^{112TH CONGRESS} 2D SESSION H.R.4383

To streamline the application for permits to drill process and increase funds for energy project permit processing, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

April 18, 2012

Mr. LAMBORN introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Natural Resources, and in addition to the Committee on the Judiciary, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

- To streamline the application for permits to drill process and increase funds for energy project permit processing, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Streamlining Permit-
- 5 ting of American Energy Act of 2012".

6 SEC. 2. TABLE OF CONTENTS.

7 The table of contents for this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title.

Sec. 2. Table of contents.

TITLE I—APPLICATION FOR PERMITS TO DRILL PROCESS REFORM

Sec. 101. Permit to drill application timeline.

Sec. 102. Solar and wind right-of-way rental reform.

TITLE II—ADMINISTRATIVE PROTEST DOCUMENTATION REFORM

Sec. 201. Administrative protest documentation reform.

TITLE III—PERMIT STREAMLINING

- Sec. 301. Improve Federal energy permit coordination.
- Sec. 302. Administration of current law.

TITLE IV—JUDICIAL REVIEW

- Sec. 401. Definitions.
- Sec. 402. Exclusive venue for certain civil actions relating to covered energy projects.
- Sec. 403. Timely filing.
- Sec. 404. Expedition in hearing and determining the action.
- Sec. 405. Standard of review.
- Sec. 406. Limitation on injunction and prospective relief.
- Sec. 407. Limitation on attorneys' fees.
- Sec. 408. Legal standing.

1 TITLE I—APPLICATION FOR PER-

2 MITS TO DRILL PROCESS RE-3 FORM

4 SEC. 101. PERMIT TO DRILL APPLICATION TIMELINE.

5 Notwithstanding section 17(p)(2) of the Mineral
6 Leasing Act (30 U.S.C. 226(p)(2)) is amended to read as
7 follows:

8 "(2) APPLICATIONS FOR PERMITS TO DRILL RE9 FORM AND PROCESS.—

10 "(A) TIMELINE.—The Secretary shall de11 cide whether to issue a permit to drill within 30
12 days after receiving an application for the per13 mit. The Secretary may extend such period for
14 up to 2 periods of 15 days each, if the Sec-

1	retary has given written notice of the delay to
2	the applicant. The notice shall be in the form
3	of a letter from the Secretary or a designee of
4	the Secretary, and shall include the names and
5	titles of the persons processing the application,
6	the specific reasons for the delay, and a specific
7	date a final decision on the application is ex-
8	pected.
9	"(B) NOTICE OF REASONS FOR DENIAL.—
10	If the application is denied, the Secretary shall
11	provide the applicant—
12	"(i) in writing, clear and comprehen-
13	sive reasons why the application was not
14	accepted and detailed information con-
15	cerning any deficiencies; and
16	"(ii) an opportunity to remedy any de-
17	ficiencies.
18	"(C) Application deemed approved.—
19	If the Secretary has not made a decision on the
20	application by the end of the 60-day period be-
21	ginning on the date the application is received
22	by the Secretary, the application is deemed ap-
23	proved, except in cases in which existing reviews
24	under the National Environmental Policy Act of

1	1969 or Endangered Species Act of 1973 are
2	incomplete.
3	"(D) DENIAL OF PERMIT.—If the Sec-
4	retary decides not to issue a permit to drill in
5	accordance with subparagraph (A), the Sec-
6	retary shall—
7	"(i) provide to the applicant a descrip-
8	tion of the reasons for the denial of the
9	permit;
10	"(ii) allow the applicant to resubmit
11	an application for a permit to drill during
12	the 10-day period beginning on the date of
13	the receipt of the description by the appli-
14	cant; and
15	"(iii) issue or deny any resubmitted
16	application not later than 10 days after the
17	date the application is submitted to the
18	Secretary.
19	"(E) FEE.—
20	"(i) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding
21	any other law, the Secretary shall collect a
22	single \$6,500 permit processing fee per ap-
23	plication from each applicant at the time
24	the decision is made whether or not to
25	issue a permit under subparagraph (A).

 $\mathbf{5}$

1	"(ii) TREATMENT OF PERMIT PROC-
2	ESSING FEE.—Of all fees collected under
3	this paragraph, 50 percent shall be trans-
4	ferred to the field office where they are col-
5	lected and used to process protests, leases,
6	and permits under this Act subject to ap-
7	propriations.".

8 SEC. 102. SOLAR AND WIND RIGHT-OF-WAY RENTAL RE-9 FORM.

10 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, each fiscal year, of fees collected as annual wind energy and solar 11 energy right-of-way authorization fees required under sec-12 tion 504(g) of the Federal Land Policy and Management 13 Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1764(g)), 50 percent shall be 14 transferred to the field office where they are collected and 15 used to process permits, right-of-way applications, and 16 other activities necessary for renewable energy develop-17 ment subject to appropriations. 18

TITLE II—ADMINISTRATIVE PRO-1 **DOCUMENTATION** TEST RE-2 FORM 3

4 SEC. 201. ADMINISTRATIVE PROTEST DOCUMENTATION RE-

FORM.

5

6 Section 17(p) of the Mineral Leasing Act (30 U.S.C. 7 226(p) is further amended by adding at the end the fol-8 lowing:

9 "(4) PROTEST FEE.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall 10 11 collect a \$5,000 documentation fee to accom-12 pany each protest for a lease, right of way, or 13 application for permit to drill.

14 "(B) TREATMENT OF FEES.—Of all fees 15 collected under this paragraph, 50 percent shall 16 remain in the field office where they are col-17 lected and used to process protests subject to 18 appropriations.".

19 20

TITLE III—PERMIT STREAMLINING

21 SEC. 301. IMPROVE FEDERAL ENERGY PERMIT COORDINA-22

TION.

23 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary of the Interior (referred to in this section as the "Secretary") shall estab-24 25 lish a Federal Permit Streamlining Project (referred to

1	in this section as the "Project") in every Bureau of Land
2	Management Field office with responsibility for permitting
3	energy projects on Federal land.
4	(b) Memorandum of Understanding.—
5	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after
6	the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary
7	shall enter into a memorandum of understanding for
8	purposes of this section with—
9	(A) the Secretary of Agriculture;
10	(B) the Administrator of the Environ-
11	mental Protection Agency; and
12	(C) the Chief of the Army Corps of Engi-
13	neers.
14	(2) STATE PARTICIPATION.—The Secretary
15	may request that the Governor of any State with en-
16	ergy projects on Federal lands to be a signatory to
17	the memorandum of understanding.
18	(c) Designation of Qualified Staff.—
19	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30 days after
20	the date of the signing of the memorandum of un-
21	derstanding under subsection (b), all Federal signa-
22	tory parties shall, if appropriate, assign to each of
23	the field offices an employee who has expertise in
24	the regulatory issues relating to the office in which

1	the employee is employed, including, as applicable,
2	particular expertise in—
3	(A) the consultations and the preparation
4	of biological opinions under section 7 of the En-
5	dangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C.
6	1536);
7	(B) permits under section 404 of Federal
8	Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1344);
9	(C) regulatory matters under the Clean Air
10	Act (42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.);
11	(D) planning under the National Forest
12	Management Act of 1976 (16 U.S.C. 472a et
13	seq.); and
14	(E) the preparation of analyses under the
15	National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42
16	U.S.C. 4321 et seq.).
17	(2) DUTIES.—Each employee assigned under
18	paragraph (1) shall—
19	(A) not later than 90 days after the date
20	of assignment, report to the Bureau of Land
21	Management Field Managers in the office to
22	which the employee is assigned;
23	(B) be responsible for all issues relating to
24	the jurisdiction of the project permitting home
25	office or agency of the employee; and

(C) participate as part of the team of per sonnel working on proposed energy projects,
 planning, and environmental analyses on Fed eral lands.

5 (d) ADDITIONAL PERSONNEL.—The Secretary shall assign to each field office identified in subsection (a) any 6 7 additional personnel that are necessary to ensure the ef-8 fective implementation of programs administered by the 9 field offices, including inspection and enforcement relating 10 to energy development on Federal land, in accordance with the multiple use mandate of the Federal Land Policy and 11 12 Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.).

(e) FUNDING.—Funding for the additional personnel
shall come from the Department of the Interior reforms
identified in sections 101, 102, and 201.

16 (f) SAVINGS PROVISION.—Nothing in this section af-17 fects—

18 (1) the operation of any Federal or State law;19 or

20 (2) any delegation of authority made by the
21 head of a Federal agency whose employees are par22 ticipating in the Project.

(g) DEFINITION.—For purposes of this section the
term "energy projects" includes oil, natural gas, coal, and
other energy projects as defined by the Secretary.

1 SEC. 302. ADMINISTRATION OF CURRENT LAW.

Notwithstanding any other law, the Secretary of the
Interior shall not require a finding of extraordinary circumstances in administering section 390 of the Energy
Policy Act of 2005.

6 TITLE IV—JUDICIAL REVIEW

7 SEC. 401. DEFINITIONS.

8 In this Act—

9 (1) the term "covered civil action" means a civil 10 action containing a claim under section 702 of title 11 5, United States Code, regarding agency action (as 12 defined for the purposes of that section) affecting a 13 covered energy project on Federal lands of the 14 United States; and

(2) the term "covered energy project" means 15 16 the leasing of Federal lands of the United States for 17 the exploration, development, production, processing, 18 or transmission of oil, natural gas, wind, or any 19 other source of energy, and any action under such 20 a lease, except that the term does not include any 21 disputes between the parties to a lease regarding the 22 obligations under such lease, including regarding 23 any alleged breach of the lease.

Wenue for any covered civil action shall lie in the district court where the project or leases exist or are proposed.

6 SEC. 403. TIMELY FILING.

7 To ensure timely redress by the courts, a covered civil
8 action must be filed no later than the end of the 90-day
9 period beginning on the date of the final Federal agency
10 action to which it relates.

11 SEC. 404. EXPEDITION IN HEARING AND DETERMINING THE

12 ACTION.

13 The court shall endeavor to hear and determine any14 covered civil action as expeditiously as possible.

15 SEC. 405. STANDARD OF REVIEW.

16 In any judicial review of a covered civil action, admin-17 istrative findings and conclusions relating to the chal-18 lenged Federal action or decision shall be presumed to be 19 correct, and the presumption may be rebutted only by the 20 preponderance of the evidence contained in the adminis-21 trative record.

22 SEC. 406. LIMITATION ON INJUNCTION AND PROSPECTIVE 23 RELIEF.

In a covered civil action, the court shall not grant
or approve any prospective relief unless the court finds
that such relief is narrowly drawn, extends no further than
•HR 4383 IH

necessary to correct the violation of a legal requirement, 1 2 and is the least intrusive means necessary to correct that 3 violation. In addition, courts shall limit the duration of 4 preliminary injunctions to halt covered energy projects to 5 no more than 60 days, unless the court finds clear reasons to extend the injunction. In such cases of extensions, such 6 7 extensions shall only be in 30-day increments and shall 8 require action by the court to renew the injunction.

9 SEC. 407. LIMITATION ON ATTORNEYS' FEES.

10 Sections 504 of title 5, United States Code, and 2412 11 of title 28, United States Code, (together commonly called 12 the Equal Access to Justice Act) do not apply to a covered 13 civil action, nor shall any party in such a covered civil ac-14 tion receive payment from the Federal Government for 15 their attorneys' fees, expenses, and other court costs.

16 SEC. 408. LEGAL STANDING.

17 Challengers filing appeals with the Department of the
18 Interior Board of Land Appeals shall meet the same
19 standing requirements as challengers before a United
20 States district court.

0