Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2010

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2010 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Cases with			
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
All industries including State and local government ⁶		477.8	2.1	1.0	0.9	0.1	1.1
Private industry ⁶		442.8	1.9	0.9	0.8	0.1	1.0
Goods-producing ⁶		12.1	2.8	1.6	1.1	0.5	1.3
Construction		10.8	2.7	1.4	1.1	0.3	1.3
Construction	. 23	10.8	2.7	1.4	1.1	0.3	1.3
Construction of buildings Nonresidential building construction Heavy and civil engineering construction Utility system construction Highway, street, and bridge construction Other heavy and civil engineering construction Specialty trade contractors Foundation, structure, and building exterior contractors Building equipment contractors Building finishing contractors Manufacturing Service-providing Trade, transportation, and utilities None of the survival of the s	2362 237 2371 2373 2379 238 2381 2382 2383	3.5 2.5 2.1 0.5 1.4 5.1 1.4 2.5 1.0 1.3 430.7	2.1 3.1 3.3 3.2 4.0 (¹⁰) 2.8 1.8 2.8 3.5 4.1 1.9	1.1 1.6 2.0 (10) 2.3 (10) 1.3 (10) 1.6 (10) 3.4 0.9	0.9 1.4 1.5 (10) 1.6 (10) 1.0 (10) 1.1 (10) (10) 0.8 1.4	(10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10)	1.0 1.5 1.3 (10) 1.7 (10) 1.5 (10) 1.3 3.0 (10) 1.0
Wholesale trade	42	4.8	2.8	2.5	1.5	1.1	(¹⁰)
Retail trade	44-45	17.9	3.1	1.6	1.5	(10)	1.5
Furniture and home furnishings stores		0.7 0.6	(¹⁰) (¹⁰)	(¹⁰) (¹⁰)	(¹⁰) (¹⁰)	(¹⁰) (¹⁰)	(¹⁰) (¹⁰)
	B	.			.		

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2010 – Continued

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2010 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Food and beverage stores . Health and personal care stores . Clothing and clothing accessories stores . Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores . General merchandise stores . Miscellaneous store retailers .	446 448	5.9 1.8 3.2 1.2 1.3 1.2	4.9 5.4 1.3 1.9 4.8 (10)	2.1 5.4 (10) (10) (10) (10)	2.1 5.4 (10) (10) (10) (10)	(10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10)	2.8 (10) 1.0 3.2 (10)
Transportation and warehousing ⁹	48-49	2.1	1.6	1.2	1.2	(10)	0.4
Rail transportation ⁹	482 485	0.8	0.9 3.9	0.7 2.9	0.6 2.9	(¹⁰) (¹⁰)	(¹⁰) (¹⁰)
Information		18.5	1.0	0.7	0.7	(10)	0.3
Information	51	18.5	1.0	0.7	0.7	(10)	0.3
Publishing industries (except Internet) Newspaper, periodical, book, and directory publishers Telecommunications (scope changed in 2009) Wired telecommunications carriers (scope changed in 2009) Satellite telecommunications Data processing, hosting, and related services (scope changed in 2009) Data processing, hosting, and related services	5111 517 5171 5174 518	6.0 5.6 3.7 1.5 0.7 0.7	0.4 0.5 2.5 5.8 (10) (10) (10)	(10) (10) 2.2 5.2 (10) (10) (10)	(10) (10) 2.2 5.2 (10) (10) (10)	(10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10)	0.3 0.3 (10) (10) (10) (10) (10)
Financial activities		24.8	1.0	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.6
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	9.8	2.2	0.8	0.6	0.3	1.3
Professional and business services		142.1	0.8	0.3	0.3	(10)	0.5
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	100.0	0.4	0.2	0.2	(10)	0.3
Professional, scientific, and technical services (scope changed in 2009) Legal services Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services Architectural, engineering, and related services	5411 5412	100.0 31.2 4.2 7.7	0.4 0.6 (10) (10)	0.2 0.2 (10) (10)	0.2 0.2 (¹⁰) (¹⁰)	(¹⁰) (¹⁰) (¹⁰)	0.3 0.4 (10) (10)

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2010 – Continued

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2010 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Cases with			
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Management, scientific, and technical consulting services (scope changed in 2009)	5416	17.2	0.4	0.2	0.2	(10)	0.2
Management of companies and enterprises	55	2.0	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(¹⁰)
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services \dots	56	40.1	1.7	0.6	0.6	(10)	1.1
Administrative and support services (scope changed in 2009)	561	39.8	1.7	0.6	0.6	(10)	1.1
Education and health services		97.0	3.2	1.6	1.4	0.2	1.6
Educational services	61	38.3	1.2	0.6	0.6	(10)	0.5
Educational services	611	38.3	1.2	0.6	0.6	(10)	0.5
Health care and social assistance	62	58.6	4.2	2.1	1.8	0.3	2.1
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	8.2	3.5	2.8	2.7	(10)	0.6
Leisure and hospitality		59.6	4.7	1.8	1.7	0.2	2.9
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	7.0	3.4	1.2	0.9	(10)	2.2
Performing arts, spectator sports, and related industries		3.8 1.2	3.9 3.0	1.0 1.7	(¹⁰) (¹⁰)	(¹⁰) (¹⁰)	2.8 1.4
Accommodation and food services	72	52.6	4.8	1.9	1.7	0.2	2.9
Accommodation	721 7211 722	15.2 15.1 37.4	6.1 6.1 4.3	3.0 3.0 1.4	2.7 2.7 1.3	0.4 0.4 0.1	3.0 3.1 2.9
Other services		62.2	0.6	0.3	0.3	(10)	0.3
Other services, except public administration	81	62.2	0.6	0.3	0.3	(10)	0.3
Personal and laundry services	812	6.3	1.2	0.8	0.8	(10)	0.4

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2010 – Continued

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2010 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Cases with			
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations	813	49.9	0.5	0.2	0.2	(10)	0.3
State and local government							
State government							
Service-providing							
Education and health services							
Health care and social assistance	62		7.1	1.4	1.4	(10)	5.7

Table 6. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2010 -- Continued

Industry ²		2010 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			
	NAICS code ³			Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Hospitals	622		7.1	1.4	1.4	(10)	5.7
Local government		3.9	4.5	4.1	4.0		(¹⁰)

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during

the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers

(working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁸ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ North American Industry Classification System 2007 Edition

⁴ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages.

⁵ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

⁶ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁷ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and

⁹ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

¹⁰ Data too small to be displayed.