Department of Defense Agency Wide CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET As of June 30, 2008 and 2007

		2008 Consolidated		2007 Consolidated
1. ASSETS (Note 2)			-	
A. Intragovernmental:				
1. Fund Balance with Treasury (Note 3)		628,003,790,345.62		534,333,839,776.53
2. Investments (Note 4)		395,107,885,216.96		338,975,100,861.53
3. Accounts Receivable (Note 5)		1,394,629,114.31		1,630,933,213.63
4. Other Assets (Note 6)		1,090,277,917.01		1,367,262,901.08
5. Total Intragovernmental Assets	\$	1,025,596,582,593.90	\$	876,307,136,752.77
B. Cash and Other Monetary Assets (Note 7)	\$	2,661,971,770.48	\$	2,730,117,778.14
C. Accounts Receivable, Net (Note 5)		7,600,461,604.85		7,684,301,531.97
D. Loans Receivable (Note 8)		231,525,488.03		210,746,775.81
E. Inventory and Related Property,Net (Note 9)		236,947,921,614.66		221,635,774,072.39
F. General Property, Plant and Equipment,Net (Note 10)		502,779,790,460.67		467,930,357,451.34
G. Investments (Note 4)		1,764,483,130.00		1,359,615,130.00
H. Other Assets (Note 6)		29,773,596,113.79		27,726,922,677.68
2. TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,807,356,332,776.38	\$	1,605,584,972,170.10
3. STEWARDSHIP PROPERTY, PLANT & EQUIPMENT (Note 10)				
4. LIABILITIES (Note 11)				
A. Intragovernmental:				
1. Accounts Payable (Note 12)	\$	1,935,398,584.58	\$	1,868,707,600.79
2. Debt (Note 13)		318,784,190.45		389,625,054.79
3. Other Liabilities (Note 15 & 16)		10,532,484,001.76		12,655,347,841.39
4. Total Intragovernmental Liabilities	\$	12,786,666,776.79	\$	14,913,680,496.97
B. Accounts Payable (Note 12)	\$	32,832,387,601.81	\$	24,763,101,649.92
C. Military Retirement and Other Federal		1,876,038,479,182.47		1,816,526,715,985.78
Employment Benefits (Note 17) D. Environmental and Disposal Liabilities (Note 14)		00 540 700 000 74		70 040 070 500 00
E. Loan Guarantee Liability (Note 8)		69,540,782,268.71		72,319,378,522.63
F. Other Liabilities (Note 15 & Note 16)		25,545,905.69		37,532,452.63
5. TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>_</u>	31,121,339,613.38	<u>_</u>	28,448,963,481.88
5. TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	2,022,345,201,348.85	\$	1,957,009,372,589.81
6. NET POSITION				
A. Unexpended Appropriations - Earmarked Funds (Note 23)	\$	6,107,390.14	\$	9,606,486.21
B. Unexpended Appropriations - Other Funds		615,378,343,331.68		525,865,510,745.10
C. Cumulative Results of Operations - Earmarked Funds		(1,233,891,245,251.29)		(1,231,732,085,533.51)
D. Cumulative Results of Operations - Other Funds		403,517,925,957.00		354,432,567,882.49
7. TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	(214,988,868,572.47)	\$	(351,424,400,419.71)
8. TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$	1,807,356,332,776.38	\$	1,605,584,972,170.10

		2008 Consolidated		2007 Consolidated	
1. Program Costs	-		_		
A. Gross Costs	\$	453,767,218,400.16	\$	438,899,795,186.91	
B. (Less: Earned Revenue)		(39,124,186,564.58)		(34,198,188,285.38)	
C. Net Program Costs	\$	414,643,031,835.58	\$	404,701,606,901.53	
4. Net Cost of Operations	\$	414,643,031,835.58	\$	404,701,606,901.53	

	2008 Earmarked Funds		2008 All Other Funds	
CUMULATIVE RESULTS OF OPERATIONS				
1. Beginning Balances	\$	(1,211,821,761,383.74)	\$	285,682,111,580.48
2. Prior Period Adjustments:				
2.B. Corrections of errors (+/-)		0.00		1,305,896,919.38
3. Beginning balances, as adjusted		(1,211,821,761,383.74)		286,988,008,499.86
4. Budgetary Financing Sources:				
4.B. Appropriations used		1,966,128.73		496,697,260,889.14
4.C. Nonexchange revenue		2,651,608,436.42		74,142,798.90
4.D. Donations and forfeitures of cash		26,734,996.33		0.00
4.E. Transfers-in/out without reimbursement		(643,180,730.19)		878,740,680.21
4.F. Other budgetary financing sources		0.05		(812,168.48)
5. Other Financing Sources:				
5.A. Donations and forfeitures of property		0.00		1,347,968.29
5.B. Transfers-in/out without reimbursement (+/-)		(1,545,606.85)		(26,457,709.33)
5.C. Imputed financing from costs absorbed by others		30,332.70		11,764,661,863.23
5.D. Other (+/-)		(23,939,434.66)		6,516,296,387.99
6. Total Financing Sources		2,011,674,122.53		515,905,180,709.95
7. Net Cost of Operations (+/-)		(58,868,504,621.69)		482,324,925,864.58
8. Net Change		60,880,178,744.22		33,580,254,845.37
9. Cumulative Results of Operations		(1,150,941,582,639.52)		320,568,263,345.23
UNEXPENDED APPROPRIATIONS				
10. Beginning Balances	\$	8,073,518.87	\$	378,190,744,356.23
11. Prior Period Adjustments:				
12. Beginning balances, as adjusted		8,073,518.87		378,190,744,356.23
13. Budgetary Financing Sources:				
13.A. Appropriations received		0.00		739,911,796,009.76
13.B. Appropriations transferred-in/out		0.00		(115,540,080.00)
13.C. Other adjustments (rescissions, etc)		0.00		(5,911,396,065.17)
13.D. Appropriations used		(1,966,128.73)		(496,697,260,889.14)
14. Total Budgetary Financing Sources		(1,966,128.73)		237,187,598,975.45
15. Unexpended Appropriations		6,107,390.14		615,378,343,331.68
16. Net Position		(1,150,935,475,249.38)		935,946,606,676.91

		2008 Eliminations		2008 Consolidated
CUMULATIVE RESULTS OF OPERATIONS	-		-	
1. Beginning Balances	\$	0.00	\$	(926,139,649,803.26)
2. Prior Period Adjustments:				
2.B. Corrections of errors (+/-)		0.00		1,305,896,919.38
3. Beginning balances, as adjusted		0.00		(924,833,752,883.88)
4. Budgetary Financing Sources:				
4.B. Appropriations used		0.00		496,699,227,017.87
4.C. Nonexchange revenue		0.00		2,725,751,235.32
4.D. Donations and forfeitures of cash		0.00		26,734,996.33
4.E. Transfers-in/out without reimbursement		0.00		235,559,950.02
4.F. Other budgetary financing sources		0.00		(812,168.43)
5. Other Financing Sources:				
5.A. Donations and forfeitures of property		0.00		1,347,968.29
5.B. Transfers-in/out without reimbursement (+/-)		0.00		(28,003,316.18)
5.C. Imputed financing from costs absorbed by others		8,813,389,407.31		2,951,302,788.62
5.D. Other (+/-)		0.00		6,492,356,953.33
6. Total Financing Sources		8,813,389,407.31		509,103,465,425.17
7. Net Cost of Operations (+/-)		8,813,389,407.31		414,643,031,835.58
8. Net Change		0.00		94,460,433,589.59
9. Cumulative Results of Operations		0.00		(830,373,319,294.29)
UNEXPENDED APPROPRIATIONS				
10. Beginning Balances	\$	0.00	\$	378,198,817,875.10
11. Prior Period Adjustments:				
12. Beginning balances, as adjusted		0.00		378,198,817,875.10
13. Budgetary Financing Sources:				
13.A. Appropriations received		0.00		739,911,796,009.76
13.B. Appropriations transferred-in/out		0.00		(115,540,080.00)
13.C. Other adjustments (rescissions, etc)		0.00		(5,911,396,065.17)
13.D. Appropriations used		0.00		(496,699,227,017.87)
14. Total Budgetary Financing Sources		0.00		237,185,632,846.72
15. Unexpended Appropriations		0.00		615,384,450,721.82
16. Net Position		0.00		(214,988,868,572.47)

	2007 Earmarked Funds		2007 All Other Funds	
CUMULATIVE RESULTS OF OPERATIONS			_	
1. Beginning Balances	\$	(1,206,769,332,749.45)	\$	302,837,981,713.52
2. Prior Period Adjustments:				
2.B. Corrections of errors (+/-)		0.00		0.00
3. Beginning balances, as adjusted		(1,206,769,332,749.45)		302,837,981,713.52
4. Budgetary Financing Sources:				
4.B. Appropriations used		1,824,385.13		437,617,614,359.48
4.C. Nonexchange revenue		2,116,513,073.59		192,504,350.35
4.D. Donations and forfeitures of cash		16,250,403.95		0.00
4.E. Transfers-in/out without reimbursement		273,192,992.06		(118,653,718.90)
4.F. Other budgetary financing sources		0.00		(671,272,733.11)
5. Other Financing Sources:				
5.A. Donations and forfeitures of property		0.00		3,583,647.26
5.B. Transfers-in/out without reimbursement (+/-)		1,162,449.52		17,787,546.52
5.C. Imputed financing from costs absorbed by others		24.32		10,928,833,681.36
5.D. Other (+/-)		(15,838,917.61)		(11,287,024,048.35)
6. Total Financing Sources		2,393,104,410.96		436,683,373,084.61
7. Net Cost of Operations (+/-)		(37,447,092,557.34)		449,891,736,668.00
8. Net Change		39,840,196,968.30		(13,208,363,583.39)
9. Cumulative Results of Operations		(1,166,929,135,781.15)		289,629,618,130.13
UNEXPENDED APPROPRIATIONS				
10. Beginning Balances	\$	11,430,871.34	\$	311,478,728,944.03
11. Prior Period Adjustments:				
12. Beginning balances, as adjusted		11,430,871.34		311,478,728,944.03
13. Budgetary Financing Sources:				
13.A. Appropriations received		0.00		654,250,544,134.95
13.B. Appropriations transferred-in/out		0.00		56,973,456.00
13.C. Other adjustments (rescissions, etc)		0.00		(2,303,121,430.40)
13.D. Appropriations used		(1,824,385.13)		(437,617,614,359.48)
14. Total Budgetary Financing Sources		(1,824,385.13)		214,386,781,801.07
15. Unexpended Appropriations		9,606,486.21		525,865,510,745.10
16. Net Position		(1,166,919,529,294.94)		815,495,128,875.23

CUMULATIVE RESULTS OF OPERATIONS s 0.00 s (903,931,351,035.93) 2. Prior Period Adjustments: 2.B. Corrections of errors (+/-) 0.00 0.00 0.00 3. Beginning balances, as adjusted 0.00 (903,931,351,035.93) 0.00 (903,931,351,035.93) 4. B. degetary Financing Sources: 4.B. Appropriations used 0.00 437,619,438,744.61 4.C. Nonexchange revenue 0.00 2.309,017,423.94 4. D. Donations and forfeitures of cash 0.00 164,539,273.16 4.F. Other budgetary financing sources: 0.00 164,539,273.16 5.A. Donations and forfeitures of property 0.00 3,583,647.26 5.D. Other Financing Sources: 5.D. Other Financing Sources: 0.00 18,849,986.04 5.C. Imputed financing from costs absorbed by others 7,743,037,209.13 3,185,796,496.55 5.D. Other (+/-) 0.00 (11,302,862,965.96) 6. Total Financing Sources 7,743,037,209.13 431,333,440,286.44 7. Vet Cost of Operations (+/-) 7,743,037,209.13 431,333,440,286.44 7. Vet Cost of Operations (+/-) 0.00 2.6631,833,84.91 9. Comulative Results of Operations 0.00 2.66,631,833,384.91 0.00 2.66,631,833,			2007 Eliminations		2007 Consolidated
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4.C. Nonexchange revenue 0.00 2,309,017,423,94 4.D. Donations and forfeitures of cash 0.00 16,250,403,95 4.E. Transfers-in/out without reimbursement 0.00 154,539,273,16 4.F. Other budgetary financing sources 0.00 (671,272,733,11) 5. Other Financing Sources: 0.00 3,583,647,26 5.B. Transfers-in/out without reimbursement (+/-) 0.00 18,949,996,04 5.C. Imputed financing from costs absorbed by others 7,743,037,209,13 3,185,796,496,55 5.D. Other (+/-) 0.00 (11,302,862,965,96) 6. Total Financing Sources 7,743,037,209,13 431,333,440,286,44 7. Net Cost of Operations (+/-) 7,743,037,209,13 404,701,606,901,53 8. Net Change 0.00 (877,299,517,651.02) UNEXPENDED APPROPRIATIONS 0.00 (877,299,517,651.02) UNEXPENDED Appropriations received 0.00 311,490,159,815.37 13. Budgetary Financing Sources: 13.A. Appropriations received 0.00 654,250,544,134.95 13.B. Appropriations transferred-in/out 0.00 56,973,456.00 13.2,040,159,815.37 13. Budgetary Financing Sources: 0.00 (2,303,121,430,01) 1	4. Budgetary Financing Sources:				
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4.E. Transfers-in/out without reimbursement 0.00 154,539,273.16 4.F. Other budgetary financing sources 0.00 (671,272,733.11) 5. Other Financing Sources: 0.00 3,583,647.26 5.A. Donations and forfeitures of property 0.00 18,949,996.04 5.C. Imputed financing from costs absorbed by others 7,743,037,209.13 3,185,796,496.55 5.D. Other (+/-) 0.00 (11,302,862,965.96) 6. Total Financing Sources 7,743,037,209.13 431,333,440,286.44 7. Net Cost of Operations (+/-) 7,743,037,209.13 404,701,606,901.53 8. Net Change 0.00 (877,299,517,651.02) UNEXPENDED APPROPRIATIONS 0.00 (877,299,517,651.02) UNEXPENDED APPROPRIATIONS 0.00 311,490,159,815.37 10. Beginning balances, as adjusted 0.00 311,490,159,815.37 12. Beginning balances, as adjusted 0.00 654,250,544,134.95 13.B. Appropriations received 0.00 654,250,544,134.95 13.B. Appropriations transferred-in/out 0.00 (2,303,121,430.40) 13.C. Other adjustments (rescissions, etc) 0.00 (437,619,438,744.61) <td>4.C. Nonexchange revenue</td> <td></td> <td>0.00</td> <td></td> <td>2,309,017,423.94</td>	4.C. Nonexchange revenue		0.00		2,309,017,423.94
4.F. Other budgetary financing sources 0.00 (671,272,733.11) 5. Other Financing Sources: 0.00 3,583,647.26 5.A. Donations and forfeitures of property 0.00 3,583,647.26 5.B. Transfers-in/out without reimbursement (+/-) 0.00 18,949,996.04 5.C. Imputed financing from costs absorbed by others 7,743,037,209.13 3,185,796,496.55 5.D. Other (+/-) 0.00 (11,302,862,965.96) 6. Total Financing Sources 7,743,037,209.13 431,333,440,286.44 7. Net Cost of Operations (+/-) 7,743,037,209.13 404,701,606,901.53 8. Net Change 0.00 (877,299,517,651.02) UNEXPENDED APPROPRIATIONS 0.00 (877,299,517,651.02) UNEXPENDED APPROPRIATIONS 0.00 311,490,159,815.37 10. Beginning Balances \$ 0.00 311,490,159,815.37 12. Beginning balances, as adjusted 0.00 311,490,159,815.37 13.8 udgetary Financing Sources: 13.4, Appropriations received 0.00 654,250,544,134.95 13.8, Appropriations transferred-in/out 0.00 656,973,456.00 13.C. Other adjustments (rescissions, etc) 0.00 (2,303,121,430.40) 13.D. Appropriations used 0.00 (437,619,438,7	4.D. Donations and forfeitures of cash		0.00		16,250,403.95
5. Other Financing Sources: 0.00 3,583,647.26 5.A. Donations and forfeitures of property 0.00 18,949,996.04 5.B. Transfers-in/out without reimbursement (+/-) 0.00 18,949,996.04 5.C. Imputed financing from costs absorbed by others 7,743,037,209.13 3,185,796,496.55 5.D. Other (+/-) 0.00 (11,302,862,965.96) 6. Total Financing Sources 7,743,037,209.13 431,333,440,286.44 7. Net Cost of Operations (+/-) 7,743,037,209.13 404,701,606,901.53 8. Net Change 0.00 26,631,833,384.91 9. Cumulative Results of Operations 0.00 (877,299,517,651.02) UNEXPENDED APPROPRIATIONS 0.00 (877,299,517,651.02) UNEXPENDED APPROPRIATIONS 0.00 311,490,159,815.37 10. Beginning Balances \$ 0.00 311,490,159,815.37 13. Budgetary Financing Sources:	4.E. Transfers-in/out without reimbursement		0.00		154,539,273.16
5.A. Donations and forfeitures of property 0.00 3,583,647.26 5.B. Transfers-in/out without reimbursement (+/-) 0.00 18,949,996.04 5.C. Imputed financing from costs absorbed by others 7,743,037,209.13 3,185,796,496.55 5.D. Other (+/-) 0.00 (11,302,862,965.96) 6. Total Financing Sources 7,743,037,209.13 431,333,440,286.44 7. Net Cost of Operations (+/-) 7,743,037,209.13 404,701,606,901.53 8. Net Change 0.00 26,631,833,384.91 9. Cumulative Results of Operations 0.00 (877,299,517,651.02) UNEXPENDED APPROPRIATIONS 0.00 311,490,159,815.37 10. Beginning Balances \$ 0.00 311,490,159,815.37 12. Beginning balances, as adjusted 0.00 311,490,159,815.37 1.99,815.37 13. Budgetary Financing Sources: 1 0.00 654,250,544,134.95 13.B. Appropriations received 0.00 654,250,544,134.95 13.8. Appropriations transferred-in/out 0.00 654,950,344.00 13. C. Other adjustments (rescissions, etc) 0.00 (2,303,121,430.40) 13.D. Appropriations used 0.00 (437,619,438,744.61)	4.F. Other budgetary financing sources		0.00		(671,272,733.11)
5.B. Transfers-in/out without reimbursement (+/-) 0.00 18,949,996.04 5.C. Imputed financing from costs absorbed by others 7,743,037,209.13 3,185,796,496.55 5.D. Other (+/-) 0.00 (11,302,862,965.96) 6. Total Financing Sources 7,743,037,209.13 431,333,440,286.44 7. Net Cost of Operations (+/-) 7,743,037,209.13 404,701,606,901.53 8. Net Change 0.00 26,631,833,384.91 9. Cumulative Results of Operations 0.00 (877,299,517,651.02) UNEXPENDED APPROPRIATIONS 0.00 311,490,159,815.37 10. Beginning Balances \$ 0.00 311,490,159,815.37 12. Beginning balances, as adjusted 0.00 654,250,544,134.95 31.8.00 13. B. Appropriations received 0.00 56,973,456.00 13.C. Other adjustments (rescissions, etc) 0.00 (2,303,121,430.40) 13. D. Appropriations used 0.00 (437,619,438,744.61) 0.00 (437,619,438,744.61)	5. Other Financing Sources:				
5.C. Imputed financing from costs absorbed by others 7,743,037,209.13 3,185,796,496.55 5.D. Other (+/-) 0.00 (11,302,862,965.96) 6. Total Financing Sources 7,743,037,209.13 431,333,440,286.44 7. Net Cost of Operations (+/-) 7,743,037,209.13 404,701,606,901.53 8. Net Change 0.00 26,631,833,384.91 9. Cumulative Results of Operations 0.00 (877,299,517,651.02) UNEXPENDED APPROPRIATIONS 0.00 (877,299,517,651.02) UNEXPENDED Appropriations galances \$ 0.00 311,490,159,815.37 11. Prior Period Adjustments:	5.A. Donations and forfeitures of property		0.00		3,583,647.26
5.D. Other (+/-) 0.00 (11,302,862,965.96) 6. Total Financing Sources 7,743,037,209.13 431,333,440,286.44 7. Net Cost of Operations (+/-) 7,743,037,209.13 404,701,606,901.53 8. Net Change 0.00 26,631,833,384.91 9. Cumulative Results of Operations 0.00 (877,299,517,651.02) UNEXPENDED APPROPRIATIONS 0.00 (877,299,517,651.02) UNEXPENDED Adjustments:	5.B. Transfers-in/out without reimbursement (+/-)		0.00		18,949,996.04
6. Total Financing Sources 7,743,037,209.13 431,333,440,286.44 7. Net Cost of Operations (+/-) 7,743,037,209.13 404,701,606,901.53 8. Net Change 0.00 26,631,833,384.91 9. Cumulative Results of Operations 0.00 26,631,833,384.91 9. Cumulative Results of Operations 0.00 (877,299,517,651.02) UNEXPENDED APPROPRIATIONS 0.00 \$ 311,490,159,815.37 10. Beginning Balances \$ 0.00 \$ 311,490,159,815.37 11. Prior Period Adjustments:	5.C. Imputed financing from costs absorbed by others		7,743,037,209.13		3,185,796,496.55
7. Net Cost of Operations (+/-) 7,743,037,209.13 404,701,606,901.53 8. Net Change 0.00 26,631,833,384.91 9. Cumulative Results of Operations 0.00 (877,299,517,651.02) UNEXPENDED APPROPRIATIONS 0.00 \$ 311,490,159,815.37 10. Beginning Balances \$ 0.00 \$ 311,490,159,815.37 11. Prior Period Adjustments:	5.D. Other (+/-)		0.00		(11,302,862,965.96)
8. Net Change 0.00 26,631,833,384.91 9. Cumulative Results of Operations 0.00 (877,299,517,651.02) UNEXPENDED APPROPRIATIONS 0.00 \$ 311,490,159,815.37 10. Beginning Balances \$ 0.00 \$ 311,490,159,815.37 11. Prior Period Adjustments:	6. Total Financing Sources		7,743,037,209.13		431,333,440,286.44
9. Cumulative Results of Operations 0.00 (877,299,517,651.02) UNEXPENDED APPROPRIATIONS 5 0.00 \$ 311,490,159,815.37 10. Beginning Balances \$ 0.00 \$ 311,490,159,815.37 11. Prior Period Adjustments:	7. Net Cost of Operations (+/-)		7,743,037,209.13		404,701,606,901.53
UNEXPENDED APPROPRIATIONS \$ 0.00 \$ 311,490,159,815.37 11. Prior Period Adjustments:	8. Net Change		0.00		26,631,833,384.91
10. Beginning Balances \$ 0.00 \$ 311,490,159,815.37 11. Prior Period Adjustments: 0.00 311,490,159,815.37 12. Beginning balances, as adjusted 0.00 311,490,159,815.37 13. Budgetary Financing Sources: 0.00 654,250,544,134.95 13.B. Appropriations received 0.00 654,250,544,134.95 13.B. Appropriations transferred-in/out 0.00 56,973,456.00 13.C. Other adjustments (rescissions, etc) 0.00 (2,303,121,430.40) 13.D. Appropriations used 0.00 (437,619,438,744.61)	9. Cumulative Results of Operations		0.00		(877,299,517,651.02)
11. Prior Period Adjustments: 0.00 311,490,159,815.37 12. Beginning balances, as adjusted 0.00 311,490,159,815.37 13. Budgetary Financing Sources: 0.00 654,250,544,134.95 13. A. Appropriations received 0.00 56,973,456.00 13. C. Other adjustments (rescissions, etc) 0.00 (2,303,121,430.40) 13. D. Appropriations used 0.00 (437,619,438,744.61)	UNEXPENDED APPROPRIATIONS				
12. Beginning balances, as adjusted 0.00 311,490,159,815.37 13. Budgetary Financing Sources: 0.00 654,250,544,134.95 13. A. Appropriations received 0.00 654,250,544,134.95 13. B. Appropriations transferred-in/out 0.00 56,973,456.00 13. C. Other adjustments (rescissions, etc) 0.00 (2,303,121,430.40) 13. D. Appropriations used 0.00 (437,619,438,744.61)	10. Beginning Balances	\$	0.00	\$	311,490,159,815.37
13. Budgetary Financing Sources: 0.00 654,250,544,134.95 13.A. Appropriations received 0.00 654,250,544,134.95 13.B. Appropriations transferred-in/out 0.00 56,973,456.00 13.C. Other adjustments (rescissions, etc) 0.00 (2,303,121,430.40) 13.D. Appropriations used 0.00 (437,619,438,744.61)	11. Prior Period Adjustments:				
13.A. Appropriations received0.00654,250,544,134.9513.B. Appropriations transferred-in/out0.0056,973,456.0013.C. Other adjustments (rescissions, etc)0.00(2,303,121,430.40)13.D. Appropriations used0.00(437,619,438,744.61)	12. Beginning balances, as adjusted		0.00		311,490,159,815.37
13.B. Appropriations transferred-in/out0.0056,973,456.0013.C. Other adjustments (rescissions, etc)0.00(2,303,121,430.40)13.D. Appropriations used0.00(437,619,438,744.61)					
13.C. Other adjustments (rescissions, etc) 0.00 (2,303,121,430.40) 13.D. Appropriations used 0.00 (437,619,438,744.61)	13.A. Appropriations received		0.00		654,250,544,134.95
13.D. Appropriations used 0.00 (437,619,438,744.61)	13.B. Appropriations transferred-in/out		0.00		56,973,456.00
	13.C. Other adjustments (rescissions, etc)		0.00		(2,303,121,430.40)
14. Total Budgetary Financing Sources 0.00 214.384.957.415.94	13.D. Appropriations used		0.00		(437,619,438,744.61)
	14. Total Budgetary Financing Sources		0.00		214,384,957,415.94
15. Unexpended Appropriations 0.00 525,875,117,231.31	15. Unexpended Appropriations		0.00		525,875,117,231.31
16. Net Position 0.00 (351,424,400,419.71)	16. Net Position		0.00		(351,424,400,419.71)

		2008 Combined	2007 Combined
BUDGETARY FINANCING ACCOUNTS BUDGETARY RESOURCES:	-		
1. Unobligated balance, brought forward, October 1	\$	111,980,722,667.72	\$ 85,777,914,985.43
2. Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations		39,943,758,453.44	36,850,693,701.88
3. Budget authority			
3.A. Appropriation		847,088,434,555.44	740,220,315,756.12
3.C. Contract authority		78,297,498,952.41	67,943,093,894.42
3.D. Spending authority from offsetting collections 3.D.1 Earned			
3.D.1.a. Collected		123,742,175,109.93	118,676,973,035.03
3.D.1.b. Change in receivables from Federal sources		(498,234,381.71)	(2,807,880,610.84)
3.D.2 Change in unfilled customer orders			
3.D.2.a. Advance received		359,872,644.92	204,060,944.55
3.D.2.b. Without advance from Federal sources		18,979,594,837.88	17,481,070,787.18
3.D.3. Anticipated for rest of year, without advances		19,033,493,820.53	16,628,127,366.91
3.D.5. Expenditure transfers from trust funds		766,000,000.00	0.00
3.E. Subtotal		1,087,768,835,539.40	 958,345,761,173.37
4. Nonexpenditure transfers, net, anticipated and actual		54,998,605.41	136,424,456.73
5. Temporarily not available pursuant to Public Law		(60,709,595,488.71)	(43,389,036,582.89)
6. Permanently not available		(58,313,881,001.23)	(52,091,032,905.63)
7. Total Budgetary Resources	\$	1,120,724,838,776.03	\$ 985,630,724,828.89

		2008 Combined		2007 Combined
Status of Budgetary Resources:	-		-	
8. Obligations incurred:				
8.A. Direct	\$	615,935,169,226.42	\$	551,641,561,258.13
8.B. Reimbursable		135,781,737,890.28		113,867,045,177.02
8.C. Subtotal		751,716,907,116.70		665,508,606,435.15
9. Unobligated balance:				
9.A. Apportioned		260,458,642,931.28		300,529,546,295.91
9.B. Exempt from apportionment		2,405,267,931.38		736,085,947.28
9.C. Subtotal		262,863,910,862.66		301,265,632,243.19
10. Unobligated balance not available		106,144,020,796.67		18,856,486,150.55
11. Total status of budgetary resources	\$	1,120,724,838,776.03	\$	985,630,724,828.89
Change in Obligated Balance:				
12. Obligated balance, net				
12.A. Unpaid obligations, brought forward, October 1		372,558,451,792.83		321,809,133,589.93
12.B. Less: Uncollected customer payments	\$	(60,131,190,062.28)	\$	(55,414,809,002.65)
from Federal sources, brought forward, October 1				
12.C. Total unpaid obligated balance		312,427,261,730.55		266,394,324,587.28
13. Obligations incurred net (+/-)	\$	751,716,907,116.70	\$	665,508,606,435.15
14. Less: Gross outlays		(669,245,961,166.75)		(601,935,666,952.26)
 Obligated balance transferred, net payments from Federal sources (+/-) 				
16. Less: Recoveries of prior year unpaid obligations, actual		(39,943,758,453.44)		(36,850,693,701.88)
17. Change in uncollected customer		(18,672,860,456.19)		(14,673,190,176.34)
payments from Federal sources (+/-)				
18. Obligated balance, net, end of period				
18.A. Unpaid obligations		415,085,639,289.34		348,531,379,370.94
18.B. Less: Uncollected customer payments (+/-)		(78,804,050,518.47)		(70,087,999,178.99)
from Federal sources (-)				
18.C. Total, unpaid obligated balance, net, end of period		336,281,588,770.87		278,443,380,191.95
Net Outlays				
19. Net Outlays:				
19.A. Gross outlays		669,245,961,166.75		601,935,666,952.26
19.B. Less: Offsetting collections		(124,676,547,754.83)		(118,881,033,979.58)
19.C. Less: Distributed Offsetting receipts		(66,052,665,165.73)		(60,455,835,891.41)
19.D. Net Outlays	\$	478,516,748,246.19	\$	422,598,797,081.27

	2008 Combined		2007 Combined	
NONBUDGETARY FINANCING ACCOUNTS BUDGETARY RESOURCES	_		 	
1. Unobligated balance, brought forward, October 1	\$	25,513,491.07	\$ 31,533,500.45	
3. Budget authority				
3.B. Borrowing authority		22,999,605.11	217,500,685.26	
3.D. Spending authority from offsetting collections				
3.D.1 Earned				
3.D.1.a. Collected		49,502,708.57	10,309,815.88	
3.D.1.b. Change in receivables from Federal sources		213,182.00	243,762.75	
3.D.2 Change in unfilled customer orders				
3.D.2.b. Without advance from Federal sources		(15,618,218.00)	38,224,064.00	
3.D.3 Anticipated for rest of year, without advances		4,467,161.15	3,504,541.21	
3.E. Subtotal		61,564,438.83	 269,782,869.10	
6. Permanently not available		(27,630,123.04)	(1,835,915.00)	
7. Total Budgetary Resources	\$	59,447,806.86	\$ 299,480,454.55	

	2008 Combined	2007 Combined
Status of Budgetary Resources:	 	
8. Obligations incurred:		
8.A. Direct	\$ 18,697,797.97	\$ 272,026,366.47
8.C. Subtotal	 18,697,797.97	 272,026,366.47
9. Unobligated balance:		
9.A. Apportioned	11,712,240.97	1,823,502.53
9.C. Subtotal	 11,712,240.97	 1,823,502.53
10. Unobligated balance not available	29,037,767.92	25,630,585.55
11. Total Status of Budgetary Resources	\$ 59,447,806.86	\$ 299,480,454.55
Change in Obligated Balance:		
12. Obligated balance, net		
12.A. Unpaid obligations, brought forward, October 1	768,022,938.00	378,465,697.00
12.B. Less: Uncollected customer payments	\$ (130,365,004.00)	\$ (76,910,703.00)
from Federal sources, brought forward, October 1		
12.C. Total unpaid obligated balance	637,657,934.00	301,554,994.00
13. Obligations incurred net (+/-)	\$ 18,697,797.97	\$ 272,026,366.47
14. Less: Gross outlays	(49,809,247.92)	(46,473,188.55)
15. Obligated balance transferred, net		
payments from Federal sources (+/-)		
17. Change in uncollected customer	15,405,036.00	(38,467,826.75)
payments from Federal sources (+/-)		
18. Obligated balance, net, end of period	700 044 400 05	004 040 074 00
18.A. Unpaid obligations	736,911,488.05	604,018,874.92
18.B. Less: Uncollected customer payments (+/-)	(114,959,968.00)	(115,378,529.75)
from Federal sources (-) 18.C. Total, unpaid obligated balance, net, end of period	 CO1 051 500 05	 400 040 045 47
Net Outlays	621,951,520.05	488,640,345.17
19. Net Outlays:		
19.A. Gross outlays	49,809,247.92	46,473,188.55
19.B. Less: Offsetting collections	(49,502,708.57)	(10,309,815.88)
19.D. Net Outlays	\$ 306,539.35	\$ 36,163,372.67

Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies

1.A. Basis of Presentation

These financial statements have been prepared to report the financial position and results of operations of the Department of Defense (DoD), as required by the Chief Financial Officers Act of 1990, expanded by the Government Management Reform Act of 1994, and other appropriate legislation. The financial statements have been prepared from the books and records of the Department in accordance with, to the extent possible, generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-136, "Financial Reporting Requirements", and the "DoD Financial Management Regulations." The accompanying financial statements account for all resources for which the Department is responsible unless otherwise noted. Information relative to classified assets, programs, and operations is excluded from the statements or otherwise aggregated and reported in such a manner that it is not discernable.

The Department is unable to fully implement all elements of GAAP and OMB Circular No. A-136 due to limitations of financial and nonfinancial management processes and systems that support the financial statements. The Department derives reported values and information for major asset and liability categories largely from nonfinancial systems, such as inventory and logistics systems. These systems were designed to support reporting requirements for maintaining accountability over assets and reporting the status of federal appropriations rather than preparing financial statements in accordance with GAAP. The Department continues to implement process and system improvements addressing these limitations.

The OMB requires that the financial statements of the following Department reporting activities undergo audits: Army General Fund, Army Working Capital Fund, Navy General Fund, Navy Working Capital Fund, Air Force General Fund, Air Force Working Capital Fund, Military Retirement Fund, and U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (Civil Works).

In addition, the Department requires the Medicare-Eligible Retiree Health Care Fund, Marine Corps General and Working Capital Funds and the following Defense Agencies to prepare internal stand-alone auditable financial statements: Defense Logistics Agency, Defense Finance and Accounting Service, Defense Information Systems Agency, Defense Contract Audit Agency, Defense Commissary Agency, Defense Security Service, Defense Threat Reduction Agency, Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency, Chemical and Biological Defense Program, Missile Defense Agency, Services Medical Activity, TRICARE Management Activity, and

U.S. Special Operations Command.

The Department currently has 13 auditor-identified material weaknesses: (1) Accounts Payable, (2) Accounting Entries, (3) Environmental Liabilities, (4) Government Property and Materiel in Possession of Contractors, (5) Intragovernmental Eliminations, (6) Operating Materiel and Supplies, (7) Reconciliation of Net Cost of Operations to Budget (formerly Statement of Financing), (8) Statement of Net Cost, (9) Financial Management Systems, (10) Fund Balance with Treasury, (11) General Property, Plant and Equipment, (12) Inventory, and (13) Accounts Receivable.

1.B. Mission of the Reporting Entity

The Department of Defense was established by the National Security Act of 1947. The Department provides the military forces needed to deter war and protect the security of our country. Since the creation of America's first army in 1775, the Department and predecessor organizations have evolved into a global presence with a worldwide infrastructure dedicated to defending the United States by deterring and defeating aggression and coercion in critical regions.

The Department of Defense includes the Military Departments, the Defense Agencies and the Department Field Activities. The Military Departments consist of the Army, the Navy (of which the Marine Corps is a component), and the Air Force. The Defense Agencies and the Department Field Activities provide support services commonly used throughout the Department.

1.C. Appropriations and Funds

The Department receives appropriations and funds as general, working capital (revolving), trust, special, and deposit funds. The Department uses these appropriations and funds to execute missions and subsequently report on resource usage.

General funds are used for financial transactions funded by congressional appropriations, including personnel, operation and maintenance, research and development, procurement, and military construction.

Working Capital Funds (WCF) received funding to establish an initial corpus through an appropriation or a transfer of resources from existing appropriations or funds. The corpus finances operations and transactions that flow through the fund. The WCF resources the goods and services sold to customers on a reimbursable basis and maintains the corpus. Reimbursable receipts fund future operations and generally are available in their entirety for use without further congressional action. At various times, Congress provides additional appropriations to supplement the WCF as an infusion of cash when revenues are inadequate to cover costs within the corpus.

Trust funds contain receipts and expenditures of funds held in trust by the government for use in carrying out specific purposes or programs in accordance with the terms of the donor, trust agreement, or statute. Certain trust and special funds may be designated as earmarked funds. Earmarked funds are financed by specifically identified revenues, required by statute to be used for designated activities, benefits or purposes, and remain available over time. The Department is required to separately account for and report on the receipt, use and retention of revenues and other financing sources for earmarked funds.

Special fund accounts are used to record government receipts reserved for a specific purpose.

Deposit funds are used to record amounts held temporarily until paid to the appropriate government or public entity. The Department is acting as an agent or custodian for funds awaiting distribution.

The Department is a party to allocation transfers with other federal agencies as a transferring (parent) or receiving (child) entity. Allocation transfers are an agency's legal delegation of authority to obligate budget authority and outlay funds to another agency. Generally, all financial activity related to these allocation transfers (e.g., budget authority, obligations, outlays) is reported in the financial statements of the parent entity. Exceptions to this general rule apply to specific funds for which OMB has directed that all activity be reported in the financial statements of the child entity. These exceptions include U.S. Treasury-Managed Trust Funds, Executive Office of the President (EOP), and all other funds specifically designated by OMB. Based on an agreement with OMB, funds for Security Assistance programs are reported separately from the Department's financial statements and notes beginning in 3rd Quarter, FY 2008.

The Department receives allocation transfers from the following agencies: Departments of Agriculture, Interior, Energy, and Transportation; the Appalachian Regional Commission; and the Federal Highway Administration.

Additionally, the Department receives allocation transfers from certain funds meeting the OMB exception and all related activity is included in the Department's financial statements. The exceptions reported by the Department include South Dakota Terrestrial Wildlife Habitat Restoration, Inland Waterways and Harbor Maintenance, and the EOP other than the Defense Security Cooperation Agency.

As the parent, the Department allocates funds to the Departments of Transportation and Agriculture and reports related activity in the financial statements.

1.D. Basis of Accounting

For FY 2008, the Department's financial management systems are unable to meet all of the requirements for full accrual accounting. Many of the Department's financial and nonfinancial feeder systems and processes were designed and implemented prior to the issuance of GAAP for federal agencies. These systems were not designed to collect and record financial information on the full accrual accounting basis as required by GAAP. Most of the Department's financial and nonfinancial legacy systems were designed to record information on a budgetary basis.

The Department has undertaken efforts to determine the actions required to bring financial and nonfinancial feeder systems and processes into compliance with GAAP. One such action is the current revision of accounting systems to record transactions based on the U.S. Standard General Ledger (USSGL). Until all of the Department's financial and nonfinancial feeder systems and processes are updated to collect and report financial information as required by GAAP, the Department's financial data will be derived from budgetary transactions (obligations, disbursements, and collections), from nonfinancial feeder systems, and accruals made for major items such as payroll expenses, accounts payable, and environmental liabilities.

In addition, the Department identifies program costs based upon the major appropriation groups provided by the Congress. Current processes and systems do not capture and report accumulated costs for major programs based upon the performance measures as required by the Government Performance and Results Act. The Department is working toward a cost reporting methodology that will satisfy the requirement for cost information as mandated in the Statement of Federal Financial Accounting Standards (SFFAS) No. 4, "Managerial Cost Accounting Concepts and Standards for the Federal Government."

1.E. <u>Revenues and Other Financing Sources</u>

The Department receives congressional appropriations as financing sources for general funds that expire annually, on a multiyear basis, or do not expire. When authorized by legislation, these appropriations are supplemented by revenues generated by sales of goods or services. The Department recognizes revenue as a result of costs incurred for goods and services provided to other federal agencies and the public. Full-cost pricing is the Department's standard policy for services provided as required by OMB Circular A-25, "User Charges." The Department recognizes revenue when earned within the constraints of current system capabilities. In some instances, revenue is recognized when bills are issued.

Depot Maintenance and Ordnance WCF activities recognize revenue according to the percentage of completion method. Supply Management WCF activities recognize revenue from the sale of inventory items.

The Department does not include nonmonetary support provided by U.S. allies for common defense and mutual security in amounts reported in the Statement of Net Cost and Note 21, "Reconciliation of Net Cost of Operations to Budget." The U.S. has cost sharing agreements with countries having a mutual or reciprocal defense agreement, where U.S. troops are stationed, or where the U.S. Fleet is in a port.

1.F. <u>Recognition of Expenses</u>

For financial reporting purposes, the Department's policy requires the recognition of operating expenses in the period incurred. Current financial and nonfinancial feeder systems were not designed to collect and record financial information on the full accrual accounting basis. Estimates are made for major items such as payroll expenses, accounts payable, environmental liabilities, and unbilled revenue. In the case of Operating Materiel and Supplies (OM&S), operating expenses are generally recognized when the items are purchased. Efforts are underway to transition to the consumption method for recognizing OM&S expenses. Due to system limitations, in some instances expenditures for capital and other long-term assets may be recognized as operating expenses.

1.G. Accounting for Intragovernmental Activities

Preparation of reliable financial statements requires the elimination of transactions occurring among entities within the Department or between two or more federal agencies. However, the Department cannot

accurately identify Intragovernmental transactions by customer because the Department's systems do not track buyer and seller data at the transaction level. Generally, seller entities within the Department provide summary seller-side balances for revenue, accounts receivable, and unearned revenue to the buyer-side internal Department accounting offices. In most cases, the buyer-side records are adjusted to agree with the Department's seller-side balances and are then eliminated. The volume of intragovernmental transactions is so large that reconciliations cannot be accomplished effectively. The Department is developing long-term system improvements to ensure accurate intragovernmental information, to include sufficient up-front edits and controls, eliminating the need for reconciliations.

The U.S. Treasury Financial Management Service is responsible for eliminating transactions between the Department and other federal agencies. The U.S. Treasury's "Federal Intragovernmental Transactions Accounting Policies Guide" and Treasury Financial Manual Part 2 – Chapter 4700, "Agency Reporting Requirements for the Financial Report of the United States Government," provide guidance for reporting and reconciling intragovernmental balances. While the Department is unable to fully reconcile intragovernmental transactions with all federal partners, the Department is able to reconcile balances pertaining to investments in federal securities, borrowings from the U.S. Treasury and the Federal Financing Bank, Federal Employees' Compensation Act transactions with the Department of Labor, and benefit program transactions with the Office of Personnel Management.

The Department's proportionate share of public debt and related expenses of the Federal Government is not included. The Federal Government does not apportion debt and related costs to federal agencies. The Department's financial statements do not report any public debt, interest, or source of public financing, whether from issuance of debt or tax revenues. Generally, financing for the construction of the Department's facilities is obtained through appropriations. To the extent this financing ultimately may have been obtained through the issuance of public debt, interest costs have not been capitalized since the U.S. Treasury does not allocate such costs to the Department.

1.H. Transactions with Foreign Governments and International Organizations

Each year, the Department sells defense articles and services to foreign governments and international organizations under the provisions of the Arms Export Control Act of 1976. Under the provisions of the Act, the Department has authority to sell defense articles and services to foreign countries and international organizations generally at no profit or loss to the U.S. Government. Payment in U.S. dollars is required in advance.

1.I. Funds with the U.S. Treasury

The Department's monetary resources are maintained in U.S. Treasury accounts. The disbursing offices of Defense Finance and Accounting Service (DFAS), the Military Departments, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE), and the Department of State's financial service centers process the majority of the Department's cash collections, disbursements, and adjustments worldwide. Each disbursing station prepares monthly reports to the U.S. Treasury on check issues, electronic fund transfers, interagency transfers, and deposits.

In addition, DFAS sites and USACE Finance Center submit reports to the U.S. Treasury by appropriation on interagency transfers, collections received, and disbursements issued. The U.S. Treasury records these transactions to the applicable Fund Balance with Treasury (FBWT) account. The Department's FBWT is adjusted to agree with U.S. Treasury's accounts monthly.

1.J. Foreign Currency

Cash is the total of cash resources under the control of the Department, which includes coin, paper currency, negotiable instruments, and amounts held for deposit in banks and other financial institutions. Foreign currency consists of the total U.S. dollar equivalent of both purchased and nonpurchased foreign currencies held in foreign currency fund accounts. Foreign currency is valued using the U.S. Treasury prevailing rate of exchange.

The majority of cash and all foreign currency is classified as nonentity and is restricted. Amounts reported consist primarily of cash and foreign currency held by disbursing officers to carry out their paying, collecting, and foreign currency accommodation exchange missions. Cash seized during Operation Iraqi Freedom is restricted to assist the Iraqi people and support the restoration of Iraq.

The Department conducts a significant portion of operations overseas. The Congress established a special account to handle the gains and losses from foreign currency transactions for five general fund appropriations: operation and maintenance, military personnel, military construction, family housing operation and maintenance, and family housing construction. The gains and losses are calculated as the variance between the exchange rate current at the date of payment and a budget rate established at the beginning of each fiscal year. Foreign currency fluctuations related to other appropriations require adjustments to the original obligation amount at the time of payment. The Department does not separately identify foreign currency fluctuations.

1.K. Accounts Receivable

The Balance Sheet reports accounts receivable from other federal entities or the public in three categories: accounts receivable, claims receivable, and refunds receivable. Allowances for uncollectible accounts due from the public are based upon an analysis of collection experience by fund type. The Department does not recognize an allowance for estimated uncollectible amounts from other federal agencies. Claims against other federal agencies are to be resolved between the agencies in accordance with dispute resolution procedures defined in the Intragovernmental Business Rules published in the Treasury Financial Manual at http://www.fms.treas.gov/tfm/vol1/07-03.pdf.

1.L. Direct Loans and Loan Guarantees

The Department operates a direct loan and loan guarantee program authorized by the National Defense Authorization Act for FY 1996, Public Law (P.L.) 104-106, Section 2801. The Act includes a series of authorities that allow the Department to work with the private sector to renovate military housing. The Department's goals are to obtain private capital to leverage government dollars, make efficient use of limited resources, and use a variety of private sector approaches to build and renovate military housing faster and at a lower cost to the American taxpayers.

The Act also provides the Department with a variety of authorities to obtain private sector financing and expertise to improve military housing. The Department uses these authorities individually or in combination. They include guarantees (both loan and rental), conveyance/leasing of existing property and facilities, differential lease payments, investments (both limited partnerships and stock/bond ownership), and direct loans.

The National Defense Authorization Act for FY 2005, P.L. 108-375, Section 2805 provided permanent authorities to the Military Housing Privatization Initiative (MHPI).

The Department operates the Armament Retooling and Manufacturing Support Initiative under Title 10 United States Code 4551-4555. This loan guarantee program is designed to encourage commercial use of inactive government facilities. The revenue generated from property rental offsets the cost of maintaining these facilities.

The Department administers the Foreign Military Financing program on behalf of EOP. This program is authorized by sections 23 and 24 of the Arms Export Control Act of 1976, as amended, P.L. 90-629, as amended, and section 503(a). This program provides loans to help countries purchase U.S.-produced weapons, defense equipment, services, or military training. The direct loans and loan guarantees related to Foreign Military Sales are not included in the basic financial statements as of 3rd Quarter, FY 2008, per the Department's agreement with OMB.

The Federal Credit Reform Act of 1990 governs all amended direct loan obligations and loan guarantee commitments made after FY 1991 resulting in direct loans or loan guarantees.

1.M. Inventories and Related Property

The Department values approximately 66% of resale inventory using the moving average cost method. An additional 12% (fuel inventory) is reported using the first-in-first-out method. The Department reports the remaining 22% of resale inventories at an approximation of historical cost using latest acquisition cost adjusted for holding gains and losses. The latest acquisition cost method is used because legacy inventory systems were designed for materiel management rather than accounting. Although these systems provide visibility and accountability over inventory items, they do not maintain historical cost data necessary to comply with SFFAS No. 3, "Accounting for Inventory and Related Property." Additionally, these systems cannot produce financial transactions using the USSGL, as required by the Federal Financial Management Improvement Act of 1996, P.L. 104-208. The Department is continuing to transition the balance of the inventories to the moving average cost method through the use of new inventory systems. Most transitioned balances were not baselined to auditable historical cost and remain noncompliant with SFFAS No. 3 and GAAP.

The Department manages only military or government-specific materiel under normal conditions. Materiel is a unique term that relates to military force management, and includes items such as ships, tanks, self-propelled weapons, aircraft, etc., and related spares, repair parts, and support equipment. Real property, installations, and utilities that are necessary to equip, operate, maintain, and support military activities without distinction as to application for administrative or combat purposes are excluded. Items commonly used in and available from the commercial sector are not managed in the Department's materiel management activities. Operational cycles are irregular and the military risks associated with stock-out positions have no commercial parallel. The Department holds materiel based on military need and support for contingencies. The Department does not attempt to account separately for "inventory held for sale" and "inventory held in reserve for future sale" based on SFFAS No. 3 definitions, unless otherwise noted.

Related property includes OM&S and stockpile materiel. The OM&S, including munitions not held for sale, are valued at standard purchase price. The Department uses both the consumption method and the purchase method of accounting for OM&S. Items that are centrally managed and stored, such as ammunition and engines, are generally recorded using the consumption method and are reported on the Balance Sheet as OM&S. When current systems cannot fully support the consumption method, the Department uses the purchase method. Under this method, materiel and supplies are expensed when purchased. During FY 2008, the Department expensed significant amounts using the purchase method because the systems could not support the consumption method or management deemed that the item was in the hands of the end user. This is a material weakness for the Department and long-term system corrections are in process. Once the proper systems are in place, these items will be accounted for under the consumption method of accounting.

The Department determined that the recurring high dollar value of OM&S in need of repair is material to the financial statements and requires a separate reporting category. Many high-dollar items, such as aircraft engines, are categorized as OM&S rather than military equipment.

The Department recognizes condemned materiel as "excess, obsolete, and unserviceable." The cost of disposal is greater than the potential scrap value; therefore, the net value of condemned materiel is zero. Potentially redistributable materiel, classified in previous years as "excess, obsolete, and unserviceable," is included in the "held for use" or "held for repair" categories.

Inventory available and purchased for resale includes consumable spare and repair parts and repairable items owned and managed by the Department. This inventory is retained to support military or national contingencies. Inventory held for repair is damaged inventory that requires repair to make suitable for sale. Often, it is more economical to repair these items rather than to procure them. The Department often relies

on weapon systems and machinery no longer in production. As a result, the Department supports a process that encourages the repair and rebuilding of certain items. This repair cycle is essential to maintaining a ready, mobile, and armed military force. Work in process balances include: (1) costs related to the production or servicing of items, including direct material, labor, and costs and applied overhead; (2) the value of finished products or completed services that are yet to be placed in service; and (3) munitions in production and depot maintenance work with associated costs incurred in the delivery of maintenance services.

1.N. Investments in U.S. Treasury Securities

The Department reports investments in U.S. Treasury securities at cost, net of amortized premiums or discounts. Premiums or discounts are amortized over the term of the investment using the effective interest rate method or another method obtaining similar results. The Department's intent is to hold investments to maturity, unless they are needed to finance claims or otherwise sustain operations. Consequently, a provision is not made for unrealized gains or losses on these securities.

The Department invests in nonmarketable securities. The two types of nonmarketable securities are par value and market-based intragovernmental securities. The Bureau of the Public Debt issues nonmarketable par value intragovernmental securities. Nonmarketable, market-based intragovernmental securities emulate marketable securities, but are not publicly traded.

The Department's net investments are held by various trust and special funds. These funds include the Military Retirement Trust Fund; Medicare-Eligible Retiree Health Care Fund; Other Defense Organizations General Fund trust and special funds; donations (gift funds); and the USACE South Dakota Terrestrial Habitat Restoration, Inland Waterways, and Harbor Maintenance Trust Fund accounts.

Other investments represent limited partnerships entered into on behalf of the U.S. Government in support of the MHPI authorized by P.L. 104-106, Section 2801. These investments do not require market value disclosure.

1.O. General Property, Plant and Equipment

The Department uses the estimated historical cost for valuing military equipment. The Department identified the universe of military equipment by accumulating information relating to program funding and associated military equipment, equipment useful life, program acquisitions, and disposals to establish a baseline. The military equipment baseline is updated using expenditure, acquisition and disposal information.

The Department's real property capitalization threshold is currently \$20 thousand. The Department has not implemented this threshold due to system and process limitations. General PP&E assets are capitalized at historical acquisition cost plus capitalized improvements when an asset has a useful life of two or more years and the acquisition cost equals or exceeds the Department capitalization threshold of \$100 thousand. The Department also requires capitalization of improvement costs over the capitalization threshold of \$100 thousand for General PP&E. The Department depreciates all General PP&E, other than land, on a straight-line basis. General PP&E previously capitalized at amounts below \$100 thousand was written off in FY 1998.

The USACE Civil Works General PP&E is capitalized at historical acquisition cost plus capitalized improvements when an asset has a useful life of two or more years and the acquisition cost exceeds \$25 thousand. One exception is that all buildings and structures related to hydropower projects are capitalized regardless of cost. Prior to FY 2004, the USACE capitalized all buildings and structures regardless of cost. In FY 2003, the USACE increased the threshold (effective FY 2004) for buildings and structures to \$25 thousand for all Civil Works appropriations with the exception of Revolving Fund and Power Marketing Agency assets and expensed all previously acquired assets that did not meet the new \$25 thousand threshold.

When it is in the best interest of the government, the Department provides government property to contractors to complete contract work. The Department either owns or leases such property, or it is purchased directly by the contractor for the government based on contract terms. When the value of contractor-procured General PP&E exceeds the Department's capitalization threshold, federal accounting standards require that it be reported on the Department's Balance Sheet.

The Department is developing new policies and a reporting process for contractors with Government furnished equipment that will provide appropriate General PP&E information for future financial statement reporting purposes. The Department reports only government property in the possession of contractors that is maintained in property systems. The Department has issued new requirements for entities to maintain, in their property systems, information on all property furnished to contractors. This action and other proposed actions are structured to capture and report the information necessary for compliance with federal accounting standards.

1.P. Advances and Prepayments

The Department's policy is to record advances and prepayments in accordance with GAAP. As such, payments made in advance of the receipt of goods and services are reported as assets on the Balance Sheet. The Department's policy is to expense or capitalize assets when the related goods and services are received. Not all Department entities have implemented this policy primarily due to system limitations.

1.Q. Leases

Lease payments for the rental of equipment and operating facilities are classified as either capital or operating leases. When a lease is essentially equivalent to an installment purchase of property (a capital lease), and the value equals or exceeds the current capitalization threshold, the Department records the applicable asset and liability. The Department records the amounts at the lesser of the present value of the rental and other lease payments during the lease term (excluding portions representing executory costs paid to the lessor) or the asset's fair market value. The discount rate for the present value calculation is either the lessor's implicit interest rate or the Government's incremental borrowing rate at the inception of the lease. The Department as the lessee receives the use and possession of leased property, for example real estate or equipment, from a lessor in exchange for a payment of funds. An operating lease does not substantially transfer all the benefits and risks of ownership. Payments for operating leases are expensed over the lease term as they become payable.

Office space is the largest component of operating leases based on costs gathered from existing leases, General Services Administration (GSA) bills, and interservice support agreements. Future year projections use the consumer price index (CPI). The CPI impacts increases to the leases, especially those at commercial lease sites.

1.R. Other Assets

Other assets include those assets, such as military and civil service employee pay advances, travel advances, and certain contract financing payments, that are not reported elsewhere on the Department's Balance Sheet.

The Department conducts business with commercial contractors under two primary types of contracts: fixed price and cost reimbursable. To alleviate the potential financial burden on the contractor that long-term contracts can cause, the Department may provide financing payments. Contract financing payments are defined in the Federal Acquisition Regulation, Part 32, as authorized disbursements to a contractor prior to acceptance of supplies or services by the Government. Contract financing payment clauses are incorporated in the contract terms and conditions and may include advance payments, performance-based payments, commercial advances and interim payments, progress payments based on cost, and interim payments under certain cost-reimbursement contracts.

Contract financing payments do not include invoice payments, payments for partial deliveries, lease and rental payments, or progress payments based on a percentage or stage of completion. The Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement authorizes progress payments based on a percentage or stage of completion only for construction of real property, shipbuilding and ship conversion, alteration, or repair. Progress payments for real property and ships are reported as construction in progress. It is the Department's policy to record certain contract financing payments as other assets.

1.S. Contingencies and Other Liabilities

The SFFAS No. 5, "Accounting for Liabilities of the Federal Government," as amended by SFFAS No. 12, "Recognition of Contingent Liabilities Arising from Litigation," defines a contingency as an existing condition, situation, or set of circumstances that involves an uncertainty as to possible gain or loss. The uncertainty will be resolved when one or more future events occur or fail to occur. The Department recognizes contingent liabilities when past events or exchange transactions occur, a future loss is probable, and the loss amount can be reasonably estimated.

Financial statement reporting is limited to disclosure when conditions for liability recognition do not exist but there is at least a reasonable possibility of incurring a loss or additional losses. Examples of loss contingencies include the collectibility of receivables, pending or threatened litigation, and possible claims and assessments. The Department's risk of loss and resultant contingent liabilities arise from pending or threatened litigation or claims and assessments due to events such as aircraft, ship and vehicle accidents; medical malpractice; property or environmental damages; and contract disputes.

Other liabilities arise as a result of anticipated disposal costs for the Department's assets. This type of liability has two components: nonenvironmental and environmental. Consistent with SFFAS No. 6, "Accounting for Property, Plant and Equipment," recognition of an anticipated environmental disposal liability begins when the asset is placed into service. Based on the Department's policy, which is consistent with SFFAS No. 5 "Accounting for Liabilities of the Federal Government," nonenvironmental disposal liabilities are recognized when management decides to dispose of an asset. The Department recognizes nonenvironmental disposal liabilities for military equipment nuclear-powered assets when placed into service. These amounts are not easily distinguishable and are developed in conjunction with environmental disposal costs.

1.T. Accrued Leave

The Department reports liabilities for military leave and accrued annual leave for civilians. Sick leave for civilians is expensed when taken. The liability is based on current pay rates.

1.U. Net Position

Net position consists of unexpended appropriations and cumulative results of operations.

Unexpended appropriations represents amounts of authority that are unobligated and have not been rescinded or withdrawn. Unexpended appropriations also represent amounts obligated for which legal liabilities for payments have not been incurred.

Cumulative results of operations represents the net difference between expenses and losses, and financing sources (including appropriations, revenue, and gains), since inception. Beginning with FY 1998, cumulative results of operations also includes donations and transfers in and out of assets that were not reimbursed.

1.V. Treaties for Use of Foreign Bases

The Department has the use of land, buildings, and other overseas facilities that are obtained through various international treaties and agreements negotiated by the Department of State. The Department purchases capital assets overseas with appropriated funds; however, the host country retains title to the land

and capital improvements. Treaty terms generally allow the Department continued use of these properties until the treaties expire. In the event treaties or other agreements are terminated, use of the foreign bases is prohibited and losses are recorded for the value of any nonretrievable capital assets. The settlement due to the U.S. or host nation is negotiated and takes into account the value of capital investments and may be offset by the cost of environmental cleanup.

1.W. Comparative Data

The Department financial statements and notes are presented on a comparative basis.

1.X. Unexpended Obligations

The Department obligates funds to provide goods and services for outstanding orders not yet delivered. Unless title has passed, the financial statements do not reflect a liability for payment for goods and services not yet delivered. Unexpended obligations includes both obligations for which goods and services have been delivered (title passed) and a liability recognized, and obligations for which no delivery has occurred and no liability recognized. The balance of unexpended obligations appears immediately before net outlays in the Statement of Budgetary Resources, and is referred to as "Total, unpaid obligated balances, net, end of period."

1.Y. Undistributed Disbursements and Collections

Undistributed disbursements and collections represent the difference between disbursements and collections matched at the transaction level to a specific obligation, payable, or receivable in the activity field records and those reported by the U.S. Treasury. These amounts should agree with the undistributed amounts reported on the departmental accounting reports. In-transit disbursements are those payments that have been made, but have not been recorded in the fund holder's accounting records. These payments are applied to the accounts payable balance. In-transit collections are those collections from other agencies or entities that have not been recorded in the accounting records. These collections are applied to the accounts receivable balance.

The Department's policy is to allocate supported undistributed disbursements and collections between federal and nonfederal categories based on the percentage of distributed federal and nonfederal accounts payable and accounts receivable. Unsupported undistributed disbursements are recorded in accounts payable. Unsupported undistributed collections are recorded in other liabilities.

1.Z. Significant Events

In FY 2008 the Department made several modifications to financial reports and notes that had significant and pervasive effects. These changes are summarized below:

In accordance with OMB Circular A-136, the Department began reporting the accrued assets, liabilities, and expenses of the Foreign Military Sales Trust Fund during FY 2007. Based on an agreement with the Office of Management and Budget, these funds are reported separate from the Department's financial statements and notes beginning in 3rd Quarter, FY 2008.

Beginning 4th Quarter, FY 2007, the Department began presenting the Statement of Financing (SOF) as a note in accordance with the OMB Circular A-136. The SOF will no longer be considered a basic statement and is now referred to as "Reconciliation of Net Cost of Operations to Budget."

Note 2. Nonentity Assets

As of June 30	2008			2007			
1. Intragovernmental Assets							
A. Fund Balance with Treasury	\$	1,331,577,620.27	\$	2,243,064,719.37			
B. Accounts Receivable		69,070.60		117,919.97			
C. Total Intragovernmental Assets	\$	1,331,646,690.87	\$	2,243,182,639.34			
2. Nonfederal Assets							
A. Cash and Other Monetary Assets	\$	2,559,281,246.33	\$	2,502,839,184.29			
B. Accounts Receivable		5,092,480,464.43		5,568,437,819.99			
C. Other Assets		184,709,555.89		193,825,000.00			
D. Total Nonfederal Assets	\$	7,836,471,266.65	\$	8,265,102,004.28			
3. Total Nonentity Assets	\$	9,168,117,957.52	\$	10,508,284,643.62			
4. Total Entity Assets	\$	1,798,188,214,818.86	\$	1,595,076,687,526.48			
5. Total Assets	\$	1,807,356,332,776.40	\$	1,605,584,972,170.10			

Nonentity assets are assets for which the Department maintains stewardship accountability and responsibility to report, but are not available for the Department's operations.

Intragovernmental Fund Balance with Treasury (FBWT) is comprised of deposit funds, seized Iraqi cash, and the Development Fund for Iraq (DFI). Deposit funds are generally used to record amounts held temporarily until paid to the appropriate party. Seized Iraqi cash is former Iraqi regime monies confiscated by coalition forces and restricted for support of the Iraqi people. The DFI consists of proceeds from Iraqi oil sales, repatriated assets from the United States and other nations, and deposits from unencumbered oil-for-food proceeds. The DFI funds are restricted for Iraqi infrastructure and other Iraqi support needs.

Intragovernmental Accounts Receivable consists of amounts due from cancelled appropriations. Proceeds are returned to the U.S. Treasury.

Nonfederal Cash and Other Monetary Assets primarily consists of cash held by Disbursing Officers to carry out payment, collection, and foreign currency accommodation exchange missions.

Nonfederal Accounts Receivable consists of amounts due for cancelled year appropriations; and interest, fines and penalties due on debt. The Department generally cannot use the collections and must distribute them to the U.S. Treasury. The Department has specific statutory authority to retain collections from certain cancelled year accounts receivable as entity assets.

Nonfederal Other Assets primarily consists of an Advance Payment Pool Agreement with a nonprofit educational institution to finance research and development projects.

Note 3. Fund Balance with Treasury

As of June 30	2008			2007		
 1. Fund Balances A. Appropriated Funds B. Revolving Funds C. Trust Funds D. Special Funds E. Other Fund Types F. Total Fund Balances 	\$	614,905,351,961.04 9,069,363,812.53 1,752,630,693.49 828,304,124.32 1,448,139,754.24 628,003,790,345.62	\$	519,667,492,419.23 10,520,689,122.79 1,022,563,265.92 275,765,585.53 2,847,329,383.06 534,333,839,776.53		
 2. Fund Balances Per Treasury Versus Agency A. Fund Balance per Treasury B. Fund Balance per Agency 	\$	526,920,271,929.07 628,003,790,345.62	\$	534,354,197,897.40 534,333,839,776.53		
3. Reconciling Amount	\$	(101,083,518,416.55)	\$	20,358,120.87		

Other Fund Types primarily consists of \$1.3 billion in deposit funds and receipt accounts, \$282.9 million in Development Fund for Iraq, and \$(213.5) million in clearing accounts.

The Department shows a reconciling net difference of \$101.1 billion with the U.S. Treasury. This difference is primarily due to supplemental funding signed on June 30, 2008, reported by the Department, but not reported by the U.S. Treasury.

Status of Fund Balance with Treasury

As of June 30	2008	2007		
 Unobligated Balance A. Available B. Unavailable 	\$ 246,798,763,528.47 487,226,461,300.90	\$	281,447,633,979.15 351,241,438,217.54	
2. Obligated Balance not yet Disbursed	\$ 415,178,536,902.97	\$	349,135,398,245.86	
3. Nonbudgetary FBWT	\$ 657,237,261.54	\$	2,519,579,401.13	
4. NonFBWT Budgetary Accounts	\$ (521,857,208,648.26)	\$	(450,010,210,067.15)	
5. Total	\$ 628,003,790,345.62	\$	534,333,839,776.53	

The Status of Fund Balance with Treasury is the reconciliation between budgetary and proprietary accounts at Treasury. It consists of unobligated and obligated balances. The balances reflect the budgetary authority remaining for disbursement against current or future obligations.

Unobligated Balance is classified as available or unavailable and represents the cumulative amount of budgetary authority that has not been set aside to cover outstanding obligations. The unavailable balance consists primarily of funds invested in U.S. Treasury securities that are temporarily precluded from obligation by law.

Obligated Balance not yet Disbursed represents funds that have been obligated for goods and services not received, and those received but not paid.

Nonbudgetary FBWT includes accounts that do not have budgetary authority, such as deposit funds, receipt accounts, clearing accounts, and nonentity FBWT.

NonFBWT Budgetary Accounts reduces the Status of FBWT and consists of investments in U.S. Treasury securities, unfilled customer orders without advance, contract and borrowing authority, and receivables.

Certain unobligated balances are restricted for future use and are not apportioned for current use. Unobligated balances for trust fund accounts are restricted for use by the Public Law that established the funds.

Disclosures Related to Suspense/Budget Clearing Accounts

As of June 30	2006	20	007	2008	(Decrease)/ Increase from FY 2007 - 2008
<u>Account</u> F3845 – Personal Property					
Proceeds	\$ 542,577.31	\$	733,571.10	\$ 619,635.32	\$ (113,935.78)
F3875 – Budget Clearing Account Suspense F3880 – Lost or Cancelled	918,943,032.45	2	486,538,170.21	(199,647,267.14)	(686,185,437.35)
Treasury Checks F3882 – Uniformed Services Thrift Savings	14,142,439.01		15,545,569.92	17,567,026.01	2,021,456.09
Plan Suspense F3885 – Interfund/IPAC	109,783,743.24		119,687,301.43	86,301,276.06	(33,386,025.37)
Suspense F3886 – Thrift Savings	(191,545,520.18)	(2	49,045,504.60)	(495,875,015.67)	(246,829,511.07)
Plan Suspense	 1,891,752.42	(11,882,523.99)	(299,841,631.89)	(287,959,107.90)
Total	\$ 853,758,024.25	\$	361,576,584.07	\$ (890,875,977.31)	<u>\$ (1,252,452,561.38)</u>

Disclosures Related to Problem Disbursements

As of June 30	2006	2007	2008	(Decrease)/ Increase from FY 2007 to 2008
 Total Problem Disbursements, Absolute Value A. Unmatched Disbursements (UMDs) B. Negative Unliquidated Obligations (NULO) 	\$ 2,485,453,198.96 209,186,910.35	\$ 1,827,336,754.42 115,322,299.33	\$ 3,063,709,586.65 248,423,496.80	133,101,197.47
C. In-Transit Disbursements	 8,049,962,050.50	8,058,868,941.81	9,445,196,304.79	1,386,327,362.98
Total	\$ 10,744,602,159.81	\$ 10,001,527,995.56	\$ 12,757,329,388.24	\$ 2,755,801,392.68

Note 4.

Investments and Related Interest

As of June 30					2008			
	H	Cost	Amortization		Amortized		Investments, Net	Market Value
	-		Method	(P	Premium) / Discount			 Disclosure
1. Intragovernmental Securities								
A. Nonmarketable, Market-Based								
1. Military Retirement Fund 2. Medicare Eligible	\$	258,567,118,806.37	Effective Interest	\$	(5,805,082,019.92)	\$	252,762,036,786.45	\$ 258,100,903,942.05
Retiree Health Care Fund		134,570,097,932.17	Effective Interest		(2,434,421,128.74)		132,135,676,803.43	135,464,441,559.76
3. US Army Corps of Engineers		4,545,027,946.15	Effective Interest		(19,150,054.07)		4,525,877,892.08	4,613,940,387.48
4. Other Funds		2,273,290,495.77	Effective Interest		(16,160,158.90)		2,257,130,336.87	2,314,999,382.30
5. Total Nonmarketable, Market-Based		399,955,535,180.46			(8,274,813,361.63)		391,680,721,818.83	400,494,285,271.59
B. Accrued Interest		3,427,163,398.13					3,427,163,398.13	3,427,163,398.13
C. Total Intragovernmental Securities	\$	403,382,698,578.59		\$	(8,274,813,361.63)	\$	395,107,885,216.96	\$ 403,921,448,669.72
2. Other Investments								
A. Total Other Investments	۴	4 704 400 400 00		¢	0.00	¢	4 704 400 400 00	N1/A
	\$	1,764,483,130.00		\$	0.00	Þ	1,764,483,130.00	<u>N/A</u>
As of June 30			A recenting ations		2007			
		Cost	Amortization Method	(P	Amortized Premium) / Discount		Investments, Net	Market Value Disclosure
3. Intragovernmental Securities								
A. Nonmarketable,								
Market-Based 1. Military Retirement			Effective					
Fund 2. Medicare Eligible	\$	226,791,000,712.69	Interest	\$	(6,229,574,423.72)	\$	220,561,426,288.97	\$ 209,235,604,929.87
Retiree Health Care Fund		110,891,956,448.18	Effective Interest		(1,667,630,146.64)		109,224,326,301.54	102,513,004,338.31
3. US Army Corps of Engineers		4,007,285,587.61	Effective Interest		(34,158,573.26)		3,973,127,014.35	3,926,428,988.41
4. Other Funds		1,971,250,905.14	Effective Interest		(10,211,418.91)		1,961,039,486.23	1,945,680,950.63
5. Total Nonmarketable, Market-Based		343,661,493,653.62			(7,941,574,562.53)		335,719,919,091.09	317,620,719,207.22
B. Accrued Interest		3,255,181,770.44					3,255,181,770.44	3,255,181,770.44
C. Total Intragovernmental Securities	\$	346,916,675,424.06		\$	(7,941,574,562.53)	\$	338,975,100,861.53	\$ 320,875,900,977.66
4. Other Investments					,			· · · · · ·
A. Total Other	\$	1,359,615,130.00		\$	0.00	\$	1,359,615,130.00	N/A

Investments

The Department invests primarily in non-marketable market based securities. It is the intent of the Department to hold the investments to maturity to prevent losses on the securities; therefore, the Department does not mark - to - market.

The Federal Government does not set aside assets to pay future benefits and expenditures associated with earmarked funds. The cash generated from earmarked funds is deposited in the U.S. Treasury, which uses the cash for general Government purposes. The U.S. Treasury securities are issued to the earmarked funds as evidence of earmarked fund receipts. The U.S. Treasury securities are an asset to the Department and a liability to the U.S. Treasury. The Department and the U.S. Treasury are both part of the Federal Government, and therefore, these assets and liabilities offset each other from the standpoint of the Federal Government as a whole. For this reason, they do not represent an asset or a liability in the U.S. Governmentwide financial statements.

The U.S. Treasury securities provide the Department with authority to draw upon the U.S. Treasury to make future benefit payments or other expenditures. When the Department requires redemption of these securities, the Federal Government finances the securities out of accumulated cash balances, by raising taxes or other receipts, borrowing from the public or repaying less debt, or curtailing other expenditures. These are the same methods the Federal Government uses to finance all other expenditures.

Other Funds primarily comprise investments of the Department of Defense Education Benefits Trust Fund and Voluntary Separation Incentive Trust Fund investments.

Agency Wide

Note 5. Accourt	nts Receivable			
As of June 30		2008		2007
	Gross Amount Due	Allowance For Estimated Uncollectibles	Accounts Receivable, Net	Accounts Receivable, Net
 Intragovernmental Receivables Nonfederal Receivables (From the Public) 	 \$ 1,394,629,114.31 \$ 7,874,437,477.61 	N/A \$ (273,975,872.76)		 \$ 1,630,933,213.63 \$ 7,684,301,531.97
3. Total Accounts Receivable	\$ 9,269,066,591.92			\$ 9,315,234,745.60

Aged Accounts Receivable

As of June 30	2008					4th Quar	ter 2	.007
	lr	ntragovernmental		Nonfederal	I	ntragovernmental		Nonfederal
CATEGORY								
Nondelinquent								
Current	\$	8,000,763,845.66	\$	2,069,559,840.87	\$	8,299,565,749.93	\$	1,770,466,745.54
Noncurrent		150,836,117.94		1,667,784,541.35		233,939,178.00		1,607,397,811.84
Delinquent								
1 to 30 days	\$	184,708,086.75	\$	161,435,707.10	\$	132,351,472.40	\$	167,245,424.64
31 to 60 days		52,842,680.21		58,225,770.17		49,983,955.72		136,621,571.97
61 to 90 days		71,066,155.71		68,451,560.99		54,414,372.25		97,960,494.28
91 to 180 days		66,288,197.41		114,647,365.99		68,165,662.27		176,412,279.24
181 days to 1 year		138,970,473.05		220,241,177.04		49,941,414.13		201,806,445.43
Greater than 1 year and less								
than or equal to 2 years		67,118,247.81		330,314,790.51		65,415,327.77		197,894,172.97
Greater than 2 years and less								
than or equal to 6 years Greater than 6 years and less		58,998,213.52		201,230,861.87		25,147,695.10		168,264,457.39
than or equal to 10 years		657,439.11		634,480,332.98		682,742.74		588,664,564.13
Greater than 10 years		506,679.33		2,768,767,878.06		15,360.62		2,714,086,471.58
•			•		-	,	•	
Subtotal Less Supported Undistributed	\$	8,792,756,136.50	\$	8,295,139,826.93	\$	8,979,622,930.93	\$	7,826,820,439.01
Collections		(126,293,641.81)		(395,288,272.75)		(76,753,422.85)		(162,118,210.23)
Less Eliminations		(7,218,546,093.95)		0.00		(7,166,836,064.49)		0.00
Less Other		(53,287,286.43)		(25,414,076.57)		(322,741,829.13)		19,367,565.94
Total	\$	1,394,629,114.31	\$	7,874,437,477.61	\$	1,413,291,614.46	\$	7,684,069,794.72

Note 6. Other Assets

As of June 30		2008	2007		
 Intragovernmental Other Assets A. Advances and Prepayments B. Other Assets 	\$	965,352,917.01 124,925,000.00	\$	1,242,337,901.08 124,925,000.00	
C. Total Intragovernmental Other Assets	\$	1,090,277,917.01	\$	1,367,262,901.08	
 2. Nonfederal Other Assets A. Outstanding Contract Financing Payments B. Advances and Prepayments on behalf of 	\$	28,135,705,879.99	\$	25,542,424,141.25	
Foreign Governments		0.00		0.00	
C. Advances and PrepaymentsD. Other Assets (With the Public)		1,171,293,291.34 466,596,942.46		1,662,465,750.39 522,032,786.04	
E. Total Nonfederal Other Assets	\$	29,773,596,113.79	\$	27,726,922,677.68	
3. Total Other Assets	\$	30,863,874,030.80	\$	29,094,185,578.76	

Intragovernmental Other Assets consists of the Department's right to approximately six million barrels of crude oil held by the Department of Energy.

Nonfederal Other Assets is primarily comprised of advances paid to contractors for undelivered defense articles.

Contract terms and conditions for certain types of contract financing payments convey rights to the Department that protect the contract work from state or local taxation, liens or attachment by the contractor's creditors, transfer of property, or disposition in bankruptcy; however, these rights should not be misconstrued to mean that ownership of the contractor's work has transferred to the Federal Government. The Federal Government does not have the right to take the work, except as provided for in contract clauses related to termination or acceptance, and the Department is not obligated to make payment to the contractor until delivery and acceptance.

Outstanding Contract Financing Payments balance of \$28.1 billion is comprised of \$26.7 billion in contract financing payments and an additional \$1.4 billion in estimated future payments to the contractor upon delivery and government acceptance of a satisfactory product. (See additional discussion in Note 15, Other Liabilities.)

The balance in Other Assets (With the Public) includes \$184.4 million for an Advance Payment Pool Agreement with nonprofit institutions and \$174.5 million for inventory returned to vendors pending credit.

Note 7. Cash and Other Monetary Assets

As of June 30	2008	2007
1. Cash 2. Foreign Currency 3. Other Monetary Assets	\$ 1,336,405,798.15 1,325,565,972.33 0.00	\$ 1,693,107,165.75 1,037,010,612.39 0.00
4. Total Cash, Foreign Currency, & Other Monetary Assets	\$ 2,661,971,770.48	\$ 2,730,117,778.14

All cash, except for \$128.8 million in undeposited collections, and all foreign currency represents nonentity assets and thus are restricted and unavailable for use in the Department's mission.

Note 8. Direct Loan and/or Loan Guarantee Programs

As of June 30

Direct Loan and/or Loan Guarantee Programs

The Department operates the following direct loan and loan guarantee programs:

- Military Housing Privatization Initiative (MHPI)
- Armament Retooling and Manufacturing Support Initiative (ARMS)

The Federal Credit Reform Act of 1990 governs all amended direct loan obligations and loan guarantee commitments made after FY 1991 resulting in direct loans or loan guarantees.

Direct loans are reported at the net present value of the following projected cash flows:

- Loan disbursements;
- Repayments of principal; and
- Payments of interest and other payments over the life of the loan after adjusting for estimated defaults, prepayments, fees, penalties and other recoveries.

Loan guarantee liabilities are reported at the net present value. The cost of the loan guarantee is the net present value of the following estimated projected cash flows:

- Payments by the Department to cover defaults and delinquencies, interest subsidies, or other payments; offset by
- Payments to the Department including origination and other fees, penalties, and recoveries.

Military Housing Privatization Initiative

The MHPI includes both direct loan and loan guarantee programs. The loan guarantee program is authorized by the National Defense Authorization Act for FY 1996, Public Law 104-106, Section 2801, and includes a series of authorities that allow the Department to work with the private sector to renovate and build military family housing. The MHPI accelerates the construction of new housing, built to market standards, and leverages private section capital. The Department provides protection to the private sector partner against specific risks, such as base closure or member deployment. One of the goals of the Department is to obtain private sector capital to leverage government dollars. The Department provides protection to the private sector capital to leverage deployment.

Armament Retooling and Manufacturing Support Initiative

The ARMS Initiative, authorized by Title 10 United States Code 4551-4555, is a loan guarantee program designed to encourage commercial use of the Army's inactive ammunition plants through many incentives for businesses willing to locate to a government ammunition production facility. The production capacity of these facilities is greater than current military requirements; however, this capacity may be needed by the military in the future. Revenues from property rentals are used to help offset the overhead costs for the operation, maintenance and environmental cleanup at the facilities. The resulting savings in overhead costs lower the production cost of the goods manufactured and fund environmental cleanup at no cost to the government.

In an effort to preclude additional loan liability, the Army instituted an ARMS loan guarantee moratorium in FY 2004. The Army continues to operate under the moratorium and does not anticipate new loans.

Summary of Direct Loans and Loan Guarantees

As of June 30		2008	2007
Loans Receivable			
 <u>Direct Loans</u> Foreign Military Loan Liquidating Account Military Housing Privatization Initiative Foreign Military Financing Account Military Debt Reduction Financing Account 5. Total Direct Loans 	\$\$	0.00 231,458,647.56 0.00 0.00 231,458,647.56	\$ 0.00 195,192,948.51 0.00 0.00 195,192,948.51
 <u>Defaulted Loan Guarantees</u> A. Foreign Military Financing Account B. Military Housing Privatization Initiative C. Armament Retooling & Manufacturing Support Initiative 7. Total Default Loan Guarantees 	\$\$	0.00 0.00 <u>66,840.47</u> 66,840.47	\$ 0.00 0.00 <u>15,553,827.30</u> 15,553,827.30
8. Total Loans Receivable	\$	231,525,488.03	\$ 210,746,775.81

As of June 30	2008	2007
Loan Guarantee Liability		
 Foreign Military Liquidating Account Military Housing Privatization Initiative Armament Retooling & Manufacturing 	\$ 0.00 25,656,244.64	\$ 0.00 24,983,924.08
Support Initiative	 (110,338.95)	 12,548,528.55
4. Total Loan Guarantee Liability	\$ 25,545,905.69	\$ 37,532,452.63

Loans receivable, net, or value of assets related to loans, is not the same as the proceeds the Department would expect to receive from selling the loans.

The abnormal ARMS loan guarantee liability is due to interest income exceeding interest expense. The Department will reestimate the loan guarantee liability at the end of the fiscal year and return any excess income to the U.S. Treasury.

Direct Loans Obligated

B. Interest Receivable3,502,780.822,113,6C. Foreclosed Property0.00D. Allowance for Subsidy Cost (Present Value)(111,639,143.90)(114,997,86)	_As of June 30		2008	2007			
(Allowance for Loss Method): 1. Foreign Military Loan Liquidating Account A. Loans Receivable Gross \$ B. Interest Receivable 0.00 C. Foreclosed Property 0.00 D. Allowance for Loan Losses 0.00 E. Value of Assets Related to Direct Loans, Net \$ Direct Loans Obligated After FY 1991 (Present Value Method): \$ 2. Military Housing Privatization Initiative \$ A. Loans Receivable Gross \$ B. Interest Receivable 3,502,780.82 C. Foreclosed Property 0.00 D. Allowance for Subsidy Cost (Present Value) (111,639,143.90) E. Value of Assets Related to Direct Loans \$ S. Foreigns Military Financing Account \$ A. Loans Receivable Gross \$ B. Interest Receivable \$ C. Foreclosed Property 0.00 E. Value of Assets Related to Direct Loans \$ S. Foreign Military Financing Account \$ A. Loans Receivable Gross \$ B. Interest Receivable \$ O.00 \$ B. Interest Receivable Gross \$ B. Interest Receiva							
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E. Value of Assets Related to Direct Loans \$ 231,458,647.56 \$ 195,192,5 3. Foreign Military Financing Account A. Loans Receivable Gross \$ 0.00 B. Interest Receivable 0.00 \$ C. Foreclosed Property 0.00 0.00 D. Allowance for Subsidy Cost (Present Value) 0.00 \$ E. Value of Assets Related to Direct Loans \$ 0.00 \$ 4. Military Debt Reduction Financing Account \$ 0.00 \$ A. Loans Receivable Gross \$ 0.00 \$ B. Interest Receivable Gross \$ 0.00 \$					0.00		
3. Foreign Military Financing Account \$ 0.00 \$ A. Loans Receivable Gross \$ 0.00 \$ B. Interest Receivable 0.00 \$ 0.00 C. Foreclosed Property 0.00 \$ 0.00 D. Allowance for Subsidy Cost (Present Value) 0.00 \$ 0.00 E. Value of Assets Related to Direct Loans \$ 0.00 \$ 4. Military Debt Reduction Financing Account \$ 0.00 \$ A. Loans Receivable Gross \$ 0.00 \$ B. Interest Receivable Gross \$ 0.00 \$ C. Foreclosed Property 0.00 \$ \$	D. Allowance for Subsidy Cost (Fresent Value)		(111,039,143.90)	<u> </u>	(114,997,002.44)		
A. Loans Receivable Gross \$ 0.00 \$ B. Interest Receivable 0.00 0.00 0.00 C. Foreclosed Property 0.00 0.00 0.00 D. Allowance for Subsidy Cost (Present Value) 0.00 0.00 0.00 E. Value of Assets Related to Direct Loans \$ 0.00 \$ 4. Military Debt Reduction Financing Account \$ 0.00 \$ A. Loans Receivable Gross \$ 0.00 \$ B. Interest Receivable 0.00 \$ 0.00 C. Foreclosed Property 0.00 \$ 0.00	E. Value of Assets Related to Direct Loans	\$	231,458,647.56	\$	195,192,948.51		
A. Loans Receivable Gross \$ 0.00 \$ B. Interest Receivable 0.00 0.00 0.00 C. Foreclosed Property 0.00 0.00 0.00 D. Allowance for Subsidy Cost (Present Value) 0.00 0.00 0.00 E. Value of Assets Related to Direct Loans \$ 0.00 \$ 4. Military Debt Reduction Financing Account \$ 0.00 \$ A. Loans Receivable Gross \$ 0.00 \$ B. Interest Receivable 0.00 \$ 0.00 C. Foreclosed Property 0.00 \$ 0.00	3. Foreign Military Financing Account						
C. Foreclosed Property 0.00 D. Allowance for Subsidy Cost (Present Value) 0.00 E. Value of Assets Related to Direct Loans \$ 4. Military Debt Reduction Financing Account \$ A. Loans Receivable Gross \$ B. Interest Receivable 0.00 C. Foreclosed Property 0.00	A. Loans Receivable Gross	\$		\$	0.00		
D. Allowance for Subsidy Cost (Present Value) 0.00 E. Value of Assets Related to Direct Loans \$ 0.00 4. Military Debt Reduction Financing Account \$ 0.00 A. Loans Receivable Gross \$ 0.00 B. Interest Receivable 0.00 C. Foreclosed Property 0.00					0.00		
E. Value of Assets Related to Direct Loans \$ 0.00 \$ 4. Military Debt Reduction Financing Account A. Loans Receivable Gross \$ 0.00 \$ B. Interest Receivable 0.00 \$ C. Foreclosed Property 0.00 \$					0.00 0.00		
4. Military Debt Reduction Financing Account	D. Anowance for Subsidy Cost (Fresent Value)		0.00	<u> </u>	0.00		
A. Loans Receivable Gross\$0.00\$B. Interest Receivable0.000.00C. Foreclosed Property0.00	E. Value of Assets Related to Direct Loans	\$	0.00	\$	0.00		
B. Interest Receivable0.00C. Foreclosed Property0.00	4. Military Debt Reduction Financing Account						
C. Foreclosed Property 0.00	A. Loans Receivable Gross	\$	0.00	\$	0.00		
					0.00		
D. Allowance for Subsidy Cost (Present Value) 0.00					0.00		
	D. Allowance for Subsidy Cost (Present Value)		0.00		0.00		
E. Value of Assets Related to Direct Loans, Net <u>\$ 0.00</u>	E. Value of Assets Related to Direct Loans, Net	\$	0.00	\$	0.00		
5. Total Direct Loans Receivable \$ 231,458,647.56 \$ 195,192,9	5 Total Direct Loans Receivable	¢	224 460 647 66	¢	195,192,948.51		

Total Amount of Direct Loans Disbursed

As of June 30	2008	2007
Direct Loan Programs		
1. Military Housing Privatization Initiative	\$ 31,725,000.00	\$ 11,900,000.00
2. Foreign Military Financing Account	0.00	0.00
3. Military Debt Reduction Financing Account	 0.00	0.00
4. Total	\$ 31,725,000.00	\$ 11,900,000.00

Subsidy Expense for Post FY 1991 Direct Loan

As of June 30

Foreign Military Financing Account 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 Military Debt Reduction Financing Account 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 Total \$ 12,629,722.00 \$ 2,988,496.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 15,618, 2007 Interest Differential Defaults Fees Other Total 2. New Direct Loans Disbursed: Interest Differential Defaults Fees Other Total 3. Direct Loans Defaults \$ 2,126,653.00 \$ 1,303,433.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 3,430, Total \$ 2,126,653.00 \$ 1,303,433.00 \$ 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 Military Financing Account 0.00 <	Disbursed: Military Housing Privatization Initiative Foreign Military Financing Account		2008 Interest Differential Defaults	Fees Other		Total	
Initiative \$ 12,629,722.00 \$ 2,988,496.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 15,618, Foreign Military Financing Account 0.00 \$ 3,430, \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 3,430, \$ 0.00 \$ 3,430, \$ 0.00 \$ 3,430, \$ 0.00 \$ 3,430, \$ 0.00 \$ 3,430, \$ 0.00 \$ 3,430, \$ 0.00 \$ 3,430,	Initiative Foreign Military Financing Account						
Account 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 Military Debt Reduction Financing Account 0.00 \$ 15,618, 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 3,430, \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 <	Account	\$ 12,629,722.0	\$ 12,629,722.00 \$ 2,988,49	6.00 \$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 15,618,218.00	
Financing Account 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 Total \$ 12,629,722.00 \$ 2,988,496.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 15,618, 2007 Interest Differential Defaults Fees Other Total 2. New Direct Loans Disbursed: Interest Differential Defaults Fees Other Total 7 oreign Military Financing Account \$ 2,126,653.00 \$ 1,303,433.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 3,430, Foreign Military Enancing Account \$ 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 Military Debt Reduction Financing Account \$ 2,126,653.00 \$ 1,303,433.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 3,430, Total \$ 2,126,653.00 \$ 1,303,433.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 3,430, Total \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 3,430, Total \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 3,430, Total \$ 0.00 \$ 6,081.17 \$ 118,161.84 \$ 124,243.01	Military Debt Reduction	0.0		0.00 0.00	0.00	0.00	
2007 Interest Differential Defaults Fees Other Total 2. New Direct Loans Disbursed: Military Housing Privatization Initiative \$ 2,126,653.00 \$ 1,303,433.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 3,430, 0.00 Foreign Military Financing Account \$ 2,126,653.00 \$ 1,303,433.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 3,430, 0.00 Military Debt Reduction Financing Account 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 Total \$ 2,126,653.00 \$ 1,303,433.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 3,430, 2008 Modifications Interest Rate Reestimates Total Reestimates Total 3. Direct Loan Modifications and Reestimates: 0.00 \$ 6,081.17 \$ 118,161.84 \$ 124,243.01 \$ 124, 4,243.01 Military Debt Reduction Financing Account \$ 0.00 \$ 6,081.17 \$ 118,161.84 \$ 124,243.01 \$ 124, 4,243.01 \$ 124, 4,2007 Modifications Interest Rate Reestimates Total Reestimates Total Reestimates Total Reestimates 4. Direct Loan Modifications Interest Rate Reestimates Total Reestimates Total Reestimates Total	Financing Account	0.0		0.00 0.00	0.00	0.00	
2007Interest DifferentialDefaultsFeesOtherTotal2. New Direct Loans Disbursed: Miltary Housing Privatization Initiative\$ 2,126,653.00\$ 1,303,433.00\$ 0.00\$ 0.00\$ 3,430.Foreign Military Financing Account0.000.000.000.000.00\$ 3,430.Military Debt Reduction Financing Account0.000.000.000.000.00\$ 3,430.Total\$ 2,126,653.00\$ 1,303,433.00\$ 0.00\$ 0.00\$ 3,430.Military Debt Reduction Financing Account0.000.000.000.00\$ 3,430.Total\$ 2,126,653.00\$ 1,303,433.00\$ 0.00\$ 0.00\$ 3,430.2008ModificationsInterest Rate ReestimatesTotal ReestimatesTotal3. Direct Loan Modifications and Reestimates:Modifications\$ 0.00\$ 6,081.17\$ 118,161.84\$ 124,243.01\$ 124,Miltary Debt Reduction Financing Account0.000.000.000.000.00124,Military Debt Reduction Financing Account\$ 0.00\$ 6,081.17\$ 118,161.84\$ 124,243.01\$ 124,Military Debt Reduction Financing Account\$ 0.00\$ 6,081.17\$ 118,161.84\$ 124,243.01\$ 124,ModificationsInterest Rate ReestimatesTotal ReestimatesTotal\$ 0.00\$ 0.004. Direct Loan ModificationsInterest Rate ReestimatesTotal ReestimatesTotal4. Direct Loan ModificationsInterest Rate Reestimates	Total	\$ 12,629,722.0	\$ 12,629,722.00 \$ 2,988,49	06.00 \$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 15,618,218.00	
Disbursed: Military Housing Privatization Initiative Foreign Military Financing Account \$ 2,126,653.00 \$ 1,303,433.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 3,430, Foreign Military Financing Account 0.00 \$ 3,430, \$ 0.00 \$ 3,430, \$ 0.00 \$ 3,430, \$ 0.00 \$ 3,430, \$ 0.00 \$ 3,430, \$ 0.00 \$ 3,430, \$ 0.00 \$ 3,430, \$ 0.00 \$ 3,430, \$ 0.00 \$ 3,430, \$ 0.00 \$ 3,430, \$ 0.00 \$ 3,430, \$ 0.00 \$ 5,000 \$ 6,081.17 \$ 118,161.84 \$ 124,243.01 \$ 124, \$ 124, <td>2007</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Other</td> <td>Total</td>	2007				Other	Total	
Military Housing Privatization Initiative S \$ 2,126,653.00 \$ 1,303,433.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 3,430, S Foreign Military Financing Account 0.00 S 3,430, S 0.00 S 0,00 S 0,00 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>							
Foreign Military Financing Account 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 Military Debt Reduction Financing Account 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 Total \$ 2,126,653.00 \$ 1,303,433.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 3,430, 2008 Modifications Interest Rate Reestimates Technical Reestimates Total Reestimates Total 3. Direct Loan Modifications and Reestimates: Modifications Interest Rate Reestimates Total Reestimates Total \$ 0.00 \$ 6,081.17 \$ 118,161.84 \$ 124,243.01 \$ 124, 4,243.01 \$ 124, 5 124, 5 124, 5 124, 5 0.00 \$ 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 Total \$ 0.00 \$ 6,081.17 \$ 118,161.84 \$ 124,243.01 \$ 124, 5 124, 5 124,243.01 \$ 124, 5 124, 5 124, 5 124, 5 124, 5 124, 5 124,243.01 \$ 124, 5 124, 5 124, 5 124, 5 124, 5 124, 5 124,243.01 \$ 124, 5 124	Military Housing Privatization	\$ 2 126 653 0	ing Privatization	3.00 \$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 3,430,086.00	
Military Debt Reduction Financing Account0.000.000.000.00Total\$ 2,126,653.00\$ 1,303,433.00\$ 0.00\$ 0.00\$ 3,430,2008ModificationsInterest Rate ReestimatesTechnical ReestimatesTotal ReestimatesTotal3. Direct Loan Modifications and Reestimates:ModificationsInterest Rate ReestimatesTotal ReestimatesTotal3. Direct Loan Modifications and Reestimates:\$ 0.00\$ 6,081.17\$ 118,161.84\$ 124,243.01\$ 124,Military Housing Privatization Initiative Foreign Military Financing Account\$ 0.00\$ 6,081.17\$ 118,161.84\$ 124,243.01\$ 124,Military Debt Reduction Financing Account0.000.000.000.000.000.00Total\$ 0.00\$ 6,081.17\$ 118,161.84\$ 124,243.01\$ 124,2007ModificationsInterest Rate ReestimatesTechnical ReestimatesTotal ReestimatesTotal4. Direct Loan ModificationsInterest Rate ReestimatesTotal ReestimatesTotal Reestimates	Foreign Military Financing		ary Financing			0.00	
Total\$ 2,126,653.00\$ 1,303,433.00\$ 0.00\$ 0.00\$ 3,430,2008ModificationsInterest Rate ReestimatesTechnical ReestimatesTotal ReestimatesTotal3. Direct Loan Modifications and Reestimates: Military Housing Privatization Initiative\$ 0.00\$ 6,081.17\$ 118,161.84\$ 124,243.01\$ 124,Foreign Military Financing Account\$ 0.00\$ 6,081.17\$ 118,161.84\$ 124,243.01\$ 124,Military Debt Reduction Financing Account0.000.000.000.000.00Total\$ 0.00\$ 6,081.17\$ 118,161.84\$ 124,243.01\$ 124,Total\$ 0.00\$ 6,081.17\$ 118,161.84\$ 124,243.01\$ 124,Military Debt Reduction Financing Account0.000.000.000.000.00ModificationsInterest Rate ReestimatesTechnical ReestimatesTotal ReestimatesTotal2007ModificationsInterest Rate ReestimatesTotal ReestimatesTotal4. Direct Loan ModificationsInterest Rate ReestimatesTotal ReestimatesTotal	Military Debt Reduction		Reduction				
2008ModificationsInterest Rate ReestimatesTechnical ReestimatesTotal ReestimatesTotal3. Direct Loan Modifications and Reestimates: Military Housing Privatization Initiative\$0.00\$6,081.17\$118,161.84\$124,243.01\$124,Military Housing Privatization Initiative\$0.00\$6,081.17\$118,161.84\$124,243.01\$124,Foreign Military Financing Account0.000.000.000.000.000.00124,Military Debt Reduction Financing Account0.000.000.000.000.00124,Total\$0.00\$6,081.17\$118,161.84\$124,243.01\$124,Total\$0.00\$6,081.17\$118,161.84\$124,243.01\$124,2007ModificationsInterest Rate ReestimatesTechnical ReestimatesTotal ReestimatesTotal4. Direct Loan ModificationsInterest Rate ReestimatesTotal ReestimatesTotal	Financing Account	0.0	Account 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00	0.00	
2008Modifications ReestimatesReestimatesPotal ReestimatesPotal Reestimates3. Direct Loan Modifications and Reestimates: Military Housing Privatization Initiative\$0.00\$6,081.17\$118,161.84\$124,243.01\$124,Foreign Military Financing Account0.006,081.17\$118,161.84\$124,243.01\$124,Military Debt Reduction Financing Account0.000.000.000.000.000.00Total\$0.00\$6,081.17\$118,161.84\$124,243.01\$124,Total\$0.00\$6,081.17\$118,161.84\$124,243.01\$124,2007ModificationsInterest Rate ReestimatesTechnical ReestimatesTotal ReestimatesTotal4. Direct Loan ModificationsInterest Rate ReestimatesTotal ReestimatesTotal ReestimatesTotal	Total	\$ 2,126,653.0	+ / //// + /////		\$ 0.00	\$ 3,430,086.00	
and Reestimates: Military Housing Privatization Initiative\$0.00\$6,081.17\$118,161.84\$124,243.01\$124,Foreign Military Financing Account0.000.000.000.000.00124,Military Debt Reduction Financing Account0.000.000.000.000.000.00Military Debt Reduction Financing Account0.000.000.000.000.000.00ModificationsInterest Rate ReestimatesTechnical ReestimatesTotal ReestimatesTotalTotal4. Direct Loan ModificationsInterest Rate ReestimatesTechnical ReestimatesTotal ReestimatesTotal	2008	Modifications	Modifications	Lotal Roostimatos		Total	
Initiative \$ 0.00 \$ 6,081.17 \$ 118,161.84 \$ 124,243.01 \$ 124, Foreign Military Financing Account 0.00							
Foreign Military Financing Account 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 Military Debt Reduction Financing Account 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 Total \$ 0.00 \$ 6,081.17 \$ 118,161.84 \$ 124,243.01 \$ 124, 2007 Modifications Interest Rate Reestimates Technical Reestimates Total Reestimates Total 4. Direct Loan Modifications		^				• • • • • • • • •	
Military Debt Reduction Financing Account 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 Total \$ 0.00 \$ 6,081.17 \$ 118,161.84 \$ 124,243.01 \$ 124, 2007 Modifications Interest Rate Reestimates Technical Reestimates Total Reestimates Total Reestimates 4. Direct Loan Modifications Interest Rate Interest Rate <td></td> <td>\$ 0.0</td> <td></td> <td>118,161.84</td> <td>\$ 124,243.01</td> <td>\$ 124,243.01</td>		\$ 0.0		118,161.84	\$ 124,243.01	\$ 124,243.01	
Financing Account 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 Total \$ 0.00 \$ 6,081.17 \$ 118,161.84 \$ 124,243.01 \$ 124, 2007 Modifications Interest Rate Reestimates Technical Reestimates Total Reestimates Total Reestimates Total Reestimates 4. Direct Loan Modifications	Account	0.0		0.00 0.00	0.00	0.00	
2007 Modifications Interest Rate Reestimates Technical Reestimates Total Reestimates Total 4. Direct Loan Modifications <		0.0		0.00 0.00	0.00	0.00	
2007 Modifications Reestimates Reestimates Total Reestimates Total Reestimates 4. Direct Loan Modifications Image: Comparison of the section of the secti	Military Debt Reduction	\$ 0.0	\$ 0.00 \$ 6,08	1.17 \$ 118,161.84	\$ 124,243.01	\$ 124,243.01	
	Military Debt Reduction Financing Account	V	Modifications		Total Reestimates	Total	
and keestimates:	Military Debt Reduction Financing Account Total	Modifications	n Modifications				
Military Housing Privatization Initiative \$ 0.00 \$ 234,866.00 \$ 6,742,155.00 \$ 6,977,021.00 <	Military Debt Reduction Financing Account Total 2007	Modifications	nates:				
Foreign Military Financing	Military Debt Reduction Financing Account Total 2007 4. Direct Loan Modifications and Reestimates:		ing Privatization	6.00 \$ 6,742,155.00	\$ 6,977,021.00	\$ 6,977,021.00	
Military Debt Reduction	Military Debt Reduction Financing Account Total 2007 4. Direct Loan Modifications and Reestimates: Military Housing Privatization Initiative Foreign Military Financing	\$ 0.0	sing Privatization \$ 0.00 \$ 234,86 ary Financing			+ -,- ,	
	Military Debt Reduction Financing Account Total 2007 4. Direct Loan Modifications and Reestimates: Military Housing Privatization Initiative Foreign Military Financing Account Military Debt Reduction	\$ 0.0 0.0	sing Privatization \$ 0.00 \$ 234,86 0.00 Reduction	0.00 0.00	0.00	0.00	
Total \$ 0.00 \$ 234,866.00 \$ 6,742,155.00 \$ 6,977,021.00 \$ 6,977,	Military Debt Reduction Financing Account Total 2007 4. Direct Loan Modifications and Reestimates: Military Housing Privatization Initiative Foreign Military Financing Account Military Debt Reduction Financing Account	\$ 0.0 0.0 0.0	ing Privatization \$ 0.00 \$ 234,86 0.00 Reduction Account 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00	0.00	

	2008	2007
5. Total Direct Loan Subsidy Expense: Military Housing Privatization Initiative	\$ 15,742,461.01	\$ 10,407,107.00
Foreign Military Financing Account Military Debt Reduction	0.00	0.00
Financing Account	 0.00	0.00
Total	\$ 15,742,461.01	\$ 10,407,107.00

Subsidy Rate for Direct Loans by Program

As of June 30	Interest Differential	Detaults		Other	Total	
Budget Subsidy Rates for Direct Loans:						
1. Military Housing Privatization Initiative	25.25%	18.25%	0.00%	0.00%	43.50%	
2. Foreign Military Financing Account	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
3. Military Debt Reduction Financing Account	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	

Subsidy rates pertain to the loan agreements contracted during the current fiscal year. These rates cannot be applied to the direct loans disbursed during the current reporting year to yield the subsidy expense. The subsidy expense for new loans disbursed in the current year could result from disbursement of loans from both current and prior year loan agreements. The subsidy expense reported in the current year also includes reestimates.

Schedule for Reconciling Subsidy Cost Allowance Balances for Post FY1991 Direct Loans

_As of June 30	_	2008	2007
Beginning Balances, Changes and Ending Balance:			
1. Beginning Balance of the Subsidy Cost Allowance	\$	95,896,682.89	\$ 104,590,775.44
2. Add: Subsidy Expense for Direct Loans Disbursed during the Reporting Years by Component			
A. Interest Rate Differential Costs	\$	12,629,722.00	\$ 2,126,653.00
B. Default Costs (Net of Recoveries)		2,988,496.00	1,303,433.00
C. Fees and Other Collections		0.00	0.00
D. Other Subsidy Costs		0.00	0.00
E. Total of the above Subsidy Expense Components	\$	15,618,218.00	\$ 3,430,086.00
3. Adjustments			
A. Loan Modifications	\$	0.00	\$ 0.00
B. Fees Received		0.00	0.00
C. Foreclosed Property Acquired		0.00	0.00
D. Loans Written Off		0.00	0.00
E. Subsidy Allowance Amortization		0.00	0.00
F. Other		0.00	0.00
G. Total of the above Adjustment Components	\$	0.00	\$ 0.00
4. Ending Balance of the Subsidy Cost Allowance before			
Re-estimates	\$	111,514,900.89	\$ 108,020,861.44
5. Add or Subtract Subsidy Re-estimates by Component			
A. Interest Rate Re-estimate	\$	6,081.17	\$ 234,866.00
B. Technical/Default Reestimate		118,161.84	6,742,155.00
C. Total of the above Reestimate Components	\$	124,243.01	\$ 6,977,021.00
6. Ending Balance of the Subsidy Cost Allowance	\$	111,639,143.90	\$ 114,997,882.44

Defaulted Guaranteed Loans

As of June 30	2008	2007
Defaulted Guaranteed Loans from Pre-FY 1992 Guarantees (Allowance for Loss Method):		
 Foreign Military Liquidating Account A. Defaulted Guaranteed Loans Receivable, Gross B. Interest Receivable C. Foreclosed Property D. Allowance for Loan Losses E. Value of Assets Related to Defaulted Guaranteed Loans Receivable, Net 	\$ 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	\$ 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
Defaulted Guaranteed Loans from Post-FY 1991 Guarantees (Present Value Method):		
 2. Military Housing Privatization Initiative A. Defaulted Guaranteed Loans Receivable, Gross B. Interest Receivable C. Foreclosed Property D. Allowance for Subsidy Cost (Present Value) 	\$ 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	\$ 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
E. Value of Assets Related to Defaulted Guaranteed Loans Receivable, Net	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00
 3. Armament Retooling & Manufacturing Support Initiative A. Defaulted Guaranteed Loans Receivable, Gross B. Interest Receivable C. Foreclosed Property D. Allowance for Subsidy Cost (Present Value) E. Value of Assets Related to Defaulted 	\$ 14,407,200.02 0.00 0.00 (14,340,359.55)	\$ 14,407,200.02 1,146,627.28 0.00 0.00
Guaranteed Loans Receivable, Net	\$ 66,840.47	\$ 15,553,827.30
4. Total Value of Assets Related to Defaulted Guaranteed Loans Receivable	\$ 66,840.47	\$ 15,553,827.30

Guaranteed Loans Outstanding

As of June 30		Outstanding Principal of Guaranteed Loans, Face Value		Amount of Outstanding Principal Guaranteed		
Guaranteed Loans Outstanding						
 Military Housing Privatization Initiative Armament Retooling & Manufacturing Support Initiative Foreign Military Liquidating Account 	\$	499,091,897.00 4,027,223.65 0.00	\$	499,091,897.00 3,423,140.10 0.00		
4. Total	\$	503,119,120.65	\$	502,515,037.10		
2008	1					
New Guaranteed Loans Disbursed						
 Military Housing Privatization Initiative Armament Retooling & Manufacturing Support Initiative 	\$	0.00 0.00	\$	0.00		
3. Foreign Military Liquidating Account		0.00	-	0.00		
4. Total	\$	0.00	\$	0.00		
2007						
New Guaranteed Loans Disbursed						
 Military Housing Privatization Initiative Armament Retooling & Manufacturing Support Initiative Foreign Military Liquidating Account 	\$	0.00 0.00 0.00	\$	0.00 0.00 0.00		
4. Total	\$	0.00	\$	0.00		

Liabilities for Post FY 1991 Loan Guarantees, Present Value

_As of June 30	2008	2007		
Liabilities for Loan Guarantee Programs from Pre-FY 1992 (Allowance for Loss):				
1. Foreign Military Liquidating Account	\$ 0.00	\$	0.00	
2. Total Loan Guarantee Liability (Pre-FY 1992)	\$ 0.00	\$	0.00	
Liabilities for Loan Guarantee Programs Post-FY 1991 (Present Value):				
 Military Housing Privatization Initiative Armament Retooling & Manufacturing Support Initiative 	\$ 25,656,244.64	\$	24,983,924.08	
	 (110,338.95)		12,548,528.55	
5. Total Loan Guarantee Liability (Post-FY 1991)	\$ 25,545,905.69	\$	37,532,452.63	
6. Total Loan Guarantee Liability	\$ 25,545,905.69	\$	37,532,452.63	

The abnormal ARMS loan guarantee liability is due to interest income exceeding interest expense. The Department will reestimate the loan guarantee liability at the end of the fiscal year and return any excess income to the U.S. Treasury.

Subsidy Expense for Loan Guarantees by Program

As of June 30

2008	Ir	nterest Differential		Defaults		Fees		Other		Total
1. New Loan Guarantees Disbursed: Military Housing Privatization Initiative Armament Retooling & Manufacturing Support	\$	0.00	\$	0.00	\$	0.00	\$	0.00	\$	0.00
Initiative		0.00		0.00		0.00		0.00		0.00
Total	\$	0.00	\$	0.00	\$	0.00	\$	0.00	\$	0.00
2007	Ir	nterest Differential		Defaults		Fees		Other		Total
2. New Loan Guarantees Disbursed: Military Housing Privatization Initiative Armament Retooling & Manufacturing Support Initiative	\$	0.00	\$	0.00	\$	0.00	\$	0.00	\$	0.00
Total	\$	0.00	\$	0.00	\$	0.00	\$	0.00	\$	0.00
2008		Modifications	Interest Rate Reestimates		Technical Reestimates		Total Reestimates			Total
3. Modifications and Reestimates: Military Housing Privatization Initiative Armament Retooling & Manufacturing Support Initiative	\$	944,804.49 0.00	\$	0.00 0.00	\$	0.02 0.00	\$	0.02	\$	944,804.51 0.00
	•		•	0.00	<u>^</u>	0.00		0.00	•	044 004 54
Total	\$	944,804.49	\$	0.00 Interest Rate	\$	0.02 Technical	\$	0.02	\$	944,804.51
2007		Modifications		Reestimates		Reestimates	Тс	otal Reestimates		Total
4. Modifications and Reestimates: Military Housing Privatization Initiative Armament Retooling & Manufacturing Support Initiative	\$	0.00	\$	0.00	\$	1,313,752.35	\$	1,313,752.35	\$	1,313,752.35
					-					
Total	\$	0.00	\$	0.00	\$	1,313,752.35	\$	1,313,752.35	\$	1,313,752.35

2000	2008	2007
5. Total Loan Guarantee: Military Housing Privatization Initiative Armament Retooling & Manufacturing Support	\$ 944,804.51	\$ 1,313,752.35
Initiative	 0.00	 0.00
Total	\$ 944,804.51	\$ 1,313,752.35

Subsidy Rates for Loan Guarantees by Program

As of June 30	Interest Supplements	Defaults	Fees and other Collections	Other	Total
Budget Subsidy Rates for Loan Guarantees:					
1. Military Housing Privatization Initiative 2. Armament Retooling & Manufacturing Support	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Initiative	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

There are no new loan guarantees in FY 2008.

Schedule for Reconciling Loan Guarantee Liability Balances for Post-FY 1991 Loan Guarantees

As of June 30	2008	2007		
Beginning Balance, Changes, and Ending Balance:				
1. Beginning Balance of the Loan Guarantee Liability	\$ 25,001,469.02	\$	36,737,916.80	
2. Add: Subsidy Expense for Guaranteed Loans Disbursed during the Reporting Years by Component				
A. Interest Supplement Costs	\$ 0.00	\$	0.00	
B. Default Costs (Net of Recoveries)	0.00		15,553,827.30	
C. Fees and Other Collections	0.00		0.00	
D. Other Subsidy Costs	 0.00		0.00	
E. Total of the above Subsidy Expense Components	\$ 0.00	\$	15,553,827.30	
3. Adjustments				
A. Loan Guarantee Modifications	\$ 0.00	\$	0.00	
B. Fees Received	0.00		0.00	
C. Interest Supplements Paid	0.00		(1,146,627.28)	
D. Foreclosed Property and Loans Acquired	0.00		0.00	
E. Claim Payments to Lenders	0.00		(14,407,200.02)	
F. Interest Accumulation on the Liability Balance	544,436.44		1,009,483.18	
G. Other	 0.21		(214,947.35)	
H. Total of the above Adjustments	\$ 544,436.65	\$	(14,759,291.47)	
4. Ending Balance of the Loan Guarantee Liability before				
Reestimates	\$ 25,545,905.67	\$	37,532,452.63	
5. Add or Subtract Subsidy Reestimates by Component				
A. Interest Rate Reestimate	0.00		0.00	
B. Technical/default Reestimate	0.00		0.00	
C. Total of the above Reestimate Components	\$ 0.02	\$	0.00	
6. Ending Balance of the Loan Guarantee Liability	\$ 25,545,905.69	\$	37,532,452.63	

Administrative Expenses

Administrative Expenses are limited to separately identified expenses for administrating pre FY 1992 and post FY 1991 direct loans and loan guarantee programs. The Department does not maintain a separate program to capture the expenses related to direct loans and loan guarantees for MHPI. Administrative expenses for ARMS represent a fee paid to U.S. Department of Agriculture, Rural Business Cooperative.

Inventory and Related Property Note 9. As of June 30 2008 2007 Inventory, Net Operating Materiel & Supplies, Net Stockpile Materiel, Net \$ 86,292,740,491.76 \$ 84,102,501,792.47 149,853,790,052.94 136,623,298,659.10 801,391,069.96 909,973,620.82 4. Total 236,947,921,614.66 \$ 221,635,774,072.39 \$

Inventory, Net

As of June 30		2008			2007	
	Inventory, Gross Value	Revaluation Allowance	Inventory, Net	et Inventory, N		Valuation Method
1. Inventory Categories A. Available and						
Purchased for Resale B. Held for Repair C. Excess, Obsolete,	\$ 90,486,421,021.69 36,816,508,671.78	\$ (31,424,712,502.77) (10,453,995,036.30)	59,061,708,518.92 26,362,513,635.48	\$	61,570,188,647.26 21,849,344,713.58	LAC,MAC LAC,MAC
and Unserviceable D. Raw Materiel	6,733,795,258.45 105,801,590.37	(6,733,795,258.45) 0.00	0.00 105,801,590.37		0.00 86,960,932.74	NRV MAC,SP,LAC
E. Work in Process F. Total	\$ 762,716,746.99	\$ 0.00 (48,612,502,797.52)	762,716,746.99 86,292,740,491.76	\$	596,007,498.89 84,102,501,792.47	AC

Legend for Valuation Methods:

Adjusted LAC = Latest Acquisition Cost, adjusted for holding gains and losses SP = Standard Price AC = Actual Cost

NRV = Net Realizable Value O = Other MAC = Moving Average Cost

Restrictions

There are few restrictions on the use, sale, or disposition of inventory. However, some restrictions do exist, and they include the following:

- War reserve materiel valued at \$2.1 billion;
- Commissary items valued at \$366.6 million for purchase by authorized patrons;
- Dispositions pending litigation or negotiation valued at \$2.1 million; and
- Identified safety stocks restricted from sale outside the Federal Government.

There are no known restrictions on inventory disposition as related to environmental or other liabilities.

General Composition of Inventory

Inventory includes spare and repair parts, clothing and textiles, and fuels held for sale by the Defense Working Capital Funds. Inventory is tangible personal property that is:

- Held for sale, or held for repair and eventual sale;
- In the process of production for sale; or
- To be consumed in the production of goods for sale or in the provision of service for a fee.

The Department assigns inventory items to a category based upon the type and condition of the asset.

Operating Materiel and Supplies, Net

As of June 30			2008				2007	_
	OM&S Gross Value	Revaluation Allowance		OM&S, Net	OM&S, Net		Valuation Method	
1. OM&S Categories								
A. Held for Use	\$ 132,390,013,868.08	\$	(14,863.04)	\$	132,389,999,005.04	\$	120,625,202,932.13	SP, LAC, MAC
B. Held for Repair C. Excess, Obsolete,	18,807,612,627.20		(1,343,821,579.30)		17,463,791,047.90		15,998,095,726.97	SP, LAC, MAC
and Unserviceable	 3,585,381,889.94		(3,585,381,889.94)		0.00		0.00	NRV
D. Total	\$ 154,783,008,385.22	\$	(4,929,218,332.28)	\$	149,853,790,052.94	\$	136,623,298,659.10	

Legend for Valuation Methods:

Adjusted LAC = Latest Acquisition Cost, adjusted for holding gains and losses SP = Standard Price AC = Actual Cost NRV = Net Realizable Value O = Other MAC = Moving Average Cost

Restrictions

Some munitions included in Operating Materiel and Supplies (OM&S) are restricted due to condition. Restricted munitions are considered obsolete or unserviceable when they cannot be expected to meet performance requirements. Obsolete and unserviceable OM&S may be used in emergency combat situations in which no other suitable munitions are immediately available.

General Composition of OM&S

The OM&S includes spare and repair parts, ammunition, tactical missiles, aircraft configuration pods, and centrally managed aircraft engines held for consumption.

The Department assigns OM&S items into a category based upon the type and condition of the asset.

Stockpile Materiel, Net

As of June 30			2008			2007	
	Stockpile Materiel Amount	Allov	vance for Gains (Losses)	Stockpile Materiel, Net	Stockpile Materiel, Net	Valuation Method	
 Stockpile Materiel Categories A. Held for Sale B. Held in Reserve for Future Sale 	\$ 772,523,254.39 28,867,815.57	\$	0.00 0.00	\$	772,523,254.39 28,867,815.57	\$ 880,649,469.91 29,324,150.91	AC, LCM AC, LCM
C. Total	\$ 801,391,069.96	\$	0.00	\$	801,391,069.96	\$ 909,973,620.82	

Legend for Valuation Methods: LAC = Latest Acquisition Cost SP = Standard Price

AC = Actual Cost

NRV = Net Realizable Value LCM = Lower of Cost or Market O = Other

Restrictions

Materiel held by the National Defense Stockpile (NDS) is restricted until relieved by congressional action and made available for sale on the open market. Stockpile materiel may not be disposed except for: (1) necessary upgrading, refining, or processing; (2) necessary rotation to prevent deterioration; (3) determination as excess with potential financial loss if retained; or (4) as authorized by law.

Since 1994, the NDS has voluntarily suspended mercury sales. The suspension was in response to concerns raised by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency regarding the accumulation of mercury in the global environment.

The Requirements Report to Congress proposes additional restrictions on the use of beryllium metal, mica block, and quartz.

General Composition of Stockpile Materiel

The Department holds strategic and critical stockpile materiel due to statutory requirements for use in national defense, conservation, or national emergencies.

Before selling any materiel, Congress must enact specific enabling legislation (e.g., the National Defense Authorization Act). When authorized to offer materiel for sale, NDS removes the materiel from Materiel Held in Reserve and reclassifies these items as Materiel Held for Sale. The estimated market price of the stockpile materiel held for sale as of 3^{rd} Quarter, FY 2008, is \$1.4 billion.

Note 10.

General PP&E, Net

As	of June 30			2008	2007				
		Depreciation/ Amortization Method	Service Life	Acquisition Value	(Accumulated Depreciation/ Amortization)		Net Book Value		Prior FY Net Book Value
1. M	ajor Asset Classes								
А. В.	Land Buildings,	N/A	N/A	\$ 10,528,061,433.32	N/A	\$	10,528,061,433.32	\$	10,501,709,916.40
	Structures, and								
	Facilities	S/L	20 Or 40	176,799,110,336.06	\$ (103,108,975,201.57))	73,690,135,134.49		70,610,653,393.01
C.	Leasehold								
	Improvements	S/L	lease term	578,723,854.66	(377,394,136.78))	201,329,717.88		183,810,645.53
D.	Software	S/L	2-5 Or 10	9,025,021,914.67	(5,443,848,753.41))	3,581,173,161.26		3,496,753,411.75
Ε.	General								
	Equipment	S/L	5 or 10	73,405,982,763.87	(51,411,448,390.34))	21,994,534,373.53		16,206,121,567.66
F.	Military Equipment	S/L	Various	697,596,274,506.67	(327,878,812,354.72)		369,717,462,151.95		347,084,753,237.45
G	Assets Under								
	Capital Lease	S/L	lease term	918,065,463.34	(579,578,900.27)		338,486,563.07		381,316,894.93
Η.	Construction-in-								
	Progress	N/A	N/A	22,669,658,702.59	N/A		22,669,658,702.59		19,404,361,289.00
Ι.	Other			60,163,083.57	(1,213,860.99))	58,949,222.58		60,877,095.61
J.	Total General								
	PP&E			\$ 991,581,062,058.75	\$ (488,801,271,598.08)	\$	502,779,790,460.67	\$	467,930,357,451.34

¹ Note 15 for additional information on Capital Leases

Legend for Valuation Methods: N/A = Not Applicable S/L = Straight Line

Heritage Assets and Stewardship Land

The Federal Accounting Standards Advisory Board, SFFAS No. 29, "Heritage Assets and Stewardship Land," requires note disclosures for these types of assets. The Department's policy is to preserve its heritage assets which are items of historical, cultural, educational, or artistic importance. Additionally, the Department possesses and maintains land not acquired in conjunction with General PP&E, land donated to the Federal Government, and land previously recorded as public domain.

Heritage assets within the Department consist of buildings and structures, archeological sites, and museum collections. The Department categories are defined as follows:

- Buildings and structures. Buildings and structures that are listed on, or eligible for listing on, the National • Register of Historic Places, including Multi-Use Heritage Assets.
- Archeological sites. Sites that have been identified, evaluated, and determined to be eligible for or are listed on the National Historical Places in accordance with Section 110 National Historical Preservation Act.
- Museum Collection Items. Items which are unique for one or more of the following reasons: historical or natural significance; cultural, educational, or artistic importance; or significant technical or architectural characteristics.

Stewardship Land consists mainly of mission essential (donated, public domain, executive order) land.

The mission of the Department is to provide the military forces necessary to deter war and protect the security of the United States. In that mission, the Department, with minor exceptions, uses most of the buildings and stewardship land in the daily activities and includes them on the Balance Sheet as multi-use heritage assets (capitalized and depreciated). Other heritage assets and land contribute to the overall national heritage of the United States that the Department defends.

Other Disclosures

The Department has the use of land, buildings, and other overseas facilities obtained through international treaties and agreements negotiated by the Department of State. Treaty covenants restrict the Department's use and disposal of real property (land and buildings) located outside the continental United States.

The Department does not have the acquisition value for all General PP&E and uses several cost methodologies to provide General PP&E values for financial statement reporting purposes.

Other primarily consists of assets awaiting disposal and the projected value of forest product sales.

Assets Under Capital Lease

As of June 30	2008	2007
1. Entity as Lessee, Assets Under Capital Lease		
 A. Land and Buildings B. Equipment 	\$ 654,902,361.68	
C. Accumulated Amortization	263,163,101.66 (579,578,900.27)	
D. Total Capital Leases	\$ 338,486,563.07	\$ 381,316,894.93

Note 11.

Liabilities Not Covered by Budgetary Resources

As of June 30	2008	2007			
 Intragovernmental Liabilities A. Accounts Payable B. Debt C. Other 	\$ 727,144.37 12,954,052.44 9,847,669,875.55	\$	765,737.75 13,639,794.12 7,940,848,523.43		
D. Total Intragovernmental Liabilities	\$ 9,861,351,072.36	\$	7,955,254,055.30		
 2. Nonfederal Liabilities A. Accounts Payable B. Military Retirement and 	\$ 416,656,843.26	\$	293,298,435.08		
Other Federal Employment Benefits	1,487,970,858,872.49		1,481,604,668,612.59		
C. Environmental Liabilities D. Other Liabilities	67,810,787,701.04 14,807,926,745.40		67,813,880,662.61 14,186,661,061.84		
E. Total Nonfederal Liabilities	\$ 1,571,006,230,162.20	\$	1,563,898,508,772.10		
3. Total Liabilities Not Covered by Budgetary Resources	\$ 1,580,867,581,234.60	\$	1,571,853,762,827.40		
4. Total Liabilities Covered by Budgetary Resources	\$ 441,477,620,114.30	\$	385,155,609,762.39		
5. Total Liabilities	\$ 2,022,345,201,348.90	\$	1,957,009,372,589.80		

Liabilities Not Covered by Budgetary resources are liabilities for which congressional action is needed before budgetary resources can be provided.

Debt consists primarily of borrowing from the U.S. Treasury for capital improvements to the Washington Aqueduct Project. Arlington County and Falls Church, Virginia, will complete reimbursement to the Department by 2023.

Intragovernmental Accounts Payable and Nonfederal Accounts Payable represent liabilities in cancelled appropriations that, if paid, will be disbursed using funds current in the year of disbursement.

Intragovernmental Liabilities Other is primarily comprised of \$8.2 billion in custodial liabilities for nonentity assets. The amounts collected cannot be used by the Department and must be returned to the U.S. Treasury. Intragovernmental Liabilities Other also includes \$1.4 billion in unfunded Federal Employees Compensation Act liabilities that are not due during FY 2008.

Nonfederal Liabilities Other is comprised of unfunded annual leave, contingent liabilities, and expected expenditures for disposal of conventional munitions.

Military Retirement and Other Federal Employment Benefits is comprised of various employee actuarial liabilities not due and payable during the current fiscal year. These liabilities are primarily comprised of \$777.3 billion in pension liabilities and \$702.9 billion in health benefit liabilities. (Refer to Note 17, Military Retirement and Other Federal Employment Benefits, for additional details and disclosures.)

Note 12. Accounts Payable

As of June 30				2007				
	A	Accounts Payable Interest, Penalties, and Administrative Fees						Total
 Intragovernmental Payables Nonfederal Payables (to the Public) 	\$	1,935,398,584.58 32,830,826,208.10	\$	N/A 1,561,393.71	\$	1,935,398,584.58 32,832,387,601.81	\$	1,868,707,600.79 24,763,101,649.92
3. Total	\$	34,766,224,792.68	\$	1,561,393.71	\$	34,767,786,186.39	\$	26,631,809,250.71

Accounts payable are amounts owed to federal and nonfederal entities for goods and services received by the Department. The Department's systems do not track intragovernmental transactions by customer at the transaction level. Therefore, buyer-side balances are adjusted to agree with seller-side balances for revenue, accounts receivable, and unearned revenue. Accounts payable were adjusted by reclassifying amounts between federal and nonfederal entities.

Agency Wide

Note 13. Debt

As of June 30		2008			2007			
	Beginning Balance	Net Borrowing	Ending Balance			Net Borrowing		nding Balance
 Agency Debt (Intragovernmental) A. Debt to the Treasury B. Debt to the Federal Financing Bank 	\$ 236,296,755.14 70,696,517.90	\$ 10,531,358.85 1,259,558.56	\$	246,828,113.99 71,956,076.46	\$	18,266,375.19 (25,689,418.70)	\$	242,090,401.67 147,534,653.12
C. Total Agency Debt	\$ 306,993,273.04	\$ 11,790,917.41	\$	318,784,190.45	\$	(7,423,043.51)	\$	389,625,054.79
2. Total Debt	\$ 306,993,273.04	\$ 11,790,917.41	\$	318,784,190.45	\$	(7,423,043.51)	\$	389,625,054.79

The Department's debt consists of interest and principal payments due to the U.S. Treasury and the Federal Financing Bank. The Department borrows funds for the Washington Aqueduct Project, the U.S. Navy Afloat Prepositioning Force Program, the Military Housing Privatization Initiative, and the Armament Retooling and Manufacturing Support.

The Department must pay the debt on direct loans if borrowers (e.g. county or city governments, ship owners, or housing builders) default. For loan guarantees, the Department must pay the amount of outstanding principal guaranteed.

Note 14.

Environmental Liabilities and Disposal Liabilities

As of June 30		2008		2007
	Current Liability	Noncurrent Liability	Total	Total
1. Environmental Liabilities Nonfederal				
A. Accrued Environmental Restoration Liabilities				
 Active Installations—Installation Restoration Program (IRP) and Building Demolition and Debris 				
Removal (BD/DR) 2. Active Installations—Military Munitions Response Program	\$ 1,085,538,299.89	\$ 7,231,960,192.20	\$ 8,317,498,492.09	\$ 8,599,256,873.56
(MMRP) 3. Formerly Used Defense Sites—	119,052,148.00	5,330,519,812.00	5,449,571,960.00	5,490,653,204.49
IRP and BD/DR 4. Formerly Used Defense Sites	145,720,000.00	3,554,807,000.00	3,700,527,000.00	4,052,612,000.00
MMRP	76,994,000.00	14,534,894,000.00	14,611,888,000.00	14,715,876,000.00
B. Other Accrued Environmental Liabilities—Non-BRAC				
 Environmental Corrective Action Environmental Closure 	70,536,516.41	796,697,903.87	867,234,420.28	740,013,193.91
Requirements 3. Environmental Response at	6,956,232.00	914,304,889.85	921,261,121.85	996,805,964.00
Operational Ranges 4. Asbestos	27,503,752.84 0.00		209,872,677.84 0.00	268,195,990.00 0.00
5. Non-Military Equipment	0.00		0.00	0.00
6. Other	73,036,924.55	1,064,471,786.20	1,137,508,710.75	756,934,871.05
C. Base Realignment and Closure Installations				
 Installation Restoration Program Military Munitions Response 	663,957,465.03	3,117,253,763.71	3,781,211,228.74	3,412,490,077.99
Program 3. Environmental Corrective Action	88,816,654.00		1,048,278,654.07	948,947,395.00
/ Closure Requirements 4. Asbestos	48,010,031.00 0.00		172,544,248.03 0.00	189,479,739.27 0.00
5. Non-Military Equipment	0.00		0.00	0.00
6. Other	0.00	0.00	0.00	163,653,000.00
D. Environmental Disposal for Military Equipment / Weapons Programs				
 Nuclear Powered Military Equipment / Spent Nuclear Fuel Non-Nuclear Powered Military 	102,022,632.89	9,243,174,116.61	9,345,196,749.50	9,648,121,372.66
2. Non-Nuclear Powered Military Equipment 3. Other National Defense	51,906,764.54	176,785,816.66	228,692,581.20	0.00
Weapons Systems 4. Other	1,535,794.65 0.00		194,725,442.36 2,681,851,982.00	207,750,735.70 3,237,406,105.00
E. Chemical Weapons Disposal Programs				
 Chemical Agents and Munitions Destruction (CAMD) CAMD Assembled Chemical 	1,099,779.00	11,152,417,221.00	11,153,517,000.00	18,891,182,000.00
 CAMD Assembled Chemical Weapons Assessment (ACWA) Other 	504,392.00 0.00		5,719,402,000.00 0.00	0.00 0.00
2. Total Environmental Liabilities	\$ 2,563,191,386.80		\$ 69,540,782,268.71	\$ 72,319,378,522.63

Others Category Disclosure Comparative Table (Amounts in millions)

Types	June 30, 2008	June 30, 2007
Other Accrued Environmental Liabilities - Active		
Installations - Other		
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) remediation of the Formerly Utilized Sites Remedial Action Program		
(FUSRAP)	\$1,027.9	\$619.5
USACE environmental liabilities not related to FUSRAP	13.2	6.0
Army Low Level Radioactive Waste Program	33.9	46.6
National Defense Stockpile Transaction Fund	29.6	49.1
Defense Commissary Agency - asbestos and/or lead based		
paint	31.7	32.9
Under Secretary of Defense - Operation and Maintenance -		
Other Defense Organizations	0.2	0.2
Navy estimate for disposal of polychlorinated biphenyls		
transformers	1.0	2.6
Total	\$1,137.5	\$756.9
Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC) - Other		
Army unliquidated obligations associated with cleanup		
contracts at BRAC installations	\$0.0	\$163.7
Total	\$0.0	\$163.7
Environmental Disposal for Weapons Systems Programs - Other		
Navy spent nuclear fuel	2,681.9	\$3,237.4
Total	\$2.681.9	\$3,237.4

Other Accrued Environmental Liabilities, Active Installations - Other primarily consists of remediation related to FUSRAP. The USACE is responsible for FUSRAP, which remediates radiological contamination from the Department of Energy's U.S. Atomic Energy and Weapons Program.

Environmental Disposal for Weapons Systems Programs - Other represents spent nuclear fuel, which is used fuel removed from the nuclear reactors of nuclear-powered ships and submarines. The estimate includes shipping, processing, and storing spent nuclear fuel.

Environmental Disclosures

As of June 30	2008	2007
 A. The unrecognized portion of the estimated total cleanup costs associated with general property, plant, and equipment. B. Changes in total cleanup costs due to changes in laws, regulations, 	1,504,879,343.71	1,626,085,960.77
and/or technology.	0.00	0.00
C. Portion of the changes in estimated costs due to changes in laws and technology that is related to prior periods.	0.00	0.00

Environmental Disclosures – Line A represents the unrecognized costs associated with General Property, Plant, and Equipment (PP&E). The unrecognized portion of the estimated total cleanup costs is primarily associated with Non-Defense Environmental Restoration Program (DERP), such as nuclear-powered carriers and submarines, conventional ships, spent nuclear fuel, and landfills. Not all components of the Department disclose the unrecognized portion of the estimated cleanup costs associated with General PP&E. The Department is implementing procedures to address this deficiency.

Environmental Disclosures – Line B represents the amount of changes in total cleanup costs due to changes in laws, regulations, and/or technology. Not all components of the Department disclose changes in total cleanup costs due to changes in laws, regulations, and/or technology. The Department is implementing procedures to address this deficiency.

Environmental Disclosures – Line C represents the portion of changes in estimated costs due to changes in laws and technology that are related to prior periods. Not all components of the Department disclose the amount of change in estimates for costs due to changes in laws and technology relating to prior periods. The Department is implementing procedures to address this deficiency.

Other Disclosures

Types of Environmental Liabilities and Disposal Liabilities Identified

The Department has cleanup requirements for DERP sites at active installations, BRAC installations, Formerly Used Defense Sites, sites at active installations that are not covered by DERP, weapons systems programs, and chemical weapons disposal programs. The weapons systems programs consist of chemical weapons disposal, nuclear-powered aircraft carriers, nuclear-powered submarines, and other nuclear ships. All cleanup is done in coordination with regulatory agencies, other responsible parties, and current property owners.

Applicable Laws and Regulations for Cleanup Requirements

The Department is required to clean up contamination resulting from past waste disposal practices, leaks, spills, and other past activity that created a public health or environmental risk. The Department accomplishes this effort in coordination with regulatory agencies and, if applicable, other responsible parties and current property owners. The Department is also required to recognize closure and post-closure costs for its General PP&E and environmental corrective action costs for current operations. Each of the Department's major reporting entities is responsible for tracking and reporting all required environmental information related to environmental restoration costs, other accrued environmental costs, disposal costs of weapons systems, and environmental costs related to BRAC actions that have taken place.

The Department follows the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) and the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act to clean up DERP-eligible contamination. Contamination cleanup that is not eligible for DERP is performed in accordance with the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) or other applicable federal or state laws. The CERCLA and RCRA require the Department to clean up contamination in coordination with regulatory agencies, current owners of property damaged by the Department, and third parties that have a partial responsibility for the environmental restoration. Failure to comply with agreements and legal mandates will put the Department at risk of incurring fines and penalties.

The cleanup requirements for nuclear-powered aircraft carriers, submarines, and other nuclear ships are based on laws that affect the Department's conduct of environmental policy and regulations. The Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, assures the proper management of source, special nuclear, and byproduct materiel. As in all cases with nuclear power, the Department coordinates actions with the

Department of Energy. The Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982 requires all owners and generators of high-level nuclear waste and spent nuclear fuel to pay their respective shares of the full cost of the program. Finally, the Low Level Radioactive Waste Policy Amendments Act of 1986 provides for the safe and efficient management of low-level radioactive waste.

The Chemical Weapons Disposal Program is based on FY 1986 National Defense Authorization Act (PL 99-145, as amended by subsequent acts) that directed the Department to destroy the unitary chemical stockpile in accordance with the requirements of the Chemical Weapons Convention Treaty. The Army, as Executive Agent within the Department, provides policy, direction, and oversight for both the Chemical Stockpile Program and the Nonstockpile Chemical Materiel Project. As such, the Army is responsible for the safe and economical disposal of the U.S. stockpile of lethal and incapacitating chemical warfare agents and munitions.

Methods for Assigning Total Cleanup Costs to Current Operating Periods

The Department uses engineering estimates and independently validates models to estimate environmental costs. The models are contained within the Remedial Action Cost Engineering Requirements and the Normalization of Data System. The Department validates the models in accordance with DoD Instruction 5000.61 and primarily uses the models to estimate the liabilities based on data received during a preliminary assessment and initial site investigation. The Department primarily uses engineering estimates after obtaining extensive data during the remedial investigation/feasibility phase of the environmental project.

Once the environmental cost estimates are complete, the Department complies with accounting standards to assign costs to current operating periods. The Department has already expensed the costs for cleanup associated with General PP&E placed into service before October 1, 1997, unless the costs are intended to be recovered through user charges. If the costs are to be recovered through user charges, the Department expenses cleanup costs associated with that portion of the asset life that has passed since the General PP&E was placed into service. The Department systematically recognizes the remaining cost over the remaining life of the asset.

For General PP&E placed into service after September 30, 1997, the Department expenses associated environmental costs systematically over the life of the asset using two methods: physical capacity for operating landfills and life expectancy in years for all other assets. The Department expenses the full cost to clean up contamination for Stewardship PP&E at the time the asset is placed into service.

Nature of Estimates and the Disclosure of Information Regarding Possible Changes Due to Inflation, Deflation, Technology, or Applicable Laws and Regulations

The Department had changes in estimates resulting from overlooked or previously unknown contaminants, reestimation based on different assumptions, and lessons learned. Environmental liabilities may change in the future due to changes in laws and regulation, changes in agreements with regulatory agencies, and advances in technology.

Uncertainty Regarding the Accounting Estimates Used to Calculate the Reported Environmental Liabilities

The environmental liabilities for the Department are based on accounting estimates, which require certain judgments and assumptions that are reasonable, based upon available information at the time the estimates are calculated. The actual results may materially vary from the accounting estimates if agreements with regulatory agencies require remediation to a different degree than anticipated when calculating the estimates. The liabilities can be further impacted if investigation of the environmental sites reveals contamination levels that differ from the estimate parameters.

The Army has a liability to take environmental restoration/corrective action for buried chemical munitions and agents, which it is unable to estimate at this time because the extent of the buried chemical munitions and agents is unknown. The USACE is also unable to provide a complete estimate for FUSRAP. The USACE has ongoing studies and will update its estimate as additional liabilities are identified. In addition, not all components of the Department recognize environmental liabilities associated with General PP&E due to process and system limitations.

The Department is in the process of determining the extent of the liabilities at installations that are realigning or closing as a result of recent BRAC requirements, in particular those liabilities associated with unexploded ordnance on training ranges. In addition, the Department has the potential to incur costs for restoration initiatives in conjunction with returning overseas Defense facilities to host nations. The Department is unable to provide a reasonable estimate at this time because the extent of required restoration is unknown.

Note 15.

Other Liabilities

As of June 30				2008				2007
		Current Liability		Noncurrent Liability		Total		Total
1. Intragovernmental								
A. Advances from Others B. Deposit Funds and Suspense Account	\$	636,174,418.50	\$	0.00	\$	636,174,418.50	\$	292,864,506.35
Liabilities		(304,652,508.93)		0.00		(304,652,508.93)		1,541,319,124.67
C. Disbursing Officer Cash		2,739,108,205.81		0.00		2,739,108,205.81		2,688,503,855.67
D. Judgment Fund Liabilities E. FECA Reimbursement to		167,773,728.16		79,000.00		167,852,728.16		165,484,728.16
the Department of Labor		586,478,727.07		667,140,206.05		1,253,618,933.12		1,276,757,583.42
F. Custodial Liabilities G. Employer Contribution and		3,895,443,535.03		1,624,896,719.83		5,520,340,254.86		6,235,535,447.61
Payroll Taxes Payable		291,709,315.32		0.00		291,709,315.32		148,682,746.98
H. Other Liabilities		228,332,654.92		0.00		228,332,654.92		306,199,848.53
 Total Intragovernmental Other Liabilities 	\$	8,240,368,075.88	\$	2,292,115,925.88	\$	10,532,484,001.76	\$	12,655,347,841.39
	<u> </u>	0,210,000,010100	*		¥		—	
2. Nonfederal								
A. Accrued Funded Payroll								
and Benefits	\$	7,849,260,390.06	\$	0.00	\$	7,849,260,390.06	\$	4,728,966,974.89
B. Advances from Others		2,671,563,223.79		0.00		2,671,563,223.79		2,377,451,909.26
C. Deferred Credits D. Deposit Funds and		0.00		0.00		0.00		0.00
Suspense Accounts E. Temporary Early		324,315,170.40		(28,308.00)		324,286,862.40		177,498,908.65
Retirement Authority F. Nonenvironmental Disposal Liabilities (1) Military Equipment		0.00		0.00		0.00		0.00
(Nonnuclear) (2) Excess/Obsolete		5,783,179.27		246,468,027.93		252,251,207.20		256,692,088.46
Structures (3) Conventional		75,955,000.00		587,018,000.00		662,973,000.00		685,618,000.00
Munitions Disposal G. Accrued Unfunded Annual		0.00		1,764,646,089.00		1,764,646,089.00		1,354,509,002.56
Leave		9,275,795,724.89		0.00		9,275,795,724.89		9,160,854,618.30
H. Capital Lease Liability		10,832,011.38		143,477,611.98		154,309,623.36		186,771,476.33
I. Contract Holdbacks J. Employer Contribution and		556,944,193.58		10,581,785.35		567,525,978.93		814,680,806.83
Payroll Taxes Payable		2,038,218,302.09		0.00		2,038,218,302.09		1,182,001,162.99
K. Contingent Liabilities		1,325,933,107.76		3,550,953,717.71		4,876,886,825.47		4,822,263,579.15
L. Other Liabilities		683,013,266.17		609,120.02		683,622,386.19		2,701,654,954.46
M.Total Nonfederal Other Liabilities	\$	24,817,613,569.39	\$	6,303,726,043.99	\$	31,121,339,613.38	\$	28,448,963,481.88
3. Total Other Liabilities	\$	33,057,981,645.27	\$	8,595,841,969.87	\$	41,653,823,615.14	\$	41,104,311,323.27

Agency Wide

Abnormal Balances

The (\$304.7) million balance for Deposit Funds and Suspense Account Liabilities is primarily due to a reporting error which occurred in June 2008, but was not discovered in time to correct the Department's 3rd Quarter, FY 2008, financial statements. The error has been subsequently corrected.

Other Disclosures

The Department had one delinquent Federal Employees' Compensation Act bill in the amount of \$35.1 thousand which has subsequently been paid.

Intragovernmental Other Liabilities is primarily comprised of \$211.4 million in unemployment compensation liability.

Nonfederal Other Liabilities consists of \$392.1 million for contracted repair work including expected labor, material costs and \$221.5 million for cargo services.

Contingent Liabilities includes \$1.4 billion in estimated future contract financing payments. In accordance with contract terms, specific rights to the contractors' work vests with the Federal Government when a specific type of contract financing payment is made. This action protects taxpayer funds in the event of contract nonperformance. These rights should not be misconstrued as rights of ownership. The Department is under no obligation to pay contractors for amounts greater than the amounts authorized in contracts until delivery and government acceptance. Due to the probability the contractors will complete their efforts and deliver satisfactory products, and because the amount of potential future payments are estimable, the Department has recognized a contingent liability for estimated future payments which are conditional pending delivery and government acceptance.

Capital Lease Liability

As of June 30 2008									2007	
			_	Asset C	ateg	ory				
		Land and Buildings		Equipment		Other		Total		Total
1. Future Payments										
Due										
A. 2008	\$	11,170,611.44	\$	39,882.00	\$	0.00	\$	11,210,493.44	\$	47,279,055.55
B. 2009		43,853,305.76		1,461,045.63		0.00		45,314,351.39		43,946,363.76
C.2010		43,853,305.76		0.00		0.00		43,853,305.76		43,853,305.76
D. 2011		41,295,407.67		0.00		0.00		41,295,407.67		41,295,407.67
E. 2012		15,500,810.28		0.00		0.00		15,500,810.28		13,087,621.97
F. 2013		11,073,776.95		0.00		0.00		11,073,776.95		0.00
G. After 5 Years		17,524,195.18		0.00		0.00		17,524,195.18		31,011,160.44
H. Total Future Lease Payments Due I. Less: Imputed Interest	\$	184,271,413.04	\$	1,500,927.63	\$	0.00	\$	185,772,340.67	\$	220,472,915.15
Executory Costs		31,433,866.03		28,851.28		0.00		31,462,717.31		48,321,965.18
J. Net Capital Lease Liability	\$	152,837,547.01	\$	1,472,076.35	\$	0.00	\$	154,309,623.36	\$	172,150,949.97
2. Capital Lease Liabilit	ies C	Covered by Bud	geta	ary Resources			\$	130,052,673.09	\$	154,269,307.60
3. Capital Lease Liabilit	ies N	lot Covered by	Buc	Igetary Resourc	es		\$	24,256,950.27	\$	32,502,168.73

Note 16. Commitments and Contingencies

Legal Contingencies

The Department is a party in various administrative proceedings and legal actions related to claims for environmental damage, equal opportunity matters, and contractual bid protests. The Department has accrued contingent liabilities for legal actions where the Office of General Counsel (OGC) considers an adverse decision probable and the amount of loss is measurable. In the event of an adverse judgment against the Government, some of the liabilities may be payable from the U.S. Treasury Judgment Fund. The Department records Judgment Fund liabilities in Note 12, "Accounts Payable," and Note 15, "Other Liabilities."

The OGC reassesses legal cases annually at end of the FY. In FY 2007, the Department reported 63 legal actions with individual claims greater than the Department's FY 2007 materiality threshold of \$110.5 million. The total of these 63 actions is approximately \$1.6 trillion. Of this amount, the OGC determined that claims totaling approximately \$15.4 billion are reasonably possible, \$12.9 billion are remote, and \$1.57 trillion are unable to determine the probability of loss. The Department also had a number of potential claims that individually did not meet the Department's materiality threshold, but did meet individual Components' thresholds. These claims should be disclosed in the Components' financial statements.

The Department's Office of the Inspector General has determined that for FY 2008, DoD should use a materiality threshold of \$114.4 million for individual and aggregated legal claims. The Department is currently assessing cases meeting that threshold for FY 2008 year end reporting.

Other Commitments and Contingencies

Undelivered orders for open (unfilled or unreconciled) contracts citing cancelled appropriations, for which the Department may incur a contractual commitment for payment, total \$1.0 billion.

The Department is a party in numerous individual contracts that contain clauses, such as price escalation, award fee payments, or dispute resolution, that may result in a future outflow of expenditures. Currently, the Department has limited automated system processes by which it captures or assesses these potential contingent liabilities; therefore, the amounts reported may not fairly present the Department's contingent liabilities.

Contingencies considered both measurable and probable have been recognized as liabilities. Refer to Note 15 for further details.

Note 17.

Military Retirement and Other Federal Employment Benefits

As of June 30				2008				2007	
	Present Value of Benefits	Assumed Interest Rate (%)	(Le	ess: Assets Available to Pay Benefits)		Unfunded Liability	Pr	esent Value of Benefits	
 Pension and Health Actuarial Benefits Military Retirement Pensions Military Retirement Health Benefits Military Medicare- Eligible Retiree Benefits Total Pension and 	<pre>\$ 1,025,320,486,000.00 317,332,821,000.00 516,479,229,000.00</pre>		\$	(248,001,289,998.74) 0.00 (130,897,312,641.07)	\$	777,319,196,001.26 317,332,821,000.00 385,581,916,358.93	\$	963,696,276,612.06 299,203,802,000.00 538,032,547,000.00	
Health Actuarial Benefits	\$ 1,859,132,536,000.00		\$	(378,898,602,639.81)	\$	1,480,233,933,360.20	\$	1,800,932,625,612.10	
2. Other Actuarial Benefits A. FECA B. Voluntary Separation Incentive Programs	\$ 6,829,817,039.36 1,250,477,000.00		\$	0.00 (552,108,503.78)	\$	6,829,817,039.36 698,368,496.22	\$	6,855,668,336.74 1,391,124,000.00	
C. DoD Education Benefits Fund	1,858,227,219.00	5.0		(1,649,487,242.28)		208,739,976.72		1,785,339,161.00	
D. Total Other Actuarial Benefits	\$ 9,938,521,258.36		\$	(2,201,595,746.06)	\$	7,736,925,512.30	\$	10,032,131,497.74	
3. Other Federal Employment Benefits	\$ 6,967,421,924.11		\$	(6,967,421,924.11)	\$	0.00	\$	5,561,958,875.98	
4. Total Military Retirement and Other Federal Employment Benefits:	\$ 1,876,038,479,182.50		\$	(388,067,620,309.98)	\$	1,487,970,858,872.50	\$	1,816,526,715,985.80	

Actuarial Cost Method Used: Aggregate Entry-Age Method

Assumptions: Effective Interest

Market Value of Investments in Market-based and Marketable Securities: \$399.3 billion

The actuarial liabilities are adjusted annually at year end. The 3rd Quarter, FY 2008 balances represent the amounts computed as of September 2007.

Military Retirement Pensions

The Military Retirement Fund (MRF) is a defined benefit plan authorized by Public Law (P.L.) 98-94 to provide funds used to pay annuities and pensions to retired military personnel and their survivors. The Department of Defense (DoD) Retirement Board of Actuaries approves the long-term economic assumptions for inflation, salary, and interest. Due to reporting deadlines, the current year actuarial present value of projected plan benefits rolls forward from the prior year's valuation results. The actuaries used the following assumptions to calculate the FY 2007 roll-forward amount:

	<u>Inflation</u>	<u>Salary</u>	Interest
Fiscal Year 2007	3.3% (actual)	2.2% (actual)	6.0%
Fiscal Year 2008	2.3% (estimated)	3.5% (estimated)	6.0%
Long-Term	3.0%	3.75%	6.0%

Historically, the initial unfunded liability of the program was being amortized over a 50-year period. Effective FY 2008, the initial unfunded liability will be paid over a 42-year period to ensure the annual payments cover the interest on the unfunded actuarial liability, with the last payment expected to be made October 1, 2025. All subsequent gains and losses experienced by the system are amortized over a 30-year period.

Change in MRF Actuarial Liability

Change in Wiki Actualiar Liability			
	(Amounts in bi	unts in billions)	
Actuarial Liability as of September 30, 2006	\$	963.7	
Expected Normal Cost for FY 2007		17.7	
Plan Amendment Liability		1.6	
Assumption Change Liability		26.5	
Expected Benefit Payments for FY 2007		(43.5)	
Interest Cost for FY 2007		57.1	
Actuarial (gains)/losses due to changes in trend assumptions		2.2	
Actuarial Liability as of September 30, 2007	\$	1,025.3	
Change in Actuarial Liability	\$	61.6	

Actuarial Cost Method Used: Aggregate Entry-Age Normal Method Market Value of Investments in Market-Based and Marketable Securities: \$260.4 billion Assumed Interest Rate: 6.0%

Military Retirement Health Benefits (MRHB)

The MRHB are post-retirement benefits the Department provides to non-Medicare-eligible military retirees and other eligible beneficiaries, through private sector health care providers and Department Medical Treatment Facilities. For the FY 2007 actuarial liability calculation, the actuaries used the following assumptions:

Medical Trend	<u>FY 2006 - FY 2007</u>	Ultimate Rate FY 2031
Medicare Inpatient	6.74%	6.25%
Medicare Outpatient	6.54%	6.25%
Medicare Prescriptions (Direct Care)	6.25%	6.25%
Medicare Prescriptions (Purchased Care)	6.25%	6.25%
Non-Medicare Inpatient (Direct Care)	6.25%	6.25%
Non-Medicare Outpatient (Direct Care)	6.25%	6.25%
Non-Medicare Prescriptions (Direct Care)	6.25%	6.25%
Non-Medicare Inpatient (Purchased Care)	6.25%	6.25%
Non-Medicare Outpatient (Purchased Care)	9.48%	6.25%
Non-Medicare Prescriptions (Purchased Care)	9.84%	6.25%

Change in MHRB Actuarial Liability

	(Amo	unt in billions)
Actuarial Liability as of September 30, 2006 (Department preMedicare + all Uniformed Services		
Medicare cost-benefit effect)	\$	299.2
Expected Normal Cost for FY 2007		10.0
Expected Benefit Payments for FY 2007		(10.4)
Interest Cost for FY 2007		19.0
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses Due to Other Factors		(11.9)
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses Due to Changes in Trend Assumptions		11.9
Actuarial Liability as of September 30, 2007 (Department preMedicare + all Uniformed Services		
Medicare cost-benefit effect)	\$	317.8
Change in Actuarial Liability	\$	18.6

Actuarial Cost Method Used: Aggregate Entry-Age Normal Method Assumed Interest Rate: 6.0%

Medicare-Eligible Retiree Health Care Fund (MERHCF) Benefits

In accordance with P.L. 106-398, the MERHCF accumulates funds to finance the health care program liabilities of Medicare-eligible retirees for all the Uniformed Services and specific Medicare-eligible beneficiaries. The DoD MERHCF Board of Actuaries approves the long-term assumptions for medical trends and interest. Due to reporting deadlines, the current year actuarial present value of projected plan benefits rolls forward from the prior year's results. The actuaries used the following assumptions to calculate the FY 2007 roll-forward amount:

Medical Trend	<u>FY 2006 – FY 2007</u>	Ultimate Rate FY 2031
Medicare Inpatient	6.74%	6.25%
Medicare Outpatient	6.54%	6.25%
Medicare Prescriptions (Direct Care)	6.25%	6.25%
Medicare Prescriptions (Purchased Care)	10.95%	6.25%

Change in MERHCF Actuarial Liability

	(Amou	nts in billions)
Actuarial Liability as of September 30, 2006 (all Uniformed Services Medicare)	\$	538.0
Expected Normal Cost for FY 2007		10.8
Expected Benefit Payments for FY 2007		(8.5)
Interest Cost for FY 2007		34.1
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses Due to Other Factors		(4.8)
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses Due to Changes in Trend Assumptions	_	(53.1)
Actuarial Liability as of September 30, 2007 (all Uniformed Services Medicare)	\$	516.5
Change in Actuarial Liability	\$	(21.5)

The MERHCF liability includes Medicare liabilities for all Uniformed Services. The \$516.5 billion liability includes \$505.1 billion for the Department, \$10.2 billion for the Coast Guard, \$1.1 billion for the Public Health Service and \$72.8 million for National Oceanic and Atmospheric Association (NOAA). The FY 2007 contributions from each of the Uniformed Services were \$11.2 billion from the Department of Defense, \$278.7 million from the Coast Guard, \$36.3 million from the Public Health Service, and \$1.8 million from NOAA.

Actuarial Cost Method Used: Aggregate Entry-Age Normal Method Market Value of Investments in Market-Based and Marketable Securities: \$136.5 billion Assumed Interest Rate: 6.0%

Federal Employees Compensation Act (FECA)

The Department of Labor (DOL) determines the liability for future workers' compensation benefits, which includes the expected liability for death, disability, medical, and miscellaneous costs for approved compensation cases, plus a component for incurred-but-not-reported claims. The liability is determined annually using historical benefit payment patterns related to a specific incurred period to predict the final payment related to that period. Consistent with past practice, these projected annual benefit payments have been discounted to present value using the Office of Management and Budget's economic assumptions for 10-year U.S. Treasury notes and bonds. A 4.93% interest rate was assumed for year one and 5.08% was assumed for year two and thereafter.

The DOL calculates this liability using wage inflation factors (cost of living adjustments or COLAs) and medical inflation factors (consumer price index medical or CPIM). The actual rates for these factors for charge back year (CBY) 2007 were also used to adjust the methodology's historical payments to current year constant dollars. The compensation COLAs and CPIMs used in the projections for various charge back years were as follows.

<u>CBY</u>	COLA	CPIM
2007	2.63%	3.74%
2008	2.90%	4.04%
2009	2.47%	4.00%
2010	2.37%	3.94%
2011+	2.30%	3.94%

The model's resulting projections were analyzed to ensure the estimates were reliable. The analysis was based on four tests: (1) a sensitivity analysis of the model of economic assumptions, (2) a comparison of the percentage change in the liability amount by agency to the percentage change in the actual incremental payments, (3) a comparison of the incremental paid losses (the medical component in particular) in CBY 2007 (by injury cohort) to the average pattern observed during the prior three charge back years, and (4) a comparison of the estimated liability per case in the 2007 projection to the average pattern for the projections for the most recent three years.

Voluntary Separation Incentive (VSI) Program

The P.L. 102-190 established the VSI Program to reduce the number of military personnel on active duty. The VSI Board of Actuaries approved the assumed annual interest rate of 4.5% used to calculate the actuarial liability. Since the VSI Program is no longer offered, the actuarial liability is expected to continue to decrease with benefit outlays and increase with interest cost.

Market Value of Investments in Market-based and Marketable Securities: \$598.9 million

DoD Education Benefits Fund (EBF)

The P.L. 98-525 established the EBF program to recruit and retain military members and aid in the readjustment of military members to civilian life. The EBF Board of Actuaries approved the assumed interest rate of 5.0% used to calculate the actuarial liability.

Market Value of Investments in Market-based and Marketable Securities: \$1.7 billion

Other Federal Employment Benefits

Other Federal Employment Benefits primarily consists of accrued pensions and annuities and an estimated liability for incurred-but-not-reported medical claims not processed prior to fiscal year end.

Note 18.

General Disclosures Related to the Statement of Net Cost

Intragovernmental Costs and Exchange Revenue							
As of June 30		2008		2007			
1. Intragovernmental Costs	\$	19,487,144,314.54	\$	18,393,842,614.56			
2. Public Costs		434,280,074,085.62		420,505,952,572.35			
3. Total Costs	\$	453,767,218,400.16	\$	438,899,795,186.91			
4. Intragovernmental Earned Revenue	\$	(19,186,574,281.29)	\$	(14,869,526,258.73)			
5. Public Earned Revenue		(19,937,612,283.29)		(19,328,662,026.65)			
6. Total Earned Revenue	\$	(39,124,186,564.58)	\$	(34,198,188,285.38)			
7. Net Cost of Operations	\$	414,643,031,835.58	\$	404,701,606,901.53			

The Statement of Net Cost (SNC) represents the net cost of programs and organizations of the Federal Government supported by appropriations or other means. The intent of the SNC is to provide gross and net cost information related to the amount of output or outcome for a given program or organization administered by a responsible reporting entity. The Department's current processes and systems do not capture and report accumulated costs for major programs based upon the performance measures as required by the Government Performance and Results Act. The Department is in the process of reviewing available data and developing a cost reporting methodology as required by the Statement of Federal Financial Accounting Standards No. 4, "Managerial Cost Accounting Concepts and Standards for the Federal Government."

Intragovernmental costs and revenues represent transactions made between two reporting entities within the Federal Government. Public costs and revenues are exchange transactions made between the reporting entity and a nonfederal entity.

The Department's systems do not track intragovernmental transactions by customer at the transaction level. Buyer-side expenses are adjusted to agree with internal seller-side revenues. Expenses are generally adjusted by reclassifying amounts between federal and nonfederal expenses.

The SNC presents information based on budgetary obligation, disbursement, and collection transactions. Amounts are adjusted for accruals based on data from nonfinancial feeder systems for major items such as payroll expenses, accounts payable, and environmental liabilities. The General Fund data are generally derived from budgetary transactions (obligations, disbursements, and collections) from nonfinancial systems, and accruals made for major items. While Working Capital Funds generally record transactions on an accrual basis, the systems do not always capture actual costs in a timely manner.

The majority of the Department's accounting systems do not capture information relative to heritage assets separately and distinctly from normal operations. However, the Department was able to identify \$2.0 million in costs for acquiring, constructing, improving, reconstructing or renovating heritage assets.

Note 19. Disclosures Related to the Statement of Changes in Net Position

As of June 30		2008 2007			2008 2007			
		mulative Results of Operations						Unexpended Appropriations
1. Prior Period Adjustments Increases (Decreases) to Net Position Beginning Balance								
A. Changes in Accounting Standards B. Errors and Omissions in Prior	\$	0.00	\$	0.00	\$	0.00	\$	0.00
Year Accounting Reports		1,305,896,919.38		0.00		0.00		0.00
C.Total Prior Period Adjustments	\$	1,305,896,919.38	\$	0.00	\$	0.00	\$	0.00
2. Imputed Financing A. Civilian CSRS/FERS								
Retirement B. Civilian Health	\$	966,482,494.45	\$	0.00 0.00	\$	1,017,796,361.56	\$	0.00
C.Civilian Life Insurance		1,840,298,979.00 6,218,957.26		0.00		2,053,619,453.54 5,836,176.47		0.00 0.00
D.Judgment Fund		121,733,737.48		0.00		108,544,504.98		0.00
E. Other		16,568,620.43		0.00		0.00		0.00
F. IntraEntity		0.00	_	0.00	<u> </u>	0.00	_	0.00
G.Total Imputed Financing	\$	2,951,302,788.62	\$	0.00	\$	3,185,796,496.55	\$	0.00

During FY 2007, the Department incorrectly reported \$1.3 billion of contract financing payments as expenses rather than assets, impacting the Balance Sheet and Statements of Changes in Net Position (SCNP) and Net Cost. After discovering the error, the Department validated supporting documentation for the contract financing payments before recording the proper correcting entries.

In 4th Quarter, FY 2007, the Department recognized a net prior period adjustment of (\$485.4) million and restated cumulative results of operations by (\$4.2) billion and unexpended appropriations by \$3.7 billion. The adjustment relates to a change in reporting allocation transfers as directed by Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-136 "Financial Reporting Requirements" and was presented as a change in accounting principle.

Contributions to the Office of Personnel Management (OPM) do not fully cover the Federal Government's cost to provide benefits for employees covered by the Civil Service Retirement System, the Federal Employees' Retirement System, the Federal Employees' Health Benefits program, and the Federal Employees' Group Life Insurance program. An imputed cost is recognized as the difference between the Federal Government's cost of providing these benefits to employees and the Department's contributions. The OPM provides cost factors for the computation of imputed financing costs, and these estimates are included in the Department's financial statements.

Other Financing Sources, Other consists primarily of adjustments to reconcile budgetary and proprietary trial balances. Due to financial system limitations, the Department adjusts for these unreconciled differences.

In the SCNP, offsetting balances for intraDepartmental activity between Earmarked Funds and All Other Funds are reported on the same lines. The Eliminations column contains all appropriate elimination entries, which net to zero within each respective line, except for intraentity imputed financing costs.

Earmarked Cumulative Results of Operations ending balance on the SCNP does not agree with the Earmarked Cumulative Results reported on the Balance Sheet because the cumulative results on the Balance Sheet are presented net of eliminations.

Appropriations on the Statement of Budgetary Resources (SBR) exceed Appropriations Received on the SCNP by \$107.3 billion. The SCNP recognizes appropriations received by the Military Departments and Defense Agencies, totaling \$85.7 billion, which are additionally recognized on the SBR as appropriated receipts in trust and special funds. Actual and anticipated earnings in the trust and special funds comprise the balance of the difference.

Note 20. Disclosures Related to the Statement of Budgetary Resources As of June 30 2008 2007

AS OF JUNE 30	2008	2007
 Net Amount of Budgetary Resources Obligated for Undelivered Orders at the End of the Period 	\$ 389,112,121,566.77	\$ 332,736,273,852.05
Available Borrowing and Contract Authority at the End of the Period	18,239,566,366.12	44,152,340,662.37

Reconciliation Differences

The Department modified this note in 4th Quarter, FY 2007, to more accurately report the remaining available balance of borrowing and contract authority. Previously, the Department reported the amount of borrowing and contract authority used, but not the amount replaced by reimbursement or appropriation.

Appropriations Received on the Statement of Budgetary Resources (SBR) exceed Appropriations Received on the Statement of Changes in Net Position by \$107.3 billion. In accordance with Office of Management and Budget (OMB) guidance, appropriations received by the Military Departments and Defense Agencies totaling \$85.7 billion are subsequently recognized a second time on the SBR as appropriations transferred into trust and special funds. Actual and anticipated earnings in trust and special funds comprise the balance of the difference.

Permanent Indefinite Appropriations

The Department of Defense (DoD) received the following permanent indefinite appropriations:

- Department of the Army General Gift Fund (10 USC 2601(b)(1))
- Department of the Navy General Gift Fund (10 USC 2601(b)(2))
- Department of the Air Force General Gift Fund (10 USC 2601 (b)(3))
- Foreign National Employees Separation Pay Account, Defense (10 USC 1581)
- United States Naval Academy Gift and Museum Fund (10 USC 6973-4)
- Ship Stores Profits, Navy (10 USC 7220, 31 USC 1321)
- Midshipmen's Store (10 USC 6971B)
- Burdensharing Contributions Account (10 USC 2350(j))
- Forest Program (10 USC 2665)
- DoD Base Closure Account (10 USC 2687)
- Medicare Eligible Retiree Health Care Fund (MERHCF) (10 USC 1111)
- Military Retirement Fund (MRF) (10 USC 1461)
- Education Benefits Fund (10 USC 2006)
- Host Nation Support for U.S. Relocation Activities (10 USC 2350(k))
- National Defense Sealift Fund (10 USC 2218)
- Environmental Restoration, Navy (10 USC 2702)
- Hydraulic Mining Debris Reservoir (33 USC 683)
- Maintenance and Operation of Dams and Other Improvements of Navigable Waters (16 USC 810(a))
- Payments to States (33 USC 701c-3)
- Wildlife Conservation (16 USC 670-670(f))
- Ainsworth Bequest (31 USC 1321)
- DoD Family Housing Improvement Fund (10 USC 2883 (a))
- DoD Military Unaccompanied Housing Improvement Fund (10 USC 2883 (a))

The above permanent indefinite appropriations cover a wide variety of purposes to help the Department accomplish its missions. These purposes include: (1) military retirees health care benefits, retirement and survivor pay, and education benefits for veterans; (2) environmental, coastal, and wildlife habitat restoration, and water resources maintenance; (3) costs associated with the closure or realignment of military installations; (4) relocation of armed forces to a host nation; (5) separation payments for foreign nationals; (6) the construction, purchase, alteration, and conversion of sealift vessels; and (7) upkeep of libraries and museums. (See Note 23 for additional information on earmarked funds.)

Apportionment Categories for Obligations

The Department reported the following amounts of direct obligations: (1) \$439.0 billion in category A; (2) \$141.5 billion in category B; and (3) \$35.4 billion in exempt from apportionment. The Department reported the following amounts of reimbursable obligations: (1) \$23.2 billion in category A; (2) \$112.4 billion in category B; and (3) \$120.4 million in exempt from apportionment. Category A relates to appropriations for a specific period of time (e.g., Military Personnel appropriation), and category B relates to appropriations for a specific project (e.g., Military Construction appropriation).

Other Disclosures

Effective FY 2007, the OMB Circular A-136 "Financial Reporting Requirements" required entities to report programs administered on behalf of the Executive Office of the President. Based upon additional guidance from OMB, effective 3rd Quarter, FY 2008, the Department reports the Foreign Military Sales program separately from the basic financial statements. The effect reduced Obligated Balances Brought Forward by \$65.0 billion, Unobligated Balances Brought Forward by \$10.4 million, Net Amount of Budgetary Resources Obligated for Undelivered Orders at the End of the Period by \$1.4 billion, and Available Borrowing and Contract Authority at the End of the Period by \$25.8 billion.

The SBR includes intraentity transactions because the statements are presented as combined.

The Department utilizes borrowing authority for the Military Housing Privatization Initiative and the Armament Retooling and Manufacturing Support Initiative. Borrowing authority is used in accordance with OMB Circular A-129, "Managing Federal Credit Programs."

The Department operates within the constraints of fiscal law and has no additional legal arrangements affecting the use of unobligated balances.

The Department received additional funding of \$187.7 billion to cover obligations incurred above baseline operations in support of the Global War on Terror.

Note 21. Reconciliation of Net Cost of Operations to Budget

As of June 30		2008		2007
Resources Used to Finance Activities:				
Budgetary Resources Obligated: 1. Obligations incurred	\$	751,735,604,914.67	¢	665,780,632,801.62
2. Less: Spending authority from offsetting	Ψ	(183,327,264,337.03)	Ψ	(170,453,695,500.43)
collections and recoveries (-)	φ.	500 400 040 577 04	<u>ф</u>	105 000 007 001 10
 Obligations net of offsetting collections and recoveries 	\$	568,408,340,577.64	\$	495,326,937,301.19
Less: Offsetting receipts (-)		(66,052,665,165.73)		(60,455,835,891.41)
5. Net obligations Other Resources:	\$	502,355,675,411.91	\$	434,871,101,409.78
6. Donations and forfeitures of property		1,347,968.29		3,583,647.26
7. Transfers in/out without reimbursement (+/-)		(28,003,316.18)		18,949,996.04
8. Imputed financing from costs absorbed by others		2,951,302,788.62		3,185,796,496.55
9. Other (+/-)		6,492,356,953.33		(11,302,862,965.96)
10. Net other resources used to finance activities	\$	9,417,004,394.06	\$	(8,094,532,826.11)
11. Total resources used to finance activities	\$	511,772,679,805.97	\$	426,776,568,583.67
Resources Used to Finance Items not Part of the Net				
Cost of Operations:				
12. Change in budgetary resources obligated for				
goods, services and benefits ordered but not yet provided:				
12a. Undelivered Orders (-)	\$	(39,325,783,272.05)	\$	(33,006,854,062.60)
12b. Unfilled Customer Orders	Ŷ	19,323,849,264.80	Ŷ	17,723,355,795.73
13. Resources that fund expenses recognized in prior		(3,937,699,043.35)		(5,313,864,126.70)
Periods (-) 14. Budgetary offsetting collections and receipts that		1,158,070,782.67		1,120,849,788.96
do not affect Net Cost of Operations				
15. Resources that finance the acquisition of assets (-)		(100,825,091,819.57)		(63,744,257,419.20)
 Other resources or adjustments to net obligated resources that do not affect Net Cost of 				
Operations:				
16a. Less: Trust or Special Fund Receipts		(10,000,000.00)		(10,000,000.00)
Related to exchange in the Entity's Budget (-)				
16b. Other (+/-)		(5,160,254,994.03)		11,280,329,322.66
17. Total resources used to finance items not part of the Net Cost of Operations	\$	(128,776,909,081.53)	\$	(71,950,440,701.15)
18. Total resources used to finance the Net Cost	\$	382,995,770,724.44	\$	354,826,127,882.52
of Operations				

-		
As of June 30	2008	2007
Components of the Net Cost of Operations that will not Require or Generate Resources in the Current Period:		
 Components Requiring or Generating Resources in Future Period: 19. Increase in annual leave liability 20. Increase in environmental and disposal liability 21. Upward/Downward reestimates of credit subsidy expense (+/-) 	\$ 384,730,255.41 435,425,344.56 124,243.03	\$ 1,842,755,868.73 2,755,316,754.58 7,363,250.65
22. Increase in exchange revenue receivable from the public (-)23. Other (+/-)	(39,006,125.05) 1,018,361,073.75	(34,668,999.55) 4,210,451,488.58
 Total components of Net Cost of Operations that will Require or Generate Resources in future periods 	\$ 1,799,634,791.70	\$ 8,781,218,362.99
Components not Requiring or Generating Resources: 25. Depreciation and amortization 26. Revaluation of assets or liabilities (+/-) 27. Other (+/-)	\$ 27,595,502,710.93 3,369,491,784.98	\$ 22,147,190,692.17 4,111,237,822.33
27a. Trust Fund Exchange Revenue27b. Cost of Goods Sold27c. Operating Material and Supplies Used27d. Other	(36,371,776,672.61) 46,927,281,163.57 19,857,364,061.21 (31,530,236,728.64)	(18,374,958,334.93) 40,403,907,125.63 19,823,180,004.41 (27,016,296,653.59)
28. Total Components of Net Cost of Operations that will not Require or Generate Resources	\$ 29,847,626,319.44	\$ 41,094,260,656.02
29. Total components of Net Cost of Operations that will not Require or Generate Resources in the current period	\$ 31,647,261,111.14	\$ 49,875,479,019.01
30. Net Cost of Operations	\$ 414,643,031,835.58	\$ 404,701,606,901.53

Beginning 4th Quarter, FY 2007, the Department began presenting the Statement of Financing (SOF) as a note in accordance with the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-136 "Financial Reporting Requirements". The SOF is no longer considered a basic statement and is now referred to as "Reconciliation of Net Cost of Operations to Budget."

Due to the Department's financial system limitations, budgetary data is not in agreement with proprietary expenses and capitalized assets. The difference between budgetary and proprietary data is a previously identified deficiency. The following adjustments (absolute value) were made to balance the Reconciliation of Net Cost of Operations to the Statement of Net Cost (amounts in million):

Resources That Finance the Acquisition of Assets	\$2,614.8
Revaluation of Assets or Liabilities	2,532.2
Total Amount	\$5,147.0

The following Reconciliation of Net Cost of Operations to Budget lines are presented as combined instead of consolidated due to intraagency budgetary transactions not being eliminated:

- Obligations Incurred
- Less: Spending Authority from Offsetting Collections and Recoveries
- Obligations Net of Offsetting Collections and Recoveries
- Less: Offsetting Receipts
- Net Obligations
- Undelivered Orders
- Unfilled Customer Orders

Other Resources, Other and Other Resources or Adjustments to Net Obligated Resources that Do Not Affect Net Cost of Operations, Other primarily consist of \$45.5 billion in nonexchange gains offset by \$39.3 billion in nonexchange losses necessary to reconcile the proprietary and budgetary accounts. Other Resources or Adjustments to Net Obligated Resources that Do Not Affect Net Cost of Operations, Other also consists of \$1.3 billion in prior period adjustments due to corrections of errors.

Components Requiring or Generating Resources in Future Period, Other primarily consists of \$1.0 billion in future funded expenses for various liabilities such as Federal Employees' Compensation Act, the U.S. Treasury Judgment Fund, unemployment compensation, and closed accounts payable.

Components not Requiring or Generating Resources, Other primarily consists of \$14.8 billion in cost capitalization offsets and \$14.1 billion in other expenses not requiring budgetary resources.

Note 22. Disclosures Related to Incidental Custodial Collections

The Department collected \$69.7 million of incidental custodial revenues generated primarily from the collection of fines, penalties and forfeitures. These funds are not available for use by the Department. At the end of each fiscal year the accounts are closed and the balances absorbed by the U.S. Treasury.

Note 23.

BALANCE SHEET As of June 30, 2008	Ν	Military Retirement Fund		Medicare Eligible Retiree Health Care Fund		Other Earmarked Funds	Eliminations		Total	
ASSETS Fund balance with Treasury Investments Accounts and Interest Receivable	\$	20,925,080.02 255,053,683,128.5 4 26,482,176.19	\$	5,000,000.00 133,190,987,874.7 7 15,152,106.25	\$	2,597,256,487.52 6,862,309,116.06 801,700,652.83	\$	0.00 0.00 (2,288,210.02)	\$	2,623,181,567.54 395,106,980,119.37 841,046,725.25
Other Assets		0.00 255,101,090,384.7		0.00		2,354,882,515.68		0.00		2,354,882,515.68
Total Assets	\$	235,101,090,384.7	\$	2	\$	12,616,148,772.09	\$	(2,288,210.02)	\$	400,926,090,927.84
LIABILITIES and NET POSITION Military Retirement Benefits and Other Federal Employment Benefits	\$	1,030,102,157,867. 73	\$	517,063,459,000.0 0	\$	3,108,704,219.00	\$	0.00	\$	1,550,274,321,086.7 0
Other Liabilities		1,778,635.63		259,057,451.67		1,328,697,213.21		(289,885,937.39)		1,299,647,363.12
Total Liabilities	\$	1,030,103,936,503. 40	\$	517,322,516,451.6 7	\$	4,437,401,432.21	\$	(289,885,937.39)	\$	1,551,573,968,449.8 0
Unexpended Appropriations Cumulative Results of Operations		0.00 (775,002,846,118.6 1)		0.00 (384,111,376,470.6 5)		6,107,390.14 8,172,639,949.74		0.00 (82,949,662,611.7 7)		6,107,390.14 (1,233,891,245,251. 30)
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$	255,101,090,384.7 9	\$	133,211,139,981.0 2	\$	12,616,148,772.09	\$	(83,239,548,549.1 6)	\$	317,688,830,588.64
STATEMENT OF NET COST For the period ended June 30, 2008										
Program Costs	\$	35,435,530,568.53	\$	5,926,033,706.31	\$	1,329,818,690.07	\$	(1,922,233,345.63	\$	40,769,149,619.28
Less Earned Revenue		(71,035,836,191.01		(29,611,488,198.11		(912,563,197.48)		85,680,054,487.4 9		(15,879,833,099.11)
Net Program Costs Less Earned Revenues Not Attributable to	\$	(35,600,305,622.48)	\$	(23,685,454,491.80)	\$	417,255,492.59	\$	83,757,821,141.8 6	\$	24,889,316,520.17
Programs		0.00		0.00		0.00		0.00		0.00
Net Cost of Operations	\$	(35,600,305,622.48	\$	(23,685,454,491.80	\$	417,255,492.59	\$	83,757,821,141.8 6	\$	24,889,316,520.17

Agency Wide

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION For the period ended June 30, 2008	N	Military Retirement Fund		Medicare Eligible Retiree Health Care Fund		Other Earmarked Funds	Eliminations			Total	
Net Position Beginning of the Period	\$	(810,603,151,741.0 9)	\$	(407,796,830,962.4 5)	\$	6,586,294,838.67	\$	0.00	\$	(1,211,813,687,864. 90)	
Net Cost of Operations Budgetary Financing Sources Other Financing Sources		(35,600,305,622.48)		(23,685,454,491.80)		417,255,492.59		83,757,821,141.8 6		24,889,316,520.17	
		0.00		0.00		2,035,162,702.61		803,002,765.70		2,838,165,468.31	
		0.00		0.00		(25,454,708.81)		5,155,764.39		(20,298,944.42)	
Change in Net Position	\$	35,600,305,622.48	\$	23,685,454,491.80	\$	1,592,452,501.21	\$	(82,949,662,611.7 7)	\$	(22,071,449,996.28)	
Net Position End of Period	\$	(775,002,846,118.6 1)	\$	(384,111,376,470.6 5)	\$	8,178,747,339.88	\$	(82,949,662,611.7 7)	\$	(1,233,885,137,861. 20)	

Other Disclosures

The Statement of Federal Financial Accounting Standards (SFFAS) No. 27, "Identifying and Reporting Earmarked Funds," requires the disclosure of Earmarked Funds separately from All Other Funds on the Statement of Changes in Net Position (SCNP) and Balance Sheet. Funds must meet three criteria to be classified as earmarked: (1) a statute committing use of specifically identified revenues for designated purposes, (2) explicit authority to retain the revenues, and (3) a requirement to account and report on the revenues. The Department's earmarked funds are either special or trust funds and use both receipt and expenditure accounts to report activity to the U.S. Treasury. There have been no changes in legislation that significantly changed the purposes of the funds.

The Total column is shown as consolidated and relates only to Earmarked Funds. The Eliminations column includes eliminations associated with Earmarked Funds and excludes the offsetting eliminations from All Other Funds. This exclusion causes assets to not equal liabilities and net position in the note. However, the amounts in the Total column equal the amounts reported for Earmarked Funds on the Balance Sheet.

The SFFAS No. 27 requires the presentation of gross amounts of Earmarked Funds separate from All Other (nonearmarked) Funds. Cumulative Results of Operations ending balances for Earmarked Funds on the SCNP do not agree with the Cumulative Results of Operations for Earmarked Funds reported on the Balance Sheet because the Cumulative Results of Operations on the Balance Sheet are presented net of eliminations. The summation for the Military Retirement Fund (MRF), Medicare-Eligible Retiree Health Care Fund (MERHCF), and Other Earmarked Funds is equivalent to the gross amount presented on the SCNP.

<u>Military Retirement Fund, 10 United States Code (USC) 1461</u>. The MRF accumulates funds in order to finance, on an actuarially sound basis, the liabilities of the Department's military retirement and survivor benefit programs. Financing sources for the MRF are interest earnings on Fund assets, monthly Department contributions, and annual contributions from the U.S. Treasury. The monthly Department contributions are calculated as a percentage of basic pay. The contribution from the U.S. Treasury represents the amortization of the unfunded liability for service performed prior to October 1, 1984, plus the amortization of actuarial gains and losses that have arisen since then. The U.S. Treasury annual contribution also includes the normal cost amount for the concurrent receipt provisions of the FY 2004 National Defense Authorization Act.

<u>Medicare-Eligible Retiree Health Care Fund, 10 USC 1111</u>. The MERHCF accumulates funds to finance, on an actuarially sound basis, liabilities of the Department and the uniformed services health care programs for qualified Medicare-eligible beneficiaries. Financing sources for MERHCF are provided primarily through an annual actuarial liability payment from the U.S. Treasury, annual contributions from each Uniformed Service (Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, U.S. Coast Guard, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, and U.S. Public Health Service), and interest earned from the Fund's investments.

Other Earmarked Funds

<u>Special Recreation Use Fees, 16 USC 4061-6a note</u>. The United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) is granted the authority to charge and collect fair and equitable Special Recreation Use Fees at campgrounds located at lakes or reservoirs that are under the jurisdiction of the USACE. Types of allowable fees include daily use fees, admission fees, recreational fees, annual pass fees, and other permit type fees. The receipts are used for the operation and maintenance of the recreational sites.

<u>Hydraulic Mining in California, Debris, 33 USC 683.</u> Operators of hydraulic mines through which debris flows in part or in whole to a body restrained by a dam or other work erected by the California Debris Commission are required to pay an annual tax as determined by the Commission. Taxes imposed under this code are collected and then expended under the supervision of the USACE and the direction of the Department of the Army. The funds are used for repayment of funds advanced by the Federal Government or other agency for construction, restraining works, settling reservoirs, and maintenance.

<u>Payments to States, Flood Control Act of 1954, 33 USC 701c-3</u>. Seventy-five percent of all funds received and deposited from the leasing of lands acquired by the United States for flood control, navigation, and allied purposes (including the development of hydroelectric power) are returned to the state in which the property is located. The USACE collects lease receipts into a receipt account. Funds are appropriated for the amount of receipts the following fiscal year. The funds may be expended by the states for the benefit of public schools and public roads of the counties in which such property is situated, or for defraying any of the expenses of county government.

<u>Maintenance and Operation of Dams and Other Improvements of Navigable Waters, 16 USC 803(f) and 810.</u> When a reservoir or other improvement is constructed by the US, the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) assesses charges against licensees directly benefited. The statute requires that all proceeds from any Indian reservation be placed to the credit of the Indians of the reservation. All other charges arising from licenses, except those charges established by the FERC for administrative reimbursement, are paid to the U.S. Treasury and allocated for specific uses. The Army is allocated 50% of charges from all licenses, except licenses for the occupancy and use of public lands and national forests. These funds are deposited in a special fund and used for maintenance, operation, and improvement of dams and other navigation structures that are owned by the United States or in construction, maintenance, or operation of headwater or other improvements of navigable waters of the United States.

<u>Fund for Non-Federal Use of Disposal Facilities (for dredged material), 33 USC 2326.</u> Any dredged material disposal facility under the jurisdiction of, or managed by, the Secretary of the Army (Secretary) may be used by a nonfederal interest if the Secretary determines that such use will not reduce the availability of the facility for project purposes. Fees may be imposed to recover capital, operation, and maintenance costs associated with such use. Any monies received through collection of fees under this law shall be available to, and used by, the Secretary for the operation and maintenance of the disposal facility from which the fees were collected.

South Dakota Terrestrial Wildlife Habitat Restoration Trust Fund, Public Law 106-53 Sec. 603. Yearly transfers are made from the General Fund of the U.S. Treasury to the Trust Fund for investment purposes. Investment activity is managed by the Bureau of the Public Debt (BPD). The BPD purchases and redeems nonmarketable market-based securities. Investments include one-day certificates, bonds, and notes. When the fund reaches the aggregate amount of \$108 million, withdrawals may be made by the USACE for payment to the State of South Dakota. The state uses the payments to fund the annually scheduled work for wildlife habitat restoration.

<u>Coastal Wetlands Restoration Trust Fund and Coastal Wetlands Planning, Protection and Restoration Act, 16 USC 3951-3956.</u> The USACE, (along with the Environmental Protection Agency, and the Fish and Wildlife Service) is granted the authority to work with the State of Louisiana to develop, review, evaluate, and approve a plan to achieve a goal of "no net loss of wetlands" in coastal Louisiana. The USACE is also responsible for allocating funds among the named task force members. Federal contributions are established at 75% of project costs or 85% if the state has an approved Coastal Wetlands Conservation Plan.

<u>Rivers and Harbors Contributed and Advance Funds, 33 USC 701h, 702f, and 703.</u> Whenever any state or political subdivision offers to advance funds for a flood control project duly adopted and authorized by law the Secretary of the Army may, in his discretion, receive such funds and expend them in the immediate prosecution of such work. The funding may be used to construct, improve, and maintain levees, water outlets, flood control, debris removal, rectification and enlargement of river channels, etc. in the course of flood control and river/harbor maintenance.

<u>Inland Waterways Trust Fund, 26 USC 9506.</u> This law made the Inland Waterways Trust Fund available for USACE expenditures for navigation, construction, and rehabilitation projects on inland waterways. Collections for excise taxes from the public are made into the Trust Fund. The collections are invested and investment activity is managed by the BPD. The BPD purchases and redeems nonmarketable market-based securities. Investments include one-day certificates, bonds, and notes.

<u>Harbor Maintenance Trust Fund, 26 USC 9505.</u> The USACE Civil Works mission is funded by the Energy and Water Developments Appropriations Act. The Water Resources Development Act of 1986 was implemented to cover a portion of USACE operations and maintenance costs for deep draft navigation. The Harbor Maintenance Trust Fund is available for making expenditures to carry out the functions specified in the Act and for the payment of all expenses of administration incurred by the U.S. Treasury, USACE, and the Department of Commerce. Collections are made into the Trust Fund from taxes collected from imports, domestics, passengers, and foreign trade. The collections are invested and investment activity is managed by the Bureau of Public Debt.

<u>Foreign National Employees Separation Pay Account Trust Fund, 10 USC 1581.</u> This fund makes payments from amounts obligated by the Secretary of Defense that remain unexpended for separation pay for foreign national employees of the Department. The foreign national employees' separation pay funded by Foreign Military Sales administrative funds is maintained as a separate fund.

<u>Defense Commissary Agency Surcharge Trust Fund, 10 USC 2685.</u> This fund was established as the repository for the surcharge on sales of commissary goods paid for by authorized patrons to finance certain operating expenses and capital purchases of the Commissary System, which are precluded by law from being paid with appropriated funds. Most Surcharge revenue is generated by the 5% surcharge applied to each sale. These funds may be used to pay for commissary store-related information technology investments, to purchase commissary equipment, to finance advance design modifications to prior year projects, for both minor and major construction projects, and to maintain and repair commissary facilities and equipment.

Education Benefit Fund, 10 USC 2006. This fund was established to finance, on an actuarially sound basis, the liabilities of the Department's education benefit programs for current and former active duty, guard, and reserve members of the armed forces, and members of the Coast Guard. Financing sources for the Education Benefit Fund are interest earnings on Fund assets and monthly Department contributions.

<u>Voluntary Separation Incentive Fund, 10 USC 1175.</u> This fund was established to finance, on an actuarially sound basis, the liabilities of the Department's incentive program for early separation from military service. Financing sources for the Voluntary Separation Incentive Fund are interest earnings on Fund assets and annual Department contributions.

<u>Military Housing Privatization Initiative</u>, <u>Public Law 104-106</u>, <u>Statute 186</u>, <u>Section 2801</u>. The Military Housing Privatization Initiative (MHPI) includes both direct loan and loan guarantee programs, is authorized by the National Defense Authorization Act for FY 1996, and includes a series of authorities that allow the Department to work with the private sector to renovate and build military family housing. The MHPI accelerates the construction of new housing built to market standard and leverages private sector capital with government dollars. The Department provides protection to the private sector partner against specific risks, such as base closure or member deployment.

<u>Armament Retooling and Manufacturing Support Initiative, 10 USC 4551-4555.</u> The Armament Retooling and Manufacturing Support Initiative is a loan guarantee program designed to incentivize commercial use of the Army's inactive ammunition plants for businesses willing to locate to a government ammunition production facility. The production capacity of these facilities is greater than current military requirements, however, this capacity may be needed in the future. Revenue from property rentals are used to pay for the operation, maintenance and environmental cleanup at the facilities.

Agency Wide

Note 24. Other Disclosures

As of June 30	2008 Asset Category									
	Land and Buildings			Equipment		Other	Total			
1. ENTITY AS LESSEE- Operating Leases Future Payments Due Fiscal Year 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 After 5 Years	\$	137,524,602.25 220,049,036.76 215,517,170.21 212,020,001.54 199,707,575.41 151,792,531.58 197,106,082.55	\$	46,166,903.82 33,775,738.50 15,744,579.96 16,156,057.53 16,554,033.00 1,961,990.00 0.00	\$	134,498,213.00 159,646,215.00 162,644,802.00 168,471,715.00 174,511,103.00 106,564,331.00 0.00	\$	318,189,719.07 413,470,990.26 393,906,552.17 396,647,774.07 390,772,711.41 260,318,852.58 197,106,082.55		
Total Future Lease Payments Due	\$	1,333,717,000.30	\$	130,359,302.81	\$	906,336,379.00	\$	2,370,412,682.11		

Note 25. Restatements

During the reporting period, the Department identified material errors and accounting principle changes. As a result, the Department made prior year changes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Correction Due to Change in Accounting Principle

Effective FY 2007, the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-136 "Financial Reporting Requirements" required entities to report programs administered on behalf of the Executive Office of the President (EOP). Based upon additional guidance from OMB, effective 3rd Quarter, FY 2008, the Department reports Foreign Military Sales separately from the DoD-Wide financial statements.

Due to the material and pervasive impact of the change to allocation transfer reporting, the Department (in coordination with OMB and the U.S. Treasury) restated prior year comparative columns by removing the programs administered on behalf of the EOP.

Correction Due to Accounting Error

During FY 2007, the Department incorrectly reported \$1.3 billion of contract financing payments as expenses rather than assets. After discovering the error, the Department validated supporting documentation for the contract financing payments before recording the proper correcting entries. In addition, an Army General Fund October 2007 payroll voucher was processed in September 2007 in error.

Effect on Comparative Balances

The following chart reflects the cumulative effect on Department balances reported in the comparative period:

FY 2007 Balance Sheet (amounts in billions)		Statement of Budgetary Resources (amounts in billions)					
Fund Balance with Treasury	\$(11.9)	Beginning Balance Change for FY 2008					
Cash and Other Monetary Assets	(12.3)	Unpaid Obligations, Brought Forward	\$(63.8)				
Loans Receivable	(3.0)						
Other Assets	<u>(9.3</u>)	Comparative Year Effect for FY 2007					
Total Assets	\$(36.5)	Appropriation	\$ (5.0)				
		Contract Authority	(16.3)				
Debt	\$ (3.1)	Spending Authority from Offsetting Colle	ctions				
Other Liabilities	(31.4)	Earned					
Total Liabilities	\$(34.5)	Collected	(1.5)				
		Permanently Not Available	12.6				
Net Position	\$ (2.0)	Total Budgetary Resources	\$(10.2)				
Statement of Net Cost		Obligations	\$ 11.0				
(amounts in billions)		Unobligated Balance	(21.2)				
		Total Status of Budgetary Resources	\$(10.2)				
Gross Costs	\$ (5.6)						
Less: Earned Revenue	0.9	Gross Outlays	\$(15.7)				
		Less: Offsetting Collections	1.5				
Net Cost of Operations	\$ (4.7)	Net Outlays	\$(14.2)				

The change in accounting principle and correction of the error impact the Balance Sheet and Statements of Changes in Net Position and Net Cost. The impact to the Statement of Budgetary Resources is due to the change in accounting principle.