
Section 12

Labor Force, Employment, and Earnings

This section presents statistics on the labor force; its distribution by occupation and industry affiliation; and the supply of, demand for, and conditions of labor. The chief source of these data is the Current Population Survey (CPS) conducted by the U.S. Census Bureau for the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS). Comprehensive historical and current data are available from the BLS Internet site at <http://www.bls.gov/cps/>. These data are published on a current basis in the BLS monthly publication *Employment and Earnings Online*. Detailed data on the labor force are also available from the Census Bureau's decennial census of population.

Types of data—Most statistics in this section are obtained by two methods: household interviews or questionnaires and reports of establishment payroll records. Each method provides data that the other cannot suitably supply. Population characteristics, for example, are readily obtainable only from the household survey, while detailed industrial classifications can be readily derived only from establishment records.

CPS data are obtained from a monthly sample survey of the population. The CPS is used to gather data for the calendar week, generally the week including the 12th of the month, and provides current comprehensive data on the labor force (see text, Section 1, Population). The CPS provides information on the work status of the population without duplication since each person is classified as employed, unemployed, or not in the labor force. Employed persons holding more than one job are counted only once, according to the job at which they worked the most hours during the survey week.

Monthly, quarterly, and annual data from the CPS are published by the BLS in *Employment and Earnings Online*. Data presented include national totals of the number of persons in the civilian labor force by sex, disability status, race,

Hispanic origin, and age; the number employed; hours of work; industry and occupational groups; usual weekly earnings; and the number unemployed, reasons for, and duration of unemployment. Annual data shown in this section are averages of monthly figures for each calendar year, unless otherwise specified. Historical national CPS data are available at <http://www.bls.gov/cps/>.

The CPS also produces annual estimates of employment and unemployment for each state, 50 large metropolitan statistical areas, and selected cities. These estimates are published by the BLS in its annual *Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment* available at <http://www.bls.gov/gps/>. More detailed geographic data (e.g., for counties and cities) are provided by the decennial population censuses.

Data based on establishment records are compiled by the BLS and cooperating state agencies as part of an ongoing Current Employment Statistics program. The BLS collects survey data monthly from a probability-based sample of nonfarm, business establishments through internet electronic data interchange, touchtone data entry, and computer-assisted telephone interviews, Internet, other electronic media, fax, transcript, or mail. CES data are adjusted annually to data from government unemployment insurance administrative records, which are supplemented by data from other government agencies. The estimates exclude self-employed persons, private household workers, unpaid family workers, agricultural workers, and members of the Armed Forces. In March 2010, reporting establishments employed 2.8 million manufacturing workers (25 percent of the total manufacturing employment at the time), 20.6 million workers in private nonmanufacturing industries (21.8 percent of the total in private nonmanufacturing), and 15.6 million federal, state, and local government employees (68 percent of total government).

The establishment survey counts workers each time they appear on a payroll during the reference period (the payroll period that includes the 12th of the month). Thus, unlike the CPS, a person with two jobs is counted twice. The establishment survey is designed to provide estimates of nonfarm wage and salary employment, average weekly hours, and average hourly and weekly earnings by detailed industry for the nation, states, and selected metropolitan areas. Establishment survey data also are published in *Employment and Earnings Online*. Historical national data are available at <<http://www.bls.gov/ces/>>. Historical data for states and metropolitan areas are available at <<http://www.bls.gov/sae/>>. CES estimates are currently classified by the 2007 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). All published series for the nation have a NAICS-based history extending back to at least 1990. Employment series for total nonfarm and other high-level aggregates start in 1939.

For more information on data concepts, sample design, and estimating methods for the CES Survey, see the BLS Handbook of Methods, Chapter 2 <<http://bls.gov/opub/hom/homch2.htm>>.

The completion of the sample redesign and the conversion to NAICS for state and metropolitan area establishment survey data were implemented in March 2003 with the release of January 2003 estimates. For a discussion of the changes to the state and area establishment survey data, see “Revisions to the Current Employment Statistics State and Area Estimates Effective January 2003” in the March 2003 issue of *Employment and Earnings Online*.

Labor force—According to the CPS definitions, the civilian labor force comprises all civilians in the noninstitutionalized population 16 years and over classified as “employed” or “unemployed” according to the following criteria: Employed civilians comprise (a) all civilians, who, during the reference week, did any work for pay or profit (minimum of an hour’s work) or worked 15 hours

or more as unpaid workers in a family enterprise and (b) all civilians who were not working but who had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent for noneconomic reasons (illness, weather conditions, vacation, labor-management dispute, etc.) whether they were paid for the time off or were seeking other jobs. Unemployed persons comprise all civilians who had no employment during the reference week, who made specific efforts to find a job within the previous 4 weeks (such as applying directly to an employer or to a public employment service or checking with friends) and who were available for work during that week, except for temporary illness. Persons on layoff from a job and expecting recall also are classified as unemployed. All other civilian persons, 16 years old and over, are classified as “not in the labor force.”

Various breaks in the CPS data series have occurred over time due to the introduction of population adjustments and other changes. For details on these breaks in series and the effect that they had on the CPS data, see the BLS Web site at <www.bls.gov/cps/documentation.htm#concepts>.

Beginning in January of each year, the CPS data reflect the introduction of revised population controls. For additional information on the effects of revised population controls on estimates from the CPS, see <www.bls.gov/cps/documentation.htm#pop>.

Hours and earnings—Average hourly earnings, based on establishment data, are gross earnings (i.e., earnings before payroll deductions) and include overtime premiums; they exclude irregular bonuses and value of payments in kind. Hours are those for which pay was received. Annual wages and salaries from the CPS consist of total monies received for work performed by an employee during the income year. It includes wages, salaries, commissions, tips, piece-rate payments, and cash bonuses earned before deductions were made for taxes, bonds, union dues, etc. Persons who worked 35 hours or more are classified as working full-time.

Industry and occupational groups—Industry data derived from the CPS for 1983–91 utilize the 1980 census industrial classification developed from the 1972 SIC. CPS data from 1971 to 1982 were based on the 1970 census classification system, which was developed from the 1967 SIC. Most of the industry categories were not affected by the change in classification.

The occupational classification system used in the 1980 census and in the CPS for 1983–91, evolved from the 1980 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system, first introduced in 1977. Occupational categories used in the 1980 census classification system are so radically different from the 1970 census system used in the CPS through 1982 that their implementation represented a break in historical data series.

Beginning in January 1992, the occupational and industrial classification systems used in the 1990 census were introduced into the CPS. (These systems were largely based on the 1980 SOC and the 1987 SIC systems, respectively.)

Beginning in 2003, the 2002 occupational and industrial classification systems were introduced into the CPS. These systems were derived from the 2000 SOC and the 2002 NAICS. The composition of detailed occupational and industrial classifications in the new classification systems was substantially changed from the previous systems in use, as was the structure for aggregating them into broad groups. Consequently, the use of the new classification systems created breaks in existing data series at all levels of aggregation. CPS data using the new classification systems are available beginning 2000. Additional information on the occupational and industrial classifications systems used in the CPS, including changes over time, appear on the BLS Web site at <www.bls.gov/cps/documentation.htm#oi>. Establishments responding to the establishment survey are classified according to the 2007 NAICS. Previously they were classified according to the SIC manual. See text, Section 15, Business Enterprise, for information about the SIC manual and NAICS.

Productivity—BLS publishes data on productivity as measured by output per hour (labor productivity), output per combined unit of labor and capital input (multifactor productivity), and, for industry groups and industries, output per combined unit of capital, labor, energy, materials, and purchased service inputs. Labor productivity and related indexes are published for the business sector as a whole and its major subsectors: nonfarm business, manufacturing, and nonfinancial corporations, and for over 200 detailed industries. Productivity indexes that take into account capital, labor, energy, materials, and service inputs are published for 18 major manufacturing industry groups, 86 detailed manufacturing industries, utility services, and air and railroad transportation. The major sector data are published in the BLS quarterly news release *Productivity and Costs* and in the annual *Multifactor Productivity Trends* release. Industry productivity measures are updated and published annually in the news releases *Productivity and Costs by Industry* and *Multifactor Productivity Trends by Industry*. The latest data are available at the Labor Productivity and Costs Web site at <<http://www.bls.gov/lpc/>> and the Multifactor Productivity Web site at <<http://www.bls.gov/mfp/>>. Detailed information on methods, limitations, and data sources appears in the BLS *Handbook of Methods*, BLS Bulletin 2490 (1997), Chapters 10 and 11 at <<http://www.bls.gov/opub/hom/home.htm>>.

Unions—As defined here, unions include traditional labor unions and employee associations similar to labor unions. Data on union membership status provided by BLS are for employed wage and salary workers and relate to their principal job. Earnings by union membership status are usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers. The information is collected through the Current Population Survey.

Work stoppages—Work stoppages include all strikes and lockouts known to BLS that last for at least 1 full day or shift and involve 1,000 or more workers. All stoppages, whether or not authorized by a union, legal or illegal,

are counted. Excluded are work slow-downs and instances where employees report to work late or leave early to attend mass meetings or mass rallies.

Seasonal adjustment—Many economic statistics reflect a regularly recurring seasonal movement that can be estimated on the basis of past experience. By eliminating that part of the change which can be ascribed to usual seasonal variation (e.g., climate or school openings and closings), it is possible to observe the cyclical and other nonseasonal movements in the series. However, in evaluating deviations from the seasonal pattern—that is, changes in a seasonally adjusted series—it is important to note that seasonal

adjustment is merely an approximation based on past experience. Seasonally adjusted estimates have a broader margin of possible error than the original data on which they are based, since they are subject not only to sampling and other errors, but also are affected by the uncertainties of the adjustment process itself. Consistent with BLS practices, annual estimates will be published only for not seasonally-adjusted data.

Statistical reliability—For discussion of statistical collection, estimation, sampling procedures, and measures of statistical reliability applicable to Census Bureau and BLS data, see Appendix III.

Table 586. Civilian Population—Employment Status: 1970 to 2010

[In thousands (137,085 represents 137,085,000), except as indicated. Annual averages of monthly figures. Civilian noninstitutionalized population 16 years old and over. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1 and Appendix III]

Year	Civilian noninstitutional population	Civilian labor force						Not in labor force	
		Employment			Unemployed			Number	Percent of population
		Total	Percent of population	Employed	Employment/population ratio ¹	Number	Percent of labor force		
1970	137,085	82,771	60.4	78,678	57.4	4,093	4.9	54,315	39.6
1980	167,745	106,940	63.8	99,303	59.2	7,637	7.1	60,806	36.2
1990 ²	189,164	125,840	66.5	118,793	62.8	7,047	5.6	63,324	33.5
1995	198,584	132,304	66.6	124,900	62.9	7,404	5.6	66,280	33.4
1996	200,591	133,943	66.8	126,708	63.2	7,236	5.4	66,647	33.2
1997 ²	203,133	136,297	67.1	129,558	63.8	6,739	4.9	68,836	32.9
1998 ²	205,220	137,673	67.1	131,463	64.1	6,210	4.5	67,547	32.9
1999 ²	207,753	139,368	67.1	133,488	64.3	5,880	4.2	68,385	32.9
2000 ²	212,577	142,583	67.1	136,891	64.4	5,692	4.0	69,994	32.9
2001	215,092	143,734	66.8	136,933	63.7	6,801	4.7	71,359	33.2
2002	217,570	144,863	66.6	136,485	62.7	8,378	5.8	72,707	33.4
2003 ²	221,168	146,510	66.2	137,736	62.3	8,774	6.0	74,658	33.8
2004 ²	223,357	147,401	66.0	139,252	62.3	8,149	5.5	75,956	34.0
2005 ²	226,082	149,320	66.0	141,730	62.7	7,591	5.1	76,762	34.0
2006 ²	228,815	151,428	66.2	144,427	63.1	7,001	4.6	77,387	33.8
2007 ²	231,867	153,124	66.0	146,047	63.0	7,078	4.6	78,743	34.0
2008 ²	233,788	154,287	66.0	145,362	62.2	8,924	5.8	79,501	34.0
2009 ²	235,801	154,142	65.4	139,877	59.3	14,265	9.3	81,659	34.6
2010 ²	237,830	153,889	64.7	139,064	58.5	14,825	9.6	83,941	35.3

¹ Civilian employed as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional population. ² Data not strictly comparable with data for earlier years. See text, this section, and February 1994, March 1996, February 1997–99, and February 2003–11 issues of Employment and Earnings.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Employment and Earnings Online," January 2011 issue, March 2011, <<http://www.bls.gov/opub/ee/home.htm>> and <<http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm>>.

Table 587. Civilian Labor Force and Participation Rates With Projections: 1980 to 2018

[106.9 represents 106,900,000. Civilian noninstitutionalized population 16 years old and over. Annual averages of monthly figures. Rates are based on annual average civilian noninstitutional population of each specified group and represent proportion of each specified group in the civilian labor force. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1 and Appendix III]

Race, Hispanic origin, sex, and age	Civilian labor force (mil.)						Participation rate (percent) ¹					
	1980	1990 ²	2000 ²	2005 ²	2010 ²	2018, proj.	1980	1990 ²	2000 ²	2005 ²	2010 ²	2018, proj.
Total ³	106.9	125.8	142.6	149.3	153.9	166.9	63.8	66.5	67.1	66.0	64.7	64.5
White ⁴	93.6	107.4	118.5	122.3	125.1	132.5	64.1	66.9	67.3	66.3	65.1	64.5
Male	54.5	59.6	64.5	66.7	67.7	71.7	78.2	77.1	75.5	74.1	72.0	71.1
Female	39.1	47.8	54.1	55.6	57.4	60.8	51.2	57.4	59.5	58.9	58.5	58.2
Black ⁴	10.9	13.7	16.4	17.0	17.9	20.2	61.0	64.0	65.8	64.2	62.2	63.3
Male	5.6	6.8	7.7	8.0	8.4	9.6	70.3	71.0	69.2	67.3	65.0	65.7
Female	5.3	6.9	8.7	9.0	9.4	10.7	53.1	58.3	63.1	61.6	59.9	61.2
Asian ^{4,5}	(NA)	(NA)	6.3	6.5	7.2	9.3	(NA)	(NA)	67.2	66.1	64.7	65.0
Male	(NA)	(NA)	3.4	3.5	3.9	4.9	(NA)	(NA)	76.1	74.8	73.2	73.7
Female	(NA)	(NA)	2.9	3.0	3.4	4.4	(NA)	(NA)	59.2	58.2	57.0	57.4
Hispanic ⁶	6.1	10.7	16.7	19.8	22.7	29.3	64.0	67.4	69.7	68.0	67.5	67.3
Male	3.8	6.5	9.9	12.0	13.5	17.1	81.4	81.4	81.5	80.1	77.8	78.2
Female	2.3	4.2	6.8	7.8	9.2	12.3	47.4	53.1	57.5	55.3	56.5	56.4
Male	61.5	69.0	76.3	80.0	82.0	88.7	77.4	76.4	74.8	73.3	71.2	70.6
16 to 19 years	5.0	4.1	4.3	3.6	3.0	2.9	60.5	55.7	52.8	43.2	34.9	33.2
20 to 24 years	8.6	7.9	7.5	8.1	7.9	8.1	85.9	84.4	82.6	79.1	74.5	75.2
25 to 34 years	17.0	19.9	17.8	17.8	18.4	20.2	95.2	94.1	93.4	91.7	89.7	90.6
35 to 44 years	11.8	17.5	20.1	19.5	18.1	19.1	95.5	94.3	92.7	92.1	91.5	92.0
45 to 54 years	9.9	11.1	16.3	18.1	18.9	18.0	91.2	90.7	88.6	87.7	86.8	87.1
55 to 64 years	7.2	6.6	7.8	10.0	12.1	14.5	72.1	67.8	67.3	69.3	70.0	71.2
65 years and over	1.9	2.0	2.5	3.0	3.7	5.9	19.0	16.3	17.7	19.8	22.1	26.7
Female	45.5	56.8	66.3	69.3	71.9	78.2	51.5	57.5	59.9	59.3	58.6	58.7
16 to 19 years	4.4	3.7	4.0	3.6	2.9	2.9	52.9	51.6	51.2	44.2	35.0	34.4
20 to 24 years	7.3	6.8	6.7	7.1	7.2	7.2	68.9	71.3	73.1	70.1	68.3	67.3
25 to 34 years	12.3	16.1	14.9	14.5	15.3	16.6	65.5	73.5	76.1	73.9	74.7	74.2
35 to 44 years	8.6	14.7	17.5	16.5	15.2	15.7	65.5	76.4	77.2	75.8	75.2	74.6
45 to 54 years	7.0	9.1	14.8	16.3	17.1	16.3	59.9	71.2	76.8	76.0	75.7	76.6
55 to 64 years	4.7	4.9	6.6	8.9	11.2	14.3	41.3	45.2	51.9	57.0	60.2	65.3
65 years and over	1.2	1.5	1.8	2.3	3.0	5.2	8.1	8.6	9.4	11.5	13.8	18.9

NA Not available. ¹ Civilian labor force as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional population. ² See footnote 2, Table 586.

³ Includes other races, not shown separately. ⁴ The 2005 Current Population Survey (CPS) allowed respondents to choose more than one race. Beginning 2005, data represent persons who selected this race group only and exclude persons reporting more than one race. Prior to 2005 the CPS only allowed respondents to report one race group. See also comments on race in the text for Section 1. ⁵ Prior to 2005, includes Pacific Islanders. ⁶ Persons of Hispanic origin may be any race.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Employment and Earnings Online," January 2011; "Monthly Labor Review," November 2009; and "Employment Projections Program," <http://www.bls.gov/emp/ep_data_labor_force.htm>.

Table 588. Civilian Population—Employment Status by Sex, Race, and Ethnicity: 1970 to 2009

[In thousands (64,304 represents 64,304,000), except as indicated. Annual averages of monthly figures. See Table 586 for U.S. totals and coverage]

Year, sex, race, and Hispanic origin	Civilian noninstitutionalized population	Civilian labor force						Not in labor force	
		Employment			Unemployed			Number	Percent of population
		Total	Percent of population	Employed	Employment/population ratio ¹	Number	Percent of labor force		
Male:									
1970	64,304	51,228	79.7	48,990	76.2	2,238	4.4	13,076	20.3
1980	79,398	61,453	77.4	57,186	72.0	4,267	6.9	17,945	22.6
1990 ²	90,377	69,011	76.4	65,104	72.0	3,906	5.7	21,367	23.6
2000 ²	101,964	76,280	74.8	73,305	71.9	2,975	3.9	25,684	25.2
2005 ²	109,151	80,033	73.3	75,973	69.6	4,059	5.1	29,119	26.7
2008 ²	113,113	82,520	73.0	77,486	68.5	5,033	6.1	30,593	27.0
2009 ²	114,136	82,123	72.0	73,670	64.5	8,453	10.3	32,013	28.0
2010 ²	115,174	81,985	71.2	73,359	63.7	8,626	10.5	33,189	28.8
Female:									
1970	72,782	31,543	43.3	29,688	40.8	1,855	5.9	41,239	56.7
1980	88,348	45,487	51.5	42,117	47.7	3,370	7.4	42,861	48.5
1990 ²	98,787	56,829	57.5	53,689	54.3	3,140	5.5	41,957	42.5
2000 ²	110,613	66,303	59.9	63,586	57.5	2,717	4.1	44,310	40.1
2005 ²	116,931	69,288	59.3	65,757	56.2	3,531	5.1	47,643	40.7
2008 ²	120,675	71,767	59.5	67,876	56.2	3,891	5.4	48,908	40.5
2009 ²	121,665	72,019	59.2	66,208	54.4	5,811	8.1	49,646	40.8
2010 ²	122,656	71,904	58.6	65,705	53.6	6,199	8.6	50,752	41.4
White:³									
1980	146,122	93,600	64.1	87,715	60.0	5,884	6.3	52,523	35.9
1990 ²	160,625	107,447	66.9	102,261	63.7	5,186	4.8	53,178	33.1
2000 ²	176,220	118,545	67.3	114,424	64.9	4,121	3.5	57,675	32.7
2005 ²	184,446	122,299	66.3	116,949	63.4	5,350	4.4	62,148	33.7
2008 ²	189,540	125,635	66.3	119,126	62.8	6,509	5.2	63,905	33.7
2009 ²	190,902	125,644	65.8	114,996	60.2	10,648	8.5	65,258	34.2
2010 ²	192,075	125,084	65.1	114,168	59.4	10,916	8.7	66,991	34.9
Black:³									
1980	17,824	10,865	61.0	9,313	52.2	1,553	14.3	6,959	39.0
1990 ²	21,477	13,740	64.0	12,175	56.7	1,565	11.4	7,737	36.0
2000 ²	24,902	16,397	65.8	15,156	60.9	1,241	7.6	8,505	34.2
2005 ²	26,517	17,013	64.2	15,313	57.7	1,700	10.0	9,504	35.8
2008 ²	27,843	17,740	63.7	15,953	57.3	1,788	10.1	10,103	36.3
2009 ²	28,241	17,632	62.4	15,025	53.2	2,606	14.8	10,609	37.6
2010 ²	28,708	17,862	62.2	15,010	52.3	2,852	16.0	10,846	37.8
Asian:^{3,4}									
2000	9,330	6,270	67.2	6,043	64.8	227	3.6	3,060	32.8
2005 ²	9,842	6,503	66.1	6,244	63.4	259	4.0	3,339	33.9
2008 ²	10,751	7,202	67.0	6,917	64.3	285	4.0	3,549	33.0
2009 ²	10,842	7,156	66.0	6,635	61.2	522	7.3	3,685	34.0
2010 ²	11,199	7,248	64.7	6,705	59.9	543	7.5	3,951	35.3
Hispanic:⁵									
1980	9,598	6,146	64.0	5,527	57.6	620	10.1	3,451	36.0
1990 ²	15,904	10,720	67.4	9,845	61.9	876	8.2	5,184	32.6
2000 ²	23,938	16,689	69.7	15,735	65.7	954	5.7	7,249	30.3
2005 ²	29,133	19,824	68.0	18,632	64.0	1,191	6.0	9,310	32.0
2008 ²	32,141	22,024	68.5	20,346	63.3	1,678	7.6	10,116	31.5
2009 ²	32,891	22,352	68.0	19,647	59.7	2,706	12.1	10,539	32.0
2010 ²	33,713	22,748	67.5	19,906	59.0	2,843	12.5	10,964	32.5
Mexican:									
1990 ²	9,752	6,707	68.8	6,146	63.0	561	8.4	3,045	31.2
2000 ²	15,333	10,783	70.3	10,144	66.2	639	5.9	4,550	29.7
2005 ²	18,523	12,671	68.4	11,887	64.2	784	6.2	5,851	31.6
2008 ²	20,474	14,009	68.4	12,931	63.2	1,078	7.7	6,465	31.6
2009 ²	20,923	14,210	67.9	12,478	59.6	1,732	12.2	6,713	32.1
2010 ²	21,267	14,403	67.7	12,622	59.4	1,781	12.4	6,864	32.3
Puerto Rican:									
1990 ²	1,718	960	55.9	870	50.6	91	9.5	758	44.1
2000 ²	2,193	1,411	64.3	1,318	60.1	92	6.6	783	35.7
2005 ²	2,654	1,619	61.0	1,492	56.2	126	7.8	1,035	39.0
2008 ²	2,854	1,822	63.9	1,634	57.3	188	10.3	1,032	36.2
2009 ²	2,962	1,850	62.4	1,594	53.8	256	13.8	1,113	37.6
2010 ²	3,110	1,906	61.3	1,612	51.8	293	15.4	1,204	38.7
Cuban:									
1990 ²	918	603	65.7	559	60.9	44	7.2	315	34.3
2000 ²	1,174	740	63.1	707	60.3	33	4.5	434	37.0
2005 ²	1,259	755	60.0	730	58.0	25	3.3	503	40.0
2008 ²	1,422	897	63.1	841	59.1	57	6.3	525	36.9
2009 ²	1,442	877	60.8	795	55.1	82	9.4	565	39.2
2010 ²	1,549	970	62.6	850	54.9	120	12.4	579	37.4

¹ Civilian employed as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional population. ² See footnote 2, Table 586. ³ The 2005 Current Population Survey (CPS) allowed respondents to choose more than one race. Beginning 2005, data represent persons who selected this race group only and exclude persons reporting more than one race. The CPS in prior years only allowed respondents to report one race group. See also comments on race in the text for Section 1. ⁴ Prior to 2005, includes Pacific Islanders. ⁵ Persons of Hispanic origin may be any race. Includes persons of other Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, not shown separately.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Employment and Earnings Online," January 2011 issue, March 2011, <www.bls.gov/opub/ee/home.htm> and <<http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm>>.

Table 589. Foreign-Born and Native-Born Populations—Employment Status by Selected Characteristics: 2010

[237,830 represents 237,830,000. For civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over, except as indicated. The foreign born are persons who reside in the United States but who were born outside the country or one of its outlying areas to parents who were not U.S. citizens. The foreign born include legally admitted immigrants, refugees, temporary residents such as students and temporary workers and undocumented immigrants. Annual averages of monthly figures. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1 and Appendix III]

Characteristic	Civilian noninstitutionalized population (1,000)	Civilian labor force					Not in the labor force
		Total (1,000)	Participation rate ¹	Employed (1,000)	Unemployed		
					Number (1,000)	Unemployment rate	
Total	237,830	153,889	64.7	139,064	14,825	9.6	83,941
Male	115,174	81,985	71.2	73,359	8,626	10.5	33,189
Female	122,656	71,904	58.6	65,705	6,199	8.6	50,752
FOREIGN BORN							
Total ²	35,869	24,356	67.9	21,969	2,387	9.8	11,514
Male	17,936	14,375	80.1	12,946	1,429	9.9	3,561
Female	17,934	9,981	55.7	9,023	958	9.6	7,953
Age:							
16 to 24 years old	3,533	1,975	55.9	1,661	314	15.9	1,559
25 to 34 years old	7,714	5,936	77.0	5,387	550	9.3	1,778
35 to 44 years old	8,470	6,884	81.3	6,265	619	9.0	1,586
45 to 54 years old	6,949	5,719	82.3	5,172	547	9.6	1,231
55 to 64 years old	4,528	3,011	66.5	2,727	284	9.4	1,517
65 years old and over	4,674	831	17.8	757	74	8.9	3,843
Race and Hispanic ethnicity:							
White non-Hispanic	7,363	4,470	60.7	4,138	332	7.4	2,893
Black non-Hispanic	2,898	2,162	74.6	1,893	269	12.4	736
Asian non-Hispanic	8,073	5,315	65.8	4,928	386	7.3	2,758
Hispanic ³	17,162	12,152	70.8	10,776	1,376	11.3	5,010
Educational attainment:							
Total, 25 years old and over	32,336	22,381	69.2	20,308	2,073	9.3	9,955
Less than a high school diploma	9,620	5,930	61.6	5,219	712	12.0	3,690
High school graduates, no college ⁴	8,284	5,663	68.4	5,087	576	10.2	2,621
Some college or associate's degree	5,200	3,818	73.4	3,463	355	9.3	1,382
Bachelor's degree and higher ⁵	9,232	6,970	75.5	6,539	431	6.2	2,263
NATIVE BORN							
Total ²	201,960	129,533	64.1	117,095	12,438	9.6	72,427
Male	97,238	67,610	69.5	60,414	7,196	10.6	29,628
Female	104,722	61,923	59.1	56,682	5,242	8.5	42,799
Age:							
16 to 24 years old	34,415	18,960	55.1	15,417	3,543	18.7	15,455
25 to 34 years old	33,189	27,678	83.4	24,842	2,836	10.2	5,511
35 to 44 years old	31,620	26,482	83.8	24,398	2,084	7.9	5,138
45 to 54 years old	37,348	30,242	81.0	28,019	2,223	7.4	7,106
55 to 64 years old	31,357	20,286	64.7	18,909	1,377	6.8	11,072
65 years old and over	34,032	5,886	17.3	5,511	375	6.4	28,145
Race and Hispanic ethnicity:							
White non-Hispanic	153,448	99,478	64.8	91,483	7,994	8.0	53,971
Black non-Hispanic	24,691	14,996	60.7	12,529	2,467	16.5	9,695
Asian non-Hispanic	2,900	1,782	61.5	1,641	141	7.9	1,117
Hispanic ³	16,551	10,596	64.0	9,130	1,467	13.8	5,955
Educational attainment:							
Total, 25 years old and over	167,546	110,573	66.0	101,679	8,895	8.0	56,972
Less than a high school diploma	16,046	5,949	37.1	4,896	1,053	17.7	10,097
High school graduates, no college ⁴	53,753	32,573	60.6	29,206	3,367	10.3	21,180
Some college or associate's degree	47,022	33,022	70.2	30,284	2,738	8.3	14,000
Bachelor's degree and higher ⁵	50,724	39,029	76.9	37,293	1,736	4.4	11,696

¹ Civilian labor force as a percent of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. ² Includes other races, not shown separately.

³ Persons of Hispanic origin may be any race. ⁴ Includes persons with a high school diploma or equivalent. ⁵ Includes persons with bachelor's, master's, professional, and doctoral degrees.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Foreign-Born Workers: Labor Force Characteristics in 2010*, News Release, USDL-11-0763, May 2011. See also <<http://www.bls.gov/news.release/forbrn.toc.htm>>.

Table 590. Employment Status of Veterans by Period of Service and Sex: 2010

[In thousands (228,886 represents 228,886,000). For civilian noninstitutional population 18 years old and over. Veterans are defined as men and women who have previously served on active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces and who were civilians at the time they were surveyed. See text, Section 10. Annual averages of monthly figures. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1 and Appendix III]

Veteran status, period of service, and sex	Civilian non- institu- tionalized popula- tion	Civilian labor force					Not in labor force	
		Total	Percent of popula- tion	Employed		Unemployed		
				Total	Percent of popula- tion	Total		Percent of labor force
Total, 18 years and over	228,886	151,888	66.4	137,646	60.1	14,242	9.4	76,998
Veterans	22,011	11,758	53.4	10,738	48.8	1,020	8.7	10,253
Gulf War era, total	5,091	4,311	84.7	3,911	76.8	399	9.3	780
Gulf War era I ¹	2,922	2,528	86.5	2,334	79.9	194	7.7	394
Gulf War era II ²	2,169	1,783	82.2	1,577	72.7	205	11.5	386
WW II, Korean War, and Vietnam era ³	11,006	3,993	36.3	3,662	33.3	331	8.3	7,013
Other service periods ⁴	5,914	3,455	58.4	3,165	53.5	290	8.4	2,459
Nonveterans ⁵	206,875	140,130	67.7	126,908	61.3	13,222	9.4	66,745
Male, 18 years and over	110,634	80,995	73.2	72,684	65.7	8,311	10.3	29,639
Veterans	20,225	10,650	52.7	9,717	48.0	933	8.8	9,575
Gulf War era, total	4,272	3,703	86.7	3,358	78.6	345	9.3	569
Gulf War era I ¹	2,472	2,181	88.2	2,009	81.3	171	7.8	291
Gulf War era II ²	1,800	1,523	84.6	1,348	74.9	174	11.4	278
WW II, Korean War, and Vietnam era ³	10,638	3,880	36.5	3,555	33.4	324	8.4	6,758
Other service periods ⁴	5,315	3,067	57.7	2,804	52.8	263	8.6	2,248
Nonveterans ⁵	90,409	70,345	77.8	62,967	69.6	7,378	10.5	20,064
Female, 18 years and over	118,252	70,893	60.0	64,962	54.9	5,931	8.4	47,359
Veterans	1,786	1,108	62.1	1,021	57.2	87	7.9	678
Gulf War era, total	819	607	74.2	554	67.6	54	8.9	212
Gulf War era I ¹	450	347	77.1	325	72.1	23	6.5	103
Gulf War era II ²	369	260	70.6	229	62.2	31	12.0	108
WW II, Korean War, and Vietnam era ³	368	113	30.7	107	29.0	6	5.5	255
Other service periods ⁴	599	388	64.8	361	60.2	27	7.0	211
Nonveterans ⁵	116,466	69,785	59.9	63,941	54.9	5,844	8.4	46,681

¹ Gulf War era I: August 1990–August 2001. ² Gulf War era II: September 2001–present. ³ World War II: December 1941–December 1945. Korean War: July 1950–January 1955. Vietnam era: August 1964–April 1975. ⁴ Other service periods: all other time periods. ⁵ Nonveterans are men and women who never served on active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces.

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Employment Situation of Veterans—2010*, New Release, USDL-11-0306, March 2011. See also <<http://www.bls.gov/news.release/vet.nr0.htm>>.

Table 591. Labor Force Status of Persons With and Without a Disability: 2010

[26,592 represents 26,592,000. For civilian noninstitutionalized population 16 years old and over, except as indicated. Persons with a disability are those who have a physical, mental, or emotional condition that causes serious difficulty with their daily activities. Annual averages of monthly figures. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1 and Appendix III]

Characteristic	Civilian non- institutional- ized popula- tion (1,000)	Civilian labor force					Not in the labor force
		Total (1,000)	Participation rate ¹	Employed (1,000)	Unemployed		
					Number (1,000)	Unemploy- ment rate	
WITH DISABILITY							
Total	26,592	5,795	21.8	4,939	857	14.8	20,797
Male ²	12,147	3,142	25.9	2,665	477	15.2	9,005
Female ²	14,445	2,653	18.4	2,274	379	14.3	11,792
Both Sexes 65 and over	11,862	800	6.7	729	71	8.9	11,062
WITHOUT DISABILITY							
Total	211,238	148,094	70.1	134,125	13,968	9.4	63,144
Male ²	103,027	78,842	76.5	70,694	8,148	10.3	24,184
Female ²	108,211	69,251	64.0	63,431	5,820	8.4	38,960
Both Sexes 65 and over	26,844	5,918	22.0	5,539	378	6.4	20,926

¹ Civilian labor force as a percent of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. ² For ages 16 to 64.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey, "Data on the Employment Status of People With a Disability," <<http://www.bls.gov/cps/cpsdisability.htm>>, and unpublished data.

Table 592. Civilian Labor Force—Percent Distribution by Sex and Age: 1980 to 2010

[106,940 represents 106,940,000. Civilian noninstitutionalized population 16 years old and over. Annual averages of monthly figures. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1 and Appendix III]

Year and sex	Civilian labor force (1,000)	Percent distribution						
		16 to 19 years	20 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 54 years	55 to 64 years	65 years and over
Total: 1980.....	106,940	8.8	14.9	27.3	19.1	15.8	11.2	2.9
1990 ¹	125,840	6.2	11.7	28.6	25.5	16.1	9.2	2.7
2000 ¹	142,583	5.8	10.0	23.0	26.3	21.8	10.1	3.0
2005 ¹	149,320	4.8	10.1	21.7	24.1	23.0	12.7	3.5
2010 ¹	153,889	3.8	9.8	21.8	21.7	23.4	15.1	4.4
Male: 1980.....	61,453	8.1	14.0	27.6	19.3	16.1	11.8	3.1
1990 ¹	69,011	5.9	11.4	28.8	25.3	16.1	9.6	2.9
2000 ¹	76,280	5.6	9.9	23.4	26.3	21.3	10.2	3.3
2005 ¹	80,033	4.5	10.1	22.3	24.4	22.6	12.6	3.7
2010 ¹	81,985	3.6	9.6	22.4	22.1	23.0	14.8	4.5
Female: 1980.....	45,487	9.6	16.1	26.9	19.0	15.4	10.4	2.6
1990 ¹	56,829	6.5	12.0	28.3	25.8	16.1	8.7	2.6
2000 ¹	66,303	6.0	10.2	22.5	26.4	22.3	9.9	2.7
2005 ¹	69,288	5.2	10.2	20.9	23.9	23.6	12.9	3.3
2010 ¹	71,904	4.1	10.0	21.2	21.2	23.8	15.6	4.2

¹ See footnote 2, Table 586.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Employment and Earnings Online," January 2011 issue, March 2011, <<http://www.bls.gov/opub/ee/home.htm>> and <<http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm>>.

Table 593. Civilian Labor Force and Participation Rates by Educational Attainment, Sex, Race, and Hispanic Origin: 2000 to 2010

[120,061 represents 120,061,000. Civilian noninstitutional population 25 years old and over. Annual averages of monthly figures. See Table 627 for unemployment data. Rates are based on annual average civilian noninstitutional population of each specified group and represent proportion of each specified group in the civilian labor force]

Year, sex, and race	Civilian labor force					Participation rate (percent) ¹				
	Total (1,000)	Percent distribution				Total	Less than a high school diploma	High school graduate, no college	Less than a bachelor's degree	College graduate
		Less than a high school diploma	High school graduate, no college	Less than a bachelor's degree	College graduate					
Total: ²										
2000 ³	120,061	10.4	31.4	27.7	30.5	67.3	43.5	64.4	73.9	79.4
2005 ³	127,030	10.0	30.1	27.5	32.4	67.1	45.5	63.2	72.5	77.9
2009 ³	132,781	9.1	28.8	27.7	34.4	67.0	46.5	62.1	71.2	77.5
2010 ³	132,955	8.9	28.8	27.7	34.6	66.5	46.3	61.6	70.5	76.7
Male:										
2000 ³	64,490	11.8	31.1	25.9	31.2	76.1	56.0	75.1	80.9	84.4
2005 ³	68,389	11.7	30.9	25.4	32.1	75.4	58.6	73.6	79.3	82.9
2009 ³	71,058	10.9	30.2	25.7	33.3	74.6	59.2	72.1	77.5	81.8
2010 ³	71,129	10.6	30.4	25.6	33.4	74.1	59.1	71.4	76.7	81.3
Female:										
2000 ³	55,572	8.8	31.8	29.7	29.7	59.4	32.3	55.5	68.0	74.0
2005 ³	58,641	8.0	29.2	30.0	32.8	59.4	32.9	53.8	66.8	72.9
2009 ³	61,723	7.2	27.1	30.1	35.6	59.9	33.8	52.8	65.9	73.3
2010 ³	61,825	7.0	26.9	30.1	36.0	59.5	33.5	52.4	65.4	72.4
White: ⁴										
2000 ³	99,964	10.1	31.4	27.5	31.0	67.0	44.1	63.6	73.1	79.0
2005 ³	104,240	9.8	29.9	27.6	32.7	66.9	46.4	62.5	72.0	77.5
2009 ³	108,354	9.1	28.8	27.6	34.6	66.9	48.0	61.7	70.8	77.0
2010 ³	108,274	8.9	28.7	27.5	34.9	66.5	47.7	61.2	70.1	76.5
Black: ⁴										
2000 ³	13,582	12.4	36.0	31.2	20.5	68.2	39.3	69.9	79.3	84.4
2005 ³	14,252	11.2	36.4	30.2	22.2	67.2	39.8	67.9	75.6	82.0
2009 ³	14,941	9.3	33.3	32.4	24.3	66.2	38.2	64.6	73.4	80.9
2010 ³	15,114	9.4	33.3	32.8	24.5	65.8	38.8	63.8	73.5	79.5
Asian: ^{4,5}										
2000 ³	5,402	9.1	20.7	20.2	50.1	70.9	46.0	65.6	76.4	79.1
2005 ³	5,805	8.0	17.7	17.3	57.0	69.4	45.3	61.8	71.6	77.5
2009 ³	6,540	7.5	17.0	16.9	58.7	69.9	44.6	60.8	71.8	78.4
2010 ³	6,601	7.3	18.8	17.1	56.7	68.7	44.1	62.8	70.6	75.9
Hispanic: ⁶										
2000 ³	12,975	36.7	29.3	20.6	13.4	71.5	61.9	75.0	80.8	83.5
2005 ³	16,135	35.5	29.4	20.9	14.2	70.8	61.4	74.3	78.8	81.7
2009 ³	18,643	32.5	30.3	21.6	15.5	71.3	62.1	73.1	78.9	81.7
2010 ³	18,987	31.4	30.8	21.7	16.0	71.4	61.9	73.9	77.8	81.7

¹ See footnote 1, Table 587. ² Includes other races, not shown separately. ³ See footnote 2, Table 586. ⁴ Beginning 2005, for persons in this race group only. See footnote 4, Table 587. ⁵ 2000 data include Pacific Islanders. ⁶ Persons of Hispanic origin may be any race.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Employment and Earnings Online," January 2011 issue, March 2011, <<http://www.bls.gov/opub/ee/home.htm>> and <<http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm>>.

Table 594. Characteristics of the Civilian Labor Force by State: 2010

[In thousands (153,889 represents 153,889,000), except ratio and rate. Civilian noninstitutionalized population 16 years old and over. Annual averages of monthly figures. Data for states may not sum to national totals due to rounding.]

State	Total		Employed		Employment/ population ratio ¹	Unemployed					Participation rate ³	
	Number	Female	Total	Female		Total		Rate ²			Male	Female
						Number	Female	Total	Male	Female		
United States	153,889	71,904	139,064	65,705	58.5	14,825	6,199	9.6	10.5	8.6	71.2	58.6
Alabama	2,180	1,042	1,952	943	53.5	228	99	10.5	11.3	9.5	65.8	54.3
Alaska	360	167	331	155	64.0	29	11	8.0	9.0	6.8	73.7	65.3
Arizona	3,180	1,430	2,850	1,296	56.7	331	134	10.4	11.2	9.4	70.4	56.3
Arkansas	1,343	632	1,228	577	55.3	116	55	8.6	8.6	8.7	66.5	54.9
California	18,195	8,197	15,976	7,271	56.5	2,219	926	12.2	12.9	11.3	71.9	57.0
Colorado	2,720	1,236	2,482	1,133	63.7	238	103	8.7	9.1	8.3	76.7	63.0
Connecticut	1,892	902	1,719	827	62.2	173	76	9.2	9.9	8.4	74.5	62.8
Delaware	428	207	392	192	56.5	37	15	8.5	9.7	7.3	67.3	56.8
District of Columbia	341	172	310	157	62.5	31	15	9.2	9.7	8.6	74.1	64.4
Florida	9,089	4,278	8,083	3,863	54.9	1,006	415	11.1	12.3	9.7	67.8	56.0
Georgia	4,744	2,210	4,238	2,000	57.3	506	211	10.7	11.7	9.5	71.8	57.2
Hawaii	623	296	579	278	58.6	43	18	7.0	7.8	6.1	67.9	58.3
Idaho	759	342	691	314	59.4	68	28	9.0	9.7	8.1	72.4	58.2
Illinois	6,645	3,073	5,970	2,801	60.1	675	271	10.2	11.3	8.8	74.1	60.1
Indiana	3,153	1,472	2,818	1,330	57.1	334	142	10.6	11.4	9.7	70.1	57.9
Iowa	1,673	797	1,571	754	66.9	102	44	6.1	6.6	5.5	76.1	66.6
Kansas	1,497	702	1,385	655	64.6	111	47	7.4	8.1	6.7	75.7	64.0
Kentucky	2,056	978	1,844	886	55.0	212	92	10.3	11.1	9.4	67.0	56.1
Louisiana	2,092	1,007	1,928	927	56.4	164	80	7.8	7.7	8.0	67.1	55.9
Maine	690	338	633	314	59.4	57	24	8.2	9.3	7.1	68.6	61.0
Maryland	3,055	1,477	2,819	1,368	63.5	236	109	7.7	8.0	7.4	75.1	63.1
Massachusetts	3,493	1,703	3,194	1,576	60.5	298	127	8.5	9.6	7.5	70.6	62.0
Michigan	4,821	2,276	4,232	2,052	54.4	589	224	12.2	14.3	9.9	67.6	56.7
Minnesota	2,935	1,390	2,721	1,310	66.2	214	80	7.3	8.6	5.8	76.0	66.9
Mississippi	1,296	624	1,155	564	52.2	141	60	10.9	12.1	9.6	64.7	53.2
Missouri	3,032	1,477	2,745	1,347	59.1	287	130	9.5	10.1	8.8	69.9	61.1
Montana	490	231	452	218	58.5	38	14	7.7	9.3	5.9	67.6	59.2
Nebraska	976	471	929	450	67.5	47	21	4.8	5.2	4.4	74.8	67.2
Nevada	1,322	580	1,131	507	56.1	191	74	14.4	15.8	12.7	73.1	58.0
New Hampshire	747	357	702	338	66.1	44	18	5.9	6.7	5.1	75.1	65.6
New Jersey	4,520	2,102	4,100	1,917	60.2	420	185	9.3	9.7	8.8	73.6	59.6
New Mexico	921	429	843	400	54.9	79	29	8.5	10.1	6.8	66.3	54.1
New York	9,654	4,596	8,832	4,242	57.2	822	353	8.5	9.3	7.7	68.6	57.1
North Carolina	4,573	2,165	4,094	1,968	56.9	479	197	10.5	11.7	9.1	70.3	57.4
North Dakota	372	175	358	169	70.2	14	6	3.8	4.1	3.5	77.7	68.4
Ohio	5,853	2,812	5,263	2,572	58.6	590	239	10.1	11.5	8.5	70.5	60.3
Oklahoma	1,745	815	1,621	761	57.8	125	53	7.2	7.7	6.6	68.9	56.2
Oregon	2,000	943	1,780	852	58.5	221	91	11.0	12.3	9.7	71.0	60.8
Pennsylvania	6,317	2,968	5,774	2,743	57.8	543	226	8.6	9.5	7.6	69.9	57.1
Rhode Island	572	281	508	251	60.1	65	30	11.3	12.0	10.5	72.1	63.7
South Carolina	2,134	1,028	1,899	930	53.8	235	99	11.0	12.3	9.6	66.3	55.2
South Dakota	443	212	420	203	67.2	23	9	5.1	6.0	4.2	75.1	66.8
Tennessee	3,077	1,443	2,788	1,332	56.7	289	111	9.4	10.9	7.7	69.6	56.3
Texas	12,122	5,391	11,149	4,967	60.5	974	424	8.0	8.2	7.9	74.6	57.4
Utah	1,385	603	1,271	564	63.3	114	40	8.2	9.5	6.6	77.8	60.2
Vermont	361	175	339	166	66.4	22	9	6.2	7.1	5.2	74.6	67.1
Virginia	4,108	1,972	3,800	1,839	62.5	308	133	7.5	8.2	6.7	73.6	62.1
Washington	3,541	1,662	3,180	1,514	60.6	361	148	10.2	11.4	8.9	72.7	62.4
West Virginia	795	362	724	336	49.6	71	26	9.0	10.5	7.1	61.2	48.2
Wisconsin	3,082	1,481	2,813	1,368	63.4	268	114	8.7	9.7	7.7	73.3	65.6
Wyoming	298	136	278	128	65.9	20	8	6.6	7.0	6.1	76.2	64.8

¹ Civilian employment as a percent of civilian noninstitutionalized population. ² Percent unemployed of the civilian labor force.

³ Percent of civilian noninstitutionalized population of each specified group in the civilian labor force.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Local Area Unemployment Statistics, "Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment, 2010 Annual Averages," <<http://www.bls.gov/gps/>>.

Table 595. Civilian Labor Force Status by Selected Metropolitan Areas: 2010

[153,889 represents 153,889,000. Civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over. Annual averages of monthly figures. Data are derived from the Local Area Unemployment Statistics program, a Federal-State cooperative effort in which monthly estimates of total employment and unemployment are prepared for approximately 7,300 areas. For metro areas with a Census 2000 population of one million or more. For definitions of metropolitan areas, see Appendix II. Metropolitan areas defined as of December 2009]

Metropolitan area ranked by population, 2000	Civilian labor force (1,000)	Unemployment rate ¹	Metropolitan area ranked by population, 2000	Civilian labor force (1,000)	Unemployment rate ¹
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island, NY-NJ-PA	9,470	8.9	Kansas City, MO-KS	1,037	9.1
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana, CA	6,460	11.9	Sacramento—Arden-Arcade—Roseville, CA	1,041	12.6
Chicago-Joliet-Naperville, IL-IN-WI	4,870	10.2	San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara, CA	900	11.3
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PA-NJ-DE-MD	2,956	9.0	San Antonio-New Braunfels, TX	989	7.3
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX	3,212	8.3	Orlando-Kissimmee-Sanford, FL	1,122	11.4
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach, FL	2,877	11.5	Columbus, OH	967	8.6
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV	3,064	6.2	Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News, VA-NC	826	7.4
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown, TX	2,896	8.5	Indianapolis-Carmel, IN	889	9.2
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH NECTA ²	2,548	7.7	Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis, WI	794	8.7
Detroit-Warren-Livonia, MI	2,070	13.5	Las Vegas-Paradise, NV	969	15.2
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta, GA	2,663	10.2	Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill, NC-SC	862	11.6
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont, CA	2,240	10.3	New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner, LA	544	7.4
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, CA	1,769	14.5	Nashville-Davidson—Murfreesboro—Franklin, TN	816	8.6
Phoenix-Mesa-Glendale, AZ	2,126	9.2	RI-MA NECTA ²	714	11.7
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue, WA	1,890	9.3	Austin-Round Rock-San Marcos, TX	908	7.1
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, MN-WI	1,845	7.2	Memphis, TN-MS-AR	609	10.0
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos, CA	1,558	10.5	Buffalo-Niagara Falls, NY	578	8.4
St. Louis, MO-IL	1,437	10.0	Louisville-Jefferson County, KY-IN	637	10.3
Baltimore-Towson, MD	1,395	7.9	Jacksonville, FL	688	11.2
Pittsburgh, PA	1,213	8.0	Richmond, VA	655	7.7
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL	1,303	12.1	Oklahoma City, OK	569	6.6
Denver-Aurora-Broomfield, CO	1,361	9.0	Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford, CT	600	9.2
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor, OH	1,077	9.2	NECTA ²	516	9.0
Cincinnati-Middletown, OH-KY-IN	1,119	9.7	Birmingham-Hoover, AL	516	9.0
			Rochester, NY	527	8.1

¹ Percent unemployed of the civilian labor force. ² New England City and Town Areas. See Appendix II.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS), <<http://www.bls.gov/lau/home.htm>>.

Table 596. School Enrollment and Labor Force Status: 2010

[In thousands (37,949 represents 37,949,000), except percent. As of October. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1 and Appendix III]

Characteristic	Population	Civilian labor force		Unemployed		Not in labor force
		Employed	Unemployed	Total	Rate ¹	
Total, 16 to 24 years ²	37,949	21,144	17,347	3,797	18.0	16,805
Enrolled in school ²	22,021	8,491	7,065	1,426	16.8	13,530
Enrolled in high school	9,598	2,120	1,509	611	28.8	7,478
Male	4,976	1,003	687	315	31.4	3,973
Female	4,622	1,117	822	296	26.5	3,505
Enrolled in college	12,423	6,372	5,556	815	12.8	6,052
Enrolled in 2 year college	3,938	2,303	1,933	370	16.1	1,635
Enrolled in 4 year college	8,485	4,068	3,623	445	10.9	4,417
Race/ethnicity:						
White: ³						
Enrolled in high school	7,311	1,759	1,322	436	24.8	5,552
Enrolled in college	9,466	5,055	4,453	602	11.9	4,410
Black or African American: ³						
Enrolled in high school	1,553	250	127	123	49.3	1,304
Enrolled in college	1,721	830	667	164	19.7	891
Asian: ³						
Enrolled in high school	289	22	17	5	(⁶)	267
Enrolled in college	843	305	281	24	7.9	538
Hispanic: ⁴						
Enrolled in high school	1,909	266	179	87	32.7	1,643
Enrolled in college	1,850	953	817	136	14.3	897
Not enrolled ²	15,928	12,653	10,281	2,371	18.7	3,275
White ³	12,375	10,043	8,416	1,627	16.2	2,332
Black ³	2,486	1,834	1,283	551	30.0	653
Asian ³	460	340	269	71	20.8	120
Hispanic ⁴	3,433	2,599	2,057	542	20.8	834

¹ Percent unemployed of civilian labor force in each category. ² Includes other races, not shown separately.

³ Data for persons in this race group only. See footnote 4, Table 587. ⁴ Persons of Hispanic origin may be any race.

⁵ Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *College Enrollment and Work Activity of High School Graduates*, News Release, USDL 11-0462, April 2011. See also <<http://www.bls.gov/news.release/hsgec.toc.htm>>.

Table 597. Labor Force Participation Rates by Marital Status, Sex, and Age: 1970 to 2010

[In percent. For the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over. Annual averages of monthly figures. Participation rate is the civilian labor force as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional population. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1 and Appendix III]

Marital status and year	Male participation rate							Female participation rate						
	Total	16-19 years	20-24 years	25-34 years	35-44 years	45-64 years	65 years and over	Total	16-19 years	20-24 years	25-34 years	35-44 years	45-64 years	65 years and over
Single:														
1970	65.5	54.6	73.8	87.9	86.2	75.7	25.2	56.8	44.7	73.0	81.4	78.6	73.0	19.7
1980	72.6	59.9	81.3	89.2	82.2	66.9	16.8	64.4	53.6	75.2	83.3	76.9	65.6	13.9
1990 ¹	74.8	55.1	81.6	89.9	84.5	67.3	15.7	66.7	51.7	74.5	80.9	80.8	66.2	12.1
2000 ¹	73.6	52.5	80.5	89.4	82.9	69.7	17.3	68.9	51.1	76.1	83.9	80.9	69.9	10.8
2003 ¹	70.4	44.0	77.9	87.7	82.9	67.6	19.4	66.2	44.8	72.9	82.2	79.8	69.9	15.2
2004 ¹	70.2	43.6	77.7	87.9	82.7	67.8	20.3	65.9	43.8	73.1	81.8	80.5	70.9	14.7
2005 ¹	70.1	42.9	77.0	87.9	82.9	68.6	18.8	66.0	44.2	72.6	81.4	80.7	70.9	15.5
2006 ¹	70.7	43.4	77.8	87.7	83.5	69.9	19.3	65.7	43.7	71.8	81.4	79.8	70.5	15.0
2007 ¹	70.1	40.8	76.9	88.5	84.0	70.3	22.6	65.3	41.4	72.6	82.1	78.0	70.4	18.4
2008 ¹	69.9	39.8	77.1	87.9	84.3	69.5	24.7	65.3	40.3	71.9	82.6	79.6	70.4	20.5
2009 ¹	68.3	37.1	74.6	86.5	83.7	68.5	26.1	64.2	37.5	71.4	81.6	79.5	69.3	19.7
2010 ¹	67.3	34.6	73.1	85.8	83.7	67.6	25.0	63.3	34.9	69.8	81.3	78.2	69.4	20.1
Married: ²														
1970	86.1	92.3	94.7	98.0	98.1	91.2	29.9	40.5	37.8	47.9	38.8	46.8	44.0	7.3
1980	80.9	91.3	96.9	97.5	97.2	84.3	20.5	49.8	49.3	61.4	58.8	61.8	46.9	7.3
1990 ¹	78.6	92.1	95.6	96.9	96.7	82.6	17.5	58.4	49.5	66.1	69.6	74.0	56.5	8.5
2000 ¹	77.3	79.5	94.1	96.7	95.8	83.0	19.2	61.1	53.2	63.8	70.3	74.8	65.4	10.1
2003 ¹	77.3	76.6	93.2	95.3	95.1	83.5	19.9	61.0	46.7	62.6	68.5	73.3	67.4	11.3
2004 ¹	77.1	77.4	92.4	95.6	95.1	83.1	20.4	60.5	41.1	60.9	67.6	72.7	67.0	11.6
2005 ¹	77.2	71.4	93.4	95.3	95.2	83.6	21.4	60.7	44.1	61.1	68.4	73.0	67.0	12.5
2006 ¹	77.1	79.2	93.3	95.5	95.2	83.6	21.8	61.0	39.6	59.8	69.0	73.3	67.8	12.4
2007 ¹	76.9	86.9	92.9	95.7	95.3	83.6	21.8	61.0	43.3	61.7	68.6	73.1	67.7	13.6
2008 ¹	76.8	83.4	92.0	95.3	95.2	84.0	22.8	61.4	38.0	62.3	69.5	73.8	68.3	14.1
2009 ¹	76.3	75.8	91.2	94.7	94.8	83.8	23.3	61.4	44.7	61.8	69.4	73.7	68.6	14.9
2010 ¹	75.8	78.2	89.3	94.3	94.5	83.6	23.5	61.0	40.2	60.9	68.8	72.8	68.8	15.2
Other: ³														
1970	60.7	(B)	90.4	93.7	91.1	78.5	19.3	40.3	48.6	60.3	64.6	68.8	61.9	10.0
1980	67.5	(B)	92.6	94.1	91.9	73.3	13.7	43.6	50.0	68.4	76.5	77.1	60.2	8.2
1990 ¹	68.9	(B)	93.1	93.0	90.7	74.9	12.0	47.2	53.9	65.4	77.0	82.1	65.0	8.4
2000 ¹	66.8	60.5	88.1	93.2	89.9	73.9	12.9	49.0	46.0	74.0	83.1	82.9	69.8	8.7
2003 ¹	65.0	45.6	88.0	91.4	89.3	72.4	14.3	49.6	44.1	71.4	79.1	81.9	70.7	9.8
2004 ¹	64.9	53.1	87.2	90.6	88.6	72.8	14.3	49.6	48.7	70.0	79.4	81.7	69.8	10.4
2005 ¹	64.9	54.9	86.4	90.4	89.4	72.7	15.1	49.4	46.8	67.4	78.1	80.9	69.4	10.5
2006 ¹	65.6	47.8	86.0	91.5	88.9	73.8	16.3	49.6	45.3	71.5	78.2	80.9	69.3	10.9
2007 ¹	65.6	43.4	82.5	92.1	89.4	73.7	16.1	49.5	44.6	63.8	78.4	81.4	69.3	11.4
2008 ¹	65.0	43.2	84.9	90.7	89.4	73.2	16.8	49.2	39.7	64.9	77.4	81.4	69.1	12.1
2009 ¹	63.7	42.6	78.6	88.5	88.5	71.8	17.0	49.3	39.0	68.3	78.2	80.5	68.8	12.1
2010 ¹	63.0	37.6	78.8	89.0	88.5	71.8	17.2	48.8	35.2	66.3	77.7	80.7	68.8	12.1

B Percentage not shown where base is less than 50,000. ¹ See footnote 2, Table 586. ² Spouse present. ³ Widowed, divorced, and married (spouse absent).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Bulletin 2217 and Basic Tabulations, Table 12.

Table 598. Marital Status of Women in the Civilian Labor Force: 1970 to 2010

[31,543 represents 31,543,000. For civilian noninstitutional population 16 years and over. Annual averages of monthly figures. Based on the Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1 and Appendix III]

Year	Female civilian labor force (1,000)				Female participation rate (percent) ³			
	Total	Never married	Married ¹	Other ²	Total	Never married	Married ¹	Other ²
1970	31,543	7,265	18,475	5,804	43.3	56.8	40.5	40.3
1980	45,487	11,865	24,980	8,643	51.5	64.4	49.8	43.6
1990 ⁴	56,829	14,612	30,901	11,315	57.5	66.7	58.4	47.2
2000 ⁴	66,303	17,849	35,146	13,308	59.9	68.9	61.1	49.0
2001	66,848	18,021	35,236	13,592	59.8	68.1	61.2	49.0
2002	67,363	18,203	35,477	13,683	59.6	67.4	61.0	49.2
2003 ⁴	68,272	18,397	36,046	13,828	59.5	66.2	61.0	49.6
2004 ⁴	68,421	18,616	35,845	13,961	59.2	65.9	60.5	49.6
2005 ⁴	69,288	19,183	35,941	14,163	59.3	66.0	60.7	49.4
2006 ⁴	70,173	19,474	36,314	14,385	59.4	65.7	61.0	49.6
2007 ⁴	70,988	19,745	36,881	14,362	59.3	65.3	61.0	49.5
2008 ⁴	71,767	20,231	37,194	14,342	59.5	65.3	61.4	49.2
2009 ⁴	72,019	20,224	37,264	14,531	59.2	64.2	61.4	49.3
2010 ⁴	71,904	20,592	36,742	14,570	58.6	63.3	61.0	48.8

¹ Husband present. ² Widowed, divorced, or separated. ³ Civilian labor force as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional population. ⁴ See footnote 2, Table 586.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Women in the Labor Force: A Databook*, Report 1026, December 2010, and Basic Tabulations, Table 12. See also <<http://www.bls.gov/cps/wlf-databook2010.htm>>.

Table 601. Married Couples by Labor Force Status of Spouses: 1990 to 2010

[As of March. (52,317 represents 52,317,000). Annual Social and Economic Supplement (ASEC). Based on the Current Population Survey, for details see source and Appendix III]

Year	Number (1,000)					Percent distribution				
	All married couples	In labor force			Husband and wife not in labor force	All married couples	In labor force			Husband and wife not in labor force
		Husband and wife	Husband only	Wife only			Husband and wife	Husband only	Wife only	
TOTAL										
1990	52,317	28,056	13,013	2,453	8,794	100.0	53.6	24.9	4.7	16.8
2000	55,311	31,095	11,815	3,301	9,098	100.0	56.2	21.4	6.0	16.4
2003	57,320	31,951	12,443	3,553	9,373	100.0	55.7	21.7	6.2	16.4
2004	57,719	31,536	12,980	3,684	9,519	100.0	54.6	22.5	6.4	16.5
2005	57,975	31,398	13,385	3,641	9,551	100.0	54.2	23.1	6.3	16.5
2006	58,179	31,783	12,990	3,754	9,652	100.0	54.6	22.3	6.5	16.6
2007	60,676	33,337	13,351	4,031	9,958	100.0	54.9	22.0	6.6	16.4
2008	60,129	32,988	13,141	4,118	9,882	100.0	54.8	21.8	6.8	16.4
2009	60,844	33,249	13,207	4,314	10,074	100.0	54.6	21.7	7.1	16.6
2010	60,384	32,731	13,074	4,526	10,053	100.0	53.6	21.7	7.5	16.6
WITH CHILDREN UNDER 18										
1990	24,537	15,768	7,667	558	544	100.0	64.3	31.2	2.3	2.2
2000	25,248	17,116	6,950	795	387	100.0	67.8	27.5	3.1	1.5
2003	25,914	17,065	7,499	893	457	100.0	65.9	28.9	3.4	1.8
2004	25,793	16,691	7,715	952	433	100.0	64.7	29.9	3.7	1.7
2005	25,919	16,789	7,806	925	400	100.0	64.8	30.1	3.6	1.5
2006	25,982	16,909	7,754	900	420	100.0	65.1	29.9	3.5	1.6
2007	26,802	17,670	7,743	920	469	100.0	65.9	28.9	3.4	1.7
2008	25,778	16,977	7,398	932	471	100.0	65.9	28.7	3.6	1.8
2009	25,799	17,054	7,284	963	501	100.0	66.1	28.2	3.7	1.9
2010	25,317	16,710	7,220	962	425	100.0	66.0	28.5	3.8	1.7
WITH CHILDREN UNDER 6										
1990	12,051	6,932	4,692	192	235	100.0	57.5	38.9	1.6	2.0
2000	11,393	6,984	4,077	211	121	100.0	61.3	35.8	1.9	1.1
2003	11,743	6,747	4,507	298	191	100.0	57.5	38.4	2.5	1.6
2004	11,711	6,657	4,579	317	158	100.0	56.8	39.1	2.7	1.3
2005	11,802	6,813	4,553	299	137	100.0	57.7	38.6	2.5	1.2
2006	11,984	6,939	4,572	324	149	100.0	57.9	38.2	2.7	1.2
2007	12,468	7,337	4,633	331	167	100.0	58.8	37.2	2.7	1.3
2008	11,848	6,976	4,382	321	168	100.0	58.9	37.1	2.7	1.4
2009	11,760	6,917	4,330	329	185	100.0	58.8	36.8	2.8	1.6
2010	11,599	6,924	4,181	335	159	100.0	59.7	36.0	2.9	1.4

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Families and Living Arrangements, Detailed Table MC-1, "Married Couples by Labor Force Status of Spouses: 1986 to Present," November 2010, <<http://www.census.gov/population/www/socdemo/hh-fam.html>>.**Table 602. Employed Civilians and Weekly Hours: 1980 to 2010**

[In thousands (99,303 represents 99,303,000), except as indicated. Annual averages of monthly figures. Civilian noninstitutionalized population 16 years old and over. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1 and Appendix III]

Item	1980	1990 ¹	2000 ¹	2005 ¹	2008 ¹	2009 ¹	2010 ¹
Total employed	99,303	118,793	136,891	141,730	145,362	139,877	139,064
Age:							
16 to 19 years old	7,710	6,581	7,189	5,978	5,573	4,837	4,378
20 to 24 years old	14,087	13,401	13,229	13,792	13,629	12,764	12,699
25 to 34 years old	27,204	33,935	31,549	30,680	31,383	30,014	30,229
35 to 44 years old	19,523	30,817	36,433	34,630	33,457	31,517	30,663
45 to 54 years old	16,234	19,525	30,310	33,207	34,529	33,613	33,191
55 to 64 years old	11,586	11,189	14,002	18,349	20,812	21,019	21,636
65 years old and over	2,960	3,346	4,179	5,094	5,979	6,114	6,268
Class of worker:							
Nonagricultural industries	95,938	115,570	134,427	139,532	143,194	137,775	136,858
Wage and salary worker ²	88,525	106,598	125,114	129,931	133,882	128,713	127,914
Self-employed	7,000	8,719	9,205	9,509	9,219	8,995	8,860
Unpaid family workers	413	253	108	93	93	66	84
Agriculture and related industries	3,364	3,223	2,464	2,197	2,168	2,103	2,206
Wage and salary worker ²	1,425	1,740	1,421	1,212	1,279	1,242	1,353
Self-employed	1,642	1,378	1,010	955	860	836	821
Unpaid family workers	297	105	33	30	28	25	33
Weekly hours:							
Nonagricultural industries:							
Wage and salary workers ²	38.1	39.2	39.6	39.1	39.0	38.0	38.3
Self-employed	41.2	40.8	39.7	38.4	37.0	35.6	35.6
Unpaid family workers	34.7	34.0	32.5	32.2	33.4	30.7	33.3
Agriculture and related industries:							
Wage and salary workers ²	41.6	41.2	43.2	43.6	42.3	41.8	41.6
Self-employed	49.3	46.8	45.3	44.0	44.2	42.6	42.0
Unpaid family workers	38.6	38.5	38.3	41.1	41.0	36.1	42.1

¹ See footnote 2, Table 586. ² Includes the incorporated self-employed.Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Employment and Earnings Online," January 2011 issue, March 2011, <<http://www.bls.gov/opub/ee/home.htm>> and <<http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm>>.

Table 603. Persons at Work by Hours Worked: 2010

[In thousands (134,004 represents 134,004,000), except as indicated. Annual averages of monthly figures. Persons "at work" are a subgroup of employed persons "at work," excluding those absent from their jobs during reference period for reasons such as vacation, illness, or industrial dispute. Civilian noninstitutionalized population 16 years old and over. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III. See headnote Table 606, regarding industries]

Hours of work	Persons at work (1,000)			Percent distribution		
	Total	Agriculture and related industries	Non-agricultural industries	Total	Agriculture and related industries	Non-agricultural industries
Total	134,004	2,113	131,891	100.0	100.0	100.0
1 to 34 hours	35,097	592	34,505	26.2	28.0	26.2
1 to 4 hours	1,559	53	1,506	1.2	2.5	1.1
5 to 14 hours	5,488	137	5,351	4.1	6.5	4.1
15 to 29 hours	17,272	260	17,012	12.9	12.3	12.9
30 to 34 hours	10,778	142	10,636	8.0	6.7	8.1
35 hours and over	98,907	1,521	97,386	73.8	72.0	73.8
35 to 39 hours	9,695	111	9,584	7.2	5.3	7.3
40 hours	56,478	591	55,886	42.1	28.0	42.4
41 hours and over	32,734	818	31,916	24.4	38.7	24.2
41 to 48 hours	11,370	152	11,218	8.5	7.2	8.5
49 to 59 hours	12,530	238	12,292	9.4	11.3	9.3
60 hours and over	8,834	428	8,406	6.6	20.3	6.4
Average weekly hours: Persons at work	38.2	41.8	38.1	(X)	(X)	(X)
Persons usually working full-time ¹	42.2	47.7	42.2	(X)	(X)	(X)

X Not applicable. ¹ Full-time workers are those who usually worked 35 hours or more (at all jobs).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Employment and Earnings Online," January 2011 issue, March 2011, <<http://www.bls.gov/opub/ee/home.htm>> and <<http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm>>.

Table 604. Persons With a Job, But Not at Work: 1980 to 2010

[In thousands (5,881 represents 5,881,000), except percent. For civilian noninstitutionalized population 16 years old and over. Annual averages of monthly figures. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1 and Appendix III]

Reason for not working	1980	1990 ¹	2000 ¹	2003 ¹	2004 ¹	2005 ¹	2006 ¹	2007 ¹	2008 ¹	2009 ¹	2010 ¹
All industries, number	5,881	6,160	5,681	5,469	5,482	5,511	5,746	5,719	5,539	5,434	5,060
Percent of employed	5.9	5.2	4.2	4.0	3.9	3.9	4.0	3.9	3.8	3.9	3.6
Reason for not working:											
Vacation	3,320	3,529	3,109	2,922	2,923	2,892	3,101	3,056	2,916	2,806	2,487
Illness	1,426	1,341	1,156	1,090	1,058	1,088	1,096	1,064	1,026	993	942
Bad weather	155	90	89	123	133	145	117	140	141	126	172
Industrial dispute	105	24	14	18	10	6	7	10	7	6	8
All other	876	1,177	1,313	1,316	1,358	1,381	1,425	1,449	1,449	1,503	1,451

¹ Data not strictly comparable with data for earlier years. See text, this section, and February 1994, March 1996, February 1997-99, and February 2003-11 issues of "Employment and Earnings Online."

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, unpublished data, <<http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm>>.

Table 605. Class of Worker by Sex and Selected Characteristics: 2010

[In percent, except as indicated (9,681 represents 9,681,000). Civilian noninstitutionalized population 16 years old and over. Annual averages of monthly figures. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1 and Appendix III]

Characteristic	Unincorporated self-employed			Incorporated self-employed			Wage and salary workers ¹		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Total (1,000)	9,681	6,070	3,611	5,191	3,709	1,483	124,076	63,531	60,544
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Age:									
16 to 19 years old	0.8	0.9	0.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	3.4	3.2	3.7
20 to 24 years old	2.7	2.9	2.5	1.0	1.1	0.7	10.0	9.8	10.1
25 to 34 years old	13.8	13.8	13.9	9.9	9.9	9.8	22.9	23.8	21.8
35 to 44 years old	21.5	21.3	21.8	23.3	23.1	24.0	22.0	22.7	21.3
45 to 54 years old	27.5	27.4	27.9	31.6	31.1	32.7	23.3	22.7	23.8
55 to 64 years old	22.4	22.1	22.8	24.2	24.2	24.2	14.7	14.0	15.4
65 years old and over	11.2	11.6	10.6	9.9	10.5	8.4	3.8	3.7	3.8
Race/ethnicity:									
White ²	87.6	88.2	86.6	88.5	89.2	86.6	81.4	82.7	80.0
Black ²	5.9	5.9	6.0	4.5	4.2	5.1	11.4	10.0	13.0
Asian ²	4.4	3.9	5.1	6.0	5.6	6.9	4.7	4.9	4.7
Hispanic ³	13.0	14.4	10.5	6.6	6.8	6.2	14.7	16.8	12.6
Country of birth: U.S. born	82.3	81.3	83.9	84.9	84.8	84.8	84.3	82.3	86.5
Foreign-born	17.7	18.7	16.1	15.2	15.2	15.1	15.7	17.7	13.5

¹ Excludes the incorporated self-employed. ² For persons in this race group only. ³ Persons of Hispanic origin may be any race. Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey, unpublished data.

Table 606. Self-Employed Workers by Industry and Occupation: 2000 to 2010

[In thousands (10,214 represents 10,214,000). Civilian noninstitutionalized population 16 years old and over. Annual averages of monthly figures. Data represent the unincorporated self-employed; the incorporated self-employed are considered wage and salary workers. Based on the occupational and industrial classification derived from those used in the 2000 census. See text, this section. Based on the Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1 and Appendix III]

Item	2000	2005 ¹	2007 ¹	2008 ¹	2009 ¹	2010 ¹
Total self-employed	10,214	10,464	10,413	10,080	9,831	9,681
Industry:						
Agriculture and related industries	1,010	955	856	860	836	821
Mining	12	11	19	15	18	20
Construction	1,728	1,830	1,890	1,817	1,701	1,699
Manufacturing	334	327	348	308	324	304
Wholesale and retail trade	1,221	1,251	1,116	1,059	963	962
Transportation and utilities	348	442	405	405	402	360
Information	139	126	135	125	145	139
Financial activities ²	735	785	829	749	667	641
Professional and business services ²	1,927	1,957	2,009	1,980	1,996	1,999
Education and health services ²	1,107	1,071	1,102	1,071	1,102	1,100
Leisure and hospitality ²	660	674	679	693	636	610
Other services ³	993	1,036	1,026	997	1,039	1,028
Occupation:						
Management, professional, and related occupations ...	4,169	4,085	4,024	4,043	4,079	3,928
Service occupations	1,775	1,774	1,872	1,847	1,879	1,885
Sales and office occupations	1,982	1,986	1,936	1,771	1,663	1,586
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	1,591	1,864	1,860	1,707	1,535	1,635
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	698	756	721	712	674	647

¹ Data not strictly comparable with data for earlier years. See text, this section, and February 1994, March 1996, February 1997-99, and February 2003-11 issues of "Employment and Earnings."² For composition of industries, see Table 625.

³ Includes private households.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Employment and Earnings Online," January 2011 issue, March 2011, <<http://www.bls.gov/opub/ee/home.htm>> and <<http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm>>.

Table 607. Type of Work Flexibility Provided to Employees: 2008

[In percent. The National Study of Employers does not ask employers to report on whether they have "written policies," but rather whether their organization "allows employees to" ... or "provides the following benefits or programs ..." The wording is used for two reasons. First, employers may have written policies, but not "allow" employees to use them. Second, smaller employers are less likely to have written policies than larger ones. For methodology, see source]

Type of work flexibility provided (to employee)	Employer allows all or most employees	Employer size	
		50 to 99 employees	1,000 or more employees
FLEX TIME AND PLACE			
Periodically change starting and quitting times within some range of hours	37	40	37
Change starting and quitting times on a daily basis	10	11	7
Compress workweek by working longer hours on fewer days for at least part of the year	8	10	5
Work some regular paid hours at home occasionally	3	3	2
Work some regular paid hours at home on regular basis	1	1	1
CHOICES IN MANAGING TIME			
Have control over when to take breaks	55	54	51
Have choices about and control over which shifts to work	16	16	16
Have control over paid and unpaid overtime hours	13	14	15
REDUCED TIME			
Move from full time to part time and back again while remaining in same position or level	13	12	12
Share jobs	8	9	5
Work part year (work reduced time on annual basis)	11	10	11
CAREGIVING LEAVE			
Return to work gradually after childbirth or adoption	57	56	54
TIME OFF			
Family or personal time off without loss of pay	45	46	47
Compensatory time off program	18	21	9
Do volunteer work during regular work hours	21	24	20
FLEX CAREERS			
Phase into retirement by working reduced hours overtime prior to full retirement	25	25	20
Take sabbaticals (paid or unpaid for six months or more)	21	24	14
Take paid or unpaid time off for education or job training skills	40	41	33
Take extended career breaks for caregiving or other personal or family reasons	47	48	44
Receive special consideration when returning to the organization after an extended career break	28	29	21

Source: Families and Work Institute, "2008 National Study of Employers" (copyright), <<http://familiesandwork.org/site/research/reports/main.html>>.

Table 608. Persons on Flexible Schedules: 2004

[In thousands (99,778 represents 99,778,000), except percent. As of May. For employed full-time wage and salary workers 16 years old and over. Excludes all self-employed persons, regardless of whether or not their businesses were incorporated. Data related to the primary job. Based on the Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1 and Appendix III]

Item	Total			Male			Female		
	Total ¹	With flexible schedules ²		Total ¹	With flexible schedules ²		Total ¹	With flexible schedules ²	
		Number	Percent		Number	Percent		Number	Percent
Total	99,778	27,411	27.5	56,412	15,853	28.1	43,366	11,558	26.7
AGE									
16 to 19 years old	1,427	336	23.6	903	185	20.5	524	151	28.9
20 years and over	98,351	27,075	27.5	55,509	15,668	28.2	42,842	11,406	26.6
20 to 24 years old	9,004	2,058	22.9	5,147	1,065	20.7	3,856	993	25.8
25 to 34 years old	24,640	6,902	28.0	14,358	4,051	28.2	10,283	2,851	27.7
35 to 44 years old	26,766	7,807	29.2	15,424	4,605	29.9	11,342	3,202	28.2
45 to 54 years old	24,855	6,651	26.8	13,440	3,769	28.0	11,415	2,882	25.2
55 to 64 years old	11,745	3,181	27.1	6,383	1,865	29.2	5,361	1,316	24.5
65 years old and over	1,341	475	35.4	757	314	41.4	585	161	27.6
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN									
White ³	80,498	23,121	28.7	46,222	13,582	29.4	34,276	9,539	27.8
Black ³	12,578	2,476	19.7	6,447	1,193	18.5	6,131	1,283	20.9
Asian ³	4,136	1,132	27.4	2,300	720	31.3	1,836	412	22.4
Hispanic ⁴	14,110	2,596	18.4	8,621	1,430	16.6	5,489	1,166	21.2
MARITAL STATUS									
Married, spouse present	57,630	16,270	28.2	34,926	10,382	29.7	22,704	5,888	25.9
Not married	42,148	11,141	26.4	21,486	5,471	25.5	20,662	5,670	27.4
Never married	25,144	6,693	26.6	14,469	3,605	24.9	10,676	3,088	28.9
Other marital status	17,004	4,448	26.2	7,018	1,866	26.6	9,986	2,582	25.9
PRESENCE AND AGE OF CHILDREN									
Without own children under 18	61,761	16,759	27.1	34,680	9,410	27.1	27,081	7,349	27.1
With own children under 18	38,018	10,652	28.0	21,733	6,443	29.6	16,285	4,209	25.8
With youngest child 6 to 17	21,739	5,960	27.4	11,477	3,341	29.1	10,262	2,619	25.5
With youngest child under 6	16,279	4,692	28.8	10,256	3,102	30.2	6,023	1,590	26.4

¹ Includes persons who did not provide information on flexible schedules. ² Allowed to vary or make changes in time work begins or ends. ³ For persons in the race group only. See footnote 4, Table 587. ⁴ Persons of Hispanic origin may be any race. Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Workers on Flexible and Shift Schedules in May 2004*, News Release, USDL 05-1198, July 2005. See also <<http://www.bls.gov/bls/newsrels.htm#OEUS>>.

Table 609. Employed Workers With Alternative and Traditional Work Arrangements: 2005

[In thousands (138,952 represents 138,952,000). As of February. For employed workers 16 years old and over. Based on the Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1 and Appendix III]

Characteristic	Total employed ¹	Workers with alternative arrangements				Workers with traditional arrangements
		Independent contractors	On-call workers	Temporary help agency workers	Workers provided by contract firms	
Total employed	138,952	10,342	2,454	1,217	813	123,843
16 to 19 years old	5,510	89	133	33	7	5,194
20 to 24 years old	13,114	356	355	202	87	12,055
25 to 34 years old	30,103	1,520	535	362	205	27,427
35 to 44 years old	34,481	2,754	571	253	196	30,646
45 to 54 years old	32,947	2,799	417	200	186	29,324
55 to 64 years old	17,980	1,943	267	135	114	15,496
65 years old and over	4,817	881	175	33	18	3,701
Male	73,946	6,696	1,241	574	561	64,673
16 to 19 years old	2,579	32	82	24	7	2,389
20 to 24 years old	6,928	194	200	107	61	6,331
25 to 34 years old	16,624	1,006	299	185	138	14,950
35 to 44 years old	18,523	1,824	252	120	140	16,130
45 to 54 years old	17,193	1,764	209	71	143	15,003
55 to 64 years old	9,485	1,287	108	52	70	7,954
65 years old and over	2,615	589	91	16	3	1,917
Female	65,006	3,647	1,212	643	252	59,170
16 to 19 years old	2,931	57	52	9	—	2,805
20 to 24 years old	6,186	162	155	95	27	5,724
25 to 34 years old	13,480	514	236	177	67	12,477
35 to 44 years old	15,958	930	319	133	57	14,516
45 to 54 years old	15,754	1,035	208	129	43	14,322
55 to 64 years old	8,495	656	158	83	44	7,542
65 years old and over	2,202	292	84	17	15	1,785
Full-time workers	113,798	7,732	1,370	979	695	102,889
Part-time workers	25,154	2,611	1,084	238	119	20,954

— Represents zero. ¹ Includes day laborers (an alternative arrangement) and a small number of workers who were both "on call" and "provided by contract firms," not shown separately. Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Contingent and Alternative Employment Arrangements, February 2005*, News Release, USDL 05-1443, July 2005. See also <<http://www.bls.gov/bls/newsrels.htm#OEUS>>.

Table 610. Multiple Jobholders: 2010

[Annual average of monthly figures (6,878 represents 6,878,000). Civilian noninstitutionalized population 16 years old and over. Multiple jobholders are employed persons who, either 1) had jobs as wage or salary workers with two employers or more; 2) were self-employed and also held a wage and salary job; or 3) were unpaid family workers and also held a wage and salary job. Based on the Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1 and Appendix III]

Characteristic	Total		Male		Female	
	Number (1,000)	Percent of employed	Number (1,000)	Percent of employed	Number (1,000)	Percent of employed
Total ¹	6,878	4.9	3,326	4.5	3,552	5.4
Age:						
16 to 19 years old	167	3.8	61	2.9	106	4.7
20 to 24 years old	695	5.5	289	4.5	406	6.5
25 to 54 years old	4,797	5.1	2,374	4.7	2,423	5.5
55 to 64 years old	1,021	4.7	490	4.4	531	5.1
65 years old and over	197	3.1	112	3.2	86	3.0
Race and Hispanic ethnicity:						
White ²	5,857	5.1	2,861	4.7	2,996	5.7
Black ²	653	4.3	298	4.3	354	4.3
Asian ²	202	3.0	96	2.7	106	3.4
Hispanic ³	638	3.2	360	3.1	278	3.4
Marital status:						
Married, spouse present	3,644	4.7	2,015	4.7	1,629	4.7
Widowed, divorced, or separated	1,233	5.5	416	4.5	817	6.2
Single, never married	2,000	5.2	895	4.3	1,105	6.2
Full- or part-time status:						
Primary job full-time, secondary job part-time ..	3,591	(X)	1,926	(X)	1,665	(X)
Both jobs part-time	1,805	(X)	589	(X)	1,216	(X)
Both jobs full-time	263	(X)	172	(X)	91	(X)
Hours vary on primary or secondary job	1,182	(X)	621	(X)	562	(X)

X Not applicable. ¹ Includes a small number of persons who work part-time on their primary job and full-time on their secondary job(s), not shown separately. Includes other races, not shown separately. ² For persons who selected this race group only. See footnote 4, Table 587. ³ Persons of Hispanic origin may be any race.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Employment and Earnings Online," January 2011 issue, March 2011, <<http://www.bls.gov/opub/ee/home.htm>> and <<http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm>>.

Table 611. Average Number of Jobs Held From Ages 18 to 44: 1978 to 2008

[For persons aged 43 to 52 in 2008–09 (and who were ages 14 to 22 when first interviewed in 1979). A job is an uninterrupted period of work with a particular employer. Educational attainment as of 2008–09. Based on the National Longitudinal Survey of Youth 1979; see source for details]

Sex and educational attainment	Total ¹	Number of jobs held by age				
		18 to 22 years	23 to 27 years	28 to 32 years	33 to 38 years	39 to 44 years
Total ²	11.0	4.4	3.2	2.6	2.4	2.0
Less than a high school diploma	11.8	4.0	3.4	2.7	2.6	1.9
High school graduates, no college	10.4	4.1	2.9	2.5	2.4	2.0
Some college or associate's degree	11.4	4.4	3.3	2.7	2.5	2.1
Bachelor's degree or more	11.3	4.9	3.5	2.6	2.3	2.0
Male	11.4	4.5	3.4	2.8	2.5	2.0
Less than a high school diploma	13.3	4.6	4.0	3.0	2.7	2.1
High school graduate, no college	10.7	4.3	3.2	2.7	2.4	1.9
Some college or associate's degree	11.8	4.6	3.5	2.9	2.5	2.1
Bachelor's degree or more	11.0	4.6	3.5	2.6	2.5	2.0
Female	10.7	4.2	3.1	2.4	2.4	2.0
Less than a high school diploma	9.7	3.1	2.5	2.2	2.3	1.7
High school graduate, no college	10.0	3.8	2.7	2.3	2.4	2.0
Some college or associate's degree	11.1	4.3	3.2	2.5	2.5	2.1
Bachelor's degree or more	11.7	5.2	3.6	2.6	2.2	1.9
White, non-Hispanic	11.1	4.6	3.3	2.6	2.4	2.0
Less than a high school diploma	12.7	4.4	3.7	2.8	2.7	2.0
High school graduate, no college	10.4	4.2	3.0	2.5	2.3	1.9
Some college or associate's degree	11.4	4.6	3.4	2.7	2.5	2.0
Bachelor's degree or more	11.3	5.0	3.5	2.6	2.3	1.9
Black, non-Hispanic	10.7	3.5	3.1	2.7	2.5	2.1
Less than a high school diploma	9.7	2.8	2.8	2.3	2.2	1.7
High school graduate, no college	10.3	3.3	2.9	2.7	2.6	2.0
Some college or associate's degree	11.5	3.9	3.2	2.8	2.7	2.3
Bachelor's degree or more	11.5	4.0	3.6	2.8	2.5	2.3
Hispanic ³	10.7	4.0	3.0	2.5	2.4	2.1
Less than a high school diploma	10.4	3.6	2.8	2.4	2.4	2.0
High school graduate, no college	10.4	4.0	2.9	2.4	2.3	2.0
Some college or associate's degree	11.4	4.2	3.1	2.7	2.4	2.3
Bachelor's degree or more	10.7	4.2	3.3	2.7	2.5	2.0

¹ Jobs held in more than one age category were counted in each category, but only once in the total. ² Includes other races, not shown separately. ³ Persons of Hispanic origin may be any race.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Number of Jobs Held, Labor Market Activity, and Earnings Growth Among the Youngest Baby Boomers: Results from a Longitudinal Survey," News Release, USDL 10-1243, September, 2010. See also <<http://www.bls.gov/news.release/nlsoy.toc.htm>>.

Table 612. Distribution of Workers by Tenure With Current Employer by Selected Characteristics: 2010

[121,931 represents 121,931,000. As of January from the 2010 Displaced Worker Supplement. For employed wage and salary workers 16 years old and over. Data exclude the incorporated and unincorporated self-employed. Based on the Current Population Survey; see source and Appendix III]

Characteristic	Number employed (1,000)	Percent distribution by tenure with current employer								Median years ¹
		12 months or less	13 to 23 months	2 years	3 to 4 years	5 to 9 years	10 to 14 years	15 to 19 years	20 years or more	
Total²	121,931	19.0	7.0	5.8	18.9	20.5	12.2	6.1	10.5	4.4
AGE AND SEX										
16 to 19 years old	3,984	66.7	12.7	10.7	9.6	0.3	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 years old	11,835	45.1	13.3	12.1	22.4	7.0	0.1	—	—	1.5
25 to 34 years old	27,756	23.3	9.8	7.5	27.7	24.4	6.6	0.8	—	3.1
35 to 44 years old	27,205	14.4	6.3	4.8	19.2	24.7	18.2	8.0	4.3	5.1
45 to 54 years old	28,841	10.6	4.4	4.1	14.6	21.5	16.0	9.8	18.9	7.8
55 to 64 years old	17,740	7.8	3.6	2.9	12.8	19.7	15.6	9.6	27.9	10.0
65 years old and over	4,570	6.9	2.9	2.7	12.9	21.4	15.3	9.8	28.0	9.9
Male	61,495	18.5	6.6	5.7	18.3	20.8	12.4	6.1	11.5	4.6
16 to 19 years old	1,850	65.8	12.4	10.2	11.3	0.3	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 years old	5,746	44.2	12.7	11.9	22.8	8.3	0.1	—	—	1.6
25 to 34 years old	14,604	22.9	9.2	7.3	26.6	25.4	7.6	1.0	—	3.2
35 to 44 years old	14,160	14.0	5.8	4.7	18.4	24.7	19.4	8.3	4.7	5.3
45 to 54 years old	14,239	10.8	3.9	4.1	13.1	20.7	15.4	10.5	21.4	8.5
55 to 64 years old	8,655	7.2	3.4	2.7	12.3	19.4	14.5	9.0	31.4	10.4
65 years old and over	2,242	6.8	4.0	2.5	13.9	20.9	15.3	7.0	29.6	9.7
Female	60,435	19.4	7.4	5.9	19.5	20.2	12.0	6.0	9.5	4.2
16 to 19 years old	2,135	67.4	12.9	11.2	8.2	0.3	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 years old	6,089	46.0	13.9	12.2	22.0	5.8	0.1	—	—	1.5
25 to 34 years old	13,151	23.8	10.4	7.7	28.8	23.2	5.5	0.5	—	3.0
35 to 44 years old	13,045	14.8	7.0	4.8	20.1	24.7	17.0	7.7	3.9	4.9
45 to 54 years old	14,602	10.5	4.9	4.1	16.1	22.3	16.6	9.2	16.4	7.1
55 to 64 years old	9,085	8.2	3.7	3.1	13.3	20.0	16.7	10.2	24.6	9.7
65 years old and over	2,328	7.0	1.9	2.8	12.0	21.9	15.4	12.5	26.5	10.1
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN										
White ³	99,768	18.6	7.1	5.7	18.4	20.4	12.4	6.4	11.1	4.5
Male	51,081	18.1	6.7	5.6	17.7	20.6	12.6	6.5	12.3	4.8
Female	48,687	19.2	7.6	5.8	19.1	20.1	12.1	6.3	9.8	4.3
Black ⁴	13,508	20.7	6.1	6.1	20.9	20.4	11.6	4.9	9.3	4.1
Male	5,969	20.4	5.1	6.6	20.7	21.1	11.9	4.8	9.4	4.2
Female	7,539	20.9	6.9	5.8	21.0	19.8	11.3	5.0	9.2	4.0
Asian ³	5,598	18.1	7.0	6.8	22.1	25.4	11.8	3.3	5.5	4.0
Male	2,922	18.7	7.1	5.8	23.6	25.1	11.5	3.5	4.7	3.9
Female	2,677	17.4	6.8	7.8	20.5	25.7	12.2	3.2	6.4	4.1
Hispanic ⁴	18,016	22.5	7.0	7.4	23.2	20.4	9.8	4.2	5.6	3.4
Male	10,279	22.5	6.7	7.0	23.1	19.9	10.2	4.3	6.3	3.5
Female	7,737	22.4	7.4	7.8	23.3	21.1	9.1	4.1	4.7	3.3

— Represents zero. ¹ For definition of median, see Guide to Tabular Presentation. ² Includes other races, not shown separately.

³ For persons in this race group only. See footnote 4, Table 587. ⁴ Persons of Hispanic origin may be any race.

Source: U. S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Employee Tenure in 2010*, News Release, USDL 10-1278, September 2010. See also <<http://www.bls.gov/news.release/tenure.toc.htm>>.

Table 613. Part-Time Workers by Reason: 2010

[In thousands (35,097 represents 35,097,000), except hours. For persons working 1 to 34 hours per week. For civilian noninstitutionalized population 16 years old and over. Annual average of monthly figures. Based on the Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1 and Appendix III]

Reason	All industries			Nonagricultural industries		
	Total	Usually work—		Total	Usually work—	
		Full-time	Part-time		Full-time	Part-time
Total working fewer than 35 hours	35,097	10,217	24,880	34,505	10,033	24,471
Economic reasons	8,874	2,245	6,629	8,744	2,183	6,561
Slack work or business conditions	6,174	2,004	4,170	6,087	1,962	4,126
Could find only part time work	2,375	(S)	2,375	2,358	(S)	2,358
Seasonal work	207	123	84	184	107	77
Job started or ended during the week	118	118	(S)	115	115	(S)
Noneconomic reasons	26,223	7,972	18,251	25,761	7,850	17,911
Child-care problems	800	61	739	793	61	732
Other family or personal obligations	4,634	623	4,010	4,562	613	3,949
Health or medical limitations	737	(S)	737	722	(S)	722
In school or training	5,470	70	5,400	5,412	70	5,342
Retired or social security limit on earnings	2,184	(S)	2,184	2,074	(S)	2,074
Vacation or personal day	3,395	3,395	(S)	3,351	3,351	(S)
Holiday, legal, or religious	854	854	(S)	849	849	(S)
Weather-related curtailment	656	656	(S)	627	627	(S)
Other	7,493	2,312	5,180	7,370	2,280	5,092
Average hours per week:						
Economic reasons	22.5	23.5	22.1	22.5	23.5	22.1
Noneconomic reasons	21.3	24.9	19.7	21.4	25.0	19.8

S No data or data do not meet publication standards.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Employment and Earnings Online," January 2011 issue, March 2011, <<http://www.bls.gov/opub/ee/home.htm>> and <<http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm>>.

Table 614. Displaced Workers by Selected Characteristics: 2010

[In percent, except total (6,938 represents 6,938,000). As of January from the 2010 Displaced Worker Supplement. For persons 20 years old and over with tenure of 3 years or more who lost or left a job between January 2007 and December 2009 because of plant closings or moves, slack work, or the abolishment of their positions. Based on Current Population Survey; see source and Appendix III]

Characteristic	Total (1,000)	Employment status in January 2010			Reason for job loss, 2007–2009		
		Employed	Unemployed	Not in the labor force	Plant or company closed down or moved	Slack/insufficient work	Position or shift abolished
Total ¹	6,938	48.8	36.1	15.2	30.6	42.8	26.6
20 to 24 years old	227	54.8	29.8	15.4	35.9	52.6	11.5
25 to 54 years old	4,923	53.4	35.6	11.0	30.4	43.8	25.8
55 to 64 years old	1,395	38.7	39.9	21.4	32.5	38.6	28.9
65 years old and over	392	22.5	32.4	45.1	23.7	39.9	36.4
Males	4,183	49.0	39.1	11.9	29.8	47.9	22.3
20 to 24 years old	144	54.2	38.7	7.1	25.4	66.6	8.0
25 to 54 years old	3,031	53.1	38.4	8.4	29.5	49.2	21.3
55 to 64 years old	810	38.4	41.4	20.2	33.2	40.7	26.1
65 years old and over	198	24.3	41.2	34.5	25.2	43.4	31.3
Females	2,754	48.5	31.4	20.1	31.8	35.1	33.1
20 to 24 years old	84	55.8	14.6	29.7	54.1	28.6	17.3
25 to 54 years old	1,892	53.9	31.0	15.1	31.8	35.1	33.1
55 to 64 years old	585	39.2	37.8	23.0	31.6	35.6	32.8
65 years old and over	194	20.7	23.3	56.0	22.1	36.3	41.5
White ²	5,716	50.3	35.0	14.8	29.7	42.9	27.3
Male	3,518	50.8	37.8	11.4	28.4	48.2	23.4
Female	2,198	49.5	30.4	20.2	31.9	34.5	33.7
Black ²	761	42.9	41.2	15.9	33.9	41.7	24.4
Male	410	39.7	48.4	12.0	35.9	47.9	16.2
Female	351	46.7	32.8	20.4	31.5	34.6	34.0
Asian ²	294	37.8	47.8	14.3	34.0	44.4	21.6
Male	160	34.8	51.5	13.7	36.4	42.2	21.4
Female	135	41.5	43.4	15.1	31.2	47.0	21.8
Hispanic ³	993	48.7	38.0	13.4	32.4	57.0	10.6
Male	696	52.3	38.9	8.8	31.8	59.8	8.4
Female	297	40.1	35.8	24.1	33.8	50.4	15.8

¹ Includes other races, not shown separately. ² For persons in this race group only. See footnote 3, Table 587. ³ Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Worker Displacement, 2007–2009*, News Release, USDL 10-1174, August 2010. See also <<http://www.bls.gov/news.release/disp.toc.htm>>.

Table 615. Persons Not in the Labor Force: 2010

[In thousands (83,941 represents 83,941,000). For civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over. Annual average of monthly figures. Based on the Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III]

Status and reason	Total	Age			Sex	
		16 to 24 years old	25 to 54 years old	55 years old and over	Male	Female
Total not in the labor force	83,941	17,014	22,350	44,577	33,189	50,752
Do not want a job now ¹	77,882	14,990	19,659	43,233	30,309	47,573
Want a job now	6,059	2,024	2,691	1,344	2,880	3,179
In the previous year—						
Did not search for a job	2,948	968	1,189	791	1,279	1,669
Did search for a job ²	3,111	1,056	1,502	553	1,601	1,510
Not available for work now	623	274	284	65	264	359
Available for work now, not looking for work ³	2,487	782	1,218	487	1,337	1,151
Reason for not currently looking for work:						
Discouraged over job prospects ⁴	1,173	291	595	287	731	442
Family responsibilities	286	49	171	66	83	203
In school or training	350	262	81	7	191	158
Ill health or disability	50	4	21	25	21	29
Other ⁵	629	176	350	102	311	318

¹ Includes some persons who are not asked if they want a job. ² Persons who had a job in the prior 12 months must have searched since the end of that job. ³ Persons who have searched for work in the previous year and are available to work now also are referred to as "marginally attached to the labor force." ⁴ Includes such things as believes no work available, could not find work, lacks necessary schooling or training, employer thinks too young or old, and other types of discrimination. ⁵ Includes such things as child care and transportation problems.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Employment and Earnings Online," January 2011 issue, March 2011, <<http://www.bls.gov/opub/ee/home.htm>> and <<http://www.bls.gov/cps/tables.htm#annual>>.

Table 616. Employed Civilians by Occupation, Sex, Race, and Hispanic Origin: 2010

[139,064 represents 139,064,000. Civilian noninstitutionalized population 16 years old and over. Annual average of monthly figures. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1 and Appendix III. Occupational classifications are those used in the 2000 census]

Occupation	Total employed (1,000)	Percent of total			
		Female	Black ¹	Asian ¹	Hispanic ²
Total, 16 years and over	139,064	47.2	10.8	4.8	14.3
Management, professional and related occupations	51,743	51.5	8.4	6.1	7.3
Management, business, and financial operations occupations	20,938	43.0	7.3	4.8	7.5
Management occupations ³	15,001	38.2	6.4	4.4	7.6
Chief executives	1,505	25.5	2.8	3.2	4.8
General and operations managers	1,007	29.9	5.8	3.3	5.9
Marketing and sales managers	959	45.2	5.9	5.0	5.1
Administrative services managers	104	34.4	9.0	5.5	9.5
Computer and information systems managers	537	29.9	6.8	9.0	7.2
Financial managers	1,141	53.2	6.7	6.9	8.1
Human resources managers	268	69.3	9.1	3.0	7.9
Industrial production managers	254	17.9	3.0	4.4	9.4
Purchasing managers	203	46.1	7.6	2.8	7.8
Transportation, storage, and distribution managers	278	17.4	9.5	2.8	11.7
Farm, ranch, and other agricultural managers	237	18.1	0.6	0.8	9.8
Farmers and ranchers	713	24.6	0.6	0.7	1.5
Construction managers	1,083	6.8	3.5	2.0	8.5
Education administrators	830	63.0	11.1	2.0	6.4
Engineering managers	113	7.7	5.4	13.3	3.5
Food service managers	960	47.4	8.5	10.8	14.6
Lodging managers	143	48.4	5.1	11.3	5.8
Medical and health services managers	549	72.5	12.4	3.2	7.2
Property, real estate, and community association managers	604	49.2	7.7	2.6	11.4
Social and community service managers	326	70.2	13.1	1.6	7.0
Business and financial operations occupations ³	5,937	54.9	9.8	5.7	7.1
Wholesale and retail buyers, except farm products	180	52.1	4.4	2.2	9.7
Purchasing agents, except wholesale, retail, and farm products	235	54.9	8.0	3.2	5.7
Claims adjusters, appraisers, examiners, and investigators	282	57.4	13.8	3.3	7.4
Compliance officers, except agriculture, construction, health and safety, and transportation	188	47.0	11.5	2.2	7.8
Cost estimators	115	11.6	1.5	0.6	7.5
Human resources, training, and labor relations specialists	824	70.3	14.0	2.6	10.2
Management analysts	658	43.7	7.2	7.6	6.7
Accountants and auditors	1,646	60.1	8.6	9.1	5.8
Appraisers and assessors of real estate	79	34.0	3.0	1.8	2.5
Financial analysts	97	35.7	11.6	6.9	3.0
Personal financial advisors	369	30.8	5.2	4.9	3.5
Insurance underwriters	125	59.3	13.2	4.2	4.7
Loan counselors and officers	363	51.8	9.9	4.6	10.6
Tax preparers	106	71.1	13.0	6.1	11.1
Professional and related occupations	30,805	57.4	9.2	7.0	7.1
Computer and mathematical occupations ³	3,531	25.8	6.7	16.1	5.5
Computer scientists and systems analysts	784	30.5	7.3	14.9	5.1
Computer programmers	470	22.0	5.1	12.4	6.5
Computer software engineers	1,026	20.9	5.1	28.0	3.9
Computer support specialists	388	27.6	11.3	7.9	6.9
Database administrators	101	36.4	9.0	11.8	8.6
Network and computer systems administrators	229	16.5	5.6	9.4	6.0
Network systems and data communications analysts	366	26.2	6.6	7.4	6.7
Operations research analysts	107	46.2	10.7	5.8	8.4
Architecture and engineering occupations ³	2,619	12.9	5.2	9.0	6.8
Architects, except naval	184	24.4	2.1	1.9	7.8
Aerospace engineers	126	10.8	6.7	3.7	3.8
Civil engineers	318	9.7	4.9	8.9	6.9
Computer hardware engineers	70	10.3	3.1	26.7	7.3
Electrical and electronics engineers	307	7.2	5.3	16.7	7.0
Industrial engineers, including health and safety	159	20.0	5.0	10.2	7.8
Mechanical engineers	293	6.7	3.2	11.0	3.7
Drafters	143	21.4	3.6	4.1	11.3
Engineering technicians, except drafters	374	13.2	8.2	4.6	8.9
Life, physical, and social science occupations ³	1,409	46.5	6.3	10.8	6.0
Biological scientists	113	45.8	8.0	9.8	6.2
Medical scientists	143	53.7	7.0	28.4	7.5
Chemists and materials scientists	103	33.5	9.9	18.2	4.3
Environmental scientists and geoscientists	108	26.2	5.4	3.0	2.9
Market and survey researchers	150	55.7	5.1	7.7	2.8
Psychologists	179	66.7	3.9	3.3	7.3
Community and social services occupations ³	2,337	64.2	19.3	3.3	9.8
Counselors	702	71.2	21.4	3.8	9.5
Social workers	771	80.8	22.8	3.3	11.3
Miscellaneous community and social service specialists	297	68.0	21.6	1.7	13.0
Clergy	429	17.5	12.6	2.9	6.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 616. Employed Civilians by Occupation, Sex, Race, and Hispanic Origin: 2010—Con.

[139,064 represents 139,064,000. Civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over. Annual average of monthly figures. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III. Occupational classifications are those used in the 2000 census]

Occupation	Total employed (1,000)	Percent of total			
		Female	Black ¹	Asian ¹	Hispanic ²
Legal occupations	1,716	48.8	6.5	3.4	5.5
Lawyers	1,040	31.5	4.3	3.4	3.4
Judges, magistrates, and other judicial workers	71	36.4	12.5	3.9	7.8
Paralegals and legal assistants	345	85.8	8.8	2.4	9.6
Miscellaneous legal support workers	259	72.6	10.4	4.4	7.7
Education, training, and library occupations ³	8,628	73.8	9.4	3.8	8.0
Postsecondary teachers	1,300	45.9	6.3	11.0	5.0
Preschool and kindergarten teachers	712	97.0	13.4	2.7	9.6
Elementary and middle school teachers	2,813	81.8	9.3	2.4	7.3
Secondary school teachers	1,221	57.0	8.0	1.6	6.7
Special education teachers	387	85.1	6.8	2.0	6.2
Other teachers and instructors	806	66.5	9.6	4.8	8.0
Librarians	216	82.8	9.2	1.7	5.2
Teacher assistants	966	92.4	12.7	2.9	15.1
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations ³	2,759	46.2	5.5	4.3	8.8
Artists and related workers	195	47.1	2.7	3.6	6.6
Designers	793	53.7	3.3	5.2	9.0
Producers and directors	152	37.7	9.1	5.5	10.9
Athletes, coaches, umpires, and related workers	260	34.6	7.3	4.1	10.6
Musicians, singers, and related workers	182	31.9	13.9	2.1	8.7
News analysts, reporters and correspondents	81	46.9	3.0	6.0	7.2
Public relations specialists	148	58.8	2.8	2.6	8.7
Editors	162	53.2	4.9	5.0	3.9
Writers and authors	199	63.5	3.8	2.3	1.5
Miscellaneous media and communication workers	83	67.9	6.6	10.6	32.5
Broadcast and sound engineering technicians and radio operators	102	9.9	5.7	4.1	10.8
Photographers and editors	161	39.4	6.5	3.3	8.1
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations ³	7,805	74.3	10.8	7.8	6.2
Dentists	175	25.5	0.3	13.7	5.7
Dietitians and nutritionists	105	92.3	14.9	9.1	5.2
Pharmacists	255	53.0	5.2	15.1	4.3
Physicians and surgeons	872	32.3	5.8	15.7	6.8
Physician assistants	99	68.7	5.0	5.8	9.2
Registered nurses	2,843	91.1	12.0	7.5	4.9
Occupational therapists	109	87.8	2.5	2.6	6.1
Physical therapists	187	68.5	5.8	7.6	5.4
Speech-language pathologists	132	96.3	2.9	0.7	6.1
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	342	76.8	15.1	10.3	7.4
Dental hygienists	141	95.1	4.3	5.9	3.0
Diagnostic-related technologists and technicians	349	73.3	7.2	4.8	7.7
Emergency medical technicians and paramedics	179	34.1	4.4	0.9	3.7
Health diagnosing and treating practitioner support technicians	505	75.9	13.6	6.8	10.8
Licensed practical and licensed vocational nurses	573	91.7	24.4	3.8	6.2
Medical records and health information technicians	118	87.6	19.9	6.5	12.7
Service occupations	24,634	56.8	15.3	4.9	21.3
Healthcare support occupations ³	3,332	88.9	25.5	4.1	15.2
Nursing, psychiatric, and home health aides	1,928	88.2	34.6	4.0	14.7
Massage therapists	162	87.1	5.3	4.9	6.0
Dental assistants	296	97.5	5.7	5.6	20.0
Medical assistants and other healthcare support occupations	850	89.7	17.8	3.5	16.4
Protective service occupations ³	3,289	21.4	17.8	2.4	13.3
First-line supervisors/managers of police and detectives	103	15.4	8.7	2.5	7.4
Fire-fighters	301	3.6	6.4	0.5	9.6
Bailiffs, correctional officers, and jailers	465	26.1	22.0	1.2	13.3
Detectives and criminal investigators	159	22.8	10.6	3.7	13.3
Police and sheriff's patrol officers	714	13.0	12.1	2.7	15.2
Private detectives and investigators	89	37.6	5.7	3.2	12.1
Security guards and gaming surveillance officers	993	20.8	28.8	3.4	15.9
Lifeguards and other protective service workers	166	54.4	4.2	2.2	6.7
Food preparation and serving related occupations	7,660	55.1	11.3	5.6	22.2
Chefs and head cooks	337	19.0	12.0	16.5	17.9
First-line supervisors/managers of food preparation and serving workers	551	56.6	15.4	3.0	14.9
Cooks	1,951	40.5	15.0	5.0	32.5
Food-preparation workers	717	59.2	13.4	5.3	23.7
Bartenders	393	55.2	3.8	2.1	10.7
Combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food	294	61.3	12.8	4.6	16.6
Counter attendants, cafeteria, food concession, and coffee shop	269	65.7	11.3	5.7	18.5
Waiters and waitresses	2,067	71.1	7.1	6.1	16.6
Food servers, nonrestaurant	174	64.9	18.6	6.5	16.3
Dining room and cafeteria attendants and bartender helpers	371	47.9	10.7	7.0	29.0
Dishwashers	246	21.1	10.5	4.2	38.5
Hosts and hostesses, restaurant, lounge, and coffee shop	284	84.7	8.1	4.0	14.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 616. Employed Civilians by Occupation, Sex, Race, and Hispanic Origin: 2010—Con.

[139,064 represents 139,064,000. Civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over. Annual average of monthly figures. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III. Occupational classifications are those used in the 2000 census]

Occupation	Total employed (1,000)	Percent of total			
		Female	Black ¹	Asian ¹	Hispanic ²
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	5,328	40.6	13.6	3.1	35.2
First-line supervisors/managers of housekeeping and janitorial workers	234	41.7	13.3	2.8	19.8
First-line supervisors/managers of landscaping, lawn service, and groundskeeping workers	229	7.3	3.8	1.1	20.5
Janitors and building cleaners	2,186	33.2	17.1	3.2	30.9
Maids and housekeeping cleaners	1,407	89.0	16.3	5.0	40.8
Pest control workers	76	3.3	5.3	1.7	15.9
Grounds maintenance workers	1,195	5.8	6.3	1.3	43.8
Personal care and service occupations ³	5,024	78.3	14.8	7.8	14.6
First-line supervisors/managers of gaming workers	136	52.2	5.4	8.3	8.9
First-line supervisors/managers of personal service workers	185	71.6	7.7	14.5	9.0
Nontfarm animal caretakers	169	71.7	2.7	2.0	12.7
Gaming services workers	121	38.1	5.0	29.6	10.5
Barbers	96	17.9	37.2	1.2	12.1
Hairdressers, hairstylists, and cosmetologists	770	91.9	10.6	4.7	12.7
Miscellaneous personal appearance workers	273	86.6	7.5	51.4	10.9
Baggage porters, bellhops, and concierges	77	17.9	29.8	6.9	25.8
Transportation attendants	110	71.6	12.2	4.9	16.6
Child care workers	1,247	94.7	16.0	3.4	19.1
Personal and home care aides	973	86.1	23.8	6.4	17.6
Recreation and fitness workers	379	67.2	11.3	1.8	6.9
Sales and office occupations	33,433	62.9	11.3	4.2	12.6
Sales and related occupations ³	15,386	49.9	9.8	5.0	11.8
First-line supervisors/managers of retail sales workers	3,132	43.9	7.9	5.4	10.3
First-line supervisors/managers of non retail sales workers	1,131	28.0	5.9	5.6	9.6
Cashiers	3,109	73.7	16.1	6.8	16.3
Counter and rental clerks	150	49.0	7.9	6.9	12.7
Parts salespersons	129	12.5	3.7	0.5	12.9
Retail salespersons	3,286	51.9	11.3	4.1	13.7
Advertising sales agents	214	47.6	6.3	2.7	4.9
Insurance sales agents	513	49.4	6.6	3.2	10.1
Securities, commodities, and financial services sales agents	308	30.8	6.4	8.0	4.8
Travel agents	76	84.0	9.9	6.5	8.7
Sales representatives, services, all other	524	34.4	9.6	4.9	9.9
Sales representatives, wholesale and manufacturing	1,284	25.0	4.0	3.3	9.3
Real estate brokers and sales agents	854	54.0	5.3	3.8	7.1
Telemarketers	118	68.3	25.0	1.2	11.9
Door-to-door sales workers, news and street vendors, and related workers	203	64.3	12.9	3.6	15.7
Office and administrative support occupations ³	18,047	73.9	12.5	3.6	13.4
First-line supervisors/managers of office and administrative support workers	1,507	68.7	9.7	3.8	11.1
Bill and account collectors	216	65.4	17.5	2.9	18.9
Billing and posting clerks and machine operators	472	92.2	13.7	4.1	14.0
Bookkeeping, accounting, and auditing clerks	1,297	90.9	6.5	3.4	8.8
Payroll and timekeeping clerks	167	90.8	10.4	1.9	10.7
Tellers	453	88.0	11.3	5.2	14.0
Court, municipal, and license clerks	95	75.9	17.9	3.1	12.1
Customer service representatives	1,896	66.6	17.5	3.9	15.2
File clerks	334	82.0	16.0	3.9	14.3
Hotel, motel, and resort desk clerks	129	69.1	15.3	4.4	11.6
Interviewers, except eligibility and loan	210	76.0	17.3	5.8	12.0
Library assistants, clerical	115	77.1	5.9	3.2	12.3
Loan interviewers and clerks	127	78.3	11.5	4.7	11.0
Order clerks	117	68.0	8.0	6.4	16.2
Receptionists and information clerks	1,281	92.7	9.8	3.3	16.8
Reservation and transportation ticket agents and travel clerks	100	58.2	24.0	3.9	14.9
Couriers and messengers	270	15.4	16.4	2.4	15.6
Dispatchers	293	60.9	13.5	1.6	14.4
Postal service clerks	124	45.3	29.5	8.3	11.1
Postal service mail carriers	321	37.7	11.7	6.6	11.1
Postal service mail sorters, processors, and processing machine operators	76	48.8	30.5	16.2	7.5
Production, planning, and expediting clerks	259	54.9	9.5	3.4	7.2
Shipping, receiving, and traffic clerks	558	27.5	12.5	3.6	21.9
Stock clerks and order fillers	1,456	36.0	16.7	3.4	19.3
Weighers, measurers, checkers, and samplers, recordkeeping	70	38.3	10.8	3.1	22.3
Secretaries and administrative assistants	3,082	96.1	8.6	1.9	9.4
Computer operators	122	48.5	10.8	9.1	11.8
Data entry keyers	338	80.5	13.2	4.2	11.4
Word processors and typists	144	92.5	12.3	2.5	13.9
Insurance claims and policy processing clerks	231	82.6	16.5	2.3	11.5
Mail clerks and mail machine operators, except postal service	94	51.3	21.4	3.5	18.1
Office clerks, general	994	84.2	13.0	5.2	15.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 616. Employed Civilians by Occupation, Sex, Race, and Hispanic Origin: 2010—Con.

[139,064 represents 139,064,000. Civilian noninstitutional population 16 years old and over. Annual average of monthly figures. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III. Occupational classifications are those used in the 2000 census]

Occupation	Total employed (1,000)	Percent of total			
		Female	Black ¹	Asian ¹	Hispanic ²
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations . . .	13,073	4.6	6.7	2.0	25.0
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations ³	987	23.5	5.2	1.9	41.8
Construction and extraction occupations ³	7,175	2.6	6.1	1.4	29.1
First-line supervisors/managers of construction trades and extraction workers	659	3.9	4.9	1.0	16.5
Brickmasons, blockmasons, and stonemasons	162	0.1	6.7	0.8	35.5
Carpenters	1,242	1.4	4.0	1.4	25.7
Carpet, floor, and tile installers and finishers	209	0.5	3.8	3.3	39.5
Cement masons, concrete finishers, and terrazzo workers	88	0.3	12.0	—	51.5
Construction laborers	1,267	2.7	9.0	2.2	43.1
Operating engineers and other construction equipment operators	363	1.5	4.7	1.1	13.7
Drywall installers, ceiling tile installers, and tapers	171	2.5	2.5	0.3	58.6
Electricians	691	1.5	7.0	1.6	14.0
Painters, construction and maintenance	578	7.2	4.8	1.3	41.0
Pipelayers, plumbers, pipefitters, and steamfitters	526	1.5	7.2	1.3	20.8
Roofers	214	1.0	4.0	1.3	46.4
Sheet metal workers	108	4.0	5.8	0.4	18.8
Construction and building inspectors	104	8.7	8.3	2.3	9.0
Highway maintenance workers	110	2.5	14.2	2.6	11.0
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations ³	4,911	3.9	7.8	2.9	15.7
First-line supervisors/managers of mechanics, installers, and repairers	381	6.3	7.5	1.9	9.9
Computer, automated teller, and office machine repairers	305	11.0	10.0	8.0	10.1
Radio and telecommunications equipment installers and repairers	166	9.1	9.3	6.2	10.4
Aircraft mechanics and service technicians	136	2.3	7.1	7.1	15.3
Automotive body and related repairers	168	1.2	6.3	0.8	22.6
Automotive service technicians and mechanics	802	1.6	6.8	3.5	20.3
Bus and truck mechanics and diesel engine specialists	339	0.7	7.6	1.6	13.2
Heavy vehicle and mobile equipment service technicians and mechanics	235	1.2	4.6	1.1	14.1
Heating, air conditioning, and refrigeration mechanics and installers	392	0.6	8.0	2.2	17.2
Industrial and refractory machinery mechanics	447	3.5	8.1	2.2	14.4
Maintenance and repair workers, general	347	3.8	11.1	2.7	18.0
Electrical power-line installers and repairers	124	0.4	8.2	0.7	10.3
Telecommunications line installers and repairers	163	7.5	9.4	1.6	17.5
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	16,180	21.2	13.9	4.2	21.0
Production occupations ³	7,998	27.6	11.4	5.5	21.9
First-line supervisors/managers of production and operating workers	702	18.1	7.3	5.5	15.7
Electrical, electronics, and electromechanical assemblers	151	54.9	15.1	22.6	17.1
Bakers	206	57.0	9.8	5.8	30.6
Butchers and other meat, poultry, and fish processing workers	331	21.2	14.0	10.4	36.2
Food batchmakers	107	55.5	9.7	2.6	27.6
Cutting, punching, and press machine setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	78	21.1	11.1	2.6	15.2
Machinists	408	3.9	4.3	5.5	15.1
Welding, soldering, and brazing workers	479	5.4	7.0	3.6	22.7
Printing machine operators	162	21.5	13.7	1.8	19.6
Laundry and dry-cleaning workers	195	55.8	15.9	9.3	30.1
Sewing machine operators	170	78.5	13.3	10.8	40.2
Tailors, dressmakers, and sewers	76	70.0	4.9	20.9	19.6
Stationary engineers and boiler operators	91	1.7	9.8	5.3	14.5
Water and liquid waste treatment plant and system operators	77	5.9	6.8	3.4	10.1
Crushing, grinding, polishing, mixing, and blending workers	90	15.7	16.0	2.2	23.2
Inspectors, testers, sorters, samplers, and weighers	669	34.3	11.1	5.3	16.9
Medical, dental, and ophthalmic laboratory technicians	92	49.0	5.5	7.8	12.5
Packaging and filling machine operators and tenders	255	47.6	16.4	4.1	42.3
Painting workers	139	7.9	9.3	0.5	26.4
Transportation and material-moving occupations ³	8,182	15.0	16.4	2.8	20.0
Supervisors, transportation and material-moving workers	263	23.4	18.3	3.0	15.1
Aircraft pilots and flight engineers	110	5.2	1.0	1.0	6.3
Bus drivers	600	47.0	25.1	2.2	12.3
Driver/sales workers and truck drivers	3,028	4.6	13.6	1.5	17.5
Taxi drivers and chauffeurs	390	14.4	26.6	13.0	15.7
Parking lot attendants	75	6.3	25.7	12.8	18.0
Service station attendants	77	13.5	8.6	4.0	17.1
Industrial truck and tractor operators	499	6.2	22.0	1.2	32.0
Cleaners of vehicles and equipment	333	15.0	14.8	3.7	35.6
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand	1,700	17.4	16.9	3.0	21.3
Packers and packagers, hand	403	56.5	17.3	4.2	41.3
Refuse and recyclable material collectors	88	7.9	23.9	0.2	21.2

— Represents or rounds to zero. ¹ The Current Population Survey (CPS) allows respondents to choose more than one race. Data represent persons who selected this race group only and exclude persons reporting more than one race. The CPS in prior years only allowed respondents to report one race group. See also comments on race in the text for Section 1. ² Persons of Hispanic origin may be any race. ³ Includes other occupations, not shown separately.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Employment and Earnings Online," January 2011 issue, March 2011, <<http://www.bls.gov/opub/ee/home.htm>> and <<http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm>>.

Table 617. Employed Civilians by Occupation—States: 2010

[In thousands (139,064 represents 139,064,000). Based on the Current Population Survey see text, Section 1 and Appendix III]

State	Total	Management, professional, and related occupations		Service occupations	Sales and office occupations		Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations			Production, transportation, and material-moving occupations	
		Management, business, and financial operations	Professional and related occupations		Sales and related occupations	Office and administrative occupations	Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material-moving occupations
Total. . . .	139,064	20,938	30,805	24,634	15,386	18,047	987	7,175	4,911	7,998	8,182
AL	1,952	215	408	316	198	262	14	128	87	183	142
AK	331	49	66	62	32	44	4	24	18	12	22
AZ	2,850	454	617	506	371	392	6	165	93	124	120
AR	1,228	161	245	193	129	164	16	65	51	117	88
CA	15,976	2,507	3,597	2,909	1,838	2,014	222	747	500	812	830
CO	2,482	441	623	392	274	295	10	133	81	100	132
CT	1,719	297	443	288	191	211	3	73	56	84	73
DE	392	59	81	69	42	61	3	21	13	18	25
DC	310	79	114	50	19	30	(Z)	5	3	3	7
FL	8,083	1,231	1,763	1,554	1,022	1,069	36	389	308	250	458
GA	4,238	696	860	696	531	528	19	236	159	218	296
HI	579	75	110	134	70	79	4	38	22	18	29
ID	691	100	125	123	85	97	18	37	31	37	38
IL	5,970	894	1,249	1,049	693	784	17	231	180	435	437
IN	2,818	382	555	473	317	346	13	143	103	287	200
IA	1,571	219	309	265	165	211	13	82	60	136	111
KS	1,385	234	308	235	137	173	12	68	50	88	80
KY	1,844	244	396	320	189	220	20	104	69	143	138
LA	1,928	280	394	337	218	262	20	111	72	110	125
ME	633	93	143	112	66	82	8	35	25	35	35
MD	2,819	487	767	470	275	376	9	145	93	82	117
MA	3,194	557	875	531	320	382	8	137	88	149	148
MI	4,232	589	1,006	749	441	568	45	161	130	311	230
MN	2,721	458	635	434	279	366	31	112	84	165	158
MS	1,155	133	231	190	105	168	16	72	52	106	82
MO	2,745	386	534	486	295	417	8	159	104	185	170
MT	452	78	90	90	47	53	9	28	16	17	23
NE	929	153	206	139	100	119	11	46	31	76	48
NV	1,131	156	183	305	138	143	4	56	41	36	69
NH	702	115	177	108	82	83	2	31	26	44	33
NJ	4,100	700	962	688	463	551	10	179	127	158	261
NM	843	124	203	156	78	106	4	66	32	34	40
NY	8,832	1,230	2,134	1,800	951	1,186	8	428	246	362	486
NC	4,094	602	958	703	447	481	18	231	163	281	210
ND	358	63	70	64	36	42	7	24	15	18	19
OH	5,263	702	1,074	966	558	730	24	257	199	426	328
OK	1,621	244	316	281	176	222	17	109	77	86	93
OR	1,780	292	390	325	204	213	32	75	48	97	104
PA	5,774	854	1,291	978	607	770	50	285	210	340	389
RI	508	72	131	95	53	63	1	20	16	32	25
SC	1,899	227	393	346	230	244	10	82	97	157	113
SD	420	73	77	73	42	57	9	21	15	29	25
TN	2,788	384	556	499	313	373	15	141	111	215	181
TX	11,149	1,541	2,204	2,014	1,243	1,415	69	805	490	645	722
UT	1,271	193	264	186	153	186	5	82	42	84	76
VT	339	53	87	54	36	40	4	20	11	19	16
VA	3,800	680	968	598	413	432	21	196	124	174	192
WA	3,180	499	783	546	313	383	52	162	101	158	182
WV	724	99	157	132	73	98	1	48	32	38	46
WI	2,813	420	588	468	287	395	22	124	88	240	181
WY	278	39	52	48	22	36	3	29	16	12	22

Z Less than 500.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment, 2010*, Bulletin 2748, July 2011. See also <<http://www.bls.gov/opub/gpsec/11.htm>>.

Table 618. Employment Projections by Occupation: 2008 to 2018

[In thousands (16.0 represents 16,000), except percent and rank. Estimates based on the Current Employment Statistics Program; the Occupational Employment Statistics Survey; and the Current Population Survey. See source for methodological assumptions. Occupations based on the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification system]

Occupation	Employment (1,000)		Change, 2008–2018		Quartile rank by 2008 median annual earn- ings ¹	Most significant source of postsecondary education or training
	2008	2018	Num- ber (1,000)	Per- cent		
FASTEST GROWING						
Biomedical engineers	16.0	27.6	11.6	72.0	VH	Bachelor's degree
Network systems and data communications analyst	292.0	447.8	155.8	53.4	VH	Bachelor's degree
Home health aides	921.7	1,382.6	460.9	50.0	VL	Short-term on-the-job training
Personal and home care aides	817.2	1,193.0	375.8	46.0	VL	Short-term on-the-job training
Financial examiners	27.0	38.1	11.1	41.2	VH	Bachelor's degree
Medical scientists, except epidemiologists	109.4	153.6	44.2	40.4	VH	Doctoral degree
Physician assistants	74.8	103.9	29.2	39.0	VH	Master's degree
Skin care specialists	38.8	53.5	14.7	37.9	L	Postsecondary vocational award
Biochemists and biophysicists	23.2	31.9	8.7	37.4	VH	Doctoral degree
Athletic trainers	16.3	22.4	6.0	37.0	H	Bachelor's degree
Physical therapist aides	46.1	62.8	16.7	36.3	L	Short-term on-the-job training
Dental hygienists	174.1	237.0	62.9	36.1	VH	Associate degree
Veterinary technologists and technicians	79.6	108.1	28.5	35.8	L	Associate degree
Dental assistants	295.3	400.9	105.6	35.8	L	Moderate-term on-the-job training
Computer software engineers, applications	514.8	689.9	175.1	34.0	VH	Bachelor's degree
Medical assistants	483.6	647.5	163.9	33.9	L	Moderate-term on-the-job training
Physical therapist assistants	63.8	85.0	21.2	33.3	H	Associate degree
Veterinarians	59.7	79.4	19.7	33.0	VH	First professional degree Work experience in a related occupation
Self-enrichment education teachers	253.6	334.9	81.3	32.0	H	
Compliance officers, except agriculture, construction, health and safety, and transportation	260.2	341.0	80.8	31.1	H	Long-term on-the-job training
Occupational therapist aides	7.8	10.2	2.4	30.7	L	Short-term on-the-job training
Environmental engineers	54.3	70.9	16.6	30.6	VH	Bachelor's degree
Pharmacy technicians	326.3	426.0	99.8	30.6	L	Moderate-term on-the-job training
Computer software engineers, systems software	394.8	515.0	120.2	30.4	VH	Bachelor's degree
Survey researchers	23.4	30.5	7.1	30.4	H	Bachelor's degree
Physical therapists	185.5	241.7	56.2	30.3	VH	Master's degree
Personal financial advisors	208.4	271.2	62.8	30.1	VH	Bachelor's degree
Environmental engineering technicians	21.2	27.5	6.4	30.1	H	Associate degree
Occupational therapist assistants	26.6	34.6	7.9	29.8	H	Associate degree
Fitness trainers and aerobics instructors	261.1	337.9	76.8	29.4	L	Postsecondary vocational award
LARGEST JOB GROWTH						
Registered nurses	2,618.7	3,200.2	581.5	22.2	VH	Associate degree
Home health aides	921.7	1,382.6	460.9	50.0	VL	Short-term on-the-job training
Customer service representatives	2,252.4	2,651.9	399.5	17.7	L	Moderate-term on-the-job training
Combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food	2,701.7	3,096.0	394.3	14.6	VL	Short-term on-the-job training
Personal and home care aides	817.2	1,193.0	375.8	46.0	VL	Short-term on-the-job training
Retail salespersons	4,489.2	4,863.9	374.7	8.4	VL	Short-term on-the-job training
Office clerks, general	3,024.4	3,383.1	358.7	11.9	L	Short-term on-the-job training
Accountants and auditors	1,290.6	1,570.0	279.4	21.7	VH	Bachelor's degree
Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants	1,469.8	1,745.8	276.0	18.8	L	Postsecondary vocational award
Postsecondary teachers	1,699.2	1,956.1	256.9	15.1	VH	Doctoral degree
Construction laborers	1,248.7	1,504.6	255.9	20.5	L	Moderate-term on-the-job training
Elementary school teachers, except special education	1,549.5	1,793.7	244.2	15.8	H	Bachelor's degree
Truck drivers, heavy and tractor-trailer	1,798.4	2,031.3	232.9	13.0	H	Short-term on-the-job training
Landscaping and groundskeeping workers	1,205.8	1,422.9	217.1	18.0	L	Short-term on-the-job training
Bookkeeping, accounting, and auditing clerks	2,063.8	2,276.2	212.4	10.3	H	Moderate-term on-the-job training
Executive secretaries and administrative assistants	1,594.4	1,798.8	204.4	12.8	H	Work experience in a related occupation
Management analysts	746.9	925.2	178.3	23.9	VH	Bachelor's or higher degree, plus work experience
Computer software engineers, applications	514.8	689.9	175.1	34.0	VH	Bachelor's degree
Receptionists and information clerks	1,139.2	1,312.1	172.9	15.2	L	Short-term on-the-job training
Carpenters	1,284.9	1,450.3	165.4	12.9	H	Long-term on-the-job training
Medical assistants	483.6	647.5	163.9	33.9	L	Moderate-term on-the-job training
First-line supervisors/managers of office and administrative support workers	1,457.2	1,617.5	160.3	11.0	H	Work experience in a related occupation
Network systems and data communications analysts	292.0	447.8	155.8	53.4	VH	Bachelor's degree
Licensed practical and licensed vocational nurses	753.6	909.2	155.6	20.7	VH	Postsecondary vocational award

¹ Quartile ranks based on the Occupational Employment Statistics annual wages. VH = very high (\$51,540 and over), H = high (\$32,390 to \$51,530), L = low (\$21,590 to \$32,380), and VL = very low (under \$21,590). The rankings were based on quartiles using one-fourth of total employment to define each quartile. Wages are for wage and salary workers.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics "Occupational employment projections to 2018," *Monthly Labor Review*, Volume 132, Number 11, November 2009, <<http://www.bls.gov/opub/mlr/2009/11/art5exc.htm>>.

Table 619. Occupations of the Employed by Selected Characteristic: 2010

[In thousands (121,987 represents 121,987,000). Annual averages of monthly figures. Civilian noninstitutional population 25 years old and over. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1 and Appendix III. See headnote, Table 606, regarding occupations]

Race and educational attainment	Total employed	Managerial, professional, and related	Service	Sales and office	Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	Production, transportation, and material-moving
Less than a high school diploma	10,115	655	3,292	1,280	2,310	2,578
High school graduates, no college	34,293	5,639	7,334	9,235	5,150	6,935
Less than a bachelor's degree	33,747	11,138	5,899	9,866	3,243	3,601
College graduates	43,832	31,481	2,701	7,452	972	1,225
White ²	100,100	40,920	14,448	23,027	10,343	11,362
Less than a high school diploma	8,290	548	2,523	1,008	2,099	2,112
High school graduates, no college	28,128	4,891	5,319	7,801	4,593	5,525
Less than a bachelor's degree	27,506	9,352	4,473	8,054	2,826	2,802
College graduates	36,176	26,130	2,133	6,165	826	923
Black ²	13,092	4,118	3,164	2,980	810	2,021
Less than a high school diploma	1,103	54	490	170	118	271
High school graduates, no college	4,234	517	1,388	947	357	1,025
Less than a bachelor's degree	4,346	1,211	1,018	1,274	261	582
College graduates	3,409	2,336	268	589	74	143
Asian ²	6,155	2,993	1,070	1,234	240	618
Less than a high school diploma	431	33	185	56	29	129
High school graduates, no college	1,149	130	421	286	81	232
Less than a bachelor's degree	1,037	305	220	312	74	125
College graduates	3,538	2,525	244	580	57	132
Hispanic ³	16,946	3,449	4,325	3,266	2,907	2,999
Less than a high school diploma	5,183	174	1,813	463	1,398	1,336
High school graduates, no college	5,175	534	1,425	1,141	986	1,088
Less than a bachelor's degree	3,725	981	771	1,163	391	419
College graduates	2,862	1,760	316	499	132	155

¹ Includes other races, not shown separately. ² For persons in this race group only. See footnote 4, Table 587. ³ Persons of Hispanic origin may be any race.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey, unpublished data.

Table 620. Employment by Industry: 2000 to 2010

[In thousands (136,891 represents 136,891,000), except percent. See headnote, Table 606]

Industry	2000	2005 ¹	2009 ¹	2010 ¹	2010, percent ¹			
					Female	Black ²	Asian ²	Hispanic ³
Total employed	136,891	141,730	139,877	139,064	47.2	10.8	4.8	14.3
Agriculture and related industries	2,464	2,197	2,103	2,206	24.5	2.7	1.1	21.8
Mining	475	624	707	731	13.8	5.1	1.1	15.3
Construction	9,931	11,197	9,702	9,077	8.9	5.4	1.7	24.4
Manufacturing	19,644	16,253	14,202	14,081	28.0	9.0	5.7	15.5
Durable goods	12,519	10,333	8,927	8,789	24.4	7.6	6.1	13.0
Nondurable goods	7,125	5,919	5,275	5,293	34.1	11.3	5.1	19.7
Wholesale trade	4,216	4,579	3,808	3,805	28.6	7.5	4.8	14.8
Retail trade	15,763	16,825	15,877	15,934	49.4	10.6	4.6	13.6
Transportation and utilities	7,380	7,360	7,245	7,134	22.9	15.9	3.8	14.4
Transportation and warehousing	6,096	6,184	6,012	5,880	23.1	17.1	4.2	15.4
Utilities	1,284	1,176	1,233	1,253	21.7	10.5	1.9	9.8
Information	4,059	3,402	3,239	3,149	40.9	10.9	5.5	9.9
Financial activities	9,374	10,203	9,622	9,350	54.3	9.0	5.3	10.3
Finance and insurance	6,641	7,035	6,826	6,605	57.3	9.3	6.1	8.9
Real estate and rental and leasing	2,734	3,168	2,796	2,745	47.1	8.2	3.6	13.5
Professional and business services	13,649	14,294	15,008	15,253	41.3	8.7	5.7	14.5
Professional and technical services	8,266	8,584	9,159	9,115	43.2	5.6	7.8	7.1
Management, administrative, and waste services	5,383	5,709	5,849	6,138	38.6	13.2	2.5	25.5
Education and health services	26,188	29,174	31,819	32,062	74.7	14.1	4.8	10.4
Educational services	11,255	12,264	13,188	13,155	68.6	10.2	3.9	9.5
Health care and social assistance	14,933	16,910	18,632	18,907	79.0	16.8	5.4	10.9
Hospitals	5,202	5,719	6,265	6,249	76.5	16.3	7.1	8.7
Health services, except hospitals	7,009	8,332	9,213	9,406	78.7	16.4	4.9	11.1
Social assistance	2,722	2,860	3,154	3,252	84.6	18.6	3.7	14.8
Leisure and hospitality	11,186	12,071	12,736	12,530	51.4	10.7	6.4	19.6
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	2,539	2,765	3,018	2,966	46.6	8.9	5.1	11.2
Accommodation and food services	8,647	9,306	9,717	9,564	52.9	11.2	6.8	22.2
Other services	6,450	7,020	6,935	6,769	51.6	9.2	6.3	16.8
Other services, except private households	5,731	6,208	6,152	6,102	47.3	9.3	6.6	14.3
Private households	718	812	783	667	90.9	8.7	3.3	39.5
Government workers	6,113	6,530	6,875	6,983	45.0	15.4	3.3	10.8

¹ See footnote 2, Table 586. ² Persons in this race group only. See footnote 4, Table 587. ³ Persons of Hispanic origin may be any race.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Employment and Earnings Online," January 2011 issue, March 2011, <<http://www.bls.gov/opub/ee/home.htm>> and <<http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm>>.

Table 621. Employment Projections by Industry: 2008 to 2018

[7,214.9 represents 7,214,900. Estimates based on the Current Employment Statistics program. See source for methodological assumptions. Minus sign (-) indicates decline]

Industry	2007 NAICS code ¹	Employment		Change, 2008–2018 (1,000)	Average annual rate of change 2008–2018
		2008 (1,000)	2018 (1,000)		
LARGEST GROWTH					
Construction	23 6211, 6212,	7,214.9	8,552.0	1,337.1	1.7
Offices of health practitioners	6213	3,713.3	4,978.6	1,265.3	3.0
Management, scientific, and technical consulting services	5416	1,008.9	1,844.1	835.2	6.2
Food services and drinking places	722	9,631.9	10,370.7	738.8	0.7
Computer systems design and related services	5415	1,450.3	2,106.7	656.4	3.8
Retail trade	44, 45	15,356.4	16,010.4	654.0	0.4
General local government educational services compensation	(X)	8,075.6	8,728.3	652.7	0.8
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	3,008.0	3,644.8	636.8	1.9
Employment services	5613	3,144.4	3,744.1	599.7	1.8
Hospitals	622	4,641.2	5,191.9	550.7	1.1
Individual and family services	6241	1,108.6	1,638.8	530.2	4.0
Home health care services	6216	958.0	1,399.4	441.4	3.9
Services to buildings and dwellings	5617	1,847.1	2,182.6	335.5	1.7
Architectural, engineering, and related services	5413	1,444.7	1,769.5	324.8	2.0
Other educational services	6114–7	578.9	894.9	316.0	4.5
Outpatient, laboratory, and other ambulatory care services	6214, 6215, 6219	989.5	1,297.9	308.4	2.8
Wholesale trade	42	5,963.9	6,219.8	255.9	0.4
Junior colleges, colleges, universities, and professional schools	6112, 6113	1,602.7	1,857.4	254.7	1.5
Legal services	5411	1,163.7	1,416.8	253.1	2.0
General government, other compensation	(X)	4,224.1	4,464.0	239.9	0.6
FASTEST GROWTH					
Management, scientific, and technical consulting services	5416	1,008.9	1,844.1	835.2	6.2
Other educational services	6114–7	578.9	894.9	316.0	4.5
Individual and family services	6241	1,108.6	1,638.8	530.2	4.0
Home health care services	6216	958.0	1,399.4	441.4	3.9
Specialized design services	5414	143.1	208.7	65.6	3.8
Data processing, hosting, related services, and other information services	518, 519	395.2	574.1	178.9	3.8
Computer systems design and related services	5415	1,450.3	2,106.7	656.4	3.8
Lessors of nonfinancial intangible assets (except copyright works)	533	28.2	37.9	9.7	3.0
Offices of health practitioners	6211, 6212, 6213	3,713.3	4,978.6	1,265.3	3.0
Personal care services	8121	621.6	819.1	197.5	2.8
Outpatient, laboratory, and other ambulatory care services	6214, 6215, 6219	989.5	1,297.9	308.4	2.8
Facilities support services	5612	132.7	173.6	40.9	2.7
Software publishers	5112	263.7	342.8	79.1	2.7
Independent artists, writers, and performers	7115	50.4	64.8	14.4	2.5
Local government passenger transit	(X)	268.6	342.6	74.0	2.5
Elementary and secondary schools	6111	854.9	1,089.7	234.8	2.5
Scientific research and development services	5417	621.7	778.9	157.2	2.3
Waste management and remediation services	562	360.2	451.0	90.8	2.3
Other miscellaneous manufacturing	3399	321.0	399.4	78.4	2.2
Community and vocational rehabilitation services	6242, 6243	540.9	672.0	131.1	2.2
MOST RAPIDLY DECLINING					
Cut and sew apparel manufacturing	3152	155.2	66.7	-88.5	-8.1
Apparel knitting mills	3151	26.2	12.5	-13.7	-7.1
Textile and fabric finishing and fabric coating mills	3133	48.3	23.5	-24.8	-7.0
Fabric mills	3132	65.4	35.0	-30.4	-6.1
Audio and video equipment manufacturing	3343	27.0	14.6	-12.4	-6.0
Apparel accessories and other apparel manufacturing	3159	17.0	9.2	-7.8	-6.0
Fiber, yarn, and thread mills	3131	37.4	20.7	-16.7	-5.7
Textile furnishings mills	3141	75.4	41.9	-33.5	-5.7
Railroad rolling stock manufacturing	3365	28.4	17.5	-10.9	-4.7
Footwear manufacturing	3162	15.8	10.0	-5.8	-4.5
Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills	3221	126.1	81.9	-44.2	-4.2
Basic chemical manufacturing	3251	152.1	99.9	-52.2	-4.1
Semiconductor and other electronic component manufacturing	3344	432.4	286.8	-145.6	-4.0
Computer and peripheral equipment manufacturing	3341	182.8	124.7	-58.1	-3.8
Other textile product mills	3149	72.2	49.4	-22.8	3.0
Federal enterprises except the Postal Service and electric utilities	(X)	63.5	44.9	-18.6	-3.4
Leather and hide tanning and finishing, and other leather and allied product manufacturing	3161, 3169	17.8	13.0	-4.8	-3.1
Cutlery and handtool manufacturing	3322	49.1	35.9	-13.2	-3.1
Manufacturing and reproducing magnetic and optical media	3346	34.9	26.0	-8.9	-2.9
Ventilation, heating, air-conditioning, and commercial refrigeration equipment manufacturing	3334	149.5	112.8	-36.7	-2.8

X Not applicable. ¹ Based on the North American Industry Classification System, 2007; see text, Section 15.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Industry output and employment projections to 2018," *Monthly Labor Review*, Vol. 132, No. 11, November 2009, <<http://www.bls.gov/opub/mlr/2009/11/art4exc.htm>>.

Table 622. Unemployed Workers—Summary: 1990 to 2010

[In thousands (7,047 represents 7,047,000), except as indicated. For civilian noninstitutionalized population 16 years old and over. Annual averages of monthly figures. Based on the Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1 and Appendix III. For data on unemployment insurance, see Table 629]

Item	1990 ¹	2000 ¹	2005 ¹	2006 ¹	2007 ¹	2008 ¹	2009 ¹	2010 ¹
UNEMPLOYED								
Total²	7,047	5,692	7,591	7,001	7,078	8,924	14,265	14,825
16 to 19 years old	1,212	1,081	1,186	1,119	1,101	1,285	1,552	1,528
20 to 24 years old	1,299	1,022	1,335	1,234	1,241	1,545	2,207	2,329
25 to 34 years old	1,995	1,207	1,661	1,521	1,544	1,949	3,284	3,386
35 to 44 years old	1,328	1,133	1,400	1,279	1,225	1,604	2,722	2,703
45 to 54 years old	723	762	1,195	1,094	1,135	1,473	2,592	2,769
55 to 64 years old	386	355	630	595	642	803	1,487	1,660
65 years and over	105	132	184	159	190	264	421	449
Male	3,906	2,975	4,059	3,753	3,882	5,033	8,453	8,626
16 to 19 years old	667	599	667	622	623	736	898	863
20 to 24 years old	715	547	775	705	721	920	1,329	1,398
25 to 34 years old	1,092	602	844	810	856	1,119	1,988	1,993
35 to 44 years old	711	557	715	642	634	875	1,600	1,534
45 to 54 years old	413	398	624	569	591	804	1,558	1,614
55 to 64 years old	249	189	331	318	349	425	840	962
65 years and over	59	83	102	88	108	153	241	262
Female	3,140	2,717	3,531	3,247	3,196	3,891	5,811	6,199
16 to 19 years old	544	483	519	496	478	549	654	665
20 to 24 years old	584	475	560	530	520	625	878	931
25 to 34 years old	902	604	817	711	688	830	1,296	1,392
35 to 44 years old	617	577	685	637	591	730	1,121	1,169
45 to 54 years old	310	364	571	524	544	669	1,034	1,156
55 to 64 years old	137	165	299	277	293	377	647	698
65 years and over	46	50	82	71	81	111	180	187
White³	5,186	4,121	5,350	5,002	5,143	6,509	10,648	10,916
Black³	1,565	1,241	1,700	1,549	1,445	1,788	2,606	2,852
Asian^{3, 4}	(NA)	227	259	205	229	285	522	543
Hispanic⁵	876	954	1,191	1,081	1,220	1,678	2,706	2,843
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE⁶ (percent)								
Total²	5.6	4.0	5.1	4.6	4.6	5.8	9.3	9.6
16 to 19 years old	15.5	13.1	16.6	15.4	15.7	18.7	24.3	25.9
20 to 24 years old	8.8	7.2	8.8	8.2	8.2	10.2	14.7	15.5
25 to 34 years old	5.6	3.7	5.1	4.7	4.7	5.8	9.9	10.1
35 to 44 years old	4.1	3.0	3.9	3.6	3.4	4.6	7.9	8.1
45 to 54 years old	3.6	2.5	3.5	3.1	3.2	4.1	7.2	7.7
55 to 64 years old	3.3	2.5	3.3	3.0	3.1	3.7	6.6	7.1
65 years and over	3.0	3.1	3.5	2.9	3.3	4.2	6.4	6.7
Male	5.7	3.9	5.1	4.6	4.7	6.1	10.3	10.5
16 to 19 years old	16.3	14.0	18.6	16.9	17.6	21.2	27.8	28.8
20 to 24 years old	9.1	7.3	9.6	8.7	8.9	11.4	17.0	17.8
25 to 34 years old	5.5	3.4	4.7	4.5	4.7	6.1	10.9	10.9
35 to 44 years old	4.1	2.8	3.7	3.3	3.3	4.6	8.6	8.5
45 to 54 years old	3.7	2.4	3.5	3.1	3.1	4.2	8.2	8.6
55 to 64 years old	3.8	2.4	3.3	3.0	3.2	3.8	7.2	8.0
65 years and over	3.0	3.3	3.4	2.8	3.4	4.5	6.7	7.1
Female	5.5	4.1	5.1	4.6	4.5	5.4	8.1	8.6
16 to 19 years old	14.7	12.1	14.5	13.8	13.8	16.2	20.7	22.8
20 to 24 years old	8.5	7.1	7.9	7.6	7.3	8.8	12.3	13.0
25 to 34 years old	5.6	4.1	5.6	4.9	4.6	5.5	8.6	9.1
35 to 44 years old	4.2	3.3	4.1	3.9	3.6	4.5	7.1	7.7
45 to 54 years old	3.4	2.5	3.5	3.1	3.2	3.9	6.0	6.8
55 to 64 years old	2.8	2.5	3.3	2.9	3.0	3.7	6.0	6.2
65 years and over	3.1	2.7	3.5	3.0	3.1	3.9	6.1	6.2
White³	4.8	3.5	4.4	4.0	4.1	5.2	8.5	8.7
Black³	11.4	7.6	10.0	8.9	8.3	10.1	14.8	16.0
Asian^{3, 4}	(NA)	3.6	4.0	3.0	3.2	4.0	7.3	7.5
Hispanic⁵	8.2	5.7	6.0	5.2	5.6	7.6	12.1	12.5
Percent without work for—								
Fewer than 5 weeks	46.3	44.9	35.1	37.3	35.9	32.8	22.2	18.7
5 to 14 weeks	32.0	31.9	30.4	30.3	31.5	31.4	26.8	22.0
15 weeks and over...	21.6	23.2	34.5	32.4	32.5	35.7	51.0	59.3
15 to 26 weeks	11.7	11.8	14.9	14.7	15.0	16.0	19.5	16.0
27 weeks and over	10.0	11.4	19.6	17.6	17.6	19.7	31.5	43.3
Unemployment duration, average (weeks)	12.0	12.6	18.4	16.8	16.8	17.9	24.4	33.0

NA Not available. ¹ See footnote 2, Table 586. ² Includes other races not shown separately. ³ See footnote 4, Table 587.

⁴ Prior to 2004, includes Pacific Islanders. ⁵ Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin may be any race. ⁶ Unemployed as percent of civilian labor force in specified group.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Employment and Earnings Online," January 2011 issue, March 2011, <<http://www.bls.gov/opub/ee/home.htm>> and <<http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm>>.

Table 623. Unemployed Jobseekers' Job Search Activities: 2010

[14,825 represents 14,825,000. For the civilian noninstitutionalized population 16 years old and over. Annual averages of monthly data. Based on the Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1 and Appendix III]

Characteristic	Population (1,000)		Jobseekers' job search methods (percent)							Average number of methods used
	Total unem- ployed	Total jobseek- ers ¹	Em- ployer directly	Sent out a resume or filled out applica- tions	Placed or answer- ed ads	Friends or relatives	Public employ- ment agency	Private employ- ment agency	Other activi- ties	
Total, 16 years and over² . . .	14,825	13,394	53.6	55.2	18.4	28.8	22.2	8.9	15.4	2.03
16 to 19 years old	1,528	1,460	50.4	61.9	11.7	19.3	9.4	3.6	10.1	1.67
20 to 24 years old	2,329	2,174	54.3	57.8	17.1	25.0	19.2	7.3	14.1	1.95
25 to 34 years old	3,386	3,057	55.1	56.3	18.2	28.4	24.2	9.0	14.8	2.07
35 to 44 years old	2,703	2,391	53.4	52.6	20.0	31.7	26.2	10.6	17.1	2.12
45 to 54 years old	2,769	2,462	54.9	53.5	21.4	32.5	26.1	11.6	17.0	2.18
55 to 64 years old	1,660	1,467	52.2	52.6	20.3	32.8	23.6	9.6	18.5	2.11
65 years old and over	449	384	49.3	43.6	15.8	31.0	17.4	7.0	16.5	1.81
Male	8,626	7,638	54.9	52.7	18.1	30.4	23.0	9.0	15.7	2.04
16 to 19 years old	863	821	50.7	61.0	12.0	21.0	10.7	3.9	9.6	1.69
20 to 24 years old	1,398	1,288	55.0	56.0	17.2	26.7	20.3	7.9	13.9	1.98
25 to 34 years old	1,993	1,749	56.8	53.4	17.7	29.6	25.0	9.1	14.5	2.07
35 to 44 years old	1,534	1,313	54.9	49.3	19.8	34.0	27.3	11.0	18.3	2.15
45 to 54 years old	1,614	1,404	56.0	50.4	21.0	34.6	26.4	11.2	17.8	2.18
55 to 64 years old	962	837	53.8	50.1	19.2	33.7	23.7	9.6	18.9	2.10
65 years old and over	262	226	50.6	43.3	16.2	30.9	17.2	6.3	17.7	1.83
Female	6,199	5,756	52.0	58.5	18.8	26.7	21.2	8.8	15.1	2.02
16 to 19 years old	665	638	49.9	63.0	11.4	17.1	7.8	3.2	10.8	1.63
20 to 24 years old	931	886	53.2	60.3	17.1	22.6	17.5	6.4	14.4	1.92
25 to 34 years old	1,392	1,308	52.8	60.1	18.8	26.7	23.0	8.9	15.3	2.07
35 to 44 years old	1,169	1,078	51.6	56.6	20.1	29.0	24.8	10.1	15.6	2.09
45 to 54 years old	1,156	1,057	53.5	57.6	22.0	29.7	25.7	12.2	16.0	2.18
55 to 64 years old	698	630	50.2	55.9	21.8	31.7	23.5	9.6	18.0	2.11
65 years old and over	187	158	47.5	44.1	15.2	31.2	17.7	8.1	14.9	1.80
White³	10,916	9,713	53.6	55.3	19.0	28.9	21.1	8.7	16.0	2.03
Male	6,476	5,628	55.1	52.7	18.6	30.4	22.0	8.8	16.4	2.05
Female	4,440	4,085	51.6	58.9	19.5	26.8	19.9	8.6	15.4	2.02
Black³	2,852	2,698	53.9	54.4	16.9	27.6	26.9	9.3	13.2	2.03
Male	1,550	1,459	54.6	52.0	16.9	29.2	27.1	9.3	13.0	2.03
Female	1,302	1,239	53.0	57.2	16.9	25.7	26.7	9.3	13.4	2.03
Asian³	543	511	52.3	55.1	17.2	36.6	18.9	11.1	18.2	2.11
Male	305	288	53.5	55.6	15.7	38.3	20.4	12.2	17.1	2.14
Female	238	223	50.8	54.5	19.0	34.5	17.0	9.6	19.5	2.06
Hispanic⁴	2,843	2,534	55.5	47.0	14.6	32.5	21.9	9.1	12.6	1.94
Male	1,711	1,495	57.2	44.2	14.6	34.2	22.7	9.0	12.7	1.95
Female	1,132	1,039	53.2	51.0	14.8	30.1	20.8	9.2	12.5	1.92

¹ Excludes persons on temporary layoff. The percent using each method will always total more than 100 because many jobseekers use more than one method. ² Includes other races not shown separately. ³ Data for this race group only. See footnote 4, Table 587. ⁴ Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin may be any race.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Employment and Earnings Online," January 2011 issue, March 2011, <<http://www.bls.gov/opub/ee/home.htm>> and <<http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm>>.

Table 624. Unemployed Persons by Sex and Reason: 1990 to 2010

[In thousands (3,906 represents 3,906,000). For civilian noninstitutionalized population 16 years old and over. Annual averages of monthly figures. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1 and Appendix III]

Sex and reason	1990 ¹	2000 ¹	2001	2002	2003 ¹	2004 ¹	2005 ¹	2006 ¹	2007 ¹	2008 ¹	2009 ¹	2010 ¹
Male, total	3,906	2,975	3,690	4,597	4,906	4,456	4,059	3,753	3,882	5,033	8,453	8,626
Job losers ²	2,257	1,516	2,119	2,820	3,024	2,603	2,188	2,021	2,175	3,055	5,967	5,919
Job leavers	528	387	422	434	422	437	445	406	408	458	438	457
Reentrants	806	854	925	1,068	1,141	1,070	1,067	1,015	956	1,128	1,504	1,608
New entrants	315	217	223	274	320	346	359	312	343	393	545	641
Female, total	3,140	2,717	3,111	3,781	3,868	3,694	3,531	3,247	3,196	3,891	5,811	6,199
Job losers ²	1,130	1,001	1,356	1,787	1,814	1,595	1,479	1,300	1,340	1,735	3,193	3,331
Job leavers	513	393	413	432	397	421	427	421	385	438	444	432
Reentrants	1,124	1,107	1,105	1,300	1,336	1,338	1,319	1,223	1,186	1,345	1,683	1,858
New entrants	373	217	237	262	321	340	306	304	285	374	491	579

¹ Data not strictly comparable with data for earlier years. See text, this section, and February 1994, March 1996, February 1997-99, and February 2003-11 issues of *Employment and Earnings*. ² Beginning 2000, persons who completed temporary jobs are identified separately and are included as job losers.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Employment and Earnings Online," January 2011 issue, March 2011, <<http://www.bls.gov/opub/ee/home.htm>> and <<http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm>>.

Table 625. Unemployment Rates by Industry and by Sex: 2000 to 2010

[In percent. Civilian noninstitutionalized population 16 years old and over. Annual averages of monthly figures. Rate represents unemployment as a percent of labor force in each specified group. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1 and Appendix III. See also headnote, Table 606, regarding industries]

Industry					Male		Female	
	2000	2005 ¹	2009 ¹	2010 ¹	2009 ¹	2010 ¹	2009 ¹	2010 ¹
All employed²	4.0	5.1	9.3	9.6	10.3	10.5	8.1	8.6
Wage and salary workers:								
Agriculture and related industries	9.0	8.3	14.3	13.9	14.1	13.2	15.3	16.4
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction	4.4	3.1	11.6	9.4	12.2	9.5	7.2	8.4
Construction	6.2	7.4	19.0	20.6	19.6	21.1	13.8	16.0
Manufacturing	3.5	4.9	12.1	10.6	11.8	9.9	12.7	12.4
Wholesale trade	3.3	4.0	7.2	7.3	6.9	7.2	7.8	7.7
Retail trade	4.6	5.7	9.5	10.0	9.6	10.0	9.3	10.1
Transportation and utilities	3.4	4.1	8.9	8.4	8.9	8.3	8.9	8.8
Transportation and warehousing	3.8	4.5	9.7	9.4	9.9	9.3	9.0	9.8
Utilities	1.9	1.9	4.8	3.4	3.9	3.3	8.6	3.7
Information	3.2	5.0	9.2	9.7	8.5	9.4	10.3	10.2
Telecommunications	2.3	5.2	8.4	9.2	7.4	8.3	10.0	10.8
Financial activities	2.4	2.9	6.4	6.9	6.5	7.0	6.3	6.8
Finance and insurance	2.2	2.7	5.8	6.6	5.6	6.6	5.9	6.6
Real estate and rental and leasing	3.1	3.3	8.1	7.6	8.5	7.8	7.7	7.3
Professional and business services	4.8	6.2	10.8	10.8	10.2	10.6	11.6	11.1
Professional and technical services	2.5	3.5	6.7	6.5	6.0	5.7	7.6	7.5
Management, administrative, and waste services	8.1	10.2	16.7	16.8	15.8	16.7	18.3	17.0
Education and health services	2.5	3.4	5.3	5.8	5.5	5.9	5.2	5.7
Educational services	2.4	3.7	6.6	6.4	6.8	6.9	6.6	6.2
Health care and social assistance	2.5	3.3	4.9	5.6	5.0	5.4	4.9	5.7
Leisure and hospitality	6.6	7.8	11.7	12.2	11.6	12.4	11.8	11.9
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	5.9	6.9	11.1	11.6	11.6	13.4	10.5	9.4
Accommodation and food services	6.8	8.0	11.8	12.3	11.6	12.1	12.0	12.5
Other services ³	3.9	4.8	7.5	8.5	8.3	9.3	6.8	7.8
Government workers	2.1	2.6	3.6	4.4	3.9	4.5	3.4	4.3

¹ See footnote 2, Table 586. ² Includes the self-employed, unpaid family workers, and persons with no previous work experience, not shown separately. ³ Includes private household workers.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Employment and Earnings Online," January 2011 issue, March 2011, <<http://www.bls.gov/opub/ee/home.htm>> and <<http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm>>.

Table 626. Unemployment by Occupation: 2000 to 2010

[5,692 represents 5,692,000. Civilian noninstitutionalized population 16 years old and over. Annual averages of monthly data. Rate represents unemployment as a percent of the labor force for each specified group. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1 and Appendix III. See also headnote, Table 606, regarding occupations]

Occupation	Number (1,000)			Unemployment rate				
				2010 ¹				
	2000	2009 ¹	2010 ¹	2000	2009 ¹	Total	Male	Female
Total²	5,692	14,265	14,825	4.0	9.3	9.6	10.5	8.6
Management, professional, and related occupations	827	2,531	2,566	1.8	4.6	4.7	4.8	4.7
Management, business, and financial operations	320	1,105	1,117	1.6	4.9	5.1	4.7	5.6
Management	214	740	762	1.5	4.6	4.8	4.6	5.3
Business and financial operations	106	365	355	2.0	5.7	5.6	5.1	6.1
Professional and related occupations	507	1,427	1,449	1.9	4.4	4.5	4.9	4.2
Computer and mathematical	74	192	195	2.2	5.2	5.2	5.1	5.7
Architecture and engineering	51	203	173	1.7	6.9	6.2	5.8	8.9
Life, physical, and social science	18	63	69	1.4	4.5	4.6	3.9	5.4
Community and social services	40	105	114	2.0	4.3	4.6	4.2	4.9
Legal	18	60	48	1.2	3.4	2.7	1.9	3.6
Education, training, and library	136	368	379	1.8	4.1	4.2	4.5	4.1
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media	97	251	269	3.5	8.4	8.9	9.8	7.8
Healthcare practitioner and technical	73	184	203	1.2	2.3	2.5	1.9	2.8
Service occupations	1,132	2,605	2,819	5.2	9.6	10.3	11.0	9.7
Healthcare support	101	240	276	4.0	6.8	7.6	8.1	7.6
Protective service	70	177	207	2.7	5.3	5.9	5.2	8.6
Food preparation and serving-related	469	1,011	1,079	6.6	11.6	12.4	13.0	11.8
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance	301	736	780	5.8	12.1	12.8	13.7	11.4
Personal care and service	190	441	477	4.4	8.0	8.7	10.6	8.1
Sales and office occupations	1,446	3,143	3,315	3.8	8.5	9.0	9.0	9.1
Sales and related	673	1,501	1,596	4.1	8.8	9.4	8.3	10.5
Office and administrative support	773	1,642	1,719	3.6	8.3	8.7	10.0	8.2
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	758	2,464	2,504	5.3	15.6	16.1	16.0	17.0
Farming, fishing, and forestry	133	179	193	10.2	16.2	16.3	15.4	19.1
Construction and extraction	507	1,825	1,809	6.2	19.7	20.1	20.1	21.8
Installation, maintenance, and repair	119	459	503	2.4	8.5	9.3	9.3	8.6
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	1,081	2,453	2,365	5.1	13.3	12.8	12.2	14.7
Production	575	1,322	1,206	4.8	14.7	13.1	12.2	15.4
Transportation and material moving	505	1,131	1,159	5.6	12.0	12.4	12.2	13.4

¹ See footnote 2, Table 586. ² Includes persons with no previous work experience and those whose last job was in the Armed Forces.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Employment and Earnings Online," January 2011 issue, March 2011, <<http://www.bls.gov/opub/ee/home.htm>> and <<http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm>>.

Table 627. Unemployed and Unemployment Rates by Educational Attainment, Sex, Race, and Hispanic Origin: 2000 to 2010

[3,589 represents 3,589,000. Annual averages of monthly figures. Civilian noninstitutionalized population 25 years old and over. See Table 593 for civilian labor force and participation rate data. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1 and Appendix III]

Year, sex, and race	Unemployed (1,000)					Unemployment rate ¹				
	Total	Less than a high school diploma	High school graduate, no college	Some college or associate's degree	Bachelor's degree or more	Total	Less than a high school diploma	High school graduate, no college	Some college or associate's degree	Bachelor's degree or more
Total: ²										
2000 ³	3,589	791	1,298	890	610	3.0	6.3	3.4	2.7	1.7
2005 ³	5,070	967	1,798	1,349	955	4.0	7.6	4.7	3.9	2.3
2010 ³	10,968	1,765	3,943	3,093	2,167	8.2	14.9	10.3	8.4	4.7
Male: ³										
2000 ³	1,829	411	682	427	309	2.8	5.4	3.4	2.6	1.5
2005 ³	2,617	514	973	636	494	3.8	6.4	4.6	3.7	2.3
2010 ³	6,365	1,137	2,452	1,646	1,130	8.9	15.0	11.3	9.0	4.8
Female: ³										
2000 ³	1,760	380	616	463	301	3.2	7.8	3.5	2.8	1.8
2005 ³	2,453	453	826	713	461	4.2	9.7	4.8	4.0	2.4
2010 ³	4,603	628	1,492	1,447	1,037	7.4	14.6	9.0	7.8	4.7
White: ⁴										
2000 ³	2,644	564	924	667	489	2.6	5.6	2.9	2.4	1.6
2005 ³	3,627	669	1,257	973	729	3.5	6.5	4.0	3.4	2.1
2010 ³	8,174	1,337	2,937	2,278	1,622	7.5	13.9	9.5	7.6	4.3
Black: ⁴										
2000 ³	731	179	315	169	68	5.4	10.7	6.4	4.0	2.5
2005 ³	1,075	231	440	295	110	7.5	14.4	8.5	6.9	3.5
2010 ³	2,022	321	795	614	292	13.4	22.5	15.8	12.4	7.9
Asian: ^{4, 5}										
2000 ³	146	28	34	35	49	2.7	5.7	3.0	3.2	1.8
2005 ³	203	26	47	32	99	3.5	5.5	4.6	3.2	3.0
2010 ³	446	54	95	92	205	6.8	11.1	7.6	8.1	5.5
Hispanic: ⁶										
2000 ³	569	297	150	85	38	4.4	6.2	3.9	3.2	2.2
2005 ³	773	354	216	138	66	4.8	6.2	4.5	4.1	2.9
2010 ³	2,041	787	674	399	182	10.8	13.2	11.5	9.7	6.0

¹ Percent unemployed of the civilian labor force. ² Includes other races, not shown separately. ³ See footnote 2, Table 586.

⁴ Beginning 2005 data are for persons in this race group only. See footnote 4, Table 587. ⁵ 2000 data include Pacific Islanders.

⁶ Persons of Hispanic origin may be any race.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Employment and Earnings Online," January 2011 issue, March 2011, <<http://www.bls.gov/opub/ee/home.htm>> and <<http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm>>.

Table 628. Unemployed Persons by Reason for Unemployment: 2010

[14,825 represents 14,825,000. Annual averages of monthly data. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1 and Appendix III]

Age, sex, and reason	Total unemployed (1,000)	Percent distribution by duration				
		Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over		
				Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks or longer
Total 16 years old and over	14,825	18.7	22.0	59.3	16.0	43.3
16 to 19 years old	1,528	29.7	31.2	39.1	16.3	22.8
Total 20 years old and over	13,297	17.4	21.0	61.6	16.0	45.6
Males	7,763	17.2	20.5	62.4	15.6	46.7
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs	5,773	17.4	20.2	62.4	15.8	46.6
On temporary layoff	946	43.0	31.3	25.7	13.9	11.8
Not on temporary layoff	4,827	12.4	18.0	69.6	16.1	53.5
Permanent job losers	3,905	10.1	16.2	73.6	16.0	57.7
Persons who completed temporary jobs	922	21.9	25.6	52.5	16.7	35.8
Job leavers	433	22.8	25.7	51.5	13.9	37.7
Reentrants	1,346	15.3	20.1	64.6	15.4	49.2
New entrants	211	11.5	19.5	69.0	17.2	51.7
Females	5,534	17.8	21.7	60.5	16.4	44.1
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs	3,257	17.8	20.3	62.0	15.8	46.2
On temporary layoff	416	49.8	30.9	19.4	10.9	8.4
Not on temporary layoff	2,840	13.1	18.7	68.2	16.5	51.7
Permanent job losers	2,396	11.5	17.3	71.1	16.4	54.7
Persons who completed temporary jobs	444	21.5	26.0	52.5	16.9	35.6
Job leavers	413	22.1	26.2	51.7	19.1	32.6
Reentrants	1,633	16.8	23.0	60.2	17.0	43.2
New entrants	231	17.0	25.3	57.7	16.3	41.3

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Employment and Earnings Online," January 2011 issue, March 2011, <<http://www.bls.gov/opub/ee/home.htm>> and <<http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm>>.

Table 629. Total Unemployed and Insured Unemployed by State: 2000 to 2010

[5,692 represents 5,692,000. Civilian noninstitutionalized population 16 years old and over. Annual averages of monthly figures. State total unemployment estimates come from the Local Area Unemployment Statistics program, while U.S. totals come from the Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1 and Appendix III. U.S. totals derived by independent population controls; therefore state data may not add to U.S. totals. Unemployment data are based on population controls from Census 2000]

State	Total unemployed								Insured unemployed ¹							
	Number (1,000)				Percent ²				Number (1,000)		Percent ³					
	2000 ⁴	2005 ⁴	2009 ⁴	2010 ⁴	2000 ⁴	2005 ⁴	2009 ⁴	2010 ⁴	2000	2010	2000	2010				
United States	5,692	7,591	14,265	14,825	4.0	5.1	9.3	9.6	5	2,130.2	5	4,543.1	5	1.7	5	3.6
Alabama	87	81	211	202	4.1	3.8	9.7	9.5		29.4		53.3		1.6		3.0
Alaska	20	24	28	29	6.2	6.9	7.8	8.0		12.2		17.3		4.9		5.8
Arizona	100	134	306	316	4.0	4.7	9.7	10.0		20.5		80.0		1.0		3.3
Arkansas	53	69	100	107	4.2	5.1	7.4	7.9		24.2		44.1		2.2		4.0
California	833	953	2,063	2,260	4.9	5.4	11.3	12.4		339.6		662.4		2.4		4.6
Colorado	65	133	226	240	2.7	5.1	8.3	8.9		14.7		65.0		0.7		3.0
Connecticut	39	88	157	173	2.3	4.9	8.3	9.1		28.9		70.1		1.8		4.4
Delaware	14	17	35	36	3.3	4.0	8.0	8.5		6.0		13.0		1.5		3.2
District of Columbia	18	21	32	33	5.7	6.5	9.6	9.9		5.5		11.9		1.3		2.5
Florida	300	330	930	1,065	3.8	3.8	10.2	11.5		70.8		225.9		1.1		3.2
Georgia	148	241	464	480	3.5	5.2	9.7	10.2		34.8		117.7		0.9		3.2
Hawaii	24	17	43	42	4.0	2.8	6.8	6.6		8.4		17.4		1.7		3.1
Idaho	31	27	58	71	4.6	3.7	7.7	9.3		12.3		26.2		2.3		4.3
Illinois	291	371	660	681	4.5	5.8	10.0	10.3		105.7		223.5		1.8		4.1
Indiana	92	172	332	320	2.9	5.4	10.4	10.2		32.3		79.4		1.1		2.9
Iowa	45	70	94	103	2.8	4.3	5.6	6.1		19.5		40.8		1.4		2.8
Kansas	53	75	107	106	3.8	5.1	7.1	7.0		15.9		38.2		1.3		2.9
Kentucky	83	121	222	218	4.2	6.0	10.7	10.5		25.4		49.9		1.5		3.0
Louisiana	101	139	136	155	5.0	6.7	6.6	7.5		24.2		56.1		1.3		3.1
Maine	22	34	57	55	3.3	4.9	8.2	7.9		8.9		18.1		1.6		3.2
Maryland	100	122	215	223	3.6	4.1	7.1	7.5		29.0		72.4		1.3		3.1
Massachusetts	92	164	286	297	2.7	4.8	8.2	8.5		59.9		117.0		1.9		3.8
Michigan	190	346	648	597	3.7	6.8	13.3	12.5		83.3		161.3		1.9		4.3
Minnesota	87	120	238	217	3.1	4.2	8.1	7.3		31.8		80.1		1.3		3.1
Mississippi	74	103	125	137	5.7	7.8	9.6	10.4		19.9		37.2		1.8		3.5
Missouri	98	162	283	289	3.3	5.4	9.3	9.6		43.8		83.2		1.7		3.2
Montana	22	17	31	36	4.8	3.6	6.3	7.2		7.7		17.7		2.2		4.3
Nebraska	27	38	47	45	2.8	3.9	4.8	4.7		7.4		18.7		0.9		2.1
Nevada	48	55	170	201	4.5	4.5	12.5	14.9		19.6		53.9		2.1		4.7
New Hampshire	19	26	47	45	2.7	3.6	6.3	6.1		3.1		17.9		0.5		3.0
New Jersey	157	197	410	426	3.7	4.5	9.1	9.5		84.6		164.4		2.3		4.4
New Mexico	42	47	66	80	5.0	5.2	7.0	8.4		9.5		26.3		1.4		3.4
New York	416	474	813	824	4.5	5.0	8.4	8.6		147.4		291.9		1.8		3.5
North Carolina	155	229	490	476	3.7	5.3	10.8	10.6		55.0		157.6		1.5		4.1
North Dakota	10	12	16	15	2.9	3.4	4.3	3.9		3.9		5.2		1.3		1.5
Ohio	234	344	601	595	4.0	5.9	10.1	10.1		72.8		153.3		1.4		3.1
Oklahoma	52	77	116	124	3.1	4.5	6.6	7.1		12.2		34.5		0.9		2.4
Oregon	93	115	221	215	5.1	6.2	11.1	10.8		41.6		83.9		2.7		5.3
Pennsylvania	255	312	514	549	4.2	5.0	8.0	8.7		131.4		266.0		2.5		4.9
Rhode Island	23	28	61	67	4.2	5.1	10.8	11.6		12.3		18.4		2.8		4.2
South Carolina	71	140	247	242	3.6	6.8	11.3	11.2		27.6		71.8		1.6		4.1
South Dakota	11	16	22	21	2.7	3.7	5.0	4.8		2.1		4.7		0.6		1.2
Tennessee	115	164	317	297	4.0	5.6	10.4	9.7		42.9		68.4		1.7		2.7
Texas	452	599	900	994	4.4	5.4	7.6	8.2		107.4		221.5		1.2		2.2
Utah	38	53	98	106	3.4	4.1	7.1	7.7		10.7		29.6		1.1		2.7
Vermont	9	12	25	22	2.7	3.5	6.9	6.2		4.8		10.4		1.7		3.6
Virginia	82	138	284	289	2.3	3.5	6.8	6.9		22.5		64.2		0.7		1.9
Washington	151	180	329	340	5.0	5.5	9.3	9.6		70.1		111.5		2.7		4.0
West Virginia	44	39	62	71	5.5	4.9	7.7	9.1		14.2		21.8		2.1		3.2
Wisconsin	101	146	271	255	3.4	4.8	8.7	8.3		54.1		123.1		2.0		4.7
Wyoming	10	10	19	20	3.8	3.7	6.5	7.0		2.9		6.9		1.3		2.5

¹ Number of jobless workers who are receiving state unemployment benefits. Source: U.S. Employment and Training Administration, Unemployment Insurance, Financial Handbook, annual updates. See <<http://www.ows.doleta.gov/unemploy/claims.asp>>. ² Total unemployment as percent of civilian labor force. ³ Those currently collecting unemployment insurance as a percent of the total number of eligible workers. ⁴ See footnote 2, Table 586. ⁵ U.S. totals include Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands.

Source: Except as noted, U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Local Area Unemployment Statistics program <<http://www.bls.gov/lau/>>.

Table 630. Nonfarm Establishments—Employees, Hours, and Earnings by Industry: 1990 to 2010

[Annual averages of monthly data. (109,487 represents 109,487,000). Based on data from establishment reports. Includes all full- and part-time employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period reported. Excludes proprietors, the self-employed, farm workers, unpaid family workers, private household workers, and Armed Forces. Establishment data shown here conform to industry definitions in the 2007 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) and are adjusted to March 2010 employment benchmarks. Based on the Current Employment Statistics Program; see source and Appendix III]

Item and year	Total nonfarm	Private industry														Government		
		Total ¹	Construction	Manufacturing	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Transportation and warehousing	Utilities	Information	Finance and insurance	Real estate and rental and leasing	Professional, scientific, and technical services	Administrative and waste services	Educational services	Health care and social assistance		Arts, entertainment and recreation	Accommodations and food services
EMPLOYEES (1,000)																		
1990.....	109,487	91,072	5,263	17,695	5,268	13,182	3,476	740	2,688	4,976	1,637	4,538	4,643	1,688	9,296	1,132	8,156	18,415
2000.....	131,785	110,995	6,787	17,263	5,933	15,280	4,410	601	3,630	5,677	2,011	6,702	8,168	2,390	12,718	1,788	10,074	20,790
2005.....	133,703	111,899	7,336	14,226	5,764	15,280	4,361	554	3,061	6,019	2,134	7,025	8,170	2,836	14,536	1,892	10,923	21,804
2007.....	137,598	115,380	7,630	13,879	6,015	15,520	4,541	553	3,032	6,132	2,169	7,660	8,416	2,941	15,380	1,969	11,457	22,218
2008.....	136,790	114,281	7,162	13,406	5,943	15,283	4,508	559	2,984	6,015	2,130	7,799	8,032	3,040	15,798	1,970	11,466	22,509
2009.....	130,807	108,252	6,016	11,847	5,587	14,522	4,236	560	2,804	5,775	1,994	7,509	7,203	3,090	16,103	1,916	11,162	22,555
2010.....	129,818	107,337	5,526	11,524	5,456	14,414	4,184	552	2,711	5,691	1,939	7,424	7,401	3,150	16,415	1,909	11,111	22,482
WEEKLY EARNINGS ² (dol.)																		
1990.....	(NA)	349.75	513.43	436.16	444.48	235.62	471.72	670.40	479.50	(NA)	(NA)	504.83	273.60	(NA)	319.80	219.02	147.89	(NA)
2000.....	(NA)	481.01	685.78	590.77	631.40	333.38	562.31	955.66	700.86	(NA)	(NA)	745.77	387.49	(NA)	449.27	273.79	207.44	(NA)
2005.....	(NA)	544.33	750.22	673.33	685.00	377.58	618.58	1,095.90	805.08	(NA)	(NA)	862.79	431.92	(NA)	560.43	330.19	226.48	(NA)
2007.....	(NA)	590.04	816.66	711.56	748.94	385.11	654.95	1,182.65	874.65	(NA)	(NA)	956.42	485.15	(NA)	606.74	348.35	251.52	(NA)
2008.....	(NA)	607.95	842.61	724.46	769.62	386.21	670.37	1,230.69	908.99	(NA)	(NA)	995.66	500.14	(NA)	630.06	354.52	259.93	(NA)
2009.....	(NA)	617.18	851.76	726.12	784.49	388.57	677.56	1,239.37	931.08	(NA)	(NA)	1,036.36	517.27	(NA)	643.19	359.71	261.87	(NA)
2010.....	(NA)	636.91	891.85	765.08	816.15	399.74	710.63	1,263.33	938.89	(NA)	(NA)	1,073.49	536.40	(NA)	660.82	364.06	266.78	(NA)
WEEKLY HOURS ²																		
1990.....	(NA)	34.3	38.3	40.5	38.4	30.6	37.7	41.5	35.8	(NA)	(NA)	36.1	32.3	(NA)	31.8	26.1	25.9	(NA)
2000.....	(NA)	34.3	39.2	41.3	38.8	30.7	37.4	42.0	36.8	(NA)	(NA)	36.2	33.1	(NA)	32.1	25.6	26.2	(NA)
2005.....	(NA)	33.8	38.6	40.7	37.7	30.6	37.0	41.1	36.5	(NA)	(NA)	35.7	32.8	(NA)	32.9	25.7	25.7	(NA)
2007.....	(NA)	33.9	39.0	41.2	38.2	30.2	37.0	42.4	36.5	(NA)	(NA)	36.0	33.5	(NA)	32.8	24.7	25.6	(NA)
2008.....	(NA)	33.6	38.5	40.8	38.2	30.0	36.4	42.7	36.7	(NA)	(NA)	35.8	33.6	(NA)	32.8	24.1	25.4	(NA)
2009.....	(NA)	33.1	37.6	39.8	37.6	29.9	36.0	42.0	36.6	(NA)	(NA)	35.7	33.4	(NA)	32.4	23.8	25.0	(NA)
2010.....	(NA)	33.4	38.4	41.1	37.9	30.2	37.1	42.1	36.3	(NA)	(NA)	35.9	33.9	(NA)	32.3	23.8	25.0	(NA)
HOURLY EARNINGS ² (dol.)																		
1990.....	(NA)	10.20	13.42	10.78	11.58	7.71	12.50	16.14	13.40	(NA)	(NA)	13.99	8.48	(NA)	10.05	8.41	5.70	(NA)
2000.....	(NA)	14.02	17.48	14.32	16.28	10.86	15.05	22.75	19.07	(NA)	(NA)	20.61	11.69	(NA)	13.98	10.68	7.92	(NA)
2005.....	(NA)	16.13	19.46	16.56	18.16	12.36	16.70	26.68	22.06	(NA)	(NA)	24.15	13.16	(NA)	17.05	12.85	8.80	(NA)
2007.....	(NA)	17.43	20.95	17.26	19.59	12.75	17.72	27.88	23.96	(NA)	(NA)	26.58	14.47	(NA)	18.48	14.10	9.82	(NA)
2008.....	(NA)	18.08	21.87	17.75	20.13	12.87	18.41	28.83	24.78	(NA)	(NA)	27.82	14.87	(NA)	19.23	14.73	10.23	(NA)
2009.....	(NA)	18.63	22.66	18.24	20.84	13.01	18.81	29.48	25.45	(NA)	(NA)	29.03	15.51	(NA)	19.83	15.08	10.49	(NA)
2010.....	(NA)	19.07	23.22	18.61	21.53	13.24	19.17	30.04	25.86	(NA)	(NA)	29.93	15.82	(NA)	20.43	15.28	10.68	(NA)

NA Not available. ¹ Includes other industries not shown separately. ² Average hours and earnings of production workers for mining and logging, manufacturing, and construction; average hours and earnings of nonsupervisory workers for the service-providing industries.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Employment Statistics, "Employment, Hours, and Earnings—National," <<http://www.bls.gov/ces/home.htm>>.

Table 631. Employees in Nonfarm Establishments—States: 2010

[In thousands (129,818 represents 129,818,000). Includes all full- and part-time employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period reported. Excludes proprietors, the self-employed, farm workers, unpaid family workers, private household workers, and Armed Forces. National totals differ from the sum of the state figures because of differing benchmarks among states and differing industrial and geographic stratification. Compiled from data supplied by cooperating state agencies. Based on North American Industry Classification System, 2007; see text, section 15]

State											
	Total ¹	Con- struction	Manu- facturing	Trade, transporta- tion and utilities	Informa- tion	Fin- ancial activi- ties ²	Profes- sional and business servi- ces ³	Educa- tion and health servi- ces ⁴	Leisure and hospita- lity ⁵	Other servi- ces ⁶	Government
U.S. . . .	129,818	5,526	11,524	24,605	2,711	7,630	16,688	19,564	13,020	5,364	22,482
AL	1,869.0	87.5	236.1	360.1	24.0	91.9	208.3	214.4	167.9	79.9	386.8
AK	324.4	16.0	12.7	62.8	6.4	15.0	26.2	41.7	31.5	11.5	85.2
AZ	2,377.3	111.1	147.8	467.8	36.4	162.5	339.4	344.0	252.5	88.4	416.5
AR	1,163.2	48.5	160.1	234.4	15.5	48.8	118.0	165.9	99.9	43.5	218.2
CA	13,891.8	559.8	1,242.4	2,616.9	429.0	759.8	2,069.4	1,786.9	1,493.7	484.7	2,422.5
CO	2,220.1	114.9	125.2	397.2	71.4	143.7	329.2	264.8	263.1	92.9	393.4
CT	1,608.0	49.6	166.0	289.1	31.7	135.0	189.9	307.1	133.8	60.6	244.7
DE	412.7	⁷ 19.3	26.2	73.9	6.0	42.7	54.5	64.8	41.9	19.7	63.8
DC	710.9	⁷ 10.5	1.3	27.1	18.6	26.6	148.7	108.4	59.4	64.6	245.7
FL	7,174.9	345.6	306.9	1,454.6	135.4	469.7	1,035.5	1,079.0	917.7	310.8	1,114.5
GA	3,826.3	148.6	344.4	808.3	101.3	203.6	519.4	486.1	373.9	153.4	678.1
HI	586.9	⁷ 28.8	12.9	109.4	10.2	26.9	71.4	75.8	100.0	26.4	125.2
ID	602.9	31.3	53.0	120.9	9.6	28.9	73.4	84.0	58.1	21.3	118.9
IL	5,610.7	198.6	558.8	1,124.5	101.7	360.8	799.0	832.5	514.2	254.4	857.0
IN	2,793.0	115.3	446.2	541.3	35.7	130.1	275.4	425.0	272.1	107.3	438.0
IA	1,469.2	61.6	200.1	299.9	28.6	101.4	121.6	213.5	129.9	57.0	253.6
KS	1,323.0	53.5	159.6	251.0	31.2	70.8	141.8	180.4	113.1	51.5	262.0
KY	1,769.8	67.7	209.1	359.2	26.1	86.0	179.7	250.0	167.8	70.6	331.4
LA	1,884.4	121.9	137.7	364.2	26.2	92.7	192.5	271.1	194.0	66.0	366.3
ME	592.5	24.3	50.9	116.8	9.1	31.3	55.6	119.0	59.8	19.8	103.4
MD	2,513.2	⁷ 144.1	114.6	437.6	43.9	142.6	385.8	400.0	228.8	114.9	500.9
MA	3,186.3	106.4	254.0	543.8	85.5	207.5	461.0	664.4	305.8	118.7	438.1
MI	3,861.4	121.7	474.4	708.9	54.9	186.7	514.3	617.0	374.0	166.6	635.8
MN	2,637.2	86.4	292.1	490.4	54.3	171.1	313.4	458.4	233.9	114.6	416.7
MS	1,089.5	135.8	135.8	212.7	12.4	44.9	91.8	132.3	118.5	34.8	248.9
MO	2,647.1	105.4	242.7	510.3	58.1	163.3	318.6	405.8	271.1	117.0	450.5
MT	428.2	22.7	16.4	86.9	7.4	21.2	39.0	63.8	55.8	16.9	90.5
NE	939.4	⁷ 42.5	91.6	196.0	16.9	68.5	101.2	135.6	80.7	37.0	169.4
NV	1,115.6	59.1	37.7	208.8	12.5	52.1	135.7	99.9	308.9	33.8	155.0
NH	622.6	21.2	65.7	132.2	11.6	35.5	64.3	110.3	62.9	21.3	96.8
NJ	3,854.5	129.5	257.7	808.0	79.7	253.5	582.2	605.5	334.6	160.1	642.5
NM	801.6	44.0	29.0	133.3	14.4	32.9	98.2	119.9	83.7	28.5	199.3
NY	8,553.3	305.5	456.8	1,456.7	252.0	665.9	1,100.0	1,703.7	732.9	364.8	1,509.9
NC	3,861.9	176.0	431.1	710.6	68.2	199.2	481.0	539.2	390.4	156.2	704.3
ND	375.6	21.3	22.7	80.3	7.3	20.4	28.4	54.9	34.4	15.6	79.9
OH	5,030.6	167.6	619.7	946.5	77.5	274.1	622.7	842.6	475.5	211.0	782.3
OK	1,526.4	66.9	123.1	276.5	25.0	80.0	169.1	203.9	138.3	60.7	339.6
OR	1,599.9	67.8	163.8	308.2	32.2	92.7	181.3	228.4	161.8	57.5	299.5
PA	5,615.5	216.3	560.6	1,079.6	93.4	311.9	685.1	1,136.0	498.8	250.3	756.9
RI	458.8	15.9	40.4	73.2	10.1	30.5	53.2	101.9	49.6	22.1	61.8
SC	1,805.2	78.9	207.4	344.4	25.7	97.4	213.9	212.8	206.9	68.5	345.2
SD	402.8	⁷ 20.9	36.9	80.6	6.6	28.7	27.3	64.4	43.1	15.7	78.7
TN	2,612.5	⁷ 105.4	297.8	554.7	44.9	137.8	304.6	372.9	261.9	100.5	431.9
TX	10,342.0	569.7	810.7	2,049.5	195.3	622.5	1,273.1	1,387.6	1,006.1	360.9	1,860.3
UT	1,181.0	65.1	111.3	229.4	29.2	67.9	152.5	155.0	110.1	33.8	216.4
VT	297.5	13.4	30.9	55.8	5.4	12.2	23.1	59.2	32.3	9.9	54.6
VA	3,627.2	182.7	230.4	619.9	76.3	177.7	647.8	456.2	338.0	185.1	702.8
WA	2,777.4	141.1	257.8	516.5	102.9	135.1	326.0	375.2	265.8	104.5	546.7
WV	746.1	32.6	49.1	134.5	10.3	28.2	60.7	120.7	72.3	55.0	152.6
WI	2,735.3	94.0	430.6	508.3	46.6	157.5	268.0	418.3	250.9	137.6	420.6
WY	282.6	22.5	8.7	51.5	3.9	10.8	17.2	26.3	32.4	11.5	72.6

¹ Includes mining and logging, not shown separately. ² Finance and insurance; real estate and rental and leasing.

³ Professional, scientific, and technical services; management of companies and enterprises; administrative and support and waste management and remediation services. ⁴ Education services; health care and social assistance. ⁵ Arts, entertainment, and recreation; accommodations and food services. ⁶ Includes repair and maintenance; personal and laundry services; and membership associations and organizations. ⁷ Mining and logging included with construction.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Employment Statistics, "State and Metro Area Employment, Hours, and Earnings (SAE)." <<http://www.bls.gov/sae/data.htm>>.

Table 632. Nonfarm Industries—Employees and Earnings: 1990 to 2010

[Annual averages of monthly figures (109,487 represents 109,487,000). Covers all full- and part-time employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period including the 12th of the month. See also headnote, Table 630]

Industry	2007 NAICS code ¹	All employees (1,000)					Average hourly earnings ² (dol.)		
		1990	2000	2005	2009	2010	2000	2005	2010
Total nonfarm	(X)	109,487	131,785	133,703	130,807	129,818	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Goods-producing ³	(X)	23,723	24,649	22,190	18,557	17,755	15.27	17.60	20.28
Service-providing ⁴	(X)	85,764	107,136	111,513	112,249	112,064	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Total private	(X)	91,072	110,995	111,899	108,252	107,337	14.02	16.13	19.07
Mining and logging	(X)	765	599	628	694	705	16.55	18.72	23.83
Logging	1133	85	79	65	50	50	13.70	15.74	18.84
Mining	21	680	520	562	643	656	16.94	19.04	24.24
Oil and gas extraction	211	190	125	126	160	159	19.43	19.34	27.36
Mining, except oil and gas	212	302	225	213	208	203	18.07	20.18	24.64
Support activities for mining	213	188	171	224	275	294	14.55	17.89	22.96
Construction	23	5,263	6,787	7,336	6,016	5,526	17.48	19.46	23.22
Construction of buildings	236	1,413	1,633	1,712	1,357	1,232	16.74	19.05	22.74
Residential building	2361	673	823	960	638	572	15.18	17.72	19.80
Nonresidential building	2362	741	809	752	719	660	18.18	20.55	25.13
Heavy and civil engineering construction ⁵	237	813	937	951	851	829	16.80	19.60	23.77
Highway, street, and bridge construction	2373	289	340	351	291	289	18.17	20.12	23.76
Specialty trade contractors	238	3,037	4,217	4,673	3,808	3,466	17.91	19.55	23.22
Building foundation and exterior contractors	2381	703	919	1,083	779	690	16.93	18.44	21.19
Building equipment contractors	2382	1,282	1,897	1,918	1,758	1,633	19.52	21.01	24.89
Building finishing contractors	2383	665	857	992	722	629	16.44	18.82	22.07
Manufacturing	31-33	17,695	17,263	14,226	11,847	11,524	14.32	16.56	18.61
Durable goods	(X)	10,737	10,877	8,956	7,284	7,067	14.92	17.33	19.80
Wood products	321	541	613	559	359	341	11.63	13.16	14.85
Nonmetallic mineral products	327	528	554	505	394	372	14.53	16.61	17.49
Cement and concrete products	3273	195	234	240	185	172	14.64	16.68	17.86
Primary metals	331	689	622	466	362	361	16.64	18.94	20.11
Iron and steel mills and ferroalloy production	3311	187	135	96	85	85	20.97	23.55	25.66
Foundries	3315	214	217	164	113	111	14.72	17.50	18.21
Fabricated metal products	332	1,610	1,753	1,522	1,312	1,285	13.77	15.80	17.94
Architectural and structural metals	3323	357	428	398	345	320	13.43	15.10	17.47
Machine shops and threaded products	3327	309	365	345	309	312	14.53	16.43	18.68
Machinery	333	1,410	1,457	1,166	1,029	993	15.21	17.02	18.96
Agricultural, construction, and mining machinery Heating, ventilation and air conditioning, and commercial refrigeration equipment	3331 3334 3335	229 165 267	222 194 274	208 154 202	214 129 158	208 123 153	14.21 13.10 16.66	15.91 14.60 17.86	18.95 16.16 20.00
Metalworking machinery	3335	267	274	202	158	153	16.66	17.86	20.00
Computer and electronic products	334	1,903	1,820	1,316	1,137	1,100	14.73	18.39	22.79
Computer and peripheral equipment	3341	367	302	205	166	162	18.39	22.75	23.25
Communications equipment	3342	223	239	141	121	118	14.39	18.05	23.88
Semiconductors and electronic components	3344	574	676	452	378	370	13.46	17.03	20.35
Electronic instruments	3345	635	488	441	422	406	15.80	17.71	24.82
Electrical equipment and appliances	335	633	591	434	374	361	13.23	15.24	16.87
Household appliances	3352	114	106	85	60	61	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Electrical equipment	3353	244	210	152	145	136	13.28	15.31	16.51
Transportation equipment	336	2,135	2,057	1,772	1,348	1,330	18.89	22.09	25.22
Motor vehicles	3361	271	291	248	146	151	24.45	29.01	29.04
Motor vehicle parts	3363	653	840	678	414	415	17.95	21.10	20.66
Aerospace products and parts	3364	841	517	455	492	477	20.52	24.82	33.65
Ship and boat building	3366	174	154	154	131	126	14.84	17.26	21.23
Furniture and related products	337	604	683	568	386	357	11.73	13.45	15.05
Household and institutional furniture	3371	401	443	383	244	223	11.39	13.15	14.74
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	686	728	647	584	568	11.93	14.07	16.55
Medical equipment and supplies	3391	283	305	300	307	302	12.70	14.71	17.56
Nondurable goods	(X)	6,958	6,386	5,271	4,563	4,457	13.31	15.27	16.80
Food manufacturing	311	1,507	1,553	1,478	1,456	1,447	11.77	13.04	14.40
Fruit and vegetable preserving and specialty Dairy products	3114 3115	218 145	197 136	174 132	172 131	171 128	11.89 14.85	12.81 16.73	14.55 18.92
Animal slaughtering and processing	3116	427	507	504	497	490	10.27	11.47	12.69
Bakeries and tortilla manufacturing	3118	292	306	280	273	276	11.45	12.57	14.43
Beverages and tobacco products ⁵	312	218	207	192	187	182	17.40	18.76	21.78
Beverages	3121	173	175	167	169	166	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Textile mills	313	492	378	218	124	119	11.23	12.38	13.55
Textile product mills	314	236	230	176	126	119	10.31	11.61	11.80
Apparel	315	903	484	251	168	158	8.61	10.26	11.43
Cut and sew apparel	3152	750	380	193	132	125	8.40	10.06	11.33
Leather and allied products	316	133	69	40	29	28	10.35	11.50	13.03
Paper and paper products	322	647	605	484	407	397	15.91	17.99	20.03
Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills	3221	238	191	142	117	113	20.62	22.99	25.12
Converted paper products	3222	409	413	343	290	284	13.58	15.71	17.82
Printing and related support activities	323	809	807	646	522	487	14.09	15.74	16.92
Petroleum and coal products	324	153	123	112	115	114	22.80	24.47	31.34
Chemicals	325	1,036	980	872	804	784	17.09	19.67	21.08
Basic chemicals	3251	249	188	150	145	142	21.06	23.80	24.93
Resin, rubber, and artificial fibers	3252	158	136	108	92	90	17.09	19.03	21.11
Pharmaceuticals and medicines	3254	207	274	288	284	277	17.27	21.31	21.95
Plastics and rubber products	326	825	951	802	625	623	12.70	14.80	15.71
Plastics products	3261	618	737	634	502	500	12.04	14.01	15.47
Rubber products	3262	207	214	168	123	124	14.83	17.58	16.64

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 632. Nonfarm Industries—Employees and Earnings: 1990 to 2010—Con.

[Annual averages of monthly figures (109,487 represents 109,487,000). Covers all full- and part-time employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period including the 12th of the month. See also headnote, Table 630]

Industry	2007 NAICS code ¹	All employees (1,000)					Average hourly earnings ² (dol.)		
		1990	2000	2005	2009	2010	2000	2005	2010
Trade, transportation, and utilities	(X)	22,666	26,225	25,959	24,906	24,605	13.31	14.92	16.83
Wholesale trade	42	5,268	5,933	5,764	5,587	5,456	16.28	18.16	21.53
Durable goods	423	2,834	3,251	2,999	2,810	2,719	16.71	18.88	20.95
Motor vehicles and parts	4231	309	356	344	315	309	14.27	16.18	17.61
Lumber and construction supplies	4233	181	227	254	205	191	13.61	16.78	18.46
Commercial equipment	4234	597	722	639	617	605	20.29	23.67	25.03
Electric goods	4236	357	425	342	322	311	19.43	21.78	23.14
Hardware and plumbing	4237	216	247	245	230	219	15.07	16.47	19.81
Machinery and supplies	4238	690	725	659	634	607	16.47	18.71	21.02
Nondurable goods	424	1,900	2,065	2,022	1,966	1,932	14.33	16.15	19.62
Paper and paper products	4241	162	177	152	129	127			
Druggists' goods	4242	136	192	213	198	190	18.98	19.20	23.39
Apparel and piece goods	4243	152	163	148	138	138	14.58	17.53	21.35
Grocery and related products	4244	623	689	699	710	704	13.57	15.38	19.07
Alcoholic beverages	4248	115	128	147	163	162	15.72	18.30	20.01
Electronic markets and agents and brokers	425	535	618	743	811	805	20.79	20.71	28.31
Retail trade	44,45	13,182	15,280	15,280	14,522	14,414	10.86	12.36	13.24
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	1,494	1,847	1,919	1,638	1,625	14.94	16.33	17.06
Automobile dealers	4411	983	1,217	1,261	1,018	1,006	16.95	17.85	18.23
Auto parts, accessories, and tire stores	4413	418	499	491	483	490	11.04	12.74	14.54
Furniture and home furnishings stores	442	432	544	576	449	436	12.33	14.23	15.25
Furniture stores	4421	244	289	298	224	217	13.37	14.87	16.17
Home furnishings stores	4422	188	254	278	226	220	11.06	13.46	14.04
Electronics and appliance stores	443	382	564	536	491	498	13.67	17.73	16.99
Building material and garden supply stores	444	891	1,142	1,276	1,156	1,126	11.25	13.14	14.11
Building material and supplies dealers	4441	753	982	1,134	1,028	1,001	11.30	13.24	14.12
Food and beverage stores	445	2,779	2,993	2,818	2,830	2,811	9.76	10.85	12.04
Grocery stores	4451	2,406	2,582	2,446	2,479	2,464	9.71	10.80	12.12
Specialty food stores	4452	232	270	236	214	211	9.97	11.04	11.13
Beer, wine, and liquor stores	4453	141	141	136	137	136	10.40	11.48	11.89
Health and personal care stores	446	792	928	954	986	979	11.68	14.03	16.99
Gasoline stations	447	910	936	871	826	816	8.05	8.92	10.24
Clothing & clothing accessories stores	448	1,313	1,322	1,415	1,364	1,377	9.96	11.07	11.57
Clothing stores	4481	930	954	1,066	1,048	1,063	9.88	10.63	10.90
Shoe stores	4482	216	193	180	179	183	8.96	10.05	11.80
Jewelry, luggage, and leather goods stores	4483	167	175	169	137	131	11.48	14.10	15.57
Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores	451	532	686	647	614	601	9.33	10.35	11.67
Sporting goods and musical instrument stores	4511	352	437	447	460	460	9.55	10.68	11.82
Book, periodical, and music stores	4512	180	249	200	154	140	8.91	9.59	11.11
General merchandise stores	452	2,500	2,820	2,934	2,966	2,971	9.22	10.53	10.98
Department stores	4521	1,494	1,755	1,595	1,473	1,488	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Miscellaneous store retailers	453	738	1,007	900	782	760	10.20	11.22	12.50
Florists	4531	121	130	101	75	68	8.95	9.88	11.05
Office supplies, stationery, and gift stores	4532	358	471	391	317	305	10.46	11.65	13.06
Used merchandise stores	4533	56	107	113	120	124	8.07	8.96	10.72
Nonstore retailers	454	419	492	435	421	416	13.22	14.56	17.71
Electronic shopping and mail-order houses	4541	157	257	240	244	244	13.38	14.52	18.19
Transportation and warehousing	48,49	3,476	4,410	4,361	4,236	4,184	15.05	16.70	19.17
Air transportation	481	529	614	501	463	464	13.57	17.77	24.56
Scheduled air transportation	4811	503	570	456	419	422	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Rail transportation	482	272	232	228	218	215	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Water transportation	483	57	56	61	63	63	18.07	19.04	22.45
Truck transportation	484	1,122	1,406	1,398	1,268	1,244	15.86	16.74	18.62
General freight trucking	4841	807	1,013	981	885	862	16.37	17.20	18.51
Specialized freight trucking	4842	315	393	417	383	382	14.51	15.60	18.89
Transit and ground passenger transportation	485	274	372	389	422	432	11.88	13.00	14.98
Urban, interurban, rural, and charter bus transportation	4851, 2.5	72	97	91	93	93	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Taxi and limousine service	4853	57	72	66	67	68	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
School and employee bus transportation	4854	114	152	169	185	191	11.42	12.74	14.92
Pipeline transportation	486	60	46	38	43	42	19.86	24.33	29.54
Scenic and sightseeing transportation	487	16	28	29	28	27	12.49	13.75	15.87
Support activities for transportation	488	364	537	552	549	540	14.57	17.67	21.08
Support activities for air transportation	4881	96	141	148	154	152	13.42	15.07	17.04
Support activities for water transportation	4883	91	97	94	91	90	19.57	27.07	35.16
Support activities for road transportation	4884	35	66	79	82	81	13.98	15.41	15.68
Freight transportation arrangement	4885	111	178	177	174	169	13.46	16.94	21.24
Couriers and messengers	492	375	605	571	546	527	13.51	15.33	17.67
Couriers and express delivery services	4921	340	546	522	499	481	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Warehousing and storage	493	407	514	595	637	628	14.46	15.06	15.50
Utilities	22	740	601	554	560	552	22.75	26.68	30.04
Power generation and supply	2211	550	434	401	404	397	23.13	27.63	31.25
Natural gas distribution	2212	155	121	107	109	108	23.41	26.86	28.36
Water, sewage and other systems	2213	35	46	45	47	47	16.93	17.70	23.73

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 632. Nonfarm Industries—Employees and Earnings: 1990 to 2010—Con.

[Annual averages of monthly figures (109,487 represents 109,487,000). Covers all full- and part-time employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period including the 12th of the month. See also headnote, Table 630]

Industry	2007 NAICS code ¹	All employees (1,000)					Average hourly earnings ² (dol.)		
		1990	2000	2005	2009	2010	2000	2005	2010
Information	51	2,688	3,630	3,061	2,804	2,711	19.07	22.06	25.86
Publishing industries, except Internet.....	511	871	1,035	904	796	761	20.18	24.20	26.75
Newspaper, book, and directory publishers.....	5111	773	774	666	539	501	15.06	18.57	20.98
Software publishers.....	512	98	261	238	258	260	28.48	38.11	36.41
Motion picture and sound recording industries.....	512	255	383	378	358	372	21.25	18.75	22.11
Broadcasting, except Internet.....	515	284	344	328	301	295	16.74	21.22	24.01
Radio and television broadcasting.....	5151	232	253	239	215	211	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Cable and other subscription programming.....	5152	52	91	89	85	84	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Telecommunications.....	517	1,009	1,397	1,071	966	900	18.59	22.13	26.24
Wired telecommunications carriers.....	5171	760	922	690	635	599	18.62	22.46	25.99
Wireless telecommunications carriers (except satellite).....	5172	36	186	191	187	171	14.40	20.40	25.35
Data processing, hosting and related services.....	518	211	316	263	249	242	16.97	19.97	27.03
Financial activities	(X)	6,614	7,687	8,153	7,769	7,630	14.98	17.95	21.49
Finance and insurance	52	4,976	5,677	6,019	5,775	5,691	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Monetary authorities—central bank.....	521	24	23	21	21	21	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Credit intermediation and related activities.....	522	2,425	2,548	2,869	2,590	2,545	13.14	15.85	18.22
Depository credit intermediation ⁵	5221	1,909	1,681	1,769	1,754	1,733	11.97	14.13	17.55
Commercial banking.....	52211	1,362	1,251	1,296	1,317	1,308	11.83	13.79	17.56
Nondepository credit intermediation.....	5222	398	644	770	572	557	15.30	19.24	20.07
Activities related to credit intermediation.....	5223	119	222	330	265	254	15.39	16.48	18.28
Securities, commodity contracts, investments.....	523	458	805	786	811	801	20.20	26.59	31.79
Securities and commodity contracts brokerage and exchanges.....	5231,2	338	566	499	476	469	20.07	27.68	31.79
Other financial investment activities.....	5239	120	239	287	336	332	20.48	24.69	31.79
Insurance carriers and related activities.....	524	2,016	2,221	2,259	2,264	2,238	17.37	20.66	24.58
Insurance carriers.....	5241	1,338	1,433	1,386	1,377	1,368	17.92	21.67	25.97
Insurance agencies, brokerages, and related services.....	5242	678	788	874	887	871	16.28	18.88	22.20
Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles.....	525	54	81	84	88	87	17.68	21.09	21.33
Insurance and employee benefit funds.....	5251	33	46	46	49	49	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Other investment pools and funds.....	5259	20	35	37	39	38	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	1,637	2,011	2,134	1,994	1,939	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Real estate.....	531	1,109	1,316	1,461	1,420	1,396	12.26	14.69	17.37
Lessors of real estate.....	5311	566	610	603	576	565	11.19	13.81	16.52
Offices of real estate agents and brokers.....	5312	217	281	356	305	284	12.57	14.90	17.10
Activities related to real estate.....	5313	327	424	502	539	546	13.60	15.64	18.38
Rental and leasing services.....	532	514	667	646	547	518	11.69	14.05	15.91
Automotive equipment rental and leasing.....	5321	163	208	199	168	163	10.70	13.64	14.10
Consumer goods rental.....	5322	220	292	275	221	201	9.53	12.39	14.48
Machinery and equipment rental and leasing.....	5324	84	103	111	116	114	14.95	17.12	19.83
Lessors of nonfinancial intangible assets.....	533	14	28	27	27	25	17.68	20.06	32.82
Professional and business services	(X)	10,848	16,666	16,954	16,579	16,688	15.52	18.08	22.78
Professional and technical services ⁵	54	4,538	6,702	7,025	7,509	7,424	20.61	24.15	29.93
Legal services.....	5411	944	1,066	1,168	1,125	1,114	21.38	23.96	31.05
Accounting and bookkeeping services.....	5412	664	866	849	914	898	14.42	17.45	21.05
Architectural and engineering services.....	5413	942	1,238	1,311	1,325	1,277	20.49	23.96	30.21
Specialized design services.....	5414	82	132	131	124	111	15.32	20.29	22.35
Computer systems design and related services.....	5415	410	1,254	1,195	1,423	1,442	27.13	31.64	37.15
Management and technical consulting services.....	5416	305	673	824	995	991	20.83	23.97	28.50
Scientific research and development services.....	5417	494	515	577	616	620	21.39	28.33	35.68
Advertising and related services.....	5418	382	497	446	422	408	16.99	19.49	24.61
Management of companies and enterprises	55	1,667	1,796	1,759	1,867	1,863	15.28	18.08	23.79
Administrative and waste services	56	4,643	8,168	8,170	7,203	7,401	11.69	13.16	15.82
Administrative and support services ⁵	561	4,413	7,855	7,833	6,852	7,044	11.53	12.93	15.61
Office administrative services.....	5611	211	264	345	401	412	14.68	17.82	23.56
Facilities support services.....	5612	58	97	120	133	134	16.73	18.02	20.97
Employment services ⁵	5613	1,512	3,849	3,607	2,481	2,717	11.89	13.04	16.23
Temporary help services.....	56132	1,156	2,636	2,549	1,823	2,079	11.79	12.00	14.23
Business support services.....	5614	505	787	766	820	806	11.08	13.14	14.49
Travel arrangement and reservation services.....	5615	250	299	224	194	187	12.72	14.55	17.11
Investigation and security services.....	5616	507	689	737	789	777	9.78	11.64	14.15
Services to buildings and dwellings.....	5617	1,175	1,571	1,738	1,753	1,743	10.02	11.44	12.97
Waste management and remediation services ⁵	562	229	313	338	352	357	15.29	17.69	19.30
Waste collection.....	5621	82	100	124	138	142	12.97	15.54	17.50
Waste treatment and disposal.....	5622	77	119	103	97	95	15.02	17.76	20.29

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 632. Nonfarm Industries—Employees and Earnings: 1990 to 2010—Con.

[Annual averages of monthly figures (109,487 represents 109,487,000). Covers all full- and part-time employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period including the 12th of the month. See also headnote, Table 630]

Industry	2007 NAICS code ¹	All employees (1,000)					Average hourly earnings ² (dol.)		
		1990	2000	2005	2009	2010	2000	2005	2010
Education and health services	(X)	10,984	15,109	17,372	19,193	19,564	13.95	16.71	20.12
Educational services	61	1,688	2,390	2,836	3,090	3,150	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Elementary and secondary schools	6111	461	716	837	856	851	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Junior colleges	6112	44	79	100	84	102	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Colleges and universities	6113	939	1,196	1,393	1,560	1,592	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Business, computer, and management training	6114	60	86	77	77	78	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Technical and trade schools	6115	72	91	102	119	126	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Other schools and instruction	6116	96	184	250	298	299	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Educational support services	6117	17	39	78	96	101	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Health care and social assistance	62	9,296	12,718	14,536	16,103	16,415	13.98	17.05	20.43
Health care	621,2,3	8,211	10,858	12,314	13,543	13,790	14.63	17.98	21.72
Ambulatory health care services	621	2,842	4,320	5,114	5,793	5,976	14.99	17.86	21.68
Offices of physicians	6211	1,278	1,840	2,094	2,279	2,316	15.65	18.95	24.03
Offices of dentists	6212	513	688	774	818	829	15.96	19.40	22.65
Offices of other health practitioners	6213	276	438	549	647	673	14.24	16.70	20.50
Outpatient care centers	6214	261	386	473	558	600	15.29	18.96	22.67
Medical and diagnostic laboratories	6215	129	162	198	219	226	15.74	18.67	23.48
Home health care services	6216	288	633	821	1,027	1,081	12.86	14.42	16.64
Hospitals	622	3,513	3,954	4,345	4,667	4,685	16.71	21.30	26.12
General medical and surgical hospitals	6221	3,305	3,745	4,096	4,367	4,375	16.75	21.40	26.33
Psychiatric and substance abuse hospitals	6222	113	86	93	104	106	14.97	17.79	20.06
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	1,856	2,583	2,855	3,082	3,129	10.67	12.37	14.21
Nursing care facilities	6231	1,170	1,514	1,577	1,645	1,661	11.08	13.08	15.26
Residential mental health facilities	6232	269	437	497	559	569	9.96	11.30	13.06
Community care facilities for the elderly	6233	330	478	615	716	737	9.83	11.33	12.89
Social assistance	624	1,085	1,860	2,222	2,560	2,624	9.78	11.35	12.88
Individual and family services	6241	389	678	921	1,166	1,215	10.57	12.44	13.49
Emergency and other relief services	6242	67	117	129	138	144	10.95	13.48	14.41
Vocational rehabilitation services	6243	242	370	383	403	414	9.57	10.67	12.47
Child day care services	6244	388	696	790	853	852	8.88	10.14	11.99
Leisure and hospitality	(X)	9,288	11,862	12,816	13,077	13,020	8.32	9.38	11.31
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	1,132	1,788	1,892	1,916	1,909	10.68	12.85	15.28
Performing arts and spectator sports	711	273	382	376	397	410	13.11	18.67	20.97
Museums, historical sites, zoos, and parks	712	68	110	121	129	127	12.20	13.67	15.60
Amusements, gambling, and recreation	713	791	1,296	1,395	1,389	1,371	9.86	11.08	13.37
Accommodation and food services	72	8,156	10,074	10,923	11,162	11,111	7.92	8.80	10.68
Accommodation	721	1,616	1,884	1,819	1,763	1,759	9.48	10.75	13.02
Traveler accommodation and other longer-term accommodation	7211	1,582	1,837	1,765	1,708	1,702	9.49	10.78	13.07
Food services and drinking places	722	6,540	8,189	9,104	9,399	9,352	7.49	8.34	10.14
Full-service restaurants	7221	3,070	3,845	4,316	4,473	4,466	7.78	8.84	10.93
Limited-service eating places	7222	2,765	3,462	3,889	4,053	4,001	6.87	7.49	8.96
Special food services	7223	392	491	538	528	540	9.45	10.48	11.83
Drinking places, alcoholic beverages	7224	312	391	361	344	345	7.24	7.89	10.15
Other services	81	4,261	5,168	5,395	5,367	5,364	12.73	14.34	17.08
Repair and maintenance	811	1,009	1,242	1,236	1,150	1,137	13.28	14.82	16.82
Automotive repair and maintenance	8111	659	888	886	806	800	12.45	14.11	15.55
Electronic equipment repair and maintenance	8112	100	107	103	98	98	16.31	16.65	19.38
Commercial machinery repair and maintenance	8113	161	161	170	176	171	15.53	16.89	21.03
Personal and laundry services	812	1,120	1,243	1,277	1,281	1,265	10.18	11.81	13.43
Personal care services	8121	430	490	577	605	600	10.18	12.44	13.98
Death care services	8122	123	136	137	133	132	13.04	15.34	17.46
Dry-cleaning and laundry services	8123	371	388	347	311	302	9.17	10.18	11.80
Dry-cleaning and laundry services, except coin-operated	81232	215	211	180	151	147	8.14	9.14	10.56
Other personal services	8129	196	229	216	232	231	10.52	11.29	12.43
Pet care services, except veterinary	81291	23	31	44	58	62	12.12	10.61	12.82
Parking lots and garages	81293	68	93	103	111	111	8.81	9.89	11.17
Membership associations & organizations	813	2,132	2,683	2,882	2,936	2,962	13.66	15.20	18.76
Grantmaking and giving services	8132	113	116	137	162	189	14.65	18.80	23.62
Social advocacy organizations	8133	126	143	174	201	206	12.08	13.89	17.36
Civic and social organizations	8134	377	404	409	398	394	9.85	11.16	12.16
Professional and similar organizations	8139	379	473	492	485	492	15.98	18.60	22.47
Government	(X)	18,415	20,790	21,804	22,555	22,482	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Federal	(X)	3,196	2,865	2,732	2,832	2,968	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
State	(X)	4,305	4,786	5,032	5,169	5,142	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Local	(X)	10,914	13,139	14,041	14,554	14,372	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)

NA Not available. X Not applicable. ¹ Based on the North American Industry Classification System, 2007. See text, Section 15.

² Production employees in the goods-producing industries and nonsupervisory employees in service-providing industries.

See footnotes 3 and 4. ³ Mining and logging, construction, and manufacturing. ⁴ Trade, transportation and utilities, information, financial activities, professional and business services, education and health services, leisure and hospitality, other services, and government. ⁵ Includes other industries, not shown separately.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Employment Statistics, "Employment, Hours, and Earnings—National," <<http://www.bls.gov/ces/data.htm>>.

Table 633. Women Employees on Nonfarm Payrolls by Major Industry: 1980 to 2010

[37,813 represents 37,813,000. Annual averages of monthly data. For coverage, see headnote, Table 630]

Industry	Women employees (1,000)				Percent of total employees			
	1980	1990	2000	2010	1980	1990	2000	2010
Total nonfarm ¹	37,813	51,587	63,223	64,648	41.8	47.1	48.0	49.8
Total private	29,783	41,732	51,452	51,857	40.2	45.8	46.4	48.3
Construction	458	656	846	724	10.3	12.5	12.5	13.1
Manufacturing	5,676	5,702	5,359	3,268	30.3	32.2	31.0	28.4
Trade, transportation, and utilities	6,799	9,363	10,859	10,001	36.9	41.3	41.4	40.6
Wholesale trade	1,179	1,611	1,827	1,642	25.9	30.6	30.8	30.1
Retail trade	4,980	6,696	7,680	7,219	48.6	50.8	50.3	50.1
Transportation and warehousing	506	879	1,202	1,002	17.1	25.3	27.3	24.0
Utilities	134	177	151	138	20.6	24.0	25.1	25.1
Information	1,118	1,324	1,697	1,106	47.4	49.3	46.7	40.8
Financial activities	2,848	4,055	4,638	4,491	56.7	61.3	60.3	58.9
Professional and business services	3,096	5,105	7,680	7,438	41.0	47.1	46.1	44.6
Professional and technical services	(NA)	2,209	3,146	3,516	(NA)	48.7	46.9	47.4
Management of companies and enterprises	(NA)	849	924	934	(NA)	50.9	51.4	50.1
Administrative and waste services	(NA)	2,048	3,610	2,988	(NA)	44.1	44.2	40.4
Education and health services	5,459	8,422	11,586	15,089	77.2	76.7	76.7	77.1
Educational services	(NA)	958	1,417	1,926	(NA)	56.8	59.3	61.1
Health care and social assistance	(NA)	7,464	10,168	13,164	(NA)	80.3	79.9	80.2
Leisure and hospitality	3,021	4,829	6,082	6,804	44.9	52.0	51.3	52.3
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	(NA)	516	815	884	(NA)	45.6	45.6	46.3
Accommodation and food services	(NA)	4,312	5,267	5,920	(NA)	52.9	52.3	53.3
Other services	1,185	2,164	2,614	2,839	43.0	50.8	50.6	52.9
Government	8,029	9,855	11,771	12,792	49.0	53.5	56.6	56.9
Federal	1,136	1,378	1,231	1,288	37.9	43.1	43.0	43.4
State government	1,641	2,137	2,464	2,643	45.5	49.6	51.5	51.4
Local government	5,252	6,340	8,076	8,861	53.8	58.1	61.5	61.7

NA Not available ¹ Includes other industries, not shown separately.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Employment Statistics, "Employment, Hours, and Earnings—National,"

<<http://www.bls.gov/ces/data.htm>>.

Table 634. Private Nonfarm Extended Mass Layoff Activity by Industry and Reason for Layoff: 2000 to 2010

[Covers layoffs of at least 31 days duration that involve 50 or more individuals from a single employer. Based on administrative records of unemployment filings and establishment classifications, supplemented with employer confirmation of layoffs, plant closings, and additional employer provided data. See source for more information]

Industry	2007 NAICS code ¹	Extended mass layoff events	Separations	Initial claimants ²
2000	(X)	4,591	915,962	846,267
2005	(X)	4,881	884,661	834,533
2006	(X)	4,885	935,969	951,155
2007	(X)	5,363	965,935	978,712
2008	(X)	8,259	1,516,978	1,670,042
2009	(X)	11,824	2,108,202	2,442,000
Total, 2010	(X)	7,247	1,256,606	1,412,386
Mining, quarrying, and gas extraction	21	59	7,940	8,246
Utilities	22	17	2,795	3,266
Construction	23	1,623	197,436	251,417
Manufacturing	31–33	1,412	224,173	257,712
Wholesale trade	42	149	17,274	17,319
Retail trade	44,45	479	122,576	152,959
Transportation and warehousing	48,49	486	95,564	105,099
Information	51	220	54,081	76,222
Finance and Insurance	52	251	47,888	53,291
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	68	10,035	9,575
Professional and technical services	54	298	58,797	63,189
Management of companies and enterprises	55	30	5,338	4,815
Administrative and waste services	56	747	150,042	172,897
Educational services	61	87	11,817	13,284
Health care and social assistance	62	384	48,501	49,243
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	228	48,590	34,023
Accommodation and food services	72	564	134,814	120,411
Other services	81	145	18,945	19,418
Unclassified	(X)	–	–	–
Reason for layoff:				
Business demand	(X)	2,515	384,564	509,089
Disaster/safety	(X)	24	3,202	3,225
Financial issues	(X)	511	86,637	103,762
Organizational changes	(X)	397	79,784	80,192
Production specific	(X)	54	7,830	8,459
Seasonal	(X)	2,417	429,846	442,596
Other/miscellaneous	(X)	1,329	264,743	265,063

– Represents zero. X Not applicable. ¹ Based on North American Industry Classification System, 2007. See text, Section 15.

² A person who files any notice of unemployment to initiate a request either for a determination of entitlement to and eligibility for compensation, or for a subsequent period of unemployment within a benefit year or period of eligibility.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Mass Layoff Statistics," May 2011, <<http://www.bls.gov/mls/home.htm>>.

Table 635. Private Sector Gross Job Gains and Job Losses: 2000 to 2010

[In thousands (16,096 represents 16,096,000). For year ending in March. Based on the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages (QCEW). Excludes self-employed and certain nonprofit organizations. Minus sign (-) indicates a decrease in employment and come from either closing establishments or contracting establishments. See source]

Year and industry	Gross job gains			Gross job losses			Net change ¹
	Total	Expanding	Opening	Total	Contracting	Closing	
		estab-lish-ments	estab-lish-ments		estab-lish-ments	estab-lish-ments	
2000	16,096	10,618	5,478	13,118	8,284	4,834	2,978
2001	15,177	10,147	5,030	14,330	9,249	5,081	847
2002	13,630	8,631	4,999	16,359	11,027	5,332	-2,729
2003	13,196	8,604	4,592	13,928	9,290	4,638	-732
2004	13,310	8,951	4,359	12,432	8,237	4,195	878
2005	13,766	9,410	4,356	11,774	7,671	4,103	1,992
2006	14,019	9,625	4,394	11,438	7,711	3,727	2,581
2007	13,441	9,238	4,203	11,941	8,246	3,695	1,500
2008	12,704	8,714	3,990	12,609	8,772	3,837	95
2009	10,048	6,664	3,384	15,912	11,703	4,209	-5,864
2010, Total private	9,953	6,822	3,131	12,645	9,094	3,551	-2,692
Goods producing	1,662	1,235	427	3,202	2,442	760	-1,540
Natural resources and mining	204	151	53	257	195	62	-53
Construction	798	538	260	1,546	1,097	449	-748
Manufacturing	660	546	114	1,399	1,150	249	-739
Service providing	8,292	5,589	2,703	9,441	6,651	2,790	-1,149
Wholesale trade	453	321	132	678	481	197	-225
Retail trade	1,179	804	375	1,383	965	418	-204
Transportation and warehousing	305	220	85	479	352	127	-174
Utilities	23	19	4	27	23	4	-4
Information	206	152	54	341	270	71	-135
Financial activities	656	457	199	920	646	274	-264
Professional and business services	2,109	1,538	571	2,352	1,675	677	-243
Education and health services	1,430	1,075	355	1,145	828	317	285
Leisure and hospitality	1,367	740	627	1,590	1,082	508	-223
Other services	396	253	143	481	322	159	-85

¹ Net change is the difference between total gross job gains and total gross job losses.

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, Business Employment Dynamics, "Annual Business Employment Dynamics Data,"

<<http://www.bls.gov/bdm/bdmann.htm#TOTAL>>.

Table 636. Private Sector Gross Job Gains and Job Losses by State: 2010

[In thousands (9,953 represents 9,953,000). For year ending in March. Based on the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages (QCEW). Excludes self-employed and certain nonprofit organizations. Minus sign (-) indicates a decrease in employment and come from either closing establishments or contracting establishments. For more information, see source]

State	Gross job gains			Gross job losses			Net change ¹	State	Gross job gains			Gross job losses			Net change ¹
	Total	Expanding	Open- ing	Total	Con- tracting	Clos- ing			Total	Expanding	Open- ing	Total	Con- tracting	Clos- ing	
		estab-lish-ments	estab-lish-ments		estab-lish-ments	estab-lish-ments				estab-lish-ments	estab-lish-ments		estab-lish-ments	estab-lish-ments	
U.S.	9,953	6,822	3,131	12,645	9,094	3,551	-2,692	MO	202	133	69	267	188	79	-65
AL	142	100	42	186	135	51	-43	MT	32	22	10	38	27	11	-6
AK	23	16	7	24	17	7	-1	NE	57	42	15	73	56	17	-17
AZ	203	136	67	282	201	81	-79	NV	98	69	29	148	113	36	-50
AR	90	62	28	106	75	31	-16	NH	47	34	14	58	43	15	-11
CA	1,202	814	388	1,600	1,106	494	-398	NJ	308	201	106	368	260	108	-60
CO	175	116	59	241	168	73	-66	NM	58	39	19	75	55	20	-17
CT	100	76	24	146	105	41	-45	NY	625	426	199	718	503	215	-93
DE	30	20	10	41	30	12	-11	NC	305	206	99	400	283	117	-94
DC	44	30	14	46	34	12	-2	ND	27	19	7	24	18	6	3
FL	694	410	283	875	566	310	-182	OH	338	252	87	460	349	111	-121
GA	339	212	127	431	291	140	-92	OK	109	71	38	158	111	47	-49
HI	41	28	13	55	38	17	-13	OR	120	85	35	152	107	44	-32
ID	51	35	16	62	42	20	-12	PA	379	279	100	454	342	112	-75
IL	359	252	107	498	373	125	-139	RI	34	23	11	38	28	11	-4
IN	210	159	51	244	178	66	-35	SC	141	96	45	175	130	45	-34
IA	93	68	25	116	90	26	-23	SD	25	18	7	32	24	8	-7
KS	91	62	29	131	100	31	-40	TN	196	142	55	247	188	58	-50
KY	130	95	35	156	118	38	-26	TX	819	574	245	996	766	230	-177
LA	158	106	52	202	147	55	-44	UT	101	67	34	128	90	38	-2
ME	41	27	14	47	33	13	-6	VT	20	14	6	23	16	7	-3
MD	198	137	61	238	169	69	-39	VA	267	184	82	323	234	89	-56
MA	218	156	62	250	185	65	-32	WA	207	150	57	278	210	68	-71
MI	301	204	97	383	270	113	-82	WV	53	38	15	65	47	18	-12
MN	182	122	60	229	166	63	-46	WI	167	124	43	223	168	54	-56
MS	83	57	26	105	77	28	-22	WY	19	12	7	31	24	7	-12

¹ Net change is the difference between total gross job gains and total gross job losses.

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, Business Employment Dynamics, "Annual Business Employment Dynamics Data,"

<<http://www.bls.gov/bdm/bdmann.htm#TOTAL>>.

Table 637. Hires and Separations Affecting Establishment Payrolls: 2007 to 2010

[63,326 represents 63,326,000. Hires represent any additions to payrolls, including new and rehired employees, full- and part-time workers, short-term and seasonal workers, etc. Separations represent terminations of employment, including quits, layoffs, and discharges, etc. Based on a monthly survey of private nonfarm establishments and governmental entities]

Industry	Annual hires (1,000)				Annual separations (1,000)			
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2007	2008	2009	2010
Total	63,326	53,986	45,372	47,234	62,173	57,525	50,544	46,347
Total private industry	58,760	50,286	41,966	43,299	57,924	54,042	47,035	42,125
Mining and logging	345	349	185	280	311	317	294	210
Construction	4,815	4,370	3,627	3,923	4,980	5,111	4,714	4,139
Manufacturing	4,605	3,561	2,718	3,100	4,882	4,449	4,153	3,000
Durable goods	2,682	2,046	1,399	1,771	2,886	2,686	2,519	1,637
Nondurable goods	1,922	1,513	1,318	1,330	1,995	1,765	1,636	1,366
Trade, transportation, and utilities	13,199	11,105	9,256	9,356	12,896	12,260	10,365	9,116
Wholesale trade	2,206	1,807	1,423	1,347	2,127	2,058	1,763	1,346
Retail trade	9,109	7,564	6,214	6,481	8,940	8,331	6,761	6,317
Transportation, warehousing, and utilities	1,884	1,736	1,621	1,532	1,829	1,869	1,839	1,456
Information	981	747	663	614	994	865	843	659
Financial activities	3,137	2,421	1,863	1,884	3,274	2,657	2,197	1,939
Finance and insurance	2,071	1,550	1,094	1,235	2,191	1,720	1,306	1,267
Real estate and rental and leasing	1,067	871	769	651	1,084	940	891	671
Professional and business services	11,467	9,702	8,001	8,942	11,192	10,515	8,735	8,540
Education and health services	6,428	6,290	5,816	5,678	5,920	5,843	5,502	5,282
Educational services	916	914	849	860	854	815	805	788
Health care and social assistance	5,514	5,378	4,966	4,820	5,068	5,026	4,695	4,494
Leisure and hospitality	11,193	9,491	7,600	7,475	10,938	9,720	7,894	7,298
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	1,639	1,410	1,166	1,277	1,592	1,440	1,232	1,242
Accommodation and food services	9,552	8,081	6,433	6,201	9,345	8,279	6,658	6,056
Other services	2,590	2,247	2,236	2,038	2,534	2,305	2,340	1,939
Government workers	4,567	3,698	3,406	3,936	4,255	3,485	3,507	4,223
Federal	846	336	501	1,083	823	330	446	1,056
State and local	3,720	3,363	2,907	2,854	3,430	3,155	3,063	3,167

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Job Openings and Labor Turnover*, News Release, USDL 11-0307, March 2011. See also <<http://www.bls.gov/jlt/news.htm>>.

Table 638. Type of Separations Affecting Establishment Payrolls: 2010

[21,296 represents 21,964,000. Covers all private nonfarm establishments. Separations are the total number of terminations of employment occurring at any time during the reference month, and are reported by type of separation—quits, layoffs and discharges, and other separations. Annual rate estimates are computed by dividing annual levels by the Current Employment Statistics (CES) annual average employment level, see Table 632, and multiplying that quotient by 100]

Industry	Number (1,000)			Rate (percent) ¹		
	Annual quits level ²	Annual layoffs and discharge levels ³	Annual other separations ⁴	Annual quits level ²	Annual layoffs and discharge levels ³	Annual other separations ⁴
Total	21,296	21,243	3,810	16.4	16.4	2.9
Private industry	19,951	19,156	3,019	18.6	17.8	2.8
Mining and logging	91	93	25	12.9	13.2	3.5
Construction	857	3,138	144	15.5	56.8	2.6
Manufacturing	1,114	1,643	245	9.7	14.3	2.1
Durable goods	548	929	159	7.8	13.1	2.2
Nondurable goods	564	713	87	12.7	16.0	2.0
Trade, transportation, and utilities	4,695	3,621	802	19.1	14.7	3.3
Wholesale trade	516	713	116	9.5	13.1	2.1
Retail trade	3,547	2,274	498	24.6	15.8	3.5
Transportation, warehousing, and utilities	631	634	186	13.3	13.4	3.9
Information	330	271	59	12.2	10.0	2.2
Financial activities	947	730	266	12.4	9.6	3.5
Finance and insurance	630	423	213	11.1	7.4	3.7
Real estate and rental and leasing	315	305	54	16.2	15.7	2.8
Professional and business services	3,823	4,113	606	22.9	24.6	3.6
Education and health services	2,855	2,022	406	14.6	10.3	2.1
Educational services	346	388	53	11.0	12.3	1.7
Health care and social assistance	2,509	1,632	353	15.3	9.9	2.2
Leisure and hospitality	4,285	2,663	349	32.9	20.5	2.7
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	433	774	36	22.7	40.5	1.9
Accommodation and food services	3,853	1,891	312	34.7	17.0	2.8
Other services	958	864	120	17.9	16.1	2.2
Government workers	1,343	2,087	788	6.0	9.3	3.5
Federal	166	763	128	5.6	25.7	4.3
State and local	1,180	1,325	660	6.0	6.8	3.4

¹ As a percent of total employment. ² Quits are voluntary separations by employees (except for retirements, which are reported as other separations). ³ Layoffs and discharges are involuntary separations initiated by the employer and include layoffs with no intent to rehire; formal layoffs lasting or expected to last more than seven days; discharges resulting from mergers, downsizing, or closings, firings or other discharges for cause; terminations of permanent or short term employees; and terminations of seasonal employees. ⁴ Other separations include retirements, transfers to other locations, deaths, and separations due to disability.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Job Openings and Labor Turnover*, News Release, USDL 11-0307, March 2011. See also <<http://www.bls.gov/jlt/news.htm>>.

Table 639. Average Hours Per Week Spent Doing Unpaid Household Work and Paid Work by Sex and Age: 2003–2007

[In hours. Data for persons in the civilian noninstitutionalized population 15 years old and over for 2003 through 2007. Unpaid household work is defined as activities that are unpaid, for which market substitutes exist, and done for one's own household]

Type of work	Total, 15 years and over	Age						
		15–24 years	25–34 years	35–44 years	45–54 years	55–64 years	65–74 years	75 years and over
MEN								
Total paid work and unpaid household work . . .	47.4	29.9	57.2	60.0	57.6	47.9	30.2	21.2
Unpaid household work	15.9	8.9	15.8	18.3	17.0	17.8	19.9	18.1
Household activities	9.2	4.6	7.4	9.1	10.6	12.3	13.4	12.8
Food and drink preparation	1.9	0.8	1.7	2.2	2.1	2.2	2.3	3.0
Cleaning	1.2	0.9	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.4
Laundry and sewing	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4
Household management	0.8	0.4	0.6	0.8	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.2
Lawn and garden care	1.9	0.5	1.0	1.5	2.2	3.2	3.9	3.6
Maintenance and repair	2.4	1.4	1.8	2.3	2.8	3.2	3.5	2.3
Caring for and helping household members	2.0	0.7	3.4	4.1	1.6	0.6	0.6	0.7
Purchasing goods and services	2.4	1.9	2.5	2.4	2.2	2.6	3.3	2.7
Travel related to unpaid household work	2.4	1.8	2.4	2.7	2.5	2.3	2.6	1.9
Paid work	31.4	20.9	41.4	41.7	40.6	30.1	10.3	3.1
WOMEN								
Total paid work and unpaid household work . . .	47.7	33.4	58.0	60.4	55.8	48.0	33.7	25.1
Unpaid household work	26.7	15.9	31.7	33.1	26.7	26.2	28.1	23.8
Household activities	15.5	7.1	13.9	17.0	17.3	18.1	20.9	18.8
Food and drink preparation	5.3	2.2	5.3	6.1	5.6	5.9	7.0	6.4
Cleaning	4.0	2.3	4.2	4.4	4.0	4.3	5.0	4.5
Laundry and sewing	2.5	0.9	2.0	2.8	3.0	2.9	3.6	3.1
Household management	1.1	0.8	0.8	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.6	1.5
Lawn and garden care	0.9	0.2	0.5	0.8	1.1	1.5	1.7	1.6
Maintenance and repair	0.8	0.4	0.5	0.8	1.1	1.1	0.9	0.7
Caring for and helping household members	4.4	3.1	10.3	8.1	2.4	1.1	0.8	0.5
Purchasing goods and services	3.7	3.3	3.8	4.1	3.8	4.1	3.9	2.8
Travel related to unpaid household work	3.1	2.4	3.7	4.0	3.1	2.9	2.5	1.7
Paid work	21.0	17.4	26.3	27.3	29.1	21.8	5.7	1.2

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Measuring time spent in unpaid household work: results from the American Time Use Survey," Monthly Labor Review, July 2009, Vol. 132, No. 7, <<http://www.bls.gov/opub/mlr/2009/07/contents.htm>>.

Table 640. Average Hours Worked Per Day by Employed Persons: 2010

[147,746 represents 147,746,000. Civilian noninstitutionalized population 15 years old and over, except as indicated. Includes work at main and any other job(s). Excludes travel related to work. Based on the American Time Use Survey. See source for details]

Characteristic	Total employed (1,000)	Employed persons who worked on their diary day ¹								
		Number (1,000)	Percent of employed	Hours of work	Worked at workplace			Worked at home ²		
					Number (1,000)	Percent of employed ³	Hours of work	Number (1,000)	Percent of employed ³	Hours of work
Total	147,746	100,837	68.2	7.50	83,512	82.8	7.76	23,805	23.6	2.96
Work status: ⁴										
Full-time workers ⁵	113,036	81,985	72.5	8.00	69,147	84.3	8.17	18,943	23.1	3.10
Part-time workers ⁵	34,701	18,851	54.3	5.37	14,365	76.2	5.80	4,862	25.8	2.41
Male ⁴	77,569	54,551	70.3	7.82	46,072	84.5	7.96	12,476	22.9	2.91
Full-time workers ⁵	64,043	47,201	73.7	8.17	40,324	85.4	8.28	10,647	22.6	2.98
Part-time workers ⁵	13,526	7,351	54.3	5.53	5,748	78.2	5.74	1,829	24.9	2.47
Female ⁴	70,178	46,285	66.0	7.14	37,439	80.9	7.52	11,329	24.5	3.02
Full-time workers ⁵	48,993	34,785	71.0	7.75	28,823	82.9	8.02	8,296	23.8	3.25
Part-time workers ⁵	21,175	11,501	54.3	5.27	8,617	74.9	5.84	3,033	26.4	2.37
Jobholding status:										
Single jobholders	134,253	90,351	67.3	7.51	75,312	83.4	7.78	19,725	21.8	2.97
Multiple jobholders	13,484	10,486	77.8	7.48	8,200	78.2	7.60	4,081	38.9	2.93
Educational attainment: ⁶										
Less than high school	10,054	6,639	66.0	7.74	6,090	91.7	7.84	688	10.4	2.64
High school diploma ⁷	36,218	24,311	67.1	7.75	20,892	85.9	7.89	4,039	16.6	3.82
Some college	31,814	21,792	68.5	7.64	18,299	84.0	7.93	4,965	22.8	2.99
Bachelor's degree or higher	49,407	36,323	73.5	7.40	27,412	75.5	7.84	13,118	36.1	2.67

¹ Individuals may have worked at more than one location. ² "Working at home" includes any time persons did work at home and is not restricted to persons whose usual workplace is their home. ³ Percent of employed who worked on their diary day. ⁴ Includes workers whose hours vary. ⁵ Full-time workers usually worked 35 or more hours per week at all jobs combined; part-time workers fewer than 35 hours per week. ⁶ For those 25 years old and over. ⁷ Includes persons with a high school diploma or equivalent.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *American Time Use Survey—2010 Results*, News Release, USDL 11-0919, June 2011. See also <<http://www.bls.gov/tus/home.htm#news>>.

Table 641. Productivity and Related Measures for Selected NAICS Industries: 1987 to 2009 and 2001 to 2009

[For a discussion of productivity measures and methodology, see text, this section and BLS Handbook of Methods, <<http://www.bls.gov/opus/hom/homch11.htm>>. Minus sign (-) indicates decrease]

Industry	2007 NAICS code ¹	Average annual percent change ²							
		1987–2009 ³				2001–2009			
		Output per hour	Output	Hours	Unit labor costs	Output per hour	Output	Hours	Unit labor costs
Mining	21	0.2	-0.2	-0.4	4.8	-2.3	-0.6	1.8	8.0
Oil and gas extraction	2111	0.7	-0.5	-1.2	5.7	-3.0	-0.2	2.9	8.7
Mining, except oil and gas	212	1.8	0.2	-1.6	1.7	-0.8	-1.7	-0.9	5.0
Support activities for mining	2131	2.6	4.1	1.4	3.3	3.2	6.9	3.6	2.8
Utilities:									
Power generation and supply	2211	2.2	0.9	-1.3	1.9	-	-0.8	-0.8	4.1
Natural gas distribution	2212	2.5	1.1	-1.3	2.3	0.7	0.2	-0.5	3.1
Manufacturing:									
Food	311	1.2	1.3	0.2	1.6	1.2	0.6	-0.6	1.8
Animal slaughtering and processing	3116	1.0	2.2	1.2	1.4	2.0	1.5	-0.5	1.7
Bakeries and tortilla manufacturing	3118	0.5	0.2	-0.3	1.9	-0.3	-1.0	-0.6	1.0
Beverages and tobacco products	312	0.7	-0.7	-1.4	1.8	0.3	-2.5	-2.8	2.6
Textile mills	313	3.4	-3.3	-6.5	-	4.3	-7.8	-11.6	-0.4
Textile product mills	314	0.5	-2.2	-2.7	2.2	-1.4	-7.2	-5.9	2.8
Apparel	315	-2.3	-9.3	-7.1	3.5	-11.6	-20.3	-9.8	10.0
Leather and allied products	316	1.4	-5.5	-6.9	2.1	-2.4	-10.0	-7.9	4.0
Wood products	321	1.1	-1.2	-2.3	2.4	1.9	-4.5	-6.3	1.9
Paper and paper products	322	1.9	-0.3	-2.2	1.4	2.5	-2.1	-4.5	0.6
Converted paper products	3222	1.5	-0.1	-1.6	1.8	2.5	-1.8	-4.3	0.7
Printing and related support activities	3231	1.2	-0.6	-1.8	1.5	2.3	-2.9	-5.0	0.5
Petroleum and coal products	3241	2.6	1.0	-1.5	2.7	1.4	0.5	-0.8	4.6
Chemicals	325	1.4	0.5	-0.9	2.4	1.3	-1.0	-2.3	2.6
Pharmaceuticals and medicines	3254	0.4	2.5	2.1	3.5	-0.6	-0.6	-	5.1
Plastics and rubber products	326	1.9	0.8	-1.1	1.4	1.1	-3.3	-4.4	1.5
Plastics products	3261	1.8	1.1	-0.7	1.6	0.9	-3.2	-4.1	1.8
Nonmetallic mineral products	327	0.8	-0.5	-1.3	1.9	0.6	-3.5	-4.1	2.2
Primary metals	331	1.9	-1.2	-3.0	1.3	2.4	-3.8	-6.0	1.5
Fabricated metal products	332	1.2	0.2	-1.0	2.0	0.9	-2.4	-3.3	2.5
Architectural and structural metals	3323	0.7	0.5	-0.1	2.5	0.1	-2.5	-2.6	3.8
Machine shops and threaded products	3327	1.8	1.8	-	1.6	0.1	-1.8	-1.9	2.0
Other fabricated metal products	3329	1.3	-0.2	-1.5	1.7	2.7	-0.8	-3.5	1.3
Machinery	333	2.1	0.6	-1.5	1.0	2.1	-1.7	-3.7	1.1
Agriculture, construction, and mining machinery	3331	2.3	2.2	-0.1	0.6	2.2	2.1	-	1.0
Other general purpose machinery	3339	2.4	0.8	-1.6	1.5	3.1	-1.1	-4.1	1.4
Computer and electronic products	334	11.2	8.4	-2.5	-7.0	6.3	1.0	-5.0	-3.5
Semiconductors and electronic components	3344	15.9	13.6	-2.0	-10.9	8.2	1.3	-6.3	-5.4
Electronic instruments	3345	3.9	1.7	-2.1	0.2	4.0	2.5	-1.4	0.4
Electrical equipment and appliances	335	2.3	-0.6	-2.8	1.5	1.2	-3.7	-4.9	2.3
Transportation equipment	336	2.7	0.5	-2.1	0.2	3.5	-1.2	-4.6	0.2
Motor vehicles	3361	3.0	-0.6	-3.5	-0.2	3.6	-4.8	-8.1	-0.6
Motor vehicle parts	3363	2.7	0.6	-2.1	-0.8	2.7	-5.3	-7.8	-1.0
Aerospace products and parts	3364	2.0	-0.2	-2.1	1.1	2.0	1.6	-0.4	2.1
Furniture and related products	337	1.3	-0.8	-2.1	1.9	1.2	-4.9	-6.0	1.7
Household and institutional furniture	3371	1.2	-1.2	-2.4	2.0	0.8	-5.7	-6.4	2.0
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	2.9	2.4	-0.4	1.5	3.1	0.7	-2.3	1.5
Medical equipment and supplies	3391	3.4	4.6	1.2	1.0	3.3	3.6	0.3	1.2
Other miscellaneous manufacturing	3399	2.1	0.4	-1.7	2.0	2.3	-2.4	-4.6	2.0
Wholesale trade	42	2.6	2.9	0.3	1.3	1.2	0.5	-0.7	1.9
Durable goods	423	4.4	4.4	-	-0.3	2.7	1.1	-1.6	-
Nondurable goods	424	1.0	1.1	0.1	3.4	0.8	-0.1	-0.9	2.7
Electronic markets and agents and brokers	4251	0.6	2.9	2.3	1.5	-4.9	-0.9	4.2	8.4
Retail trade	44–45	2.9	3.3	0.3	0.1	2.8	1.7	-1.1	-0.3
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	1.8	2.1	0.2	0.9	0.1	-1.6	-1.7	1.1
Automobile dealers	4411	1.8	1.9	0.1	0.9	0.2	-2.0	-2.1	0.7
Other motor vehicle dealers	4412	3.2	4.1	0.8	0.3	2.2	1.9	-0.3	-0.2
Auto parts, accessories, and tire stores	4413	1.7	2.0	0.3	1.1	0.3	-0.8	-1.1	2.7
Furniture and home furnishings stores	442	3.8	3.3	-0.5	-0.7	4.3	0.8	-3.4	-2.1
Furniture stores	4421	3.2	2.8	-0.4	-0.6	3.3	0.4	-2.8	-2.1
Home furnishings stores	4422	4.6	4.0	-0.6	-0.9	5.5	1.2	-4.1	-2.1
Electronics and appliance stores	4431	13.5	14.2	0.6	-9.0	15.4	12.8	-2.2	-12.2
Building material and garden supply stores	444	2.5	3.4	0.9	0.2	1.3	0.6	-0.7	1.3
Building material and supplies dealers	4441	2.2	3.3	1.1	0.4	0.9	0.4	-0.5	1.8
Lawn and garden equipment and supplies stores	4442	4.3	3.5	-0.7	-1.3	4.5	2.6	-1.8	-1.8
Food and beverage stores	445	0.4	0.2	-0.2	3.0	1.9	-	-1.8	1.6
Grocery stores	4451	0.2	0.1	-0.1	3.2	1.6	-0.2	-1.7	2.4
Specialty food stores	4452	0.5	-0.1	-0.5	1.7	4.5	1.8	-2.6	-3.9
Beer, wine, and liquor stores	4453	2.0	0.7	-1.3	1.5	3.8	1.8	-2.0	-2.1
Health and personal care stores	4461	2.5	3.7	1.2	1.5	2.6	3.1	0.4	1.9
Gasoline stations	4471	1.9	1.0	-0.8	1.4	1.4	-0.4	-1.7	1.0
Clothing and clothing accessories stores	448	4.7	4.1	-0.5	-1.3	4.6	3.4	-1.1	-1.5
Clothing stores	4481	5.0	4.7	-0.4	-1.6	5.4	4.2	-1.1	-1.9
Shoe stores	4482	3.4	2.3	-1.1	-0.8	2.4	1.5	-0.9	-1.0
Jewelry, luggage, and leather goods stores	4483	3.9	3.2	-0.7	-0.6	2.5	1.3	-1.2	0.4
Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores	451	4.1	4.2	0.1	-0.8	4.4	1.9	-2.4	-2.1
Sporting goods and musical instrument stores	4511	4.8	5.1	0.3	-1.4	5.3	4.1	-1.2	-3.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 641. Productivity and Related Measures for Selected NAICS Industries: 1987 to 2009 and 2001 to 2009—Con.

[For a discussion of productivity measures and methodology, see text, this section and BLS Handbook of Methods, <<http://www.bls.gov/opus/hom/homch11.htm>>. Minus sign (-) indicates decrease]

Industry	2007 NAICS code ¹	Average annual percent change ²							
		1987–2009 ³				2001–2009			
		Output per hour	Output	Hours	Unit labor costs	Output per hour	Output	Hours	Unit labor costs
Retail Trade—Con.									
Book, periodical, and music stores	4512	2.5	2.1	-0.4	0.6	2.3	-3.2	-5.4	0.4
General merchandise stores	452	3.5	5.1	1.6	-1.2	2.8	4.4	1.6	-0.8
Department stores	4521	0.7	1.7	1.0	0.7	-0.1	-1.3	-1.2	1.4
Other general merchandise stores	4529	6.7	9.0	2.2	-3.1	4.0	8.9	4.7	-0.7
Miscellaneous store retailers	453	4.0	3.8	-0.2	-1.4	4.0	0.2	-3.6	-1.6
Florists	4531	3.7	0.4	-3.2	-0.4	6.7	-1.9	-8.1	-2.2
Office supplies, stationery, and gift stores	4532	6.4	5.6	-0.8	-3.1	7.7	2.0	-5.3	-5.0
Used merchandise stores	4533	4.8	5.9	1.0	-1.9	5.2	3.4	-1.7	-2.8
Other miscellaneous store retailers	4539	1.5	2.6	1.1	-0.3	-0.3	-1.4	-1.0	1.7
Nonstore retailers	454	8.8	8.9	0.1	-4.9	9.0	7.8	-1.1	-4.5
Electronic shopping and mail-order houses	4541	11.4	15.2	3.4	-6.7	11.2	11.7	0.5	-6.3
Vending machine operators	4542	0.8	-1.9	-2.6	2.9	2.1	-3.0	-5.0	1.2
Direct selling establishments	4543	3.6	1.7	-1.8	-0.4	2.3	0.2	-2.0	1.6
Transportation and warehousing:									
Air transportation	481	2.8	2.7	-0.1	0.1	5.6	1.8	-3.6	-3.4
Line-haul railroads	482111	4.0	1.4	-2.4	-0.5	1.7	-0.2	-1.9	1.8
Truck transportation	484	0.1	1.2	1.1	1.2	-	-0.8	-0.8	0.9
General freight trucking	4841	0.8	1.8	1.0	1.4	0.2	-0.7	-0.9	1.4
Used household and office goods moving	48421	-0.5	-1.0	-0.4	2.9	1.6	-3.6	-5.1	-0.1
Postal service	4911	1.0	0.1	-0.8	3.4	0.7	-2.9	-3.5	4.2
Couriers and messengers	492	-0.4	1.6	2.0	2.6	0.4	-2.6	-3.0	0.9
Warehousing and storage	4931	2.6	5.5	2.8	-	0.2	3.4	3.1	2.1
General warehousing and storage	49311	5.0	7.9	2.8	-1.7	1.3	4.7	3.4	0.9
Refrigerated warehousing and storage	49312	-0.6	2.8	3.4	1.6	-0.2	1.9	2.0	2.7
Information:									
Publishing	511	3.7	3.6	-0.1	1.5	2.7	-1.0	-3.6	1.3
Newspaper, book, and directory publishers	5111	-0.1	-1.6	-1.5	4.4	-0.4	-4.8	-4.4	4.4
Software publishers	5112	13.9	20.9	6.2	-7.7	5.3	3.4	-1.8	-2.1
Motion picture and video exhibition	51213	1.6	2.0	0.4	1.6	2.9	-	-2.9	2.6
Broadcasting, except Internet	515	1.6	2.5	0.9	2.2	4.5	3.6	-0.9	-0.2
Radio and television broadcasting	5151	0.5	0.4	-0.1	3.2	2.4	1.2	-1.1	0.2
Cable and other subscription programming	5152	3.5	7.9	4.2	2.6	7.3	7.0	-0.3	2.7
Wired telecommunications carriers	5171	4.1	3.4	-0.7	-0.9	4.0	-1.0	-4.8	-0.1
Wireless telecommunications carriers	5172	10.2	21.8	10.5	-6.3	16.3	14.4	-1.7	-7.5
Finance and insurance:									
Commercial banking	52211	3.6	3.5	-0.1	2.0	2.4	2.8	0.4	3.4
Real estate and rental and leasing:									
Passenger car rental	532111	1.8	2.2	0.4	2.5	2.5	-1.8	-4.3	1.3
Truck, trailer, and RV rental and leasing	53212	2.9	2.1	-0.8	0.9	-	-2.2	-2.2	3.6
Video tape and disc rental	53223	4.3	3.2	-1.0	-0.9	4.7	-4.3	-8.7	-0.1
Professional and technical services:									
Tax preparation services	541213	0.4	2.9	2.5	1.3	-0.5	0.6	1.2	4.4
Architectural services	54131	1.3	2.6	1.2	2.0	1.0	-0.4	-1.5	1.6
Engineering services	54133	1.2	3.0	1.8	3.3	2.0	2.6	0.6	2.6
Advertising agencies	54181	1.8	2.0	0.1	2.4	3.7	3.0	-0.7	-2.1
Photography studios, portrait	541921	-0.2	2.0	2.2	2.2	-1.0	0.2	1.2	1.0
Administrative and waste services:									
Employment placement agencies	561311	6.8	6.9	0.1	-1.5	11.5	6.5	-4.5	-8.0
Travel agencies	56151	5.5	3.6	-1.8	-0.6	12.2	5.0	-6.4	-7.9
Janitorial services	56172	1.9	3.6	1.7	1.9	1.3	1.9	0.6	1.3
Health care and social assistance:									
Medical and diagnostic laboratories	6215	3.7	6.7	2.8	-0.6	1.9	4.9	2.9	1.2
Arts, entertainment, and recreation:									
Amusement and theme parks	71311	-0.3	2.5	2.7	3.5	1.6	0.8	-0.8	1.9
Bowling centers	71395	0.2	-1.8	-2.0	3.0	2.0	-1.0	-2.9	1.9
Accommodation and food services:									
Accommodation	72	0.8	2.1	1.2	2.9	0.8	1.3	0.6	2.1
Traveler accommodation	721	1.5	2.3	0.8	2.2	1.3	0.8	-0.5	0.8
Food services and drinking places	7211	1.6	2.4	0.8	2.2	1.3	0.8	-0.5	0.9
Full-service restaurants	722	0.6	2.0	1.4	3.1	0.7	1.5	0.8	2.5
Limited-service eating places	7221	0.6	2.0	1.4	3.9	0.2	1.1	0.9	3.2
Special food services	7223	1.4	2.4	0.9	1.1	0.8	1.5	0.6	2.0
Drinking places, alcoholic beverages	7224	-0.4	-0.8	-0.4	3.0	3.2	-0.5	-3.6	0.8
Other services:									
Automotive repair and maintenance	8111	0.7	1.1	0.4	2.6	-1.0	-2.6	-1.6	3.9
Reupholstery and furniture repair	81142	-0.7	-3.2	-2.4	3.6	-2.0	-7.0	-5.1	4.9
Hair, nail, and skin care services	81211	1.9	2.9	0.9	2.3	1.3	2.3	1.0	2.4
Funeral homes and funeral services	81221	-0.6	-0.5	-	4.5	-0.1	-2.7	-2.7	3.9
Drycleaning and laundry services	8123	1.3	0.4	-0.9	2.3	1.9	-1.0	-2.8	1.9
Photofinishing	81292	1.5	-5.0	-6.4	2.1	6.3	-7.9	-13.3	-3.4

- Represents or rounds to zero. ¹ North American Industry Classification System, 2007 (NAICS); see text, section 15.

² Average annual percent changes based on compound rate formula. Rates of change are calculated using index numbers to three decimal places. ³ For NAICS industries 484, 4841, 4931, 49311, and 49312, annual percent changes are for 1992–2009, and for NAICS industries 561311, 6215, annual percent changes are for 1994–2009.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Labor Productivity and Costs, <<http://www.bls.gov/lpc/data.htm>>, accessed May 2011.

Table 642. Productivity and Related Measures: 1980 to 2010

[See text, this section. Minus sign (-) indicates decrease]

Item	1980	1990	2000	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
INDEXES (2005=100)									
Output per hour, business sector	58.0	69.0	85.6	100.0	100.9	102.5	103.6	107.4	111.6
Nonfarm business	59.4	69.6	85.9	100.0	100.9	102.5	103.6	107.4	111.5
Manufacturing	(NA)	53.8	80.4	100.0	100.8	105.0	104.6	104.2	110.3
Output, ¹ business sector	42.7	60.0	87.7	100.0	103.1	105.2	104.2	100.4	104.1
Nonfarm business	42.9	60.0	87.7	100.0	103.1	105.3	104.2	100.3	104.0
Manufacturing	(NA)	67.0	98.9	100.0	101.5	104.0	99.4	86.2	91.2
Hours, ² business sector	73.6	86.9	102.4	100.0	102.1	102.6	100.5	93.4	93.3
Nonfarm business	72.2	86.3	102.2	100.0	102.2	102.7	100.6	93.4	93.3
Manufacturing	(NA)	124.5	123.1	100.0	100.7	99.0	95.1	82.7	82.7
Compensation per hour, ³ business sector	33.1	55.2	82.3	100.0	103.8	108.1	111.5	113.7	116.2
Nonfarm business	33.4	55.5	82.5	100.0	103.8	107.9	111.4	113.7	116.2
Manufacturing	(NA)	55.2	81.2	100.0	102.0	105.3	109.4	115.6	118.0
Real hourly compensation, ³ business sector	74.6	80.0	93.3	100.0	100.5	101.8	101.1	103.5	104.1
Nonfarm business	75.4	80.3	93.5	100.0	100.5	101.6	101.0	103.5	104.1
Manufacturing	(NA)	80.0	92.0	100.0	98.8	99.2	99.2	105.3	105.6
Unit labor costs, ⁴ business sector	57.0	80.0	96.1	100.0	102.8	105.4	107.6	105.9	104.2
Nonfarm business	56.2	79.7	96.1	100.0	102.8	105.3	107.6	105.9	104.2
Manufacturing	(NA)	102.7	101.0	100.0	101.2	100.3	104.6	111.0	107.0
ANNUAL PERCENT CHANGE ⁵									
Output per hour, business sector	-0.2	2.1	3.5	1.7	0.9	1.5	1.1	3.7	3.9
Nonfarm business	-0.3	1.8	3.4	1.6	0.9	1.6	1.0	3.7	3.9
Manufacturing	(NA)	2.2	4.4	4.7	0.8	4.2	-0.4	-0.4	5.9
Output, ¹ business sector	-1.1	1.5	4.5	3.4	3.1	2.0	-0.9	-3.7	3.7
Nonfarm business	-1.1	1.4	4.4	3.4	3.1	2.1	-1.1	-3.8	3.7
Manufacturing	(NA)	-0.3	3.1	3.6	1.5	2.4	-4.4	-13.3	5.8
Hours, ² business sector	-0.9	-0.6	1.0	1.7	2.1	0.5	-2.0	-7.1	-0.2
Nonfarm business	-0.8	-0.4	1.0	1.7	2.2	0.6	-2.1	-7.2	-0.2
Manufacturing	(NA)	-2.5	-1.3	-1.1	0.7	-1.7	-4.0	-13.0	-
Compensation per hour, ³ business sector	10.7	6.4	7.4	3.9	3.8	4.1	3.2	2.0	2.2
Nonfarm business	10.7	6.2	7.4	3.9	3.8	4.0	3.3	2.0	2.2
Manufacturing	(NA)	4.8	7.7	3.3	2.0	3.2	3.9	5.7	2.0
Real hourly compensation, ³ business sector	-0.4	1.4	3.9	0.5	0.5	1.2	-0.6	2.4	0.5
Nonfarm business	-0.4	1.1	4.0	0.6	0.5	1.1	-0.6	2.4	0.6
Manufacturing	(NA)	-0.1	4.2	0.0	-1.2	0.4	0.1	6.1	0.4
Unit labor costs, ⁴ business sector	10.9	4.2	3.7	2.2	2.8	2.5	2.1	-1.6	-1.6
Nonfarm business	11.0	4.3	3.9	2.3	2.8	2.4	2.2	-1.6	-1.6
Manufacturing	(NA)	2.6	3.2	-1.3	1.2	-0.9	4.3	6.1	-3.6

- Represents zero. NA Not available. ¹ Refers to gross sectoral product, a chain-type, current-weighted index.² Hours at work of all persons engaged in the business and nonfarm business sectors (employees, proprietors, and unpaid family workers); employees' and proprietors' hours in manufacturing. ³ Wages and salaries of employees plus employers' contributions for social insurance and private benefit plans. Also includes an estimate of same for self-employed. Real compensation deflated by the consumer price index research series, see text, Section 14. ⁴ Hourly compensation divided by output per hour. ⁵ All changes are from the immediate prior year.Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Productivity and Costs*, News Release, USDL 11-0808, June 2011. See also <<http://www.bls.gov/lpc/home.htm>>.**Table 643. Annual Total Compensation and Wages and Salary Accruals Per Full-Time Equivalent Employee by Industry: 2000 to 2009**

[In dollars. Wage and salary accruals include executives' compensation, bonuses, tips, and payments-in-kind; total compensation includes in addition to wages and salaries, employer contributions for social insurance, employer contributions to private and welfare funds, director's fees, jury and witness fees, etc. Based on the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS); see text, section 15]

Industry	Total annual compensation				Annual salary and wages			
	2000	2005	2008	2009	2000	2005	2008	2009
Compensation of employees	47,059	56,620	63,095	64,552	39,243	45,729	51,301	51,888
Domestic industries	46,946	56,371	62,784	64,197	39,157	45,537	51,059	51,615
Private industries	45,772	54,139	60,056	61,051	38,862	44,717	50,144	50,462
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	25,799	34,322	39,876	41,367	22,154	28,600	33,129	34,159
Mining	69,644	86,560	102,270	102,647	57,983	73,161	88,615	87,214
Utilities	80,304	104,284	117,264	120,795	64,742	77,409	86,667	87,578
Construction	46,145	53,139	61,047	63,578	38,563	43,948	51,226	52,321
Manufacturing	53,285	64,534	71,318	74,477	43,933	50,909	56,373	57,374
Wholesale trade	59,059	68,006	75,567	75,888	50,853	57,922	65,089	64,896
Retail trade	31,110	35,468	37,223	37,807	26,585	29,230	30,861	31,195
Transportation and warehousing	47,985	55,737	60,257	61,376	39,057	43,865	48,286	48,453
Information	71,023	83,067	92,766	94,182	62,582	68,330	76,747	77,231
Finance and insurance	75,339	92,949	104,472	102,051	64,561	77,981	88,034	84,555
Real estate and rental and leasing	43,195	50,768	55,113	54,825	37,146	43,708	47,849	47,290
Professional, scientific, and technical services	71,541	81,862	91,704	93,221	62,568	69,767	79,266	80,077
Management of companies and enterprises ¹	89,918	106,577	122,431	118,437	74,201	87,971	101,450	96,586
Administrative and waste management services	28,934	36,942	41,921	43,158	25,035	31,370	35,961	36,761
Educational services	34,085	41,730	46,521	48,315	29,243	34,844	39,221	40,785
Health care and social assistance	41,701	51,850	56,897	58,373	35,269	42,286	47,071	48,354
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	37,296	43,210	50,123	49,860	32,479	37,149	43,746	43,219
Accommodation and food services	20,801	24,809	26,745	27,162	18,047	21,018	23,121	23,405
Other services, except government	30,118	35,781	39,727	40,600	25,989	30,465	34,217	34,885
Government	53,344	68,229	77,185	79,770	40,767	49,894	55,891	57,320
Federal	69,842	99,230	111,845	117,780	46,470	64,184	70,785	73,765
State and local	48,707	60,161	68,265	69,913	39,164	46,174	52,058	53,056

¹ Consists of offices of bank and other holding companies and of corporate, subsidiary, and regional management offices.Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, *Survey of Current Business*, April 2011. See also <<http://www.bea.gov/national/nipaweb/Index.aspx>>.

Table 644. Average Hourly and Weekly Earnings by Private Industry Group: 1990 to 2010

[In dollars. Average earnings include overtime. Data are for production employees in mining and logging, manufacturing, and construction, and nonsupervisory employees in the service providing industries. See headnote, Table 630]

Private industry group	Current dollars					Constant (1982–84) dollars ¹				
	1990	2000	2005	2009	2010	1990	2000	2005	2009	2010
AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS										
Total private	10.20	14.02	16.13	18.63	19.07	7.91	8.30	8.45	8.89	8.91
Mining and logging	13.40	16.55	18.72	23.29	23.83	10.39	9.80	9.80	11.11	11.14
Construction	13.42	17.48	19.46	22.66	23.22	10.40	10.35	10.19	10.81	10.85
Manufacturing	10.78	14.32	16.56	18.24	18.61	8.36	8.48	8.67	8.70	8.70
Trade, transportation, and utilities ²	9.83	13.31	14.92	16.48	16.83	7.62	7.88	7.81	7.86	7.87
Information	13.40	19.07	22.06	25.45	25.86	10.39	11.29	11.55	12.14	12.09
Financial activities ²	9.99	14.98	17.95	20.85	21.49	7.74	8.87	9.40	9.95	10.04
Professional and business services ²	11.14	15.52	18.08	22.35	22.78	8.64	9.19	9.47	10.66	10.65
Education and health services ²	10.00	13.95	16.71	19.49	20.12	7.75	8.26	8.75	9.30	9.40
Leisure and hospitality ²	6.02	8.32	9.38	11.12	11.31	4.67	4.93	4.91	5.30	5.29
Other services	9.08	12.73	14.34	16.59	17.08	7.04	7.54	7.51	7.91	7.98
AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS										
Total private	350	481	544	617	637	271	285	285	294	298
Mining and logging	603	735	854	1,007	1,063	467	435	447	480	497
Construction	513	686	750	852	892	398	406	393	406	417
Manufacturing	436	591	673	726	765	338	350	353	346	358
Trade, transportation, and utilities	332	450	498	542	560	257	266	261	258	262
Information	480	701	805	931	939	372	415	422	444	439
Financial activities ²	355	537	645	752	777	275	318	328	359	363
Professional and business services ²	381	535	619	776	799	295	317	324	370	373
Education and health services ²	319	449	545	628	647	248	266	285	300	302
Leisure and hospitality ²	156	217	241	276	281	121	129	126	132	131
Other services	298	413	443	506	524	231	245	232	242	245

¹ Earnings in current dollars divided by the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W) on a 1982–84 base; see text, Section 14.

² For composition of industries, see Table 625.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Employment Statistics, "Employment, Hours, and Earnings—National."

See also <<http://www.bls.gov/ces/data.htm>>.

Table 645. Mean Hourly Earnings and Weekly Hours by Selected Characteristics: 2010

[Based on the National Compensation Survey (NCS). Covers civilian workers in private industry establishments and state and local governments in the 50 states and DC. Excludes private households, federal government and agriculture. The NCS obtained data from 35,408 establishments representing over 121 million workers. See source and Appendix III]

Item	Mean hourly earnings (dollars) ¹			Mean weekly hours ²		
	Total	Private industry	State and local government	Total	Private industry	State and local government
Total	21.29	20.47	26.08	35.1	34.9	36.2
WORKER CHARACTERISTIC						
Management, professional and related	34.49	34.99	33.02	36.7	37.0	35.9
Management, business, and financial	38.81	39.42	35.32	39.3	39.7	37.4
Professional and related	32.55	32.57	32.50	35.6	35.7	35.6
Service	12.14	10.62	19.32	30.7	29.7	36.4
Sales and office	16.44	16.35	17.39	34.7	34.5	36.4
Sales and related	17.11	17.11	16.65	32.3	32.3	33.9
Office and administrative support	16.09	15.90	17.42	36.1	36.0	36.5
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	21.21	21.24	20.97	39.0	39.0	38.8
Construction and extraction	21.18	21.31	20.13	39.0	39.0	38.7
Installation, maintenance, and repair	21.40	21.34	21.98	39.2	39.2	39.2
Production, transportation, and material moving	16.00	15.88	19.52	37.1	37.2	34.4
Production	16.26	16.18	21.69	38.9	38.8	39.5
Transportation and material moving	15.73	15.55	18.86	35.4	35.6	33.1
Full-time ³	22.77	22.02	26.75	39.5	39.6	38.9
Part-time ³	12.10	11.78	16.39	20.7	21.0	18.3
Union ⁴	26.04	23.13	29.72	36.6	36.3	37.0
Nonunion	20.46	20.19	23.12	34.8	34.8	35.6
Time ⁵	21.06	20.16	26.07	34.9	34.7	36.2
Incentive ⁵	26.04	26.03	(S)	38.4	38.4	(S)
ESTABLISHMENT CHARACTERISTIC						
Goods producing ⁶	(S)	22.04	(S)	(NA)	39.4	(NA)
Service providing ⁶	(S)	20.09	(S)	(NA)	34.0	(NA)
1 to 49 workers	17.86	17.80	19.61	33.5	33.6	33.0
50 to 99 workers	19.24	19.10	21.40	34.3	34.2	35.8
100 to 499 workers	20.88	20.42	24.31	35.9	35.8	36.0
500 workers or more	27.02	26.65	27.68	36.9	37.0	36.7

NA Not available. S Figure does not meet publication standards. ¹ Earnings are straight time hourly wages or salary, including incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excludes premium pay for overtime, vacations and holidays, nonproduction bonuses and tips. ² Mean weekly hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a week exclusive of overtime. ³ Based on definition used by each establishment. ⁴ Workers whose wages are determined through collective bargaining. ⁵ Time worker wages are based solely on an hourly rate or salary. Incentive workers wages are based at least in part on productivity payments such as piece rates or commissions. ⁶ For private industry only. See footnotes 3 and 4, Table 632, for composition of goods and service producing industries.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *National Compensation Survey: Occupational Earnings in the United States, 2010*, Bulletin 2753, May 2011. See also <<http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ncswage2010.htm>>.

Table 646. Employment and Wages: 2000 to 2009

[(7,879 represents 7,879,000). See headnote, Table 647]

Employment and wages	Unit	2000	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Establishments:								
Total	1,000	7,879	8,365	8,571	8,784	8,972	9,082	9,003
Excluding federal	1,000	7,829	8,313	8,518	8,731	8,908	9,018	8,938
Private	1,000	7,622	8,093	8,295	8,505	8,681	8,789	8,709
State government	1,000	65	65	66	67	67	68	67
Local governments	1,000	141	155	157	159	160	161	161
Federal government	1,000	50	52	53	53	64	64	66
Average annual employment:								
Total	1,000	129,877	129,278	131,572	133,834	135,366	134,806	128,608
Excluding federal	1,000	127,006	126,539	128,838	131,105	132,640	132,044	125,781
Private	1,000	110,015	108,490	110,611	112,719	114,012	113,189	106,947
State government	1,000	4,370	4,485	4,528	4,566	4,611	4,643	4,640
Local governments	1,000	12,620	13,564	13,699	13,820	14,016	14,212	14,194
Federal government	1,000	2,871	2,740	2,734	2,729	2,726	2,762	2,827
Annual wages:								
Total	Bil. dol.	4,588	5,088	5,352	5,693	6,018	6,142	5,859
Excluding federal	Bil. dol.	4,455	4,929	5,188	5,523	5,841	5,959	5,668
Private	Bil. dol.	3,888	4,246	4,480	4,781	5,058	5,135	4,829
State government	Bil. dol.	159	184	191	200	212	223	226
Local governments	Bil. dol.	409	499	517	541	572	601	612
Federal government	Bil. dol.	133	158	164	170	177	183	192
Average annual wage per employee:								
Total	Dol.	35,323	39,354	40,677	42,535	44,458	45,563	45,559
Excluding federal	Dol.	35,077	38,955	40,270	42,124	44,038	45,129	45,060
Private	Dol.	35,337	39,134	40,505	42,414	44,362	45,371	45,155
State government	Dol.	36,296	41,118	42,249	43,875	45,903	47,980	48,742
Local governments	Dol.	32,387	36,805	37,718	39,179	40,790	42,774	43,140
Federal government	Dol.	46,228	57,782	59,864	62,274	64,871	66,293	67,756
Average weekly wage per employee:								
Total	Dol.	679	757	782	818	855	876	876
Excluding federal	Dol.	675	749	774	810	847	868	867
Private	Dol.	680	753	779	816	853	873	868
State government	Dol.	698	791	812	844	883	923	937
Local governments	Dol.	623	708	725	753	784	813	830
Federal government	Dol.	889	1,111	1,151	1,198	1,248	1,275	1,303

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Employment and Wages Annual Averages, 2009," <<http://www.bls.gov/cew/cewbuln09.htm>>.**Table 647. Average Annual Wage, by State: 2008 and 2009**

[In dollars, except percent change. Based on federal-state cooperative program, The Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages (QCEW), also referenced as ES-202. Includes workers covered by state unemployment insurance laws and for federal civilian workers covered by unemployment compensation for federal employees, approximately 97 percent of employees on nonfarm payrolls in 2009. Excludes most agricultural workers on small farms, all Armed Forces, elected officials in most states, railroad employees, most domestic workers, most student workers at school, value of meals and lodging, and tips and other gratuities. Minus sign (-) indicates decrease]

State	Average wage per employee		Percent change, 2008-2009	State	Average wage per employee		Percent change, 2008-2009
	2008	2009			2008	2009	
United States	45,563	45,559	-0.01	Missouri	40,361	40,022	-0.84
Alabama	38,734	39,422	1.78	Montana	33,305	33,762	1.37
Alaska	45,805	47,103	2.83	Nebraska	36,243	36,644	1.11
Arizona	42,518	42,832	0.74	Nevada	42,984	42,743	-0.56
Arkansas	34,919	35,692	2.21	New Hampshire	44,912	44,932	0.04
California	51,487	51,566	0.15	New Jersey	55,280	55,168	-0.20
Colorado	46,614	46,861	0.53	New Mexico	37,910	38,529	1.63
Connecticut	58,395	57,771	-1.07	New York	60,288	57,739	-4.23
Delaware	47,569	47,770	0.42	North Carolina	39,740	39,844	0.26
District of Columbia	76,518	77,483	1.26	North Dakota	35,075	35,970	2.55
Florida	40,568	40,970	0.99	Ohio	40,784	40,900	0.28
Georgia	42,585	42,902	0.74	Oklahoma	37,284	37,238	-0.12
Hawaii	40,675	41,328	1.61	Oregon	40,500	40,757	0.63
Idaho	33,897	34,124	0.67	Pennsylvania	44,381	44,829	1.01
Illinois	48,719	48,358	-0.74	Rhode Island	43,029	43,439	0.95
Indiana	38,403	38,270	-0.35	South Carolina	36,252	36,759	1.40
Iowa	36,964	37,158	0.52	South Dakota	32,822	33,352	1.61
Kansas	38,178	38,154	-0.06	Tennessee	39,996	40,242	0.62
Kentucky	37,434	37,996	1.50	Texas	45,939	45,692	-0.54
Louisiana	40,381	40,579	0.49	Utah	37,980	38,614	1.67
Maine	36,317	36,617	0.83	Vermont	38,328	38,778	1.17
Maryland	49,535	50,579	2.11	Virginia	47,241	48,239	2.11
Massachusetts	56,746	56,267	-0.84	Washington	46,569	47,470	1.93
Michigan	44,245	43,645	-1.36	West Virginia	35,987	36,897	2.53
Minnesota	45,826	45,319	-1.11	Wisconsin	39,119	39,131	0.03
Mississippi	33,508	33,847	1.01	Wyoming	41,487	40,709	-1.88

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Employment and Wages Online Annual Averages, 2009," <<http://www.bls.gov/cew/cewbuln09.htm>>.

Table 648. Full-Time Wage and Salary Workers—Number and Earnings: 2000 to 2010

[In current dollars of usual weekly earnings. Data represent annual averages (101,210 represents 101,210,000). Full time workers are those who usually worked 35 hours or more at all jobs combined. Based on the Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1 and Appendix III. For definition of median, see Guide to Tabular Presentation]

Characteristic	Number of workers (1,000)			Median weekly earnings (dollars)		
	2000	2005 ¹	2010 ¹	2000	2005 ¹	2010 ¹
All workers²	101,210	103,560	99,531	576	651	747
Male	57,107	58,406	55,059	641	722	824
Female	44,103	45,154	44,472	493	585	669
White ³	83,228	84,110	80,656	590	672	765
Black ³	12,410	12,388	11,658	474	520	611
Asian ^{3,4}	4,598	4,651	4,946	615	753	855
Hispanic ⁵	12,761	14,673	14,837	399	471	535
OCCUPATION						
Management, professional and related occupations	34,831	36,908	39,145	810	937	1,063
Management, business, and financial operations	14,240	14,977	15,648	877	997	1,155
Professional and related occupations	20,590	21,931	23,497	770	902	1,008
Computer and mathematical occupations	3,051	2,924	3,202	938	1,132	1,289
Architecture and engineering occupations	2,781	2,509	2,366	949	1,105	1,255
Life, physical, and social science occupations	989	1,164	1,127	811	965	1,062
Community and social services occupations	1,641	1,797	1,909	629	725	1,909
Legal occupations	1,039	1,162	1,248	919	1,052	1,213
Education, training, and library occupations	5,467	6,066	6,535	704	798	913
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media	1,488	1,488	1,431	724	819	920
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	4,134	4,821	5,678	727	878	986
Service occupations	12,595	14,123	14,424	365	413	479
Healthcare support occupations	1,731	2,085	2,219	358	410	471
Protective service occupations	2,281	2,549	2,872	591	678	747
Food preparation and serving-related occupations	3,483	4,007	3,823	317	356	406
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance	3,354	3,425	3,310	351	394	446
Personal care and service occupations	1,746	2,057	2,199	351	409	455
Sales and office occupations	25,606	25,193	23,060	492	575	631
Sales and related occupations	9,650	10,031	9,121	525	622	666
Office and administrative support occupations	15,956	15,161	13,939	480	550	619
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	10,958	12,086	9,869	582	623	719
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	842	755	729	310	372	416
Construction and extraction occupations	5,852	6,826	5,020	580	604	709
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	4,263	4,504	4,120	628	705	794
Production, transportation, and material-moving occupations	17,221	15,251	13,034	475	540	599
Production occupations	10,378	8,403	6,861	471	538	599
Transportation and material-moving occupations	6,843	6,848	6,172	481	543	599

¹ See footnote 2, Table 586. ² Includes other races, not shown separately. ³ Beginning 2005, for persons in this race group only. See footnote 4, Table 587. ⁴ 2000, includes Pacific Islanders. ⁵ Persons of Hispanic origin may be any race.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Employment and Earnings Online," January 2011 issue, March 2011, <<http://www.bls.gov/opub/ee/home.htm>> and <<http://www.bls.gov/cps/home.htm>>.

Table 649. Median Usual Weekly Earnings of Full-Time Wage and Salary Workers: 1980 to 2010

[In current dollars, except as indicated. For wage and salary workers 25 years and over. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1 and Appendix III. Wages and salaries are collected before taxes and other deductions and include overtime pay, commissions, or tips usually received at principal job. Earnings reported on basis other than weekly are converted to a weekly equivalent. Excludes all incorporated and unincorporated self employed]

Year and sex	Total	Less than a high school diploma	High school, no college ¹	Some college or associate's degree	Bachelor's degree and higher ²
CURRENT DOLLARS					
Male:					
1980	339	267	327	358	427
1990 ³	512	349	459	542	741
2000 ³	693	406	591	691	1,020
2010 ³	874	486	710	845	1,330
Female:					
1980	213	164	201	231	290
1990 ³	369	240	315	395	535
2000 ³	516	304	420	505	756
2010 ³	704	388	543	638	986
WOMEN'S EARNINGS AS PERCENT OF MEN'S					
1980	62.8	61.4	61.5	64.5	67.9
1990 ³	72.1	68.8	68.6	72.9	72.2
2000 ³	74.5	74.9	71.1	73.1	74.1
2010 ³	80.5	79.8	76.5	75.5	74.1

¹ Includes persons with a high school diploma or equivalent. ² Includes persons with a bachelor's, master's, professional, or doctoral degree. ³ Data not strictly comparable to data for earlier years. See text this section and <http://www.bls.gov/cps/ee/tech_methods.pdf>.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Highlights of Women's Earnings in 2010," Report 1031, July 2011, <<http://www.bls.gov/cps/cpswom2010.pdf>>.

Table. 650. Workers With Earnings by Occupation of Longest Held Job and Sex: 2009

[As of March, 72,972 represents 72,972,000. For definition of median, see Guide to Tabular Presentation. Beginning with 2009 income data, the Census Bureau expanded the income intervals used to calculate medians to \$250,000 or more. Medians falling in the upper open-ended interval are plugged with "\$250,000." Before 2009, the upper open-ended interval was \$100,000 and a plug of "\$100,000" was used. Based on Annual Social and Economic Supplement (ASEC) of Current Population Survey; includes Civilian noninstitutional population, 15 years old and over, and military personnel who live in households with at least one other civilian adult. See text, Section 1, and Appendix III]

Major occupation group of longest job held in 2009	All workers				Full-time, year-round			
	Female		Male		Female		Male	
	Number (1,000)	Median earnings (dol.)	Number (1,000)	Median earnings (dol.)	Number (1,000)	Median earnings (dol.)	Number (1,000)	Median earnings (dol.)
Total	72,972	26,030	81,934	36,331	43,217	36,278	56,053	47,127
Management, business, and financial occupations.....	9,380	45,591	12,737	61,495	7,347	51,014	10,633	70,183
Professional and related occupations.....	19,051	39,890	13,890	57,496	12,037	48,856	10,574	66,369
Service occupations.....	16,128	14,298	11,915	20,564	7,179	23,302	6,660	30,953
Sales and office occupations.....	23,642	24,119	13,619	32,168	14,002	31,770	9,271	42,284
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance.....	800	17,535	14,926	31,032	398	30,731	8,988	40,712
Production, transportation, and material-moving occupations.....	3,872	20,028	14,060	30,021	2,192	25,322	9,225	36,678
Armed Forces.....	98	33,277	789	42,355	62	(B)	703	47,589

B Data not shown where base is less than 75,000.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, *Income, Poverty and Health Insurance in the United States: 2009*, Current Population Reports, P60-238, and Detailed Tables—Table PINC-06, September 2009. See also <<http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/cpstables/032010/perinc/toc.htm>>.

Table. 651. Employment Cost Index (ECI) by Total Compensation and Occupation and Industry: 2007 to 2010

[As of December, (2005 = 100). The ECI is a measure of the rate of change in compensation (wages, salaries, and employer costs for employee benefits). Data are not seasonally adjusted. Based on North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) for classifying by industry. Based on the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) for classifying by occupation]

Occupational group and industry	Indexes (December 2005 = 100)				Percent change for 12 months ending December			
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2007	2008	2009	2010
Civilian workers ¹	106.7	109.5	111.0	113.2	3.3	2.6	1.4	2.0
State and local government	108.4	111.6	114.2	116.2	4.1	3.0	2.3	1.8
Workers, by occupational group:								
Management, professional and related occupations.....	108.3	111.6	113.8	115.5	4.1	3.0	2.0	1.5
Sales and office occupations.....	108.6	111.3	114.4	116.6	4.3	2.5	2.8	1.9
Service occupations.....	109.1	112.4	115.3	118.0	4.4	3.0	2.6	2.3
Workers, by industry division:								
Service-providing industries: ²								
Education and health services.....	108.2	111.5	113.9	115.6	3.7	3.0	2.2	1.5
Schools.....	108.0	111.2	113.7	115.3	3.7	3.0	2.2	1.4
Health care and social assistance.....	109.3	113.2	115.4	117.9	3.4	3.6	1.9	2.2
Hospitals.....	108.2	111.3	114.3	117.0	3.7	2.9	2.7	2.4
Public administration ³	109.1	112.0	114.6	116.8	5.1	2.7	2.3	1.9
Private industry workers ⁴	106.3	108.9	110.2	112.5	3.0	2.4	1.2	2.1
Workers, by occupational group:								
Management, professional, and related occupations.....	106.8	109.9	110.7	113.0	3.2	2.9	0.7	2.1
Sales and office occupations.....	106.1	107.9	109.2	111.6	3.1	1.7	1.2	2.2
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations.....	106.7	109.6	111.2	113.3	3.0	2.7	1.5	1.9
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations.....	104.5	106.9	108.9	111.5	2.2	2.3	1.9	2.4
Service occupations.....	107.0	109.8	111.8	113.5	3.8	2.6	1.8	1.5
Workers, by industry division:								
Goods-producing industries: ⁵								
Construction.....	107.6	110.9	111.7	112.7	3.9	3.1	0.7	0.9
Manufacturing.....	103.8	105.9	107.0	110.0	2.0	2.0	1.0	2.8
Service-providing industries: ²								
Trade, transportation, and utilities.....	106.7	109.4	110.8	113.0	3.2	2.5	1.3	2.0
Information.....	105.5	107.5	108.8	111.4	2.4	1.9	1.2	2.4
Financial activities.....	106.1	107.4	108.3	110.0	2.8	1.2	0.8	1.6
Professional and business services.....	105.6	107.1	108.6	111.4	3.0	1.4	1.4	2.6
Education and health services.....	107.5	111.6	112.4	114.6	3.9	3.8	0.7	2.0
Leisure and hospitality.....	107.7	110.6	112.8	114.7	3.5	2.7	2.0	1.7
Bargaining status:								
Union.....	105.1	108.0	111.1	114.8	2.0	2.8	2.9	3.3
Nonunion.....	106.5	109.1	110.1	112.1	3.2	2.4	0.9	1.8

¹ Includes private industry and state and local government workers and excludes farm, household, and federal government workers. ² Includes all other service industries not shown separately. For a description of NAICS industries, see text, this section.

³ Consists of executive, legislative, judicial, administrative, and regulatory activities. ⁴ Excludes farm and household workers.

⁵ Includes the following NAICS industries: construction and manufacturing.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Employment Cost Index Historical Listing Current-dollar," <<http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ect/home.htm>>.

Table 652. Federal and State Minimum Wage Rates: 1940 to 2011

[In current dollars. As of January 31, 2011. Where an employee is subject to both the state and federal minimum wage laws, the employee is entitled to the higher minimum wage rate]

Year	Federal minimum wage rates per hour	State	2011 minimum wage rates per hour	State	2011 minimum wage rates per hour	State	2011 minimum wage rates per hour
1940.....	0.30	AL.....	(¹)	KY.....	7.25	ND.....	7.25
1945.....	0.40	AK.....	7.75	LA.....	(¹)	OH.....	⁸ 7.40
1950.....	0.75	AZ.....	7.35	ME.....	7.50	OK.....	⁹ 7.25/2.00
1955.....	0.75	AR.....	² 6.25	MD.....	7.25	OR.....	8.50
1960.....	1.00	CA.....	8.00	MA.....	8.00	PA.....	7.25
1965.....	1.25	CO.....	7.36	MI.....	⁴ 7.40	RI.....	7.40
1970.....	1.60	CT.....	8.25	MN.....	⁵ 6.15/5.25	SD.....	(¹)
1975.....	2.10	DE.....	7.25	MS.....	(¹)	SC.....	7.25
1980.....	3.10	DC.....	8.25	MO.....	7.25	TN.....	(¹)
1985.....	3.35	FL.....	7.25	MT.....	⁶ 7.35	TX.....	7.25
1990.....	3.80	GA.....	³ 5.15	NE.....	² 7.25	UT.....	7.25
1995.....	4.25	HI.....	7.25	NV.....	⁷ 7.25/8.25	VT.....	8.15
2000.....	5.15	ID.....	7.25	NH.....	7.25	VA.....	² 7.25
2005.....	5.15	IL.....	² 8.25	NJ.....	7.25	WA.....	8.67
2006.....	5.15	IN.....	⁴ 7.25	NM.....	7.50	WV.....	³ 7.25
2007.....	5.85	IA.....	7.25	NY.....	7.25	WI.....	7.25
2008.....	6.55	KS.....	7.25	NC.....	7.25	WY.....	5.15
2009.....	7.25						
2010.....	7.25						
2011.....	7.25						

¹ No state minimum wage law. ² Employers of 4 or more, Illinois excluding family members. ³ Employers of 6 or more.

⁴ Employers of 2 or more. ⁵ Large employer (receipts of \$625,000 or more) and small employer (with annual receipts of less than \$625,000). ⁶ Except businesses with gross annual sales of \$110,000 or less. ⁷ \$8.25 with no health insurance benefits provided by employer. \$7.25 with health insurance provided by employer and received by employee. ⁸ \$7.25 for those employers grossing \$271,000 or less. ⁹ Employees of 10 or more full-time employees at any one location and employers with gross sales over \$100,000 regardless of number of full-time employees. All other employers \$2.00.

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Wage and Hour Division, "Minimum Wage Laws in the States—January 1, 2011,"

<<http://www.dol.gov/esa/minwage/america.htm>>.

Table 653. Workers Paid Hourly Rates by Selected Characteristics: 2010

[Data are annual averages (72,902 represents 72,902,000). For employed wage and salary workers, excluding the incorporated self-employed. Based on the Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1 and Appendix II]

Characteristic	Number of workers paid hourly rates (1,000)				Percent of workers paid hourly rates		
	Total	At or below federal minimum wage		At prevailing federal minimum wage	At or below federal minimum wage		
		Below prevailing federal minimum wage	At prevailing federal minimum wage		Below prevailing federal minimum wage	At prevailing federal minimum wage	
Total, 16 years and over ¹	72,902	4,360	2,541	1,820	6.0	3.5	2.5
16 to 24 years.....	14,061	2,135	1,180	955	15.2	8.4	6.8
25 years and over.....	58,842	2,225	1,360	865	3.8	2.3	1.5
Male, 16 years old and over.....	35,498	1,612	943	669	4.5	2.7	1.9
16 to 24 years.....	6,913	850	438	413	12.3	6.3	6.0
25 years and over.....	28,585	762	505	257	2.7	1.8	0.9
Female, 16 years old and over.....	37,404	2,748	1,598	1,151	7.3	4.3	3.1
16 to 24 years.....	7,148	1,285	743	543	18.0	10.4	7.6
25 years and over.....	30,256	1,463	855	608	4.8	2.8	2.0
White ²	58,529	3,429	2,015	1,414	5.9	3.4	2.4
Men.....	28,949	1,254	716	538	4.3	2.5	1.9
Women.....	29,580	2,174	1,299	875	7.4	4.4	3.0
Black ²	9,436	650	349	301	6.9	3.7	3.2
Men.....	4,137	244	152	92	5.9	3.7	2.2
Women.....	5,299	406	197	209	7.7	3.7	3.9
Asian ²	2,920	140	104	36	4.8	3.6	1.2
Men.....	1,406	60	47	12	4.2	3.3	0.9
Women.....	1,513	80	57	24	5.3	3.8	1.6
Hispanic ³	12,977	822	462	360	6.3	3.6	2.8
Men.....	7,474	355	201	154	4.7	2.7	2.1
Women.....	5,503	468	261	207	8.5	4.7	3.8
Full-time workers.....	52,803	1,634	1,039	595	3.1	2.0	1.1
Men.....	28,574	699	444	255	2.4	1.6	0.9
Women.....	24,229	934	595	340	3.9	2.5	1.4
Part-time workers ⁴	19,994	2,716	1,496	1,220	13.6	7.5	6.1
Men.....	6,871	911	498	413	13.3	7.2	6.0
Women.....	13,123	1,806	998	807	13.8	7.6	6.1
Private sector industries.....	63,201	4,089	2,378	1,711	6.5	3.8	2.7
Public sector industries.....	9,701	271	163	109	2.8	1.7	1.1

¹ Includes races not shown separately. Also includes a small number of multiple jobholders whose full- or part-time status cannot be determined for their principal job. ² For persons in this race group only. See footnote 4, Table 587. ³ Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin may be any race. ⁴ Working fewer than 35 hours per week.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, CPS Reports and Summaries, "Characteristics of Minimum Wage Workers: 2010,"

February 2011, <<http://www.bls.gov/cps/minwage2010.htm>>.

Table 654. Employer Costs for Employee Compensation Per Hour Worked: 2010

[In dollars. As of December. Based on the National Compensation Survey (NCS). See Appendix III]

Compensation component	State and local		Private industry workers						
	Total civilian workers	government workers	Total	Goods producing ¹	Service providing ²	Union workers	Non-union workers	1-99 workers	100 workers or more
Total compensation	29.72	40.28	27.75	32.50	26.78	37.35	26.72	22.91	33.26
Wages and salaries	20.71	26.42	19.64	21.73	19.21	22.86	19.30	16.95	22.70
Total benefits	9.02	13.86	8.11	10.77	7.57	14.49	7.43	5.96	10.56
Paid leave	2.07	3.03	1.89	2.11	1.84	2.77	1.79	1.28	2.58
Vacation	0.99	1.14	0.96	1.12	0.93	1.43	0.91	0.64	1.33
Holiday	0.64	0.89	0.60	0.74	0.56	0.81	0.57	0.43	0.79
Sick	0.32	0.78	0.24	0.18	0.25	0.38	0.22	0.16	0.33
Supplemental pay	0.69	0.33	0.75	1.17	0.67	1.08	0.72	0.55	0.99
Overtime ³	0.24	0.17	0.25	0.55	0.19	0.72	0.20	0.18	0.33
Insurance	2.62	4.81	2.22	3.07	2.04	4.90	1.93	1.51	3.02
Health insurance	2.49	4.66	2.08	2.87	1.92	4.60	1.81	1.43	2.83
Retirement and savings	1.33	3.27	0.97	1.53	0.86	2.60	0.80	0.57	1.43
Defined benefit	0.81	2.93	0.41	0.89	0.32	1.91	0.25	0.21	0.65
Defined contributions	0.52	0.34	0.56	0.64	0.54	0.70	0.54	0.37	0.77
Legally required	2.30	2.42	2.28	2.90	2.15	3.14	2.19	1.05	2.55
Social security and Medicare	1.68	1.87	1.64	1.85	1.60	2.00	1.60	1.40	1.92
Social security ⁴	1.34	1.45	1.32	1.49	1.28	1.62	1.29	1.13	1.53
Medicare	0.34	0.42	0.32	0.36	0.32	0.39	0.32	0.27	0.38
Federal unemployment	0.03	—	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.03
State unemployment	0.17	0.09	0.18	0.25	0.17	0.24	0.18	0.18	0.18
Workers' compensation	0.43	0.46	0.42	0.78	0.35	0.86	0.38	0.42	0.42

— Represents or rounds to zero. ¹ Based on the North American Industry Classification System, 2002 (NAICS). See text, this section. Includes mining, construction, and manufacturing. The agriculture, forestry, farming, and hunting sector is excluded. ² Based on the 2002 NAICS. Includes utilities; wholesale and retail trade; transportation and warehousing; information; finance and insurance; real estate and rental and leasing; professional and technical services; management of companies and enterprises, administrative and waste services; education services; health care and social assistance; arts, entertainment, and recreation; accommodations and food services; and other services, except public administration. ³ Includes premium pay for work in addition to regular work schedule, such as, overtime, weekends, and holidays. ⁴ Comprises the Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance Program (OASDI).

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Employer Costs for Employee Compensation—December 2010*, News Release, USDL 11-0304, March 2011. See also <http://www.bls.gov/schedule/archives/ecec_nr.htm#2011>.

Table 655. Percent of Workers in Private Industry With Access to Retirement and Health Care Benefits by Selected Characteristics: 2010

[In percent (All workers = 100 percent) As of March. Based on National Compensation Survey (NCS). See headnote, Table 656, and Appendix III]

Characteristic	Retirement benefits			Healthcare benefits			
	All plans ¹	Defined benefit ²	Defined contribution ²	Medical care	Dental care	Vision care	Outpatient prescription drug coverage
Total	65	20	59	71	46	26	69
WORKER CHARACTERISTICS							
Management, professional, and related occupations	80	28	75	87	61	35	85
Service occupations	42	8	38	44	28	16	44
Sales and office occupations	70	19	65	72	46	23	70
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	64	26	56	76	44	31	74
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	66	25	55	76	48	29	74
Full-time ³	74	24	68	86	56	32	84
Part-time ³	39	11	33	24	15	9	23
Union ⁴	88	69	55	91	73	56	89
Nonunion ⁴	62	15	59	68	43	23	67
AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE⁵							
Less than \$8.10	30	4	27	23	13	8	23
\$8.10 to under \$10.63	40	7	36	38	20	11	37
\$10.63 to under \$15.70	67	16	61	76	47	24	74
\$15.70 to under \$24.53	75	24	68	86	55	32	84
\$24.53 to under \$37.02	84	38	76	90	67	42	89
\$37.02 or greater	87	38	81	92	70	42	90
ESTABLISHMENT CHARACTERISTIC							
1 to 99 workers	51	10	47	59	30	18	57
100 or more workers	81	33	72	84	64	36	83
Goods producing ⁶	72	29	65	85	55	33	83
Service producing ⁶	63	19	58	68	44	25	66

¹ Employees may have access to both defined benefit and defined contribution plans. Total excludes duplication. ² A defined benefit plan is a retirement plan that uses a specific, predetermined formula to calculate the amount of an employee's guaranteed future benefit. A defined contribution plan is a type of retirement plan in which the employer makes specified contributions to individual employee accounts, but the amount of the retirement benefit is not specified. ³ Employees are classified as working either a full-time or part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. ⁴ See footnote 6, Table 656. ⁵ The National Compensation Survey—Benefits program presents wage data in percentiles rather than dollar amounts; for calculation detail, see "Technical Note" in source. ⁶ See Table 632 for composition of goods and service producing industries.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Employee Benefits in the United States, March 2010*, News Release, USDL 10-1044, July 2010. See also <<http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ebs/home.htm>>.

Table 656. Percent of Workers in Private Industry With Access to Selected Employee Benefits: 2010

[As of March. Based on National Compensation Survey (NCS). The NCS benefits survey obtained data from 9,018 private industry establishments of all sizes, representing over 98 million workers. Excludes agricultural establishments, private households, and the self-employed. An employee has access to a benefit plan if the plan is made available by the employer, regardless of whether the employee participates in the plan. See Appendix III]

Characteristic	Leave benefits					Quality of life benefits			Nonproduction bonuses		
	Paid holidays	Paid sick leave	Paid vacation	Paid jury duty leave	Family leave ¹		Employer assistance for child care ²	Flexible workplace ³	Subsidized commuting ⁴	All non-production bonuses ⁵	End of year bonus
					Paid	Unpaid					
Total	78	62	77	68	10	85	9	5	5	44	11
WORKER CHARACTERISTIC											
Management, professional, and related occupations	89	86	87	85	17	90	18	13	11	52	13
Service occupations	54	42	59	49	6	79	9	1	2	30	6
Sales and office occupations	81	67	80	72	11	86	7	5	5	48	12
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	79	51	78	57	7	77	4	2	3	47	14
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	84	54	83	69	5	85	5	1	3	44	10
Full-time ⁶	90	74	91	77	12	88	11	6	7	50	13
Part-time ⁶	40	26	37	42	5	76	6	2	2	27	6
Union ⁷	88	71	87	85	10	91	14	1	6	37	4
Nonunion ⁷	76	61	76	66	10	84	9	5	5	45	12
AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE ⁸											
Less than \$8.10	35	19	39	33	3	72	6	(Z)	1	24	5
\$8.10 to under \$10.63	52	32	53	44	4	78	5	1	1	30	6
\$10.63 to under \$15.70	85	66	84	71	9	85	7	3	3	46	11
\$15.70 to under \$24.53	90	75	89	78	12	88	9	6	7	51	13
\$24.53 to under \$37.02	89	84	89	85	16	90	17	12	11	54	14
\$37.02 or greater	89	86	89	87	18	91	19	16	14	56	15
ESTABLISHMENT CHARACTERISTIC											
Goods producing ⁹	88	54	88	70	8	86	7	4	2	52	14
Service producing ⁹	75	64	75	68	11	84	10	5	6	43	10
GEOGRAPHIC AREA ¹⁰											
New England	76	69	75	80	12	88	9	7	9	47	9
Middle Atlantic	80	67	77	78	9	83	9	6	6	42	11
East North Central	79	58	78	69	11	83	11	5	4	45	12
West North Central	75	62	76	66	9	86	9	5	5	45	13
South Atlantic	78	60	79	69	11	83	9	5	4	47	10
East South Central	79	55	77	69	6	90	(NA)	3	2	48	13
West South Central	80	63	78	65	9	82	9	5	3	46	9
Mountain	75	62	77	62	8	84	8	5	7	44	11
Pacific	75	65	76	59	12	87	10	4	9	39	11

NA Not available. Z Less than 0.5 percent. ¹ Some workers may have access to both types of plans. ² A workplace program that provides for either the full or partial cost of caring for an employee's children in a nursery, day care center, or a baby sitter in facilities either on or off the employer's premises. ³ Permits employees to set their own schedules within a general set of parameters. Employees generally are required to work a minimum number of core hours each day. ⁴ Employers subsidize employees' cost of commuting to and from work via public transportation, company-sponsored van pool, discounted subway fares, for example. ⁵ All nonproduction bonuses include cash profit sharing bonuses, employee recognition bonuses, holiday bonuses, end of year bonuses, payment in lieu of benefits bonuses referral bonuses, and others bonuses. ⁶ Employees are classified as working either a full-time or part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. ⁷ Union workers are those whose wages are determined through collective bargaining. ⁸ The National Compensation Survey—Benefits program presents wage data in percentiles rather than dollar amounts; see "Technical Note" in source. ⁹ See Table 632, for composition of goods and service producing industries. ¹⁰ Composition of divisions: New England = Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, and Vermont; Middle Atlantic = New Jersey, New York, and Pennsylvania; East North Central = Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, and Wisconsin; West North Central = Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Nebraska, North Dakota, and Missouri; South Atlantic = Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Maryland, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia, and West Virginia; East South Central = Alabama, Kentucky, Mississippi, and Tennessee; West South Central = Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, and Texas; Mountain = Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Utah, and Wyoming; and Pacific = Alaska, California, Hawaii, Oregon, and Washington.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Employee Benefits in the United States*, March 2010, Bulletin 2752, September 2010. See also <<http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ebs/benefits/2010/>>.

Table 657. Workers Killed or Disabled on the Job: 1970 to 2009

[Data for 2009 are preliminary estimates (1.7 represents 1,700). Excludes homicides and suicides. Estimates based on data from the U.S. National Center for Health Statistics, state vital statistics departments, state industrial commissions and beginning 1995, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries. Numbers of workers based on data from the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics]

Year	Manufacturing		Nonmanufacturing		Disabling injuries ² (millions)	Year and industry group	Deaths, 2009		Medically consulted injuries, ³ 2009 (1,000)
	Number (1,000)	Rate ¹	Number (1,000)	Rate ¹			Number	Rate	
1970	1.7	9	12.1	21	2.2	Total ⁴	3,582	2.8	5,100
1980	1.7	8	11.5	15	2.2	Agriculture ⁵	527	25.4	110
1990	1.0	5	9.1	9	3.9	Mining ⁶	101	12.8	20
1995	0.6	3	4.4	4	3.6	Construction	776	9.3	360
1998	0.6	3	4.5	4	3.8	Manufacturing	280	2.0	600
1999	0.6	3	4.6	4	3.8	Wholesale trade	165	4.3	130
2000	0.6	3	4.4	4	3.9	Retail trade	133	1.0	580
2001	0.5	3	4.5	4	3.9	Transportation and warehousing	526	11.0	250
2002	0.5	3	4.2	3	3.7	Utilities	17	1.8	30
2003	0.4	2	4.3	4	3.4	Information	28	1.0	60
2004	0.4	3	4.6	4	3.7	Financial activities ⁷	53	0.6	140
2005	0.4	2	4.6	4	3.7	Professional & business services ⁷	341	2.5	240
2006	0.4	3	4.7	4	3.7	Educational & health services	92	0.5	920
2007	0.4	2	4.4	3	3.5	Leisure & hospitality ⁷	110	1.1	390
2008	0.4	2	4.0	3	3.2	Other services ⁸	103	1.7	170
2009	0.3	2	3.3	3	5.1	Government	336	1.8	1,100

¹ See footnote 2, Table 657. ² See footnote 3, Table 657. ³ Beginning with 2009 data, the concept of medically consulted injury was adopted in place of disabling injury. A medically consulted injury is an injury serious enough that a medical professional was consulted. Medically consulted injuries are not comparable to previous disabling injury estimates. ⁴ Includes deaths where industry is not known. ⁵ Includes forestry, fishing, and hunting. ⁶ Includes oil and gas extraction. ⁷ For composition of industry, see Table 632. ⁸ Excludes public service administration.

Source: National Safety Council, Itasca, IL, *Accident Facts*, annual through 1998 edition; thereafter, *Injury Facts*, annual (copyright).

Table 658. Worker Deaths, Injuries, and Production Time Lost: 2000 to 2009

[47.0 represents 47,000. Data may not agree with Table 660 because data here are not revised]

Item	Deaths (1,000)			Disabling injuries ¹ (mil.)			Production time lost (mil. days)					
							In current year			In future years ³		
	2000	2005	2009	2000	2005	2009 ²	2000	2005	2009	2000	2005	2009
All accidents	47.0	54.3	59.4	10.5	11.9	19.5	240	275	310	460	535	590
On the job	5.2	5.0	3.6	3.9	3.7	5.1	80	80	55	60	65	45
Off the job	41.8	49.3	55.8	6.6	8.2	14.4	160	195	255	400	470	545
Motor vehicle	22.8	24.1	18.2	1.2	1.3	1.8	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Public nonmotor vehicle	8.3	10.0	8.7	2.8	3.3	3.3	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Home	10.7	15.2	28.9	2.6	3.6	9.3	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)

NA Not available. ¹ See footnote 2, Table 657. ² See footnote 3, Table 657. ³ Based on an average of 5,850 days lost in future years per fatality and 565 days lost in future years per permanent injury.

Source: National Safety Council, Itasca, IL, *Injury Facts*, annual (copyright).

Table 659. Industries With the Highest Total Case Incidence Rates for Nonfatal Injuries and Illnesses: 2009

[Rates per 100 full-time employees. Private industry unless otherwise noted. Incidence rates refer to any Occupational Safety & Health Administration (OSHA)-recordable occupational injury or illness, whether or not it resulted in days away from work, job transfer, or restriction. Incidence rates were calculated as: Number of injuries and illnesses divided by total hours worked by all employees during the year multiplied by 200,000 as base for 100 full-time equivalent workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year)]

Industry	2007 NAICS code ¹	Incidence rate	Industry	2007 NAICS code ¹	Incidence rate
All Industries, including State and local government ²	(X)	3.9	Iron and steel pipe and tube manufacturing from purchased steel	33121	9.5
Fire protection ³	92216	15.3	Scheduled passenger air transportation	481111	9.5
Pet and pet supplies stores	45391	13.6	Light truck and utility vehicle manufacturing	336112	9.4
Heavy and civil engineering construction ³	237	13.1	Veterinary services	54194	9.4
Police protection ³	92212	12.7	Animal (except poultry) slaughtering	311611	9.3
Iron foundries	331511	11.3	Soft drink manufacturing	312111	9.1
Nursing and residential care facilities ³	623	11.1	Aluminum foundries (except die-casting)	331524	9.0
Hospitals ⁴	622	11.0	Nursing care facilities	6231	8.9
Skiing facilities	71392	10.5	Other metal container manufacturing	332439	8.6
Travel trailer and camper manufacturing	336214	10.2	Other residential care facilities	6239	8.6
Beet sugar manufacturing	311313	10.0	Psychiatric and substance abuse hospitals	6222	8.5
Ambulance services	62191	9.9	Fluid milk manufacturing	311511	8.4
			Truck trailer manufacturing	336212	8.4

X Not applicable ¹ Based on the North American Industry Classification System, 2007 (NAICS). See text, this section.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees. ³ Local Government. ⁴ State Government.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, News Release, *Workplace Injuries and Illnesses—2009*, News Release USDL 10-1451, October 2010. See also <<http://www.bls.gov/iif/oshsum.htm#09Summary%20News%20Release>>.

Table 660. Nonfatal Occupational Injuries and Illnesses by Industry: 2009

[4,140.7 represents 4,140,700. Rates per 100 full-time employees. Except as noted, data refer to any Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) recordable occupational injury or illness, whether or not it resulted in days away from work, job transfer, or restriction. Incidence rates were calculated as: number of injuries and illnesses divided by total hours worked by all employees during the year multiplied by 200,000 as base for 100 full-time equivalent workers (working 40 hours, per week, 50 weeks per year)]

Industry	2007 NAICS code ¹	Annual average employment ²	Number of cases (1,000)	Incidence rate of cases
Total ³	(X)	130,315.8	4,140.7	3.9
Private industry	(X)	111,469.1	3,277.7	3.6
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, hunting	11	977.7	44.9	5.3
Mining ⁴	21	689.1	17.7	2.4
Construction	23	6,700.5	251.0	4.3
Manufacturing	31-33	12,696.5	528.6	4.3
Wholesale trade	42	5,850.7	185.9	3.3
Retail trade	44-45	15,058.9	487.2	4.2
Transportation and warehousing ⁵	48-49	4,171.2	206.9	5.2
Utilities	22	567.6	18.4	3.3
Information	51	2,932.2	49.3	1.9
Finance and insurance	52	5,813.6	45.3	0.8
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	2,091.3	59.3	3.3
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	7,832.1	82.2	1.2
Management of companies and enterprises	55	1,933.4	30.3	1.7
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services	56	7,601.4	134.3	2.9
Educational services	61	2,454.9	41.0	2.4
Health care and social assistance	62	15,904.6	667.3	5.4
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	2,106.0	63.2	4.9
Accommodation and food services	72	11,480.3	277.4	3.7
Other services, except public administration	81	4,607.1	87.4	2.9
State and local government ³	(X)	18,846.7	862.9	5.8
State government	(X)	4,883.2	193.0	4.6
Local government	(X)	13,963.6	670.0	6.3

X Not applicable. ¹ North American Industry Classification System, 2007; see text, this section. ² Employment figure primarily derived from Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages (QCEW). ³ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees. ⁴ Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System—United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries. ⁵ Data for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, News Release, *Workplace Injuries and Illnesses—2009*, News Release, USDL 10-1451, October 2010. See also <<http://www.bls.gov/iif/oshsum.htm#09Summary%20News%20Release>>.

Table 661. Fatal Work Injuries by Event or Exposure: 2009

[For the 50 states and the District of Columbia. Based on the Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries. For details, see source. Due to methodological differences, data differ from National Safety Council data]

Event or exposure	Number of fatalities	Percent of distribution	Event or exposure	Number of fatalities	Percent of distribution
Total	4,551	100	Contacts with objects and equipment ¹	741	16
Transportation incidents ¹	1,795	39	Struck by object or equipment ¹	420	9
Highway incident ¹	985	22	Struck by falling object or equipment	272	6
Collision between vehicles, mobile equipment	466	10	Struck by flying object	41	1
Noncollision incidents	240	5	Caught in or compressed by equipment or objects	233	5
Nonhighway incident (farm, industrial premises)	261	6	Caught in or crushed in collapsing materials	80	2
Aircraft accidents	159	3	Falls	645	14
Pedestrians struck by a vehicle, mobile equipment	268	6	Exposure to harmful substances or environments ¹	404	9
Water vehicle accidents	86	2	Contact with electric current	170	4
Railway accidents	34	1	Exposure to caustic, noxious or allergenic substances	129	3
Assaults and violent acts ¹	837	18	Oxygen deficiency	62	1
Homicides ¹	542	12	Drowning, submersion	51	1
Shooting	434	10	Fires and explosions	113	2
Stabbing	49	1	Other events and exposures	16	(Z)
Self-inflicted injury	263	6			

Z Less than 0.5 percent. ¹ Includes other causes, not shown separately.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries (CFOI)—Current and Revised Data," <<http://www.bls.gov/iif/oshcfoi1.htm>>.

Table 662. Workplace Violence Incidents and Security Measures: 2005

[In percent. Covers period September 2004 to June 2006. Based on establishment survey; see source for details]

Incident or security measure	Total	Industry			Employment size					
		Private industry ¹	State government	Local government	1 to 10 employees	11 to 49 employees	50 to 249 employees	250 to 999 employees	1,000 or more employees	
Any workplace violence incidents	5.3	4.8	32.2	14.7	2.4	9.1	16.0	28.8	49.9	
Criminal	2.2	2.1	8.7	3.7	1.4	3.5	4.7	6.8	17.2	
Customer or client	2.2	1.9	15.4	10.3	1.0	3.9	6.4	12.2	28.3	
Co-worker	2.3	2.1	17.7	4.3	0.6	4.6	8.1	16.8	34.1	
Domestic violence	0.9	0.8	5.5	2.1	0.1	2.0	2.9	9.0	24.1	
No incident.	92.1	92.5	65.3	85.1	95.6	87.8	77.8	63.9	43.8	
Selected types of security provided:										
Intruder/burglar systems	41.8	42.1	29.1	35.5	35.7	53.9	57.5	54.2	61.0	
Surveillance cameras	22.6	22.2	45.2	32.7	17.0	29.2	47.9	69.1	77.9	
Motion detectors	26.9	27.1	14.8	21.3	24.0	32.9	33.7	28.3	36.4	
Metal detectors	0.9	0.7	16.0	4.3	0.5	1.1	2.5	7.2	15.7	
Electronic badges ²	6.3	6.0	35.6	9.0	3.9	7.2	20.8	45.1	60.1	
Security guards	9.5	9.1	48.6	10.5	6.4	11.7	24.8	53.9	65.3	
Limited access ³	30.7	30.0	58.0	50.7	26.0	35.9	52.5	68.3	83.2	
Physical barriers ⁴	13.4	13.1	27.2	23.6	10.2	18.2	24.5	33.5	46.5	
Lighting of work areas	39.1	38.7	55.8	48.5	32.2	50.0	62.1	71.9	80.4	
Workplace violence training provided:										
Any training	20.8	20.2	58.0	32.3	14.6	29.1	45.7	64.2	67.8	
No training	78.4	78.9	42.0	67.6	84.3	70.5	54.0	35.6	32.0	

¹ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees. ² Or ID scanner at entry or exit. ³ Secured entry/locked doors ⁴ Between work areas and the public.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Survey of Workplace Violence and Prevention—2005*, News Release, USDL 06-1860, October 2006. See also <<http://www.bls.gov/iif/home.htm>>.

Table 663. Work Stoppages: 1960 to 2010

[896 represents 896,000. Excludes work stoppages involving fewer than 1,000 workers and lasting less than 1 day. The term "major work stoppage" includes both worker-initiated strikes and employer-initiated lockouts that involve 1,000 workers or more. Information is based on reports of labor disputes appearing in daily newspapers, trade journals, and other public sources. The parties to the disputes are contacted by telephone, when necessary, to clarify details of the stoppages]

Year	Number of work stoppages ¹	Workers involved ² (1,000)	Days idle		Year	Number of work stoppages ¹	Workers involved ² (1,000)	Days idle	
			Number ³ (1,000)	Percent estimated working time ⁴				Number ³ (1,000)	Percent estimated working time ⁴
1960	222	896	13,260	0.09	1992	35	364	3,989	0.01
1970	381	2,468	52,761	0.29	1993	35	182	3,981	0.01
1975	235	965	17,563	0.09	1994	45	322	5,021	0.02
1976	231	1,519	23,962	0.12	1995	31	192	5,771	0.02
1977	298	1,212	21,258	0.10	1996	37	273	4,889	0.02
1978	219	1,006	23,774	0.11	1997	29	339	4,497	0.01
1979	235	1,021	20,409	0.09	1998	34	387	5,116	0.02
1980	187	795	20,844	0.09	1999	17	73	1,996	0.01
1981	145	729	16,908	0.07	2000	39	394	20,419	0.06
1982	96	656	9,061	0.04	2001	29	99	1,151	(Z)
1983	81	909	17,461	0.08	2002	19	46	660	(Z)
1984	62	376	8,499	0.04	2003	14	129	4,091	0.01
1985	54	324	7,079	0.03	2004	17	171	3,344	0.01
1986	69	533	11,861	0.05	2005	22	100	1,736	0.01
1987	46	174	4,481	0.02	2006	20	70	2,688	0.01
1988	40	118	4,381	0.02	2007	21	189	1,265	(Z)
1989	51	452	16,996	0.07	2008	15	72	1,954	0.01
1990	44	185	5,926	0.02	2009	5	13	124	(Z)
1991	40	392	4,584	0.02	2010	11	45	302	(Z)

Z Less than 0.005 percent. ¹ Beginning in year indicated. ² Workers counted more than once if involved in more than one stoppage during the year. ³ Resulting from all stoppages in effect in a year, including those that began in an earlier year.

⁴ Agricultural and government employees are included in the total working time; private household and forestry and fishery employees are excluded.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Major Work Stoppages in 2010*, News Release, USDL 11-0153, February 2011. See also <<http://www.bls.gov/news.release/wkstp.toc.htm>>.

Table 664. Labor Union Membership by Sector: 1985 to 2010

[Annual averages of monthly figures (16,996 represents 16,996,000). For wage and salary workers in agriculture and non-agriculture. Data represent union members by place of residence. Based on the Current Population Survey and subject to sampling error. For methodological details, see source]

Sector	1985	1990	1995	2000	2005	2007	2008	2009	2010
TOTAL (1,000)									
Wage and salary workers:									
Union members	16,996	16,740	16,360	16,258	15,685	15,670	16,098	15,327	14,715
Covered by unions	19,358	19,058	18,346	17,944	17,223	17,243	17,761	16,904	16,290
Public sector workers:									
Union members	5,743	6,485	6,927	7,111	7,430	7,557	7,832	7,897	7,623
Covered by unions	6,921	7,691	7,987	7,976	8,262	8,373	8,676	8,678	8,406
Private sector workers:									
Union members	11,253	10,255	9,432	9,148	8,255	8,114	8,265	7,431	7,092
Covered by unions	12,438	11,366	10,360	9,969	8,962	8,870	9,084	8,226	7,884
PERCENT									
Wage and salary workers:									
Union members	18.0	16.1	14.9	13.5	12.5	12.1	12.4	12.3	11.9
Covered by unions	20.5	18.3	16.7	14.9	13.7	13.3	13.7	13.6	13.1
Public sector workers:									
Union members	35.7	36.5	37.7	37.5	36.5	35.9	36.8	37.4	36.2
Covered by unions	43.1	43.3	43.5	42.0	40.5	39.8	40.7	41.1	40.0
Private sector workers:									
Union members	14.3	11.9	10.3	9.0	7.8	7.5	7.6	7.2	6.9
Covered by unions	15.9	13.2	11.3	9.8	8.5	8.2	8.4	8.0	7.7

Source: The Bureau of National Affairs, Inc., Arlington, VA, *Union Membership and Earnings Data Book: Compilations from the Current Population Survey* (2011 edition), (copyright by The Bureau of National Affairs, BNA PLUS); authored by Barry Hirsch of Georgia State University and David Macpherson of Trinity University. See also <<http://bnaplus.bna.com/LaborReports.aspx>> and <<http://unionstats.gsu.edu/>>.

Table 665. Union Members by Selected Characteristics: 2010

[Annual averages of monthly data (124,073 represents 124,073,000). Covers employed wage and salary workers 16 years old and over. Excludes self-employed workers whose businesses are incorporated although they technically qualify as wage and salary workers. Based on Current Population Survey, see text, Section 1 and Appendix III]

Characteristic	Employed wage and salary workers			Median usual weekly earnings ³ (dollars)			
	Total (1,000)	Percent		Total	Union members ¹	Repre- sented by union ²	Not repre- sented by union
		Union members ¹	Repre- sented by union ²				
Total⁴	124,073	11.9	13.1	747	917	911	717
AGE							
16 to 24 years old	16,638	4.3	5.0	432	585	580	423
25 to 34 years old	28,363	10.1	11.2	682	847	840	657
35 to 44 years old	27,356	12.8	14.2	824	961	954	792
45 to 54 years old	28,860	15.0	16.5	844	955	950	813
55 to 64 years old	18,199	15.7	17.2	860	975	971	828
65 years and over	4,657	9.3	10.4	684	823	821	665
SEX							
Men	63,531	12.6	13.8	824	967	964	789
Women	60,542	11.1	12.4	669	856	847	639
RACE							
White ⁵	101,042	11.7	13.0	765	943	936	736
Men	52,565	12.5	13.7	850	988	985	817
Women	48,477	10.9	12.2	684	882	872	651
Black ⁵	14,195	13.4	14.9	611	772	766	589
Men	6,347	14.8	16.2	633	829	827	606
Women	7,848	12.2	13.8	592	729	720	574
Asian ⁵	5,900	10.9	12.1	855	909	918	842
Men	3,112	9.4	10.4	936	924	941	936
Women	2,787	12.6	13.9	773	904	909	749
HISPANIC OR LATINO ETHNICITY							
Hispanic ⁶	18,263	10.0	11.1	535	771	766	512
Men	10,646	10.2	11.2	560	804	800	525
Women	7,616	9.6	10.8	508	729	724	489
INDUSTRY⁷							
Private sector	103,040	6.9	7.7	717	864	855	703
Mining	695	8.0	8.8	1,032	1,076	1,053	1,026
Construction	6,103	13.1	13.7	735	1,051	1,046	692
Manufacturing	13,252	10.7	11.6	767	828	817	759
Wholesale and retail trade	17,800	4.8	5.3	612	669	657	610
Transportation and utilities	5,195	21.8	23.2	823	1,000	994	765
Information	2,743	9.6	10.9	912	1,018	998	895
Financial activities	8,072	2.0	2.5	849	806	799	852
Professional and business services	11,738	2.7	3.3	855	751	754	859
Education and health services	19,804	8.1	9.4	731	849	846	717
Leisure and hospitality	11,111	2.7	3.0	469	580	575	461
Other services	5,397	2.9	3.4	615	866	862	609
Public sector	21,033	36.2	40.0	878	961	956	801

¹ Members of a labor union or an employee association similar to a labor union. ² Members of a labor union or an employee association similar to a union as well as workers who report no union affiliation but whose jobs are covered by a union or an employee association contract. ³ For full-time employed wage and salary workers. ⁴ Includes races not shown separately. Also includes a small number of multiple jobholders whose full- and part-time status cannot be determined for their principal job. ⁵ For persons in this race group only. See footnote 4, Table 587. ⁶ Persons of Hispanic origin may be any race. ⁷ For composition of industries, see Table 632.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Union Members in 2010*, News Release, USDL-11-0063, January 2011. See also <<http://www.bls.gov/news.release/union2.toc.htm>>.

Table 666. Labor Union Membership by State: 1985 and 2010

[Annual averages of monthly figures (16,996.1 represents 16,996,100). For wage and salary workers in agriculture and non-agriculture. Data represent union members by place of residence. Based on the Current Population Survey and subject to sampling error. For methodological details, see source.]

State	Union members (1,000)		Workers covered by unions (1,000)		Percent of workers					
					Union members		Covered by unions		Private sector union members	
	1985	2010	1985	2010	1985	2010	1985	2010	1985	2010
United States	16,996.1	14,715.1	19,358.1	16,289.5	18.0	11.9	20.5	13.1	14.3	6.9
Alabama ¹	226.6	183.3	254.9	202.8	15.7	10.1	17.6	11.2	13.5	5.7
Alaska	47.7	67.6	53.4	73.0	25.0	22.9	28.0	24.8	17.0	11.2
Arizona ¹	115.6	161.0	145.7	203.0	9.5	6.4	12.0	8.1	7.9	3.6
Arkansas ¹	91.6	43.6	108.4	58.6	11.2	4.0	13.3	5.4	9.5	2.7
California	2,123.1	2,431.3	2,485.8	2,577.8	20.4	17.5	23.9	18.6	15.8	9.3
Colorado	165.2	140.4	191.1	170.9	11.8	6.6	13.7	8.0	8.9	3.8
Connecticut	306.5	258.3	325.9	269.7	20.9	16.7	22.2	17.4	14.4	8.3
Delaware	45.6	40.2	50.9	43.9	16.6	11.4	18.5	12.5	12.8	5.8
District of Columbia	45.2	25.9	58.2	30.0	16.5	9.0	21.2	10.5	13.9	5.9
Florida ¹	395.2	391.8	515.7	488.0	9.1	5.6	11.9	6.9	5.3	2.3
Georgia ¹	239.5	153.3	273.1	191.1	10.0	4.0	11.4	5.0	9.1	2.5
Hawaii	109.6	111.3	121.2	120.3	27.8	21.8	30.8	23.5	19.7	14.6
Idaho ¹	41.7	41.5	48.4	50.1	11.7	7.1	13.6	8.6	9.8	3.6
Illinois	1,031.7	843.8	1,124.9	891.2	22.2	15.5	24.3	16.4	19.2	9.5
Indiana	476.7	278.6	524.4	312.8	21.3	10.9	23.4	12.2	20.8	8.2
Iowa ¹	181.7	158.2	212.8	191.8	17.0	11.4	20.0	13.8	14.5	7.1
Kansas ¹	129.0	83.7	157.3	111.0	12.8	6.8	15.6	9.1	11.4	4.5
Kentucky	219.2	146.5	250.8	166.1	16.5	8.9	18.8	10.1	16.4	7.2
Louisiana ¹	147.9	75.6	172.8	96.0	9.6	4.3	11.2	5.5	7.9	3.2
Maine	77.5	62.9	90.0	70.7	17.1	11.6	19.8	13.0	11.2	5.1
Maryland	329.9	296.1	412.9	328.8	16.7	11.6	20.9	12.9	13.0	6.1
Massachusetts	495.4	414.8	548.4	446.4	18.5	14.5	20.4	15.6	13.0	7.0
Michigan	1,004.5	627.3	1,071.0	658.7	28.4	16.5	30.3	17.3	23.5	11.1
Minnesota	407.5	384.6	452.7	397.3	22.6	15.6	25.1	16.1	16.7	8.4
Mississippi ¹	81.3	46.3	94.5	58.3	9.3	4.5	10.8	5.6	8.4	3.7
Missouri	378.3	244.3	418.9	274.4	18.7	9.9	20.7	11.1	19.1	8.5
Montana	57.3	46.1	66.9	52.2	19.4	12.7	22.7	14.4	14.9	5.6
Nebraska ¹	78.8	75.3	99.0	95.6	12.7	9.3	16.0	11.8	10.3	4.8
Nevada ¹	89.7	151.3	102.1	169.9	21.6	15.0	24.6	16.8	19.5	10.8
New Hampshire	48.8	63.2	54.8	72.6	10.7	10.2	12.0	11.7	6.9	4.4
New Jersey	821.0	636.9	937.2	660.0	24.9	17.1	28.4	17.7	19.0	9.0
New Mexico	49.4	54.8	62.4	72.4	10.0	7.3	12.7	9.7	8.9	2.6
New York	2,102.3	1,958.7	2,298.3	2,098.6	30.2	24.2	33.0	26.0	21.3	13.7
North Carolina ¹	167.0	116.7	209.5	179.6	6.4	3.2	8.0	4.9	4.7	1.8
North Dakota ¹	27.9	23.0	34.2	28.4	11.4	7.4	14.0	9.1	6.4	4.6
Ohio	999.0	654.9	1,090.9	701.9	23.6	13.7	25.7	14.7	20.7	8.4
Oklahoma ²	128.4	77.4	151.0	98.5	10.5	5.5	12.3	6.9	8.2	3.5
Oregon	231.6	245.1	260.8	267.9	22.7	16.2	25.6	17.7	16.7	9.1
Pennsylvania	1,055.4	770.2	1,174.7	831.4	22.8	14.7	25.4	15.9	19.1	9.3
Rhode Island	90.2	74.9	97.7	79.4	21.1	16.4	22.9	17.4	12.7	8.4
South Carolina ¹	58.8	79.6	72.5	106.8	4.5	4.6	5.6	6.2	3.8	2.7
South Dakota ¹	27.9	20.0	34.5	23.5	11.2	5.6	13.8	6.6	7.5	3.0
Tennessee ¹	236.8	115.5	281.8	142.5	13.1	4.7	15.6	5.8	10.9	2.2
Texas ¹	474.8	545.4	626.2	676.7	7.4	5.4	9.7	6.7	5.6	3.2
Utah ¹	69.9	74.6	91.9	95.6	11.4	6.5	14.9	8.4	8.0	3.9
Vermont	28.5	34.2	35.4	39.5	12.8	11.8	15.9	13.6	7.1	5.3
Virginia ¹	236.0	160.6	296.7	196.4	9.7	4.6	12.2	5.7	8.6	2.9
Washington	405.8	551.8	469.2	605.2	25.0	19.4	28.9	21.3	18.6	10.7
West Virginia	134.7	99.9	148.3	111.4	22.7	14.8	25.0	16.5	22.2	11.2
Wisconsin	435.9	354.9	463.9	379.8	22.3	14.2	23.8	15.1	17.8	8.4
Wyoming ¹	26.8	18.1	34.2	20.7	13.8	7.4	17.6	8.4	11.2	4.9

¹ Right to work state. ² Passed right to work law in 2001.

Source: The Bureau of National Affairs (BNA), Inc., Arlington, VA, *Union Membership and Earnings Data Book: Compilations from the Current Population Survey* (2011 edition), (copyright by BNA PLUS); authored by Barry Hirsch of Georgia State University and David Macpherson of Trinity University. See also <<http://unionstats.gsu.edu>> and <<http://bnaplus.bna.com/LaborReports.aspx>>.