- (o) Under emergency conditions, you may make repairs to primary structural elements to restore an existing permitted condition without submitting an application or receiving prior MMS approval for up to 120-calendar days following an event. You must notify the Regional Supervisor of the damage that occurred within 24 hours of its discovery, and you must provide a written completion report to the Regional Supervisor of the repairs that were made within 1 week after completing the repairs. If you make emergency repairs on a floating platform, you must also notify the USCG.
- (d) You must determine if your new platform or major modification to an existing platform is subject to the Platform Verification Program (PVP). Section 250.910 of this subpart fully describes the facilities that are subject to the PVP. If you determine that your platform is subject to the PVP, you must follow the requirements of §§ 250.909-250.918 of this subpart.
- (e) You must submit notification of the platform installation date and the final as-built location data to the Regional Supervisor within 45-calendar days of completion of platform installation.
- (1) For platforms not subject to the Platform Verification Program (PVP), MMS will cancel the approved platform application 1 year after the approval has been granted if the platform has not been installed. If MMS cancels the approval, you must resubmit your platform application and receive MMS approval if you still plan to install the platform.
- (2) For platforms subject to the PVP, cancellation of an approval will be on an individual platform basis. For these platforms, MMS will identify the date when the installation approval will be cancelled (if installation has not occurred) during the application and approval process. If MMS cancels your installation approval, you must resubmit your platform application and receive MMS approval if you still plan to install the platform.

[70 FR 41575, July 19, 2005; 71 FR 16859, Apr. 4, 2006, as amended at 73 FR 20171, Apr. 15, 2008; 73 FR 64546, Oct. 30, 2008]

§ 250.901 What industry standards must your platform meet?

- (a) In addition to the other require ments of this subpart, your plans for platform design, analysis, fabrication installation, use, maintenance, inspec tion and assessment must, as appropriate, conform to:
- (1) American Concrete Institute (ACI Standard 318, Building Code Require ments for Reinforced Concrete, plu Commentary, (incorporated by reference as specified in § 250.198);
- (2) ACI 357R, Guide for the Design and Construction of Fixed Offshore Conorete Structures, (incorporated by reference as specified in § 250.198);
- (3) ANSI/AISC 360-05, Specification for Structural Steel Buildings, (incorporated by reference as specified in § 250.198):
- (4) American Petroleum Institute (API) Bulletin 2INT-DG, Interim Guid ance for Design of Offshore Structure for Hurricane Conditions, (incorporated by reference as specified in § 250.198);
- (5) API Bulletin 2INT-EX, Interin Guidance for Assessment of Existing Offshore Structures for Hurricane Conditions, (incorporated by reference a specified in § 250.198);
- (6) API Bulletin 2INT-MET, Interin Guidance on Hurricane Conditions in the Gulf of Mexico, (incorporated by reference as specified in § 250.198);
- (7) API Recommend Practice (RP 2A-WSD, RP for Planning, Designing and Constructing Fixed Offshore Plat forms—Working Stress Design (incorporated by reference as specified i: §250.198);
- (8) API RP 2FPS, Recommende Practice for Planning, Designing, an Constructing Floating Production Sys tems, (incorporated by reference a specified in § 250.198);
- (9) API RP 2I, In-Service Inspection of Mooring Hardware for Floating Drilling Units (incorporated by reference as specified in §250.198);
- (10) API RP 2RD, Design of Risers fo Floating Production Systems (FPSs and Tension-Leg Platforms (TLPs), (in corporated by reference as specified 1 § 250.198);
- (11) API RP 2SK, Recommended Practice for Design and Analysis of Statio:

Keeping Systems for Floating Structures, (incorporated by reference as specified in §250.198);

- (12) API RP 2SM, Recommended Practice for Design, Manufacture, Installation, and Maintenance of Synthetic Fiber Ropes for Offshore Mooring, (incorporated by reference as specified in § 250.198);
- (13) API RP 2T, Recommended Practice for Planning, Designing and Constructing Tension Leg Platforms, (incorporated by reference as specified in § 250.198);
- (14) API RP 14J, Recommended Practice for Design and Hazards Analysis for Offshore Production Facilities, (incorporated by reference as specified in § 250.198);
- (15) American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) Standard C 38-99a, Standard Specification for Concrete Aggregates, (incorporated by reference as specified in § 250.198):

(16) ASTM Standard C 94/C 94M-99, Standard Specification for Ready-Mixed Concrete, (incorporated by reference as specified in § 250.198);

(17) ASTM Standard O 150-99, Standard Specification for Portland Cement, (incorporated by reference as specified in §250.198);

- (18) ASTM Standard C 330-99, Standard Specification for Lightweight Aggregates for Structural Concrete, (incorporated by reference as specified in §250.198);
- (19) ASTM Standard C 595-98, Standard Specification for Blended Hydraulic Cements, (incorporated by reference as specified in §250.198);
- (20) AWS D1.1, Structural Welding Code—Steel, including Commentary, (incorporated by reference as specified in §250.198);
- (21) AWS D1.4, Structural Welding Code—Reinforcing Steel, (incorporated by reference as specified in § 250.198);

(22) AWS D3.6M, Specification for Underwater Welding, (incorporated by reference as specified in § 250.198);

- (23) NACE Standard MR0175, Sulfide Stress Cracking Resistant Metallic Materials for Oilfield Equipment, (incorporated by reference as specified in § 250.198);
- (24) NACE Standard RP0176-2003, Item No. 21018, Standard Recommended Practice, Corrosion Control of Steel

Fixed Offshore Structures Associated with Petroleum Production,

- (b) You must follow the requirements contained in the documents listed under paragraph (a) of this section insofar as they do not conflict with other provisions of 30 OFR Part 250. You may use applicable provisions of these documents, as approved by the Regional Supervisor, for the design, fabrication, and installation of platforms such as spars, since standards specifically written for such structures do not exist. You may also use alternative codes, rules, or standards, as approved by the Regional Supervisor, under the conditions enumerated in §250.141.
- (c) For information on the standards mentioned in this section, and where they may be obtained, see §250.198 of this part.
- (d) The following chart summarizes the applicability of the industry standards listed in this section for fixed and floating platforms:

Industry standard Applica

(1) ACI Standard 318, Building Code Requirements for Reinforced Concrete, Plus Commentary.

(2) ANSI/AISC 360-05, Specification for Structural Steel Buildings;

- (3) API Sulletin ZINT-DG, Interim Guidance for Design of Offshore Structures for Hurricane Conditions;
- (4) API Bulletin 2INT-EX, interim Guldance for Assessment of Existing Off-shore Structures for Hurricane Conditions:.
- (5) API Bulletin 2INT-MET, Interim Guidance on Hurricane Conditions in the Guif of Mexico;
- (6) API RP 2A-WSD, RP for Planning, Designing, and Constructing Fixed Offshore Platforms—Working Stress Design;
- (7) ASTM Standard C33-99a, Standard Specification for Concrete Aggregates;
- (8) ASTM Standard C94/C94M-99, Standard Specification for Reedy-Mixed Concrete;
- (9) ASTM Standard C150-99, Standard Specification for Portland Cement;.
- (10) ASTM Standard C330-99, Standard Specification for Lightweight Aggregates for Structural Concrete;.
- (11) ASTM Stendard C 695-98, Standard Specification for Blonded Hydraulio Cements;.
- (12) AWS D1.1, Structural Welding Code—Steel;.
- (13) AWS D1.4, Structural Welding Code—Reinforcing Steel;.
- (14) AWS D3.6M, Specification for Underwater Welding;

Applicable to * * *

Fixed and floating platform, es appropriate.

Minerals Management Service, Interior

Industry standard Applicable to * * (15) NACE Standard RP 0176–2003, Standard Recommended Practice (RP), Corrosion Control of Steel Fixed Olfshore Platforms Associated with Petroleum Production;. (16) ACI 357R, Guida for the Design and Construction of Fixed Offshore Concrete Structures;. (17) API RP 14J, RP for Design and Hazards Analysis for Offshore Production Facilities;. (18) API RP 2FPS, RP for Planning, Designing, and Constructing, Floating Production Systems;. (19) API RP 2RD, Design of Risers for Floating Production Systems (FPSs) and Tension-Leg Platforms (TLPs);. (20) API RP 2SK, RP for Design and Analysis of Station Keeping Systems for Floating Structures;. (21) API RP 2T, RP for Planning, Designing, and Constructing Tension Leg Platforms;. (22) API RP 2SM, RP for Design, Manufacture, Installation, and Maintenance of Synthetic Fiber Ropes for Offshore Mooring;. (23) API RP 21, In-Sarvice Inspection of Mooring Hardware for Floating Drilling Units.		
Standard Recommended Practice (RP), Corrosion Control of Steal Fixed Olfshore Platforms Associated with Petroleum Production; (16) ACI 357R, Guida for the Design and Construction of Fixed Offshore Concrete Structures; (17) API RP 14J, RP for Design and Hazards Analysis for Offshore Production Facilities; (18) API RP 2FPS, RP for Planning, Designing, and Constructing, Floating Production Systems; (19) API RP 2RD, Design of Risers for Floating Production Systems (FPSs) and Tension-Leg Platforms (TLPs); (20) API RP 2SK, RP for Design and Analysis of Station Keeping Systems for Floating Structures; (21) API RP 2T, RP for Planning, Designing, and Constructing Tension Leg Platforms; (22) API RP 2SM, RP for Design, Manufacture, Installation, and Maintenance of Synthetic Fiber Ropes for Offshore Mooring Hardware for Floating Drilling	Industry standard	Applicable to * *
Construction of Fixed Offshore Concrete Structures;. (17) API RP 14J, RP for Design and Hazards Analysis for Offshore Production Facilities;. (18) API RP 2FPS, RP for Planning, Designing, and Constructing, Floating Production Systems;. (19) API RP 2RD, Design of Risers for Floating Production Systems (FPSs) and Tension-Leg Platforms (TLPs);. (20) API RP 2SK, RP for Design and Analysis of Station Keeping Systems for Floating Structures;. (21) API RP 2T, RP for Planning, Designing, and Constructing Tension Leg Platforms;. (22) API RP 2SM, RP for Design, Manufacture, Installation, and Maintenance of Synthetic Fiber Ropes for Offshore Mooring;. (23) API RP 2I, In-Service Inspection of Mooring Hardware for Floating Drilling	Standard Recommended Practice (RP), Corrosion Control of Steel Fixed Offshore Platforms Associated with Petroleum Production;.	Fixed platforms
 (17) API RP 14J, RP for Design and Hazards Analysis for Offshore Production Facilities; (18) API RP 2FPS, RP for Planning, Designing, and Constructing, Floating Production Systems; (19) API RP 2RD, Design of Risers for Floating Production Systems (FPSs) and Tension-Leg Platforms (TLPs); (20) API RP 2SK, RP for Design and Analysis of Station Keeping Systems for Floating Structures; (21) API RP 2T, RP for Planning, Designing, and Constructing Tension Leg Platforms; (22) API RP 2SM, RP for Design, Manufacture, Installation, and Maintenance of Synthetic Fiber Ropes for Offshore Mooting; (23) API RP 2I, In-Service Inspection of Mooting Hardware for Floating Drilling 	Construction of Fixed Offshore Con-	i noo plationio.
·	 (17) API RP 14J, RP for Design and Hazards Analysis for Offshore Production Facililles; (18) API RP 2FPS, RP for Planning, Designing, and Constructing, Floating Production Systems; (19) API RP 2RD, Design of Risers for Floating Production Systems (FPSs) and Tension-Leg Platforms (TLPs); (20) API RP 2SK, RP for Design and Analysis of Station Keeping Systems for Floating Structures; (21) API RP 2T, RP for Planning, Designing, and Constructing Tension Leg Platforms; (22) API RP 2SM, RP for Design, Manufacture, Installation, and Maintenance of Synthetic Fiber Ropes for Offshore Mooring; (23) API RP 2I, In-Sarvice Inspection of Mooring Hardware for Floating Drilling 	Floating platforms

[70 FR 41575, July 19, 2005, as amended at 72 FR 12096, Mar. 15, 2007; 73 FR 20169, Apr. 15, 2008; 73 FR 64546, Oct. 30, 2008]

§250.902 What are the requirements for platform removal and location clearance?

You must remove all structures according to §§ 250.1725 through 250.1730 of Subpart Q—Decommissioning Activities of this part.

§250.903 What records must I keep?

- (a) You must compile, retain, and make available to MMS representatives for the functional life of all platforms:
 - (1) The as-built drawings;
- (2) The design assumptions and analyses:
- (3) A summary of the fabrication and installation nondestructive examination records;
- (4) The inspection results from the inspections required by §250.919 of this subpart; and
- (5) Records of repairs not covered in the inspection report submitted under §250.919(b).
- (b) You must record and retain the original material test results of all primary structural materials during all stages of construction. Primary mate-

rial is material that, should it fail, would lead to a significant reduction in platform safety, structural reliability, or operating capabilities. Items such as steel brackets, deck stiffeners and secondary braces or beams would not generally be considered primary structural members (or materials).

(c) You must provide MMS with the location of these records in the certification statement of your application for platform approval as required in §250,905(j).

PLATFORM APPROVAL PROGRAM

§ 250.904 What is the Platform Approval Program?

- (a) The Platform Approval Program is the MMS basic approval process for platforms on the OCS. The requirements of the Platform Approval Program are described in §§ 250.904 through 250.908 of this subpart. Completing these requirements will satisfy MMS criteria for approval of fixed platforms of a proven design that will be placed in the shallow water areas (≤ 400 ft.) of the Gulf of Mexico OCS.
- (b) The requirements of the Platform Approval Program must be met by all platforms on the OCS. Additionally, if you want approval for a floating platform; a platform of unique design; or a platform being installed in deepwater (> 400 ft.) or a frontier area, you must also meet the requirements of the Platform Verification Program. The requirements of the Platform Verification Program are described in §§ 250.909 through 250.918 of this subpart.

§ 250.905 How do I get approval for the installation, modification, or repair of my platform?

The Platform Approval Program requires that you submit the information, documents, and fee listed in the following table for your proposed project. In lieu of submitting the paper copies specified in the table, you may submit your application electronically in accordance with 30 CFR 250.186(a)(3).

Required submittal	Required contente	Other requirements
(a) Application cover letter	Proposed structure designation, lease number, area, name, and block mumber, and the type of facility your facility (e.g., drilling, production, quarters). The structure designation must be unique for the field (some fields are made up of several blocks); i.e. once a platform "A" has been used in the field there should never be another platform "A" even if the old platform "A" hes been removed. Single well froe standing calssons should be given the same designation as the well. All other structures are to be designated by letter designations.	You must submit three copies. If, your facility is subject to the Platform Verticiation Program (PVP), you must submit four copies.
(b) Location plat	Latitude and longitude coordinates, Universal Mer- cator grid-system coordinates, state plane coordi- nates in the Lembert or Transverse Mercator Pro- jection System, end distances in feet from the nearest block lines. These coordinates must be based on the NAD (North American Datum) 27 datum plane coordinate system.	Your plat must be drawn to a scale of 1 inch equals 2,000 fest and include the coordinates of the lease block boundary lines. You must eubmit three
(c) Front, Side, and Plen View drawings.	Platform dimensions and orientation, elevations rel- ative to M.L.L.W. (Mean Lower Low Water), and plie sizes and penetration.	Your drawing sizes must not ex- ceed 11" x 17". You must sub- mit three copies (four copies for PVP applications).
(d) Complete set of structural draw- ings.	The approved for construction fabrication drawinge should be submitted including; e.g., cathodic protection systems; jacket design; pile foundations; drilling, production, end pipeline risers and tiser tensioning systems; furrets and turret-and-hull interfaces; mooring and tethering systems; foundations and anchoring eystems.	Your drawing sizes must not exceed 11" x 17". You must submit one copy.
(e) Summary of environmentel data , , .	A summary of the environmental data described in the epplicable standarda referenced under §250.901(a) of this subpart and in §250.198 of Subpart A, where the data ta used in the design or analysis of the platform. Examples of relavant data include information on waves, wind, current, tidee, temperature, snow and ice effects, marine growth, and water depth.	You must submit one copy.
(f) Summary of the engineering design date.	Loading information (e.g., live, dead, environmental); structural information (e.g., design-life; material types; cathodic protection systems; design criteria; fatigue life; jecket design; deck design; production component dosign; pile foundations; drilling, production, and pipeline risers and riser tensioning systems; turrets and turret-and-hull interfaces; foundations, foundation pilings and templatee, and anchoring systems; mooring or lethoring systems; labrication and installation guidelines), and foundation information (e.g., soil etability, design criteria).	You must submit one copy.
(g) Project-specific studies used in the platform design or instellation.	All etudies pertinent le platform design or installation, e.g., oceanographic and/or soil reports including the overall site investigative report required in section 250.906.	You must submit one copy of each sludy.
(h) Description of the loads imposed on the facility.	Loads imposed by jacket; decks; production compo- nents; drilling, production, and pipeline risere, and riser tensioning systems; turrets and turret-and-huli interfaces; foundations, foundation pilings and tamplates, and anchoring systems; end mooring or tethering systems.	You must submit one copy.
(i) Summary of safety factors utilized.	A summary of pertinent derived factors of safety against failure for major structural members, e.g., unity eheck raties exceeding 0.85 for steel-lacket platform members, indicated on "line" sketches of jacket sections,	You must submit one copy.
(j) A copy of the in-service inspec-	This plan is described in §250.919	You must submit one copy.
tion plan. (k) Certification statement	The following statement: "The design of this structure has been certified by a recognized classification society, or a registered civil or structural engineer or equivalent, or a naval architect or marine engineer or equivalent, specializing in the design of offshora structures. The certified design and asbuilt plans and specifications will be on file at (giva location)".	An authorized company represent- ative must sign the statement. You must submit one copy.

Required submittal	Required contents	Other requirements
(I) Payment of the service fee listed in § 250.125.		·

[70 FR 41575, July 19, 2005, as amended at 71 FR 40912, July 19, 2006; 73 FR 64546, Oct. 30, 2008

§ 250.906 What must I do to obtain approval for the proposed site of my platform?

(a) Shallow hazards surveys. You must perform a high-resolution or acoustic-profiling survey to obtain information on the conditions existing at and near the surface of the seafloor. You must collect information through this survey sufficient to determine the presence of the following features and their likely effects on your proposed platform:

- (1) Shallow faults;
- (2) Gas seeps or shallow gas;
- (3) Slump blocks or slump sediments;
- (4) Shallow water flows;
- (5) Hydrates: or
- (6) Toe scour of seafloor sediments.
- (b) Geologic surveys. You must perform a geological survey relevant to the design and siting of your platform. Your geological survey must assess:
- (1) Seismic activity at your proposed site;
- (2) Fault zones, the extent and geometry of faulting, and attenuation effects of geologic conditions near your site; and
- (3) For platforms located in producing areas, the possibility and effects of seafloor subsidence.
- (c) Subsurface surveys. Depending upon the design and location of your proposed platform and the results of the shallow hazard and geologic surveys, the Regional Supervisor may require you to perform a subsurface survey. This survey will include a testing program for investigating the stratigraphic and engineering properties of the soil that may affect the foundations or anchoring systems for your facility. The testing program must include adequate in situ testing, boring, and sampling to examine all important soil and rock strata to determine its strength classification, deformation properties, and dynamic characteristics. If required to perform a subsurface survey, you must prepare and submit to the Regional Supervisor a

summary report to briefly describe the results of your soil testing program the various field and laboratory tes methods employed, and the applica bility of these methods as they pertain to the quality of the samples, the type of soil, and the anticipated design application. You must explain how the engineering properties of each soin stratum affect the design of your plat form. In your explanation you must describe the uncertainties inherent in your overall testing program, and the reliability and applicability of each test method.

- (d) Overall site investigation report You must prepare and submit to the Regional Supervisor an overall site in vestigation report for your platform that integrates the findings of you shallow hazards surveys and geological surveys, and, if required, your subsurface surveys. Your overall site in vestigation report must include analyses of the potential for:
 - (1) Scouring of the seafloor;
 - (2) Hydraulio instability;
 - (3) The occurrence of sand waves:
- (4) Instability of slopes at the plat form location;
- (5) Liquifaction, or possible reduction of soil strength due to increased por pressures;
- (6) Degradation of subsea permafros layers;
 - (7) Cyolic loading;
 - (8) Lateral loading;
 - (9) Dynamic loading:
 - (10) Settlements and displacements;
- (11) Plastic deformation and forms tion collapse mechanisms; and
- (12) Soil reactions on the platforr foundations or anchoring systems.

§250.907 Where must I locate founds tion boreholes?

(a) For fixed or bottom-founded platforms and tension leg platforms, you maximum distance from any foundation pile to a soil boring must not exceed 500 feet.

§ 250.908 ·

(b) For deepwater floating platforms which utilize catenary or taut-leg moorings, you must take borings at the most heavily loaded anohor location, at the anchor points approximately 120 and 240 degrees around the anchor pattern from that boring, and, as necessary, other points throughout the anchor pattern to establish the soil profile suitable for foundation design purposes.

§ 250.908 What are the minimum structural fatigue design requirements?

(a) API RP 2A-WSD, Recommended Practice for Planning, Designing and Constructing Fixed Offshore Platforms (incorporated by reference as specified in 30 CFR 250.198), requires that the design fatigue life of each joint and member be twice the intended service life of the structure. When designing your platform, the following table provides minimum fatigue life safety factors for critical structural members and joints.

If	Then
(1) There is sufficient structural redundancy to prevent catastrophic failure of the platferm or structure under consideration.	The results of the analysis must indicate a maximum cal- culated life of twice the design life of the platform.
(2) There is not sufficient structural redundancy to provent cata- strophic failure of the platform or structure.	The results of a fatigue enalysis must indicate a minimum cal- culated life or three times the design life of the platform.
(3) The desirable degree of redundancy is significantly reduced as a result of fatigue damage.	The results of a fatigue analysis must indicate a minimum cal- culated life of three times the design life of the platform.

(b) The documents incorporated by reference in §250.901 may require larger safety factors than indicated in paragraph (a) of this section for some key components. When the documents incorporated by reference require a larger safety factor than the chart in paragraph (a) of this section, the requirements of the incorporated document will prevail.

PLATFORM VERIFICATION PROGRAM

§ 250.909 What is the Platform Verification Program?

The Platform Verification Program is the MMS approval process for ensuring that floating platforms; platforms of a new or unique design; platforms in seismic areas; or platforms located in deepwater or frontier areas meet stringent requirements for design and construction. The program is applied during construction of new platforms and major modifications of, or repairs to, existing platforms. These requirements are in addition to the requirements of

the Platform Approval Program described in §§ 250.904 through 250.908 of this subpart.

§ 250.910 Which of my facilities are subject to the Platform Verification Program?

- (a) All new fixed or bottom-founded platforms that meet any of the following five conditions are subject to the Platform Verification Program:
- (1) Platforms installed in water depths exceeding 400 feet (122 meters);
- (2) Platforms having natural periods in excess of 3 seconds;
- (3) Platforms installed in areas of unstable bottom conditions:
- (4) Platforms having configurations and designs which have not previously been used or proven for use in the area; or
- (5) Platforms installed in seismically active areas.
- (b) All new floating platforms are subject to the Platform Verification Program to the extent indicated in the following table:

(1) Your new floating platform is a buoyant offshore facility that does not have a ship-shaped hull.

If . . .

The entire platform is subject to the Platform Verification Program including the following associated structures;

Then...

11	Then
(2) Your new floating platform ie a buoyant offshore facility with a ship-shaped hull.	(i) Drilling, production, and pipeline risers, and riser tensioning systems (each platform must be designed to accommodate all the loads imposed by all risers and riser does not have tensioning systems); (ii) Turrets and turret-and-hull interfaces; (iii) Foundations, foundation pilings and templates, and anchoring systems; and (iv) Mooring or tethering systems. Only the following atructures that may be associated with the floating platform are aubject to the Platform Verification Program: (i) Drilling, production, and pipeline risers, and riser tensioning systems (each platform must be designed to accommodate all the loads imposed by all risers and riser tensioning systems); (ii) Turrets and turret-and-hull interfaces; (iii) Foundations, foundation plilings and templates, end anchoring systems; and (iv) Mooring or tethering systems.

- (c) If a platform is originally subject to the Platform Verification Program, then the conversion of that platform at that same site for a new purpose, or making a major modification of, or major repair to, that platform, is also subject to the Platform Verification Program. A major modification includes any modification that increases loading on a platform by 10 percent or more. A major repair is a corrective operation involving structural members affecting the structural integrity of a portion or all of the platform. Before you make a major modification or repair to a floating platform, you must obtain approval from both the MMS and the USCG.
- (d) The applicability of Platform Verification Program requirements to other types of facilities will be determined by MMS on a case-by-case basis.

[70 FR 41575, July 19, 2005; 71 FR 28080, May 15, 2006]

§250.911 If my platform is subject to the Platform Verification Program, what must I do?

If your platform, conversion, or major modification or repair meets the criteria in §250.910, you must:

- (a) Design, fabricate, install, use, maintain and inspect your platform, conversion, or major modification or repair to your platform according to the requirements of this subpart, and the applicable documents listed in §250.901(a) of this subpart;
- (b) Comply with all the requirements of the Platform Approval Program

found in §§ 250.904 through 250.908 of this subpart.

- (c) Submit for the Regional Supervisor's approval three copies each of the design verification, fabrication verification, and installation verification plans required by § 250.912;
- (d) Submit a complete schedule of all phases of design, fabrication, and in stallation for the Regional Supervisor's approval. You must include a project management timeline, Gantt Chart that depicts when interim and final reports required by §§ 250.916, 250.917, and 250.918 will be submitted to the Regional Supervisor for each phase. Or the timeline, you must break-out the specific scopes of work that inherently stand alone (e.g., deck, mooring systems, tendon systems, riser systems turret systems).
- (e) Include your nomination of a Certified Verification Agent (CVA) as a part of each verification plan required by § 250.912;
- (f) Follow the additional requirements in §§ 250.913 through 250.918;
- (g) Obtain approval for modifications to approved plans and for major deviations from approved installation procedures from the Regional Supervisor and
- (h) Comply with applicable USCG regulations for floating OCS facilities [70 FR 41675, July 19, 2005, as amended at 7: FR 64647, Oct. 30, 2008]

§250.912 What plans must I submit under the Platform Verification Program?

If your platform, associated structure, or major modification meets the criteria in §250.910, you must submit the following plans to the Regional Su-

pervisor for approval;

- (a) Design verification plan. You may submit your design verification plan with or subsequent to the submittal of your Development and Production Plan (DPP) or Development Operations Coordination Document (DOCD). Your design verification must be conducted by, or be under the direct supervision of, a registered professional civil or structural engineer or equivalent, or a naval architect or marine engineer or equivalent, with previous experience in directing the design of similar facilities, systems, structures, or equipment. For floating platforms, you must ensure that the requirements of the USCG for structural integrity and stability, e.g., verification of center of gravity, etc., been met. Your design verification plan must include the following:
- (1) All design documentation specified in § 250.905 of this subpart;
- (2) Abstracts of the computer programs used in the design process; and
- (3) A summary of the major design considerations and the approach to be used to verify the validity of these design considerations.
- (b) Fabrication verification plan. The Regional Supervisor must approve your fabrication verification plan before you may initiate any related operations. Your fabrication verification plan must include the following:
- (1) Fabrication drawings and material specifications for artificial island structures and major members of concrete-gravity and steel-gravity structures;
- (2) For jacket and floating structures, all the primary load-bearing members included in the space-frame analysis; and
- (3) A summary description of the following:
 - Structural tolerances;
 - (ii) Welding procedures;
- (iii) Material (concrete, gravel, or silt) placement methods;
 - (iv) Fabrication standards;

- (v) Material quality-control procedures;
- (vi) Methods and extent of nondestructive examinations for welds and materials: and
 - (vii) Quality assurance procedures.
- (c) Installation verification plan. The Regional Supervisor must approve your installation verification plan before you may initiate any related operations. Your installation verification plan must include:
- (1) A summary description of the planned marine operations;
 - (2) Contingencies considered;
 - (3) Alternative courses of action; and
- (4) An identification of the areas to be inspected. You must specify the acceptance and rejection criteria to be used for any inspections conducted during installation, and for the post-installation verification inspection.
- (d) You must combine fabrication verification and installation verification plans for manmade islands or platforms fabricated and installed in place.

§ 250.913 When must I resubmit Platform Verification Program plans?

- (a) You must resubmit any design verification, fabrication verification, or installation verification plan to the Regional Supervisor for approval if:
 - (1) The CVA changes:
- (2) The CVA's or assigned personnel's qualifications change; or
- (3) The level of work to be performed changes.
- (b) If only part of a verification plan is affected by one of the changes described in paragraph (a) of this section, you can resubmit only the affected part. You do not have to resubmit the summary of technical details unless you make changes in the technical details.

§ 250.914 How do I nominate a CVA?

(a) As part of your design verification, fabrication verification, or installation verification plan, you must nominate a CVA for the Regional Supervisor's approval. You must specify whether the nomination is for the design, fabrication, or installation phase of verification, or for any combination of these phases.

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- (b) For each CVA, you must submit a list of documents to be forwarded to the CVA, and a qualification statement that includes the following:
- (1) Previous experience in third-party verification or experience in the design, fabrication, installation, or major modification of offshore oil and gas platforms. This should include fixed platforms, floating platforms, manmade islands, other similar marine structures, and related systems and equipment:
- (2) Technical capabilities of the individual or the primary staff for the specific project;
- (3) Size and type of organization or corporation;
- (4) In-house availability of, or access to, appropriate technology. This should include computer programs, hardware, and testing materials and equipment:
- (5) Ability to perform the CVA functions for the specific project considering current commitments;
- (6) Previous experience with MMS requirements and procedures;
- (7) The level of work to be performed by the CVA.

§ 250.915 What are the CVA's primary responsibilities?

(a) The CVA must conduct specified reviews according to §§ 250.916, 250.917, and 250.918 of this subpart.

- (b) Individuals or organizations acting as CVAs must not function in any capacity that would create a conflict of interest, or the appearance of a conflict of interest.
- (c) The CVA must consider the applicable provisions of the documents listed in §250.901(a); the alternative codes, rules, and standards approved under 250.901(b); and the requirements of this subpart.
- (d) The CVA is the primary contact with the Regional Supervisor and is directly responsible for providing immediate reports of all incidents that affect the design; fabrication and installation of the platform.

§ 250.916 What are the CVA's primary duties during the design phase?

- (a) The CVA must use good engineering judgement and practices in conducting an independent assessment of the design of the platform, major modification, or repair. The CVA must ensure that the platform, major modification, or repair is designed to withstand the environmental and functional load conditions appropriate for the intended service life at the proposed location.
- (b) Primary duties of the CVA during the design phase include the following:

Type of facility	The CVA must
(1) For fixed platforms and non-ship-shaped floating facilities (2) For all floating facilities	Conduct an independent assessment of all proposed: (i) Planning criteria; (ii) Operational requirements; (iii) Environmental loading data; (iv) Load determinations; (v) Strass analyses; (vf) Material designations; (vii) Soil and foundation conditions; (viii) Safety factors; and (ix) Other pertinent parameters of the proposed design. Ensure that the requirements of the U.S. Const Guard fo structural integrity and stability, e.g., verification of center or gravity, etc., have been met. The CVA must also consider: (i) Drilling, production, and pipeline risers, and riser tensioning systems; (ii) Turrets and turret-and-hull interfaces; (iii) Foundations, foundation pilings and templates, and an choring systems; and

(c) The CVA must submit interim reports and a final report to the Regional Supervisor, and to you, during the design phase in accordance with the approved schedule required by §250.911(d).

In each interim and final report the CVA must:

(1) Provide a summary of the material reviewed and the CVA's findings;

- (2) In the final CVA report, make a recommendation that the Regional Supervisor either accept, request modifications, or reject the proposed design unless such a recommendation has been previously made in an interim report;
- (3) Describe the particulars of how, by whom, and when the independent review was conducted; and
- (4) Provide any additional comments the CVA deems necessary.

[70 FR 41575, July 19, 2005, as amended at 73 FR 64547, Oct. 30, 2006]

§250.917 What are the CVA's primary duties during the fabrication phase?

(a) The OVA must use good engineering judgement and practices in con-

ducting an independent assessment of the fabrication activities. The CVA must monitor the fabrication of the platform or major modification to ensure that it has been built according to the approved design and the fabrication plan. If the CVA finds that fabrication procedures are changed or design specifications are modified, the CVA must inform you. If you accept the modifications, then the CVA must so inform the Regional Supervisor.

(b) Primary duties of the CVA during the fabrication phase include the following:

Type of facility	The CVA must
(1) For all fixed platforms and non-ship-shaped floating facilities (2) For all floating facilities	Make periodic onsite inspections while labrication is in progress and must verify the following fabrication items, as appropriate: (i) Quality control by lessae and builder; (ii) Fabrication site facilities; (iii) Material quality and identification methods; (iv) Fabrication procedures apecified in the approved plan, and adherence to such procedures; (v) Welder and welding procedure qualification and identification; (vi) Structural tolerences specified and adherence to those tolerances; (vii) The nondestructive examination requirements, and evaluation results of the specified axaminations; (viii) Destructive testing requirements and results; (ix) Repair procedures; (x) Instellation of corrosion-protection systems and splashzone protection; (xi) Erection procedures to ensure that overetressing of structural members does not occur; (xii) Alignment procedures; (xiii) Dimensional check of title overall structure, including any turrats, turret-and-huli interfaces, any mooring line and chain and riser tensioning line segments; and (xiv) Statue of quality-control records at various steges of fabrication. Ensure that the requirements of the U.S. Coast Guard floating for structural integrity and stability, e.g., verification of center of gravity, atc., have been met. The CVA must also consider: (i) Drilling, production, and pipeline risers, and riser tensioning systems (at least for the initial fabrication of these elements); (ii) Turrets and turret-and-huli interfaces; (iii) Foundation pilings and templates, and anchoring systems; and

- (c) The CVA must submit interim reports and a final report to the Regional Supervisor, and to you, during the fabrication phase in accordance with the approved schedule required by
- §250.911(d). In each interim and final report the CVA must:
- (1) Give details of how, by whom, and when the independent monitoring activities were conducted;

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- (2) Describe the CVA's activities during the verification process;
 - (3) Summarize the CVA's findings;
- (4) Confirm or deny compliance with the design specifications and the approved fabrication plan;
- (5) In the final CVA report, make a recommendation to accept or reject the fabrication unless such a recommendation has been previously made in an interim report; and
- (6) Provide any additional comments that the CVA deems necessary.

[70 FR 41575, July 19, 2005, as amended at 73 FR 64547, Oct. 30, 2008]

§ 250.918 What are the CVA's primary duties during the installation phase?

- (a) The CVA must use good engineering judgment and practice in conducting an independent assessment of the installation activities.
- (b) Primary duties of the CVA during the installation phase include the following:

The CVA must	Operation or equipment to be inspected
(1) Verify, as appropriate	(i) Loadout and initial flotation operations; (ii) Towing operations to the specified location, and review the
	lowing records:
	(iii) Launching and uprighting operations;
	(Iv) Submergence operations;
	(v) Pile or anchor installations;
	(vi) Installation of mooning and tethering systems;
	(vii) Final deck and component Installations; and
	(vill) installation at the approved location according to the approved design and the installation plan.
(2) Witness (for a fixed or floating platform)	 (i) The loadout of the Jacket, decke, piles, or structures from each fabrication site;
	(ii) The actual installation of the platform or major modification
	and the related installation activities.
(3) Witness (for a floating platform)	(i) The loadout of the platform;
	 (ii) The installation of drilling, production, and pipeline risers, and riser tensioning systems (at least for the initial installa- tion of these elements);
•	(III) The installation of turrets and turret-and-hull interfaces;
	(iv) The installation of foundation pilings and templates, and anchoring systems; and
	(v) The Installation of the mooring and tethering systems.
(4) Conduct an onsite survey	Survey the platform after:transportation to the approved loca-
(E) Chat shook an passages to determine compliance with the	tion,
(5) Spot-check as necessary to determine compliance with the applicable documents listed in §250,901(a); the alternative	(i) Equipment; (ii) Procedures; and
codes, rules and standards approved under 250,901(b); the	
requiremente listed in §250.903 and §250.908 through 250.908 of this subpart and the approved plans.	- Liny investmental in the control of the control o

- (c) The CVA must submit interim reports and a final report to the Regional Supervisor, and to you, during the installation phase in accordance with the approved schedule required by §250.911(d). In each interim and final report the CVA must:
- (1) Give details of how, by whom, and when the independent monitoring activities were conducted;
- (2) Describe the CVA's activities during the verification process;
 - (3) Summarize the CVA's findings:

- (4) Confirm or deny compliance with the approved installation plan;
- (5) In the final report, make a recommendation to accept or reject the installation unless such a recommendation has been previously made in an interim report; and
- (6) Provide any additional comments that the CVA deems necessary.

[70 FR 41575, July 19, 2005, as amended at 73 FR 64547, Oct. 30, 2008]

INSPECTION, MAINTENANCE, AND ASSESSMENT OF PLATFORMS

§250.919 What in-service inspection requirements must I meet?

- (a) You must submit a comprehensive in-service inspection report annually by November 1 to the Regional Supervisor that must include:
- (1) A list of fixed and floating platforms you inspected in the preceding 12 months;
- (2) The extent and area of inspection for both the above-water and underwater portions of the platform and the pertinent components of the mooring system for floating platforms;
- (3) The type of inspection employed (e.g., visual, magnetic particle, ultrasonic testing);
- (4) The overall structural condition of each platform, including a corrosion protection evaluation; and
- (5) A summary of the inspection results indicating what repairs, if any, were needed.
- (b) If any of your structures have been exposed to a natural occurrence (e.g., hurricane, earthquake, or tropical storm), the Regional Supervisor may require you to submit an initial report of all structural damage, followed by subsequent updates, which include the following:
 - (1) A list of affected structures;
- (2) A timetable for conducting the inspections described in section 14.4.3 of API RP 2A-WSD (incorporated by reference as specified in §250,198); and
- (3) An inspection plan for each structure that describes the work you will perform to determine the condition of the structure.
- (o) The Regional Supervisor may also require you to submit the results of the inspections referred to in paragraph (b)(2) of this section, including a description of any detected damage that may adversely affect structural integrity, an assessment of the structure's ability to withstand any anticipated environmental conditions, and any remediation plans. Under §§ 250.900(b)(3) and 250.905, you must obtain approval from MMS before you make major repairs of any damage unless you meet the requirements of § 250.900(c).

[73 FR 64547, Oct. 30, 2008]

§ 250.920 What are the MMS requirements for assessment of fixed platforms?

(a) You must dooument all wells, equipment, and pipelines supported by the platform if you intend to use either the A-2 or A-3 assessment category. Assessment oategories are defined in API RP 2A-WSD, Section 17.3. If MMS objects to the assessment category you used for your assessment, you may need to redesign and/or modify the platform to adequately demonstrate that the platform is able to withstand the environmental loadings for the ap-

propriate assessment category.

(b) You must perform an analysis check when your platform will have additional personnel, additional topside facilities, increased environmental or operational loading, or inadequate deck height your platform suffered significant damage (e.g., experienced damage to primary structural members or conductor guide trays or global structural integrity is adversely affected); or the exposure category changes to a more restrictive level (see Sections 17.2.1 through 17.2.5 of API RP 2A-WSD for a description ofassessment initiators).

(c) You must initiate mitigation actions for platforms that do not pass the assessment process of API RP 2A-WSD. You must submit applications for your mitigation actions (e.g., repair, modification, decommissioning) to the Regional Supervisor for approval before you conduct the work.

(d) The MMS may require you to conduct a platform design basis check when the reduced environmental loading criteria contained in API RP 2A-WSD Section 17.6 are not applicable.

(e) By November 1, 2009, you must submit a complete list of all the platforms you operate, together with all the appropriate data to support the assessment category you assign to each platform and the platform assessment initiators (as defined in API RP 2A-WSD) to the Regional Supervisor. You must submit subsequent complete lists and the appropriate data to support the consequence-of-failure category every 5 years thereafter, or as directed by the Regional Supervisor.

(f) The use of Section 17, Assessment of Existing Platforms, of API RP 2A-