347	
Nebraska	4,307,321		40,839	1,336,863	
Nevada	1,502,034	417,705	4,223,039	1,550,665	
New Hampshire	6,794,957	452,624	730,883	800,000	
New Jersey	35,651,367		1,910,000	3,108,217	
New Mexico	4,103,392	1,726,000	300.449	835,194	
New York	80,597,313		32,655,454	21,905,111	
North Carolina	5,216,233		10,754,869	4,078,042	
North Dakota	6,282,228		201,856	2,955,558	
Ohio	24,776,680	50,000	22,442,499	8.297.287	
Oklahoma	6,316,555		653,008	757,935	
Oregon	9,429,185		72,808	3,089,276	
Pennsylvania	49,008,836		13,796,209	11,845,623	
Rhode Island	5,503,616		253,450	1,200,000	
South Carolina	6,081,943		590,167	1,174,735	
South Dakota	6,120,498		59,584	1,332,649	
Tennessee	9,401,925		2,593,634	1,296,817	
Texas	6,728,436	648,409	3,656,759	4,303,632	
Utah	5,310,753	7,898,599	165,019	1,988,030	
Vermont	5,389,829		838,206	100,000	
Virginia	17,229,067		159,248	1,695,865	
Washington	16,266,212	931,422	355,096	3,471,957	
West Virginia	4,966,029		2,227,212	1,593,612	
Wisconsin	28,242,562 2,240,984		6,660,111 83	5,898,056 864,545	
Wyoming	2,240,984		63	004,545	

# 9.J Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program

Table 9.J3.—Estimated home energy assistance obligations, by type of assistance and state, fiscal years 1997–1999—*Continued* 

	Heating	Cooling	Crisis	Weatherization
State	assistance	assistance	assistance	assistance
State				
	Estimated Amount: 1998 <sup>1</sup>			
Total	<sup>2</sup> \$633,618,243	<sup>3</sup> \$62,178,981	\$212,043,081	\$138,217,577
Alabama	4,581,398		9,967,400	
Alaska	3,357,402		104,718	44,388,936
Arizona Arkansas	<sup>2</sup> 2,408,314 2,897,999	(3) 2,303,058	701,667 2,747,241	749,212 1,849,949
California	<sup>2</sup> ,097,999 <sup>2</sup> 20,822,171	2,505,058	9,739,868	
Colorado	20,359,208		458,966	2,720,074
Connecticut	18,875,502		2,175,354	
Delaware	1,949,425		114,996	
District of Columbia	2,083,376	34 004 007	448,222	
Florida	<sup>2</sup> 2,654,265	<sup>3</sup> 4,631,367	23,377,490	4,313,680
Georgia	8,701,308	10,278,329		2,837,834
Hawaii	<sup>2</sup> 713,922	(3)	237,412	
Idaho	2,961,477		535,659	1,351,840
Illinois Indiana	35,809,968 21,327,410	1,171,767	2,629,540 2,640,346	6,985,646 3,314,931
	, ,	1,171,707		, ,
lowa	12,424,215		1,011,528	2,721,582
Kansas Kentucky	5,646,619 7,749,812		1,605,023 3.866.113	1,123,011 2,101,637
Louisiana	2.728.416	3.819.781	8.670.206	1,155,565
Maine	8,636,320		345,408	2,260,132
Maryland	14,079,929		389,740	140.000
Massachusetts	33,380,601		(5)	4,280,040
Michigan	40,200,000		7,450,480	
Minnesota	26,279,401		6,512,473	1,933,770
Mississippi	6,071,094	3,241,433	487,434	
Missouri	16,855,027		3,907,051	
Montana Nebraska	4,871,979 3,756,483	448.704	45,423 2,710,555	794,140 1,076,736
Nevada	1.313.888	448,704 464,426	2,710,355	1,070,750
New Hampshire	5,480,092		630,321	600,000
New Jersey	27,556,443	1,944.000	2,576,000	5,384,083
New Mexico	1.467.599	389,211	1,425,051	703.342
New York	70,199,073		26,760,128	18,758,021
North Carolina	6,284,055		15,953,653	
North Dakota	4,008,468	120,000	581,435	1,643,000
Ohio	25,435,321		15,348,595	6,843,754
Oklahoma	5,488,400	4,977,000	556,499	
Oregon	7,234,289 44,486,068		32,501	2,652,169
Pennsylvania Rhode Island	44,480,008 5,395,945		13,865,771 260,433	9,980,000 1,000,000
	, ,		,	, ,
South Carolina South Dakota	4,670,204 4,357,788		5,596,320 60,327	997,350 779.667
Tennessee	8.651.281	7.401.714	2.528.666	- )
Texas	10,000,000	20,988,191	23,208,715	
Utah	6,016,932	-,, -	160,772	
Vermont	4,620,455		1,189,736	190,588
Virginia	15,229,395		434,428	1,152,767
Washington	13,865,140		356,139	
West Virginia	5,225,630		2,085,614	
Wisconsin Wyoming	22,684,505 1,764,231	•••	5,421,833 129,831	4,972,011 728,400
wyoning	1,704,231		129,031	720,400

See footnotes at end of table.

# Table 9.J3.—Estimated home energy assistance obligations, by type of assistance, and state, fiscal years 1997–1999—*Continued*

State	Heating assistance benefits	Cooling assistance benefits	Crisis assistance benefits	Weatherization assistance benefits
	Estimated Amount: 1999 <sup>1</sup>			
Total	<sup>2</sup> \$684,600,568	<sup>3</sup> \$72,294,009	\$210,175,301	\$145,039,987
Alabama	4,334,898		3,408,034	389,354
Alaska	<sup>2</sup> 5,469,575		77,382	44,387,304
Arizona	2,992,307	(2)	493,402	837,500
Arkansas	3,482,832		2,524,724	1,756,131
California	<sup>2</sup> 17,567,157	(3)	12,534,928	13,382,930
Colorado	14,401,728		384,150	2,652,610
Connecticut	17,441,272		4,117,901	
Delaware	2,005,539	565,800	87,880	551,423
District of Columbia	2,871,554		565,445	548,169
Florida	<sup>2</sup> 2,890,935	<sup>3</sup> 3,578,319	7,530,433	2,010,114
Georgia	8,475,954			1,557,999
Hawaii	<sup>2</sup> 829,208	(3)	215,713	
ldaho	4,565,299		452,023	838,385
Illinois	43,530,070	17,166,080	5,423,791	
Indiana	24,167,415	2,538,447	1,676,326	4,211,300
lowa	12,494,831		1,168,487	3,173,847
Kansas	8,022,490		1,329,902	1,870,478
Kentucky	7,061,323	6,104,255	4,744,602	3,084,467
Louisiana	1,623,315	4,869,918	721,470	1,414,648
Maine	10,523,168	636,320	523,398	2,405,855
Maryland	16,491,111	2,845,348	570,448	150,000
Massachusetts	33,934,032	6,748,300	: : :	4,299,600
Michigan	41,140,699	(5)	6,736,217	9,122,344
Minnesota	25,739,080	1 414 100	9,853,994	1,957,328
Mississippi	5,133,471	1,414,186	336,654	
Missouri	17,556,313		8,987,271	
Montana	4,644,676	400.040	214,331	1,037,889
Nebraska	3,533,812 1,238,286	469,013 499,171	4,945,637 1,416	1,491,260
Nevada New Hampshire	5,679,162	696,656	809,221	800,000
	, ,	,	,	,
New Jersey	31,305,717 3,097,853	2,000,000	10,727,985	3,607,000 773,404
New Mexico New York	85.498.591		546,679 29,581,769	25.098.238
North Carolina	11,794,326		29,361,769	2,720,435
North Dakota	4,603,413		888,835	1,070,640
Ohio	27.347.922		22.350.627	9.275.584
Oklahoma	7,035,173		397,548	703,185
Oregon	8.951.696		51.227	2.984.502
Pennsylvania	50,132,354		19,925,770	10,411,788
Rhode Island	5,118,275		1,763,431	1,383,293
South Carolina	5.509.527		845.304	1,267,956
South Dakota	4,640,124		49,796	857,249
Tennessee	5,492,190	4,146,141	1,567,313	1,460,309
Texas	2,885,363	12,390,089	1,697,272	3,635,058
Utah	6,237,673		101,850	681,729
Vermont	4,331,310	318,900	1,313,192	
Virginia	19,477,808	2,866,295	1,389,647	3,364,719
Washington	15,035,740		689,240	3,227,870
West Virginia	5,053,136		4,532,380	1,701,927
Wisconsin	28,831,369		7,493,380	6,083,208
Wyoming	1,570,275		151,433	800,958

<sup>1</sup>Includes federal LIHEAP appropriated funds and non-federal funds operated through the LIHEAP program.

<sup>2</sup>Includes funds for households that received combined heating and cooling assistance in Arizona, California, and Florida; households that received energy assistance in Hawaii with no differentiation made between heating and cooling assistance.

<sup>3</sup>Excludes funds for households that received combined heating and cooling assistance in Arizona, California, and Florida; households that received energy assistance in Hawaii with no differentiation made between heating and cooling assistance.

<sup>4</sup>Includes \$6.2 million in state funds.

<sup>5</sup>Excludes funds for households that received expedited heating assistance for winter crisis situations.

Source: Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program, U.S. Administration for Children and Families' administrative data.

CONTACT: Leon Litow (202) 401-5304 for further information.

#### Table 9.J3.1—Estimated home energy assistance obligations, by type of assistance fiscal years 1982–1999

	Estimated amount <sup>1</sup>			
Fiscal year	Heating	Cooling	Crisis	Weatherization
	assistance	assistance	assistance	assistance
	benefits	benefits	benefits	benefits
1982	\$1,124,476,630	\$51,498,572	\$138,941,133	\$136,195,046
1983	1,343,267,155	33,020,830	191,771,756	195,463,612
1984	1,372,772,591	32,374,067	225,795,893	186,662,906
1985	1,466,721,924	29,135,118	191,407,205	227,096,051
1986	1,351,903,078	35,620,945	199,178,003	193,420,839
1987	1,280,302,113	29,581,262	197,719,071	220,419,633
1988	1,145,560,993	21,151,405	190,046,023	170,292,505
1989	1,017,024,757	12,341,113	187,442,779	147,952,928
1990	$\begin{array}{c} 1,030,150,903\\ 1,098,583,280\\ 990,903,081\\ 948,596,196\\ 1,062,552,111\\ 884,846,144\\ 696,801,144\\ 749,704,757\\ 633,618,243\\ 684,600,568\end{array}$	25,007,676 27,416,776 22,645,002 22,274,975 24,862,635 43,883,481 17,597,204 18,755,118 62,178,981 72,294,009	188,844,316 220,795,517 197,218,623 183,189,522 225,583,805 212,713,182 167,622,219 176,095,176 212,043,081 210,175,301	133,479,484 129,279,737 134,816,010 146,444,590 214,342,289 159,076,150 135,835,358 153,589,045 138,217,577 145,039,987

<sup>1</sup>Includes federal LIHEAP appropriated funds and non-federal funds operated through the LIHEAP program.

Source: Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program, U.S. Administration for Children and Families' administrative data.

CONTACT: Leon Litow (202) 401-5304 for further information.

# **Sampling Variability**

A substantial number of tables in sections 5 and 6 present OASDI award and current-pay benefit data based on 1-percent and 10-percent sample files drawn from the Social Security Administration's administrative records. In addition, tables 4.B1-4.B11 on the taxable earnings of OASDI workers are based on 1-percent administrative record samples, and tables 7.A8, 7.B9, and 7.E2 on SSI awards are based on 10-percent administrative record samples.

Because of sampling variability, estimates based on sample data may differ from the figures that would have been obtained had all, rather than specified samples, of the records been used. The standard error is a measure of the sampling variability. About 68 percent of all possible probability samples selected with the same specifications will give estimates within one standard error of the figure obtained from a compilation of all records. Similarly, approximately 90 percent will give estimates within 1.645 standard errors, about 95 percent will give estimates within two standard errors, and about 99 percent will give estimates within two and one-half standard errors. The standard error of an estimate depends on the design elements such as the method of sampling, sample size, and the estimation process.

Because of the large number of data cells tabulated from the sample files, it is not practical to calculate the standard error for every possible cell. However, standard errors for a large number of cells were estimated. These estimates were used to fit regression curves to provide estimates of approximate standard errors associated with tabulated counts and proportions.

The tables showing the sampling variability provide a general order of magnitude for similar estimates from the various sample files. Table 10.A1 presents approximate standard errors for the estimated number of persons from the 1-percent and the 10-percent files. The reliability of an estimated percentage depends on both the size of the percentage and on the size of the total on which the percentage is based. Data in tables 10.A2 and 10.A3 provide approximations of the standard errors of the estimated percentage of persons in the 1-percent and 10-percent files. The standard errors are expressed in percentage points and the bases shown are in terms of inflated data.

Table 10.A1.— Approximations of standard errors of estimated number of persons

Size of estimate (inflated)	Standard error
1-perc	ent file
500           1,000           2,500           5,000           7,500           10,000           25,000           50,000           75,000           10,000           25,000           50,000           50,000           50,000           500,000           750,000           1,000,000           5,000,000           50,000,000           50,000,000           50,000,000           50,000,000	250 300 500 800 900 1,100 1,700 2,400 3,000 3,400 5,400 7,800 9,600 11,100 25,800 36,900 57,700 76,100 82,900
10-per	cent file
100           500           1,000           5,000           10,000           50,000           100,000           50,000           100,000           50,000           1000,000           2,000,000           3,000,000           10,000,000           20,000,000	30 70 100 225 300 700 1,000 2,200 3,200 4,300 5,300 6,500 8,500 9,300

		Estim	ated perce	ntage	
Size of base (inflated)	2 or 98	5 or 95	10 or 90	25 or 75	50
1,000	4.7 1.5 .7 .5 .2 .1 .1 .1 (1) (1) (1)	7.3 2.3 1.0 .7 .3 .2 .1 .1 .1 (1)	10.1 3.2 1.4 1.0 .4 .3 .1 .1 .1 (1) (1)	14.5 4.6 2.1 1.5 .7 .5 .2 .2 .1 (1)	16.8 5.3 2.4 1.7 .8 .5 .2 .2 .2 .1 (1)

Table 10.A2.— Approximations of standard errors of estimated percentage of persons from 1-percent file

<sup>1</sup> Less than 0.05 percent.

Table 10.A3.— Approximations of standard errors of estimated percentage of persons from 10-percent file

		Estim	ated perce	ntage	
Size of base	2	5	10	25	50
(inflated)	or 98	or 95	or 90	or 75	
500	1.9	3.0	4.1	5.9	6.8
	1.3	2.1	2.9	4.1	4.8
	.8	1.3	1.8	2.6	3.0
	.4	.6	.9	1.3	1.5
	.2	.3	.4	.6	.7
	.1	.2	.3	.4	.5
	(1)	.1	.1	.2	.2
	(1)	.1	.1	.1	.2
	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	.1
	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)

<sup>1</sup> Less than 0.05 percent.

CONTACT: Salvatore Gallicchio (410) 965-0158 for further information.

# **OASDI Benefit Award Data**

OASDI benefit award data in the *Annual Statistical Supplement* are derived mainly from two sources:

100-percent award data: The Master Beneficiary Record (MBR) is the major administrative data base for the Social Security program. It is used for the calculation of benefits and the maintenance of information about beneficiaries. Each month, when the MBR is updated, a record of award actions is created. This record is used to prepare award data on a 100-percent basis. Data available each month include types of benefits awarded, sex of beneficiary, and the monthly benefit amounts payable. These data are used to update the time-series tables.

Award data from the OASDI 1-percent sample: This source provides monthly award data based on a 1-percent sample derived from the MBR. The 12 monthly files are combined to produce an annual file. The 1-percent sample is used to prepare award tables, which show detailed data by age, sex, and type of benefit, and distributions by benefit amount. Award data from the 1-percent sample are similar to the data described above. An important difference, however, is the treatment of dual entitlement.

When a retired-worker beneficiary subsequently becomes dually entitled to a secondary benefit as a wife, husband, or widow or widower, the secondary benefit is counted as an award in the 100-percent data. In contrast, award data based on the OASDI 1-percent sample do not count the secondary benefit as an award when both benefits are paid from the same trust fund.

When dual entitlements are counted as awards, the number of awardees is increased and the monthly amount awarded is lowered. The person has already been counted as having received an award when he or she became entitled to the retired-worker benefit, and is counted again upon entitlement to the secondary benefit. The average benefit amount is lowered because the amount recorded for the award for the dually entitled person is only the difference between the amount of the retired-worker benefit and the amount of the secondary benefit.

CONTACT: Joseph Bondar (410) 965-0162 for further information.

# **Poverty Data**

Table 3.E1 presents weighted average poverty thresholds for families in the United States for 1959–2000. Table 3.E2 presents data on the number and percent of people in poverty in the United States for 1959–1999. Tables 3.E3, 3.E4, and 3.E6 present more detailed data on people and families in poverty in the United States during 1999. (Both poverty thresholds and poverty population data are issued by the U.S. Census Bureau.) Table 3.E8 presents poverty guidelines by family size for the contiguous United States, Alaska, and Hawaii for 1965– 2001. (Poverty guidelines are issued by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.)

Poverty thresholds are used primarily for statistical purposes—producing statistics on the number of Americans in poverty. Poverty guidelines are used for administrative purposes—for example, to determine whether a person or family is financially eligible for assistance or services under certain federal government programs (not including cash public assistance). Both thresholds and guidelines are sets of dollar figures which vary by family size and (in the case of the thresholds) family composition.

The poverty thresholds were developed in 1963–64 by Mollie Orshansky of the Social Security Administration as a measure of income inadequacy. The poverty definition was modified in 1969 and 1981 by federal interagency committees. The thresholds were based on food expenditure/income patterns (from the Department of Agriculture's 1955 Household Food Consumption Survey) and the costs of the Department of Agriculture's economy food plan for families of different sizes and compositions. (See Joseph Dalaker, U.S. Census Bureau, "Poverty in the United States: 1998," *Current Population Reports: Consumer Income*, Series P60-207, September 1999, Appendix A, for an explanation of the poverty definition.)

The poverty thresholds have become the basis for the official statistics on the extent of poverty in the United States which are issued annually by the Census Bureau in the Current Population Reports series. The thresholds are adjusted annually for price changes using the annual average consumer price index (CPI-U). (See U.S. Bureau of the Census, "Revision in Poverty Statistics, 1959 to 1968," *Current Population Reports: Special Studies*, Series P-23, No. 28, August 1969; and Directive No. 14, "Definition of Poverty for Statistical Purposes," *Statistical Policy Handbook*, U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Federal Statistical Policy and Standards, 1978.)

The poverty guidelines are a simplified version of the poverty thresholds; there are separate sets of guidelines for the two noncontiguous states (Hawaii and Alaska). The guidelines are used for determining whether a person or family is financially eligible for assistance or services under certain federal programs. Authorizing legislation or regulations for specific programs indicate whether a program uses the poverty guidelines as one of several eligibility criteria, uses a modification of the guidelines (for example, 125 percent or 185 percent of the guidelines), or uses them for the purpose of setting priorities in providing assistance or services.

Since 1973, the guidelines have been computed from the poverty thresholds by increasing the most recently published weighted average poverty thresholds by the percentage change in the CPI-U over the past year (more precisely, from the next most recent calendar year to the most recent calendar year) and rounding the figure for a family of four up to the next highest multiple of \$50. Figures for all family sizes over and under four persons are computed by adding or subtracting equal dollar amounts derived from the average difference between poverty lines (rounded to the nearest multiple of \$20).

The poverty thresholds were calculated using data (the 1955 Household Food Consumption Survey) that defined income as after-tax money income; accordingly, the thresholds were intended to be applied to data on money income. The National Research Council's Panel on Poverty and Family Assistance put great emphasis on the principle of consistency in poverty measurement—that the definition of family resources (income) used should be consistent with the concept underlying the poverty thresholds. (For a discussion of this principle, see Measuring Poverty: A New Approach, Constance F. Citro and Robert T. Michael (eds.), Washington, DC, National Academy Press, 1995, pp. 4, 9-10, 37-40, 65-66, 98, 203-206, and 227-231. This important report proposed a new approach for developing an official poverty measure for the United States.) According to the Panel's principle of consistency, it would be inappropriate to apply the current poverty thresholds (calculated using an income definition of after-tax money income) to an income distribution that used an income definition of money income plus selected noncash benefits.

As noted above, the poverty thresholds were developed in 1963–64 by Mollie Orshansky of the Social Security Administration. In May 1965—just over a year after the Johnson Administration had initiated the War on Poverty—the Office of Economic Opportunity adopted Orshansky's thresholds as a working or quasi-official definition of poverty. At that time, the thresholds comprised a matrix of 124 detailed poverty thresholds based on the total number of family members, the number of family members who were children, the sex of the family householder, the age of the individual or family householder (for one- and two-person units only), and whether the family lived on a farm.

In 1969, a federal interagency committee made two changes in the poverty definition: the thresholds would be annually updated by the consumer price index instead of by the per capita cost of the economy food plan, and farm poverty thresholds were set at 85 percent rather than 70 percent of corresponding nonfarm thresholds. (Figures for prior years were retabulated retrospectively on this basis.) In August 1969, the Bureau of the Budget designated the poverty thresholds with these revisions as the federal government's official statistical definition of poverty.

In 1981, several other changes were made in the poverty definition: (1) elimination of separate thresholds for farm families, (2) elimination (through appropriate averaging) of separate thresholds for female-householder and "all other" families, and (3) extension of the poverty matrix to make the largest family size category "nine persons or more" rather than "seven or more persons." (See U.S. Bureau of the Census, "Characteristics of the Population Below the Poverty Level: 1980," Current Population Reports: Consumer Income, Series P-60, No. 133, July 1982, pp. 2-5, 9, and 186.) As a result of these changes, the current matrix of poverty thresholds used by the Census Bureau to determine the poverty status of families and unrelated individuals consists of a set of 48 detailed thresholds arranged in a two-dimensional matrix by family size (from one person, that is, an unrelated individual, to a family of nine or more persons) crossclassified by the presence and number of family members under age 18 (from no children to eight or more children present). Unrelated individuals and two-person families are further differentiated by the age of the individual or family householder (under age 65 and aged 65 or older).

The current official definition of poverty is over 30 years old. In 1990, Congress requested a study of the official U.S. poverty measure by the National Research Council (NRC) to provide a basis for a possible revision of the poverty measure. In 1992, the NRC's Committee on National Statistics appointed a Panel on Poverty and Family Assistance to conduct this study. In 1995, the Panel published its report of the study, Measuring Poverty: A New Approach, Constance F. Citro and Robert T. Michael (eds.), Washington, DC, National Academy Press, 1995. In the report, the Panel proposed a new approach for developing an official poverty measure for the United States—although it did not propose a specific set of dollar figures. The Panel's proposed approach focused on three major areas: new poverty thresholds, a new and consistent definition of family resources (income), and data sources.

In July 1999, the Census Bureau, in collaboration with the Bureau of Labor Statistics, released a report, Experimental Poverty Measures: 1990 to 1997 (P60-205) that examined the effects of different resource definitions and thresholds on poverty and which estimated several experimental poverty rates based on the NRC panel's recommendations. That report and subsequent updates are available on the Census Bureau poverty measurement webpage at:

http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/poverty.html.

Data on the poverty population and on family and personal income are collected in the March Current Population Survey (CPS). Data from the March survey are also known as the Annual Demographic File. Following the standard Census Bureau definition, the family is defined as two or more persons related by birth, marriage, or adoption and residing together. "Income" refers to money income from all sources, including public income transfers, but before federal, state, or local personal income taxes. Money income does not reflect that many families receive noncash benefits such as employee use of business transportation and facilities, employer-paid health insurance and other employer-supported fringe benefits, Medicare, Medicaid, food stamps, and housing assistance. Many farm families receive benefits in the form of rent-free housing or goods produced and consumed by the family.

Once a year, in March, the sample of U.S. households interviewed in the monthly CPS is asked to provide information on household members' incomes during the preceding calendar year. Survey experience indicates that respondents tend to underreport their income in household surveys. Underreporting is most pronounced for dividends, interest and workers' compensation; less pronounced for veterans' payments, public assistance, and private pensions; and modest for Social Security and federal retirement programs. The proportion of nonresponses to CPS income questions is greater among middle income and higher income families than among lower income families.

Because the CPS sample size, content, and procedures changed several times, some differences in the data over time may in part reflect these methodological changes, not just changes in the population. Important changes to the CPS methodology took place in 1976, 1979, 1980, 1987, 1988, 1992, 1994 and 1995. A summary of these changes and references for more information about them appear below. The report numbers, "P60-##" refer to the Current Population Reports, Consumer Income series.

For details about how questionnaire changes and file processing changes affected the data, see Welniak, Edward, "Effects of the March Current Population Survey's New Processing System on Estimates of Income and Poverty," Proceedings of the American Statistical Association, 1990.

Further details about CPS methodology may be found in Technical Paper 63, available at http:// www.bls.census.gov/cps/tp/tp63.htm.

If you need to find additional poverty data, please contact the U.S. Census Bureau's Housing and Household Economic Statistics Division Information Staff at (301) 457-3242, or e-mail hhes-info@census.gov.

For further information about technical changes to the poverty measure, contact Joe Dalaker at (301) 457-3213 or e-mail joseph.dalaker@census.gov.

For further information about the statistical reliability of the CPS estimates, contact dsmd\_s&a@census.gov.

Year	Methodological change	<u>Reference</u>
1959	First year for which poverty data are available. The poverty measure was developed in 1963–1964.	P60-210 Appendixes
1969	Modification of poverty measure. Bureau of the Budget prescribed the new measure as the official poverty measure for statistical use in federal agencies.	P60-68 pp. 11–12
1976–1987	For wide income intervals, Pareto interpolation was used to compute median income. Before 1976 and after 1987, linear interpolation was used.	P60-166 p. 93
1979	"Householder" concept first implemented, replacing "head" concept—the husband is no longer automatically the family reference person. Secondary families (people who are related to each other but not the householder) are tallied separately from "families."	P60-130 pp. 6–10
	Change in universe—income questions no longer asked of 14-year-olds. Poverty universe changed—people under age 15 not living with any family members are excluded. (Previously, unrelated individuals under age 14 were excluded.)	
1980	Modification of poverty measure. Estimates weighted using 1980 Census results.	P60-133 pp. 2–7
1987	New CPS processing system.	P60-166 pp. 1, 14–17 Welniak, 1990 ASA proceedings
1988	Linear interpolation used to compute median incomes.	P60-166 p.93
1992	Estimates first weighted using 1990 Census results.	P60-188 p. vii
1994	Computer-assisted interviewing replaced pencil-and-paper interviewing.	P60-189 p. vii
1994–1995	New CPS sample design.	P60-189 p. vii, D-3
		P60-194 p. v, xiii, D-3
1995	Revised edit and allocation procedures for race groups.	P60-194 pp. v, xiii

CONTACT: Gordon Fisher/Joe Dalaker (202) 690-5880/(310) 457-3213 for futher information.

# Computing a Retired-Worker Benefit

This section provides instructions and a worksheet for computing a retired-worker benefit. The worksheet can be used for persons born in 1926 through 1939—that is, those who attained age 62 in 2001 or earlier and were under age 75 at the end of 2001. The worksheet assumes that the worker had no prior period of entitlement to disability benefits and also did not work after becoming entitled to retired-worker benefits.

The worksheet describes the various steps used in computing a benefit. The steps are based on the following Social Security program goals.

To provide a benefit based on lifetime earnings. Benefits are related to earnings over a period of time that the worker could be expected to have worked in covered employment—from age 22 through age 61. The years of earnings considered are termed computation years. The worker's five lowest earnings years, including years of no earnings at all) are not considered in the computation. They are termed the drop out years.

*To index lifetime earnings.* Earnings used in the computation are not the actual covered earnings, but an amount for each year which reflects earnings increases in average wage levels after the year the earnings were paid. This procedure is termed wage indexing. Currently, earnings are generally indexed to wage levels in the year the worker turns age 60. For example, for a person attaining age 62 in 2001, actual earnings in 1984 of \$20,000 are indexed to \$37,768.46, based on 1999 wage levels. Earnings after age 60 are included at their actual (nominal) value.

To replace a portion of the indexed earnings. Indexed earnings are averaged over the number of computation years to calculate the Average Indexed Monthly Earnings (AIME). A benefit formula is applied to the AIME to produce the Primary Insurance Amount (PIA), the amount payable to a worker who retires at age 65. The benefit formula is weighted to provide a higher replacement of earnings for lower wage workers. The formula for persons age 62 in 2001 is 90 percent of the first \$561 of AIME; plus 32 percent of the next \$2,820; plus 15 percent of the AIME over \$3,381.

*To permit early retirement.* Persons can retire as early as age 62, but the monthly benefit is reduced. The reduction is 5/9 of 1 percent for each of the first 36 months of entitlement immediately preceding the age at which 100 percent of PIA is payable (65 and 4 months in the year 2001 but scheduled to increase to age 67 by the year 2022), plus 5/12 of 1 percent for each of up to 24 earlier months. For a person aged 62 in 2001, the maximum reduction is 21.66667 percent if the individual is entitled to benefits for all 40 months between 62 and 65 and 4 months.

*To provide for price indexing after age 62.* Benefits are adjusted annually in December to reflect increases in the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W). The 2000 benefit increase was 3.5 percent. These cost-of-living adjustments are applied to the benefit for each year after the person attained age 62—even if the person was not actually receiving benefits.

*To give credit for earnings after age 61.* Earnings after age 61 (which are not indexed) can be substituted for earnings in earlier years if they result in a higher benefit. In addition, persons who do not receive benefits between ages 65 and 69 may receive increased benefits as a result of the Delayed Retirement Credit (DRC) provision. The benefit is increased by a specified percentage for each month a benefit was not received (See table 2.A20 for percentage increase).

# **Clarifying the Worksheet Procedure**

# Step 1 - Determining the Number of Computation Years

For persons who attain age 62 prior to 1991, the number of years used in the benefit computation equals the number of years after 1950 up to the year of attainment of age 62, minus 5 years. For workers who attain age 62 in 1991 or later, the number of computation years is 35.

# Step 2 - Wage Indexing of Earnings

The following description and examples are provided for persons who wish to compute the index factors and indexed earnings. The indexing year is the second year prior to attainment of age 62. However, beneficiaries born on January 1 are deemed to have attained age 62 in the prior year, and consequently, the applicable indexing year, factors, and bend points are those for that year.

The average wage for the indexing year is divided by the average wage in each prior year to obtain the factor for each prior year. For example, a person attains age 62 in 2001. The indexing year is 1999. The average annual wage for 1999 was \$30,469.84. The average annual wage for 1990 was \$21,027.98. The amount, \$30,469.84 divided by \$21,027.98, yields a factor of 1.4490141.

The worker's actual earnings covered under Social Security in that year, up to the maximum earnings creditable, are multiplied by the indexing factor to obtain the indexed earnings. For example, actual covered earnings of \$10,000 in 1990, multiplied by 1.4490141, result in indexed earnings of \$14,490.14; actual earnings of \$51,300 (the maximum creditable) result in indexed earnings of \$74,334.42.

# Step 3 - Computing the Average Indexed Monthly Earnings (AIME)

After the earnings in each year have been indexed, they are used in computing Average Indexed Monthly Earnings. The years of highest indexed earnings corresponding to the number of computation years are selected and totaled. This total is then divided by the years. The result, rounded to the nearest lower dollar, is Average Indexed Monthly Earnings.

For example, for a person attaining age 62 in 2001, the highest 35 years of indexed earnings are used. If the sum of these earnings equals 400,000, the AIME is 952 (400,000 divided by 420 = 952.38, rounded to 952).

# Step 4 - Computing the Primary Insurance Amount (PIA)

The PIA, the amount from which all Social Security benefits payable on a worker's earnings record are based, is computed by applying a formula to the AIME. The formula consists of brackets in which 3 percentages are applied to amounts of AIME. The dollar amounts defining the brackets are called bend points, and the bend points are different for each calendar year of attainment of age 62. The PIA is rounded to the nearest lower ten cents.

For retired workers who attained age 62 in 2001, the bend points are \$561 and \$3,381. Thus the formula is 90 percent of the first \$561 of AIME; plus 32 percent of next \$2,820 of AIME; plus 15 percent of AIME above \$3,381. The following are examples of PIA computations for such workers with different AIME amounts.

Example 1 - AIME of \$300 PIA is \$270 Based on: 90 percent of \$300

Example 2 - AIME of \$952 PIA is \$630.02 rounded to \$630.00 Based on: 90 percent of \$561 (\$504.90); plus 32 percent of \$391 (\$125.12)

Example 3 - AIME of \$3,500 PIA is \$1,425.15 rounded to \$1,425.10 Based on: 90 percent of \$561 (\$504.90); plus 32 percent of \$2,820 (\$902.40); plus 15 percent of \$119 (\$17.85) The above calculations are applicable to workers who attain age 62 in 2001. For workers who attained age 62 in prior years, the bend points will be different and the PIA must be increased to reflect cost-of-living adjustments between the year of attainment of age 62 and the year 2001. Worksheet 2 shows cost-of-living increase factors for 1979 through 2001. After the PIA is calculated for the year of attainment of age 62, cost-of-living increases are applied for each year through 2000. The result is the current 2001 PIA.

For example, a worker who attained age 62 in 1998 would receive cost-of-living adjustments for the years 1998–2000. The adjustments are cumulative, with each step rounded to the next lower dime. If the age 62 PIA was \$500, the cost-of-living adjustments would be:

1998: \$500 multiplied by 1.013 = \$506.50 1999: \$506.50 multiplied by 1.024 = \$518.60 2000: \$518.60 multiplied by 1.035 = \$536.70

\$536.70 would be the PIA effective December 2000.

# Step 5 - Computation of the Monthly Benefit

The full PIA is payable to a worker who retires at age However, beginning in the year 2000, the full 65. retirement age scheduled to be gradually raised to age 67 for workers attaining age 62 in 2022 began to be phased in. Workers can still retire as early as age 62, but the monthly benefit is reduced by 5/9 of 1 percent for each of the first 36 months of entitlement immediately preceding the full retirement age plus 5/12 of 1 percent for each of up to 24 earlier months. Workers attaining age 62 in 2001 have their benefits computed based on the full retirement age of 65 and 4 months. Worksheet 3 may be used to determine the full retirement age based on the year of birth as well as the reduction factors. For individuals electing benefits at exactly age 62 in the year 2001, the maximum reduction is 21.66667 percent.

For example, in 2001 a worker with a PIA of \$500 would receive \$391 at age 62. The PIA is reduced by \$108.33, reflecting a reduction rate of 5/9 of 1 percent for each of 36 months and a rate of 5/12 of 1 percent for each of 4 months for a total reduction of 21.66667 percent. After reduction of the PIA by \$108.33, the benefit amount is rounded down to the nearest lower dollar.

# Instructions for computing a retired-worker benefit (only for workers attaining age 62 in years 1988–2001)

STEP 1	—Determining the Number of Computation Years	
1	Year of birth. (If your birthday is January 1, enter prior year.)	
2	Age "62" has been entered.	62
3	Add lines 1 and 2 to obtain year of attainment of age 62 (year of eligibility).	
4	Year of attainment of age 22. If 1951 or earlier, enter 1951.(If your birthday is January 1, enter prior year.)	
5	Subtract line 4 from line 3 (elapsed years).	
6	"5" (drop-out years) has been entered.	5
7	Subtract line 6 from line 5 (computation years-maximum 35).	
STEP 2.	–Indexing of Earnings (Use Worksheet 1 for Steps 2 and 3.)	
8	Enter in column 2 your earnings in each year 1951 through 2000. If none, enter "0."	
9	Column 3 contains the maximum earnings creditable under Social Security for each year.	
10	Enter in column 4 the lower amount from columns 2 or 3 for each year.	
11	Enter in column 5 the indexing factors applicable to the year you attained age 62 (line 3) from table 2.A8.	
	(This table contains the indexing factors for persons attaining age 62 during the period 1988-2001.)	
12	Multiply column 4 by column 5 and enter results in column 6 in dollars and cents. These are your indexed earnings.	
STEP 3.	-Computing the Average Indexed Monthly Earnings (AIME)	
13	Enter the number of computation years from line 7.	
14	Place an "X" in column 7 next to the highest indexed earnings corresponding with the number of computation years from line 13.	
15	Add all individual indexed earnings marked with an "X."	
16	Multiply line 13 (computation years) by 12 to obtain the number of months in the computation period.	
17	Divide line 15 by line 16.	
18	Round the result in line 17 to next lower dollar. This is your average indexed monthly earnings (AIME).	
STEP 4.	-Computing the Primary Insurance Amount (PIA) (Use Worksheet 2 for Step 4.)	
19	Enter first bend point from Worksheet 2 based on year of attainment of age 62, or prior year if birthday is	
	January 1.	
20	Enter second bend point from Worksheet 2.	
21	If your AIME (obtained in line 18) is equal to or less than line 19, complete lines 22–24; If greater than line 19 but less than or equal to line 20, complete lines 25–30; If greater than line 20, complete lines 31–37.	
22	Enter your AIME from line 18.	
23	"0.9" has been entered. If you receive a pension based on noncovered employment see table 2.A11.1.	0.9
24	Multiply line 22 by line 23 and round to next lower dime to obtain your PIA at age 62. Continue with line 38.	
25	Enter your AIME from line 18.	
26	Multiply line 19 by 0.9. If you receive a pension based on noncovered employment see table 2.A11.1.	
27	Subtract line 19 from line 25.	
28	"0.32" has been entered.	0.32
29	Multiply line 27 by line 28.	
30	Add lines 26 and 29 and round to next lower dime to obtain your PIA at age 62. Continue with line 38.	
31	Enter your AIME from line 18.	
32	Multiply line 19 by 0.9. If you receive a pension based on noncovered employment see table 2.A11.1.	
33	Subtract line 19 from line 20 and multiply by 0.32.	
34	Subtract line 20 from line 31.	
35	"0.15" has been entered.	0.15
36	Multiply line 34 by line 35.	
37	Add lines 32, 33, and 36 and round to next lower dime to obtain your PIA at age 62. Continue with line 38.	
38	If you attained age 62 in 2001, skip to line 44. Otherwise you will need to adjust your PIA to reflect cost-of-	
	living adjustments (COLAs) from the year you attained age 62 through 2000 by using lines 39–43 and	
	Worksheet 2.	
39	Enter year of attainment of age 62 from line 3.	
40	Place an "X" corresponding to the year you attained age 62 in column 5, Worksheet 2.	

# Instructions for computing a retired-worker benefit (only for workers attaining age 62 in years 1988–2001)—*Continued*

41	Place an "X" in column 5 (Worksheet 2) next to each subsequent year through 2000.	
42	Enter your age 62 PIA from either line 24, 30, or 37—here and in shaded box in column 6, Worksheet 2.	
43	Beginning with first year marked, multiply your age 62 PIA by the corresponding factor (column 4), round to lower dime, and enter in column 6. The resulting PIA is then multiplied by the next factor and is again rounded to lower dime. Continue this process through 2000. Enter this last figure, which is your current PIA.	
STEP 5	-Computing the Monthly Benefit	
44	Enter your current PIA from either line 24, 30, 37, or 43.	
45	Using Worksheet 3, determine your full retirement age and enter here.	
46	If you retired at your full retirement age round PIA from line 44 to next lower dollar to obtain your monthly benefit.	
47	If you retired before the full retirement age enter your age at retirement including year and months.	
48	Subtract line 47 from line 45 and convert the result to months to determine the total number of reduction months.	
49	If line 48 is greater than 36 subtract 36 and enter the number here.	
50	"0.0055556" (the decimal equivalent of 5/9ths of 1 percent—the monthly reduction factor for the first 36 months) has been entered.	0.0055556
51	"0.0041667" (the decimal equivalent of 5/12ths of 1 percent—the monthly reduction factor for months above 36) has been entered.	0.0041667
52	Multiply line 48 (but not more than 36) by line 50 to obtain the percentage reduction for the first 36 months.	
53	Multiply line 49 by line 51 to obtain the percentage reduction for months in excess of 36.	
54	Add lines 52 and 53 to obtain the total percentage reduction.	
55	Multiply line 44 by line 54 to obtain the amount of benefit reduction.	
56	Subtract line 55 from line 44 and round to next lower dollar to obtain your monthly benefit.	

# Worksheet 1: Indexing of earnings

Worksheet 2: Computing the primary insurance amount (PIA) for workers retiring after age 62

2 You earnin	gs earnings	4 Lower of columns 2 or 3	5 Indexing factor	6 Column 4 times	7 Highest indexed		1 1st	2 2nd	3 Cost-of-	4 Cost-of-
1				column 5	earnings	Year	bend point	bend point	living increase	living factor
	\$3600		140101	ooranni o	curningo		point	point	morease	laotor
~	\$3,600 3,600					1979	\$180	\$1,085	9.9	1.099
3	3,600					1980	194	¢1,005 1,171	14.3	
	3,600					1981	211	1,171	14.3	
4 5	4,200					1982	230	1,388	7.4	
6	4,200					1983	250 254	1,528	3.5	1.074
7	4,200					1983	254 267	1,612	3.5	1.035
B	4,200					1985	280	1,691	3.5	1.035
9	4,200					1985	280 297	1,790	1.3	
)	4,800					1980	310	1,866	4.2	
	4,800					1987			4.2 4.0	
	4,800						319	1,922		
2 3						1989	339	2,044	4.7	
	4,800					1990	356	2,145	5.4	
	4,800					1991	370	2,230	3.7	
5	4,800					1992	387	2,333	3.0	
6	6,600					1993	401	2,420	2.6	1.026
7	6,600					1994	422	2,545	2.8	1.028
8	7,800					1995	426	2,567	2.6	1.026
9	7,800					1996	437	2,635	2.9	1.029
	7,800					1997	455	2,741	2.1	1.021
	7,800					1998	477	2,875	1.3	
2	9,000					1999	505	3,043	2.4	1.024
i	10,800					2000	531	3,202	3.5	1.035
	13,200					2001	561	3,381		
5	14,100									
6	15,300									
3	16,500									
	17,700									
	22,900									
	25,900									
	29,700									
	32,400									
	35,700									
	37,800									
	39,600									
	42,000									
	43,800									
	45,000									
	48,000									
	51,300									
	53,400									
2	55,500									
3	57,600									
	60,600									
	61,200									
	00 700									
6	62,700									
6 7	65,400									
6 ,										
5 6 7 8 9	65,400									

Year of birth <sup>1</sup>	Year of attainment of age 62	Year of attainment of age 65	Full retirement age	Maximum reduction months	Maximum reduction at age 62 <sup>2</sup>
1935	1997	2000	65 years	36	0.2000000
1936	1998	2001	65 years	36	0.2000000
1937	1999	2002	65 years	36	0.2000000
1938	2000	2003	65 years and 2 months	38	0.2083333
1939	2001	2004	65 years and 4 months	40	0.2166667
1940	2002	2005	65 years and 6 months	42	0.2250000
1941	2003	2006	65 years and 8 months	44	0.2333333
1942	2004	2007	65 years and 10 months	46	0.2416667
1943–1954	2005–2016	2008-2019	66 years	48	0.2500000
1955	2017	2020	66 years and 2 months	50	0.2583333
1956	2018	2021	66 years and 4 months	52	0.2666667
1957	2019	2022	66 years and 6 months	54	0.2750000
1958	2020	2023	66 years and 8 months	56	0.2833333
1959	2021	2024	66 years and 10 months	58	0.2916667
1960 or later	2022 and later	2025 and later	67 years	60	0.3000000

If your birthday is January 1, refer to previous year.
 The monthly reduction factor for the first 36 months is .0055556 and .0041667 for additional months.

CONTACT: Joseph Bondar/Curt Pauzenga (410) 965-0162/7210 for futher information.

# Glossary

Actuarial reduction (OASDI)

Reduction in monthly benefit amount payable on-

(1) Entitlement prior to full retirement age if the beneficiary is a retired worker, a

	<ul> <li>wife or husband of a retired or disabled worker (with entitlement not based on caring for a child beneficiary), or a divorced spouse;</li> <li>(2) Entitlement prior to full retirement age if the beneficiary is a widow, widower, or a surviving divorced spouse; or</li> <li>(3) Entitlement, in case of disability, at ages 50–59 if the beneficiary is a widow, widower, or surviving divorced spouse. (For formulas used to compute the reduction, see "Benefit Types and Levels" in the section Social Security (Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance.))</li> </ul>
Administrative Law Judge (OASDI and SSI)	An Administrative Law Judge (ALJ) is an employee of SSA and is specially qualified by education and experience to hold hearings and make independent decisions based on all the evidence, including any testimony. See <b>Administrative review process</b> .
Administrative review process (OASDI and SSI)	<ul> <li>The procedures followed by the Social Security Administration (SSA) in determining one's right under title II and title XVI of the Social Security Act. The administrative review process consists of several steps, which usually must be requested within certain time periods and in the following order:</li> <li>(1) <i>Initial determination</i>: A determination SSA makes about an individual's entitlement to benefits or about any other matter that gives that person a right to further administrative and/or judicial review.</li> <li>(2) <i>Reconsideration</i>: The first step in the administrative review process. When an individual disagrees with the initial determination, the individual may, within 60 days of receiving notice of the initial determination, ask SSA to reconsider it.</li> <li>(3) <i>Hearing before an Administrative Law Judge (ALJ)</i>: When an individual disagrees with the reconsidered determination, he or she may, within 60 days of receiving notice of the determination, request a hearing before an ALJ. The hearing is informal and nonadversarial.</li> <li>(4) <i>Appeals Council review</i>: When an individual disagrees with the decision or dismissal of the ALJ, he or she may, within 60 days of receiving the hearing decision, request that the Appeals Council review that decision. The Appeals Council, within the Office of Hearings and Appeals, may deny or dismiss the request for review, or it may grant the request and either issue a decision or remand (return) the case to an ALJ. The Appeals Council may also review any ALJ action on its own motion within 60 days after the ALJ's action. The Appeals Council security and the request for review, represents SSA's final decision in the administrative review process. See Expedited appeals process and Federal court review.</li> </ul>
Adult (SSI)	A person older than age 21, aged 18–21 who is not regularly attending school, or a person under 21 who is married or the head of a household.
Age (OASDI)	In current-pay benefit data tables, the age classification is based on the age of the person at his or her last birthday. In award data, age is either age in month of award or age in year of award, as specified in tables.
Aged beneficiary (OASDI)	A person who qualifies for benefits on the basis of age rather than on the basis of child care or disability.
Aged enrollee (Medicare)	An individual aged 65 or older enrolled in the Medicare program.
Aged person (SSI)	A person aged 65 or older.

Allowance (DI) A determination that a worker is entitled to a cash disability benefit award or to the establishment of a period of disability because of an inability to work by reason of any physical or mental impairment.

An individual charge determination (approved amount) made by a carrier on a covered medical service or supply.

The dollar amount above which earnings in Social Security covered employment is neither taxable nor creditable for benefit computation purposes. (Also referred to as "contribution and benefit base," "annual creditable maximum," "maximum contribution and benefit base," "taxable maximum," and "maximum taxable.") Under the HI program, there is no upper limit on earnings subject to taxes. See table 2.A3.

Assigned claim (Medicare) A claim for which the physician or supplier agrees to accept the amount approved by Medicare as the total payment. The physician or supplier is paid 80 percent of the approved fee schedule (less any unmet deductible). The beneficiary can be charged only for the coinsurance, the remaining 20 percent of the approved amount. A participating physician or supplier agrees to accept assignment on all claims.

Monthly benefit payable to a spouse or child of a retired or disabled worker, or to a survivor of a deceased worker.

### See Mean.

The resulting monthly earnings of a worker after indexing of actual earnings to reflect the value of the individual's previous earnings relative to national average earnings in the indexing year. A formula is then applied to this figure to compute the primary insurance amount (PIA) for most workers who attain age 62, become disabled, or die after 1978. The indexing year is the second year before the year in which the worker attains age 62, becomes disabled, or dies. Taxable earnings after the indexing year are included at their actual value. For widow(er)'s first eligible after December 1984, the indexing year applicable to the deceased worker's earnings may alternatively be the second year before the widow(er)'s date of eligibility for survivors benefits if it results in a higher benefit.

Earnings are indexed by multiplying the worker's taxable earnings for each year after 1950 through the indexing year by the average wages of all workers for the indexing year, and dividing by the average wages of all workers for the year being indexed. Once the earnings have been indexed, the AIME is computed by—

- determining the number of computation years—the number of years after 1950 (or the year of attainment of age 21, if later) and up to the year in which the worker attains age 62, becomes disabled, or dies, minus dropout years, generally 5 (minimum number of computation years is 2);
- (2) selecting the actual computation years, based on highest indexed earnings from any years after 1950; and
- (3) dividing the sum of indexed earnings in the computation years by the total number of months in the computation years.

For workers entitled to disability benefits after June 1980, the number of dropout years varies by the age attained in year of disability onset. The number is 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 for workers aged 26 or younger, 27–31, 32–36, 37–41, 42–46, and 47 or older, respectively. Effective for months after June 1981, however, disabled workers under age 37 may obtain up to 3 additional dropout years (3, 2, and 1, respectively, for those aged 26 or younger, 27–31, and 32–36) for which the worker had no earnings and was living with a child (of the worker or his or her spouse) under age 3.

Auxiliary benefit (OASDI)

Allowed charge (Medicare)

(OASDI and HI)

Annual maximum taxable limit

# Average

Average indexed monthly earnings—AIME (OASDI)

Average monthly wage—AMW (OASDI)	<ul> <li>The amount of earnings used as the basis for determining the primary insurance amount (PIA) for workers who attained age 62, became disabled, or died before 1979, and also under a transitional guarantee computation for workers who attained age 62 in 1979–83. The AMW is computed by—</li> <li>(1) determining the number of computation years—the number of years after 1950 (or the year of attainment of age 21, if later) and up to the year in which the worker attains age 62 (age 65 for men born before January 2, 1911, and the later of age 62 or the year 1975 for men born after January 1, 1911), becomes disabled, or dies, minus dropout years, generally 5 (minimum number of computation years is 2);</li> <li>(2) selecting the actual computation years, based on highest earnings (up to the amount of the annual maximum taxable earnings in each year), from any years after 1950; and</li> <li>(3) dividing the sum of earnings in the computation years by the total number of months in the computation years.</li> </ul>
	See the last paragraph under AIME for special dropout rules for disabled workers.
	An alternative computation method takes into account the worker's earnings after 1936. The method yielding the highest PIA is used.
	The transitional guarantee computation is applicable to workers who attained age 62 in 1979–83, and to survivors of such workers (if the PIA under the transitional guarantee computation is higher than under the AIME method). It excludes earnings beginning with the year of attainment of age 62.
Award (OASDI)	A determination that an individual is entitled to a specified type of benefit. An award action is processed adding the individual to the Social Security benefit rolls maintained for that type of benefit and is counted as an award in a particular month. Award actions are processed not only for new beneficiaries but also for persons already on the rolls whose benefits in one category are terminated but who become entitled to another type of benefit. These actions are called conversions. When a disabled worker attains the full retirement age, the worker benefit and the benefits of spouses and children are converted to the retirement category. Upon the death of a disabled worker, benefits for children are converted to the survivor child category and benefits for spouses caring for these children are converted to widowed mothers and fathers benefits. Benefits for spouses of retired and disabled workers entitled because of age are converted to nondisabled widows and widowers benefits upon the death of the worker. The above conversions are counted in the award data. The benefits for children of retired workers that are converted to benefits for children of deceased workers upon the death of the worker are not counted in the award data.
Base years (OASDI)	For computing Social Security benefits, the years after 1950 up to the year a person is entitled to retirement or disability benefits. For a survivor's claim, the base years include the year of the worker's death.
Bend points (OASDI)	The dollar amounts defining the AIME (Average Indexed Monthly Earnings) or PIA (Primary Insurance Amount) brackets in the benefit formulas. See tables 2.A11 and 2.A13.
Beneficiary (OASDI)	A person who has been awarded benefits on the basis of his or her own or another's earnings record. The benefits may be either in current-payment status or withheld.
Benefit period (Medicare)	An alternate name for "spell of illness."
Benefit reduction (OASDI)	See Actuarial reduction.
Benefit termination (OASDI)	See Termination.

Benefits withheld (OASDI)	See Withholding.
Blind (OASDI and SSI)	"Blindness" for Social Security purposes means either central visual acuity of 20/ 200 or less in the better eye with the use of a correcting lens, or a limitation in the fields of vision so that the widest diameter of the visual field subtends an angle of 20 degrees or less (tunnel vision).
Black Lung Benefits Program	Provides for monthly payments and medical treatment to coal miners totally disabled from pneumoconiosis (black lung) arising from employment in or around the nation's coal mines, augmented payments based on the number of miner's dependents, and payments to certain survivors of miners who died due to or while totally disabled from pneumoconiosis.
Buy-In (Medicare)	A Medicare beneficiary who is also eligible for Medicaid, and for whom Part B (Supplementary Medical Insurance) premiums are paid by a state Medicaid program.
Capitation (Medicare)	A prospective payment method that pays the provider of service a uniform amount for each person served usually on a monthly basis. Capitation is used in managed care alternatives such as Health Maintenance Organizations.
Carrier (Medicare)	An entity that the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services contracts to process physician/supplier claims and make payments for Part B (Supplementary Medical Insurance) services.
Child (SSI)	An unmarried blind or disabled person who is not the head of a household and who is either under age 18 or aged 18–21 and regularly attending school.
Childhood disability benefit (OASDI)	See Disabled child's benefit.
Child's benefit (OASDI)	Monthly benefits to children of a retired or disabled worker or of a deceased worker who died either fully or currently insured. Benefits are payable to unmarried children under age 18 (up to age 19 if attending elementary or secondary school full time) and to disabled children aged 18 or older who became disabled before age 22. Under certain circumstances, benefits can be paid to stepchildren, grandchildren, or adopted children. Benefits for disabled children may be continued if they marry certain other Social Security beneficiaries.
Child's benefit (OASDI) Claimant (OASDI and SSI)	worker who died either fully or currently insured. Benefits are payable to unmarried children under age 18 (up to age 19 if attending elementary or secondary school full time) and to disabled children aged 18 or older who became disabled before age 22. Under certain circumstances, benefits can be paid to stepchildren, grandchildren, or adopted children. Benefits for disabled children
	worker who died either fully or currently insured. Benefits are payable to unmarried children under age 18 (up to age 19 if attending elementary or secondary school full time) and to disabled children aged 18 or older who became disabled before age 22. Under certain circumstances, benefits can be paid to stepchildren, grandchildren, or adopted children. Benefits for disabled children may be continued if they marry certain other Social Security beneficiaries.
Claimant (OASDI and SSI)	worker who died either fully or currently insured. Benefits are payable to unmarried children under age 18 (up to age 19 if attending elementary or secondary school full time) and to disabled children aged 18 or older who became disabled before age 22. Under certain circumstances, benefits can be paid to stepchildren, grandchildren, or adopted children. Benefits for disabled children may be continued if they marry certain other Social Security beneficiaries. The person on whose behalf an application for benefits is filed.
Claimant (OASDI and SSI) Coinsurance (Medicare) Computation starting date	<ul> <li>worker who died either fully or currently insured. Benefits are payable to unmarried children under age 18 (up to age 19 if attending elementary or secondary school full time) and to disabled children aged 18 or older who became disabled before age 22. Under certain circumstances, benefits can be paid to stepchildren, grandchildren, or adopted children. Benefits for disabled children may be continued if they marry certain other Social Security beneficiaries.</li> <li>The person on whose behalf an application for benefits is filed.</li> <li>See Cost-sharing.</li> <li>December 31 of either 1936 or 1950. Taxable earnings after the applicable starting date are counted in computing average monthly earnings (only starting date of Dec. 31, 1950 is applicable in computing average indexed monthly</li> </ul>
Claimant (OASDI and SSI) Coinsurance (Medicare) Computation starting date (OASDI) Consumer Price Index (OASDI	<ul> <li>worker who died either fully or currently insured. Benefits are payable to unmarried children under age 18 (up to age 19 if attending elementary or secondary school full time) and to disabled children aged 18 or older who became disabled before age 22. Under certain circumstances, benefits can be paid to stepchildren, grandchildren, or adopted children. Benefits for disabled children may be continued if they marry certain other Social Security beneficiaries.</li> <li>The person on whose behalf an application for benefits is filed.</li> <li>See Cost-sharing.</li> <li>December 31 of either 1936 or 1950. Taxable earnings after the applicable starting date are counted in computing average monthly earnings (only starting date of Dec. 31, 1950 is applicable in computing average indexed monthly earnings).</li> <li>A relative measure of inflation prepared by the U. S. Department of Labor. The CPI charts the rise in costs for selected goods and services and is used to compute COLA increases. In this report, all references to the CPI relate to the CPI</li> </ul>

persons with benefits withheld.

The sum of the number of persons with benefits in current-payment status and

Benefits in force (OASDI)

	<ul> <li>(2) the self-employed on net earnings from self-employment under SECA (Self-Employment Contributions Act), and</li> <li>(3) states on the wages of state and local government employees covered under the Social Security Act through voluntary agreements under section 218 of the</li> </ul>
	Act. Generally, employers withhold contributions from wages, add an equal amount of contributions, and pay both on a current basis. Also referred to as "taxes."
Conversion of benefits (OASDI)	For persons already on the rolls whose benefits are terminated and who are then awarded a different type of benefit. The type of benefit award that include a significant number of conversions are retired-worker benefits at full retirement age (previously disabled-worker benefits) and benefits of a spouse and child of retired worker (previously spouse and child of disabled worker). See <b>Award</b> .
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA)	Social Security benefits and Supplemental Security Income payments are increased each year to keep pace with increases in the cost of living (inflation). The Consumer Price Index is used to compute COLA increases.
Cost sharing (Medicare)	The generic term that includes copayments, coinsurance, and deductibles; also, out-of-pocket expenses.
	Copayments—Flat fees, typically modest, that insured persons must pay for a particular unit of services, such as an office visit, emergency room visit, or the filing of a prescription.
	Coinsurance—Portion of the costs paid by the beneficiary after meeting the annual deductible.
	Deductibles—The annual amount payable by the beneficiary for covered services before Medicare makes reimbursement.
Couple (SSI)	See Eligible couple.
Covered earnings (OASDI)	Earnings in employment covered by the OASDI programs.
Covered employment (OASDI)	All employment and self-employment creditable for Social Security purposes.
Covered worker (OASDI)	A person who has earnings creditable for Social Security purposes on the basis of services for wages in covered employment and/or on the basis of income from self-employment.
Current-payment status (OASDI)	Status of a beneficiary who is paid a benefit for a given month, with or without deductions, provided the deductions add to less than a full month's benefit. The amount shown is prior to deduction for the Part B (Supplementary Medical Insurance) premium. A benefit in current—payment status at the end of a month is usually payable in the following month.
Deductible (Medicare)	The amounts paid by enrollees for covered services before Medicare makes reimbursements.
	<i>Hospital Insurance</i> —Deductible applies to each new benefit period. It is determined each year by a formula specified by law, and approximates the current cost of a 1-day inpatient hospital stay.
	<i>Supplementary Medical Insurance</i> —Deductible is the first \$100 of covered charges per calendar year.
Deeming (SSI)	Takes into account the income and resources of certain persons who live with an SSI recipient when determining the amount of the payment. These persons include the ineligible spouses of adult recipients, the ineligible parents of child recipients under age 18, and the immigration sponsor for certain noncitizens.

Delayed retirement credit (OASDI)	Increases the benefit amount for certain individuals who did not receive benefits for months after attainment of the full retirement age but before age 70. Delayed retirement credit increases apply for benefits beginning January of the year following the year the individual attains full retirement age.
	Each monthly credit serves as a basis for increasing the monthly benefit (unless the benefit is based on a special minimum PIA) by specified percentages that depend on the year the worker attains age 62. The monthly credit was 1/12 of 1 percent for workers who attained age 62 before 1979 and ¼ of 1 percent for workers who attained age 62 from 1979 through 1986. The corresponding monthly credits for workers who attain age 62 after 1986 are shown in table 2.A20. The increase is applicable to the worker's monthly benefit amount but not to his or her PIA. Hence, auxiliary benefits are generally not affected. However, a widow(er)'s benefit may be increased based on the credit that had been applied to the benefit of the deceased worker or for which the worker was eligible at the time of death.
Dependents benefit (OASDI)	Monthly benefit payable to a spouse or child of a retired or disabled worker.
Diagnosis-Related Groups (Medicare)	A classification system that groups patients according to diagnosis, type of treatment, age, and other relevant criteria. Under the prospective payment system, hospitals are paid a set fee for treatment of patients in a single DRG category, regardless of the actual cost of care for the individual.
Diagnostic group (OASDI and SSI)	Classification of medical conditions, by body system, and identifies the medical condition(s) on which disability-related benefits are based. Prior to 1985, the coding of the primary and secondary diagnoses for OASDI and SSI claimants was in accordance with the <i>International Classification of Diseases, 9th Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-9-CM)</i> , using 4-digit ICD-9 codes. In 1985, SSA implemented a revised method to determine and enter impairment codes on administrative records. This revised approach provides for a modified impairment coding system, using <i>three digits</i> (followed by zero), loosely based on ICD-9. For research purposes, ICD-9 codes and SSA impairment codes are, typically, not identical. However, the diagnostic groupings shown in the statistical tables closely parallel the major ICD-9 disease classifications.
Direct deposit (OASDI and SSI)	A procedure by which beneficiaries have their monthly benefit checks sent, electronically, directly to financial institutions they designate.
Disability (DI)	The inability to engage in substantial gainful activity (SGA) by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment that can be expected to result in death or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than 12 months. Special rules apply for workers aged 55 or older whose disability is based on blindness.
	The law generally requires that a person be disabled continuously for 5 months before he or she can qualify for a disabled-worker benefit.
Disability (SSI)	The inability to engage in substantial gainful activity (SGA) by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment that can be expected to result in death or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than 12 months. This 12-month requirement does not apply to the blind.
	The SGA criterion does not apply to children under age 18. The standard for them is a medically determinable physical or mental impairment which results in marked and severe functional limitations.
Disabled child's benefit (OASDI)	A monthly benefit payable to a disabled person aged 18 or older—son, daughter, or eligible grandchild of retired, deceased, or disabled worker—whose disability began before age 22. (Also referred to as "disabled adult child.")

Disabled enrollee (Medicare)	A person under age 65 who has been entitled to disability benefits under title II of the Social Security Act or Railroad Retirement system for at least 2 years.
Disabled surviving divorced husband's benefit (OASDI)	See Widow/widower's benefit.
Disabled surviving divorced wife's benefit (OASDI)	See Widow/widower's benefit.
Disabled widower's benefit (OASDI)	See Widow/widower's benefit.
Disabled widow's benefit (OASDI)	See Widow/widower's benefit.
Disabled-worker benefit (DI)	A monthly benefit payable to a disabled worker under full retirement age insured for disability. Before November 1960, disability benefits were limited to disabled workers aged 50–64.
Divorced husband's benefit (OASDI)	See Husband's benefit.
Divorced wife's benefit (OASDI)	See Wife's benefit.
Drug addiction and alcoholism (OASDI and SSI)	Legislation enacted in 1996 eliminated drug addiction and alcoholism (DA&A) as a basis for entitlement to Social Security and SSI disability benefits, effective Jan. 1, 1997. Individuals for whom drugs and/or alcohol is deemed a contributing factor material to the determination of disability will not be entitled to disability benefits. Individuals already receiving disability benefits as of the effective date would cease receiving them (although they could request a new medical determination) unless they are found to be disabled due to a medical impairment other than DA&A.
Dual entitlement (OASDI)	Entitled to a worker (primary) benefit and a higher secondary benefit. The primary benefit is paid in full but the secondary benefit is paid only in the amount by which it exceeds the primary benefit. If the two benefits are financed from the same trust fund, the beneficiary is usually represented only once in the statistics, as a retired- worker or a disabled-worker beneficiary, and the benefit amount recorded is the larger amount associated with the auxiliary benefit. If the benefits are paid from different trust funds the beneficiary is represented twice.
Durable Medical Equipment (Medicare)	Includes certain medical supplies and such items as hospital beds and wheel chairs used in a patient's home.
Early retirement (OASDI)	Age 62, with actuarially reduced benefits, is the earliest age a person may receive Social Security retirement benefits.
Earnings (OASDI and Medicare)	All wages from employment and net earnings from self-employment, whether or not taxable or covered.
Earnings test (OASDI)	The provision requiring the withholding of benefits if nondisabled beneficiaries under full retirement age have earnings in excess of certain exempt amounts. See table 2.A29.
Eligible couple (SSI)	Two persons living together as married, both of whom are eligible for SSI.
Eligible individual (SSI)	An aged, blind, or disabled person eligible for SSI.
Eligible worker (OASDI)	For retirement benefits, an individual who meets the insured status and age requirements for benefits whether or not he or she has filed an application; for Disability Insurance benefits, an individual who meets the insured status requirements and has established a period of disability.

Emergency advance payments (SSI)	Payments available at initial application for individuals who need cash assistance before their first Supplemental Security Income payment arrives. This advance is withheld from the first check.
End Stage Renal Disease (Medicare)	Permanent kidney failure.
Entitlement (OASDI)	The state of meeting the applicable requirements for receipt of benefits, including the filing of an application. Entitlement can be retroactive and thus precede the date of award. The retroactive period can be 12 months for disabled workers, their spouses and children, and disabled widows and widowers. The maximum retroactive period for other types of beneficiaries is 6 months.
	Retroactive benefits for months before full retirement age are not payable to a retired worker, a spouse or a widow(er) if a permanent reduction of the monthly benefit amount would result. However, persons filing for a widow's or widower's benefit in the month immediately following the month of the worker's death may elect a 1-month retroactivity, even if reduced benefits would result. A person can be entitled to more than one benefit simultaneously (dual entitlement). Most dual entitlements cases consist of persons entitled to a worker benefit and a higher spouse's benefit or widow(er)'s benefit.
	Technical entitlement occurs when a beneficiary is entitled to benefits on more than one earnings record but is eligible to receive benefits on only one earnings record. There are two types of technical entitlement:
	<ul> <li>(1) Simultaneous technical entitlement: beneficiary is entitled to the same type of benefit on more than one earnings record;</li> <li>(2) Potential dual entitlement: the secondary benefit amount potentially exceeds the primary benefit, but reduction for age or family maximum causes the primary benefit to exceed the secondary benefit amount.</li> </ul>
Expedited appeals process (OASDI and SSI)	This permits an individual to go directly to a federal district court after review of the initial determination without first completing the administrative review process, if the only dispute is whether an applicable provision of the Social Security Act is constitutional. See <b>Administrative review process</b> .
Family benefit (OASDI)	The sum of the individual monthly benefits payable to all the beneficiaries entitled on the basis of a single earnings record. See <b>Maximum family benefit</b> .
Family classification (OASDI)	As used in statistical tables, the number and types of beneficiaries entitled to benefits on a single earnings record. Since the family classification is determined by the types of beneficiaries entitled, it can differ from actual family status. For example, a married couple is classified as a worker-and-spouse family if both persons are entitled on the earnings record of one of them. If both persons were entitled on their own earnings record they would be designated as two worker- only families.
Father's benefit (OASDI)	A monthly benefit payable to a widower or surviving divorced father if (1) the deceased worker on whose account the benefit is paid was either fully or currently insured at the time of death and (2) an entitled child of the worker in his care is under age 16 or is disabled.
Federal benefit rates (SSI)	The basic benefit standards used in computing the amount of federal SSI payments. Benefit levels differ for individuals and couples living in households and for persons in Medicaid institutions. Individuals or couples living in their own households receive the full federal benefit. The federal benefit is reduced by one-third, if an individual or couple is living in another person's household and receiving support and maintenance there. The federal benefit rates are increased annually to reflect increases in the cost of living.

Federal court review (OASDI and SSI)

Federally administered payments (SSI)

Federally administered state supplementation (SSI)

Food Stamp Program

Full retirement age (OASI)

Government pension offset (OASDI)

Gross Domestic Product— GDP

Health Maintenance Organization (Medicare)

Home Health Agency (Medicare and Medicaid)

Home health services (Medicare and Medicaid)

Hospice (Medicare and Medicaid)

Household (LIHEAP)

Husband's benefit (OASDI)

Independent laboratory services (Medicare)

Inpatient hospital services (Medicare) When an individual disagrees with SSA's final decision he or she may request judicial review by filing a civil action in a federal district court. See **Administrative review process**.

Federal SSI payments and state supplementation payments issued by SSA on behalf of states.

Cash payments provided by a state and issued by SSA, which is also responsible for the maintenance of payment records. See **State supplementation**.

The program issues monthly allotments of coupons that are redeemable at retail food stores, or provides benefits through electronic benefit transfer to help single people and families with little or no income to buy food.

The age at which a person may first become entitled to unreduced retirement benefits. For persons reaching age 62 before 2000, the normal retirement age is 65. It will increase gradually to 67 for persons reaching that age in 2027 or later, beginning with an increase to 65 years and 2 months for persons reaching age 65 in 2003. The higher full retirement age affects the benefit amount if a person chooses to receive reduced benefits.

A law that affects spouse's or widow(er)'s benefits. Benefits are subject to reduction by any government pensions payable to the spouse on the basis of his or her own earnings in noncovered employment. The offset reduces the Social Security benefit amount by two-thirds of the amount of the government pension.

The total dollar value of all goods and services produced by labor and property located in the United States, regardless who supplies the labor or property.

Competitive medical plans, including Medicare+Choice, that have contracts with the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services on a prospective capitation basis for providing health care to Medicare beneficiaries.

A public or private organization that provides skilled nursing services and other therapeutic services in the patient's home and that meets certain conditions to ensure the health and safety of the individual.

Items furnished in a patient's home under the care of physicians. These services are furnished under a plan established and periodically reviewed by a physician. They include part-time or intermittent skilled nursing care; physical, occupational, or speech therapy; medical social services; medical supplies and appliances (other than drugs and biologicals); home health aid services; and services of interns and residents.

A public agency or private organization that is primarily engaged in providing pain relief, symptom management, and supportive services to patients that are certified to be terminally ill. Medicare beneficiaries may elect to receive hospice care instead of standard Medicare benefits for terminal illnesses.

Any individual or group of individuals who are living together as one economic unit and for whom residential energy is customarily purchased in common, or who make designated payments for energy in the form of rent.

Monthly benefit payable to a husband or a divorced husband (aged 62 or older) of a retired or disabled worker. See **Spouse's benefit**.

Diagnostic laboratory tests ordered by a physician and performed in a laboratory independent of a physician's office or a hospital.

Items and services furnished to an inpatient of a hospital by the hospital, including room and board, nursing and related services, diagnostic and therapeutic services, and medical or surgical services.

Institutionalization (Medicaid and SSI)	Living arrangements for persons in public or private institutions when more than 50 percent of the cost of their care is met by the Medicaid program.
Insured status (OASDI)	The state of having sufficient quarters of coverage to meet the eligibility requirements for retired-worker or disabled-worker benefits or to permit the worker's spouse and children or survivors to establish eligibility for benefits in the event of his or her disability, retirement, or death. See "Insured Status" in the section Social Security (Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance).
Interim assistance (SSI)	Payments made by a state or local government to Supplemental Security Income applicants while their claims are being adjudicated. Repayment is made from the first SSI payment.
Intermediary (Medicare)	An organization, selected by providers of health care, that has an agreement with the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services to process and pay institutional claims and perform other functions under the program.
Life expectancy	The average number of years of life remaining at each tabulated birthday. See Life table (period).
Life table (period)	A period life table represents the mortality experience of an entire population during a relatively short period of time, usually 1–3 years. Such tables are useful for analyzing changes in the mortality experienced by a population through time. The table refers to a cohort of 100,000 people with the same birthday who experience the rate of mortality, or probability of death within 1 year, shown in the table, throughout their lives.
Lifetime reserve (Medicare)	Nonrenewable 60 days of inpatient hospital care to draw on if the 90 covered days per benefit period are exhausted. Patients are required to pay a daily coinsurance amount equal to one-half of the inpatient hospital deductible for each lifetime reserve day.
Limitation of widow(er)'s benefit (OASDI)	The reduction of the widow(er)'s benefit due to the early retirement of the deceased spouse. The benefit for a nondisabled widow(er) is limited to the larger of 82-1/2 percent of the deceased spouse's primary insurance amount, or the amount to which the deceased spouse would have been entitled if he or she were still alive. Thus, receipt of benefits by a worker before the normal retirement age will result in a reduction of benefits for a widow(er), even if the widow(er) became entitled after his or her own normal retirement age. Tables showing data on reduction for early retirement for nondisabled widows and widowers do not include those with limited benefits unless they became entitled before their own normal retirement age. See <b>Widow/widower's benefit</b> .
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP)	Federal program to assist low-income households with heating and cooling costs.
Low-income households (LIHEAP)	Households with income under the greater of 150 percent of the poverty guideline for their state or 60 percent of the state median income, or households with members receiving Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, Supplemental Security Income, Food Stamps, or certain needs-tested veterans' benefits.
Lump-sum death benefit (OASDI)	A one-time payment, generally \$255, payable on the death of a fully or currently insured worker. The lump sum is payable to the surviving spouse of the worker, under most circumstances, or to the worker's children.
Managed Care (Medicare)	Includes Health Maintenance Organizations (HMOs), Competitive Medical Plans (CMPs), and other plans that provide health services on a prepayment basis which is either based on cost or risk depending on the type of contract they have with Medicare. See also <b>Medicare+Choice</b> .

Mandatory minimum state supplementation (SSI)	Required by federal law for individuals converted to the Supplemental Security Income program from state assistance programs for the aged, blind, or disabled. This provision insures that monthly income will not be less than the amount received under the former state programs.
Maximum family benefit (OASDI)	The maximum monthly amount that can be paid on a worker's earnings record. Whenever the total of the individual monthly benefits payable to all the beneficiaries entitled on one earnings record exceeds the maximum, each dependents or survivors benefit is proportionately reduced to bring the total within the maximum. Benefits payable to divorced spouses or surviving divorced spouses are not reduced under the family maximum provision. See tables 2.A13, 2.A14, and 2.A17 for formulas for computing the family maximum.
Maximum taxable (OASDI and Medicare)	See Annual maximum taxable limit.
Mean	The arithmetic mean is calculated by dividing the sum of all of the values of a variable by the number of cases. The term "average" used in the statistical tables in this document refers to the arithmetic mean. See also <b>Median</b> .
Median	The median is a measure of central value which identifies that value that divides a distribution in half such that an equal number of cases fall below it as there are above it. See also <b>Mean</b> .
Medicaid	A federal-state program that provides medical assistance for certain individuals and families with low incomes and limited resources.
Medical Savings Account— MSA (Medicare)	A plan that provides benefits after a single high deductible is met. Medicare makes an annual deposit to the MSA and the beneficiary is expected to use that money to pay for medical expenses below the annual deductible. MSAs are currently a test program.
Medically needy (Medicaid)	Persons who would be eligible for Medicaid under one of the program's mandatory or optional groups, except that their income and/or resources are above the eligibility level set by their state. The states may extend eligibility to these otherwise qualified persons by allowing them to "spend down" to Medicaid eligibility by incurring medical and/or remedial care expenses to offset their excess income, thereby reducing it to a level below the maximum allowed by that state's Medicaid plan.
Medicare	A federally administered health insurance program that covers the cost of hospitalization, medical care, and some related services for most persons aged 65 or older. Also covers persons receiving Social Security Disability Insurance payments for 2 years, and persons with end-stage renal disease. Medicare consists of two separate but coordinated programs—Part A (Hospital Insurance, HI) and Part B (Supplementary Medical Insurance, SMI).
Medicare+Choice	An expanded set of options for the delivery of health care under Medicare established by the Balanced Budget Act of 1997. Most Medicare beneficiaries can choose to receive benefits through the original fee-for-service program or through one of the following Medicare+Choice plans: (1) coordinated care plans (such as health maintenance organizations, provider sponsored organizations, and preferred provider organizations); (2) Medical Savings Account (MSA)/Deductible plans (through a demonstration available to up to 390,0000 beneficiaries); or (3) private fee-for-service plans.
Medicare Economic Index	An index that is often used in the calculation of the increases in the prevailing charge levels that help to determine allowed charges for physician services. In 1991 and later, this index is considered in connection with the update factor for the physician fee schedule.

Medigap (Medicare)	A term used for private health insurance that pays, within limits, most of the health care service charges not covered by Part A (Hospital Insurance) or Part B (Supplementary Medical Insurance).
Military wage credits (OASDI and Medicare)	Credits recognizing that military personnel receive wages in kind (such as food and shelter) in addition to their basic pay and other cash payments. Noncontributory wage credits of \$160 are provided for each month of active military service from Sept. 16, 1940, through Dec. 31, 1956. For years after 1956, the basic pay of military personnel is covered under the Social Security program on a contributory basis. In addition to the contributory credits for basic pay, noncontributory wage credits of \$300 were granted for each calendar quarter from January 1957 through December 1977, in which a person received pay for military service. In years after 1977, noncontributory wage credits of \$100 are granted for each \$300 of military wages, up to a maximum annual credit of \$1,200.
Minimum benefit (OASDI)	The lowest benefit (before actuarial reduction) payable to a retired worker, a disabled worker, or a sole survivor of a deceased worker. The minimum benefit was eliminated for most workers who attain age 62, become disabled, or die after 1981.
Monthly benefit amount (OASDI)	The amount payable after reduction, if necessary, for age, family maximum, and other reasons but before any deduction for SMI premiums. Effective June 1982, the final benefit payment is rounded to the next lowest \$1 (if not already a multiple of \$1) after reduction for age, family maximum, and other reasons and after any deduction for SMI premiums. The <i>Annual Statistical Supplement</i> tables with monthly benefits reflect the Monthly Benefit Credited (MBC). The amount is derived as follows:
	<ul><li>(1) subtract the SMI premium from the monthly benefit amount;</li><li>(2) round the above result down to the nearest whole dollar; and</li><li>(3) add back the SMI premium to the rounded result from 2 above.</li></ul>
	The result is the MBC.
	For example, if a monthly benefit amount is $678.20$ , and an SMI premium of $45.50$ is deducted, the MBC is $677.80$ (calculated as follows: $678.20 - 45.50 = 632.70$ rounded down to $632.00 + 45.50 = 677.50$ ).
Mother's benefit (OASDI)	A monthly benefit payable to a widow or surviving divorced mother if (1) the deceased worker on whose account the benefit is paid was either fully or currently insured at the time of his death and (2) the entitled child of the worker is in her care and is under age 16 or disabled.
Nondisabled widow/widower's benefit OASDI)	See Widow/widower's benefit.
Nonpayment status (OASDI)	See Withholding.
Normal retirement age (OASI)	See Full retirement age.
Old-age benefit (OASI)	See Retired-worker benefit.
Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance (OASDI)	<ul> <li>The Social Security programs which pays monthly cash benefits to:</li> <li>(1) retired worker (old-age) beneficiaries and their spouses and children and to survivors of deceased insured workers (OASI), and</li> <li>(2) disabled-worker beneficiaries and their spouses and children and for providing rehabilitation services to the disabled (DI).</li> </ul>
Optional state supplementation (SSI)	May be provided by states to bring the combined Supplemental Security Income- state payment to an amount more nearly commensurate with their costs of living than is the SSI payment alone.
Outpatient services (Medicare)	Services furnished to outpatients by a participating hospital for diagnosis or treatment of an illness or injury.

Own household (SSI)	A definition used to determine the federal benefit rates. Applies to adults who own their living quarters; are liable for the rent; pay their pro rata shares of household expenses; are living in households composed only of recipients of public income- maintenance payments; are placed by agencies in private households; and children living in their parent's household. See <b>Federal benefit rates</b> .
Parent's benefit (OASDI)	Monthly benefit payable to a dependent parent aged 62 or older of a deceased fully insured worker.
Payment status (OASDI)	The state or condition of a benefit with respect to actual receipt by the beneficiary—that is, whether the benefit is in current-payment status or withheld.
Peer Review Organization- PRO (Medicare)	A group of practicing physicians and other health care professionals, paid by the federal government, to review the care given to Medicare patients.
Period of disability (DI)	A continuous period of at least 5 months during which a worker has no earnings (or low earnings) because of disability. This period of disability is not counted when determining the worker's insured status and the monthly benefit amount payable to the worker and his or her family. The period of disability can also preserve the family's rights to benefits in another way: the beginning date of the period of disability is a point for determining dependency of a child and a parent.
Physician services (Medicare)	Services provided by an individual licensed under state law to practice medicine or osteopathy. Services by hospital bills are not included.
Preferred Provider Organization (Medicare)	An arrangement between a provider network and a health insurance or a self- insured employer. Providers generally accept payments less than traditional Fee for Service payments in return for a potentially greater share of the patient market. PPO enrollees are not required to use the preferred providers, but are given financial incentives to do so, such as reduced coinsurance and deductibles. Providers do not accept financial risk for the management of care.
Presumptive disability or blindness (SSI)	For certain diagnoses, where there is high probability of a favorable medical determination of disability or blindness, payments may be made for up to 6 months before the formal determination if the applicant meets the other eligibility qualifications.
Primary insurance amount— PIA (OASDI)	The monthly amount payable to a retired worker who begins to receive benefits at normal retirement age or to a disabled worker who has never received a retirement benefit reduced for age. This amount, which is related to the worker's average monthly wage or average indexed monthly earnings, is also the amount used as a base for computing all types of benefits payable on the basis of one individual's earnings record.
Primary insurance amount formula (OASDI)	The mathematical formula relating the PIA (Primary Insurance Amount) to the AIME (Average Indexed Monthly Earnings) for workers who attain age 62, become disabled, or die after 1978. The PIA is equal to the sum of 90 percent of AIME up to the first bend point, plus 32 percent of AIME above the first bend point up to the second bend point, plus 15 percent of AIME in excess of the second bend point. Automatic benefit increases are applied beginning with the year of eligibility.
Prospective Payment System (Medicare)	A method of reimbursement for hospitals which was implemented effective with hospital cost reporting periods beginning on or after Oct. 1, 1983. Under this system, Medicare payment is made at a predetermined, specific rate for each discharge. All discharges are classified according to a list of diagnosis-related groups (DRGs).
Prouty benefit (OASI)	See Special age-72 benefit.
Provider (Medicare and Medicaid)	Medicare—A provider is a facility, supplier, or physician who furnishes medical services.

Medicaid—A provider is a person, group, or agency who provides covered services to enrollees.

QMBs are persons with incomes at or below 100 percent of the federal poverty level and resources at or below 200 percent of the SSI limit. Medicaid pays the HI and SMI premiums and the Medicare coinsurance and deductibles, subject to limits that states may impose on payment rates.

The crediting of coverage needed for insured status. A worker receives 1 quarter of coverage (up to a total of 4) for a designated amount of annual earnings reported from employment or self-employment. This dollar amount is subject to annual automatic increases in proportion to increases in average earnings. For amounts in years 1939 to present, see table 2.A7. No more than 4 quarters of coverage may be credited for any calendar year, and no quarter of coverage is credited after the quarter in which death occurred or for a quarter entirely included in a period of disability.

**Railroad Retirement** A federal insurance program designed for workers in the railroad industry. The provisions of the Railroad Retirement Act provide for a system of coordination and financial interchange between the Railroad Retirement program and the Social Security program.

**Reasonable cost (Medicare)** Intermediaries and carriers use the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services guidelines to determine reasonable costs incurred by providers in furnishing covered services to enrollees. Reasonable cost is based on the actual cost of providing such services, including direct and indirect costs of providers and excluding any costs that are unnecessary in the efficient delivery of services covered by the Hospital Insurance program.

**Redetermination (SSI)** The periodic review of eligibility for each Supplemental Security Income recipient to ensure that eligibility continues and that payments are in the proper amount.

See Actuarial reduction.

A person designated by the Social Security Administration to receive monthly benefits on behalf of a beneficiary when such action appears to be in the beneficiary's best interest. A representative payee is appointed for an adult beneficiary when the beneficiary is physically or mentally incapable of managing his or her own funds. In addition, a payee is usually appointed to receive benefits on behalf of a child under age 18.

Monthly benefit payable to a fully insured retired worker aged 62 or older, or to a person entitled under the transitionally insured status provision in the law. Retired-worker benefit data do not include special age-72 benefits, unless indicated.

The age at which an individual establishes entitlement to retirement benefits. See **Full retirement age**.

## See Earnings test.

Monthly benefit payable to a spouse or child of a retired or disabled worker, or to a survivor of a deceased worker.

See Special cash payments.

See Special recipient status.

Self-employed (OASDI and HI)

**Qualified Medicare** 

Medicaid)

and Medicare)

**Beneficiaries (Medicare and** 

Quarters of coverage (OASDI

**Reduction for early retirement** 

**Representative payee (OASDI** 

Retired-worker (old-age)

Retirement age (OASI)

**Retirement earnings test** 

Secondary benefit (OASDI)

Section 1619(a) (SSI)

Section 1619(b) (SSI)

benefit (OASI)

(OASDI)

(OASDI)

and SSI)

One who derives income from the operation of a partnership or nonincorporated trade or business.

Skilled nursing facility (Medicare)	An institution that has a transfer agreement with one or more participating hospitals, is primarily engaged in providing skilled nursing care and rehabilitative services to inpatients, and meets specific regulatory certification requirements.
Social Security number (OASDI and HI)	A nine-digit number used to identify the record of earnings an individual has in employment or self-employment covered by Social Security.
Social Security Act	Public Law 74-271, enacted August 14, 1935, with subsequent amendments. The Social Security Act consists of 20 titles, of which four have been repealed.
Special age-72 benefit (OASI)	Monthly benefit payable to men who attained age 72 before 1972 and to women who attained age 72 before 1970 and who do not have sufficient quarters of coverage to qualify for a retired-worker benefit under either the fully or the transitionally insured status provisions. (Also known as Prouty benefits.)
Special cash payments (SSI)	Continuing cash benefits for disabled individuals whose gross earned income is at the amount designated as the substantial gainful activity level. The person must continue to be disabled and meet all other eligibility rules.
Special minimum PIA (OASDI)	An alternative Primary Insurance Amount based on the worker's length (years) of covered employment. It is designed to help those who worked in covered employment for many years but had low earnings. See table 2.A12 for computation of the special minimum PIA.
Special recipient status (SSI)	For Medicaid purposes, provides special status to working disabled or blind individuals when their earnings make them ineligible for cash payments.
Specified Low-Income Medicare Beneficiaries (Medicare and Medicaid)	SLMBs are persons who meet all Qualified Medicare Beneficiary requirements except that their incomes are slightly higher, though less than 120 percent of the federal poverty level. Medicaid pays their Part B (Supplementary Medical Insurance) premium.
Spell of illness (Medicare)	A period of consecutive days beginning with the first day on which a beneficiary is furnished inpatient hospital or extended care services and ending with the close of the first period of 60 consecutive days thereafter in which the beneficiary is in neither a hospital or skilled nursing facility.
Spouse's benefit (OASDI)	Monthly benefit payable to a spouse or a divorced spouse of a retired or disabled worker under one of the following conditions:
	<ul> <li>(1) the spouse is aged 62 or older or has an entitled child of the worker in his or her care who is under age 16 or is disabled; or</li> <li>(2) the divorced spouse is aged 62 or older and was married to the worker for 10 years before the divorce became final. Effective with benefits payable after December 1984, a divorced spouse of an eligible worker can be entitled to benefits if he or she meets the requirements for entitlement and has been divorced for at least 2 years, regardless of whether the worker has filed for benefits payable beginning January 1991, the 2-year period is waived if the worker was entitled to benefits before the divorced spouse's own earnings; or</li> <li>(3) effective with benefits payable beginning January 1991, regardless of whether the legal spouse is entitled to benefits on the same earnings record. A deemed spouse is a person who entered into an invalid ceremonial marriage in good faith.</li> </ul>
State-administered supplementation (SSI)	See State supplementation.
State supplementation (SSI)	Payments to eligible persons made under state provisions. These payments may vary by the recipient's living situation and by geographic area within the state. The

vary by the recipient's living situation and by geographic area within the state. The payments are federally and state-administered.

#### Student's benefit (OASDI)

Substantial gainful activity (DI and SSI)

Supplemental Security Income (SSI)

Surviving divorced father's benefit (OASI)

Surviving divorced mother's benefit (OASI)

Surviving divorced spouse's benefit (OASI)

Survivors benefit (OASI)

Suspended benefit (OASDI)

Taxable earnings (OASDI and Medicare)

Taxable maximum (OASDI and Medicare)

Taxable self-employment income (OASDI and Medicare)

Taxable wages (OASDI and Medicare)

Taxes (OASDI and HI)

Temporary Assistance for Needy Families

> Temporary Disability Insurance

Termination (OASDI)

Child's benefit payable to a full-time unmarried elementary or secondary school student aged 18–19. Student's benefits end at age 19 or at the end of the current semester or quarter, whichever is later.

Remunerative work that is substantial, as determined from considering the amount of money earned, and/or the number of hours worked, and the nature of the work. See table 2.A30 for money amounts.

Program for the needy aged, blind, and disabled. Replaced the former federalstate programs of Old-Age Assistance, Aid to the Blind, and Aid to the Permanently and Totally Disabled.

See Father's benefit.

See Mother's benefit.

See Widow/widower's benefit.

Benefit payable to a survivor of a deceased insured worker.

A benefit not in current-payment status.

Wages and/or self-employment income that is under the applicable annual maximum taxable limit.

See Annual maximum taxable limit.

The maximum amount of net earnings from self-employment by an earner which, when added to any taxable wages, does not exceed the contribution and benefit base. For Hospital Insurance beginning in 1994, all net earnings from self-employment.

See Taxable earnings.

#### See Contributions.

Created by the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunities Reconciliation Act of 1996, TANF provides assistance and work opportunities to needy families. Replaced Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC), Emergency Assistance, and Job Opportunities and Basic Skills Training (JOBS) programs.

TDI, sometimes called cash sickness benefits, provides workers with partial compensation for loss of wages caused by temporary nonoccupational disability. Only five states, Puerto Rico, and the railroad industry have TDI laws.

Cessation of payment of a specific type of benefit because the beneficiary is no longer entitled to receive it. For example, benefits might terminate as a result of the death of the beneficiary, the recovery of a disabled beneficiary, or the attainment of age 18 by a child beneficiary. In some cases, the individual may become immediately entitled to another type of benefit (such as the conversion of a disabled-worker beneficiary at normal retirement age to a retired-worker beneficiary).

**Totalization (OASDI)** International agreements that coordinate the U.S. social security programs with the social security programs of other countries are called "totalization agreements." These agreements have two purposes: (1) To eliminate dual social security coverage and taxation, the situation that occurs when a person from one country works in the other country and is required to pay social security taxes to both countries for the same work; and (2) To avoid situations in which workers having at least 6 U.S. quarters of coverage, lose benefit rights because they have

divided their careers between two countries. Under an agreement, such workers may qualify for partial U.S. or foreign benefits based on combined work credits from both countries. See "International Agreements" in the section Social Security (Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance).

Thrifty Food Plan (Food A low-cost model diet plan based on the National Academy of Sciences' Stamp Program) Recommended Dietary Allowances. Households are issued a monthly allotment of food stamps based on the Thrifty Food Plan.

Trial work period (DI) Persons receiving Social Security disability benefits are generally entitled to a 9month trial work period (TWP) during which monthly benefits continue. If the beneficiary's disability has ended after completion of the TWP, monthly benefits are continued for an additional 3 months and then entitlement is terminated. Effective January 1992, a disabled beneficiary would exhaust the TWP only if services were performed in any 9 months within a period of 60 consecutive months.

Trust fund (OASDI and Four separate accounts in the U.S. Treasury in which are deposited the equivalent Medicare) of taxes received under the Federal Insurance Contributions Act, the Self-Employment Contributions Act, contributions dealing with coverage of state and local government employees, any sums received under the financial interchange with the railroad retirement account, voluntary hospital and medical insurance premiums, and transfers of federal general revenues. Funds not withdrawn for current monthly or service benefits, the financial interchange, and administrative expenses are invested in interest-bearing federal securities, as required by law. The interest earned is also deposited in the trust funds.

- Old-Age and Survivors Insurance (OASI). The trust fund used for paying monthly benefits to retired-worker (old-age) beneficiaries and their spouses and children and to survivors of insured workers.
- Disability Insurance (DI). The trust fund used for paying monthly benefits to disabled-worker beneficiaries and their spouses and children and for providing rehabilitation services to the disabled.
- Hospital Insurance (HI). The trust fund used for paying part of the costs of inpatient hospital services and related post-hospital care for aged and disabled individuals who meet the eligibility requirements.
- Supplementary Medical Insurance (SMI). The trust fund used for paying part of the costs of physicians' services, outpatient hospital services, and other related medical and health services for voluntarily insured aged and disabled individuals.
- **Unemployment Insurance** A federal-state coordinated program that provides partial income replacement to regularly employed members of the labor force who become involuntarily unemployed. All 50 states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands have unemployment insurance programs.

A variety of benefits and services to veterans and their dependents and survivors that include, but are not limited to disability compensation, benefits for survivors, health care benefits, and educational assistance and training.

Widowed father's benefit (OASI) Widowed mother's benefit (OASI) Widow/widower's benefit

Veterans' benefits

(OASDI)

See Father's benefit.

See Mother's benefit.

Monthly benefit payable to a widow(er) or surviving divorced widow(er) of a worker fully insured at the time of death, if he or she is (1) aged 60 or older or (2) aged 50-59 and has been disabled throughout a waiting period of 5 consecutive calendar months that began no later than 7 years after the month in which the

	worker died or after the end of his or her entitlement to benefits as a widowed mother or father.
	A surviving divorced widow(er)'s marriage to a worker must have lasted 10 years before the divorce became final. Effective for benefits payable after December 1983, benefits are continued for disabled widow(er)s and surviving divorced widow(er)'s who remarry after the age of first eligibility for benefits.
	Effective January 1991, benefits may be payable to a deemed widow(er), including a divorced deemed widow(er). A deemed widow(er) is a person who entered into an invalid ceremonial marriage in good faith.
Wife's benefit (OASDI)	A monthly benefit payable to a wife or divorced wife of a retired or disabled worker. See <b>Spouse's benefit</b> .
Windfall Elimination Provision—WEP (OASI and DI)	A modified benefit formula for determining the primary insurance amount, which estimates the windfall in benefits for individuals who have only minimal Social Security coverage and will receive a pension based on years of work in noncovered employment. The change was phased in for workers eligible for retirement or Disability Insurance benefits and for a pension from noncovered employment beginning in 1986; became fully effective in 1990. See table 2.A11.1
Withholding (OASDI)	Suspension of benefit payments until the condition(s) causing deductions are known to have ended. The suspension does not affect eligibility for Hospital Insurance benefits.
Worker (OASDI)	A person who has earnings creditable for Social Security purposes on the basis of services for wages in covered employment or on the basis of income from covered self-employment. Data on covered self-employment exclude self- employed persons who had no self-employment income taxable or creditable under Social Security because they had wages or salaries reaching the annual taxable maximum reported for the same year.
Workers' compensation and public disability benefit offset (DI)	A requirement that reduces the benefits to a disabled worker and dependents if the worker also receives workers' compensation (WC) or other public disability benefits (PDB). The reduction continues until the month the worker reaches age 65 or the month the WC/PDB payments stop, whichever comes first.

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