

## Material Safety Data Sheet

May be use to comply with OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. Standard must be consulted for specific requirements.

IDENTITY (As Used on Label and List)

Lanthanum (La) CAS# 4739910

U.S. Department of Labor

Occupational Safety and Health Administration

(Non-Mandatory Form) Form Approved OMB No. 1218-0072

Note: Blank spaces are not permitted. If any item is not applicable, or no information is available, the space must be marked to indicate that.

### Section I

Manufacturer's Name	Emergency Telephone Number
Ames Laboratory, USDOE	515-294-3483
Address (Number, Street, City, State, and ZIP Code)	Telephone Number for Information
121 Metals Development Building	515-294-1366
	Date Prepared
Materials Preparation Center, Iowa State University	3-30-88
	Signature of Preparer (optional)
Ames, IA 50011	

# Section II — Hazardous Ingredients/Identity Information

Hazardous Components (Specific Chemical Identity; Common Name(s))	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	Other Limits Recommended	% (optional)	
Not established, low oral toxicity: LD <sub>50</sub> orally > 1000mg chloride/kg rat					

# Section III — Physical/Chemical Characteristics

Boiling Point		Specific Gravity (H <sub>2</sub> O = 1)	
	3464°C		6.145
Vapor Pressure (mm Hg.)		Melting Point	
	NA		918°C
Vapor Density (AIR = 1)		Evaporation Rate	
	NA	(Butyl Acetate = 1)	NA

Solubility in Water

Negligible

Appearance and Odor

silver metallic

## Section IV — Fire and Explosion Hazard Data

Flash Point (Method Used)	Flammable Limits	LEL	UEL
NA		NA	NA
Extinguishing Media			

Extinguishing iviedia

Metal fire agent, CO<sub>2</sub>

Special Fire Fighting Procedures

No water, use lime

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards

May ignite during machining operations. Fine particles ignite readily and burn white hot.

(Reproduce locally) OSHA 174.Sept.1985

Section V —	<b>Reactivity Data</b>						
Stability	Unstable Conditions to Avoid Thin foils and powders in air, heat and fla			flame.			
	Stable	Х	Bulk metals oxidi	ze with	prolonged exp	osure to air.	
Incompatibility (Ma		Acids	1				
Hazardous Decom	position or Byproducts						
Hazardous Polymenzation	May Occur		Conditions to Avoid				
•	Will Not Occur	Х					
Section VI —	· Health Hazard	Data					
Route(s) of Entry:	Inhala	ation?	Skin?			Ingestion?	
Health Hazards (A	cute and Chronic)						
Overexposure	to some compound	ds (such as o	xides, hydroxides,	carbide	es, etc.) may ırr	itate the skin, eyes, and muc	ous
membrane. Carcinogenicity:	NTP?		IARC	Monogra	anhs?	OSHA Regulated?	
Curomogernoity.	None		17.11.0	Worlogic	дрно.	Con in regulated.	
0: 10 1							
Signs and Sympton None	ms of Exposure						
Medical Conditions Generally Aggrava		Dust may	y aggravate respira	atory pr	ohlems		
Generally Aggrava	tied by Exposure	Dustilla	y aggravate respira	atory pr	ODICITIS		
Emergency and Fi	rst Aid Procedures	Fluch over	posed skin and eye	oc with	water		
Section VII -	- Precautions fo	-		25 WILLI	water		
Steps to Be Taken	in Case Material Is Re						
Sweep-up spill	ed material.						
Waste Disposal Me	ethod						
Allow to oxidize	e under controlled	conditions an	nd dispose of in app	oroved	chemical landfi	II.	
Precautions to Re	Taken in Handling and	Storing					
	ert gas to prevent o						
Other Precautions Finely divided r	metal can oxidize ra	apidly sto	re under inert cond	ditions.			
Section VIII -	Control Measu	ures					
	ction (Specify Type) tor if dusting is a p	roblem					
Ventilation	Local Exhaust	0010111.			Special		
	Provide for dust Mechanical (General)				NA Other		
Protective Gloves	NA		[	Eye Prote	NA ection		
Recommended					mended		
Other Protective C Lab coat	lothing or Equipment						
Work/Hygenic Prac							
Do not eat or s	moke in the area.						