

FVAP Plans & Initiatives

Overseas Vote Foundation 2010 Summit March 19th, 2010



Key Long-Term Issues

Ballot Delivery and Return

- States don't send out ballots early enough (Pre-MOVE Act)
- Military mail is too slow to support absentee voting
- States and local election officials don't have the money to support alternatives

Poor Data Drive Bad Policies

- States don't collect sufficient data on military and overseas voters and ballots
- FVAP data collection poor and not transparent in the past
- > Erroneous beliefs:
 - Low voter registration
 - Low voter participation
 - Poor identification of root problems



UOCAVA Demographics

Uniformed Services Voters

Both Military Personnel and their Dependents

- All five Armed Services, USPHS, NOAA, Merchant Marine
- Dependents
- 1.5M members, 1.1M dependents

Both Domestic and Overseas

- 75% of members domestic
- ~85% of dependents domestic

Overseas Citizens

- US Citizens Residing Abroad
 - 2 4 million
 - Difficulty estimating actual numbers
- Permanent vs. Temporary Residence
 - Permanent = federal only
 - Temporary = all races;
 potential tax liability

2/3 of the known UOCAVA voters are uniformed service voters



The Problem is Ballot Return

- Military enjoys higher traditional voter performance rates
 - Voter Registration Rate
 - General Electorate = 70%
 - Military Electorate = 86%
 - Voter Participation Rate
 - General Electorate = 64%
 - Military Electorate = 70%
- Absentee Ballot Return Rates:
 - 91% = General Population
 - 67% = UOCAVA voters
- Absentee Ballot Delivery Failure Also Problem
 - 9% military ballots misaddressed
 - 6% returned as undeliverable
 - 17% of military requesting absentee ballots never received it

2008 General Election Results – UOCAVA Voters				
Stage of voting process	Number of additional failures over general voting population	% of total failure		
Registration Failure	4,783	1.3%		
Ballot Delivery Failure	23,548	6.4%		
Ballot Return Failure	296,759	81.1%		
Ballot Casting Failure	41,012	11.2%		
Total	366,102			



FVAP Goals

- 1: UOCAVA voting success rates equal to or exceed general population rates
 - Absentee ballot cast rate
 - Counted rate of those cast
 - FWAB utilization/success rate
- 2: UOCAVA voter registration and participation rate equal to or exceed general population (age and gender adjusted)
- 3: Improve Ballot Delivery and Return Processes to fit available times
- > 4: Define the actual overseas citizen population
- <u>5</u>: Bring all States' Legislative Initiative Scores to 75%



FVAP Lines of Operation

Goals	Improve Voter Success Rates	Improve Ballot	Define the Overseas	Bring State Legislative
Lines of Operation		Delivery & Return	Civilian Population	Initiative Scores > 75%
Direct to the Voter Assistance	Greater consistency of assistance	Educate on postal realities	Better identify overseas civilian demographics	
Leverage Technology	Make process easierReduce voter errors	Reduce reliance on postal mail		Encourage State adoption of FVAP technologies
Greater Election Official Assistance	Reduce unjustified voting rejection			Educate on needAssist with fixes
Better Data; Greater Transparency	Better identify actual problem causes		Correctly identify Overseas Civilian voting performance	Tie legislative initiatives to actual UOCAVA voting failure



Direct to the Voter Assistance

Current Program

- Unit and Embassy Voting Assistance Officers
- Collateral Duty
- Service-run
- FVAP Guidance and Support
 - Forms
 - Instructions
 - Training

Vision

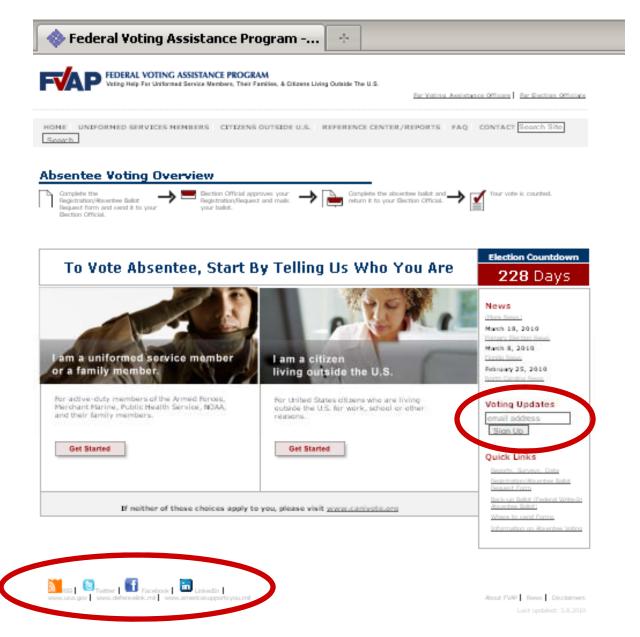
- ""FVAP.gov" as the best VAO
- "TurboTax/TaxCut"® the voting process
- Reduce need/reliance on Voting Assistance Officers
- Call Center and Online Chat
- Social Media Outreach
- Focus on voter timelines and processes





UOCAVA Voter Outreach

- Email alerts/RSS Feed
- Facebook
- Twitter
- LinkedIn
- Earned Media



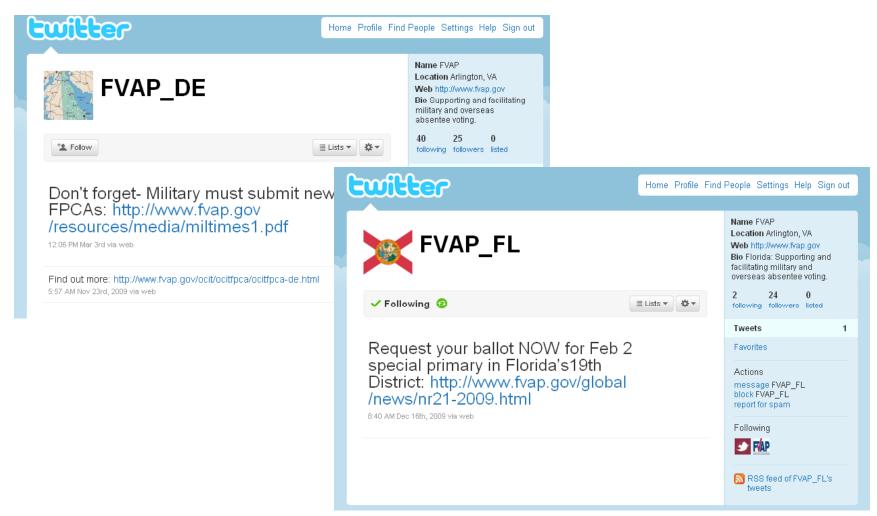


FVAP Social Media





State-Specific Social Media





Personalized Social Media



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Helping FVAP:

- Understand what the voter wants & needs
- Develop strategy to maximize use of our services
- Define FVAP's "brand"





Direct Assistance



Call Centers

- Links in Online Programs
- Online chat capability
- 24/7 hours closer to election

Interactive Training

- Voter Training
- Voting Assistance Officer Training
- 3Election Official Training
- "How-to" videos

Registration/Absentee Ballot Request Assistance

- Installation Voting Assistance Offices
- National Voter Registration Act designation
- Frequent FPCA assistance tied to career milestones
- Civilian assistance



Creating an effective voting assistance plan:

- > Display the 2010 Election Dates and motivational posters
- Reach out to younger citizens (18-24) who have statistically lower voter participation rates
- Include tenant organizations in your absentee voting activities, especially National Guard and Reserve Units







Leverage Technology

> Focus

- Improve ballot delivery and return times
- Reduce voter error; easy voter use
- Tailor to State requirements
- All available through FVAP.gov

> Tools

- Online FPCA
- Online FWAB
- Online markable full ballot,

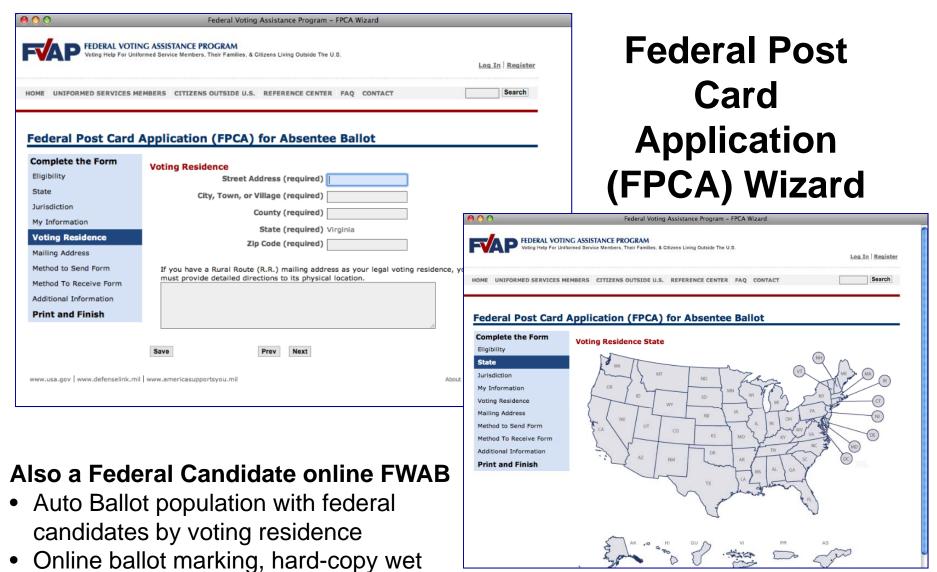
All use hard-copy print-out, wet signature, postal return

Electronic Absentee Voting Demonstration & Pilot **Programs**



signature, postal return

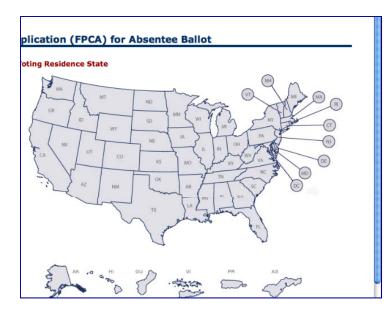
Online FPCA and FWAB





Ballot Delivery and Marking Wizard

- > FVAP Supported = federal funding
- Vendor Provided = Existing technology deployment, multiple available vendors
- State Decided = State say in vendor and ballot;
 - MOVE Act compliant
 - VR/EMS Integration requirements
 - Common Data Format support
- Voter Adopted = seamless, intuitive, and transparent process
- RFQ Issued 16 March 2010







Demonstration & Pilot Projects

DoD required by law to conduct electronic absentee voting demonstration project

- Uniformed services only
- Statistical significant level
- DoD can wait for EAC certified guidelines
- Congressional intent is for remote PC-based system
- Kiosk Pilot Program
- FVAP-EAC-NIST Roadmap

Pilot Programs

- Authorized, but not funded by MOVE Act
- Ballot Delivery and Marking Wizard is also a Pilot
- Will evaluate first set of pilot program(s) after Wizards launched



Electronic Absentee Voting Guideline Roadmap (1)

GAO Guidance

- FVAP & EAC need detailed plans
- Necessary plan elements:
 - results-oriented action plan
 - goals, tasks, milestones, time frames, and contingencies
- FVAP-EAC Memorandum of Understanding
- EAC-NIST Interagency Agreement
- MOVE Act also requires EAC to develop detailed timeline for development of electronic absentee ballot guidelines

Risk = % x impact

- Acceptable risk level policy decision already made
 - It IS the current voting system
 - Accepts 1/3 of absentee ballots never returned
- We should accept equivalent risk in new UOCAVA systems
 - May have different probability or impact
 - Can reduce probability and/or mitigate impact
 - Goal is to keep risk level at least the same, if not better



Electronic Absentee Voting Guideline Roadmap (2)

Define the Risk

- Use the EAC Risk Assessment Tool
- Evaluate the postal mail
 UOCAVA absentee ballot
 system as the baseline

Establish Properties

- What "properties" are necessary for an electronic absentee voting system?
- To achieve the same level of risk as current system
- Even if DON"T
 believe Properties
 are technologically
 feasible

Establish Interim Pilots

- Integrate current work
- Failure is probative
- Develop decision points for iterative development
- If possible, attach dates for those decision points and milestones



Love Your Election Official

Election Officials are an FVAP Customer too

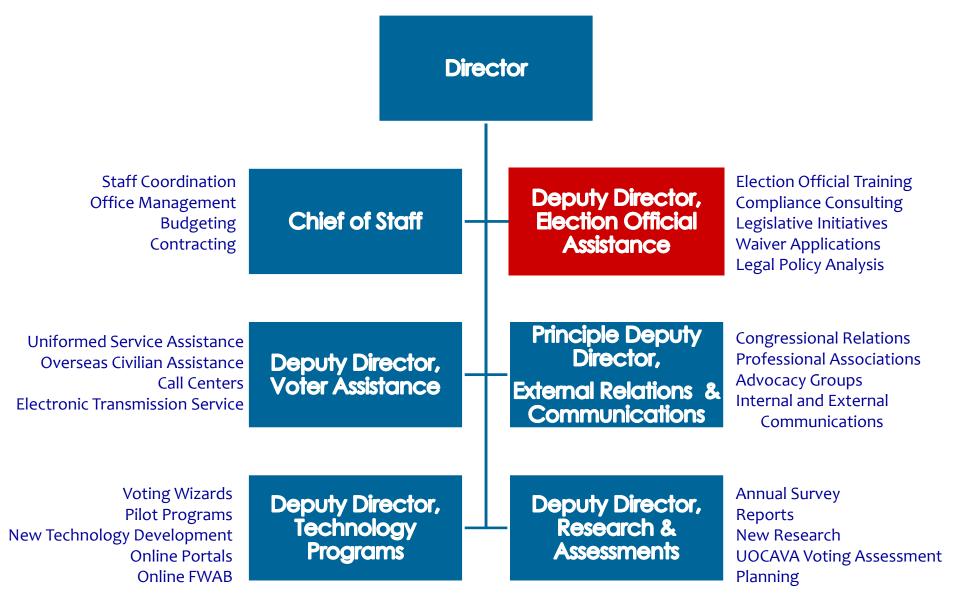
- Voters need election officials to accept FVAP tools and recommendations
- Small population, high cost, exceptional visibility

> Specific Assistance Initiatives

- Legislative Initiatives
 - Recommendations
 - Legislative assistance
 - State-by-State Index
- Direct training
- Compliance assistance
 - Interpretive memos
 - Access to call center, help desk, and FVAP trouble shooting
- Tools
 - Wizard is tailored State tailorable
 - Common data format development

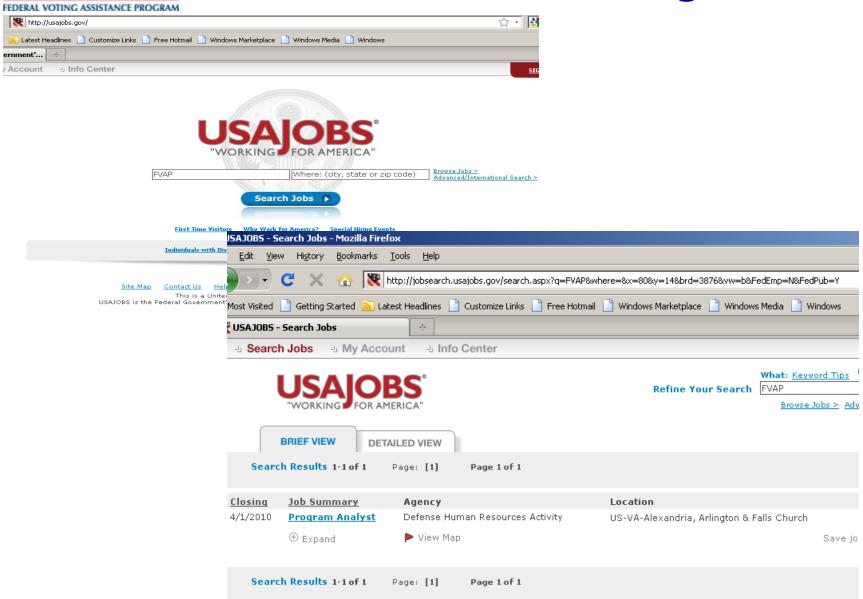


FVAP Reorganization





FVAP is Hiring!





State Legislative Initiatives

State-by-State Index

- 0-100 scale
- Measures FVAP success in convincing States to adopt Legislative Initiatives
 - 0-50 Unsuccessful
 - 50-75 Partially Successful
 - 75-100 Successful
 - National Average = 53%

Scores weighted on Where Voting Failure Occurs

- Greatest Scores given to areas with greatest impact on most significant failure
- 45-day prior =30 points
- Email/online = 30 points
- Universal FWAB = 20 points

Legislative Initiative	Uniformed Services Weighting	Overseas Citizens Weighting
45 Day Transit Time	30	30
Electronic Transmission	30	30
FWAB	20	20
Late Registration	7	4
Emergency Authority	7	5
Elimination of Notary/Witness	4	8
Never Resided in U.S.	2	3
Uniform Law Commission	0*	0*

FVAP would score itself as successful for States:

- 45-day prior ballot delivery,
- email/online transmission of blank ballots,
- allows the FWAB for all elections



Good Data, Better Transparency

> FVAP Post-Election Survey Improvements

- Status of Forces Survey methodology
- Develop trust in our methodology
- Conduct every election cycle, not just Presidential
- Integrate with EAC Post-Election Survey

More Research

- Attempt to define the overseas civilian population
 - Inside out?
 - Build from known populations
 - Partner with overseas American groups
- Specify the UOCAVA voter distribution
 - ~85% of UOCAVA ballots transmitted by 100,000+ LEOs
 - Specify by municipality
- Adjust prior year surveys



FVAP Post-Election Surveys



FEDERAL VOTING ASSISTANCE PROGRAM
Voting Help For Uniformed Service Members, Their Families, & Citizens Living Outside The U.S.

For Voting Assistance Officers | For Elec

HOME UNIFORMED SERVICES MEMBERS CITIZENS OUTSIDE U.S. REFERENCE CENTER FAQ CONTACT

Reference Center

Forms Available to Download

<u>Laws</u>

UOCAVA Overview

National Voter Registration

Voting Rosidonoy Cuidolinos Political Activities

State Legislative Initiatives

Reports

About Elections and Officials Never Resided in the U.S.? Military Recruiter Information Biennial Slogan Contest

Home > Reference Center > Reports

Reports

DoD Inspector General Voting Assistance Pri

Election Assistance Commission Reports

Expanding the Use of Electronic Voting Tech 2007

Integrated Voting Alternative Site- December 2006 Reports and Data on Military Voting

Government Accountability Office (GAO) Rej

Post Election Survey Reports

Secure Electronic Registration and Voting E: Voting Over the Intenet (VOI)

<2004 FVAP Surveys fundamentally flawed

- 2008 Survey attempted to correct those flaws
- Use the DMDC Status of Forces Survey
- 2010 improvements
 - Spouses
 - Non-Response Analysis
 - Adjust prior surveysLEO Census

Eighteenth Report and Data

In preparation for the 2008 Post Election Survey, FVAP and DMDC contracted with Westat and DRC to review the 2004 Post Election Surveys, Below are the reports produced as a result of the focus groups, questionnaire appraisal, and methods review. FVAP used the results to improve the 2008 methods and auestionnaires.

Methods Review

Cognitive Reviews of Questionnaires

Military Survey Usability Testing

The Eighteenth Report covers the 2008 election cycle. The surveys and data for the following populations can be seen below:

18th Report Introduction

DMDC Note Comparing 2004 and 2008 Statistical Methods

UVAO Questionnaire

UVAO Statistical Methods Report

DOS Voting Assistance Officers Questionnaire

DOS Voting Assistance Officers Statistical Methods Report

Federal Civilians Overseas Ouestionnaire

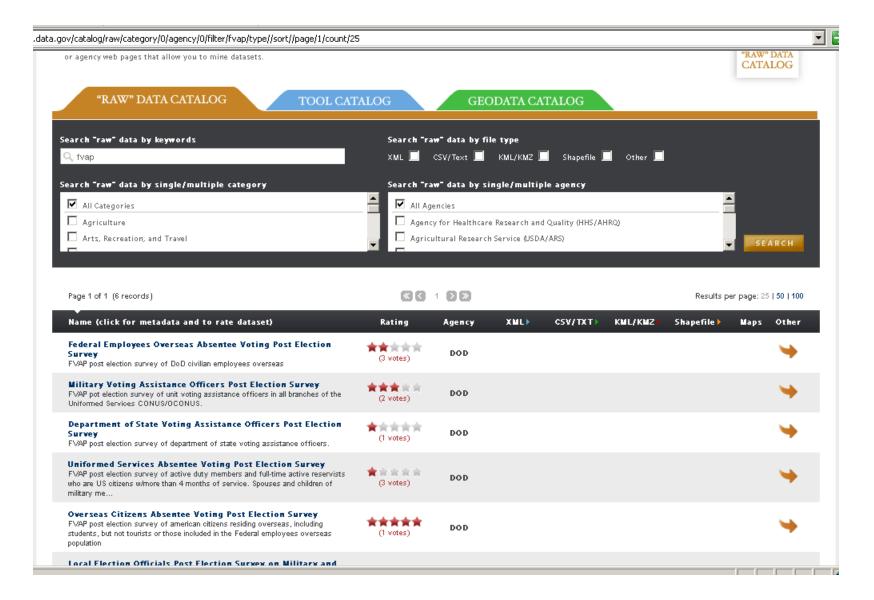
Federal Civilians Overseas Statistical Methods Report

Non-Federal Overseas Citizens Questionnaire

Non-Federal Overseas Citizens Statistical Methods Report



Data.gov





FVAP Metrics

Voting Assistance Metrics

- Assignment and training of VAOs
- Form & materials distribution collection
- Communications to Voters
- Spouse & Dependent Outreach Programs
- Individual Voter Awareness
 - Forms
 - Rights
 - Resources

Program Metrics

- Develop an FVAP
 Assessment Program
- Director, FVAP Performance Plan:
 - UOCAVA Voter Success Rate
 - Implementation of MOVE Act
 - Deployment of Voter Tools



Federal Voting Assistance Program Department of Defense

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MOVE Act: Federal Requirements

More online tools

- FWAB
 - Federal Candidate list
 - Requires States accept for LEOs?
- State UOCAVA Election Official and Electronic Communications Address Database
- Online Voter Portals

Expedited ballot return

- Overseas Uniformed Services Personnel
- Sent NLT 7 days prior to election;
 Free
- Working with MPSA to coordinate with tracking system and possibly integrate with State requirements

> Expanded voter outreach

- Installation Voting Assistance Offices
- Advertising and communications
 - Online FWAB
 - 30, 60, 90 day prior notices

Improved data collection

- Coordinate with States and EAC
- Covers Election Day Survey info
- Online repository

> Reports

- Voting Assistance Program analysis and plan
- MOVE Act implementation
- Annual survey and overall effectiveness
- DOJ on enforcement
- EAC and NIST on Internet Voting Standards



MOVE Act: State Requirements

- Transmit ballots 45 days prior to election
 - Waivers allowed by Secretary of Defense, ICW Attorney General
 - Not perpetual apply every election
 - Need to show adequate time available for voters
- > Transmit ballots electronically
 - Does not define electronically
 - Fax alone provides little help to military voters

- Accept Federal Write-In Absentee Ballots for all federal elections
 - Continued usefulness of SWABs?
 - FVAP encourages universal adoption of FWAB
- Free Online Ballot Receipt System
- Cannot require notary