Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2009

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2009 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
All industries including State and local government ⁶		488.1	1.8	0.9	0.8	0.1	0.9
Private industry ⁶		449.4	1.9	0.9	0.8	0.1	1.0
Goods-producing ⁶		14.4	2.7	1.8	1.4	0.4	0.9
Construction							
Construction	23						
Residential building construction Heavy and civil engineering construction Other heavy and civil engineering construction Specialty trade contractors Building equipment contractors	237 2379 238	1.0 2.1 7.0 3.1	(10) 4.6 (10) 3.2 3.8	(10) 3.0 (10) 2.1 2.8	(10) 1.8 (10) 1.9 2.3	(10) 1.2 (10) 0.2 0.5	(¹⁰) 1.6 (¹⁰) 1.1 1.0
Service-providing		435.0	1.9	0.9	0.8	0.1	1.0
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁹		27.5	2.2	1.3	1.0	0.3	1.0
Wholesale trade	42	4.8	2.0	1.7	1.0	0.6	0.4
Retail trade	44-45	18.2	2.6	1.2	0.9	0.2	1.4
Furniture and home furnishings stores . Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers . Food and beverage stores . Clothing and clothing accessories stores . Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores . General merchandise stores . Miscellaneous store retailers . Transportation and warehousing ⁹ .	444 445 448 451 452 453	0.8 0.7 5.9 3.2 1.3 1.2 1.2	(10) (10) 5.0 2.1 (10) 3.4 (10)	(10) (10) 2.2 1.3 (10) (10) (10) (10)	(10) (10) 1.6 1.3 (10) (10) (10) (10)	(10) 0.6 (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10)	(10) (10) 2.9 (10) (10) (10) (10)
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See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2009 – Continued

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2009 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Rail transportation ⁹	482 485	 0.8	0.7 (¹⁰)	0.3 (¹º)	(¹⁰) (¹⁰)	(¹⁰) (¹⁰)	0.4 (10)
Utilities	22	2.4	3.2	1.9	1.8	(10)	1.3
Information		19.8	0.9	0.4	0.4	(10)	0.5
Information	51	19.8	0.9	0.4	0.4	(10)	0.5
Publishing industries (except Internet)	5111	7.3 6.6 	0.5 0.5 (10)	(¹⁰) (¹⁰) (¹⁰)	(¹⁰) (¹⁰) (¹⁰)	(¹⁰) (¹⁰) (¹⁰)	0.4 0.4 (¹º)
Financial activities		25.5	0.8	0.5	0.5	(10)	0.3
Finance and insurance	52	15.0	0.2	(10)	(10)	(10)	0.1
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	10.5	1.8	1.2	1.2	(10)	0.6
Professional and business services		146.1	0.8	0.4	0.4	(10)	0.4
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	102.3	0.6	0.3	0.3	(10)	0.3
Professional, scientific, and technical services (scope changed in 2009)	5411	102.3 33.7 4.7 16.0	0.6 0.6 (10) 0.3	0.3 0.2 (¹⁰) 0.1	0.3 0.2 (10) 0.1	(¹⁰) (¹⁰) (¹⁰)	0.3 0.4 (10) 0.1
Management of companies and enterprises	55	1.4	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)	(10)
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services \dots	56	42.5	1.5	0.8	0.7		0.8
Administrative and support services (scope changed in 2009)	561	42.2	1.4	0.7	0.7	(10)	0.7
Education and health services		94.4	3.7	1.6	1.3	0.2	2.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2009 - Continued

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2009 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Educational services	61	38.4	1.2	0.7	0.6	(¹⁰)	0.6
Educational services		38.4 25.4	1.2 1.2	0.7 0.6	0.6 0.6	(¹⁰)	0.6 0.6
Health care and social assistance	62	56.0	4.9	2.0	1.7	0.3	2.9
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	7.1	4.8	2.0	1.9	(10)	2.8
Leisure and hospitality		58.7	4.1	1.9	1.7	0.2	2.2
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	7.2	3.5	1.3	1.1	(10)	2.1
Performing arts, spectator sports, and related industries	711	3.7	3.4	1.0	0.6	(10)	2.4
Accommodation and food services	72	51.5	4.2	2.0	1.8	0.2	2.2
Accommodation . Traveler accommodation . Food services and drinking places .	7211	15.0 14.9 36.5	5.5 5.6 3.6	2.3 2.4 1.8	1.9 1.9 1.7	0.4 0.4 0.1	3.2 3.2 1.8
Other services		63.0	0.8	0.3	0.3	(10)	0.5
Other services, except public administration	81	63.0	0.8	0.3	0.3	(10)	0.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2009 -- Continued

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2009 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Personal and laundry services		6.3 50.8	3.0 0.5	0.9 0.2	0.7 0.2	(¹⁰)	0.3

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during

the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers

(working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁸ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ North American Industry Classification System 2007 Edition

⁴ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages.

Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

⁶ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁷ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and

⁹ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

¹⁰ Data too small to be displayed.