Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2009

Industry ²		2009	Total recordable t ⁴ cases	Cases with			
	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)		Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
All industries including State and local government ⁶		2,600.2	3.8	1.8	1.0	0.8	2.0
Private industry ⁶		2,276.2	3.8	1.8	1.0	0.8	2.0
Goods-producing ⁶		440.2	4.9	2.4	1.2	1.3	2.5
Natural resources and mining ^{6,7}		18.0	5.4	2.9	1.6	1.3	2.5
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting ⁶	11	13.0	6.3	3.3	1.8	1.6	3.0
Crop production (scope changed in 2009) ⁶	111	3.6	8.7	4.2	1.6	2.7	4.5
Mining ⁷	21	5.1	2.6	1.6	0.9	0.6	1.0
Metal ore mining ⁸	2122	3.5	2.6	1.8	1.2	0.7	0.8
Construction		103.3	5.7	2.2	1.7	0.5	3.5
Construction	23	103.3	5.7	2.2	1.7	0.5	3.5
Construction of buildings Nonresidential building construction Heavy and civil engineering construction Utility system construction Highway, street, and bridge construction Specialty trade contractors Foundation, structure, and building exterior contractors Building equipment contractors Electrical contractors Plumbing, heating, and air-conditioning contractors Building finishing contractors	2371 2373 238 2381 2382 23821 23822 2383	13.1 13.0 5.9 5.9 66.0 13.6 30.6 12.7 15.1	6.0 4.7 3.3 6.9 5.7 5.9 6.1 4.7 7.0 5.2	2.3 1.7 1.6 1.8 2.0 1.8 1.6 1.7 1.6 2.5	1.1 1.3 1.2 1.4 1.6 1.2 1.3 1.5 1.1	1.2 0.5 0.3 0.5 0.4 0.7 0.3 0.2 0.4 0.5	3.7 3.0 1.7 5.0 3.7 4.1 4.5 3.0 5.5 2.7
Drywall and insulation contractors	23831 23832	3.5 3.1	5.3 5.6	2.2 4.3	2.1 2.9		3.1

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2009 – Continued

Industry ²		2009		Cases with			
	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Manufacturing		318.9	4.6	2.5	1.0	1.5	2.2
Manufacturing	31-33	318.9	4.6	2.5	1.0	1.5	2.2
Food manufacturing	311 3114	43.0 4.8	6.9 4.6	4.2 2.9	1.4 1.4	2.8 1.5	2.7 1.7
	-	5.2	7.5	2.9 4.5	2.2	2.3	3.0
Dairy product manufacturing		15.7	7.5 8.0	4.5 5.3	2.2 1.0	2.3 4.3	2.7
Animal slaughtering and processing	31161	15.7	8.0	5.3	1.0	4.3	2.7
Animal (except poultry) slaughtering		5.4	11.4	7.3	1.7	5.6	4.1
Poultry processing	311615	5.8	6.8	4.5	0.6	3.9	2.3
Bakeries and tortilla manufacturing		5.3	6.3	3.5	1.3	2.2	2.8
Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing	312	2.2	9.6	7.2	2.1	5.0	2.4
Beverage manufacturing		2.2	9.6	7.2	2.1	5.0	2.4
Wood product manufacturing	321	12.2	10.0	4.6	2.5	2.1	5.3
Veneer, plywood, and engineered wood product manufacturing	3212	1.6	16.3	6.9	1.6	5.3	9.4
Other wood product manufacturing	3219	9.9	7.8	3.9	2.7	1.2	3.9
Millwork	32191	7.1	7.0	4.1	2.6	1.5	2.9
Paper manufacturing	322	11.1	3.2	1.5	0.8	0.7	1.7
Printing and related support activities	323	27.7	3.6	2.1	0.8	1.3	1.5
Chemical manufacturing		10.3	2.7	1.1	0.5	0.6	1.6
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)		14.2	5.2	2.8	1.2	1.6	2.4
Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing		8.9	3.9	1.7	0.6	1.1	2.2
Primary metal manufacturing	331	6.0	9.5	6.2	2.6	3.6	3.3
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	41.0	5.3	2.8	1.1	1.7	2.5
Forging and stamping		3.7	5.0	1.7	0.9	0.9	3.3
Architectural and structural metals manufacturing	3323	8.0	6.5	3.6	1.5	2.1	2.9
Machine shops; turned product; and screw, nut, and bolt manufacturing		13.3	5.1	2.8	0.5	2.2	2.3
Coating, engraving, heat treating, and allied activities	3328 333	3.4 32.1	4.5 5.0	2.3 2.2	0.8 0.9	1.5 1.4	2.2 2.8
Agriculture, construction, and mining machinery manufacturing		7.2	5.0 7.9	2.2 3.6	0.9 1.5	1. 4 2.1	2.8 4.2
Industrial machinery manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	3332	2.8	2.3	1.3	1.0	(¹⁰)	1.0
Commercial and service industry machinery manufacturing	3333	3.7	3.1	1.4	0.5	0.9	1.8
Ventilation, heating, air-conditioning, and commercial refrigeration	3000	J			0.0	0.0	
equipment manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	3334	3.6	5.1	2.3	0.8	1.5	2.8

Table 6. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2009 - Continued

Industry ²		2009			n work, job ion		
	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Metalworking machinery manufacturing	3335	4.3	4.4	1.8	1.1	0.6	2.7
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334	50.2	1.6	0.7	0.3	0.4	0.9
Computer and peripheral equipment manufacturing		11.5	1.0	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.5
Semiconductor and other electronic component manufacturing	3344	9.6	2.4	0.8	0.3	0.4	1.6
Navigational, measuring, electromedical, and control instruments							
manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	3345	25.7	1.6	0.8	0.4	0.5	0.8
Electrical equipment, appliance, and component manufacturing	335	8.9	3.8	2.1	1.1	1.0	1.7
Transportation equipment manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	336	11.3	7.0	2.7	1.3	1.4	4.3
Motor vehicle manufacturing	3361	1.5	15.3	3.2	1.7	1.5	12.1
Motor vehicle body and trailer manufacturing	3362	1.5	14.7	5.5	3.6	1.9	9.3
Motor vehicle parts manufacturing	3363	2.2	3.4	1.1	(10)	(10)	2.3
Ship and boat building (scope changed in 2009)	3366	1.7	4.7	2.3	(10)	1.9	2.3
Furniture and related product manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	337	9.9	6.8	4.9		2.1	2.0
Household and institutional furniture and kitchen cabinet manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	3371	6.7	7.6	6.1		2.3	1.6
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	23.2	2.6	1.6	0.5	1.1	1.0
Medical equipment and supplies manufacturing	3391	15.9	2.1	1.3	0.5	0.8	0.7
Other miscellaneous manufacturing	3399	7.3	3.8	2.2	0.5	1.7	1.6
Service-providing		1,836.0	3.4	1.6	0.9	0.7	1.9
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁹		507.6	4.2	2.1	1.2	0.9	2.1
Wholesale trade	42	131.2	3.4	1.7	1.0	0.8	1.7
Merchant wholesalers, durable goods	423	62.9	3.7	1.7	1.0	0.7	2.0
Motor vehicle and motor vehicle parts and supplies merchant wholesalers	4231	7.5	7.7	3.3	1.6	1.6	4.4
Lumber and other construction materials merchant wholesalers	4233	4.7	6.3	4.8	3.4	1.4	1.5
Machinery, equipment, and supplies merchant wholesalers	4238	15.7	5.7	1.8	1.3	0.4	3.9
Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods	424	44.7	4.5	2.6	1.3	1.3	1.9
Grocery and related product merchant wholesalers	4244	15.6	7.6	5.0	2.3	2.6	2.6
Retail trade	44-45	288.5	4.3	2.0	1.1	0.9	2.3
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	30.6	4.2	1.2	0.8	0.4	3.0
Automobile dealers	4411	18.6	4.0	1.2	0.9	0.3	2.8

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2009 – Continued

Industry ²		2009		Cases with			
	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Furniture and home furnishings stores	442	9.2	4.8	2.7	0.9	1.8	2.0
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	444	24.7	4.3	1.6	1.1	0.5	2.7
Food and beverage stores	445	52.0	6.5	3.0	1.4	1.6	3.5
Grocery stores	4451	44.4	6.9	3.1	1.5	1.5	3.9
General merchandise stores	452	62.6	5.3	3.1	1.4	1.7	2.2
Transportation and warehousing ⁹	48-49	75.2	5.5	3.4	1.8	1.5	2.1
Air transportation	481	15.5	8.6	6.9	3.0	3.9	1.7
Truck transportation	484	24.0	4.0	2.0	1.6	0.4	2.0
Transit and ground passenger transportation	485	12.6	4.0	2.4	1.3		1.6
Couriers and messengers	492	10.3	9.8	4.8	2.8	2.1	5.0
Warehousing and storage	493	6.1	6.8	4.1	1.6	2.5	2.7
Utilities	22	12.7	3.6	1.5	0.8	0.7	2.1
Utilities	221	12.7	3.6	1.5	0.8	0.7	2.1
Electric power generation, transmission and distribution	2211	10.7	3.7	1.4	0.7	0.7	2.3
Information		56.5	1.6	0.6	0.4	0.2	1.0
Information	51	56.5	1.6	0.6	0.4	0.2	1.0
Publishing industries (except Internet)	511	23.6	1.2	0.6	0.4	0.2	0.6
Financial activities		174.3	1.0	0.4	0.4	0.1	0.6
Finance and insurance	52	136.8	0.7	0.2	0.1	(10)	0.5
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	37.5	2.7	1.6	1.4	0.2	1.0
Professional and business services		321.3	1.8	0.8	0.5	0.3	1.0
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	131.5	1.2	0.3	0.2	0.1	
Management of companies and enterprises	55	70.7	1.8	0.5	0.3	0.2	1.3

Table 6. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2009 - Continued

Industry ²		2009	recordable	Cases with			
	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)		Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services	56	119.2	2.4	1.5	1.1	0.5	0.9
Auministrative and support and waste management and remediation services	30	119.2	2.4	1.5	1.1	0.5	0.9
Administrative and support services (scope changed in 2009)	561	112.9	2.4	1.5	1.0	0.4	0.9
Services to buildings and dwellings	5617	27.3	5.1	3.3	2.5	0.7	1.9
Education and health services		433.0	5.6	2.6	1.3	1.2	3.0
Educational services	61	43.1	2.0	1.0	0.7	0.3	1.0
Educational services	611	43.1	2.0	1.0	0.7	0.3	1.0
Colleges, universities, and professional schools	6113	18.8	2.2	0.8	0.6	0.3	1.4
Health care and social assistance	62	389.9	5.9	2.7	1.4	1.3	3.2
Ambulatory health care services	621	125.0	3.1	0.7	0.5	0.2	2.4
Home health care services		17.2	4.3	2.3	1.7	0.6	2.0
Hospitals	622	97.4	8.2	3.6	2.2	1.5	4.6
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	97.4	9.3	5.6	2.5	3.2	3.7
Nursing care facilities	6231	46.4	11.4	7.5	3.1	4.3	3.9
Social assistance	624	70.1	3.1	1.5	0.7	0.7	1.7
Leisure and hospitality		257.4	3.4	1.2	0.8	0.4	2.2
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	47.4	5.1	1.7	1.1	0.6	3.4
Accommodation and food services	72	210.0	3.0	1.1	0.8	0.4	1.9
Accommodation	721	32.5	4.8	2.3	1.3	1.0	2.5
Food services and drinking places		177.4	2.7	0.9	0.7	0.2	1.8
Full-service restaurants	7221	81.0	2.9	0.7	0.5	0.1	2.2
Limited-service eating places	7222	73.8	2.2	1.0	0.7	0.2	1.2
Other services		85.9	3.3	1.5	0.7	0.8	1.8
Other services, except public administration	81	85.9	3.3	1.5	0.7	0.8	1.8

Table 6. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2009 - Continued

Industry ²		2009	Total recordable cases	Cases with			
	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)		Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Repair and maintenance	811 8111 812	20.3 14.9 29.3	4.2 2.8 2.2	2.2 0.7 0.9	 0.6	2.0 0.3	2.0 2.1 1.4
State and local government		323.9	4.3	2.2	1.5	0.7	2.1
State government		75.9	3.9	1.7	1.2	0.6	2.2
Goods-producing ⁶		3.6	8.1	5.4	3.3	2.1	2.7
Construction		3.4	8.2	5.4	3.4	2.0	2.8
Construction	23	3.4	8.2	5.4	3.4	2.0	2.8
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	3.4	8.2	5.4	3.4	2.0	2.8
Service-providing		72.3	3.7	1.5	1.0	0.5	2.1
Education and health services		42.0	4.5	1.5	1.1	0.4	3.0
Educational services	61	37.4	3.8	0.8	0.5	0.3	3.0
Educational services Junior colleges Colleges, universities, and professional schools	6112	37.4 9.3 27.6	3.8 2.1 4.4	0.8 0.9 0.7	0.5 0.5 0.5	0.3 0.4 0.2	3.0 1.2 3.7
Health care and social assistance	62	4.6	9.6	7.0	5.4	1.5	2.6
Nursing and residential care facilities		1.6 1.3	13.7 14.8	10.1 11.6	7.5 8.5	2.5 3.1	3.6 3.1
Public administration		28.6	2.7	1.6	1.0	0.6	1.1
Public administration	92	28.6	2.7	1.6	1.0	0.6	1.1
Justice, public order, and safety activities	922	9.1	3.2	2.5	1.6	0.9	0.7

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2009 – Continued

Industry ²		2009	verage Total annual recordable bloyment ⁴ cases	Cases with			
	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)		Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Justice, public order, and safety activities Police protection Correctional institutions	9221 92212 92214	9.1 4.2	3.2 (¹⁰) 4.9	2.5 (10) 3.8	1.6 (10) 2.7	0.9 (¹⁰) 1.1	0.7 (¹⁰) 1.1
Local government		248.0	4.4	2.3	1.6	0.7	2.1
Goods-producing ⁶		3.7	7.4	4.5	3.4	1.1	2.9
Construction			7.4	4.5	3.4	1.1	2.9
Construction	23		7.4	4.5	3.4	1.1	2.9
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237		7.4	4.5	3.4	1.1	2.9
Service-providing		244.3	4.3	2.3	1.6	0.7	2.1
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁹		7.2	5.9	4.2	2.7	1.5	1.7
Transportation and warehousing ⁹	48-49	5.4	5.3	4.4	3.1	1.3	0.9
Transit and ground passenger transportation	485	4.5	5.6	5.3	3.9	1.4	(10)
Utilities	22	1.4	7.3	3.3	1.9	1.4	4.0
Utilities	221 2213	1.4 0.5	7.3 10.2	3.3 5.9	1.9 3.4	1.4 (10)	4.0 4.4
Education and health services		148.9	3.8	1.9	1.3	0.6	1.9
Educational services	61	132.9	3.4	1.7	1.2	0.6	1.7
Educational services	611 6111	132.9 130.9	3.4 3.4	1.7 1.7	1.2 1.2	0.6 0.5	1.7 1.7
Health care and social assistance	62	16.0	7.2	3.5	2.3	1.2	3.7

Table 6. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2009 -- Continued

Industry ²		2009		Cases with			
	NAICS code ³	Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Hospitals	623	9.8 3.3 2.9	6.8 14.4 15.8	2.6 9.0 9.9	1.6 5.7 6.1	0.9 3.4 3.9	4.2 5.3 5.9
Public administration		80.5	5.1	2.7	2.0	0.7	2.4
Public administration	92	80.5	5.1	2.7	2.0	0.7	2.4
Justice, public order, and safety activities Justice, public order, and safety activities Police protection Fire protection	9221 92212	11.0 11.0 4.9 1.4	5.7 5.7 7.4 10.6	2.9 2.9 3.2 7.9	2.4 2.4 2.7 6.3	0.5 0.5 0.5 1.6	2.9 2.9 4.2 2.7

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during

the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers

(working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁸ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ North American Industry Classification System 2007 Edition

⁴ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages.

Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

⁶ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System -- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and

⁹ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

¹⁰ Data too small to be displayed.