Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2009

		2009		Cases with			
Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
All industries including State and local government ⁶		766.4	4.8	2.1	1.3	0.7	2.7
Private industry ⁶		636.8	4.2	1.8	1.2	0.6	2.4
Goods-producing ⁶		116.8	3.6	1.9	1.2	0.7	1.7
Natural resources and mining ^{6,7}		30.0	2.7	1.7	1.2	0.5	0.9
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting ⁶	11	9.8	4.3	2.8	2.2	0.6	
Animal production (scope changed in 2009) ⁶	112	5.3	4.2	2.8	2.2		
Mining ⁷	21	20.2	1.9	1.3	0.8	0.5	0.7
Mining (except oil and gas) ⁸ . Support activities for mining.		4.6 11.3	2.5 1.8	1.9 1.2	1.1 0.7	0.8 0.4	0.6 0.6
Construction		53.9	3.4	1.7	1.2	0.5	1.7
Construction	23	53.9	3.4	1.7	1.2	0.5	1.7
Construction of buildings Nonresidential building construction Heavy and civil engineering construction Specialty trade contractors Foundation, structure, and building exterior contractors Building equipment contractors	2362 237 238 2381	14.2 8.0 9.8 29.9 6.5 14.1	3.3 3.4 3.2 3.6 3.5 3.9	1.9 1.7 1.8 1.6 1.7 1.5	 (¹⁰) 1.2 1.2 1.5 1.1	1.0 1.6 0.6 0.3 (10) 0.4	1.4 1.7 1.4 2.0 1.9 2.4
Manufacturing		32.8	4.7	2.3	1.3	1.0	2.4
Manufacturing	31-33	32.8	4.7	2.3	1.3	1.0	2.4
Food manufacturing	311	5.1	6.3	3.9	2.1	1.8	2.4
Con factnatas at and of table							<u> </u>

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2009 – Continued

Industry ²		2009		Cases with			
	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Total	Total days away with ju	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing . Leather and allied product manufacturing . Paper manufacturing . Printing and related support activities . Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing . Primary metal manufacturing . Fabricated metal product manufacturing . Computer and electronic product manufacturing . Transportation equipment manufacturing (scope changed in 2009) . Furniture and related product manufacturing (scope changed in 2009) . Miscellaneous manufacturing . Service-providing . Trade, transportation, and utilities . Wholesale trade . Merchant wholesalers, durable goods . Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods . Retail trade . Motor vehicle and parts dealers . Electronics and appliance stores . Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers . Food and beverage stores . Grocery stores . Other specialty food stores . Gasoline stations . Gasoline stations . Gasoline stations . Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores . General merchandise stores . Nonstore retailers .	316 322 323 327 331 332 334 336 337 339 42 44-45 44-5 44-5 44-5 44-5 44-7 44-7 44-7 44-7 44-7 44-7 44-7 44-7 44-7 44-7 44-7 44-7 44-7 44-7 44-7 44-7 44-7 45-7 44-7 45-7	0.6 0.0 0.7 1.1 2.4 0.5 2.7 8.2 2.3 1.2 2.1 520.1 139.4 23.1 12.8 8.2 94.2 12.2 2.5 8.0 13.7 12.4 0.5 8.0 8.0 4.0 22.7 2.8	9.8 (10) 7.6 (10) 3.9 11.7 11.7 1.2 5.6 5.2 1.8 4.4 4.5 3.5 2.2 6.2 4.9 5.2 0.7 5.9 5.2 5.4 (10) 2.5 6.9 2.0	4.2 (10) 3.6 (10) 1.9 (10) 1.6 0.6 2.9 3.7 0.8 1.8 2.4 2.0 0.8 4.2 2.4 2.6 (10) 3.2 2.5 2.7 (10) 0.7 0.7 (10) 4.2 1.0	(10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10)	(10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10)	5.6 (10) 4.0 (10) 2.0 8.6 10.1 0.7 2.7 (10) 1.0 2.6 2.1 1.5 1.4 2.0 2.5 (10) 2.7 2.6 2.8 (10) 2.2 2.7 1.0
Transportation and warehousing ⁹	48-49	17.4	4.2	3.0	1.8	1.2	1.2

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2009 – Continued

		2009		Cases with			
Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Air transportation Rail transportation Rail transportation Transit and ground passenger transportation Support activities for transportation Couriers and messengers Warehousing and storage Utilities Information Information Telecommunications (scope changed in 2009) Professional and business services Professional, scientific, and technical services Management of companies and enterprises Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services Waste management and remediation services Waste treatment and disposal Remediation and other waste management services Education and health services Health care and social assistance	485 488 492 493 22 51	1.4 2.6 1.9 2.2 1.3 4.7 15.5 15.5 7.4 106.9 57.3 5.2 2.6 0.9 0.9 106.4 98.4	9.8 2.3 1.3 2.8 6.2 5.7 5.3 2.2 2.1 1.8 1.5 3.1 4.5 (10) 7.7 7.9	6.7 1.6 (10) 1.5 4.7 4.5 2.5 1.1 1.1 0.6 1.0 0.7 2.3 3.0 (10) 3.4 2.4	4.8 1.5 (¹º) 2.3 1.8 2.3 0.3 0.3 (¹º) 0.6 0.3 2.1 1.9 (¹º) (¹º) (¹º) 1.6 1.6	1.9 (10) (10) (10) (24 2.7 (10) 0.4 (10) 1.1 (10) 2.2 0.8 0.8	3.1 (10) 1.3 1.5 (10) 2.9 1.1 1.1 1.4 0.9 0.8 0.8 1.5 (10) 3.6 5.3
Ambulatory health care services Hospitals Nursing and residential care facilities Social assistance Leisure and hospitality	621 622 623 624	41.7 20.6 12.6 23.5	3.9 6.7 9.0 15.6	1.3 2.0 4.5 3.7	0.8 1.1 2.4 	0.5 0.9 2.1 0.4	2.6 4.7 4.5 12.0

Table 6. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2009 - Continued

		2009		Cases with			
Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	13.8	4.7	1.6	1.3	0.4	3.1
Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries	713	11.3	5.1	1.3	0.9	0.4	3.8
Accommodation and food services	72	82.3	4.0	1.9	1.4	0.5	2.1
Accommodation	721 722	18.8 63.4	4.3 3.9	2.7 1.6	1.7 1.3	1.0 0.3	1.6 2.3
Other services		22.4	3.6	1.4		0.5	2.2
Other services, except public administration	81	22.4	3.6	1.4		0.5	2.2
Repair and maintenance	811	8.0	3.0	0.9	0.6		2.1
State and local government		129.6	7.4	3.1	1.9	1.2	4.2
State government		51.4	5.6	2.0	1.4	0.6	3.6
Goods-producing ⁶		1.7	5.3	4.1	2.9	1.2	1.2
Construction		1.7	5.3	4.1	2.9	1.2	1.2
Construction	23	1.7	5.3	4.1	2.9	1.2	1.2
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	1.7	5.3	4.1	2.9	1.2	1.2
Service-providing		49.7	5.6	1.9	1.3	0.6	3.7
Education and health services		31.6	6.5	1.8	1.5	0.4	4.6
Educational services	61	17.8	3.4	1.6	1.0	0.5	1.9
Educational services	611 6113	17.8 16.7	3.4 2.8	1.6 1.4	1.0 1.0	0.5 0.5	1.9 1.4

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2009 – Continued

		2009		Cases with			
Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Health care and social assistance	62						
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	2.2	9.0	5.5	4.1	1.3	3.5
Public administration		16.3	3.9	1.5	0.8	0.7	2.4
Public administration	92	16.3	3.9	1.5	0.8	0.7	2.4
Executive, legislative, and other general government support Justice, public order, and safety activities Justice, public order, and safety activities Police protection Correctional institutions	921 922 9221 92212 92214	2.1 7.3 7.3 1.2 2.0	2.5 7.6 7.6 4.7 10.7	(10) 3.2 3.2 3.8 2.9	(10) 1.8 1.8 2.7 1.9	(10) (10) 1.0	2.0 4.4 4.4 (10) 7.8
Local government		78.1	8.6	4.0	2.3	1.6	4.7
Goods-producing ⁶		1.8	11.5	11.5	10.9		(10)
Construction			11.6	11.6	10.9		(10)
Construction	23		11.6	11.6	10.9		(10)
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	1.8	11.7	11.7	11.1		(10)
Service-providing		76.4	8.6	3.8	2.1	1.7	4.8
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁹		3.1	8.4	3.9	2.9	0.9	4.5
Transportation and warehousing ⁹	48-49	1.2	13.7	6.2	4.1	2.1	7.5
Transit and ground passenger transportation	485	0.7	15.8	5.7	2.9	2.8	10.1
Education and health services		47.7	8.4	3.2	1.8	1.4	5.2
Educational services	61	46.1	8.4	3.2	1.8	1.4	5.1

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2009 – Continued

Industry ²		2009		Cases wit			
	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Educational services Elementary and secondary schools	-	46.1 42.0	8.4 9.1	3.2 3.6	1.8 2.0	1.4 1.5	5.1 5.6
Health care and social assistance	62	1.6	10.8	3.4	2.1	1.3	7.4
Social assistance	624	0.6	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)
Leisure and hospitality		2.8	15.6	10.2	4.1	6.0	5.4
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	2.7	15.6	10.3	4.0	6.3	5.3
Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries	713	2.4	14.8	10.3	4.2	6.1	4.5
Accommodation and food services	72	0.1	14.3	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)
Public administration		19.7	7.7	3.7	2.1	1.6	4.0
Public administration	92	19.7	7.7	3.7	2.1	1.6	4.0
Justice, public order, and safety activities	922	10.7	10.1	4.5	2.5	1.9	5.7

Table 6. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2009 -- Continued

		2009		Cases with			
Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Justice, public order, and safety activities		10.7 5.6 2.3	10.1 10.1 10.4	4.5 3.9 4.3	2.5 2.8 2.4	1.9 1.2 1.9	5.7 6.1 6.1

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during

the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers

(working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁸ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ North American Industry Classification System 2007 Edition

⁴ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages.

⁵ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

⁶ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System -- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and

⁹ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

¹⁰ Data too small to be displayed.