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Perspectives on the Mediterranean World

Thematic Bibliography no. 3/11

Le monde méditerranéen en perspective

Bibliographie thématique no. 3/11



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Books

Livres*

2010

449 /00055

Human Security : A New Perspective for Euro-Mediterranean Cooperation -
Paris : European Union Institute for Security Studies.

38 p. ; 27 cm.

(10 Papers for Barcelona 2010 ; 3)

ISBN: 9788439381150

Author(s):

1. Aliboni, Roberto
2. Saaf, Abdallah

Subject(s):

1. EU--MEDITERRANEAN REGION
2. EURO-MEDITERRANEAN PARTNERSHIP
3. HUMAN SECURITY--EU
4. HUMAN SECURITY--MEDITERRANEAN REGION
5. MEDITERRANEAN REGION--NATIONAL SECURITY

Added entry(s):

1. European Union Institute for Security Studies (FR)

Notes:

'This paper looks at the perspectives for security cooperation between the EU and its partner countries in the Mediterranean region. The authors argue that security is a crucial area of cooperation in Euro-Mediterranean relations and that there is a need to reevaluate the EU's policies towards the region in the light of the changing international context : a multilateralist approach by the EU towards the partner countries is key to an improvement of the security dialogue in the region. The authors emphasise the need to go beyond conventional understandings of security and to focus on human security in particular in order to resolve the ongoing political conflicts in the Euro-Mediterranean area. They put forward a number of recommendations on how best to consolidate and deepen security cooperation in Euro-Mediterranean relations.'

ID number: 80023145

Year: 2010

Type: M

* This list contains material received as of March 1st, 2011.-- Cette liste est arrêtée au 1^{er} mars 2011.

2009

441 /00193

No Euro-Mediterranean Community Without Peace - Paris : European Union Institute for Security Studies.

40 p.; 27 cm.

(10 Papers for Barcelona 2010 ; 1)

ISBN: 9788439381143

Author(s):

1. Asseburg, Muriel
2. Salem, Paul

Subject(s):

1. EU--MIDDLE EAST
2. ARAB-ISRAELI CONFLICT--1993---PEACE--EU
3. EU--MEDITERRANEAN REGION
4. EURO-MEDITERRANEAN PARTNERSHIP

Added entry(s):

1. European Union Institute for Security Studies (FR)
2. European Institute of the Mediterranean (SP)

Notes:

'This paper looks at the prospects for Euro-Mediterranean initiatives against the current troubled backdrop of the Middle East, and in particular the Israeli-Palestinian conflict. It is clear that the long-term objective of creating a Euro-Mediterranean Community will not be fulfilled without a lasting peace being established in the region. The authors put forward a set of proposals on how Europe should contribute to resolving the Middle East crisis - and in particular on how to take advantage of the window of opportunity afforded by the change in American policy that has followed the election of President Obama.'

ID number: 80023108

Year: 2009

Type: M

321 /00035 REF

The Middle East and North Africa : 2010 - Abingdon, UK : Routledge.

xx, 1464 p.; 29 cm.

ISBN: 9781857435306

Subject(s):

1. MIDDLE EAST--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT
2. MIDDLE EAST--ECONOMIC CONDITIONS
3. MIDDLE EAST--SOCIAL CONDITIONS
4. AFRICA, NORTH--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT
5. AFRICA, NORTH--ECONOMIC CONDITIONS
6. AFRICA, NORTH--SOCIAL CONDITIONS

ID number: 80023138

Edition: 56th ed.

Year: 2009

Type: REF

2008

449 /00052

Union pour la Mediterranee : le potentiel de l'acquis de Barcelone -
Paris : Institut d'Etudes de Securite de l'Union Europeenne.
35 p.; 24 cm.

(ISS Report ; 3)

Subject(s):

1. EU--MEDITERRANEAN REGION
2. EURO-MEDITERRANEAN PARTNERSHIP

Added entry(s):

1. Institut d'Etudes de Securite de l'Union Europeenne (FR)

Notes:

'Le sommet de l'Union mediterraneenne de Paris a cree les conditions politiques pour relancer le processus de Barcelone. Mais les grands defis identifies dans le present rapport demeurent; s'ils ne sont pas releves, il n'y aura pas d'integration regionale ni Nord-Sud ni Sud-Sud et les objectifs fixes par le sommet ne seront pas atteints.'

ID number: 80022097

Year: 2008

Type: M

355.4 /01583

The Strategic Interests of the Maghreb States - Rome : NATO Defense
College.

66 p.; 21 cm.

(NDC Forum Paper ; 4)

Author(s):

1. Iratni, Belkacem

Subject(s):

1. AFRICA, NORTH--STRATEGIC ASPECTS

Added entry(s):

1. NATO Defence College (IT)

Notes:

'Strategic interests are understood in terms of security matters that include military aspects (hard security) and other, different dimensions that are less military and increasingly societal (soft security). In the case of the Maghreb, security interests mean the preservation of territorial integrity, the assertion of national identity and cohesion, and the strengthening of solidarity and cooperation with other countries and regions, These concerns are better understood in the light of the perceived threats facing these states both internally and externally.'

ID number: 80022354

Year: 2008

Type: M

449 /00054

European Foreign Policy Making toward the Mediterranean - New York :
 Palgrave MacMillan.
 x, 252 p. : ill. ; 22 cm.
 (Europe in Transition : The NYU European Studies Series)
 ISBN: 9781403968647

Author(s):

1. Bicchi, Federica

Subject(s):

1. EU--MEDITERRANEAN REGION
2. EEC--MEDITERRANEAN REGION
3. EURO-MEDITERRANEAN PARTNERSHIP
4. EU--ENP

Notes:

Bibliography: p. 217-242. Includes index.

'A comprehensive and theoretically informed examination of European foreign policy making towards the Mediterranean, this book asks why, when, and how EU member states formulated new foreign policy initiatives toward their southern neighbors. By using a policy analysis approach, the book addresses the conditions that have led to new policy initiatives toward the Mediterranean non-member states. The book focuses on the reasons and the patterns of Europeans' actions, with a special emphasis on the early 1970s and on current times. It analyzes how interest in Europe for the Mediterranean has generally arisen out of a shared sense of puzzlement in front of challenges, such as terrorism or migration, originating from the Southern neighbors. The book casts new light on the role of member states as policy entrepreneurs in European integration, and explains European foreign policy as a way to collectively reconstruct a new understanding of Euro-Mediterranean relations.'

ID number: 80022563

Edition: 1st ed.

Year: 2007

Type: M

321 /00748

Egypt : Security, Political, and Islamist Challenges - Carlisle, PA : US
 Army War College.
 x, 151 p. ; 23 cm.
 ISBN: 1584873124

Author(s):

1. Zuhur, Sherifa

Subject(s):

1. EGYPT--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT
2. TERRORISM--RELIGIOUS ASPECTS--ISLAM--EGYPT
3. ISLAMIC FUNDAMENTALISM--EGYPT
4. DEMOCRATIZATION--EGYPT

Added entry(s):

1. US Army War College. Strategic Studies Institute (US)

Notes:

Bibliography: p. 127-137.

'This monograph approaches three issues in contemporary Egypt : failures of governance and political development, the continued strength of Islamism, and counterterrorism. The Egyptian government forged a truce with its most troublesome Islamist militants in 1999. However, violence emerged again from new sources of Islamist militancy from 2003 into 2006. All of the previously held conclusions about the role of state strength versus movements divisions that led to the truce are now void as 'Al-Qa'idism' continues to plague Egypt. The even more

pressing need for democratization has been setback by the security situation. Yet political pressures might threaten the country's stability more thoroughly, in the longer run, than the sporadic terrorist attacks. Widespread political discontent has been expressed for the last several years and, unless uneven economic conditions improve and greater consensus is achieved, Egypt could move in one of three different directions.'

ID number: 80021576
Year: 2007
Type: M

2006

961 /00001

A History of Modern Libya - Cambridge, UK : Cambridge University Press.
xxviii, 246 p. : ill. ; 24 cm.

ISBN: 0521850487

Author(s):

1. Vandewalle, Dirk J.

Subject(s):

1. LIBYA--HISTORY

2. LIBYA--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT

Notes:

Bibliography: p. 218-225. Includes index.

'Libya is coming in from the cold, but for most of the three decades following Mu'ammār al-Qadhafi's self-styled revolution in 1969, the country was politically isolated and labeled a pariah state by the West. This history - based on original research and interviews with Libya's political elite - offers a lucid and comprehensive account of Libya's past, and corrects some of the misunderstandings about its present. The author begins in the 1900s with a portrait of Libya's desert terrain, its peoples, and the personalities that shaped its development. He then moves on to the harrowing years of the Italian occupation in the early twentieth century, through the Sanusi monarchy and, thereafter, to the revolution of 1969. The following chapters analyze the economics and politics of Qadhafi's revolution, with some intriguing insights into the man and his ideology as reflected in The Green Book. The final chapter is devoted to the most recent events that brought Libya back into the international fold and concludes with some likely scenarios for its future.'

ID number: 80020987

Year: 2006

Type: M

327 /01259

Le Maghreb strategique. Deuxieme partie - Rome : NATO Defense College.
72 p. ; 21 cm.

(NDC Occasional Paper ; 14)

Subject(s):

1. AFRICA, NORTH--FOREIGN RELATIONS

2. AFRICA, NORTH--STRATEGIC ASPECTS

Added entry(s):

1. NATO Defence College (IT)

2. College de Defense de l'OTAN (IT)

ID number: 80020732

Year: 2006

Type: M

2005

355.4 /01444

Horizons de securite en Mediterranee et au Moyen-Orient : communaute d'interets et defis communs = Looking to the Future : Common Security Interests and Challenges in the Mediterranean and the Middle East - Rome : NATO Defense College.

153 p. : ill. ; 22 cm.

(Seminar Report Series ; 22)

ISBN: 888796727X

Subject(s):

1. MEDITERRANEAN REGION--NATIONAL SECURITY
2. MIDDLE EAST--NATIONAL SECURITY
3. NATO--MEDITERRANEAN REGION
4. NATO--MIDDLE EAST

Added entry(s):

1. NATO Defence College (IT)
2. College de Defense de l'OTAN (IT)

Notes:

Rome, 29-30 November 2004.

ID number: 80020007

Year: 2005

Type: M

449 /00047

Evaluating Euro-Mediterranean Relations - London : Routledge.

xviii, 167 p. ; 24 cm.

(Routledge Advances in European Politics ; 22)

ISBN: 0714654124

Author(s):

1. Calleya, Stephen C.

Subject(s):

1. EURO-MEDITERRANEAN PARTNERSHIP
2. EU--MEDITERRANEAN REGION

Notes:

Bibliography: p. 153-157. Includes index.

'What are the prospects for the future of the Euro-Mediterranean area and what relevant role can the Euro-Mediterranean Partnership (EMP) play in this future ? After decades of a Mediterranean policy that was actually focused more on improving economic relations between Europe and the Mediterranean riparian states than anything else, the EU launched a more comprehensive Mediterranean policy in November 1995, the Euro-Mediterranean Partnership (EMP). The EMP has embraced political and security relations and socio-cultural relations as well as taking economics into account. As the tenth anniversary of this partnership approaches, this book discusses measures that could help transform this multilateral initiative from a boundary management exercise to a process that focuses more on encouraging boundary transformation. Euro-Mediterranean initiatives in the pipeline, such as the enhanced political dialogue, the Charter for Peace and Stability, the creation of a free trade area, and justice and home affairs cooperation are also discussed.'

ID number: 80020048

Year: 2005

Type: M

449 /00053

Europe-Mediterranee : comment renouveler le partenariat ? =
Europe-Mediterranean Partnership : How Can We Get It Back on the
Tracks ? - Lyon : Institut Aspen France.

91 p. ; 24 cm.

Subject(s):

1. EURO-MEDITERRANEAN PARTNERSHIP
2. EU--MEDITERRANEAN REGION

Added entry(s):

1. Institut Aspen France (FR)
2. Instituto de Estudos Estrategicos e Internacionais (PT)

Notes:

Conference Europe-Mediterranee, Casablanca, 27-29 mai 2005.
Synthese des travaux = Europe-Mediterranean Conference,
Casablanca, 27-29 May 2005. Proceedings.

ID number: 80022491

Year: 2005

Type: M

327 /01259

Le Maghreb strategique. Premiere partie - Rome : NATO Defense College.
69 p. ; 21 cm.

(NDC Occasional Paper ; 6)

Subject(s):

1. AFRICA, NORTH--FOREIGN RELATIONS
2. AFRICA, NORTH--STRATEGIC ASPECTS

Added entry(s):

1. NATO Defence College (IT)
2. College de Defense de l'OTAN (IT)

ID number: 80020125

Year: 2005

Type: M

Journal Articles

Articles de revues*

2010

Moment in the Sun.

(WORLD TODAY, vol. 67, no. 2, February 2011, p. 17-18.)

Author(s):

1. Spencer, Claire

Subject(s):

1. TUNISIA--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT

Notes:

A week on from the ousting of President Zine El Abidine Ben Ali from the presidency of Tunisia, a semblance of calm appeared to be returning to Tunisian streets. Protests may continue over details of the transition, but the next few weeks will determine whether the 'Jasmine revolution' can prove that peaceful change is possible in North Africa and the Middle East.

ID Number: JA027487

Year: 2011

Language: English

Type: ART

Security through Trust-Building in the Euro-Mediterranean Cooperation :
Two Perspectives for the Partnership.

(SOUTHEASAT EUROPEAN AND BLACK SEA STUDIES, vol. 10, no. 4, December 2010, p. 457-473.)

Author(s):

1. Bilgic, Ali

Subject(s):

1. EURO-MEDITERRANEAN PARTNERSHIP

Notes:

Trust-building creates puzzles for analysts in relation to what kind of trust is built in world politics, between whom, and to what end. This article studies two types of trust in the Euro-Mediterranean Partnership : rationalist trust which characterizes inter-state cooperation to protect order and cosmopolitan trust which reveals the emancipatory potential of political structures that aim to achieve more security for individuals. In this study, two types of trust are illustrated in the Euro-Mediterranean cooperation by analyzing the link between security and trust. It is argued that while rationalist trust between states with 'security as order' rationality reconstructs the status quo in North African countries, cosmopolitan trust with 'security as emancipation' rationality

* This list contains material received as of March 1st, 2011.– Cette liste est arrêtée au 1^{er} mars 2011.

toward North African individuals has the potential to transform these countries' political structures.

ID Number: JA027463

Year: 2010

Language: English

Type: ART

The Euro-Mediterranean Parliamentary Assembly, 2004-2008 : Assessing the First Years of the Parliamentary Dimension of the Barcelona Process. (MEDITERRANEAN QUARTERLY, vol. 21, no. 2, Spring 2010, p. 90-113.)

Author(s):

1. Pace, Roderick

2. Stavridis, Stelios

Subject(s):

1. EURO-MEDITERRANEAN PARTNERSHIP

ID Number: JA026873

Year: 2010

Language: English

Type: ART

Mediterranee : etat des lieux.

(REVUE DEFENSE NATIONALE, no. 730, mai 2010, p. 79-86.)

Author(s):

1. Benchenane, Mustapha

Subject(s):

1. EU--MEDITERRANEAN REGION

Notes:

En revenant de facon detaillee sur les differentes etapes d'une introuvable integration strategique mediterraneenne, l'auteur nous invite a dépasser les racines de la conflictualite intrinseque de cette zone cle, a la fois forum de peuples et passerelle de continents, par une recherche resolue de solutions mutuellement favorables.

ID Number: JA026824

Year: 2010

Language: French

Type: ART

Building the Mosaic of Mediterranean Integration.

(MEDITERRANEAN QUARTERLY, vol. 21, no. 3, Summer 2010, p. 1-7.)

Author(s):

1. Frenedo, Michael

Subject(s):

1. EU--MEDITERRANEAN REGION

ID Number: JA027172

Year: 2010

Language: English

Type: ART

The Union for the Mediterranean : Views from the Southern Shores.
(INTERNATIONAL SPECTATOR, vol. 45, no. 3, September 2010, p. 41-50.)

Author(s):

1. Khatib, Kamleh

Subject(s):

1. EU--MEDITERRANEAN REGION

Notes:

Through a series of open-question interviews carried out with those responsible for the UfM between late 2008 and early 2009, some undeniable and unanimously accepted merits were voiced. However, views from the southern shores of the Mediterranean appear to be multifaceted and not uniform with only one dominant common trait echoing in all interviews and shaping negative perceptions, namely, the weight the Arab-Israeli conflict exerts in hampering the initiative. While a Union of projects could address the architectural deficit that has prevented the Mediterranean from becoming a coherently functional economic space, high politics emerge, yet again, as an inescapable reality that demands prioritisation.

ID Number: JA027240

Year: 2010

Language: English

Type: ART

Europe, the Mediterranean, the Middle East and the Need for Triangulation.

(INTERNATIONAL SPECTATOR, vol. 45, no. 3, September 2010, p. 27-39.)

Author(s):

1. Youngs, Richard
2. Echague, Ana

Subject(s):

1. EU--MIDDLE EAST
2. EU--MEDITERRANEAN REGION
3. EU--AFRICA, NORTH

Notes:

European Union policy towards the Middle East and North Africa suffers from geographic fragmentation and an increasing functional imbalance which reflects a growing trend towards securitisation. While policy towards the Mediterranean is highly institutionalised, the Gulf Cooperation Council states receive much less attention and policies towards Iran, Iraq and the occupied Palestinian territories exist in isolation. A narrow focus on an exclusionist approach to security has taken over to the detriment of political and economic concerns. The shortcomings in European foreign policy towards the broader Middle East in terms of lack of breadth and coherence need to be addressed in order to forge a more cohesive and effective policy.

ID Number: JA027239

Year: 2010

Language: English

Type: ART

Egyptian-Iranian Relations : Retrospect and Prospect.

(JOURNAL OF SOCIAL, POLITICAL AND ECONOMIC STUDIES, vol. 35, no. 1,
Spring 2010, p. 11-22.)

Author(s):

1. Bahgat, Gawdat

Subject(s):

1. EGYPT--FOREIGN RELATIONS--IRAN
2. IRAN--FOREIGN RELATIONS--EGYPT

Notes:

Egypt and Iran are two major Middle Eastern powers. Mutual suspicion and occasionally open hostility have largely characterized the relations between the two nations. Diplomatic ties were severed shortly after the 1979 Iranian Revolution and efforts to restore them have yet to succeed. This essay examines the two nations' stance on major issues such as Hezbollah, Hamas, and proliferation of nuclear weapons. The analysis suggests that a thaw is unlikely in the foreseeable future.

ID Number: JA026673

Year: 2010

Language: English

Type: ART

2009

The West and Russia in the Mediterranean : Towards a Renewed Rivalry ?.

(MEDITERRANEAN POLITICS, vol. 14, no. 3, November 2009, p. 385-406.)

Author(s):

1. Lutterbeck, Derek
2. Engelbrecht, Georgij

Subject(s):

1. RUSSIA (FEDERATION)--FOREIGN RELATIONS--MEDITERRANEAN REGION
2. MEDITERRANEAN REGION--FOREIGN RELATIONS--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)

Notes:

While Russia during the Yeltsin period was largely relegated to a spectator role in the Mediterranean, under Vladimir Putin it has emerged as an increasingly significant player in the region. In particular in the energy and military sectors, Russia has shown a renewed interest in the Mediterranean and also stepped up its efforts to establish closer relationships with the countries of the southern shores of the Mediterranean sea. This in turn has been of considerable concern to Western, and in particular European, countries, which at least to some extent have seen Russia's growing activism in the Mediterranean as a challenge to their interests. As a result, there now appears to be a renewed rivalry between Western countries and Russia in the region - rivalry predominantly over oil and gas supplies, as well as military cooperation, in particular arms sales, with the countries south of the Mediterranean. This renewed, but transformed, geopolitical contest between East and West seems to have been, at least to some extent, an empowering development for the countries along the southern rim of the Mediterranean, enhancing their leverage both vis-a-vis Western countries and Russia.

ID Number: JA026419

Year: 2009

Language: English

Type: ART

The End of the 'Euro-Mediterranean Vision'.

(INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS, vol. 85, no. 5, September 2009, p. 963-975.)

Author(s):

1. Kausch, Kristina
2. Youngs, Richard

Subject(s):

1. EU--MEDITERRANEAN REGION
2. EURO-MEDITERRANEAN PARTNERSHIP

Notes:

Relations between the European Union and North Africa have veered away from the political vision expounded under the Barcelona Process. The Union for the Mediterranean will likely deepen this trend. The Euro-Mediterranean space is increasingly characterized by competitive, containment-based and exclusionary security strategies. The more political dimensions of the partnership are now given short shrift and the EU appears inattentive to the dynamics of change within North African societies. Countries such as Spain and the UK have been overly passive in rescuing the Euro-Med vision from French diplomacy and the nature of relations between Europe and North Africa are increasingly out of sync with the changing international system.

ID Number: JA026186

Year: 2009

Language: English

Type: ART

Greening the Mediterranean : Europe's Environmental Policy toward Mediterranean Neighbors.

(MEDITERRANEAN QUARTERLY, vol. 20, no. 2, Spring 2009, p. 26-39.)

Author(s):

1. Lesser, Pamela

Subject(s):

1. ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY--MEDITERRANEAN REGION
2. EURO-MEDITERRANEAN PARTNERSHIP
3. ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY--EU
4. EU--MEDITERRANEAN REGION

ID Number: JA026134

Year: 2009

Language: English

Type: ART

The Transformation of the Union for the Mediterranean.

(MEDITERRANEAN POLITICS, vol. 14, no. 1, March 2009, p. 99-105.)

Author(s):

1. Balfour, Rosa

Subject(s):

1. EU--MEDITERRANEAN REGION

ID Number: JA025796

Year: 2009

Language: English

Type: ART

'Das Projekt Mittelmeer-Union' : ein französischer Vorschlag europäischer Nachbarschaftspolitik.

(OSTERREICHISCHE MILITARISCHE ZEITSCHRIFT, 47. Jg., Heft 5, September - Oktober 2009, S. 547-556.)

Author(s):

1. Brill, Heinz

Subject(s):

1. EU--MEDITERRANEAN REGION

ID Number: JA026166

Year: 2009

Language: German

Type: ART

The Union for the Mediterranean : An Exercise in Region Building.

(MEDITERRANEAN QUARTERLY, vol. 20, no. 4, Fall 2009, p. 49-70.)

Author(s):

1. Calleya, Stephen C.

Subject(s):

1. EU--MEDITERRANEAN REGION

ID Number: JA026432

Year: 2009

Language: English

Type: ART

The European Union's Democratization Agenda in the Mediterranean : A Critical Inside-Out Approach.

(DEMOCRATIZATION, vol. 16, no. 1, February 2009, Special Issue.)

Subject(s):

1. DEMOCRATIZATION--MEDITERRANEAN REGION

2. EU--MEDITERRANEAN REGION

ID Number: JA025600

Year: 2009

Language: English

Type: ART

Le role de l'OTAN en Mediterranee et au Moyen-Orient.

(REVUE INTERNATIONALE ET STRATEGIQUE, no. 73, printemps 2009, p. 43-55.)

Author(s):

1. Saïdy, Brahim

Subject(s):

1. NATO--MEDITERRANEAN REGION

2. NATO--PERSIAN GULF REGION

Notes:

L'OTAN a connu des changements majeurs pour s'adapter aux nouveaux enjeux sécuritaires mondiaux issus de la fin de la guerre froide. L'Alliance a étendu sa compétence géographique, devenant une alliance militaire mondiale. Afin de faire face aux menaces sécuritaires en Méditerranée et au Moyen Orient, l'OTAN a lancé le Partenariat méditerranéen de l'OTAN (PMO) et l'Initiative de coopération d'Istanbul (ICI). Or, le développement de ces deux partenariats se heurte à la spécificité de la conflictualité régionale, aux intérêts divergents des Alliés, au conflit israélo-arabe et à la mauvaise image de l'OTAN dans le monde arabe. L'approfondissement du rôle de l'OTAN dans la région nécessite que l'Alliance se dote d'un support politique visant à dénouer les conflits régionaux et réévalue les mécanismes de coopération.

ID Number: JA025742

Year: 2009

Language: French

Type: ART

Egypt and Iran.

(MIDDLE EAST POLICY, vol. 16, no. 4, Winter 2009, p. 47-54.)

Author(s):

1. Bahgat, Gawdat

Subject(s):

1. EGYPT--FOREIGN RELATIONS--IRAN

2. IRAN--FOREIGN RELATIONS--EGYPT

ID Number: JA026446

Year: 2009

Language: English

Type: ART

2008

Energy Security in the Broader Mediterranean.

(EUROPEAN SECURITY, vol. 17, no. 1, 2008, p. 161-183.)

Author(s):

1. Winrow, Gareth M.

Subject(s):

1. ENERGY POLICY--EU

2. EU--NATIONAL SECURITY

3. ENERGY POLICY--MEDITERRANEAN REGION

4. MEDITERRANEAN REGION--NATIONAL SECURITY

Notes:

This article examines the evolving relationship in the energy field between states north and south of the Mediterranean. The focus is on energy security, with North African energy producers eager to export their hydrocarbons to European consumers, and EU member states keen to diversify their energy suppliers, and, in particular, avoid overdependence on Russia for natural gas imports. There are separate discussions on trade in crude oil, natural gas and liquefied natural gas. Concerns over terrorist attacks on energy infrastructure and the heightened interest of NATO on issues of energy security in the Mediterranean are also examined.

ID Number: JA025506

Year: 2008

Language: English

Type: ART

The Region-Building Practices of the EU in the Mediterranean : The EMP and ENP, What is Next ?.

(EUROPEAN SECURITY, vol. 17, no. 1, 2008, p. 123-139.)

Author(s):

1. Guney, Nursin Atesoglu

Subject(s):

1. EU--MEDITERRANEAN REGION

2. EURO-MEDITERRANEAN PARTNERSHIP

3. EU--ENP

Notes:

In this paper, the focus will be on the EU's region-building practice in the Mediterranean via an evaluation of the successes and failures of the EMP, ENP and operations under the ESDP. With this aim in mind, some general approaches to region-building and how the Mediterranean is defined will be briefly examined. Drawing on the experiences of the Union on the ground, an assessment will be made as to what the next move of the Union in the Mediterranean will be in order for it to realise the aims stated in the Union's Security Document.

ID Number: JA025504

Year: 2008

Language: English
Type: ART

From the Euro-Mediterranean Partnership to the Union for the Mediterranean.

(PERCEPTIONS, vol. 13, no. 4, Winter 2008, p. 87-115.)

Author(s):

1. Suel, Asli

Subject(s):

1. EU--MEDITERRANEAN REGION
2. EURO-MEDITERRANEAN PARTNERSHIP
3. EU--ENP

Notes:

The Euro-Mediterranean relations advanced at a relatively slow pace and shallow depth under the Cold War dynamics. After the end of the bipolar structure, European strategists found room to revitalize the relations. These efforts culminated in the Barcelona Process, which fell behind in meeting expectations. The latest attempt, the Union for the Mediterranean, confronts severe setbacks in achieving the goals set by the Barcelona process. Its future depends on the partners' ability to overcome major weaknesses stemming from the institutional set up and the impact of the Arab-Israeli conflict. Deadlocked by interrupted dialogue, the prospect of cooperation is bleak. The article presents the evolution of the Euro-Mediterranean relations from the Barcelona Process to the Union for the Mediterranean. The first part focuses on the objectives and institutions of the Barcelona Process. Following a brief discussion on the European Union Neighbourhood policy, the Euro-Mediterranean partnership-European Union Neighbourhood policy association and the performance of the former are introduced. Finally, the 2007 Union for the Mediterranean is scrutinized.

ID Number: JA027188

Year: 2008

Language: English

Type: ART

L'Union pour la Mediterranee : un defi europeen.

(POLITIQUE ETRANGERE, 73e annee, no. 1, 2008, p. 51-64.)

Author(s):

1. Bauchard, Denis

Subject(s):

1. EU--MEDITERRANEAN REGION

Notes:

La fracture mediterraneenne - economique, politique, culturelle - est une donnee que ne reduisent pas les actuelles cooperations avec l'Union europeenne. Le projet d'Union pour la Mediterranee a donc pour objectif de developper de nouveaux mecanismes de cooperation entre les pays riverains, sans aller jusqu'a l'integration. La reussite de ce projet exige des pays riverains une confiance mutuelle, et celle des Europeens eux-memes, ainsi que la mise en place d'une methode specifique.

ID Number: JA024647

Year: 2008

Language: French

Type: ART

The Union for the Mediterranean : A Genuine Breakthrough or more of the Same ?.

(INTERNATIONAL SPECTATOR, vol. 43, no. 3, September 2008, p. 13-20.)

Author(s):

1. Bechev, Dimitar
2. Nicolaidis, Kalypso

Subject(s):

1. EU--MEDITERRANEAN REGION

Notes:

The new French scheme for a Union for the Mediterranean (UFM), officially inaugurated on 13 July, has stirred up a great deal of controversy inside the EU. Even in its watered-down form, the initiative promises to relaunch the stalled relations between the two sides of the Mediterranean in the context of the Barcelona Process. Though vulnerable to all manner of external shocks linked to the multiple inter- and intra-state conflicts around the Mediterranean, the Sarkozy plan is a welcome move to a greater degree of 'co-ownership' through the institution of a joint presidency. Of great importance in the interest of overcoming at least some of the problems that have bedeviled the Barcelona Process is further 'decentring' of Euro-Med politics away from Brussels and more comprehensive trade opening by the EU.

ID Number: JA025247

Year: 2008

Language: English

Type: ART

Du bon usage de l'Union pour la Mediterranee.

(POLITIQUE INTERNATIONALE, no. 121, automne 2008, p. 219-232.)

Author(s):

1. Claude, Gerard

Subject(s):

1. EU--MEDITERRANEAN REGION

Notes:

Several months after the Paris summit of July 13 that marked the beginning of a Mediterranean Union, what is the state of this ambitious project ? Was the idea, launched during the French presidential campaign, merely an electoral gambit ? Or is it a coherent, consistent plan, designed to revive a ten-year-old European-Mediterranean partnership, constantly patched together with a string of additions and corrections until it broke down ? What, concretely, does this project amount to, following several months of exchanges, negotiations, compromises and adjustments ? And why did Nicolas Sarkozy make it one of the two key plans of his foreign policy ? Is it a mere presidential desire to write his chapter of history, as did the founding fathers of the European Union, or is there some hidden strategic agenda of a quite different nature ? The author explores the underside of this vastly ambitious project.

ID Number: JA025334

Year: 2008

Language: French

Type: ART

Union Mediterranea : bonitas palabras o buena idea ?.

(POLITICA EXTERIOR, vol. 22, no. 122, marzo - abril 2008, p. 65-80.)

Author(s):

1. Khader, Bichara

Subject(s):

1. EU--MEDITERRANEAN REGION

Notes:

La iniciativa de Sarkozy de una Union Mediterranea no convence ni a la UE ni a los paises de las orillas este y sur. El gran proyecto exterior del presidente frances ha abierto un debate sobre la politica de la UE hacia el Mediterraneo articulada en el Proceso de Barcelona.

ID Number: JA024745

Year: 2008

Language: Spanish

Type: ART

Constructing the Mediterranean in the Face of the New Threats : Are the EU's Words Really New ?.

(EUROPEAN SECURITY, vol. 17, no. 1, 2008, p. 141-160.)

Author(s):

1. Korkmaz, Visne

Subject(s):

1. EU--MEDITERRANEAN REGION

Notes:

Since the end of the Cold War, the discourses and practices of the EU towards the Mediterranean have emerged as an important area of study with regard to attempting to explain and analyse how Europe and the Mediterranean are reconstructed. This mutual reconstruction of two selves in the so-called Mediterranean relationship appears as a new type of praxis, a broadened self, following the model of European success in forming a regional security community. However, since the 9/11 terrorist attacks, the Mediterranean idea has been constructed by exploiting the new threats facing the West and Europeans. In this paper it is assumed that the discourse and practice of the EU in constructing the Mediterranean self can be seen as an extension of long-standing European policies of constructing Europe as an area of security. In the light of this evaluation, this paper focuses on the threat perceptions of the EU, the related power asymmetries in the Mediterranean relationship and the enduring asymmetry in the perception of the European and Mediterranean self in the face of the 'new' insecurities.

ID Number: JA025505

Year: 2008

Language: English

Type: ART

Eying Other Shores.

(WORLD TODAY, vol. 64, no. 7, July 2008, p. 8-10.)

Author(s):

1. Spencer, Claire

Subject(s):

1. EU--MEDITERRANEAN REGION

Notes:

Ahead of the French holiday rush for relaxation in warm waters, President Nicolas Sarkozy has flung himself into the Mediterranean policy pool. Not content with existing arrangements, plans and processes for dealing with those on the other shore, the President has built his very own scheme, now adopted by the European Union. But the tides have not been altogether kind.

ID Number: JA025039

Year: 2008

Language: English

Type: ART

L'OTAN et le monde arabe : peur, dialogue et partenariat.

(POLITIQUE ETRANGERE, 73e annee, no. 1, 2008, p. 119-130.)

Author(s):

1. Bouhou, Kassim

Subject(s):

1. NATO--MEDITERRANEAN REGION

Notes:

Dasn l'apres-guerre froide, le constat de l'interdependance securitaire en Mediterranee fonde le Dialogue mediterraneen entre l'OTAN et certains pays du Sud. L'apres-11 septembre reoriente ce Dialogue en direction de la cooperation antiterroriste. Son articulation avec l'initiative d'Istanbul de 2004 en direction des pays du Golfe reste ambigu. Tout comme est brouille, en definitive, son positionnement global face a la multiplicité des initiatives politiques dans la zone mediterraneenne.

ID Number: JA024651

Year: 2008

Language: French

Type: ART

Twenty Years of Change : Tunisia's Journey of Progress Continues.

(MEDITERRANEAN QUARTERLY, vol. 19, no. 2, Spring 2008, p. 1-4.)

Author(s):

1. Hachana, Mohamed Nejb

Subject(s):

1. TUNISIA--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT

Notes:

Since 7 November 1987, Tunisia has embarked on an ambitious undertaking framed by President Zine El Abidine Ben Ali, aiming to position the country among the developed nations. From the beginning, President Ben Ali has been aware of the condition of success of this enterprise : a comprehensive and gradual development approach, taking into consideration the interdependent and complementary nature of the political, economic, and social dimensions.

ID Number: JA024909

Year: 2008

Language: English

Type: ART

The Russian-Libyan Rapprochement : What Has Moscow Gained ?.
(MIDDLE EAST POLICY, vol. 15, no. 3, Fall 2008, p. 122-128.)
Author(s):
1. Katz, Mark N.
Subject(s):
1. RUSSIA (FEDERATION)--FOREIGN RELATIONS--LIBYA
2. LIBYA--FOREIGN RELATIONS--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
3. RUSSIA (FEDERATION)--FOREIGN ECONOMIC RELATIONS--LIBYA
4. LIBYA--FOREIGN ECONOMIC RELATIONS--RUSSIA (FEDERATION)
ID Number: JA025157
Year: 2008
Language: English
Type: ART

Libya and the United States : A Faustian Pact ?.
(MIDDLE EAST POLICY, vol. 15, no. 1, Spring 2008, p. 133-148.)
Author(s):
1. St John, Ronald Bruce
Subject(s):
1. USA--FOREIGN RELATIONS--LIBYA
2. LIBYA--FOREIGN RELATIONS--USA
ID Number: JA024704
Year: 2008
Language: English
Type: ART

2007

Migration-Security Nexus in the Euro-Mediterranean Relations.
(PERCEPTIONS, vol. 12, no. 2 - 3, Summer - Autumn 2007, p. 49-70.)
Author(s):
1. Eylemer, Sedef
2. Semsit, Suhail
Subject(s):
1. EU--EMIGRATION AND IMMIGRATION
2. MEDITERRANEAN REGION--EMIGRATION AND IMMIGRATION
3. EU--MEDITERRANEAN REGION
4. EU--ENP
Notes:
Securitisation on the issue of the migration in Euro-Mediterranean relations has mainly started in the 1990s. Due to this securitisation, the issue has been perceived as a 'threatening' factor especially for the public order, cultural identity, and the domestic stability in the EU. Imbalanced securitised approach of the EU and increasing militarisation of border controls have created a self-reinforcing dynamic rather than limiting the migratory pressure from the southern Mediterranean countries. The tendency of the EU to securitise migration issues both in its internal and external affairs, putting most emphasis on irregular migration and readmission agreements, rather than the other aspects of visa facilitation and legal migration might form an impediment to the success of cooperation with Mediterranean countries. What the EU needs to regulate migration in the Mediterranean is a more cooperative approach rather than the overemphasis of restrictive migration policies.
ID Number: JA026164
Year: 2007
Language: English
Type: ART

Mapping a Regional Institutional Architecture : The Case of the Mediterranean.

(MEDITERRANEAN POLITICS, vol. 12, no. 3, November 2007, p. 317-337.)

Author(s):

1. Sabic, Zlatko
2. Bojinovic, Ana

Subject(s):

1. MEDITERRANEAN REGION--FOREIGN RELATIONS
2. INTERNATIONAL AGENCIES

Notes:

Intra-regional international institutions are important for the development of a region because they facilitate its coherence and the build-up of common values. The Mediterranean region lacks a strong institutional infrastructure, which contributes to the fact that many states in the Mediterranean region, especially the poorer ones, play only a marginal role in Mediterranean affairs. Yet there are some positive developments. The analysis of the existing web of intra-Mediterranean international non-governmental institutions shows that it has been growing stronger since the end of the cold war. Unfortunately, this development has not been matched by the growth of a web of intergovernmental institutions. This makes the contemporary Mediterranean institutional architecture incomplete, and the population there vulnerable to interest from external actors.

ID Number: JA024199

Year: 2007

Language: English

Type: ART

France, Europe, and the Mediterranean in a Sarkozy Presidency.

(MEDITERRANEAN QUARTERLY, vol. 18, no. 4, Fall 2007, p. 1-16.)

Author(s):

1. Bowen, Norman

Subject(s):

1. FRANCE--FOREIGN RELATIONS
2. FRANCE--FOREIGN RELATIONS--MEDITERRANEAN REGION
3. MEDITERRANEAN REGION--FOREIGN RELATIONS--FRANCE

Notes:

Personal relations between the leaders of the United States and France are likely to improve under President Sarkozy and Foreign Minister Bernard Kouchner. French-American military and diplomatic cooperation will continue in the war on terrorism and in places of mutual interest like Lebanon. The United States may even find France a military partner in future unilateralist ventures. France would be open to helping with an Iraq exit strategy. Consensus on missile defense will also be easier to reach. However, on most of the pressing foreign policy issues that divide the United States and France, including trade, EU-NATO relations, and combat troops for Afghanistan and Iraq, Sarkozy will most likely sustain long-standing French positions. France's Mediterranean strategy will be complicated by greater US interest in the region; success will require a reinvigorated Euro-Med Initiative shepherded by effective French leadership.

ID Number: JA024325

Year: 2007

Language: English

Type: ART

La politica mediterranea de Espana.

(POLITICA EXTERIOR, vol. 21, no. 116, marzo - abril 2007, p. 137-147.)

Author(s):

1. Iranzo, Alvaro

Subject(s):

1. SPAIN--FOREIGN RELATIONS--MEDITERRANEAN REGION

2. MEDITERRANEAN REGION--FOREIGN RELATIONS--SPAIN

Notes:

En los ultimos anos han surgido en el Mediterraneo foros multilaterales para la defensa y la promocion de los intereses conjuntos a traves del dialogo y la cooperacion. En este esfuerzo creativo, ESpana ha dado muestras de su capacidad de liderazgo y vision innovadora.

ID Number: JA023543

Year: 2007

Language: Spanish

Type: ART

Between a Rock and a Hard Place : Euro-Mediterranean Security Revisited.

(MEDITERRANEAN POLITICS, vol. 12, no. 1, March 2007, p. 1-16.)

Author(s):

1. Heijl, Nicklas Bremberg

Subject(s):

1. EU--MEDITERRANEAN REGION

2. EURO-MEDITERRANEAN PARTNERSHIP

3. MEDITERRANEAN REGION--NATIONAL SECURITY

Notes:

The study of the EU's relations with its near abroad is increasingly important in the wake of the 2004 enlargement of the Union because it directly relates to the question whether the EU might help to foster peace and stability in its neighbourhood. Euro-Mediterranean relations are highly interesting in this regard since the EU has a rather long, but not entirely successful, history of trying to promote security and cooperation in its southern vicinity. In this article the Regional Security Complex Theory, developed by Buzan and Waever (2003), is applied to shed new light on security aspects of Euro-Mediterranean relations. The article's main argument is that the 'ups and downs' of Euro-Mediterranean security cooperation is better understood if the Mediterranean is not considered as a region in itself but rather as a link between two separated regional security complexes.

ID Number: JA023393

Year: 2007

Language: English

Type: ART

Europe in the Middle East and Northern Africa : The Subtle Quest for Power.

(MEDITERRANEAN QUARTERLY, vol. 18, no. 1, Winter 2007, p. 75-88.)

Author(s):

1. Saleh, Nivien

Subject(s):

1. EURO-MEDITERRANEAN PARTNERSHIP

Notes:

The author investigates here whether the EU has been intent on boosting its future power and whether its regionalist ventures, specifically the Euro-Mediterranean Partnership, have served the purpose of accumulating capabilities. The discussion therefore addresses three questions : 1) First, motivation : Is there evidence that the EU, as it engaged in the Euro-Mediterranean Partnership, was motivated by the goal of boosting its future power ?; 2) Second, capabilities : What

were the capabilities that the EU could leverage vis-a-vis the southern Mediterranean states ?; 3) Third, process : Did the EU leverage its capabilities in order to accumulate capabilities that would be available for future use ?

ID Number: JA023776

Year: 2007

Language: English

Type: ART

Trouble in the Neighborhood : The Proposed Mediterranean Union Will Not Strengthen Europe.

(INTERNATIONALE POLITIK, vol. 8, no. 4, Winter 2007, p. 84-86.)

Author(s):

1. Longhurst, Kerry

Subject(s):

1. EU--MEDITERRANEAN REGION

Notes:

French President Nicolas Sarkozy is pushing for a Mediterranean Union modeled on European integration. While greater engagement and cooperation with the European Union's southern neighbors is a goal shared by many, the idea of an exclusive Mediterranean club has rightfully met with skepticism among France's EU neighbors.

ID Number: JA024351

Year: 2007

Language: English

Type: ART

NATO's Transformation and New Partnerships : The Mediterranean.

(MEDITERRANEAN QUARTERLY, vol. 18, no. 3, Summer 2007, p. 1-13.)

Author(s):

1. Minuto Rizzo, Alessandro

Subject(s):

1. NATO

2. NATO--MEDITERRANEAN REGION

ID Number: JA024027

Year: 2007

Language: English

Type: ART

Stalled Reform : The Case of Egypt.

(CURRENT HISTORY, vol. 106, no. 696, January 2007, p. 39-41.)

Author(s):

1. Mustafa, Hala

2. Norton, Augustus Richard

Subject(s):

1. DEMOCRATIZATION--EGYPT

2. EGYPT--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT

3. USA--FOREIGN RELATIONS--EGYPT

4. EGYPT--FOREIGN RELATIONS--USA

Notes:

As Wahington shows renewed interest in stability, have authoritarian regimes resumed their repressive ways ?

ID Number: JA023298

Year: 2007

Language: English

Type: ART

U.S. Policy Towards North Africa : Three Overarching Themes.
(MIDDLE EAST POLICY, vol. 14, no. 4, Winter 2007, p. 55-66.)

Author(s):

1. Hemmer, Christopher

Subject(s):

1. USA--FOREIGN RELATIONS--AFRICA, NORTH
2. AFRICA, NORTH--FOREIGN RELATIONS--USA

Notes:

The purpose of this article is to discuss America's developing regional policies in North Africa. In an attempt to treat U.S. policy holistically, this article explores three overarching themes in American foreign policy toward this region and their impact on past, current and future policies : North Africa as an area of secondary American security interests; the dominance of energy in U.S.-North African economic relations; and the constant American preference for what it regards as moderate regimes, even if those regimes are less than democratic. While certainly interrelated, these themes were selected to correspond to the three central issues for U.S. policy in North Africa and beyond as they deal with determining America's security interests, and the place of American values in the nation's foreign-policy hierarchy.

ID Number: JA024396

Year: 2007

Language: English

Type: ART

The Unchanging Politics of North Africa.

(MIDDLE EAST POLICY, vol. 14, no. 4, Winter 2007, p. 23-41.)

Author(s):

1. Entelis, John P.

Subject(s):

1. AFRICA, NORTH--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT

Notes:

While differences in governing styles distinguish each of the four Maghrebi states, the fundamentals of power and the mechanisms of control remain unchanged. The rule of law is virtually nonexistent, separation of powers is a chimera, pluralistic politics is a sham, competitive elections are severely constrained, and individual liberties are continuously under threat of usurpation, compromise or elimination.

ID Number: JA024390

Year: 2007

Language: English

Type: ART

2006

Policing Migration in the Mediterranean.

(MEDITERRANEAN POLITICS, vol. 11, no. 1, March 2006, p. 59-82.)

Author(s):

1. Lutterbeck, Derek

Subject(s):

1. MEDITERRANEAN REGION--EMIGRATION AND IMMIGRATION

Notes:

Over recent years, there has been growing concern in European countries with irregular migration and other - supposedly related - transnational challenges from across the Mediterranean, which have come to be seen both as a security risk as well as a humanitarian challenge. In response, European countries have been stepping up their efforts to police their Mediterranean borders. This has involved both an increasing militarization of migration control in the Mediterranean, in the sense of the deployment of semi-military and military

forces and hardware in the prevention of migration by sea, and an intensification of law enforcement cooperation between the countries north and south of the Mediterranean. This article discusses the evolution of these policing activities in and across the Mediterranean, as well as some of its perverse side effects, such as the growing involvement of human smugglers, and the diversion of the migratory flows towards other, usually further and more dangerous, routes across the Mediterranean sea.

ID Number: JA022314
Year: 2006
Language: English
Type: ART

US Interests in the Mediterranean.

(MEDITERRANEAN QUARTERLY, vol. 17, no. 2, Spring 2006, p. 7-16.)

Author(s):

1. Dillery, C. Edward

Subject(s):

1. USA--FOREIGN RELATIONS--MEDITERRANEAN REGION
2. MEDITERRANEAN REGION--FOREIGN RELATIONS--USA

Notes:

The United States continues to have major interests in the Mediterranean region. The countries of the littoral are very important in the struggle against world terrorism. As the place where the Muslim world meets the Western-oriented nations, the region is vital to the US goal of encouraging participatory democracy as a means to foster world peace and stability. This will not be an easy goal to achieve, but it appears that the current US administration will continue to devote a large measure of intellectual and physical capital to it.

ID Number: JA022546
Year: 2006
Language: English
Type: ART

Transnational Islam and Regional Security : Cooperation and Diversity between Europe and North Africa.

(MEDITERRANEAN POLITICS, vol. 11, no. 2, July 2006, Special Issue.)

Subject(s):

1. MEDITERRANEAN REGION--NATIONAL SECURITY
2. ISLAMIC FUNDAMENTALISM--MEDITERRANEAN REGION

ID Number: JA022678
Year: 2006
Language: English
Type: ART

La securite dans le Bassin mediterraneen : terrorisme et armes de destruction massive.

(DEFENSE NATIONALE ET SECURITE COLLECTIVE, 62e annee, no. 8 - 9, aout - septembre 2006, p. 105-118.)

Author(s):

1. Benoit, Loick

Subject(s):

1. TERRORISM--EU COUNTRIES--PREVENTION
2. WMD NONPROLIFERATION--EU
3. EURO-MEDITERRANEAN PARTNERSHIP
4. EU--MEDITERRANEAN REGION

Notes:

L'Union europeenne a pris conscience de la gravite de la menace du terrorisme et des armes de destruction massive (ADM) et s'est donnee une strategie pour s'en premunir, en particulier dans le

Bassin mediterraneen. L'auteur esquisse un bilan des mesures prises pour lutter contre ces fleaux.

ID Number: JA022805

Year: 2006

Language: French

Type: ART

EU Security Discourse : Creating New Regional Boundaries in the Mediterranean and Gulf Regions.

(PERCEPTIONS, vol. 11, no. 2, Summer 2006, p. 1-25.)

Author(s):

1. Vieira, Telmo J.

Subject(s):

1. EU--MEDITERRANEAN REGION

2. EU--PERSIAN GULF REGION

Notes:

The European Union as an international actor has slowly been incorporated into geopolitical reality, by academics and other international actors. This makes it all the more important to understand how the EU sees the world in which it interacts and what role security matters play in this construction. In this article the author analyses how the EU constructs regions. He looks at how the Mediterranean and the Gulf in particular are represented as regions by the EU. The EU relationship with the Mediterranean is quite developed, but as to the Gulf there is still much to do. This is slowly changing : recently the EU began considering a regional approach due to increasing security concerns. The current trend in discourse incorporates the Gulf countries into a wider Middle East, perhaps signalling the beginning of a coherent regional strategy for what could become another area of insecurity in EU eyes.

ID Number: JA024549

Year: 2006

Language: English

Type: ART

NATO's Mediterranean Dialogue : More than Just an Empty Shell ?.

(MEDITERRANEAN POLITICS, vol. 11, no. 3, November 2006, p. 419-424.)

Author(s):

1. Musu, Costanza

Subject(s):

1. NATO--MEDITERRANEAN REGION

Notes:

The author gives a brief overview of the 'state of play' of the Mediterranean Dialogue 12 years after its creation in 1994, with the objective of trying to understand the limits, and the potentialities, of an initiative that could, if effectively developed, contribute to the creation of the desired 'area of security and stability' in the Mediterranean.

ID Number: JA023098

Year: 2006

Language: English

Type: ART

The United States and Libya : From Confrontation to Normalization.
(MIDDLE EAST POLICY, vol. 13, no. 2, Summer 2006, p. 48-70.)

Author(s):

1. Zoubir, Yahia H.

Subject(s):

1. USA--FOREIGN RELATIONS--LIBYA
2. LIBYA--FOREIGN RELATIONS--USA

Notes:

Relations between the United States and Libya have experienced a staggering improvement since the close of the 1990s. The normalization that has taken place in a relationship characterized by three decades of mutual hatred is the result of a multitude of factors. The objective of this paper is to provide an analysis of these factors.

ID Number: JA022599

Year: 2006

Language: English

Type: ART

Egypt's Unwavering Path to Democratic Reform.

(MEDITERRANEAN QUARTERLY, vol. 17, no. 3, Summer 2006, p. 1-11.)

Author(s):

1. Fahmy, Nabil

Subject(s):

1. EGYPT--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT

ID Number: JA022847

Year: 2006

Language: English

Type: ART

Congress and the Arab Heavyweights : Questioning the Saudi and Egyptian Alliances.

(MIDDLE EAST POLICY, vol. 13, no. 3, Fall 2006, p. 88-100.)

Author(s):

1. Dumke, David T.

Subject(s):

1. USA--FOREIGN RELATIONS--ARAB COUNTRIES
2. ARAB COUNTRIES--FOREIGN RELATIONS--USA
3. USA--FOREIGN RELATIONS--SAUDI ARABIA
4. SAUDI ARABIA--FOREIGN RELATIONS--USA
5. USA--FOREIGN RELATIONS--EGYPT
6. EGYPT--FOREIGN RELATIONS--USA

Notes:

The 9/11 attacks were a dramatic shock to the American psyche and led to much soul-searching, making questions about America's most important Arab allies all the more relevant. As the Bush administration tried to manage the war on terrorism and promote regional democracy, Congress embarked on a fundamental reevaluation of its position on the Arab world. It remains to be seen where this process will lead over the long run, but to date it has effectively cooled relations with Saudi Arabia and Egypt, and complicated the Bush administration's dual policy of fostering regional stability and promoting reform, while also managing with increasing difficulty the complex problems in Iraq, Iran, Syria, Sudan, and the Holy Land.

ID Number: JA023049

Year: 2006

Language: English

Type: ART

Evolucion de las economias del Magreb (2000-05).
(POLITICA EXTERIOR, vol. 20, no. 111, mayo - junio 2006, p. 151-164.)
Author(s):
1. Khader, Bichara
Subject(s):
1. AFRICA, NORTH--ECONOMIC CONDITIONS
Notes:
A pesar de su apertura economica y de las reformas de la ultima decada, Marruecos, Argelia, Tunez, Libia y Mauritania tienen graves problemas de desempleo y de pobreza. Su reto es lograr una mayor integracion regional y unas relaciones con la UE mas equilibradas.
ID Number: JA022556
Year: 2006
Language: Spanish
Type: ART

Afrique du Nord et Moyen-Orient : des migrations en quete d'une politique.
(POLITIQUE ETRANGERE, 71e annee, no. 4, 2006, p. 1017-1029.)
Author(s):
1. Fargues, Philippe
Subject(s):
1. AFRICA, NORTH--EMIGRATION AND IMMIGRATION
2. MIDDLE EAST--EMIGRATION AND IMMIGRATION
Notes:
La distinction pays emetteurs/pays recepteurs tend a s'effacer au sud de la Mediterranee. Si les pays petroliers deviennent plus restrictifs vis-a-vis de l'immigration, nombre d'autres pays doivent se transformer en pays d'accueil, ou de transit, d'une immigration mondialisee. Partout se pose donc le probleme des politiques necessaires : au niveau international pour reunir les questions de l'emigration et de l'immigration, au niveau national pour integrer les populations nouvelles.
ID Number: JA023150
Year: 2006
Language: French
Type: ART

2005

Barcelona + 10 : Spain's Relaunch of the Euro-Mediterranean Partnership.
(INTERNATIONAL SPECTATOR, vol. 40, no. 2, April - June 2005, p. 85-98.)
Author(s):
1. Barbe, Esther
2. Soler i Lecha, Eduard
Subject(s):
1. EURO-MEDITERRANEAN PARTNERSHIP
Notes:
This article evaluates the Spanish government's initiative to organise a new Euro-Mediterranean conference in Barcelona to relaunch the Euro-Mediterranean Partnership. The authors start out by assessing the main changes in the global, Mediterranean, European and Spanish contexts that have influenced the development of the EMP in the last ten years. Today's drastically changed environment could both restrict the margin of manoeuvre for advances in the EMP and open up new opportunities for progress. The authors then turn to an analysis of the elements that convinced the Spanish government to ask to hold a second Barcelona conference, also called Barcelona + 10. They survey the issues that will be given priority by the Spanish diplomacy, the instruments that have been set up to organise the conference and how the organisers

have internalised the constraints and opportunities of the 2005 context.

ID Number: JA021697

Year: 2005

Language: English

Type: ART

Dix ans apres Barcelone : etat des lieux du partenariat euro-mediterraneen.

(REVUE INTERNATIONALE ET STRATEGIQUE, no. 59, automne 2005, p. 129-137.)

Author(s):

1. Bessis, Sophie

Subject(s):

1. EURO-MEDITERRANEAN PARTNERSHIP

2. EU--MEDITERRANEAN REGION

Notes:

Dix ans apres le Sommet de Barcelone, les relations entre l'Europe et les pays de la rive Sud de la Mediterranee semblent etre au point mort, les declarations d'intentions ayant laisse la place a un deficit de cooperation entre les deux rives de la Mediterranee. Les attentats du 11 septembre, l'echec des Accords d'Oslo entre Israeliens et Palestiniens ainsi que l'elargissement de l'Union europeenne a l'Est ont modifie le cours des relations euro-mediterraneennes. Afin d'enrayer cette tendance et de mettre un terme au repli identitaire qui frappe une grande partie de l'opinion arabe, l'Europe doit donc s'engager plus activement dans la cooperation qu'elle a mise en place avec les pays de la rive Sud de la Mediterranee, partenaires naturels d'un Vieux Continent qui semble avoir tourne ses regards vers l'Est.

ID Number: JA022658

Year: 2005

Language: French

Type: ART

Conceptualizing Cultural and Social Dialogue in the Euro-Mediterranean Area : A European Perspective.

(MEDITERRANEAN POLITICS, vol. 10, no. 3, November 2005, Special Issue.)

Subject(s):

1. EURO-MEDITERRANEAN PARTNERSHIP

Notes:

This special issue explores the achievements and failures of the third 'basket' of the Social, Cultural and Human Chapter of the Barcelona Agreement.

ID Number: JA021950

Year: 2005

Language: English

Type: ART

L'UE et la relance du volet 'politique et securite' du Processus de Barcelone.

(DEFENSE NATIONALE, 61e annee, no. 10, octobre 2005, p. 149-158.)

Author(s):

1. Coustilliere, Jean-Francois

Subject(s):

1. EURO-MEDITERRANEAN PARTNERSHIP

2. EU--ESDP

3. EU--MEDITERRANEAN REGION

Notes:

Quelles que puissent etre les appreciations sur le bilan du Processus de Barcelone, il semble evident, compte tenu de la complexite de l'exercice et des enjeux en cause, qu'il est necessaire de poursuivre la demarche entreprise. En effet, la voie empruntee vers un reel partenariat, dans la co-responsabilite, conserve toutes ses qualites et sa pertinence. Il convient donc de rechercher les moyens de relancer le Processus et de renforcer ses chances de succes. Cette ambition suppose sans doute de lever quelques ambiguïtes et de lui attribuer les moyens de son autonomie.

ID Number: JA021866

Year: 2005

Language: French

Type: ART

L'Euromediterranee, dix ans apres.

(REVUE INTERNATIONALE ET STRATEGIQUE, no. 59, automne 2005, p. 139-143.)

Author(s):

1. Halevi, Ilan

Subject(s):

1. EURO-MEDITERRANEAN PARTNERSHIP

2. EU--MEDITERRANEAN REGION

Notes:

Depuis sa creation lors de la Conference de Barcelone des 27 et 28 novembre 1995, l'Euromediterranee peine a prendre forme. Malgre l'affirmation de valeurs et de principes a mettre en commun autant qu'a defendre, et qui sont a l'origine du Partenariat euro-mediterraneen (Processus de Barcelone), bon nombre d'incomprehensions et de malentendus demeurent. La question palestinienne se trouve au coeur de cette relation, de telle sorte que l'avenir de l'Euromediterranee semble dependre en grande partie de la resolution du conflit au Proche-Orient. Or, sur ce point, la voix de l'Europe apparait bien timide et quelque peu resignee au regard de celle des Etats-Unis. D'ou la necessite de redefinir les objectifs regissant les relations entre les differentes rives de la Mediterranee, afin d'effacer, ou tout au moins d'attenuer, les sources de tensions.

ID Number: JA022659

Year: 2005

Language: French

Type: ART

De Barcelona a Luxemburgo : la politica euromediterranea.
(POLITICA EXTERIOR, vol. 19, no. 107, septiembre - octubre 2005, p.
59-70.)

Author(s):

1. Jerch, Martin
2. Lorca, Alejandro V.
3. Escribano, Gonzalo

Subject(s):

1. EURO-MEDITERRANEAN PARTNERSHIP
2. EU--MEDITERRANEAN REGION

Notes:

En noviembre de 2005 se cumpliran 10 anos de la Conferencia de Barcelona que dio lugar a un nuevo sistema de cooperacion entre la Union Europea y los Países Terceros del Mediterraneo. Un repaso de la ultima decada transmite cierta frustracion sobre lo poco alcanzado pero demuestra la necesidad de continuar ese camino, aunque sea de forma diferente.

ID Number: JA021815

Year: 2005

Language: Spanish

Type: ART

Espana y el proceso euromediterraneo.
(POLITICA EXTERIOR, vol. 19, no. 108, noviembre - diciembre 2005, p.
47-52.)

Author(s):

1. Leon, Bernardino

Subject(s):

1. EURO-MEDITERRANEAN PARTNERSHIP
2. EU--MEDITERRANEAN REGION

Notes:

La UE y sus socios del sur y el este del Mediterraneo revisan en Barcelona un proceso de cooperacion en los ambitos politico, economico y cultural, cuya finalidad es construir una zona de prosperidad compartida. Los fundamentos del vinculo euromediterraneo son hoy mas solidos.

ID Number: JA022108

Year: 2005

Language: Spanish

Type: ART

La politique europeenne de voisinage : un depassement du partenariat euro-mediterraneen.
(POLITIQUE ETRANGERE, 70e annee, no. 3, 2005, p. 535-544.)

Author(s):

1. Mahjoub, Azzam

Subject(s):

1. EURO-MEDITERRANEAN PARTNERSHIP
2. EU--MEDITERRANEAN REGION
3. EU--ENP

Notes:

La politique europeenne de voisinage peut approfondir le partenariat euro-mediterraneen et aider plus decisivement a la reforme des societes du Sud. Mais il faudrait reconnaitre le droit au developpement comme objectif central, avec les consequences qui en decoulent; clarifier l'horizon du rapprochement avec l'acquis communautaire; et que les membres de l'Union acceptent de s'ouvrir dans deux domaines essentiels pour leurs partenaires : les produits agricoles et l'immigration.

ID Number: JA021888

Year: 2005

Language: French

Type: ART

Le partenariat, une methode europeenne de democratisation en Mediterranee ?.

(POLITIQUE ETRANGERE, 70e annee, no. 3, 2005, p. 545-557.)

Author(s):

1. Schmid, Dorothee

Subject(s):

1. EURO-MEDITERRANEAN PARTNERSHIP
2. EU--MEDITERRANEAN REGION
3. DEMOCRATIZATION--MEDITERRANEAN REGION

Notes:

Le projet de Barcelone vise a stabiliser la region mediterraneenne par la diffusion de la democratie, elle-meme inseparable de l'ouverture economique. L'activisme americain eclipse actuellement les efforts europeens en matiere de democratisation; les strategies americaine et europeenne ont en fait chacune leur logique, mais se heurtent aux memes dilemmes. La montee en puissance du debat democratique pesera sur le sommet de Barcelone et pourrait inspirer un renforcement du volet politique du partenariat euro-mediterraneen.

ID Number: JA021889

Year: 2005

Language: French

Type: ART

Reinvigorating the Parliamentary Dimension of the Barcelona Process : The Establishment of the Euro-Mediterranean Parliamentary Assembly.

(MEDITERRANEAN QUARTERLY, vol. 16, no. 2, Spring 2005, p. 85-105.)

Author(s):

1. Seimenis, Ioannis
2. Makriyannis, Miltiadis

Subject(s):

1. EURO-MEDITERRANEAN PARTNERSHIP

ID Number: JA021648

Year: 2005

Language: English

Type: ART

La inmigracion y las relaciones hispano-marroquies.

(POLITICA EXTERIOR, vol. 19, no. 108, noviembre - diciembre 2005, p. 55-67.)

Author(s):

1. Pino, Domingo del

Subject(s):

1. EUROPE--EMIGRATION AND IMMIGRATION
2. SPAIN--FOREIGN RELATIONS--MOROCCO
3. MOROCCO--FOREIGN RELATIONS--SPAIN

Notes:

Los asaltos de inmigrantes a las vallas fronterizas de Ceuta y Melilla son el ultimo de los imponderables que, con caracter ciclico, ponen a prueba las relaciones hispano-marroquies. Ni Espana ni Marruecos pueden afrontar solos la inmigracion masiva hacia la Union Europea.

ID Number: JA022109

Year: 2005

Language: Spanish

Type: ART

Who 'Won' Libya ? The Force-Diplomacy Debate and Its Implications for Theory and Policy.

(INTERNATIONAL SECURITY, vol. 30, no. 3, Winter 2005 - 2006, p. 47-86.)

Author(s):

1. Jentleson, Bruce W.
2. Whytock, Christopher A.

Subject(s):

1. LIBYA--FOREIGN RELATIONS--USA
2. USA--FOREIGN RELATIONS--LIBYA
3. COERCIVE DIPLOMACY--USA

Notes:

The debate over credit for Libya's shift away from 'rogue state' policies, most especially by settling the Pan Am 103 Lockerbie terrorism case and abandoning its weapons of mass destruction programs, is lively politically and challenging analytically. It has important implications for theories of force and diplomacy, particularly coercive diplomacy, and policy debates including such cases as Iran and North Korea. US coercive diplomacy against Libya can be divided into three phases : the Reagan strategy of unilateral sanctions and military force, which largely failed; the mixed results from the more multilateral strategy of the George H. W. Bush and Bill Clinton administrations; and the substantial success achieved through the secret direct negotiations initiated along with Britain in the latter Clinton years and furthered under George W. Bush, which culminated in Libya closing down its WMD programs. These differences in success and failure are principally explained by (1) the extent of 'balance' in the coercer state's strategy combining credible force and deft diplomacy consistent with three criteria - proportionality, reciprocity, and coercive credibility - taking into account international and domestic constraints; and (2) target state vulnerability as shaped by its domestic politics and economy, particularly whether domestic elites play a 'circuit breaker' or 'transmission belt' role in blocking or carrying forward external coercive pressure.

ID Number: JA022356

Year: 2005

Language: English

Type: ART

Libya's Rising Star : Saif al-Islam and Succession.

(MIDDLE EAST POLICY, vol. 12, no. 3, Fall 2005, p. 136-144.)

Author(s):

1. Ronen, Yehudit

Subject(s):

1. LIBYA--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT

ID Number: JA022021

Year: 2005

Language: English

Type: ART

Egypte : la boîte de Pandore.

(POLITIQUE INTERNATIONALE, no. 109, automne 2005, p. 201-218.)

Author(s):

1. Pommier, Sophie

Subject(s):

1. EGYPT--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT

Notes:

Events are accelerating in Egypt. Since 1981, the country has been stalled under the iron rule of the seemingly indestructible Hosni Mubarak. But this year, under pressure from his American allies and also from an ever-growing and diversified domestic opposition, the Egyptian president organized for the first time ever a presidential election with multiple candidates. The election was preceded by a more open political policy - relatively speaking - which allowed the holding of demonstrations and publication of articles against the regime. Mubarak hopes that this will show him in a modernizing light and give him a certain legitimacy. But although he won almost 90 percent of the votes, the very weak turn-out marked the failure of this initiative. In the eyes of the people, he is no more legitimate than before, and the opposition, which had called for a boycott of the elections, can now hope to stop Mubarak handing over the reins to his son Gamal. Will the aging leader now 'tighten the screws', or will he continue along the path of democratic reform ?

ID Number: JA022004

Year: 2005

Language: French

Type: ART

The Democratic Imperative vs. the Authoritarian Impulse : The Maghrib State Between Transition and Terrorism.

(MIDDLE EAST JOURNAL, vol. 59, no. 4, Autumn 2005, p. 537-558.)

Author(s):

1. Entelis, John P.

Subject(s):

1. AFRICA, NORTH--POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT

Notes:

Despite public promises to the contrary, Algeria, Morocco, and Tunisia continue to be ruled autocratically even as their civil societies aspire to greater public space. Rather than promoting concrete steps towards democratization including institutionalizing freedom of speech, association, and pluralistic political practices, the three states of the Maghrib are pursuing survivalist strategies leading to a robust authoritarianism that seems unlikely to be overturned anytime soon. Yet failure to transform authoritarian politics dramatically and decisively into a sustainable democracy will not only hamper long-term socioeconomic development but, more ominously, foster an environment within which radical forces will emerge to threaten domestic as well as regional and global stability. Current American efforts to promote democratic reform in the region must evolve more imaginatively if they are to meet the challenge of global terrorism that itself is so deeply embedded within the authoritarian impulse that can only be overcome through the democratic imperative.

ID Number: JA022195

Year: 2005

Language: English

Type: ART

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