survey of

CURRENT BUSINESS



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

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Business Situation

FOLLOWING the pause in January, which was in good part due to unusually severe weather, business activity is headed upward again. February witnessed a rise in several major indicators—personal income, nonagricultural employment, hours of work, industrial production, and retail sales. First quarter economic activity so far is above that of the fourth quarter.

A continuation of the rising flow of consumer purchasing power is indicated by the personal income figures for February. With employment hours of work higher than in January, total income registered an advance to a seasonally adjusted total of \$433 billion. This may be compared with an average of \$429 billion in the fourth quarter and \$403 in February 1961, the low point of the 1960-61 cyclical decline. Wage and salary disbursements rose in most of the major groups, notably in manufacturing.

Demand is rising

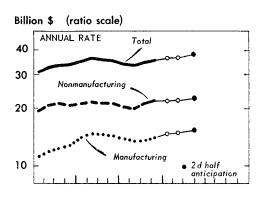
Demand is increasing in a number of important sectors of the economy but the pace of the overall advance in not so large as that in the 1961 final quarter. Expenditures for automobiles and work put in place on residential construction appear to have lessened somewhat recently; both of these contributed sizably (about \$4 billion) to the large fourth quarter increase in GNP. Consumer purchases after seasonal adjustment are currently above the fourth quarter average.

Federal Government expenditures continue to move upward as the defense program progresses, and the uptrend in state and local activities detailed in a subsequent section is also an expansionary force. Defense ordering is currently going on at a brisk pace and 1962 promises to be a year of heavy deliveries of military goods. State and local government outlays are expected to contribute more than \$4 billion to the GNP advance this year.

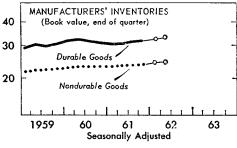
Modest rise in business fixed investment

The most recent survey of plant and equipment expenditures shows that businessmen are expecting to raise their outlays by 8 percent from 1961 to 1962. This represents a continuation of the moderate rise in these outlays that has been underway since last summer. The

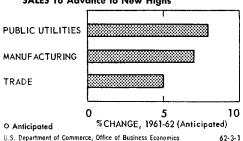
IN 1962 BUSINESS EXPECTS PLANT AND EQUIPMENT INVESTMENT To Rise 8 Percent Over 1961



Further Rebuilding of STOCKS in First Half



SALES To Advance to New Highs



sales anticipations that have been simultaneously reported in the survey indicate further advances but not of major proportions.

Manufacturing companies are also expecting to add to their inventories in the first half of 1962, although the increases that have been anticipated average about the same as in the final quarter of 1961. Although rising sales and output levels may be expected to result in further inventory additions over the near-term, much of the inventory picture at the moment seems clouded by the uncertainties stemming from the labor-management negotiations in the steel industry.

Steel production higher in February

Steel output rose more than seasonally from January to February, reaching an annual rate of 127 million tons, the highest volume in almost two years. Uncertainties on the part of steel users about the progress of the current labor-management negotiations in the steel industry have introduced an element of instability in steel markets. The January-February output of steel was clearly influenced by business actions designed to mitigate the effects of a possible strike this summer. Orders for steel this December and January were unusually high and the production rate was well in excess of current consumption.

After mid-February mill operations to edge downward, even though the typical seasonal movement calls for an increase from February to March. This lowering in the steel rate reflected in part some letdown in order placement by steel users as new contract negotiations were initiated.

Assemblies of automobiles this January and February totaled almost 1.2 million units, more than in any other year, except 1960, 1957, and 1955. Nonetheless passenger car assemblies regis-

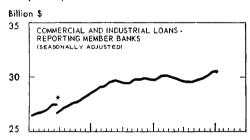
tered a seasonally adjusted decline from January to February as producers readiusted schedules to keep inventories of new cars in line with dealers' sales. February truck production was maintained at the high January rate.

Retail buying stays high

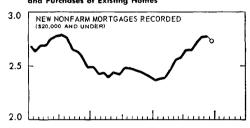
Consumers have been purchasing at a good pace so far this year. On the basis of revised retail store data for January, it appears that the seasonally adjusted rate of total sales was about the same as the December and the high fourth quarter 1961 rate. Preliminary data for February indicate a slight pickup over January, with bad weather reducing sales in the northeast section of the country. If automobile sales are excluded from the totals the January-February seasonally adjusted average would show a 1 percent gain

BORROWING IN THREE MAJOR MARKETS

Short-Term Barrowing by Business Has Increased Moderately Since Last Summer, as Working Capital Requirements Have Risen



Home Mortgage Borrowing Has Been High, Reflecting 1961 Improvement in Housing Starts and Purchases of Existing Homes



Recent Spurt in Extensions Reflects Higher



Data: FRB & OBF O Preliminary

t'.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Eco

over the average for the last 3 months

of 1961.

Auto sales in February were about unchanged from January, after seasonal adjustment, totaling about 6 million units on an annual basis. This is not quite so high as in the first few months of the model year although unfavorable weather may have held sales down. Production adjustments kept dealers' stocks about unchanged over the month on a seasonally adjusted basis. Endof-February inventories in dealers' hands were about the same as they were a year ago when the sales level was 10 percent below the rate in 1962.

Rebound in employment

Employment in nonfarm establishments, after seasonal adjustment, made its best showing in the current recovery, rising by 270,000 over the month to 54.7 million. Hours of work in manufacturing, after seasonal adjustment, also recovered sharply. In retrospect, the January data appear quite low and were undoubtedly heavily influenced by unusually bad weather. As compared with the fourth quarter 1961 average February employment in aggregate was 220,000 higher; seasonally adjusted hours of work in manufacturing in February were about the same as the fourth quarter average.

General Ease in Financial Markets

A condition of general ease continues to characterize financial markets in early 1962 despite the expansion in the economy over the past year. Rising incomes and profits have provided ample funds to meet the requirements of individuals and businesses, while Federal Reserve open market operations and Treasury debt management policies have served to maintain the general liquidity of lending institutions. The need for borrowed funds, while generally higher, has not assumed major proportions. As a consequence, interest rates are up only slightly from a year ago and there has been little change registered since early this year.

Money supply and bank reserves ample

The seasonally adjusted money supply (demand deposits and currency outside banks) has fallen somewhat in early 1962 after having risen by 3.5 percent in 1961 and at a much faster rate in the last 4 months of the year. The recent decline is probably attributable in large part to the increase in maximum permissible interest rates payable on time deposits by commercial banks which went into effect the first These deposits, after of the vear. expanding by almost \$10 billion in 1961, rose sharply in January, and have continued upward in February, more than offsetting the early 1962 decline in demand deposits and currency.

Federal Reserve open market purchases, in addition to facilitating this sharp expansion in deposits and currency over the past year, have served to maintain the reserve position of member banks as well. Net free reserves (excess reserves less borrowing) are high for this phase of the cycle at about the \$\% billion level, a position maintained for over a year. This compares with the past two postwar business cycles in which free reserves after a year of recovery have shown a minus figure of over \$0.6 billion.

Business borrowing

It will be recalled that early in 1961 business borrowing began to fall and continued downward until the summer, as the rising cash flow was more than ample to finance business needs. the business advance continued the demand for bank credit turned upward in the second half. The expansion in bank loans coincided rather closely with the buildup in manufacturing inventories that began last summer.

Unusually heavy borrowing in December was followed by sizable repayments in the first part of this year. Corporate profits expanded sharply in the final quarter, thus diminishing the need for outside financing. In view of the projected increases in sales and inventories and capital investment reported further on, the upward movement in bank loans may be expected to continue, although for the near-term this advance is likely to continue on a modest scale.

Mortgage financing

The rather liquid position of lending institutions and the limited demand for

(Continued on p. 9)

Capital and Sales Budgets for 1962

Rising Capital Investment—Record Sales Expected

AMERICAN business has scheduled expenditures of \$37.2 billion for new plant and equipment in 1962, an increase \$2\% billion or 8 percent above the actual 1961 total. Investment in this amount in 1962 compares with the record of \$37.0 billion in 1957. Industrywise, the 1962 expansion in capital budgets is broadly based, with all major industry groups except nonrail transportation planning higher investment than in 1961. Further, the survey indicates an upward trend in expenditures throughout the year.

Accompanying the enlarged capital programs are expectations of advances in sales and revenues to new records. Manufacturing and public utilities companies estimate 1962 receipts at rates 7 and 8 percent above 1961. The anticipated rise in retail and wholesale trade is about 5 percent.

Profile of 1962 investment programs

Businessmen's investment plans for 1962 suggest an overall expansion which is moderate in view of the substantial upswing in economic activity and in profits since the cyclical low early in 1961.

Communications and commercial firms expect to spend one-tenth more in 1962 than in 1961. Manufacturers have scheduled this year's investment at 9 percent more than in 1961, while less-than-average increases are planned by the electric and gas utilities. The results for major industries are summarized in the accompanying table.

Noteworthy in present plans is the improvement in investment by the durable goods manufacturing industries, where cutbacks were pronounced in

1. Data in this article are based upon the regular annual survey of new plant and equipment expenditures conducted jointly by the Office of Business Economics and the Securities and Exchange Commission. Reports of 1962 plans were submitted by cooperating companies during February. The agricultural industry is not covered by these recurring surveys.

the downswing. Fixed investment by heavy goods producers this year is expected to rise almost one-sixth over 1961. Railroad investment which does not bulk large in total business spending, reports an interruption in the long downtrend in equipment purchasing with some recovery following the sharp drop in 1961.

Quarterly programs

The quarterly tabulations show a pattern of rise from the seasonally adjusted annual rate of \$35½ billion attained in the final quarter of 1961. Spending in the first quarter is scheduled at \$36 billion, and the second quarter is slated for a further small increase to \$36½ billion. The expected increase stems mainly from durable

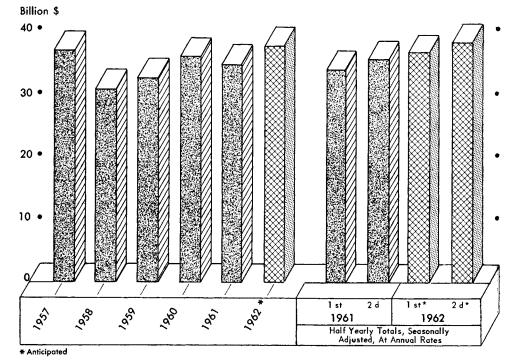
goods producers and commercial companies.

Under current plans, plant and equipment purchases by durable goods producers will be 16 percent higher in the second quarter of this year than in the corresponding quarter of 1961. For all nonagricultural business investment by midyear is expected to be at a rate 9 percent above the second quarter 1961 trough, with both manufacturing and nonmanufacturing as a whole contributing about equally to the advances.

Comparison of the anticipated outlays in the first half year with the respondents' programs for the full year 1962 yields a second half estimate of \$38 billion, or 5 percent higher than the first 6 months' projection. Most

INCREASE IN PLANT AND EQUIPMENT INVESTMENT

- 1962 Programed at \$37 Billion, Up \$2 3/4 Billion From 1961 and Approximating 1957 Record
- Rise Expected to Continue Throughout 1962



U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

3

of this expected increase is in manufacturing, public utilities and in commercial industries.

Current capital budgets are influenced by numerous favorable shortrun factors. Chief among these are rising sales and backlogs of unfilled orders, improving profits, relative ease in financing—both from internal and external sources—and the need for reducing costs and otherwise improving the effectiveness of competitive positions and basic technological advances. These are providing a positive background for investment decisions. In addition, proposals for tax benefits on investment—in the form of both tax credits and more rapid depreciation ratesare now being considered.

On the other hand, a contrary influence is the relatively ample capacity in most areas, despite the fact that capital investment has constituted

a declining proportion of total output for the past four years.

Manufacturers' Investment **Programs**

With record sales and new orders, manufacturers have laid plans for substantial additions to their productive facilities in 1962. Expenditures this year may total \$15 billion as compared to \$13% billion in 1961 and \$16 billion in 1957, when the 1955-57 investment boom reached its peak. While planned increases from last year are general among the component industries, the most substantial advances are originating in durable goods. Here, many firms are aggressively attempting to better market positions by the improvement or addition of products, or by lowering costs and increasing efficiency via automated equipment.

NONDURABLE GOODS

INDUSTRIES

PLANT AND EQUIPMENT EXPENDITURES

SALES

Billion \$ (ratio scale)

8

7

6

200

Primary impetus to the expected advance in capital spending lies with the larger-sized companies. Plans of medium and smaller firms are consistently more modest but tend to follow the industry pattern. That is, in those industries reporting the largest anticipated rises in capital spending, increases are generally larger among all size groups than in those areas where the overall rise is small.

Large rise for durable goods

Current plans of durable goods producers provide for a 12 percent rise in

Table 1.-Percentage Change in Plant and Equipment Expenditures 1960-61 and Anticipated 1961-62

	1960-61 actual	1961–62 antici- pated
Total business	-4	8
Manufacturing Durable goods Nondurable goods		9 16 3
Mining	-1	3
Railroads	-35	20
Transportation, other than rail	-4	0
Public utilities	-3	2
Commercial and other	1	11

Sources: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics and Securities and Exchange Commission.

investment during the second quarter of 1962 over actual expenditures in the fourth quarter of 1961. A further rise is expected for the second half. (See chart.) Because of the very sharp contraction in capital expenditures by heavy goods companies in recent business downturns the anticipated rate of \$7 billion in the spring quarter of this year would be 5 percent under the 1960 cyclical high and 15 percent under the 1957 record. If second half plans are realized, however, spending may return to record rates.

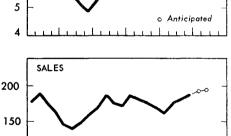
Comparison of the quarterly movements since 1957, shown in the chart, indicates the lead time of reversals in sales and profits movements over turns in plant and equipment expenditures. The relatively steep rise in profits and rapidly improving sales in recent quarters are reflected in the expansion of durable goods producers capital budgets for 1962. Historically, movements in capital outlays for the group have been

MANUFACTURERS' ENLARGED 1962 CAPITAL BUDGETS

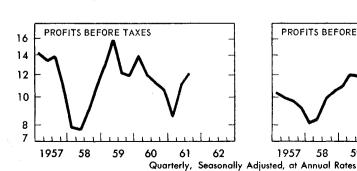
Reflect Recent Profits Improvement and Expectations of Higher Sales

INDUSTRIES Billion \$ (ratio scale) PLANT AND EQUIPMENT EXPENDITURES 8 7 6 5

DURABLE GOODS



Anticipated



150 o Anticipated PROFITS BEFORE TAXES 16 14 12 10

1957 58 59 62 60 61

Data: OBE, SEC, FTC

U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

• 2d half anticipation

100

62-3-9

more volatile than sales, but less so, of course, than those of profits.

Iron and steel producers' plans call for a 30-percent rise from a relatively low 1961 base. Projections now are for substantially increased rates of spending throughout the year. Outlays of nonferrous metal firms in the second half are expected to be back to course, the 1960 amount.

Both motor vehicle and other transportation equipment manufacturers are scheduling 1962 capital spending at rates one-fifth larger than 1961 outlays, with an uptrend implied for the entire year. Investment by nonautomotive transportation equipment producers, which have fluctuated within a narrow range since early 1958, are expected to move to a new high in the final half of 1962.

Producers whose major business is the output of capital equipment items—i.e., electrical and nonelectrical machinery and equipment—are reporting divergent trends. In nonelectrical machinery—where demand for construction, store and office and other special equipment is strong—1962 expenditures are projected to rise an eighth.

In contrast, electrical machinery producers, whose rate of investment growth is well above the general industry average, are reducing programs some 3 percent below 1961 outlays. This is one of the few manufacturing industries where capital outlays expanded substantially in 1959–60, and in the first quarter of last year surpassed the quarterly high in 1957 by 16 percent. Outlays held at this high plateau during the remainder of 1961.

Table 2.—Petroleum Industry Plant and Equipment Expenditures, By Function 1961 and Anticipated 1962

	1961 actual	1962 antici- pated	Per- cent	
	Billion: la	change 1961–62		
Total	2, 76	2,82	2	
Production	1. 57	1, 56	-1	
Transportation	. 13	. 12	-8	
Refining and petro-chemicals_	. 50	. 53	6	
Marketing	. 47	. 50	6	
Other	. 09	. 11	22	

Sources: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics and Securities and Exchange Commission.

Investment in nondurables higher

Producers of nondurable goods—a strong group in 1961—have scheduled another increase in plant and equipment for this year. As can be seen in the chart, outlays by the group were well maintained during the late 1960–61 downturn in business, and investment during 1962 will continue the moderate uptrend which began in early 1958.

The increase in programs in 1962 is primarily attributable to chemical, rubber and petroleum companies. (See text table.) Oil companies expect to spend \$2.8 billion this year, 2 percent more than in 1961. The projected increase centers in facilities for refining, petrochemicals and marketing, while production and transportation expenditures are planned at lower rates this year than in 1961. Other major nondurable goods industries—food, textiles and paper—expect to maintain capital budgets close to 1961 levels.

Nonmanufacturing Investment Schedules

Consistent with growing distribution requirements and widening markets for all types of services, nonmanufacturing firms capital outlays have been accounting for a growing proportion of all nonagricultural business plant and equipment expenditures. Expected purchases in 1962 will be a record; outlays may exceed \$22 billion—up 7 percent from 1961 rates.

Within the commercial group all segments except finance are contemplating enlarged purchases of new plant or equipment this year. Percentagewise, the largest increases are programed by service and trade firms. Recent trends in building permits for stores, garages, restaurants, etc., together with the rise in new orders for construction, store and office machinery generally confirm the probable realization of these plans. Finance companies are expecting to spend about the same amount as in 1961.

Utilities high but easing in first half

Plant and equipment expenditures by public utilities have been in an irregular but generally declining trend since late 1957. Anticipated outlays this year are scheduled to be 2 percent above

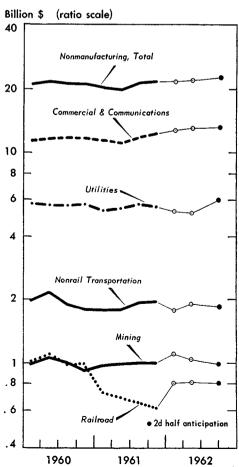
the 1961 rate, but the quarterly pattern of spending points to a continuing decline in the first two quarters of this year. A pickup is indicated for the second half.

The same general pattern is characteristic of both the electric and gas groups. However, the investment programs of the electric group as now planned are somewhat stronger than for gas companies.

Other industries mixed

Expenditures for capital items by nonrail transportation companies have been dominated in recent years by the jet plane acquisition programs of the airlines. Orders for this new generation of commercial aircraft were met very quickly, and capacity moved up faster than demand. Payments on these planes reached their high point in 1959. Planned outlays for 1962 reveal further sharp declines in spending

CAPITAL OUTLAYS OF NONMANUFACTURING FIRMS



Quarterly, Seasonally Adjusted, at Annual Rates

O Anticipated

U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

by airlines—this year's total may drop a fourth from 1961.

A counter-balancing development has appeared in the programed acquisitions of trucking companies. The rise in expected spending this year about offsets the airlines' reduction in dollar purchases. Pipeline companies are lowering capital budgets moderately while other nonrail transportation companies are planning small increases. For the group as a whole 1962 expenditures may be about the same as in 1961, with no definite trend evident within the year.

As noted earlier, railroads' capital outlays in 1962 are scheduled for substantial increases, with traffic and earnings improvement. Both expenditures for road and equipment are expected to rise. Orders for freight cars and other equipment have increased sharply in recent weeks from comparatively low positions as railroads found themselves unable to cope with the demand for moving all types of commodities, but particularly grain and steel. Contributing to the pressure is the considerable reduction of number of cars owned by the roads in the last four years and the increase in the proportion of cars awaiting repair. Currently programs are predicted to be on a rising trend throughout the year.

Table 3.—Business Sales, Actual and Anticipated, 1960-62

	Percent	change
	1960-61 actual	1961-62 antici- pated
Manufacturing industries	1	7
Durable goods industries Iron and steel Nonferrous metal	$\begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -7 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$	9 15 5
Electrical machinery Machinery, except electri-	2 4	7 9
Transportation equipment Motor vehicles and parts Stone, clay, and glass	-6 -10 4	10 15 9
Nondurable goods industries_Food and beverage	3 2 1 7 8 1 -3	6 5 7 6 9 4
Trade		
Retail Wholesale	$egin{array}{c} 0 \ 2 \end{array}$	5 5
Public utilities	5	8

Sources: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics and Securities and Exchange Commission.

Led by nonferrous metal extractive companies, mining firms are scheduling a moderate advance in plant and equipment expenditures this year. The increased spending would, however, still be a fifth below peaks attained five years ago when the search for new ore veins and oil pools was at its height.

Realization of 1961 Programs

Projections for the year 1961 were made in a decidedly less favorable environment than were the current year's budgets: the first quarter of 1961 proved to be the trough in national output. Total outlays were projected at slightly more than \$34½ billion, or 3 percent less than in 1960. Although business improved during the year, sales expectations were not fully met, and programs were not greatly altered, with final outlays at \$34½ billion.

But the close result in the total stemmed from varying shifts in the programs of the different groups. Durable goods manufacturers reported actual purchases of \$6½ billion, 6 percent below original budget anticipations. Sales expectations by durable goods producers were for a 2-percent rise; instead a 1 percent decline was registered for the year. Disappointing passenger car sales in the early part of 1961 were certainly a factor in the cutback of a fourth from planned acquisition of new facilities by motor

vehicle companies. Nonferrous metal producers also spent substantially less in 1961 than programed. Among other durable goods industries only scientific and professional instrument producers spent more than budgeted early in the year.

Nondurable goods producers' investment was almost the same as projected early in 1961. While most industries' expenditures fell moderately below plans, there were substantial upward adjustments by textile, apparel, leather, and printing and publishing companies. The appreciable reduction in suggested average lives under the accelerated tax depreciation schedules allowed by the Treasury Department was announced too late in the year to have been a major factor in the textile industry's performance.

In the nonmanufacturing sector only public utilities companies overestimated the extent of their probable capital spending. The shortfall was somewhat greater for the gas than for the electric companies.

Expenditures by the railroads, and by communications and commercial firms in 1961 were larger than indicated by earlier programs. The roads advanced outlays by an eighth as earnings improved during the year. Both mining and nonrail transportation companies held outlays to original budgets.

Sales Rise Expected

Manufacturers, trade firms, and electric and gas utilities all look forward to record sales and revenues this year according to the expectations reported along with investment anticipations in this survey. In each case, projected sales allow for some further expansion from the sales rates prevailing at the turn of the year.

Manufacturers expect sales to rise 7 percent from 1961 to 1962, with durable goods producers projecting a somewhat larger gain than do nondurable goods companies. Expansion of this magnitude would mean that somewhat over

one-half of the overall rise had occurred by year-end 1961.

Retail and wholesale trade companies each anticipate 5 percent higher sales this year than last. These expectations appear quite conservative in view of the volume reached in the year-end advance.

Electric power and gas companies project revenues in 1962 about 8 percent above 1961. These expected increases compare with 5 percent advances in 1961, although they are somewhat less than the gains experienced in the 1959–60 recovery.

Recovery in factory sales

As can be seen in the table, every major manufacturing industry anticipates an increase in sales from 1961 to 1962. Those expected by durable goods companies are generally relatively greater than for soft goods producers a customary pattern in a recovery period.

The largest relative gains—15 percent each—are projected by steel and auto companies, which also have programed the largest increases in capital expenditures this year. When compared to current activity, however, the 1962 sales projections suggest only slightly more of a rise for motor vehicle companies this year, and a reduction in the rate of operations for steel companies. The electrical and nonelectrical machinery industries look forward to sales gains of 7 percent and 9 percent. respectively, from 1961 to 1962.

In the nondurable goods industries, anticipated sales gains in 1962 are paced by rubber and chemicals companies which expect 1962 sales about a tenth above 1961. In the former industry, the advance primarily reflects the substantial improvement in auto demand, while in the latter industry the expected sales gain is more broadly based on the recovery in industrial output. Other nondurable goods industries expect sales rises of from 4 to 7 percent.

Last year's sales were slightly lower than projected, and the component manufacturing industries as well as

trade and utility firms all correctly reported the direction of the sales movements. It is also worthy of note that the sales deviations were quite similar in magnitude, and, to a large extent in composition, to those in capital outlays.

In manufacturing, sales rose 1 percent from 1960 to 1961 as compared to a projection of a 3 percent increase. The short fall occurred among motor vehicles, primary metals and electrical machinery companies. The two former industries experienced a larger sales loss than projected.

Public utilities and trade companies realized sales gains of 5 percent and 1 percent, respectively—or about 2 percent lower than expected.

Table 4.—Expenditures on New Plant and Equipment by U.S. Business 1, 1960-62

[Billions of dollars]

											-,													
		Annua	ıl					Unad	justed							Seas	onally	adjust	ed at a	nnual	rates	_		
				0 1961		19	60			19	61		19	62		19	60			19	61		19	062
	1960	60 1961 1962 2	Jan Mar.			July- Sept.	Oet Dec.	Jan Mar.	Apr June	July- Sept.	Oct Dec.	Jan Mar.²	Apr.– June ²	Jan Mar.		July- Sept.	Oct Dec.		Apr June	July- Sept.	Oct Dec.		Apr June	
All industries	35, 68	34, 37	37. 16	7, 89	9, 28	8, 98	9, 53	7.57	8, 61	8, 65	9.54	8.14	9.44	35, 15	36, 30	35, 90	35, 50	33, 85	33, 50	34, 70	35, 40	36, 10	36, 60	
Manufacturing industries	14, 48	13, 68	14, 90	3, 09	3,76	3, 62	4.01	3, 00	3.46	3, 34	3.88	3. 18	3,75	14, 10	14.70	14, 65	14.40	13, 75	13, 50	13, 65	14, 00	14, 40	14, 65	
Durable goods industries Primary iron and steel Primary nonferrous metal Electrical machinery & equip-	7.18 1.60 .31	6, 27 1, 13 , 26	7. 29 1. 48 . 31	1, 55 . 33 . 07	1.88 .42 .08	1.80 .42 .07	1. 95 . 43 . 09	1.41 .28 .07	1.58 .28 .07	1.50 .26 .06	1.79 .30 .07	1.54 .28 .06	1.82 .35 .07	7, 15 1, 60 , 30	7.40 1.60 .30	7.35 1.75 .30	6.85 1.45 .30	6, 50 1. 35 . 30	6, 20 1. 05 . 25	6. 10 1. 10 . 25	6. 40 1. 10 . 25	7,00 1.25 .30	7, 20 1, 40 , 30	
ment Machinery, except electrical Motor vehicles and parts Transportation equipment, ex-	. 68 1. 10 . 89	. 69 1. 10 . 75	. 67 1. 24 . 90	. 12 . 25 . 17	. 16 . 28 . 23	. 17 . 26 . 25	. 23 . 30 . 23	. 15 . 25 . 15	. 17 . 28 . 20	. 17 . 25 . 19	. 20 . 32 . 21	. 14 . 29 . 16	.16 .32 .20	. 60 1. 15 . 80	. 65 1. 15 . 90	. 70 1. 05 . 95	. 75 1. 05 . 90	. 70 1. 15 . 70	. 70 1. 10 . 80	. 70 1. 05 . 70	. 65 1. 15 . 80	. 70 1. 25 . 80	. 65 1, 25 , 80	
cluding motor vehicles Stone, clay and glass Other durable goods 3	. 42 . 62 1. 56	. 38 . 51 1. 45	. 46 . 59 1. 65	. 10 . 14 . 36	. 10 . 17 . 43	.10 .15 .37	. 11 . 16 . 40	.09 .11 .30	.10 .12 .36	. 09 . 12 . 36	. 16 . 43	. 09 . 14 . 38	. 10 . 15 . 47	. 45	. 40	.40	. 40	. 40	.40	.35	. 40	, 40	40	
Nondurable goods industries Food and beverage Textile Paper Chemical Petroleum and coal Rubber Other nondurable goods 4	. 53	7, 40 .98 .50 .68 1.62 2.76 .22 .65	7.62 1.00 .50 .68 1.71 2.82 .28 .65	1.54 . 21 . 12 . 16 . 33 . 53 . 05 . 15	1.88 .25 .13 .18 .40 .69 .06	1.81 .23 .14 .20 .40 .63 .06 .16	2, 06 . 23 . 14 . 21 . 46 . 78 . 06 . 18	1.59 .23 .12 .16 .33 .56 .05	1, 88 . 25 . 12 . 17 . 42 . 70 . 05 . 17	1.84 .24 .12 .16 .40 .70 .06 .16	2.09 .27 .14 .18 .46 .80 .07 .18	1. 64 . 23 . 13. . 15 . 36 . 54 . 06 . 17	1, 92 . 26 . 15 . 17 . 42 . 67 . 06 . 18	6. 95 . 90 . 50 . 70 1. 45 2. 55	7.30 .90 .50 .75 1.60 2.70	7.30 .95 .60 .80 1.65 2.50	7.55 .90 .55 .75 1.65 2.80	7, 25 . 95 . 50 . 75 1, 50 2, 70	7.30 .90 .45 .70 1.65 2.75	7.55 1.00 .50 .65 1.65 2.85	7.60 1.05 .50 .70 1.65 2.80	7. 45 1. 00 . 55 . 70 1. 65 2. 55	7.50 1.00 .60 .70 1.65 2.60	
Mining	. 99	.98	1, 01	. 22	. 27	. 25	.24	. 21	. 26	. 25	. 26	. 24	, 27	1.00	1, 05	1.00	.90	. 95	1,00	1.00	1.00	1, 10	1, 05	
Railroad	1, 03	. 67	.80	. 25	. 29	. 24	. 25	. 17	. 18	. 16	. 16	. 19	. 22	1,00	1, 10	1, 00	1,00	.70	.70	. 65	. 60	. 80	. 80	
Transportation, other than rail	1, 94	1,85	1.84	. 47	. 55	. 47	. 46	.41	.48	.47	.50	. 41	.50	2,00	2, 15	1, 90	1, 80	1,75	1.80	1, 90	1, 95	1,75	1, 90	
Public utilities	5, 68	5, 52	5.60	1, 18	1, 42	1.50	1.58	1, 09	1.39	1.50	1, 54	1.07	1, 31	5,75	5, 70	5, 60	5.70	5, 35	5, 50	5, 65	5, 55	5, 25	5, 20	
Communication Commercial and other 5	3, 13 8, 44	3. 22 8. 46	13, 00	1.98	.80 2,19	.77 2, 13	. 85 2, 14	.75 1.94	.81 2,04	.78 2,16	.88 2,32	3. 05	3, 40	11, 35	11.60	11.75	11, 65	11, 30	11.05	11, 85	12, 35	12, 75	13, 00	

^{1.} Data exclude expenditures of agricultural business and outlays charged to current

account.

2. Estimates are based on anticipated capital expenditures reported by business in late January and February 1962. The estimates for the first and second quarters of 1962 have been adjusted when necessary for systematic tendencies in anticipatory data.

3. Includes fabricated metal, lumber, furniture, instrument, ordnance, and miscellaneous

industries

^{4.} Includes apparel, tobacco, leather, and printing and publishing.

^{5.} Includes trade, service, finance, and construction. The anticipated expenditures and the seasonally adjusted data also include communication.

Note: Details may not add to totals due to rounding. Data for earlier years were published in the June 1956, March 1958, 1960, and 1961 Survey of Current Business.

Sources: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, and Securities and Exchange Commission.

Inventory Expectations

1N addition to the outlook material on business fixed investment for 1962, which has been covered in the preceding review, the just-completed survey of inventory expectations throws light on another important aspect of business investment. The results reveal that the economy will derive some mild stimulation in the early part of the year from the need to build up inventories to the higher level required by current buying trends. This covers manufacturers, but as stated in the earlier fixed investment review, the trade industries expect higher sales which would also require larger inventories to provide adequate selection and prompt deliveries.

In terms of the gross national product what the survey indicates is that the contribution of inventory accumulation in the first half of the year in the manufacturing sector would not be markedly different from the final quarter of 1961.

Manufacturers expect further inventory accumulation during the first half of 1962 of \$2 billion, seasonally adjusted, or slightly more than the rise that took place in the final 6 months of 1961, according to the quarterly anticipation survey conducted in February. In the second quarter the accumulation is expected to be somewhat less than in the first quarter.

Sales are expected to rise as reported in the 1962 review. The first quarter is estimated at new highs of \$97\% billion \(^1\) and the second quarter at \$98\% billion, after seasonal adjustment; the sales rate at the turn of the year is \$96 billion. The survey indicates some slowing down in the quarterly rate of

gain from about 2½ percent per quarter in the latter half of 1961 to a rise of 1 percent per quarter in the first half of 1962

A comparison of these expectations for the first half of 1962 with data for the full year analyzed in the preceding article, indicates a continuation of the sales rise into the final half of this year at a rate not substantially different from the current period. The further modest gain is due to increases in sales of nondurable goods. The anticipations suggest no rise in durable goods sales in the second half of 1962, pri-

Table 1.—Manufacturers' Inventories and Sales: Actual and Anticipated

		ntories quart		Sales, total for quarter										
	Total	Durables	Nondurables	Total	Durables	Nondurables								
Unadjusted 1960—IIIIVIV	54. 7 54. 9 54. 3 53. 9	32. 1 32. 2 31. 6 30. 8	22. 6 22. 7 22. 7 23. 1	92. 5 93. 2 89. 7 89. 5	45, 9 46, 0 41, 7 42, 6	46. 6 47. 2 48. 0 46. 9								
1961—I II III IV	53. 8 53. 6 53. 8 55. 2	30. 8 30. 5 30. 6 31. 2	23. 0 23. 1 23. 1 24. 0	86. 4 93. 1 92. 5 96. 8	39. 7 44. 9 42. 9 47. 0	46. 6 48. 2 49. 5 49. 8								
1962—I I	56. 8 57. 5	32. 6 33. 3	24. 1 24. 2	96. 2 100. 3	47. 0 50. 3	49. 2 50. 0								
Seasonally adjusted 1960—I II III IV	54. 3 55. 1 54. 7 53. 7	31. 8 32. 2 31. 8 30. 9	22. 6 22. 9 22. 9 22. 9 22. 9	93. 5 92. 8 90. 7 88. 0	46. 3 45. 0 43. 6 41. 5	47. 2 47. 8 47. 1 46. 5								
1961—I II IV	53. 3 53. 4 54. 4 55. 2	30. 3 30. 2 31. 1 31. 5	23. 0 23. 2 23. 3 23. 7	87. 2 91. 7 93. 8 96. 3	40. 2 43. 4 44. 8 46. 5	47. 1 48. 3 49. 1 49. 8								
1962—I 1 II 1	56. 4 57. 2	32. 3 33. 0	24. 1 24. 3	97. 7 98. 4	47. 8 48. 4	49. 9 50. 0								

^{1.} Anticipations reported by manufacturers in January and early February. Inventories have been corrected for systematic tendencies in anticipatory data. Anticipated inventories as reported before adjustment for either seasonal variations or for systematic tendencies at the end of March are (in billions of dollars): total \$55.4, durables \$31.8, nondurables \$23.6. The comparable anticipations for June 30, 1962 are \$55.0, \$31.6, and \$23.3, respectively.

Further Rise in First Half of 1962

marily due to an expected reduction in steel sales.

It should be borne in mind that these second half results are derived as a residual using data from two surveys which have different samples. The coverage of small manufacturers is lower in the sales and inventory survey.

Manufacturers now report that their sales are estimated to rise one-eighth from the cyclical low of the first quarter of 1961 to midyear 1962. The advance thus far has been somewhat slower than in the 1958–59 cycle when a full cyclical recovery was not realized. However, the most recent cyclical decline was likewise less sharp than that of the previous cycle. Durable and non-durable goods producers indicate slower expansion in sales than in 1958–59.

Sales of nondurable goods manufacturers are expected to rise fractionally in the first and second quarters of 1962 with sales reaching \$50 billion, seasonally adjusted, by the second quarter. Gains in the closing quarters of 1961 were about 1½ percent.

Durable goods manufacturers expect sales to rise 3 and 1 percent, respectively in the first and second quarters bringing dollar volume to a record seasonally adjusted rate of \$48½ billion in the spring quarter. Most major durable goods industries expect rising sales during this period. Steel companies anticipate substantial increases in shipments in the current half year, although the expected rise in the second quarter of 1962 is well below the actual rise in in the corresponding quarter of 1959.

Inventory accumulation continues

Inventory developments in the opening months of 1962 are influenced by several major considerations: a conservative inventory policy which has

^{1.} Sales are based on company reports and thus include intercompany transfers so that a considerable amount of duplication is involved.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

kept stock-sales ratios close to all-time lows throughout most of 1961; the steady rise in both sales and unfilled orders backlogs in 1961 with expectations of further rise in 1962; and the accumulation of steel inventories as a hedge against a possible strike-induced shortage.

Manufacturers' inventories totaled just over \$55 billion, after seasonal adjustment, at the close of 1961. The survey indicates an anticipated accumulation of about \$1\% billion and \$800 million, respectively, in the first two quarters of this year. Both durable and nondurable goods companies expect slower rates of addition in the second quarter.

Durable goods producers expect their inventories to rise about \$1½ billion during the first half of 1962, a slightly

Table 2.—Manufacturers' Evaluation of the Condition of Their Inventories as of: 1

[Percent distribution]

		19	60		,	19	61	
	Mar. 31	June 30	Sept. 30	Dec. 31	Mar. 31	June 30	Sept. 30	Dec. 31
Total manufacturing High About right Low	100 31 67 2	100 35 63 2	100 29 70 1	100 28 71 1	100 22 77 1	100 18 81 1	100 12 86 2	100 12 86 2
Durable goods High A bout right Low	100 39 60 1	100 42 57 1	100 36 63 1	100 32 67 1	100 24 75 1	100 19 80 1	100 13 85 2	100 13 85 2
Nondurable goods High About right Low	100 20 77 3	100 26 71 3	$ \begin{array}{c} 100 \\ 20 \\ 78 \\ 2 \end{array} $	$100 \\ 22 \\ 77 \\ 1$	100 19 80 1	100 16 82 2	100 10 87 3	100 11 86 3

^{1.} Condition of actual inventories relative to sales and unfilled orders position as viewed by reporting companies, Percent distribution of inventory book values according to company's classification of overall inventory condition.

larger amount than in the last half of 1961. Given the expected sales advance, the stock-sales ratio at mid-year would be relatively low, about 2.0, the same as at year-end 1961 and the first half of 1959 but lower than in any other period since early 1956. The ratio has fallen steadily from 2.3 at the beginning of the cyclical advance in the early part of 1961.

Nondurable goods companies indicate an increase of somewhat over \$\%2 billion in stocks in the current half year, seasonally adjusted, with most of the rise in the first quarter. This rate of

accumulation is the same as that in the second half of last year. The stock-sales ratio which had stabilized at 1.4 in the last three quarters of 1961 is expected to rise slightly by midyear to about the average experienced in 1959 and 1960.

Holders' evaluation of inventory position

The February survey requested the cooperators to classify their inventory position on December 31, 1961 as "high," "about right," or "low" in relationship to recent trends in sales and unfilled orders.

Manufacturers indicated no change in the appraisal of their inventory position from their September 30 evaluation when stocks were generally viewed as favorable. Companies holding 12 percent of the total manufacturers' values of inventories classified their holdings as "high," while a bare 2 percent were in the "low" category. The percentage classified as "high" is the smallest since the inception of this survey in September 1957.

The 12 percent "high" compares with a ratio of 35 percent at the cyclical downturn in June 1960. Patterns are basically the same for both durable and nondurable goods. There was a decline from September 1961 in the ratio of inventory considered high by metal fabricators, but this was offset by increases in other durable goods industries.

The Business Situation

(Continued from p. 2)

short- and intermediate-term credit continues to provide a favorable setting for expansion in mortgage borrowing, even though the most recent data give evidence of some leveling. A twoyear decline in mortgage loans was arrested early last year, and the subsequent rise, while not especially sharp for a recovery year, was nevertheless substantial (see chart). Mortgage loan commitments of saving and loan associations in January of 1962 exceeded those of a year earlier by about twofifths. On the other hand FHA applications for new and existing homes were down in January, following a strengthening in the final quarter of

Although mortgage activity underwent a considerable expansion last year and recordings were fully as high as in 1959, interest rates rose little. During the past several months average yields on FHA mortgages and interest rates on conventional loans have both been comparatively stable.

Consumer credit advances

Consumer installment credit outstanding, after seasonal adjustment, rose by \$0.2 billion this January, the fourth successive monthly rise, though somewhat less than the average increase in the fourth quarter. Outstandings had changed little during the first three quarters of 1961 as consumer durable

purchases lagged behind the rise in income. In the fourth quarter net extensions totaled \$0.7 billion, as consumers stepped up their purchases of automobiles, though other types of installment paper also advanced.

Interest rates level

The availability of bank credit and the expansion of liquid assets over the past year has precluded any sharp rise in interest rates to date.

Short-term rates fluctuated within a narrow range for the first three quarters of last year. Actions by monetary authorities early in 1961 contributed to the maintenance of short-term rates for balance of payments reasons. Subsequently, as demand for credit expanded, additions to bank reserves helped to restrain increases in rates. With the continued expansion in short-term borrowing, rates began to rise somewhat toward the end of 1961 and into the very early part of this year. However, this upward movement appears to have been arrested recently.

Intermediate and long-term rates fell much less than short-term during the recession, and have risen less during the recovery. With the heavy borrowing by corporations in security markets last summer, yields on the longer-term issues rose slightly at that time, but since then little net change has occurred.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics. $\,$

State and Local Government Outlays

A DYNAMIC element in the current economic situation is the steady and rapid growth in State and local government activities. This continues as a potent expansionary market force in the Nation's economy.

Total outlays of these governments, as measured in the national income accounts, amounted to \$57½ billion in 1961, and they are expected to advance to about \$62 billion in the current year.

According to present estimates, receipts will show a similar rise from 1961 to 1962, but expenditures will continue to exceed receipts, as they have in recent years. While the recent increases in these outlays reflect in part higher prices and wage costs, they represent mainly increases in volume associated with the continuing pressure on existing facilities and the expanded responsibilities of these governmental units.

Steady advance in purchasing

Direct purchases of goods and services constitute a much larger proportion

Table 1.—Object Breakdown of State and Local Government Purchases of Goods and Services.

[Billions of dollars]

1957 1958 1959 1960 1961

.3 .9 .7 2.6

10. 2

i				1	
State and local govern-					
ment purchases of goods					
and services	36.8	40.8	43.6	47.2	51.4
Compensation of em-					
ployees	19, 5	21.5	23.3	25, 7	28. 0
Wages and salaries	18.1	20.0	21.5	23.6	25. 6
Public educa-					
tion	8.7	9.7	10.6	11.9	13. 1
Nonschool	9.4	10.2	10.9	11.7	12.6
	1			(
Supplements to	l				
wages and sala-				١	
ries	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.4
New construction	11.0	12.1	12.4	12.3	13. 2
			5.7	5. 4	5. 7
Highways	4.8	5.4			
Educational	2.8	2.9	2.6	2.8	3.0
Hospital and insti-	i .	1			
tutional	. 3	. 4	.4	. 3	. 3
C1	٥	1 0	ο.	0	1 1

Note: Data for Alaska and Hawaii included beginning 1960.

of total expenditures for States and localities than in the case of the Federal Government. State and local purchases totaled \$51½ billion last year and are expected to contribute over \$4 billion to the GNP advance in 1962. These purchases currently constitute five-sixths of all government outlays for goods and services for nondefense purposes, and represent about one-tenth of the gross national product.

State and local purchases continued to rise during the course of the 1960-1961 GNP downturn—as they had during each of the previous postwar recessions—and consequently served to help moderate the overall cyclical swing. In this respect their course has been similar to that of two other major components of the GNP aggregate: consumer expenditures for nondurable goods and for services, both of which have also displayed persistent uptrends. (The latter were reviewed last month— February Survey, p. 15.) It is noteworthy, however, that in recent years, State and local purchases have advanced at a more rapid pace than either of these two broad categories of consumer spending.

The growth in State and local government purchases has continued to outpace the population increases in recent years, and per capita expenditures have been mounting rapidly. (See chart on page 11.) Other demographic factors determining the high demand for governmental services are the differential rates of growth in various sections of the country and the higher growth rates in the age groups drawing heavily on these services, notably school children.

Outlays for education and for highways (including improvements of existing roads and streets) account for over half of the total goods and services

Continue in a Strong Uptrend

purchased by these governments. Health and sanitation, general administration, and civilian safety—the next three most important functions—make up most of the remainder. More than four-fifths of the direct purchases for educational purposes are made by local governments, and almost two-thirds of the highway outlays are made by States. A detailed functional breakdown of the separate State and local expenditures by type of outlay is shown for 1960 in table 4.

Table 2.—State and Local Government Receipts and Expenditures

[Billions of dollars]

[Billions of dollars]											
	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961						
State government receipts	21. 2 15. 9			27.5 19.9							
Contributions for social in- surance	1.5	1.6	1.8	2.0	2, 1						
ment enterprises ¹ Federal grants-in-aid	. 4 3. 0	. 4 4. 2	. 5 5. 2	. 6 4. 6							
Local government pay- ments	. 4	.3	. 4	. 4	. 4						
State government expendi- tures	20.6	22.8	24. 2	26. 4	28.7						
Purchases of goods and services	11. 9	13. 4	14. 4	15. 4	16. 7						
Net interest paid	2. 5 -, 2	2		3	3. 2 3						
Interest paid Less: Interest received Payments to local govern-	. 4										
ments. Surplus or deficit (-) o	6.4	6.8	7. 2	8. 2	9. 1						
income and product ac- count	.7	.1	1, 9	1, 1	.4						
Local government receipts Taxes and nontaxes	26. 0 16. 4		30, 2 19. 0	32.7 20.1	35. 3 21.						
Contributions for social in- surance	.8	.9	. 9	1.1	1.						
ment enterprises ¹ Federal grants-in-aid	1.4 1.0				2. 1.						
State government pay- ments	6. 4	6.8	7.2	8. 2	9.						
Local government expendi- tures	27.7	30.3	32, 4	35, 2	38.						
Purchases of goods and services Transfer payments to per-	24. 9	27. 4	29. 2	31. 7	34.						
Net interest paid	1.7	.8	. 9	1.0	1.						
Interest paid Less: Interest received Payments to state govern-	1.0	. 4	. 4								
ments	. 4	.3	.4	.4							
income and product ac- count	-1.7	-2.2	-2.3	-2.5	-3.						

^{1.} The treatment of this item differs from that in the regularly published national income account table in that it is classified here as a receipt rather than as a negative expenditure.

Other purchases.....

Note: Data for Alaska and Hawaii included beginning 1960.

62-3-6

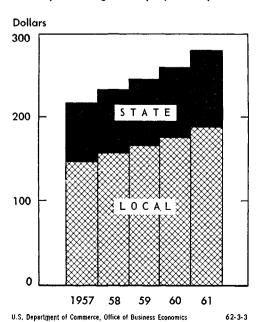
Employment up sharply

Viewed in terms of objects purchased. as in table 1, more than half of the total outlay for goods and services go for payrolls. The number of full-time equivalent employees rose to 5% million in 1961, about one-quarter million higher than in the previous year, and almost 900,000 higher than the number employed in 1957. The rise has been most rapid in employment in schools, which accounts for somewhat less than half of the total. Annual earnings of both school and nonschool employees have also climbed steadily, averaging more than 4 percent a year in the 1957-61 period, and adding substantially to the total payrolls. The increase from 1960 to 1961 represented almost onefourth of the change in the total wage and salary component of the national income.

One-fourth of the total outlays for goods and services is expended for new construction, which rose to \$13 billion last year, after hovering around \$12 to \$12½ billion in the 3 preceding years, and some further increase is expected in the current year. While showing some cyclical tendencies, the fluctuations have been moderate as compared with those in private construction activity. All other purchases from business, which cover an extremely wide array of commodities ranging from

PER CAPITA PURCHASES BY STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS

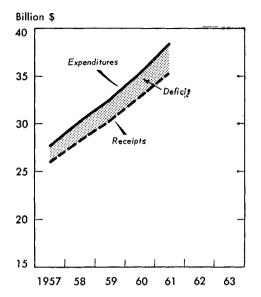
Outlays Increasing More Rapidly Than Population



STATE AND LOCAL FISCAL POSITIONS COMPARED

LOCAL GOVERNMENTS

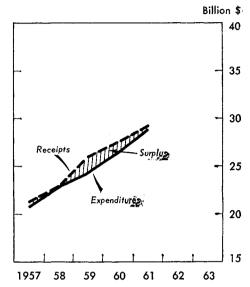
Expenditures Continue Above Receipts



Note: National income and product basis.
U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

STATE GOVERNMENTS

Surplus Mainly Due To Operations of Pension Trust Funds



paper clips to school buses, have shown a steady upward trend roughly similar to payrolls.

Transfer payments total \$5½ billion

Although goods and services represent by far the largest share of State and local government expenditures, transfer payments and net interest payments are also important items in their budgets. Transfer payments by these governments have been increasing by more than \$¼ billion a year and amounted to \$5½ billion in 1961. Disbursements to the aged, to dependent children, and to other public welfare recipients comprise about two-thirds of total transfer payments. These outlays have grown with increases in the scope of social security programs, the numbers requiring assistance, and with cost-of-living increases in average benefit payments. Most of the remaining payments represent retirement pensions for State and local government employees which have risen with the expansion in the number of beneficiaries and increases in average annuities.

State and local expenditures for interest charges are recorded on a net basis in the national income and product accounts. However, on a gross basis these governments paid out over \$2 billion for interest charges on their

outstanding debt in 1961, while they received almost \$1½ billion of interest income from investments in government and private securities, the major portion of which is held by their pension and other trust funds.

In examining State and local government expenditures separately, as in table—, it is also necessary to take into account the payments made from one level of government to the other; these intergovernmental payments cancel when the two areas are consolidated. As can be seen from the table, the most important of these flows is that from States to localities. These payments constitute more than 30 percent of the total expenditures of State governments, and play a major role in local government financing.

Tax revenue lags outlays

The major sources of revenue for States and localities are shown in tables 2 and 3. Receipts have moved upward with the steady expansion of expenditures, but the pattern of revenue sources has shown little change over the past several years. With expenditures increasing by 40 percent over the 1957–61 period, these governments have been making strenuous efforts to expand their receipts from tax sources.

Table 3.—Distribution of State and Local Government Taxes and Nontaxes

	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961
		Billi	ons of do	llars				Percent		
States										-
Total	15. 9	16.3	18, 2	19, 9	21.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Sales Income. Motor vehicle licenses Property Death and gift. Other taxes Nontaxes.	7. 6 2. 6 1. 4 . 5 . 3 2. 5 1. 1	7. 7 2. 6 1. 4 . 6 . 4 2. 5 1. 2	8. 6 3. 1 1. 5 . 6 . 4 2. 8 1. 3	9. 5 3. 5 1. 6 . 6 . 4 2. 9 1. 4	9. 9 3. 7 1. 7 . 7 . 5 3. 0 1. 5	47. 6 16. 1 8. 8 3. 2 2. 2 15. 5 6. 6	47. 1 16. 0 8. 8 3. 4 2. 1 15. 4 7. 2	47. 0 17. 1 8. 3 3. 2 2. 1 15. 1 7. 1	47. 8 17. 4 8. 1 3. 2 2. 2 14. 5 6. 8	47. 0 17. 8 8. 2 3. 2 2. 3 14. 4 7. 0
Local governments										
Total	16, 4	17.8	19, 0	20.1	21.4	100.0	100.0	100, 0	100. 0	100.0
Property	12. 4 1. 0 . 2 . 7 2. 1	13. 5 1. 1 . 2 . 7 2. 3	14. 4 1. 2 . 2 . 7 2. 5	15. 2 1. 2 . 3 . 8 2. 7	16. 2 1. 2 . 3 . 9 2. 8	75. 5 6. 3 1. 2 4. 1 12. 9	76. 0 6. 1 1. 2 3. 7 13. 1	75. 8 6. 0 1. 2 3. 9 13. 1	75. 7 5. 8 1. 3 4. 1 13. 2	75. 4 5. 6 1. 5 4. 2 13. 3

Note: Data for Alaska and Hawaii included beginning 1960.

Table 4.—State and Local Expenditures by Type of Function, 1960

[Millions of dollars]

	· ·		State			1	Local	
		Pay-	F	or own pur	pose		Purchases	Transfer
	Total	ments to local govern- ments	Total	Purchases of goods and services	Transfer payments and net interest paid	Total	of goods and services	payments and net interest paid
Total	26, 371	8, 233	18, 138	15, 420	2,718	¹ 35, 165	31,731	3, 071
General government	2, 435	9	2, 426	1,807	619	4, 731	3, 154	1,577
General administration	698	9	689	689		1, 497	1, 497	
ment. Central personnel management and em-	118		118	118		471	471	
ployment costs	$1,760 \\ -258$		1,760 -258	883	877 258	1, 663 986	1,072	591 986
Other	117		117	117	-208	114	114	980
Health, education, and welfare	14, 343	5, 930	8, 413	6, 410	2, 003	23, 360	21,866	1, 494
Public health and sanitation	2, 118	126	1, 992	1, 982	10	3, 682	3, 680	2
Education Elementary and secondary Higher	8, 190 na na	5, 056 na na	3, 134 369 2, 375	3, 049 368 2, 375	85 1	14, 697 14, 068 319	14, 691 14, 068 319	6
OtherPublic assistance and relief	na 3,008	na 734	390 2, 274	306 366	1, 908	310 2, 109	304 624	1, 485
Civilian safety Police Fire	697 na	14 na	683 257	683 257		2, 871 1, 606 988	2, 870 1, 606 987	1
PrisonsLabor and manpower	na 330	na	426 330	426 330		277 1	277 1	
Veterans' services and benefits	106		106	16	90			
Commerce and housing	7, 163	1, 268	5, 895	5, 895		5, 665	5, 665	
Regulation of commerce and finance	273		273	273		265	265	
Transportation	6, 859 6, 782	1, 242 1, 225	5, 617 5, 557	5, 617 5, 557		3, 544 3, 239	3, 544 3, 239	
Water and air	77 28	17 26	60	60		305 277	305 277	
Public utilities						1, 532	1, 532 106	
Electricity						106 508	508	
Water and gas Other	3		3	3		918 47	918 47	
Conservation of agricultural resources Conservation and recreational use of natural	424		424	418	6	143	143	
resources. National defense and atomic energy.	648 246	20	628 246	628 246		881 22	881 22	
Other unallocated	1,006	1,006				1 363		

^{1.} Includes local payments to State governments in the amount of \$363 million which cannot be allocated by function, na—not available.

Note: Data for Alaska and Hawaii are included.

Income taxes, for example, have risen much more rapidly than total personal income; rates have been increased in some cases, a greater number of jurisdictions have adopted the more efficient tax-withholding collection procedure, and there has been some increase in the number of units using this tax. Similarly, sales taxes have outstripped the rise in retail sales. These are the two largest tax sources for States, but account for only 7 percent of city and other local taxes in 1961. Property taxes—the mainstay of local financing have also increased markedly with the steady increase in new construction. more frequent reassessments, and increases in rates.

Despite their efforts to increase tax revenues, the advance in State and local tax receipts has been far less than the advance in total expenditures, and these governments continue to rely heavily on intergovernmental payments, including Federal grants, and on borrowing. Federal grants-in-aid to State Governments amounted to \$5 billion in 1961 and covered about onefourth of their total direct outlays (i.e., total expenditures less payments to local governments). These grants are mainly for highway construction and public assistance. Highway aid received a sharp fillip after the initiation of the interstate highway program in 1956, and reached a peak in 1959. These grants declined about \$\% billion in 1960. but have moved up again in 1961 and are scheduled to advance further in the current year.

State payments to their political subdivisions are greatly in excess of the Federal grants received by the States. Such payments to local governments during 1961, representing both financial assistance and a sharing of specific revenues—the two cannot be separated—are estimated at \$9 billion. These funds cover a very substantial portion of the local outlays for education, public assistance, and road and street work. In addition, local governments received over \$1½ billion in Federal grants, including Federal funds channeled through States, which are used mainly for public assistance. Together, State payments and Federal

(Continued on p. 24)

Automobile Purchases by Business and Consumers

As Reflected in the National Accounts

Passenger car sales, although somewhat below last year's advanced fourth quarter pace, continued high in the opening months of 1962. After a particularly poor start last year when the cyclical low in general business was reached, car sales improved, especially in the fourth quarter after the introduction of new models. For 1961 as a whole, 6 million units were sold, representing a decline of 10 percent from 1960. The present rate of car buying is about 25 percent, or \$3\frac{1}{2} billion, above last year's first quarter low point. Despite this improvement, sales remain at a fairly low level for the postwar period as a proportion of final purchases in the economy.

Private passenger car buying in recent years has averaged only about 4 percent of final purchases (total GNP less business inventory component), but because they are extremely sensitive to general business conditions and other factors, changes in auto purchases have an important effect on the movement of final purchases. The volatility of auto sales is displayed by the chart on this page.

In about half of the quarters since 1957 auto purchases have moved counter to changes in other final purchases, and in those periods when both have moved in the same direction, autos have often accounted for 20 percent or more of the change in final purchases. In fact, the only quarterly decline of final purchases in the last recession—from the fourth quarter of 1960 to the first quarter of 1961—was accompanied by a sharp falloff in auto sales, and the upturn in the following quarter fea-

tured a strong revival in auto buying.

Because of the importance of auto buying in the movement of GNP and several of its components, this article analyzes the market for automobiles relative to total demand for final products, reviews how auto purchases are allocated between business and consumers, and finally, traces the movement of sales within these markets.

Treatment in GNP

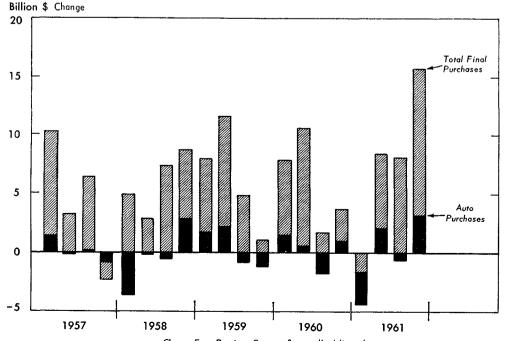
Passenger car purchases, for GNP purposes, would be best measured by net outlays of buyers (the gross value of new and used car purchases less amounts received for trade-ins and other disposals). To convert net outlays to the value of automobile production in total GNP, it would be necessary only to take account of changes in auto dealers' and manufacturers' stocks of cars. This method would also give the correct figures for expenditures, saving, and investment of each purchaser group.

Except for special studies, however, comprehensive data on net outlays are not available. For this reason, total domestic auto purchases are approximated as the value of new car sales plus dealers' gross margin on used car sales.

Allocations among groups of buyers

Data on exports and imports of cars are available and included in the net export component of GNP. Government purchases, which are relatively small, are estimated separately and included in government purchases of goods and services. The remaining domestic purchases (including imports) which are allocated between business and consumers are shown in two of the expenditure categories of GNP. Consumer purchases are shown under personal consumption expenditures, and purchases by business are included in

Auto Buying Important in Accounting for Change in GNP Final Purchases



Change From Previous Quarter, Seasonally Adjusted

U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

62-3-12

producers' durable equipment, a component of gross private domestic investment.

The procedures underlying the business consumer allocations of private auto purchases are described in a short note at the close of this article. Briefly, surveys by the Public Roads Administration, of road-use in terms of mileage for business and consumer purposes have been used as an approximation of the relative net outlays for these purposes in both the pre-World War II and the postwar periods.

Table 1.—Private Auto Expenditures, and Final Purchases of Goods and Services, 1929-61

(Millions of dollars)

		(Millio	ons of do	llars)	
	Expend	litures fo	or autos	T	Private ex- penditures
	Person- al con- sump- tion ¹	Busi- ness	Total private	Final pur- chases of goods and services	for autos as a percent of final purchases of goods and services
1929	2, 588 1, 642 1, 144 635 779 1, 024 1, 508 1, 921 1, 988	1, 105 701 488 271 331 436 643 822 849	3, 693 2, 343 1, 632 906 1, 110 1, 460 2, 151 2, 743 2, 837	102, 762 91, 488 77, 555 61, 022 57, 593 66, 100 71, 599 81, 789 88, 531	3. 6 2. 6 2. 1 1. 5 1. 9 2. 2 3. 0 3. 4 3. 2
1938 1939	1, 228 1, 679	524 715 948	1,752 2,394	86, 170 90, 723	2. 0 2. 6 3. 2
1940	2, 217 2, 706 415 410 322 319 2, 322 4, 408 5, 509 7, 969	1, 158 251 253 167 172 995 1, 889 2, 167 2, 838	3, 165 3, 864 666 663 489 491 3, 317 6, 297 7, 676 10, 807	98, 446 121, 321 157, 322 193, 266 212, 413 214, 615 204, 284 234, 751 254, 718 261, 126	3. 2 . 4 . 3 . 2 . 2 1. 6 2. 7 3. 0 4. 1
1950 1951 1952 1953 1954 1955 1956 1967 1968 1969 1960	9, 293 8, 636 11, 585 11, 099 15, 443 12, 982 14, 043 10, 984 14, 682	2, 669 2, 314 2, 598 2, 383 3, 438 2, 836 3, 022 2, 308 3, 036 3, 202	11, 962 10, 950 14, 183 13, 482 18, 881 15, 818 17, 065 13, 292 17, 718	318, 742 343, 932 364, 938 364, 751 391, 686 414, 520 441, 206 446, 497 476, 530 500, 232	5.0 3.8 3.2 3.9 3.7 4.8 3.8 3.9 3.0 3.7
1949 1950 1951 1952 1953 1954 1956 1957 1958 1969	7, 969 10, 593 9, 293 8, 636 11, 585 11, 099 15, 443 12, 982 14, 043 10, 984 14, 682	2, 838 3, 221 2, 669 2, 314 2, 598 2, 383 3, 438 2, 836 3, 022 2, 308 3, 036	10, 807 13, 814 11, 962 10, 950 14, 183 13, 482 18, 881 15, 818 17, 065 13, 292 17, 718	261, 126 277, 784 318, 742 343, 932 364, 938 364, 751 391, 686 414, 520 441, 206 446, 497 476, 530	

^{1.} Differs from "new cars and net purchases of used cars" shown in Table II-4 of National Accounts because of exclusion of trailers.

2. Preliminary.

For 1957 and 1958, several special surveys, conducted for the National Income Division, of various groups of purchasers comprising virtually the total domestic market for passenger ears, substantially verified the allocations made from the postwar road-use data. These surveys provided information on net outlays by purchaser group and on purchases charged to business where there was both business and personal use of a car.

It should be noted that while the allocation of passenger car sales is at best rough, inaccuracies do not affect the magnitude of total GNP.

Shifts in automobile demand

Demand for autos has been high but with wide fluctuations during most of the postwar period. In 1950, and again in 1955, private purchases of autos constituted 5 percent of total final purchases of goods and services as compared with 3.6 percent in 1929. In the early post-war period deferred demand undoubtedly was responsible for maintaining the high share of auto output, and in 1955, changes in engineering, styling, and terms of finance served to stimulate demand.

The market for autos has fallen off since 1955, averaging over the last 6 years about the same proportion of final purchases as in 1929. Last year auto buying represented only 3.1 percent of final purchases, one of the lowest proportions since the reconversion period following World War II. However, in the final quarter of the year, with the introduction of the 1962 models, the rise in auto purchases brought the ratio to final purchases to 3.5 percent, a proportion more in line with recent years' experience.

Consumer share rises

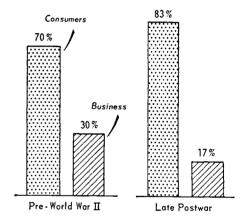
Consumers now account for a larger proportion of car outlays (see chart on page 14). Prior to World War II, 70 percent of expenditures for autos represented consumer outlays. In the postwar period, once new cars were again in plentiful supply, a marked shift in the market for autos took place. High wartime savings, full employment, the move to the suburbs, a high rate of family formation, a shorter work week, and longer vacations have all been factors in spurring consumer demand for autos. With these developments, the consumer share of expenditures for autos rose to about 85 percent by the mid-1950's while business expenditures, although increasing substantially in absolute terms, nevertheless, were approximately halved from prewar proportions.

Business autos large part of equipment outlays

Passenger cars in business use have a fairly short life—they may generally be depreciated in 3 to 5 years, according to Treasury Bulletin F, Useful Lives and Depreciation Rates—and their recurrent purchases form a significant part of capital outlays for equipment. As table 3 shows, passenger cars have amounted to about 12 percent of equipment outlays over the postwar period.

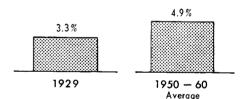
AUTOMOBILE BUYING

Consumer Share of Auto Buying More Important in Postwar Period . . . Percent of Private Auto Purchases



And Auto Outlays Form a Higher Proportion of Personal Consumption

Percent of Consumer Auto Outlay to Personal Consumption Expenditures



U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

62-3-14

During most of the years of this period, purchases of passenger cars by businesses have exceeded the total for trucks, trailers, and buses. Only in recent years have outlays for the latter been greater than those for passenger cars. Business investment in all types of road vehicles has accounted for close to one-fourth of all capital outlays for equipment.

The relatively high proportion of business investment for passenger cars may stem from the fact that autos, unlike most other forms of business capital equipment, can be used for both business and consumer purposes. Some business needs might be met by small trucks if cars could not also be used for consumer purposes. In addition, there may be individuals with business needs who would not purchase cars if it were not possible to charge some of the costs to business expense.

The 1957 and 1958 surveys conducted for OBE indicate that many selfemployed persons, and some employees, use their cars partly for business and partly for personal purposes. On the basis of mileage, the total net outlays for passenger cars by the self-employed who have some business use of cars, and by employees who are reimbursed for the use of their cars, are allocated two-thirds to business and one-third to personal use. Only a small proportion of these outlays, it may be noted, represented cars used exclusively for business purposes. The inclusion in business investment of net outlays for cars owned by employees who are reimbursed for their use stems from the fact that the costs for these cars are charged to business expense in much the same manner as for regular businessowned vehicles.

The amounts charged to business for these mixed-use cars and for those used exclusively for business purposes by the above groups account for two-thirds of all business net outlays for cars shown in the national accounts. The remaining one-third of business net outlays are for cars used exclusively for business purposes, and owned largely by corporations and partnerships. summary, as indicated for 1957-58 by the table on page 17, self-employed persons were responsible for over twofifths of total business net outlays, the business reimbursed employee for about one-quarter, and the remaining onethird of the business use was accounted for mainly by the outlays of corporate and partnership firms and institutions.

Share of cars in consumer outlays

The increased volume of autos purchased by consumers, together with a larger than average rise in auto prices, have led to the increased importance of car outlays in the consumers' budget. In 1929, auto outlays amounted to 3.3

Table 2.—Personal Consumption Expenditures for Autos and Auto Related Expenditures and Total Expenditures, 1929-61

	1	ersonal consu	nption expend	itures	Percent	of consumption expenditures					
	Autos 1	Auto related expenditures ²	Total auto and auto related expenditures	Total personal consumption expenditures	Autos	Auto related expenditures	Total auto and auto related expenditures				
		Million	s of dollars	_	_		4				
1929 1930 1931 1931 1932 1933 1934 1935 1936 1937 1938	2, 588 1, 642 1, 144 635 779 1, 024 1, 508 1, 921 1, 988 1, 228 1, 679	3, 519 3, 148 2, 693 2, 353 2, 302 2, 624 2, 802 3, 172 3, 467 3, 358 3, 594	6, 107 4, 790 3, 837 2, 988 3, 081 3, 648 4, 310 5, 093 5, 455 4, 586 5, 273	78, 952 70, 968 61, 333 49, 306 46, 392 51, 894 56, 289 62, 616 67, 259 64, 641 67, 578	3. 3 2. 3 1. 9 1. 3 1. 7 2. 0 2. 7 3. 1 3. 0 1. 9 2. 5	4. 5 4. 4 4. 4 4. 8 5. 0 5. 1 5. 1 5. 2 5. 2	7. 7 6. 7 6. 3 6. 1 6. 1 6. 0 7. 0 7. 7 8. 1 8. 1 7. 1				
1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1945 1947 1947 1948	2, 217 2, 706 415 410 322 319 2, 322 4, 408 5, 509 7, 969	3, 857 4, 599 3, 283 2, 484 2, 754 3, 667 6, 644 7, 889 9, 174 10, 146	6, 074 7, 305 3, 698 2, 894 3, 076 3, 986 8, 966 12, 297 14, 683 18, 115	71, 881 81, 875 89, 748 100, 541 109, 833 121, 699 147, 109 165, 409 178, 313 181, 158	3. 1 3. 3 . 5 . 4 . 3 . 3 1. 7 2. 8 3. 1 4. 4	5. 4 5. 6 3. 7 2. 5 2. 5 3. 0 4. 5 4. 8 5. 1	8.5 8.9 4.1 2.9 2.8 3.3 6.2 7.5 8.0				
1950. 1951. 1952. 1953. 1954. 1955. 1956. 1957. 1958. 1958.	10, 593 9, 293 8, 636 11, 585 11, 099 15, 443 12, 982 14, 043 10, 984 14, 682	11, 609 12, 682 13, 892 15, 645 16, 036 17, 889 19, 080 20, 525 20, 707 22, 312	22, 202 21, 975 22, 528 27, 230 27, 135 33, 332 32, 062 34, 568 31, 691 36, 994	195, 013 209, 805 219, 774 232, 649 238, 025 256, 940 269, 917 285, 164 293, 198 313, 996	5. 4 4. 4 3. 9 5. 0 4. 7 6. 0 4. 8 4. 9 3. 7 4. 7	6.0 6.3 6.7 6.7 7.0 7.1 7.2 7.1	11. 4 10. 5 10. 3 11. 7 11. 4 13. 0 11. 9 12. 1 10. 8 11. 8				
1960 1961 ³	15, 253 13, 490	23, 619 24, 071	38, 872 37, 561	328, 926 339, 024	4. 6 4. 0	7. 2 7. 1	11.8 11.1				

Differs from new cars and net purchases of used cars in Table II-4 of National Accounts because of exclusion of trailers. For groups included see Table 4. Preliminary.

Table 3.—Business Expenditure for Autos, Trucks, Tractors and Trailers, and Total Producers' Durable Equipment, 1929-61

		Business ex	rpenditures		producer	Percent of rs' durable equipment					
	Autos	Trucks, tractors and trailers	Total autos, trucks, tractors, and trailers	Total producers' durable equipment	Autos	Trucks, tractors and trailers	Total autos, trucks, tractors, and trailers				
		Millions	of dollars								
1929 1930 1931 1932 1933 1934 1935 1936 1937 1938 1939 1940 1940 1941 1942 1942 1943	1, 105 701 488 271 331 436 643 822 849 524 715 948 1, 158 251 253 167	590 423 291 155 186 307 388 508 508 489 562 737 126 140 343	1, 695 1, 124 779 426 517 743 1, 031 1, 330 1, 372 884 1, 204 1, 510 1, 895 377 393 510	5, 850 4, 465 2, 839 1, 593 1, 589 2, 304 4, 169 5, 095 3, 644 4, 180 5, 531 6, 942 4, 343 4, 027 5, 438	18. 9 15. 7 17. 2 17. 0 12. 0 18. 9 21. 0 19. 7 16. 7 14. 4 17. 1 16. 7 5. 8 6. 3 3. 1	10. 1 9. 5 10. 2 9. 7 11. 7 12. 2 10. 3 9. 9 11. 7 10. 2 10. 2 2. 9 3. 5 6. 3	29. 0 25. 2 27. 4 26. 7 32. 5 33. 2 33. 9 26. 9 24. 3 28. 8 27. 3 8. 7 9. 8				
1945 1946 1947 1947 1948	172 995 1, 889 2, 167 2, 838	901 1, 376 2, 283 2, 592 2, 103	1, 073 2, 371 4, 172 4, 759 4, 941	7, 654 10, 733 16, 667 18, 925 17, 236	2. 2 9. 3 11. 3 11. 5 16. 5	11. 8 12. 8 13. 7 13. 7 12. 2	14. (22. 1 25. (25. 1 28. 7				
1950 1951 1952 1953 1954 1955 1966 1957 1958	3, 221 2, 669 2, 314 2, 598 2, 383 3, 438 2, 836 3, 022 2, 308 3, 036	2, 651 3, 186 2, 414 2, 314 2, 032 2, 983 3, 151 2, 966 2, 589 3, 463	5, 872 5, 855 4, 728 4, 912 4, 415 6, 421 5, 987 5, 988 4, 897 6, 499	18, 940 21, 290 21, 264 22, 305 20, 789 23, 119 27, 194 28, 497 23, 109 25, 913	17. 0 12. 5 10. 9 11. 6 11. 5 14. 9 10. 4 10. 6 10. 0 11. 7	14. 0 15. 0 11. 4 10. 4 9. 8 12. 9 11. 6 10. 4 11. 2 13. 4	31. 0 27. 5 22. 2 22. 0 21. 2 27. 2 21. 0 21. 2 25. 1				
1960 1961 ¹	3, 202 2, 861	3, 310 3, 303	6, 512 6, 164	27, 532 25, 724	11. 6 11. 1	12. 0 12. 8	23. 7 24. 0				

^{1.} Preliminary.

percent of personal consumption expenditures; during the early 1950's this had risen to about 5 percent. The ratio has declined somewhat since that time, and was 4 percent last year, one of the lowest proportions of the postwar period.

Upgrading continues until 1957

The importance of car outlays in consumers' budgets has also been influenced in the postwar period by changes in the types of cars purchased. Beginning with the first important postwar model changeover, that of the 1949 cars, there was for a long period a considerable upgrading in car purchases. This is evident from the increasing proportion of cars equipped with extra priced equipment such as eight-cylinder engines, automatic transmissions, power steering and brakes, and air conditioners. A measure of this upgrading, along with other general quality improvements, can be obtained from the comparison of the number of cars purchased with the constant dollar GNP expenditure series for auto purchases. In the constant dollar measure a shift from a product of lower grade to one of higher grade—relative grade being measured by relative price—is reflected as an increase in output. An opposite shift in grade would have the opposite effect. Since the auto price index of the Bureau of Labor Statistics used to obtain the constant dollar series allows for specification changes, and insofar as possible, for quality improvements, the constant dollar series also reflects these which are not unlike grade changes.

As the chart on page 17 shows, there was almost a 10 percent upgrading in auto purchases from 1949 to 1957. Since 1957, this movement has been completely reversed, initially under the impact of the small foreign imports which increased in sales—from 200,000 in 1957 to 600,000 in 1959. More recently the grade of car purchases has been also affected by the introduction of the compact domestic car. It is interesting to note that all of the U.S. car makes which have been discontinued since the peak in upgrading occurred have been in the medium and upper price brackets.

Mixed-use cars small part of consumer outlays

Unlike the situation in respect to business net outlays, where mixed-use cars formed the larger part of the

Table 4.—Auto Related Personal Consumption Expenditures, 1929-61

[Millions of dollars]

	Total auto related ex- penditures	Gasoline and oil	Repairs, greasing and wash- ing	Tires, tubes, accessories and parts	Insurance	Interest	Tolls
1929 1930 1931 1932 1933 1933 1934 1935 1936 1937 1937	3, 519 3, 148 2, 693 2, 353 2, 302 2, 624 2, 802 3, 172 3, 467 3, 358 3, 594	1, 814 1, 749 1, 540 1, 476 1, 466 1, 640 1, 743 1, 945 2, 143 2, 145 2, 181	776 624 509 385 392 445 457 520 543 517 596	648 523 433 314 280 346 368 402 433 398 484	94 81 76 82 76 86 99 124 137 124 142	147 128 90 53 46 64 93 137 167 133	40 43 45 43 42 43 42 44 44 41 46
1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946 1947 1947 1948	3, 857 4, 599 3, 283 2, 484 2, 754 3, 667 6, 644 7, 889 9, 174 10, 146	2, 273 2, 649 2, 090 1, 339 1, 384 1, 809 3, 034 3, 630 4, 435 5, 003	647 772 594 558 695 957 1, 717 1, 975 2, 205 2, 364	530 673 303 366 449 652 1, 492 1, 674 1, 669 1, 684	155 173 136 155 160 175 260 381 492 564	202 274 117 35 31 32 76 160 297 446	50 58 43 31 35 42 65 69 76 85
1950 1951 1952 1953 1954 1955 1956 1957 1958	11, 609 12, 682 13, 892 15, 645 16, 036 17, 889 19, 080 20, 525 20, 707 22, 312	5, 375 6, 040 6, 705 7, 547 8, 007 8, 770 9, 558 10, 360 10, 465 10, 968	2, 497 2, 833 2, 991 3, 339 3, 418 3, 651 3, 861 4, 089 4, 235 4, 657	2, 223 2, 106 2, 161 2, 205 2, 207 2, 454 2, 368 2, 532 2, 454 2, 814	733 823 1, 045 1, 274 1, 225 1, 342 1, 368 1, 438 1, 484 1, 658	687 773 858 1, 136 1, 206 1, 510 1, 739 1, 892 1, 831 1, 939	94 107 132 144 153 162 186 214 238 276
1960	23, 619 24, 071	11, 613 11, 751	5, 031 5, 300	2, 832 2, 755	1, 669 1, 730	2, 171 2, 200	303 335

^{1.} Preliminary.

business total, the vast bulk of consumer cars are bought only for personal use. The amount of consumer net outlay in 1957 and 1958 stemming from mixed-use cars amounted only to about 7 percent. Self-employed persons contributed about three-fourths of this, and employees who are reimbursed by businesses for the use of their cars accounted for the remainder.

Auto-related expenditure

In addition to the \$14 billion spent for new cars and net purchases of used cars last year, consumers spent another \$24 billion to keep these cars in operation. These other auto-related expenditures cover the purchase of accessories and parts, operating supplies and services. As in the case of autos, these expenditures are not reported separately for business and consumers, and the same consumer allocation factors are applied to obtain the consumer portion. During most of the postwar period auto-related expenditures have been half again as large as auto purchases. Together auto and auto-related expenditures represent about one-eighth of total personal consumption expenditures.

In contrast to auto purchases—which are extremely volatile—auto-related consumption expenditures, are dependent for the most part on the growth in the stock of vehicles held by consumers and on their use. Such expenditures are an expanding, but fairly stable element of consumption. As table 4 shows, the total of these items has continued to rise without interruption since the end of the war.

Gasoline biggest cost

Purchases of gasoline and oil account by far for the largest part—50 percent—of auto-related expenditures. Such service items as repairs, greasing, washing, etc., are the next largest component of this total, representing about 20 percent. Purchases of tires and tubes, accessories and parts, and auto insurance have in recent years, been of approximately equal magnitude and together account for an additional 20 percent of these expenditures.

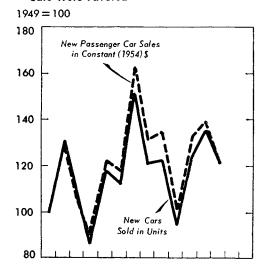
Interest on auto debt, which repre-

sented only a very small portion of auto-related outlays in the immediate postwar period, has expanded sharply and now represents about 10 percent of the total. This development is, of course, associated with the growth in borrowing relative to auto purchases, and also to a lengthening in the average term of auto-installment loans.

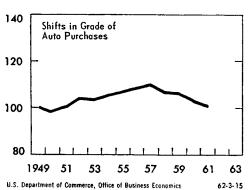
Role of the compact car

The U.S. compact car has already had a pronounced effect on the market for automobiles. In 1961, every third car sold was a compact. Because of their lower prices, the compacts in 1961 were responsible for passenger car outlays being \$11/4 billion less than they would have been had the same number of standard cars been sold. Along with the lower purchase price of the compact, there is an attendant saving in operation expense. It uses less gasoline, insurance costs are lower,

Shifts to Higher Unit Value Cars Was the Trend Until 1957, Thereafter Lower Unit Cars Were Favored



Ratio of New Car Purchases in Constant **Dollars to Unit Sales**



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and maintenance costs are somewhat reduced. As a result, auto-related consumption expenditures have also been affected by this development, but to a minor extent, because the number of compact cars in the total stock of passenger cars is still small.

Procedural Note

In the absence of net outlay data, the estimate of total domestic private passenger car expenditures is made by multiplying data on number of new cars sold to domestic consumers and business by an average retail price and by adding an estimate of the gross margin on used car sales, The distribution of net outlays between consumers and business is approximated from mileage data.

Data on passenger car use were collected in the course of road-use surveys begun in 1934 and carried out extensively in 1936-37, by the Federal Public Roads Administration (now the Bureau of Public Roads) and the several States. The results of this inquiry were summarized for all States in

The definition of business use in this survey was very broad. Largely because of the broadness of the definition, which may have encompassed some driving to and from work as well as to and from school, and other nonbusiness trips, the business use, which was found to constitute 35 percent in the survey was reduced to 30 percent for the allocation of passenger car purchases.

This allocation was applied uniformly from 1929 until the limitation of ear sales in World War II, and was resumed after the war years until information from the new road-use surveys clearly indicated a changed postwar pattern of car use. Allocations of the restricted sales of the war years were derived from data of a sales control program.

The postwar series of surveys of the Bureau of Public Roads and the States, begun in 1951, and conducted in all cases by the Bureau of the Census, had by the time of our 1954 benchmark revision yielded information for 17 States. (Additional State surveys completed subsequent to our work on the 1954 benchmark do not modify the national estimates appreciably). The data for the 17 States in 1951-54, and the prior period are shown in table 5, together with the national data from the earlier survey.

In the current survey series the definition of business use was quite precise, though the business classification includes the business use of employees who may not be reimbursed. The exclusion of such business use would of course, lower the national estimate of 17 percent, but in the absence of pertinent information no reduction was made.

In the light of the lower business use indicated by the new postwar surveys, it was evident that the 30 percent allocation so long continued should be reduced, and this was done by 2 percent annually in 1948-53. The allocations of 1946 and 1947 were left undisturbed at 30 percent in the belief that business purchases had been stimulated in those years by cumulative wartime shortages. Imported passenger cars which were numerically unimportant in the initial years of the second series of surveys, but which were assuming more importance as time progressed were assigned entirely to consumers, making the composite business proportion for domestic and imported cars since 1953 about 17 percent.

Because of the significant shift in auto purchases implied by the mileage data, it was deemed imperative to test the allocations so derived by obtaining data directly on expenditures, and several surveys to obtain net outlays (purchases less trade-ins and other sales) by business and consumers in 1957 and 1958 were undertaken.

These surveys, which were designed to cover all private car purchases, consisted of four elements: (a) The Survey of Consumer Finances of the Federal Reserve Board in 1958 and 1959 (1957 and 1958 survey years) added certain questions in order to measure the business outlays for cars bought by all spend. ing units; (b) Net outlay inquiries for the same years were added to the Plant and Equipment Survey of the Securities and Exchange Commission and Office of Business Economics; (c) A similar inquiry was incorporated by the Bureau of the Census in its 1958 census of the automobile rental and leasing business; (d) Finally, supplementary estimates were pre-

Table 5.-Proportion of Passenger Car Mileage for Business Purposes

	Business percent
1936-37 surveys	
Total travel (in and outside State of registration) 48 States and D.C. ¹ . Travel in State of registration ² 48 States and D.C. 17 States ³ .	38 36 37
1951-54 surveys	
Total travel (in and outside State of registration) 17 States 4 48 States and D.C. (estimate) 5	11

1. Estimate of Antomobile Travel by Purpose—1941, Public Roads Administration, Federal Works Agency, October

Roads Administration, Federal Works Agency, October 1942.

2. Estimate of Total Travel by Motor Vehicles in the United States in 1941, Public Roads Administration, Federal Works Agency, March 1942. Travel outside the State of registration in this table is not broken down by purpose.

3. The same States as in the 1951-54 surveys.

4. Travel by Passenger Cars Classified by Occupation of Principal Operator and by Major Purpose of Travel for 17 States, Bureau of Public Roads, U.S. Department of Commerce, July 1957 (unpublished). Additional State surveys have been completed subsequently.

5. Estimated from unrounded data by reducing the 17-State proportion from 1951-54 data in the ratio of the proportion for 48 States and D.C. to the 17-State proportion from the 1936-37 data.

Table 6.-Business and Consumer Net Outlays for Cars

[Millions of dollars]

[Mimons 0.	i donarsi		
	1957	1958	1957-58 total
CONSUMER NET OUT-			
Consumer share of mixed business-consumer use cars:			
Reimbursed employees. Self-employed persons	248 681	233 569	481 1, 250
Consumer cars	12, 238	11,676	23, 914
Total consumer net outlays	13, 167	12, 478	25, 645
BUSINESS NET OUTLAYS			
Reimbursed employees Self-employed persons	544 1, 105	553 923	1, 097 2, 028
Business firms and non- profit institutions	784	753	1, 537
Total business net outlays	2, 433	2, 229	4, 662
Total consumer and business net outlays Percent business	15, 600 15. 6	14,707 15. 2	30, 307 15. 4
NATIONAL INCOME DI-			
Consumer and business total 1.	17, 065	13, 292	30, 357
Percent business	17. 7	17. 4	17. 6

^{1.} New cars and net purchases of used cars, excluding housing-type trailers.

pared for small areas not covered in the other surveys. The discussion will take up these elements in order.

The Federal Reserve Board's Survey of Consumer Finances, in addition to the usual car inquiries, asked concerning each car bought in the survey year and still owned in the household at the time of the survey whether it was used in work, other than driving to work and back, in order to identify

(Continued on p. 24)

^{1.} Estimate of Automobile Travel by Purpose—1941, Public Roads Administration, Federal Works Agency (now Bureau of Public Roads, U.S. Department of Commerce) October 1942.

The Balance of International Payments

in the Fourth Quarter and the Year 1961

HE balance of payments developments during 1961 and the estimates for the overall balance for the year as a whole were discussed extensively in the February issue of the Survey. The data now available do not warrant any changes in that analysis. The overall adverse balance, measured by changes in holdings of gold and convertible currencies by the monetary authorities and in liquid liabilities during the fourth quarter was about \$1,280 million, and after adjustment for seasonal variations approximately \$1,500 million. The increase from the previous quarter was about \$700 million. Most of that rise appears to have been due to a coincidence of several large capital transactions, and early indications for the first months of this year indicate a substantial improvement in this balance. For 1961 as a whole the balance was about \$2,450 million, which represented an improvement from 1960 by roughly \$1.5 billion.

Among the large capital outflows in the last quarter of 1961 were private bank loans of \$150 million to Japan, part of which represented the first share of a larger loan. That loan was arranged with U.S. banks, but a part of that loan will have the guarantee of the U.S. Government.

Over \$100 million was lent to the Philippine subsequent to the recent revaluation of the Philippine currency and a concurrent reduction in exchange control restrictions. A very short-term capital outflow which was already reversed in January amounted to about \$100 million and was mainly to Europe. In addition to these transactions consisting mainly of bank loans, the capital subscriptions to the International Development Association of \$62 million, and to the Inter-American Development Associa-

tion of \$110 million may also be considered as special transactions. Minor capital transactions which may be mentioned here were relatively large sales of stocks by a foreign company newly registered on a U.S. stock exchange, and receipts of \$40 million from advance debt repayments by Italy.

These transactions, which add to more than \$500 million, accounted for most of the change in the balance of our foreign payments and receipts from the third to the fourth quarter.

Transactions in goods and services resulted in a slightly better balance in the fourth quarter than in the third after seasonal adjustment, even without exports financed under Government grants and credits.

The rise in seasonally adjusted merchandise imports by not quite \$50 million was much less than the over \$400 million increase in the previous quarter which was a lagged reaction to the expansion in domestic business activity.

Table 2, presented on an experimental basis, shows the surpluses on nonmilitary trade and services transactions after adjustment for those which are directly financed by U.S. programs of economic assistance. The table also shows the net balance for all items other than recorded short-term capital and unrecorded transactions. In the overall balance, changes in liquid liabilities to foreign private holders and nonmonetary international institutions are separated from those in U.S. holdings of gold and convertible currencies and in our liquid liabilities to foreign and international monetary authorities.

Exports reflect industrial production

The upper panel of the chart on page 19 shows that the major fluctuations in total exports (which include those financed by Government grants and credits under nonmilitary assistance programs) coincide closely with those to Western Europe and Japan, although the exports to these countries over the period as a whole account for only one-third of the total. Exports to the less industrialized countries fluctuated relatively less, but up to 1958 their cyclical pattern was similar to that of the exports to the industrialized countries. Since then the cyclical movement in the exports to Western Europe and Japan has dominated the cyclical swings in total exports.

Examination of historical data suggests that demand for our exports to Europe and Japan depends to a large extent on business activity in these countries. When business activity there is high, and productive capacities well utilized, demand for our products, mostly industrial materials and capital equipment, will also be high. That demand will not only come from these countries themselves, but also from third countries which will switch some of their purchases during such periods to the United States, where the availability of supplies is greater.

The last line in the first panel represents a composite index of industrial production in the major countries of Western Europe and Japan, weighted by their share in world trade.

The lower panel of the chart permits a comparison of the fluctuations in total exports and in production in the other industrialized countries around their respective trends. Allowing for a lag of one to two quarters in our exports, the general pattern in the fluctuations over the period covered here appears to be reasonably similar, although the fluctuations in exports were relatively larger than in foreign production.

The upswing in exports during 1960 and 1961 coincided with the expansion in industrial production abroad, but it was considerably less than in periods of similar experience in the period of 1950-51 and 1954-57. In part the larger export rise in these earlier periods may reflect the hostilities in Korea and the Suez crisis. Another factor may have been the rise in demand by the less developed countries facilitated by advancing prices for their export products, and by large investments in resource developments. The more recent upswing in the other industrialized countries which was not reinforced by a simultaneous upswing here did not have a similar effect on incomes and foreign expenditures of the raw material exporting countries.

Since the middle of 1961 the expansion of business activity in some of the other industrialized countries has slowed down somewhat, although they still operate at a very high rate of capacity utilization, and continue to experience acute labor shortages. With some lag in time this would reduce our exports, if previous relationships continue to The reduction may be less prevail. than in earlier periods, however, if the import demand of the less developed countries is maintained as a decline in their earnings from exports to Europe and Japan is offset by higher earnings from sales to the United States. our competitive position improves as a result of better price relationships (as foreign prices seem to be rising while ours have been relatively stable for some time) and intensified sales efforts abroad, the impact of the slow-down in the rate of economic expansion in the foreign industrialized countries will be reduced and exports may rise to a higher level in relation to their production and the aggregate foreign demand.

Variations in the composition of short-term capital

Table 4 provides a breakdown of the foreign assets classified as short-term by banks (which also report assets held in behalf of their customers) and by non-financial corporations. It may be noticed that at the end of 1961 only about one-fourth of the bank reported assets of about \$4.7 billion was in the

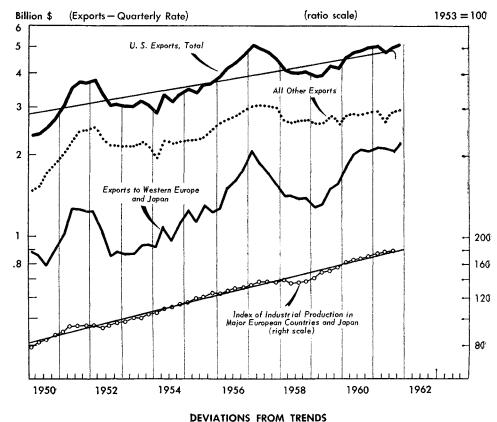
major financial centers abroad, and that amount was about evenly divided between Europe and Canada.

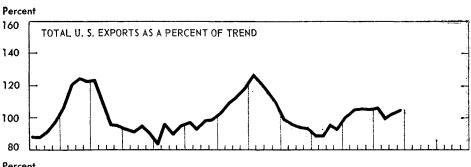
Of the total of about \$1,140 million in these countries about \$470 million

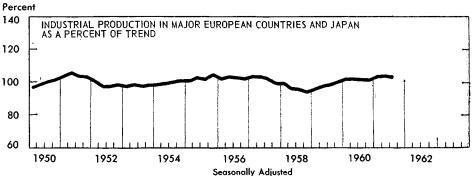
consisted of foreign currency holdings, including \$250 million held in Canada. The remainder were mainly trade and financial credits denominated in U.S. dollars.

U.S. EXPORTS TO MAJOR AREAS

Trend of Industrial Production in Western Europe and Japan a Major Influence on Our Exports







U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

About three-fourths of the outstanding assets reported by banks consist of claims against countries other than the financial centers. Nearly all of these claims are commercial and financial credits, including overdue bills and loans which may be registered as shortterm on the books of the banks but are regularly renewed or refunded. Most of the countries in this group are among the less developed countries which keep relatively small reserves, and some have

acute difficulties in meeting their current foreign exchange obligations.

The short-term claims reported by non-financial concerns are somewhat more heavily weighted by assets in the major financial centers, but assets in foreign currencies of these countries constitute only \$260 million of the total claims of \$1.5 billion. Of the \$260 million about half was held in Canada, the other half in Europe.

Holdings of foreign currency assets in

Table 1.-Analysis of U.S. Balance of Payments, Seasonally Adjusted

[Millions of dollars]

[Millions of dollars]						
	Cal- endar	Cal- endar		19	61	
	year 1960	year 1961	1	II	III	IV
U.S. payments recorded	31, 412	32, 000	7,744	7, 384	7,958	8,914
Merchandise. Military expenditures. Other services. Remittances and pensions. Government grants and capital outflows. Transactions involving no immediate dollar outflow from the United	14, 722 3, 048 5, 557 848 3, 381	14, 524 2, 956 5, 599 870 4, 100	3, 374 759 1, 360 212 1, 000	3, 418 761 1, 360 219 825	3, 843 705 1, 419 218 1, 018	3, 889 731 1, 460 221 1, 257
Transactions revolving no immediate acting outfloor from the Orited States Dollar payments to foreign countries and international institutions U.S. private capital Direct investments Long-term portfolio Short-term.	2, 130 1, 251 3, 856 1, 694 850 1, 312	2,790 1,310 3,951 1,601 967 1,383	787 313 1,039 500 12 527	548 277 801 308 331 162	723 295 755 470 147 138	83.2 42.5 1, 35.6 323 477 55.6
U.S. receipts recorded	28, 131	30, 162	7, 454	8,005	7,072	7, 631
Exports: Merchandise	19, 409 1, 831 335 2, 856 349 4, 351 631 200	19, 916 2, 335 406 3, 284 361 4, 349 1, 269 577	5, 053 581 70 845 90 1, 067 130 199	4, 765 461 150 770 115 1, 080 850 275	4, 947 593 89 802 65 1, 082 80 7	5, 151 701 97 867 91 1, 120 209 96
Excess of recorded receipts or payments (-) On goods, services, remittances, and pensions. On Government grants and capital. On direct and long-term portfolio investment. On short-term investments	3, 125	-1,838 4,367 -2,831 -2,133 -1,241	-290 1, 420 -870 -388 -452	621 1, 122 25 -448 -78	-886 800 -938 -593 -155	-1,283 1,025 -1,048 -704 -556
Unrecorded transactions	-648	-616	54	-465	109	-206
Total net receipts (+) or payments (-)	-3,929	-2, 454	-344	156	-777	-1,489
Major special transactions 1	-524	129		724	-75	-520
Total, excluding special transactions	-3, 405	-2,583	-344	-568	-702	-969
			Quarter	s not sea	sonally a	adjusted
Changes in gold and convertible currency holdings by U.S. monetary authorities and in liquid liabilities 2	3, 929	2, 454	334	-69	908	1, 281
Gold and convertible currencies [purchases (-)]	1, 702 2, 227	742 1,712	346 -12	-330 261	270 638	456 825
By foreign holders: Monetary authorities and institutions International Monetary Fund. Foreign central banks and governments, total As reported by U.S. banks Other Foreign commercial banks Other international and regional institutions Other foreigners and undetermined	1, 867 741 1, 126 1, 056 70 105 394 -139	455 -135 590 643 -53 627 462 168	57 25 32 10 22 -15 61 -115	-313 11 -324 -244 -80 414 28 132	415 -483 898 900 -2 143 76 4	296 312 -16 -23 7 85 297 147
By types of liabilities: Deposits in U.S. banks	1, 241	1,218	101	536	523	58
U.S. Government obligations: Bills and certificates ³ Bonds and notes. Other. Bankers acceptances, commercial paper, etc. Liabilities payable in foreign currencies.	604 126 180 35	-125 501 -48 94 36	-155 206 16 -177 -2	-293 -94 -23 83 46	-58 203 -29 54 -56	381 186 12 134 48

Includes major non-repetitive transactions which have a major effect on quarterly changes in net payments or receipts, such as subscriptions to international organizations, advance debt repayments, or major private transactions. The figure for the fourth quarter of 1961 represents several large capital transactions and subscriptions.
 Corresponds to line 48 in Balance of Payments table, p. 22.
 Includes non-interest bearing notes held by the International Monetary Fund.

financial centers abroad, which may be considered freely disposable in the sense that they are the equivalent of cash and could be utilized to meet the holders' foreign obligations anywhere in the world thus constituted about \$730 million, or 12 percent of the total recorded foreign claims outstanding at the end of 1961. These cash assets typically consist of deposits, Treasury bills, or other market paper. In addition, American concerns also hold deposits and other liquid assets in these countries, denominated in U.S. dollars, but the amounts cannot be separated from other dollar claims.

The composition of reported shortterm claims differs sharply from that of the liabilities to foreigners reported by U.S. banks which are predominately in the form of deposits or other assets, such as Government securities which can be liquidated at any time without significant loss in value. The composition of our short-term liabilities reflects, of course, the use of the U.S. dollar by foreign countries as an international reserve currency, while the use of other curriencies as cash holdings by U.S. banks and other enterprises is quite limited.

The table also shows the changes in the major categories of reported shortterm claims in 1960 and 1961. The rise in foreign currency claims on major financial centers, which would be the form in which speculative or other shifts of U.S. capital into foreign currencies would have had to appear, was in 1960 about \$225 million as reported by banks and about \$150 million by commercial concerns. Of these amounts about \$230 million consisted of increased holdings of European currencies, the remainder was in Canada. In 1961, the reported rise in cash holdings in financial centers was only about \$100 million (of which less than \$70 million was reported by banks) and that amount included the relatively large outflow at the end of the year which returned again in January. It may also be observed that the quarterto-quarter movements of such capital during these 2 years were relatively small.

Most of the reported short-term capital outflows was not speculative or particularly unstable, but credits associated with our trade and with our position as a major financial center providing opportunities for foreign countries to obtain credit. The larger part of that credit is going to countries which are short of capital, and for that reason not able to reduce their foreign indebtedness by major amounts without serious injury to their economies. Economically as well as statistically, therefore, it is difficult to determine the borderlines between short- and longterm capital movements, and to separate their effects on the balance of pavments. The extent of such capital outflows depends not only on foreign demand for credit, but also upon the lending capacity of our banks and commercial enterprises, and the availability of credit in other financial centers.

Balance of payments by areas

In 1960, when our loss of gold and the rise in liquid liabilities was about \$3.9 billion, our recorded net payments to Europe were about \$1.1 billion. Since gold and dollar holdings of European countries rose during that year by over \$3 billion, close to \$2 billion must have been obtained by these countries from other sources, including newly produced gold, gold sold by the Soviet Bloc, unaccounted for transactions with the United States, and dollars received from transactions with third countries.

Net dollar payments by Latin America to other areas and unrecorded payments to the United States were about \$500 million, and by the countries of Asia, Africa, and Oceania about \$1.2 billion. On the other hand, Canada and the International Institutions (which also include transactions which cannot be allocated to specific areas, such as those with certain international shipping companies) had net receipts of close to \$800 million. A very substantial part of European gold and dollar accumulations was, therefore, the result of a net dollar flow to Europe through third countries.

In 1961, for the first time since 1957 the United States had a surplus in the transactions with Europe, amounting to about \$700 million. The shift of about \$1.8 billion from net payments of \$1.1 billion in 1960 to net receipts of about \$700 million was much larger than the improvement in our overall balance of payments during that period.

The large improvement in our balance with Western Europe reflected, of course, various special transactions, including the receipts from advance debt repayments by European governments in 1961 which amounted to nearly \$700 million, and a large direct investment transaction at the end of

1960 which increased our payments at the end of that year by \$370 million. Even without these transactions, however, the improvement was quite significant.

The favorable change from last year occurred mostly in the first half of 1961. During the second half the favorable change from the previous year diminished and in the last quarter the balance was less favorable than in the corresponding period of 1960 if adjustments are made for the large capital outflow for direct investment mentioned above. The gradual deterioration in our balance

Table 2.—U.S. Balance of Payments by Major Components, seasonally adjusted [Millions of dollars]

	1960	1961		19	961	
			I	п	III	IV
Goods and Services, Government Assistance and Long-Term Capital Accounts ²						
A. Nonmilitary Trade and Services						}
Nonmilitary merchandise exports. Less those financed by Government grants and capital. Merchandise exports, other than those financed by Govern-	19, 409 1, 831	19, 916 2, 335	5, 053 581	4, 765 461	4, 947 592	5, 1. 76
ment grants and capital Nonnulitary merchandise imports Balance on Trade, excluding merchandise exports financed by	17,578 $-14,722$	17, 581 -14, 524	-3,472 $-3,374$	4, 304 -3, 418	4, 355 -3, 843	$\begin{bmatrix} 4, 4 \\ -3, 8 \end{bmatrix}$
Government grants and capital Nonmilitary service exports Less those financed by Government grants and capital Service exports, other than those financed by Government	2, 856 7, 556 274	3, 057 7, 994 407	1, 098 2, 002 102	886 1, 965 74	512 1, 949 114	2, 0 1
grants and capital Nonmilitary service imports Balance on Services, other than those rendered under Government	7, 282 -5, 557	7, 587 -5, 599	$ \begin{array}{r} 1,900 \\ -1,360 \end{array} $	1, 891 -1, 360	$ \begin{array}{c c} 1,835 \\ -1,419 \end{array} $	1, 9 -1, 4
grants and capital	1, 725	1, 988	540	531	416	50
Balance	4, 581	5,045	1,638	1, 417	928	1,0
B. Other Major Transactions						
Military expenditures abroad	-3,048	-2, 956	-759	-761	-705	-7
ment grants and capital	310	376	66	137	82	,
Government grants and capital—dollar payments to foreign countries and international institutions. Repayments on U.S. Government loans (excluding repayments)	-1, 251	-1, 310	-313	-277	-295	-4
funded by new loans) U.S. direct and long-term portfolio investments abroad ² Foreign direct and long-term portfolio investments in United	631 -2, 544	1, 251 -2, 568	130 -512	850 -639	-617	-84 -84
States Remittances and pensions	297 -848	435 -870	-212	-219	-218	-2
Balance	-6, 453	-5,642	-1,476	-718	-1,659	-1, 7
Balance on Goods and Services, Government Assistance and Long- Term Capital Accounts 2.	-1,872	-597	162	699	-731	-73
Recorded U.S. private short-term capital outflow less foreign short- term commercial credits to the United States	-1,409 -648	-1,241 -616	-452 -54	-78 -465	155 109	-5: -2
Overall balance seasonally adjusted	-3,929	-2, 454	-344 -10	156 87	-777 131	$-1, \frac{1}{4}$
Overall balance, actual (not seasonally adjusted) 3	-3,929	-2,454	334	69	908	-1, 2
Equals: Changes in liquid liabilities to foreign private holders, including banks, and nonmonetary international and regional institutions. Plus: Changes in holdings of gold and convertible currencies	-360	-1, 257	69	-574	-223	-5
by U.S. monetary authorities and changes in U.S. liquid liabilities to foreign and international monetary authorities	-3, 569	-1, 197	-403	643	-685	-7

Excludes military transfers under grants.
 Short-term capital movements between parent companies and their foreign affiliates are reported as part of direct investment.
3. Increase in U.S. liabilities and sales of gold (-).

Table 3.—United States Balance of Payments by Area—

[Millions of dollars]

						[Million	as of dol	llars]													
					All a	reas					w	esteri	Europ	e			Ea	stern	Euro	ре	==
Line	Type of transaction		1960				1961				1960			1961			1960			1961	!
		Year	III	IV	Year	I	II	IIlr	IV p	Year	ш	IV	Year	III r	IV p	Year	ш	IV	Year	III r	IVp
1	Exports of goods and services	29, 065	6, 941	7,744	na	7, 210	7, 593	6, 986	na	10, 142	2, 412	2, 785	na	2, 267	na	228	61	83	163	23	21
2	Goods and services transferred under military grants, net	1,765	282	418	na	312	572	252	na	913	141	209	na	85	na		- -				j
3	Goods and services excluding transfers under military grants	27,300	6, 659	7, 326	28, 316	6, 898	7, 021	6, 734	7,663	9, 229	2, 271	2, 576	9, 577	2, 182	2, 693	228	61	83	163	23	21
6	tary Transportation Travel	19, 409 1, 816 968	4,676 475 311	5, 132 442 216	19, 916 1, 785 961	5, 009 413 197	$\begin{array}{r} 4,912 \\ 455 \\ 245 \end{array}$	4,680 451 294	5,315 466 225	6, 684 783 114	$1,660 \\ 204 \\ 35$		6, 776 796 131	1, 533 202 36	1,871 208 35		50 2 (x)	77 2 (x)	6	19 1 (x)	17 (x)
7 8	Miscellaneous services: Private Government, excluding military	1, 413 154	349 43	389 39	1, 447 156	354 38	368 39	$\frac{341}{39}$	$\frac{384}{40}$	647 53	160 13	175 15	670 55	158 14	173 14	(x)	2 (x)	(x) 3	8	(x) 2	2 (X)
9 10	Military transactions		70 520	85 736	2, 652	70 613	150 601	621	817	221 418	83	152	266 551	61 126	70 178				(x)	(x)	
11 12 13	Other private Government Imports of goods and services	349 23, 327		145 5, 427	632 361 23, 079		160 91 5,610			113 196 8, 487	41 2, 169	1,928	147 185 8, 159	36 16 2, 121	2, 164	9 93		1 22 19	9 92		
14 15 16	Merchandise, adjusted, excluding military Transportation Travel	1,942	3, 550 544 668	3, 485 426 328	1, 942	3, 407 428 275	3, 458 503 454	3, 684 533 663	3, 975 478 351	4, 172 951 666	284		4, 056 970 609	994 283 246		2	(x) 3	1	1	(x)	1
17 18 19	Private	634 308 3, 048	168 109 798	167 67 727	636 407 2, 956	152 86 759	152 75 761	151	168 95 731	74	18	18	402 77 1, 514	$101 \\ 20 \\ 352$	100 22 382	2	(x)	(x)	(x) 4	1 (x)	
20 21	Income on investments: Private. Government	597 332	143 77	159	596	146	145 62	140	165	389	94	105	377 154	87 38	104						
22 23	Balance on goods and services Excluding transfers under military grants	5, 738 3, 973	884 602	2, 317 1, 899	na 5, 237			878 626	na 1, 624				na 1, 418	146 61	na 529		36 36				
24 25	Unilateral transfers, net [to foreign countries (-)]	$-4,254 \\ -2,489$	-900 -618	-1,079 -661	na -2, 747	$-1,012 \\ -700$	$-1,281 \\ -709$	888 636		-1,547 -634	-300 -159		na 672	$-246 \\ -161$	na 181	-29 -29	$-7 \\ -7$	_9 _9		-8 -8	-7 -7
26	Private remittancesGovernment:	-633	-154	173	643	155	-162	-156	-170	-303	-74	-86	-313	-75	-85	-23	-5	-7	-21	-6	-6
27 28 29	Military grants of goods and services Other grants Pensions and other transfers	-1.765 -1.641 -215	-282 -411 -53		-1,877		-572 -488 -59			240	-62	-61	na -260 -99	$-85 \\ -61 \\ -25$	-70			 -1 -1	-4 -2	-1 -1	
30	U.S. capital, net [increase in U.S. assets (-)].	-4,965	-1,075		-4,905		-513		-1,928	-1, 357 -1, 511	-338	-728	-412 -1.058				-22 -3		-53		-2 -1
31 32 33 34 35	Private, net Direct investments, net New issues of foreign securities. Redemptions. Transactions in outstanding foreign secu-	-3, 856 -1, 694 -573 100	-327 -327 -66 21	-733		$-464 \\ -88$		$-379 \\ -89$	-378 -152	-962 -24	-200	-537 -18	664		-158 -36	 -			-6		
36 37	rities Other long-term, net Short-term, net	$ \begin{array}{r} -177 \\ -200 \\ -1,312 \end{array} $	-79 -25 -448	-101		77		-47		-16		-42	-122	20	-89 -115 -162	3		1	$\begin{array}{c c} -1 \\ -2 \\ -3 \end{array}$	-2 3	i
38 39	Government, net Long-term capital	-1,213	-234	-348 -388 181	-1,922	-420	$^{413}_{-308}$ 825	-538	-656		-71	-65		-46 -67					-1	(x)	-1 -1 (x)
40 41 42	Repayments Foreign currency holdings and short-term claims, net [increase (-)]. Foreign capital, net [increase in U.S. liabilities	631 -527 2, 427	178 -95 571	-141	-301	100		-14	-83		23		-2	5		-121		-57	-56	(x)	(x)
43	(+)]. Direct investments in the United States					i	33		i	29	1	-19	,								
44 45 46	Other long-term investments Foreign commercial credits Increase in foreign holdings of liquid dollar assets.	$ \begin{array}{c c} 289 \\ -97 \\ 2,227 \end{array} $	(x) -6 554	-8 -28 289				$\begin{bmatrix} 23 \\ -17 \\ 638 \end{bmatrix}$		-107	-16	$-19 \\ -30 \\ -136$	89			-1	(x) -10	(x)		(x) -2	-1
47	Gold and convertible currencies, purchases (-) and sales (+) by monetary authorities.	1,702	637	921	742	346	-330	270	456	1,718	577	1, 053	637	370	410						
48	Reduction in gold and convertible currency holdings (line 47) and increase in U.S. liquid liabilities (line 46).	3, 929	1, 191	1,210	2, 454	334	-69	908	1, 281	2, 424	752	917	1,865	1, 499	504	10	-10	8	-5	-2	-1
49	Errors and omissions and transfers of funds between foreign areas [receipts by foreign areas $(-)$], net.	-648	-117	-452	-616	-9	-395	159	-371	-1, 333	-358	-615	-2,587	-1, 197	-145	2	3	-4	14	10	13
1	Memorandum items: Increase in reported total foreign gold re-	4, 270	1, 316	1,043	3, 026	468	191	1, 033	1, 334	3, 044	988	699	2, 634	1, 899	447	10	10	8	-5	-2	-1
П	serves and liquid dollar holdings. ² Through estimated net receipts from, or	3, 895				329	-78	901	1, 265	1, 091	394	302	722	302	59	12	-7	4	9	8	12
ш	payments (—) to the United States. ³ Through other transactions ⁴	375	130	-157	609	139	269	132	69	1, 953	594	397	3, 356	1, 597	388	-2	-3	4	-14	-10	-13

^{*} Revised. * Preliminary. na Not available. nss Not shown separately. x Less than \$500,000.

1. Transactions with shipping companies operating under the flag of the Bahamas, Honduras, Liberia, and Panama are included under "unallocated."

^{2.} Changes in reported total gold reserves of foreign central banks and governments (including international organizations but excluding the countries of the Soviet Bloc), net of convertible currencies held by U.S. monetary authorities, plus foreign liquid claims on the United States.

Annual, Third and Fourth Quarters, 1960 and 1961

[Millions of dollars]

		Car	nada]	Latin .	Americ	a.	[Millions of dollars] All other countries ¹							Intern		l ins		ons	and		s	terlin	g Area	a		==
	1960			1961			1960			1961			1960			1961			1960			1961			1960			1961		Line
Year	IJI	IV	Year	IIIr	IV p	Year	III	IV	Year	IIIr	IV p	Year	Ш	IV	Year	IIIr	IV p	Year	Ш	ıv	Year	IIIr	IV p	Year	111	īV	Year	III r	v p	
5, 101	1, 23	1, 277	5, 165	1, 275	1, 375	5, 283	1,311	1, 362	na	1, 361	na	8, 027	1, 849	2, 157	na	1, 990	na	284	69	80	304	70	76	nss	nss	nss	nss	nss	nss	1
						72	15	26	na	62	na	780	126	183	na	105	na							nss	nss	nss	nss	nss	nss	2
5, 101 3, 767	1	915	5, 165 3, 758	,	,	5, 211 3, 506	1, 296 858	1, 336 875	5, 22 3 3, 452	ì	1, 419 914	7, 247	1, 723	'		1, 885 1, 349	-	284 13	69	80 13	304	70	76	5, 459 3, 697	1		5, 089 3, 250	1, 168 1,	, 465 887	3 4
117 469		1 29	117 451	31 150	31	288	78	70	275 289	73	73 80	467 93	120		440 90	107	113 26	153	40		151	37	40		98 29	93	335	84	87 27	6
134 6 35.		36 (x) 9	145 1 39	(x) 9	(x) 6	27	67 7 3	7	$\begin{array}{c} 268 \\ 28 \\ 15 \end{array}$	7	74 7 2	283 68 54	69 18 12	77 17 14	$ \begin{array}{r} 285 \\ 72 \\ 62 \end{array} $	66 18 13	78 19 17	69 6	16 (z)	$\frac{19}{6}$	$\begin{array}{c} 71 \\24 \end{array}$	17 2	20	460 29 26	113 8 9	124 7 9	463 30 33	7	120 8 12	7 8 9
$\frac{362}{211}$			417 237	88 60	161 62	88	160 22	24	716 104	27	26	913 67	17	263 19	958 96		256 28	4 39	3 10	$\frac{-2}{10}$	10 48	3	13	616 57	12	190 18	688 67	15	220 19	10 11
3, 980 2, 899 119	73	713	4, 183 3, 086 120	827		79 4, 560 3, 620 157	864	844	76 4, 23 7 3, 302 161	1,009 762	1, 085 843		19 1, 445 1, 012 69			1, 518 1, 073		610 34 457	5	131 10 104	692 37 442	216 7 111	16	2, 428	1,051 580	94 932 539 88	4, 183 2, 477	1, 101 1, 653	85 081 681 97	12 13 14 15
380 35	21	60	412 40		65 10	172	113 49	109 51	442 172	J19 47	109 52	244 20	57 5	53 5	276 22	65 4	72 6							282 317	88	52 80	300 319	93 78	63 80	16 17
378 135		1	346 147	1	ļ	59	16		65 56 39	14	12			30 250 10	1, 025	262	32 259 10	59 2	45 (x)	3	138 14	81 (x)	23 3 (x)	45 477 199	116	12 103 51	452	107	12 103 33	18 19 20
31 1, 121		7 7	28 982	7	272	14	4	2	32 7 na		2	43	10 404	837	26 na	7	6	58		13 51		15	16	32	8	nss	36	10	12	21 22
1, 121 -44	-1	1 -10	982 34	-11	-8	-247	-57	-72		-118	na	-2, 275	496		2, 168 na	367 -467	592 na	112		-40	-388 -117	-38	-19	nss	nss	654 nss	nss	nss	384 nss	23 24
-44 -12			-34 -7				Ì		-222 -57			-1, 495 -237			1, 675 243	l		-112 -2		-40 -2	-117 -2	-38	-19 -2	-440 -127					-152 -35	25 26
 -32		- 7	 27			-72 -106 -13	-25	-29	na 150 15	-39		$-780 \\ -1,180 \\ -78$	-294	-302	-1.348			-110	 29	-38	115	-38	-17	nss - 292 - 21	-76	nss -82 -7	nss -351 -22	-74 -	nss -110 -7	27 28 29
-825 -832	-18	2 - 256	-924	-136		534	-130	-295 -274	-1, 155 -456	-184	-225	-1,773 -850	$-350 \\ -176$	-531 -270	2, 322 1, 539	-346 -176	$-652 \\ -489$	209 130	-42		32	34 34	-20	-1,091	-195	-600	-509	- 187 -	-234	30 31
-471 -227 47		2 -159 - 15 7 17	-223	-48	-49	oj – 107	-30	-24	-203 -18 10		-21 4	$-154 \\ -118 \\ 3$	-35			-41	-112 -64 8	-12 -97 19	-1	$-22 \\ -2 \\ 3$	-12	22	$ \begin{array}{r} -9 \\ -3 \\ 2 \end{array} $					-32	-143 -21 8	32 33 34
-14 32 -199	2	5 -9	-84 10 -369	-7	3		-36		$-13 \\ -56 \\ -176$		-44	69		-27	- 44	-4	-57	-40	-12	17	13 1	(x)	-11 1	5		9	3	-7	$ \begin{array}{r} -47 \\ -1 \\ -30 \end{array} $	35 36 37
7		3 2	2	(x)		-150 -331	49	-84	-793		372	-923 -588	174 113	$-261 \\ -165$	-783 -796	$-170 \\ -262$	149	-79 -74	2	-81 -74	-73 -62		-64 -62	-310		85	-343 -384	-72 -131	-16 -84	38 39
7 133		2 1 - 296	309	(x) -11	112	209 -28	-7	11	158 64	-75	-22	-450	-90	i	-167	59	-59	-7		-7	-14		-2		-70		-83	46	-79 -11	10 41
-24 -17	Ì	4 -51]	İ			-1	-3	218 5	-2	2	432 6	4	-1	5.9	(x)	16 4 12	1,034			201			678 16 -34	8	-4	29	1	-467 -8	42 43 44
(x)	1	$\begin{bmatrix} -5 \\ -233 \end{bmatrix}$		-16		-9	$\bar{6}$	-10 -52	16	4		20	3 114	17	60	5		(x) 1, 021						-48 744	-10	-13	17	1, 014 -	- 431	45 46
		-				100	36	62	109	8	5	150	19	96	109	34	26	-266	5	-290	-113	-142	15	574	200	359	342	55	351	47
174	11	8 -233	304	-16	97	51	28	10	272	190	156	515	133	196	-58	-202	26	755	170	312	76	-561	499	1,318	384	240	960	1,069	-80	48
385	3	4 226	-335	102	-217	153	-33	91	64	1	125	1,036	298	34	1,770	534	451	121	7	-184	458	709	-298	-467	-212	-2	-571	-765	134	49
99	10	3 -242	365	5	114	326	-64	-61	220	179	148	390	85	162	-15	-193	109	1, 053	214	477	-173	-8 55	515	987	309	-26	250	729 -	- 108	I
-211 310		$\begin{vmatrix} 4 & -7 \\ 9 & -235 \end{vmatrix}$		1		204				1	i	1, 551 -1, 161	Į	i		İ	1		1	i	497 -670	1	ĺ		1		1		1	
310) 1	9 -235	39€	-81	236	5 530	-59	-162	-116	-12	-133	-1, 161	-346	-68	-1, 727	-525	-368	453	42	359	-670	-996	330	136	137	- 264	-139	425 -	-162	I

^{3.} For "All areas" equals balance (with reverse sign) of line 23 (less net sales of gold by domestic sources to (+) or purchases from (-) the monetary gold stock of the United States), plus lines 25, 30, 43, 44, 45, and 49. Domestic sales to (+) or purchases from (-) the monetary

gold stock were in millions of dollars: 1960 I, -9; II, -10; III, -5; IV, -10; 1961 I, -5; II, -9; III, -7; IV, -16. For individual areas, line 49 is not included.

4. Line 1 minus line II for all areas represents gold obtained by foreign central banks and governments outside the United States.

with Western Europe was in part in transactions on goods and services, in part also in private capital movements. For 1961 as a whole, Europe seems to have received over \$3 billion from other than recorded transactions with the United States, compared with about \$2 billion in 1960.

Table 4.—U.S. Short-Term Private Capital, 1960 and 1961, by Country and Type

[Millions of dollars]

			i donars								
		nt outsta			19	60			19	61	
		vear ends			Char	iges ², e	juarter	ly (dec	creases	(-))	
	1959	1960	1961	I	H	ш	IV	I	П	III	IV
Total reported by U.S. banks 1.	2, 598	3, 594	4,667	105	37	117	432	356	159	5	553
Major financial centers, total	666	971	1, 143	-81	119	185	85	54	35	-47	130
United Kingdom EEC and Switzerland Canada.	121 273 272	245 305 421	181 420 542	$-9 \\ -49 \\ -26$	69 24 26	83 5 97	-19 52 52	-78 64 68	-2 12 25	$ \begin{array}{r} 20 \\ -44 \\ -23 \end{array} $	-4 83 51
By type: Commercial and financial claims payable in dollars Porcign currency deposits and claims	488 178	566 405	670 473	-74 -10	49 70	63 122	40 45	19 35	76 -41	-6 -41	15 115
Other countries, total. Japan Latin American Republics Others.	1, 932 324 1, 147 461	2,623 806 1,328 489	3, 524 1, 445 1, 454 625	189 96 85 8	-82 -77 -150 -9	232 163 39 30	347 146 202 1	302 263 24 15	124 203 -129 50	52 16 74 -38	423 157 157 109
By type: Commercial and financial claims payable in dollars Foreign currency deposits and claims	1, 919 13	2, 569 54	3, 456 68	188	-85 3	195 37	352 5	317 15	125 -1	47 52	398 25
Total reported by non-financial concerns	730	1, 131	1,475	-15	122	64	156	109	81	46	na
Major financial centers.	288	614	863	-2	111	53	121	126	85	-29	na
United Kingdom EEC and Switzerland Canada	53 134 101	272 155 187	170 203 490	$ \begin{array}{c c} 20 \\ -10 \\ -12 \end{array} $	74 2 35	15 -3 41	107 19 -5	6 10 110	-54 45 94	-57 -20 48	na na na
Claims payable in dollarsForeign currency deposits and claims.	220 68	398 216	602 261	-18 16	50 61	55 -2	64 57	75 51	110 -25	-16 -13	na na
Other countries, total	442	517	612	-13	11	11	35	-17	4	75	na na
Claims payable in dollars. Foreign currency deposits and claims.	387 55	462 55	531 81	-10 -3	19 -8	11	30	-16 -1	-8 4	55 20	na na

- na Not available.

 1. Excludes Exchange Stabilization Fund holdings.

 2. Changes adjusted for variations in coverage.

 3. Excludes \$370 million held pending direct investment.

 4. As of Sept. 30.

Automobile Purchases

(Continued from p. 17)

those purchases involving business use. Then, as a basis for allocating each such purchase, the proportion of total mileage that was for business purposes was requested. For each purchase involving business use, moreover, it was asked whether or not any of the expenses of the car were met out of business funds or covered by a mileage or car allowance; this information made it possible to rule out unreimbursed employees from the business portion. If a car was traded or sold in connection with the purchase recorded in the survey year, it was ascertained further in what year the traded or sold car had been bought, and what make and year model; those purchased in the survey year were also taken into account, Finally, any other car disposed of-sold, given away, or scrapped-during the survey year was reported, with its make, year model, and the amount realized, if any, from its disposal, and included in the estimates.

The Plant and Equipment Survey of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the Office of Business Economies was expanded to include a net outlay inquiry for 1957 and again for 1958 in order to obtain information on car expenditures by business firms. There may be a very limited amount of duplication between the FRB Survey and the

SEC-OBE Survey in respect to cars of sole proprietorship business firms registered in the proprietors names. Automobile rental and leasing companies were eliminated from the returns of the SEC-OBE Survey, because it was deemed desirable to cover the car outlays of this rapidly growing industry by data obtained in the Business Census of 1958: the necessary inquiries on the numbers and values of cars purchased, traded, and sold were included by the Bureau of the Census, and sample data from this inquiry form the basis for the estimate for this industry,

In order to round out the coverage where that by the Plant and Equipment Survey was considered meager or lacking, estimates were developed for the finance, insurance, and real estate industries. Data on car purchases in these industries from the Life of Depreciable Assets tabulations of the Internal Revenue Service for 1959, were raised by depreciation to the total industry level and carried back to 1957 and 1958 on the basis of depreciation data. Estimates for nonprofit institutions were developed by relating depreciation to car purchases in the finance, insurance, and real estate industries. Table 6 presents the results of the surveys together with these supplemental estimates.

It may be noted that while the net outlay sources and the National Income Division estimates differ as to the total car expenditures in each year, the totals are almost exactly the same for the 2 years together. The business proportion in both estimates is very close.

State and Local Government Outlays

(Continued from p. 12)

grants finance more than a quarter of all local government expenditures.

Investment outlays spur borrowing

Notwithstanding the increases in taxes, intergovernmental payments, and other receipts—social insurance contributions and current surplus from governmental commercial enterprises— State and local governments are steadily incurring deficits and their debt has been increasing. Most of this borrowing is for investment outlays for construction and equipment, which are in large measure debt-financed. School construction, and to a lesser extent, water and sewer systems, and road and bridge construction, have loomed largest in these borrowing programs.

Total debt increased by \$5 billion in 1961 as it had in each of the preceding several years. The amount of debt outstanding at midvear was \$721/2 billion—about three-fourths of which represented local government obligations. In appraising the change in indebtedness, it may be noted that although the proportion of outstanding State and local government debt to GNP has risen steadily over the postwar years, it is still well below the ratios observed for the pre-World War II period.

The deficit shown in the accompanying tables is not equivalent to the change in outstanding debt mainly because the receipts and expenditures on income and product account include the pension and other trust fund transactions, and exclude changes in financial assets and land transactions. Pension fund surpluses are largely responsible for the overall surplus on income and product account that is shown for State governments.

Current BUSINESS STATISTICS

 ${f T}_{
m HE}$ STATISTICS here update series published in the 1961 edition of Business Statistics, biennial Statistical Supplement to the Survey OF CURRENT BUSINESS. That volume (price \$2.00) contains data by months, or quarters, for the years 1957 through 1960 (1951-60, for major quarterly series) and averages of monthly or quarterly data for all years back to 1939; it also provides a description of each series and references to sources of earlier figures. Series added or significantly revised after the 1961 Business Statistics went to press are indicated by an asterisk (*) and a dagger (t), respectively; certain revisions for 1960 issued too late for inclusion in the aforementioned volume appear in the monthly Survey beginning with the July 1961 issue. Except as otherwise stated, the terms "unadjusted" and "adjusted" refer to adjustment for seasonal variation.

Statistics originating in Government agencies are not copyrighted and may be reprinted freely. Data from private sources are provided through the courtesy of the compilers, and are subject to their copyrights.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960 -	1959	1960	1961		19	59			19	60			19	61		1962
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS		nnual to	tal	I	I II III IV I II III IV I II III								III	IV	I	
							Seas	onally ac	ljusted q	uarterly	totals at	annual r	ates			

GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS—Quarterly Series NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT National income, total____bil. \$__ 399. ß 417.1 430 9 300.7 405.2 200 4 102.8 413.5 419.2 419.0 416. 5 419 9 426.0 434 3 Compensation of employees, total____do___ 278.4 293.7 302. 9 270.6 280. 0 280.5 282.4 290. 2 294.6 296.0 294.0 292.6 300. 2 306. 2 312.7 258. 5 213. 2 9. 9 35. 4 $268.3 \\ 221.4$ $273.2 \\ 224.2$ 270.1 282.7 230.7 10.2Wages and salaries, total____do___ 260.3 261.9 200. 1 215. 0 9. 9 35. 3 216.0 ate.....do.... Military....do...Government civilian.....do...do... 10.4 41.5 $9.9 \\ 34.8$ 9.9 35.7 $\frac{9.8}{36.1}$ 9.8 10.0 10.1 10.1 38. 5 38. 0 39.1 39.7 40.3 41.2 41.9 49.8 Supplements to wages and salaries.....do.... 22. 4 23. 2 19. 9 20.2 20.5 21.9 22. 2 22.7 22.7 20.0 19.2 22. 5 22.9 23.4 24.1 Proprietors' income, totalot do Business and professionalod do Farm do Rental income of persons do 46.3 $\frac{49.6}{36.5}$ 46 6 49. 4 36. 6 48 2 45.9 46.3 48 6 48 7 49 0 48 9 49.2 35. 2 11. 5 11. 9 35. 3 10. 6 11. 8 36. 3 12. 4 11. 7 ---**--**13. 1 11. 5 $10.8 \\ 11.7$ - - - - **- - - -**12.0 11.7 11.711.9 11.7 11.7 11.5 11.5 11.5 Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjust-ment, total.....bil. \$... 46.4 45. 1 46.2 45.3 50. 2 44.4 45.5 47.4 45.9 44.1 42.9 40.0 45. 5 47.0 $\begin{array}{c} 39.6 \\ 19.6 \\ 20.0 \end{array}$ Corporate profits before tax, total____do___ 46, 8 46.1 46. 1 43.2 45.0 51. 5 25. 4 44.8 44.9 48.1 46.3 42.6 45.2 47.2 Corporate profits tax liability do Corporate profits after tax do Inventory valuation adjustment do 21. 1 21. 4 22. 3 22. 7 $\frac{22.8}{23.3}$ 22. 8 23. 4 22. 1 22. 7 22. 1 22. 7 21. 4 21. 7 . 9 22. 4 22. 8 23. 3 23. 8 -----26. 1 24. 2 23. 3 ---**--**--—. <u>3</u> . 0 -1.3. 3 - 2 -.9-.4 Net interest_____do___ 16.6 18.4 20.0 16.2 16.4 16.7 17.0 17.8 18.3 18.6 18.9 19.2 19.6 20.220.7 Gross national product, total_____do___ 482.8 504.4 521. 3 472.2 488. 5 482.3 488.3 501.5 506.4 505. 1 504. 5 500.8 516.1 525.8 542. 2 Personal consumption expenditures, total_do___ 314.0 328.9 339.0 305.8 313.6 316.5 320.0323.8 329.9 329.7 332.3 330.7 336, 1 348.4 341.0 -**---**--Durable goods, total \(\phi \). \(\text{do} \). Automobiles and parts \(\text{do} \). Furniture and household equipment \(\text{do} \). $\frac{42.3}{16.8}$ $\frac{16.8}{18.6}$ 43. 7 17. 6 19. 3 45. 3 19. 3 19. 0 45, 5 44.5 19.0 39.4 42.3 18. 1 18. 9 17. 8 18. 7 16. 7 18. 3 18.8 18.9 19, 2 19. 1 ------Nondurable goods, total ⊕.....do.... 147.3 155.5 28.4 81.8 11.8149.3 27.8 78.7 11.1147.3 150.5 153. 3 152.7 158.1 153, 1 27, 7 153, 7 156.2 154. 1 27. 6 Clothing and shoes do Food and alcoholic beverages do Gasoline and oil do 27. 6 77. 8 11. 1 28. 6 81. 9 11. 8 29. 5 82. 7 11. 8 78. 1 10. 9 80.6 11.6 79.9 11.6 81. 1 11. 7 81. 4 11. 7 ------11.6 11.8 Services, total ⊕ do Household operation do Housing do Transportation do 123. 2 132. 2 119.4 121.9 124.4 127.0 128.6 131. 2 133.6 135.4 139.9 142. 4 21. 2 144 9 141.2 137 5 21. 0 44. 5 10. 8 18. 2 40. 1 10. 2 18. 9 40. 5 10. 2 -----42.7 10.5 43. 1 10. 5 43.6 10.5 $\frac{44.2}{10.7}$ 44.8 10.010.5 10.4 11.0 9.5 9.810, 5 10.9 Gross private domestic investment, total...do... 72.4 72.469.6 70.479.1 68.271.8 78.9 74.670.5 65.659.8 68.873.2 76.6----**--**--New construction do Producers' durable equipment do Change in business inventories do $\begin{array}{c} 41.2 \\ 26.3 \\ 11.7 \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} 41.0 \\ 26.6 \\ .7 \end{array}$ $\frac{40.7}{28.6}$ $\begin{array}{c} 40.7 \\ 26.7 \\ -1.9 \end{array}$ 39.6 $41.3 \\ 24.7 \\ 2.8$ 40.9 40.4 39.6 42.7 43.3 $\frac{24.3}{7.1}$ 26.6 26. 0 4. 5 -----Net exports of goods and services.....do.... $\begin{array}{c} 2.3 \\ 26.7 \end{array}$ 3.9 $\frac{1.8}{25.6}$ 5. 1 27. 6 $\begin{array}{c} 5.3 \\ 27.6 \end{array}$ 4.0 -.5 24.022. 1 22. 7 26.8 23.8 $\frac{26.4}{22.5}$ 24.0 24.0 23.9 24. 4 22. 4 22 3 -----Government purchases of goods and services, total 97. 5 53. 9 101.9 101.6 105.0 107.3 113.2 Federal (less Government sales)____do__ 51.8 45.5 45.0 54. 0 45. 4 48. 0 53. 0 45. 7 48. 6 -----National defense φ do_ State and local______do_ 45. 9 43. 5 48.8 50.6 50.3 By major type of product:* 476. 8 244. 6 92. 4 152. 2 174. 2 476. 5 519. 1 256. 8 92. 7 537. 0 238. 3 88. 1 254. 3 91. 2 163. 0 256.9 266.3 99.6 166.7 $247.1 \\ 93.6$ $246.1 \\ 90.9$ 256.9254.8254.6249.787.4 162.3 197.9 93. 1 92. 6 164. 3 96.3 94 2 93 4 164. 1 203. 6 58. 8 150. 2 170. 7 56. 2 153. 5 177. 6 56. 9 155. 1 182. 2 54. 4 161. 3 194. 6 57. 2 160 0 160. 6 187. 7 160. 6 191. 2 ------Services do do Construction do 201.1205.1 $\frac{210.0}{60.7}$ 56. 7 56.6 58.1 55.8 56.4 57.2 57.9 59.2 Inventory change, total do. Durable goods output do. Nondurable goods output do. 6.3 3.6 2.6 2.2 11.7 10.9 2.4 2.8

r Revised. ♂ Includes inventory valuation adjustment. ⊕Includes data not shown separately. Q Government sales are not deducted. *For quarterly data back to 1947, see p. 34 of the July 1961 SURVEY.

1959 1960 1961 1959 1960 1961 1962Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS Annual total п Ш IV Π ш IV п ш ΙV

GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS—Quarterly Series—Continued

GENER							~ · · ·									
NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT-Con.																l
Quarterly Data Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates																
GNP in constant (1954) dollars	100.4	440.0	440.0	100.1	404.4	426.6	430, 7	*41.0	442.4	440. 2	438. 4	433. 2	445. 5	451.8	464, 6	,
Gross national product, totalbil. \$bil. \$	428. 4 289. 3	440. 8 298. 3	448. 8 303. 6	422. 1 283. 8	434. 4 289. 7	290.8	292.8	441.0 295.4	443. 4 299. 5	298.6	299. 6	297. 0	301, 6	305.0	310. 8	
	41.0	41.8	40.1	39. 2	41.7	41.6	41.4	42.1	42.5	40.8	41.6	37. 6	39.8	39.9	43. 1	
Durable goodsdo Nondurable goodsdo Servicesdo	138.8 109.5	141. 8 114. 7	143. 6 119. 9	136, 8 107, 7	139.3 108.8	139. 2 110. 0	140.0 111.4	140. 9 112. 4	142.9 114.2	142.0 115.8	141.3 116.6	141.6 117.8	142, 6 119, 2	144. 5 120. 6	145. 9 121. 9	
Gross private domestic investment, totaldo	61.1	60. 6	57. 7	59. 9	66. 9	57. 3	60.4	66. 6	62.3	58. 6	54. 9	49. 6	57.3	60.4	63. 5	
New construction do do	34.3 21.3	33.9 22.7	34. 4 21. 2	$\frac{33.7}{20.1}$	35, 2 21, 6	34. 7 21. 7	33, 4 21, 9	34. 3 22. 4	33. 9 23. 4	33, 6 22, 7	33, 9 22, 1	32. 9 19. 9	34.1 20.3	35. 1 21. 4	35. 6 23. 1	
Producers' durable equipmentdo Change in business inventoriesdo	5.5	4.0	2.1	6. 2	10.1	.8	5.0	9. 9	4.9	2.3	-1.1	-3.2	2.9	3.9	4. 7	
Net exports of goods and servicesdo	-2.1	1.7	2.0	-2.2	-3.2	-1.9	9	. 6	1.0	1.6	3. 5	3, 3	1.9	. 6	2. 0	
Government purchases of goods and services, total bil. \$	80.1	80.2	85. 5	80.7	81.0	80.5	78.4	78. 4	80.6	81.3	80.3	83.3	84.7	85. 7	88.3	
Federal dodostate and localdo	43. 9 36. 2	42. 3 38. 0	44. 9 40. 6	44. 2 36. 5	44. 6 36. 4	44. 0 36. 5	42. 7 35. 8	41. 7 36. 7	42. 7 37. 8	42.9 38.4	41.6 38.7	43.1 40.2	44. 7 40. 0	45. 0 40. 8	46. S 41. 4	
DISPOSITION OF PERSONAL INCOME						İ										
Quarterly Data Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates Personal income, total	383.3	402, 2	416.7	374. 7	384.6	385.1	388.9	395, 5	403.1	405. 1	405, 4	404.7	413.2	420.3	428, 6	
Less: Personal tax and nontax paymentsdo Equals: Disposable personal incomedo	46.0 337.3	50. 4 351. 8	51.8 364.9	$\frac{44.9}{329.8}$	46. 1 338. 4	46. 4 338. 7	46. 6 342. 3	49. 9 345. 7	50. 5 352. 7	50.8 354.4	50, 5 354, 9	50, 3 354, 3	51. 4 361. 8	52. 5 367. 7	53. 1 37.5. 6	
Personal saving §do	23. 4	22.9	25.8	23.9	24.8	22.3	22.3	21.8	22.8	24.6	22.7	23. 7	25.8	26.8	27. 1	
NEW PLANT AND EQUIPMENT EXPENDITURES																
Unadjusted quarterly totals or averages: All industriesbil. \$bil. \$	8.14	8.92	r 8, 59	6. 91	8.32	8.32	8. 99	7.89	9.28	8.98	9. 53	7. 57	8. 61	8, 65	r 9, 54	i r 8, 14
Manufacturingdo	3. 02	3. 62	* 3 . 4 2	2.46	3.02	3.02	3. 57	3.09	3.76	3. 62	4.01	3.00	3. 46	3.34	13.88	7 3. 18
Durable goods industries do Nondurable goods industries do	1.44	1.80 1.82	1, 57 r 1, 85	1.14 1.31	1.45 1.57	1.44 1.58	1.74 1.83	1.55 1.54	1.88	1.80 1.81	$1.95 \\ 2.06$	1. 41 1. 59	1. 58 1. 88	1, 50 1, 84	1.79 r 2.09	7 1. 54 7 1. 64
Mining do do do	.25	. 25 . 26	r. 24 . 17	. 21 . 16	$\frac{.24}{.26}$. 26	. 27 . 22	· 22 · 25	. 27	. 25 . 24	. 24	. 21	. 26	. 25	r. 26	7.24 7.19
Railroads do	. 51 1. 42	1.42	. 46 7 1, 38	. 41 1. 20	1. 47	1.48	1. 51	. 47 1. 18	. 55 1. 42	. 47 1. 50	. 46 1. 58	1.09	. 48 1. 39	1. 50	7.50 1.54	1.07
Commercial and otherdo	2.72	2.89	r 2. 92	2.47	2. 79	2. 74	2.87	2.69	2. 99	2.90	2.99	2.69	2.85	2.94	r 3. 20	r 3. 05
Seas, adj. qtrly, totals at annual rates: All industriesdodo				30, 62	32, 51	33. 35	33. 58	35.15	36. 30	35. 90	35, 50	33.85	33. 50	34. 70	r 35. 40	1736.10
Manufacturing do Durable goods industries do Nondurable goods industries do				$\frac{11.20}{5.26}$	11.80 5.74	12. 25 5. 83	12.87 6.16	14.10 7.15	14. 70 7. 40	14.65 7.35	14. 40 6. 85	13.75 6.50	13. 50 6. 20	13. 65 6. 10	14.00 r 6.40	7 14, 40 7 7, 00
Nondurable goods industriesdo				5. 94	6.06	6. 42	6. 71	6.95	7. 30	7.30	7, 55	7. 25	7. 30	7. 55	77.60	7.45
Mining do				. 95 . 63	. 94 1. 00	$\frac{1.01}{1.28}$	1.04	1.00 1.00	1.05 1.10	1.00 1.00	. 90 1.00	. 95	1.00	1.00	1.00	7 1. 10
Public utilities				1.71 5.80	2.08 5.82	2.17 5.58	2.15 5.48	2.00 5.75	2.15 5.70	1, 90 5, 60	1.80 5.70	1. 75 5. 35	1. 80 5. 50	1.90 5.65	7 1. 95 7 5. 55	r 5. 25
Commercial and other do BUSINESS POPULATION				10.33	10.87	11.06	11.19	11.35	11.60	11.75	11.65	11.30	11. 05	11.85	τ 12. 35	12.75
Firms in operation, end of quarter (seasonally adjusted) thous	2 4 583	² 4, 660	2 4, 717	4,615	4,635	4,655	4,670	4, 690	4,710	4,725	4, 730	4, 740	4, 755	4, 770	4, 780	
U.S. BALANCE OF INTERNATIONAL	1,025	2,000	,,,,,,	2,020	1,000	1,000	1,010	-,	1,	1						
PAYMENTS ¶ Quarterly Data are Seasonally Adjusted																
U.S. payments, recordedmil. \$	29, 743	31, 412	32,000	7, 034	7, 474	7, 565	7, 670	7, 567	7, 690	7, 941	8, 214	7 7. 744	7 7. 384	r 7, 958	8, 914	
Imports: Merchandisedodo	15, 294	14, 722	14, 524	3, 601	3, 861	3, 974	3, 858	3, 785	3, 830	3, 674	3, 433	13.374	13, 418	7 3, 843	3. 889	
Military expendituresdo Other Servicesdo	3, 109 5, 134	3, 048 5, 557	2, 956 5, 599	780 1, 222	789 1, 272	786 1, 303	754 1, 337	767 1, 373	756 1, 438	798 1, 402	727 1, 344	759 r 1, 360	761 r 1, 360	r 705	731 1, 460	
Remittances and pensionsdo Govt. grants and capital outflowsdo	791 3, 040	848 3, 381	870 4, 100	184 793	187 741	214 746	206 760	198 750	213 843	207 775	230 1,013	7 212 1, 000	r 219 r 825	r 218 r 1, 018	221 1, 257	
U.S. private capitaldo Direct investmentsdo	2,375 $1,372$	3, 856 1, 694	3, 951 1, 601	454 337	624 347	542 326	755 362	694 344	610 260	1,085 406	1, 467 684	1, 039 500	r 801 r 308	r 755 r 470	1, 356 323	
Long-term portfolio do Short-term do	926	850 1,312	967 1, 383	206 -89	280 -3	205 11	235 158	194 156	267 83	145 534	244 539	r 12 r 527	r 331 r 162	' 147 ' 138	477 556	
U.S. receipts, recorded do	ļ	28, 131	30, 162	6, 109	6, 137	6, 495	6, 731	6, 914	7, 069	7, 041	7, 107	r 7, 454	r 8, 005	r 7, 072	7, 631	
Exports:	10,000	10 100	10.016	9.000	2 004	1.000	4 102	1 650	1 097	4 007	1.005	r 5 059	, 4, 765	r 4, 947	5 151	
Merchandise do Services and military sales do Services and military sales do Services do S	7, 427	19, 409 7, 891 631	19, 916 8, 400 1, 269	$ \begin{array}{r} 3,866 \\ 1,819 \\ 307 \end{array} $	3, 924 1, 793 158	4, 299 1, 856 159	4, 193 1, 959 430	4, 650 1, 915 168	4, 837 1, 991 148	4, 927 1, 927 170	4, 995 2, 058 145	7 5, 053 7 2, 072 7 130	7 2, 115	r 2, 038 80	5. 151 2. 175 209	
Repayments on U.S. Govt, loansdo Foreign capital other than liquid fundsdo		200	577	117	262	181	149	181	93	170	-91	199	275	7 7	96	
Excess of recorded receipts or payments $(-)$ do	-4, 271	-3, 281	-1,838	-925	-1, 337	-1,070	-939	-653		-900	-1,107	r -290	r 621	r —886	-1, 283	1
Unrecorded transactionsdo	i	-648	-616	84	276	-103	271	33		-212	-327	7 - 54	r 465	7 109	-206	
Total, net receipts (+) or payments (-)do	1	-3, 929	-2, 454	-841	-1,061	-1,173	-668	-620		-1,112	-1, 434		7 156	r -777	-1,489	1
Major special transactions do	1	-524	129	150	Į.	1 179	285	620	1	1 119	Į.	ļ	724	-75	-520	
Total, excluding special transactionsdo	.1-4, 078	-3, 405	-2, 583	991	-961	-1,173	-953	I −620	- 683	-1,112	990	ı r —344	- 568	l r −702	-969	1

*Revised.

*Estimates for Jan.-Mar. 1962 based on anticipated capital expenditures of business. Estimates for Apr.-June 1962 based on anticipated capital expenditures of business, anticipated expenditures for the year 1962, and comparative data for 1960-61 appear on p. 7 of this issue of the Survey.

² Unadjusted. Data represent firms in operation as of Jan. 1. § Personal saving is excess of disposable income over personal consumption expenditures shown as a component of gross national product on p. S-1. ¶Note change in presentation; unadjusted data, as well as adjusted data for earlier periods, appear in the March, June, September, and December issues of the Survey (front section).

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS

1960	1961						19	61						19	62
Mon ave	nthly rage	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.

CENERAL RUSINESS INDICATORS Monthly Sories

	GENE	RAL	BUSI	NESS	IND	ICAT	ORS-	-Moı	nthly	Serie	5					
PERSONAL INCOME, BY SOURCE																
Seasonally adjusted, at annual rates: Total personal incomebil. \$	1 402. 2	1 416. 7	403. 6	403. 1	² 405. 5 407. 3	409. 8	413. 2	417. 3	² 418. 6 421. 2	419. 4	421. 1	425, 2	429. 3	431.8	r 430. 1	432.8
Wage and salary disbursements, totaldo	271.3	279. 7	269. 6	269. 5	271. 1	274. 6	277. 2	280. 7	282. 3	282. 8	284. 0	286. 4	289. 4	290.7	r 290. 2	292. 8
Commodity-producing industries, total_do Manufacturing onlydo Distributive industriesdo	110. 4 87. 4 71. 8	111. 2 87. 8 73. 4	106. 2 83. 8 71. 8	105. 6 83. 5 71. 8	106. 5 84. 1 71. 8	109. 1 86. 1 72. 3	$\begin{array}{c} 110.5 \\ 87.6 \\ 72.9 \end{array}$	112. 7 88. 9 73. 5	113. 2 89. 3 74. 0	$\begin{array}{c} 112.9 \\ 89.0 \\ 74.2 \end{array}$	112. 9 88. 8 74. 7	114.1 89.9 74.8	115. 8 91. 3 74. 7	115. 6 91. 4 75. 4	114. 3 90. 6 75. 7	116. 0 91. 9 76. 0
Service industriesdo Governmentdo Other labor incomedo Proprietors' income:	40. 7 48. 4 10. 9	43. 1 51. 9 11. 1	41, 6 50, 0 11, 0	41.7 50.4 10.7	42. 1 50. 7 10. 6	42.3 51.0 10.7	$\begin{array}{c} 42.5 \\ 51.3 \\ 10.8 \end{array}$	42. 9 51. 6 11. 0	43. 3 51. 8 11. 1	43.6 52.1 11.2	$44.0 \\ 52.4 \\ 11.2$	44. 4 53. 1 11. 4	44. 7 54. 2 11. 5	45. 1 54. 6 11. 7	45. 2 7 55. 0 11. 8	45. 4 55. 4 12. 0
Business and professional do Farm do	36. 2 12. 0	36, 5 13, 1	36. 0 12. 8	35. 8 12. 9	36. 0 13. 0	36. 1 12. 9	36. 3 12. 9	36. 4 13. 0	36. 6 12. 9	36.6 12.8	36. 8 12. 7	37. 0 13. 5	37. 3 13. 8	37. 4 13. 5	37. 4 r 13. 1	37. 6 12. 8
Rental income of persons do Dividends do Personal interest income do Transfer payments do Less personal contributions for social insurance bil. \$2.	11. 7 14. 1 26. 2 29. 1 9. 3	11. 5 14. 4 27. 3 32. 9	11. 6 14. 2 26. 8 31. 1	11. 5 14. 2 26. 8 31. 1	11. 4 14. 2 26. 8 2 33. 7 9. 6	11. 5 14. 2 26. 8 32. 5	11. 5 14. 2 27. 0 33. 0	11. 5 14. 3 27. 1 33. 0 9. 8	11. 5 14. 3 27. 2 2 35. 2 9. 8	11. 5 14. 3 27. 4 32. 5	11. 5 14. 4 27. 5 32. 7	11. 5 14. 5 27. 7 33. 1 10. 0	11. 5 14. 8 27. 9 33. 2	11. 5 15. 5 28. 2 33. 4	11. 5 14. 9 28. 5 33. 1	11. 5 14. 8 28. 7 33. 1
Total nonagricultural incomedo	386. 2	399.4	386.8		2 390. 4	392. 9	396. 4	400. 2	2404.0	402.4	404.1	407. 2	410.9	413. 6	412.3	415.3
FARM INCOME AND MARKETINGS																
Cash receipts from farming, including Government payments, totalmil. \$mil. \$mil.	2,892	3,020	3, 123	2, 272	2, 278	2, 171	2,478	2, 568	2, 785	3,081	3, 426	4,771	3, 995	3, 291	3, 170	
Farm marketings and CCC loans, totaldo Cropsdo Livestock and products, total vdo Dairy productsdo Meat animalsdo Poultry and eggsdo Indexes of cash receipts from marketings and CCC	. 1,578	2, 896 1, 292 1, 604 407 907 263	3, 077 1, 448 1, 629 409 938 247	2, 250 788 1, 462 377 819 238	2, 259 607 1, 652 424 924 279	2, 137 618 1, 519 417 823 249	2, 236 615 1, 621 448 897 256	2, 447 915 1, 532 427 832 246	2, 714 1, 289 1, 425 411 748 243	3, 050 1, 419 1, 631 396 935 268	3, 320 1, 669 1, 651 389 953 273	4, 290 2, 409 1, 881 399 1, 164 295	3, 783 2, 075 1, 708 388 1, 015 290	3, 192 1, 658 1, 534 401 837 268	3, 105 1, 473 1, 632 411 953 232	
loans, unadjusted: All commodities	116 117 116	119 121 118	126 135 120	92 74 107	93 57 121	88 58 111	92 57 119	100 85 112	111 120 105	125 132 120	136 156 121	176 225 138	155 + 193 125	131 155 113	124 137 120	
Indexes of volume of farm marketings, unadjusted: All commodities	133 130	* 135 129 139	144 163 131	102 81 118	103 57 137	97 53 130	106 52 147	120 90 142	131 134 129	141 139 143	151 159 146	198 243 165	176 209 152	145 163 131	144 157 134	
INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION ‡			1													
Federal Reserve Index of Quantity Output															0	
Unadjusted, total index (incl. utilities). 1957=100- By industry: Manuacturing, total	108 104 113 97	p 109 p 109 p 103 p 117 p 98	102 101 95 109 97	103 102 96 111 97	104 103 97 112 96	107 107 100 115 97	108 108 103 115 97	111 111 106 118 98	106 105 100 112 95	111 111 102 123 99	113 113 106 121 99	116 117 110 126 101	115 115 111 122 100	113 113 7 111 7 116 100	7 113 113 109 7 117 99	p 116 p 116 p 112 p 121 p 99
By market grouping: Final products, total	114	p 112 p 116 p 112 p 117 p 104	106 109 101 112 101	108 111 104 114 101	107 111 104 113 101	110 113 112 114 102	110 114 113 114 102	113 118 119 117 103	109 112 104 115 102	113 119 97 126 102	116 121 114 123 105	119 126 126 126 126 106	7 118 122 129 120 108	116 7 118 126 116 110	' 115 ' 119 122 ' 118 108	P 119 P 123 P 127 P 125 P 110
Materialsdo Durable goods materialsdo Nondurable materialsdo	- 102	p 106 p 100 p 113	98 90 108	99 90 109	101 91 111	104 96 112	107 101 113	109 105 114	103 99 108	110 103 117	110 104 116	113 107 120	113 107 119	111 106 7 116	111 105 7 117	» 113 » 108 » 119
Seas. adj., total index (incl. utilities)do By industry: Manufacturing, totaldo	1	p 109	102 101	102 101	103 102	106 105	108 108	110 111	112 112	113 113	111 111	113 113	114 114	115 115	114 114	r 115 r 115
Durable manufactures 9 do. Primary metals do. Iron and steel do Fabricated metal products do. Structural metal parts do.	- 90 - 88 - 106	p 103 p 88 p 84 p 105 p 103	95 71 66 97 97	94 73 69 96 94	95 74 69 96 94	99 82 79 99 96	103 90 86 105 102	105 92 89 107 106	107 95 91 108 107	108 98 92 111 110	105 99 93 105 105	107 96 90 110 108	109 96 90 112 107	110 100 97 7 112 106	109 102 r 109 r 112 r 105	» 110 » 105 » 105 » 112 » 107
Machinerydo Nonelectrical machinerydo Electrical machinerydo	_ 102	₽ 106 ₽ 100 ₽ 114	101 96 109	101 96 108	101 95 108	103 98 109	104 99 112	107 101 116	110 103 120	109 102 118	108 102 116	108 102 117	110 103 119	112 104 123	111 103 123	» 113 » 105 » 124
Transportation equipmentdo Motor vehicles and partsdo Aircraft and other equipmentdo	_] 115	p 97 p 103 p 91	89 89 88	88 86 88	88 86 89	94 99 88	99 108 90	101 113 88	102 114 91	103 116 90	95 95 93	101 107 93	106 116 96	108 120 96	103 7 113 93	p 103 p 112 p 91
Instruments and related productsdoClay, glass, and stone productsdoLumber and productsdoFurniture and fixturesdoMiscellaneous manufacturesdo	- 110 107 120	p 118 p 108 p 105 p 120 p 114	116 101 100 111 107	113 100 99 111 108	113 103 100 112 107	113 105 106 115 110	116 107 107 117 114	119 112 111 121 117	119 114 111 121 117	122 114 109 123 116	121 112 107 123 116	121 111 103 124 119	123 110 105 128 121	123 106 107 128 120	122 * 101 102 128 118	p 124 p 103 p 126 p 119
Nondurable manufactures do Textile mill products do Apparel products do Leather and products do Paper and products do	109 124 100	p 117 p 111 p 124 p 101 p 118	111 98 113 97 111	111 102 116 96 113	112 104 120 96 113	114 106 120 100 117	116 119 120 100 117	117 112 123 104 118	119 114 127 101 117	120 116 130 103 123	119 117 125 100 122	121 118 130 104 122	121 118 130 106 122	122 7 118 7 131 109 125	7 121 117 127 123	» 122

amounted to \$1.8 billion (March) and \$2.6 billion (July). Figures for transfer payments and total nonagricultural income reflecting similar exclusion are as follows: March—\$31.3 billion and \$388.6 billion; July—\$32.5 billion and \$401.4 billion.

§ Includes data not shown separately. ‡ Data for 1960 have been revised to incorporate more recent information; revisions prior to Aug. 1960 will be shown later.

r Revised. P Preliminary.

The total and components are annual totals.

Talicized totals for March and July exclude stepped-up rate of, and special Government life insurance dividend payments to veterans, respectively; total disbursements of s150 million (March) and \$218 million (July) multiplied by 12 (to put on annual rate basis)

1961 1960 1961 1962 Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS Monthly average Jan. Feb. Mar. May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb.

	GEN	[ERA]	L BU	SINE	SS IN	IDIC	ATOR	SC	ontin	ued						
INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION †—Continued Federal Reserve Index of Quantity Output—Con. Seasonally adjusted indexes—Continued By industry—Continued Nondurable manufactures—Continued Printing and publishing 1957=100 Newspapers do. Chemicals and products do. Industrial chemicals do. Petroleum products do. Rubber and plastics products do.	111 107 121 127 108	* 113 * 106 * 128 * 137 * 110 * 115	111 104 119 125 106	110 102 118 124 106	110 104 120 127 106	110 105 123 130 108	111 105 127 135 111	113 106 129 138 111	114 107 132 141 116	114 107 132 142 115	114 107 132 143 110	114 107 133 146 114	115 108 134 147 113	114 108 136 + 147 + 108	' 114 109 134	p 115
Foods and beverages do. Food manufactures do Beverages do Tobacco products do	109 109 108 114	p 113 p 113 p 113 p 112 p 118	110 110 111 111 113	110 110 108 116	111 111 109 116	111 111 111 111 122	114 112 113 107 116	113 113 112 116	114 114 117 110	114 114 115 119	114 114 114 116	116 116 116 116 123	116 116 116 116 123	7 114 115 110 120	115 115	
Mining do Coal do Crude oil and natural gas do Crude oil do Metal mining do Stone and earth minerals do	97 83 98 98 97 112	p 98 p 80 p 100 p 100 p 97 p 112	98 78 99 98 109 111	96 77 98 98 106 106	96 68 100 101 106 107	97 77 101 101 92 110	97 81 100 100 86 114	98 77 101 101 89 116	98 77 101 101 90 118	99 81 102 103 90 114	97 82 99 99 94 113	100 84 101 101 99 115	101 86 102 100 106 111	101 86 7 102 7 100 7 112 104	r 99 86 102 100 111 95	p 99 p 83 p 101 p 100
Utilitiesdo Electricdo Gasdo	123 123 123	p 131	125 125 123	$125 \\ 125 \\ 124$	125 125 125	127 127 128	130 131 7 128	r 131 132 r 129	132 132 131	135 135 132	135 136 133	136 137	135 135	r 135 135	138	r 140
By market grouping: Final products, total	111 114 116	ν 112 ν 116 ν 112	107 110 192	107 110 101	107 111 100	109 114 109	111 115 113	113 118 118	114 120 120	115 120 118	113 116 110	115 119 116	117 121 122	118 + 122 128	* 116 121 123	p 117 p 122 p 122
Automotive productsdo Autosdo Auto parts and allied productsdo	117 117 117	^p 106 ^p 97 ^p 121	94 78 118	90 73 115	88 71 115	103 92 120	108 101 118	113 109 120	115 110 125	117 110 126	96 82 118	110 102 123	121 117 127	129 127 132	120 114 130	p 118 r 109 p 132
Home goods Qdo Appliances, TV, and radiosdo Furniture and rugsdo	115 112 118	p 117 p 113 p 119	108 106 109	109 109 109	110 108 110	114 111 116	117 116 117	122 123 122	124 127 119	120 116 122	121 119 126	120 116 124	122 117 128	127 r 122 129	125 119 127	
Apparel and staplesdo Apparel, incl. knit goods and shoes. do Consumer staplesdo Processed foodsdo	114 117 113 109	p 117 p 118 p 117 p 113	113 108 114 110	113 110 114 110	114 114 114 111	115 116 115 111	116 115 117 113	118 118 118 114	119 122 119 114	120 124 119 114	118 118 119 114	120 121 120 115	120 121 120 115	7 120 7 123 7 119 114	7 120 120 120 120 114	p 121
Beverages and tobaccodo Drugs, soap, and toiletriesdo Newspapers, magazines, booksdo Consumer fuel and lightingdo	110 118 113 119	p 114 p 123 p 117 p 126	112 118 117 123	111 117 115 125	111 116 114 121	114 119 114 122	110 123 116 125	113 124 117 125	115 126 119 - 128	116 126 117 7 130	115 124 119 127	118 127 118 130	118 127 118 130	113 130 116 130	127 119	
Equipment, including defense Qdo Business equipmentdo Industrial equipmentdodo Commercial equipmentdo Freight and passenger equipmentdo Farm equipmentdo	103 105 102 118 101 92	p 104 p 105 p 100 p 124 p 99 p 98	100 101 98 118 95 98	100 101 98 118 91 103	99 100 96 117 93 104	100 102 97 118 94 107	102 103 99 120 95 104	102 104 99 123 95 106	104 105 101 125 96 98	105 106 102 127 98 78	106 107 101 128 105 97	107 108 102 129 106 87	109 110 104 131 111 95	110 r 111 106 r 132 r 109 94	r 107 r 108 104 133 99 91	p 109 p 110
Materials do Durable goods materials 9 do Consumer durable do Equipment do Construction do	106 102 109 101 107	p 106 p 100 p 100 p 102 p 106	98 90 88 95 98	98 89 83 95 97	99 90 85 95 99	103 96 93 98 104	106 101 107 99 107	109 104 109 101 110	110 104 109 104 111	111 106 115 105 112	109 104 99 102 110	111 105 101 107 108	111 7 105 106 7 108 107	112 106 112 108 105	7 111 105 113 108 101	p 113 p 107
Nondurable materials Q	110 110 109 111	r p 114 p 113 p 115 p 111	107 108 108 109	108 108 110 108	109 108 112 107	111 111 114 110	112 110 110 110	114 113 115 112	115 114 116 114	117 116 121 113	115 113 118 111	117 114 116 112	118 116 119 115	119 118 122 115	118 116 121 113	P 119
Business fuel and powerdo Mineral fuelsdo Nonresidential utilitiesdo	103 97 121	ν 105 ν 98	101 96 119	101 96 120	102 96 122	104 98 123	105 98 - 126	106 98 128	106 98 r 128	108 100 130	106 97 132	108 99 132	108 99 131	108 7 99 131	108 r 99	≠ 108 ≠ 99
BUSINESS SALES AND INVENTORIES §	1 01 04	1. 01 50	FO 07	50 OF	co 00	- 60 00	- 21 - 29	* 01 00		- 60 26	- 01 50	- CO OI	* 64 41	- 62 05	62.51	
Mfg. and trade sales (seas. adj.), total bil.\$ Manufacturing, total	30. 41 14. 68 15. 73	r 30. 73 r 14. 54 r 16. 18	58. 67 28. 67 13. 17 15. 50	59, 25 29, 03 13, 32 15, 71	29, 55 13, 69 15, 86	r 60. 08 r 30. 09 14. 14 r 15. 96	7 61.53 7 30.73 7 14.57 7 16.16	7 61.83 7 30.85 7 14.67 7 16.18	7 61. 64 7 31. 11 7 14. 78 7 16. 33	r 62. 36 r 31. 38 r 15. 04 r 16. 34	7 61. 58 7 31. 36 7 14. 95 7 16. 40	r 63. 21 r 31. 75 r 15. 27 r 16. 48	r 64. 41 r 32. 18 r 15. 62 r 16. 56	7 63. 95 7 32. 40 7 15. 66 7 16. 74	63, 84 31, 83 15, 45 16, 39	
Wholesale trade, totalo do Durable goods establishments do Nondurable goods establishments do Retail trade, totalo do Durable goods stores do Nondurable goods stores do	12. 33 4. 44 7. 89 18. 29 5. 89 12. 40	r 12, 56 r 4, 28 8, 27 18, 24 5, 62 12, 63	12. 23 4. 27 7. 96 17, 77 5. 36 12. 41	12. 43 4. 20 8. 23 17. 80 5. 35 12. 45	12. 54 4. 21 8. 34 18. 13 5. 55 12. 58	12. 13 4. 07 8. 06 17. 86 5. 41 12. 45	12.80 4.32 8.48 18.00 5.55 12.45	12. 78 4. 38 8. 41 18. 20 5. 59 12. 61	12. 50 4. 28 8. 23 18. 03 5. 50 12. 52	12.80 4.36 8.44 18.18 5.47 12.71	12. 08 4. 17 7. 91 18. 14 5. 62 12. 52	12. 87 4. 35 8. 52 18. 59 5. 86 12. 72	13.12 4.46 8.66 19.11 6.20 12.91	r 12,72 r 4,40 r 8,32 r 18,84 r 5,92 r 12,91	13, 13 4, 59 8, 54 18, 88 5, 93 12, 95	
Mfg. and trade inventories, book value, end of year or month (seas. adj.), total †bil. \$	94, 13	r 95, 54	93. 65	93. 38	92.66	93. 00	93.06	93. 09	93. 46	93. 62	94. 26	94. 62	95.12	r 95, 54	96, 10	
Manufacturing, total	53. 74 30. 86 22. 88	r 55. 20 r 31. 47 23. 72	53. 67 30. 76 22. 91	53, 60 30, 65 22, 95	53. 31 30. 30 23. 01	53. 38 30. 15 23. 22	53. 37 30. 15 23. 22	53. 36 30. 20 23. 16	53, 55 30, 37 23, 18	54. 03 30. 80 23. 23	54. 44 31. 10 23. 34	54. 78 31. 40 23. 38	55. 03 31. 53 23. 50	7 55. 20 7 31. 47 23. 72	55, 65 31, 84 23, 81	
Wholesale trade, totalc	13. 21 6. 81 6. 40 27. 18 12. 33 14. 85	*13.48 *6.89 6.50 *26.86 11.52 *15.34	13. 15 6. 72 6. 43 26. 83 11. 93 14. 90	13. 21 6. 75 6. 46 26. 57 11. 68 14. 89	13. 28 6. 69 6. 59 26. 07 11. 35 14. 72	13. 45 6. 77 6. 68 26. 18 11. 25 14. 93	13. 46 6. 71 6. 75 26. 23 11. 31 14. 92	13. 50 6. 72 6. 79 26. 22 11. 37 14. 85		13. 60 6. 83 6. 77 25. 98 11. 01 14. 97	13. 48 6. 82 6. 66 26. 34 11. 26 15. 09		13. 34 6. 80 6. 54 7 26. 75 11. 44 7 15. 32	7 13. 48 7 6. 89 6. 60 7 26. 86 11. 52 7 15. 34	26, 91 11, 52 15, 39	

Revised. Preliminary.
Total and components are based on unadjusted data.
See corresponding note on p. S-3.
Pincludes data not shown separately.

[§] The term "business" here includes only manufacturing and trade. Business inventories as shown on p. S-1 cover data for all types of producers, both farm and nonfarm. Unadjusted data for manufacturing are shown on p. S-5; those for retail and wholesale trade on pp. S-11 and S-12. \$\sigma\$ (see note marked "f")" on p. S-11. † Revised series. See note marked "\text{"}" on p. S-11.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961						19	61						196	2
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS		nthly rage	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
	GEN	IERA	L BU	SINE	SS II	NDIC	ATOR	S—C	ontin	ued						
BUSINESS SALES AND INVENTORIES—Con.									Ī							
Inventory-sales ratios:* Manufacturing and trade, totalratio			1.60	1. 58	1. 54	1. 55	1.51	1.50	1.52	1.50	1. 53	1. 50	1.48	1. 49	1. 51	
Manufacturing, total			1. 87 2. 34 . 61 . 92 . 81	1.85 2.30 .60 .90	1.80 2.21 .58 .87 -7.77	1.77 2.13 .55 .84 .74	r 1.74 2.07 .53 .82 .72	1.73 2.06 .52 .82 .72	1.72 2.05 .52 .82 .72	1. 72 2. 05 . 51 . 82 . 71	r 1.74 2.08 .53 .83 .72	r 1.73 r 2.06 .53 .82 .70	1. 71 2. 02 . 52 . 81 . 69	1.70 2.01 .52 .81	1. 75 2. 06 . 54 . 82 . 71	
Nondurable goods industries do Purchased materials do Goods in process do Finished goods do			1. 48 . 56 . 20 . 72	1. 46 . 55 . 19 . 71	1. 45 . 55 . 19 . 71	r 1. 46 . 56 . 20 . 70	r 1. 44 r. 56 . 20 . 68	1. 43 . 55 . 20 r. 68	1. 42 . 55 . 20 . 67	1. 42 . 55 . 20 . 67	1. 42 . 55 . 20 . 67	1. 42 . 54 . 20 r . 68	1. 42 . 54 . 20 . 67	r 1. 42 . 54 . 20 . 67	. 56	
Wholesale trade, total do. Durable goods establishments do. Nondurable goods establishments do. Retail trade, total do. Durable goods stores do. Nondurable goods stores do.			1. 08 1. 57 . 81 1. 51 2. 23 1. 20	1. 06 1. 61 . 78 1. 49 2. 18 1. 20	1. 06 1. 59 . 79 1. 44 2. 05 1. 17	1. 11 1. 66 . 83 1. 47 2. 08 1. 20	1. 05 1. 55 . 80 1. 46 2. 04 1. 20	1. 06 1. 54 . 81 1. 44 2. 04 1. 18	1. 09 1. 60 . 82 1. 46 2. 08 1. 19	1. 06 1. 57 . 80 1. 43 2. 01 1. 18	1. 12 1. 64 . 84 1. 45 2. 00 1. 20	1. 04 1. 56 . 78 1. 42 1. 92 1. 19	1. 02 1. 52 . 76 1. 40 1. 84 1. 19	1. 06 7 1. 57 7 . 79 7 1. 43 1. 94 1. 19	. 78 1. 43	
MANUFACTURERS' SALES, INVENTORIES, AND ORDERS																
Sales, value (unadjusted), totalbil. \$	30.41	7 30. 73	27.69	27. 42	31.28	r 29. 36	7 31. 48	r 32. 22	r 28. 47	r 32. 01	7 32. 01	r 33. 42	7 32. 18	r 31. 21		
Durable goods industries, total Q	14. 68 2. 15 1. 34 1. 67	r 14. 54 r 2. 06 1. 25 1. 68	12. 59 1. 81 1. 07 1. 39	12. 58 1. 71 . 99 1. 36	14. 58 1. 96 1. 15 1. 60	13. 96 1. 94 1. 15 1. 55	7 15. 17 2. 23 1. 36 1. 73	7 15, 75 2, 27 1, 40 1, 83	7 13. 16 1. 86 1. 15 1. 64	7 14. 68 2. 20 1. 39 2. 02	7 15. 09 2. 18 1. 35 1. 88	7 15. 97 2. 26 1. 38 1. 89	7 15. 66 2. 17 1. 30 1. 72	r 15. 35 r 2. 18 r 1. 35 r 1. 62	7 15. 09 2. 33 1. 48 1. 60	
Machinery do Electrical do Nonclectrical do Industrial do	4. 72 1. 95 2. 77 1. 16	7 4. 87 2. 00 7 2. 87 7 1. 25	4. 35 1. 79 2. 56 1. 08	4. 48 1. 83 2. 65 1. 10	5. 10 2. 02 3. 07 1. 26	4. 78 1. 87 2. 91 1. 20	7 4, 96 1, 93 7 3, 03 7 1, 26	7 5.15 2.05 7 3.11 7 1.35	r 4. 31 1. 69 r 2. 62 r 1. 12	r 4. 90 2. 03 r 2. 87 r 1. 27	τ 5. 03 2. 11 τ 2. 92 τ 1. 28	r 5. 22 2. 24 r 2. 98 r 1. 37	r 5. 03 2. 19 r 2. 84 r 1. 34	7 5. 14 7 2. 21 7 2. 93 7 1. 37	4. 87 2. 03 2. 85 1. 24	
Transportation equipment do Motor vehicles and parts do Lumiker and furniture do Stone, clay, and glass do	3. 45 2. 16 . 86 . 73	r 3. 24 1. 94 . 82 . 76	2.87 1.71 .68 .58	2.82 1.63 .67 .58	3. 29 1. 85 . 79 . 75	3.19 1.91 .77 .69	3. 49 2. 14 . 86 . 79	3. 61 2. 22 . 90 . 84	2.85 1.69 7.79 .74	2. 50 1. 26 7. 99 . 91	3. 07 1. 72 7. 90 . 83	3. 54 2. 25 7. 92 . 89	3.84 2.50 7.87 .80	7 3. 82 7 2. 43 7 . 76 . 68	. 75	
Nondurable goods industries, total ?do	15.73	r 16. 18	15. 10	14.85	16.70	r 15. 39	r 16. 31	r 16. 47	r 15. 30	r 17. 32	r 16. 92	r 17. 45	r 16. 53	r 15. 86	16. 16	
Food and beverage do Tobacco do Textile do Paper do Chemical do Petroleum and coal do Rubber do	4.70 .40 1.21 1.06 2.31 3.18 .51	7 4. 80 . 42 1. 22 7 1. 13 2. 49 7 3. 21 . 50	4. 52 . 38 1. 04 1. 04 2. 23 3. 33 . 45	4.51 .36 1.08 1.02 2.12 3.07 .42	4.94 .42 1.22 1.17 2.51 3.27 .50	4.51 .37 1.12 71.10 2.44 3.10 .48	4. 93 . 45 1. 18 7 1. 16 2. 64 3. 24 . 52	4. 88 . 45 1. 31 r 1. 19 2. 60 3. 24 . 54	7 4. 66 . 43 1. 06 7 1. 03 2. 28 3. 15 . 46	7 4. 92 . 46 1. 35 7 1. 22 2. 65 3. 33 . 52	7 5. 00 . 42 1. 33 7 1. 17 2. 67 3. 13 . 50	7 5. 16 . 44 1. 38 7 1. 21 2. 75 3. 24 . 56	7 4.89 . 45 1.32 7 1.16 2.55 3.16 .50	7 4.70 7.40 7 1.25 7 1.11 2.39 7 3.31 7.49	2. 62 3. 24	
Sales, value (seas. adj.), totaldo	1	i	28.67	29.03	29. 55	r 30. 09	r 30. 73	τ 30. 85	7 31. 11	7 31. 38	r 31. 36	r 31. 75	r 32. 18	r 32. 40	31, 83	
Durable goods industries, total ♀ do Primary metal do Iron and steel do Fabricated metal do	l	l	13, 17 1, 76 1, 03 1, 55	13. 32 1. 81 1. 06 1. 56	13. 69 1. 79 1. 05 1. 60	14.14 1.95 1.17 1.62	7 14. 57 2. 13 1. 32 1. 69	r 14. 67 2. 07 1. 26 1. 72	r 14. 78 2. 20 1. 36 1. 70	7 15. 04 2. 22 1. 39 1. 74	r 14. 95 2. 21 1. 36 1. 70	7 15. 27 2. 16 1. 31 1. 75	7 15. 62 2. 19 1. 31 1. 80	r 15, 66 r 2, 27 r 1, 40 1, 80	1.38	
Machinery do Electrical do Nonelectrical do Industrial do		1	4. 65 1. 90 2. 74 1. 18	4. 65 1. 93 2. 72 1. 14	4.71 1.94 2.76 1.15	4. 85 2. 02 2. 83 1, 21	r 4.81 1.95 r 2.85 r 1.22	7 4. 81 1. 95 7 2. 86 7 1. 25	r 4. 85 1. 95 r 2. 91 r 1. 27	7 4. 96 2. 02 7 2. 94 7 1. 28	7 4. 94 2. 00 7 2. 94 7 1. 29	7 5. 04 2. 04 7 3. 00 7 1. 36	7 5. 11 2. 10 7 3 00 7 1. 34	7 5. 13 7 2. 10 7 3. 02 7 1. 35	3.02	
Transportation equipment do. Motor vehicles and parts do. Lumber and furniture do. Stone, clay, and glass do.			2.77 1.53 .74 .69	2.83 1.59 .73 .70	3. 02 1. 64 . 77 . 73	3.15 1.84 .80 .69	3. 29 2. 01 . 84 . 72	3. 41 2. 14 . 84 . 74	3. 32 2. 09 7. 89 . 76	3.36 2.06 7.88 .79	3.34 2.00 r.83 .79	3. 53 2. 23 r . 84 . 81	3. 62 2. 29 r . 88 . 83	7 3. 55 2. 22 7 . 87 . 80	2. 01 . 83	
Nondurable goods industries, total ?do	1	ļ	15. 50	15.71	15.86	r 15. 96	7 16. 16	r 16. 18	r 16. 33	r 16. 34	r 16. 40	r 16. 48	r 16. 56	r 16. 74	1	
Food and beverage do Tobacco do Textile do Paper do Chemical do Petroleum and coal do Rubber do			4.73 .41 1.08 1.06 2.26 3.23 .45	4.87 .41 1.10 1.08 2.30 3.18 .46	4.80 .42 1.16 1.10 2.38 3.08 .49	4.80 .40 1.20 71.11 2.40 3.25 .48	4.80 .43 1.22 71.12 2.47 3.31 .50	4.70 .41 1.27 71.14 2.51 3.22 .50	7 4. 80 . 43 1. 24 7 1. 12 2. 50 3. 29 . 47	7 4. 72 . 43 1. 23 7 1. 13 2. 57 3. 22 . 52	7 4. 84 . 42 1. 27 7 1. 14 2. 53 3. 21 . 52	7 4.83 .44 1.25 7 1.14 2.63 3.28 .51	7 4. 84 . 43 1. 27 7 1. 19 2. 65 3. 17 . 54	7 4.94 7 .40 7 1.34 7 1.22 7 2.66 7 3.15 7 .53	. 43 1. 28 1. 19 2. 65 3. 07	
Inventories, end of year or month: Book value (unadjusted), totaldo	2 53.90	² r 55, 19	54.07	54.08	53.81	53.73	53.77	53. 59	53. 23	53. 62	53. 76	54. 23	54. 59	r 55, 19		
Durable goods industries, total Q	30. 81 4. 69	7 31. 23 7 4. 91 7 3. 05 7 3. 00	30. 88 4. 61 2. 75 2. 97	30.91 4.57 2.71 3.00	30.77 4.52 2.68 3.02	30. 63 4. 48 2. 66 3. 02	30. 65 4. 45 2. 65 3. 07	30. 49 4. 44 2. 66 3. 10	30. 25 4. 52 2. 73 3. 07	30. 59 4. 55 2. 76 3. 05	30. 65 4. 62 2. 82 3. 03	30. 86 4. 74 2. 92 2. 98	30. 99 4. 82 2. 99 2. 97	r 31, 23 r 4, 91 r 3, 05 r 3, 00	31. 83 4. 94 3. 04	
Machinery do- Electrical do- Nonelectrical do- Industrial do-	10. 27 3. 94 6. 33 2. 48	7 10.31 7 3.96 7 6.35 7 2.46	10. 26 3. 91 6. 36 2. 46	10. 32 3. 94 6. 38 2. 46	10.37 3.98 6.39 2.47	10. 38 4. 01 6. 36 2. 46	10. 45 4. 08 6. 36 2. 47	10. 37 4. 06 6. 31 2. 44	10, 20 3, 99 6, 21 2, 42	10. 13 3. 98 6. 15 2. 41	10.08 3.96 6.12 2.42	10. 15 3. 97 6. 18 2. 44	10. 22 3. 98 6. 24 2. 44	r 10. 31 r 3. 96 r 6. 35 r 2. 46	4.02	
Transportation equipment do- Motor vehicles and parts do Lumber and furniture do Stone, clay, and glass do By stages of fabrication:	6. 97 3. 14 1. 83 1. 43	r 6. 93 r 3. 22 r 1. 84 r 1. 46	7.06 3.15 1.86 1.45	6. 98 3. 07 1. 85 1. 48	6. 83 2. 96 1. 84 1. 47	6. 70 2. 87 1. 84 1. 48	6. 65 2. 85 1. 82 1. 48	6. 57 2. 80 1. 82 1. 45	6. 46 2. 70 1. 82 1. 45	6. 87 3. 08 1. 83 1. 43	6. 92 3. 16 1. 84 1. 43	7. 01 3. 22 1. 82 1. 41	6. 99 3. 19 1. 81 1. 42	r 6. 93 r 3. 22 r 1. 84 r 1. 46	7. 10 3. 36 1. 86	
Purchased materials do	12. 05 10. 56	r 8. 13 r 12. 56 r 10. 54		7. 93 12. 15 10. 83	7.81 12.09 10.86	7. 67 12. 08 10. 88	7.66 12.05 10.94				8. 01 12. 38 10. 26	8. 09 12. 50 10. 27		7 8. 13 7 12. 56 7 10. 54	12. 70 10. 85	

^{*}Revised. ¹ Advance estimate. ² Total and components are end-of-year data.
*Stock-sales ratios are based on the seasonally adjusted sales and inventories series presented on this page and on pp. S-4, S-6, and S-11. The ratios are derived by dividing end-of-month inventory book values by total sales during the month. Data back to 1955

for the manufacturing and wholesale trade segments appear on p. 20 of the June 1961 Survey; data prior to 1961 (recently revised) for total manufacturing and trade and for retail trade are available upon request.

Q Includes data not shown separately.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961			7			196	31	-					19	62
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Enc ye		Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
Marine Control of the	GEN	ERA:	L BU	SINE	SS IN	DICA	TOR	S—C	ontin	ued		· · · · · · · · ·				
MANUFACTURERS' SALES, INVENTORIES, AND ORDERS—Continued																
Inventories, end of year or month—Continued Book value (unadjusted)—Continued Nondurable goods industries, total?bil. \$	23. 09	23. 96	23. 19	23. 16	23. 05	23. 10	23. 12	23. 10	22. 97	23. 03	23.11	23. 37	23. 60	23.96	24. 12	
Food and beverage do Tobacco do Textile do Paper do Chemical do Petroleum and coal do Rubber do By stages of fabrication: Purchased materials do do	5. 18 2. 08 2. 63 1. 63 4. 19 3. 32 1. 14 8. 99	7 5, 44 7 2, 28 2 2, 68 7 1, 68 4, 35 7 3, 43 7 1, 13	5. 13 2. 14 2. 71 1. 63 4. 23 3. 24 1. 16 8. 99	5, 02 2, 10 2, 77 1, 66 4, 28 3, 24 1, 17	4. 94 2. 05 2. 81 1. 66 4. 27 3. 26 1. 16	4. 92 2. 01 2. 84 1. 68 4. 27 3. 29 1. 15	4. 83 1. 94 2. 86 1. 69 4. 20 3. 35 1. 14	4. 84 1. 88 2. 82 1. 68 4. 20 3. 36 1. 12 8. 79	4. 90 1. 80 2. 79 1. 66 4. 19 3. 41 1. 10 8. 72	5. 12 1. 87 2. 71 1. 66 4. 16 3. 43 1. 09	5, 23 1, 99 2, 65 1, 64 4, 10 3, 49 1, 10 8, 69	5. 39 2. 07 2. 61 1. 65 4. 16 3. 50 1. 10	5. 46 2. 11 2. 64 1. 66 4. 23 3. 46 1. 11 9. 03	7 5. 44 7 2. 28 7 2. 68 7 1. 68 4. 35 7 3. 43 7 1. 13 9. 38	5. 39 2. 33 2. 74 1. 71 4. 37 3. 33 1. 13 9. 40	
Goods in processdo Finished goodsdo	3.00 11.10	r 3. 27 r 11. 31	3. 07 11. 13	3.08 11.17	3, 09 11, 02	3.14 11.06	3. 25 11. 00	3.30 11.01	3.33 10.92	3, 30 11, 08	3, 28 11, 14	3. 28 11. 25	3. 30 11. 26	* 3. 27 * 11. 31	3, 39 11, 33	••••
Book value (seasonally adjusted), totaldo Durable goods industries, total ?do	53. 74 30. 86	7 55. 20 7 31. 47	53, 67 30, 76	53. 60 30. 65	53. 31 30. 30	53. 38 30. 15	53. 37 30. 15	53. 36 30. 20	53. 55 30. 37	54. 03 30. 80	54. 44 31. 10	54. 78 31. 40	55. 03 31. 53	* 55, 20 * 31, 47	55, 65 31, 84	•••••
Primary metal	4. 50 2. 62 3. 12	7 4.78 7 2.89 7 3.16	4, 49 2, 63 3, 02	4. 51 2. 66 3. 02	4, 47 2, 66 2, 95	4. 51 2. 73 2. 92	4. 51 2. 74 2. 93	4. 60 2. 84 2. 92	4. 66 2. 89 2. 95	4. 63 2. 85 3. 02	4. 67 2. 85 3. 12	4. 73 2. 86 3. 14	4. 74 2. 86 3. 15	7 4.78 7 2.89 7 3.16	4.87 2.96 3.19	
Machinery do Go Electrical do Nonclectrical do Industrial do Go Go Go Go Go Go Go Go Go Go Go Go Go	10. 40 4. 02 6. 38 2. 51	7 10. 46 4. 03 7 6. 42 7 2. 49	10. 32 3. 98 6. 34 2. 48	10. 28 3. 96 6. 31 2. 47	10, 25 3, 96 6, 29 2, 45	10, 21 3, 94 6, 27 2, 44	10. 20 3. 96 6. 25 2. 43	10.14 3.92 6.22 2.40	10. 17 3. 95 6. 22 2. 41	10. 19 3. 98 6. 20 2. 40	10, 23 3, 99 6, 24 2, 43	10. 36 4. 06 6. 30 2. 47	10. 42 4. 07 6. 34 2. 47	7 10, 46 4, 03 7 6, 42 7 2, 49	10, 57 4, 12 6, 45 2, 53	
Transportation equipmentdodododo	6. 85 3. 01 1. 84 1. 44	7 6, 87 7 3, 12 7 1, 86 7 1, 47	6, 92 3, 03 1, 85 1, 44	6. 86 2. 93 1. 85 1. 43	6, 69 2, 85 1, 84 1, 41	6. 60 2. 83 1. 83 1. 42	6. 63 2. 88 1. 80 1. 42	6. 64 2. 91 1. 80 1. 43	6. 64 2. 88 1. 80 1. 45	6. 95 3. 14 1. 81 1. 48	6. 97 3. 19 1. 85 1. 49	7. 01 3. 18 1. 86 1. 49	7. 04 3. 17 1. 85 1. 48	7 6. 87 7 3. 12 7 1. 86 7 1. 47	6, 95 3, 24 1, 87 1, 48	
Purchased materials do Goods in process do Finished goods do Nondurable goods industries, total 9 do	8. 05 12. 06 10. 76 22. 88	7 8. 09 7 12. 64 7 10. 74 23. 72	8. 03 12. 07 10. 65 22. 91	8. 01 12. 05 10. 59 22. 95	7. 91 11. 90 10. 49 23. 01	7. 81 11. 87 10. 47 23. 22	7. 78 11. 91 10. 47 23. 22	7. 60 12. 03 10. 57 23. 16	7. 70 12. 07 10. 60 23. 18	7. 74 12. 31 10. 75 23. 23	7. 96 12. 40 10. 74 23. 34	8. 07 12. 59 10. 74 23. 38	8. 08 12. 70 10. 76 23. 50	7 8.09 7 12.64 7 10.74 23.72	8, 34 12, 59 10, 92 23, 81	
Food and beverage	4. 98 2. 03 2. 67 1. 63 4. 13 3. 31 1. 12	7 5. 24 7 2. 17 7 2. 74 7 1. 68 7 4. 28 7 3. 42 1. 13	5. 00 2. 01 2. 70 1. 62 4. 17 3. 29 1. 13	5. 01 1. 98 2. 73 1. 63 4. 19 3. 32 1. 13	5. 06 1. 98 2. 76 1. 62 4. 19 3. 37 1. 12	5. 14 1. 98 2. 76 1. 64 4. 26 3. 37 1. 13	5, 07 1, 97 2, 76 1, 66 4, 24 3, 37 1, 14	5. 05 1. 96 2. 75 1. 67 4. 24 3. 37 1. 13	5. 09 1. 96 2. 75 1. 66 4. 25 3. 38 1. 13	5. 12 2. 00 2. 74 1. 68 4. 24 3. 38 1. 13	5. 15 2. 05 2. 74 1. 70 4, 20 3. 42 1. 12	5. 15 2. 06 2. 74 1. 70 4. 20 3. 39 1. 13	5. 19 2. 12 2. 75 1. 70 4. 21 3. 37 1. 12	7 5. 24 7 2. 17 7 2. 74 7 1. 68 7 4. 28 7 3. 42 1. 13	5, 24 2, 17 2, 74 1, 72 4, 31	
By stages of fabrication: Purchased materialsdo Goods in processdo Finished goodsdo	8.75 3.08 11.05	9, 06 7 3, 37 7 11, 29	8. 74 3. 07 11. 10	8. 68 3. 04 11. 23	8.78 3.05 11,18	8. 88 3. 12 11. 22	8. 97 3. 20 11. 05	8. 97 3. 25 10. 94	8. 96 3. 31 10. 91	8. 94 3. 31 10. 97	8. 97 3. 29 11. 07	8, 90 3, 34 11, 14	8. 96 3. 37 11. 17	9.06 + 3.37 + 11.29	9, 11 3, 40 11, 30	
New orders, net (unadjusted), totaldo	1 29. 90	1730, 96	27, 58	27. 68	31. 35	29.60	r 31. 45	r 32, 36	r 29. 34	7 32. 42	7 32.18 7 15.28	7 33. 56 7 16. 13	r 32. 44	7 31.61	32, 28 7 16, 11	
Durable goods industries, total \$\overline{Q}\$ do Primary metal do Iron and steel do Fabricated metal do	1. 87 1. 09 1. 62	7 14. 74 2. 18 7 1. 35 1. 70	12.35 1,85 1,18 1,38	12.76 1.85 1.10 1.38	14. 51 2. 12 1. 27 1. 62	14. 08 2. 06 1. 24 1. 53	2. 30 1. 41 1. 76	2. 20 1. 35 1. 89	1.97 1.20 1.72	7 15. 12 2. 35 1. 48 1. 99	2.13 1.29 1.92	2. 23 1. 36 1. 87	2. 36 1. 52 1. 71	7 2. 69 7 1. 82 7 1. 68	3. 05 2. 05 1. 72	
Machinery do Electrical do Nonelectrical do Industrial do Transportation equipment do	4.70 1.97 2.72 1.16 3.38	7 4. 92 7 2. 00 7 2. 92 7 1. 26 7 3. 22	4. 25 1. 67 2. 57 1. 06 2. 63	4. 46 1. 79 2. 67 1. 12 2. 82	5. 16 1. 99 3. 17 1. 32 2. 97	4. 73 1. 90 2. 83 1. 16 3. 19	7 4. 83 1. 92 7 2. 92 7 1. 23 3. 24	7 5. 25 2. 08 7 3. 17 7 1. 39 3. 52	7 4. 55 1. 81 7 2. 74 7 1. 14 3. 21	7 4. 91 2. 00 7 2. 91 1. 28 2. 85	7 5.38 2.36 7 3.02 7 1.29 2.97	7 5.38 2.23 7 3.15 7 1.40 3.57	7 5. 11 2. 18 7 2. 93 7 1. 40 3. 80	7 5.06 7 2.12 7 2.94 7 1.36 7 3.82	5, 09 1, 99 3, 11 1, 45 3, 52	
Nondurable goods industries, totaldo Industries with unfilled orders⊕do Industries without unfilled orders¶do	15. 66 3. 38 12. 28	r 16. 23 r 3. 53 12. 70	15. 24 3. 25 11. 98	14. 91 3. 19 11. 72	16. 84 3. 73 13. 11	7 15. 52 7 3. 41 12. 11	r 16.48 r 3.62 12.86	7 16. 46 7 3. 63 12. 84	7 15. 31 7 3. 15 7 12. 16	r 17. 30 r 3. 74 r 13. 56	7 16. 90 7 3. 69 7 13. 21	7 17. 43 7 3. 81 7 13. 62	7 16. 58 7 3. 74 7 12. 85	7 15.79 7 3.47 7 12.32	1	
New orders, net (seas. adjusted), totaldo Durable goods industries, total 9do	1		28. 50 12. 88	29. 11 13. 36	29. 85 13. 82	r 30. 41 14. 38	7 31. 04 7 14. 79	r 31. 05	r 31. 28	r 32. 10	r 32. 20	7 32. 63	7 32. 70 7 16. 10	7 32, 85 7 16, 24	1	
Primary metal do Iron and steel do Fabricated metal do Government			1. 81 1. 14 1. 52	1.75 1.03 1.49	1. 88 1. 10 1. 62	2. 19 1. 33 1. 58	2. 19 1. 32 1. 74	2. 20 1. 35 1. 82	2. 33 1. 47 1. 75	2.41 1.52 1.82	2.31 1.46 1.78	2. 32 1. 45 1. 75	2. 33 1. 48 1. 85	7 2.82 7 1.94 7 1.84	2.87 1.88	
Machinery do Electrical do Nonelectrical do Industrial do Transportation equipment do			1.83 2.71	4. 59 1. 88 2. 71 1. 14 3. 07	4. 76 1. 88 2. 88 1. 23 3. 02	4. 74 1. 99 2. 75 1. 20 3. 28	7 4. 77 1. 97 7 2. 80 7 1. 21 3. 36	7 4.75 1.78 7 2.98 7 1.30 3.34	7 4.87 1.91 7 2.96 7 1.24 3.45	7 5. 04 2. 10 7 2. 93 7 1. 28 3. 61	7 5. 38 2. 31 7 3. 08 7 1. 29 3. 49	7 5. 42 2. 20 7 3. 22 7 1. 38 3. 62	7 5. 46 2. 33 7 3. 13 7 1. 42 3. 53	7 5. 14 7 2. 08 7 3. 06 7 1. 42 7 3. 32	1,50	
Nondurable goods industries, totaldoIndustries with unfilled orders⊕doIndustries without unfilled orders¶do			15. 62 3. 36 12. 27	15. 76 3. 30 12. 46	16. 03 3. 54 12. 48	7 16. 03 7 3. 46 12. 57	7 16. 25 7 3. 52 12. 73	r 16. 15 r 3. 52 12. 63	7 16. 27 7 3. 49 7 12. 78	7 16. 46 7 3. 64 7 12. 82	7 16. 47 7 3. 64 7 12. 82	r 16, 56 r 3, 63 r 12, 94	7 3. 67	7 16. 61 7 3. 66 7 12. 95	16, 39 3, 66 12, 73	
Unfilled orders, end of year or month (unadjusted), totalbil. \$.	45. 37	r 48. 20	45. 27	45, 52	45. 59	45. 83	45, 80	45. 95	46. 82	47. 24	47, 40	47. 54	47. 80	r 48. 20	49, 23	
Durable goods industries, total γ do. Primary metal do. Iron and steel do. Fabricated metal do.	- 3. 41 - 2. 28	r 4. 76 r 3. 48	42. 60 3. 45 2. 38 2. 73	42. 79 3. 59 2. 50 2. 75	42.72 3.75 2.62 2.78	42. 84 3. 87 2. 71 2. 76	42. 64 3. 95 2. 76 2. 79	42. 79 3. 88 2. 72 2. 85	43. 66 3. 99 2. 77 2. 93	44. 10 4. 14 2. 87 2. 90	44. 30 4. 09 2. 81 2. 95	44. 46 4. 06 2. 79 2. 93	44. 66 4. 25 3. 01 2. 93	7 45, 12 7 4, 76 7 3, 48 7 2, 98	5.48 4.05	
Machinery do Electrical do Nonelectrical do Industrial do Transportation equipment do	10. 21 7. 28 3. 38	7 10. 29 7 7. 80 7 3. 53	3.36	17. 36 10. 04 7. 31 3. 38 14. 70 2. 73	17. 42 10. 01 7. 41 3. 44 14. 39 2. 87	17. 37 10. 04 7. 33 3. 40 14. 38 2. 99	17. 24 10. 02 7. 22 3. 36 14. 13 3. 17	17. 34 10. 06 7. 28 3. 40 14. 04 3. 16	17. 58 10. 18 7. 41 3. 42 14. 40 3. 16	17. 59 10. 15 7. 44 3. 43 14. 75 3. 13	17. 95 10. 40 7. 54 3. 44 14. 65 3. 11	18. 10 10. 40 7. 71 3. 48 14. 68 3. 09	14. 64	7 7.80 7 3.53	3, 74 14, 47	

 $\P For$ these industries (food, beverages, to bacco, apparel, petroleum, chemicals, and rubber) sales are considered equal to new orders.

⁷ Revised. 1 Total and components are monthly averages. 2 Advance estimate.
9 Includes data not shown separately.
⊕Includes textiles, leather, paper, and printing and publishing industries; unfilled erders for other nondurable goods industries are zero.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1969	1961		- 4				19	61						19	62
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS		nthly rage	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
	GEN	IERA	L BU	SINE	SS II	NDIC	ATOF	RS—C	ontin	ued						
BUSINESS INCORPORATIONS♂																
New incorporations (50 States):⊕ Unadjustednumber_ Seasonally adjusted*do	15, 226	15. 128	16, 350 13, 492	13, 281 714, 601	16, 783 14, 658	14, 815 15, 327	16, 371 r 15, 225	16, 418 715, 342	14, 483 r15, 539	15, 079 15, 213	13, 616 15, 419	15, 492 16, 286	14, 045 *16. 149		18, 343 15, 124	
INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL FAILURES♂																
Failures, totalnumber_	1, 287	1.423	1, 404	1, 449	1, 610	1. 441	1.545	1,403	1. 275	1, 604	1, 285	1, 446	1.335	1,278	1. 447	
Commercial service do Construction do Manufacturing and mining do Retail trade do W holesale trade do	114 217 218 615 123	123 229 235 691 144	121 219 228 685 151	116 262 229 693 149	135 266 271 786 152	131 245 238 704 123	123 255 269 731 167	123 222 218 696 144	111 196 223 633 112	129 262 260 789 164	139 183 182 614 167	118 221 217 731 159	122 206 258 624 125	104 215 232 606 121	114 231 213 749 140	
Liabilities (current), totalthous. \$	78, 219	90, 844	81, 520	88, 083	126, 622	86, 114	80, 471	83, 828	69, 168	102, 693	116, 664	70, 257	119, 214	65, 489	111, 827	
Commercial service do Construction do Manufacturing and mining do Retail trade do Wholesale trade do	8, 281 16, 781 24, 136 20, 091 8, 930	6, 694 16, 084 27, 107 27, 754 13, 205	4, 128 11, 231 26, 111 28, 688 11, 362	6, 941 14, 943 23, 160 30, 646 12, 393	13, 344 20, 283 26, 579 51, 185 15, 231	7, 093 13, 127 23, 215 32, 562 10, 117	6, 798 19, 162 18, 944 24, 776 10, 791	8, 762 12, 500 26, 590 27, 192 8, 784	3, 946 13, 786 14, 881 27, 304 9, 251	6, 358 27, 716 26, 175 29, 384 13, 060	10, 950 10, 048 66, 737 17, 927 11, 002	3, 485 14, 583 17, 930 21, 524 12, 735	5, 070 18, 883 35, 237 23, 494 36, 530	3, 453 16, 743 19, 723 18, 361 7, 209	8, 858 19, 017 44, 289 28, 886 10, 777	
Failure annual rate (seasonally adjusted) No. per 10,000 concerns_	1 57.0	1 64. 4	61.1	64. 2	62. 9	60.8	64.3	60. 7	62. 5	74. 4	67. 5	69. 5	63.8	63. 6	62. 9	
	N. S. C.		C	OMN	IODI	ry p	RICE	s					, , , , , , ,			
PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS					1				1					!		
Prices received, all farm products 1910–14=100.	238	240	241	244	243	239	236	234	237	241	242	240	238	240	242	243
Crops do Commercial vegetables do Cotton do Feed grains and bay do Food grains do	221 227 254 151 203	226 221 259 151 209	218 212 233 146 207	221 210 227 150 209	224 217 240 150 208	226 228 249 145 202	230 233 250 151 203	251 253 261 152 200	232 261 265 156 201	229 214 276 154 209	229 198 277 156 214	226 195 286 154 217	223 213 280 149 218	224 213 269 150 219	224 252 257 152 218	227 285 246 152 219
Fruit do. Oil-bearing crops do. Potatoes (incl. dry edible beans) do. Tobucco do.	236 214 204 500	245 257 162 524	254 231 178 508	260 250 172 517	260 264 161 516	250 286 178 516	261 285 176 517	260 261 177 516	241 261 189 516	244 259 162 523	257 242 148 542	228 242 134 537	209 248 134 530	217 250 130 544	209 250 127 538	217 253 125 543
Livestock and products do Dairy products do Aleat animals do Poultry and eggs do Wool do	253 259 295 160 237	251 259 299 146 230	261 271 304 165 221	263 263 309 169 224	259 256 309 160 226	251 247 305 145 231	241 241 292 139 239	236 240 286 131 238	241 248 288 138 232	251 257 302 142 231	252 266 303 138 230	252 274 297 141 228	250 275 291 140 228	255 273 299 146 229	256 266 304 149 231	257 264 305 154 237
Prices paid: All commodities and services	275 290 265 299	276 291 266 301	277 291 267 301	277 7 292 267 302	277 290 268 302	277 290 267 302	277 291 266 302	275 290 265 300	275 290 264 300	276 290 265 301	276 291 266 301	276 291 265 301	276 291 265 301	277 292 267 302	278 293 268 304	279 294 268
Parity ratios do CONSUMER PRICES;	80	80	80	81	80	79	78	78	79	80	80	80	79	79	80	305 80
(U.S. Department of Labor Indexes)	- 100 1		- 100 0	- 100 0											ĺ	l
All items \$\frac{1}{2}\$. 1957-59 = 100. Special group indexes: All items less food	r 103. 1 r 103. 7 r 103. 0	7 104. 2 7 104. 8 7 104. 2	r 103. 8 r 104. 1 r 103. 7	7 103. 9 7 104. 3 7 103. 8	7 103. 9 7 104. 4 7 103. 8	† 103. 9 † 104. 3 † 103. 8	7 103. 8 7 104. 5 7 103. 7	7 104. 0 7 104. 6 7 104. 0	7 104. 4 7 104. 8 7 104. 4	, 104. 3 , 104. 9 , 104. 3	r 104. 6 r 105. 3 r 104. 5	7 104. 6 7 105. 5 7 104. 7	7 104. 6 7 105. 6 7 104. 5	r 104. 5 r 105. 5 r 104. 4	2 104. 5 105. 3 104. 4	
All commodities do Nondurables do Durables do Services do	r 101. 9	r 102. 4 r 102. 8 r 100. 5 r 107. 6	r 102. 2 r 102. 8 r 99. 5 r 106. 8	r 102, 3 r 102, 9 r 99, 5 r 107, 0	7 102, 2 7 102, 8 7 99, 2 7 107, 2	7 102. 1 7 102. 6 7 99. 9 7 107. 3	7 101. 9 7 102. 4 7 100. 0 7 107. 4	7 102. 2 7 102. 6 7 100. 4 7 107. 5	r 103. 2 r 100. 6	r 102. 5 r 102. 9 r 101. 0 r 107. 7	r 102. 8 r 103. 1 r 101. 0 r 107. 9	, 102. 9 , 103. 0 , 101. 7 , 108. 0	7 102. 6 7 102. 7 7 101. 6 7 108. 2	7 102. 4 7 102. 6 7 101. 1 7 108. 5	102.3 102.6 100.8 108.7	
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	7 102. 1 7 101. 4 7 103. 2 7 103. 8 7 99. 1		7 102. 1 7 102. 8 7 105. 2 7 102. 0 7 101. 2	7 102. 2 7 102. 9 7 105. 1 7 102. 9 7 101. 4	7 102. 4 7 102. 7 7 104. 7 7 103. 4 7 101. 0	r 106. 3	r 102. 2 r 102. 3 r 103. 8 r 107. 0 r 98. 5	r 102. 2 r 102. 5 r 103. 6 r 109. 5 r 97. 4	r 104. 2 r 111. 8	r 102. 5 r 102. 7 r 104. 7 r 107. 1 r 98. 3	7 103. 6 7 102. 6 7 105. 1 7 102. 3 7 99. 2	7 103. 9 7 102. 5 7 105. 1 7 99. 4 7 99. 5	7 103. 7 7 101. 9 7 105. 5 7 98. 4 7 98. 5	r 103. 5 r 102. 0 r 105. 6 r 99. 8 r 98. 5	101.8 102.5 105.6 100.6 99.8	
Housing Q do. Gas and electricity do. Housefurnishings do. Rent do	' 103. 1 ' 107. 0 ' 100. 1 ' 103. 1	r 103, 9 r 107, 9 r 99, 5 r 104, 4	⁷ 103. 8 ⁷ 108. 0 ⁷ 99. 5 ⁷ 103. 9	7 103. 8 7 108. 0 7 99. 6 7 104. 1	r 103. 9 r 108. 0 r 99. 8 r 104. 1	r 103. 8 r 107. 9 r 99. 7	r 103. 7 r 108. 2 r 99. 4 r 104. 3	103.8 108.3 199.8	τ 103. 8	r 103. 8 r 107. 7 r 99. 1	7 104.0 7 107.8 7 99.7 7 104.7	7 104.1 7 107.8 7 99.5	7 104. 2 7 107. 8 7 99. 3 7 104. 9	7 104. 4 7 107. 8 7 99. 2 7 105. 0	104. 4 107. 8 98. 7 105. 1	
Medical care	7 108. 1 7 104. 1 7 104. 9	r 111. 3 r 104. 6 r 107. 2	7 109. 7 7 104. 4 7 105. 5	7 110. 3 7 104. 4 7 106. 0	7 110. 4 7 104. 3 7 106. 6	r 104. 4	r 104. 4	7 111. 3 7 104. 5 7 106. 6	7 104. 8	7 111. 7 7 104. 8 7 107. 4	r 104. 8	7 112.3 7 104.6 7 108.3	7 112. 4 7 104. 8 7 108. 1	r 112. 5 r 105. 2 r 108. 2	112. 6 105. 6 108. 5	
Transportationdo Privatedo Publicdo	7 103. 8 7 103. 2	r 105, 0 r 104, 0	^r 103. 8 ^r 102. 8	7 103. 8 7 102. 8	r 103, 4 r 102, 4	r 103. 5 r 102. 4	r 104. 0 r 103. 0	r 104. 8 r 103. 8	r 105, 3 r 104, 3	r 106. 0 r 105. 0	7 106. 0 7 105. 1	7 106. 7 7 105. 8	7 106. 8 7 105. 9	7 106.0 7 104.9	106.0 104.8	

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961						19	61	,					19	962
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mor ave		Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb
		CO	OMMO	DDIT	Y PR	ICES-	Co1	ıtinu	ed							<u> </u>
WHOLESALE PRICES♂					į											1
(U.S. Department of Labor Indexes)																
.ll commodities1947-49=100	119.6	119.1	119.9	120.0	119.9	119.4	118.7	118. 2	118. 6	118.9	118.8	118.7	118.8	119. 2	119.7	
By stage of processing: Crude materials for further processingdo Intermediate materials, supplies, etcdo	94. 5 127. 0	93, 9 126, 1	94. 7 126. 7	95. 1 126. 7	95. 2 126. 9	94. 6 126. 9	93. 2 126. 3	91. 6 125. 8	92. 7 125. 6	94. 8 125. 5	93.8 125.7	93. 7 125. 4	93. 3 125. 8	r 94. 2 126. 1	95. 6 126. 1	
Finished goods⊙do By durability of product: Nondurable goodsdo	121. 5	121. 5 104. 9	122. 4 106. 1	122. 6 106. 3	122. 2 106. 2	121. 3 105. 3	120. 7 104. 3	120. 6 103. 5	121. 2 104. 2	121. 4 104. 6	121. 3 104. 5	121. 3 104. 4	121. 4 104. 7	121. 6 105. 1	122. 2 105. 9	
Durable goodsdo	145. 7 88. 8	145.1 + 87.9	145. 1 89. 7	145. 0 90. 0	145. 1 89. 9	145. 3 88. 5	145. 3 86. 8	145. 4 85. 1	145. 3	145. 2 88. 6	145. 2 87. 2	145. 0 87. 1	144.9	r 144. 9	145.0	
Farm products 9 do Fruits and vegetables, fresh and dried do Grains do Livestock and live poultry do	106. 7 75. 7 82. 6	99. 4 76. 7 79. 6	103. 7 75. 2 84. 7	99. 8 76. 0 85. 3	105. 9 76. 4 83. 1	100. 2 73. 8 82. 0	101. 4 74. 8 78. 2	103. 3 74. 2 75. 4	87. 1 104. 3 77. 8 75. 5	97. 3 78. 1 80. 3	94. 9 78. 0 77. 6	94. 5 77. 9 76. 9	87. 6 95. 4 79. 3 76. 9	7 87. 8 92. 5 79. 0 79. 5	89. 7 102. 9 78. 1 82. 3	
Foods, processed 9do Cereal and bakery productsdo	107.7 121.8	⁷ 108. 4 124. 1	109. 9 123. 5	110. 5 123. 6	109. 6 123. 6	108. 7 123. 6	107. 5 123. 6	106. 7 123. 7	107. 5 123. 9	108. 1 123. 9	108.1 124.3	108.3 125.1	107. 9 125. 2	108. 8 125. 2	109. 8 126. 3	
Dairy products and ice creamdo Fruits and vegetables, canned, frozendo Meats, poultry, and fishdodo	118. 5 107. 0 96. 7	121. 3 109. 3 94. 4	121. 3 111. 8 98. 3	119. 8 112. 0 99. 5	120. 7 111. 5 96. 1	119. 9 111. 1 94. 3	119. 5 109. 0 91. 8	119. 7 108. 7 89. 9	120. 4 109. 2 92. 5	121. 0 107. 4 94. 8	121. 9 107. 3 94. 3	123. 6 108. 0 93. 7	123. 8 108. 1 92. 6	124. 4 * 108. 0 94. 9	123. 1 106. 9 98. 2	
Commodities other than farm products and foods 1947-49=100.	128.3	127.7	128.1	128.1	128. 2	128.0	127. 6	127. 4	127. 4	127. 4	127. 5	127. 3	127. 5	127. 7	127. 9	
Chemicals and allied products Qdododo	110. 2 124. 2	109. 0 121. 7	109. 7 123. 0	110.0 123.2	110. 1 123. 2	110. 2 123. 2	109. 9 122. 8	109.3 122.2	108.9 121.1	108.4 120.8	108.1 120.6	108. 0 120. 3	107. 9 120. 3	107. 9 120. 1	108. 2 120. 5	
Origs and pharmaceuticals do	93. 6 49. 0	91. 9 52. 7	92. 7 50. 2	92. 7 54. 7	92. 6 57. 7	92. 6 62. 1	92. 4 61. 4	92. 4 54. 1	92. 5 52. 2	91. 3 51. 1	90. 7 48. 7	90.8	91. 0 46. 0	91.0 47.2	90. 8 50. 0	
Fertilizer materialsdo Prepared paintdo	109. 6 128. 5	111.9 132.3	112.4 131.7	112. 4 132. 4	112.3 132.4	112.3 132.4	112.3 132.4	112.3 132.4	111.7 132.4	110.0 132.4	110. 2 132. 4	111.9 132.2	112.3 132.2	112.3 132.2	113. 5 132. 2	1
Fuel and related prod., and power Qdododo	113. 8 121. 8	115. 0 120. 5	1 117. 2 123. 4	117. 7 123. 4	117. 5 122. 8	115. 2 119. 6	113.6 117.4	114.3 117.7	114. 6 118. 7	114. 4 119. 2	113, 7 120, 1	113. 0 120. 8	114. 0 121. 2	114. 9 121. 6	115. 3 121. 8	İ
Electric powerJan. 1958=100 Gas fuelsdo Petroleum products, refined1947-49=100	101. 9 116. 6 2 115. 4	102. 4 118. 6 117. 4	102.3 121.1 121.1	102, 2 122, 3 121, 9	102. 4 121. 8 121. 5	102. 5 118. 3 117. 9	102. 4 118. 7 115. 0	102.3 115.4 117.0	102. 5 115. 6 117. 4	102. 4 116. 6 116. 8	102. 4 116. 9 115. 1	102.5 119.4 113.3	102. 6 119. 3 115. 0	102. 5 118. 4 117. 0	102. 5 118. 1 117. 8	1
Furniture, other household durables QdoAppliances, householddo	123.1 101.9	122.3 99.9	122.3 100.2	122, 2 100, 2	122. 2 100. 0	122. 5 100. 0	122. 4 99. 9	122. 4 99. 8	122. 3 99. 8	122. 1 99. 8	122, 2 99, 8	122. 2 99. 9	122. 3 99. 8	7 122. 1 99. 6	122.2	
Furniture, householddo Radio receivers and phonographsdo	125. 1 86. 6	126. 6 83. 1	126. 1 84. 7	126. 2 84. 7	126. 2 84. 7	126.3 84.5	126. 4 84. 4	126. 4 84. 3	126. 4 83. 5	126. 4 82. 0	126. 7 81. 2	127. 0 81. 2	127. 5 81. 3	127.3 81.3	99. 9 127. 5 81. 2	1
Television receiversdo	69.0	68.3	69. 3	68.7	69.1	69. 1	67. 8	68.3	68.8	68.1	68.1	67. 6	67. 6	67.6	65.8	
Hides, skins, and leather products Qdo Footweardo Hides and skinsdo	110.3 133.0 68.1	111.3 133.4 + 73.2	108.3 132.7 61.7	108. 0 132. 7 60, 5	109. 5 132. 7 68. 8	$109.9 \\ 132.7 \\ 68.0$	$110.7 \\ 132.8 \\ 71.0$	110. 1 132. 8 68. 1	111. 1 132. 9 76. 2	113. 1 133. 5 82. 9	113. 5 133. 9 82. 5	114. 1 134. 7 82. 2	113.8 134.8 79.6	7 113. 3 134. 8 76. 3	113.3 134.8 74.7	
Leatherdo	101.5	103.9	97.8	97.3	100.2	102. 2	104.1	102.6	102. 6	106.3	107. 6	109.3	108.6	108.4	108.8	
Lumber and wood products do Lumber do	121. 3 121. 4	116. 0 115. 3	115.7 114.5	114. 7 113. 5	115. 4 114. 4	118. 0 116. 5	117. 6 117. 0	117. 8 117. 0	117. 2 116. 8	115. 9 115. 8	115.7 115.3	114. 7 114. 5	114.7	114.5 r 114.2	114. 6 114. 5	
Machinery and motive prod. Qdo Agricultural machinery and equipdo Construction machinery and equipdo	153. 4 146. 1 175. 6	153. 1 148. 9 r 178. 3	153. 5 148. 4 177. 6	153.4 148.5 178.2	153. 4 148. 5 178. 2	153. 1 148. 6 178. 6	153.1 148.6 178.5	153. 2 148. 8 178. 2	153. 0 148. 8 178. 3	152. 7 148. 9 178. 5	152.7 148.7 178.5	152, 8 149, 0 178, 5	152. 9 149. 5 178. 6	7 153. 0 7 150. 5 178. 6	153. 0 150. 8 178. 7	
Electrical machinery and equipdo Motor vehiclesdo	154. 2 140. 8	151.8 140.3	r 152. 2 140. 8	153. 6 140. 4	153. 5 140. 2	151. 9 140. 3	151.7 140.3	151. 7 140. 4	151.8 140.5	150.5 140.5	150.4 140.3	151. 1 140. 0	151. 1 139. 9	7 151. 0 7 139. 8	150. 4 139. 8	
Metals and metal products Qdo Heating equipmentdo	153. 8 119. 4	152. 9 115. 0	152. 2 114. 9	152.3 114.8	152. 4 114. 5	152. 7 115. 2	153. 0 115. 4	153. 1 115. 4	153. 2 115. 5	153.6 115.6	153.7 115, 2	153. 2 114. 8	152.4 114.3	152.7 - 115.0	153. 0 114. 5	
Iron and steel do Nonferrous metals do	170. 0 139. 0	170. 1 134. 2	169. 4 132. 1	169. 7 132. 2	170. 4 132. 3	170. 8 132. 4	170. 2 134. 4	170.3 135.2	170. 1 135. 8	170. 5 136. 2	170. 8 136. 3	170. 5 134. 9	169. 2 134. 0	169.3 134.8	170. 0 134. 5	
Nonmetallic mineral products Qdododo	138. 0 161. 8	138. 5 161. 9	³ 138. 5 162. 1	138. 4 162. 1	138. 6 162. 1	138.6 162.1	138. 5 161. 5	138.3 161.6	138. 4 161. 6	138. 5 161. 7	138. 5 161. 9	138. 9 162. 1	138. 6 162. 0	7 138. 3 162. 1	138. 6 162. 2	
Concrete products do do do do do do do do do do do do do	131. 1 133. 2	r 131. 2 135. 7	131, 1 134, 6	131. 2 134. 6	131.1 134.6	131.3 134.6	131.3 134.6	131.3 134.6	131. 3 134. 6	131. 3 137. 3	131. 4 137. 3	131. 5 137. 3	131. 2 137. 3	131. 1 137. 3	131. 0 137. 3	
Pulp, paper, and allied products do Paper do do do do do do do do do do do do do	133. 2 145. 4	129. 4 145. 6	132. 2 145. 7	132. 2 145. 7	131. 5 145. 7	131. 0 145. 4	126. 1 145. 4	126. 5 145. 9	126. 4 145. 9	126. 3 145. 9	129. 5 145. 3	130. 4 145. 4	129. 9 145. 4	130. 4 145. 4	130. 7 145. 4	
Rubber and products do do Tires and tubes do do do do do do do do do do do do do	144.7 138.4	139.3 r 137.5	139.7 137.2	139.6 137.1	139.9 137.1	140. 1 138. 4	140. 2 138. 4	139. 6 138. 5	139. 0 138. 3	139. 4 138. 3	139. 6 138. 3	139. 4 138. 3	138. 4 137. 0	7 136. 9 133. 8	136. 6 132. 5	
Textile products and apparel Qdododo	96. 1 100. 9	94. 4 r 100. 6	94.8 100.5	94.7 100.5	94. 4 100. 4	94. 1 100. 4	94. 0 100. 3	93.7 100.4	93. 9 100. 4	94. 2 100. 6	94, 4 100. 7	94. 7 100. 8	94.8 100.8	r 94, 9 100. 8	94. 9 100. 8	
Cotton productsdo Manmade fiber textile productsdo	94. 2 79. 1	90. 6 75. 7	90.8 77.3	90. 2 77. 2	90. 2 76. 3	89.9 75.8	89.9 75.4	89. 5 75. 1	89. 7 75. 1	90. 4 75. 1	91. 0 75. 1	91. 6 75. 1	91. 8 75. 5	91. 9 75. 6	92.0 75.6	
Silk productsdodododo	122.9 102.1	131. 7 100. 9	130.9 100.1	129.3 99.9	129. 5 99. 5	129. 5 100. 1	131.5 100.9	130.8 101.0	131. 2 101. 2	136. 2 101. 7	136, 2 102, 1	133. 3 101. 6	132. 9 101. 6	129. 6 101. 6	129. 7 101. 7	
Tobacco prod. and bottled beverages \(\text{\text{\text{-}}} \) do	131.8 120.8 134.8	132. 6 121. 2 134. 8	132, 1 121, 2 134, 8	132. 1 121. 3 134. 8	132. 1 121. 3 134. 8	132. 0 121. 1 134. 8	132. 1 121. 2 134. 8	132. 1 121. 2 134. 8	132. 6 121. 1 134. 8	132. 8 121. 1 134. 8	133. 4 121. 2 134. 8	133. 4 121. 1 134. 8	133. 5 121. 2 134. 8	133. 4 121. 1 134. 8	133. 5 121. 3 134. 8	
Miscellaneousdodododo	92. 1 118. 3	96. 4 119. 1	95. 6 118. 4	95. 2 118. 3	96.8 118.9	97.7 119.0	99. 5 118. 9	95. 9 118. 9	95. 6 119. 0	95. 6 119. 7	95. 6 119. 6	93. 4 119. 9	97. 5 119. 9	98. 6 119. 1	98. 5 118. 6	
PURCHASING POWER OF HE DOLLAR																
s measured by— Wholesale prices1947-49=100	83.6	84.0	83.4	83.3	83.4	83.8	84.2	84.6	84.3	84.1	84.2	84.2	84.2	83. 9	4 83. 5	
Consumer pricesdo	79.1	78. 2	78.5	78.4	78.4	78.4	78.5	78.4	78. 1	78. 1	77.9	77.9	77.9	78.0	4 5 78. 0	

rRevised. 1 Formerly titled fuel, power, and lighting materials. 2 Petroleum and products index, published through Dec. 1960, has been discontinued. 3 Formerly titled nonmetallic minerals, structural. 4 Indexes based on 1935-39=100 are as follows: Measured by—wholesale prices, 43.7 (Jan.); consumer prices, 46.6 (Jan.). 5 Index on 1957-59=100 base

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961						19	961						19	062
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS		nthly erage	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
		CON	STR	UCTI	ON A	ND R	REAL	EST.	ATE							
CONSTRUCTION PUT IN PLACE																
New construction (unadjusted), totalmil. \$	4, 630	r 4, 783	3, 887	3, 684	3, 979	4, 372	4, 853	5, 301	5, 274	5, 402	5, 473	5, 325	5, 190	, 4, 659	r 4, 120	3, 871
Private, total Qdo	3, 300	3, 364	2, 793	2, 645	2,842	3, 110	3, 442	3, 690	3, 734	3, 723	3,740	3, 698	3,603	r 3, 345	r 2, 977	2, 803
Residential (nonfarm) Qdo New housing unitsdo	1, 879 1, 368	r 1, 875 r 1, 349	1, 449 1, 051	1, 322 939	1, 483 1, 056	1,735 1,173	1, 973 1, 256	2, 138 1, 407	2, 125 1, 524	2, 109 1, 578	2,122 1,602	2, 094 1, 607	2, 053 1, 563	r 1, 896 r 1, 432	r 1, 641 r 1, 210	1, 490 1, 092
Additions and alterationsdodo Nonresidential buildings, except farm and	433	r 428	307	292	337	469	619	632	501	428	417	383	388	r 366	т 334	302
public utilities, total 9dodo	847 238	896 230	886 265	858 259	831 246	809 234	842 226	900 219	932 216	937 213	949 218	954 221	948 221	908 221	863 225	835 224
Commercial 9 do Stores, restaurants, and garages* do Stores	348 172 107	389 193 123	362 161 77	352 157 81	345 160 100	337 150 116	363 170 136	401 205 156	419 220 164	416 215 160	421 220 147	425 224 127	424 228 112	398 203 7 97	365 175 7 93	346 163 96
Farm construction do Public utilities do do do do do do do do do do do do do	444	r 449	358	363	406	428	467	473	491	497	503	504	472	r 427	362	365
Public, totaldodo	1	r 1, 420	1,094	1,039	1, 137	1, 262	1, 411	1, 611	1,540	1, 679	1,733	1,627	1,587	^r 1, 314	⁷ 1, 143	1, 068
Nonresidential buildingsdodododo	399 116	428 r 114	389 88	356 109	40 3 119	433 118	440 127	468 136	450 98	462 113	463 138	459 78	418 165	r 391 r 79	r 385 r 78	356 67
Military facilitiesdo_ Highwaysdo_ Other typesdo_	455 359	485 393	291 326	267 307	271 344	338 373	435 409	574 433	562 430	651 453	685 447	651 439	603 401	r 354	7 332 348	313 332
New construction (seasonally adjusted at annual rates), totalmil, \$mil, \$			56, 018	55, 717	55, 794	55, 504	55, 518	57, 206	57. 039	57, 983	58, 910	58, 905	61, 037	r 58, 910	r 59, 580	58, 708
Private, total 9do	1	ł	38, 575	37, 962	38, 511	38, 986	39, 232	40, 328	41, 176	41, 281	41,709	41, 767	42,044	41.881	, 41, 313	40, 398
Residential (nonfarm)dodo	1		20, 649	20, 016	20, 508	21, 042	21, 257	22, 271	23, 118	23, 306	23, 782	24, 026	24, 504	r 24, 440	23, 382	22, 525
Nonresidential buildings, except farm and public utilities, total \(\varphi \)mil. \(\supersize \).			11, 193	11, 100	10, 960	10, 803	10, 628	10, 584	10,608	10, 629	10, 711	10,656	10, 540	10, 564	19, 982	10,849
Industrial do Commercial 9 do do do do do do do do do do do do do			4,848	2, 992 4, 821	2, 957 4, 743	2, 921 4, 636	2, 849 4, 515	2,750 4,510	2,672 4,578	2, 588 4, 646	2,610 4,718 2,398	2,608 4,681	2, 554 4, 608 2, 413	2, 537 4, 641 2, 434	2, 590 4, 928 2, 612	2, 592 4, 756 2, 444
Stores, restaurants, and garages*do Farm constructiondo Public utilitiesdo			1. 126	2, 356 1, 157 5, 384	2, 338 1, 334 5, 398	2, 192 1, 508 5, 323	2,095 1,686 5,383	2, 141 1, 839 5, 382	2, 255 1, 759 5, 457	2, 347 1, 654 5, 470	1, 590 5, 422	2,388 1,472 5,404	1,416 5,380	7 1, 337 7 5, 337	r 1, 327 r 5, 387	1, 361 5, 406
Public, total 9do	1	}	,	17, 755	17, 283	16,518	16, 286	16,878	15, 863	16, 702	17, 201	17,138	18,993	r 17, 029	718,267	18,310
Nonresidential buildingsdo Military facilitiesdo		i	5, 094	5, 157	5, 221	5, 222	5, 186	5, 229	4, 963	5, 044	5, 091	5, 105	5.172	r 5, 073	5,042	5, 159
Military facilities do do do do do do do do do do do do do			1, 284 6, 470	1, 942 5, 934	1, 764 5, 662	1, 651 5, 060	1, 507 4, 983	1, 382 5, 527	1, 140 5, 128	1, 153 5, 762	1,404 5,960	793 6, 340	1.760 7,099	f 982 6, 235	r 1, 139 r 7, 250	1, 186 6, 963
CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS																
Construction contracts in 48 States (F. W. Dodge Corp.):	9.000	0.114	2 105	0.005	0.00	0.000		0.400		0.540	9.004		9.000	0.710	2 250	
Valuation, total mil. \$ Public ownership do Private ownership do	3, 026 1, 049 1, 978	3, 114 1, 052 2, 062	2, 485 838 1, 647	2, 235 732 1, 504	3, 166 1, 090 2, 075	3, 298 1, 170 2, 128	3, 501 1, 127 2, 374	3, 602 1, 235 2, 367	3, 529 1, 265 2, 263	3, 543 1, 158 2, 384	3,004 954 2,050	3, 291 1, 021 2, 270	3, 008 942 2, 066	2,712 1,091 1,621	2, 658 922 1, 736	
By type of building:	i .	1,019	813	804	1,027	1,050	1, 105	1, 221	1, 154	1,087	987	1,005	1,095	883	853	
Nonresidential do- Residential do- Public works do-	579	1,348 581	974 400	870 394	1, 371 625	1, 454 639	1, 553 623	1, 558 632	1, 502 710	1,589 687	1, 381 534	1,498 631	1,306 496	1,125 597	1, 190 527	
Utilitiesdo	169	166	298	167	142	154	219	191	163	179	103	156	111	107	88	
Contract awards (ENR) §do	1,888	1,832	1,661	1, 360	1, 912	1, 817	1,789	2, 392	1,883	2, 220	1, 657	1,869	2, 071	1,351	1,501	1, 806
Highway concrete pavement contract awards:07 Totalthous. sq. ydsdirportsdo	9, 315	8, 939	8, 632	7, 349	7, 762	10, 522	10, 482	11, 216	9,041	11, 765	6, 929	8, 671	9, 192	5, 706	8, 896	
Roadsdo	5,653	5, 390	959 5, 891	224 5, 125	980 5, 083	7, 232	5, 994	582 6, 119	4, 328	802 7,058	3, 203	174 5, 418	327 5, 117	4,114	382 6, 338	
Streets and alleysdodo	3, 041	3,073	1,782	1,999	1, 699	3. 088	4, 378	4, 514	3, 774	3,906	3, 423	3,080	3,748	1,479	2, 176	
New housing units started:																
Unadjusted: Total, incl. farm (public and private)thous	108.0	, 113.0	72. 5	81.0	109.7	115.3	130. 7	138. 3	128. 5	130. 1	128. 2	128.9	r 105, 5	r 87. 4	84.0	
One-family structures do Privately owned do do do do do do do do do do do do do	84. 1 104. 3	82. 0 r 108. 7	51. 8 69. 8	56. 5 75. 8	80. 1 104. 6	85. 4 111. 0	97. 9 126. 6	100. 6 132. 4	97. 6 125. 2	96. 1 127. 0	91. 5 122. 4	94.1 124.0	7 74.1 7 102.5	58. 2 r 83. 1	81.6	
Total nonfarm (public and private)do In metropolitan areasdo	106. 2 74. 0	7 110.6 7 78.0	71.0 51.1	77. 7 55. 7	107. 3 79. 1	113. 0 79. 7	128. 3 89. 5	135. 3 92. 5	126. 0 87. 2	127. 4 87. 5	126. 5 90. 9	126. 4 88. 0	r 103. 8 r 71. 9	* 85. 2 * 63. 3	82.4	
Privately owneddo	102. 5	7 106. 4	68.3	72. 5	102. 2	108. 7	124. 2	129. 5	122.7	124. 2	120.7	121.5	100.8	r 80. 9	80.0	
Seasonally adjusted at annual rates: Total, including farm (private only)do			1, 127	1, 169	1, 296	1, 166	1, 291	1, 381	1,343	1, 326	1, 383	1, 434	r 1, 351	, 1, 309	1, 292	
Total nonfarm (private only)do CONSTRUCTION COST INDEXES			1, 098	1, 115	1, 262	1, 143	1, 268	1, 351	1,318	1, 301	1, 365	1,404	* 1, 328	r 1, 269	1, 260	
Department of Commerce composite							1									
1947-49=100	144	145	143	144	144	145	145	145	146	145	145	145	144	145	r 144	145
American Appraisal Co., The: Average, 30 cities 1913=100 At least 40	722	741	732	733	733	735	737	740	742	746	747	748	747	747	748	
Atlanta do New York do San Francisco do	793 783 677	810 814 703	806 808 691	806 808 695	807 808 696	808 808 696	808 808 696	809 810 704	809 820 706	809 820 706	809 821 708	819 821 715	815 819 711	815 815 711	824 825 711	
St. Louis do do	700	703	710	710	696 713	713	721	704 721	706	706	708 722	715 722	731	711 731	711	
Associated General Contractors (building only) 1913=100	533	543	539	536	538	538	542	547	547	547	547	547	547	547	550	550
r Revised.	,		•				•		Ang a							

r Revised.
2 Includes data not shown separately.
*See Bureau of Census reports for monthly data prior to Aug. 1960.

^{\$}Data for Mar., June, Aug., and Nov. 1961 are for 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks. 3 Data for Jan., May, Aug., and Oct. 1961 and Jan. 1962 are for 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961						19	61						19	062
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon aver		Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan,	Feb.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	CON	STRU	CTIC)N AI	ND R	EAL	ESTA	TE-	Conti	nued						·
CONSTRUCTION COST INDEXES—Con.																
E. H. Boeckh and Associates: ¶ Average, 20 cities: Apartments, hotels, office buildings: Brick and concrete U.S. avg. 1926-29=100 Brick and steel	313. 6 302. 3	320. 3 306. 1	315.6 302.5	315. 7 302. 5	315.9 302.7	316. 2 302. 9	320.1 305.0	321.6 306.4	322. 4 308. 0	322. 8 308. 2	323. 3 308. 7	323. 4 308. 6	323. 3 308. 5	323. 8 308. 9	324. 5 300. 6	
Brick and wood	297. 8 326. 2 321. 2 298. 5	298. 8 334. 4 324. 3 300. 9	296. 4 329. 0 320. 8 298. 2	296. 4 329. 1 320. 9 298. 2	296. 4 329. 1 320. 8 298. 1	296. 6 329. 5 321. 2 298. 1	298. 7 334. 6 324. 0 300. 8	299. 7 335. 9 325. 2 301. 9	300. 3 336. 8 325. 9 302. 4	300. 3 337. 0 326. 1 302. 5	300 7 337. 6 326. 6 302. 8	300. 0 337. 9 326. 5 302. 5	337. 8 326. 5 302. 4	300. 1 338, 3 326. 9 302, 5	300. 5 338. 8 327. 5 303. 0	
Frame do Steel do Residences: Brick Brick do Frame do	294. 4 302. 6 299. 2 288. 4	294. 4 301. 4 300. 9 288. 5	292, 2 300, 1 298, 2 286, 5	292, 3 300, 1 298, 2 286, 5	292. 0 300. 1 298. 2 286. 4	292. 4 300. 4 298. 4 286. 7	294. 5 300. 5 300. 9 288. 4	295. 3 301. 5 301. 9 289. 3	296. 0 302. 0 302. 5 289. 9	295. 9 302. 2 302. 6 289. 9	296. 3 302. 5 303. 0 290. 2	295. 1 302. 3 302. 3 289 3	295. 1 302. 2 302. 2 289. 2	295. 3 302. 5 302. 4 289. 3	295. 7 303. 1 302. 8 289. 7	
Engineering News-Record:© Building	165. 7 182. 2	168. 2 187. 4	166, 5 184, 2	166. 5 184. 1	167.1 184.9 94.4	168.3 187.0	168. 6 187. 7	169.1 188.4 93.2	168. 8 188. 5	169. 0 188. 5	168. 7 188. 6 95. 1	168. 8 188. 8	168. 7 188. 7	168.8 188.8 97.2	169, 4 189, 5	170 190
CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS																
Output index: Composite, unadjusted \(\psi \tau \tau \tau \tau \tau \tau \tau \tau	131. 1		104. 6 111. 6	100. 1 113. 4	125. 3 130. 0	131. 6 129. 5	146, 9 137, 3	149, 9 140, 4	130, 5 135, 6	153. 8 139. 7	141, 8 136, 0	143. 6 127. 0	125. 9 132. 1			
Iron and steel products, unadjusted†do Lumber and wood products, unadj.‡do Portland cement, unadjusteddo	128, 6 r 131, 7 159, 0	130. 8 161. 2	100, 7 112, 2 100, 2	94. 7 109. 9 90. 0	120.9 128.2 130.7	132. 5 133. 2 158. 3	149, 1 147, 2 186, 1	158. 8 140. 6 189. 0	132, 2 120, 8 194, 5	156, 2 151, 9 199, 0	144. 5 137. 7 188. 3	r 144. 7 r 142. 9 193. 5	$\begin{bmatrix} 123, 2 \\ r \ 131, 1 \\ 165, 3 \end{bmatrix}$	113. 9 139. 9		
REAL ESTATE Home mortgages insured or guaranteed by—										1						i
Ted. House Adm.: Face amount	383, 38 165, 42 21, 981	397, 10 152, 63 2 2, 662	410, 35 131, 65 1, 571	340, 97 107, 75 1, 496	347, 56 124, 84 1, 477	317.68 108.65 1,576	348.99 123.39 1,624	385, 86 137, 27 1, 869	386, 21 144, 39 1, 871	463, 35 181, 66 2, 001	422, 39 167, 99 2, 124	432, 48 200, 91 2, 202	483, 73 205, 91 2, 288	425, 65 197, 11 2, 662	489, 34 226, 58	
New mortgage loans of all savings and loan associations, estimated total	1,192 390	r 1, 447 423	969 285	1,001 288	1.356 426	1,309 417	1,511	1.721	1,482	1, 76 3 498	1, 594 436	1, 629 464	1, 529	7 1, 500 7 417	1, 345 349	
Home purchasedoAll other purposesdo. New nonfarm mortgages recorded (\$20,000 and under), estimated totalmil. \$	511 291 2, 445	r 601 r 423 2, 596	400 284 2, 075 5, 502	395 318 1, 997	515 415 2,444 6,272	504 388 2, 358 5, 942	603 448 2, 700 6, 090	712 477 2,856	659 401 2, 653 5, 946	785 480 3.004	695 463 2,777	696 469 2, 961	645 448 2, 754	7 598 7 485 2, 579	553 443	
Nonfarm foreclosuresnumber Fire lossesmil, \$	4, 279 92, 32	100. 75	5, 523 117, 25	5, 096 116. 61	109, 22	95. 49	93.10	6, 576 103, 35	93.11	6. 348 91. 63	6, 214 76, 98	86, 93	115. 85	109. 52		
				DOM	ESTI	C TR	ADE	·	<u></u>			·	-			<u>·</u>
ADVERTISING																-
rinters' Ink advertising index, seas. adj.: Combined index	235 246 188		230 227 194	225 225 186	232 221 187	225 234 177	232 241 182	236 242 171	236 258 173	237 236 176	245 250 192	237 256 187	244 250 183			
Newspapers do Outdoor do Radio (network) do Television (network) .1950-52=100	210 160 23 462		206 149 18 449	190 140 24 473	212 135 23 487	196 125 23 479	200 126 25 499	215 149 25 522	185 150 29 520	204 157 26 538	216 152 22 518	189 139 23 526	223 132 23 530			
Felevision advertising: Network: Gross time costs, totalmil. \$do	56. 9 4. 6		61.8 4.9	57. 1 3. 7	63. 6 3. 9	59. 8 3. 3	61.7 3.8	59. 9 3. 6	58. 1 3. 3	58. 4 2. 7	58. 3 3. 1	70. 6 6. 2				
Drugs and toiletriesdo Foods, soft drinks, confectionerydo	16.3 10.8		18. 4 13. 4	16, 6 12, 9	18. 2 14. 4	15. 5 13. 6	16. 6 13. 3	18. 4 12. 0	19. 3 11. 4	19. 1 11. 9	16. 8 12. 3	19. 7 14. 9				
Soaps, cleansers, etc. do.	5. 8 6. 4 13. 0		6, 5 6, 8 11, 8	6, 7 6, 0 11, 1	7. 8 6. 6 12. 7	7. 7 6. 5 13. 3	7. 2 7. 0 13. 7	7. 1 6. 6 12. 1 160. 6	6. 6 8. 1 9. 5	7. 7 7. 7 9. 2	8. 0 7. 5 10. 6	l		ì		-
Automotive, incl. accessoriesdo Drugs and tolletriesdo Foods, soft drinks, confectionerydo	1 5. 6 1 28. 7 1 49. 8				4, 0 31, 1 56, 6			4. 6 28. 2 54. 1			4. 0 24. 5 38. 4					
Soaps, cleansers, etcdo Smoking materialsdo All otherdo	1 18. 9 1 8. 9 1 42. 4				16. 8 7. 5 35. 3			21. 6 8. 3 43. 8			6. 3				I	-1
Magazine advertising: do Cost, total. do Apparel and accessories. do Automotive, incl. accessories. do Building materials. do Drugs and tolletries. do Foods, soft drinks, confectionery. do	71. 1 4. 7 7. 8 3. 0 6. 7 9. 8	69. 7 4. 5 7. 0 2. 5 6. 6 10. 2	48. 9 1. 5 6. 8 1. 6 3. 9 8. 0	64. 5 3. 1 7. 5 2. 1 5. 5 11. 4	77. 0 5. 6 8. 2 2. 8 7. 2 11. 6	83. 5 6. 5 8. 6 4. 3 6. 7 11. 8	78.7 5.8 7.6 3.6 7.2 10.8	66. 5 2. 9 5. 8 3. 3 7. 1 10. 0	47.6 .7 3.5 1.8 5.9 8.4	47. 4 4. 8 2. 7 1. 8 4. 6 7. 4	80.0 8.6 7.1 3.6 7.7 9.0	89, 8 6, 0 11, 0 2, 9 8, 7 13, 0	84. 7 5. 1 9. 4 1. 8 7. 7 12. 3	5. 8 . 9 7. 1		-
Beer, wine, liquors	4. 2 5. 6 4. 6 . 8 2. 2 21. 7	4. 3 4. 8 3. 8 . 7 2. 4 22. 9	2.7 2.0 1.9 .4 1.7 18.4	3, 3 3, 1 2, 8 , 8 2, 5 22, 4	4. 3 4. 7 3. 6 . 8 2. 7 25. 7	4. 4 6. 7 4. 4 . 9 2. 2 26. 8	4. 5 6. 7 4. 7 2. 2 25, 0	4.1 4.0 4.2 .7 2.7 21.6	3. 2 2. 4 3. 3 . 4 2. 2 15. 8	2. 5 2. 3 2. 7 . 5 2. 2 16. 0	3.8 6.2 4.8 .6 2.6 25.8	5. 1 8. 0 5. 2 1. 1 2. 3 26. 5	4.8 .9 2.6	3.6 .5 2.9		

Revised. ¹ Quarterly average based on quarterly data. ² End of year. ¶Copyrighted data; see last paragraph of headnote, p. S-1. ^O Data reported at the beginning of each month are shown here for the previous month, †Revised to reflect current specifications and base period; data prior to 4th qtr. 1960 are available upon request.

 $^{{\}tt Q}$ Includes data for items not shown separately. ‡Revisions for 1955–1960 (1959–1960 for lumber and wood) are available upon request.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	19	61						19	062
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS		nthly rage	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
		I	OOMI	ESTIC	TRA	DE-	-Cont	inued	l							
ADVERTISING—Continued																
Newspaper advertising linage (52 cities): Total	240. 7 61. 3 179. 5 13. 8 4. 5 28. 8 132. 4	231. 4 58. 1 173. 3 12. 3 4. 9 26. 9 129. I	195. 7 53. 6 142. 1 11. 0 6. 7 19. 0 105. 4	188. 6 50. 0 138. 5 9. 8 4. 1 22. 8 101. 9	236, 2 57, 8 178, 3 12, 8 4, 7 29, 0 131, 9	241. 8 60. 4 181. 5 13. 1 5. 1 31. 0 132. 2	249. 3 62. 2 187. 1 15. 8 4. 6 32. 3 134. 4	236. 5 61. 3 175. 3 13. 8 5. 0 30. 4 126. 0	207. 7 60. 6 147. 1 10. 8 5. 5 21. 0 109. 7	224. 4 61. 3 163. 1 10. 8 3. 8 21. 8 126. 7	231. 8 59. 1 172. 7 13. 7 4. 2 26. 9 127. 9	260. 9 63. 2 197. 8 13. 9 5. 2 34. 1 144. 6	261. 3 57. 5 203. 9 13. 0 4. 8 31. 5 154. 5	242. 8 50. 8 192. 0 8. 9 5. 6 23. 3 154. 3	201. 3 55. 7 145. 6 10. 7 7. 8 18. 7 108. 4	
All retail stores: Estimated sales (unadj.), total†mil. \$	18, 295	, 18, 243	15, 803	15, 071	17, 934	17. 398	18, 532	18, 907	17, 922	18, 325	18, 158	18, 761	19.224	r 22, 881	z 16, 980	115, 982
Durable goods stores Q	5, 894 3, 292 3, 082 211	5, 617 7 3, 084 7 2, 870 7 215	4, 634 2, 676 2, 526 150	4. 479 2, 587 2, 438 149	5, 467 3, 190 3, 007 183	5, 414 3, 088 2, 890 198	6, 006 3, 413 3, 192 221	6, 214 3, 454 3, 207 247	5, 640 3, 033 2, 796 237	5, 712 2, 985 2, 745 240	5, 386 2, 751 2, 510 221	6, 047 3, 308 3, 082 226	6. 095 3, 398 3, 180 218	r 6, 307 r 3, 148 r 2, 862 r 286	r 5, 177 r 3, 111 2, 925 186	1 4, 900 1 2, 927
Furniture and appllance group	883 564 319 943 718 224	865 547 7 318 913 7 700 7 213	723 445 278 659 493 166	682 431 251 632 475 157	776 488 288 820 625 195	768 493 275 878 666 212	844 553 291 990 755 235	895 563 332 1,039 799 240	845 534 311 1,008 783 225	914 583 331 1,057 838 219	879 553 326 985 775 210	915 591 324 1, 028 821 207	960 614 346 949 743 206	7 1, 181 7 718 7 463 7 906 7 626 7 280	769 483 286 690 530 160	1714
Nondurable goods stores Q do Apparel group do Men's and boys' wear stores do Women's apparel, accessory stores do Family and other apparel stores do Shoe stores do	12, 400 1, 142 218 444 276 204	r12, 626 r 1, 144 222 r 439 282 201	11, 169 886 187 347 202 150	10, 592 775 146 315 179 135	12, 467 1, 191 200 457 302 232	11, 984 1, 019 181 401 238 199	12, 526 1, 105 205 434 260 206	12, 693 1, 109 242 405 256 206	12, 282 953 190 358 224 181	12, 613 1, 039 182 399 260 198	12, 772 1, 153 201 438 285 229	12, 714 1, 188 224 462 299 203	13,129 1, 261 252 483 329 197	r 16, 574 r 2, 051 r 449 r 770 r 550 r 282	r 11, 803 r 946 194 361 224 167	111,082
Drug and proprietary stores do Eating and drinking places do Food group do Grocery stores do Gasoline service stations do	628 1,341 4,486 4,028 1,466	7 645 1, 367 7 4, 618 4, 159 7 1, 498	606 1, 229 4, 287 3, 860 1, 381	588 1, 135 4, 173 3, 747 1, 282	627 1, 282 4, 702 4, 233 1, 429	607 1, 313 4, 486 4, 036 1, 439	629 1, 386 4, 574 4, 114 1, 523	624 1, 432 4, 771 4, 295 1, 568	629 1,490 4,682 4,210 1,604	630 1, 507 4, 644 4, 172 1, 616	629 1, 440 4, 816 4, 357 1, 519	634 1, 409 4, 523 4, 070 1, 550	646 1, 359 4, 595 4, 146 1, 514	7 890 7 1, 421 7 5, 168 7 4, 670 7 1, 546	r 661 r 1, 287 r 4, 494 r 4, 057 r 1, 437	1 627 1 1, 211 1 4, 306 1 3, 911 1 1, 309
General merchandise group 9 do. Department storesdo. Mail order houses (dept. store mdse.) do. Variety storesdo. Liquor storesdo.	2,001 1,162 155 325 407	2, 076 1, 213 161 340 409	1, 456 829 120 222 359	1, 417 796 117 239 341	1, 921 1, 105 163 312 374	1, 803 1, 052 134 286 375	1, 966 1, 143 156 312 383	1, 993 1, 180 142 315 393	1,772 1,018 120 300 404	2, 032 1, 177 163 330 398	2,070 1,225 150 331 403	2. 165 1. 284 178 332 397	2, 459 1, 452 237 375 430	r 3, 853 r 2, 293 248 r 724 r 647	r 1, 627 r 945 128 245 380	1 1, 526 1 870
Estimated sales (seas, adj.), total†do		1	17, 773	17, 795	18, 127	17, 860	17. 995	18, 199	18,026	18, 181	18, 141	18, 587	19,107	⁷ 18, 836	r 18, 878	i
Durable goods stores Q			5, 359 2, 848 2, 651 197	5, 348 2, 890 2, 687 203	5, 547 3, 044 2, 838 206	5, 409 2, 919 2, 714 205	5, 549 3, 105 2, 900 205	5, 586 3, 068 2, 854 214	5, 505 2, 934 2, 717 217	5, 472 2, 935 2, 721 214	5, 620 3, 119 2, 893 226	5, 865 3, 278 3, 056 222	6, 199 3, 609 3, 392 217	r 5, 924 r 3, 286 r 3, 050 r 236	7 5, 928 3, 356 3, 120 236	1 5, 875
Furniture and appliance group			844 528 316 913 689 224	812 509 303 900 682 218	833 515 318 944 720 224	872 547 325 900 687 213	839 537 302 877 673 204	857 547 310 899 687 212	883 568 315 926 704 222	883 557 326 914 703 211	876 556 320 875 670 205	880 562 318 918 719 199	866 545 321 930 729 201	r 914 r 577 r 337 r 949 r 726 r 223	871 559 312 932 725 207	
Nondurable goods stores Q do_ Apparel group do_ Men's and boys' wear stores do_ Women's apparel, accessory stores do_ Family and other apparel stores do_ Shoe stores do_			12, 414 1, 144 224 442 281 197	12, 447 1, 130 211 441 277 201	12, 580 1, 161 224 437 294 206	12, 451 1, 076 205 409 265 197	12, 446 1, 103 216 415 280 192	12, 613 1, 136 229 435 275 197	12, 521 1, 118 218 434 266 200	12, 709 1, 177 230 453 289 205	12, 521 1, 106 218 430 265 193	12, 722 1, 173 231 453 282 207	12,908 1,187 229 459 295 204	r 12, 912 r 1, 164 r 218 r 445 r 294 207	7 12, 950 1, 182 221 447 299 215	13,069
Drug and proprietary stores do Eating and drinking places do Food group do Grocery stores do Gasoline service stations do	l	1	615 1, 340 4, 563 4, 115 1, 465	629 1, 339 4, 590 4, 122 1, 473	634 1, 390 4, 603 4, 128 1, 491	628 1, 380 4, 548 4, 085 1, 474	630 1, 347 4, 624 4, 164 1, 480	642 1, 370 4, 622 4, 157 1, 500	649 1, 335 4, 610 4, 143 1, 485	644 1, 345 4, 684 4, 214 1, 503	641 1,377 4,602 4,153 1,511	644 1, 369 4, 646 4, 183 1, 521	675 1, 398 4, 694 4, 244 1, 519	r 4, 196	666 1, 403 4, 709 4, 250 1, 533	
General merchandise group 9 do Department stores do Mail order houses (dept, store mdse.) do Variety stores do Liquor stores do			1, 950 1, 112 152 329 422	1, 998 1, 159 149 331 405	2, 039 1, 172 168 334 407	2,027 1,192 161 322 420	1, 974 1, 132 157 335 400	2, 067 1, 205 160 339 416	2, 069 1, 237 155 324 393	2, 082 1, 208 163 350 409	2,075 1,225 157 331 386	2, 101 1, 216 166 349 411	2, 165 1, 245 174 370 421	r 2, 184 r 1, 311 r 158 r 347 r 409	2, 126 1, 232 161 354 433	
Estimated inventories, end of year or month: ‡ Book value (unadjusted), total	25. 98 11. 72 4. 88 1. 90 2. 35	25. 78 11. 03 4. 38 7 1. 88 2. 25	25. 84 11. 78 5. 01 1. 84 2. 37	26. 30 11. 86 5. 03 1. 85 2. 41	26. 67 11. 81 4. 83 1. 90 2. 46	26. 87 11. 81 4. 78 1. 90 2. 48	26. 70 11. 86 4. 87 1. 92 2. 46	26. 23 11. 73 4. 78 1. 89 2. 43	26. 09 11. 63 4. 71 1. 87 2. 42	25. 70 10. 74 3. 86 1. 89 2. 34	26. 26 10. 72 3. 81 1. 91 2. 31	27. 00 10. 96 3. 90 1. 95 2. 30	7 27. 71 11. 26 4. 12 1. 99 2. 30	25. 78 11. 03 4. 38 r 1. 88 2. 25	25, 86 11, 36 4, 76 1, 85 2, 28	
Nondurable goods stores 9 do_ Apparel group do_ Food group_do_ General merchandise group do_	14, 26 3, 16 3, 14 3, 89	14, 75 3, 22 3, 31 r 4, 04	14. 06 3. 10 3. 05 3. 83	14. 44 3. 22 3. 12 4. 02	14. 86 3. 34 3. 19 4. 25	15.06 3.38 3.19 4.33	14. 84 3. 30 3. 19 4. 24	14. 50 3. 15 3. 19 4. 08	14. 46 3. 12 3. 18 4. 10	14. 96 3. 38 3. 22 4. 30	15. 54 3. 59 3. 28 4. 58	16. 04 3. 71 3. 38 4. 81	7 16. 45 3. 70 3. 48 7 4. 94	14.75 3.22 3.31 4.04	3, 09 3, 24	
Book value (seas. adj.), total	27. 18 12. 33 5. 27 1. 95 2. 44	r 26, 86 11, 52 4, 69 1, 92 2, 33	26. 83 11. 93 4. 90 1. 91 2. 44	26. 57 11. 68 4. 69 1. 89 2. 42	26. 07 11. 35 4. 37 1. 90 2. 40	26. 18 11. 25 4. 28 1. 89 2. 41	26. 23 11. 31 4. 38 1. 91 2. 37	26, 22 11, 37 4, 44 1, 90 2, 38	26. 34 11. 46 4. 49 1. 90 2. 40	25. 98 11. 01 4. 15 1. 90 2. 35	26. 34 11. 26 4. 38 1. 89 2. 34	26. 40 11. 25 4. 37 1. 89 2. 33	r 26. 75 11. 44 4. 58 1. 89 2. 36	r 26, 86 11, 52 4, 69 1, 92 2, 33	4. 69 1. 92	
Nondurable goods stores	14, 85 3, 36 3, 14 4, 26	7 15. 34 3. 41 3. 31 4. 44	14. 90 3. 41 3. 12 4. 23	14. 89 3. 33 3. 16 4. 24	14. 72 3. 26 3. 18 4. 23	14. 93 3. 36 3. 16 4. 31	14. 92 3. 36 3. 17 4. 30	14. 85 3. 33 3. 18 4. 24	14. 88 3. 32 3. 20 4. 26	14. 97 3. 31 3. 27 4. 28	15. 09 3. 33 3. 31 4. 32	15. 14 3. 39 3. 32 4. 34	7 15. 32 3. 39 3. 39 7 4. 32	7 15. 34 3. 41 3. 31 4. 44	3.32	

3.10 | 3.17 | 3.18 | 3.20 | 3.27 | 3.31 | 3.32 | 3.39 | 3.31 | 3.32 | 4.31 | 4.30 | 4.24 | 4.26 | 4.28 | 4.32 | 4.34 | r.4.32 | 4.44 | 4.43 | 1.28 | 4.32 | 4.34 | 4.32 | 4.34 | 1.32 | 4.34 | 1.32 | 4.34 | 1.32 | 4.34 | 1.32 | 4.34 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 | 1.32 |

1960 1961 1962 Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS Monthly average Jan. Feb. Mar. May June July Sept. Oct. Nov. Apr. Aug. Dec. Jan. Feb. **DOMESTIC TRADE—Continued**

			01.11	~											
RETAIL TRADE—Continued															
Firms with 4 or more stores: Estimated sales (unadjusted), totalmil. \$	4, 724	r 5, 136	4, 107	4,044	5, 047	4, 763	4, 988	5, 193	4, 805	5, 077	5, 282	5, 241	5, 601	7, 478	4, 606
Firms with 11 or more stores: Estimated sales (unadj.), total 9do	4, 223	4, 386	3, 534	3, 472	4, 334	4,065	4, 263	4, 462	4, 133	4, 339	4, 509	4, 423	4, 726	6, 376	3, 874
Apparel group 9 do Men's and boys' wear stores do Women's apparel, accessory stores do Shoe stores do	293 29 118 85	297 30 120 86	200 23 76 62	186 18 76 57	328 29 128 102	263 24 106 83	292 28 119 87	295 32 116 91	242 23 98 73	270 22 111 79	305 24 122 97	310 32 125 85	335 37 138 85	542 64 229 129	224 24 85 70
Drug and proprietary storesdo Eating and drinking placesdo Furniture, homefurnishings storesdo	121 93 37	127 95 38	113 84 28	108 80 29	121 92 36	118 93 35	119 96 42	122 98 39	121 100 37	119 101 37	122 101 36	122 98 41	130 98 43	212 100 50	124 93 32
General merchandise group Qdodo	1,290 781 251 $1,785$ 69 82	1, 354 823 262 1, 843 63 92	910 548 164 1,695 48 59	897 534 179 1,669 47 62	1, 240 747 241 1, 930 57 78	1,183 732 222 1,782 60 87	1, 286 783 245 1, 798 68 95	1,320 818 249 1,921 74 109	1, 171 709 234 1, 820 71 103	1, 344 806 260 1, 802 76 101	1, 352 834 256 1, 953 71 92	1, 421 872 261 1, 771 74 96	1,610 975 286 1,843 64 94	2, 517 1, 517 550 2, 135 51 129	1, 052 642 183 1, 784 42 79
Estimated sales (seas. adj.), total Qdo			4,195	4, 262	r 4, 328	4, 270	4, 282	4, 371	4, 360	4, 446	4, 3 86	4, 441	4, 525	4, 579	4, 510
Apparel group 9 do Men's and boys' wear stores do Women's apparel, accessory stores do Shoe stores do			289 30 116 88	293 29 120 88	295 29 119 88	274 26 112 81	291 29 114 86	290 30 117 84	297 29 118 82	323 32 123 90	288 28 120 82	308 32 125 90	313 31 128 90	302 30 125 84	314 30 126
Drug and proprietary stores do. Eating and drinking places do. Furniture, homefurnishings stores do.			122 90 36	123 90 33	124 94 36	125 95 37	121 95 40	125 95 38	124 93 41	123 93 36	126 98 36	126 96 38	135 100 37	141 100 41	133 101 39
General merchandise group?do			1, 250 745 246 1, 808 67 79	1,303 793 248 1,808 68 84	7 1, 319 793 258 1, 835 67 89	1,329 812 249 1,795 62 90	1, 299 768 264 1, 828 61 84	1,344 802 268 1,851 63 94	1, 357 831 253 1, 827 62 95	1, 362 810 279 1, 865 62 93	1, 350 827 261 1, 856 61 96	1, 379 830 276 1, 845 64 97	1, 410 851 279 1, 877 63 96	1, 434 916 257 1, 899 63 100	1, 408 848 268 1, 865 56 101
Department stores: Accounts receivable, end of month: Charge accounts	177 433 46	175 450 47	210 480 45	173 462 45	165 449	164 441 44	164 437 48	162 433 48	149 428 47	153 428 48	162 430 46 15	170 445 48	185 456 49	246 516 48	47
Installment accountsdo	15 43 42 15	15 43 42 16	14 43 40 17	14 42 42 16	16 42 43 15	14 43 42 15	15 43 42 15	15 43 41 16	14 43 40 17	15 43 41 16	42 42 16	16 41 43 16	17 42 42 16	16 45 40 15	16 42 40 18
Sales, total United States: 1947-49=100_ Seasonally adjusted	146	p 149	108 142	109 145	132 146	134 148	140 144	141 149	126 151	136 150	150 150	r 154 r 151	184 153	279 156	r p 113 p 113 r p 149 p 151
Stocks, total U.S., end of month: Unadjusteddo Seasonally adjusteddo	164	p 166	145 162	153 161	164 161	169 162	165 164	156 r 163	157 166	165 169	178 170	189 170	196 172	156 172	
WHOLESALE TRADE †					-										
Sales, estimated (unadj.), totalbil. \$ Durable goods establishmentsdo Nondurable goods establishmentsdo	12. 33 4. 44 7. 89	12. 56 74. 28 8. 27	11.37 3.77 7.60	11.31 3.67 7.64	12.75 4.25 8.50	11.69 4.03 7.66	12. 72 4. 41 8. 31	12. 81 4. 57 8. 24	11.86 4.13 7.73	13. 34 4. 64 8. 70	12. 61 4. 42 8. 19	13. 69 4. 74 8. 95	13. 64 4. 55 9. 09	r 12.87 r 4.22 r 8.65	12.38 4.18 8.20
Inventories, estimated (unadj.), totaldo Durable goods establishmentsdo Nondurable goods establishmentsdo	1 13. 21 6. 61 6. 60	r 1 13. 49 r 6. 68 r 6. 81	13. 14 6. 59 6. 55	13. 15 6. 71 6. 44	13. 39 6. 81 6. 58	13. 34 6. 87 6. 47	13. 34. 6. 83 6. 51	13. 31 6. 82 6. 49	13. 34 6. 85 6. 49	13. 54 6. 83 6. 71	13. 57 6. 82 6. 75	13. 74 6. 77 6. 97	13. 78 6. 74 7. 04	7 13. 49 7 6. 68 7 6. 81	13. 55 6. 70 6. 84

EMPLOYMENT AND POPULATION

POPULATION Population, U.S. (incl. Alaska and Hawaii): Total, incl. armed forces overseasmil	2 180.67	² 183. 65	182. 26	182. 49	182. 71	182. 95	183. 17	183. 41	183. 65	183. 91	184. 20	184. 48	184.74	184. 97	185, 19	185. 40
EMPLOYMENT																
Noninstitutional population, est. number 14 years of age and over, total, unadjmil.	125. 37	127. 85	126.72	126. 92	127. 12	127. 34	127. 56	127. 77	127. 99	128. 18	128. 37	128. 57	128. 76	128. 94	129. 12	129. 29
Total labor force, incl. armed forcesthous Civilian labor force, totaldo Employed, totaldo Agricultural employmentdo. Nonagricultural employmentdo	70, 612	74, 175 71, 603 66, 796 5, 463 61, 333	69, 837 64, 452	70, 360	73, 540 71, 011 65, 516 4, 977 60, 539	73, 216 70, 696 65, 734 5, 000 60, 734	74, 059 71, 546 66, 778 5, 544 61, 234	76, 790 74, 286 68, 706 6, 671 62, 035	76, 153 73, 639 68, 499 6, 453 62, 046	75, 610 73, 081 68, 539 6, 325 62, 215	73, 670 71, 123 67, 038 5, 666 61, 372	74, 345 71, 759 67, 824 5, 964 61, 860	74, 096 71, 339 67, 349 5, 199 62, 149	73, 372 70, 559 66, 467 4, 418 62, 049	72, 564 69, 721 65, 058 4, 417 60, 641	73, 218 70, 332 65, 789 4, 578 61, 211
Unemployed, total	956	4, 806 1, 532 6. 7 53, 677	5, 385 1, 339 7, 7 54, 364	5, 705 1, 624 8. 1 54, 024	5, 495 1, 862 7. 7 53, 574	4, 962 2, 128 7. 0 54, 121	4, 768 1, 915 6, 7 53, 499	5, 580 1, 575 7, 5 50, 977	5, 140 1, 634 7. 0 51, 833	4, 542 1, 440 6. 2 52, 573	4, 085 1, 257 5. 7 54, 701	3, 934 1, 240 5, 5 54, 226	3, 990 1, 137 5. 6 54, 659	4, 091 1, 233 5, 8 55, 570	4, 663 1, 252 6. 7 56, 554	4, 543 1, 431 6, 5 56, 072
Civilian labor force, seas. adj.*doEmployed, totaldodo			71, 554 66, 651 5, 721 60, 852 4, 761 6. 7	71, 869 66, 723 5, 763 60, 922 4, 968 6. 9	72, 092 67, 127 5, 787 61, 274 4, 874 6. 8	71, 410 66, 398 5, 297 61, 101 4, 950 6. 9	71, 475 66, 512 5, 326 61, 234 5, 019 7. 0	71, 983 66, 900 5, 504 61, 543 4, 936 6. 9	71, 633 66, 698 5, 473 61, 371 4, 923 6. 9	71, 789 66, 998 5, 662 61, 417 4, 887 6. 8	70, 981 66, 243 5, 156 61, 188 4, 867 6. 8	71, 473 66, 822 5, 472 61, 369 4, 762 6. 7	71, 482 67, 148 5, 311 61, 840 4, 370 6. 1	71, 272 66, 936 5, 204 61, 618 4, 274 6. 0	71, 435 67, 278 5, 453 61, 690 4, 159 5. 8	71, 841 67, 894 5, 603 62, 206 4, 008 5. 6

r Revised. P Preliminary. 1 End of year. 2 As of July 1.
Q Includes data not shown separately.
Comprises lumber yards, building materials dealers, and paint, plumbing, and electrical stores. † See corresponding note on p. S-11.

^{*}New series. Since series are seasonally adjusted separately, components may not add to totals. Revised monthly data (1948-60) appear in "Monthly Report on the Labor Force," BLS (Jan. 1962).

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961	1960	1961				· ·		19	61	1		1	•	1	19	962
edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS		ithly rage	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
	EM	PLOY	MEN	T AN	D PC	PUL	ATIO	N—C	ontin	ued						
EMPLOYMENT—Continued																
Employees on payrolls (nonagricultural estab.):† Total, unadjusted†thous	54, 347	₽ 54, 076	52, 864	52, 523	52, 785	53, 171	53, 708	54, 429	54, 227	54, 538	54,978	55, 065	55,129	r 55,503	* 53,725	ν53, 747
Manufacturing establishments do Durable goods industriesdo Nondurable goods industriesdo	16, 762 9, 441 7, 321	^p 16, 268 ^p 9, 044 ^p 7, 224	15, 933 8, 867 7, 066	15, 838 8, 769 7, 069	15, 866 8, 775 7, 091	15, 904 8, 836 7, 068	16, 076 8, 996 7, 080	16, 320 9, 106 7, 214	16, 268 9, 051 7, 217	16, 531 9, 083 7, 448	16, 646 9, 189 7, 457	16, 607 9, 201 7, 406	16,658 9,329 7,329	r 16,556 r 9, 297 r 7, 259	r 16,370 r 9, 218 r 7, 152	p16, 425 p 9, 267 p 7, 158
Mining, total Q	709 93 182 314	p 667 p 87 p 156 p 309	666 90 164 306	656 86 163 304	654 86 158 304	657 86 153 306	668 87 153 310	678 88 154 314	672 88 143 318	677 86 154 315	676 88 155 311	668 86 156 306	667 88 157 306	r 657 85 156 306	* 645	» 638
Contract construction	2, 882 4, 017 887 283	^p 2, 760 ^p 3, 923 ^p 819 ^p 270	2, 457 3, 888 812 284	2, 342 3, 871 811 282	2, 454 3, 872 807 278	2,619 3,870 809 273	2, 775 3, 891 813 270	2, 971 3, 945 826 266	3, 023 3, 977 832 258	3, 075 3, 971 835 257	3,021 3,971 826 268	2, 981 3, 953 822 268	2,825 3,943 816 267	r 2, 575 r 3, 927 824 269	2, 291 r 3, 865	p 2, 262 p 3, 858
Motor freight trans, and storagedoAir transportationdoTelephone communicationdoElectric, gas, and sanitary servicesdo	874 191 706 613	p 875 p 197 p 695 p 610	849 190 698 607	832 191 697 606	840 191 697 606	837 194 696 604	853 196 694 608	880 197 697 616	891 201 702 622	891 203 701 623	907 203 694 616	913 202 689 608	913 199 688 606	895 200 686 604		
Wholesale and retail trade	11, 412 3, 009 8, 403 2, 684 7, 361 8, 520	p11, 365 p3, 007 p8, 359 p2, 748 p7, 514 p8, 831	11, 233 2, 995 8, 238 2, 702 7, 313 8, 672	11, 040 2, 974 8, 066 2, 706 7, 333 8, 737	11, 101 2, 964 8, 137 2, 710 7, 359 8, 769	11, 162 2, 955 8, 207 2, 724 7, 448 8, 787	11, 238 2, 959 8, 279 2, 734 7, 510 8, 816	11, 354 2, 990 8, 364 2, 766 7, 598 8, 797	11, 327 3, 013 8, 314 2, 795 7, 631 8, 534	11, 342 3, 044 8, 298 2, 801 7, 606 8, 535	11,378 3,035 8,343 2,770 7,512 8,904	11, 450 3, 049 8, 401 2, 758 7, 618 9, 030	11,611 3,051 8,560 2,757 7,596 9,072	r 12,181 r 3,062 r 9,119 r 2,756 r 7,573 r 9,278	*11, 272 * 3, 026 * 8, 246 * 2, 745 * 7, 507 * 9, 030	p11, 179 p3, 017 p8, 162 p2, 749 p7, 535 p9, 101
Total, seasonally adjusted†	154,347 16, 762 9, 441 187 637 383 595 1, 229	p154, 076 p16, 268 p9, 044 p 201 p 600 p 367 p 567 p1, 142	53, 581 16, 021 8, 863 195 596 356 556 1, 092	53, 485 15, 962 8, 797 196 591 358 551 1, 084	53, 561 16, 023 8, 820 196 595 361 557 1, 085	53, 663 16, 119 8, 904 196 601 365 561 1, 101	53, 894 16, 275 9, 058 199 602 366 569 1, 135	54, 182 16, 373 9, 114 200 606 368 573 1, 151	54, 335 16, 392 9, 138 202 604 370 575 1, 170	54, 333 16, 381 9, 131 202 603 371 578 1, 174	54, 304 16, 323 9, 105 203 603 370 573 1, 179	54, 385 16, 361 9, 112 208 600 372 574 1, 174	54,525 16,466 9,213 206 602 373 570 1,178	7 54,492 7 16,513 7 9, 244 7 206 600 7 375 7 565 7 1, 184	r 54,424 r 16,459 r 9,215 206 r 599 r 372 r 559 r 1,193	#54, 693 #16, 544 # 9, 291 # 204 # 603 # 372 # 561 # 1, 211
Fabricated metal productsdo Machinerydo Electrical equipment and suppliesdo	1, 128 1, 471 1, 446	^p 1, 076 ^p 1, 402 ^p 1, 436	1, 055 1, 401 1, 405	1, 041 1, 394 1, 411	1,040 1,388 1,416	1, 057 1, 395 1, 422	1, 084 1, 398 1, 439	1, 085 1, 396 1, 442	1, 082 1, 401 1, 442	1,094 1,404 1,444	1,090 1,400 1,428	1, 091 1, 409 1, 455	1,097 1,412 1,456	1, 098 1, 418 r 1, 471	1,414	p 1, 102 p 1, 421 p 1, 493
Transportation equipmentdo Instruments and related productsdo Miscellaneous manufacturing inddo	1,617 354 392	p1,524 p346 p382	1, 491 343 373	1, 455 341 375	1, 468 340 374	1, 487 342 377	1, 537 346 383	1, 560 347 386	1, 559 349 384	1, 530 349 382	1, 528 350 381	1,496 349 384	1, 579 351 389	r 1, 588 352 r 387	r 1, 565 351 384	p 1, 586 p 353 p 385
Nondurable goods industries do Food and kindred products do Tobacco manufactures do Textile mill products do Apparel and related products do Paper and allied products do Printing, publishing, and allied ind do Chemicals and allied products do Petroleum refining and related ind do Rubber and misc. plastic products do	7, 321 1, 793 94 915 1, 228 593 917 830 212 374	#7, 224 #1, 780 #90 #880 #1, 199 #590 #926 #830 #203 #365	7, 158 1, 785 91 870 1, 171 584 920 821 205 352	7, 165 1, 785 91 869 1, 182 583 922 819 204 350	7, 203 1, 794 92 870 1, 201 585 925 822 204 351	7, 215 1, 787 90 877 1, 204 585 924 824 205 356	7, 217 1, 772 89 884 1, 196 588 925 828 206 365	7, 259 1, 775 90 887 1, 210 592 929 834 206 371	7, 254 1, 773 88 887 1, 208 593 932 836 203 372	7, 250 1, 770 90 882 1, 213 592 929 835 205 372	7, 218 1, 769 96 880 1, 194 589 927 832 202 372	7, 249 1, 787 91 882 1, 204 591 925 835 204 370	7, 253 1, 791 87 884 1, 203 593 928 837 197 373	77, 269 1, 782 7 89 886 7 1, 211 597 929 839 197 377	77, 244 71, 783 789 7884 71, 196 7592 7926 7836 7200 7377	p 7, 253 p 1, 772 p 89 p 883 p 1, 200 p 594 p 929 p 841 p 199 p 384
Leather and leather products	366 709 2, 882 4, 017 11, 412 2, 684 7, 361 8, 520	# 361 # 667 # 2, 760 # 3, 923 # 11, 365 # 2, 748 # 7, 514 # 8, 831	359 672 2, 773 3, 931 11, 347 2, 727 7, 439 8, 671	360 667 2, 765 3, 922 11, 296 2, 731 7, 460 8, 682	359 668 2, 792 3, 919 11, 252 2, 732 7, 463 8, 712	363 666 2, 766 3, 901 11, 320 2, 732 7, 425 8, 734	364 670 2, 742 3, 903 11, 355 2, 739 7, 436 8, 774	365 669 2, 795 3, 914 11, 392 2, 747 7, 471 8, 821	362 672 2, 776 3, 942 11, 437 2, 748 7, 533 8, 835	362 665 2, 770 3, 939 11, 410 2, 757 7, 546 8, 865	357 666 2, 754 3, 939 11, 363 2, 756 7, 567 8, 936	360 661 2, 758 3, 929 11, 365 2, 764 7, 580 8, 967	360 665 2, 719 3, 927 11,374 2, 771 7, 611 8, 992	7,642		# 362 # 649 # 2, 671 # 3, 909 #11, 438 # 2, 774 # 7, 665 # 9, 043
Total, unadjusted f. thous Seasonally adjusted do. Durable goods industries, unadjusted do. Seasonally adjusted do. Ordnance and accessories do. Lumber and wood products do. Furniture and fixtures do. Stone, clay, and glass products do. Primary metal industries do. Blast furnaces, steel and rolling mills do. Fabricated metal products do. Machinery do. Electrical equipment and supplies do. Motor vehicles and equipment do. Aircraft and parts do. Miscellaneous mfg. industries do. Nondurable goods industries, unadj. Seasonally adjusted do. Food and kindred products do. Tobacco manufactures do. Textile mill products do. Paper and allied products do. Printing, publishing, and allied ind do. Chemicals and allied products.	12, 562 7, 021 89 570 319 483 992 97 1, 030 987 1, 133 3992 232 232 316 5, 541 1, 211 83 827 1, 094 474 592 511	#12,046 #6,615 #944 #535; #304 #455; #914 #428 #820; #965; #986; #98	11, 740 11, 820 6, 419 6, 419 6, 419 92 502 294 429 866 804 908 804 1, 047 1, 047 221 280 5, 373 1, 121 81 778 1, 039 463 591 493	11, 642 11, 755 6, 351 6, 371 490 294 421 858 389 784 970 998 457 379 217 286 5, 291 5, 378 1, 101 778 1, 777 778 1, 777 459	11, 666 11, 812 6, 358 6, 403 402 294 431 861 861 861 861 863 905 908 934 909 454 380 217 289 5, 409 1, 104 72 779 1, 108 1, 104 1, 104	11, 712 11, 910 6, 426 6, 491 514 297 444 873 406 790 972 931 1, 006 464 477 2217 223 5, 286 5, 419 1, 114 68 785 1, 046 592 592	11, 875 12, 060 6, 582 6, 637 296 458 903 4425 816 971 943 1, 044 374 219 302 5, 423 1, 121 1, 033 464 791 1, 121 1, 033 464 599 699 791 1, 121 1, 12	12, 090 12, 145 6, 678 6, 688 6, 689 565 3001 470 926 9436 825 967 950 1, 050 1, 050 1, 184 67 800 1, 050 474 594	12, 023 12, 164 6, 616 6, 799 563 3000 471 927 442 809 957 944 1, 033 370 218 301 5, 455 1, 226 655 788 1, 034 467	12, 274 12, 156 6, 641 6, 699 568 3111 477 930 447 8311 930 968 961 430 368 3222 317 5, 457 1, 318 89 1, 100 475 594	12, 407 12, 104 6, 753 6, 673 975 565 314 477 955 457 950 960 982 1,013 379 226 365 5, 431 1, 335 106 804 1, 082 476	12, 379 12, 129 6, 771 6, 676 98 555 317 470 950 950 451 848 955 997 1, 021 1, 021 333 226 334 5, 608 5, 453 1, 286 96 806 1, 087 477 602	12,225 6,883 6,766 98 542 316 466 856 953 446 856 901 1,124 564 390 229 330 5,531 82 805 1,092 478 604	r 6, 797 988 r 526 r 314 r 449 r 960 450 r 851 r 1, 123 563 393 227 307 r 5, 459 r 5, 460 r 1, 159 r 801 r 1, 1984 4, 477 6602	r 12,195 r 6,762 97 r 508 r 307 r 430 r 968 r 307 r 968 r 1,105 r 1,105 r 225 r 290 r 5,357 r 1,111 r 79 r 793 r 1,062 r 469 r 592	212, 162 212, 276 26, 799 26, 825 296 250 250
Chemicals and allied productsdo Petroleum refining and related incldo Petroleum refiningdo Rubber and misc. plastic productsdo Leather and leather productsdo	511 138 113 289 323	p 506 p 130 p 107 p 280 p 319	497 131 109 271 318	495 129 109 266 322	502 130 108 266 318	509 131 108 268 311	509 132 108 274 311	507 134 109 279 322	506 132 106 277 318	509 135 109 284 327	509 133 108 292 319	510 132 107 294 317	510 126 102 296 320	511 + 124 101 + 296 + 322	r 509 r 128 r 295 r 320	

Revised. P Preliminary. 1 Total and components are based on unadjusted data.
† Revised series. Beginning with the Nov. 1961 SURVEY, data for employment, hours, earnings, and labor turnover have been adjusted to the Mar. 1959 benchmark and have been converted to the 1957 SIC. Effective Jan. 1959, the data include Alaska and Hawaii.

The revision affects all series; previously published estimates are not directly comparable with the revised data. Unpublished revisions (prior to Sept. 1960) on new basis are in BLS Bulletin No. 1312 (\$3.00), available from Gov't. Printing Office, Wash. 25, D.C. Q Includes data for industries not shown separately.

1961 1960 1961 1962 Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS Monthly average Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Jan. Feb.

	EMI	PLOY	MEN'	T AN	D PO	PUL	ATIO]	N—Co	ontin	ued						
EMPLOYMENTContinued																
Miscellaneous employment data: Federal civilian employees (executive branch): United Statesthous	2, 243 215	2, 251 220	2, 180 215	2, 186 215	2, 193 216	2. 205 217	2, 212 216	2, 248 224	2, 265 226	2, 271 225	2, 253 220	2, 254 221	2, 262 221	1 2, 481 1 227	$2,252 \\ 222$	
Railroad employees (class I railroads): Total. do Index, seasonally adjusted σ 1957-59=100.	805 2 88. 6	» 739 » 2 81. 4	731 79. 2	730 80. 0	727 80. 1	729 80. 3	734 80. 1	747 80. 7	752 81. 5	755 82. 4	745 82.6	743 83. 2	737 84. 0	р 739 84. 4	p 722 p 78. 1	
INDEXES OF WEEKLY PAYROLLS†																
Construction (construction workers)†.1957-59=100. Manufacturing (production workers)†do Mining (production workers)†do	106. 9 106. 6 95. 2	p 106. 4 p 105. 2 p 89. 9	91. 0 98. 9 89. 0	85. 0 98. 0 85. 8	88. 6 98. 9 82. 9	95, 9 100, 3 85, 6	105. 6 103. 0 88. 3	117. 1 106. 4 92-6	120. 3 105. 7 93. 0	125. 0 107. 6 92. 2	120, 7 108, 5 93, 2	121. 8 110. 5 93. 9	$110.1 \\ 112.3 \\ 92.3$	r 95. 9 r 112. 3 r 90. 5	80. 8 7 108. 4 87. 1	≥ 109. 3
HOURS AND EARNINGS†																
Average weekly gross hours per worker on payrolls of nonagricultural estab., unadjusted.† All manufacturing estab., unadj.†, hours. Sensonally adjusted. do. Average overtime do. Durable goods industries. do. Sensonally adjusted do. Average overtime. do.	39. 7 2. 4 40. 1 2. 4	p 39. 8 p 2. 4 p 40. 2 p 2. 3	38. 9 39. 0 1. 9 39. 3 39. 3 1. 8	39. 0 39. 3 1. 9 39. 3 39. 6 1. 8	39. 1 39. 3 2. 0 39. 5 39. 7 1. 8	39. 3 39. 7 2. 1 39. 8 40. 0 2. 0	39. 7 39. 8 2. 2 40. 2 40. 2 2. 1	40. 1 39. 9 2. 4 40. 6 40. 4 2. 3	40. 0 40. 0 2. 5 40. 3 40. 5 2. 3	40. 2 40. 0 2. 6 40. 5 40. 5 2. 5	39. 8 39. 6 2. 8 40. 0 39. 8 2. 7	40. 4 40. 2 2. 8 40. 9 40. 6 2. 7	40. 6 40. 6 2. 9 41. 1 41. 2 2. 9	40. 6 40. 4 2. 9 7 41. 3 7 41. 2 3. 0	r 39. 7 r 39. 8 r 2. 6 r 40. 3 r 40. 3 r 2. 6	P 40. 0 P 40. 3 P 2. 5 P 40. 6 P 40. 9 P 2. 6
Ordnance and accessories do Lumber and wood products do Furniture and fixtures do Stone, clay, and glass products do Primary metal industries do Blast furnaces, steel and rolling mills do	40.7 39.0 40.0 40.6 39.0 38.0	p 40, 9 p 39, 4 p 39, 9 p 40, 6 p 39, 5 p 38, 6	40. 8 38. 5 38. 2 39. 6 37. 7 36. 2	40. 4 38. 4 38. 5 39. 4 37. 9 36. 5	40. 8 38. 5 38. 7 39. 8 38. 2 36. 9	40. 6 38. 8 38. 7 40. 1 38. 9 38. 1	40. 5 39. 7 38. 7 40. 7 39. 5 38. 8	40. 5 40. 5 39. 8 41. 4 40. 2 39. 6	40. 2 39. 5 39. 8 41. 3 40. 3 39. 9	40. 6 40. 2 40. 9 41. 6 39. 9 39. 2	40.9 40.1 41.2 41.3 40.2 40.2	41. 4 40. 5 41. 3 41. 3 40. 3 39. 5	41.6 39.4 41.3 41.0 40.2 39.1	7 41. 7 38. 9 7 41. 7 40. 1 7 40. 8 39. 8	r 40. 8 r 37. 2 r 39. 0 r 38. 8 40. 8	p 41. 0 p 39. 1 p 39. 9 p 39. 8 p 40. 7
Fabricated metal products do. Machinery do. Electrical equipment and supplies do.	40. 5 41. 0 39. 8	p 40. 5 p 40. 9 p 40. 1	39, 5 40, 4 39, 8	39, 4 40, 5 39, 7	39. 6 40. 4 39. 7	40. 1 40. 8 39. 8	40. 5 40. 9 39. 9	41. 0 41. 1 40. 3	40, 7 40, 9 39, 7	41. 1 40. 9 40. 4	49. 1 41. 0 39. 8	41. 1 41. 3 40. 7	41.3 41.2 40.8	r 41. 4 r 41. 9 r 41. 1	7 40. 3 7 41. 3 40. 3	p 40. 8 p 41. 8 p 40. 1
Transportation equipment ? do	40. 7 41. 0 40. 9 40. 4 39. 3	r 40. 4 p 40. 0 p 41. 4 p 40. 7 p 39. 5	39. 2 37. 5 41. 7 40. 3 38. 9	39. 4 37. 8 41. 6 40. 2 39. 2	39. 8 38. 5 41. 5 40. 2 39. 1	40. 2 39. 8 41. 1 40. 3 39. 0	40. 6 40. 7 40. 9 40. 4 39. 1	40. 6 40. 9 40. 7 40. 8 39. 7	40, 5 40, 5 40, 9 40, 5 39, 1	40, 2 39, 7 41, 1 40, 9 39, 4	37. 8 34. 1 41. 4 41. 0 39. 8	41. 3 41. 5 41. 5 41. 1 40. 2	42.7 44.1 41.8 41.3 40.4	7 43. 0 44. 5 42. 3 41. 3 7 40. 0	7 41. 4 7 40. 8 7 39. 1	P 41. 2
Nondurable goods industries, unadjdoSeasonally adjusteddoAverage overtimedofood and kindred productsdoTobacco manufacturesdoTextile mill productsdoApparel and related productsdoPaper and allied productsdo	39. 2 2. 5 40. 9 38. 2 39. 5 35. 5 42. 2	p 39. 3 p 2. 5 p 40. 9 p 38. 8 p 39. 9 p 35. 4 p 42. 5	38. 5 38. 7 2. 1 40. 4 37. 7 38. 0 34. 2 41. 4	38. 5 38. 8 2. 1 40. 2 37. 0 38. 5 34. 9 41. 6	38. 7 39. 1 2. 2 40. 2 36. 6 38. 8 35. 5 41. 8	38. 7 39. 3 2. 2 40. 0 38. 2 39. 0 35. 1 42. 2	39. 0 39. 3 2. 3 40. 9 38. 1 39. 5 34. 9 42. 2	39. 6 39. 5 2. 6 41. 4 39. 4 40. 2 35. 4 42. 9	39. 7 39. 5 2. 6 41. 4 38. 2 39. 9 35. 9 42. 8	39. 8 39. 3 2. 8 41. 4 40. 1 40. 5 36. 5 43. 0	39. 5 39. 2 2. 9 41. 6 40. 3 34. 5 43. 1	39. 8 39. 6 2. 9 41. 4 40. 8 40. 9 35. 8 43. 0	39.9 39.7 2.8 41.0 38.3 41.4 36.3 43.2	7 39, 8 7 39, 7 7 2, 7 7 40, 9 7 40, 1 7 41, 1 7 35, 9 43, 0	7 39. 0 7 39. 2 2. 5 7 40. 2 7 36. 7 7 39. 9 7 34. 5 7 42. 1	p 40. 3
Printing, publishing, and allied ind do. Chemicals and allied products	38. 5 41. 3 41. 1 40. 8 39. 9 36. 9	p 38. 2 p 41. 4 p 41. 2 p 40. 9 p 40. 3 p 37. 3	38. 0 41. 0 41. 3 41. 4 39. 2 37. 8	38. 0 40. 9 40. 2 40. 4 39. 1 37. 3	38. 2 41. 2 40. 6 40. 5 39. 1 36. 9	38. 1 41. 2 41. 2 41. 0 39. 7 35. 9	38. 0 41. 2 41. 1 40. 7 40. 1 36. 8	38. 2 41. 7 41. 8 41. 0 40. 6 37. 9	38. 1 41. 5 42. 6 41. 4 40. 7 38. 3	38.3 41.5 41.0 40.3 40.6 37.6	38. 4 41. 2 41. 6 40. 9 40. 8 36. 4	38. 3 41. 6 41. 7 40. 9 40. 7 36. 7	38.3 41.8 41.6 41.4 41.2 38.0	38.7 7 41.6 7 40.8 40.8 41.8 38.7		p 41. 3 p 40. 1 p 40. 4
Nonmanufacturing establishments:† Mining \$\frac{0}{\text{do}}\$ Metal mining do Coal mining do Crude petroleum and natural gas do	40. 4 41. 8 35. 5 42. 0	p 40. 6 p 41. 4 p 35. 8 p 41. 8	40, 1 41, 1 35, 4 42, 0	39. 6 41. 0 34. 7 41. 6	38. 9 40. 5 31. 5 41. 9	39, 5 40, 9 32, 8 41, 8	40. 2 40. 6 34. 6 41. 6	41, 1 42, 0 36, 8 41, 5	41. 6 41. 6 38. 0 42. 1	41. 1 41. 4 36. 6 41. 7	41.0 41.7 36.6 41.6	41. 8 42. 1 37. 8 42. 5	41.0 41.3 37.6 41.7	40. 7 42. 1 37. 7 41. 7		
Contract construction	36. 7 35. 4 40. 7 35. 9	р 36. 8 р 35. 7 р 40. 0 р 36. 1	36. 4 35. 7 39. 4 35. 8	36. 1 35. 5 39. 2 35. 4	35. 8 34. 8 38. 9 35. 3	35. 8 34. 9 38. 3 35. 3	36, 8 35, 9 40, 0 36, 0	37. 7 36. 5 41. 4 36. 8	37. 9 36. 5 41. 7 37. 0	38. 5 37. 0 43. 1 37. 3	37. 4 35. 9 40. 6 36. 7	38. 2 36. 8 42. 5 37. 2	36. 5 35. 5 39. 0 36. 0	34. 9 33. 8 36. 5 34. 9	1	
Transportation and public utilities: Local and suburban transportationdo Motor freight transportation and storage. do Telephone communicationdo. Electric, gas, and sanitary servicesdo Wholesale and retail tradedo Wholesale tradedodo Retail trade§do	43. 1 41. 5 39. 6 41. 0 39. 0 40. 5 38. 5	r 43. 0 p 41. 6 p 39. 4 p 40. 9 p 38. 8 p 40. 5 p 38. 1	42. 0 40. 5 39. 0 40. 9 38. 7 40. 3 38. 1	42. 8 40. 8 39. 1 40. 9 38. 7 40. 1 38. 1	42. 6 40. 6 38. 8 40. 7 38. 6 40. 2 38. 0	42. 8 40. 8 38. 7 40. 6 38. 7 40. 3 38. 0	43. 2 41. 3 38. 9 40. 7 38. 7 40. 3 38. 0	43. 6 42. 2 39. 2 40. 8 39. 1 40. 6 38. 4	43. 0 41. 7 39. 6 41. 0 39. 4 40. 7 38. 8	43. 3 42. 6 39. 5 40. 9 39. 3 40. 6 38. 6	42.9 42.1 40.3 41.1 38.8 40.5 38.0	42. 9 42. 3 40. 1 41. 2 38. 6 40. 6 37. 8	43. 3 41. 9 39. 7 41. 3 38. 4 40. 6 37. 5	43. 0 42. 0 39. 5 41. 0 39. 0 40. 8 38. 3		
Services and miscellaneous: Hotels, tourist courts, and motelsdo Laundries, cleaning and dyeing plants.do	39. 9 38. 8	p 39. 6 p 38. 8	39. 2 38. 5	39. 1 38. 2	39, 2 38, 6	39. 0 38. 5	39. 3 39. 5	39. 6 39. 7	40, 8 39, 1	41. 1 38. 7	39, 4 38, 7	39. 9 39. 1	39. 0 38. 8	39. 0 38. 7		
Average weekly gross earnings per worker on payrolls of nonagricultural establishments;\(^1\) All manufacturing establishments\(^1\) dollars Durable goods industries Ordnance and accessories Lumber and wood products do	89, 72 97, 44 108, 67 73, 71	p 92.34 p100.10 p113.70 p 76.44	89. 08 96. 29 111. 79 70. 84	89. 31 96. 29 111. 50 69. 89	89, 54 97, 17 112, 61 71, 23	96, 78 98, 31 112, 06 74, 88	92. 10 99. 70 112. 19 77. 42	93. 03 101. 09 112. 19 79. 79	93. 20 100. 35 111. 76 78. 21	92, 86 100, 44 112, 87 79, 19	92. 73 100. 00 114. 11 81. 00	94, 54 102, 66 115, 92 81, 41	95. 82 104. 39 116. 90 78. 41	96, 63 r 105, 32 r 117, 18 r 76, 63	r 103. 17	p 95, 20 p103, 53 p115, 21 p 76, 25
Furniture and fixturesdo Stone, clay, and class productsdo Primary metal industriesdo	75, 20 92, 97 109, 59	ν 76.21 ν 95.00 ν114.55	72. 20 91. 08 106. 69	72. 77 90. 62 107. 26	73. 14 91. 54 108. 49	73, 14 93, 03 111, 25	73, 53 94, 83 114, 16	76. 02 97. 29 116. 58	75. 62 97. 06 117. 68	78. 12 98. 18 116. 11	79. 52 97. 47 118. 19	80. 12 97. 88 119. 29	80.12 97.17 119.39	r 81. 32 95. 04 r 121. 58	ł	°122. 51
Fabricated metal products do Machinery do Electrical equipment and supplies do	98, 82 104, 55 90, 74	p100.85 p107.16 p 94.24	96, 78 104, 23 92, 73	96, 92 104, 90 92, 50	97. 81 105. 04 92. 50	99, 45 106, 49 93, 13	100, 85 106, 75 93, 37	102, 09 107, 68 94, 71	101. 75 107. 16 93. 69	102. 34 106. 75 94. 94	99. 45 107. 83 93. 53	102, 75 109, 03 96, 05	104. 08 109. 18 96. 70	r 105. 16 r 111. 87 r 97. 82	7 101. 96 7 110. 27 95. 51	p103. 22 p111. 61 p 95. 04
Transportation equipment 2 do Instruments and related products do Miscellancous rufg, industries do Revised. **Percliminary.	93. 73		108. 19 95. 51 75. 08	108. 74 94. 87 75. 66	109. 85 95. 68 75. 46		112. 87 95. 75 75. 07		113.00 96.80 74.29	112. 96 97. 75 74. 47 ttom p,			99. 53 77. 57	78.40	7 99. 14	p 99, 14

†See corresponding note, bottom p. S-13. σ *Effective with Mar. 1962 Survey, index is shown on new base period. \circ Includes data for industries not shown separately. \circ Except eating and drinking places.

r Revised. Preliminary. Includes Post Office employees hired for the Christmas season; there were about 225,000 such employees in the United States in Dec. 1961. Based on unadjusted data.

	1960	1961						1961							19	62
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS		thly rage	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
	EM	PLOY	MEN	T AN	D PO	PUL	ATIO	N—C	ontin	ued	<u></u>	<u> </u>	!	!	<u> </u>	1
HOURS AND EARNINGS—Continued												1	Ī		1	
Average weekly gross earnings per worker on payrolls of nonagricultural estab.†—Continued All manufacturing estab.†—Continued Nondurable goods industries	80, 36 86, 30 64, 94 63, 60 56, 45	p 82. 92 p 89. 16 p 69. 06 p 65. 04 p 57. 70	80. 47 87. 67 65. 22 61. 18 55. 06	80. 47 87. 23 65. 12 61. 99 56. 19	80. 88 87. 23 65. 51 62. 86 57. 51	81. 27 87. 20 71. 05 63. 18 56. 51	82, 29 89, 57 70, 87 63, 99 55, 84	83, 56 90, 25 74, 07 65, 12 56, 64	84. 16 90. 25 71. 05 64. 64 58. 16	83, 58 88, 60 68, 17 66, 02 59, 86	83. 74 89. 44 67. 39 66. 09 56. 93	84. 77 89. 84 69. 36 67. 08 60. 14	85, 39 89, 79 69, 32 68, 31 60, 62	r 85, 57 r 90, 80 r 72, 98 r 67, 82 r 59, 95	r 84, 24 r 90, 45 r 66, 43 r 65, 84 r 57, 62	p 84. 28 p 90. 00 p 70. 64 p 66. 50 p 59, 79
Paper and allied products	95. 37 102. 80 103. 25	p 99. 45 p104. 67 p106. 81 p124. 42 p 96. 32 p 62. 66	95. 22 102. 98 104. 14 123. 90 92. 51 62. 75	95. 68 103. 36 103. 89 121. 00 91. 49 61. 55	96. 14 103. 90 104. 24 121. 80 91. 89 61. 62	97. 90 104. 01 104. 24 124. 42 93. 69 59. 95	97. 90 104. 12 105. 06 123. 30 95. 04 61. 46	100. 39 104. 67 108. 00 126. 24 97. 03 63. 29	100. 58 104. 39 107. 90 126. 42 98. 90 63. 58	101, 05 105, 33 107, 49 122, 59 97, 85 62, 79	102.15 106.37 107.53 126.88 98.74 61.88	101. 91 105. 71 108. 58 125. 93 98. 49 62. 76	102.38 106.09 109.52 126.46 100.12 64.98	r 108. 99 r 123. 62	r 100, 20 r 104, 98 r 109, 56 r 128, 44 r 99, 31 r 66, 18	p108, 62 p121, 50 p 96, 96
Nonmanufacturing establishments:† Mining 9 do Metal mining do Coal mining do Crude petroleum and natural gas do	111. 19 110. 76	p107. 20 p113. 30 p111. 38 p105. 74	106, 27 110, 97 110, 09 106, 68	104, 15 110, 29 107, 22 104, 42	101. 14 109. 35 96. 71 104. 75	103. 49 111. 25 101. 35 105. 75	104, 92 109, 62 106, 91 104, 00	108. 09 114. 24 115. 18 103. 75	110, 24 114, 40 119, 32 106, 93	108, 09 113, 02 113, 83 104, 67	109.06 114.68 114.19 106.08	111. 19 117. 88 117. 18 107. 95	109, 88 115, 64 116, 94 106, 75	109. 89 118. 30 117. 62 107. 17		
Contract construction do General building contractors do Heavy construction do Special trade contractors do	103.72 114.77	p117. 37 p108. 59 p117. 62 p122. 94	115, 39 107, 46 113, 87 121, 00	114. 08 106. 50 112, 11 119. 65	112, 41 103, 70 110, 48 118, 61	112.77 105.40 109.92 118.96	116, 29 108, 78 116, 40 121, 32	119. 13 110. 23 121. 72 124. 02	119. 76 110. 23 122. 60 125. 06	122. 05 111. 74 127. 15 126. 45	120, 43 109, 85 121, 80 126, 25	123. 00 112. 98 127. 08 127. 97	118, 26 110, 05 117, 00 124, 20	114. 82 106. 13 111. 33 121. 80		
Transportation and public utilities: Local and suburban transportationdo Motor freight transportation and storage .do Telephone communicationdo Electric, gas, and sanitary servicesdo	104. 17 89. 50	p 98. 18 p107. 89 p 93. 22 p112. 35	95. 34 102. 06 90. 48 110. 84	97. 16 103. 63 90. 71 110. 84	97. 13 103. 53 90. 02 110. 30	97. 16 104. 45 90. 17 110. 43	98. 06 106. 55 91. 03 110. 70	99. 41 109. 30 92. 12 110. 98	98. 47 108. 42 93. 46 112. 34	99. 16 111. 19 93. 62 112. 07	98. 67 111. 14 97. 53 114. 26	98. 24 111. 67 96. 64 114. 95	100. 02 111. 04 96. 47 115. 64	99. 33 111. 72 96. 38 114. 80		
Wholesale and retail trade do- Wholesale trade do- Retail trade do-	70, 98 91, 13 62, 37	p 72. 84 p 93. 55 p 64. 16	71, 60 91, 88 63, 25	71. 60 91. 43 62. 87	71, 41 91, 66 62, 70	71. 98 92. 69 63. 46	72. 37 92. 69 63. 84	73. 51 94. 19 64. 90	74, 07 94, 42 65, 57	73, 88 93, 79 65, 23	73, 72 94, 77 64, 60	73. 34 94. 60 64. 64	73, 34 95, 00 64, 13	73, 32 95, 47 64, 73		
Finance, insurance, and real estate: Banking do. Insurance carriers do. Services and miscellaneous: Hotels, tourist courts, and motels do. Laundries, cleaning and dyeing plants do.	67, 15 87, 41 43, 89 48, 11	p 69, 35 p 89, 82 p 45, 47 p 49, 17	68, 45 88, 90 45, 08 48, 13	69. 01 88. 74 44. 97 47. 75	69. 01 88. 80 45. 08 48. 25	68. 82 89. 08 44. 85 48. 51	68, 63 89, 50 45, 20 50, 17	68. 82 89. 57 44. 75 50. 42	69, 56 90, 05 44, 88 49, 66	69. 19 90. 34 45. 21 48. 76	69, 37 90, 26 45, 31 49, 15	70. 12 90. 35 47. 08 50. 05	70. 31 90. 58 46. 41 49. 66	70. 87 91. 72 46. 80 49. 54		
Average hourly gross carnings per worker on payrolls of nonagricultural establishments.† All manufacturing establishments† dollars Excluding overtime& do Durable goods industries do Excluding overtime& do	2. 26 2. 20 2. 43 2. 36	p 2. 32 p 2. 25 p 2. 49 p 2. 42	2, 29 2, 24 2, 45 2, 39	2. 29 2. 23 2. 45 2. 39	2. 29 2. 24 2. 46 2. 40	2. 31 2. 25 2. 47 2. 41	2. 32 2. 25 2. 48 2. 42	2. 32 2. 25 2. 49 2. 42	2. 33 2. 26 2. 49 2. 42	2. 31 2. 24 2. 48 2. 41	2, 33 2, 25 2, 50 2, 41	2. 34 2. 26 2. 51 2. 43	2. 36 2. 28 2. 54 2. 45	2. 38 7 2. 30 2. 55 2. 46	r 2. 39 2. 31 r 2. 56 2. 47	p 2.38 p 2.31 p 2.55 p 2.48
Ordnance and accessoriesdo Lumber and wood productsdo Furniture and fixturesdo Stone, clay, and glass productsdo Primary metal industriesdo Blast furnaces, steel and rolling mills_do	2. 67 1. 89 1. 88 2. 29 2. 81 3. 08	\$\begin{align*} \$p 2.78 \\ \$p 1.94 \\ \$p 1.91 \\ \$p 2.34 \\ \$p 2.90 \end{align*}	2. 74 1. 84 1. 89 2. 30 2. 83 3. 11	2. 76 1. 82 1. 89 2. 30 2. 83 3. 11	2. 76 1. 85 1. 89 2. 30 2. 84 3. 12	2, 76 1, 93 1, 89 2, 32 2, 86 3, 15	2. 77 1. 95 1. 90 2. 33 2. 89 3. 17	2. 77 1. 97 1. 91 2. 35 2. 90 3. 19	2. 78 1. 98 1. 90 2. 35 2. 92 3. 21	2. 78 1. 97 1. 91 2. 36 2. 91 3. 19	2. 79 2. 02 1. 93 2. 36 2. 94 3. 21	2. 80 2. 01 1. 94 2. 37 2. 96 3. 26	2. 81 1. 99 1. 94 2. 37 2. 97 3. 28	2. 81 7 1. 97 1. 95 2. 37 2. 98 3. 29	r 2.81 r 1.97 r 1.93 r 2.39 3.01	p 2.81 p 1.95 p 1.93 p 2.37 p 3.01
Fabricated metal products do Machinery	2. 44 2. 55 2. 28 2. 74 2. 81 2. 70 2. 32 1. 89	p 2. 49 p 2. 62 p 2. 35 p 2. 80 p 2. 38 p 1. 92	2. 45 2. 58 2. 33 2. 76 2. 80 2. 75 2. 37 1. 93	2. 46 2. 59 2. 33 2. 76 2. 79 2. 76 2. 36 1. 93	2. 47 2. 60 2. 33 2. 76 2. 80 2. 76 2. 38 1. 93	2. 48 2. 61 2. 34 2. 76 2. 82 2. 75 2. 37 1. 93	2, 49 2, 61 2, 34 2, 78 2, 85 2, 74 2, 37 1, 92	2. 49 2. 62 2. 35 2. 78 2. 85 2. 74 2. 38 1. 92	2. 50 2. 62 2. 36 2. 79 2. 85 2. 76 2. 39 1. 90	2, 49 2, 61 2, 35 2, 81 2, 87 2, 78 2, 39 1, 89	2. 48 2. 63 2. 35 2. 81 2. 84 2. 80 2. 39 1. 91	2. 50 2. 64 2. 36 2. 84 2. 88 2. 82 2. 40 1. 91	2, 52 2, 65 2, 37 2, 90 2, 98 2, 83 2, 41 1, 92	2. 54 r 2. 67 2. 38 2. 91 3. 00 2. 84 r 2. 42 1. 96	2.53 7 2.67 2.37 7 2.88 2.43 1.97	p 2. 53 p 2. 67 p 2. 37 p 2. 87 p 2. 43 p 1. 97
Nondurable goods industries	2. 05 1. 99 2. 11 1. 70 1. 61 1. 59 2. 26	v 2. 11 v 2. 05 v 2. 18 v 1. 78 v 1. 63 v 1. 63 v 2. 34	2. 09 2. 04 2. 17 1. 73 1. 61 1. 61 2. 30	2. 09 2. 03 2. 17 1. 76 1. 61 1. 61 2. 30	2. 09 2. 04 2. 17 1. 79 1. 62 1. 62 2. 30	2. 10 2. 05 2. 18 1. 86 1. 62 1. 61 2. 32	2. 11 2. 05 2. 19 1. 86 1. 62 1. 60 2. 32	2. 11 2. 04 2. 18 1. 88 1. 62 1. 60 2. 34	2. 12 2. 05 2. 18 1. 86 1. 62 1. 62 2. 35	2. 10 2. 03 2. 14 1. 70 1. 63 1. 64 2. 35	2, 12 2, 05 2, 15 1, 62 1, 64 1, 65 2, 37	2. 13 2. 06 2. 17 1. 70 1. 64 1. 68 2. 37	2. 14 2. 06 2. 19 1. 81 1. 65 1. 67 2. 37	2. 15 7 2. 08 2. 22 7 1. 82 1. 65 1. 67 2. 37	2. 16 2. 09 2. 25 7 1. 81 1. 65 7 1. 67 2. 38	P 2. 15 P 2. 08 P 2. 25 P 1. 83 P 1. 65 P 1. 67 P 2. 38
Printing, publishing, and allied inddo Chemicals and allied productsdo Petroleum refining and related inddo Petroleum refiningdo Rubber and misc. plastic productsdo Leather and leather productsdo	2. 67 2. 50 2. 89 3. 02 2. 33 1. 64	p 2. 74 p 2. 58 p 3. 02 p 2. 39 p 1. 68	2. 71 2. 54 3. 00 3. 13 2. 36 1. 66	2, 72 2, 54 3, 01 3, 13 2, 34 1, 65	2. 72 2. 53 3. 00 3. 14 2. 35 1. 67	2. 73 2. 53 3. 02 3. 16 2. 36 1. 67	2. 74 2. 55 3. 00 3. 15 2. 37 1. 67	2. 74 2. 59 3. 02 3. 18 2. 39 1. 67	2, 74 2, 60 3, 01 3, 17 2, 43 1, 66	2. 75 2. 59 2. 99 3. 15 2. 41 1. 67	2, 77 2, 61 3, 05 3, 21 2, 42 1, 70	2. 76 2. 61 3. 02 3. 17 2. 42 1. 71	2. 77 2. 62 3. 04 3. 19 2. 43 1. 71	2, 79 2, 62 3, 03 3, 17 2, 46 r 1, 71	7 2. 77 2. 64 7 3. 08 7 2. 44 7 1. 71	ν 2. 78 ν 2. 63 ν 3. 03 ν 2. 40 ν 1. 71
Nonmanufacturing establishments:† Mining do do Metal mining do Coal mining do Crude petroleum and natural gas do Contract construction do General building contractors do Heavy construction do Special trade contractors do	2. 61 2. 66 3. 12 2. 46 3. 07 2. 93 2. 82 3. 29	p 2. 64 p 2. 74 p 3. 11 p 2. 53 p 3. 18 p 3. 04 p 2. 94 p 3. 40	2, 65 2, 70 3, 11 2, 54 3, 17 3, 01 2, 89 3, 38	2. 63 2. 69 3. 09 2. 51 3. 16 3. 00 2. 86 3. 38	2. 60 2. 70 3. 07 2. 50 3. 14 2. 98 2. 84 3. 36	2. 62 2. 72 3. 09 2. 53 3. 15 3. 02 2. 87 3. 37	2. 61 2. 70 3. 09 2. 50 3. 16 3. 03 2. 91 3. 37	2. 63 2. 72 3. 13 2. 50 3. 16 3. 02 2. 94 3. 37	2. 65 2. 75 3. 14 2. 54 3. 16 3. 02 2. 94 3. 38	2. 63 2. 73 3. 11 2. 51 3. 17 3. 02 2. 95 3. 39	2. 66 2. 75 3. 12 2. 55 3. 22 3. 06 3. 00 3. 44	2. 66 2. 80 3. 10 2. 54 3. 22 3. 07 2. 99 3. 44	2, 68 2, 80 3, 11 2, 56 3, 24 3, 10 3, 00 3, 45	2, 57 3, 29 3, 14 3, 05		
Transportation and public utilities: Local and suburban transportationdo. Motor freight transportation and storage do Telephone communicationdo Electric, gas and sanitary servicesdo	2. 20 2. 51 2. 26 2. 65	p 2. 29 p 2. 60 p 2. 37 p 2. 74	2. 27 2. 52 2. 32 2. 71	2. 27 2. 54 2. 32 2. 71	2. 28 2. 55 2. 32 2. 71	2, 27 2, 56 2, 33 2, 72	2. 27 2. 58 2. 34 2. 72	2. 28 2. 59 2. 35 2. 72	2, 29 2, 60 2, 36 2, 74	2, 29 2, 61 2, 37 2, 74	2, 30 2, 64 2, 42 2, 78	2, 29 2, 64 2, 41 2, 79	2.31 2.65 2.43 2.80	2. 66 2. 44		
Wholesale and retail trade do. Wholesale trade do. Retail trade, do. Services and miscellaneous: Hotels, tourist courts, and motels do. Laundries, cleaning and dyeing plants do.	1.82 2.25 1.62 1.10 1.24	p 1. 88 p 2. 31 p 1. 68 p 1. 15 p 1. 27	1.85 2.28 1.66 1.15 1.25	1. 85 2. 28 1. 65 1. 15 1. 25	1, 85 2, 28 1, 65 1, 15 1, 25	1, 86 2, 30 1, 67 1, 15 1, 26	1, 87 2, 30 1, 68 1, 15 1, 27	1, 88 2, 32 1, 69 1, 13 1, 27	1. 88 2. 32 1. 69 1. 10 1. 27	1. 88 2. 31 1. 69 1. 10 1. 26	1.90 2.34 1.70 1.15 1.27	1. 90 2. 33 1. 71 1. 18 1. 28	1.91 2.34 1.71 1.19 1.28	1.69		

Revised. ** Preliminary.
†See corresponding note, bottom p. S-13.
§Except eating and drinking places.

S-16		SUR	VEY	OF 0	CURI	RENT	BUS	SINE	SS						March	1962
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961						19	61						19	62
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mor ave		Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
	EMI	PLOY	MEN	T AN	D PO	PUL	ATIO	N—Co	ontin	ued						
HOURS AND EARNINGS—Continued																
Miscellaneous wage data: Construction wages (ENR): \$ Common labor \$ per hr \$ Skilled labor do	2. 699 4. 031 3. 651	2. 827 4. 190 3. 823	2. 765 4. 118 3. 736	2. 765 4. 119 3. 747	2.765 4.120 3.747	2. 775 4. 133 3. 760	2.815 4.163 3.791	2, 836 4, 197 3, 822	2. 851 4. 215 3. 845	2. 860 4. 223 3. 862	2. 862 4. 237 3. 875	2. 871 4. 245 3. 884	2. 877 4. 253 3. 906	2. 877 4. 253 3. 906	2. 878 4. 257	2. 889 4. 273
Railroad wages (average, class I)do Road-building wages, common labor (gtrly.)	2.616	1011	2. 656	2, 703	2.641	2. 687	2. 652	2.666	2. 684	2. 654	2. 692	2. 674	2. 681			
\$ per hr_ LABOR CONDITIONS Labor turnover in manufacturing estab.:† Accession rate, total_mo. rate per 100 employees_ New hiresdo	3.8 2.2	p 4. 1	2.03 3.7 1.5	3, 2 1, 4	4. 0 1. 6	1.96 4.0 1.8	4. 2 2. 1 3. 5	5. 0 2. 9	2. 17 4. 4 2. 5	5. 3 3. 1	4. 7 3. 0	2. 25 4. 3 2. 7	3. 3 1. 9	2. 6 1. 4	p 3. 8 p 2. 1	
New hires do Separation rate, total do Layoff do Industrial disputes (strikes and lockouts): Beginning in month: Work stoppages number	2.4	P 4.0 P 1.2 P 2.2	4.7 .9 3.2	3.9 .8 2.6	3. 9 . 9 2. 3	3. 4 1. 0 1. 9	1. 1 1. 8 430	3.6 1.2 1.7	4. 1 1. 2 2. 3	4. J 1. 7 1. 7	5. 1 2. 3 2. 0	4. 1 1. 4 2. 0	r 4.0 1.1 2.2	4. 0 . 9 2. 6	p 3.7 p 1.1 p 2.0	
Work stoppages number— Workers involved thous— In effect during month: Work stoppages number— Workers involved thous Man-days idle during month do— EMPLOY MENT SERVICE AND UNEMPLOY—		p120	300 100 700	120 330 150 940	55 350 75 610	94 460 126 1,180	120 620 165 1, 530	570 211 1,760	560 183 1,690	95 550 160 1, 320	530 390 3, 150	510 277 2, 380	430 156 1,000	27 250 75 500	» 160 » 400 » 185 » 1,040	
MENT INSURANCE Nonfarm placements	485 2,067 1,434	492 2 2, 481 1, 516	365 3, 515 2, 381	342 3,638 1,919	417 3, 403 1, 709	440 2 3,006 1,468	520 2 2, 532 1, 368	551 2 2, 165 1, 229	501 2 2, 133 1, 501	603 21,905 1,248	607 21,715 1.081	596 2 1, 651 1, 219	511 2 1, 816 1, 406	448 2 2, 174 1, 658	465 2 2, 650 1, 974	
Initial claims. do Insured unemployment, weekly avgdo Percent of covered employment: Unadjusted. Seasonally adjusted. Beneficiaries, weekly averagethous. Benefits paidmil. \$ Federal employees, insured unemployment	1,906 4.8	2, 300 5. 6 2, 004 285. 2	3, 266 8, 1 6, 1 2, 722 397, 6	8. 4 6. 3 2, 984 399. 3	7. 8 6. 3 2, 899 461. 5	2, 779 6. 8 5. 9 2, 664 362. 5	5. 7 5. 6 2, 138 320. 1	1, 991 4. 9 5. 3 1, 880 264. 4	1, 958 4. 8 5. 3 1, 665 224. 0	1, 744 4. 3 5. 2 1, 589 237. 2	1,558 3.8 5.1 1,374 185.0	3.7 5.1 1,283 180.9	1, 400 1, 662 4, 1 5, 1 1, 334 190, 9	5. 0 4. 8 1,577 218. 5	2, 486 6, 2 4, 7 2, 055 314, 9	
Veterans' program (UCX): Initial claimsdododo	29 54 52	28 67 65 9. 0	39 86 81 11.0	33 91 89 11.0	35 91 80 11.6	29 83 95 12.0	26 71 71 10.2	26 61 66 9.0	32 29 60 56 7.3	30 58 57 8. 2	25 52 53 6. 9	28 24 47 46 6. 3	29 22 47 44 6.1	20 49 46 6. 0	51	
Railroad program: Applicationsthous Insured unemployment, weekly avgdo Benefits paidmil. \$	31 72 13.1	p 22 p 91 p 16. 8	38 123 22, 2	13 113 19.7	10 106 22.3	107 16. 3	100 20, 5	9 83 17. 6	100 83 12.7	26 74 16. 2	19 77 13. 6	14 74 13.8	15 77 13. 8	13 77 13. 4	p 86	
					FINA	NCE										
BANKING Open market paper outstanding, end of mo.: Bankers' acceptances	_ 3 4.483	$\begin{vmatrix} 3 & 4 & 674 \\ 3 & 1 & 711 \end{vmatrix}$	2, 029 5, 076 1, 465 3, 611	2, 049 5, 030 1, 479 3, 551	2, 231 5, 059 1, 525 3, 534	2, 254 5, 071 1, 532 3, 539	2, 203 4, 918 1, 478 3, 440	2, 271 4, 918 1, 460 3, 458	2, 301 4, 976 1, 534 3, 442	2, 400 4, 928 1, 617 3, 311	2, 422 4, 860 1, 730 3, 130	5, 104 1, 818	2, 555 5, 331 1, 868 3, 463	2, 683 4, 674 1, 711 2, 963	2, 621 5, 544 1, 762 3, 782	
Farm mortgage loans: Federal land banksdo Loans to cooperativesdo Other loans and discountsdo Bank debits:	4, 195	1	4, 851 2, 581 675 1, 595	4, 936 2, 605 683 1, 648	5, 023 2, 640 665 1, 718	5, 110 2, 669 650 1, 790	5, 174 2, 701 613 1, 859	5, 242 2, 728 595 1, 920	5, 310 2, 746 617 1, 947	5, 347 2, 767 646 1, 935	5, 352 2, 784 645 1, 922	2, 800 679	5, 252 2, 812 695 1, 745	5, 277 2, 828 697 1, 752	2.848 716	
Unadjusted: bil.\$ Total (344 centers) bil.\$ New York City do 6 other leading centers¶ do Seasonally adjusted.* do Total (344 centers) do New York City do	91. 9	106. 6 51. 9	257.7 104.5 52.4 248.7 r 99.8	222. 7 89. 8 44. 9 244. 6 r 98. 4	265, 4 110, 5 53, 4 251, 0 r 102, 2	241. 0 101. 2 48. 5 253. 0 r 104. 5	268. 8 111. 5 53. 8 261. 2 r 108. 7	271. 8 113. 2 54. 3 256. 9 r 104. 9	247. 7 100. 6 49. 1 259. 2 r 105. 8	255. 5 100. 9 51. 4 258. 1 r 105. 4	246. 6 100. 3 49. 0 261. 8 7 107. 8	113. 7 54. 3 272. 4	272.6 112.5 54.2 273.8 7 115.2	7286.6 120.3 57.5 273.7 (114.0	118.1 61.4 277.7	
6 other leading centers do 337 other centers do Section Reserve banks, condition, end of mo.:			, 50. S 98. 1	r 49. 7 r 96. 5	r 50. 2 r 98. 5	7 50.6 7 97.8	r 51. 8 r 100. 6	7 51. 7 7 100. 4	7 51. 6 7 101. 7	r 51. 4 r 101. 3	7 52.0 7 102.0	7 54. 0 7 104. 7	7 54. 4 7 104. 2	7 55.0 7 104.8	58, 2	
Assets, total \(\rightarrow \) mil. \(\text{ mil. } \text{ mil. } \text{ mil. } \text{ mil. } \text{ mil. } \text{ mil. } \text{ do.} \) Biscounts and advances do. U.S. Government securities do. Gold certificate reserves do.	3 29, 359 3 33 3 27, 384 3 17, 479	331, 362 3130 328, 881 316, 615	27, 560 60 26, 570	1	50, 188 28, 060 115 26, 688 17, 099	50, 549 27, 950 67 26, 772 17, 089	27, 806 111 26, 887 17, 095	28, 496 36 27, 253 17, 256	28, 628 59 27, 422 17, 223	28, 835 47 27, 697 17, 187	51, 696 29, 213 28 27, 799 17, 099	29, 548 59 28, 268 17, 028	30, 656 39 29, 210 16, 710	54, 329 31, 362 130 28, 881 16, 615	29, 612 129 28, 532 16, 542	52, 547 29, 928 139 28, 366 16, 536
Liabilities, total Qdo	3 52, 984	3 54, 329	50, 235	50, 438	50, 188	50, 549	49, 811	50, 678	50, 782	51,059	51,696	52,087	52, 933	54, 329	52, 311	52, 547

Ratio of gold certificate reserves to deposit and FR note liabilities combined percent 337.4 34.8

17, 268 16, 066

27,700

38.1

17, 355 16, 277 27, 548

17, 546 16, 158 27, 520

37.9

| Deposits, total \(\frac{2}{\text{ do}} \) | 318. 336 | 318. 451 | Member-bank reserve balances. | do | 317, 081 | 317, 387 | Federal Reserve notes in circulation | do | 328, 450 | 329, 305 |

17, 800 16, 856 27, 906

17, 724 16, 620 28, 034

17, 694 16, 716 27, 778

17, 562 16, 419 27, 415

16, 966 16, 107 27, 564

18,038 17,105 28,100

18, 194 16, 888 28, 229

18, 136 17, 200 28, 814

36.7 35.6

18, 451 17, 387 29, 305

34.8

17, 749 16, 872 28, 536

35. 7

17, 850 16, 809 28, 485

35.7

^{*}Revised. *Preliminary. 1 Quarterly average.

*Excludes persons under Temporary Extended Compensation program and under extended duration provisions (thous.): 1961—Apr., 580 and 40, respectively; May, 747; 11; June, 703; 9; July, 542; 3; Aug., 450; 2; Sept., 403; 3; Oct., 365; 2; Nov., 355; 1; Dec., 357; 1; 1962—Jan., 354; 2.

*End of year.

*Wages as of Mar. 1, 1962, common labor, \$2.897; skilled labor, \$4.283.

^{38.4 37.9 37.7 37.6 37.1} 38.0

[†] See corresponding note, bottom p. S-13.

d'Insured unemployment as % of average covered employment in a 12-month period.

Revisions for Mar. 1959-Nov. 1960 (Aug. 1959-July 1960 for placed through dealers.

are available upon request.

Includes Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago, Detroit, San Francisco, and Los Angeles.

New series. Data prior to 1961 will be available later.

Includes data not shown separately.

Hutora otherwise of the Justice of t	1960	1961		<u></u>				19	61						19	962
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	End o	of year	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
	1		1	FINAN	ICE-	-Cont	inued	<u>. </u>	!			<u> </u>			•	1
BANKING—Continued																
All member banks of Federal Reserve System, averages of daily figures: Excess reservesmil. \$Borrowings from Federal Reserve banksdo Free reservesdodo.	1 756 1 87 1 669	1 573 1 149 1 424	745 49 696	654 137 517	546 70 476	618 56 562	549 96 453	612 63 549	581 51 530	604 67 537	589 37 552	507 65 442	614 105 509	573 149 424	7 616 70 7 546	50: 6: 43:
Weekly reporting member banks of Federal Reserve System, condition, Wed. nearest end of year or month;† Deposits: Demand, adjusted&mil. \$		65, 6 44				62, 550	62, 120	62, 156	62, 381	61, 855	62, 166	63, 423	63, 906	65, 644	r64, 362	63, 10
Demand. total \(\)	93, 215 4, 747 3, 979	97, 958 70, 149 4, 971 4, 033 13, 415	89, 690 5, 138 3, 105	5, 065 3, 838	86, 044 4, 836 2, 865	88, 229 63, 869 5, 572 2, 854 11, 090	88, 056 64, 168 5, 490 2, 982 10, 805	88, 255 63, 750 4, 932 3, 834 10, 925	89, 427 64, 044 5, 107 4, 086 11, 201	86, 379 62, 935 4, 847 3, 568 10, 586	90, 354 64, 480 4, 693 5, 533 11, 022	92, 658 66, 407 5, 027 4, 071 12, 608	91, 216 66, 183 4, 894 3, 414 11, 820	97, 958 70, 149 4, 971 4, 033 13, 415	r91, 853 r67, 161 r 5, 185 r 3, 220 r11, 175	91, 82 66, 45 5, 15 3, 33 11, 16
Time, total \$\partial do		41, 603 30, 225 5, 945	36, 610	36, 928	37, 498	38, 538 27, 902 5, 699	39, 191 28, 202 5, 939	39, 712 28, 627 6, 102	40, 304 28, 862 6, 389	40, 660 29, 030 6, 415	41,007 29,244 6,512	41, 209 29, 621 6, 406	41, 188 29, 771 6, 190	41,603 30,225 5,945	r42, 863 30, 640 r 6, 553	43, 89 31, 07 7, 06
Loans (adjusted), total \$\frac{\sigma}{\sigma}\$ do. Connucreial and industrial. do. For purchasing or carrying scentities. do. To nonbank financial institutions. do. Real estate loans. do. Other loans. do.	3 945	74, 285 732, 797 4, 705 7 6, 159 13, 403 721, 194	69, 626 31, 294 3, 568 12, 787	69, 787 31, 531 3, 519 12, 766	69, 638 32, 203 3, 104 12, 727	70, 153 31, 905 3, 883 4, 960 12, 770 19, 456	69, 913 31, 460 3, 873 5, 057 12, 855 19, 527	70, 171 31, 769 3, 888 5, 025 12, 896 19, 389	70, 072 31, 499 4, 100 5, 066 12, 956 19, 606	69, 551 31, 476 3, 615 5, 044 13, 055 19, 408	70, 989 ² 31,805 ⁴ , 066 ⁵ , 487 13, 136 19, 699	71, 843 32, 085 4, 535 5, 358 13, 245 19, 622	71, 670 32, 109 4, 004 5, 375 13, 347 19, 706	74, 285 732, 797 4, 705 76, 159 13, 403 721, 194	771, 878 731, 992 73, 804 75, 516 13, 420 720, 696	72, 89 32, 19 4, 47 5, 55 13, 49 20, 60
Investments, total do. U.S. Government obligations, total do. Notes and bonds do. Other securities do.	40, 754 30, 547 24, 944 10, 207	46, 069 33, 960 26, 609 12, 109	41, 361 31, 086 24, 994 10, 275	41, 187 30, 635 25, 863 10, 552	40, 377 29, 519 25, 578 10, 858	41, 453 30, 590 25, 452 10, 863	42, 234 31, 397 25, 644 10, 837	42, 935 31, 976 25, 667 10, 959	44, 851 33, 790 26, 378 11, 061	44, 750 33, 464 26, 311 11, 286	46, 114 34, 414 26, 149 11, 700	45, 624 34, 087 26, 833 11, 537	45, 649 33, 932 26, 888 11, 717	46, 069 33, 960 26, 609 12, 109	46, 653 34, 475 26, 820 12, 178	46, 04 33, 54 25, 64 12, 53
Money and interest rates: \$ Bank rates on business loans: In 19 cities	3 5. 16 3 4. 97 3 5. 15 3 5. 45	3 4. 97 3 4. 76 3 4. 98 3 5. 28			4. 97 4. 75 4. 96 5. 29			4. 97 4. 75 4. 95 5. 31		-	4. 99 4. 75 5. 05 5. 26			4. 96 4. 77 4. 96 5. 24		
Discount rate, end of year or month (N.Y.F.R. Bank) percent Federal intermediate credit bank loans do Federal land bank loans do	3, 00 4 5, 05 4 6, 00	3.00 4 4.00 4 5.64	3, 00 4, 05 5, 76	3, 00 4, 04 5, 75	3, 00 3, 99 5, 74	3. 00 3. 99 5. 60	3. 00 4. 00 5. 60	3, 00 4, 00 5, 60	3. 00 3. 99 5. 60	3. 00 3. 97 5. 60	3. 00 3. 98 5. 60	3, 00 3, 98 5, 60	3. 00 4. 00 5. 60	3. 00 3. 98 5. 60	3, 00 3, 94 5, 60	3.0
Open market rates, New York City: Bankers' acceptances (prime, 90 days)do Commercial paper (prime, 4-6 months)do Finance Co. paper placed directly, 3-6 months percent	4 3. 51 4 3. 85 4 3. 54	4 2. 81 4 2. 97 4 2. 68	2. 86 2. 98 2. 78	2, 78 3, 03 2, 65	2. 94 3. 03 2. 76	2. 84 2. 91 2. 58	2. 68 2. 76 2. 50	2.75 2.91 2.66	2. 75 2. 72 2. 50	2. 81 2. 92 2. 64	2.84 3.05 2.68	2. 75 3. 00 2. 79	2.75 2.98 2.74	2. 87 3. 19 2. 93	3, 00 r 3, 26 3, 05	3. 0 3. 2 3. 0
Stock Exchange call loans, going ratedo Yield on U.S. Government securities (taxable): 3-month bills (rate on new issue)percent 3-5 year issues	4 4. 99	4 4, 50 4 2, 378 4 3, 60	4. 50 2. 302 3. 53	2. 408 3. 54	4. 50 2. 420 3. 43	4. 50 2. 327 3. 39	4. 50 2. 288 3. 28	4. 50 2. 359 3. 70	4. 50 2. 268 3. 69	4. 50 2. 402 3. 80	2. 304 3. 77	4. 50 2. 350 3. 64	4. 50 2. 458 3. 68	4. 50 2. 617 3. 82	4. 50 2. 746 3. 84	2. 75 3. 7
Savings deposits, balance to credit of depositors: New York State savings banks, end of year or month	21, 400 770	22, 357 651	21, 438 760	21, 500 749	21, 720 739	21, 610 720	21, 652 711	21,845 700	21, 832 691	21, 857 681		21, 982 666	22, 066 658	22, 357 651	22, 350 642	
CONSUMER CREDIT ‡ (Short- and Intermediate-term)																
Fotal outstanding, end of year or monthmil. \$	55, 757	57, 139	54, 726	53, 843	53, 641	53, 756	54, 196	54, 602	54, 505	54, 739	54, 757	54, 902	55, 451	57, 139	56, 278	
Installment credit, totaldo	42, 588	43, 163	42, 122	41,662	41, 465	41, 423	41, 584	41,888	41, 909	42,090	42,039	42, 181	42, 419	43, 163	42, 846	
Automobile paper	17, 444 11, 525 3, 139 10, 480	16, 960 11, 771 3, 177 11, 255	17, 220 11, 365 3, 100 10, 437	17, 017 11, 136 3, 075 10, 434	16, 922 11, 007 3, 066 10, 470	16, 877 10, 915 3, 073 10, 558	16, 933 10, 929 3, 100 10, 622	17,061 10,966 3,122 10,739	17, 063 10, 934 3, 133 10, 779	17,061 10,966 3,165 10,898	16, 902 11, 006 3, 180 10, 951	16, 913 11, 085 3, 183 11, 000	16, 960 11, 215 3, 192 11, 052	16, 960 11, 771 3, 177 11, 255	16, 878 11, 605 3, 131 11, 232	
By type of holder: Financial institutions, total	36, 974 16, 672 11, 228 3, 923 3, 670 1, 481	37, 580 16, 843 11, 052 4, 352 3, 798 1, 535	37, 708 17, 539 11, 165 3, 879 3, 645 1, 480	37, 329 17, 285 11, 053 3, 886 3, 621 1, 484	37, 092 17, 148 10, 931 3, 920 3, 603 1, 490	37,003 17,072 10,883 3,964 3,606 1,478	37,056 17,079 10,859 4,019 3,607 1,492	37, 249 17, 113 10, 915 4, 107 3, 622 1, 492	37, 226 17, 066 10, 903 4, 144 3, 633 1, 480	37, 320 17, 065 10, 886 4, 207 3, 659 1, 503	37, 188 16, 909 10, 882 4, 233 3, 650 1, 514	37, 191 16, 877 10, 866 4, 269 3, 671 1, 508	37, 240 16, 836 10, 878 4, 317 3, 684 1, 525	37, 580 16, 843 11, 052 4, 352 3, 798 1, 535	37, 551 16, 759 11, 190 4, 306 3, 782 1, 514	
Retail outlets, total	5, 615 2, 414 1, 107 359 1, 735	5, 583 2, 421 1, 080 359 1, 723	4, 414 1, 327 1, 071 360 1, 656	4, 334 1, 367 1, 043 361 1, 563	4, 373 1, 452 1, 016 361 1, 544	4, 420 1, 545 1, 002 361 1, 512	4, 527 1, 650 997 360 1, 520	4,639 1,748 1,001 359 1,531	4, 682 1, 811 993 359 1, 519	4, 769 1, 896 1, 001 359 1, 513	4,850 1,979 1,009 360 1,502	4,990 2,097 1,014 359 1,520	5, 179 2, 213 1, 034 360 1, 572	5, 583 2, 421 1, 080 359 1, 723	5, 295 2, 212 1, 057 359 1, 667	
Noninstallment credit, total	13, 169	13, 976	12,604	12, 181	12, 176	12, 333	12, 612	12,714	12, 596	12, 649	12,718	12,721	13, 032	13, 976	13, 432	
Single-payment loans, total do— Commercial banks—do Other financial institutions—do—	4, 507 3, 884 623	4, 955 4, 224 731	4, 503 3, 882 621	4, 573 3, 927 646	4,611 3,925 686	4, 589 3, 970 619	4,717 4,028 689	4,743 4,090 653	4,708 4,103 605	4, 769 4, 100 669	4, 832 4, 129 703	4,778 4,125 653	4, 880 4, 158 722	4, 955 4, 224 731	4, 906 4, 203 703	
Charge accounts, total do Department stores do Other retail outlets do Credit cards do	5, 329 941 3, 952 436	5, 438 948 4, 027 463	4, 721 810 3, 473 438	4, 132 669 3, 030 433	4, 096 637 3, 034 425	4, 203 631 3, 149 423	4,380 634 3,329 417	4, 474 624 3, 411 439	4, 397 574 3, 360 463	4, 409 589 3, 327 493	4, 423 623 3, 312 488	4,517 656 3,382 479	4, 684 717 3, 498 469	5, 438 948 4, 027 463	4,892 804 3,614 474	

Revised. *Preliminary. 1 Average for Dec. 2 Effective Sept. 1961, data for several categories have been revised to reflect reclassification of loans; this change reduced commercial and industrial loans in Sept. by a net of \$146 mil. 3 Quarterly average. 4 Monthly average. † Revised to reflect new coverage and revised classification of deposits (for details, see the June and July 1961 issues of Federal Reserve Bulletin). 3 For demand deposits, the term "adjusted" denotes demand deposits other than domestic commercial interbank and U.S. Government, less cash items in process of collection;

for loans, exclusive of loans to domestic commercial banks and after deduction of valuation reserves (individual loan items are shown gross; i.e., before deduction of valuation reserves).

§ Includes data not shown separately.

¶ Data are as of end of consecutive 4-week periods ending in month indicated, except June figure which is as of June 30 (end of fiscal year).

‡ Revised to incorporate new benchmark data; revisions back to July 1955 appear in the Dec. 1961 Federal Reserve Bulletin.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961				·····	·	196	61	 ,	·				19	962
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mor ave		Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
			F	INAN	ICE-	-Cont	inued									
CONSUMER CREDIT;—Continued																
Installment credit extended and repaid: Unadjusted: Extended, total	4, 109 1, 451 1, 206 1, 453 3, 813	3, 999 1, 315 1, 207 1, 477 3, 951	3, 426 1, 130 1, 031 1, 265 3, 895	3, 183 1, 049 888 1, 246 3, 643	3, 907 1, 323 1, 111 1, 473 4, 104	3, 721 1, 243 1, 073 1, 405 3, 764	4, 203 1, 449 1, 221 1, 533 4, 043	4, 347 1, 515 1, 236 1, 596 4, 042	3, 905 1, 365 1, 113 1, 427 3, 885	4, 234 1, 395 1, 229 1, 610 4, 053	3, 789 1, 168 1, 200 1, 421 3, 839	4, 244 1, 452 1, 300 1, 492 4, 102	4, 275 1, 402 1, 327 1, 546 4, 037	4, 754 1, 289 1, 750 1, 715 4, 010	3, 756 1, 320 1, 039 1, 397 4, 073	
Automobile paper do Other consumer goods paper do All other do Adjusted: do Extended, total do Automobile paper do	1, 348 1, 131 1, 334	1,355 1,186 1,410	1, 354 1, 193 1, 348 3, 866 1, 286	1, 252 1, 116 1, 275 3, 812 1, 216	1, 418 1, 242 1, 414 3, 894 1, 255	1, 290 1, 164 1, 310 3, 800 1, 225	1, 394 1, 207 1, 442 3, 907 1, 270	1, 387 1, 199 1, 456 3, 962 1, 296	1,362 1,145 1,378 3,909 1,300	1, 396 1, 198 1, 459 4, 038 1, 302	1, 327 1, 159 1, 353 3, 942 1, 271	1, 441 1, 221 1, 440 4, 209 1, 405	J, 355 1, 197 1, 485 4, 317 1, 511	1, 289 1, 194 1, 527 4, 315 1, 471	1, 402 1, 205 1, 466 4, 194 1, 474	
Other consumer goods paper			1, 179 1, 401 3, 875 1, 356 1, 163 1, 356	1, 165 1, 431 3, 889 1, 353 1, 151 1, 385	1, 188 1, 451 3, 907 1, 348 1, 176	1, 162 1, 413 3, 907 1, 356 1, 189 1, 362	1, 173 1, 464 3, 895 1, 336 1, 166 1, 393	1, 175 1, 491 3, 962 1, 354 1, 188 1, 420	1, 184 1, 425 3, 937 1, 364 1, 183 1, 390	1, 212 1, 524 3, 994 1, 362 1, 197 1, 435	1, 199 1, 472 3, 956 1, 350 1, 190	1. 254 1. 550 4, 028 1. 372 1. 210 1, 446	1, 249 1, 557 4, 017 1, 359 1, 188 1, 470	1, 316 1, 528 4, 051 1, 361 1, 233 1, 457	1, 185 1, 535 3, 979 1, 380 1, 147 1, 452	
All otherdodo			1, 550	1, 300	1, 383	1, 502	1. 555	1,420	1, 310	1, 400	1, 416	1, 140	1, 470	1.407	1.402	
Not cash transactions with the public: \(\sigma^*\) Receipts from	8, 191 7, 891 299	8. 161 8. 728 567	5, 586 7, 275 +1, 689	8, 916 7, 867 1, 049	10, 256 8, 260 1, 996	6, 295 8, 292 -1, 997	9, 731 9, 462 269	12, 465 9, 684 2, 781	3, 793 7, 902 -4, 109	9, 357 10, 552 —1, 195	10, 236 8, 266 1, 970	3, 872 9, 385 -5, 512	8, 554 9, 218 663	8, 868 8, 576 292	5, 968 8, 726 2, 758	
Receipts	8, 333	8, 333	5, 537	9, 153	22, 500 24, 900 -2, 300 11, 878	7, 359	9, 767	725, 000 726, 900 7—1,900 12, 728	3, 779	8, 713	26, 100 -900 10, 285	3, 811	8,007	25, 600 26, 800 -1, 200 8, 980	5, 959	-
Reccipts, net¶	6, 626 91 3, 838 1, 891 1, 008	6, 513 88 3, 933 1, 766 1, 039	4, 846 82 3, 198 534 348	6, 537 70 5, 567 444 1, 814	8, 524 88 3, 171 5, 799 1, 348	5, 125 73 4, 319 493 736	6, 467 85 5, 699 411 2, 020	10, 831 84 4, 397 5, 246 1, 173	2, 982 91 1, 489 520 306	6, 367 98 4, 814 382 1, 821	8, 945 90 4, 679 3, 251 884	3, 141 105 1, 614 408 241	6, 424 106 4, 891 377 1, 266	7, 967 88 3, 363 3, 322 505	5, 357 100 3, 570 466 353	
Other internal revenue and receipts do. Expenditures, total . do. Interest on public debt do. Veterans' services and benefits do. Major national security do. All other expenditures do.	1, 506 6, 464 773 429 3, 808 1, 510	1, 508 7, 039 739 445 74, 013 71, 895	1, 375 6, 470 775 444 3, 693 1, 612	1, 258 6, 236 719 431 3, 778 1, 344	1, 472 7, 012 726 480 4, 279 1, 528	1, 738 6, 450 722 443 3, 754 1, 532	1, 551 7, 169 717 441 4, 144 1, 874	1, 829 7, 961 758 446 4, 579 2, 423	1, 382 6, 322 765 422 3, 453 1, 742	1, 597 7, 631 730 471 4, 046 2, 434	1, 380 6, 771 727 418 3, 852 1, 777	1, 443 7, 796 713 438 4, 067 2, 587	1, 368 7, 485 740 437 4, 253 2, 055	1, 701 7, 160 781 471 7 4, 258 7 1, 836		
Public debt and guaranteed obligations: Gross debt (direct), end of mo., total	1290, 22 1286, 82 1242, 47 1 10, 64 1 44, 35 1 3, 40	1 296, 17 1 292, 69 1 249, 17 1 10, 89 1 43, 52 1 3, 48	290. 04 286, 65 242, 83 10, 66 43, 82 3, 38	290, 54 287, 19 243, 46 10, 68 43, 73 3, 35	287, 47 284, 06 240, 06 10, 79 44, 00 3, 41	287, 99 284, 63 241, 62 10, 86 43, 01 3, 36	290, 15 286, 84 242, 34 10, 93 44, 50 3, 30	288, 97 285, 67 240, 63 10, 96 45, 04 3, 30	292, 40 289, 00 244, 80 10, 93 44, 20 3, 41	293, 71 290, 66 245, 09 10, 81 45, 57 3, 06	293. 75 290. 77 245. 77 10. 81 45. 01 2. 98	295, 66 292, 71 248, 82 11, 01 43, 89 2, 95	297, 01 293, 60 249, 39 11, 08 44, 22 3, 41	296. 17 292. 69 249. 17 10. 89 43. 52 3. 48	296, 51 293, 11 250, 81 42, 30 3, 40	± 293. 250. 42.
Guaranteed obligations not owned by U.S. Treasuary, end of month	1, 16 1 47, 53 36 , 56	1.33 147.79 .38 .47	. 16 47. 55 . 46 . 56	. 20 47. 62 . 42 . 45	. 21 47. 67 . 43 . 49	. 22 47. 68 . 35 . 43	. 23 47. 71 . 37 . 44	.24 47.75 .37 .46	. 24 47. 81 . 34 . 42	. 25 47. 87 . 39 . 44	. 27 47. 89 . 34 . 42	. 30 47. 95 . 37 . 41	. 31 48. 03 . 36 . 38	. 33 47. 79 . 34 . 71	. 35 47. 78 . 48 . 62	47.
LIFE INSURANCE					i I											
Institute of Life Insurance: Assets, total, all U.S. life insurance companies bil, \$	1119 58		120.47	120, 95	121.47	121.92	122.46	122.86	123. 38	123. 90	124. 41	125.06	125. 71	126. 59		
Bonds (book value), domestic and foreign, total bil. \$ U.S. Government do	58. 56 6. 43 3. 59 15. 95 13. 64		59. 09 6. 54 3. 67 15. 97 3. 71 25. 42	59. 24 6. 54 3. 70 15. 98 3. 71 25. 48	59. 36 6. 54 3. 74 15. 96 3. 72 25. 56	59. 54 6. 49 3. 77 15. 98 3. 71 25. 67	59. 74 6. 55 3. 77 15. 99 3. 70 25. 76	59. 86 6. 40 3. 78 16. 03 3. 69 25. 97	60. 22 6. 44 3. 79 16. 05 3. 68 26. 19	60. 44 6. 44 3, 82 16. 12 3. 68 26. 30	60. 59 6. 39 3. 85 16. 14 3. 67 26. 45	60, 86 6, 40 3, 87 16, 15 3, 67 26, 67	61. 02 6. 36 3. 90 16. 17 3. 66 26. 81	61. 05 6. 10 3. 92 16. 21 3. 66		-
Stocks (book value), domestic and foreign, total bil, \$ hil, \$ Preferred (U.S.)	1 1. 79 1 3. 12 1 41. 77 1 38. 79		4. 10 1. 91 2. 13 42. 01 39. 02 3. 81	4. 15 1. 94 2. 16 42. 14 39. 15 3. 82	4. 24 1. 94 2. 23 42. 35 39. 35 3. 82	4, 25 1, 96 2, 23 42, 55 39, 52 3, 83	4. 34 2. 02 2. 25 42. 72 39. 67 3. 84	4, 34 2, 04 2, 24 42, 90 39, 83 3, 86	4. 38 2. 05 2. 26 43. 05 39. 96 3. 87	4. 42 2. 06 2. 28 43. 22 40. 10 3. 90	4. 47 2. 07 2. 33 43. 38 40. 25 3. 92	4. 52 2. 08 2. 38 43. 58 40. 44 3. 94	4, 58 2, 09 2, 42 43, 82 40, 66 3, 95	2. 10 2. 60 44. 24 41. 07		
Policy loans and premium notes do Cash do Other assets do Life Insurance Agency Management Association: Insurance written (new paid-for insurance): Value, estimated totalmil, \$	1 5. 23 1 1. 33 1 3. 94 6, 201	6, 508	5. 30 1. 28 4. 88 5, 187	5. 34 1. 27 4. 98 5, 458	5. 41 1. 22 5. 07 9. 012	5, 46 1, 23 5, 06 6, 297	5. 51 1. 30 5. 02 6. 595	5. 55 1. 27 5. 07 6. 255	5. 54 1. 30 5. 02 6, 125	5, 58 1, 29 5, 06 6, 347	5. 62 1. 30 5. 14 5, 866	5. 65 1. 33 5. 18 6, 848	5. 68 1. 37 5. 28 6, 671	5. 72 1. 39 5. 44 7, 440		
Group and wholesale	1, 279 573 4, 349 676. 5	734. 2	1. 157 501 3. 529 711. 2	944 544 3, 970 683. 2 292. 2	3, 656 634 4, 722 796, 7	1, 250 592 4, 455 681. 7	1. 154 677 4, 764 741. 6	1, 141 628 4, 486 739, 2 307, 5	1,312 589 4,224 653.6 261.9	1, 405 585 4, 357 728, 5	1, 158 578 4, 130 673. 4	1, 543 614 4, 691 723, 1 286, 7	1, 187 595 4, 889 711, 3 292, 7	1,930 529 4,981 967.5		-
Death benefits	278. 8 56. 1 10. 3 60. 2 136. 1 135. 0	59. 6 11. 1 64. 2 149. 4	304. 2 62. 9 11. 9 81. 2 138. 5 112. 5	56. 5 10. 2 61. 9 139. 8	325, 2 64, 1 11, 5 65, 6 165, 6 164, 7			59. 2 11. 7 63. 8 149. 7	52.9 9.9 65.7 144.5 118.7	313. 7 56. 4 11. 4 63. 1 151. 5 132. 4	287. 2 52. 8 10. 4 59. 9 132. 0 131. 1	62. 3 11. 6 65. 7 151. 7	60. 8 10. 9 62. 7 140. 7	70. 0 11. 3 56. 4 163. 7		-

^{*}Revised. Preliminary. 1 End of year. 1 Sec similar footnote on p. S-17.

*New series (compiled by U.S. Treasury Dept. and Bu. of the Budget).

 \P Data for net receipts and total expenditures reflect exclusion of certain interfund transactions.

Inless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961						19	61						19	62
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS		thly rage	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb
	·- ·-		I	FINAL	NCE-	-Cont	inued	l								
LIFE INSURANCE—Continued																
ife Insurance Association of America: Premium income (39 cos.), qtrly, totalmil. \$	1 2, 916		~		2,942			2, 934			2, 884					
Accident and health do	1 557				570 271			595 247			600 230					
Annuities do Group do Industrial do October do 100	1 343				351 169 1,580			349 169 1, 585			339 160 1, 555					
Ordinarydodo	1 1. 541				1, 980	******		1, 585			1, 000					
old and silver:									'							
Gold: Monetary stock, U.S. (end of yr. or mo.) mil. \$dodo	$\begin{vmatrix} 2 & 17,767 \\ -165 \end{vmatrix}$	2 16, 889 -5	17, 441 -322	17, 373	17, 388 161	17, 390 92	17, 403 152	17, 550 254	17, 527 -3	17, 451 -23	17, 376 4	17, 300 -43	16, 975 -272	16, 889 -65	16, 815 -64	
Exports thous. \$ Imports do	137	64, 583 4, 684	22,463 $2,779$		140, 284 3, 091	89, 673 1, 704	133, 075 1, 659	98, 118 1, 857	193 2, 399	42, 118 9, 246	63, 065 4, 949	70, 051 4, 009	14, 068 11, 540	52, 755 10, 769		
Production, reported monthly total 9do	³ 91, 600		390, 900 307, 900	388, 400 366,700	³ 70, 100											
Africadodododo	13,400	12, 900 3, 600	3 67, 900 13, 200 3, 200	12,600 2,900	13, 700 3, 700	13, 100 3, 200	13, 400 3, 300	12, 800 3, 800	12,600 3,800	12,500 3,800	12, 100 4, 500	12, 700 3, 900	13,000 4,100	12, 900 3, 400		
Silver:do	2, 149	3, 154	4, 673	3, 188	4,670	4, 503	1, 841	749	2,832	992	3, 397	2. 511	6,600	1, 896		
Importsdodo!. per fine oz Price at New Yorkdo!. per fine oz	4, 786	3,786	4, 105 , 914	7 3, 564 , 914	4, 502 . 914	4, 580 . 914	3, 363 , 914	3, 648 . 914	3, 552 . 914	3, 585 . 914	2, 625 , 914	3, 316 . 914	3,441	5, 152 1, 033	1,043	ī
Canadathous, fine oz_ Mexicodo	2,813 7 3,711		2, 515 4, 280	2, 499 3, 460	2, 855 3, 590	2, 398 3, 250	2, 445 4, 020	2,877 3,540	2,394 3,160	2, 223 3, 650	r 2,373 4,390	7 3, 054 3, 420	3, 590			
United Statesdododododododo_	3,345	3, 524 2 33, 9	3, 325	3, 190	3, 285	3, 974	3, 580	3,834	2,840	2,891	3,737	3. 523	3,816	4, 297 33, 9	90.0	
Currency in circulationbil. \$. Deposits and currency, totaldo Foreign banks deposits, netdo	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 32. & 9 \\ 2 & 263. & 2 \\ 2 & 3. & 2 \end{bmatrix}$	2 278. 7 2 1. 5	$\begin{array}{c} 31.8 \\ 259.2 \\ 3.1 \end{array}$	31.8 259.5 3.1	31.9 258.9 3.3	31. 8 260. 6 3. 2	32, 2 261, 7 1, 1	32. 4 265. 6 1. 2	32, 5 267, 2 1, 3	32. 6 266. 4 1. 3	32. 7 r 271. 1 1. 4	32. 8 272. 4 1, 3	33. 5 273. 0 1. 2	278. 7 1. 5	32. 8 275. 8 1 3	
U.S. Government balancesdo	2 7. 1	27.4	4.5	6.9	5, 3	3. 2	5. 9	7.4	6.7	6. 5	9.3	6.8	6.6	7.4	6.1	
Deposits (adj.) and currency, total dodododododo	2 115. 1	2 269, 9 2 119, 9 2 120, 7	251.6 114.7	249. 5 110. 6	250. 2 110. 3	254. 2 113. 6	254. 7 110. 6	256. 9 110. 3	259. 1 113. 0	258. 5 111. 5	7 260. 4 112. 4	264. 4 115. 7	265. 1 116. 2	269, 9 119, 9	268, 5 116, 6	
Time deposits, adjusted	2 29. 4	² 29. 3	109. 0 28. 0	110. 7 28. 2	J11. 9 28. 0	112. 7 27. 9	115.7 28.4	117.3 29.4	117.7 28.4	118.6 28.5	r 119.4 r 28.6	120. 1 28. 7	119.8 29.1	120. 7 29. 3	123.3 28.6	
U.S. Govt., annual rates, seas, adjusted: Total (344 centers)*ratio of debits to deposits			36.8	36. 5	37.7	37. 9	38.9	38. 5	38.8	38.6	38.6	40.1	39. 9	39. 8	p 39, 6	
New York Citydodododododo	60.0	70. 0 36. 8	r 64. 8 r 36. 7	7 64. 7 7 35. 5	r 67. 9	69. 2	771.8 737.1	7 70.5 7 37.1	771.6 737.3	r 71.1	7 72.3 7 37.4	7 75, 6 7 38, 3	r 75. 3	7 73. 4 7 38. 7	70.9 240.1 27.7	
profits and dividends (QTRLY.)	25.7	26. 1	7 25. 9	25. 5	26.1	r 25. 7	r 26. 4	7 26. 3	r 26. 5	7 26.4	r 26. 5	7 27. 0	r 26, 8	7 26. 8	221.1	
Ianufacturing corps. (Fed. Trade and SEC): Net profit after taxes, all industriesmil. \$																
Pood and kindred products	1 3, 800 1 306 1 82				2, 900 262 36			3, 965 340 60			3, 837 377 84					-
Lumber and wood products (except furniture)	1 26	}		i	-4			43			48			1	į	1
Paper and allied products do Chemicals and allied products do	1 147 1 503				421			151 566			137 520					
Petroleum refiningdo Stone, clay, and glass productsdo Primary nonferrous metaldo	1 719				783 44 104			712 165 137			725 183 106					
Primary iron and steel	1 236				103			229			208					
machinery, and transport, equip.)mil. \$ Machinery (except electrical)do	1 246				47 191			309			144 268					
Elec. machinery, equip., and suppliesdo Transportation equipment (except motor vehicles, etc.)mil. \$	1 256	1		ļ	206			234 79		l	234	ł			i i	1
Motor vehicles and parts do All other manufacturing industries do	1 419 1 435							429 376			206 517					-
Dividends paid (cash), all industriesdo	1 2, 070				2,008			2,005			2, 010				i	1
Clectric utilities, profits after taxes (Federal Reserve)mil, \$ 'ransportation and communications (see pp. S-23)	1 449				523			447			447					
and S-24).																
SECURITIES ISSUED ecurities and Exchange Commission:																
Estimated gross proceeds, totalmil, \$_By type of security:	2, 295	2, 958	1,774	5, 455	2, 161	3, 393	4, 432	3, 494	1,901	2,064	1, 913	r 4, 410	r 2, 404	2,094	3, 523	
Bonds and notes, totaldododo	2, 122	2, 648 785 273	1, 645 472	5, 288 529	$2,007 \\ 542$	2, 223 1, 061	4, 112 1, 021	3, 210 1, 495	1,642 817	1,887	1,695 460	7 4, 100 7 845	7 2, 179 7 762	1, 784 784	3, 383 580	
Common stockdodo Preferred stockdodo	139 34		99 30	130 37	125 29	1, 111	228 92	244 40	239 20	131 45	201 17	⁷ 298 ⁷ 12	184 r 41	284 26	138	
By type of issuer: Corporate, totalOdododo		1, 096 343	601 173	695 106	696 286	2, 231 602	1, 342 481	1,779 585	1,075 452	813 288	678 268	7 1, 155 7 308	7 987 7 233	1,094 330	720 267	
Extractive (mining)do Public utilitydo	20 238	22 253	15 140	28 163	17 85	10 278	34 461	11 408	33 276	$\frac{15}{220}$	15 113	7 37 7 318	7 4 7 367	42 211	15 115	
Railroad do do Communication do do do do do do do do do do do do do	18 87	15 152	28 21	17 41	23 90	1,045	14 98	13 270	9 16	16 13	77	r 19 r 26	r 24 r 81	5 42	12 75	
Financial and real estatedo		190	149	228 4, 760	97	191	3, 091	243 1,715	218 826	133 1, 250	110 1, 235	r 291	7 183	315 1,000	138	
Noncorporate, totalOdo	1 /1/21/2														2,803	

^{*} Revised. * Preliminary. * Quarterly average. * End of year.

* Excludes Republic of the Congo. * Includes revisions not distributed by months.

* Or increase in earmarked gold (—).

* Includes data for the following countries not shown separately: Mexico; Brazil; Colombia; Nicaragua; Australia; and India.

[¶]The term "adjusted" denotes exclusion of interbank and U.S. Government deposits; for demand deposits, also exclusion of cash items reported as in process of collection.

*Data prior to 1961 for 344 centers will be available later.

¿Includes Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago, Detroit, San Francisco, and Los Angeles.

⊙lncludes data not shown separately.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961						196	1						19	62
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon avei		Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan,	Feb.
			F	INAN	ICE-	Cont	inued	l								
SECURITIES ISSUED—Continued																
Scenritics and Exchange Commission—Continued New corporate security issues: Estimated net proceeds, totalmil. \$mil. \$	827	1, 073	590	682	679	2, 203	1, 314	1, 744	1,049	793	658	r 1, 129	r 961	1,071	704	
Proposed uses of proceeds: New money, totaldododo	730 472	902 628	552 359	612 304	484 289	2, 055 1, 780	1,090 834	1, 127 759	846 560	662 434	612 402	r 952 r 641	r 908 r 671	930 506	556 331	
Working capital do Retirement of securities do Other purposes de		274 75 96	192 10 28	$\frac{308}{14}$	195 118 77	275 85 63	256 55 169	368 426 191	286 22 182	228 31 100	210 11 36	7 311 7 40 7 138	r 237 r 13 r 40	424 71 70		
State and municipal issues (Bond Buyer): Long-termdodododo	602	695 376	766 334	660 496	756 397	710 201	625 382	1,035 279	463 297	603 665	699 351	643 244	789 532	654 336	815	
SECURITY MARKETS	00.	0	001								· · ·				***	
Brokers' Balances (N.Y.S.E. Members Carrying Margin Accounts)						;										
Cash on hand and in banks	1 1, 135	1 430 1 4, 294 1 1, 219 1 3, 003	413 3, 330 1, 269 2, 038	453 3, 426 1, 392 1, 999	427 3, 656 1, 507 1, 997	433 3, 986 1, 508 2, 351	453 4, 100 1, 453 2, 587	422 4, 076 1, 280 2, 815	443 4,041 1,207 2,798	436 4,021 1,208 2,734	420 4, 037 1, 227 2, 730	429 4, 072 1, 214 2, 710	422 4, 180 1, 213 2, 803	430 4, 294 1, 219 3, 903	1, 222	
Bonds Prices: Average price of all listed bonds (N.Y.S.E.),					i											
total§	91. 42 91. 56 81. 81	92. 98 93. 12 83. 22	92, 96 93, 10 82, 61	92, 50 92, 60 84, 00	93, 71 93, 85 83, 39	93, 84 93, 98 83, 38	93, 72 93, 87 83, 26	92.73 92.87 82.65	92. 77 92. 92 82. 27	92. 47 92. 61 82. 58	92, 97 93, 12 82, 57	93, 19 93, 32 83, 31	92, 67 92, 76 85, 36	92, 26 92, 38 83, 31	92. 35	
Industrial, utility, and railroad (A1+ issues): Composite (21 bonds)dol. per \$100 bond Domestic municipal (15 bonds)do U.S. Treasury bonds, taxable \$do Sales:	94. 6 103. 9 86. 22	95. 2 107. 8 87. 55	95. 6 108. 1 87. 70	96. 3 109. 7 88. 74	97. 0 108. 9 89. 07	96, 3 108, 0 88, 80	96. 0 109. 0 89. 74	95, 0 106, 8 87, 83	94. 5 106. 7 87. 57	93. 9 106. 5 86. 27	93. 9 106. 6 86. 09	94, 6 107, 7 86, 61	94. 9 108. 1 86. 52	94. 5 107. 3 85. 61	94, 5 109, 9 85, 34	94, 5 110, 5 85, 17
Total, excl. U.S. Government bonds (SEC): All registered exchanges: Market valuemil. \$	133. 92		151.32	181. 22	247. 68	184.05		151, 26	r 144, 00	176. 24	137. 47	153, 52	162,65	160. 43	150, 81	
Face value 405 New York Stock Exchange: 405 Market value 405	134. 52 131. 65	162. 82 163. 70	159. 28 148. 72	171.06 174.49	222.73 237.56	163.40 176.00	167, 31 167, 66	143. 98 148. 00	* 146, 49 141, 64	162. 53 172. 12	133. 89 134. 97	151, 77 150, 43	164.03 158, 28	167. 36 154. 50	146. 10	
Face valuedo	132. 28 112. 20	159, 05 136, 34	156. 49 144. 70	167. 23 137. 64	217, 27 178, 01	159.35 138.04	163. 10 140. 82	140. 97 118. 28	143. 95 131. 56	158. 75 133. 11	131.33 111.74	148. 44 125, 57	160, 65 140, 84	161.12 135.73	152. 91 133. 06	
Domestic	105. 88 6. 33	130, 51 5, 83	138.05 6.64	132, 41 5, 23	170. 78 7. 22	132.00 6.04	134. 51 6. 31	112.74 5.54	125. 80 5. 76	127. 84 5. 27	106. 51 5. 24	120, 68 4, 88	135. 71 5. 13	129. 09 6. 64	126, 35 6, 71	
Market value, total, all issues bil. \$ Domestic do Foreign do	108. 48 105. 67 1. 61	108, 34 105, 50 1, 58	107, 98 105, 13 1, 60	107, 59 104, 72 1, 62	109, 94 107, 07 1, 61	110.32 107.47 1.60	110. 43 107. 60 1. 57	109, 30 106, 50 1, 56	109. 63 106. 84 1. 55	108. 46 105. 67 1. 55	108.00 105.20 1.55	109, 03 106, 22 1, 56	104. 75 101. 86 1. 63	104. 63 101. 78 1. 61	162, 66	
Face value, total, all issues \$\frac{1}{2}\$. do. Domestic	118, 69 115, 44 1, 97	116, 51 113, 30 1, 90	116, 16 112, 92 1, 94	116, 31 113, 09 1, 93	117. 31 114. 09 1. 93	117, 57 114, 35 1, 92	117. 82 114. 63 1. 89	117. 87 114. 68 1. 89	118, 17 114, 98 1, 88	117. 29 114. 10 1. 88	116, 16 112, 98 1, 88	117.00 113.82 1.88	113. 03 109. 81 1. 91	113. 42 110. 18 1. 93	111.16	
Yields: Domestic corporate (Moody's)percent_ By ratings:	4. 73	4.66	4.65	4, 59	4.54	4.56	4.58	4.63	4. 70	4. 73	4.74	4.73	4.70	4.71	4.70	4.70
Aaa	4. 41 4. 56 4. 77	4. 35 4. 48 4. 70	4. 32 4. 48 4. 69	4. 27 4. 40 4. 63	4. 22 4. 33 4. 57	4. 25 4. 37 4. 59	4. 27 4. 41 4. 63	4. 33 4. 45 4. 69	4. 41 4. 53 4. 75	4. 45 4. 57 4. 80	4. 45 4. 59 4. 81	4, 42 4, 56 4, 79	4. 39 4. 54 4. 75	4. 42 4. 56 4. 74	4. 42 4. 55 4. 74	4. 42 4. 56 4. 74
Baa	5. 19	5. 08 4. 54	5. 10 4. 52	5, 07 4, 46	5. 02 4. 40	5. 01 4. 45	5. 01 4. 48	5. 03 4. 54	5. 09 4. 59	5. 11 4. 61	5. 12 4. 61	5, 13 4, 60	5. 11 4. 58	5. 10 4. 59	5. 08 4. 57	5. 07 4. 57
Railroad do do Domestic municipal:	4. 69 4. 92	4. 57 4. 82	4. 57 4. 86	4. 51 4. 82	4, 43 4, 78	4, 46 4, 75	4. 49 4. 77	4. 52 4. 83	4.60 4.89	4. 67 4. 92	4. 67 4. 94	4.66 4.92	4. 63 4. 89	4. 62 4. 91	4. 61 4. 92	4. 62 4. 90
Bond Buyer (20 bonds)	3. 51 3. 73 4. 01	3. 46 3. 46 3. 90	3. 38 3. 44 3. 89	3. 33 3. 33 3. 81	3. 51 3. 38 3. 78	3. 48 3. 44 3. 80	3. 48 3. 38 3. 73	3, 54 3, 53 3, 88	3, 49 3, 53 3, 90	3. 54 3. 55 4. 00	3. 49 3. 54 4. 02	3. 36 3. 46 3. 98	3. 48 3. 44 3. 98	3. 42 3. 49 4. 06	3. 22 3. 32 4. 08	3. 28 4. 09
Stocks Cash dividend payments publicly reported:															!	
Total dividend payments mil. \$	² 13, 575 ² 2, 048	² 14, 154 ² 2, 160	1, 003. 2 255. 2	468. 1 161. 2	1, 957. 2 162. 7	914. 1 179. 3	367. 9 84. 1	1, 986. 3 157. 7	935. 7 188. 0	372. 9 85. 3	2, 008. 8 189. 3	987. 4 182. 4	401. 4 114. 1	2, 750. 5 400. 5	1, 065. 4 284. 3	544. 4 235. 3
Manufacturingdodododo	² 7, 047 ² 549	² 7, 346 ² 544	298. 7 11. 2		1, 262. 8 106. 4	312. 4 11. 7	133. 7		313. 8 9. 8	133. 5 2. 9		350. 0 16. 9	135. 0 3. 5	1, 712. 2 157. 3	295. 2 11. 1	134. 5 3. 0
Public utilities: Communications do do do do do do do do do do do do do	² 1, 181 ² 1, 588	² 1, 283 ² 1, 692	209. 0 114. 6	1.7 111.9	94. 3 188. 3	208. 7 119. 3	2. 1 112. 8	95, 8 190, 2	225. 1 118. 4	1, 8 114, 8	96. 9 191. 2	235. 4 118. 4	2. 4 114. 6	109. 9 197. 6	235. 4 119. 7	2. 2 115. 5
Railroads do	2 370 2 581 2 212	2 356 2 578 2 195	34. 6 68. 1 11. 8	4. 1 42. 8 7. 7	56. 8 53. 6 32. 3	20. 4 52. 8 9. 5	22.3 7.7	63. 4 59. 0 30. 3	16. 9 55. 2 8. 5	4. 1 23. 0 7. 5	57. 9 59. 8 29. 0	19. 1 56. 8 8. 4	1. 5 22. 8 7. 5	75. 9 62. 1 35. 0	30. 9 77. 3 11. 5	4. 2 42. 9 6. 8
Dividend rates and prices, common stocks (Moody's):																
Dividends per share, annual rate (200 stocks) dollarsdododo	5, 59	5.70 6.07	5. 64 6. 01 2. 74	5, 65 6, 01 2, 75	5. 65 6. 01 2. 77	5. 66 6. 02 2. 79	5. 66 6. 03 2. 79	5, 66 6, 01 2, 80	5, 67 6, 02 2, 81	5. 68 6. 02 2. 83	5. 68 6. 02 2. 83	5, 69 6, 04 2, 84	5. 88 6. 33 2. 85	5. 89 6. 33 2. 86	5, 92 6, 37 2, 86	5. 95 6. 41 2. 86
Public utility (24 stocks) do Railroad (25 stocks) do Bank (15 stocks) do Insurance (10 stocks) do	3. 53	2. 81 3. 37 4. 21 5. 18	3. 41 4. 20 5. 08	3. 41 4. 20 5. 19	3. 35 4. 20 5. 19	3, 35 4, 20 5, 19	3. 37 4. 20 5. 19	3. 37 4. 21 5. 19	3. 38 4. 21 5. 19	3. 36 4. 25 5. 19	3. 36 4. 25 5. 19	3. 36 4. 30 5. 19	3. 35 4. 30 5. 19			
Price per share, end of mo. (200 stocks) Qdo Industrial (125 stocks)do	155, 46 173, 18	185. 66 199. 90	171. 83 186. 00	175. 72 190. 56	179. 36 193. 51	179. 65 193. 42	183, 20 197, 56	179. 24 193. 90	185. 95 200. 64	189. 30 204. 00	187. 49 201. 55	193. 10 207. 23	200. 36 213. 75	202. 73 216. 69	195. 17 209. 40	198. 76 212. 12
Public utility (24 stocks) dodo Railroad (25 stocks) do	69.82		80. 47 66. 00	82. 66 68. 37	85. 20 69. 24	85.54 67.00	88. 57 68. 45	85. 87 66. 10	88.06 65.90	92.73	94. 50 68. 78	99.77	103. 91 70. 01	99. 32 69. 10	95. 14 70. 43	97. 76 69. 98

[∂]Number of bonds represent number currently used; the change in the number does not affect the continuity of series.

¶Prices are derived from average yields on basis of an assumed 3 percent 20-year bond.

⊙For bonds due or callable in 10 years or more.

♀ Includes data not shown separately.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961						196	1						19	62
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon		Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oet.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
		!	F	INAN	ICE-	-Cont	inued	<u>'</u>			<u> </u>	'	!	'	<u> </u>	
SECURITY MARKETS—Continued Stocks—Continued																
Dividend yields and earnings, common stocks (Moody's): Yield (200 stocks)	3. 60 3. 48 3. 84 5. 65 3. 91 2. 92	3. 07 3. 04 3. 10 4. 94 3. 18 2. 31	3. 28 3. 23 3. 40 5. 17 3. 78 2. 51	3. 22 3. 15 3. 33 4. 99 3. 51 2. 50	3. 15 3. 11 3. 25 4. 84 3. 51 2. 50	3. 15 3. 11 3. 26 5. 00 3. 54 2. 51	3. 09 3. 05 3. 15 4. 89 3. 33 2. 49	3. 16 3. 10 3. 26 5. 07 3. 27 2. 48	3. 05 3. 00 3. 19 5. 08 3. 19 2. 35	3, 00 2, 95 3, 05 4, 87 3, 03 2, 19	3. 03 2. 99 2. 99 4. 90 3. 06 2. 22	2. 95 2. 91 2. 85 4. 76 2. 78 2. 10	2. 93 2. 96 2. 74 4. 80 2. 83 1. 98	2. 91 2. 92 2. 88 4. 86 2. 75 2. 10	3. 03 3. 04 3. 01 4. 77 2. 94 2. 20	2, 99 3, 02 2, 93 4, 79 2, 81 2, 13
Earnings per share (at annual rate), qtrly.: Industrial (125 stocks)dollars. Public utility (24 stocks)do. Railroad (25 stocks)dodo	1 9.62 2 4.12 1 4.80	r 1 9. 63 2 4. 32 1 3. 94			8. 10 4. 17 0. 22			9. 90 4. 21 2. 83			8.80 4.27 4.82			7 11, 70 4, 32 7, 88		
Dividend yields, preferred stocks, 14 high-grade (Standard & Poor's Corp.)percent_	4.75	4.66	4. 73	4.68	4.66	4. 67	4.63	4.66	4, 69	4, 69	4.69	4, 62	4. 59	4, 64	4, 59	4. 52
Prices: Dow-Jones averages (65 stocks) Industrial (30 stocks) Public utility (15 stocks) Railroad (20 stocks) Standard & Poor's Corporation: Industrial, public utility, and railroad: Combined index (500 stocks) 1941-43=10	618.04	232. 44 691. 55 117. 16 143. 52 66. 27	212. 98 632. 20 102. 79 139. 44 59. 72	219, 89 650, 01 107, 70 143, 12 62, 17	225, 64 670, 56 110, 00 145, 47 64, 12	228. 42 684. 90 112. 02 142. 53 65. 83	231. 08 693. 03 112. 84 144. 98 66. 50	229, 53 691, 44 112, 61 141, 35 65, 62	228. 96 690, 66 114. 15 137. 82 65. 44	237, 89 718, 64 119, 32 141, 65 67, 79	237. 88 711. 02 121. 20 143. 23 67. 26	241, 67 703, 01 127, 69 149, 67 68, 00	248. 56 724. 74 133. 74 149. 06 71. 08	246, 76 728, 44 131, 90 143, 86 71, 74	239, 95 705, 16 124, 46 147, 38	
Industrial, total (425 stocks) \(\text{\text{\$Q\$}} \)	59, 43 59, 74 47, 21 46, 86 30, 31	69, 99 67, 33 57, 01 60, 20 32, 83	63. 20 61. 46 48. 96 52. 73 31. 43	65. 71 63. 71 50. 85 55. 64 32. 17	67, 83 65, 77 53, 27 57, 06 32, 93	69, 64 66, 12 54, 33 59, 69 32, 35	70, 34 67, 41 55, 29 59, 59 33, 08	69, 48 67, 49 55, 61 58, 43 32, 41	69.15 66.24 56.21 59.42 31.74	71. 69 69. 18 58. 73 61. 19 32. 76	70. 89 69. 78 59. 82 62. 19 33. 02	71, 42 69, 32 61, 26 64, 15 34, 53	74. 72 70. 91 64. 77 67. 19 34. 30	75. 81 70. 58 65. 00 65. 77 33. 21	72, 99 68, 06 61, 78 62, 69 33, 77	74, 22 68, 37 62, 35 63, 70 34, 23
New York City (11 stocks)do Outside New York City (16 stocks)do Fire insurance (15 stocks)do	26, 23 53, 69 33, 43	33. 75 70. 84 45. 42	27. 78 57. 12 38. 97	29. 60 59. 48 42. 34	30, 55 63, 94 42, 95	30, 85 64, 92 42, 64	31.30 67.14 42.97	32, 91 68, 38 43, 98	33, 55 69, 98 44, 81	35. 64 74. 47 47. 19	36.09 77.27 47.16	36, 73 79, 26 49, 40	39. 93 84. 57 51. 60	40, 10 83, 50 50, 97	38. 02 76. 79 47. 60	39. 09 75. 79 49. 24
Sales (Securities and Exchange Commission): Total on all registered exchanges: Market valuemil. \$. Shares soldmillions On New York Stock Exchange: Market valuemil. \$. Shares soldmillions Exclusive of odd lot and stopped sales (N.Y. Times)millions	3, 768 116 3, 163 80 64	5, 317 167 4, 392 108 85	4, 946 163 4, 176 115 89	5, 275 160 4, 407 112 93	7, 281 242 5, 930 153 118	6, 533 229 5, 205 132 102	6, 305 224 4, 971 124 97	5,174 154 4,293 100 73	3,668 108 3,051 71 61	5, 161 149 4, 338 104 82	4, 215 123 3, 543 82 64	4, 624 136 3, 898 90 73	5, 282 156 4, 420 103 88	5, 338 166 4, 467 106 82	5, 203 155 4, 366 103 81	
Shares listed, N.Y. Stock Exchange, end of mo.: Market value, all listed sharesbil. \$ Number of shares listedmillions	291. 49 6, 231	358. 93 6, 752	326. 60 6, 478	337. 49 6, 501	347. 58 6, 529	350. 47 6, 571	358. 86 6, 663	348.86 6,727	360. 38 6, 761	368. 65 6, 847	361. 14 6, 871	371. 99 6, 974	387. 35 7, 009	387. 84 7. 088	375, 20 7, 202	
	FO	REIG	SN TI	RADE	OF	THE	UNIT	TED S	STAT	ES	·	<u> </u>	•	·	<u> </u>	•
FOREIGN TRADE																
Indexes	317 694 219 216 595 276 194 		301 664 220 198 542 274 210 196 231 101 89 92 88	306 681 223 185 505 274 206 198 203 96 90 97 85	350 781 223 222 602 271 225 208 226 120 105 111	308 692 225 187 510 273 185 191 181 98 85 77	313 708 226 214 580 271 184 188 127 103 109 91 125	305 688 226 214 580 271 155 177 82 112 115 95	296 663 224 223 605 271 157 204 231 108 121 113	302 677 224 224 610 272 179 221 391 113 123 127 121	295 662 225 211 573 272 272 2 158 2 174 2 150 102 112 106 116	339 766 226 240 649 271 218 219 2105 109 125 122	325 738 227 235 641 272 223 2188 2124 101 117 145			
Shipping Weight Water-borne trade: Exports, incl. reexportssthous. lg. tons. General importsdo Valuet	9, 408 14, 810			7, 755 12, 833	8, 640 13, 514	8, 567 11, 597	10, 419 14, 300		r 9. 419 r 14, 466	10, 859 15, 184	9, 851 14, 158					
Exports (mdse.), incl. reexports, total		1, 739. 5 1, 672. 0	1,535.9	1,670.9 1,605.5 r1,736.4	1,932.8 1,887.7 1,711.1	1,648.4	1,749.0 1,676.5 1,577.0	1,644.3		1,669.4 1,597.9 r1.659.7	1,556.5	1,816.8	1, 817. 7 1, 759. 4 1,716.3	1, 777. 3		
By geographic regions: △ do Africa	7 63. 8 7 303. 8 7 39. 6 7 543. 3	68. 9 342. 3 33. 4 536. 7	59. 2 334. 8 38. 3 7 517. 3	62. 1 r 333. 9 39. 4 r 533. 5	7 80. 0 7 388. 4 38. 0 7 622. 6	63. 8 r 358. 1 r 28. 4 r 530. 7	65. 6 7 366. 3 30. 0 519. 1	54. 1 r 336. 3 26. 3	7 76. 4 7 348. 6 32. 3 7 439. 8	65. 2 300. 6 38. 7 7 517. 5	63. 1 r 293. 8 32. 5	78. 0 7 324. 4 34. 1 603. 2	82. 5 332. 6 32. 6 573. 8	77. 0 389. 6 30. 2 561. 0		
Northern North America do Southern North America do South America do	r 139. 4	121. 4	7 263. 1 110. 0 7 162. 5	7 280. 2 114. 9 178. 2	7 314. 7 130. 3 212. 8	126. 4	7 114. 4	7 330. 3 114. 1 173. 3	269. 5 r 118. 6 r 202. 9	7 302. 2 7 121. 9 7 176. 4	299. 5 7 123. 6 184. 5	350. 0 125. 7 205. 7	317.9 130.7 185.2	287. 7 126. 4 202. 8		

Preliminary. 1 Quarterly average at annual rate.
For 12 months ending Dec.
Number of stocks represents number currently used; the change in number does not affect continuity of the series.
Includes data not shown separately.
Minor revisions for Jan.-Aug. 1960 will be shown later.

[§]Excludes "special category" shipments and all commodities exported under foreign-aid programs as Department of Defense controlled cargo.

**Post include shipments (military and economic aid) under the Mutual Security Program. IRevisicns for individual months of 1960 will be shown later.

*New series. Revised data prior to 1961 may be obtained from Bu. of Census reports.

**Description of Census Revised Category" shipments.

inless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961						196	51						19	962
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon aver		Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
FOR	EIGN	TRA	DE (OF T	HE U	NITE	D ST	ATE	S—Co	ntini	ıed	-	<u> </u>			<u></u>
FOREIGN TRADE—Continued Value‡—Continued R			ļ													
Exports (mdse.), incl. reexports—Continued By leading countries: Africa: United Arab Republic (Egypt Reg.) mil. \$	r 12. 6	13. 5	11, 2	12.0	16.1	12.0	13. 8	8. 5	13. 4	11. 7	8. 4	18. 6	18. 2	18.0		
Union of South Àfricadodo Asia and Oceania: Australia, including New Guineado	23. 1 32. 3 3. 4	19. 0 26. 6 3. 9	18. 7 30. 1 3. 6	22. 0 29. 9 3. 3	28. 5 29. 6 4. 0	20. 1 21. 4 4. 0	19. 9 23. 1 4. 0	13, 9 19, 5 3, 8	21, 9 24, 4 3, 6	17. 4 32. 8 4. 3	15. 9 27. 4 3. 8	16. 1 28. 6 3. 5	16. 2 27. 3 4. 7	25.3		
Colony of Singapore do India do Pakistan do Japan do	7 53. 4 7 14. 2 7 111. 8	40. 2 16. 3	52. 0 13. 5 135. 6	40, 2 10, 1	21.5 163.6	42.9 * 17.8 * 148.3	38. 7 7 18. 6 7 159. 6	7 36. 5 12. 3	7 55. 2 11. 1 7 144. 1	29. 2 11. 2 139. 5	24. 6 13. 4	38. 2 14. 3	29. 9 18. 9	46. 7 32. 6		
Republic of Indonesiado Republic of the Philippinesdo Europe:	r 7. 2 r 24. 8	11. 2 27. 7	16.7 r 24.9	13, 8 - 24, 8	12. 2 27. 8	r 12, 1 r 24, 6	10, 2 31, 2	6.7 734.3	8. 6 29. 1	10. 1 23. 6	12, 2 23, 7	13. 5 29. 3	6. 9 36. 3	11. 2 23. 2		
Francedo East Germanydo West Germanydo	7 48.3 .3 7 89.0	47. 1 . 2 89. 6	49. 0 2 7 82. 8	r 50. 0 r 1. 6 r 89. 1	61. 0 0 102. 0	52. 6 .1 r 85. 2	45.3 (1) r 89.5	7 47. 0 (1) 86. 3	35. 0 . 1 72. 3	43.3 .2 7 88.6	7 44. 9 (1) 82. 2	43. 8 . 2 108. 1	45. 8 . 5 95. 0	. 1 94. 1		
Italy do Union of Soviet Socialist Republics do United Kingdom do	7 54. 2 3. 2 7 117. 6	66. 2 3. 6 94. 2	70. 7 3. 9 r 97. 0	7 70. 2 2. 6 92. 1	7 81, 4 4, 6 115, 2	67. 5 6. 8 79. 3	r 72. 7 2. 8 74. 8	⁷ 66, 3 ⁷ 9, 9 73, 8	7 53. 8 7 6. 5 70. 1	r 63.0 3.8 r 84.9	55, 9 , 2 109, 1	62. 8 . 5 129. 2	66. 0 5 103. 9	63. 7 . 4 100. 9		
North and south America: Canadado Latin American Republics, total Qdo	7 309. 1 7 289. 8	303. 6 281. 7	r 263. 1 r 248. 5	r 280, 2 r 271, 0	7 314. 7 7 314. 1	r 302, 8	r 325, 4 r 265, 5	7 330, 3 261, 3	269. 5 r 298. 0	r 302, 2 r 274, 3	299. 5 283. 2	349. 9 306. 5	317. 9 286. 4	287. 6 302. 0		1
Argentina do Brazil do Chile do	r 29, 2 r 35, 8 16, 2	35. 3 40. 5 18. 9	28, 6 41, 2 18, 1	31, 0 39, 4 20, 9	29. 6 57. 3 20. 7	34, 8 7 34, 5 18, 0	46, 6 37, 1 7 17, 3	31, 1 7 42, 0 14, 6	7 35, 4 50, 1 22, 2	32, 7 37, 5 17, 0	35, 6 36, 5 18, 7	49. 0 39. 1 19. 1	40. 7 30. 6 19. 8	34.8 40.8 20.2		
Colombia do Cuba do Mexico do	20.5 7 18.6 7 68.3	20, 4 1, 1 66, 4	16.3 2.9 7 58.7 35.9	18.8 3.8 62.6 41.3	20. 7 2. 6 69. 5 57. 0	21.3 2.0 68.3 34.2	23. 4 . 9 . 63. 1 27. 8	20. 5 . 5 62. 9	23. 2 . 6 . 64. 8 41. 2	16, 3 , 1 68, 6 r 46, 7	21. 0 (1) r 67. 3 r 44. 6	19. 2 . 1 70. 4	17. 7 .1 70. 9	26.6 .1 69.6		
Venezuelado Exports of U.S. merchandise, total¶do By economic classes:⊕	1	42. 5 1, 719. 0	1,617.5	1,658,3	1,902.4	1,688.8	1,730.3	1	1,617.0	1,649.9	1,614.3		43.3	'		
Crude foodstuffs						!	~						-	1		
Finished manufactures do By principal commodities: Agricultural products, total 9 do																
Cotton, unmanufactureddo Fruits, vegetables, and preparationsdo Grains and preparationsdo Packinghouse productsdo Tobacco and manufactures△do	82.3 32.4 7 137.9 25.1 39.7	73. 7 7 32. 9 7 157. 8 27. 4 41. 6	r 130, 2 r 26, 2 r 137, 2 r 23, 9 24, 8	112.1 24.7 161.2 24.4 25.7	113. 4 31. 8 187. 3 26. 7 31. 2	79. 8 r 27. 0 r 156. 3 23. 9 26. 7	53. 0 34. 2 r 165. 6 27. 7 26. 7	36. 7 37. 2 7 130. 7 31. 0 30. 0	45. 4 33. 2 135. 1 33. 7 31. 4	89. 4 30. 9 133. 8 25. 6 35. 6	44. 8 31. 6 139. 3 24. 7 76. 1	43. 0 49. 5 181. 3 30. 0 82. 3	58. 8 35. 1 179. 1 30. 8 64. 6	77. 5 32. 9 186. 4 26. 8 43. 9		
Nonagricultural products, total ♀ ⊕dodo	r 108. 1 r 140. 3 r 30. 2 r 3. 2	98. 6 143. 8 29. 2 7 68. 7	7 93. 2 7 121. 4 19. 5 53. 4	97. 6 145. 1 19. 6 - 60. 0	115. 2 158. 2 20. 1 66. 0	105. 9 7 141. 0 7 24. 4 7 61. 2	, 99. 7 , 151. 5 33. 2 , 81. 5	91. 4 139. 6 33. 7 7 88. 3	r 92. 6 149. 7 27. 2 r 73. 3	81. 2 r 142. 1 38. 4 r 69. 3	85. 8 r 139. 2 r 37. 3 r 67. 2	105. 4 148. 1 36. 2 71. 3	107. 3 141. 4 33. 0 66. 9	107. 9 148. 0 27. 8 66. 2		
Machinery, total§?do Agriculturaldo Tractors, parts, and accessoriesdo	12.1	7 394. 7 12. 0 29. 9	349. 5 10. 6 28. 9	r 374. 5 13. 9 32. 7	7 446, 3 17, 1 35, 2	r 413. 3 16. 3 35. 3	393. 5 15. 6 33. 4	391.1 14.3 29.7	7 390, 8 10, 6 27, 3	7 374. 3 9. 0 27. 0	378. 6 7. 8 28. 8	422. 1 8. 8 32. 9	400. 4 9. 4 24. 5	402. 6 10. 2 23. 5		
Tractors, parts, and accessories do Electrical do Metalworkings do Other industrial do	7 30, 8	93. 5 40. 0 r 188. 6	82. 3 r 34. 6 166. 4 34. 9	7 80. 5 35. 2 184. 5	7 104. 7 42. 1 210. 0	7 96, 2 40, 9 193, 3	88. 0 39. 8 185. 1	95, 1 38, 4 7 185, 6	86. 4 r 41. 0 r 189. 4	r 94, 3 40, 6 178, 4	89. 9 38. 1 7 186. 1	104. 4 39. 5 207. 5	105. 1 40. 7 187. 5	95. 0 49. 7 189. 1		
Petroleum and products	39.9 57.8 1,221.2	7 37. 1 56. 8 1, 203. 7	56. 3 1,120.1 1,115.6	7 32. 5 55. 4 1,040.7 1,116.0	40. 1 66. 6 1,224.9 1,121.9	39. 0 57. 9 1,042.4 1,129.7	38. 9 - 53. 8 1,192.8 1,115.7	7 38. 3 53. 2 1,215.9 1,176.8	7 36, 5 7 49, 2 1,264,8 1,368,2	7 41. 7 53. 8 1,234.6 1,243.9	7 34. 0 53. 9 1,174.7	37. 3 59. 9 1. 335. 0 1, 318. 9	38. 2 60. 4 1, 319. 9 1, 288. 9	33. 3 60. 6 1, 278. 5 1, 270. 5		
By geographic regions: O Africadodododododo	r 44. 5	48. 5 215. 2	7 46. 0 7 196. 9	r 43. 9 r 166. 7	r 52.8	7 53. 4 181. 8	r 49. 6 r 208. 0	62.3	772, 2 231, 4	r 47. 6 242. 6	r 37. 2 r 220. 9	42. 0 244. 5	39. 5 235. 3	36. 0 236. 6		
Australia and Oceania do Europe do Northern North America do	22. 2 355. 6 241. 9	26. 4 345. 5 257. 2	r 18. 5 r 313. 8 r 206. 1	13.6 + 297.8 + 195.1	28. 2 7 344. 4 7 243. 5		r 24.7 r 338.3 r 261.8	27.7 r 334.7 r 271.8	35. 0 7 356. 0 7 270. 5	33. 4 7 334. 3 7 288. 7	29. 2 7 327. 2 7 270. 5	28. 2 420. 5 304. 1	26. 7 414. 4 296. 2	22. 3 377. 1 267. 6		
Southern North Americadodo South Americadodo	r 127. 2 r 202. 9	113. 8 196. 7	113.3 + 225.5	7 124. 9 7 198. 8	139. 5 7 200. 8	7 105. 8 7 174. 4	r 128, 5 r 182, 0	7 127. 3 7 189. 4	, 118.8 , 181.0	7 99. 1 7 188. 9	r 90. 3 r 199. 2	93. 3 201. 4	111. 7 195. 2	113, 5 223, 9		
Africa: United Arab Republic (Egypt Reg.) do Union of South Africa do	2.6 9.0	2. 9 10. 2	. 7 r 8. 4	, 9. 3	1.8 78.4	.8 10.1	2. 2 8. 7	11.7 10.1	13.4 r 12.0	, 9.0	10.0	11.8	12. 7	12.0		
Asia and Oceania:	11.9 1.6 19.0 3.0	15. 1 1. 2 21. 0 3. 1	7 10. 8 1. 2 19. 9 4. 3	9.5 .8 17.6 3.5	14. 2 . 9 22. 3 4. 7	7 14. 4 . 8 7 16. 9 2. 8	11.5 1.0 7 22.1 2.7	15.1 1.6 19.7 2.9	17. 3 . 8 23. 0 2. 6	21. 9 2. 6 18. 0 2. 5	16. 4 1. 7 17. 8 3. 3	15. 4 . 9 18. 7 1. 9		16, 7 1, 6 24, 8 3, 7		
Fakistan do do Japan do Republic of Indonesia do Republic of the Philippines do do do do do do do do do do do do do	95. 7 18. 0 7 25. 6	87. 9 13. 6 26. 4	84. 4 12. 4 20. 9	61. 7 11. 5 22. 6	82. 5 14. 1 31. 1	76. 6 13. 2 7 24. 1	80. 9 11. 5 30. 2	81. 2 12. 5 7 26. 6	92. 6 14. 5 7 33. 3	107. 3 7 14. 5 31. 0	94. 3 14. 0 7 28. 3	99. 5 12. 9 27. 4	99. 6 14. 8	94. 0 17. 2 25. 6		
Europe: -do	33.0 .3 .74.8	36.3 .2 71.3	7 24.3 .3 7 69.3	7 25. 0 . 3 66. 0	7 33. 4 . 2 75. 6	26. 5 . 1 . 63. 9	35. 8 .1 69. 6	38. 2 . 3 . 69. 5	42. 6 . 3 73. 6	40.8 .3 r 65.3	35. 5 . 2 67. 9	49. 8 . 1 81. 8	. 2	39. 4 .1 70. 6		
West Gernany do Italy do Union of Soviet Socialist Republies do United Kingdom do	32.8 1.9	31.3 1.9	$29.1 \\ 1.0$	24.9 1.0	28. 4 1. 5	25. 9 2, 9	28. 6 2. 8			36. 8 1. 3	29. 4 3. 3 70. 7	40. 1 2. 2	38. 7 1. 8	33. 2 9 83. 2		

Revised. Less than \$50,000.

Revisions for individual months of 1960 will be shown later.

9 Includes data not shown separately. ¶See similar note on p. S-21.

⊕Revised data will appear in the April 1962 SURVEY.

△Manufactures of tobacco are included in the nonagricultural products total, §Excludes "special category, type 1" exports. New series. Data prior to August 1960 may be obtained from Bureau of Census reports. ⊙Data for certain recent months exclude imports unidentified by continent and country.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961	1960	1961						19	961						19	62
edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mor ave	ithly rage	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
FOI	REIG	N TR	ADE	OF T	HE U	UNIT	ED S	ГАТЕ	S—C	ontin	ued					
FOREIGN TRADE—Continued																
Value‡—Continued																
General imports, by leading countries—Continued North and South America: Canadamil. \$	r 241. 7	257.1	r 206, 1	r 195. 0	r 243. 4	r 210. 4	r 261.7	₹ 271. 5	r 270. 2	r 288. 3	r 270. 4	304.1	296. 0	267. 5		
Latin American Republics, total Qdo	r 294.0	267.8	r 297.4	r 282. 1	r 294. 3	r 246. 6	r 264. 0	r 271. 6	r 249. 9	r 244. 3	r 250. 1	253. 2	268.8	296.8	~	
Argentina do Brazil do Chile do Colombia do Cuba do Mexico do	8. 2 47. 5 7 16. 0 7 24. 9 29. 8 36. 9	8. 5 46. 8 15. 4 23. 0 2. 9 44. 9	9. 2 38. 2 7 21. 7 32. 4 3. 6 7 41. 7	7. 3 7 42. 0 15. 0 7 20. 2 2. 7 49. 5	8.4 747.8 11.9 25.8 3.0 53.4	7.8 744.5 15.6 17.5 71.3 744.1	10. 6 42. 0 7 13. 5 22. 4 2. 1 52. 2	10. 1 40. 6 17. 8 29. 2 4. 3 56. 0	8.9 737.7 18.6 721.6 3.4 44.4	8.7 7.53.3 11.9 7.20.5 2.3 7.37.8	8.9 757.3 8.1 721.9 4.0 731.2	9. 0 56. 5 14. 8 24. 1 3. 1 35. 5	7. 3 45. 3 18. 5 18. 7 2. 8 42. 8	5. 8 56. 9 16. 8 21. 2 2. 5 49. 7		
Venezuelado	79.0	74. 9 1, 196. 0	91. 8 1, 110. 4	r 90. 1 1, 031. 1	7 78. 2 1, 229. 7	66.5	* 73.3	768.0	7 63. 8	7 69. 5	771.2	65. 0	72.7	88.3		
By economic classes: Crude materials	7 251. 0 7 143. 4 130. 5 7 257. 6 7 438. 3 7 318. 6	239. 6 143. 0 133. 5 257. 0 422. 9 307. 5	r 233, 6 r 153, 7 r 105, 1 r 236, 8 r 381, 2 r 298, 7	7 206. 3 139. 7 110. 5 7 228. 9 7 345. 8	7 234.0 168.1 142.9 7 266.5 7 418.2	1, 046. 0 r 203. 2 r 141. 9 r 109. 5 r 225. 0 r 366. 5 r 286. 9	1, 186. 9 r 227. 9 r 139. 7 r 124. 9 r 267. 1 r 427. 2 r 294. 9	1, 185, 1 r 237, 2 r 149, 7 136, 3 r 251, 3 r 410, 6 r 314, 8	1, 238. 5 r 252. 5 r 132. 6 141. 8 r 256. 9 454. 7 r 314. 4	1, 249, 5 r 259, 8 138, 0 147, 4 251, 7 r 452, 6 r 334, 3	7 243. 5 130. 5 135. 2 7 250. 0 414. 9	1,330.3 271. 0 141. 9 153. 7 284. 3 479. 4 320. 6	1, 314. 6 251. 5 132. 0 163. 0 289. 6 478. 6 305. 4	1, 256. 2 255. 3 148. 8 131. 2 275. 9 445. 0 301. 5		
Cocoa (cacao) beans, incl. shells	11. 9 7 83. 7 26. 8 42. 3 16. 4	13. 3 80. 3 18. 0 38. 1 16. 5	18. 4 7 86. 5 19. 9 7 24. 4 16. 7	16. 8 7 76. 5 15. 3 37. 8 14. 4	16.3 97.3 15.8 52.6 19.0	19. 6 75. 8 13. 2 7 25. 6 17. 9	16.3 74.7 15.5 38.7 15.9	17. 9 r 91. 5 18. 2 r 37. 2 16. 1	20.8 72.1 18.6 49.7 19.1	13. 7 777. 8 18. 5 746. 4 715. 0	7. 3 7 79. 2 7 16. 1 35. 3 15. 4	4. 5 78. 8 22. 8 40. 6 19. 2	2. 7 66. 6 21. 0 34. 7 14. 5	5. 3 87. 2 21. 7 34. 6 14. 4		
Nonagricultural products, total 9do	7 902. 2	888. 5	r 811.7	r 754. 9	7 884.2	7 759.1	r 892.0	7 870.3	7 924. 2	, 915. 2		1,009.6	1,009.2	954.7		
Furs and manufacturesdo Iron and steel productsdo Nonferrous ores, metals, and mfs., total ?	9. 1 44. 2	8. 4 37. 7	⁷ 12. 8 23. 3	7 10. 6 24. 1	9, 0 32, 3	6.8 32.6	7. 2 37. 3	6. 7 39. 9	5.8 41.5	r 4. 3 43. 9	5. 2 40. 4	4. 4 46. 0	7. 4 51. 9	21. 0 39. 1		
mil. \$ Copper, incl. ore and manufactures. do Tin, including ore	7 95. 6 7 33. 4 9. 8 28. 0 7 57. 3 128. 6	89. 1 23. 2 9. 9 27. 7 57. 2 134. 7	7 78. 1 26. 8 6. 4 25. 0 53. 8 7 151. 6	70.8 23.9 7.1 27.4 748.0 7137.1	7 89. 7 24. 8 5. 7 27. 2 7 58. 3 7 147. 4	7 66. 9 10. 5 7. 1 22. 2 53. 2 7 128. 2	94. 1 34. 8 7. 1 28. 0 7 65. 0 7 127. 9	78.0 18.7 7.9 30.2 759.3 7120.1	89. 2 17. 1 13. 2 25. 3 56. 0 7 137. 9	7 86. 1 20. 6 11. 0 30. 7 58. 7 7 123. 8	7 89. 5 7 19. 7 13. 7 28. 1 7 55. 4 7 131. 7	113. 2 28. 0 13. 9 31. 0 58. 4 130. 2	110. 5 30. 9 12. 6 30. 0 63. 9 136. 7	103. 2 22. 8 13. 2 27. 9 56. 5 143. 3		
	TR	ANSI	ORT.	ATIO	N AN	D CO	OMMU	UNIC	ATIO	NS						
TRANSPORTATION																
Airlines																
Scheduled domestic trunk carriers: Financial operations (qtrly, totals): Operating revenues, total?	1 489. 1 1 443. 4 1 30. 0 1 11. 7 1 484. 6 1 1. 1				460. 7 455. 6 413. 0 28. 7 12. 0 479. 0 d 16. 9			534. 1 527. 3 479. 9 31. 8 12. 3 511. 2 4. 4			536. 1 486. 3 33. 4					
Miles flown (revenue) thous. Express and freight ton-miles flown do. Mull ton-miles flown do. Passengers originated (revenue) do. Passenger-miles flown (revenue) mil.	60, 419 31, 718 11, 066 3, 855 2, 450		56, 335 30, 459 11, 152 3, 449 2, 348	43, 331 27, 002 10, 389 2, 829 1, 818	57, 106 36, 094 13, 239 3, 779 2, 398	56, 636 32, 322 11, 631 3, 871 2, 459	58, 011 36, 606 12, 000 3, 839 2, 380	60, 313 38, 116 11, 781 4, 281 2, 826	61,742 33,662 10,629 3,937 2,678	62,750 39,775 12,104 4,228 2,807	58, 846 41, 002 11, 767 3, 858 2, 543	60, 262 43, 536 12, 520 4, 029 2, 544				
Express Operations Transportation revenues thous. \$ Express privilege payments do Local Transit Lines	30, 705 10, 429		27, 822 6, 983	27, 181 6, 783	32, 790 11, 955	28, 033 8, 171	30, 891 10, 474	31, 022 11, 576	26, 103 8, 719	32, 102 9, 797	31, 466 9, 974	33, 979 10, 803	31, 867 10, 266			
Fares, average cash rate\$cents	18. 9 627 117. 3	19. 6 604 116. 4	19. 4 611 116. 8	19. 4 582 110. 4	19. 4 659 123. 5	19. 5 603 114. 5	19. 5 644 121. 3	19. 5 599 113. 6	19. 6 531 106. 3	19. 6 567 112. 6	19.7 584 108.8	19. 7 633 125. 3	19. 7 615 120. 7	19. 7 615 122. 4	19.8 613	
Class I Motor Carriers (Intercity) Carriers of property (qtrly, totals); Number of reporting carriers. Operating revenues, total. Expenses, total. Carriers of passengers (qtrly, totals); Number of reporting carriers. Operating revenues, total. Expenses, total. Mil. \$. Expenses, total. do.	¹ 1,158.5 ¹ 69. 0 ² 139 ¹ 115. 1				988 1, 112.1 1, 097. 0 64. 5 140 97. 8 95. 8						973 1, 273, 6 1, 206, 3 73, 9 141 145, 4 114, 8					
Passengers carried (revenue) mil.	1 56. 6	 			51.3			55. 4			61.2					
Class I Railroads Freight carloadings (AAR):♂ thous. Total cars	2, 537 443 34 159 232	2, 382 424 29 156 237	1, 922 382 21 129 211	1, 955 376 21 134 222	2, 507 405 28 175 261	2, 106 365 23 146 196	2, 242 388 26 148 202	2,860 470 34 183 293	2, 174 329 25 140 256	2, 367 421 28 159 234	2, 951 537 38 190 245	2, 580 455 31 157 244	2, 310 434 31 146 213	2, 610 524 39 162 268	2, 039 410 34 129 224	2, 14 41 3 15 22

r Revised. d Deficit. 1 Quarterly average.
2 Number of carriers filing complete reports for year 1960.
3 See similar note on p. S-22.
9 Includes data not shown separately.

[§]Revised effective Jan. 1960 to reflect fares charged in U.S. cities with a 1960 population of 25,000 or more; revisions for 1960 are shown in the Nov. 1961 Survey.

3 Data for Mar., June, Sept., and Dec. 1961 cover 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks.

5-24		801	rvici	Or	COR	IVEN.	ГБО	DIMI	200						March	1 19
Inless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961	<u> </u>					19	61						19	962
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon aver		Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Fe
TRA	NSP	ORTA	TION	AND	CO	MMU]	NICA'	TION	S—C	ontin	ued					
TRANSPORTATION—Continued																
Class I Railroads—Continued																
reight carloadings (AAR)—Continued & thous.	22 184	19 145	15 44	11 48	18 72	17 65	17 136	14 244	11 213	14 223	28 263	36 202	24 144	17 85	13 62	
Merchandise, 1.c.ldo Miscellaneousdo	151	121 1, 252	109 1,011	118 1,025	158 1,390	119 1, 176	117	140 1, 483	106 1,095	114 1, 174	141 1,509	111 1,344	103 1, 214	117 1,397	88 1,079	1.
reight eurloadings, seas, adj. indexes (Fed. R.);† Total1957-59=100	1.95	191	87	88	88	90	92	92	91	92	90	94	95	96	94	"
Coal do do do do do do do do do do do do do	90 91	87 78 95	82 60	83 58	74 60	85 65	89 79	87 83	87 90	89 93	89 93	90 88	92 86	90 92	88 99	
Forest productsdo	99	95 104	89 103	91 111	9 3 104	97 102	96 108	94 111	96 97	98 104	97 96	99 104	100 97	92 116	93 111	
Livestock do	83 107	71 83	$\begin{array}{c c} 72 \\ 71 \end{array}$	68 83	74 92	80 54	74 64	62 78	69 84	71 87	68 90	$\frac{74}{92}$	72 118	64 103	63 100	
Merchandise, l.e.ldo Miscellaneousdo	75 96	61 92	64 88	65 88	66 90	63 92	63 93	62 92	60 9 3	60 92	58 91	56 96	57 96	57 97	54 95	
mancial operations: Operating revenues, total <code>Qmil. \$</code>	793.1	765, 8	699, 2	668.3	761.3	714.9	778.5	796. 4	754.2	825.4	774.7	843.3	799. 6	770,8		
Freight do do do do do do do do do do do do do	7 669. 0 53. 4	644. 9 52. 1	584. 5 52. 8	559. 6 49. 5	642. 6 50. 1	604. 4 46. 1	664. 6 47. 7	670. 6 58. 1	629. 3 58. 7	695. 9 58. 9	658.3 47.9	$721.0 \\ 47.4$	681. 1 47. 2	626, 4 60, 3		
Operating expenses do	630, 4 113, 7 7 48, 8	44. 8	596, 4 106, 9 4 4, 1	573.7 99.4 4 4.8	611. 2 118. 0 32. 1	584. 1 108. 1 22. 6	617.3 120.5 40.8	613. 6 123. 4 59. 4	606, 6 111, 9 35, 6	625, 6 $125, 2$ $74, 6$	600, 5 113, 4 60, 8	623. 9 129. 8 89. 7	$607.1 \\ 121.0 \\ 71.5$	57. 2		
Net income (after taxes)do	37. 1	44.0	4 7.9	d 19.5	11.4	4.4	25. 5	43, 6	20. 4	59. 7	41.5	73. 1	³ 57. 7	01.2		
perating results: Freight carried 1 mile (qtrly.)bil. ton-miles_	2 147. 0				132.0			144.1			149. 0					
Revenue per ton-mile (qtrly, avg.)cents_ Passengers carried 1 mile, revenue (qtrly.)_mil_	2 5, 315				1, 386 4, 743						1.370 5.675					
Waterway Traffic																
le trances, vessels in foreign trade: Total U.S. portsthous, net tonsdodo	13, 893 11, 286		13, 066 10, 800	12,006 9,814	13, 502 10, 926	12, 945 10, 322	14, 620 11, 927	14, 215 11, 939	14, 740 11, 940	15, 521 12, 491	14, 541 11, 686	15, 056 12, 040				ļ
United States vesselsdo	2,607		2, 265	2, 192	2, 576	2, 623	2,692	2, 276	2, 800	3, 030	2,855	3, 016				
anama Canal: Totalthous, lg. tonsdodo	5, 206 1, 080	5, 445	5, 072 875	4, 868 621	5, 675 937	5, 287 805	5, 953 837	5, 757 788	5,626	5,663 907	5, 021	5, 283	5, 233	5, 900	5,465	
Travel	1,050	823	510	021	897	000	591	100	691	907	851	795	839	927	865	
otels: Average sale per occupied roomdellars	9. 15	9. 23	8. 91	9.08	8.70	9. 57	8.82	9. 45	8.58	9.60	9. 47	10.04	9. 72	8. 81	9.00	
Rooms occupied	65	62 112	63 111	64 113	64 118	65 114	65 121	64 115	54 105	61 109	65 111	71 111	63 109	49 111	61 109	
U.S. citizens: Arrivals thous Departures do do	169 167		133 126	120 129	160 157	154 170	150 163	187 258	$\frac{231}{263}$	299 206	223 166	164 137	133 110			
Aliens: Arrivalsdododo	108		93 67	75 61	103 85	101 83	107 94	110 111	124 113	138 108	149 112	127 100	101 86			
Passports issued and reneweddododododododo	$\frac{71}{2,217}$	2, 323	56 516	64 569	103 729	102 $1,115$	117 1,760	105 4, 020	76 6, 674	69 6, 43 8	2, 818	1,802	38 874	34 562	57	
Passenger-miles (revenue) mil. Passenger revenues thous, \$		254 4, 192	316 5, 259	297 4, 981	276 4, 611	234 3, 882	207 3, 405	251 4, 111	243 3, 957	255 4, 155	222 3, 642	258 4, 259	220 3. 615	269 4, 432		
COMMUNICATIONS	2, 100		, =	-,		3, 552	0, 10.	.,	0,000	2, 200	0,012	1,200	0.010	1,132		
elephone carriers: Operating revenues Qmil. \$.	696.5		718, 1	701. 1	735, 8	720. 1	744. 1	742.4	730. 2	753.8	741.9	767.0	762.9			
Station revenuesdo	392. 6 236. 5		407. 1 240. 9	403. 3 227. 0	408. 5 256. 8	408. 9 239. 6	413. 7 256. 1	414. 3 254. 6	409. 3 245. 6	414. 2 264. 3	416.3 250.4	424. 3 264. 8	424. 4 259. 3			.
Operating expenses (before taxes)do Net operating incomedo Phones in service, end of year or momil	- 418.3 116.6		428. 7 120. 6	417. 4 117. 8	448. 9 119. 4	426. 2 125. 3	447. 6 125. 4	440.0 127.0	430, 2 133, 0	447. 6 128. 0	124. 8	457. 3 131. 4	452. 3 131. 5			
r nones in service, end or year or momit_elegraph, cable, and radiotelegraph carriers; Wire-telegraph;	65.0		65. 1	65. 3	65. 5	65. 7	66.0	66. 1	66.3	66. 5	66.8	67. 1	67.3			
Operating revenues thous, \$ Operating expenses, incl. depreciation do	21, 864 19, 495	22,144 $20,004$	21,713 $20,206$	20, 727 18, 866	23, 383 20, 484	21, 339 19, 391	22,976 $20,522$	23, 163 20, 121	20, 645 19, 876	23, 013 20, 627	22, 288 19, 982	22,587 $20,020$	21, 483 19, 878	22, 411 20, 074		
Net operating revenuesdo Ocean-cable; Operating revenuesdo	1, 300 3, 014	1,029 3,023	216 3, 011	590 2, 766	1, 548 3, 155	682	1, 139	1, 785 3, 164	a 397 2,877	1, 241 3, 035	1, 291 2, 914	1, 689 3, 125	797 3, 083	1,770 3,186		
Operating expenses, incl. depreciationdo Net operating revenuesdo	2, 470 225	2, 452 240	2. 479 220	2, 308 158	2, 524 270	2, 504 77	2, 538 194	2, 427 436	2, 423 102	2, 465 247	2, 521 58	2, 721 49	2, 406 351	2, 113 723	l	
Radiotelegraph: Operating revenuesdo	4, 224	4, 471	4, 275	4, 051	4, 613	4, 439	4, 500	4, 528	4, 243	4,652	4, 412	4, 681	4, 531	4, 731	 	
Operating expenses, incl. depreciationdo Net operating revenuesdodo		3, 443 866	3, 395 737	3, 264 651	3, 513 947	3, 345 942	3, 436 898	3, 459 912	3, 478 608	3, 543 959	3, 496 744	3, 209 1, 258	3, 467 892	845		
		CHE	MICA	LS A	ND A	LLII	ED PI	RODU	CTS	·		·				
CHEMICALS	T			1								1			<u> </u>	T
norganic chemicals, production:	1.010	007	000	040	000	000	004	900	700	020	090	1 100	1 114	1 104	1	
Acetylene‡mil. cu. ft_ Ammonia, synthetic anhydrous (commercial) thous. sh. tons_	a 401.5	967 432. 1	989	848 400. 6	980 463. 3	902	984 477. 5	896 442, 5	790 411.5	938	939 399. 6	1, 100 425. 5	1, 114 435. 4	1, 124 439. 5		1
Carbon dioxide, liquid, gas, and solid‡do Chlorine, gasdo	78, 4	78.9	62.8	57. 0 333. 4	69. 2 373. 8	67. 5 384. 7	83. 1 399. 6	95. 5 375. 1	96. 7 381. 6	105. 5 394. 7	87. 1 349. 8	80. 8 409. 5	73. 0 411. 4	68. 7 420. 4		-)
Hydrochloric acid (100% HCl) doNitric acid (100% HNO ₃) do	Į.	77.0	72.3	67. 1	74.9	76.7	77.6	73. 2	73. 1	83. 3	70.6	83.0	86.9	85.6		
Nitric acid (100% HNO ₃)dodo Oxygen (high purity)†mil. cu. ft. Phosphoric acid (100% P ₂ O ₅)thous. sh. tons.	276.3 4,832	282. 0 5, 875 187. 1	285. 8 4, 794 192. 6	272. 5 4, 643 179. 9	295. 4 5, 337 205. 6	277. 0 5, 167 200. 7	274. 7 5, 918 209. 2	254. 6 5, 988 181. 8	255. 2 5, 798 160. 2	276. 6 6, 102 175. 0	283. 9 6, 298 175. 7	297. 5 6, 753 195. 6	298. 8 6, 632 184. 9	7,075		-
Revised. d Deficit. Revisions will be		ater as f	ollows: J	an, 1959	-Aug.	†]	Revised (effective	with the	e Dec. 1	961 Surv easonal f	EY to in	eorporat	te the 19	57-59 co	mpa

^{*}Revised. * Deficit. * Revisions will be shown later as follows: Jan. 1859-Aug. 1966 for other indicated items. ¹ Based on unadjusted data. ² Quarterly average. ³ Revision for Nov. 1960, \$34,100,000.

3*Data for Mar., June, Sept. and Dec. 1961 cover 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks.

TREVISED ELECTIVE WITH THE 1961. 1961 SURVEY to incorporate the 1957-59 comparison base period, as well as new weights and seasonal factors. Monthly indexes for total loadings (1919-60) appear in the Dec. 1961 Fed. Res. Bulletin; indexes for separate classes prior to Oct. 1960 are available from the Board of Governors, Fed. Res., Wash. 25, D. C.
Q Includes data not shown separately.

\$\frac{1}{2}\$See similar note on p. S-25.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961						19	961						1:	962
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS		thly rage	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
(CHEN	IICAI	LS AI	ND A	LLIE	D PR	ODUC	CTS-	-Cont	inued	<u> </u>)	•	1
CHEMICALS—Continued		[!										ĺ			
Inorganic chemicals, production—Continued Sodium carbonate (soda ash), synthetic (58% Na ₂ O). thous, sh. tons. Sodium bichromate and chromatedo. Sodium hydroxide (100% NaOH)do. Sodium silicate (soluble silicate glass), anhydrous thous, sh. tons. Sodium sulfates (anhydrous, refined; Glauber's salt; crude salt cake)thous, sh. tons. Sulfurie acid (100% H ₂ SO ₄)†do.	379. 8 10. 2 414. 3 41. 4 6 89. 4 1,490.3	376. 4 10. 1 408. 2 43. 9	339. 8 9. 9 386. 9 35. 1 90. 7 1, 494. 0	336. 0 8. 5 352. 8 36. 3 83. 3 1, 388. 7	375. 5 10. 3 399. 8 41. 7 95. 7 1, 562. 8	373. 3 8. 9 414. 2 44. 6 97. 6 1, 540. 4	400. 8 10. 4 434. 3 55. 5 92. 2 1, 574. 0	372. 2 10. 9 394. 9 37. 0 92. 8 1, 446. 3	366. 3 9. 1 406. 5 35. 5 88. 8 1, 354. 6	376. 0 10. 2 418. 9 41. 0 94. 4	369. 1 9. 9 370. 0 43. 0 97. 6 1, 390. 9	498. 1 11. 6 443. 8 54. 6 97. 4 1,543.7	410. 2 10. 5 433. 7 58. 9 105. 2 1,557.3	388. 9 10. 6 442. 4 43. 5		
Organic chemicals: 7 Acetic acid (synthetic and natural), production				ŕ				,		,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-,				
mil. lb_ Acetic anhydride, productiondo Acetylsalicylic acid (aspirin), productiondo	63. 7 91. 3 2. 0	92. 8 1. 9	59. 6 74. 4 2. 2	54. 5 70. 6 1. 7	67. 9 89. 6 1. 6	58. 0 82. 1 1. 7	62. 7 98. 2 1. 8	65. 7 100. 8 2. 0	68, 4 90, 9 1, 1	69. 6 93. 3 2. 0	65. 0 105. 0 2. 0	76. 8 104. 7 2. 4	74. 0 106. 1 2. 1	117. 3 2. 3		
Alcohol, ethyl: mil. proof gal Production do Stocks, end of month do Used for denaturation do Alcohol, denatured: do Production mil. wine gal Consumption (withdrawals) do Stocks, end of month do	1 54. 2 1 130. 3 45. 2 1 5. 3 24. 2 24. 3 4. 4	52. 4 140. 8 43. 2 5. 1 23. 4 23. 4 6. 2	7 52. 9 137. 9 50. 7 4. 0 27. 6 25. 3 7. 7	7 46.3 136.5 39.9 4.8 21.4 23.4 5.8	7 54. 4 139. 9 50. 3 4. 9 27. 0 26. 9 6. 1	49. 8 141. 8 42. 5 4. 7 22. 9 22. 8 6. 3	54. 6 154. 4 41. 5 5. 3 22. 3 21. 4 7. 2	46. 0 139. 2 41. 8 5. 6 22. 5 23. 1 6. 6	44. 2 139. 7 41. 6 4. 2 22. 4 22. 6 6. 4	49. 6 142. 3 41. 5 5. 0 22. 9 24. 2 5. 1	53. 4 140. 9 37. 6 5. 5 20. 3 19. 0 6. 4	66. 3 136. 9 44. 7 7. 3 24. 0 24. 9 5. 4	56. 4 138. 8 42. 5 6. 0 23. 5 23. 0 5. 9	55. 3 141. 1 43. 7 4. 2 23. 5 24. 2 5. 2		
Creosote oil, productionmil. gal. DDT, productionmil. lb. Ethyl acetate (85%), productiondo	7. 7 13. 7 8. 9	7. 8 14. 3 8. 0	6. 4 15. 2 6. 0	6. 8 13. 4 5. 8	8. 2 16. 0 6. 6	6. 9 14. 2 11. 0	8. 5 15. 8 6. 8	8. 9 14. 7 9. 5	8.8 14.9 6.1	10. 3 14. 7 4. 6	8. 1 13. 7 7. 7	6. 8 13. 6 12. 0	7.4 13,0 12.8	6. 4 12. 9 7. 3		
Ethylene glycol, productiondo Formaldehyde (37% HCHO), productiondo Glycerin, refined, all grades: Productiondodo Stocks, end of monthdo Methanol, production:	108. 1 156. 0 24. 2 27. 4	98. 7 145. 3 22. 4 34. 3	119. 5 127. 1 23. 9 32. 8	101. 0 124. 8 20. 2 33. 2	101. 3 145. 5 23. 3 33. 7	95. 7 138. 3 25. 6 37. 1	98. 4 148. 4 23. 6 37. 9	97. 0 139. 1 20. 2 34. 6	94. 4 125. 7 18. 6 32. 5	99. 3 154. 9 24. 4 33. 8	87. 7 155. 5 18. 0 32. 6	97. 5 165. 1 23. 0 30. 7	95. 2 162. 4 24. 6 34. 0	97. 3 156. 6 24. 0 38. 4	20.9	
Natural mil. gal. Synthetie do Phthalic anhydride, production mil. lb_ FERTILIZERS	24. 7 33. 4	25. 7	27. 8 26. 2	23. 3 25. 3	. 2 24. 8 31. 0	. 2 24. 7 34. 7	25. 9 36. 3	24.6 33.5	24. 3 33. 0	. 1 25. 5 33. 3	22. 8 31. 6	28.1 30.0	28. 5 28. 0	27. 7 30. 9		
Consumption (10 states)\$ thous. sh. tons Exports, total 9 do Nitrogenous materials do Phosphate materials do Potash materials do	2 780 561 43 435 68	539 31 429 65	349 407 19 296 84	557 496 18 379 83	1, 430 439 40 321 67	2,021 547 27 446 44	1, 441 527 55 439 22	919 + 635 27 536 57	404 663 16 551 85	255 534 13 447 57	362 523 18 428 70	420 548 34 452 52	540 62 411 57	605 47 440 100		
Imports, total \(\frac{0}{Nitrogeneus materials, total \(\frac{0}{N} \)	207 105 30 12 35	227 123 41 13 36	216 119 11 7 44	261 135 59 9 54	359 194 53 21 61	273 127 40 22 47	r 309 r 159 83 18 42	177 101 48 11 9	139 92 34 15 3	158 93 37 10 19	203 124 35 5 33	260 138 35 15 54	216 106 32 9 57	156 87 26 12 14		
$\begin{array}{cccc} Potash \ deliveries & do. \\ Superphosphate \ and \ other \ phosphatic \ fertilizers \\ (160\% \ P_2O_5): & thous. \ sh. \ tons. \\ Production & thous. \ sh. \ tons. \\ Stocks, \ end \ of \ month. & do. \\ \end{array}$	181 221 344	173 222 406	126 245 443	177 240 427	282 264 349	309 246 274	177 241 309	54 196 383	124 157 426	232 185 437	124 213 424	211 234 434	104 228 465	159 221 499		
MISCELLANEOUS PRODUCTS Explosives (industrial), shipments: Black blasting powder	128 82, 026 147. 0 85. 3 61. 7 476 3, 826	127 82, 424 146. 9 87. 8 59. 1 519 4, 060	133 70, 391 125. 5 ³ 72. 8 ³ 52. 7 r 468 3, 808	139 67, 046 116. 0 65. 7 50. 3 r 420 r 3, 815	66 73, 887 146. 6 87. 5 59. 1 529 3, 882	58 77,714 151. 7 93. 2 58. 5 511 3,888	86 88, 356 169, 8 104, 8 65, 0 545 3, 948	44 83, 958 179. 8 112. 8 67. 0 547 3, 936	70 81,360 155. 1 99. 5 55. 6 555 4,086	299 92, 792 169. 7 103. 6 66. 1 572 4, 179	106 93, 769 154. 1 92. 1 62. 0 484 4, 253	198 94, 844 149, 3 86, 5 62, 8 528 4, 255	177 85, 296 134. 6 75. 2 59. 4 519 4, 307	144 79, 679 111. 1 60. 1 51. 0 550 4, 362	129. 2 69. 9 59. 3	
Production: Cellulose acetate and mixed ester plastics: Sheets, rods, and tubes mil. lb Molding and extrusion materials do Nitrocellulose sheets, rods, and tubes do	7.6	4.7 7.5 .1	3. 7 6. 7 . 1	3.7 6.3 .1	4. 5 7. 6 . 1	4. 2 7. 1 . 1	4. 4 7. 5 . 1	5. 0 7. 9 . 1	4. 0 6. 5 . 1	5. 0 6. 6 . 1	5. 4 8. 5 . 1	5. 4 8. 6 . 1	5. 2 8. 6 . 1	6. 3 7. 7 . 1		
Phenolic and other tar acid resinsdo Polystyrenedo Urea and melamine resinsdo	49. 3 82. 1 29. 8	48. 5 83. 4 29. 2	40.8 66.5 24.0	40. 6 62. 7 22. 4	46. 3 71. 8 27. 0	45. 1 79. 5 24. 8	49. 7 85. 9 28. 8	51. 1 86. 6 28. 7	39. 8 82. 7 22. 9	51. 9 88. 4 32. 6	52. 6 89. 7 33. 0	57. 2 98. 1 37. 6	7 54. 6 92. 7 36. 0	52. 5 95. 9 32. 2		
Vinyl resins. do Alkyd resins. do Rosin modifications. do	100, 2 46, 4 11, 8	100. 5 31. 6 9. 8	87. 7 25. 3 9. 3	81. 1 24. 6 8. 8	93. 1 28. 5 8. 8	97. 5 30. 6 9. 0	104. 5 33. 6 9. 0	104. 5 33. 7 10. 0	91. 9 31. 8 9. 3	107. 4 34. 5 10. 0	101.5 34.4 11.6	116. 8 37. 2 10. 3	110. 9 34. 4 12. 5	108. 5 31. 0 9. 3		
Polyester resinsdo Polyethylene resinsdo Miscellaneous (incl. protective coatings)do	15. 8 111. 3 30. 4	13. 3 131. 5 37. 8	9. 6 114. 5 31. 6	12. 1 108. 3 31. 0	14. 1 129. 3 35. 9	13. 6 124. 9 38. 5	15. 2 129. 0 37. 6	13. 0 132. 8 38. 9	12. 0 135. 4 33. 8	13. 6 134. 0 40. 3	12. 8 121. 8 37. 4	15. 2 146. 2 43. 8	15. 5 148. 4 r 43. 4	13. 3 153. 2 42. 0	1	

r Revised. a See similar note on p. S-24.

1 Effective July 1960, data for production, stocks, and withdrawals of ethyl alcohol include amounts classified as "spirits"; the 1960 averages shown are based on July-Dec. data.

2 Based on data for 11 States; see note "\$".

3 Beginning Jan. 1961, trade sales of lacquers (formerly shown with industrial finishes) are included under trade products.

1 Revisions for Jan. 1959-June 1960 for carbon dioxide and Jan.-June 1960 for acetylene, oxygen, and sulfuric acid are shown in the Oct. 1961 Survey.

^{∂*}Data (except for alcohol) are reported on the basis of 100% content of the specified material unless otherwise indicated.
§States represented are: North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Tennessee, Arkansas, Louisiana, Texas, Oklahoma; also Virginia in 1959 and 1960 monthly averages. According to quarterly reports from Virginia, consumption in that State is as follows (thous, sh. tons): 1961—Jan.—Mar., 258; Apr.—June 311.
§ Includes data not shown separately.
§ Revised effective with the Jan. 1962 Survey to include recovered sulfur.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961						196	51						19	062
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon ave	thly rage	Jan,	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan,	Feb.
			ELEC	TRIC	POV	VER	AND	GAS	·							
ELECTRIC POWER																
Production (utility and industrial), total ⊙ mil. kwhr Electric utilities, totaldo	70, 135 62, 779	73, 211 65, 998	73, 547 66, 559	65, 746 59, 263	71, 742 64, 641	68, 289 61, 280	71, 032 63, 660	72, 410 65, 191	75, 223 68, 202	78, 965 71, 486	74, 466 67, 297	74, 471 66, 848	74, 222 66, 669	78, 419 70, 878	80, 913 73, 123	
By fuelsdo By waterpowerdo	50, 653 12, 126	53, 348 12, 650	55, 803 10, 756	49, 018 10, 245	50, 765 13, 876	47, 440 13, 840	49, 647 14, 013	51, 731 13, 460	54, 702 13, 500	58, 378 13, 108	55, 366 11, 931	55, 373 11, 475	54, 806 11, 863	57, 147 13, 731	58, 823 14, 301	
Privately and municipally owned utildo Other producers (publicly owned)do	51, 294 11, 486	53, 624 12, 374	54, 408 12, 152	48, 462 10, 801	52, 444 12, 196	49, 395 11, 886	51, 712 11, 948	53, 233 11, 958	55, 016 13, 186	58, 069 13, 417	54, 849 12, 449	54, 408 12, 441	54, 080 12, 590	57, 407 13, 471	59, 437 13, 687	
Industrial establishments, totaldo By fuelsdo By waterpowerdo	7, 356 7, 055 301	7, 213 6, 932 281	6, 987 6, 720 267	6, 484 6, 224 259	7, 101 6, 777 324	7, 009 6, 682 327	7, 371 7, 024 347	7, 219 6, 908 310	7,021 6,765 256	7, 479 7, 224 255	7, 169 6, 946 223	7, 623 7, 377 246	7, 552 7, 285 267	7, 541 7, 246 295	7, 790 7, 479 311	
Sales to ultimate customers, total (EEI)do Commercial and industrial: Small light and powerdo Large light and powerdo	r 9, 531	a59, 878 a11, 199 a28, 882	59, 436 10, 137 27, 387	58, 101 9, 944 26, 856	58, 177 10, 275 27, 709	57, 212 10, 129 27, 668	57, 803 10, 755 28, 593	58, 903 11, 403 29, 332	59, 527 12, 122 28, 797	62, 790 12, 909 30, 318	62, 953 12, 897 30, 100	61, 125 11, 765 30, 123	60, 121 11, 193 29, 493	62, 104 11, 230 29, 553		
Railways and railroads	398 716, 300 507 1, 303 54	390 17, 350 560 1, 369 127	457 19, 430 623 1, 325 77	18, 839 560 1, 386 72	418 17, 740 568 1, 345 1 122	384 17, 013 570 1, 320 128	370 16, 121 491 1, 326 146	358 15, 827 471 1, 372 139	341 16, 313 478 1, 329 146	360 17, 202 482 1, 368 152	356 17, 498 553 1, 396 153	368 16, 730 605 1, 395 140	385 16, 844 646 1, 431 130	18, 642 678 1, 437 122		
Revenue from sales to ultimate customers (Edison Electric Institute)mil. \$	955. 2	1, 009. 3	1,010.9	997. 6	981.0	966. 8	968. 7	989.3	1,008.5	1, 050. 5	1, 060. 8	1,028.5	1,009.0	1, 038. 4		
Manufactured and mixed gas (quarterly):‡♂ Customers, end of quarter, total♀──thous- Residential do— Industrial and commercial do—	2, 374 2, 218 156				2, 175 2, 029 145			2, 135 1, 995 139			2,063 1,932 130					
Sales to consumers, $total \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$	567 403 161				945 735 201			542 376 162			276 153 123					
Revenue from sales to consumers, total and mil. \$ Residential do Industrial and commercial do do do do do do do do do do do do do	74. 4 57. 2 16. 9				114.8 92.3 21.8			67. 5 51. 5 15. 7			37. 4 25. 8 11. 4					
Natural gas (quarterly):‡♂ Customers, end of quarter, total ♀thous Residentialdododo	30, 554 28, 087 2, 430				31, 444 28, 858 2, 550			31, 274			31, 319 28, 841 2, 442					
Sales to consumers, total Q mil. therms-Residential do Industrial and commercial do	22, 636 7, 558 13, 907				30, 345 14, 076 14, 940						16, 636 2, 687 12, 957					
Revenue from sales to consumers, $total \ \ \dots \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $	1,326.6 734.9 553.8				2, 030. 6 1, 289. 4 694. 7						871. 2 358. 9 480. 8					
	FO	OD A	ND K	INDI	RED 1	PROL	UCT	S; TO)BAC	СО		,				
ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES														,		
Beer: Production	7. 78 7. 33 10. 37	7. 92 7. 42 r 10. 61	6.82 5.83 9.74	6. 21 5. 57 10. 00	8. 33 7. 36 10. 51	8. 45 7. 07 11. 40	8. 96 8. 22 11. 59	9. 63 9. 20 r 11. 41	9. 55 8. 94 11. 46	9. 41 9. 16 11. 13	7. 40 7. 62 10. 47	7. 33 6. 99 10. 37	6. 52 6. 60 9. 87	6. 43 6. 48 9. 42		
Productionmil. tax gal_ Consumption, apparent, for beverage purposes mil. wine gal_	r ² 13. 27 19. 56	15.06	r 15. 43	15. 08 15. 86	16.14 20.24	14. 44 18. 33	15. 60 19. 87	15.79 20.93	9.83	10.11	13. 12 18. 80	19. 25 22. 58	19. 53 25. 35	16. 43		
Taxable withdrawals mil. tax gal. Stocks, end of month do mil. proof gal.	2 9, 90 2 835, 02 3, 10	10. 04 859. 59 3. 26	7 7. 62 7 846. 00 2. 19	8. 65 r 849. 92 2. 27	9. 97 853. 80 2. 91	9. 34 856. 23 2. 54	10. 24 859. 48 2. 91	11. 31 861. 58 3. 26	7. 96 861. 84 2. 44	10.03 859.46 r 2.99	10. 52 859. 43 3. 74	14. 34 864. 32 4. 69	12. 41 868. 39 5. 35	8. 08 874. 59 3. 82		
Whisky: production mil. tax gal Production do Taxable withdrawais do Stocks, end of month do Imports mil. proof gal	12. 41 6. 84 806. 44 2. 75	11. 85 7. 08 835. 94 2. 87	7 13.13 5.56 7821.24 1.90	12. 89 6. 50 7 825. 41 2. 01	13. 07 6. 93 829. 42 2. 54	11. 57 6. 38 832. 29 2. 24	12.35 6.78 835.97 2.57	11. 92 7. 31 838. 41 2. 90	7. 26 5. 09 839. 09 2. 15	7. 39 6. 75 837. 52 7 2. 63	9, 35 7, 56 837, 07 3, 30	13. 92 10. 93 840. 54 4. 12	15. 73 9. 39 844. 23 4. 75	850.13		
Rectified spirits and wines, production, total mil. proof gal.	r 6. 97	7.05	⁷ 5. 07	r 6. 40	r 6. 79	6. 43	6.98	7. 77	5.46	6.89	7. 55	10. 48	8.74	6.02		
Whiskydo Wines and distilling materials: Effervescent wines:	5. 39	5. 32	3, 58	4.91	r 5. 17	4.80	5. 20	5. 87	4.01	5. 10	5. 83	8. 21	6.71	4. 49		
Production mil. wine gal. Taxable withdrawals do. Stocks, end of month do. Imports do. Still wines:	. 33 . 28 2. 45 . 08	. 34 . 31 2. 64 . 08	. 43 . 23 2. 34 . 06	. 16 2. 51 . 04	.37 .22 2.63 .06	7 .37 7 .23 7 2.73 .05	. 33 . 32 2. 72 . 08	. 53 . 28 2. 92 . 07	.16 .16 2.91 .05	. 35 . 26 2. 95 . 06	. 25 . 31 2. 87 . 08	. 26 . 47 2. 61 . 13	. 55 2. 35 . 17	. 38 . 49 2. 20 . 12		
Still wines: Production do. Production do. Taxable withdrawals do. Stocks, end of month do. Imports do.	12. 44 - 176. 11	3 14.00 3 12.98 175.86 .93	2. 77 r 11. 74 r 200. 95 . 70	r 2.79 r 11.89 r 188.55 .65	2. 56 r 15. 29 177. 23 . 91	2. 20 11. 86 164. 89 .81	1. 98 12. 47 156. 42 . 93	1, 93 13, 41 140, 68 . 93	. 85 9. 14 134. 10 . 78	5.00 12.93 123.45 r.90	50. 26 13. 14 163. 92 1. 00	81. 81 16. 28 230. 55 1. 20	10. 45 14. 47 220. 13 1. 38	13, 53 209, 50		
Distilling materials produced at wineriesdo 7 Revised. • See note "3" below.	27. 57	27.61	* 3. 66	r 3. 35	1.30	.50 1	1.14 Revised o	r.93	1.79 st and 2d			143. 95 appear o			v. 1961 S	

r Revised.

^a See note "3" below.

¹ Beginning Mar. 1961, data include sales not previously reported.

² Average for July-Dec.

³ Based on annual total including revisions not allocated by months.

Jan.-Nov. 1960 are available upon request. ⊙Revisions for

[‡]Revised data for 1st and 2d quarters of 1960 appear on p. 23 of the Nov. 1961 Survey. The 1959 and 1960 averages shown for gas are quarterly averages. $\mbox{\it 9}$ Includes data not shown separately.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961						19	61						1962
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS		nthly rage	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan. Fe
FOO	D Al	ND K	INDR	ED P	ROD	UCTS	; TO	BACC	О—С	ontin	ued		·		<u> </u>
DAIRY PRODUCTS								!							
Butter, creamery: Production (factory)	114. 4 106. 5 . 599	124, 5 7 181, 4 , 612	121. 6 , 76. 4 . 611	117. 5 80. 3 . 611	132.3 98.0 .612	135. 8 121. 2 . 612	155. 2 158. 7 . 612	153. 8 217. 8 . 612	130.0 249.8 .612	108. 5 256. 5 . 614	94. 1 238. 4 . 614	110. 4 230. 7 . 613	109. 6 223. 7 . 611	125. 5 7 224. 8 . 611	144. 7 241. 0 . 611
Theese: Production (factory), totaltmil. lb American, whole milktdo	123. 2 83. 0	135. 7 95. 2	122. 0 82. 8	114. 0 76. 7	139. 8 94. 7	147. 9 106. 0	175. 3 128. 7	175. 9 132. 1	148. 1 110. 0	133. 7 97. 6	118. 8 83. 0	119. 0 79. 6	112. 0 72. 8	122. 0 78. 1	119. 0 78. 4
Stocks, cold storage, end of month, totaldo American, whole milkdo Importsdo	316. 8 277. 3 5. 3	r 429. 8 r 379. 5 6. 3	7 327. 7 287. 0 7. 3	332. 4 293. 5 6. 8	341. 1 302. 3 5. 6	368. 3 324. 9 6. 6	406. 9 357. 0 5. 2	452. 8 400. 3 7. 5	481. 9 424. 0 3. 9	511.0 448.4 5.8	501. 2 442. 2 6. 0	490. 5 432. 6 6. 0	470.6 421.5 8.1	7 472. 9 7 419. 9 6. 9	453. 1 402. 4
Price, wholesale, American, single daisies (Chicago)	. 414	. 415	. 434	.412	.418	. 422	. 411	. 408	. 408	. 410	. 413	. 415	. 414	. 410	. 410
Production, case goods:‡ Condensed (sweetened)mil. lb. Evaporated (unsweetened)do Stocks manufacturers' case goods and of mo:	5.7 181.4	5. 8 176. 6	6. 0 141. 3	5. 7 131. 3	6. 1 181. 2	5. 6 206. 7	7. 1 266. 5	5. 8 252. 4	5. 5 213. 9	6. 0 188. 6	5, 4 158, 9	5. 9 137. 5	5. 4 116. 6	5. 4 124. 8	5. 9 117. 7
Stocks, manufacturers', case goods, end of mo.: Condensed (sweetened) mil. lb. Evaporated (unsweetened) do Exports:	5. 5 r 235. 9	6.0 r 243.6	r 5. 7 r 154. 4	5. 1 r 125. 6	5. 7 * 83. 2	5. 5 • 107. 7	4.9 r 213.4	77.1 7310.0	6. 8 353. 5	6. 9 367. 2	6. 7 3 64. 5	6. 8 336. 2	5. 4 282. 6	5. 6 225. 1	4. 6 162. 6
Condensed (sweetened)do Evaporated (unsweetened)do Price, manufacturers' average selling:	3. 5 8. 4 6. 34	3. 9 7. 6 6. 30	3. 3 9. 4 6. 32	5. 2 3. 8 6. 31	4. 6 4. 4	4.7 12.9 r 6.29	2. 9 12. 0 6. 29	3. 9 + 13. 7 6. 29	4. 4 8. 5	3. 5 10. 5	3. 4 4. 5 6. 29	2. 7 5. 1	4. 4 3. 7	3.9 2.6	6.00
Evaporated (unsweetened) \$\ \text{per case.}\$ Piuld milk: Production on farms mil. lb. Utilization in mfd. dairy products \(\sigma\) do. Price, wholesale, U.S. average \$\ \text{per 100 lb.}\$ pry milk:	7 10, 234 3, 968 4, 21	7 10, 455 7 4, 285 4. 24	7 9, 862 4, 025 4. 45	7 9, 438 3, 838 4. 31	7 6. 30 7 10, 931 4, 488 4. 18	711, 200 4, 694 4. 01	7 12, 375 5, 498 3, 92	7 12, 039 5, 444 3. 86	6. 29 r 11, 057 4, 593 4. 03	6. 29 7 10, 270 3, 954 4. 17	r 9, 621 3, 442 4. 38	6. 29 7 9, 672 3, 756 4. 48	6. 29 7 9, 219 3, 622 4. 56	6. 29 7 9, 772 7 4, 064 4. 46	6. 29 10, 118 4, 444 7 4. 39
Production:† Dry whole milk	8. 2 151. 5 6. 4	6. 9 167. 5	7.0 149.6 - 6.2	6. 6 148. 3 6. 1	6. 8 179. 5 5. 8	6. 4 194. 8 5. 8	8. 4 230. 5 6. 7	7. 6 233. 8	5. 8 182. 6 8. 3	6. 1 142. 4 6. 6	5. 7 116. 2 5. 7	7. 9 134. 6 5. 5	7. 5 133. 4 6. 0	7. 2 165. 0 7. 3	8. 3 184. 5
Dry whole milk do Nonfat dry milk (human food) do Exports: Dry whole milk do do	121. 5 2. 3	7 136. 6	7 105. 6	7 110. 5 1. 3	7 105. 8 1. 4	, 129. 2 . 9	, 161. 8	r 183. 6	7 177. 0 1. 6	7 153. 6 2. 0 27. 3	7 134. 8 1. 3	7 127. 8 1. 1	r 116.9	r 132. 5	126. 7
Nonfat dry milk (human food) do Price, manufacturers' average selling, nonfat dry milk (human food) \$\ \text{pri k}\$ per lb.	16. 6 . 137	21.0	. 139	11.6 .139	13.4	10. 4 . 155	21.7 .158	7 32. 5 7 . 158	26. 9 . 158	27. 3	28. 1 . 159	19.0 .161	29.9	12.3 r.162	. 162
Exports (barley, corn, oats, rye, wheat)mil. bu	78.0	90.5	r 76. 3	94.4	r 109. 0	89.1	r 96. 4	76.6	80.0	78.4	81.4	99. 6	104.1	100.5	
Barley: Production (crop estimate)do	1431.3	1 393. 4			 								 	2 393. 4	
Stocks (domestic), end of quarter, totaldodododo	3 311. 1 3 166. 8 3 144. 3	³ 291. 6 ³ 154. 0			246.9 128.8			4 152. 8 4 65. 4			433. 8 242. 5			333. 1 179. 4	
Off farms do Exports, including malt\$	7.8 1.14 1.06	1.31 1.23	7 6. 1 1. 14 1. 04	7. 5 1. 14 1. 05	118.1 5.7 1.14 1.06	8. 4 1. 18 1. 10	8. 4 1. 19 1. 10	4 87. 4 4. 5 1. 21 1. 12	3. 7 1. 45 1. 33	2. 2 1. 43 1. 35	191. 4 4. 2 1. 47 1. 40	3. 3 1. 48 1. 42	6. 0 1. 46 1. 40	153. 7 5. 3 1. 43 1. 37	1. 47 1. 42
Corn: Production (crop estimate, grain only)_mil. bu_ Grindings, wet processdo	13, 908 12. 8	1 3, 624 13. 1	12. 2	11.9	13. 4	12.0	13. 4	13.8	12.7	14.6	13. 4	14.1	13, 6	² 3, 624 11, 9	13. 2
Stocks (domestic), end of quarter, total mil. bu	33.090	3 3, 246			3,665			2,816			4 2, 008			4, 494	
On farmsdododo Off farmsdodo	31,709 31,381 718.6	3 1,784 3 1,462 24.5	r 19. 5	19.0	2, 085 1, 580 30. 1	24.7	23. 9	1, 447 1, 369 21. 4	17. 2	23. 4	4 580 4 1, 428 24. 5	23. 8	32.3	3, 022 1, 472 34. 3	
Prices, wholesale: No. 3, yellow (Chicago)	1.13 1.07	1.11 1.06	1.10 1.04	1.13 1.05	1.11 1.04	1.08 1.01	1.13 1.07	1.12 1.08	1.14 1.10	1. 12 1. 08	1.10 1.06	1.09 1.06	1.10 1.09	1.08 1.08	1. 08 1. 04
Oats: Production (crop estimate)mil. bu	11, 155	1 1, 013			 								 	2 1, 013	
Stocks (domestic), end of quarter, totaldo On farmsdodo Off farmsdo	³ 672 ³ 595 ³ 77	³ 657 ³ 576 ³ 81			558 484 74			4 325 4 268 4 57			972 859 113			774 694 80	
Exports, including oatmealdoPrice, wholesale, No. 3, white (Chicago) \$ per bu	2.9 5.71	1.7 5.67	1.0	2.8	2.3	.7	2.8	1.1	1.6	.68	4. 2 . 68	1.6	1.0	.3	. 70
tice: Production (crop estimate)mil. bags Q	1 54. 6	1 53. 6												² 53. 6	
California mills: Receipts, domestic, roughmil. lb Shipments from mills, milled ricedo Stocks, rough and cleaned (cleaned basis), end	100 r 62	110 71	130 77	97 71	101 76	50 63	76 51	88 69	114 70	129 70	78 68	191 69	100 95	169 78	182 109
of month mil. lb Southern States mills (Ark., La., Tenn., Tex.): Receipts, rough, from producers mil. lb	100 338	104 317	133 148	126 126	119	87 78	85 53	77 46	83 24	97 158	80 769	135 1,565	102 486	126 242	123
Shipments from mills, milled ricedo. Stocks, domestic, rough and cleaned (cleaned basis), end of monthmillb. Exportsdo Price, wholesale, head, clean (N.O.)\$ per lb	231 845 163 .081	826 148 5.086	1, 176 245 . 083	1, 029 154 . 083	271 843 226 .084	216 616 7 183 . 085	204 455 203 . 085	385 65 .087	252 96 (6)	258 57 . 085	154 620 51 . 084	1, 411 98 . 089	253 1,485 139 .090	285 1,378 255 .093	1, 237
tye: Production (crop estimate)mil. bu_ Stocks (domestic), end of quarter, totaldo Price, wholesale, No. 2 (Minneapolis)\$ per bu_		1 27.3 3 20.7 5 1.20	1.10	1.12	20. 2 1. 15	(6)	1.13	4 14. 2 1. 12	1. 22	1. 21	29.7 1.24	1.30		² 27. 3 18. 8 1. 31	1. 31

Revised. ***Preliminary. 1 Crop estimate for the year. 2 Dec. 1 estimate of the 1961 crop. 2 Quarterly average. 4 Old crop only; new crop not reported until beginning of new crop year (July for barley, oats, rye, and wheat; Oct. for corn). 5 Average based on months for which quotations are available. 6 No quotation.

[‡]Revisions for 1960 appear in the Oct. 1961 SURVEY.

¿Revisions for Jan. 1955-July 1960 are available upon request.

§Excludes a small amount of pearl barley.

§ Bags of 100 lb.

	1960	1961						190	61						19	962
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon	thly	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
FOO	D AN	D KI	INDR	ED P	RODU	JCTS	; TO	BACC	O—C	ontin	ued				·	<u> </u>
GRAIN AND GRAIN PRODUCTS-Con.				1											- 	
Wheat: Production (crop estimate), total mil. bu Spring wheat do Winter wheat. do Distribution (quarterly total) do	11,357 1247 11,111 3 293	1 1, 235 1 158 1 1, 076 3 326			365						332			² 1, 235 ² 158 ² 1, 076 312		
Stocks (domestic), end of quarter, totaldo On farmsdo Off farmsdo	³ 1, 822 ³ 318 ³ 1, 504	³ 1, 856 ³ 305 ³ 1, 551			1, 707 258 1, 449			41, 412 7 4 137 4 1, 275			2, 316 466 1, 850			1, 989 359 1, 631		
Exports, total, including flourdo Wheat onlydo	7 48.2 7 42.2	58. 2 52. 4	r 49. 4 r 44. 5	64. 4 57. 1	70.2 61.2	54. 0 48. 9	59. 7 52. 7	49. 2 45, 4	57. 4 50. 6	52. 1 46. 1	48. 1 44. 5	70. 2 64. 8	63. 2 58. 1	60. 0 54. 6		
Prices, wholesale: No. 1, dark northern spring (Minneapolis) \$ per bu No. 2, hard winter (Kansas City)do No. 2, red winter (St. Louis)do Weighted avg., 6 markets, all gradesdo Wheat flour:	2. 21 2. 02 5 1. 95 2. 17	2. 28 2. 04 5 1. 97 2. 25	2. 15 2. 04 2. 14 2. 14	2. 15 2. 05 2. 13 2. 12	2. 15 2. 02 2. 11 2. 13	2. 17 2. 00 (6) 2. 16	2. 22 1. 96 1. 78 2. 18	2. 27 1. 92 1. 90 2. 21	2. 34 1. 98 1. 87 2. 11	2. 30 2. 04 1. 97 2. 34	2. 38 2. 07 1. 94 2. 41	2. 40 2. 08 1. 87 2. 36	2. 42 2. 12 (⁶) 2. 40	2. 45 2. 14 (⁶) 2. 42	2. 46 2. 09 1. 99 2. 37	
Production: Flour	92. 4 402 48, 560	21, 692 93. 8 405 49, 330	22, 678 99, 4 422 51, 542	21, 288 98. 4 393 48, 251	22, 722 91, 0 418 51, 499	18, 744 86, 1 346 42, 492	20, 779 87. 0 386 47, 199	20, 381 85, 1 380 46, 276	20, 782 91. 0 390 47, 310	23,810 94.7 451 54,454	21, 112 96. 5 398 48, 118	23, 063 95, 8 431 52, 480	22, 933 99, 8 430 52, 250	22, 008 100. 5 413 50, 094		
thous, sacks (100 lb.) Exports	3 4, 443 2, 613	3 4, 707 2, 511	r 2, 143	3, 200	4, 906 3, 918	2, 219	r 3, 029	4, 199 1, 645	2, 954	2,628	4, 751 1, 536	2, 344	2, 176	4, 972 2, 345	-	
Spring, standard patents (Minneapolis) \$ per 100 lb Winter, hard, 95% patents (Kans. City)do LIVESTOCK	5. 322 4. 992	5. 520 5. 166	5. 280 5. 017	5, 315 5, 050	5, 335 5, 033	5. 433 5. 050	5. 473 5. 033	5. 570 5. 050	5, 598 5, 217	5. 625 5. 334	5, 660 5, 333	5. 665 5. 317	5. 650 5. 300		p 5. 627 p 5. 267	
Cattle and calves: Slaughter (federally inspected): Calves	438 1,616 1,845 506	417 1, 664 7 1, 747 528	427 1, 632 1, 826 476	385 1, 435 1, 397 311	7 456 1, 627 1, 629 402	378 1, 502 1, 541 371	381 1, 754 1, 751 339	364 1, 785 1, 560 274	341 1, 628 1, 573 249	421 1, 803 1, 847 465	456 1, 712 1, 864 720	511 1,817 2,571 1,300	469 1, 683 1, 939 983	416 1, 589 1, 458 447	454 1.781 368	
Prices, wholesale: Beef steers (Chicago) Steers, stocker and feeder (Kansas City). do Calves, vealers (Natl. Stockyards, Ill.)do	25, 93 22, 93 28, 50	24. 46 23. 20 30. 17	27. 02 24. 29 33. 50	25. 84 23. 70 36. 50	25. 32 24. 50 32. 50	24.73 24.38 30.00	23. 09 23. 06 28. 50	22. 30 21. 81 26. 00	22. 23 21. 70 25. 50	24. 01 22. 94 28. 00	24, 21 22, 61 28, 50	24. 46 22. 97 30. 50	25. 44 23. 03 30. 50	25. 84 23. 06 7 32. 00	25. 90 22. 80 p 35. 49	
Hogs: Slaughter (federally inspected)thous, animals_ Receipts, principal marketsdo Prices:	5, 513 2, 577	5, 469 7 2, 441	5, 744 2, 586	5, 078 2, 234	6, 110 2, 530	5, 048 2, 248	5, 597 2, 569	5, 093 2, 363	4, 320 2, 056	5, 114 2, 308	5, 240 2, 294	6, 223 2, 759	6, 327 2, 804	5, 738 2, 513	6. 098	
Wholesale, average, all grades (Chicago) \$ per 100 lb Hog-corn price ratio (bu. of corn equal in value	15. 50	16.78	16.82 17.1	17.74	17. 26	16.90	16.19	15.91	16.60	17.19	17.69	16.79	15. 94	16.32	16. 66	16. 24
to 100 lb, live hog). Sheep and lambs: Slaughter (federally inspected)thous, animals Receipts, principal marketsdo Shipments, feeder, to 8 corn-belt Statesdo	15.3 1,170 1,014 291	16. 6 1, 253 7 1, 947 253	1,300 1,003 177	17. 6 r 1, 118 835 128	16.9 1,311 938 119	17. 5 1, 247 988 157	15.7 1,358 1,152 212	15. 2 1, 252 864 142	15.7 1,126 860 192	16.5 1,290 1,052 367	16.8 1, 286 1, 368 630	16. 1 1, 412 1, 585 557	16. 7 1, 213 1, 102 224	17. 0 1, 124 803 127	17. 4 1. 375 205	
Prices, wholesale: Lambs, average (Chicago;\$ per 100 lb_Lambs, feeder, good and choice (Omaha)_do	19. 26 18. 26	17. 07 14. 99	17, 25 16, 59	17, 25 16, 96	16, 50 16, 65	15, 25 15, 75	18.75 14.04	19, 25 14, 95	17. 75 14. 44	17. 75 14. 01	16, 62 14, 66	16, 25 14, 20	16, 00 13, 95	16, 25 13, 72	16. 88 13. 72	
MEATS Total meats:								ļ								
Production (carcass weight, leaf lard in), inspected slaughter mil. Ib Stocks (excluding lard), cold storage, end of month mil. lb. Exports (including lard)	2,066 525 87 63	2, 115 461 77 80	2, 154 r 446 75 59	1, 879 470 74 50	2, 211 477 69 71	1, 947 529 58 80	2, 245 523 79 63	2, 171 496 78 93	1,898 444 94 92	2, 117 392 65 7 104	2, 063 381 62 80	2, 314 397 93 89	2, 269 486 114 97	r 2, 120 r 485 58 78	482	
Beef and veal: Production, inspected slaughterdo Stocks, cold storage, end of monthdo Exportsdo Importsdo Price, wholesale, beef, fresh, steer carcasses, choice			1, 035. 0		1, 042. 4 153. 4 2. 4 42. 6		1, 120. 3		1, 032. 3 168. 7 1, 9		1, 072. 1 178. 8 2. 8 57. 7	1, 136. 1 182. 7 2. 4 63. 2	1,049.3 212.2 2.6		1, 117, 4 195, 6	
(600-700 lbs.) (New York) \$ per lb- Iamb and mutton: Production, inspected slaughter mil. lb- Stocks, cold storage, end of month do	. 451 55. 6 12. 2	59. 5 19. 9	. 476 65. 0 7 12. 4	.458 57.1 11.8	. 444 66. 9 17. 6	. 434 63. 0 22. 0	. 415 65. 5 24. 3	57. 4 26. 0	50.6 24.8	57.6 23.0	.410 57.7 21.0	.419 64.2 19.7	56. 9 18. 4	. 441 + 53. 8 17. 6	. 450 67. 7 15. 6	. 44!
Pork (including lard), production, inspected slaughter	1,005.3 762.4 271.1 5.8 14.3	1, 005. 0 763. 1 r 203. 7 5. 7 14. 5	7.3	913. 4 696. 2 235. 6 6. 7 12. 7	1, 101. 4 840. 2 243. 7 4. 6 17. 6	930. 0 701. 3 269. 8 4. 9 12. 6	1,059.1 793.1 268.6 3.9 12.2	981. 2 729. 1 239. 8 6. 4 14. 4	612.6	929. 6 710. 7 139. 0 5. 2 13. 2	933. 3 713. 7 128. 3 5. 8 13. 3	1, 113. 7 850. 7 136. 4 5. 6 16. 6	890. 0 193. 0 6. 5	1, 067. 3 815. 8 7 200. 1 5. 5 15. 8	1, 127. 3 872. 1 208. 3	
Prices, wholesale: Hams, smoked, composite\$ per lb Fresh loins, 8-12 lb. average (New York).do Lard:	. 472	. 471 . 479	. 491 . 490	. 487 . 490	. 486 . 457	. 459 . 456	. 456 . 456	. 440 . 470		. 466 . 488	. 464 . 497	. 462 . 506	. 483 . 467	. 504 . 452	p. 499 . 484	. 469
Production, inspected slaughter mil. lb. Stocks, dry and cold storage, end of modo Exportsdo Price, wholesale, refined (Chicago)\$ per lb_, Revised. * Preliminary.	119.1 51.7	34.9	114.3 40.5	158. 9 112. 4 40. 0 . 158	191. 5 141. 2 33. 9 . 158		41.0 .138	149. 6 31. 9 . 121	126. 9 49. 0		21.8 ,130	34. 4 . 123	64.5	13.6	101. 6	-

Revised.
 Preliminary.
 Crop estimate for the year.
 Dec. 1 estimate of 1961 crop.
 Quarterly average.
 Old crop only; new grain not reported until beginning of new crop year (July for wheat).

 $^{^5}$ Average based on months for which quotations are available. 6 No quotation. 7 Based on annual total including revisions not allocated by months.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961						196	i1						190	32
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon aver		Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
FOC	D AN	ND KI	NDR	ED P	RODU	JCTS	; TOI	BACC	OC	ontin	ued	,	•			
POULTRY AND EGGS																
Poultry: Slaughter (commercial production)‡mil. lb Stocks, cold storage (frozen), end of month	512	604	477	378	460	491	602	632	629	725	734	860	736	523	478	
Turkeys dodo	249 135	321 192	r 304 r 172	268 152	$\frac{229}{126}$	206 108	188 94	209 106	244 128	318 189	416 270	550 382	489 318	7 432 7 263	$\frac{408}{253}$	
Price, in Georgia producing area, live broilers \$ per lb	. 162	. 135	. 155	. 170	. 163	. 148	. 135	.120	.118	. 123	. 110	. 113	. 114	. 147	, 155	. 156
Eggs: Production on farmsmil, cases⊙_	14.2	14. 2	r 14. 4	13.5	15.7	15.3	15.4	14.2	13. 9	13.5	13.0	13. 6	13.6	14.3	14.7	!
Stocks, cold storage, end of month: Shellthous. cases⊙	474	162	80	49	49	78	238	365	314	280	225	145	83	r 39	29	
Frozen mil. lb. Price, wholesale, extras, large (delivered; Chicago)	372	r 81	54	49 , 387	. 353	. 325	92	113	113	108	100	86	70	61	49	 -
\$ per doz MISCELLANEOUS FOOD PRODUCTS	.372	r.355	. 370	. 301	. 303	. 525	. 308	. 326	. 347	, 366	. 399	r . 393	r . 357	τ. 335	. 356	
Cocoa (cacao) beans: Imports (incl. shells)thous. lg. tons. Price, wholesale, Accra (New York)\$ per ib.	20.5	28. 5 . 227	33.3 .228	31.0 .226	32. 5 . 205	39.3 . 229	39. 8 . 230	43. 2 . 215	48. 4 . 223	30. 5 . 213	16, 6 , 215	10. 3 . 226	6. 2 . 245	11. 1 . 265	. 225	. 195
Coffee (green): Inventories (roasters', importers', dealers'), end																
of quarter thous, bagson Roastings (green weight), quarterly total do	1 3, 108	1 3, 034 r 1 5,573			2, 965 5, 928			3, 145 5, 321		- -	3, 211 5, 163			2, 815 5, 882		
Importsdododo	1,839	1, 866 719	$1,951 \\ 621$	7 1, 715 7 640	⁷ 2, 235 841	r 1, 772 r 752	71,719 519	$r 2,045 \\ 669$	r 1, 633 r 482	1, 776 776	1, 864 899	$1,934 \\ 797$	1,608 577	2, 141 1, 059		
Price, wholesale, Santos, No. 4 (New York) \$ per lb_	. 369	. 363	. 368	. 369 106	. 378 103	. 373	. 375	. 378	. 375	. 365	. 353 138	. 340	. 341	. 341	. 345	. 345
Confectionery, manufacturers' salesmil. \$_ Fish:	100	104	106	100	100	87	88	80	65	90	108	141	132	109		
Stocks, cold storage, end of monthmil. lb_ Sugar: Cuban stocks, raw, end of month	ļ	184	204	172 2,325	157	150	158	170	189	199	204	207	207	r 197	175	1.040
thous, Spanish tons. United States: Deliveries and supply (raw basis):	- 2,040	3, 142	1,415	2, 525	4, 280	4, 215	4,430	4,365	4, 490	3, 725	3, 225	2,725	1,245	1, 262	843	1,248
Production and receipts: Productionthous, sh, tons_	256	265	289	51	48	88	55	44	45	93	105	697	903	758	 	
Entries from off-shore, total ?do Hawaii and Puerto Ricodo	_ 463	281 7 169	362 83	173 118	125 140	739 308	474 332	296 215	310 209	318 242	203 183	114 82	135 53	120 60	170 67	
Deliveries, totaldo For domestic consumptiondo	778	808 801	630 626	651 646	765 758	686 681	969 962	831 822	876 866	1,003 992	917 911	799 790	815 805	756 751		
For export and livestock feeddo Stocks, raw and refined, end of month_do	_ 1,750	r 1, 715	$\frac{4}{2,337}$	2, 209	2, 124	2,012	$\frac{7}{1,785}$	9 1, 559	10 1, 387	1, 131	885	1, 261	1,708	5 r 2, 187	ν 2, 093	
Exportssh, tons_ Imports Raw sugar, total \(\varphi \)thous, sh, tons_	1	510 337	262 218	352 357	389 471	457 217	375 330	591 7 328	608 430	592 7 394	1, 124 316	566 358	356 325	443 319		
From Philippine Islands do Refined sugar, total do	_ 88	107 15	57 7	104 8	164 21	117 12	141 20	7 121 15	138 19	7 150 31	95 6	97 16	4 7	95 14		
Prices (New York): Raw, wholesale	. 063	. 063	. 064	. 063	. 062	. 062	. 065	. 005	. 064	.060	. 061	.062	. 032	. 064	. 065	. 064
Refined: Retail§\$ per 5 lb_	. 553	. 570	. 573	. 573	. 574	. 573	. 573	. 574	. 580	. 573	. 561	. 567	. 555	. 565		
Wholesale (excl. excise tax) \$\frac{1}{2}\$ per lb_Tea, importsthous. lb_	1	9, 111	. 088 8, 993	. 088	. 088	. 087 8, 997	. 087 9, 331	. 088 7, 699	.087 8,830	.087 8,914	, 086 8, 136	. 084	. 084	. 086 8, 659	₽.086	
Baking or frying fats (incl. shortening):									0,000	0,311		10,041	10,703			
Production mil. lb. Stocks (producers' and warehouse), end of month	. (ŀ	199.1	200. 9	211. 8 119. 0	188.6	205. 8	185. 9	138.0	220.6	203.6	233.4	235. 5	r 222. 4	122.9	İ
Salad or cooking oils: Productiondodo	159.6	1	106. 1	101.1	r 187. 0	132.7 r 164.1	139. 1	128.1	102.6	107.3	111.4 + 164.1	112.8 r 174.5	119.3	r 122. 9 187. 9	125. 0 184. 6	1
Stocks (producers' and warehouse), end of month mil. lb.		1	73.2	110.6	157.8	181. 9	190.7	153.7	174. 2	142.7	137.6	152.0	173.6	r 199. 9	215.7	
Margarine: Productiondo Stocks (producers' and warehouse), end of month	_ 141. 3	143.6	175. 3	155. 9	139. 2	128.8	138.7	132. 9	123. 5	130. 5	146.8	157.3	147. 0	147.8	159.8	
mil. lb. Price, wholesale (colored; mfr. to wholesaler of	35. 4	1	35. 3	35. 9	42.8	34. 5	40. 5	45. 4	36.6	35. 6	39.4	40. 2	40. 6	32.8	38. 3	
large retailer; delivered)\$ per lb FATS, OILS, AND RELATED PRODUCTS		. 268	. 247	. 257	. 267	. 267	. 275	. 275	. 275	. 270	. 270	. 270	. 270	, 270	p.270	
Animal and fish fats: △																
Tallow, edible: Production (quantities rendered)mil. lb.	- r 29. 4		30.0	34.9	35. 5	34.8	41. 3	37.0	31.5	39.6	34.7	36.0	40.0	35. 5	37.5	
Consumption in end productsdo Stocks (factory and warehouse), end of month mil. lb.	:		26. 1 24. 9	33. 8 24. 2	29, 5 26, 3	29. 3 25. 5	30. 6 31. 2	30. 6 31. 0	27. 2 33. 5	38. 7 29. 7	33. 5 25. 2	33. 3 23. 9	37. 6 20. 9	26. 1 24. 7	29. 6 25. 9	
Tallow and grease (except wool), inedible: Production (quantities rendered)do	, 276. 1	292.1	261.1	249. 9	290. 5	25. 5	308.8	310.4	280.5	318.4	290.3	306.3	319.7	293. 9	313. 6	
Consumption in end productsdoStocks (factory and warehouse), end of month	r 152, 7	144.8	141.9	136. 6	150. 6	145.8	150.1	155. 4	106.0	152. 2	146. 5	149.0	155.6	147. 5	155. 8	
Fish and marine mammal oils:	1	į.	338.4	347.1	348. 5	333.7	349.8	329. 1	371.0	374.6	383.1	395. 2	399.7	7 404. 9	410.1	
Productiondo Consumption in end productsdo Stocks (factory and warehouse), end of month	7 17.4		9.3	8.4	9. 4	3. 3 9. 7	32. 8 10. 9	47. 2 11. 3	56. 6 10. 0	49. 1 8. 9	24. 2 8. 2	14. 3 8. 3	10. 2 8. 7	r 11. 2 r 8. 3	8. 2	
mil. lb.	93.4	r 123. 4	84.2	85.6	73. 3	71.8	92. 3	108.9	155.7	161.4	179.7	176.4	159.0	r 132. 9	123.1	1

r Revised.
P Preliminary.
1 Quarterly average.
Revisions for Jan.-Aug. 1960 are shown in the Oct. 1961 Survey.

[⊙]Cases of 30 dozen. ∂Bags of 132.276 lb., ♀Includes data not shown separately. § Price for New York and Northeastern New Jersey. △For data on lard, see p. S-28.

S-30		SUI	RVE	(OF	CUB	REN	T 13 ()SIN	ESS						Marcl	1961
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961						19	161						19	52
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mor ave	nthly rage	Jan.	Feb,	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
FOC	D AN	ND K	INDR	ED P	ROD	UCTS	; TO	BACC	:OC	ontin	ued					
FATS, OILS, AND RELATED PRODUCTS—Continued																
Vegetable oils and related products: Vegetable oils (total crude and refined): Exportsmil, lb Importsdo Coconut oil:	r 142. 8 43. 9	92. 6 47. 2	129. 9 38. 7	7 80. 9 46. 5	^r 51. 8 41. 0	7 150. 0 36. 2	72. 2 45. 4	121. 0 30. 5	84. 4 7 55. 9	99.7 r 48.6	7 57. 0 50. 9	r 108. 0 r 61. 2	78. 0 59. 8	79. 0 51. 9		
Production: Crude	41. 3 33. 3 r 49. 4	41. 6 38. 6 r 53. 7	50, 6 31, 4 45, 3	37. 2 29. 9 43. 8	33. 7 35. 2 51. 4	29. 7 37. 9 54. 0	43.9 43.9 62.6	38. 0 45. 2 60. 9	45, 9 38, 7 50, 9	47. 0 47. 2 63. 2	44.8 37.5 51.1	45. 7 43. 0 58. 9	43. 2 38. 6 50. 7	39. 1 34. 7 r 51. 8	38. 0 39. 9 54. 6	
house), end of month	71322.5 13.0 27.5	313. 6 13. 6 28. 0	357.9 13.8	340. 3 12. 5	339. 8 6. 6	316. 6 6. 7 28. 1	306. 4 11. 4	289. 0 5. 2	295. 7 17. 4 26. 9	294. 3 15. 6 30. 7	300. 8 12. 1 29. 1	295, 3 22, 2 28, 2	308. 1 20. 6	319. 3 18. 6	28. 4	
Refined do. Consumption in end products do. Stocks, crude and refined (factory and ware- house), end of month mil. lb.	25. 7 r 26. 2 35. 2	26. 8 26. 4 34. 6	25. 6 27. 9 24. 9 32. 8	24. 5 25. 2 32. 7	26. 5 26. 8 36. 4	26. 3 24. 8 36. 5	25. 3 25. 7 42. 9	25. 8 25. 4 40. 5	24. 1 24. 7 40. 5	31. 5 31. 1 35. 1	29. 0 30. 5 33. 2	26. 5 31. 5 25. 3	26. 5 23. 1 28. 3	27. 8 22. 7 30. 7	26. 7 22. 4 36. 2	
ottonseed cake and meal: Productionthous, sh. tons_ Stocks (at oil mills), end of monthdo ottonseed oil: Production:	207. 8 172. 4	r 204. 6 168. 4	309. 8 227. 2	247. 4 239. 6	224. 9 272. 0	189. 3 270. 5	138. 1 245. 5	85. 0 196. 9	66. 6 142. 6	68. 6 89. 4	149. 6 73. 3	341. 2 96. 7	347. 5 85. 8	r 286. 8 81. 5	299. 1 84. 9	
Crude mil. lb. Refined do Consumption in end products do Stocks, crude and refined (factory and warehouse).	151. 4 r 127. 1 r 106. 4 r 385. 7	7 149. 8 125. 5 7 110. 5 7 335. 8	223. 8 172. 9 119. 7 433. 5	179. 0 149. 0 118. 6 463. 4	163. 5 166. 9 128. 6 447. 6	137. 7 138. 2 107. 8 432. 6	100. 8 118. 6 108. 6	60, 4 80, 0 102, 5 313, 1	48. 1 55. 9 86. 5 249. 8	48, 9 47, 8 105, 4 182, 8	109. 4 63. 2 90. 3	256. 0 161. 1 117. 3 245. 0	259. 7 183. 5 124. 6 319. 9	r 210. 3 168. 9 r 116. 5	219. 1 160. 9 109. 2 434. 2	
end of month mil. lb Price, wholesale (drums; N.Y.) \$ per lb .inseed oil: Production, crude (raw) mil. lb Consumption in end products do	30.6	35. 5 31. 8	33. 3 26. 4	30, 8 27, 3	31. 4 32. 6	36. 4 35. 2	. 201 41. 7 35. 3	34.8 38.0	33. 7 37. 5	37. 9 35. 7	40.7 33.0	34.0 30.1	39. 5 25. 8	32. 1 24. 8	33. 3 27. 1	
Stocks, crude and refined (factory and warehouse), end of month. mil. lb. Price, wholesale (Minneapolis)	110. 8 . 131 762. 6	103. 0 . 142 777. 1	104. 3 . 126 891. 6	106. 7 . 130 796. 5	105. 1 . 131 801. 7	103. 2 . 131 758. 9	104.3 .131 781.1	94. 3 . 137 734. 7	90. 6 . 158 716. 8	87. 4 . 153 692. 4	96. 8 . 149 529. 7	98. 3 . 152 838. 7	117. 0 . 152 888. 0	128. 4 . 152 895. 4	134. 9 * . 152 946. 7	
Soybean oil; Production:	366. 0 r 289. 7	369. 6 297. 6	130. 0 418. 7 326. 0	377. 6 298. 5	381. 1 319. 5	362.9 291.2	212. 5 377. 0 313. 3	352. 8 270. 2	201. 6 345. 1 230. 3	333. 9 291. 9	71. 9 253. 3 284. 0	62. 4 396. 9 294. 6	62. 9 417. 7 319. 2	99. 3 417. 9 332. 1	101. 4 442. 4 341. 5	
Consumption in end productsdo. Stocks, crude and refined (factory and warehouse), end of monthmil. lb. Price, wholesale (refined; N.Y.)\$ per lb.	r 283. 8 r 476. 5 . 129	r 287. 0 r 705. 1 . 157	310. 9 517. 4 . 153	280. 8 537. 2 . 164	296. 1 624. 7 . 173	261. 8 675. 8 . 174	289. 5 710. 0 . 169	266. 5 761. 9 . 156	237. 8 773. 2 . 151	280. 3 765. 6 . 153	292. 5 677. 2 . 148	309. 2 738. 0 . 149	300. 2 791. 0 . 146	7 318. 5 7 889. 6 . 151	321. 9 928. 7 p. 147	
eaf: Production (crop estimate)mil. lb	2 1, 944	2 2, 023												3 2,023		
Stocks dealers' and manufacturers', end of quarter, total	44, 573 741, 346 13, 302	44,580 41,741 13,870	22, 423 14, 162	24, 674 7 14, 458		25, 110 r 14, 202	15, 484	4, 270 27, 283 14, 649	28, 087 12, 452		4, 537 81, 762 713, 066	90, 316 14, 048	69, 484 14, 629	1		
Production, total do Consumption (withdrawals): Cigarettes (small): Tax-free millions Tax-paid do	3.083	3, 296 40, 677	3, 083 38, 916	2, 854 37, 447	3, 642 42, 354	3, 173 37, 151	3, 459 44, 353	3, 685 44, 036	11, 326 2, 819 35, 922	3, 598 47, 166	3, 100 39, 584	3, 732 45, 361	3, 342 42. 568	3, 063 33, 260		
Tax-paid do. Cigars (large) tax-paid do. Manufactured tobacco and snuff, tax-paid thous. 1b Exports, cigarettes millions.		531 14, 124 1, 861	7 476 13, 991 1, 733	12, 626 r 1, 611	523 7 15, 556 1, 921	482 713, 661 71, 887	602 15, 556 1, 926	536 15, 339 1, 862	533 12,047 1,913	593 15, 889 1, 644	549 14, 379 1, 970	15, 010 1, 872	666 13, 905 1, 987	367 11, 526 2, 011		
			LEA	THE	R AN	D PR	ODU	CTS								
HIDES AND SKINS					}											
Value, total 9 thous. \$ Calf and kip skins thous, skins Cattle hides thous, hides mports:	6, 367 177 574	7, 179 212 637	7, 849 233 740	6, 496 279 605	9, 288 390 837	6, 456 256 523	6, 350 172 569	6, 041 179 537	7, 537 193 699	7,335 169 633 4,396	6, 406 190 488	7, 194 139 594	7, 357 201 611	7, 844 148 808 4, 718		
Value, total 9 thous. \$ Sheep and lamb skins thous pieces. Goat and kid skins do rices, wholesale (f.o.b. shipping point): Calfskins, packer, heavy, 9½/15 lb \$ per lb.	1,605	5, 357 2, 325 1, 228 p. 631	4, 423 1, 775 1, 246 . 575 . 118	3, 407 804 849 . 575	7, 304 5, 127 1, 338 .625 .143	5, 860 3, 384 1, 171 . 625 . 143	7 5, 892 2, 648 1, 341 . 650 . 148	6, 238 2, 756 1, 736 . 600 . 143	6, 682 3, 182 1, 465 . 625 . 159	1, 659 1, 277 .650 .178	5, 576 2, 545 1, 081 . 650 . 178	5, 139 1, 923 1, 115 . 675 . 163	4, 654 1, 126 1, 109 . 650 . 163	973 1,012 p. 675 p. 148		
Hides, steer, heavy, native, over 53 lbdo LEATHER roduction: Calf and whole kipthous, skins	528	p.150	56 2	.113	528	496	556	589	341	567	492	558	581	560		
Cattle hide and side kip_thous, hides and kips_ Goat and kid_thous, skins_ Sheep and lambdo_ xports: Glove and garment leather_thous, sq. ft_	1,831 1,570 2,540 2,879	1, 893 1, 222 2, 658 5, 244	1,820 1,344 2,354 3,738	1, 789 1, 071 2, 442 4, 993	1,976 1,264 2,567 6,892	1,870 1,175 2,473 5,158	1, 956 1, 420 3, 008 6, 017	1, 974 1, 462 2, 850 5, 504	1, 534 1, 030 2, 209 5, 040	2, 075 1, 048 3, 161 5, 388	1, 856 1, 111 2, 635 5, 599	2, 016 1, 264 2, 835 6, 174	1, 962 1, 268 2, 954 4, 761	1, 885 1, 209 2, 403 3, 659		
Upper and lining leather do Prices, wholesale: Sole, bends, light, f.o.b. tannery \$\text{\$per lb}\$ Upper, chrome calf, B and C grades, f.o.b. tannery \$\text{\$per sq. ft}\$	3, 449	4, 291 p. 707 p1. 401	4, 274	4, 351 . 673 1, 387	5, 611	4, 292	4, 258 . 697 1. 443	4, 336	4, 241	4,007	4, 270 . 740 1,398	4, 430	3,744	3, 673 p. 720		
t Revised p Preliminary	, 1,010	4. 101	7, 919	. 2.001	. 1. 200				n in mil.		. 2.500					

^{*}Revised. *Preliminary.

1 Average based on 9 months (Apr.-Dec.). 2 Crop estimate for the year.

2 Dec. 1 estimate of 1961 crop. 4 Quarterly average.

¶Data formerly shown in mil. lb. ♀ Includes data for items not shown separately.

	1960	1961						193	1						19)62
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mor ave	thly rage	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
	<u> </u>		HER	AND	PRO	DUC	TS—	Conti	nued	1			l	1	<u> </u>	
LEATHER MANUFACTURES																
Shoes and slippers: Production, total	49, 870 42, 589 6, 216	49, 982 42, 877 6, 131	50, 659 46, 809 3, 115	50, 305 46, 241 3, 328	57, 561 51, 597 4, 915	47, 021 41, 244 4, 795	48, 670 42, 211 5, 490	50, 088 42, 554 6, 235	42, 157 36, 778 4, 682	57, 146 47, 612 8, 483	47, 646 38, 124 8, 526	51, 842 41, 059 9, 696	49, 966 39, 803 9, 142	46, 729 40, 488 5, 165	44, 971	
Athletic. do. Other footwear. do. Exports. do. Prices, wholesale, f.o.b. factory:	584 482 199	501 474 179	3, 113 439 296 129	3, 328 432 304 191	4,913 573 476 252	4, 793 524 458 179	5,490 528 441 135	695 604 169	302 395 139	5, 763 468 583 202	552 184	502 585 210	548 473 198	553 523 160	502	
Men's and boys' oxfords, dress, elk or side upper, Goodyear welt. 1947-49=100. Women's oxfords, elk side upper, Goodyear welt. 1947-49=100. Women's pumps, low-medium qualitydo	134. 7 146. 7 133. 7	p 133. 5 p 146. 9 p 134. 8	133. 5 146. 7 134. 8	133. 5 146. 7 134. 8	133. 5 146. 7 134. 4 133. 5 146. 7 134. 4	133. 5 147. 1 134. 4	133. 5 147. 1 134. 4	133. 5 147. 1 135. 1	133. 5 147. 1 135. 8	» 133. 5 » 147. 1 » 135. 9						
		L)	UMBI	ER A	ND M	IANU	FACT	URE	S		!			1	<u> </u>	
LUMBER-ALL TYPES																
(ational Lumber Manufacturers Association: Production, total‡	2, 874 513 2, 361	2, 641 385 2, 257	2, 255 400 1, 855	2, 302 421 1, 881	2, 688 404 2, 284	2, 585 330 2, 255	2, 984 381 2, 603	2, 864 388 2, 476	2, 476 381 2, 095	3. 047 377 2, 670	2, 829 398 2, 431	2, 842 424 2, 418	2, 617 398 2, 219	2, 205 313 1, 892	2, 220 297 1, 923	
Shipments, total‡ do_ Hardwoods_ do_ Softwoods_ do_	2, 803 505 2, 298	2, 666 415 2, 251	2, 262 410 1, 852	2, 257 428 1, 829	2, 844 452 2, 392	2, 766 384 2, 382	3, 036 404 2, 632	2, 905 407 2, 498	2, 563 404 2, 159	3, 010 423 2, 587	2,784 438 2,346	2, 814 421 2, 393	2, 497 405 2, 092	2, 259 404 1, 855	2, 344 397 1, 947	
Stocks (gross), mill, end of month, total‡do Hardwoodsdo Softwoodsdo	7, 880 1, 916 5, 964	7, 912 1, 897 6, 015	8, 201 2, 063 6, 138	8, 246 2, 056 6, 190	8, 089 2, 008 6, 081	7, 909 1, 954 5, 955	7, 858 1, 931 5, 927	7, 817 1, 912 5, 905	7, 731 1, 889 5, 842	7, 766 1, 841 5, 925	7, 810 1, 801 6, 009	7,809 1,804 6,005	7, 883 1, 797 6, 086	7, 828 1, 706 6, 122	7, 539 1, 606 5, 933	
xports, total sawmill productsdo nports, total sawmill productsdo	72 328	64 355	50 256	r 49 262	62 340	56 335	87 438	68 397	61 406	73 431	372	66 398	70 348	64 274		
ouglas fir:‡ Orders, newmil. bd. ft Orders, unfilled, end of monthdo	666 533	640 471	561 422	550 445	876 586	636 529	698 491	728 505	594 499	678 466	583 424	658 446	598 422	524 419	653 508	
Production do Shipments do Stocks (gross), mill, end of month do Exports, total sawmill products do	696 691 1, 146	646 640 1, 126	618 551 1, 134	580 527 1, 187	708 735 1, 159	661 694 1, 127	757 736 1, 149	723 714 1, 158	537 600 1,096	711 711 1,096	638 625 1,108	638 635 1,082	637 623 1,096	546 527 1, 114	588 565 1,122	
Sawed timber do Boards, planks, scantlings, etc do Prices, wholesale: Dimension construction dried, 2" x 4", B. L.	17 15	10 12	12 12	8 13	11 17	8 14	13 10	13 13	20 9 11	10 12	12 11	11 11	9 11	9 12		
\$ per M bd. ft Flooring, C and better, F. G., 1" x 4", R. L. \$ per M bd. ft	81.13	78. 43 r 124. 21	77. 68 127. 40	76. 98 126. 96	78. 23 125. 64	81.36 126.06	80.01 125.36	79. 42 124. 05	79. 52 124. 05	79. 90 123. 01	78. 95 122. 59	76. 85 121. 74	76. 66 121. 74	7 75. 53 7 121. 92	p 75. 20 p 120.81	
orders, new‡mii. bd. ft Orders, unfilled, end of monthdo	517 191	545 224	481 196	440 209	665 278	550 290	591 256	548 227	522 213	632 225	578 221	595 211	517 183	423 185	498 221	
Production to do. Shipmentst do. Stocks (gross), mill and concentration yards, end of month mill, bd. ft. Exports, total sawmill products M bd. ft.	548 518 2, 047 7, 794	538 544 2, 087 5, 827	452 450 2,165 4,725	430 427 2,168 5,081	549 596 2, 121 5, 242	522 538 2,105 5,065	613 625 2,093 7,342	579 577 2,095 6,556	512 536 2,071 5,070	600 620 2, 051 8, 465	561 582 2,030 3,962	585 605 2,010 5,500	569 545 2,034 5,650	489 421 2, 102 7, 268	2, 146	
Sawed timber do_ Boards, planks, scantlings, etc do_ Prices, wholesale, (indexes): Boards. No. 2 and better. 1" x 6". R. L.	1, 962 5, 833	1, 342 4, 486	686 4,039	1,186 3,895	783 4, 459	833 4, 232	1,116 6,226	1,700 4,856	768 4, 302	3, 549 4, 916	905 3, 057	904 4, 596	780 4, 870	2, 889 4, 379		
1947-49=100 Flooring, B and better, F. G., 1" x 4", S. L. 1947-49=100 Vestern pine: Orders, new!	94. 5 719	92. 4 727	92. 7 590	103. 9 92. 5 569	92. 5 865	106. 6 92. 4 749	92. 8 812	92. 8 775	92. 3 723	92. 1 809	92. 3 770	92. 3 794	92. 1 621	92. 1	№ 107. 5 № 91. 4	1
Orders, unfilled, end of monthdo	359 747 725	359 724 728	342 512 580	321 580 590	489 671 695	455 722 784	388 843 879	355 780 807	732 732 706	324 942 857	317 858 777	330 806 782	305 664 645	312 577 637	380 513 621	
Shipmentsf. do Stocks (gross), mill, end of montht. do Price, wholesale, Ponderosa, boards, No. 3, 1" x 12" R. L. (6' and over) \$ per M bd. ft. 12" kg. L. (6' and over)	1, 957 74. 86	1, 974 r 69. 63	2,010 70.16	2,000 70.22	1, 976 69. 72	1, 914 69. 89	1,878 73,37	1,85i 73.77	1,877 72.14	1, 962 68. 81	2, 043 68. 88	2, 067 66. 83	2, 086 66. 03	2, 026 r 65. 74	1,768	
HARDWOOD FLOORING AND PLYWOOD looring:																
Maple, beech, and birch: mil. bd. ft. Orders, new	3. 2 11. 6 3. 0 3. 1 9. 7	3. 1 11. 3 3. 1 3. 0 8. 7	3. 0 11. 0 2. 9 2. 5 9. 3	3.0 11.4 2.6 2.7 9.3	3. 4 11. 4 3. 0 3. 0 9. 3	3. 8 12. 5 2. 8 2. 7 9. 3	3. 4 12. 8 3. 1 3. 2 9. 2	3. 5 12. 0 3. 2 4. 3 8. 2	3. 2 12. 0 2. 8 3. 0 7. 8	3. 1 11. 0 3. 7 3. 7 7. 8	3. 2 10. 9 3. 4 2. 9 8. 1	2. 9 10. 6 3. 4 3. 3 8. 2	2.6 10.5 3.2 2.6 8.6	2. 2 10. 0 2. 8 2. 6 9. 1	10. 5 3. 0 2. 3	
Oak: Orders, new do. Orders, unfilled, end of month do. Production do. Shipments do. Stocks (gross), mill, end of month do.	69. 0 38. 5 73. 2 70. 6 95. 6	64. 2 35. 6 65. 5 65. 4 99. 9	57. 3 27. 9 62. 7 56. 8 112. 7	54. 3 30. 3 56. 6 53. 5 114. 8	83. 2 43. 5 66. 6 70. 3 110. 3	68. 5 47. 3 60. 7 68. 5 100. 4	62. 0 41. 2 73. 6 70. 0 102. 3	63. 9 35. 4 70. 8 70. 6 99. 3	59. 3 34. 3 58. 6 62. 1 95. 8	77. 3 36. 8 75. 3 74. 8 96. 4	68. 1 37. 8 66. 7 68. 3 93. 4	65. 8 34. 3 70. 5 69. 3 94. 5	61. 1 31. 5 68. 4 66. 0 94. 8	49. 6 27. 3 55. 3 54. 8 84. 7	57. 9 35. 5 60. 6	

Revised. Preliminary.
1 Average for 9 months (Apr.-Dec.).

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961						196	51						19	62
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon aver		Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
		 I	META	LS A	ND I	MANU	JFAC	TURI	ES	'		<u>'</u>				
IRON AND STEEL																
Foreign trade: Iron and steel products (excl. advanced mfs. and ferroalloys): Exports, total ? \$\sigma^2\$thous. sh. tons_ Steel mill productsdodo	* 936 248 * 670	1, 018 166 810	770 132 584	r 958 147 r 788	7 964 168 7 775	r 889 138 r 685	1, 312 r 160 r 1, 111	1, 579 146 1, 388	r 1, 148 r 168 r 924	7 1, 057 151 7 850	r 973 165 r 766	959 208 713	861 193 630	750 212 504		
Imports, total 9dodo	341 280 15	329 262 21	179 145 19	177 152 14	249 211 20	274 235 22	321 266 17	351 277 18	359 300 11	378 307 3	377 269 36	423 335 32	r 504 357 r 34	350 292 24		
Iron and Steel Scrap																
Production and receipts, totalthous. sh. tons Home scrap produceddo Purchased scrap received (net)do	3, 300	^p 5, 315 ^p 3, 206 ^p 2, 109	4, 164 2, 523 1, 642	4, 114 2, 505 1, 608	4, 999 2, 914 2, 086	5, 071 2, 936 2, 135	5, 782 3, 381 2, 401	5, 617 3, 365 2, 252	4, 958 3, 016 1, 943	5, 623 3, 466 2, 157	5, 684 3, 516 2, 167	6, 151 3, 658 2, 493	3, 533			
Consumption, totaldoStocks, consumers', end of mododo		^p 5, 361 ^p 8, 651	4, 546 8, 876	4, 397 8, 591	4, 983 8, 613	5, 226 8, 465	5, 974 8, 293	5, 530 8, 385	4,811 8,528	5, 580 8, 569	5, 584 8, 674	5, 851 8, 967				
Iron ore (operations in all U.S. districts): Mine production	7, 320 7, 014 7 2, 882	5, 917 5, 955 2, 14 8	3, 332 1, 110 1, 634	3, 281 1, 150 7 1, 631	3, 597 1, 385 1, 226	3, 593 1, 565 1, 227	6, 604 6, 187 2, 041	8, 538 10, 035 2, 186	7, 876 10, 718 r 2, 724	9,076 10,931 r 3,273	8, 482 9, 961 r 2, 567	7, 896 9, 391 3, 071	5, 022 7, 393 2, 218			
U.S. and foreign ores and ore agglomerates: Receipts at iron and steel plants	9, 396 8, 522 7 439 70, 534 11, 337 53, 350 5, 846	7, 759 8, 143 412 81, 811 15, 816 7 59, 728 6, 267	2, 602 r 6, 214 92 r 84, 836 14, 356 r 63, 592 6, 888	2, 448 6, 060 51 83, 236 16, 471 59, 887 6, 878	2, 897 6, 953 77 81, 114 18, 674 55, 831 6, 609	2, 756 7, 113 134 78, 565 20, 705 51, 474 6, 386	7, 139 8, 313 372 77, 715 21, 167 50, 252 6, 296	11, 302 8, 545 763 78, 723 19, 589 53, 019 6, 115	12, 681 8, 518 662 80, 005 16, 757 57, 292 5, 956	13, 483 8, 767 1, 124 82, 718 14, 908 62, 008 5, 802	12, 116 8, 965 690 84, 407 13, 440 65, 211 5, 756	11, 999 9, 681 550 85, 722 12, 107 67, 530 6, 085	9, 560 9, 058 362 84, 121 9, 755 68, 031 6, 335	4, 080 9, 532 66 80, 570 11, 865 62, 605 6, 100	3, 230 10, 316 	
Manganese (mn. content), general imports♂.do	99	86	81	τ 96	78	r 47	142	64	92	63	68	93	83	130	-	
Pig Iron and Iron Manufactures Pig iron: Production (excl. blast furnace production of ferroalloys)thous, sh. tons_ Consumptiondo Stocks (consumers' and suppliers'), end of mo. thous, sh. tons	5, 556 5, 552 3, 471	5, 393 5, 483 5, 483	4,039 4,125 3,685	3, 937 4, 053 3, 611	4, 514 4, 634 3, 559	4, 680 4, 839 3, 404	5, 646 5, 864 3, 190	5, 687 5, 871 3, 059	5, 597 5, 628 3, 065	5, 764 5, 876 3, 045	6, 019 6, 105 2, 999	6, 230 6. 327 3, 057	6, 105 6, 051 3, 147	6, 400 p 6, 425 p 3, 181	6, 833	
Prices: Composite	65, 95 66, 90 66, 50	65, 95 66, 00 66, 50	65, 95 66, 00 66, 50	65, 95 66, 00 66, 50	65, 95 66, 00 66, 50	65, 95 66, 00 66, 50	65, 95 66, 60 66, 50	65. 95 66. 00 66, 50	65, 95 66, 00 66, 50	65, 95 66, 00 66, 50	65, 95 66, 00 66, 50	65, 95 66, 00 66, 50	65, 95 66, 00 66, 50	65, 95 66, 00	65, 95 = 66, 00	65. 95
Castings, gray iron: Orders, unfilled, for sale, end of mo. thous. sh. tons Shipments, totalo	739 966	653 902	600 760	621 702	652 856	645 869	651 982	666 1,027	679 804	686 932	685 947	649 1,031	636 990	672 922		
For sale of	534 73	514	406 52 58	378 48	497 45	504	572 52	52 67	474 66	63	567 59	594 59	529 62	470		
Shipments, total do do For sale do do do do do do do do do do do do do	68 39	60 36	58 34	51 30	58 34	56 31	68 40	67	42 27	65 41	53 35	66 39	71 40	68 37		
Steel, Crude and Semimanufactures					:								İ			
Steel ingots and steel for castings: Production	8. 273 101. 9	8, 168 100. 9	6, 416 77. 8	6, 239 83. 7	7, 086 85, 9	7, 585 95, 0	8, 981 108. 9	8, 552 107. 1	8, 092 98. 1	8, 661 105, 0	8, 915 111. 7	9,173 111.2	8, 746 109, 5	9, 569 116. 0	10, 353 125, 5	
Orders, unfilled, for sale, end of mo.* Shipments, total	231 116 89	153 101 78	157 96 77	145 93 72	144 107 83	147 94 71	157 103 79	151 109 84	152 77 57	157 102 80	148 103 80	156 108 82	156 109 83	169 115 88		-
Orders, unfilled, end of modo Shipments, totaldo Drop and upsetdo	317 106 79	274 99 73	266 95 69	263 89 64	262 96 70	264 96 70	262 105 78	259 108 80	280 72 54	281 97 72	283 99 74	282 110 84	7 282 110 82	307 104 78		[
Composite, finished steel (carbon)\$ per lb Steel billets, rerolling, carbon, f.o.b. mill	. 0698 95, 00	. 0698 95. 00	. 0698 95. 00	95.00	. 0698 95. 00	95.00	95,00	. 0698 95. 00	95,00	95, 00	95.00	95, 00	95, 00	. 0698	, 0698 p 95, 00	
\$ per sh. ton Structural shapes (carbon), t.o.b. mill\$ per lb Steel scrap, No. 1 heavy melting: Composite (5 markets)\$\$ per lg. ton	95.00 .0617 32.95	95.00 .0617 36.64	. 0617 32. 04	33. 38	. 0617 36, 50	38. 94	36.63	38. 49	37.77	39.05	. 0617 40. 64	39.09	33.10	. 0617	p . 0617 p . 37. 78	
Pittsburgh districtdodo	33.00	35.00	30.00	32.00	35.00	37. 00	35.00	37.00	36.00	36.00	38.00	38. 00	34.00		» 39, 00	
Steel, Manufactured Products			j												1	
Barrels and drums, steel, heavy types (for sale): Orders, unfilled, end of mothous Shipmentsdo Cans (tinplate), shipments (tons of metal consumed), total for sale and own use	1, 609 1, 755	1, 515 1, 833	1, 438 1, 639	1,529 1,634	1, 588 1, 937	1, 623 1, 797	1, 450 1, 959	1, 553 1, 968		1, 523 2, 047	1,530 1,835	1, 513 1, 963	1, 451 1, 849	1, 443 1, 610		
thous, sh. tons	402 246 338	416 258 345	289 171 237	292 171 239	374 217 309	371 218 299	416 244 346		291	632 442 537	535 368 443	451 294 367	345 7 203 292	343 200 289		-
Steel products, net shipments: Total (all grades)thous, sh. tons Semifinished productsdo Structural shapes (heavy), steel pilingdo Platesdodo	5, 929 235 438 511 105	5, 510 212 395 496 70	166	4, 251 171 321 395 58	5, 047 195 384 478 83	1 83	217 437 488 84	221 440 489 94	158 378 451 63		241 437 544 62	6, 046 287 426 567 61	260 403 608 56	404 590 67	275 402 648 94	961 are no

r Revised. r Preliminary. Q Includes data not shown separately. Scattered revisions for 1959-60 are available upon request. New series (Bureau of the Census). Monthly data prior to Aug. 1960 are available upon request.

§Effective Jan. 1961, the composite reflects new weights; prices beginning Jan. 1961 are not comparable with earlier prices. \oplus Revisions for Mar.-Sept. 1960 are shown in the Dec. 1961 SURVEY.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961						19	61		· · · · · ·		,		1:	962
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon aver		Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
	MI	ETAL	S AN	D MA	ANUF	ACTU	JRES	—Coı	atinu	ed						
IRON AND STEEL—Continued																
Steel, Manufactured Products-Continued																
Steel products, net shipments—Continued Bars and tool steel, totalthous. sh. tons. Bars: Hot rolled (incl. light shapes)do Reinforcingdo Cold finisheddo. Pipe and tubingdo. Wire and wire productsdo. Tin mill productsdo. Sheets and strip (incl. electrical), totaldo. Sheets: Hot rolleddo.	884 576 185 115 588 248 503 2,417 666	839 532 204 98 589 253 510 2,147 585	669 436 141 86 489 197 577 1,790 485	627 402 141 77 425 190 466 1,599 454	758 471 189 91 544 251 528 1,825 491	800 470 237 88 566 266 524 1,889 520	904 572 220 105 647 301 609 2,361 657	929 576 238 108 739 299 605 2,319 650	793 480 224 84 615 232 543 1,889	942 599 231 106 781 287 605 2, 336 632	931 595 228 101 694 278 485 2,387 602	938 594 228 108 632 282 430 2, 423 639	904 586 200 110 495 244 405 2,411 637	868 601 151 108 448 216 357 2, 564 693	1, 028 707 174 137 506 260 614 3, 080 846	
Cold rolleddo Fabricated structural steel: Orders, new (net)thous, sh. tons Shipmentsdo Backlog, end of year or modo	1, 206 299 322 2, 333	1,013 343 318 2,723	308 262 2,371	743 257 260 2, 357	296 292 2, 392	309 319 2,378	1, 126 392 365 2, 458	1, 079 298 361 2, 415	861 456 287 2, 517	1, 065 385 359 2, 378	1,089 408 326 2,729	1, 145 303 354 2, 566	1, 163 333 339 2, 707	1, 294 373 296 2, 723	1, 555 314 284 2, 596	
NONFERROUS METALS AND PRODUCTS Aluminum:																
Production, primary (dom. and foreign ores) thous, sh. tons Estimated recovery from scrapdo Imports (general): Metal and alloys, crudedo Plates, sheets, etcdo Exports, metal and alloys, crudedo Stocks, primary (at reduction plants), end of mo. thous, sh. tons.	167. 9 1 27. 3 12. 7 3. 1 23. 7	158. 7 **125. 6 16. 6 4. 1 10. 7 258. 2	161. 4 29. 0 10. 8 3. 3 7 16. 7	138. 6 25. 0 8. 6 3. 5 12. 2 287. 4	152. 0 28. 0 15. 5 7 4. 5 12. 3 277. 9	144. 6 30. 0 12. 4 3. 3 7 8. 2 266. 4	157. 5 34. 0 16. 8 4. 2 77. 0 252. 9	159. 1 34. 0 17. 1 3. 6 13. 5	164. 7 28. 0 15. 3 4. 1 14. 4 256. 9	167. 0 36. 0 21. 9 4. 6 7. 8	159. 6 32. 0 19. 5 4. 2 6. 8	167. 3 36. 0 22. 8 4. 6 11. 8 255. 6	164. 1 36. 0 18. 4 4. 8 9. 4 240. 3	168. 0 36. 0 20. 0 4. 7 8. 7 207. 1	170. 1	
Price, primary ingot, 99.5% min\$ per lb Aluminum shipments: Mill products and pig and ingot (net)mil. lb Mill products, total	388. 1 254. 1 115. 7 62. 6	. 2546 402. 2 278. 4 124. 4 63. 5	341. 6 241. 3 111. 2 60. 8	349.3 232.5 104.2 57.1	396, 6 281, 3 127, 1 62, 5	361. 2 268. 6 123. 5 60. 3	. 2600 425. 0 295. 3 134. 1 63. 3	. 2600 423. 2 304. 3 136. 6 64. 4	373.9 263.2 120.3 48.6	. 2600 426. 7 303. 2 135. 0 65. 1	. 2550 416. 4 286. 9 126. 8 62. 6	. 2400 440. 9 294. 2 127. 3 72. 6	, 2400 r 446. 3 r 298. 3 129. 9 70. 8	. 2400 424. 9 272. 2 116. 1 73. 7	. 2400	
Copper: Production: Mine, recoverable copperthous. sh. tons Refinery, primarydo Refinery, primary	90. 0 126. 6 93. 4 33. 1 23. 0 7 43. 8 11. 9	96. 6 129. 2 98. 4 30. 8 21. 9 38. 4 5. 6	97. 3 127. 4 89. 3 38. 1 24. 7 61. 9 6. 0	88. 3 120. 0 86. 0 34. 0 18. 7 33. 1 4. 8	100. 4 140. 1 107. 3 32. 7 21. 5 28. 2 5. 1 77. 4	90. 9 128. 7 102. 3 26. 4 24. 2 36. 6 4. 4 51. 9	102. 4 137. 8 106. 1 31. 7 25. 8 26. 7 5. 2	98. 9 138. 1 107. 6 30. 5 24. 9 39. 3 4. 7	89. 6 119. 3 88. 9 30. 4 18. 4 50. 4 4. 7 46. 8	83. 6 128. 9 96. 0 32. 9 20. 4 26. 7 5. 9	7 97. 9 118. 7 90. 8 27. 8 20. 7 30. 2 5. 9	104. 7 129. 8 101. 9 27. 9 21. 9 43. 6 12. 3	103. 2 130. 4 104. 3 26. 1 23. 1 47. 7 4. 7	101. 7 131. 1 100. 5 30. 6 18. 7 36. 0 3. 4	103. 3 134. 7 103. 5 31. 2 21. 5	
Refined do Consumption, refined (by mills, etc.) do Stocks, refined, end of mo., total do Fabricators' do Price, bars, electrolytic (N.Y.) \$ per lb	36. 1 114. 6 174. 3 98. 0 . 3205	36. 0 7 124. 0 7 187. 8 7 105. 2 . 2992	49. 7 100. 1 228. 8 96. 8 . 2906	44. 8 100. 2 229. 7 94. 5 . 2860	60. 7 122. 4 213. 1 92. 9 . 2860	36. 4 121. 2 194. 6 100. 9 . 2860	38. 6 141. 8 182. 3 98. 9 . 2998	31. 4 147. 2 165. 6 98. 3 . 3060	29. 3 82. 6 197. 1 135. 3 . 3060	19. 9 142. 5 192. 7 121. 6 . 3060	23. 4 138. 5 167. 3 108. 2 . 3060	25. 9 r 138. 9 r 162. 3 r 108. 0 . 3060	25. 3 r 137. 1 r 159. 1 r 102. 9 . 3060	46. 9	p 134. 0 p 150. 5 p 92. 0 . 3060	. 306
Copper-base mill and foundry products, shipments (quarterly avg. or total): Copper mill (brass mill) productsmil. lb Copper wire mill products⊕do Brass and bronze foundry productsdo	470 380 216	₽ 516 ₽ 389 ₽ 212			448 361 195			562 405 217			526 374 203			p 530 p 415 p 233		
Lead: Production: Mine, recoverable leadthous. sh. tons Secondary, estimated recoverable⊕do Imports (general), ore⊕, metal‡do Consumption, totaldo	20. 6 38. 6 7 29. 3 85. 1	21. 7 37. 9 33. 7 85. 2	23. 3 36. 9 7 25. 7 83. 7	20. 9 35. 2 7 26. 7 79. 7	24. 7 38. 8 37. 5 83. 4	22. 1 36. 5 7 35. 4 77. 6	22. 8 40. 4 32. 8 89. 1	23. 0 38. 1 23. 1 85. 7	19. 5 34. 5 35. 5 71. 6	22. 0 38. 8 36. 9 90. 8	20. 5 38. 6 32. 3 89. 1	20. 9 42. 2 37. 1 92. 3	20. 0 40. 7 40. 6 89. 7	20. 7 34. 8 40. 8 89. 8	21.3	
Stocks, end of year or mo.: Producers', ore, base bullion, and in process⊕ (ABMS)thous. sh. tons Refiners' (primary), refined and antimonial thous. sh. tons Consumers'o	145.1 158.2 94.4 43.7 .1195	100. 6 208. 1 96. 0 38. 6 . 1087	137. 9 169. 2 94. 5 42. 8 . 1100	129. 5 183. 0 91. 8 41. 6 . 1100	125. 7 187. 0 94. 8 41. 0 . 1100	115.0 194.7 109.7 39.5 .1100	112. 4 195. 6 110. 6 39. 6 .1100	110. 6 195. 1 106. 4 41. 2 . 1100	119. 6 193. 8 109. 9 44. 2 . 1100	118. 9 190. 0 110. 2 45. 3 . 1100	112.8 189.7 107.7 43.3 .1100	116. 4 193. 1 106. 6 42. 8 . 1100	107. 6 204. 9 106. 5 39. 4 . 1020	208. 1	. 1003	
Tin: Imports (for consumption): Ore⊕	1, 169 3, 291 1, 800 250 6, 710 4, 290 71 22, 750 1, 0140	743 3, 325 p 1, 850 p 245 p 6, 520 p 4, 140 67 22, 630 1, 1327	802 2,058 1,750 225 5,965 3,680 125 23,935 1.0038	1, 188 1, 998 1, 750 220 5, 505 3, 570 17 22, 610 1, 0098	319 2, 261 1, 900 230 6, 490 3, 990 305 20, 645 1, 0340	1, 373 1, 785 1, 815 220 6, 410 4, 080 120 19, 630 1, 0708	223 3,046 1,935 250 6,860 4,380 32 18,600 1.1003	391 3,020 1,915 250 6,970 4,420 30 18,000 1.1455	558 4, 904 1, 670 210 6, 090 3, 920 30 222,475 1, 1625	375 4, 034 1, 965 245 7, 210 4, 570 22 23, 080 1, 1978	1, 446 3, 929 1, 795 255 6, 480 4, 245 16 24, 875 1, 2185	319 5, 030 2, 005 240 6, 895 4, 385 5 25, 620 1, 2105	577 4, 204 1, 960 285 6, 880 4, 460 54 25, 055 1, 2289	3, 628 1, 795 305 6, 340 3, 990 43 27, 070	1. 2030	
Zinc: Mine production, recoverable zinc thous. sh. tons Imports (general):	36.3	38. 9	40.2	38. 9	43. 2	39. 2	39. 6	40.1	3 5. 2	40.0	37. 5	38. 3	37.0	37.3	37. 4	
Ores⊕t do do	7 38. 1 10. 1 7. 4 16. 1	34.6 10.5 7.2 18.2	7 29. 9 6. 2 8. 1 18. 5	7 30, 2 7, 6 7, 4 15, 6	7 39. 8 16. 5 5. 9 18. 5	25. 5 7 6. 6 6. 8 16. 9	7 33. 1 10. 6 6. 6 19. 3	7 41. 0 10. 9 7. 1 21. 1	31.8 7.4 5.8 14.7	7 37. 0 10. 4 6. 3 18. 2	26. 7 14. 4 7. 6 18. 4	39. 9 14. 4 8. 7 19. 6	41. 3 10. 2 7. 6 19. 8	11. 4 8. 6		

of foil; comparable data back to January 1954 are available upon request.

Basic metal content.

Scattered revisions for 1960 will be shown later.

Consumers' and secondary smelters' stocks of lead in refinery shapes and in copperbase scrap.

Inless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961						19	61						19	962
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon ave		Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb
	MI	ETAL	S AN	D MA	NUF	ACT	JRES	Cor	ıtinu	ed						
NONFERROUS METALS AND PROD.—Con.																
ine—Continued Slab zine:																
Production (primary smelter), from domestic and foreign oresthous. sh. tons	67.0	70.3	74.0	66. 3	73.6	69. 2	69.3	68.0	65. 3	62. 2	63.0	75.8	r 76. 7	80. 1		
Secondary (redistilled) productiondo Consumption, fabricators'do	5. 7 73. 2 6. 3	4. 4 75. 7 4. 2	3. 4 63. 8 9, 2	3.9 60.6 6.1	4. 4 64. 3	3.6 69.6	4.3 80,6 2.6	4.8 80.4 2.6	4.5 69.5 3.7	3. 6 84. 7 5. 1	5. 0 83. 3 3. 3	5. 6 89. 3 2. 7	5. 2 83. 5	5. 1 79. 3		
Exportsdo Stocks, end of year or mo.: Producers', at smelter (AZI)do	188.0	151. 2	206.4	215.0	6. 4 222. 9	3.5 219.0	213.1	207.8	206.6	188.1	165.1	150.1	1.3	3. 5 151. 2	150. 3	144
Consumers' do Price, prime Western (St. Louis) per lb.	67. 8 .1295	89. 3 . 1154	62. 4 1. 1153	60.0	59.1 .1150	56. 8 ,1150	60.0	59.5 .1150	64.0	62, 1 , 1150	62. 9 . 1150	71.3	7 81. 6 . 1150	89. 3 . 1198	. 1200	. 1:
HEATING EQUIPMENT, EXC. ELECTRIC	.1200		1100	.1100	.1100	,1100	.1100	.1100	,1100	.1100	.1100	. 1100	.1100		. 1200	
adiators and convectors, cast iron: Shipmentsmil. sq. ft, radiation	1.7	1.2	1.0	1.2	1.0	.9	. 9	1.1	1.0	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.3	.9		
Stocks, end of year or mododo	2.8	2.6	2.9	2.9	3.3	3.7	4.6	4.3	3. 9	3.6	3. 2	2.9	2.7	2.6		
Shipments thous. Stocks, end of year or mo do	42. 8 45. 9	44. 5 44. 8	42.0 44.1	37. 7 44. 1	33, 8 48, 9	38.1 51.5	38.1 53.7	44.1 55.4	35. 9 54. 4	62. 6 50. 9	55, 1 43, 8	62. 4 41. 8	46. 1 41. 4	37.6 44.8		
toves and ranges, domestic cooking: Shipments, total (excl. liquid-fuel types)do	151.8	155.8	117.0	127.3	154.3	138.9	164, 2	170.2	117.6	187.4	190, 1	189.7	164.6	148.6		
Gaso [*] do	148.5	152. 5	114.8	124.8	150.8	136.0	161.5	167. 2	114.4	183.6	185. 8	184. 9	159.7	146. 5		
toves, domestic heating, shipments, totaldo Gastdo	154.7 100.9	145. 9 88. 2	68.3 41.2	70. 9 39. 3	106.3 74.2	87. 8 45. 7	97. 0 53. 7	149.1 95,3	157. 3 97. 4	226. 8 136. 2	243. 2 145. 3	290.3 177.5	167. 8 105. 5	85. 6 46. 6		
Varm-air furnaces (forced-air and gravity air-flow), shipments, total total total	100.8	102.9	76.6	78.8	80.7	81.1	90.6	107.2	104.2	129.0	149.4	152.4	99.6	85.6	 	
Gasdodododododo	78. 1 208. 2	80. 6 204. 7	$61.6 \\ 213.9$	63.1 199.1	63. 8 241. 2	65. 7 252. 3	72.1 210.7	86. 6 173. 7	83. 5 160. 1	99. 1 201. 3	112.0 182.1	114.3 214.6	76. 6 193. 7	68. 8 213. 2		
MACHINERY AND APPARATUS										i						
ans, blowers, and unit heaters, qtrly. totals: Fans and blowers, new orders	2 38. 5	38.6			38. 9			39, 5	 		r 38. 3		 - -	37. 5		
Unit-heater group, new orders —do oundry equipment (new), new orders, net	2 21. 4	15.7		^	13.8			17.7			14.5	100.0		16. 9		
mo. avg. shipments, 1947-49=100_ urnaces, industrial, new orders, net:	118.8	7 96.9	123.7	81.8	99.1	115. 2	101.5	130.8	69.0	62.0	108.4	106.9	77.7	7 86.8	153. 2	
Electric processingmil. \$mil. \$dodo	$\begin{array}{c c} 1.3 \\ 2.9 \end{array}$	1. 0 2. 6	.8 4.5	. 9 1. 9	1.0 2.6	.7	1.4 6.1	1, 2 3, 5	1.4 1.3	3. 3	1. 2 1. 1	1.4 1.6	2.6	2.1	1.9 5.8	
faterial handling equipment (industrial), new	122.6	125.7	116.2	114.4	137.0	109.8	136.5	175.5	130.7	113.3	120.8	125.0	113.3	116.3		
orders index1954=100 ndustrial trucks (electric), shipments: Hand (motorized)number	461	385	375	386	394	393	385	427	395	388	377	495	272	336	333	İ
Rider-type do do ndustrial trucks and tractors (gasoline-powered),	470	380	343	373	499	426	372	376	393	3 85	349	370	292	383	327	
shipmentsnumber.	1,885	1,639	1,318	1,595	1,914	1,892	1,952	1,844	1,753	1,667	1,735	1, 987	1,031	981	1.328	
Aachine tools: Metal cutting tools:																
Orders, new (net), total mil. \$ Domestic do	41.90 29.35	7 46. 35	35. 75 20. 95	39. 45 27. 65	54. 90 40. 80	41, 30 31, 60	41. 70 30. 85	52.10 31.50	46.70 27.85	44. 80 29. 65	55. 65 34. 05	47. 30 28. 55	51. 95 39. 80	7 33. 50	p 34. 70	
Shipments, total do do do do do do do do do do do do do	42. 30 32. 85	42.30 28.60	36, 95 25, 10	35. 60 24. 40	42.05 28.95	40.15 28.30	42. 85 31. 40	46. 75 30. 20	37. 20 24. 95	34. 05 23. 15	41. 20 27. 10	45. 15 28. 35	48. 10 32. 20	7 57. 25 7 39. 55	₽ 30. 40	
Estimated backlog months.	4.4	5.0	4.3	4.5	4.9	4.9	4.8	4.8	5.0	5. 2	5. 7	5.7	5. 5	7 4.8	P 4.8	
Metal forming tools: Orders, new (net)	12.50 12.00	10.90 7 12.40	20. 35	6. 95 10. 05	15, 15 12, 80	6. 35 13. 55	7.90 15.05	9. 40 17. 45	8.95	10. 10 12. 95	10.95 10.70	9. 10 11. 00	12. 95 11. 00	r 12.60 r 13.55	₽ 14. 75 ₽ 10. 50	
Shipments dodo Estimated backlog months_	4. 2	3. 6	8. 55 5. 0	4.9	5. 2	4.4	3.8	3.3	12.55 3.0	2.8	2.8	2.7	2.9	2.8	p 3. 0	
ther machinery and equip., qtrly. shipments: Construction machinery (selected types),											l				ļ	
total 9 ‡ mil. \$- Tractors, tracklaying, total do do do do	² 251.5 ² 67.5	² 60. 7			220. 5 56. 7			284. 8 70. 9			249. 1 70. 5	3 18. 1	3 11. 7	3 15.0		
Tractors, wheel (con. off-highway)do Tractor shovel loaders, integral units only	2 16. 2				16.1			24.6			21.3					
(wheel and tracklaying types)mil. \$mil. \$miretors, wheel (excl. garden and contractors'	2 58.0				54.9			64. 2			56. 9					.
off-highway types) mil. \$	2 89. 4	2 108. 6			7 151.8			r 133. 8			68. 9	3 32. 9	3 21.7	3 25. 3		
excl. tractorsmil. \$	2186.2				224. 2			222. 4			158.4					
ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT Batteries (automotive replacement only), ship-	<u> </u>															
mentsthous lousehold electrical appliances:	2, 194	2, 356	2, 761	2, 321	1, 491	1,334	1,695	2,037	2,093	2,688	2,807	3, 196	2, 855	2,994		-
Ranges (incl. built-ins), domestic and export salest. thous. Refrigerators and home freezers, output	124. 6	127. 5	105.7	123. 5	142.8	123. 7	126.6	139. 3	100.1	122. 9	144.8	122.3	130.9	147. 4		.
1957=100	111.8	p 115. 4	99. 2	124.3	116.2	123. 5	121.1	132.0	113.8	72. 9	122.7	117.4	117. 0	124.3	119.0	
Vacuum cleaners (standard type), sales billed thous Washers, sales billed (dom, and export)⊙do	276. 1 272. 9	273. 6 278. 9	242.5 228.9	257. 9 227. 6	350. 0 305. 6	265. 0 209. 7	240. 9 247. 9	242. 0 304. 3	213. 9 228. 4	270. 1 332. 6	302.2	327. 6 321. 9	300. 8 286. 2	269. 9 252. 4	301. 0 263. 9	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1,447.8	1,090.1	1, 115. 0	41,384,1	1, 124. 9	1, 196. 9	41,626,3	1,030.4	ļ	401.9	1,796.4	1, 730. 8	41,845.2	71,350.6	1
adio sets, productions do de le vision sets (incl. combination), prod. s do de le vision sets (incl. combination), prod. s do de le vision de la vis	475. 7	514.8	367. 9	444. 4	4 497. 5	405.8	470.4	4 615.1	383. 4	514.7	4 694. 6	620.8	583. 0	4 580. 3	7 488. 9	
Electron tubes and semiconductors, factory sales mil. \$ nsulating materials, sales billed, index	82.6	78. 4	72.0	73.4	92.5	78.0	75. 7	80.8	58.0	85, 9	89. 5	80. 0	79.5	76.0		
Aotors and generators:	137	134	118	118	142	125	129	139	105	135	146	150	149	157	 	-
New orders, index, qtrlydo New orders (gross):	² 162				152			154			155					-
Polyphase induction motors, 1-200 hp_mil. \$	13.6	12. 4 2. 3	10.4 1.9	12.9 2.5	13. 6 2. 6	12. 4 2. 3	12.4 2.1	13.7 2.8	11.8 1.9	11.8 2.2	13. 5 2. 4	12. 1 2. 8	7 11. 0 1. 6	12. 4 2. 5		

^{*} Revised. * Preliminary. 1 Average based on actual market days; excludes nominal prices for other days. 2 Quarterly average.

* Data are for month shown. 4 Data cover 5 weeks.

\$\sigma\$ Includes data for built-in gas fired oven-broiler units; shipments of cooking tops, not included in figures above, totaled 28,900 units in Dec. 1961.

† Revisions for gas heating stoves (Jan.-June 1960) and warm-air furnaces (Jan.1959-June 1960) are available upon request.

\$\text{Deginning 1961, excludes new orders for gas-fired unit heaters and duct furnaces.}

Q Includes data not shown separately. Revisions for 1960 for construction machinery appear in the July 1961 SURVEY; for ranges, in the Feb. 1962 SURVEY.

O Data exclude sales of combination washer-drier machines; such sales (incl. exports) totaled 4,300 units in Jan. 1962.

Radio production comprises table, portable, auto, and clock models; television sets exclude figures for color sets. Data for Mar., June, Sept., and Dec. 1961 cover 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961						19	61			1		·	1	962
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mor ave	ithly rage	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
		PETI	ROLE	UM,	COA	L, AN	D PF	RODU	CTS							···
COAL																
Anthracite: Productionthous, sh, tons Stocks in producers' yards, end of modo Exportsdo	1, 568 315 119	1, 484 198 129	1,803 110 134	1,756 64 89	1, 468 98 107	1, 197 153 12	1, 447 247 95	1, 372 178 159	1, 202 173 93	1, 565 253 142	1, 423 293 151	1, 636 297 141	1, 532 276 224	1, 404 233 200	r 1, 806	p 1,507
Prices: Retail, stove, composite\$ per sh. ton Wholesale, chestnut, f.o.b. minedo	27. 67 13. 948	28. 14 p13. 338	28.34 14.420	28. 56 14. 420	28. 56 14. 420	28. 56 14. 420	27. 47 11. 970	27. 47 11. 970	27. 64 12. 460	27. 76 12. 460	27. 89 12. 950	28. 24 13, 370	28, 24 13, 370	28. 90 • 13.928		
Situminous: Productionthous, sh. tons Industrial consumption and retail deliveries, total 9thous, sh. tons	34, 626 131, 702	33, 040 31, 202	32, 570 34, 702	28, 970 30, 230	29, 950 30, 470	29, 220 28, 423	34, 250 28, 443	31, 510 27, 966	26, 800 28, 241	37,500 30,626	35, 150 30, 636	38, 970 33, 367	37, 770 34, 021	34, 216 37, 294	² 36, 540 39, 440	
Electric power utilities	1 14, 490 1 14, 425 1 6, 751	14, 969 13, 857 6, 158	16, 903 13, 727 5, 035	14, 730 12, 403 4, 792	14, 773 13, 421 5, 345	13, 500 12, 969 5, 495	13, 574 13, 587 6, 206	13, 722 13, 137 6, 153	14, 201 12, 934 6, 277	15, 336 13, 469 6, 506	14, 797 13, 562 6, 628	15, 352 15, 052 7, 069	15, 734 15, 399 6, 992	17, 007 16, 623 7, 395	17, 723 17, 122 7, 632	
Retail deliveries to other consumersdo	2, 534	2, 311	4, 069	3, 097	2, 273	1,909	1,193	1,010	1,007	1,710	2, 173	2,860	2,789	3, 645	4, 593	
Stocks, industrial and retail dealers', end of month, total?	72, 333 48, 244 23, 216 11, 287	69, 127 47, 618 20, 971 9, 682	69, 194 47, 157 21, 477 10, 484	66, 463 45, 245 20, 683 9, 789	65, 183 44, 627 20, 158 9, 551	65, 007 45, 017 19, 640 9, 332	67, 893 46, 937 20, 502 9, 852	70, 698 48, 360 21, 788 9, 931	67, 139 46, 951 19, 597 8, 496	69, 653 48, 452 20, 276 8, 936	70, 697 49, 371 20, 710 9, 135	72, 612 50, 268 21, 714 9, 813	73, 851 50, 421 22, 808 10, 454	71,418 48,609 22,283 10,393	66, 953 45, 298 21, 197 9, 779	
Retail dealers do do do de de de de de de de de de de de de de	693 3,041	538	560	535	398	350	454	550	591	625	616	630 3, 716	622	526	458	
Exportsdo Prices: Retail, composite\$ per sh. ton	17.06	2, 915 r 17. 12	1,867 17.30	1,868 17.30	1, 959 17. 30	r 2, 537 17. 23	3, 392 16, 86	7 3, 401 16. 74	2,775	r 3, 914 16. 91	7 3, 780 17. 04	17. 29	3, 202 17. 33	2, 565 17. 33		į
Wholesale: Screenings, indust. use, f.o.b. minedo Domestic, large sizes, f.o.b. minedo	5.164 7.690	p 5. 051 p 7. 541	5. 149 7. 922	5.149 7.922	5. 149 7. 828	2 5. 037 7. 275	5. 018 7. 209	5. 018 7. 256	5. 018 7. 273	5. 016 7. 367	5.016 7.470	5. 016 7. 590	5. 013 7. 690	p 5. 013 p 7. 690		
COKE Production: thous. sh. tons. Beehive	84 4, 685 1, 000	74 4, 484 1, 256	7 64 3, 494 1, 260	61 3, 296 1, 121	70 3, 654 1, 237	7 66 3, 797 1, 248	r 79 4, 249 1, 218	78 4, 210 1, 236	72 4, 319 1, 325	85 4, 464 1, 342	74 4, 557 1, 183	79 4, 862 1, 292	76 4, 819 1, 270	79 r 5,090 1, 334	94 5, 276	
tocks, end of month: Oven-coke plants, total	3 4, 152 3 2, 947 1, 205 1, 159 29	4, 399 3, 030 1, 370 1, 064 37	7 4, 801 7 3, 463 1, 338 933 21	4, 781 3, 401 1, 380 933 26	4, 697 3, 285 1, 412 1, 025 41	4, 726 3, 256 1, 470 1, 102 23	4, 572 3, 094 1, 478 1, 112 41	4, 358 2, 928 1, 430 1, 111 27	4, 354 2, 884 1, 470 1, 135 r 47	4, 301 2, 891 1, 411 1, 112 41	4, 101 2, 772 1, 329 1, 095 59	4, 035 2, 764 1, 271 1, 081 35	4, 024 2, 796 1, 228 1, 068	7 4, 032 2, 820 1, 223 1, 063 45	3, 862 2, 679 1, 182	
PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS	20		21	20	*1	20	41	2.	'4'	71	39		35	40		
Crude petroleum: Oil wells completed	1, 874 2, 97 246, 0 83	1, 821 2, 97 248, 9 82	1, 880 2, 97 259, 3 87	1, 512 2, 97 236, 8 86	1, 950 2, 97 251, 0 81	1, 643 2, 97 234, 6 78	2, 050 2, 97 249, 0 80	1, 734 2, 97 239, 6 80	1, 735 2, 97 257, 0 83	1, 824 2, 97 262, 1 85	1, 676 2, 97 239, 3 80	1, 859 2, 97 253, 5 82	2, 031 2, 97 246, 1 82	1, 956 2, 97 258, 9 84		
All oils, supply, demand, and stocks:‡ New supply, totalmil. bbl_ Production:	298. 3	305. 9	321. 6	291.4	323. 6	304.7	308.7	288.0	307.3	302. 7	292. 7	308. 2	302. 2	319. 2		
Crude petroleumdo Natural-gas liquids, benzol, etcdo Imports:	214. 6 28. 4	218. 5	223. 5 31. 0	204. 3 28. 2	231. 6 30. 9	219. 8 30. 1	221. 6 29. 7	213. 1 28. 7	215. 7 29. 4	220. 2 29. 6	209. 8 28. 0	220. 9 30. 4	214. 6 31. 0	226. 6 32. 4		
Crude petroleumdoRefined productsdoChange in stocks, all oils (decrease,—)do	31. 0 24. 4 -2. 5	31. 8 25. 7 3. 4	33. 7 33. 5 -25. 1	28. 8 30. 1 -7. 2	33. 3 27. 9 14. 8	27. 0 27. 9 24. 1	33. 6 23. 9 16. 1	27. 2 19. 0 9. 8	38. 0 24. 3 21. 2	34. 0 18. 8 3. 3	33. 1 21. 8 12. 0	33. 6 23. 3 12. 6	$ \begin{array}{c c} 30.1 \\ 26.5 \\ -12.9 \end{array} $	29. 2 31. 0 —28. 3		
Demand, totaldo Exports: Crude petroleumdo	300.8	302.5	346.8	298.6	308.9	280.6	292.6	278. 2	286.1	299.3	280.7	295.7	315.0	347. 5		
Critical Petroleum 00	5. 9 294. 6 7 125. 9 11. 0	5. 0 297. 2 127. 7 11. 9	5. 0 341. 6 114. 5 18. 1	.3 4.3 294.0 105.6 15.1	5. 1 303. 4 126. 6 11. 7	5. 3 275. 0 119. 2 9. 0	5. 7 286. 7 137. 2 9. 2	5. 4 272. 4 138. 5 7. 8	4.8 281.2 137.4 9.2	5. 4 293. 6 140. 4 10. 1	.1 4.4 276.2 130.1 9.5	5. 2 290. 3 128. 8 12. 1	5. 0 309. 6 128. 4 13. 8	.3 4.7 342.6 125.8 17.8		
Distillate fuel oildo Residual fuel oildo Jet fueldo	57. 1 46. 6 8. 6	57. 8 45. 0 8. 7	96. 4 58. 9 8. 0	74. 9 53. 1 7. 1	66. 4 50. 9 8. 8	53. 3 46. 1 8. 1	44.3 39.6 10.6	37. 0 31. 6 8. 5	39. 2 39. 3 8. 0	40. 8 38. 4 9. 7	41. 2 36. 5 10. 2	48. 0 43. 0 8. 4	64. 1 48. 3 8. 4			
Lubricants do Asphalt do Liquefied gases do	3. 6 8. 7 18. 9	3. 5 9. 0 19. 3	3. 6 3. 1 25. 7	2. 8 2. 3 20. 6	3. 5 4. 6 17. 5	3.0 5.6 17.5	4. 0 10. 4 16. 0	3. 6 13. 8 16. 4	3. 5 14. 1 15. 7	3.7 16.2 18.0	3. 5 13. 5 16. 9	3.8 12.7 19.5	3. 5 7. 6 21. 7	3.9		1
Stocks, end of month, total. do. Crude petroleum. do. Natural-gas liquids. do. Refined products. do.	790. 2 248. 0 28. 4 513. 9	813. 8 249. 4 35. 9 529. 0	759, 4 236, 8 24, 0 498, 7	752. 2 232. 1 23. 2 497. 0	767. 0 244. 9 27. 5 494. 5	791. 1 256. 1 31. 6 503. 4	807. 2 261. 4 35. 4 510. 4	817. 0 261. 1 38. 2 517. 8	832. 2 257. 0 41. 4 539. 9	841. 6 248. 1 42. 8 550. 7	853. 6 251. 0 44. 4 558. 2	866. 2 251. 1 44. 2 570. 9	853. 3 248. 7 41. 7 563. 0	825. 1 244. 7 37. 1		
Aefined petroleum products:‡ Gasoline (incl. aviation): Production	126. 9 1. 1	127.6	131. 7 1. 0	115. 8 . 5	127. 6 . 5	118. 6 1. 1	127.3	123. 2 1. 1	135. 1	136. 5 . 8	123. 3 . 9	130. 6 . 6	128. 2 . 9	133. 8 . 3		
Stocks, end of month: Finished gasolinedo Unfinished gasolinedo	188. 9 12. 7	189. 5 13. 3	197. 9 14. 0	208. 8 13. 4	209. 5 14. 2	208. 4 14. 2	198. 9 14. 5	183. 7 13. 9	182. 5 13. 3	178. 5 13. 1	173. 3 11. 7	173. 9 13. 1	174. 0 12. 8	184. 2		
Prices (excl. aviation): Wholesale, ref. (Okla., group 3)\$ per gal_ Retail (regular grade, excl. taxes), 55 cities (1st of following mo.)\$ per gal_	. 116	p. 117	. 125	. 125	. 125	. 125	. 115	. 125	. 125	. 115	. 105	. 095	. 105			1

^{*} Revised. * Preliminary. * Corrected.

1 Revisions for Jan-Sept. 1960 appear in the Dec. 1961 SURVEY.

2 Data beginning April 1961 are not entirely comparable with those for earlier periods;

March 1961 price comparable with later data, \$5.059 per sh. ton.

Revisions for Jan.—Aug. 1960 appear in the Nov. 1961 Survey.

§ Includes data not shown separately.

§Includes nonmarketable catalyst coke.

‡ Minor revisions for Jan. 1959–Nov. 1960 for various items will be shown later.

Inless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961				-		19	61						1	962
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS		thly rage	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	F
J	PETR	OLEU	JM, (COAL	, ANI) PR	ODUC	CTS—	Conti	nued						
PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS—Continued																
Refined petroleum products—Continued‡ Aviation gasoline:																
Production mil. bbl Exports do do	9. 5 . 8	9.7	9. 6 . 8	8.6 .3	9. 6 . 4	9. 2 1. 0	10. 2 . 4	9. 4 . 9	9. 6 . 5	10.8 .6	9. 9 . 7	9. 9 . 5	9. 1 . 8	10.0 .2		
Stocks, end of monthdo Kerosene:	13. 5	11.7	13.1	13.0	12.8	11.8	12.3	11.6	10.7	10.8	10.6	11.3	11.1	11.6		
Productiondo Stocks, end of monthdo Price, wholesale, bulk lots (N.Y. Harbor) \$ per gal	11. 3 28. 7 . 104	11. 8 31. 0 p 1 . 109	13. 9 27. 4	12. 0 24. 5	12. 7 25. 7	10. 6 27. 3	9. 9 28. 4 . 105	9, 5 30, 3 , 105	11. 1 32. 4 . 105	11. 3 33. 9	11. 3 35. 9	13. 1 37. 3	12. 4 36. 2	13. 6 32. 4 p . 113		
Distillate fuel oil: Productionmil. bbl	55. 6	58.0	64. 4	63. 2	56.0	49. 9	52.9	52. 5	58. 2	61. 2	54.6	59. 9	59. 5	63.7		i
Imports	1. 1 . 8 127. 9	1.3 .6 127.6	2. 1 . 7 108. 1	1. 1 . 3 97. 3	1. 4 . 4 88. 0	. 9 . 6 85. 0	.7 .8 93.6	1. 0 . 7 109. 5	1. 5 . 6 129. 6	1. 1 . 4 150, 9	1. 4 . 3 165. 4	1. 2 . 7 177. 9	1. 4 . 6 174. 2	2. 4 . 7 152. 0		
\$ per gal[. 094	p 1 . 099	1.099	. 107	. 105	. 100	, 095	. 095	. 095	. 098	. 098	. 098	. 098	P. 103		
Residual fuel oil: Productionmil. bbl	27. 7	26.3	29. 9	27. 8	27.4	25. 0	26.6	23.3	25. 8	25. 2	23. 9	25. 1	25. 7	30.0		
Importsdodo	19. 4 1. 5	19. 6 1. 2	27. 9 1. 2	25. 7 1. 0	22. 8 1. 3	22. 9 1. 3	16. 6 1. 6	12.3 1.1	16.9	12. 8 1. 4	14.8	17. 4 1. 2	21.0 1.0	24.1		i
Stocks, end of monthdo Price, wholesale (Okla., No. 6)\$ per bbl	43. 4 1. 69	45.9 • 1.58	42. 9 1. 80	42. 6 1. 80	40. 9 1. 80	41.8 1.65	44. 1 1. 60	47. 4 1. 45	50. 2 1. 45	48. 8 1. 45	50. 3 1. 45	49. 0 1. 45	46. 7 1. 45	44.9 • 1.55		
Jet fuel: Productionmil. bbl	7. 4 6. 6	7.9	6.7	6.7	8. 9 7. 1	8. 0 7. 8	8. 3 7. 6	7. 5 7. 9	8. 1 8. 2	8. 9 8. 5	8. 0 7. 9	7.5	8. 2 7. 8	8.5		
Stocks, end of monthdo	4.9	7.6 4.9	6.0	6. 4 4. 7	5.0		5. 3	4.6	5. 2		7. 9 4. 5	7.7	5.0	8.3 4.9		
Production do do do do do do do do do do do do do	1.3 9.4	1.4 12.7	4.7 1.0 12.4	1.5 12.8	1.6 12.7	5. 1 1. 4 13. 4	1. 5 13. 1	1. 3 12. 7	1.5 12.9	5. 1 1. 7 12. 6	1. 2 12. 4	5. 1 1. 4 12. 3	1.5 12.3	1. 2 12. 9		
Stocks, end of month do Price, wholesale, bright stock (midcontent,	. 257	.260	. 260	. 260	. 260	. 260	. 260	. 260	. 260	. 260	. 260	. 260	. 260	. 260		ļ
f.o.b., Tulsa)\$ per gal Asphalt:	8.2	8.5	5.0	4.5	5. 9	7.7	9.4	10.9	11.8	11.9	10.9	10.5	7.6	5.8		
Production mil. bbl. Stocks, end of month do	12.8	16.0	15. 2	17.6	19. 2	21.6	21.3	19. 3	17. 7	14. 1	12.1	10.5	10.9	13.0		
Liquefied petroleum gases: Productiondododo	6. 5 12. 7	6. 6 13. 1	6. 9 19. 0	6. 4 14. 5	6. 9 11. 2	6, 6 11, 2	7. 1 10. 2	6, 6 10, 1	6. 2 9. 9	6. 4 11. 8	5.9 11.3	6. 3 13. 6	6. 6 15. 6	7. 1 19. 2		
Transfers from gasoline plantsdodoStocks (at plants, terminals, underground, and	24. 2	34. 4	20.7	20.0	24. 3	28. 3	33. 4	36.9	40.7	42.3	43.7	44.0	41.9	36. 4		İ
at refineries), end of momil. bbl sphalt and tar products, shipments:	24. 2	51.1	20.1	20.0	24.0	20.0	30. 1	30. 5	10.7	12.0	10. 1	11.0	11.3	00. 1		
Roll roofing and cap sheetdo Shingles, all typesdo	4, 997 1, 813 3, 184	5, 063 1, 778 3, 285	2,000 775 1,224	1, 665 655 1, 010	3, 834 1, 446 2, 388	4, 709 1, 667 3, 042	6, 517 2, 139 4, 378	7, 266 2, 320 4, 947	5, 867 2, 069 3, 798	6, 880 2, 465 4, 415	7, 087 2, 497 4, 590	7, 376 2, 564 4, 812	4, 408 1, 557 2, 851	3, 150 1, 181 1, 969		ļ
Asphalt siding do Insulated siding do Saturated feits thous, sh. tons	73 94 82	72 84 78	45 44 53	35 45 35	65 73 60	62 78 69	75 98 89	76 108 108	73 105 78	90 125 96	95 105 102	107 112 109	85 76 74	51 43 62		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	DTIT U	DAI	DED	ANT	DAD	DD D	RODU	JCTS			!	1	1	<u> </u>	
		FULL	, PAI	ER,	AND	LAL	ER P.									
PULPWOOD AND WASTE PAPER	!	r o Lr	, PAI	EK,	AND	IAI	EK P.									Ī
ulpwood:																
ulpwood: Receiptsthous. cords (128 cu. ft.)_ Consumptiondo	3, 448 3, 374	3, 473 3, 515	3, 449 3, 400	3, 400 3, 222	3, 516 3, 599	3, 170 3, 510	3, 357 3, 664	3, 465 3, 560	3, 268 3, 199	3, 899 3, 623	3, 546 3, 436	3, 855 3, 851	3, 498 3, 731	3, 258 3, 379		1 -
ulpwood: Receiptsthous. cords (128 cu. ft.) Consumptiondo Stocks, end of monthdo	3, 448	3, 473 3, 515	3, 449 3, 400	3, 400 3, 222	3, 516	3, 170 3, 510	3, 357 3, 664	3, 465 3, 560	3, 268 3, 199 5, 389	3, 899 3, 623 5, 655	3, 546 3, 436 5, 772	3, 851	3, 731	3, 379		1 -
ulpwood: Receipts	3, 448 3, 374 5, 483	3, 473 3, 515 5, 769	3, 449 3, 400 6, 471	3, 400 3, 222 6, 212	3, 516 3, 599 6, 169	3, 170 3, 510 5, 983	3, 357 3, 664 5, 424	3, 465 3, 560 5, 323	3, 199 5, 389 684	3, 623 5, 655 825	3, 436 5, 772 790	3, 851 5, 820 816	3, 731 5, 521 770	3, 379 5, 495 710		
ulpwood: Receipts thous. cords (128 cu. ft.) Consumption do Stocks, end of month do Vaste paper: Consumption thous. sh. tons. Stocks, end of month do	3, 448 3, 374 5, 483	3, 473 3, 515 5, 769	3, 449 3, 400 6, 471	3, 400 3, 222 6, 212	3, 516 3, 599 6, 169	3, 170 3, 510 5, 983	3, 357 3, 664 5, 424	3, 465 3, 560 5, 323	3, 199 5, 389	3, 623 5, 655	3, 436 5, 772	3, 851 5, 820	3, 731 5, 521	3, 379 5, 495		
ulpwood: Receipts thous. cords (128 cu. ft.) Consumption do Stocks, end of month do Vaste paper: Consumption thous. sh. tons. Stocks, end of month do wood wood PULP roduction; thous.	3, 448 3, 374 5, 483 753 550	3, 473 3, 515 5, 769 753 517	3, 449 3, 400 6, 471 712 519	3, 400 3, 222 6, 212 677 515	3, 516 3, 599 6, 169 762 519	3, 170 3, 510 5, 983 728 517	3, 357 3, 664 5, 424 778 536	3, 465 3, 560 5, 323 778 516	3, 199 5, 389 684 531	3, 623 5, 655 825 501	3, 436 5, 772 790 479	3, 851 5, 820 816 498	3, 731 5, 521 770 509	3, 379 5, 495 710 562		
ulpwood: Receipts thous. cords (128 cu. ft.) Consumption do Stocks, end of month do /aste paper: Consumption thous. sh. tons. Stocks, end of month do wood PULP roduction: Total, all grades thous. sh. tons. Dissolying and special alpha do do	3, 448 3, 374 5, 483 753 550 2, 110 95	3, 473 3, 515 5, 769 753 517 2, 198 100	3, 449 3, 400 6, 471 712 519 2, 108 99	3, 400 3, 222 6, 212 677 515	3, 516 3, 599 6, 169 762 519 2, 245	3, 170 3, 510 5, 983 728 517 2, 177 97	3, 357 3, 664 5, 424 778 536 2, 298 114	3, 465 3, 560 5, 323 778 516 2, 265 100	3, 199 5, 389 684 531 1, 990 80	3, 623 5, 655 825 501 2, 305 97	3, 436 5, 772 790 479 2, 158 82	3, 851 5, 820 816 498 2, 415 118	3, 731 5, 521 770 509 2, 363 106	3, 379 5, 495 710 562 r 2, 093 106		
ulpwood: Receipts	3, 448 3, 374 5, 483 753 550 2, 110	3, 473 3, 515 5, 769 753 517	3, 449 3, 400 6, 471 712 519	3, 400 3, 222 6, 212 677 515	3, 516 3, 599 6, 169 762 519	3, 170 3, 510 5, 983 728 517	3, 357 3, 664 5, 424 778 536	3, 465 3, 560 5, 323 778 516	3, 199 5, 389 684 531	3, 623 5, 655 825 501 2, 305	3, 436 5, 772 790 479 2, 158	3, 851 5, 820 816 498 2, 415	3, 731 5, 521 770 509 2, 363	3, 379 5, 495 710 562 r 2, 093		
Ulpwood: Receipts	3, 448 3, 374 5, 483 753 550 2, 110 95 1, 216 215 274	3, 473 3, 515 5, 769 753 517 2, 198 100 1, 286 214 266	3, 449 3, 400 6, 471 712 519 2, 108 99 1, 218 222 268	3, 400 3, 222 6, 212 677 515 1, 957 91 1, 151 200	3, 516 3, 599 6, 169 762 519 2, 245 107 1, 311 221 275	3, 170 3, 510 5, 983 728 517 2, 177 97 1, 278 225	3, 357 3, 664 5, 424 778 536 2, 298 114 1, 335 221 281	3, 465 3, 560 5, 323 778 516 2, 265 100 1, 326 222 266	3, 199 5, 389 684 531 1, 990 80 1, 166 179 256	3, 623 5, 655 825 501 2, 305 97 1, 347 217	3, 436 5, 772 790 479 2, 158 82 1, 288 195 254	3, 851 5, 820 816 498 2, 415 118 1, 414 230 282	3, 731 5, 521 770 509 2, 363 106 1, 402 226 274	3, 379 5, 495 710 562 r 2, 093 106 1, 201		
Ulpwood: Receipts	3, 448 3, 374 5, 483 753 550 2, 110 95 1, 216 215	3, 473 3, 515 5, 769 753 517 2, 198 100 1, 286 214	3, 449 3, 400 6, 471 712 519 2, 108 99 1, 218 222	3, 400 3, 222 6, 212 677 515 1, 957 91 1, 151 200	3, 516 3, 599 6, 169 762 519 2, 245 107 1, 311 221	3, 170 3, 510 5, 983 728 517 2, 177 97 1, 278 225	3, 357 3, 664 5, 424 778 536 2, 298 114 1, 335 221	3, 465 3, 560 5, 323 778 516 2, 265 100 1, 326 222	3, 199 5, 389 684 531 1, 990 80 1, 166 179	3, 623 5, 655 825 501 2, 305 97 1, 347 217	3, 436 5, 772 790 479 2, 158 82 1, 288 195	3, 851 5, 820 816 498 2, 415 118 1, 414 230	3, 731 5, 521 770 509 2, 363 106 1, 402 226	3, 379 5, 495 710 562 7 2, 093 106 1, 201 206 257		
ulpwood:	3, 448 3, 374 5, 483 753 550 2, 110 95 1, 216 215 274 100 209	3, 473 3, 515 5, 769 753 517 2, 198 100 1, 286 214 266 105 228	3, 449 3, 400 6, 471 712 519 2, 108 99 1, 218 222 268 96 204	3, 400 3, 222 6, 212 677 515 1, 957 91 1, 151 200 243 75 197	3, 516 3, 599 6, 169 762 519 2, 245 107 1, 311 221 275 104 227	3, 170 3, 510 5, 983 728 517 2, 177 97 1, 278 225 266 104 218	3, 357 3, 664 5, 424 778 536 2, 298 114 1, 335 221 211 230	3, 465 3, 560 5, 323 778 516 2, 265 100 1, 326 222 266 119 234	3,199 5,389 684 531 1,990 80 1,166 179 256 102 207	3, 623 5, 655 825 501 2, 305 97 1, 347 217 2245	3, 486 5, 772 790 479 2, 158 82 1, 288 195 254 108 230	3, 851 5, 820 816 498 2, 415 118 1, 414 230 282 116 256 879	3, 731 5, 521 770 509 2, 363 106 1, 402 226 274 105 251	72,093 106 1,201 206 257 89 234		
ulpwood:	3, 448 3, 374 5, 483 753 550 2, 110 95 1, 216 215 274 100 209	3, 473 3, 515 5, 769 753 517 2, 198 1, 286 214 266 105 228	3, 449 3, 400 6, 471 712 519 2, 108 90 1, 218 222 268 96 204	3, 400 3, 222 6, 212 677 515 1, 957 91 1, 151 200 243 75 197	3, 516 3, 599 6, 169 762 519 2, 245 107 1, 311 221 275 104 227 914 325 524	3, 170 3, 510 5, 983 728 517 2, 177 97 1, 278 225 266 104 218	3, 357 3, 664 5, 424 778 536 2, 298 114 1, 335 221 281 117 230 915 349 505	3, 465 3, 560 5, 323 778 516 2, 265 100 1, 326 222 266 119 234 932 356 515	3, 199 5, 389 684 531 1, 990 80 1, 166 179 266 102 207	3, 623 5, 655 825 501 2, 305 97 1, 347 217 278 120 245	3, 486 5, 772 790 479 2, 158 82 1, 288 195 244 108 230 878 315 506	3, 851 5, 820 816 498 2, 415 118 1, 414 230 282 116 256 879 317 506	3, 731 5, 521 770 509 2, 363 106 1, 402 226 274 105 251 879 305 509	72, 093 106 1, 201 206 257 89 234 867 292 506		
Ulpwood: Receipts	3, 448 3, 374 5, 483 753 550 2, 110 95 1, 216 215 274 100 209 902 299 529 74	3, 473 3, 515 5, 769 753 517 2, 198 100 1, 286 214 265 105 228	3, 449 3, 400 6, 471 712 519 2, 108 99 1, 218 222 268 96 204 882 317 499 66	3, 400 3, 222 6, 212 677 515 1, 957 91 1, 151 200 243 75 197 889 312 507 70	3, 516 3, 599 6, 109 762 519 2, 245 107 1, 311 221 275 104 227 914 325 524 66	3, 170 3, 510 5, 983 728 517 2, 177 9, 278 225 256 104 218 898 339 497 62	3, 357 3, 664 5, 424 778 536 2, 298 114 1, 335 221 281 117 230 915 349 505 61	3, 465 3, 560 5, 323 778 516 2, 265 1100 1, 326 222 266 119 234 932 356 515 61	3,199 5,389 684 531 1,990 80 1,166 179 256 102 207 935 347 526 62	3, 623 5, 655 825 501 2, 305 97 1, 347 217 218 120 245 917 332 509 77	3, 436 5, 772 790 479 2, 158 82 1, 288 195 254 108 230 878 315 506 58	3, 851 5, 820 816 498 2, 415 118 1, 414 230 282 116 256 879 317 506 55	3, 731 5, 521 770 509 2, 363 106 1, 402 226 274 105 251 879 305 509 65	710 562 710 562 72,093 106 1,201 206 257 89 234 867 292 506 68		
	3, 448 3, 374 5, 483 753 550 2, 110 95 1, 216 215 274 100 209 529 74 95 34	3, 473 3, 515 5, 769 753 517 2, 198 100 1, 286 214 26 105 228 899 326 509 64 98	3, 449 3, 400 6, 471 712 519 2, 108 99 1, 218 222 268 96 204 882 317 409 66 882 23	3, 400 3, 222 6, 212 6, 212 6, 215 1, 957 91 1, 151 200 243 75 197 889 312 507 70	3, 516 3, 599 6, 169 762 519 2, 245 107 1, 311 221 275 914 325 524 66 109 43	3, 170 3, 510 5, 983 728 517 2, 177 97 1, 278 225 266 104 218 898 339 497 62 100 36	3, 357 3, 664 5, 424 778 536 2, 298 114 1, 335 221 281 117 230 915 349 505 61 107 43	3, 465 3, 560 5, 323 778 516 2, 265 100 1, 326 222 266 119 234 932 356 515 61	3, 199 5, 389 684 531 1, 990 800 1, 166 179 266 102 207 935 347 526 62 88 87	3, 623 5, 655 825 501 2, 305 947 1, 347 217 278 129 245 917 332 509 77	3, 486 5, 772 790 479 2, 158 8, 28 1, 288 195 230 878 315 506 58	3. 851 5, 820 816 498 2. 415 118 1, 414 230 282 116 256 879 317 506 55	3, 731 5, 521 770 509 2, 363 106 1, 402 226 274 105 251 879 305 509 65 95 43	710 562 710 562 72,093 106 1,201 206 257 89 234 867 292 506 68 98		
Ulpwood:	3, 448 3, 374 5, 483 753 550 2, 110 96 1, 216 215 274 100 209 529 529 74 95 34 61	3, 473 3, 515 5, 769 753 517 2, 198 100 1, 286 214 266 105 228 899 326 509 64 98 36 62	3, 449 3, 400 6, 471 712 519 2, 108 99 1, 218 222 263 96 204 882 317 499 66 88 23 65	3, 400 3, 222 6, 212 6, 212 1, 957 91 1, 151 200 243 75 197 889 312 507 70 0 109 32 78	3, 516 3, 599 6, 169 762 519 2, 245 107 1, 311 227 104 227 914 325 524 66	3, 170 3, 510 5, 983 728 517 2, 177 97 1, 278 225 266 104 218 898 339 497 62 2100 36 64	3, 357 3, 664 5, 424 778 536 2, 298 114 1, 335 221 117 230 915 349 505 61 107 43 64	3, 465 3, 560 5, 323 778 516 2, 265 100 1, 326 222 266 119 234 932 356 515 61 93 35 58	3, 199 5, 389 684 631 1, 990 80 1, 166 179 266 102 207 935 347 526 62 88 87 51	3, 623 5, 655 825 501 2, 305 97 1, 347 217 278 120 245 917 332 509 77 117 39 78	3, 486 5, 772 790 479 2, 158 82 1, 288 1, 288 108 230 878 315 506 58 79 26 53	3. 851 5, 820 816 498 2. 415 118 1, 414 230 282 116 256 879 317 506 55	3, 731 5, 521 770 509 2, 363 106 1, 402 226 274 105 251 879 305 509 65 43 53	710 562 710 562 72,093 106 1,201 206 257 89 234 867 292 506 68 98 40 58		
ulpwood: Receipts	3, 448 3, 374 5, 483 753 550 2, 110 95 1, 216 215 274 100 209 902 299 529 74 95 34 61	3, 473 3, 515 5, 769 753 517 2, 198 100 1, 286 214 266 105 2228 899 326 509 64 98 36 62 20 20 20 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21	3, 449 3, 400 6, 471 712 519 2, 108 99 1, 218 222 268 96 204 882 317 409 66 88 88 23 65 1, 218	3, 400 3, 222 6, 212 677 515 1, 957 91 1, 161 200 243 75 197 889 312 507 70 109 32 78	3, 516 3, 599 6, 169 762 519 2, 245 107 1, 311 221 275 104 227 914 325 524 66 109 43 66 208 12	3, 170 3, 510 5, 983 728 517 2, 177 97 1, 278 225 256 104 218 898 339 497 62 100 36 64 168	3, 357 3, 664 5, 424 778 536 2, 298 114 1, 335 221 281 117 230 915 349 505 61 107 43 64 209 18	3, 465 3, 560 5, 323 778 516 2, 265 100 1, 326 222 266 119 234 932 356 515 61 93 35 58 224 111	3, 199 5, 389 684 531 1, 990 80 1, 166 179 256 102 207 935 347 526 62 88 37 51 190 122	3, 623 5, 655 825 501 2, 305 97 1, 347 217 278 120 245 917 332 509 77 77 117 39 78	3, 486 5, 772 790 479 2, 158 82 1, 288 195 230 878 315 506 58 79 26 53 198	3. 851 5, 820 816 498 2. 415 118 1, 414 230 282 216 256 879 317 506 55 56	3, 731 5, 521 770 509 2, 363 106 1, 402 226 274 105 251 879 305 509 65 95 43 53 231	7 2, 093 1, 201 206 257 89 234 867 292 506 68 98 40 58 210		
Ulpwood: Receipts	3, 448 3, 374 5, 483 753 550 2, 110 95 1, 216 215 274 100 209 902 299 529 529 74 95 34 61 198	3, 473 3, 515 5, 769 753 517 2, 198 1,00 1, 286 105 228 899 326 509 64 98 366 62 206	3, 449 3, 400 6, 471 712 519 2, 108 99 1, 218 222 268 96 204 882 317 499 66 88 23 65	3, 400 3, 222 6, 212 677 515 1, 957 91 1, 151 200 243 75 197 70 109 32 78	3, 516 3, 599 6, 169 762 519 2, 245 107 1, 311 221 275 104 227 914 325 524 66 109 43 66 208	3, 170 3, 510 5, 983 728 517 2, 177 97 1, 278 225 104 218 898 3397 62 100 36 64 168	3, 357 3, 664 5, 424 778 536 2, 298 114 1, 335 221 281 117 230 915 349 505 61 107 43 64 209	3, 465 3, 560 5, 323 778 516 2, 265 100 1, 326 222 266 119 234 932 356 515 61 93 355 85 8224	3, 199 5, 389 684 531 1, 990 80 1, 166 179 256 102 207 935 347 526 62 88 87 37 51	3, 623 5, 655 825 501 2, 305 947 1, 347 217 278 120 245 917 322 509 77 117 39 78	3. 486 5, 772 790 479 2, 158 8, 195 254 108 230 878 315 506 58 796 26 53	3, 851 5, 820 816 498 2, 415 1118 1, 414 230 282 116 256 879 317 506 55 94 38 56	3, 731 770 509 2, 363 106 1, 402 226 274 105 251 879 305 509 65 95 43 53 231	72,093 106 1,201 206 257 89 234 867 292 506 68 948 40 58		
rulnwood: Receipts	3, 448 3, 374 5, 483 753 550 2, 110 95 1, 216 215 274 100 209 902 299 529 74 95 34 61	3, 473 3, 515 5, 769 753 517 2, 198 100 1, 286 214 266 105 2228 899 326 509 64 98 36 62 20 20 20 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21	3, 449 3, 400 6, 471 712 519 2, 108 99 1, 218 222 268 96 204 882 317 409 66 88 88 23 65 1, 218	3, 400 3, 222 6, 212 677 515 1, 957 91 1, 161 200 243 75 197 889 312 507 70 109 32 78	3, 516 3, 599 6, 169 762 519 2, 245 107 1, 311 221 275 104 227 914 325 524 66 109 43 66 208 12	3, 170 3, 510 5, 983 728 517 2, 177 97 1, 278 225 256 104 218 898 339 497 62 100 36 64 168	3, 357 3, 664 5, 424 778 536 2, 298 114 1, 335 221 281 117 230 915 349 505 61 107 43 64 209 18	3, 465 3, 560 5, 323 778 516 2, 265 100 1, 326 222 266 119 234 932 356 515 61 93 35 58 224 111	3, 199 5, 389 684 531 1, 990 80 1, 166 179 256 102 207 935 347 526 62 88 37 51 190 122	3, 623 5, 655 825 501 2, 305 97 1, 347 217 278 120 245 917 332 509 77 77 117 39 78	3, 486 5, 772 790 479 2, 158 82 1, 288 195 230 878 315 506 58 79 26 53 198	3. 851 5, 820 816 498 2. 415 118 1, 414 230 282 216 256 879 317 506 55 56	3, 731 5, 521 770 509 2, 363 106 1, 402 226 274 105 251 879 305 509 65 95 43 53 231	7 2, 093 1, 201 206 257 89 234 867 292 506 68 98 40 58 210		
ulpwood: Receipts	3, 448 3, 374 5, 483 753 550 2, 110 96 1, 215 274 100 209 902 299 529 529 529 54 61 198 15 184	3, 473 3, 515 5, 769 753 517 2, 198 100 1, 286 105 228 899 326 64 98 36 62 206 13 192	3, 449 3, 400 6, 471 712 519 2, 108 99 1, 218 222 268 96 204 882 317 409 66 88 23 65 1185 12 174	3, 400 3, 222 6, 212 677 515 1, 957 91 1, 151 200 243 75 197 889 312 507 70 109 32 78 78 14 7 182	3, 516 3, 599 6, 169 762 519 2, 245 107 1, 311 221 275 104 227 914 325 524 66 109 43 66 208 12 196	3, 170 3, 510 5, 983 728 517 2, 177 9, 97 1, 278 225 104 218 898 3399 497 62 100 36 64 168 12 156	3, 357 3, 664 5, 424 778 536 2, 298 114 1, 335 221 281 117 230 915 349 61 107 43 64 209 18 191	3, 465 3, 560 5, 323 778 516 2, 265 1100 1, 326 222 266 1119 234 932 356 515 61 93 355 58 224 111 213	3, 199 5, 389 684 531 1, 990 80 1, 166 179 256 102 207 935 347 526 62 88 37 51 190 12 178	3, 623 5, 655 825 501 2, 305 947 1, 347 217 278 120 245 917 332 509 77 117 39 78 224 12 212	3, 486 5, 772 790 479 2, 158 828 1, 288 195 254 108 230 878 315 506 58 79 26 53 198 16 183	3. 851 5, 820 816 498 2. 415 1118 1, 414 230 282 116 256 879 317 506 55 94 43 88 56 225 17 207	3, 731 5, 521 770 509 2, 363 106 1, 402 226 274 105 251 879 305 509 65 93 43 231 14 217	3, 379 5, 495 710 562 72, 093 106 1, 201 206 257 89 234 867 292 506 68 98 40 58 210 12 198		
Part Part Part Part Part	3, 448 3, 374 5, 483 753 550 2, 110 95 1, 216 215 274 100 209 529 529 74 902 299 529 529 198 61 198 15 184	3, 473 3, 515 5, 769 753 517 2, 198 100 1, 286 214 266 105 228 899 326 509 64 98 36 62 206 113 192	3, 449 3, 400 6, 471 712 519 2, 108 99 1, 218 222 268 96 204 882 317 409 66 88 23 65 1174	3, 400 3, 222 6, 212 6, 212 6, 215 1, 957 91 1, 151 200 243 75 197 889 312 507 70 0 109 32 78 196 14 14 182	3, 516 3, 599 6, 169 762 519 2, 245 107 1, 311 221 275 104 227 914 325 524 66 109 43 66 208 12 196	3, 170 3, 510 5, 983 728 517 2, 177 97 1, 278 225 256 104 218 898 339 497 62 100 36 64 168 12 156	3, 357 3, 664 5, 424 778 536 2, 298 114 1, 335 221 281 117 230 915 349 505 61 107 43 64 209 18 191	3, 465 3, 560 5, 323 778 516 2, 265 100 1, 326 222 266 119 234 932 356 515 10 93 35 58 224 111 213	3, 199 5, 389 684 631 1, 990 80 1, 166 179 256 162 207 935 347 526 62 88 37 51 190 1178	3, 623 5, 655 825 501 2, 305 97 1, 347 217 278 120 245 917 332 509 77 78 117 39 78 212 212	3, 486 5, 772 790 479 2, 158 82 1, 288 1, 288 108 230 878 315 506 58 79 26 53 198 198	3. 851 5, 820 816 498 2. 415 118 1, 414 230 282 116 256 879 317 506 55 55 94 38 56 225 17 207	3, 731 5, 521 770 509 2, 363 106 1, 402 226 274 105 251 879 305 509 65 43 53 231 4217	72,093 106 1,201 206 257 89 234 867 292 506 68 98 40 58 210 198		

⁷ Revised. ⁹ Preliminary. ¹ Prices beginning Jan. 1961 not strictly comparable with earlier data, Jan. 1961 prices comparable with Dec. 1960: Kerosene, \$0.115; fuel oil, \$0.105.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961						196	1			·			19	62
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon aver		Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
P	ULP,	PAP	ER, A	ND I	PAPE	R PR	ODU	CTS-	-Cont	inued	l					,
PAPER AND PAPER PRODUCTS-Con.																
Paper, exc. building paper, newsprint, and paper-board (American Paper and Pulp Assoc.): Orders, new \(\frac{\pi}{2} \),	926 682 7 1, 118 922 630	954 648 1, 122 934	934 618 7 1, 117 899 644	903 641 7 1, 057 867 657	1, 016 7 664 1, 176 976 643	962 678 1, 147 7 936 662	955 641 71, 159 7 951 661	972 659 7 1, 162 959 682	873 r 650 1,003 839 672	971 r 648 r 1, 172 r 959 696	945 661 1,134 940 698	7 1, 064 7 691 7 1, 264 7 1, 024 1 612	7 1, 001 7 653 7 1, 209 7 988			
Fine paper: do Orders, new do Orders, unfilled, end of month do Production do Shipments do Stocks, end of month do Printing paper: do	144 79 148 145 156	153 84 156 152	144 78 142 143 153	154 93 142 147 153	164 90 160 160 145	157 98 156 155 154	158 91 159 155 147	150 86 160 152 157	145 91 135 135 151	156 88 160 156 155	148 74 162 154 160	r 159 r 76 r 167 r 158 172	7 157 7 75 7 166 7 159			
Orders, new do- Orders, unfilled, end of month do- Production do- Shipments do- Stocks, end of month do- Price, wholesale, book paper, "A" grade, English	398 396 389 391 270	408 366 395 393	412 367 386 381 275	397 370 372 369 277	442 394 417 414 280	405 394 382 381 281	396 362 404 403 283	422 379 407 403 287	370 360 357 358 286	408 352 404 402 289	398 362 398 397 289	r 445 r 376 r 427 r 426 289	7 407 7 344 7 408 7 411			
finish, white, f.o.b. mill	16. 85 324 161 333 325 123	#16, 95 336 154 333 332	16. 95 320 130 322 313 143	295 133 300 294 150	16. 95 345 138 336 339 144	16. 95 341 143 339 338 148	339 144 340 334 149	16. 95 345 153 341 341 157	303 152 296 296 149	16. 95 340 158 338 335 153	16. 95 335 170 319 322 152	7 382 7 184 7 368 7 368 7 368	7 359 7 181 7 360 7 358	16. 95 323 163 332 340	P 16. 95	
Newsprint: Canada (incl. Newfoundland): Production	562 563 209	561 559 225	545 509 176	512 469 219	572 528 263	549 559 252	592 583 261	558 573 246	555 553 249	585 609 225	548 555 217	596 590 224	594 619 199	528 560 167	554 498 223	
Production do— Shipments from mills do— Stocks at mills, end of month—do—	170 169 34	174 174 40	184 167 43	163 168 39	186 178 47	163 176 34	186 179 41	166 171 36	² 169 ² 162 ² 43	188 182 49	164 173 40	183 179 44	178 185 37	163 167 33	185 175 43	
Consumption by publishers?do Stocks at and in transit to publishers, end of month?thous. sh. tons	461 634	r 455 620	422 633	392 648	469 611	479 594	486 589	447 594	413 618	417 671	451 664	512 623	499 612	473 584	434 594	
Importsdo Price, rolls, contract, delivered to principal ports \$ per sh. ton	451 134. 40	455 p134, 40	r 421 134. 40	r 379 134. 40	r 463 134, 40	421 134. 40	512 134.40	484 134, 40	r 446 134. 40	465 134. 40	449 134. 40	461 134.40	507 134. 40	456 134. 40	»134, 4(
Paperboard (National Paperboard Assoc.): Orders, new thous sh. tons tons. Orders, unfilled, end of month do Production, total do Percent of activity. do Description of the paper week to the	1, 322 427 1, 328 89	1, 383 461 1, 378 90	1, 212 380 1, 201 87	1, 242 399 1, 219 89	1, 454 441 1, 436 91	1, 304 421 1, 317 91	1, 462 448 1, 452 91	1, 409 427 1, 425 94	1, 237 472 1, 184 78	1, 541 521 1, 501 95	1, 470 571 1, 423 92	1, 499 522 1, 529 98	1, 433 485 1, 479 95	1, 338 445 1, 367 84	1, 381 473 1, 354 91	1,
Paper products: Shipping containers, corrugated and solid fiber, shipments	9, 044 124. 0	9, 542 123. 9	8, 254 r 111. 9	8, 082 109. 4	9, 667 130. 8	8, 936 7 117. 1	9, 707 127. 8	9, 927 132. 6	8, 570 r 106. 9	11, 170 r 135. 0	10, 541 7 128. 9	10, 619 7 135. 8	10, 052	8, 977 123. 0	9, 523 p 118. 1	
		RU	BBEI	RANI	D RU	BBEI	PR(ODUC	TS	. "						
RUBBER Natural rubber: Consumption	39, 92 78, 48 34, 23 , 385	7 35, 45 68, 64 32, 59 , 296	35. 15 80. 24 33. 75 . 285	31. 87 76. 41 r 26. 74 . 294	34. 91 72. 36 28. 74 . 305	33. 21 69. 02 24. 58 . 305	35. 28 63. 40 29. 87 . 325	35. 88 67. 87 34. 84 . 300	30. 02 70. 22 34. 24 . 291	37, 80 66, 97 32, 59 , 300	36. 96 63. 81 † 29. 29 . 305	40. 01 62. 38 40. 65 . 295	38. 13 63. 07 36. 71 . 274	36, 23 67, 98 39, 07 , 278	40. 46 69. 75	
Synthetic rubber: thous. lg. tons. Production	119. 70 89. 94 232. 02 28. 74	3 116, 83 90, 51 243, 71 24, 75	105, 81 4 86, 20 236, 25 26, 29	101. 24 77. 73 233. 04 26. 38	112, 58 86, 01 235, 63 27, 98	108. 45 82. 81 4 251. 27 23. 50	4 112. 79 90. 56 248. 87 22. 94	107. 49 92. 71 243. 17 20. 13	111. 03 78. 36 253. 44 21. 92	114. 94 97. 40 239. 84 27. 87	116. 60 93. 64 240. 87 22. 90	133. 79 105. 03 242. 94 24. 72	129. 62 99. 48 244. 89 24. 42	138, 42 96, 21 254, 31 27, 92	127. 93 107. 07 247. 99	
Reclaimed rubber: do Production	24. 40 23. 04 32. 02	21. 71 20. 58 32. 11	22. 53 22. 05 33. 10	19. 72 18. 55 33. 49	21. 82 20. 56 32. 70	21, 32 20, 74 31, 59	23. 32 21. 99 31. 66	25. 12 21. 98 32. 60	19. 11 17. 30 33. 27	22. 50 20. 59 33. 04	20, 59 20, 30 31, 83	23. 44 22. 21 31. 69	19. 47 20. 79 30. 03	21.62 19.86 30.35	25. 14 23. 21 30. 54	
Pneumatic casings: Productionthous	9, 987	0.799	0.221	8, 591	9, 212	6 665	9, 604	0.010	0 001	10 245	0.000	11 150	10.200	10.409		
Shipments, total	9, 976 3, 350 6, 482 143	9, 728 9, 859 2, 838 6, 908 114	9, 221 9, 130 2, 449 6, 590 91	7,004 2,191 4,722 92	9, 212 9, 166 2, 448 6, 595 123	8, 882 10, 232 2, 934 7, 202 96	9, 604 11, 192 3, 377 7, 716 99	9,919 11,709 3,123 8,473 113	9, 598 2, 023 7, 490 84	10, 345 10, 269 1, 928 8, 215 126	9, 893 9, 988 2, 620 7, 239 130	11, 150 11, 109 3, 429 7, 518 162	9, 739 3, 841 7 5, 789 109	9, 176 3, 689 5, 349		
Stocks, end of month do Exports (Bur. of Census) do do	26, 558 117	26, 128 81	27, 682 79	29, 338 83	29, 385 96	28, 033 85	26, 503 79	24, 800 76	24, 098 83	24, 127 79	24, 096 91	24, 195 85	24, 916 66	26, 367 76		
Inner tubes: Production	3, 415 3, 399 10, 348 107	3, 124 3, 282 9, 146 66	3, 208 5, 076 9, 394 57	3, 140 3, 277 9, 246 75	3, 359 3, 588 9, 014 82	2, 939 2, 902 9, 096 80	3, 190 2, 795 9, 487 77	2, 838 3, 323 8, 948 58	2, 733 3, 046 8, 641 58	3, 211 3, 192 8, 700 58	3, 081 2, 856 8, 890 64	3, 560 3, 435 9, 096 76	3, 232 2, 903 9, 458 54	9, 784		

^{*} Revised. * Preliminary. ¹ Date for indicated items exclude estimates for tissue and miscellaneous papers. ² Includes Alaska and Hawaii beginning July 1961. ³ Based on total including stereo and elastomers for the full year. ⁴ Data for stereo and other clastomers (except polyurethane rubbers) are included as follows: Production, beginning May 1961; consumption, Jan. 1961; stocks, Apr. 1961.

[†]Minor revisions for Jan.-Dec. 1960 will be shown later.

§ Data evolude estimates for "tissue paper."

g'As reported by publishers accounting for about 75 percent of total newsprint consumption in 9161. Alaska and Hawaii are represented beginning Jan. 1961.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961						19	61						19	962
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon aver	nthly rage	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan,	Feb.
		STON	E, Cl	ĹAY,	AND	GLA	SS P	RODU	UCTS		,	·	<u>.</u>		'	
PORTLAND CEMENT																
Production, finished cementthous. bbl_ Percent of capacity	26, 588 75	26, 950 74	16, 744 46	15, 038 45	21, 851 59	26, 463 74	31, 102 84	31, 594 88	32, 511 88	33, 262 89	31, 474 87	32, 348 87	27, 625 77	23, 393 63		
Fercent of capacity Shipments, finished cementthous. bbl_ Stocks, end of month:		26, 891	14, 302	14, 447	22, 148	24, 752	31, 313	34, 030	31, 980	37, 376	33, 468	35, 681	25, 692	17, 505		
Finished do month: Clinker do do do do do do do do do do do do do	35, 512 25, 516	35, 863 24, 984	37, 939 25, 952	38, 531 29, 763	38, 237 32, 250	39, 999 32, 380	39, 789 30, 999	37, 346 28, 960	37, 889 26, 189	33, 768 21, 958	31, 785 18, 704	28, 437 16, 204	730, 382 16, 913	36, 270 19, 531		
CLAY CONSTRUCTION PRODUCTS	20,010	44,001	20,002	28, 100	02, 200	02,000	30,000	20,000	20, 100	21,000	10, 101	10, 204	10, 710	19,001		
Shipments:																
Brick, unglazed (common and face) mil. standard brick	541.8	534.7	341.6	322.8	483. 2	535, 6	625.3	640.4	606, 5	665. 4	594. 2	646, 8	r 551.8	402. 7		
Structural tile, except facingthous, sh. tons Sewer pipe and fittings, vitrifieddo	40.7 154.5	36. 4 144. 8	32.0 114.6	27. 1 90. 2	37. 4 128. 0	40. 6 147. 6	40. 7 165. 9	38. 3 178. 7	37. 2 161. 2	39. 9 180. 7	36. 4 165. 6	41. 1 174. 4	37. 1 132. 8	29. 1 97. 7		
Facing tile (hollow), glazed and unglazed mil. brick equivalent.	33.9	35. 5	30.8	28.3	34.8	33.3	39.1	39.8	37.4	40.4	35. 9	39.4	37.7	29. 5		
Floor and wall tile and accessories, glazed and un-	19, 4	18.9	15. 2	15.0	19. 1	18.0	20.0	21.0	18.1	22.6	20.6	20.8	20.0	16. 6		
Price index, brick (common), f.o.b. plant or N.Y. dock 1947-49=100.	141. 2	141.6	141.4	141. 4	141. 4	141. 2	141. 2	141. 2	141.4	141.7	142. 1	142.0	142.0	142.0		
GLASS AND GLASS PRODUCTS	****				•	•	•	•		*		1				
Flat glass, mfrs.' shipments (qtrly. total and qtrly.														,		
average) thous. \$ Sheet (window) glass, shipments do Plate and other flat glass, shipments do	. 70 26,619				59, 906 22, 333 37, 573			60, 996 26, 204 34, 792			767, 709 30, 631 737, 078			71, 869 31, 803 40, 066		
Glass containers: Productionthous. gross_	13, 358	13, 959	12, 287	12, 520	15, 171	13, 538	14, 127	15, 243	14, 644	16, 521	13, 815	14, 808	12, 859	11,972		
Shipments, domestic, totaldodo	12,890	13,659	11,472	11, 178	17, 472	10, 951	13, 547	15, 684	13,018	17, 9 3 9	13, 636	13, 927	12, 904	12, 178		
General-use food: Narrow-neck fooddododododododo	1,469	1, 492	1, 126	1, 112	2, 161	1,128	1, 186	1, 402	1, 311	2, 515	2, 341	1, 421	1, 190	1,016		
wide-mouth food (incl. packers' tumblers, jelly glasses, and fruit jars)thous. gross	3,698	3,919	3, 444	3, 247	4,809	2,687	3, 423	4,051	3, 889	5, 456	4, 154	4, 287	3, 928	3, 657		
Beveragedo	958	1,006	609	596	1,068	950	1,310	1,756	1, 269	1,048	749	776	814	1, 131		
Beer bottles	1, 376 1, 243	1,803 1,287	1, 163 1, 089	1,086 1,200	2,338 1,422	1, 586 1, 151	2,309 1,243	3, 189 1, 360	1, 979 1, 045	2, 113 1, 456	1, 515 1, 257	1, 464 1, 655	1, 380 1, 397	1, 512 1, 173		
Medicinal and toiletdo Chemical, household and industrialdo Dairy productsdo		2,992 1,016 142	2, 867 1, 026 148	2,801 995 141	4,039 1,434 201	2,385 972 92	2, 994 985 97	2, 761 1, 047 118	2, 483 928 114	3, 941 1, 220 190	2, 564 893 163	3, 148 1, 026 150	3, 122 929 144	2,803 737 149		
Stocks, end of monthdo	20, 705	21, 463	20, 613	21,830	19, 410	21,777	22, 273	21,657	23, 070	21, 529	21, 225	21, 871	21, 526	20, 976		
GYPSUM AND PRODUCTS	1]											}			
Crude gypsum, qtrly. avg. or total:	1,326	1, 242		!	850			. 1 455			1 499			1, 240		
Importsthous, sh. tons_ Productiondo		2, 378			2,003			⁷ 1, 455 2, 499			1, 422 7 2, 605			2, 404		
Calcined, production, qtrly. avg. or totaldo	2,148	2,062			1,732			2,178			2, 282			2, 055		
Gypsum products sold or used, qtrly, avg. or total: Uncalcined usesthous, sh. tons Industrial usesdo Building uses:	7 a 925 71	992 65			743 65			997 64			7 1, 179 65			1, 049 65		
Plasters: Base-coatdo	299	250			203 222			276			281			240		
All other (incl. Keene's cement)do Lathmil, sq. ft		263			360. 0			277 438. 9			303 466. 9			250		
Latil Inii sq. it do All others do do	1, 458.6	1, 483. 9 56. 4						1, 545. 9 64. 2			1,651.4			1, 528. 5		
All Orani 3	00.1		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	1	1	1			00.0			02.0		
	 	,	T	EXT	ILE I	PROD	UCTS	<u> </u>							,	
APPAREL							•		}							1
Hosiery, shipmentsthous. doz. pairs Men's apparel, cuttings: ず	12,600	r 12,376	12,360	13,016	14, 734	11,779	12,727	14, 332	12,381	17, 331	14, 155	16, 043	15, 580	12, 361	14,678	
Tailored garments: Suitsthous, units	1, 786	1,589	1,484	1,460	11,795	1,580	1,620	11,550	936	1,788	11,585	1,744	1 1,835	1,696	11,880	1
Overcoats and topcoatsdo	435	7 374	7 144	172	1 225	344	504	1 545	456	676	1 470	360	1 345	244	1 200	
Coats (separate), dress and sportdo Trousers (separate), dress and sportdo	841 8, 262	7 942 7,645	r 1,028 6,296	708 6,616	1 950 1 7, 780	940 7, 312	1,040 8,096	1 965 1 8, 135	544 6, 368	964 8, 960	1 820 1 7, 615	1,076 7,936	$^{1}_{1}1,160$ $^{1}_{1}7,445$	1,112 7,016	1 1,335 1 8,160	
Shirts (woven fabries), dress and sport thous. doz Work clothing:		r 1, 880	1,748	1,840	11,970	1,592	1,768	11,975	1, 432	2, 012	1 1, 935	2,020	1 2, 285	1, 984	1 2, 155	
Dungarees and waistband overalls do Shirts do	231 304	7 286 303	r 248 252	264 296	1 280 1 350	264 304	308 296	1 280 1 285	236 236	340 324	1 320 1 330	320 320	1 310 1 350	264 288	1 305 1 295	
Women's, misses', juniors' outerwear, cuttings:♂								,				•				
Coatsthous. units_ Dressesdo	1, 952 20,888	1, 963 21, 540	1,700 18,413	2,185 22,124	2,137 28,968	696 26, 512	1,077 24,792	1,986 21,867	2,081 17,188	2, 835 21, 759	2, 155 17, 642	2, 576 21, 448	2,467 $20,922$	1, 658 16, 848		
Suitsdo		820	1,290	1,016	1,068	499	397	843	1,004	1, 035	582	660	768	682		
Waists, blouses, and shirtsthous. dozdo		1,340 708		1,401 681	1,669 889	1,565 753	1,368 760	1,388 85 5	1,161 738	1, 335 854	1, 215 612	1, 413 712	1, 321 654	1,003 412		
 Revised. Data cover a 5-week period. Revisions for 1960 (1st to 4th quarters, respectively) 	naativalv	unite	ae ahnve). Glasc	_total	§Co	mprises	heathin	g, formbe	ard, and	laminat	ted board	1.)62 garrer	5 modra	v other m	antha 1
• Revisions for 1960 (1st to 4th quarters, respectively; units as above): Glass—total, 75,558; 63,449; 67,055; 75,866; sheet, 25,829; 22,757; 26,912; 30,978; gypsum—crude production, 2,143; 2,626; 2,702; 2,354; uncalcined uses, 757; 1,081; 977; 901.																
2,170, 2,020, 2,102, 2,003, antificine acce, 101, 1,001, 011, 001.																

1962 Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS Monthly Feb. June July Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. Feb. Jan. Mar. Apr. May Aug. Jan. average TEXTILE PRODUCTS—Continued COTTON Cotton (exclusive of linters):
Production:
Ginnings
Crop estimate, equivalent 500-lb. bales

114, 265 3 14, 052 228 2,683 11, 698 2 12, 622 314, 006 686 8,676 thous. bales. 114, 272 614,304 Consumption 1: do...
Stocks in the United States, end of mo.,
total 1: do...
Domestic cotton, total ... r 711 r 635 4 795 r 667 r 4 822 4 868 r 725 r 638 r 646 r 537 690 4 847 716 4 875 664 ---**-**-r 7, 825 r 7, 780 393 9 913 8 875 r 7, 171 r 7, 130 19, 920 18, 003 16, 634 15. 447 14.042 14, 392 14, 392 3, 714 7 9, 159 13, 323 3, 775 7, 737 14, 193 12, 682 1, 073 11, 100 8, 825 17, 894 7, 865 8, 489 1, 540 16, 534 9, 861 569 19,825 18, 701 12, 231 13, 958 948 -----On farms and in transit do
Public storage and compresses do
Consuming establishments do 4 199 1 408 432 6 347 490 13 821 1 932 r 5, 434 r 1, 953 r 45 4, 870 1, 600 105 11 108 259 7 256 11 079 1, 811 74 1, 825 7 1, 520 70 2, 036 1, 758 93 2,046 1, 931 Foreign cotton, total_____do__ 41 95 109 100 r 75 57 52 50 r 841 628 533 r 976 845 r 585 387 r 248 r 304 322 301 402 537 31. 0 32. 2 (5) 27.0 7 14 30.6 33. 1 29. 1 33. 7 30. 7 31. 8 30. 9 32. 2 30, 1 27. 7 28. 9 32.6 32.8 31.8 30. 1 30. 4 31. 1 32. 6 33. 4 33. 6 33. 6 Cotton linters: | Consumption | thous, bales. | Production | do | Stocks, end of mot | do | 113 109 r 99 r 96 4 - 116 r 106 r 107 r4 131 r 76 105 r4 124 4 130 109 4 129 r 130 198 663 138 - 687 114 7 668 43 385 105 357 r 187 559 ------· 602 r 514 468 429 683 -----COTTON MANUFACTURES Spindle activity (cotton system spindles): Active spindles, last working day, total__thous_
Consuming 100 percent cotton_____do___ 19,033 18, 971 19, 063 17, 451 19,017 19, 268 19.022 19 058 19,008 19.000 18, 966 18.992 19.065 19.102 19, 089 19,009 17, 589 17, 327 17, 450 17, 430 17, 360 17, 346 17, 297 17, 279 17, 270 17, 344 17, 313 17, 205 17, 181 17, 120 _-----9, 804 8, 760 8,875 11, 661 Spindle hours operated, all fibers, total____mil_ 10.039 8,940 9,312 11, 259 7,530 11.579 9.685 11,872 4 11, 196 9,096 9,550 _----Average per working day ______do ___ Consuming 100 percent cotton ______do ___ 452 448 455 450 376 478 484 9, 190 8,928 8, 051 8, 190 10, 253 8, 330 8, 514 10, 263 6, 798 8,658 10,525 8,782 10, 753 8, 019 10, 513 ------647 . 641 . 916 . 665 . 953 p 669 . 642 . 916 . 629 . 909 . 634 . 911 . 641 . 911 . 641 . 914 665 p. 958 . 938 . 929 . 934 .958 . 924 . 941 -----Cotton cloth: Cotton broadwoven goods over 12" in width: otton broadwoven goods over 12' in with in yd.
Production, qtrly, avg, or total . . mil. lin. yd.
Orders, unfilled, end of mo., as compared with
avg, weekly production....No. weeks' prod.
Inventories, end of mo., as compared with avg,
weekly production......No. weeks' prod. 2, 341 2, 253 2, 310 2.199 11.8 15.2 12.3 12. 2 11.2 11.9 13.6 10.1 10.9 11.6 11.6 11.4 11.5 5, 5 6.0 4.8 5.0 4.5 5. 9 5.8 5.7 5.6 5. 7 7.0 5. 2 5, 0 4.8 40, 833 17, 026 39, 648 Exports‡.....thous. sq. yd... Imports.....do.... 36, 58**4** 37, 908 39, 117 39, 558 41, 651 43, 913 38, 461 39, 971 26, 837 43, 967 40, 518 39,726 23,366 21, 208 34, 281 16, 477 20, 764 22, 219 26.32620, 618 20, 868 14, 338 16, 934 21.280-----!. 24, 49 Mill margins†_____cents per lb_ Prices, wholesale: 29, 89 26.05 25, 37 24.32 24.00 23, 68 23, 51 23, 43 23 94 24.62 24, 97 24.99 94 96 24. 85 24. 94 Denim, white back, 10 oz./sq. yd. cents per yd...

Print cloth, 39 inch, 68 x 72........do....
Sheeting, class B, 40-inch, 48 x 44-48...do.... 38. 3 15. 0 16. 3 38. 3 15. 3 16. 5 38. 3 15. 3 16. 8 38.3 15.1 38.3 15. 0 16. 5 15. 0 16. 0 15. 0 15. 9 15. 0 15. 9 15. 0 15. 9 15. 0 15. 9 15. 3 16. 3 15.3 16.8 15. 3 16. 8 -----16.3 MANMADE FIBERS AND MANUFACTURES 440. 4 148. 2 528, 5 178, 2 115, 0 455. 7 163. 6 78. 5 482, 9467. 7 154. 6 92. 5 188. 7 $\frac{495.0}{160.7}$ 160.4 100.2 ---------90. 0 170. 5 103.1 ----·---------169.3 185. 6 **-**---------. --------------------36.7 r 42 4 44 3 r 31 7 r 31.9 40.8 Exports: 7,018 3,834 Yarns and monofilaments‡____thous. lb__ 8, 230 4, 274 5, 901 3, 029 6, 461 4, 036 8,046 3,370 6, 444 3, 261 6,607 8.1787,059 4,216 5, 412 4, 035 6,076 3,250 10, 574 3, **734** Staple, tow, and tops.....do...Imports: 3, 029 3,620 5, 216 4,552 Yarns and monofilaments_____do___do___ 541 3, 190 r 541 2, 695 $\frac{777}{2,591}$.----|----4, 414 r 5, 122 2, 045 5,606 Staple, tow, and tops:____do___do___ 3, 323 3, 076 2,872 2, 277 1,870 2,629 4,886 -----Stocks, producers', end of mo.:

Filament yarn (rayon and acetate) _____mil. lb..

Staple, incl. tow (rayon) _____do.... 56. 4 53. 5 59. 8 58. 4 60. 8 56. 3 59. 1 55. 3 52.3 51.248.6 43.4 45. 9 40. 3 47.8 41.4 63.6 57.4 59. 9 57. 0 63. 4 56. 1 57. 8 61. 3 58. 4 61. 3 58.6 . - - - - - -_____ Prices, rayon (viscose):
Yarn, filament, 150 denier______\$ per lb__
Staple, 1.5 denier______do____ . 82 . 29 . 82 . 26 . 82 . 28 . 82 . 28 . 82 . 27 . 82 . 27 . 82 . 26 . 82 . 26 . 82 . 26 . 82 . 26 . 82 . 26 . 82 . 26 . 82 . 27 . 26 P . 27 ------Manmade fiber broadwoven fabrics: Animade fiber broadwoven fabrics:
Production, qtrly, avg. or totalt \$\rightarrow\$ _ mil. lin. yd.
Rayon and acetate (excl. tire fabric) _ _ _ do.
Nylon and chiefly nylon mixtures _ _ _ _ do.
Polyester and chiefly polyester blends* _ do... 591.9 371.1 61.6 637. 7 391. 8 65. 9 123. 5 594. 2 358. 6 594. 2 364. 8 571.7 341.6575. 5 354. 9 63. 5 ----------. ----------**-**64. 1 78. F 65.6 111. 3 117. 2 102. 4 102.2 -----10,758 12, 297 13,063 11, 334 9,532 11,614 13, 207 Exports, piece goods____thous. sq. yd__ 12,871 11, 557 10,907 11, 331 13, 410 11, 188 10,046 -----P 5. 08 5. 38 5, 08 5, 20 5, 14 5.03 5.12 5.09 5.20 5. 18 5, 21 5.44 5, 25 5, 24

5,891

5.309

6,738

r Revised. Preliminary. ¹ Total crop for year. ² Ginnings to Dec. 13. ³ Ginnings fan. 15. ⁴ Data cover a 5-week period. ⁵ Less than 500 bales. ⁶ Dec. 1 estimate of

to Jan. 15. ⁴ Data cover a 5-week period. ⁵ Less than 500 bales. ⁶ Dec. 1 estimate or 1961 crop. ⁸ Total ginnings to end of month indicated, except as noted. ⁶ Data for Mar., June, Sept. and Nov. 1961 and Jan. 1962 cover 5-week periods; other months, 4 weeks.

^{5,736} ‡Scattered revisions for 1959-60 are available upon request. †Revised series. See note in the Sept. 1961 Survey; data for Aug. 1957-June 1960 are available upon request.

Q Includes data not shown separately. *New series (Bureau of Census); data for 1954-60 are available upon request.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961						19	61						19	62
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon aver		Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.
		Tl	EXTII	LE PI	RODU	CTS-	Con	tinue	d			-			-	
WOOL																
Wool consumption, mill (clean basis):¶‡ Apparel class	20, 356 13, 555 19, 597 8, 202 1. 165 1. 070	21, 907 12, 254 21, 079 10, 011 1. 184 1. 032	16, 865 12, 090 721, 543 9, 516 1, 125 1, 025	17, 910 11, 457 18, 975 7, 305 1, 125 , 988	1 22, 598 1 11, 954 24, 430 11, 904 1. 125 . 975	20, 144 10, 198 22, 706 12, 078 1. 150 . 992	22, 799 10, 641 20, 851 10, 238	1 27, 206 1 12, 925 20, 490 10, 134 1, 200 1, 022	19, 107 9, 294 24, 648 12, 223 1. 201 1. 010	22, 430 13, 146 19, 442 8, 357	125, 723 15, 029 20, 492 8, 962 1. 230 1. 075	21, 709 13, 876 25, 039 9, 690 1, 208 1, 075	1 26, 491 1 14, 629 17, 219 9, 564 1, 200 1, 075		1. 200 1. 075	
Australian, 64s, 70s, good topmakingdo	1.166	1. 110	1.075	1.075	1.075	1. 100	1. 125	1. 125	1. 125	1. 125	1.125	1. 125	1. 125	1. 125	1. 125	1. 125
WOOL MANUFACTURES Knitting yarn, worsted, 2/20s-50s/56s, Bradford																
system, wholesale price. 1947-49=100. Woolen and worsted woven goods, exc. felts: Production, qtrly, avg, or totalthous, lin. yd. Apparel fabrics, totaldo Women's and children'sdo.	71, 614 70, 189 40, 668	97. 2 71, 140 69, 655 42, 615	96.0	94.7	93. 5 62, 888 61, 758 35, 821	94.7	99. 7	99. 7 78, 479 77, 232 46, 270	99. 7	99. 7	98. 5 74, 311 72, 830 47, 548	97. 2	97. 2	96. 0 68. 884 66, 890 40, 829	97. 2	
Prices, wholesale, suiting, f.o.b. mill: Flannel, men's and boy's1947-49=100_ Gabardine, women's and children'sdo	107. 2 92. 3	104. 0 90. 8	104. 0 90. 8	104.0 90.8	104.0 90.8	104.0 90.8	103.1 90.8	103. 1 90. 8	103. 1 90. 8	103.1 90.8	104. 9 90. 8	104. 9 90. 8	104. 9 90. 8	104. 9 90. 8	104. 9 90. 8	
	<u> </u>	T)	RANS	PORT	L FATIO	ON E	OUIP	MEN'	 Г			l	l	<u> </u>	1	<u> </u>
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT AEROSPACE VEHICLES A																
Orders, new (net), qtrly, avg. or total					2, 787 2, 235 2, 515			3, 333 2, 439 3, 078			3, 525 2, 708 3, 115					
U.S. Government mil. \$					3, 549 2, 740			3, 833 2, 897			3,635 2,860	1	1	i .		1
Backlog of orders, end of year or qtr. Q		i .		1	14, 559 11, 551 5, 736 1, 495 4, 528 1, 811			14, 190 11, 387 5, 649 1, 446 4, 267 1, 857			14, 080 10, 985 5, 766 1, 414 4, 074 1, 752					
Aircraft (civilian): Shipments \oplus do	103. 4 2, 347 44. 8	27. 6	82. 1 1, 996 20. 2	81. 8 1, 915 28. 3	83. 4 1, 988 32. 6	100, 2 2, 198 38, 6	114.7 2,451 734.3	97. 5 2, 160 61. 6	67. 7 1, 510 9. 8	60. 4 1, 317 31. 5	61. 5 1, 354 25. 4	79.8 1,778 11.4	72. 4 1, 455 17. 9	19. 2		
MOTOR VEHICLES																
Factory sales, total thous Domestic do Passenger cars, total do Domestic do Trucks and buses, total do Domestic do	655. 8 625. 7 556. 2 544. 2 99. 5 81. 5	556. 4 527. 3 461. 9 450. 2 94. 5 77. 1	485. 9 462. 8 406. 6 395. 1 79. 3 67. 7	448. 2 419. 0 363. 2 351. 1 85. 0 67. 9	526. 1 490. 3 425. 9 410. 5 100. 2 79. 8	547. 7 520. 8 453. 4 442. 7 94. 3 78. 0	641. 6 615. 0 539. 9 529. 4 101. 8 85. 6	681. 8 644. 1 567. 6 557. 1 114. 2 87. 1	498. 0 473. 2 407. 3 400. 0 90. 7 73. 2	243, 5 224, 2 172, 8 168, 4 70, 7 55, 7	451. 4 426. 6 367. 4 359. 8 84. 1 66. 8	638.3 608.3 545.1 529.4 93.1 78.9	754. 6 722. 3 646. 9 627. 7 107. 7 94. 6	759. 5 720. 5 646. 7 631. 1 112. 8 89. 4	684. 2 610. 9 595. 9 100. 1	p 2 536. 3
Exports, total‡number	r 27, 890 r 10, 570 r 17, 320	22, 444 9, 489 12, 955	r19,758 r10,153 r 9,605	720, 377 710, 451 79, 926	r27, 306 r13, 460 r13, 846	723, 169 9, 589 713, 580	723, 791 9, 443 714, 348	724, 223 77, 962 716, 261	r 28, 581 r 8, 235 r 20, 346	20, 900 3, 577 17, 323	17, 416 5, 910 11, 506	19, 682 9, 200 10, 482	22, 631 12, 658 9, 973	21, 497 13, 234 8, 263		
Imports (cars, trucks, buses), total		24, 860 24, 076 4, 270 2, 648 462	26, 021 24, 293 3, 045 1, 738 531	23, 482 22, 099 3, 098 1, 817 768	24, 268 23, 173 4, 175 2, 460 603	22, 425 21, 684 3, 838 2, 102 582	26, 297 25, 336 4, 210 2, 304 533	23, 892 23, 472 4, 679 2, 753 526	20, 985 20, 313 3, 757 2, 259 515	19, 787 19, 673 4, 858 3, 018 406	22, 521 22, 127 4, 360 2, 782 245	28, 854 28, 344 5, 323 3, 653 272	26, 488 26, 005 5, 143 3, 524 332	33, 305 32, 395 4, 748 3, 370 233		
Registrations:⊙ New passenger carsthousdo	548. 1 41. 6 78. 6	487. 9 31. 6 76. 6	413. 6 25. 6 62. 3	374. 9 26. 8 59. 3	480. 1 34. 1 72. 5	496. 1 33. 2 74. 3	544. 0 34. 9 85. 2	572. 0 37. 0 81. 0	500, 5 33, 8 83, 9	470. 6 35. 1 82. 0	370. 5 33. 3 74. 6	549. 6 32. 5 82. 9	557. 9 28. 9 81. 6	525. 7 24. 2 79. 0	3 445. 2 3 23. 3	
RAILROAD EQUIPMENT							4									
Freight cars (ARCI): Shipmentsnumber Equipment manufacturers, totaldo Railroad shops, domesticdo	4, 776 3, 124 1, 652	2,655 1,572 1,083	3, 676 2, 422 1, 254	2, 050 849 1, 201	3, 895 2, 202 1, 693	2, 933 1, 156 1, 777	3, 360 1, 588 1, 772	3, 142 2, 085 1, 057	1, 234 764 470	2, 403 1, 676 727	2, 811 2, 125 686	1, 908 1, 205 703	787	1, 940 1, 066 874	1, 250 878	
New ordersdo Equipment manufacturers, totaldo Railroad shops, domesticdo	2, 963 1, 872 1, 091	7 2, 569 1, 602 7 967	1,383 631 752	1,607 509 1,098	1,768 1,762 6	2,040 824 1,216	3, 698 2, 077 1, 621	1, 217 1, 082 135	7 2, 587 7 2, 429 158	1,454 1,389 65	3, 143 1, 280 1, 863	2, 086 944 1, 142	4, 113 3, 479 634	7 5, 735 2, 818 7 2, 917		
Unfilled orders, end of modo Equipment manufacturers, totaldo Railroad shops, domesticdo	31, 977 14, 758 17, 219	13, 462 4, 616 8, 846	18, 894 5, 023 13, 871	18, 429 4, 669 13, 760	15, 807 4, 284 11, 523	13, 664 3, 902 9, 762	13, 970 4, 344 9, 626	11,830 3,341 8,489	10, 785 5, 008 5, 777	9, 831 4, 716 5, 115	10, 210 3, 918 6, 292	10, 373 3, 642 6, 731	11, 984 5, 405 6, 579	15, 761 7, 134 8, 627	19, 011 8, 611 10, 400	
Passenger cars: Shipmentsdo Unfilled orders, end of modo	20 265	17 202	14 162	31 131	44 112	31 81	18 116	8 294	13 281	21 260	14 246	7 239	0 239	0 264	0 264	
Freight cars, class I (AAR): § Number owned, end of year or mothous Held for repairs, % of total owned	1, 662 9, 4	1,607 8.8	1, 659 9. 7	1,654 9.9	1, 650 9. 6	1, 646 9. 7	1, 642 9. 9	1,638 9.3	1,628 9.3	1,624 9.5	1, 621 9. 4	1, 614 9. 1	1, 613 9. 0	1,607 8.8	1, 604 8. 9	

^{*} Revised. * Preliminary. * Data cover 5 weeks. * 2 Preliminary estimate of production. * 3 Excludes data for New York State.

* See corresponding note, p. S-39. * 1 Seattered revisions for 1959-60 are available upon request. * \Delta Effective with the Jan. 1962 Survey, the qtrly. data reflect an expanded survey and include companies developing, producing, assembling, etc., complete missiles and space

vehicles (and engines or propulsion units). Comparable data prior to Dec. 31, 1960, are not available.

9 Total includes backlog for nonrelated products and services and basic research.

Data include military-type planes shipped to forcign governments.

Data cover complete units, chassis, and bodies.

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Excludes railroad-owned private refrigerator cars and private line cars.

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