Table 654. Employer Costs for Employee Compensation Per Hour Worked: 2010

[In dollars. As of December. Based on the National Compensation Survey (NCS). See Appendix III]

		State								
	-	and local							400	
Compensation component	Total	govern-		Goods	Service		Non-		100	
	civilian	ment		produc-	provid-	Union	union	1–99	workers	
	workers	workers	Total	ing ¹	ing ²	workers	workers	workers	or more	
Total compensation	29.72	40.28	27.75	32.50	26.78	37.35	26.72	22.91	33.26	
Wages and salaries	20.71	26.42	19.64	21.73	19.21	22.86	19.30	16.95	22.70	
Total benefits	9.02	13.86	8.11	10.77	7.57	14.49	7.43	5.96	10.56	
Paid leave	2.07	3.03	1.89	2.11	1.84	2.77	1.79	1.28	2.58	
Vacation	0.99	1.14	0.96	1.12	0.93	1.43	0.91	0.64	1.33	
Holiday	0.64	0.89	0.60	0.74	0.56	0.81	0.57	0.43	0.79	
Sick	0.32	0.78	0.24	0.18	0.25	0.38	0.22	0.16	0.33	
Supplemental pay	0.69	0.33	0.75	1.17	0.67	1.08	0.72	0.55	0.99	
Overtime ³	0.24	0.17	0.25	0.55	0.19	0.72	0.20	0.18	0.33	
Insurance	2.62	4.81	2.22	3.07	2.04	4.90	1.93	1.51	3.02	
Health insurance	2.49	4.66	2.08	2.87	1.92	4.60	1.81	1.43	2.83	
Retirement and savings	1.33	3.27	0.97	1.53	0.86	2.60	0.80	0.57	1.43	
Defined benefit	0.81	2.93	0.41	0.89	0.32	1.91	0.25	0.21	0.65	
Defined contributions	0.52	0.34	0.56	0.64	0.54	0.70	0.54	0.37	0.77	
Legally required	2.30	2.42	2.28	2.90	2.15	3.14	2.19	2.05	2.55	
Social security and Medicare	1.68	1.87	1.64	1.85	1.60	2.00	1.60	1.40	1.92	
Social security 4	1.34	1.45	1.32	1.49	1.28	1.62	1.29	1.13	1.53	
Medicare	0.34	0.42	0.32	0.36	0.32	0.39	0.32	0.27	0.38	
Federal unemployment	0.03	-	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.03	
State unemployment	0.17	0.09	0.18	0.25	0.17	0.24	0.18	0.18	0.18	
Workers' compensation	0.43	0.46	0.42	0.78	0.35	0.86	0.38	0.42	0.42	

⁻ Represents or rounds to zero. ¹ Based on the North American Industry Classification System, 2002 (NAICS). See text, this section. Includes mining, construction, and manufacturing. The agriculture, forestry, farming, and hunting sector is excluded. ² Based on the 2002 NAICS. Includes utilities; wholesale and retail trade; transportation and warehousing; information; finance and insurance; real estate and rental and leasing; professional and technical services; management of companies and enterprises, administrative and waste services; education services; health care and social assistance; arts, entertainment, and recreation; accommodations and food services; and other services, except public administration. ³ Includes premium pay for work in addition to regular work schedule, such as, overtime, weekends, and holidays. ⁴ Comprises the Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance Program (OASDI).

Table 655. Percent of Workers in Private Industry With Access to Retirement and Health Care Benefits by Selected Characteristics: 2010

[In percent (All workers = 100 percent) As of March. Based on National Compensation Survey (NCS). See headnote, Table 656, and Appendix III]

	Retirement benefits			Healthcare benefits			
							Outpatient
Characteristic			Defined				prescrip-
	All	Defined	contribu-	Medical	Dental	Vision	tion drug
	plans 1	benefit 2	tion 2	care	care	care	coverage
Total	65	20	59	71	46	26	69
WORKER CHARACTERISTICS							
Management, professional, and							
related occupations	80	28	75	87	61	35	85
Service occupations	42	8	38	44	28	16	44
Sales and office occupations	70	19	65	72	46	23	70
Natural resources, construction, and							
maintenance occupations	64	26	56	76	44	31	74
Production, transportation, and material moving							
occupations	66	25	55	76	48	29	74
Full-time 3	74	24	68	86	56	32	84
Part-time 3	39	11	33	24	15	9	23
Union ⁴	88	69	55	91	73	56	89
Nonunion ⁴	62	15	59	68	43	23	67
AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE ⁵							
Less than \$8.10	30	4	27	23	13	8	23
\$8.10 to under \$10.63	40	7	36	38	20	11	37
\$10.63 to under\$15.70	67	16	61	76	47	24	74
\$15.70 to under \$24.53	75	24	68	86	55	32	84
\$24.53 to under \$37.02	84	38	76	90	67	42	89
\$37.02 or greater	87	38	81	92	70	42	90
ESTĂBLISHMENT CHARACTERISTIC							
1 to 99 workers	51	10	47	59	30	18	57
100 or more workers	81	33	72	84	64	36	83
Goods producing 6	72	29	65	85	55	33	83
Service producing 6	63	19	58	68	44	25	66

¹ Employees may have access to both defined benefit and defined contribution plans. Total excludes duplication.² A defined benefit plan is a retirement plan that uses a specific, predetermined formula to calculate the amount of an employee's guaranteed future benefit. A defined contribution plan is a type of retirement plan in which the employer makes specified contributions to individual employee accounts, but the amount of the retirement benefit is not specified. ³ Employees are classified as working either a full-time or part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. ⁴ See footnote 6, Table 656. ⁵ The National Compensation Survey—Benefits program presents wage data in percentiles rather than dollar amounts; for calculation detail, see "Technical Note" in source. ⁵ See Table 632 for composition of goods and service producing industries.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Employee Benefits in the United States, March 2010, News Release, USDL 10-1044, July 2010. See also http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ebs/home.htm>.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Employer Costs for Employee Compensation—December 2010, News Release, USDL 11-0304, March 2011. See also http://www.bls.gov/schedule/archives/ecec_nr.htm#2011.