Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2010

Industry ²		2010 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)			n work, job ion		
	NAICS code ³		Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
All industries including State and local government ⁶		1,416.8	4.5	2.3	1.3	0.9	2.2
Private industry ⁶		1,198.3	4.4	2.3	1.3	1.0	2.1
Goods-producing ⁶		274.7	6.0	3.4	1.6	1.8	2.6
Natural resources and mining ^{6,7}		13.1	6.9	3.9	2.4	1.5	3.1
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting ⁶	11	11.0	7.8	4.3	2.6	1.7	3.5
Animal production (scope changed in 2009) ⁶	112	6.2	12.0	6.7	3.8	2.9	5.3
Mining ⁷	21	2.2	2.6	1.6	1.2	(10)	1.0
Metal ore mining ⁸		 2.1	(¹⁰) 2.5	(¹⁰) 1.6	(¹⁰) 1.2	(¹⁰) (¹⁰)	(¹⁰) 0.9
Construction		63.2	6.0	3.2	2.2	1.0	2.8
Construction	23	63.2	6.0	3.2	2.2	1.0	2.8
Construction of buildings Residential building construction Nonresidential building construction Heavy and civil engineering construction Highway, street, and bridge construction Specialty trade contractors Foundation, structure, and building exterior contractors Masonry contractors Building equipment contractors Electrical contractors Plumbing, heating, and air-conditioning contractors	2362 237 2373 238 2381 23814 2382 23821 23822	14.1 6.0 8.0 9.1 4.9 40.0 8.8 1.6 19.9 7.7 10.8 5.7	7.8 11.6 5.2 6.2 6.6 5.4 9.6 6.8 4.2 1.7 6.2 7.3	2.7 2.6 2.8 3.9 4.7 3.2 6.9 6.8 1.9 0.9 2.7 5.1	2.1 1.9 2.2 1.3 1.1 2.5 4.7 6.6 1.6 0.7 2.2 4.6	0.7 0.6 2.6 3.5 0.8 2.3 (10) 0.4 0.2	5.0 9.0 2.4 2.3 1.9 2.2 2.7 (10) 2.3 0.7 3.5 2.2
Building finishing contractors	2383	5.7	7.3	5.1	4.6		2.2

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2010 – Continued

		2010			n work, job on	Other recordable cases	
Industry ²	NAICS code ³ Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction		
Other specialty trade contractors	2389	5.5	1.6	1.0	0.6	0.3	0.7
Manufacturing		198.4	6.0	3.4	1.3	2.0	2.6
Manufacturing	31-33	198.4	6.0	3.4	1.3	2.0	2.6
Food manufacturing	311	50.6	7.1	4.7	1.2	3.5	2.4
Animal food manufacturing	3111	3.1	4.3	3.1	2.2	0.9	1.2
Animal food manufacturing	31111	3.1	4.3	3.1	2.2	0.9	1.2
Dairy product manufacturing	3115	3.2	7.1	4.7	2.0	2.7	2.5
Animal slaughtering and processing	3116	29.2	9.2	6.3	1.2	5.1	2.8
Animal slaughtering and processing	31161	29.2	9.2	6.3	1.2	5.1	2.8
Animal (except poultry) slaughtering	311611	18.5	10.2	7.2	1.2	6.0	3.1
Meat processed from carcasses	311612	7.9	8.3	5.6	1.3	4.3	2.7
Poultry processing		2.7	4.7	3.1	1.0	2.1	1.6
Apparel manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	315	1.1	5.4	3.8	2.3	(10)	(10)
Wood product manufacturing		8.6	4.9	2.9	1.8	1.1	2.1
Paper manufacturing	322	3.8	3.9	2.2	1.4	0.8	1.7
Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills	3221	0.1	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)
Converted paper product manufacturing	3222	3.7	3.8	2.2	1.4	0.8	1.7
Paperboard container manufacturing	32221	2.2	4.5	2.7	1.4	1.3	1.8
Printing and related support activities	323 3231	7.4 7.4	4.2	3.2 3.2	1.7 1.7	1.5 1.5	1.0 1.0
Printing and related support activities	3231	7.4	4.2 4.3	3.2	1.7	1.6	1.0
Printing	323110	2.8	4.3 5.8	3.3 4.8	3.0	1.8	1.0
Commercial gravure printing	323110	2.0	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Chemical manufacturing		9.8	3.3	1.9	0.8	1.2	1.4
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	326	9.8	6.2	3.9	1.5	2.4	2.4
Plastics product manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)		6.9	6.8	4.4	1.6	2.8	2.5
Rubber product manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)		3.0	4.9	2.9	1.2	1.7	2.1
Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing		4.8	9.5	7.0	3.7	3.3	2.5
Cement and concrete product manufacturing		2.8	15.1	12.0	6.1	5.8	3.1
Primary metal manufacturing	331	6.8	8.4	4.3	1.9	2.4	4.1
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	16.7	8.2	3.5	2.1	1.4	4.7
Architectural and structural metals manufacturing	3323	5.3	8.0	4.6	2.6	2.0	3.4
Machinery manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	333	32.9	5.7	2.9	1.0	1.9	2.8

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2010 – Continued

Industry ²		2010		Cases with tra			
	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Agriculture, construction, and mining machinery manufacturing	3331	18.6	5.1	2.4	0.7	1.7	2.7
Agricultural implement manufacturing	33311	12.0	5.6	2.7	0.7	2.0	2.9
Farm machinery and equipment manufacturing	333111		5.6	2.7	0.7	2.1	2.9
Industrial machinery manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	3332	1.0	4.1	2.0	(10)	(10)	2.1
equipment manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	3334	2.4	5.4	2.8	1.5	1.3	2.6
Metalworking machinery manufacturing	3335	2.4	4.7	2.7	1.5	1.2	2.0
Other general purpose machinery manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	3339	4.6	6.2	2.7	1.2	1.5	3.5
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334	12.8	1.4	0.9	0.4	0.5	0.5
Electrical equipment, appliance, and component manufacturing	335	6.2	3.1	2.3	1.1	1.2	0.8
Transportation equipment manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	336	13.7	7.5	2.9	1.5	1.5	4.6
Motor vehicle parts manufacturing	3363	6.5	5.7	2.2	0.7	1.5	3.5
Furniture and related product manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)		6.6	5.6	2.8	1.7	1.1	2.8
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	4.1	3.0	1.8		0.5	1.2
Service-providing		923.5	3.8	1.9	1.2	0.7	1.9
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁹		298.0	4.5	2.5	1.7	0.8	2.0
Wholesale trade	42	66.8	4.6	2.9	2.5	0.4	1.7
Merchant wholesalers, durable goods	423	29.2	5.1	2.4	2.0	0.4	2.7
Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods	424	31.0	4.4	3.4	2.8	0.6	1.0
Farm product raw material merchant wholesalers	4245	8.0	3.6	3.3	3.1		
Retail trade	44-45	174.4	4.4	2.1	1.2	0.9	2.3
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	20.0	3.9	2.3	1.9	0.4	1.6
Furniture and home furnishings stores		4.3	4.9	3.6	2.0	1.6	1.3
Electronics and appliance stores	443	6.1	1.6	0.5	(¹⁰)		
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	444	15.1	5.9	2.2	1.4	0.8	3.7
Food and beverage stores	445	36.7	5.2	2.5	1.0	1.5	2.7
Gasoline stations	447	17.7	7.8	2.2	2.0		5.6
Clothing and clothing accessories stores	448	11.2	1.3	0.7		(10)	
Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores	451	7.0	3.6	1.4	0.9		2.1
General merchandise stores	452	34.8	4.3	2.7	1.0	1.8	1.6

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2010 – Continued

Industry ²		2010	rage Total nual recordable yment ⁴ cases	Cases with			
	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)		Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Nonstore retailers	454	3.9	2.9	2.4	1.5	0.9	0.6
Transportation and warehousing ⁹	48-49	50.0	4.5	3.1	2.1	1.0	1.4
Rail transportation ⁹ Truck transportation Couriers and messengers Warehousing and storage	482 484 492 493	28.3 4.8 10.7	2.0 4.2 5.6 6.4	1.4 2.9 2.6 4.5	1.2 2.4 1.4 1.3	(¹⁰) 0.4 1.2 3.1	0.6 1.3 3.0 1.9
Utilities	22	6.8	4.1	2.1	1.6	0.5	2.0
Information		29.3	1.8	1.1	0.8	0.3	0.7
Information	51	29.3	1.8	1.1	0.8	0.3	0.7
Publishing industries (except Internet)	511 5111 51111	9.9 9.0 4.6	1.3 1.5 1.4	0.5 0.5 0.5	0.3 0.3 (10)	(¹⁰) (¹⁰) (¹⁰)	0.8 0.9 0.9
Financial activities		102.0	1.2	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.5
Finance and insurance	52	88.6	0.8	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.5
Insurance carriers and related activities	524 5241	41.5 28.1	0.9 1.2	0.3 0.4	0.2 0.3	0.1 0.1	0.6 0.7
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	13.3	3.8	3.3			0.5
Professional and business services		119.7	3.2	1.4	0.9	0.4	1.8
Management of companies and enterprises	55	13.5	3.2	1.7	1.3	0.3	1.5
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services	56	63.4	3.4	1.7	1.0	0.7	1.7
Administrative and support services (scope changed in 2009)	561 562	60.3 3.1	3.3 5.1	1.7 1.8	1.0 1.1	0.7 	1.6 3.4

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2010 – Continued

Industry ²		2010	ge Total al recordable ent ⁴ cases	Cases with			
	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)		Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Education and health services		200.7	5.3	2.6	1.2	1.4	2.7
Luucauon anu neaun services		200.7	5.5	2.0	1.2	1.4	2.1
Educational services	61	25.3	2.2	0.9	0.8	0.2	1.3
Health care and social assistance	62	175.4	5.7	2.8	1.3	1.6	2.9
Ambulatory health care services	621	50.7	1.9	0.9	0.5	0.4	1.0
Hospitals	622	41.3	8.3	3.4	1.2	2.2	4.8
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	54.6	8.4	4.7	2.0	2.7	3.6
Social assistance	624	28.8	4.1	2.0	1.3	0.7	2.1
Leisure and hospitality		131.5	3.4	1.2	0.9	0.3	2.3
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	20.2	2.6	1.9	1.4	0.5	0.8
Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries	713	16.5	2.3	1.3	0.9	0.4	1.0
Accommodation and food services	72	111.3	3.6	1.1	0.8	0.3	2.5
Accommodation	721	16.8	4.8	2.2	1.8	0.4	2.6
Food services and drinking places	722	94.5	3.3	0.8	0.6	0.2	2.5
Other services		42.4	3.8	2.3	1.6	0.8	1.5
Other services, except public administration	81	42.4	3.8	2.3	1.6	0.8	1.5
Repair and maintenance	811	14.2	4.8	3.4	2.6	0.7	1.4
Automotive repair and maintenance	8111	9.7	5.8	4.1	3.6		1.7
Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations	813	13.1	2.3	0.8	0.4	0.5	1.5
State and local government		218.5	5.0	1.9	1.5	0.4	3.1
State government		51.8	3.5	1.5	0.9	0.6	2.0
Goods-producing ⁶		1.5	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2010 – Continued

		2010		Cases with			
Industry-	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Construction		1.5	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Construction	23	1.5	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	1.5	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹º)	(¹º)	(¹⁰)
		50.2					
Service-providing			3.6	1.6	1.0	0.6	2.0
Education and health services		30.8	4.6	2.2	1.2	1.0	2.4
Educational services	61	20.8	2.8	1.7	0.8	0.9	1.1
Educational services	611 6113	20.8 20.5	2.8 2.8	1.7 1.7	0.8 0.8	0.9 0.9	1.1 1.1
Health care and social assistance	62	10.0	8.5	3.3	2.2	1.2	5.2
Hospitals		7.7 	9.1 9.0	3.3 4.5	2.3 2.4	1.0 2.1	5.7 4.5
Public administration		18.0	2.1	0.7	0.6	0.1	1.4
Public administration	92	18.0	2.1	0.7	0.6	0.1	1.4
Justice, public order, and safety activities	922 9221 92214	6.6 6.6 3.3	2.6 2.6 3.8	1.5 1.5 2.8	1.3 1.3 2.4	(¹⁰) (¹⁰) (¹⁰)	1.0 1.0 1.0
Local government		166.7	5.6	2.0	1.7	0.3	3.5
Goods-producing ⁶		0.1	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)
Construction			(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)
Construction	23		(¹⁰)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2010 – Continued

	2010	2010 Average annual r employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Cases with			
Industry ²	NAICS code ³			Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237		(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)
Service-providing		166.6	5.6	2.0	1.7	0.3	3.5
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁹		3.9	7.6	3.5	3.4	(10)	4.1
Transportation and warehousing ⁹	48-49	2.2	10.4	4.0	4.0	(10)	6.3
Transit and ground passenger transportation	485	2.1	10.5	4.1	4.1	(10)	6.4
Education and health services		113.5	5.4	1.4	1.3	0.1	4.0
Educational services	61	97.7	5.3	1.4	1.3		3.9
Educational services	-	97.7 82.3	5.3 5.9	1.4 1.5	1.3 1.4	 	3.9 4.3
Health care and social assistance	62	15.8	6.5	1.5	1.1	0.4	5.0
Hospitals		14.4 0.6	6.6 10.1	1.4 7.1	0.9 7.1	0.4 (¹⁰)	5.3 (¹⁰)

Table 6. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2010 -- Continued

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Industry ²		2010	ge Total al recordable nent ⁴ cases	Cases wit			
	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)		Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Public administration	92	46.0 46.0	5.7 5.7	3.1 3.1	2.3 2.3	0.8	2.5 2.5

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during

the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers

(working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁸ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ North American Industry Classification System 2007 Edition

⁴ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages.

⁵ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

⁶ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System -- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and

⁹ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

¹⁰ Data too small to be displayed.