1	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
2	NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION
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4	MEETING WITH NORTHEAST NUCLEAR ON MILLSTONE
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6	PUBLIC MEETING
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9	Nuglear Regulatory Commission
10	Nuclear Regulatory Commission Commission Hearing Room
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11	11555 Rockville Pike
12	Rockville, Maryland
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14	Friday, December 12, 1997
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16	The Commission met in open session, pursuant to
17	notice, at 9:00 a.m., the Honorable SHIRLEY A. JACKSON,
18	Chairman of the Commission, presiding.
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20	COMMISSIONERS PRESENT:
21	SHIRLEY A. JACKSON, Chairman of the Commission
22	GRETA J. DICUS, Member of the Commission
23	EDWARD McGAFFIGAN, JR., Member of the Commission
24	NILS J. DIAZ, Member of the Commission
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1	STAFF AND PRESENTERS SEATED AT COMMISSION TABLE:
2	JOHN C. HOYLE, Secretary
3	KAREN D. CYR, General Counsel
4	MIKE MORRIS, Chairman, President and CEO,
5	Northeast Utilities
6	BRUCE KENYON, President and CEO Northeast Nuclear
7	
	Energy Company
8	DAVE GOEBEL, Vice President Nuclear Oversight
9	MIKE BROTHERS, Vice President Nuclear Operations
10	JACK McELWAIN, Vice President - Unit 1
11	MARTIN BOWLING, Vice President - Unit 2
12	BRIAN ERLER, Senior Vice President, ICAVP Project
13	Director, Sargent & Lundy
14	DON SCHOPFER, Vice President and Verification
15	Manager, Sargent & Lundy
16	DAN CURRY, Vice President Nuclear Services,
17	Parsons Power
18	JOHN HILBISH, Manager of Regulatory Compliance
19	Activities on the ICAVP Project, Parsons Power
20	JOHN BECK, President, Little Harbor Consultants
21	JOHN GRIFFIN, Deputy Team Leader, Little Harbor
22	Consultants
23	BILLIE GARD, Principle, Little Harbor Consultants
24	HUGH THOMPSON, Deputy, EDO
25	
	3
1	STAFF AND PRESENTERS SEATED AT COMMISSION TABLE:
2	[continued]
3	WAYNE LANNING, Deputy Director for Inspections,
4	SPO, NRR
5	WILLIAM TRAVERS, Director, Special Projects
6	Office, NRR
7	PHILLIP McKEE, Deputy Director for Licensing and

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Oversight, SPO, NRR

10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 2.2 23 2.4 25 1 PROCEEDINGS [9:00 a.m.] CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Good morning, ladies and 3 gentlemen. The purpose of this meeting is for the Commission to be briefed on the status of activities related to the three Millstone nuclear reactors. 6 The Commission will hear presentations today from 8 Northeast Utilities, the contractors associated with both the Independent Corrective Action Verification Program and 9 10 the Employees Concerns Program, and the NRC staff. 11 Millstone Unit 1 has been shut down for 25 months 12 and Units 2 and 3 have been shut down for approximately 21 13 months. All three of the Millstone units were placed on the NRC's watch list in January of 1996. The units were 14 15 recategorized as Category 3 plants in June 1996. This action necessitates Commission approval for restart of each 16 17 of the units. 18 This Commission meeting is the fourth quarterly 19 meeting to assess the status of activities at the sites. The Commission is interested in how the licensee is 20 21 measuring and trackings its progress, and how well the site is function as a whole. For example, are they finding their 22 23 own problems and enacting comprehensive fixes in a timely 24 manner? 25 Once again, the Commission looks forward to the updates from the contractors tasked with providing an independent assessment of the corrective action programs at 2 3 the station, as well as the third party associated with the 4 independent oversight of employee concerns. 5 The Commission is very interested in hearing the 6 NRC staff's views regarding the effectiveness of the licensee's program, including an assessment of what areas appear satisfactory, what areas are tracking to acceptable, 8 and what areas are unsatisfactory at this time. The 10 Commission desires this type of feedback, satisfactory, 11 tracking to acceptable, or unsatisfactory, from all of the 12 participants today. So if you could phrase whatever you 13 have to say in that context. 14 The Commission benefits from a candid discussion 15 of both the results and your conclusions. For example, for the ICAVP contractors, and NRC staff, I expect not only to 16 17 hear about the number of issues identified and resolved, but what the discrepancies are telling you. For the licensee,

EUGENE IMBRO, Deputy Director for ICAVP, SPO, NRR

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if you believe the contractors or NRC staff are unwisely
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- 20 spending resources sampling an area that is clearly
- 21 acceptable, this is one forum where you should comment to
- 22 that effect.
- 23 Finally, as I stated at the last Commission
- 24 meeting, the Commission is interested in your comments on
- 25 this process, in the midst of its implementation, so that

- 1 fine tuning can be accomplished, as appropriate. All
- parties should keep this in mind during today's discussions 2
- and questions. All parties should feel not only invited to 3
- but compelled to comment on questions asked of any group.
- So if your turn at the table has passed, please use the 5
- I understand that copies of the presentations are
- 8 available at the entrances to the meeting. And so unless my
- colleagues have any opening comments they wish to make, Mr.
- 10 Morris, please proceed.
- MR. MORRIS: Thank you, Dr. Jackson. Good 11
- 12 morning, and good morning to fellow Commissioners.
- 13 Before I begin the few slides that I have in the
- 14 formal presentation, I would to make just a few comments
- about this week's announced enforcement action. And let me 15
- 16 try to make clear to you that we fully accept the
- 17 responsibility for the situation that led to that
- conclusion. We understand that the things that were found
- in that investigation were of great concern to you and to 19
- 20 us. We, obviously, accept the judgment that you made and we
- 21 will go forward and pay that.
- 22 We believe that we are making some progress.
- 23 however, on improving our status and our standing, and our
- 24 own standards, and today we hope to make that presentation
- to you. We will try to follow your lead with the 25

- phraseology that you have suggested. You will see that we 1
- have chosen the words complete, not complete, those kinds of
- things, that really tracking with your satisfactory,
- 4 tracking toward satisfactory, and unsatisfactory. And I
- 5 think that you will see there are things are yet to do,
- obviously, and there are some things where we believe there
- is accomplishment that can allow us to focus on those other
- issues that need that kind of focus.

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- 9 So, I hope with that, that we can make a
- 10 presentation that will be helpful to you, and to us, to
- establish that progress has, in fact, been made. 11
- With that, I will move to my first slide. And on 12
- 13 this slide, I am trying to make some very simple points to
- the Commission. I think they are points that are fully
- understood by you and your colleagues. But it is clear to 15
- 16 me, having been on this team now for four months, that there

themselves into this process to ensure that the management

- 17 is a full commitment of this Board of Trustees to inject
- 19 team not only has their support and their guidance, their
- 20 direction and their encouragement. And I can tell you, in the audience today, we have our lead Trustee, we have the 21
- 22 Chair of our Nuclear Committee, and we have the Chair of our
- 23 Corporate Responsibility and Affairs Committee. I think
- that is a testimony to the commitment that our Board of 24
- 25 Trustees has to this very serious matter in front of us.

that I, as the Chief Executive Officer of this company, am 2 equally dedicated to this assignment and have spent some 4 time at Millstone, will continue to do that. I have full faith and confidence in Bruce and his team, but I do believe 5 that it is important that the CEO of this organization take hands-on responsibility and involvement in this process if 8 we hope to bring it to a reasonable conclusion for all of us as we move forward. 10 And, lastly, I would simply like to point out 11 that, although things aren't as rosy as we wish that they would be, the financial resources are available to continue 12 13 on this recovery process, they are committed to that end, 14 and we will ensure that that continues to happen. 15 We, some time ago, decided that we were not going to concern ourselves overly with heading towards some 16 17 absolute deadline schedule, but, more importantly, moving 18 this process forward so that it is completed in a safe and 19 appropriate way. And that is the path that we are on, and 20 you will hear some of those comments in our presentations 21 todav. Even though we talk in terms of a hoped-for 22 23 meeting with you in the not too distant future, in the early 24 part of 1998, and we are working toward that end, please don't overtake from my team our inability or our lack of 25 understanding that that date may float. We continue to work 1 toward that end because it is an achievable goal, and an 2 important goal, and we are going to continue to do that. 4 But I don't want any of you to walk away believing that these folks really are working off of an unachieveable schedule, because what we are trying to do is get this 6 7 process concluded. And it is more important to us to get it concluded in an appropriate method, clearly on the fastest time line that we can, but, more important, in that 10 appropriate method, and that is what we are dedicating 11 ourselves to. The next slide simply points out to you who our 12 13 presenters are, and most of these people are very familiar 14 to you, of course. Bruce Kenyon, President and CEO of our Nuclear Activity. Mike Brothers. Mike Brothers will talk 15 16 about the activities in our safety conscious work 17 environment, a very important step for us as we move forward 18 to create a more healthy environment at the Millstone 19 stations. Marty Bowling will discuss with you a number of 20 issues on the programs that he will be going through. Jack McElwain, of course, will talk about the readiness of Unit 21 22 3. And Dave Goebel, our Vice President of Nuclear 23 Oversight, will give you an update on his activities as well. 2.4 25 So, again, let me close by simply saying I hope 10 that you see some progress today from our last meeting. It surely is there in the statistics. I hope that you see a 3 substantial increase in power dedication to realizing the issue of the safety conscious work environment and progress 4 that has been to date in that end as well. And I hope that, hopefully, the next time we do meet with you, we will be 6 able to present to you the facts and figures that would 8 allow you to recast your trust with us so that we can bring

these units back on-line in the working environment that really is reflective of the safety conscious work

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The second bullet is simply to indicate to you

So, with that, let me turn things over to Mr. 12 13 Kenyon. 14 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Before Mr. Kenyon begins, let me raise a sensitive question. You mentioned that financial 15 resources are available and committed, and I noted a press 16 17 clipping last week that you had deferred raises for all your 18 salaried employees pending unit restart and, of course, that 19 is your decision to make, but the important point was 20 presumably it was done in a way that still encouraged people 21 to raise safety issues to management. 22 MR. MORRIS: I believe that that's the case. We 23 gave that a great deal of consideration before we did that, but for us to stay on the track that we're on, that was a 24 necessary step. And I would tell you that not only the 25 11 nuclear but the non-nuclear team at NU understands that and 1 2 is supportive of that, and although that's never the best of news, it is something that the team is willing to understand 3 4 and willing to dedicate themselves to. CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Thank you. 5 6 MR. MORRIS: Thank you. MR. KENYON: Good morning, Chairman Jackson and 7 8 Commissioners. 9 I am pleased to have this opportunity to update 10 you regarding our progress in recovering the Millstone units. I'd just add one comment to the question you asked. 11 12 Virtually every major meeting we have on site, we remind our 13 employees, or if it's a supervisory meeting, of the 14 importance of raising concerns; that the last thing we want 15 is to have an unrecognized problem show up later. So we 16 continue to emphasize that. 17 This slide indicates our agenda, and there are 18 several purposes to our presentation. First is to 19 demonstrate that we have made substantial progress in bringing the various issues affecting the performance of the 20 Millstone units to closure. It is also to convey our belief 21 22 that physical readiness for Unit 3 will be achieved around 23 the end of this year, and that clearly is a major milestone. 24 We want to clearly demonstrate to you that we understand the 25 remaining work to be accomplished, and thus we believe we 1 are on track for hopefully a March meeting to consider the 2 restart of Unit 3. It is our expectation that Unit 2 can follow Unit 3 by two to three months, and certainly we are acknowledging that the schedule for Unit 1 is under 5 evaluation, and this is pending having the financial resources to resume full restart efforts. Substantially all of the material that we will be 8 covering was included in the briefing book sent to you in advance of the meeting. We plan to focus on Unit 3 and site issues relating to Unit 3, but certainly we are prepared to 10 11 address questions on other units, should you desire. This slide and the next summarize the progress we 12 13 are making in addressing the seven success objectives and 14 the associated 16 key sitewide issues which are an essential 15 part of our recovery. I am pleased to report that of the 16 issues, six now meet our success criteria for start-up 16 17 readiness. I translate that into satisfactory on the 18 terminology that you are using. We expect seven additional

issues to reach satisfactory in January, and the remaining

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environment that we are pursuing.

three to reach satisfactory in February.

All issues -- and this is looking at the totality 21 22 of an issue -- all issues, in my judgment, are tracking to 23 satisfactory, and that's different from our last quarterly briefing when I told you I thought there were six issues 24 that were not tracking to satisfactory at that point in 25

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2 Now within an issue, there can be particular 3 elements that we are not yet satisfied with. We are satisfied that the overall progress is coming together. 4 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Let me ask you a question along 5 6 that line. I note, for instance, that under the strong nuclear safety philosophy, in particular procedure quality and adherence, you say yes, it's a closed issue. Now I 8 9 noted in an inspection report, 97-202, that was dated 10 shortly after the last Commission meeting, there was an 11 issue involving several failures to follow your own 12 procedures for overcoating in the Unit 3 service water 13 piping, and then there was a report that documented some --several examples of radiation worker violations, and it 14 15 noted that this was of concern because it was a repetitive 16 violation. And then there were, in the Staff's recent Commission -- paper to the Commission, that highlighted 17 enforcement actions associated with a November inspection 18 19 report. It talked about procedural inadequacies, emergency preparedness issues, training and failure to wear proper 20 21 dosimetry. So the question becomes how do you square, you 22 know, these findings in these various reports with the

assessment on the success objective that you mentioned?

through, because the issue is what does the record show

And I'm going to do this, you know, as you go

versus what you are telling us and, you know, what are you 1 2 saying in terms of saying that it's a closed issue. MR. KENYON: That's fine. Let me start by saying that in saying that an issue is judged to be satisfactory, 4 5 it's our judgment, based on an ongoing evaluation of where we are -- and certainly inspection reports that come along that identify a problem in a procedure compliance area, not all of which you indicated in our judgment necessarily related to procedure compliance as opposed to a training problem, which is one of our other issues, or as opposed to 10 11 emergency planning, which is one of our other issues. So we 12 try and separate where the problems lie. But we reached a judgment that we thought we were 13 14 at an acceptable level. That does not indicate that we 15

think there are absolutely no problems to deal with; it just means that in our judgment, we think we have reached a satisfactory state.

18 Now what goes on from there is we continue to take in -- and this applies to any issue. What goes on from 19 20 there is that we continue to take in information as to

21 what's happening. 2.2 One very important source of information is ongoing management self-assessments. So we use those 23 24 management self-assessments, and obviously we could, if we got enough information of an adverse nature, we would change 2.5

our judgment on a particular issue.

Weekly oversight comes out with a very detailed

report on this issue and all the other issues, and with a numerical score, and if that score drops below a certain level for a period of time, oversight would revise its judgment on where management is on a particular issue. When you look at oversight scores, they bounce 8 around because everything is going on is on, you know, a weekly basis, looking at attributes of what was going on in that particular week. So whereas we concluded procedure 10 11 compliance was satisfactory, that's not uniformly 12 satisfactory across the station. We are looking at those 13 areas where we think it's weaker than others, and we will continue to assess it. But at the time we prepared this, 14 15 and I think still today, unless Dave, you --MR. GOEBEL: No. 16 17 MR. KENYON: We think it's satisfactory. And 18 satisfactory is not, you know, perfect. CHAIRMAN JACKSON: So this is a window-in-time 19 snapshot as opposed to being closed, per se? 20 21 MR. KENYON: Yes. And I had previously included in my remarks, and then I took it out in the interest of 22 23 time, the distinction between an issue reaching what we 24 judge to be a satisfactory state and an issue being closed. 25 We are not proposing to close any issues. What we are about 1 is a long term process to go from a situation where the processes and standards at the Millstone station were just nowhere near what they should be, bring them to a point that 3 supports start-up. But we will want, at the next Commission meeting, to present to you a longer term plan that clearly recognizes that what we are about is on a long term effort 6 to bring the plant not just to a satisfactory state for 8 start-up, but to excellence. So issues are not closed for us. Issues are things that we are going to work on through 9 10 start-up and beyond. 11 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Okay. Well, I'm just referencing your own terminology here. And I would just 12 like to say I would like all the parties, as appropriate, to 13 comment on this and the next slide in terms of your 14 15 assessment in these areas, and particularly the NRC Staff. 16 MR. KENYON: I'm ready to move to the leadership 17 assessment slide, unless there are any further questions on 18 this one. 19 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Well, let me talk again for a 20 minute about safety-conscious work environments, and you 21 indicate, again using the terminology that you have here, you expect this progress -- or you want it -- you expect it 22 to be closed in February. Now what does that mean? Does 23 2.4 that mean that you will have demonstrated a safety-conscious work environment, or you will have achieved a 25 1 safety-conscious work environment? And there's a 2 difference. 3 MR. KENYON: Well, we -- I hope I am not missing 4 the distinction. We have four objectives that we feel we 5 must meet in order to satisfy having demonstrated a 6 safety-conscious work environment, and I think that means we 7 have it. 8 One is that employees are quite comfortable in

raising concerns. I think we have demonstrated that.

resolving concerns. We are on track there to achieve a

A second is that line management is effective in

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a corrective action program, and we are on track in 13 corrective actions but not there yet. 14 15 The third area is an effective employee concerns program. I think we are very close, and thus we will be 16 17 able to demonstrate that in February. 18 And, finally, we need to demonstrate that we can 19 identify problems early enough in emerging problems, 20 safety-conscious work environment problems, trouble areas, a 21 building level, fully concerned, in a particular part of the 22 organization. We need to be able to identify that early in the process, and we need to be able to solve that. We have 23 not demonstrated that at this point. We have a lot of work 24 2.5 in progress, and Mike Brothers will talk about that in his 1 presentation. So against those four criteria, that's an overview of where we are, and I do believe we are tracking to 3 MR. MORRIS: But, you know, I am not certain, Dr. Jackson, that this issue really ever closes. This is an 6 issue that needs constant vigilance and constant dedication on behalf of the management team and on behalf of the entire team at the station to continue to work to improve this area. And that is something that you'll see when Mike 10 11 Brothers makes his presentation. Now we do not believe this is an "oh, great, this is done now." We fully understand 12 13 that this is an issue that we will be working at forever. And I think it is true of all stations. So we want to join 14 15 the rest of them in having that dedication toward that end. 16 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Okay. Mr. Kenyon. 17 MR. KENYON: Recognizing that the fundamental 18 cause of the performance problems at Millstone was leadership failures, I am pleased to report that the 19 recently completed leadership assessment by employees and 20 21 contractors of their supervision shows scores in all categories of at least 5.0, and based on my experience with 22 a similar survey at South Carolina Electric & Gas, this 23 2.4 indicates an organization with an overall healthy leadership climate. It also shows continued improvement over the survey conducted this summer, and it shows an overall nearly 20 percent improvement over the first survey conducted in 2 3 the winter of 1996. CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Do you have another such assessment, leader assessment, scheduled or planned? 5 6 MR. KENYON: We do. We have been doing these on six month intervals. If this survey had not been as strong 8 as it was, I would schedule another prior to the March 9 meeting. Based on the strength of this survey, I am 10 currently not intending to do one until the June time frame. We are on six month intervals. These are important surveys 11 12 13 What you are seeing is aggregate data. Obviously, 14 what we do is look particularly at those individuals who score very well, and those are the -- that is a good 15 16 indication that these are the future leaders of the organization, and we also look particularly at those 17 individuals who do not score well, and that suggests there 18 is a problem between that individual and his employees. 19 20 And we use this and other input to identify 21 problem areas. Once we identify a problem area, there is an

satisfactory level of performance. That's very dependent on

- action plan. In some cases it means removing the
- 23 individual. In some cases, through training and coaching,
- 24 the climate in that particular area is improved.
- 25 So, based on the strength of these scores, I am

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1 comfortable with a six month interval.

2 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: As you indicated, this is 3 aggregated data, and at the last Commission meeting, we 4 discussed pockets.

5 MR. KENYON: Yes.

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6 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Where the performance was
7 marginal. Can you speak to some of those pockets and to say
8 what the progress has been?

9 MR. KENYON: Yes, I can, but the person who is

10 closest to is Mike Brothers.
11 MR. BROTHERS: Right. We, when I talk about

problem areas, Chairman Jackson, we will identify that. 12 13 When we first identified problem areas, we had 33, what we call problem areas. Out of the 33, 17 were a direct result 14 15 of leadership surveys. Now, out of those 17, approximately half of those people are no longer in that position. The 16 17 other half are under different types of programs, action plans, remediation plans, to bring their leadership scores 18 up to where they need to be. We have taken significant 19

21 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Okay. Thank you.

action on those 17 areas.

MR. KENYON: And while it is important for line
management to demonstrate its ability to address issues, it
is equally important for Millstone to have a highly
credible, independent assessment capability in its oversight

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organization. I am pleased to report that Millstone's

Nuclear Safety Assessment Board concluded, through a very

thorough five month process, and this process included an

external assessment, that oversight was effective in the

performance of its responsibilities.

CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Isn't it true that, in terms of that outside consulting firm that you engaged in July, that they felt that considerable progress had been made, but that significant additional improvement was required, both from nuclear oversight, as well as from Millstone Station senior management, before the oversight function was fully effective?

MR. KENYON: That is true, and the particular

issue that was of biggest concern to me was the extent to 14 15 which the line organization, and I am talking down in the 16 organization, I am not talking about the senior folks, the 17 officers, down in the organization recognize that the proper way to view oversight was in a partnership, not simply a 18 19 regulatory requirement. And, thus, oversight, an effective 20 oversight organization is involved in helping to set the standards, and then it is obviously involved in advising 21 22 line management where standards are properly met and where 23 they are not.

I think we have made very good progress in driving that understanding down in the organization, and part of

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what the Nuclear Safety Assessment Board did was take -- to

take the input from the external assessment and then, over a

3 five month process, look at how this was playing out. And I

am quite comfortable that oversight is now effective and line management use oversight in the proper way. 5 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Could you speak to some of the areas where, according to the consultant firm, the feeling was that the greatest improvement still remained to be 8 9 10 MR. KENYON: Yes. My only -- my only question on 11 that, are you talking about the initial assessment, or are 12 you talking -- because we have had that consulting firm come 13 back in. 14 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Since July. MR. KENYON: Yes. And we have had further input 15 16 from then as to where the most attention is needed and --CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Well, you should tell us what 17 18 is -- whatever is the latest situation. MR. KENYON: Okay. The latest information is that 19 20 they felt oversight has made strong progress and, thus, had 21 minor comments in the area of oversight. They had more 22 significant concerns in the area of conduct of operations. 23 That is an area that we are not satisfied with yet, and that 24 is an area that we are working on. And, here, the situation is we have put in place, and I am principally talking Unit 25 3, we have put in place a strong standard for conduct of 1 operations, and this particular consultant feels it is an 2 excellent standard. 4 What he observed, and what we don't disagree with, 5 is there is not uniform implementation of that standard within the operating groups. So that was one area of 6 There was also an area of concern regarding 9 standards for corrective action. And, here, the issue was 10 more dealing to whether or not there are uniform standards across the station for how you evaluate a potential issue, 11 how do you close a potential issue, and, you know, standards 12 in those areas. And based on recent work, we feel the 13 standards have been brought to a much more uniform level. 14 But at the time that the consultant saw it, there was still 15 16 some raggedness, different -- differing approaches among the 17 three units. These were the two concerns that were most 18 meaningful to me. 19 Dave, do you want to add on the recent report, or 20 go back to the earlier report? 21 MR. GOEBEL: Well, the earlier report was very 22 critical of us for not being fully integrated at the site 23 and not having a strategic focus that supported the overall site mission. We were out doing our thing, and with some 24 25 degree of success, but it wasn't in a focused manner. We 1 have restructured to create that focus, and set up a plan, which I will brief you on a little later, when it's my turn, that lays out the ability to fully integrate our own staff and in so doing provide a more meaningful feedback to the 4 line in their endeavors. 6 They also felt previously that -- well, I guess those were the two things, lack of strategic focus by nuclear oversight and lack of integration among oversight

itself, and both those areas in the follow-up report, they

here. The areas which they said they were not satisfied with are -- two of the ones are -- two main ones are the

The areas which they -- I've got the report right

said they were very satisfied with.

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     corrective action program and elements of the conduct of
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               The other things which they said in particular
     they felt nuclear oversight had to concentrate more heavily
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     on was we had to work harder to improve our plant knowledge.
     So what the individual did, would take my people out in the
     plant and see how much they knew about the actual systems,
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      and he walked away feeling that among some of my team, they
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      weren't sufficiently knowledgeable in the systems
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      themselves. So across the board, they didn't know the plant
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      well enough. And that's a true fact. I've got, out of my
      entire team, I only have, I think, seven people that have
      licenses or something, at one time had been licensed.
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               So plant knowledge is one area they said we needed
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      to put more emphasis. They said we needed to spend more
     time in the field; felt that we should really -- it wasn't a
     deficiency decided from the past, but basically we needed to
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     put more emphasis on frank performance appraisals. We were
     not being critical enough to our own employees on how well
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      they were doing and how well they were not doing, and the
      other area was they felt we needed to improve our
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      communications between my organization and the NRC. They
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      felt our communications were not very good.
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               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: I'd like for the NRC Staff,
     actually, to speak to these issues when you come to the
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               MR. GOEBEL: So those are the items that were
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      pointed out.
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               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Thank you.
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               Commissioner?
               COMMISSIONER DIAZ: Yes, I just have a guestion.
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     I'm sure that as all of these processes are evolving, they
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     are always containing a clear separation between oversight
     and conduct of operations, that your oversight committee is
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      not a management function and does not get directly involved
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      in the conduct of operations, which at times appeared to
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     have been a problem, but actually performs its oversight
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      functions in an independent manner. Is that --
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               MR. GOEBEL: And that is what we are doing. We
     have -- I have people in my organization who do go, spend
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     days at a time in the control room, and just sit in the back
     and monitor and see who does what and how they do it, and
     then we provide that feedback. We have set up systems to go
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     back and specifically monitor the conduct of operations.
     And we have brought people in from the outside to assist us
     in that, qualified operators from other sites.
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               MR. KENYON: But a clear separation --
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               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: I think the Commissioner's
     point is that the managers -- the management manages the
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      station?
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               MR. GOEBEL: Right.
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               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: And at the same time, in order
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      for oversight to be effective, it has to be independent.
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               MR. KENYON: Right.
               MR. GOEBEL: Absolutely.
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               MR. KENYON: To wrap up my opening remarks, I
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      wanted to indicate what I consider to be the most important
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remaining challenges, and this is beyond the immediacy of

ones Mr. Kenyon has already talked about, elements of the

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23	reaching	physical	readiness	on	Unit	3.	One	is	demonstrating

-- and I have already said this in response to one of your 24

25 questions -- demonstrating both that we can identify

1 safety-conscious environment matters before they become major issues, and that we can effectively resolve them in a timely manner. You are going to hear much more about this 3 in Mike Brothers' presentation.

Another challenge is to demonstrate that the corrective actions we are implementing are effective, and Marty Bowling's presentation will discuss our corrective action efforts in much more detail.

We also must demonstrate the effectiveness of our configuration management program, and certainly a key item in this regard is responding to the out-of-scope SSFI inspection results, and Marty will further address that in

To summarize, I believe that satisfactory progress is being made on all key issues, which means the issues are either satisfactory for start-up, or tracking to satisfactory, recognizing, again, that there are certain elements inside those issues that still need a lot of attention. But on an overall basis, we feel all issues are on track, or there.

21 So I would now like to call on Mike Brothers to 22 continue.

CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Before he continues, let me 23 24 just ask you this question. This has to do with this issue 25 of definition of satisfactory.

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1 MR. KENYON: Yes.

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CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Now I noted that on the Sargent & Lundy last slide, they noted that over half the closed deficiency reports were not identified by your configuration management program. And so what do you mean when you say it's satisfactory or tracking to satisfactory? MR. KENYON: Well, satisfactory means two things

7 8 to us:

One -- and we have placed a considerable focus on safety significance, and thus as we have gone about our activities, we have looked at what we have discovered from a safety-significance perspective, and we have also looked at what Sargent & Lundy has discovered from a safety-significant perspective, and I think we are in $\ensuremath{\operatorname{good}}$

14 15 agreement there.

But the other important area is compliance, and in 16 17 that area there have been more items than we would have 18 anticipated that don't necessarily represent true safety issues, but do -- are important from the perspective of 19 20 compliance. I'm not at all trying to say compliance isn't 21 important.

In that regard, we have more than we thought we 2.2 23 might have, even though the safety-significance level is not 24 -- and as part of our process, because certainly before we,

Northeast Utilities, present ourselves as ready to start up, 2.5

1 we have got to be satisfied that we not only have addressed

the things that need to be addressed from a safety

perspective, but we need to be satisfied that we have 3

addressed things from a compliance perspective. And we are

still evaluating, Chairman Jackson, what the Sargent & Lundy

findings, or what the NRC SSFI findings say to us, particularly from the perspective of compliance. And we will be prepared to address that, but that's still open in our minds, and we need to pursue that. CHAIRMAN JACKSON: You know, the Commission 10 11 recently issued a statement on safety and compliance, and I 12 commend it to you, for you to read it. MR. KENYON: I have it. 13 14 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: And to share with all of your 15 key people, and to use it as a template as you think about 16 the extent to which what you are doing is consistent. 17 MR. KENYON: We will. 18 Mike. MR. BROTHERS: Thank you, Bruce. 19 20 Good morning. My name is Mike Brothers, and I am 21 the executive sponsor for establishing and maintaining a safety-conscious work environment at Millstone station. 22 23 Our definition of a safety-conscious work 24 environment is a safety-conscious work environment is an environment where all members of the NU nuclear team feel 25 1 comfortable raising any issue important to them, with the confidence that the issue will be addressed with commitment, 2 3 respect, and timeliness. This definition is consistent with the NRC's position stated in their policy statement dated May 14th of 1996. 6 7 This presentation will present our success criteria and current progress towards establishing a 9 safety-conscious work environment at Millstone station. 10 This slide gives our six high level success 11 criteria which were used to ensure that we have successfully established and are in a position to maintain a 12 13 safety-conscious work environment at Millstone station. 14 I will discuss the first four of these success criteria. The last two, employee concerns oversight panel 15 and Little Harbor Consulting validation of our efforts, are 16 17 independent verifications that are ongoing at this time. 18 Our assessment shows significant progress has been 19 made and, although we do not meet our own high standards for 20 two of our success criteria, we believe that we are on track 21 to support the restart of Millstone Unit 3 in the area of 22 safety-conscious work environment. 23 The first criteria that I will discuss is a 2.4 willingness of employees to raise concerns. We believe that this success criteria is currently being met; to use your 25 terminology, we rate this as currently satisfactory. This graph shows our current leadership results to 3 support the success criterion of employees' willingness to raise concerns. As shown in the slide, our criterion is at greater or equal to 90 percent of people are willing to 5 raise issues to their immediate supervisor. The current 6 value is approximately 97-1/2 percent. This criterion is 8 currently satisfactory. 9 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: What's your sample size? 10 MR. BROTHERS: The sample size is in excess of 2000 respondents; about 2600. 11 12 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: And that's out of how many 13 people?

MR. BROTHERS: It's approximately 82 percent

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This graph shows the culture survey results to
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     assess the percentage of respondents who agree that there is
      a safety-conscious work environment in their work area.
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     Although this measurement is not vet at our long range goal.
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      we believe that current results in the overall culture
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21
     survey, coupled with the percentage of people who are
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     willing to raise concerns to their supervisor, meet our
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      acceptance criteria for this success criterion.
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: What is the actual percentage?
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               MR. BROTHERS: 82 percent.
                                               32
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Is it going down or up?
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               MR. BROTHERS: It's approximately the same. It
     went up a statistically insignificant amount from one survey
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4
     to another.
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Same number of respondents?
               MR. BROTHERS: Correct.
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               This graph shows our confidentiality plus
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     anonymous trend. The top line is the total number of
     concerns received per month, and the bottom line is the
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      total number of concerns which are requesting either
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11
     confidentiality or are anonymous. Our criteria is that no
     adverse trend exist in this area.
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               Through November, this criteria is being met.
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               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: You don't have a criteria that
     actually relates to whether the number is acceptably low, or
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               MR. BROTHERS: At this time, no. We believe that
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     what we are primarily looking for is an adverse trend. It's
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      consistent -- for instance, in November, the total number of
     concerns went down dramatically to six; yet the number that
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21
     were received that were either confidentiality or requested
      anonymous was four. There's not a lot that you can gain
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23
     from that immediately, but we know that if we detect an
      adverse trend, we'd act upon it. So it's really a trend
2.4
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      indicator versus an absolute number.
                                               33
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Zero is not an appropriate
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     goal?
               MR. BROTHERS: Well, that's a goal; we don't think
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      we can achieve that. We have some sort of frictional type
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     of numbers coming in that we believe, this has probably
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      evolved like an IST acceptance criteria, we develop a
     baseline. The baseline looks to be about three or four.
              The second criterion that we will discuss is the
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      effectiveness of our line management in handling issues.
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     Like the first criterion, we believe that we are currently
     meeting this success criteria. Therefore, this will be
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      judged as satisfactory.
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               This graph shows the timeliness of our CR
      evaluations, CR being condition report. The goal is 95
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      percent of all evaluations performed in less than or equal
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     to 30 days. The lower line represents our actual
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      performance. This indicator is a backward-looking
      indicator, since by definition it needs to be at least 30
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     days after the CR initiation to determine success or
     failure. There are currently 4.9 percent of all CR
2.0
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      evaluations which have not had their evaluations complete
      within 30 days on the Millstone Unit 3. So the snapshot in
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23
     time as of yesterday is it's being met. If current
     performance levels continue, this criterion will met for
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response rate in the survey.

1 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: What kind of evaluation is done

2 within that 30 day time frame?

3 MR. BROTHERS: It depends upon the significance.

- A significance level 1 CR requires a root cause evaluation
- 5 list, that is formally waived. A significance level 2 is an
- 6 evaluation done and approved by a supervisor and a
 - management review team, and level 3 requires only the
- 8 supervisor's approval.
- 9 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Are operability issues included
- 10 in this number?
- 11 MR. BROTHERS: Yes.
- 12 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: So they are not dealt with or
- 13 reviewed on a shorter --
- 14 MR. BROTHERS: A much shorter. The reasonable
- 15 assurance of continued operation is 24 hour clock on
- 16 operability call.
- 17 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: What caused that initial
- 18 adverse trend?
- 19 MR. BROTHERS: The numbers coming in and our
- 20 inability to keep up with them. And then we turned it when
- 21 we started turning -- the numbers came down us, we completed
- 22 discovery is what you are seeing.
- 23 This graph shows our current condition report
- $24\,$ $\,$ evaluation score. The score is developed by averaging all
- 25 CR evaluations which are reviewed by the management review

35

- 1 team during each month. A CR receives a 4 if its evaluation
- 2 is accepted without comment; a 2 if it is accepted with
- 3 comment; and a zero if it is rejected by the management
- $4\,\,\,\,\,\,\,\,\,$ review team. This criteria is currently satisfactory.
- 5 This graph shows the percentage of all action
- 6 requests as a result of condition reports which are overdue.
- 7 The goal is less than or equal to one percent. Currently,
- 8 approximately 2.4 percent of action requests as a result of
- 9 condition reports are overdue at Millstone Unit 3.
- 10 Significant management attention is being devoted to this
- 11 metric and we expect this goal to be at goal for Millstone
- 12 Unit 3 prior to restart, so this would be tracking to
- 13 satisfactory.
- 14 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: The scale that I am looking at,
- 15 can you say what you -- relate what you said in terms of the
- 16 small percentage to what looks like 30 percent on this
- 17 scale?
- 18 MR. BROTHERS: Yes. These are -- what you are
- 19 looking at here is the total number of overdue action item
- 20 tracking and training systems, independent of whether they
- 21 are CRs or non-CRs. The actual CR is much -- is a smaller $\,$
- 22 subset of this. So this is all action item tracking and
- 23 training systems overdues.
- 24 A third criteria that I will discuss is the
- 25 effectiveness of our Employee Concerns Program. While

- 1 substantial progress has been made in this area, we do not
 - yet meet our own high standards for performance in this
- 3 area. This area will be judged as tracking to satisfactory.
- 4 This slide shows the concern investigation
- 5 timeliness. The top line represents the 90 percent goal, in
- 6 other words, that is simply 90 percent of the total number

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represents actual performance. Our goal is to have greater
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      than or equal to 90 percent of all investigations complete
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      within 45 days. If we were meeting this goal, the lower
     line would be at or above the 90 percent goal line. As you
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      can see, this criteria is not yet being met.
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               While we are evaluating the validity of this as an
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      indicator of the effectiveness of our Employee Concerns
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      Program, we do believe that timeliness of investigations is
      a valid indicator of the performance of the Employee
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17
     Concerns Program. We also feel that a focus solely upon
      investigation timeliness can result in a degradation of
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     performance or responsiveness of the Employee Concerns
19
     Programs. We would just this as tracking to satisfactory.
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               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Let me ask you a question.
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     There seems to be a discrepancy between the title, which
23
     says within 30 days, and the legend, which says 45 days.
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              MR. BROTHERS: Yes. The slide is changed to 45
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     days on the overhead. That was error in the one that was
     provided to you.
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               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Okay. And also the numbers,
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     the curve seemed to shift.
              MR. BROTHERS: Yes. This is simply the most
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     up-to-date values that we have. Throughout the slide show
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6
      that you see, the values are as up-to-date as we can get
     them. They are updated on a weekly basis.
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              CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Okay.
               MR. BROTHERS: This slide shows a metric which is
     still under development. What we are trying to measure is
1.0
11
      the number of employees who are satisfied with their
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      experience with the Employee Concerns Program. The top line
13
      shows the number of employees who were surveyed to assess
      their degree of satisfaction with the Employee Concerns
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     Program. The bottom line shows the number of employees who
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      were expressing satisfaction with the Employee Concerns
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               As I said earlier, we are evaluating the
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     implementation of this metric. For instance, in November,
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     20 surveys were sent out, four responded, and, of those,
     three expressed satisfaction. Although a clear-cut success
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22
      criteria is difficult to establish for this metric, it is
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      clear that the current satisfaction index, to coin a term,
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     does not meet our expectations.
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               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: What are your expectations?
               MR. BROTHERS: We have set an expectation of 75
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     percent. We don't know yet if that is going to be
     achievable. And we have to evaluate what the large number
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      of non-respondents means as well. So we are using the
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      Employee Concerns Oversight Panel, in addition to Employee
     Concerns Program, to do that for us.
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               COMMISSIONER DIAZ: The difference between the two
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      line is not responding?
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               MR. BROTHERS: Correct.
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: And that is a lower response
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     than you have for these other?
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               MR. BROTHERS: Much.
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               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Much lower.
               MR. BROTHERS: Yes.
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               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: What is that the response rate
      again?
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of concerns received per month, and the bottom line

four responded in November. And we don't yet know what that 18 19 The fourth criteria is our effectiveness in 20 21 recognizing and remediating problem areas within the 22 Millstone organization. Based upon our primarily reactive 23 response to problem areas, we not currently meeting this success criteria. This would be judgment as unsatisfactory. 2.4 25 Probably at the borderline towards tracking to satisfactory, 1 and you will see why, I believe in a few moments. CHAIRMAN JACKSON: What is the duration of the training sessions? 3 MR. BROTHERS: Are you on the next slide? CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Yes. I am going to move you 5 along. You had 45 minutes and you gave us 61 slides. 6 MR. BROTHERS: Okay. 7 8 [Laughter.] MR. BROTHERS: I can move faster. 9 MR. MORRIS: Believe me, he can. We all know he 10 can move faster. 11 12 [Laughter.] MR. BROTHERS: Let me -- let me address each of 13 14 these --15 COMMISSIONER DICUS: They have more information, so they have given it to us. 17 MR. BROTHERS: This, the Forum for Leadership 18 Excellence is two weeks. The first one, the Managing for 19 Nuclear Safety, is a one day course. Civil Treatment is a 20 one day course. And 50.7 is four separate half days. 21 This slide, as I have said, shows a compilation of 22 our current status of providing training to our supervisors and above at Millstone Station. Our criterion is that 23 24 greater than or equal to 95 percent of all supervisors have been trained and demonstrate minimum required knowledge via written testing. This criteria is not currently being met. It would be judged as tracking towards satisfactory. 2 We expect to meet this criterion by March 1998 to 3 support the restart of Millstone Unit 3. 4 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Was Little Harbor not satisfied 5 with these percentages? Because I am going to read, in terms of -- from their reviews, they found that the Employee 8 Concerns Program, the Safety Conscious Work Environment and the Management Activities were not adequately coordinated. I am going to ask them this question, too, but I want your 10 perspective on it. And they stated that the training was 11 not timely and that management training was lacking --12 MR. BROTHERS: Right. 13 14 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: -- in the areas of protected 15 activities, retaliation and chilling effects. So tell me 16 about that. 17 MR. BROTHERS: The primarily was due to the slow 18 start. I believe that they will express satisfaction now, 19 but the slow start, and, I would agree, the lack of 20 coordination earlier this year, is the main result of that. 21 MR. MORRIS: We may not have been listening as well as we should have early on, but the message is clearly 22 23 home now. 24 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Okay. 25 MR. BROTHERS: The next slide, this slides shows

MR. BROTHERS: We had 20 surveys sent out and only

- the current trend for employee concerns alleging instances 1 2 of harassment, intimidation, retaliation, or discrimination, with 10 CFR 50.7 implications. The top line shows the total 3 number of concerns received and the bottom line indicates those concerns with 50.7 implications. Our criteria is that we do not have an adverse trend in this area. This criteria 6 is currently met and will be judged as satisfactory. It should be noted, however, that when we include 8 9 other types of harassment, intimidation, retaliation, or 10 discrimination, such as age, race or gender discrimination, 11 that we did not meet our expectations in this area. 12 Extensive executive involvement in any confirmed 13 cases of harassment, intimidation, retaliation or discrimination, regardless of whether or not there are 50.7 14 15 implications, will ensure that corrective actions up to and 16 including reassignment or removal are effective in 17 elimination of instances of harassment, intimidation, 18 retaliation or discrimination at Millstone Station.
- 19 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Is that how you intend to
 20 address, you know, meet your own standards in that area?
- 21 MR. BROTHERS: That's correct. These are 22 communicated via ECP HR program to me. I communicate it to 23 the executive team and we take action.

24 This slide shows our total number of problem areas 25 at Millstone Station. A problem area is any area in which a

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safety conscious work environment may not exist. Problem
 areas are identified by input such as Employee Concerns
 Program, Employee Concerns Oversight Program, Little Harbor
 Consultants, leadership survey or culture surveys.

Our success criteria is that the total number of problem areas be decreasing. While we meet that criteria, we have not yet demonstrated the ability to pro-actively identify and remediate problems prior to them becoming obvious problems. We have several examples of pro-active responses to potential problem areas in the recent past. In other words, we have successfully prevented areas from becoming problem areas by effective intervention.

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We expect this performance level to continue to improve and the organization's ability to identify and prevent problem areas to take precedence over our ability to remediate problem areas which have been allowed to occur.

17 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Well, you know there is Delta
18 X, I always say this, and there is Delta X Delta T. Right.
19 And so what you have shown us is Delta X Delta T. But then
20 one can look at Delta X and ask are you satisfied?

MR. BROTHERS: And the answer would be no.

Returning to our success criteria, we believe that
we are meeting our criteria for employees' willingness to
raise concerns, shown in green; line management's
effectiveness in dealing with issues raised by employees,

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also shown in green. The two shown in yellow -- or you can
barely see it in yellow. While we have made significant and
meaningful progress towards establishing an effective

Employee Concerns Program, we do not yet meet our own high
standards in this area with regard to timeliness of
evaluations and satisfaction of employees who have used this
program.

The fourth success criterion, our ability to

recognize and address problem areas, is where we have made the least progress. Significant progress has been made over 10 11 the last month, but, based upon our slow start, this area 12 will be our focus going forward. 13 The remaining two success criteria, Employee 14 Concerns Oversight Panel and Little Harbor Consulting 15 concurrence are underway and expected to support the Millstone Unit 3 restart schedule. 16 17 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Can you give us some sense of 18 the significance of the issues that have been raised? MR. BROTHERS: Within the Employee Concerns 19 20 21 We have metrics, different types of significance. From a material significance standpoint, very low numbers. 22 We tracked them as impact on maintenance rule and actual 23 24 power block implications, very, very small numbers of 25 employee concerns in that area. 1 The most significant aspects involve either 50.7 2 or other types of harassment, intimidation, and those are 3 the most significant we had. 4 The percentages are, if you roll in all types of harassment -- intimidation, retaliation, discrimination --5 are higher than what we want at this time, and that is where 6 the significance is. Finally, I want to address the organizational 9 changes that we have made to address the establishment of a 10 safety conscious work environment at Millstone Station. 11 To allow me to focus on this area, Jack McElwain 12 has been placed in charge of the day-to-day operation of Millstone Unit III. This is a direct result of a need to 13 14 continue the momentum we have towards establishing a safety-conscious work environment at Millstone Station. 15 16 In addition, Jack McElwain, taking over the 17 day-to-day operation of Millstone Unit III, the reporting relationship of the Employee Concerns Program has been 18 changed to report directly to me. 19 20 This change, along with the designation of a 21 recovery officer to oversee the area of Human Resources and 22 a more coordinated utilization of the Employee Concerns 23 Oversight Panel, ensure that we have the organization in 24 place to fully establish a safety-conscious work environment 25 at Millstone Station. 1 The progress indicated in the metrics presented today and in more detail in your briefing information along with the organizational changes recently put in place give us the assurance that we are on track to support Millstone Unit III's startup in the area of safety conscious work 5 6 environment. If there are no further questions, I will turn the presentation over to Marty Bowling to discuss corrective 8 9 action and configuration management. CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Thank you. 10 MR. BROTHERS: Thank you. 11 12 MR. BOWLING: Good morning. Before I start my 13 formal remarks, let me go back to your question on procedure adherence and let you know that our standard for procedure 14 15 adherence has not been acceptable.

We have put considerable effort into revising and

raising that standard and as of September 30th implemented a

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We also have a number of metrics with which we are 19 20 monitoring our procedural adherence so that we will have 21 real-time feedback on what more we may need to do, but we have the right standards in place. They are implemented and 22 23 now we need to implement them. 24 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Let me ask you a question. 25 Everything leads to another question. 1 You made an interesting statement. You said that as of September 30th you had put a new procedural adherence 2 standard into place that is consistent with industry and 3 then as we talk you talk about the various standards you have in place. How do you determine those standards, and in fact 6 7 are you using industry standards in all of these key areas, not just for procedure adherence but corrective actions --MR. BOWLING: Yes. These key programs that Bruce 10 listed for you, we have executive sponsors and issue 11 managers for each one of those and part of our job is to make sure that our program area is at the right standard, at 12 13 the industry standard or higher. 14 I want to talk about the radiological control area errors. I have a specific slide for that as well as the 15 Sargent & Lundy issues. 16 17 MR. KENYON: But to continue with the question, this is a leadership team that came from the rest of the 18 19 industry, so we have our individual perspectives on 20 standards in the industry and we utilized that to a 21 considerable extent, but there are also areas such as safety 22 conscious work environment where I think by the time we get 23 through with this we will probably have set a model for the 2.4 rest of the industry, so we are very attentive to industry $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left$ standards but, first and foremost, we must satisfy ourselves 25 that what we are doing is right and it makes sense. I think by the time we finish the Millstone 2 3 recovery others are going to come to us in a number of areas to see what -- the standard that we have set. CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Right. I appreciate that 5 point. The only reason I raised the question is because 6 obviously you had a renormalization of your standard --MR. KENYON: Yes. 8 9 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: -- in this particular area. 10 You were not at or above the industry standard so that that is a relevant question. Why don't you go on. 11 MR. BOWLING: When I talked to you in August I 12 13 discussed the status of corrective actions to restore configuration at Millstone. 14 15 Mike Brothers has just discussed the relationship 16 of a strong Corrective Action Program for a safety conscious 17 work environment. Today I will update you on our progress. In doing 18 19 so, I will review the major attributes of our program as 2.0 well as overall effectiveness. In general terms, it is my view that the 21 22 Corrective Action Program is on track to fully support Unit 2.3 III restart readiness. This slide shows the four major programmatic 24

newer and higher standard commensurate with the industry.

elements and the supporting attributes of our Corrective

the current status which focuses on Unit III. Overall, significant progress is being made but as you can see we are not yet complete. The two key elements 5 of problem identification and problem evaluation are meeting 6 expectations. They are satisfactory. However, the key elements of problem resolution and corrective action effectiveness needs improvement, 8 9 although they are on track for satisfaction. 10 We have action plans in place to meet expectations in each of these areas by the end of January of next year. 11 12 Let me further elaborate on some of the key 13 attributes of the Corrective Action Program. CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Let me look at that. I have 14 this page A-73, okay? 15 MR. BOWLING: Yes. 16 17 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: And that is from your status book, and I noted that as of November, '97 you have 908 18 19 items to work off in three months, according to the schedule that you have laid out. 20 MR. BOWLING: Yes. 21 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: But if you look at, and now I 22 23 am looking at delta x delta t, you know, if you look at the rate of work-off --24 25 MR. BOWLING: Yes. CHAIRMAN JACKSON: -- you know, per month or per 1 2 three months, up to this point, it's not consistent with working off 908 items in the next three months. MR. BOWLING: Yes. I have a graphic on the 4 5 restart task, but just before I get there, some of that 6 will --CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Address --7 8 MR. BOWLING: -- in terms of delta t, some of it 9 supports physical readiness, some of it heat-up, and some of it actual criticality, so it does go over a number of 10 11 12 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Okay. Why don't I let you do 13 that. 14 MR. BOWLING: All right, okay. Next slide, 15 please. 16 We have achieved a low threshold for reporting. 17 So far in 1997 Millstone has identified and submitted over 9000 condition reports. Most of these condition reports 18 have been internally identified by both unit and support 19 organizations through activities such as the Configuration 20 Management Project and the over 300 self-assessments that 21 2.2 have been performed on all aspects of our operations. In addition, over 30 audits and 319 surveillances 23 have been conducted by Nuclear Oversight for key programs, 24 25 processes, and activities. 1 As a result, the percent of self-identified 2 condition reports, as opposed to being identified by the NRC or actual events, is very high and is achieving our goal of 3 4 greater than 90 percent. COMMISSIONER DIAZ: Yes, but what does "low" mean? Does that mean that it is satisfactory?

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MR. BOWLING: Yes.

COMMISSIONER DIAZ: You could set a very low

threshold and be swamped or you can set it -- you are

Action Program. I have color coded this slide to represent

13 plants in terms of low threshold. CHAIRMAN JACKSON: And I am going to ask Little 14 15 Harbor Consultants, because apparently -- I mean the question is, is this an indicator that the employees are 16 17 using this system to bring forth safety concerns, and I 18 believe based on your response to Commissioner Diaz's question you would say yes. 19 20 MR. BOWLING: Yes. 21 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: But of course, you know, you look at all the slides and Little Harbor seems to be saying 22 2.3 something different. Do you have any sense of why the disparity? 24 25 MR. BOWLING: Well, let me just comment on the 1 information that I am providing. A significant percentage of what we are 3 identifying has to do with maintenance rule systems --CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Okav. 4 5 MR. BOWLING: Organizational programmatic issues 6 and process errors and so it is at the heart of our business. CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Well, it is, but there is an 8 9 issue related to people feeling that, you know, they have the freedom and flexibility to bring forth issues including 1.0 11 issues that may relate to hardware, and so it is a relevant 12 question in terms of what the nexus is --MR BOWLING: Yes 13 14 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: -- between the two, okay, so it is not just a question of do we deal with hardware. 15 16 In the end you have people who run your station and the question is do they feel that, you know, that they 17 can bring up the issues and get them resolved, so I am 18 interested in some resolution between what you are saying 19 about the hardware and what Little Harbor is saying about 20 21 people's willingness to use the system. 22 MR. KENYON: And we believe they are and we do not believe there is a disagreement between us and Little 23 Harbor, but certainly Little Harbor needs to speak for 24 25 themselves. 52 1 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Okav. 2 MR. BOWLING: Finally, no backlog of operability and reportability determinations demonstrates that our 3 4 employees understand the importance of whether a potential 5 condition adversely effects nuclear safety or compliance with the design and licensing basis. 6 7 Expectations for the third element of the Corrective Action Program, timely resolution, are on track. 8 Management and programmatic issue resolution is an important 9 indicator of an effective Corrective Action Program. 10 11 We are now on track to close all of the key 12 management issues. As Bruce indicated earlier, six of the 16 key issues necessary for restart are now showing 13 14 satisfactory results with the 10 remaining issues scheduled 15 for January and February resolution. As an example of an effective resolution of a key 16 management issue, this slide shows the progress that has 17 18 been made in reducing entry errors into the radiological controlled areas, a longstanding and recurring problem area

satisfied with the low threshold that you are receiving?

MR. BOWLING: Yes. I think this is consistent

with what you would expect to see at the best performing

10

at Millstone. 21 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Let me ask you a question --22 MR. BOWLING: Yes. 23 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: -- on an earlier slide, right, 24 and I know they are the new ones, but you had overdue 25 assignments for condition reports are being reduced, and the 53 1 backlogs. 2 MR. BOWLING: Yes. I am going to come back to --CHAIRMAN JACKSON: You are going to come back to 3 those two issues? 4 MR. BOWLING: Yes, ma'am. 5 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Okay, very good. 6 MR. BOWLING: Achievement of these positive results require management standard-setting, accountability, 8 9 and coaching of the workforce. We are now performing at an error rate much better than the industry with more than 10 11 750,000 entries into the RCA already in 1997. More detailed discussion of each key issue has been provided in our 12 December 4th Progress Toward Readiness to Restart briefing 13 book. 14 15 Coming back to overdue assignments, the timely resolution of issues are the number of overdue corrective 16 17 actions which Mike Brothers has already discussed. I would 18 just add that the overdue rate for the most significant, 19 which we call the level one of the condition reports, is around 5 percent at this point and that is why it is not yet 20 21 satisfactory. And the size and control over our backlogs. 22 Backlogs are being reduced on Unit 3 as indicated 23 in the next slide. 24 Restart tasks include those items that must be 25 completed to support the conduct of safe operation as well as compliance with the regulations. Backlog performance indicators for the NRC significant items list and procedure 2 revision backlogs are also provided in your handout and they show similar trends. Jack will also discuss maintenance and 4 5 modification backlogs in his portion of the presentation. 6 COMMISSIONER DIAZ: Excuse me. MR. BOWLING: Yes. 8 COMMISSIONER DIAZ: Are you tracking the time lag 9 between an engineering issue being put into the task of the 10 work orders and the actual initiation or completion of the 11 process, the actual work? Is that a problem? Because I 12 seem to see a time lag. MR. BOWLING: There is a time lag. 13 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{MR}}\xspace.$ McELWAIN: The time lag from the engineering 14 15 perspective, we put a corrective action in place that requires physical work. We track that very rigorously and 16 17 we are aware of everything that is out there that may be 18 physical work. If it's not, if it's a calculational change or if it's a study, we're not quite as rigorous in tracking 19 20 the time from conception to completion. COMMISSIONER DIAZ: You do realize that this last 21 22 slide that you have in there, by some measure, you are 23 tracking leniently down, which normally means you have a 24 very rigorous and rigid process. Is that true?

MR. BOWLING: The process is efficiencies

```
have to consider is that some of the tasks are interrelated.
2
      So a lot of corrective action because of our controls, that
4
      is, you can't close out until all the work is done, is tied
      to physical work.
5
               So we would expect, with reaching the milestone of
     physical readiness, which is projected later this year, that
      a significant amount of these will go to closure. Presently
8
      there are 46 percent of these activities that are coded to
      completion of physical work completion review.
10
11
               COMMISSIONER DIAZ: Okay.
12
               MR. BOWLING: Next slide, please.
13
               The last element of the Millstone corrective
     action program is resolution effectiveness. We are using a
14
15
     number of attributes to judge effectiveness in this area,
     including the NRC's seal closure quality, self-assessments
16
17
      of completed corrective action and the ICAVP review results.
18
               With respect to the NRC's significant items list,
19
     more than 80 percent of the required closure packages have
20
     been provided to the NRC for review. As is documented in
21
      the NRC inspection reports, the quality and completeness of
     these packages has been good.
22
23
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Let me ask you a question,
24
     Mr. Bowling.
25
               Have you had examples or do you track whether
1
      there are any design basis issues that continue to arise
2
      after the system has been completed? Do you keep track of
3
      that?
 4
               \mbox{MR.} BROTHERS: Yes, we do. One of the first
      questions that we ask, when a condition report comes up for
     the management review team is, should this have been
6
     discovered, this discrepant condition, and if it is, in most
      times, not only is there a CR written on that fact, but
     there is also a CR on the actual condition. So we track
10
               MR. BOWLING: And we are also keeping the staff as
11
     well as the ICAVP contractor informed when we have those
12
13
              CHAIRMAN JACKSON: What are some of the most
14
15
     significant technical issues that you are grappling with?
16
               MR. BOWLING: Now?
17
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Now.
               MR. BOWLING: Well, let me just give you that from
18
19
     the things we found that are most significant at Millstone
20
    Unit 3, the most significant item is a generic industry item
    which was the emergency core cooling system throttle valve
21
     erosion that we found. It is now a generic industry issue
22
23
     that most plants are resolving by putting orafaces in to get
     the valves out of the cavitation range. That's one.
2.4
              I would say the aggregate impact of all the eight
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      Washington, D.C. 20005
          (202) 842-0034
     problems we found with the recirculation spray system was
     significant, although the system would still have been able,
      we believe, to perform its safety function. There is a
     final evaluation going on to in fact prove that we found a
4
```

number of issues on RSS and the SBO station blackout diesel battery capacity was significant in our minds as well.

5

obviously could be improved. But one of the things that you

9 I note, you know, it's always interesting to me, 10 and I know that you prpeare your slides and, you know, you get your final form but what's interesting is what's 11 12 missina 13 [Laughter.] CHAIRMAN JACKSON: And in your previous set of 14 15 slides related to this in this category about corrective 16 action resolution effectiveness, one of your criteria was that longstanding problems are being addressed. 17 18 MR. BOWLING: Yes. 19 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: But yet it is removed in this current set. Can you just explain that removal? 20 21 MR. BOWLING: Yes. This was an administrative 22 change. I tried to address the effectiveness in the third 23 element and my example of radiological controlled areas was 24 meant to address that. 25 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Okay, so you're saying --MR. BOWLING: But it's certainly not lost from our 1 2 program. 3 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: It is subsumed? MR. BOWLING: Yes. 4 5 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Okay. Thank you. 6 MR. BOWLING: Okay, we are also performing our own self-assessments of the completed corrective actions that 8 are most important to nuclear safety and overall 9 organizational effectiveness. We have not found any 10 technical deficiencies with completed corrective actions 11 that will be considered of high safety significance. 12 However, I want to take just a minute to elaborate on this 13 point because we have found more deficiencies than expected with completed corrective actions, especially for those 14 15 corrective actions that were completed prior to implementing 16 our current standards. As a result, we are verifying the quality and 17 completeness of the most significant corrective actions we 18 19 have completed during the last two years. This extra effort will provide additional confidence that past corrective 20 21 actions meet today's standards. And with respect to 22 corrective actions being completed now, we are setting a 23 high standard and our assessments show that corrective 24 action quality has significantly improved. 25 Finally, our assessment of the ICAVP review results today are telling us that the corrective actions taken to restore the design, licensing and operating basis have been effective in identifying both safety and programmatic issues. A characterization of the issues found 4 5 by the NU during the configuration management project are summarized in your handout. The next slide shows the significance of what has been found. This slide shows the licensee reports submitted 8 9 under 50.73 that have been submitted by Millstone Unit 3 as a result of the corrective actions taken to restore the 10 11 design licensing and operating basis. The safety 12 significance is based on risk-informed qualitative insights. As you can see, most of the 101 total items are classified 13 14 as low safety significance. 15 We have also reviewed approximately one-third of 16 the potentially safety significant discrepancy reports

Those were the most significant items that we found.

CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Okay.

```
out of that one-third, that only three low safety
19
20
      significant issues, and no moderate or high safety
      significant issues have been missed by the NUCMP effort.
21
22
     And so if you go to the Sargent & Lundy slide, you will see
23
     that two of the three that I am talking about are indicated
24
      there
25
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: You mentioned that you use
      risk-informed qualitative insights. Have you been able to
1
2
      apply more analytical, quantitative analytical methodologies
3
      for certain key systems to get a sense of the relative risk
 4
      significance?
5
               MR. BOWLING: We have not done a quantitative. We
 6
      are extending the qualitative assessment to look at the
      aggregate impact to the extent that we can, and this is
     certainly something that has not been undertaken, but we are
8
      trying to look at, from a total aggregate standpoint, what
10
      is the safety significance.
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Okav.
11
12
               MR. BOWLING: Okay. Although we must still
13
     complete our reviews of all of the identified potential
     discrepancy reports, and have them confirmed by both the
14
     ICAVP contractor and the NRC staff, we believe that the
15
16
      Configuration Management Program has been effective in
     finding and addressing safety significant issues.
17
18
               With respect to the NRC inspections, the tier 1
19
     out of scope safety system function inspection has been
      evaluated on Unit 3. Their tier 2 and 3 inspections are in
20
21
      progress. As you know, these NRC inspections are resulting
      in a number of potential violations. Although we do not
22
2.3
     believe that the findings, in themselves, are of high safety
      significance, they do indicate some program weaknesses and
24
25
      absolutely do not meet our standards for compliance.
1
               From the NRC tier 1 inspection report, we are
2
      addressing the identified program weaknesses now. The first
      deals with the design and operating interfaces between
      systems that are relied upon to perform a safety function.
4
 5
               With respect to design and operating interfaces,
      we have utilized a multi-discipline functional review team.
     This effort expands what we have already done on CMP by
8
      addressing accident mitigation and the dynamic interactions
     of stand-by systems with operating systems during a
     transient.
10
11
               Conceptually, we are looking horizontally at an
12
      overall system response to accidents and integrating that
     with our CMP, which was a deep but graded system-specific
13
14
     vertical slice.
15
               Therefore, our functional review is a reasonable
      self-check of the effectiveness of CMP from a safety and
16
      design basis perspective, and provides a higher assurance
17
      that safety systems will function in concert during any
18
19
     plant transient.
               This review has not found any significant safety
20
21
      issues or non-compliances with the design or licensing
2.2
     basis. Lower significant items have been identified and are
23
      being assigned for corrective actions.
               The second weakness identified in the tier 1
24
25
     inspection report deals with the accuracy of procedures to
```

identified by the ICAVP contractor. These are the level 1, 2 or 3 discrepancy reports. Out of that we have confirmed,

- 1 meet the technical specifications surveillance requirements.
- 2 With respect to compliance with the technical
- 3 specifications, we are currently conducting further reviews
- 4 and no new reportable non-compliances have been identified.
- 5 The NRC tier 1 inspection report also indicates
- 6 that additional attempt to FSAR accuracy and procedural
- compliance issues are warranted.
- 8 Finally, the NRC preliminary tier 3 inspection
- 9 results have been debriefed with us.
- 10 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Let me ask you question about
- 11 this.
- 12 MR. BOWLING: Yes.
- 13 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: In terms of technical
- 14 specification compliance. I mean you say no new
- 15 non-compliances have been identified. Have you done a full
- 16 scope of assessments?
- 17 MR. BOWLING: This project is still ongoing and is
- 18 scheduled to finish in early February.
- 19 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: You mean have not been
- 20 identified to date?
- 21 MR. BOWLING: To date. Right.
- 22 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: And that is based on what kind
- 23 of a scope of review?
- 24 MR. BOWLING: That is looking at all of the
- 25 surveillance procedures that are used to meet and adhere to

63

- 1 the tech spec surveillance requirements, and that has been
- 2 in progress since we -- our own self-assessment showed that
- $3\,$ $\,$ we needed to re-look at that, and so that has been going on
- 4 for several months.
- 5 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Okay.
- 6 MR. BOWLING: Okay. With respect to the tier 3
- 7 inspection, the design -- the NRC has debriefed with us and
- 8 indicated that the design control program meets Appendix B
- 9 requirements and is able to effectively maintain
- 10 configuration.
- 11 In summary, the actions that have been taken to
- 12 date to restore and maintain configuration, and to address
- 13 longstanding safety and programmatic issues, are being
- 14 effective. Still, we recognize that all the corrective
- 15 actions necessary to restore full compliance have not yet
- been completed. This will be completed prior to restart.
- 17 Also, we must make sure that our organization
- 18 demonstrates, going forward, --
- 19 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Prior to your coming to ask us
- 20 for a restart decision.
- 21 MR. BOWLING: Yes, ma'am. Going forward -- also,
- 22 we must make sure that our organization, going forward,
- 23 demonstrates a healthy respect for regulations, from both an $\,$
- 24 intent and a compliance standpoint. However, I do believe
- 25 that our Corrective Action Program will support the conduct

- 1 of safe operations.
- If there are no further questions, I will turn it
- 3 over to Jack.
- 4 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Commissioner Dicus has a
- 5 question.
- 6 COMMISSIONER DICUS: It's another case where the
- 7 slides, the packet we had, that I studied, changed a little
- 8 bit from the packet that we have in front of us. The slide

```
I would like for you to go to back-up slide No. 7,
10
11
12
               The slide is entitled, "Radiation Protection," and
     it says, "Progress. Radiation protection practices continue
13
     to improve and oversight will continue to monitor
14
15
     performance." But the graphics don't show that on the
      slide, from my -- my viewpoint, and it is over only about a
16
17
      four month period of time, but the graphics basically show a
      steady state, fluctuating somewhat, but a steady state.
18
19
               It is back-up slide No. 7.
20
              So my question is, your statement, radiation
21
     protection practices continue to improve, but the graphics
2.2
     don't show it.
23
               MR. BOWLING: Okay. This -- this is from the
     Nuclear Oversight assessment of the Radiological Protection
2.4
25
      Program, from a total program concept, and Dave Goebel can
     address that more. But from my standpoint, what I was
      trying to show was the actual violations of procedural
     requirements or regulatory requirements on performance in
3
      the RCA, radiological control areas. And, so, based on that
     trend, we have shown substantial progress. But that is only
     one element of the overall Radiological Protection Program.
6
               COMMISSIONER DICUS: Okay. So there are other
8
     aspects of it that are keeping this from being higher?
              MR. BOWLING: Well, the other thing about this.
9
10
              COMMISSIONER DICUS: That would be my point.
11
              MR. BOWLING: Right. The other thing about this
12
      graph is that you can see that, even though it is at stable
13
     trend, it is well into the satisfactory area. So it is
     meeting expectations.
14
15
              MR. KENYON: Commissioner Dicus, I think it would
      be helpful that when --
16
17
               COMMISSIONER DICUS: Okay.
               MR. KENYON: -- Mr. Goebel gets to his
18
     presentation and takes you through what these kinds of
19
      slides mean, that then we can talk specifically about that
20
21
     one and put it in context.
22
              MR. McELWAIN: Good morning. I am Jack McElwain,
23
      I would like to give a present status on Unit 3.
24
               We are on track for Unit 3 physical readiness by
      the end of December. The key issues are completion of
25
     motor-operated valve work, restart modifications, and
     restart maintenance backlog.
2
              The next two slides, I will explain why I believe
3
4
      we are on track.
5
               This slide represents the total start-up related
     automated work orders. As you can see, the first vertical
     bars on the left are representing monthly totals and the
     right side are further broken down by week through the end
      of December. This was done to illustrate clearly what
10
     remains to be done prior to being physically ready.
11
              There are currently, on the slide, there are 677
      automated work orders required for physical readiness. This
12
13
     is broken down into those three categories, MOVs, MODS and
14
     maintenance.
              The slide depicts our continuing plan which shows
15
```

didn't, but its location did.

9

As you can see in the motor-operated valve area,

the effort required for these three areas relating to AWO

16 17

closeout.

```
there are 97 completed and 46 remaining, which will close
     out -- of the 46 that are remaining, when we finish that
20
21
      work, we will close out 171 automated work orders. That is
      what this slide is intended to show us.
22
23
               COMMISSIONER DIAZ: What is the difference? I got
24
      lost between the 143 and the 171.
25
               MR. McELWAIN: There is no one-to-one ratio for
     143 valves and 143 work orders. There have been about 400
1
2
     work orders for motor-operated valves, for the 143 valves.
     There is no one-to-one, bean for bean. But that just shows
3
     when we close out those last 46, we will close 171 of those
      automated work orders.
5
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Now, does completed or closed
7
      out mean that the drawings are updated?
               MR. McELWAIN: The red line drawings are updated.
8
     The testing is complete. The analysis has been done for
9
10
     operability. For example, in the differential pressure
11
      testing, dynamic testing, you have to go through an
12
     operability determination analysis before we say that that
     valve and that work orders are complete. And that will
13
14
               Of the 46, all but four are issued to the field
15
16
     today, and work is approximately 40 percent complete. And
17
      the four that are not issued to the field are boundary
      valves for the alpha training that we are in now. We need
     to get five valves back before we can issue those last four.
19
20
               In the MOD area there are 127 of 182 complete.
21
22
```

The remaining 55, 35 are in progress and will complete with the present alpha training outage, and the remaining 20 are

scheduled to be completed prior to 12/24/97.

CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Let me go back to -- well, it 24 doesn't matter, you can pick either category. But if we go 25

back to the MOVs, you said 97 are complete, and I appreciate 1

what you say about the number of automated work orders

versus the number of valves, but in terms of getting some

4 sense of, you know, of a match-up between the two, if 97,

5 the work, I presume you mean, on 97 MOVs is complete. How

many of the automated work orders does that -- none of them 6

are done, related to that, or --

8 MR. McELWAIN: About 300 of the automated work

9 orders relating to motor-operated valves are done with those 10 97.

11 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: With those 97.

MR. McELWAIN: But the number might be 250, but it 12

13 is --

14

19

20

23

23

CHAIRMAN JACKSON: I understand.

MR. McELWAIN: It is in that range. And it is not 15

16 just the physical work, is through testing complete also.

17 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: So the 171 are associated with

18 the 46 left?

MR. McELWAIN: Yes.

CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Okay.

MR. McELWAIN: In the corrective maintenance area. 21

22 the work for alpha training has been issued and performance

is on schedule to meet completion prior to 12/24/97.

CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Now, again, you know, you 24

25 always have steep work-off curves. I asked the question

your manager and stress on your people. 2 MR. McELWAIN: Yes. CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Do you want to make some 4 5 comments along --MR. McELWAIN: Well, I will tell you that if you looked at the people responsible for these activities right now, they are the opposite of stressed. They are excited 8 because they see the end of their very, very long effort. That is purely my personal judgement, but that is what I 10 11 MR. MORRIS: My team always gets a little upset 12 13 with me when I raise this issue, but if we don't finish this 14 work till after the holidays, so that people can enjoy some 15 time, that would be acceptable with us. But they don't like me to say that. 16 17 MR. KENYON: And it is not that we don't like him 18 to say it. It's really okay. 19 But just to add another comment, Chairman Jackson, 20 the difference between what you are seeing now and what you 21 have seen in previous presentations is that we have had previously a big backlog of work, some of which was 22 23 scheduled. What we have now is a much smaller backlog of 24 work. CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Still big though. 25 MR. KENYON: But this is very do-able. What --1 2 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: But is it scheduled now? MR. KENYON: It is all scheduled and that's --4 that's the key point. What Jack has taken you through is categories of work orders, but they are into an outage schedule that comes to completion before the end of this 6 year. And, you know, if we have a valve testing problem, or whatever, that carries us over into January 5, but everything is scheduled and this is very do-able, and the 10 employees who are doing this work absolutely believe that this can be done in the time frame that is laid out. So 11 this is very achievable. 12 13 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: You know, I asked you this 14 before, and I will ask you every time, and that's why I asked the question about if you complete things and you find 15 16 problems after you have completed them, do you feel that you 17 are appropriately balancing scheduler concerns with 18 comprehensive resolution of the issue? 19 ${\tt MR.}$ McELWAIN: Yes. I can give you what I think 20 is a concrete example. When we have come out of the two major evolutions we were in prior to the alpha training, 21 22 which was the VCT outage, which was a very lot of work 23 involved in that, we did not put pressure on getting into the bravo training outage from a transitional point of view. 2.4 25 We just stayed away from having any perception that we had to force the evolutions to go to meet a certain time frame. It took longer than it would normally take in an 3 outage situation, but that is the situation we are in, so we didn't make a lot of noise about that. The same with going from the bravo training to the alpha training. It took longer than it should have, but where we are at in time, 6 that's okay, and we didn't put any pressure on operations or anyone else to speed it up, to make it happen quicker. 8

CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Now, again, you know, you had a

slide 50, which is the current set, and a slide 47, which

9

10

about stress when you were here before, you know, stress on

```
was the previous, and it mentioned is the key activity
     complete for the OSTI readiness inspection, safety system
12
13
      reviews and alignments?
               MR. McELWAIN: Yes.
15
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Why did you remove that?
16
               MR. McELWAIN: It is part of what is scheduled.
17
      Every system walkdown, system review and the procedure that
     evaluates that system for readiness is in the schedule.
18
19
      They have been working them off.
20
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Presumably, the pre- -- these
21
     other three bullets are in the schedule, too.
22
              MR. McELWAIN: Yeah, but these are really relating
23
     to the physical work end.
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: I see.
24
25
               MR. McELWAIN: The system readiness reviews,
1
      although they are ongoing, are not going to complete prior
2
     to physical work, you wouldn't expect they would.
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Okay. So this is physical
3
4
     readiness.
5
               MR. McELWAIN: Yes.
6
               {\tt MR.} {\tt BROTHERS:} The system readiness reviews will
     be completed prior to the system being required by tech
7
8
     specs, so, in other words, when we go, transition to mode 4,
9
      where most of our tech specs kick in on Unit 3, the system
10
      readiness reviews will be done for all the systems required.
11
     The same thing for mode 3, mode 2.
12
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Okay. Well, when you talk
13
      about, you know, readiness for the operational safety team
14
     inspection, --
15
               MR. McELWAIN: They will be done before that.
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Right. Then you need to, you
16
     know, be comprehensive, as opposed to kind of lifting it off
17
18
     and then saying to me this only has to do with physical
19
     readiness. If it has to do with physical readiness only,
     then you should say it is such.
20
21
               MR. McELWAIN: Yes.
22
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: If it really has to do with the
23
     OSTI, then you should say, you know, --
24
               MR. McELWAIN: Although they aren't related,
25
     certainly.
1
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Obviously, they are related,
2
     but you want to have done the systems reviews and
3
      alignments.
               MR. McELWAIN: Yes.
 4
5
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: And that is the point.
               MR. McELWAIN: This slide introduces the topics to
7
      be covered in the next several slides is all this is for.
8
               Marty talked about the significant items list.
     This is just a graphic representation of where we are at.
     We are on track to meet the unit schedule.
10
11
               The next slides shows our current organizational
12
      assessment for Millstone Unit 3. Our current assessment
      shows that we do not currently meet the overall unit
13
14
     organizational performance levels required to support a
15
     return to operation today, but we believe we are tracking to
     satisfactory and will be at that level, in all departments,
16
17
      to support the current unit schedule. Therefore, as you can
18
     see from the slide, our overall organizational
      self-assessment is yellow.
19
```

20 We have shown significant progress over the first two quarters in basically all of the areas that we have been 21 22 monitoring. So we have been doing it by quarter and now we 23 are doing it monthly. Dave will tell you we also get the same look from oversight from their perspective. Next 24 25 slide.

Operational readiness is on track to support OSTI. As you brought up earlier, there are some questions about 3 where we are with operations and I'll get to that as I go through this a little bit.

CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Are you going to talk about how you addressed the issue with the operator performance? As I recall, a year ago you had six of seven license applicants who failed examinations.

8

9 Are you going to speak to what has been done to 10 correct that and how that plays into the numbers here? 11 MR. McELWAIN: We could. We recognize that was 12 one issue, but yes.

13 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Well, that would be helpful.

MR. McELWAIN: Sure. 14

15 Presently on Unit 3 the requal program is judged 16 to be satisfactory.

CHAIRMAN JACKSON: You are Vice President, Unit 1, 17

18 right?

19

6

MR. McELWAIN: Yes, ma'am.

CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Okav. 20

21 MR. McELWAIN: I understand. Staffing is

22 adequate. We presently have 41 licenses, 28 of which are

23 SROs; 13 are reactor operators.

24 We also have, it's not shown on the slide, 30

25 plant equipment operators.

1 We have a new conduct of operations, which was kind of talked about before. It was approved and issued on 2 September 5th and we are making strides to have everyone embrace that and understand exactly what it means, and that 4 5 was one of the things that the consultant that you mentioned earlier had given me personally as well as Mike some feedback on, and that's the kind of issues he is talking about in operations now, and going to watch the operators perform, it's the same thing you would see if you did it or I did it. 10

11 We have also started to perform at power 12 familiarization at other power plants including Comanche Peak, Vogel, North Anna, and Seabrook. Eleven of the 28 13 14 SROs have participated in this familiarization and the 15 remaining are scheduled for that.

We also have experienced SROs from other utilities 16 17 working with our operations management, particularly one 18 from Virginia Power that's been there for awhile doing I would say a standards intervention.

19 20 We also have recently lined up an intervention 21 from a person who was formerly the Senior Manager of 2.2 Operations at Peach Bottom when they went from a SALP 2 to a SALP 1 and that area is working directly with Ops Management 23

24 and they are having a hands-on, face-to-face time away from

2.5 the plant intervention so everybody gets to understand

1 clearly what all the expectations are going forward.

So we are taking some direct interventions to have

To go back to the original question, six out of the seven failures on Unit 1 license exam in December of '96, we have taken actually a very thorough look at the Licensed Operator Initial Training. We have spent the last nine months of '97 looking at the systematic approach to training and how it applies to the LOIT class. We have looked at every task, analyzed them all. 10 11 Dave analyzed the organization. The training 12 people worked very well with the unit to develop and get 13 ready to implement in February, probably late February, early March of 1998, another Licenced Operator Initial 14 15 Training class for Unit 1. MR. KENYON: But I think what needs to be added 16 17 here is that as a result of those training failures and a lot of work we had a class go forward on Unit 3, a total of 18 19 eight. 20 MR. McELWAIN: Eight for eight. 21 MR. KENYON: And eight out of eight passed at 22 either the SRO or our reactor operator level that they were 23 put up for. CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Let me give you some advice. 24 25 Now you are here -- you are talking to us and you want us to focus on Unit 3 and we are certainly here to hear that, because that is the station that the reactor you have lined up for early start, but all three of your reactors are shut down because of some systemic issues, and therefore it is important, you know, if you are asked a question about it that you think about it within the context of all your 6 7 units. 8 MR. McELWAIN: Thank you. MR. KENYON: Thank you. 9 10 MR. McELWAIN: Next slide, please. 11 The following significant milestones have been achieved, particularly in the area of Operations. 12 The reactor coolant system fill, sweep, and vent 13 was done very well. This was perceived to be very well done 14 15 and event-free by both the line and the oversight 16 organizations. 17 The spent fuel pool anti-siphon modifications are complete, and the implementation was very well performed, 18 19 but we did not, going into it, have it clearly, 20 well-planned, as well as it could have been planned, from both a tech spec perspective as well as an actual execution. 21 The reason I bring that us is because it is 22 23 accurate and to tell you that the input we got from 24 oversight in the pre-planning process made this evolution happen as well as it did. It speaks very well from my 25 perspective to positive intervention from oversight and adding value to something that is a very complex process, 2 3 but the end result was it was very well executed. The containment basemat physical work is complete 5 and the preliminary core bore results are acceptable, and as 6 I mentioned earlier, the Bravo train outage is complete and the Alpha train is in progress. The last slide shows the Unit 3 milestone schedule. I have already talked a little bit about the Tier 2, Tier 3 -- Tier 2 and 3. The plant will be physically

ready or on track to meet this milestone by the end of the

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an impact on the perception of operator readiness.

well as a 40.500 ready for Mode 4 operations presently 13 scheduled in January also and ready for OSTI in 2-98 timeframe. 15 16 In conclusion I believe we are on track to meet all these milestones in support of the Unit 3 schedule. 17 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Where do you stand on emergency 18 preparedness? There was an inspection report, 97203, that 19 20 noted some problem areas. 21 MR. McELWAIN: Having participated in a graded 22 exercise and looking at the results of the programmatic look I was encouraged by the results of the graded exercise 23 24 itself and the level of performance of the participants, 2.5 recognizing that from the dose assessment piece as well as 1 some of the procedural issues about maintenance of those procedures and of facilities that was more disheartening. but it is fixable. 3 We have been working diligently since the exit, not waiting for the report to come out, to have plans in place to remedy the issues that were brought up during that 6 inspection. 7 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: So you are saying you are developing plans to specifically address all of those? 9 10 MR. BOWLING: Well, I'll just add we will be 11 speaking with the Region Staff next week on this subject. An extensive amount of corrective action on the 12 13 program has taken place. However, we did have some dose assessment calculational issues. 14 15 In the currently ongoing Tier 2 inspection, the 16 inspectors have brought up some issues in this area. Our 17 own self-assessment tells us we need to look more at this 18 area and we have formed a team that's already just started to -- actually brought an external consultant in, into this 19 area, to make sure that what we have is correct and meets 20 21 all the requirements. MR. KENYON: I would like to give a little broader 22 23 answer though, because we are working on certain very 2.4 discrete issues in the emergency planning area, but in terms of the performance of the overall exercise and how the individuals involved in responding to the situation and dealing with it and the performance of outside agencies and 3 so forth, I am quite comfortable sitting here today saying we have an effective program. We just have certain things we need to address. 5 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: I'm sorry, please. COMMISSIONER McGAFFIGAN: Can I ask one question 8 about what morale is like back at Unit 1 at the moment? 9 Have other workers also been assigned to the other 10 two units to do work, and what is the situation there? MR. McELWAIN: Morale honestly ebbs and flows on 11 Unit 1 depending on where we are in time and what the latest 12 13 analyst says in the Wall Street Journal and things like that 14 do have a direct and immediate impact. Yesterday we had an all-hands meeting from the 15 16 entire unit staff, and we went over the Vision and Mission 17 for 1998 and all of the questions centered around finances and the ability to support what we need to do to get Unit 1 18 ready in 1998. 19 20 But to answer the other part of your question, 21 currently we have approximately 40 maintenance I&C; people

year. The NRC in-scope SFFI is scheduled for January as

22 working on Unit 3 so they are having that sense of

23 accomplishment. They are very busy.

24 At the same time, we have been able to maintain

25 our shutdown risk status as Green while still doing some

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1 work. For example, we had the gas turbine outage and

earlier this week we had a very brief planned diesel

3 generator outage, so we are doing a lot of things but mostly

right now the physical workers are supporting Unit 3 and

5 what is currently happening on the ICAVP or CMP for Unit 1,

so morale does ebb and flow.

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7 Yesterday it wasn't nearly as bad as it was a week

before, but it does change depending on the kind of

information they get, and most of it is from outside.

COMMISSIONER McGAFFIGAN: Is that a distraction to

11 the site as a whole at all, the ebb and flow?

12 MR. McELWAIN: I think my perception is that the

Unit 3 people for example understand the impact of what we

 $14\,$ $\,$ are doing on 3 and not doing on 1 has, and I believe the

interaction is very positive and they do ask me routinely the same question you asked me, which is good. This is an

issue that we are all very aware of. As Jack says, you can

18 imagine the impact on the people when they read and hear

19 things about Unit 1 but it is an issue that we are trying

20 very hard to be straightforward and open with so that they

21 have a clear picture of where we're going. But it is

22 something that we are tuned in to.

23 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Okay. Anything else.

24 MR. McELWAIN: That's it.

25 Dave?

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1 MR. GOEBEL: Good morning. Today, we will provide

2 you a synopsis of nuclear oversights, readiness for restart

and how I am assessing the readiness of the Millstone units

4 for restart.

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First, I will discuss senior management's success criteria for nuclear oversight and then I will discuss the nuclear oversight restart verification plan or NORVP and

8 some of the specific results from that plan.

9 Let me start with the success criteria for nuclear

10 oversight. There are three success criteria.

11 First, that the Nuclear Safety Assessment Board or

12 NSAB has confirmed the effectiveness of nuclear oversight.

13 They have done that. The NSAB has reviewed oversight's

14 performance and stated that oversight has effectively

15 performed its 10 CFR 50 Appendix B functions.

16 Let me make it clear however that this vote of 17 confidence means to me that we have met the minimum

18 expectations for recovery and I intend on making additional

19 improvements to our current state before restart.

20 The second criterion is problems that are being

identified by Millstone organizations prior to external

22 agencies well before events occur. Last month, looking at

the station, about 90 percent of all condition reports were identified by Millstone nuclear organizations. Marty has

already addressed that. Over the past six months, 92

1 percent of all condition reports have been self-identified

2 by NU. Oversight, that is the line and nuclear oversight,

3 are therefore meaningless success criteria.

The third success criteria is that management 4 embraces oversight's assessments. This chart shows that the 5 unit and support organizations have been working to address the nuclear oversight to generate the condition reports. You can see that the total number of condition reports that 8 are open, that is need evaluations and corrective action plans, have dropped significantly since the first half of 10 the year. The number now is less than 35. 11 I might add that I am still assessing our ability 13 to close out the corrective actions associated with the CRs 14 which are being written and by closed out, I mean the necessary corrective actions have been completed and were 15 16 effective in addressing the initial problem. Marty has 17 talked to the team which the line organizations have set up in order to go back and look at old CRs. I have a separate team which is doing a similar effort to show that we have an 19 20 independent view of what the success rate is in that area. 21 Thus far, my initial look says that the conditions 22 have improved. We have gone back and looked at 44 condition 23 report packages and within those packages are 257 individual 24 actions that had to be taken and our evaluations on a 25 grading system went up above 15 percent on capability and

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put clearly into the satisfactory range.

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Let me now turn to how we are assessing unit 2 3 readiness for restart, the nuclear oversight restart verification plan. First, we identified 22 key issues such 4 as corrective action, leadership, self-assessment, training 5 and then some functional areas such as security and emergency preparedness and that provided us the strategic focus for the plan. Then we developed a list of critical attributes to examine for each issue. The attributes were 10 drawn from NRC documents such as inspection guides and 11 manual chapters. Such as, for instance, manual chapter 0350, which are staff guidelines for restart approval and 12 from industry guidance. For instance, the INPO performance 13 objectives as criteria for operating nuclear generating 14 stations. We also took attributes from the NU success 15 16 criteria and the NU standards and management expectations. 17 To assess and score these attributes, we developed a score sheet to grade all activities to perform on a zero 18 19 to 100 scale. The form we use is in the backup book. In 20 brief, the way the scoring works is this. Fifty points 21 relate to the quality of the task performed so that if there 22 is a programmatic weakness in the task that is being 23 performed, it would get a very low score and if it is an

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clear expectation for trained people, clear procedures, was
there teamwork involved, was there good self-checking and
self-assessment involved.

industry strength, it would get a high score. And 50 points

are allocated to the human side of the equation, with a

We then take the scores developed throughout the
entire organization and create a report for each issue. The
report includes a numerical score and very specific review
of strengths and weaknesses which are identified during that
particular evaluation period. On the report that we provide
back to the line organization, we also list those attributes
which specifically require attention in order to move the
issue into the satisfactory overall range. This information
is then shared throughout the line and support

13 organizations.

15 nuclear oversight restart verification plan for Unit 3 for the past several weeks. We are now actively viewing 20 16 areas for both Unit 3 and Unit 2. Five of the areas are 17 common or site-wide issues such as emergency preparedness 18 19 and security. 20 As is aid, we use our normal audit, surveillance, field observation and other processes as part of our 21 22 verification plan, grade each of the activities on a zero to 23 100 scale and then average the scores on a bi-weekly basis. 2.4 Last week, we had over 450 observations. 25 In order to improve our observation of oversight activities, I have also grouped the issues into three areas. Readiness for the 4500 inspection of corrective actions and 3 self-assessment, physical plant readiness and readiness for the operational safety team inspection and I will provide my recommendation to the president and the CNO as to whether nuclear oversight believes the unit is ready for the NRC to 6 come in and conduct its inspections. What I would like to do now is go over a couple of 8 9 these issues with you. Conduct of operations. This is one of the most important issues. As you can see, there is a 10 11 standby for each evaluation period which represents the 12 average score of all the attributes which were assessed in 13 that period. And you can see that the trend of the scores over several weeks is generally upward. 14 15 You can also see the scores required to achieve a 16 color. For example, a score between 70 and 100 is green or 17 satisfactory. You can see that operations is hovering near 18 green or satisfactory performance. 19 We have some strengths in operations. For example, control room decorum is very good. There are few 20 21 distractions allowed and communications is a notable 22 improvement area. Enunciated response is also meeting industry standards. But there are also some areas that need 23 24 25 We feel that there is inconsistency in performance 1 between the operating crews. Maintaining configuration 2 control is not as rigorous as we want them to be and, by that, I mean valve mispositioning and that sort of thing. Operators in the field need to actively monitor the 4 5 housekeeping industrial safety practices of other departments that are in the field. We take those and then after each grading period feed that back to the line and 8 have a lot of discussion between my lead person and the lead people on the line. 10 The next slide shows work control and planning 11 which is also another critical issue. Here, you see again 12 there are some ups and downs over the past few weeks and generally you can see that work control process is 13 14 improving. 15 Now, the areas in which improvement is needed here 16 are greater focus on completing the PMs and surveillances on 17 time, ensuring that work is not released to the field with 18 wrong or insufficient parts and ensuring the post maintenance testing requirements are not changed without 19 20 proper authorizations. 21 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: How are you saying on this 22 slide and the previous one that it's improving? I mean, it

On the next slide, what you see is results, the

23 seems like the bar graphs are going the other way, but maybe

24 it's my imagination.

25 MR. GOEBEL: Chairman, these are individual,

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1 bi-weekly forms.

CHAIRMAN JACKSON: So you are saying if you have

3 more integrated data

4 MR. GOEBEL: Right, and it's gradually as a whole

5 coming up.

6 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Okay.

MR. GOEBEL: I mean, for instance, there may be 10

8 pages of attributes. We don't get them all every week so

it's --

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10 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Okay.

11 MR. GOEBEL: Then when you look at procedure

12 quality and adherence, you can see that there has been

13 steady improvement in the degree and range.

14 Now, if you go back and take Marty's comment that

15 there was a procedural change in the standards back near the

16 end of September and you compare that against the chart,

17 what you see is it took a little bit of time for that to

take hold but as those improved standards took hold, then

19 the performance improved. So there is a tie -- unknowingly,

there is a tie in the process. I mean, if there are

21 improvements made, the process is able to pick that up.

22 That's the point I'm trying to make.

23 What I've tried to do is just present a sampling

24 of the results from the verification plan process and what

25 I've provided you in your backup materials is all of the

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1 issues from both Unit 2 and Unit 3.

In conclusion, I would like to state that nuclear

oversight believes that restart readiness is within reach.

4 The NSAB has confirmed that nuclear oversight is effective

5 $\,$ in carrying out its 10 CFR 50 Appendix B duties and we are

continuing to improve our performance through internal

7 self-assessment, external assist visits from industry

8 experts and improvement plans. Line management is listening

to our findings and appreciates the insights provided by

10 oversight.

11 I can conclude therefore that, based on the

12 objective evidence being provided through our verification

plan assessments, audits and surveillances that we do, field

14 observations and inspections, that the station is focusing

15 management attention on the correct issues and is

16 demonstrating improvement in the key issue areas and a

17 restart of Unit 3 in the first quarter of '98 is an

18 achievable goal.

19 Subject to any further questions, I will pass it

20 back to Bruce.

21 COMMISSIONER DICUS: Back on slide 7, I assume

that your response to my previous question would be I guess

23 the same as the response to the Chairman's questions on the

24 previous graphs. Again, the statement and the graphs just

25 don't quite seem to meet.

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1 MR. GOEBEL: Right. In the radiation protection

2 area, again, we don't get all the attributes on any one

3 week. And, for instance, the latest one, just to give you
4 an example of the type of information we go back with on the

observations we had, positive points that got fed back to

the organization was a good team spirit within the RP organization, when they interface with other departments, good ALARA practices are present, a lot of proactive planning briefs and coaching for rad work and practices improvement, positive self-assessment planning for the 10 11 three-year to complete the RP program review so there are 12 some positive long-range things that we are looking at to 13 make themselves better. 14 But we did find a problem as well in this 15 particular week and one of those problems was that there was 16 a meeting that determined a certain performance criteria 17 which they are setting for their own windows evaluation, 18 their own criteria needed some buffing up, that it wasn't as strong a criteria set as we felt you ought to have. It was 19 not as -- it was more subjective than we would like to see. 20 The types of things which we recommended are major 21 22 areas to continue strong work on is basically continue there 23 from and have people comply with the various RP controls and 24 you have to constantly stay at that and continue to work synergistically with the rest of the organization. 25 1 So those are the types of things that we feed back to the organization on a biweekly basis. And then I, in my 2 interface with the officers at the frequent meetings we have, I point out either in writing or verbally those key areas that I see really need work if they want to get on to 6

the time lines which they have set. CHAIRMAN JACKSON: You mentioned earlier at an earlier point when we were talking about oversight a lack of familiarization with people in your organization with the 10 plant. Where do the people in your organization come from? 11 What are their backgrounds? I don't see their backgrounds --12 13 MR. GOEBEL: No, I understand. 14 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: I mean, where do they fit within the overall corporate organization. 15 MR. GOEBEL: A lot of the folks -- I'm not even 17 sure I can qualify a lot. Some of the folks have been in 18 oversight for some time and are not licensed operators and 19 they have had -- they may have come from engineering, have 20 an engineering background. They may have come out of a function associated with a plant which does not put them in 21 22 the direct licensing path so they don't get the true 23 operational feel for the plant. And we have some folks that

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have had increased experience in all the key issue areas where we have to have expertise. So when I've gone out 3 shopping for people, I've looked at it from the standpoint of what skill sets we need to fill and I've gone after those particular skill sets. And some of those folks, although 5 they have an individual specialty skill set, they don't know 6 these systems because they came from someplace else. 8 So the outside consultants' comment to us was not 9 that your folks are not knowledgeable because they are 10 knowledgeable but, on these particular systems, you need to get them out so they really understand these systems and 11 12 that was the tenor of the comment -- that was the tenor of 13 the conversation.

we've -- some of the skill that we've brought in from the outside, we've particularly tried to go after people who

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CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Does the line organization

respect your organization? 15 MR. GOEBEL: I think the answer to that is ves. 16 17 but I will say that it is up and down. It has been up and down and we -- it's something 18 that we all have to continue to work at. 19 20 I have it work at it on my side so that -- I think 21 in this business you earn respect and I have got to provide 22 a quality product so that the line has a reason to respect 23 24 On the other side, on the line side, if they don't 25 respect it they need to come back with constructive 1 criticism on how to make that work and we are making that 2 dual loop work for us. MR. MORRIS: I would tell you that that respect is 3 growing from points that I have been checking on, that very issue. It is very important to us that that be the case and it is there and it is growing, but there is work to be done. 6 MR. KENYON: In closing, I would like to restate our challenged somewhat differently. 8 First, to directly address the leadership 10 challenges at Millstone it was necessary to establish a new 11 leadership team and to regain the confidence of our employees. This has been achieved. I have a lot of 12 13 confidence in this leadership team. 14 Second, our challenge has been to set the proper standards, and in so doing address the various site issues 15 16 which have been the major performance problems at Millstone, 17 and I want to pause here to really acknowledge our 1.8 receptivity to the advice that you gave earlier in the 19 meeting. 20 These are site issues. Some of these site issues 21 can only be looked at as site issues -- emergency planning, security. I mean these are clearly issues that there's no 22 23 way to subdivide. 2.4 There are other issues such as the restoration of the design and licensing basis where the standards that must 25 be met are site standards, but you can talk about where a particular unit is in relation to those standards -- issues of work backlog and effectiveness of how we do business. We want to have a common way of doing business but 5 then you can talk backlog on a particular unit, so we are 6 very sensitive that what we are about is to some extent it is getting a particular unit ready but what I have said from our very first meeting is that the fundamental problem at 8 MIllstone was leadership and the ensuing issues that are 10 site issues in terms of how leadership functioned. 11 So we recognize that what we have to do even 12 though we are getting ready to say to you that we think a 13 particular unit is ready to go, we have to have addressed the site issues in order for a unit to be in a reasonable 14 place to start up, so we certainly acknowledge the advice 15 16 you have given us. 17 With regard to the site issues, I want to make two 18 19 First is that in contrast to my last briefing with 2.0

points.

First is that in contrast to my last briefing wit you, our last briefing with you, I do believe we are on a success path, tracking to satisfaction, for all of the issues, and as I indicated earlier, most of the issues are going to reach satisfaction in January and the remaining three in February.

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25 But I really want to emphasize something I said earlier in response to one of your questions, and that is that we absolutely recognize that reaching satisfaction for 2 startup is not the end of the road for us. This has got to 3 be part of a long-term effort toward excellence. 5 Taking safety conscious work environment as an 6 example, we absolutely know that the training that we have in progress, which we think is excellent training and it is 8 what our management team needs, this can't be the end of 9 training on this issue. This can't be the end of emphasis 10 on this issue. This has got to be part of our ongoing how we do 11 12 13 The same thinking applies for all of the other 14 site issues that we have. Improvements must continue as part of a long-term plan to achieve excellence. This plan 15 16 is under development and will be addressed to you at our 17 next meeting. 18 A third challenge has been to reduce the large 19 backlog of work to a manageable level with the achievement 20 of physical readiness around the end of this month. I think 21 that challenge will have largely been met. The fourth and final challenge I want to mention 22 2.3 is to prepare the unit for operation. 24 In January, following achieving physical 25 readiness, we'll be ready for Mode 4. That will allow us to ANN RILEY & ASSOCIATES, LTD. Court Reporters 1250 I Street, N.W., Suite 300 Washington, D.C. 20005 (202) 842-0034 96 1 heat the plant up. That will allow us to really exercise operations and we need to do that to satisfy ourselves that the operating folks are really ready to go, because up to now they have been largely dealing with not only a shut down plant but it's been mostly system lineups and what do you do

3 6 to support work over here versus work over there, and we have really got to get them back into an operating mode for 8 our own purposes in preparation for startup and to achieve 10 readiness for the NRC's operational safety team inspection 11 in early February. 12 Chairman Jackson and Commissioners, I truly believe we are on the home stretch for Unit 3 in recovering 13 our first Millstone unit, and I look forward to our next 14 15 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Thank you. Mr. Morris, do you 17 have any final comments you wish to make? 18 MR. MORRIS: No, I do not, Chairman Jackson. 19 Thank you very much for your time and attention and the 20 questions. 21 I think our team learned a lot today. CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Thank you. While the next 22 group, which I believe -- I see the various consultant 23 24 groups coming forward. We are going to take a five-minute break.

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1 [Recess.] 2 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Good morning. I think it is still the morning. 3 I think we will hear in turn from Sargent & Lundy 5 and then from Parsons Power and why don't you just begin. 6 You can identify yourselves and proceed. MR. ERLER: Good morning Chairman Jackson and 8 Commissioners. I am Brian Erler, Senior Vice President, 9 Sargent & Lundy, and Project Director for the ICAVP. As we did last time, we will be going through some 10 of the general information that applies to both Parsons and 11 12 our work and then a report in detail on the status of where 13 we are at. With me is Don Schopfer. Vice President and 14 15 Manager of the Sargent & Lundy ICAVP and he will be 16 presenting the data in detail. 17 MR. SCHOPFER: Good morning. 18 The first slide. 19 We have some background information and some refresher information on the structure and the processes 20 21 used on the ICAVP for both units. As described in the commission paper written by the staff, the ICAVP is being performed in a three-tiered process. The tier one reviews 23 or, excuse me, verifies that the system meets the licensing 24 and design basis and system functionality. The tier two ANN RILEY & ASSOCIATES LTD Court Reporters 1250 I Street, N.W., Suite 300 Washington, D.C. 20005 (202) 842-0034 1 review verifies that the system design parameters relied on to mitigate the consequences of accidents analyzed in Chapter 15 of the FSAR are consistent with the performance of the current system configuration. And the tier three review verifies that the configuration control processes used by Northeast Utilities at Millstone have not introduced 6 7 any changes that have put the unit in nonconformance with its licensing and design basis. The majority of the work is being performed in the tier one, that is where the majority 9 10 of the effort is being spent. 11 The NRC staff and Sargent & Lundy and Parsons have developed a common process for reporting the findings 12 13 identified during the review process. These findings are 14 called discrepancy reports. As I go through, this is how we stepped through that discrepancy report process. 15 16 An individual reviewer initiates a preliminary DR. 17 It then undergoes an internal review process within Sargent & Lundy or Parsons, as the case may be. Upon completing 18 19 that process, the preliminary DR is issued to Northeast 20 Utilities, the NRC staff and the NEAC, Nuclear Energy Advisory Council of the State of Connecticut and it is 21 22 posted on the web site. 23 Northeast Utilities evaluates that preliminary DR 2.4 and submits a response back to us and we then review that response and either return it to them with additional ANN RILEY & ASSOCIATES, LTD. Court Reporters 1250 I Street, N.W., Suite 300

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comments or we may close it at that time based on their
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     response.
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Did you look at proposing any
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      alternatives, for example, in sampling? You know, based on
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      what you find?
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               MR. SCHOPFER: We have developed sampling programs
      for certain aspects of the review. When we do that, we
     submit that to the staff for their acceptance.
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               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Right. But, I mean, are they
     renormalized by what you find? Did you suggest additional
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     samples, enlargement, different techniques?
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               MR. SCHOPFER: We have not made a change in those
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      things that we have sampled as a result of that.
              DRs are closed based on our review and acceptance
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      of the NU responses. The NU response to a discrepancy
     report, a preliminary discrepancy report is, it expected to
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     include whether they agree with the condition that we have
     identified as a discrepancy, whether they have
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     previously -- had previously identified that during their
     configuration management program and, if they have not
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     previously -- if they agree that it is a discrepancy and
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     they have not previously identified it, they identify what
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     action has been taken or will be taken to correct that
     particular discrepancy. And whether they agree with the
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     significant level that we have established for the DR and if
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      there is any impact, specifically on plant hardware. And,
     in the case of generic or programmatic issues, the response
      should address the extent or condition that may exist with
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      the discrepancy.
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: How does this discrepancy
      report process allow you to get at the tier three aspect? I
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      understand that in doing the discrepancy report you could
      verify that the system -- whether it meets its licensing or
     design basis, you could verify that the system parameters
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     correspond to the actual performance. You know, the design
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     parameters correspond to the performance.
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              But how do you verify in this process that the
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      configuration control processes have not introduced changes
     that would put or that have put the unit into
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     nonconformance?
               MR. SCHOPFER: Well, part of the tier three as we
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     will show a little bit later what the scope is, part of the
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     tier three is review of corrective actions and we review the
      corrective action process to see that they have done an
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     adequate job in resolving the issue that is identified.
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               On some of the past changes, we look at did they
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    make that design change appropriately and not -- this is
    outside of the tier one systems -- did they make those
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2.4
     design changes or those procedure changes without making the
     other appropriate changes to the design basis and licensing
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CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Does that get captured in the
3
     discrepancy report?
               MR. SCHOPFER: Yes, it does. Everything that is
     in noncompliance with what our expectations are, our
5
     checklists and the scope of the review plan, is identified
6
7
      as a discrepancy report.
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: So you are actually looking at
9
      process as well as looking at the actual confirmed DR with
10
      design and licensing? Okay.
               MR. SCHOPFER: The DRs, when they are closed,
11
12
     based on the review of the NU response, may be categorized
     into three different areas. It may be a confirmed DR and
13
     that is one that is not -- a discrepancy that has not been
14
15
      previously identified by the Northeast Utilities
      configuration management program, or it may be identified as
17
     previously identified, categorized as previously identified,
18
     which means they did in fact identify it prior to the start
     of the ICAVP and we were not able to discern that during our
     review process, or we may agree that it is, in fact, a
20
21
      nondiscrepant condition based on some additional information
22
      they submit with their response.
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Are you going to talk about how
23
24
     your discrepancy reports break out between the tier one,
    tier two and tier three categories?
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               MR. SCHOPFER: I have some of that --
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: And are there any conclusions,
      even preliminarily, on the strengths and weaknesses of the
 3
 4
     licensee's programs as a consequence that you can make?
               MR. SCHOPFER: And I will address that.
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Okay.
 6
               {\tt MR.} SCHOPFER: There are four levels of
     discrepancy report significance that have been established
     for the ICAVP. They are noted here on this slide. A level
10
     one is a discrepancy that results in a system not meeting
11
     its design licensing basis and cannot perform its intended
     function when both trains of that particular system are
12
13
     affected. Level two is similar except that only one train
14
      of a redundant system is affected.
15
               Level three is a discrepancy that -- under which
16
     the system is also not meeting its design and licensing
17
     basis but it does not render that system incapable of
     performing its intended function.
18
19
              A level four DR is a discrepancy that is a minor
20
     technical error in a calculation or a procedural change that
21
     is not significant in terms that it made -- allowed someone
22
    to do something incorrectly on a large number of processes,
23
     or it is inconsistency perhaps between documents.
              CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Let me ask you this question.
2.4
25
      In looking at the level three significance level, do you
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- look at -- if a system doesn't meet its licensing and design
- 2 basis but is capable of performing its intended function,
- 3 are you reviewing as part of that or evaluating as part of

```
that whether the licensee has done an analysis to in fact
     demonstrate that the system is capable of performing its
      intended function?
               MR. SCHOPFER: We are not doing the analysis -- an
8
     analysis, per se, to verify.
9
              CHAIRMAN JACKSON: No, no, no. I'm saying, are
10
     you verifying that they have done that?
              MR. SCHOPFER: Yes. Yes, that is part of our
11
12
      expectation of receiving a response on a level three, that
13
      they have done that review and convinced us that -- and
     provided the results of that analysis to show that that
14
15
     discrepancy in fact does not render that inoperable.
16
              CHAIRMAN JACKSON: And are you keeping track of
17
     whether that analysis was already existing or whether it is
      analysis that is done in response to your query?
18
               MR. SCHOPFER: Yes, we are looking at that.
19
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: And my last question is, are
20
21
     you overlaying on all of this a risk ranking in terms of in
22
    the various tiers and looking at what you found? That's
    probably reflected in the systems in fact that you are
23
24
     reviewing?
25
              MR. SCHOPFER: Yes. We have not done that in
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     terms of risk ranking but the selection of the systems was
     based on risk ranking.
              CHAIRMAN JACKSON: And then one last thing. When
     you look at what the licensee has done in terms of its
     analysis, do you -- do you review whether that analysis is
     done from the point of view of capturing the things that
6
7
     have the greatest risk or safety significance?
               MR. SCHOPFER: Yes.
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Okav, thanks.
9
               MR. SCHOPFER: That is basically the last of my
10
11
      comments on the overall ICAVP process for both units and
     this will begin the discussion now of Unit 3 specific ICAVP.
12
13
     As a background, again, the scope of the tier one review for
14
     Unit 3 is as shown here. The systems identified,
      servicewater, QSS, RSS system, three HVAC systems that
15
16
      includes the supplemental leakage collection and release
17
     system, the aux building ventilation system and the
18
      emergency diesel generator room ventilation system. And the
     fourth system, fourth set of systems is the diesel generator
19
     and associated support systems.
20
21
               The -- each of these systems, and this constitutes
      I think about 14 of the 88 maintenance rule group one and
22
     two systems at Millstone Unit 3. The designations at the
23
2.4
     bottom of that slide are the shorthand notations we have
    used for that grouping of systems in our -- in our process.
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               In addition to the systems, the specific systems
     listed there, the review also includes the electrical power
```

In addition to the systems, the specific systems
listed there, the review also includes the electrical power
feeds from each component up to the first motor control
center feeding that and then a load path review which is a

```
somewhat less detailed review from that particular motor
     control center back to the diesel generator. Also, the INC
      signals that interface with these systems from other systems
      are also included in that review process.
8
              CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Let me ask you this quick
9
10
     question. Can you describe a couple of the DRs that were
11
     not identified by the licensee's Configuration Management
12
      Program and what significance you would attach to them?
13
               MR. SCHOPFER: Sure. We have one that is in
     process right now that was submitted. We responded and we
14
15
     returned it back to them, asking for additional -- to
     address other aspects. That was a containment penetration
     design that is fixed on both ends of the inside and outside
17
18
     the containment, plates that are welded on and this
19
     penetration is welded at both ends.
20
               The RSS system temperature went up as part of some
21
     of the changes in the RSS modifications that was talked
22
    about previously, went up to 257 degrees and that
23
    temperature change on that penetration itself being welded
24
      at both ends was not addressed.
               It is a calculation error that we identified that
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     needs to be addressed, and that is a safety or significance
1
    level 3 item, a significance level 3 item where a corrective
2
    action was done. This is a Tier 3 review. The corrective
     action document we reviewed did not address everything that
      needed to be addressed including the procurement of
     environmentally qualified terminal blocks. That was a level
 6
7
               Level 4s -- you probably don't want me to identify
     level 4s. There's multiple examples of those but is that
9
10
     sufficient?
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: If I jump ahead to your last
11
12
     slide, that's not to say you can't talk about the ones in
13
     between --
              MR. SCHOPFER: Thanks.
14
15
              [Laughter.]
16
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: I note that over half of those,
17
     the DRs, that were acceptable and closed were not identified
18
     by the licensee's Configuration Management Program and you
19
     heard me talk about that earlier.
              MR. SCHOPFER: Yes.
              CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Is there any significance that
21
22
     you attach to that or that we should attach to that?
23
               MR. SCHOPFER: Well, I think we have to sort that
     out in total when we are finished here, but at this point a
2.4
     couple things to note, I guess.
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               Of those 38, only two have been confirmed as level
     3's. I did mention one of those, which was a terminal block
     EO.
4
               The rest have been level 4s.
 5
               Many of them have been calculation errors. The
```

last slide is in fact the slide that is on the screen now,

```
which is a couple slides added to what perhaps was submitted
      earlier, but that summary shows the type and discrepancy
     level of the 38 closed DRs.
10
               You can see that they are mostly in the
11
      calculation area. There are some in the basically as-built
12
     configuration, the installation implementation, and some in
13
     the licensing documents, but what this may indicate is that
14
     the Configuration Management Program and the ICAVP are not a
15
      one-for-one that they did exactly the same thing and exactly
16
     the same depth.
17
              I think particularly in the calculation area, we
18
     have done a detailed review of all the calculations on these
19
     systems and the CMP program performed by NU did not
     necessarily go to that level of detail for all those
20
21
      calculations.
22
               That is why you will see a number of those as not
23
     previously identified.
24
              CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Okay, thank you.
              MR. SCHOPFER: Okay. The slide that shows the
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      scope of Tier 1 system review has the four system
     designators, the shorthand designators, at the top and it
     identifies the magnitude of the scope of the review really,
     and I am not going to go through any of these numbers other
    than the fact that these are the system requirements for
     each system. The numbers of calculations are the numbers of
      the various documents including the corrective action
     documents in the NU system that were reviewed as part of
8
     this.
9
10
              Again, this is where the majority of the ICAVP
11
     process has been.
              The Tier 2 review scope included all of the
12
13
      accidents analyzed in Chapter 15 of the Millstone 3 FSAR.
     It included 22 systems that are used to mitigate the
14
15
     consequences of an accident and 230 critical characteristics
16
     that were identified from the review of the accident
17
     analysis and verified.
18
              Those critical characteristics were submitted to
19
     the Staff for their acceptance and they concurred or
20
     commented on those.
21
              The intent of the Tier 3 review is to review
    various changed processes on a greater number of systems
22
23
    than the Tier 1 does and to verify that the design and
2.4
     licensing basis has in fact been maintained.
      We reviewed the current NU change processes and
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     that included 11 changed processes, 20 procedures, and 8
2
    chapters of their Design Control Manual.
              We also reviewed the implementation of those
     current processes, and those procedures basically were new
4
      as of earlier this year.
               We had some additional corrective action reviews
```

that were selected, sample selected by the NRC Staff outside

```
the past at various times, all the way back to the 1985-86
      timeframe to see that changes made then did not adversely
10
11
     impact the licensing and design basis.
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Now I noted that the Tier 1
12
      review is scheduled to be completed on Monday. Are you
13
      going to make that schedule? It's the 15th of December.
14
               MR. SCHOPFER: The Tier 3 review.
15
16
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Tier 3, right.
17
               MR. SCHOPFER: Tier 3 review, yes. Yes, in fact,
18
     we are, and the tier -- and the next slide shows that the
     Tier 2 review is in fact complete from the discovery phase,
19
20
     and I'll just mention that.
21
              That is the discovery portion of the reviews that
22
     we are talking here. Obviously we have to get the responses
23
     from NU for the discrepancy reports and evaluate them, and
2.4
    then basically analyze the results and submit a final
    report, but our review process will be done on the dates
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     that are shown here in terms of identifying issues and
1
      writing the discrepancy reports that may have to be written.
2
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Mr. McGaffigan.
               COMMISSIONER McGAFFIGAN: Could I ask, the
4
5
     schedule that we had back in August obviously was about
     three months --
6
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Your mike is not on.
               COMMISSIONER McGAFFIGAN: The schedule we had back
9
      in August contemplated dates about three months earlier than
10
     these dates.
               Was that always -- you hinted at the time that
11
12
     there were problems and maybe with additional resources you
      could keep to it, but it was going to be a stretch.
13
              Was it always close to "mission impossible" to
     have kept to anything like that schedule?
15
16
               MR. SCHOPFER: During the August meeting we said
     we were evaluating the schedule. We had just gotten the
17
18
     additional systems and we were evaluating what it would take
19
      to do that.
20
               We did in fact change by about two months, I
21
     believe, from the date that we established after this
22
     meeting in August. We established I think an October date
     at that time -- or, excuse me, a November date, and now it
     is two months beyond that.
24
25
              COMMISSIONER McGAFFIGAN: Since I have the floor,
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     I will ask one other question that is a hypothetical
     question and those are probably always -- your counsel would
     tell you to avoid answering it, but let me ask it anyways --
              [Laughter.]
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: That never stops Commissioner
 5
     McGaffigan.
               COMMISSIONER McGAFFIGAN: I'll ask you -- it would
8
     help me if you could answer it.
               If we took a top quartile plant, you know, INPO 1,
```

of the Tier 1 systems and some 280 changes that were done in

```
SALP 1, or 1.24-5 plant and subjected them to the same
11
      inspection that you have been doing, how would Millstone be
12
     different? Do you mean compare? How would Millstone
      compare? We have gone through a very extensive process and
13
      there are relatively small numbers of discrepancies, or
14
15
     levels -- levels of the discrepancies are not very
16
     significant, it looks like. I mean two level 3's and 30-odd
     level 4's.
17
18
               Take a top plant, you know, that you may have some
19
     experience with. If they went in -- I mean --
              CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Would they look the same?
2.0
21
               COMMISSIONER McGAFFIGAN: Would they look the
22
     same?
              MR. SCHOPFER: No, they wouldn't necessarily look
23
     the same, but you would have -- you would still have a
24
     number of discrepancy reports written on the basis that this
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     program was set up on. The level of detail, and looking
     back at calculations done, I said -- I talked about changes
     made in -- processes made in '85 and '86. We are looking at
     calculations done perhaps in '70s and early '80s, and other
      plants that are in that category would have some issues with
     calculations done at that time also.
6
               That doesn't mean they are not significant. But
     there would -- I am sure there would be some differences in
     terms of the numbers and the type. But there would be
10
     issues like this.
               COMMISSIONER McGAFFIGAN: Would Millstone be
11
     comparable to a -- at this point, having -- not every plant
12
13
     has invested what Millstone has over the last year to get
14
     ready for you all, but would Millstone now be comparable to
      a pretty good plant, if you were to do a similar inspection
15
      at -- at one of the top quartile plants?
16
17
               MR. SCHOPFER: I guess, based on the review to
18
     date and, as you can see, the number of responses that we
19
     have actually looked at in terms of -- or closed, I would
20
    use the term that they are on track. Their configuration
     control, their design and licensing basis has been restored,
21
22
     I think, relatively well, based on the Configuration
23
     Management Program, which is what we are basically
2.4
     reviewing. So, as it stands today, they are on track to
     satisfactory, if that was the terminology that you used
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     earlier. Chairman Jackson.
2
               COMMISSIONER McGAFFIGAN: You are doing a good job
3
     avoiding the question.
              MR. SCHOPFER: Thank you. Thank you. I was
4
5
     successful.
              [Laughter.]
              CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Why don't you go on.
               MR. SCHOPFER: Okay. Where was I? I guess I was
     on the project milestone schedule. As we said the discovery
     completes on the date shown there.
10
```

in the scope of the ICAVP for Unit 3 that had significant NU 12 13 engineering activities continuing this summer and fall, and 14 that was, as Northeast Utilities personnel mentioned earlier, a significant number of -- or a number of 15 significant modifications that were made to the 16 17 recirculation spray system, some revisions to the service 18 water system hydraulic calculations and the motor-operated 19 value work in accordance with Generic Letter 89-10. 20 Those -- those things, issues were completed and 21 -- from an engineering standpoint, and most of that information was submitted to us in mid to late November and 22 we are in the process of finalizing that, and that is what 23 2.4 has pushed that tier 1 date, or the -- the date out to 1/15/98, that's the primary basis for that. ANN RILEY & ASSOCIATES, LTD. Court Reporters 1250 I Street, N.W., Suite 300 Washington, D.C. 20005 (202) 842-0034 1 And, as noted here, our final report date is somewhat dependent how well we do, "we" meaning both Sargent 2 & Lundy and Northeast Utilities, in responding to the discrepancy reports and getting that -- those issues closed 4 5 6 The next slide, which is not really my last slide, but it was previously submitted last slide, is a summary of 7 the closed discrepancy reports. As noted earlier, we have the process that issues preliminary discrepancy reports and 1.0 then end-user response and the closure process. There have 11 been about 500-plus preliminary DRs issued to date, and 12 about 220 of those have been responded to by Northeast 13 Utilities. And of those, we have completed the review as of last week on 74, with 38 of those as confirmed DRs, 20 14 previously identified and 16 undiscrepant, the 38 show a 15 16 significance level here of primarily, almost entirely level 4's, with the two level 3's DRs. 17 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: How many total do you have yet 18 19 to review then? I mean to close out in the sense that you have closed these. MR. SCHOPFER: We have issued 550. 21 22 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Five fifty. 23 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Five hundred and fifty to date. 24 In fact, -- and that's, the next slide probably provides that information. And I have tried to break it up by tier ANN RILEY & ASSOCIATES, LTD. Court Reporters 1250 I Street, N.W., Suite 300 Washington, D.C. 20005 (202) 842-0034 115 1, tier 2 and tier 3, to give a sense of where we are on the closure process. Those numbers should add up to about 547, I believe, on the issued numbers, and those preliminary DRs, the NU responses, again, as of last week, it's 184, and I think that number is probably about 220 or 230 now, and the 74 that have been closed. As you can see, tier 1 is most complete in terms

of the DR responses provide by NU and reviewed by Sargent & Lundy. NU has responded to something over 80 percent of the

tier 2 DRs and we have completed the review on about 75

percent of those. And the result is that we have found nothing significant there. Basically, we have, you know, a

There were three specific areas that were included

11

8

10

```
handful -- a handful, some more to get responses on and some
     more to be reviewed, some, including some level 3's, but we
14
15
      believe that, what we have seen to date, that we can
      conclude that their systems that are needed to mitigate the
     consequences of an accident are, in fact, in the correct
17
18
     configuration and design basis for that.
19
              Tier 3 is the next most complete with about half
     of NU responses, and our review being about half of that.
2.0
21
      Part of that being there are various pieces of a tier 3
22
     review, as we went through earlier, and the NU -- the
2.3
     comments that we have -- or the conclusions that we have
     reached, similar to what was reported today on the NRC tier
24
    3, is that we do believe their design control process is --
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      meets 10 CFR 50 and is an adequate, satisfactory process for
     going forward.
3
               And their corrective action reviews and past
4
      changes appear to be satisfactory also.
              So we have no -- no significant findings coming
     out of either the tier 2 or the tier 3 at this time.
6
              COMMISSIONER DIAZ: Is this tracking which is
      scheduled, the number that are still to be responded and
9
      closed, how does that track with the proposed schedule?
10
               MR. SCHOPFER: The -- I'll tell you that I also
11
      will have a steep work-off rate, but the resources are truly
12
     being focused on finishing the discovery. And when they are
13
     finished, and as the schedule slide showed, next week,
14
     basically, we will be able to spend more time on the
15
     responses. We have done that as we go along, but those
16
     resources will then be allowed to focus more on the
17
     responses and take a large updraft. So I think we will be
     able to meet the dates that we are talking about here.
18
19
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: So you are saying there are no
20
      show-stoppers to this point?
21
               MR. SCHOPFER: That is correct.
22
               And the last slide, I think we talked about
23
    earlier, is basically a breakdown of the levels and types of
    the confirmed DRs of the closed -- excuse me, of the
24
     confirmed DRs that are discrepant and calculations and
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     as-built configuration being a couple of the primary areas,
 2
     but nothing significant found in those areas.
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Okay.
               MR. SCHOPFER: That's all I have.
 4
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Thank you very much.
 5
               MR. CURRY: Good morning, Chairman Jackson.
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Good morning.
 8
               MR. CURRY: My name is Dan Curry and I am the Vice
     President of Nuclear Services for Parsons and I am also
     acting as the Project Director the Unit 2 ICAVP. I have
10
11
     John Hilbish with me today. John is the head of our
12
     regulatory review portion of the ICAVP project.
13
               I would start, addressing the agenda, and tell you
```

```
think about the age of these two units, and that will cause
15
      some significant changes to the volume of work that we will
17
     be talking about, that we will be doing. And, certainly, as
     we would recognize the difference between a plant that went
18
      on-line in 1975, when we talk about calculations, these are
19
20
     calculations that in some cases have been done back in the
21
     '60s. So some of the things have been moving ahead. And
22
     some of our reviews, of course, encompass, in some cases,
23
     ten years more than what you have heard about on Unit 3.
24
               We are performing this, primarily this review at
     our headquarters in Redding, Pennsylvania, supported by our
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      site walkdown team at the site. The tier 1 review, as has
      been discussed previously, a deep vertical slice. Our two
      systems, the last time I was here, we had just completed the
     boundary review for those first two systems. We have now a
 4
 5
      second set of systems selected by NEAC in the middle of
      September. Each one of these selected systems, as Sargent &
     Lundy had indicated, have significant interfaces and it
      averages about 14 additional systems of the maintenance rule
9
     systems would interface with each one of these.
               If I talk about the tier 2, again, a very similar
1.0
11
     process. We have identified, to give you a further idea of
12
     the extent, about 56 of the 63 maintenance rule systems are
13
      affected by things that we must look at to validate the tier
14
      2 requirements. The process here is one that we identify
      the critical design characteristics and then go through a
15
16
     validation process.
               Of interest, and we will discuss it later, is the
17
     fact that eight of the analysis, that it will impact or need
18
19
     to be reviewed as part of the tier 2, have been
      self-identified by the licensee, that require re-performance
20
     and so that is going to -- we will discuss that slip to the
21
22
     schedule later.
23
              Our tier 3, again, is a historical review, and, as
24
     I had mentioned, that takes us back numbers of years, and we
     are doing that in five year increments to look at their
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1
      ability to continue to assess the adequacy of the CMP.
2
               You asked earlier, Chairman Jackson about any
     changes that we might have had, and, although this was not a
 3
     normalization based upon a sample, some of the things that
      we have seen in our tier 1 reviews have led us to propose
      some things to the staff saying that we have -- we will have
      seen enough in some areas that we can propose limiting, if
8
     not eliminating, some of the samples done in their
     particular tier.
10
               Moving to the overall tier status, I would like to
11
      tell you the first thing we have done is we have focused our
12
      reviews starting off with the high pressure safety injection
```

system, tier two and tier three, so that we can prepare for

the staff's implementation audit which is applied to the approved audit plan. Last week, that audit was completed

13 14 that there is a difference between these two units, if you

```
17
     tier two and tier three are reasonably focused in those
18
     directions
              I would also point out by doing one system in tier
20
     one, that has allowed us not only to do the deep vertical
21
     slice but it allows us to branch into a related system so
    that the baselines for the programs that support all systems
    will be evaluated as the work that we do in the
2.3
2.4
     high-pressure safety injection. So that as we move forward,
     we will have gotten the baseline requirements for all those
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1
     19 major topical areas in the plant complete so that we
     expect, if you will, I won't say it was a pilot but it will
 2
      essentially function as a pilot for us to move ahead more
      rapidly in the other areas.
4
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: So this all relates to Unit 2?
               MR. CURRY: Yes, ma'am.
6
7
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Is the unit doing better than
     you expected? In terms of moving along and completing --
               MR. CURRY: I think, and we have identified and
10
     had meetings with the licensee and the staff on that.
11
      Because of the age, issue of retrieval of documents has been
12
     significant and certainly the process by which we are
13
     independent of the licensee makes it such that you would ask
14
     for information and maybe it doesn't come back complete so
15
     you must ask for something else.
16
              And we have been working through a process that we
17
     have included now formal conferences twice a week which I
     think, all parties would agree, have tended to aide that
18
19
     process so we can say, when you send us the answer to this
20
    REI, make sure that you include something that deals with
     this. And I think we would all agree that it has been a
21
22
     learning process of how to retrieve documents on a plant of
23
     this age.
24
              And also a priority between the Unit 3 plant and
     Unit 2. As you can imagine, there is a focus. And they
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     have assured me that they love me but not necessarily am I
     the first one in their heart.
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: At least you're loved.
               MR. CURRY: Well, as was previously mentioned,
4
5
     maybe some days it wanes up and down.
               On AFW, if I could comment about that, early on
     one of the reasons we did focus with HPSI is the fact that
8
     the licensee had self-identified that there were significant
     modifications to be done that would affect the main steam
     line break and the loss of coolant accident analysis. And
10
11
     rather than trying to be inefficient and jump back and forth
12
     from changes they might be making, we decided it would be
     more efficient to focus on that one particular system and
13
14
      proceed directly.
15
               As you see, our current schedule for a final
16
      report is now April 7. Again, part of that depends upon
```

successfully and so, as you see, the numbers for HPSI in

```
particularly, also some completions of the things they have
18
      to do with AFW for us to be able to complete our review.
19
20
               Our Unit 2 discrepancy report status is, of
21
     course, they are much less mature from a numbers standpoint.
     As you see, all the confirmed DRs in our particular case,
22
23
    although the percentage is about the same, they are all
     level fours right now and they are -- it would be too early
24
     for me to try to draw a conclusion based upon what I see on
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     their responses from level fours.
1
2
               We do now presently have about 118 in progress,
     132 have been posted on the web and, much as Sargent &
4
     Lundy, we are working through that process.
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Any other questions?
 6
               Okay, thank you very much.
               We will now hear from Little Harbor Consultants.
               Mr. Beck, you are leading the discussion?
               MR. BECK: Thank you, Chairman Jackson. Good
10
     morning, Commissioners.
11
               I am John Beck, President of Little Harbor
12
     Consultants and team leader for the Independent Third Party
     Oversight Program at the Millstone site. With me this
13
14
     morning is John Griffin, who is my co-team leader, and
15
     Ms. Billie Gard, who is a principal on our team.
16
               As you are aware, Little Harbor has the
17
      responsibility to oversee Northeast's efforts to establish a
      safety-conscious work environment at Millstone. We have
18
19
     been acting in this capacity since approximately March of
     this year. During this time, we have reported our findings
20
     to Northeast and your staff at eight public meetings.
21
2.2
     Little Harbor has maintained essentially a full-time
     presence at Millstone, typically with five or six team
23
     members at the site, depending on the requirements of the
24
25
     particular oversight activities that were being conducted.
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               Our next major activity will be to conduct a
      second round of structured interviews with the work force at
2
      the Millstone site. This will add a set of data points to
     those which we gathered last June. The purpose of the
     interviews is to determine how people at Millstone feel
5
     about all facets of a safety-conscious work environment.
     Those to be interviewed will be chosen by Little Harbor to
     be representative of the work force and will be a different
      set of people from those interviewed in June. The results
10
     will be available prior to the anticipated Commission vote
11
      and we will also continue our oversight of the various
     Northeast programs supporting a safety-conscious work
12
13
     environment with a particular emphasis on the effectiveness
14
      of these programs.
15
              CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Let me ask you some overarching
     questions. And if you are going to get into them with your
16
```

completion of corrective actions, completions of DRs and,

17

17

specific slides later, please say so.

The first is, have you sensed or detected an

```
assessment that the licensee spoke about indicates? And, if
20
21
      so, or if not, you know, what specifics support your
22
23
               MR. BECK: We are going to have some specific
24
    comments that will directly address that question about
   leadership, particularly with respect to the criteria
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     relating to retaliation and so forth.
               But, in general, I would say that there has
     clearly been an improved understanding by the management
3
4
     team at Millstone, vis-a-vis a safety-conscious work
     environment, particularly over the last three months. And
     we can perhaps illustrate that better in a few minutes.
 6
               John, would you like to add?
               MR. GRIFFIN: No, I agree.
9
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Do you find that employee
1.0
     concerns rise as Millstone nears its deadline with the steep
      work-off rates? Is there any detectable change?
11
              MR. BECK: There has been a slight increase in
12
13
     December over the month of November. But I wouldn't
14
      particularly associate that with approaching a deadline.
     That is always a question. What do the numbers, in and of
15
16
     themselves, mean. Frankly, we are far more interested in
17
     looking at the issues that are involved and looking at the
18
     quality of those concerns. And, in particular, with respect
19
      to any questions of retaliation or 50.7 issues.
20
              One of the questions you raised earlier, and
     perhaps I can respond to it now, was with regard to the
21
22
     correlation between the corrective action program and
    employee concerns issues. If I heard you correctly, we have
     not, for example, none of us can recall a technical issue
24
     that went to ECP that had not already been a CR and the
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     concern was either unsatisfactory resolution of the CR by
1
2
     the management team or untimely resolution of the CR and
     that's not a --
              CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Not that it wasn't addressed?
 5
               MR. BECK: Not that it was not addressed.
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Do you have a way of measuring
     or of detecting the overall stress on the managers and the
7
8
     employees? Do you have experience with other sites to make
               MR. BECK: Being on site essentially full time, we
10
11
     cannot help but have our finger on the pulse of the
     organization. The stress levels we have seen ebb and fall
12
     or rise and fall depending on particularly what's going on
13
14
     and who's affected by it. It is certainly not an unexpected
15
     phenomenon to see people, when they are working as hard as
     they are, show some signs of stress. I have seen on the
16
17
      part of management a recognition that this is a fact of life
18
     and some pretty careful attention being paid to stress in
19
      general.
```

improvement in leadership on site as the leadership

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20
               For example, if you go back to the MOV incident,
     there was a lot of stress in that organization prior to the
21
22
      retaliatory action that was taken. The stress level, in our
23
     opinion, subsequent to that change in management, in the
     group, although they are working very hard, appears to have
24
    diminished somewhat.
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 1
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Okay, why don't you go on.
 2
               COMMISSIONER DICUS: If I may ask a quick
 3
      question?
 4
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: I'm sorry. Go ahead.
 5
               COMMISSIONER DICUS: This round of interviews that
      you have scheduled for February. What is the sampling size?
               MR. BECK: we are going to sample approximately
 8
      280 to 300 individuals and they will be chosen across the
      organization and up and down, excluding directors and above
      in this particular case.
10
11
               COMMISSIONER DICUS: Is that about the same
12
      sampling size?
               MR. BECK: Yes, it will be.
13
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Okay.
14
15
               MR. BECK: There have been -- slide number
     3 -- two events at Millstone since our last meeting for
16
17
     which we performed an independent investigation per the
18
     provisions of our oversight program. The first involved
19
      potential retaliation against contractors in the MOV
20
      department by their immediate management who also happened
21
      to be contractors. The second incident involved an
2.2
      allegation of retaliation claimed by one of the individuals
     disciplined by Northeast as a result of the training
23
    department investigation.
24
2.5
               In the first instance, we verified and agreed with
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      the conclusions reached by the company investigation of the
      ECP investigators of the MOV issue that retaliation was, in
      fact, a factor in the termination of two contract engineers.
      In the second case, we concluded that there was no evidence
      of retaliation by Northeast management in the disciplinary
 5
 6
      actions that they took.
               Moving on to our evaluation of Northeast's
 8
     progress, with respect to establishing a safety conscious
 9
      work environment, our oversight plan contains 11 attributes
10
      which we think are critical to an ideal safety-conscious
      work environment. Since the plan was published in June, we
11
12
      have added another attribute to cover incidents related to
13
      harassment, intimidation, retaliation or discrimination.
14
               Little Harbor continuously monitors these
      attributes through interviews, reviews, investigations and
15
16
     observations. As information dictates, the Little Harbor
17
      team members working in a particular area meet to discuss
18
      data and reach consensus for relative attributes. As
      changes occur in the future, we will communicate these
19
20
      changes to the NRC staff, Northeast Utilities and the
21
      public.
```

```
CHAIRMAN JACKSON: What was the additional
23
    attribute that you --
               MR. BECK: It relates to the question of
24
     harassment, intimidation, retaliation and/or discrimination,
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     specifically.
1
2
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: And how do you weight the -- do
      a relative weighting? You talk about doing program reviews,
     interviews and then you have these attributes. How do
4
      you -- is it you have a weighting system or you do one to
 6
     kind of check the other?
               MR. BECK: Some of them are relatively
      straightforward and simple and it is easy to make the
     evaluation. Others involve a lot of subjective evaluation,
     discussion by the team members who are involved in various
1.0
      reviews or investigations and that consensus reaching demand
11
12
     which we place on ourselves results in the weighting taking
     place.
13
               As we -- and I will go into later -- roll up our
14
     12 attributes, if you will, to be consistent with the four
15
16
     that you heard from the company on earlier this morning, you
17
      will see how they --
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Stack up?
18
19
               MR. BECK: Yes.
20
               This next slide shows our approach to evaluating
21
    the status of Northeast's safety-conscious work environment
    implementation efforts. And I will relate that to your
22
23
     desire for satisfactory approaching expectations and not
     meeting them in a moment. We have chosen to use five
24
     gradations for evaluation of each Little Harbor attribute or
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     roll-up to end use success criteria.
1
               Green meets all expectations. Red, on the other
2
      hand, requires significant improvement. And we use three
     levels within the yellow band, as indicated on the slide.
4
5
              We also evaluate our view of the current
     performance trend for each attribute as indicated by an
     arrow in the box. It is the consensus of the Little Harbor
      team that each of the four Northeast success criteria, which
      you heard discussed by the Company this morning, must be
     rated neutral yellow or better to be considered ready for
10
11
     restart of the unit at Millstone. Therefore, if you drew a
12
      line below neutral yellow, a horizontal arrow, above that
     line, you would have to be at that point or above to be
13
14
      satisfactory.
15
               The next slide, the status reports which we will
16
     be sharing in a moment are based on our evaluation of
17
      progress to date. Little Harbor opinions are based on our
18
     initial structured interview results, initial reviews of the
      employee concerns program and corrective action program and
19
20
      other activities. We are continuing our review of the
21
     comprehensive plant effectiveness, another round of
     structured interviews, closure of our employee concerns
22
```

```
observations of site activities.
24
                                     I am not going, due to the limited time available,
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              to go through each of our 12 attributes but rather focus on
  2
              the four end use success criteria this morning. We did % \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) +\left( 
               include those other evaluations in our advance package,
              however. If you have any questions about any of these, we
  5
               would be pleased to respond.
                                     Going to the first end use success criteria,
  7
              willingness to raise safety concerns, we rate this
  8
               satisfactory today, a neutral yellow with a holding steady.
               It is based on a roll-up of our attributes 2, 6, 7, 9 and
10
              12, which were in your advanced package.
11
                                      While there continue to be some problem areas at
12
              Millstone, we believe that this attribute has improved and
              workers at Millstone are willing to raise safety concerns
13
              via one of the available mechanisms. Resolution of the
14
15
              existing problem areas coupled with the ongoing training of
              the work force should provide further improvement in this
16
17
               criteria in the future.
18
                                      The next criteria, issues are effectively resolved
             by line management, which is really the corrective action
19
20
              program, is also evaluated as neutral yellow but with an
21
             improving trend. It is based on our attribute number 10 and
22
              the evaluation of it, the corrective action program which we
23
              reported on in September. We performed a comprehensive
24
             review of the program and completed it as I said in
2.5
             September.
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                                                                                                                   131
  1
                                      We concluded that Northeast has established an
  2
               excellent corrective action program which is being
               aggressively implemented. Our continuing review in this
               area will focus on the effective resolution of problems
              addressed by the program.
  5
  6
                                     The next area, effectiveness of the ECP, we do not
               consider to be satisfactory today. It is a minus yellow
              with an up arrow. And it is identical to our attribute
  8
               number 11. Northeast, however, has made significant strides
10
               in improving the employee concerns program. We feel that
              this rating would be up at least one notch to neutral
11
12
              yellow, improving or satisfactory, but for the apparent high
13
              percentage of persons who have used the program and who
              indicate that they wouldn't use it again.
14
                                      We are not satisfied today that we totally
15
               understand why users of the employee concerns program feel
16
17
              this way and will develop that understanding over the next
              few weeks. Thus, our conservative rating at this time.
18
19
                                    Overall, we feel that NU management and the
2.0
               employees and contractors in the employee concerns program
21
               have made significant strides over the next few months and
              the program is continuing to improve but for that one
22
              aspect.
23
```

And, finally, the last NU success criteria,

program and corrective action program reviews and continued

```
recognizing and dealing with harassment, retaliation,
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1
      intimidation or discrimination we rate as red today. This
2
      is a roll-up of our attributes 3, 4, 5, 8 and 9. The
      sources of input were the Little Harbor reviews of end
      process training, observations in the work place, specific
5
     investigation of Millstone incidents, employee concern
      follow-up interviews, validation of comprehensive action
      plan action items and walk-in interviews.
               I should add that we have observed positive
     movement by Northeast management in this area very recently.
9
10
     Some examples include the 10 CFR 50.7 training effort which
11
     you saw as in progress. We were involved in communicating
12
     our expectations of such a program while it was being
     developed. We have monitored the training sessions as they
13
      are under way and we think it has significant potential to
14
     raise the level of awareness from first line supervisors up
15
16
     within the Northeast management chain.
17
              We also have witnessed some behavior on the part
18
     of management responses to recent issues involving potential
19
      retaliatory behavior and it has been very positive and
20
      significantly better than it had been in the past. The
21
     consolidation and addition of management resources under
22
     Mr. Brothers regarding all matters associated with a
23
     safety-conscious work environment at Millstone we think is a
24
    very positive step and is beginning to show positive
25
     results.
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               That concludes our prepared remarks.
               In summary, we have seen improvement in the last
2
     few months with respect to the safety-conscious work
 3
     environment. The employee concerns program in particular
     has made significant strides but requires some effort to
 5
      improve the perception of its users. The most difficult
     task facing Northeast management is clearly the need to
8
     improve its performance with respect to harassment or
     potential retaliatory actions in the work place. We are
9
      going to in particular monitor very closely these areas.
10
11
               We would be pleased to respond to any questions
12
      you may have.
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: The first one is an
13
14
     informational one. I didn't take down the roll-up. If you
15
     go back through the 1, 2, 3, 4, tell me how your criteria
16
     roll up into the different ones.
17
               You're saying that NU's Criteria 1 is a
18
     combination of which ones of yours?
               MR. BECK: Their Criteria 1 involves our Criterion
19
20
     2, which is employee perceptions of the policy that NU has
21
      established for a safety-conscious work environment.
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: You can just give me the
22
23
      numbers.
24
               MR. BECK: Okay, I'm sorry -- 2, 6, 7, 9, and 12.
25
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Okay, and number 2?
```

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               MR. BECK: Number 2 is number 10.
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Okav
               MR. BECK: Number 3 is number 11.
               Number four is three, four, five, eight, and nine
 5
      again.
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: No, I appreciate your doing
     that grouping, but essentially what you are saying is that
 8
      the ability to grapple with alleged instances of harassment,
      intimidation, retaliation or discrimination -- they really
     have a long way to go yet, and then the very thing that is
10
11
     the subject of your existence, namely the Employee Concerns
12
      Program and its effectiveness they have some improvements to
13
      make
14
               MR. BECK: That's correct.
15
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Okay. All right. Are there
      any additional questions? Yes?
16
17
              COMMISSIONER DICUS: In the presentation that
18
     Northeast Utilities made on their program they analyzed
     themselves and they indicated, as you are well aware, that
19
      you concurred with where they felt they stood in the issues
20
21
      that they were dealing with with the program.
              Do you concur completely or is there an area, a
22
23
     significant area not a minor area, a significant area where
24
     maybe you don't concur with their own analysis?
               MR. BECK: If I may, Commissioner, I interpreted
25
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      that "LAC concurs" as another criteria they are setting for
     themselves.
 3
               Today we do agree on those four elements, namely
     the first two are satisfactory, the last two are not today,
      so we are in synch at this point in time.
 5
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Okay. Thank you very much.
               Now we will hear from the NRC Staff -- last but
 8
     not least.
 9
               MR. THOMPSON: Good afternoon.
10
              CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Yes, I guess it is. Good
     afternoon. You sure it is not tomorrow?
11
12
               MR. THOMPSON: Chairman Jackson, Commissioners, as
13
     you know, this is an effort that the NRC Staff has put a
     major focus on. This is our fourth presentation and I think
14
15
      you know the gentlemen at the table with me.
16
               Before I turn it over to Bill though, I would like
17
      to indicate that we are recognizing the importance of where
      we are in this program -- I'm sorry --
18
19
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: We know who you are.
               MR. THOMPSON: We have our tent cards here.
2.0
21
               Before we get to having Bill go through and
```

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23

summarize what we believe are the important elements of our 0350 process, and that is our restart assessment program, I

would like to indicate that this is a time we recognize that there are lots of activities that are ongoing at the site. 1250 I Street, N.W., Suite 300

Washington, D.C. 20005 (202) 842-0034 There are a lot of activities that the Staff will be doing 1 2 at the site and we need to keep the Commission currently informed of those programs and previously we had given reports on kind of a quarterly basis, but we think it is 5 important that we do that more on a monthly basis now. 6 The next report we believe would be in January and 7 it would obviously be toward the middle or the end of January, depending on the site activities but it is part of 8 the process that we need to keep you currently informed of the status and we intend to do that and with those brief 10 remarks I would like to turn it over to Bill, who will hit 11 the highlights of some of our activities as well as address 12 13 your concerns with an overall summary of where we are with our evaluation of the status. 14 15 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Thank you. DR. TRAVERS: Good afternoon. 16 17 My first slide simply presents an overview of what I would like to cover. It is very similar to the topics 18 19 that we have touched on in previous briefings. I'll move right on. In the second slide I'll 20 21 mention that the Special Projects Office was formed just 2.2 about one year ago, just one year and one month ago, to 23 focus on the Millstone issues and we have been continuing to implement the Millstone review plan that we described to the 24 Commission in SECY 97-003. ANN RILEY & ASSOCIATES, LTD. Court Reporters 1250 I Street, N.W., Suite 300 Washington, D.C. 20005 (202) 842-0034 137 Of course we have based our plan on Manual Chapter 0350, which provides the guidance that we typically use to 2 assess the restart status of plants that are facing troubles, and we have at Millstone developed Restart Assessment Plans for each of those units. I have indicated in bulletized form the principal elements, so I am going to touch on probably each one of those. I have some, more in detail in some than others, but this listing includes the principal areas that we have identified as those issues which we expect to identify improvements and issue resolution prior to coming to the Commission for an ultimate decision on restart of any of the

5 6 8 10 11 12 13 three units.

14 An important element that I would like to mention 15 right upfront, and we have been doing this in the past, of our program is the fact that we have a commitment up in the 16 17 Millstone area to make our process a very public and open 18

19 We think we have been meeting that by virtue of a 20 number of activities that we have been carrying out that are 21 somewhat extraordinary, somewhat above the norm.

22 Just mentioning a few of those, we have continued 23 to brief the public in evening sessions every four to six weeks or so. We have been carrying out most of the technical exchanges that we have had with the utility in ANN RILEY & ASSOCIATES, LTD.

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public forums at the Millstone site or near the Millstone site such that those meetings are observable to members of 2

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We have had a very close working relationship, a 5 continuing one, with the State of Connecticut Nuclear Energy Advisory Council. You may recall that we have an agreement with the Council to participate at least as observers in our 8 conduct of ICAVP design basis, licensing basis verification activities, and they have been expending quite a lot of 10 effort to participate with us, observe our process and 11

provide their own sense of how we are carrying out our 12 activities in their own public meetings.

13 So those are sort of the principal elements of our 14 public -- I'll call it outreach program for lack of a better 15

Before I turn to a more detailed discussion of 16 17 some of the elements that we have listed in our Restart Assessment Plan, I would like to tell you that our overall 18 assessment is that the licensee is continuing to make 19 20 progress in their efforts to bring about needed change at

22 Led by essentially a new Senior Management team 23 since late 1996, NU has initiated a rather broad scoped 24 effort to identify problem areas and to implement corrective

25 actions

21

18

19

2.0 21

22

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Although progress has not kept pace with the 1 licensee's initial schedules, our oversight program is 3 identifying improvements in essentially all of the elements of our NRC Restart Assessment Plans for Units 3 and 2. Despite this progress, I think it is important to 5 6 point out that NU has not yet completed some significant work. You have heard enough about that. We will talk some more about it as well. 8 9 As a result though, a number of our most important 10 inspections have not yet taken place. For example, of a total of eight team inspections 11

12 that are planned at Unit 3, two are complete, two are in 13 process, and four are planned. Examples of some of the planned inspections

14 15 include ones which will assess corrective actions, work 16 planning and control, quality assurance, and the operational 17 readiness of both the plant and operations personnel.

These NRC evaluations are necessarily focused in the latter stages of the licensee's improvement program and we are planning to initiate a number of inspections following the licensee's own determination that they are readv.

2.3 I think it is fair to say thus far that our planning for the conduct of our own verification activities 24 has not resulted in delays. We have been pretty efficient ANN RILEY & ASSOCIATES, LTD.

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at rescheduling in the face of some of the slips that have occurred in their schedule and the necessity of rescheduling some of the important team inspections. With that as an overview, let me turn to some of 4 5 the specifics.

DR. TRAVERS: The next slide provides a listing of

the significant items list. That list, which is a portion 8 of our restart assessment plan, contains a detailed listing of both the programmatic and specific issues that we have identified for each unit that we think are important for 10

11 resolution before we come to the Commission. 12 To facilitate our review, NU is providing us with

packages or submittals that address each of the -- or most 13 of them, most of the significant items list. Some of the 14

issues do not require packages and we are handling those 15

without. But this rack-up includes the total number of the 16 17 SIL items identified at unit three, for example, is 86. The

18 number of packages, and these -- this number specifically

addresses the number of completed -- complete packages as 19

58. And the fact that at Unit 3, at least, to date, we have

closed 30 of those. 21

20

22

10

18

This chart, the more I thought about it, the more I think about it, does not provide a very good indication of 23 the overall status of where we stand in carrying out our 24

assessment at Unit 3 particularly, in that because of the ANN RILEY & ASSOCIATES, LTD.

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fact that we are getting and have reviewed, in fact, a number of partial submittals of packages, we would estimate 2 that the percent completion is closer to about 70 percent and that really is not -- this slide could throw you off from that considerably if you didn't know the fact that we 5 are reviewing partial submittals, we have closed a number of those at least in part. CHAIRMAN JACKSON: How are you documenting staff 8 9 review and closure of the SIL items?

11 are identified here as closed, and the future items as well. 12 are being identified and documented in NRC inspection 13 reports. The reason I haven't added the fact that we have closed an additional 10 at Unit 3 is because we haven't 14 issued the inspection report yet that will in fact document 15

DR. TRAVERS: Each of the significant items that

our closure of those items. 16 17 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Okay, so that's the fundamental

DR. TRAVERS: Yes, that's right. 19

20 CHAIRMAN JACKSON: And what issues on this list do 21 you believe pose the greatest challenge for the licensee at 22 this stage?

23 DR. TRAVERS: I think you are going to hear something similar to what's been said already but let me 24 take off what I see as the most significant challenges that 25 ANN RILEY & ASSOCIATES, LTD.

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documentation?

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lie ahead. In the area of safety conscious work
     environment, we have heard from Little Harbor and we are
      certainly relying on their expertise to a great extent, that
4
      focus on the need for substantial improvement in the area of
     HIRD issues and we concur with that
5
               We have also identified some issues that I am
     going to be discussing in a minute related to the
8
     verification of design basis/licensing basis issues. We see
      that as a challenge.
10
               We see the corrective action program, at least our
11
     assessment of it, as adequate to be a challenge. We
     have -- I don't want to mislead you about the future
12
     inspections that we have planned. They are certainly
13
14
      important. We have, although relying on those to a great
15
      extent in the future, been carrying out assessments in all
     of these areas and we have, as I indicated generally,
16
17
     identified improvements in even the area of corrective
     actions. But if you look at backlogs, if you look at the
19
     physical modifications that are still required to be
20
     completed before restart, certainly these pose a number of
21
     challenges for this utility.
               I also agree with what Mr. Kenvon said about the
22
23
    importance of the transition to an operating state. These
    plants have been shut down two years or more or less in some
     cases. But it is an awfully long time and an important
25
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      aspect of what they have to accomplish is to move into a
      period where they can establish an operational confidence
 3
     that translates into safe operations.
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Let me ask you this question
     now. You have identified as, you know, among the greatest
5
 6
     challenges, the backlogs and physical modifications. But
      when we heard from the licensee, they were indicating, at
     least for Unit 3, that they expected to have -- you know, be
8
9
     physically ready at the end of the month. And so how do you
10
     square those two?
              DR. TRAVERS: Well, they may very well be. But as
11
12
      I look at the data, I look at it the same way as you. I'm
13
      sort of in a "show me" mode. I think that's less important,
14
     frankly, than doing it right. But, nevertheless --
15
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: I understand.
16
               DR. TRAVERS: -- we understand what you've been
17
     told by NU and we think we understand, for example, that
18
     many of the items that they have to complete are simply
19
     lacking some element as, for example, testing. So many of
20
     these may fall in rather quick succession.
21
              But by virtue of the numbers not falling for so
22
     long, we are sort of in a conservative mode and want to list
23
     that as an example of something we think is a challenge
24
      still.
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Thank you.
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DR. TRAVERS: Sargent & Lundy and Parsons have given you a summarized version of their activities and under

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the ICAVP order, the NRC staff is carrying out related but
     independent activities as well, as you know. And we wanted
      to list several of the activities that have been completed
      since last we met with the Commission and they are included
     on this slide.
               The first item has to do with the fact that we
8
      carried out a team inspection to evaluate the implementation
     of Sargent & Lundy of its NRC approved audit plan for the
10
11
     conduct of their activities. Our findings were generally
12
     positive. We did note in our inspection that when we went
     in, it was fairly early. We didn't have an opportunity to
13
     review everything we would have liked to at that time. But
14
15
     we will have an opportunity in our subsequent tier two and
     three inspections.
16
17
               So we have completed this inspection. We have
      generally found positive results. Those minor findings that
18
19
     were identified have been acted on by Sargent & Lundy and
     corrected, in our view, and we still have an opportunity and
20
21
     we expect to exercise that as we carry out some of our
     remaining team inspections.
22
              CHAIRMAN JACKSON: So when you say then that it
23
     was completed, you mean it was completed relative to what
24
25
     there was for you to inspect at that point?
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 1
               DR. TRAVERS: That's exactly right.
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: But there are some additional
3
     inspections you would have to do?
4
               DR. TRAVERS: We have been having an opportunity,
     as we have gone on, really, to have a pretty -- a very close
5
     understanding of the way Sargent & Lundy is carrying out its
 6
     activities. At the time this inspection was ongoing, they
     weren't there vet.
8
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: I see. Okay.
10
               DR. TRAVERS: The second bullet has to do with an
11
     inspection that has been referenced briefly here and I am
12
     going to cover it in my next slide but it fundamentally has
13
     to do with our first system, safety system functional
14
     inspection at Unit 3.
15
              Additionally, completed over this period is the
     fact that the Nuclear Energy Advisory Council selected the
16
17
     final two systems to be reviewed by Parsons at Unit 2.
               And, lastly, we have also, similar to the first
18
     inspection I mentioned, carried out a team inspection at
19
2.0
     Parsons of their implementation and, again, we found
     positive indications of their conformance with the
21
22
     NRC-approved audit plan.
23
               At Unit 3, the NRC staff has completed the first
     of two team inspections which involve a detailed evaluation
    of an important safety system. These NRC inspections are in
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addition to the ICAVP reviews being carried out by S&L; with

one inspection focusing on one of the systems being reviewed

3 by S&L; and one system focusing on a system outside the scope

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of S&L;'s program. The staff's first safety system
     functional inspection focused on a review of the emergency
      core cooling system mode of the chemical and volume control
     system. And a number of issues were identified and
      documented in a recently issued inspection report, and I
8
      have listed the principal issues resulting from that.
9
10
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: But these appear troubling. I
11
      mean should I be troubled?
               DR. TRAVERS: I would characterize them as raising
13
      a concern, perhaps a fundamental concern, that we feel we
14
     can address in subsequent inspections by \ensuremath{\text{--}}
              CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Would you say what that
15
16
     fundamental concern is?
17
               DR. TRAVERS: The fundamental concern is, goes
18
     back to what the purpose of our verification inspections
     really are here. A little while ago there was a question
19
2.0
     about where Millstone is, or maybe where it was, relative to
21
    industry standards. What we have, and are dealing with now,
22
    is a situation where we have asked, by virtue of a number of
23
     problems that were identified several years ago, for
     Northeast to go in and carry out a very rigorous assessment
     of their licensing and design basis.
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               They have completed, essentially completed that
     program, and we are now coming in at the end of that.
3
      Sargent & Lundy, NRC staff, Parsons at Unit 2.
               The question that the findings raise, and I don't
5
      think they answer, is whether or not the licensee's program
 6
     for identifying on its own where they stand, relative to
     licensing basis and design basis, was adequate, and whether
     or not we should rely on it by virtue of the sampling
     program that looks at a very limited, or somewhat limited,
9
      set of systems.
10
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Because of the findings in your
11
12
     out of scope SSFI?
             DR. TRAVERS: That's right.
13
              CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Commissioner.
14
15
               COMMISSIONER McGAFFIGAN: Did you intentionally
16
     not adopt the same vocabulary as Sargent & Lundy, and
17
     Parsons, with regard to level -- the levels? How would you
18
     assign these issues to the levels that the contracts are
19
     using? Are these level 3's, are they level 4's, are they --
     what are thev?
20
21
               DR. TRAVERS: Well, I should point out that they
22
     are preliminary findings at this point, and -- but they
23
     potentially could be --
24
             COMMISSIONER McGAFFIGAN: Level 1's?
               DR. TRAVERS: Level 1, the first one at least.
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               COMMISSIONER McGAFFIGAN: At least the first one,
 2
     sure.
               DR. TRAVERS: But the reason I say they are
 3
     preliminary is because we have identified them with the
      team. We will be attending an enforcement conference,
```

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because of the significance of this issue, with the licensee
      in January. And, at that time, they will have an
      opportunity to provide us some additional information on
      what -- what they think the issue is or isn't, and what they
      are doing about it.
10
11
               Now, we have heard today, and we have heard before
12
      today, that they have implemented a number of activities
      that are directed at addressing this issue, not just in this
13
14
      system, but across the 88 maintenance one and two systems
15
      that were covered in their own program.
               So that's why I say I don't think this finding,
16
17
      and where we are at today, answers the question that has
18
     been raised. And rather than suggest to you that it does,
     what I would suggest is what we intend to do as follow-on to
19
      pursue this fundamental question and, that is, simply to
20
      evaluate the information that the licensee provides to us,
21
22
     in whatever mechanism, whether it is the enforcement
    conference, or through whatever means, and to garner the
23
24
    information that we will obtain in three remaining team
    inspections that also, essentially, address the same issue,
25
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      you know, whether or not we can rely on what was done as a
 2
      good and rigorous assessment of licensing basis and design
 3
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Yes. Commissioner Diaz.
 5
               COMMISSIONER DIAZ: In other words, you believe
 6
      that the remaining inspections should give you assurance
      that the Configuration Management Program of the licensee is
      adequate to not have this kind of problems in other safety-
 8
 9
      related systems?
10
               DR. TRAVERS: I think it certainly will provide
      additional data for us to assess the overall guestion.
11
12
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: To make that judgment.
13
               DR. TRAVERS: To make that judgment. And since
14
      this is one of four, and if you recognize the very
15
     substantial effort that Sargent & Lundy is going through, we
16
     really think that we have to integrate all of that
17
     information before we make a conclusion.
18
               But -- excuse me. But there is an indication, and
19
     even at this early stage, that, based on these findings,
2.0
     which we think were a good find on the part of our team, it
      was a very good team, very -- very capable people who were
21
22
     working on it, that the licensee has identified on its own a
2.3
      need to assess across the other systems whether or not the
      implications identified apply to those other systems.
24
               Now, they are going to be telling us more about
25
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     that. We have had some preliminary information. I think
     they told you that activity is not complete yet. So, we
     will certainly be interested in that information and include
 4
      it in our assessment of the fundamental question.
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Okay. Thank you.
```

DR. TRAVERS: In the next three -- I didn't

```
mention the other issue. The first one is the most
      significant. I will mention the second issue just briefly.
8
              CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Let me make sure I understand
9
10
      something before --
              DR TRAVERS: Yes
11
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Is the licensee going to
12
13
     revisit, they are going to revisit their Configuration
14
     Management Program, or are they going to be waiting on the
15
     results of your other SSFI?
               DR. TRAVERS: They are not waiting. They are, in
16
17
      fact, carrying out analysis which, ultimately, may render
     the issue not to be very significant. The question has to
18
    do with air entrainment and the possibility of binding of
19
20
     pumps.
21
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Right.
22
               DR. TRAVERS: But there is a possibility that when
23
    the analysis is conducted, that it is judged to not be
25
              CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Right.
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               DR. TRAVERS: But the expectation we would have
     had, of their program, is that they would have identified it
     and triggered the analysis. So, as a minimum, that is what
3
 4
     we see as --
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: So it is the identification of
 6
     the issue, and the significance of that, as well as the
      significance the issue turns out to have in and of itself.
               MR. THOMPSON: That's exactly right.
8
               DR. TRAVERS: Yes. That's exactly right.
9
              CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Okay.
10
               DR. TRAVERS: The last -- the second two issues,
11
     principal issues from that inspection finding, the second
12
     one has to do with an identification of the fact that tech
13
     spec requirements that should have resulted in a number of
14
15
     valves being tested for leak tightness, did not result in
     those valves testing. And so that is an issue that they are
     looking a little bit more broadly at as well.
17
18
               And, lastly, we found a number of fairly minor,
19
     but nevertheless discrepancies from the as-found condition
20
     of the plant with the description in the FSAR.
21
               In the next three months, we expect to complete
22
    all of the remaining ICAVP inspection activities at Unit 3,
     and they are listed here as the tier 2 and tier 3 inspection
23
24
     which is underway, the Unit 3, tier 1, in scope inspection,
     our corrective action inspection at Unit 3, and we also
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     expect, at Unit 2, to have completed the tier 1 out of scope
      system review and the tier 2 and tier 3.
              At Unit 2, three of five ICAVP inspections will be
      complete, we expect, within the next three months.
 4
              An extremely important element of our restart
 5
     assessment plan is the issue of Employee Safety Concern
6
```

Program and safety conscious work environment, more broadly. You have heard from Little Harbor, and, as a matter of fact,

```
in this area, we are relying to a great extent on this
10
      independent contractor's expertise in assessing these
      issues. The staff is, nevertheless, however, acting
11
      independently as well to assess the status of improvements
12
13
      in this area, and this slide is meant to give you a
14
      summarization of some of the activities that we have
15
     completed since last we met with the Commission.
              CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Now, are the project officer,
16
17
      special project office managers and staff making any
18
     observation on a day-to-day basis as they go about in
19
     documenting those in any way?
20
              DR. TRAVERS: Documenting, I think not. But what
21
      we are certainly doing is observing and garnering a view in
22
     this area.
23
               But, as I was going to mention, in a formal sense,
24
     we are just this week --
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: You are going to develop a plan
25
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      to assess what, the ECP?
1
              DR. TRAVERS: We have actually developed a plan
3
     that we forwarded in the recent SECY.
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: SECY paper, that's right. As
5
     well as the safety conscious work environment.
 6
               DR. TRAVERS: Exactly right.
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Right.
               DR. TRAVERS: And to a very great extent, the
8
9
     parameters that we are think are reasonable to assess these
10
      issues are the ones you have heard about today. We don't
11
     have any suggestions for major changes. We are looking at
12
     them on our own and, to the extent that we have had a
13
     continuing audit, a few personnel up at the site looking at
     these issues. Just this week, we have implemented the first
14
15
      week of a two week on-site inspection team -- or on-site
      evaluation team, to assess both Northeast's progress and
16
17
     ECP, and, more generally, safety conscious work environment.
18
     But also to get a sense of the implementation of Little
19
     Harbor in conduct of its NRC approved audit plan. You know,
20
     this is very similar to what we are doing, evaluating
21
      Sargent & Lundy and Parsons.
22
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: It is useful that, if your own
23
    folks are on kind of a -- you know, as you go about, you do
     have the opportunity to observe. Typically, when people
24
25
    know there are inspections, there are various things. And
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      programs are as programs do. You know, my mantra. So --
2
               [Laughter.]
               COMMISSIONER DICUS: Based upon these observations
3
4
     that you have, do you generally concur at this point with
     what Little Harbor and the licensee are saying?
               DR. TRAVERS: Yes, we do. Particularly, -- well,
      in just about everything Little Harbor said, they provided a
     very detailed assessment of the situation. Improvements in
```

the ECP program, for example, with needed improvements yet.

```
safety conscious work environment. And we certainly do
11
12
      concur with that assessment.
13
               Now, we are going to be getting this week, and in
     our second team inspection week, a little bit better
14
15
      assessment, from our own perspective, on these things.
     Right now we generally track with the findings you have
16
17
     heard from Little Harbor.
18
               I'll move to the next slide. In the next three
     months, similar to what we have been doing, we expect to
19
20
     continue to monitor both the licensee and Little Harbor. We
     are attending meetings that are again observable to the
21
     public to discuss these issues including some of the major
22
2.3
     missteps that have occurred, the MOV issue and so forth.
24
               We expect to carry out the second week of the team
25
     inspection that I mentioned at Unit 3. This is really a
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      site issue, by the way, even though today we are mostly
 1
     focusing on Unit 3. We believe that this issue certainly is
     one which needs to be considered in a site-wide sense.
3
               In addition to that focused team inspection on ECP
5
     and safety-conscious work environment and in recognition of
     the importance of effective corrective action programs, we
6
      are also going to include in our conduct of the 4500
     inspection, that inspection again focuses on the corrective
8
9
      action program, a particular focus on safety-conscious work
10
      environment and the resolution of concerns raised by
11
      employees. So we think there is a good fit there to get an
12
      even better assessment of this issue in the context of that
      team inspection. That is upcoming.
13
              Of course, we will continue to track the program
14
15
     measures that we have identified in our program planning.
              In the licensing arena, we have identified here
16
     sort of a rollup of a number of issues that have been
17
18
     identified as important, and the only thing I will say about
19
    this is that we believe today that based on what we have
    in-house and where we stand with these reviews that we don't
20
21
      see a major pitfall to March or April kind of a timeframe
22
     for our assessment and completion.
23
               In some cases some of these license amendments
24
     need to be done in January timeframe, I guess, to support
    Mode 4 operations.
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               DR. TRAVERS: Mode 4 operations.
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               DR. TRAVERS: But we don't see a major problem
     with what the licensee today thinks it can do by virtue of
 4
     its programs.
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: The only question I really have
     in terms of your project planning schedule, which is the
6
     next slide -- I'm jumping ahead -- I see that in the -- all
      right.
8
               When you talk about these calendars, these
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quarters, and these are calendar year quarters --DR. TRAVERS: Yes, they are.

But a significant effort still remaining in the area of

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CHAIRMAN JACKSON: For instance, I note that you
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     have, you know, a Commission briefing, this is for Unit 2 --
              DR. TRAVERS: Oh -- Unit 3 I think is scheduled
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15
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Well, yes, the schedules are
16
17
     basically similar except that what is on the planning
     schedule tracks a little bit more.
19
              I am looking, for instance, at license amendments
20
     for Unit 2, and you have those tracking all the way out
21
     till -- you know, in the summer.
2.2
              I guess --
23
               MR. THOMPSON: In May, end of May.
24
              CHAIRMAN JACKSON: End of May, so you nonetheless
    feel that this is a reasonable tool to support the projected
25
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     Commission briefing in June of '98 --
               DR. TRAVERS: With a caveat, always a caveat, and
3
     that caveat simply is that we recognize the possibility in
     the midst of some of the discovery that still is continuing
5
     of the need for as yet an unidentified license amendment.
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: The only reason I raised that
      one, particularly for that plant, is because that is the
8
     older one, where there could be some more design basis
9
10
              DR. TRAVERS: Exactly.
11
              CHAIRMAN JACKSON: -- that might arise, but okay,
12
     that's fine.
13
              Any other questions? Comments? Commissioner?
               COMMISSIONER DIAZ: As the planned start is
14
15
     getting toward restart and you look at the amount of
16
     resources that we have in Millstone, are you planning to
     start phasing out some of those resources into other needs,
17
      or is there a schedule being made of --
18
19
              MR. THOMPSON: We are looking at that very closely
     right now. Obviously, we have the resources available.
20
21
     It's a very important time that we make sure that we have
22
    the resources available to accomplish it.
23
              Likewise we also look at the operating plant and
24
     we go through and update that, so we will be looking at
25
     those elements and giving back to the Commission, if we see
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     a need, to change, increase, decrease or whatever the
      appropriate aspect is with respect to those resources, so we
     recognize that is a very important element for us to be
3
      sensitive to and to communicate with the Commission on.
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: Right. Thank you.
               I would like to thank Northeast Utilities, Sargent
6
7
      & Lundy, Parsons Power, Little Harbor Consultants, and of
     course the NRC Staff for briefing the Commission on the
     progress in assessing the readiness for restart of the
10
     Millstone units.
11
               Once again I will state on behalf of the
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Commission that we recognize how difficult it is, as you can

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13
     see from some of our own questions, to condense the
     substance of the reviews performed by each of the groups
14
      into briefings like this. That is why it has been a
15
     marathon session, but this is the primary reason, of course,
16
     that the NRC in November of last year created the Special
17
     Projects Office headed Dr. Travers and to provide for direct
18
19
     oversight of all licensing and inspection activities and to
20
     tailor the manual chapter 0350 process to specifically
21
     address the issues at these units.
22
               So I was going to ask, but Mr. Thompson, you in
23
     fact preempted me, that the Special Projects Office keep the
    Commission informed on a more timely basis, and what you are
24
    suggesting about the monthly reports sounds reasonable.
25
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               I believe the next Commission meeting should be in
      the mid-February timeframe in order to better assess the
     results of some of the significant inspections, but that can
 3
     be adjusted, as appropriate.
               MR. THOMPSON: Okay.
               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: And the Commission values these
6
      sessions to focus all of us on the results to date and to
8
     gauge the effectiveness of the process being utilized,
     because that is a big issue, and so I encourage all the
9
10
     parties to remain steadfast in their various tasks and not,
11
      even though there is a schedule, not to be so schedule
12
     driven that we aren't results-focused, because in the end,
13
      when it comes to coming to the Commission for a decision,
      the decision is going to have to rest on what the results
14
15
     are and the verification of those results by all the parties
16
17
               The Commission is appreciative of the insights
18
     from the contractors as well as from the licensee in
      obtaining honest feedback on the challenges and successes in
19
     making the Millstone station a safe station with an
20
21
      effective corrective action program and an environment that
22
     is supportive of raising and resolving safety issues.
23
               As I state at each meeting, the Commission itself
24
     does not presuppose that any of the three plants will
     restart by any certain data because it is results-dependent.
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     However, the Commission must be prepared to assure the
1
     allocation, as you have just heard the discussion of, of
 2
     adequate staff resources to the oversight of the facility
      and its restart progress, and for that reason the Commission
      will continue to assess whether adequate progress is being
     made in readiness for restart of the units and whether our
7
      own, the NRC Staff assessment process, is effective, is
      comprehensive, and is timely, and so unless there are any
     closing comments, which I hope there are none --
10
               [Laughter.]
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               CHAIRMAN JACKSON: -- I would like to wish all of
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     you a safe and wonderful holiday season and a healthy and
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14 We stand adjourned.

happy New Year.

15 [Whereupon, at 12:44 p.m., the meeting was
16 concluded.]
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