



Material Safety Data Sheet

May be use to comply with
OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard,
29 CFR 1910.1200. Standard must be
consulted for specific requirements.

U.S. Department of Labor

Occupational Safety and Health Administration
(Non-Mandatory Form)
Form Approved
OMB No. 1218-0072

IDENTITY (As Used on Label and List)

Cerium (Ce) CAS# 7440451

Note: Blank spaces are not permitted. If any item is not applicable, or no information is available, the space must be marked to indicate that.

Section I

Manufacturer's Name Ames Laboratory, USDOE	Emergency Telephone Number 515-294-3483
Address (Number, Street, City, State, and ZIP Code) 121 Metals Development Building	Telephone Number for Information 515-294-1366
Materials Preparation Center, Iowa State University	Date Prepared 3-30-88
Ames, IA 50011	Signature of Preparer (optional)

Section II — Hazardous Ingredients/Identity Information

Hazardous Components (Specific Chemical Identity; Common Name(s))	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	Other Limits Recommended	% (optional)
Cerium			1mg/M3	100% (NIOSH)

Section III — Physical/Chemical Characteristics

Boiling Point	3463°C	Specific Gravity (H ₂ O = 1)	6.69
Vapor Pressure (mm Hg.)	NA	Melting Point	798°C
Vapor Density (AIR = 1)	NA	Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1)	NA
Solubility in Water	Negligible		
Appearance and Odor	Gray metal - odorless		

Section IV — Fire and Explosion Hazard Data

Flash Point (Method Used)	NA	Flammable Limits	LEL NA	UEL NA
Extinguishing Media	Metal fire agent			
Special Fire Fighting Procedures	No water, use lime			
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards	May ignite during machining operations. Fine particles ignite readily and burn white hot.			

Section V — Reactivity Data

Stability	Unstable		Conditions to Avoid Thin foils and powders in air, heat and flame.
	Stable	X	Bulk metals oxidize with prolonged exposure to air.

Incompatibility (*Materials to Avoid*)

Acids

Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts

NA

Hazardous Polymerization	May Occur		Conditions to Avoid
	Will Not Occur	X	

Section VI — Health Hazard Data

Route(s) of Entry:	Inhalation?	Skin?	Ingestion?
	X		X

Health Hazards (*Acute and Chronic*)

Overexposure to some compounds (such as oxides, hydroxides, carbides, etc.) may irritate the skin, eyes, and mucous

membrane.

Carcinogenicity:	NTP?	IARC Monographs?	OSHA Regulated?
	None		

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

None

Medical Conditions

Generally Aggravated by Exposure Dust may aggravate respiratory problems

Emergency and First Aid Procedures

Flush exposed skin and eyes with water

Section VII — Precautions for Safe Handling and Use

Steps to Be Taken in Case Material Is Released or Spilled

Sweep-up spilled material.

Waste Disposal Method

Allow to oxidize under controlled conditions and discard the oxide which is non-toxic

Precautions to Be Taken in Handling and Storing

Store under inert gas to prevent oxidation.

Other Precautions

Finely divided metal can oxidize rapidly -- store under inert conditions.

Section VIII — Control Measures

Respiratory Protection (*Specify Type*)

Wear a respirator if dusting is a problem.

Ventilation	Local Exhaust	Special
	Provide for dust	NA
	Mechanical (<i>General</i>)	Other
	NA	NA

Protective Gloves

Recommended

Eye Protection

Recommended

Other Protective Clothing or Equipment

Lab coat

Work/Hygenic Practices

Do not eat or smoke in the area.