NHTSA Research Public Meeting November 2001

Event Data Recorders Update on Agency Activities

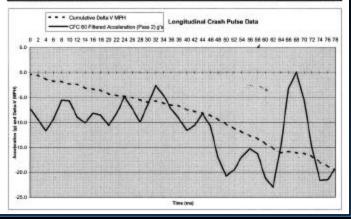




Major Activities

- **EDR WG**
- T&B EDR WG
- Data Collection
- Web Site
- Round Robin Test
- Research

Longitudinal Cumulative Delta-V												
Time (ms)									78			
Delta-V (MPH)	-0.4	-1.7	-4.3	-5.9	-7.4	-10.3	-14.1	-16.2	-13.5			



EDR WG





- Strong industry participation
- Diverse membership
- Focused on light vehicles



8 Objectives

- 1. Status of EDRs
 - OEM
 - Aftermarket
- 2. Data elements
- Data retrieval
- 4. Data collection and5. Permanent record Data collection and storage
- 6. Privacy and legal Issues
- 7. Customers and users of EDR data
- 8. Demonstration



Findings

- . 26 findings
- 3 major areas
 - Safety
 - Data Collection
 - Others



10 Findings From Executive Summary

- 1. EDRs have the potential to greatly improve highway safety
- 2. EDR technology has potential safety applications for all classes of motor vehicles
- 3. A wide range of crash related and other data elements have been identified
- 4. NHTSA has incorporated EDR data collection in its databases
- 5. Open access to EDR data (minus personal identifiers) will benefit researchers, crash investigators, and manufacturers in improving safety on the highways
- 6. Studies of EDRs in Europe and the U.S. have shown that driver and employee awareness of an onboard EDR reduces the number and severity of crashes
- 7. Given the differing nature of lightweight vehicles, compared to heavy vehicles, different EDR systems may be required to meet the needs of each vehicle class
- 8. The degree of benefit from EDRs is directly related to the number of vehicles operating with an EDR and the infrastructure's ability to use these data
- 9. Automatic crash notification (ACN) systems integrate the on-board crash sensing and EDR technology
- 10. Many systems utilize proprietary technology



- EDR WG completed final report August 2001
 - Available on NHTSA-NRD web site under Crashworthiness Research
 - http://www-nrd.nhtsa.dot.gov/

EDR Docket NHTSA-1999-5218



Truck and Bus EDR WG





T&B EDR WG

Major Topics

- Data elements
- Survivability
- Event description

NTSB Related

- Recommendations
 - H-99-53
 - H-99-54
- T&B EDR Docket NHTSA-2000-7699



Representation

- Truck users
- Motorcoach
- School bus manufacturers
- Truck manufacturer
- EDR user
- EDR manufacturer
- University
- Government



Data Elements

- 26 Data Elements
- Grouped into 3 priorities
 - . 1
 - . 2
 - Optional



Priority 1

- Acceleration, X (Longitudinal)
- Acceleration, Y (Lateral)
- Acceleration, Z (Vertical)
- Accelerator Pedal Position
- Antilock Brake System Status (ABS)
- Automatic Transmission Gear Selection
- Belt Status (driver)
- Brake Status (Service Pedal, Emergency, Trailer)
- Engine RPM
- Identification
- Time/Date
- Vehicle Speed
- Wheel Speeds



Priority 2

- Air bag deploy time
- Air Bag Lamp Status
- Air Bag Status
- Battery voltage
- Cruise Control (and Auto Distance)
- Heading
- Lamp Status
- Retarder System Status
- School Bus Warning Lamp Status
- Steering Wheel Angle
- Traction Control
- Turn Signal/Hazard Operation
- Windshield Wiper Status



Priority - Optional

- Digital Imaging
- Vehicle Load



Survivability Elements

- Location
- Impact/shock
- Fire
- Immersion
- Temperature
- Penetration
- Crush



NTSB Recommendation H-99-54

- Parameters to be recorded
- Data sampling rates
- Duration of recording
- Interface configurations
- Data storage format
- Incorporation of fleet management tools
- Fluid immersion survivability
- Impact shock survivability
- Crush and penetration survivability
- Fire survivability
- Independent power supply
- Accommodate future requirements and technological advances



1. Research may be needed to verify all the following requirements

- Cost must be considered
- Review NHTSA large truck crash causation study to fine tune requirements

2. Location is the key to survivability

. May vary by application/type of vehicle

3. Impact shock

300 g, 50 milliseconds



4. Temperature

–40 degrees C for 8 hours

5. Immersion

- Shallow immersion is the major concern for highway vehicles
- No immersion requirement

6. Fluid immersion

- Various vehicle fluids for 8 hours
 - Salt water
 - Water
 - Fuel
 - Oil



7. Penetration

200 lb. dropped from 3 ft. with a ½ -inch-diameter contact point

8. Crush

- Mounting location to minimize crush potential
- . 500 pounds

9. Fire

- Considered low priority by the WG
- No requirements recommended



10. Independent power supply

- Eliminate need for vehicle electrical system to remain intact during crash
- Should have sufficient power reserve to record data
- Possibly 1 minute of reserve

11. Survivability of stored data

 Data should be stored in such a way so it will be maintained without external power for 30 days



Event Description

School Bus, Motorcoach, and Truck Requirements

- Events are different than light vehicles
- May involve lower acceleration and change in velocity levels
- Front and rear of vehicles may not react the same in a side crash
- Combination vehicles (tractor/trailers) might require EDR on each vehicle, which would trigger
- Significant event for the vehicle being equipped with EDR should trigger



Event Findings

- Should be acceleration based (2-4 g's)
- Should account for frontal and side crashes
- May require different thresholds for forward, side, and vertical accelerations

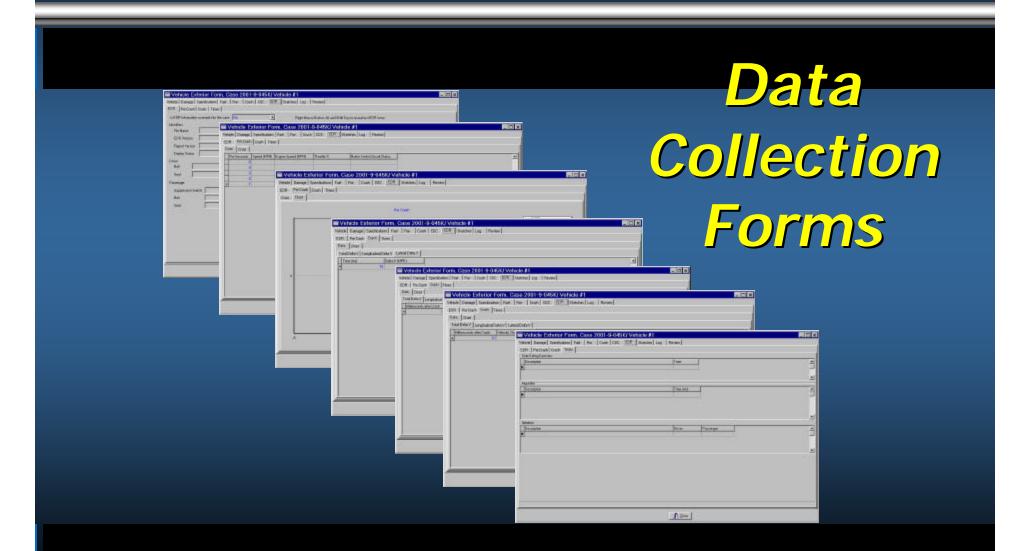


EDR-Related Data Collection at NHTSA





EDR Data Collection





Field Data Collection

- EDCS Electronic Data Collection System
- NHTSA currently collects EDR crash data in three major vehicle crash programs:
 - NASS-CDS A national statistically sampled data base, currently collecting data on about 4,000 crashes each year at 24 locations around the U.S.
 - SCI A collection of targeted crash investigations looking at emerging safety issues
 - CIREN A system of crash investigations conducted at hospitals, collecting about 400 cases per year.

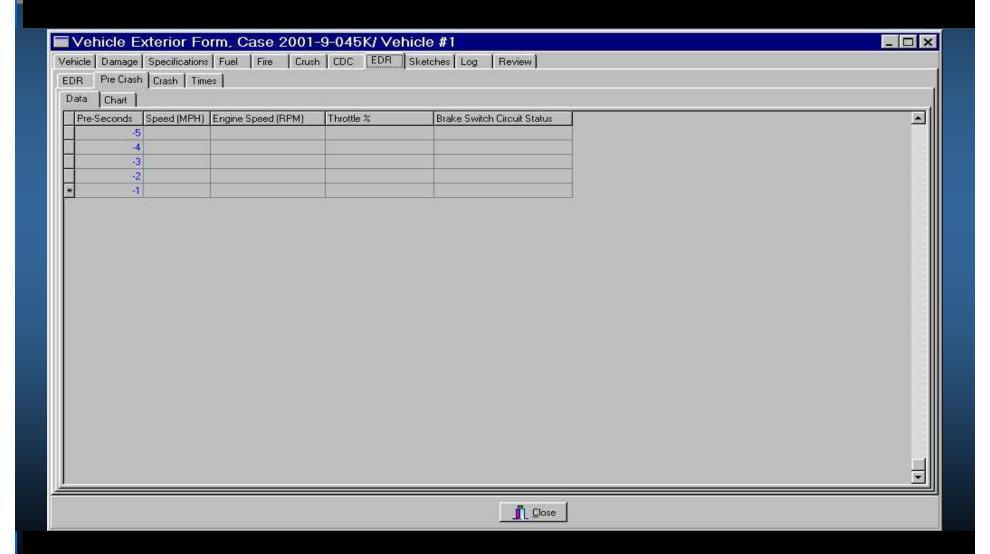


EDCS EDR Tab

■ Vehicle Exterior Form, Case 2001-9-045K/ Vehicle #1	□×
Vehicle Damage Specifications Fuel Fire Crush CDC EDR Sketches Log Review	
EDR Pre Crash Crash Times	
Is EDR Information scanned into the case No Right Mouse Button, Alt and SHift Key to reveal test EDR forms	ì
Identifiers	- 4
File Name Event	
EDR Version Investigation	
Report Version Investigation	
Deploy Status ▼ SIR Lamp Status ▼	
Driver	
Belt Weight Switch	
Seat 💌	
Passenger	
Suppression Switch ▼ Weight Switch ▼	
Belt ▼	
Seat 💌	

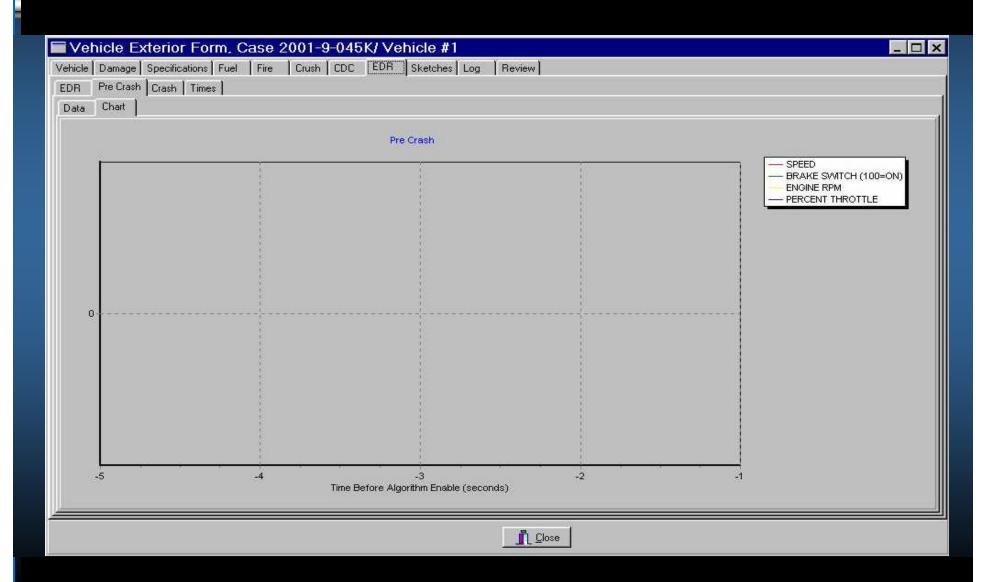


Pre-Crash Tab Data Sub Tab



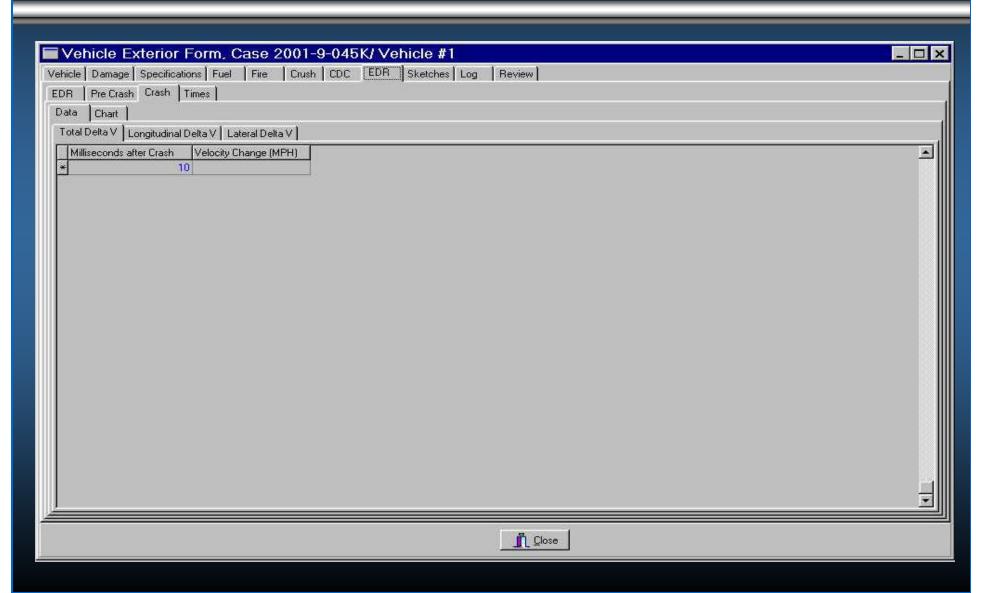


Pre-Crash Tab Chart Sub Tab



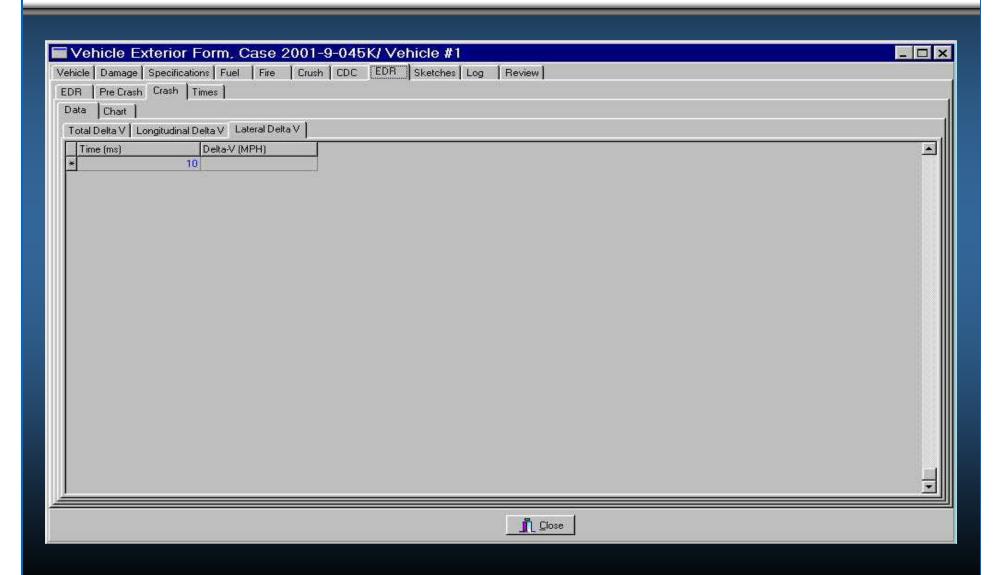


Crash Tab Data Sub Tab/Tot DV



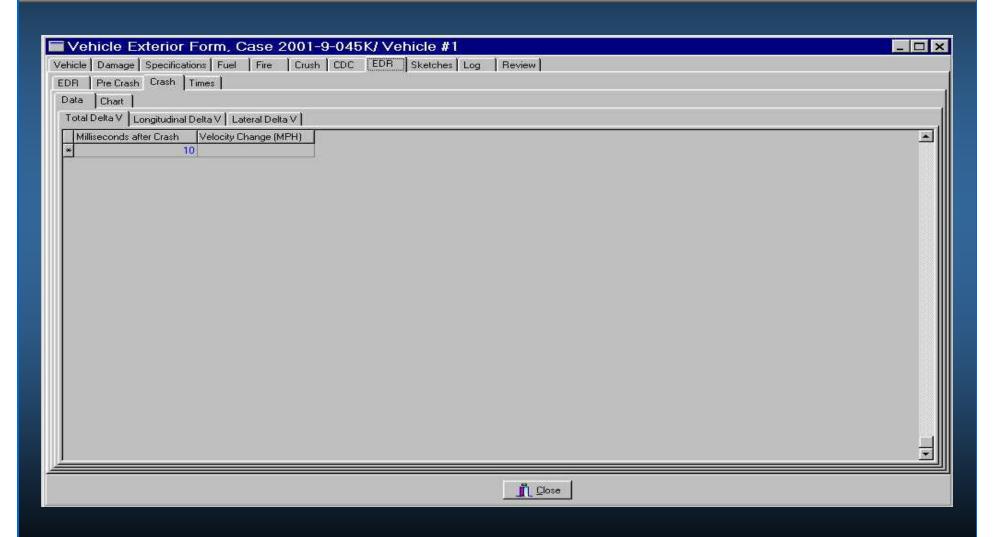


Crash Tab Data Sub Tab/Lat DV





Crash Tab Data Sub Tab/Long DV





EDCS EDR Tab Times Sub Tab

■ Vehicle Exterior Form, Case 2001-9-045K/ Vehicle #1			_ 🗆 ×
Vehicle Damage Specifications Fuel Fire Crush CDC EDR Sketches Log F	leview		
EDR Pre Crash Crash Times			
Side Safing Decision			
Description	Time		-1
[A]	1 1		
Algorithm	PANSAGONA		
Description	Time (ms)		*
<u>√</u> =165			
Initiation			
Description	Driver	Passenger	
			
	Close		



Field Data Collection

- NASS 217

SCI 56

- CIREN 8

Total 281

Event Data Recorder (EDR) Applications for Highway and Traffic Safety



EDR Web Site



EDRs Offer More Opportunities to Enhance Safety.



Home Page

- http://www-nrd.nhtsa.dot.gov/edr-site/index.htmlOR
- http://www.nhtsa.dot.gov
 - . Click on R&D
 - Click on Crashworthiness
- Abstracts presented for all articles/research/patents/etc.
- Full documents can be viewed using Adobe viewer



History Page

- Event Data Recorder (EDR) Research History
- Brief overview of EDRs
- Includes mention of EDR working groups



Using EDR Data

- The Use of EDR SAFETY Data
- Provides list of uses
- Provided a list of potential users



Research Page

- EDR Products, Research and Articles
- Includes general list of sources
- Provides over 50 articles on EDRs



Patent Page

- Patents and Intellectual Property Articles
- Includes many EDR related patents
- About 15 items presented



EDR Notes

- Notes from EDR Meetings
- EDR working group
- T&B EDR working group
- Same as presented on DMS



News Articles

- Articles from the Media
- Over 30 news articles



Reference Material

- Bibliography and Research Resources
- Compiled by: Professor T. Kowalick,
 Sandhills Community College,
 Pinehurst, North Carolina
- Reviewed by: Mary Ellen Tucker
 The University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill Highway Safety Research Center (NCHSRC)
- Over 300 titles



Other Materials

- Related Articles
- Somewhat related to EDRs



Input

- Corrections, comments, additions, etc.
- Contact the EDR webmaster at:

EDR.webmaster@nhtsa.dot.gov

Performance of Selected Event Data Recorders



Test Program

- Compare the performance of selected EDRs
- Crash environment severe impact condition
- 30 mph
- Flat barrier
- 2001 Ford F150 extended cab
- August 22, 2001



Test Setup

- EDRs installed on an aluminum plate attached to bed of truck
- Instrumentation
 - . IWI
 - SIS/MacBox/Ga Tech.
 - DriveCam
 - Endevco 7460 accelerometers (baseline)
- SAE J211 Filter Class 60



IVVI

- Collects accelerations data
- 3 axis
- Uses SAE J-211 protocols for data collection
- Unit tested incorporated new prototype software (B6)
- Collects time of crash

http://www.iwiwitness.com/



SIS/MacBox - GT

- Collects accelerations data
- 3 axis (50 G), 2 axis (8 G)
- Oversample 2400/sec, Record 300/sec
- 2 Prototypes tested, one with accelerometer algorithm, one continuous
- GPS, seatbelt, brake, OBD
- Download via digital cellular link
- Expandable to include video
 - SIS http://www.safetyintelligence.com/digital.htm



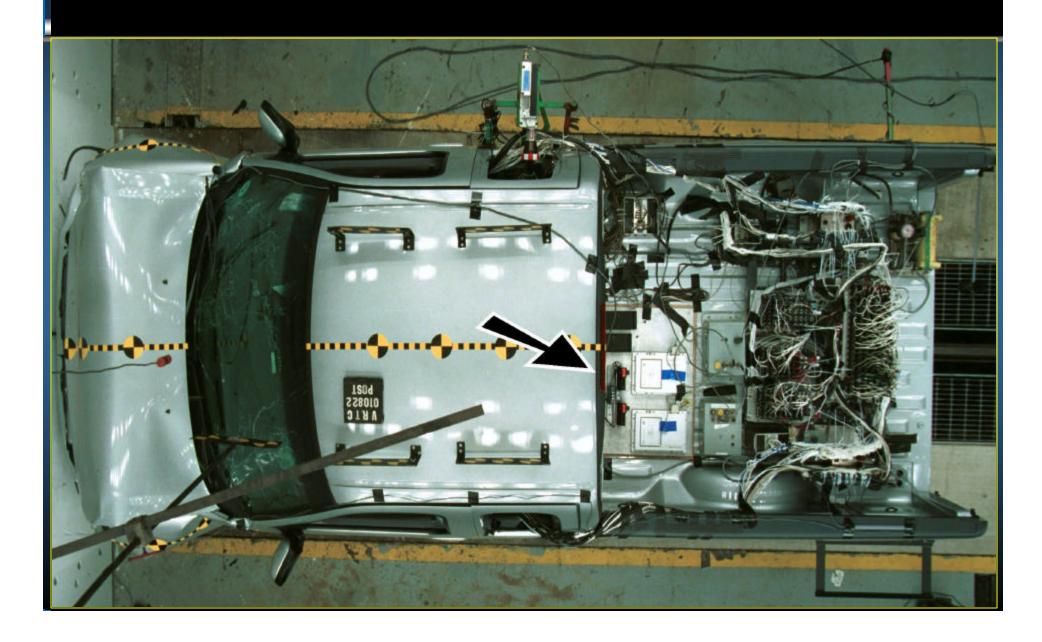
Drive Cam

- Collects video data
- Collects accelerations data
 - 2 axis
- Collects Audio Data
- Unit tested was a beta version of a new system

http://www.drivecam.com/

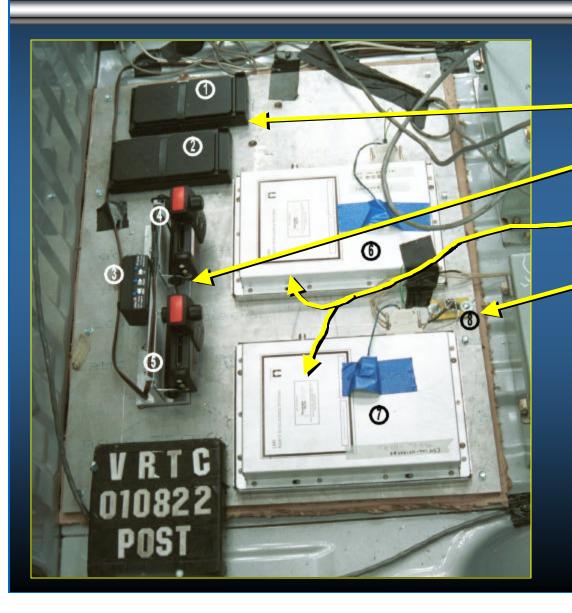


Test Vehicle





EDR Mounting



– 1 & 2 - IWI

- 3, 4 & 5 - Drivecam

6 & 7 - G.Tech.

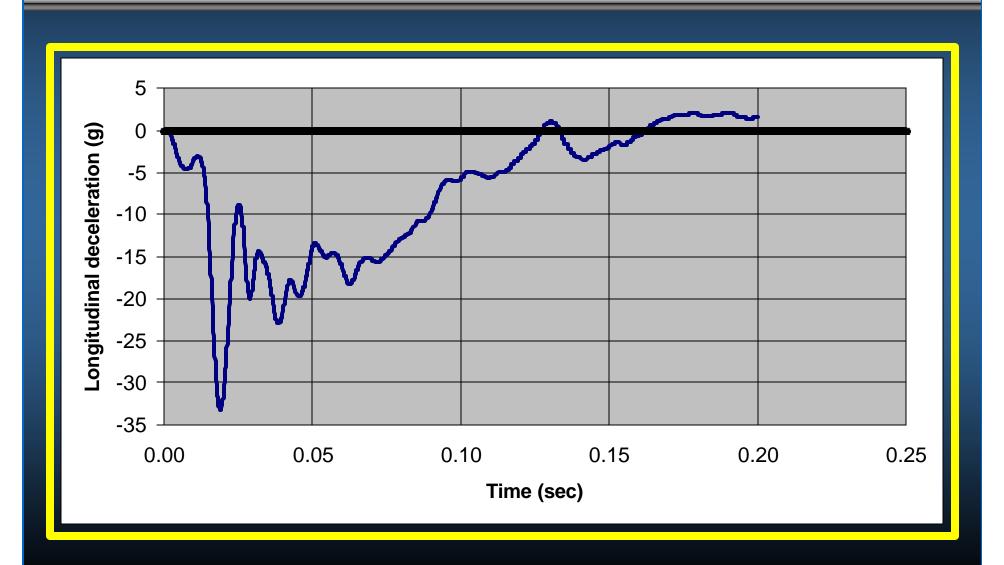
8 - Endevco 7460 accelerometers





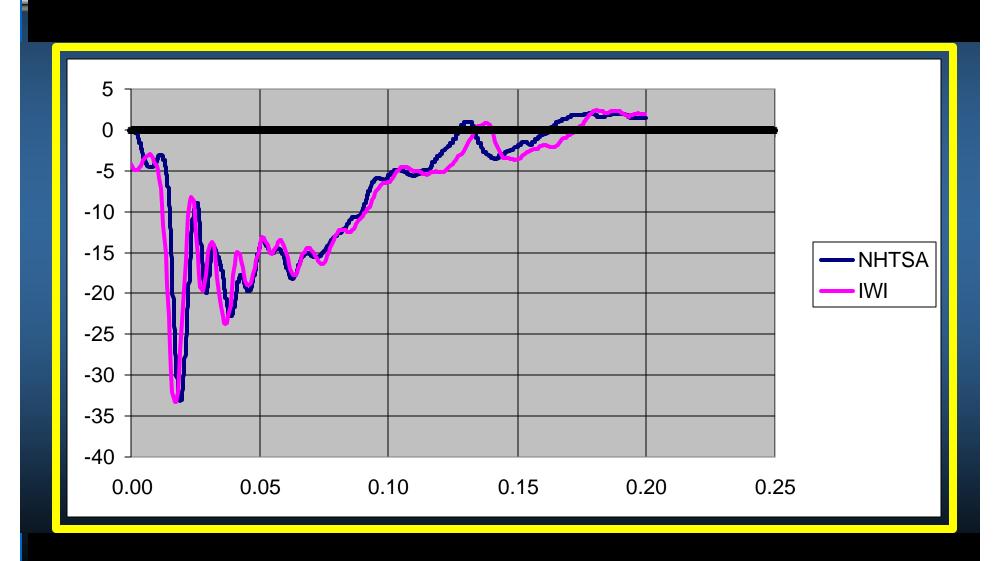


Crash Pulse on Truck Bed Plate



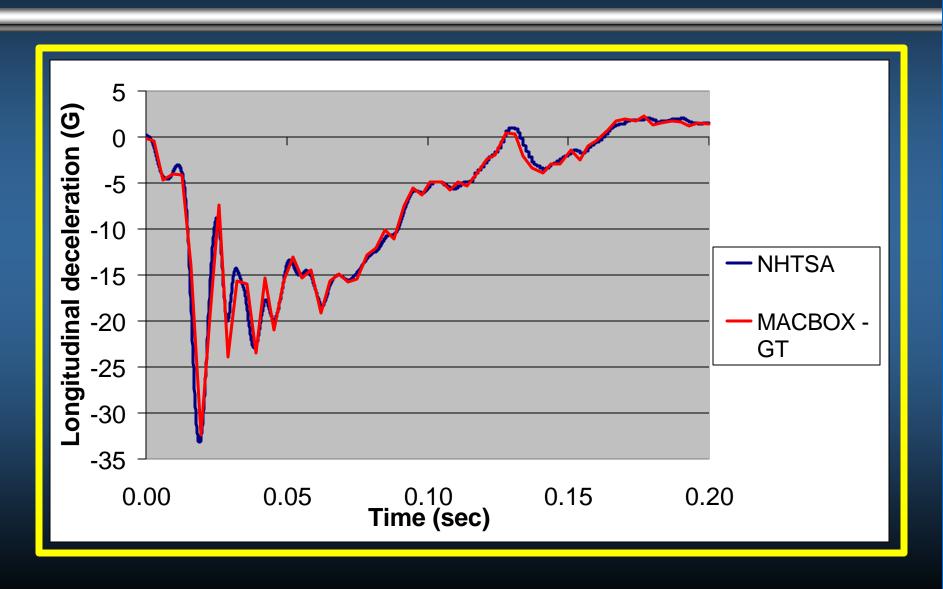


IWI & NHTSA





SIS/MacBox & NHTSA



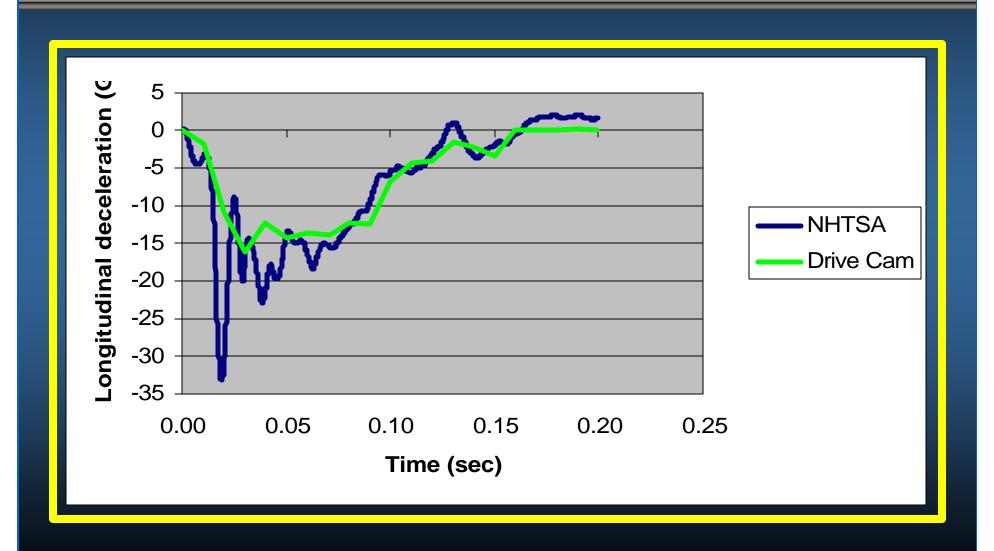
Drive Cam Video



F: +0.15 TIME - 10.00 L:- 0.09

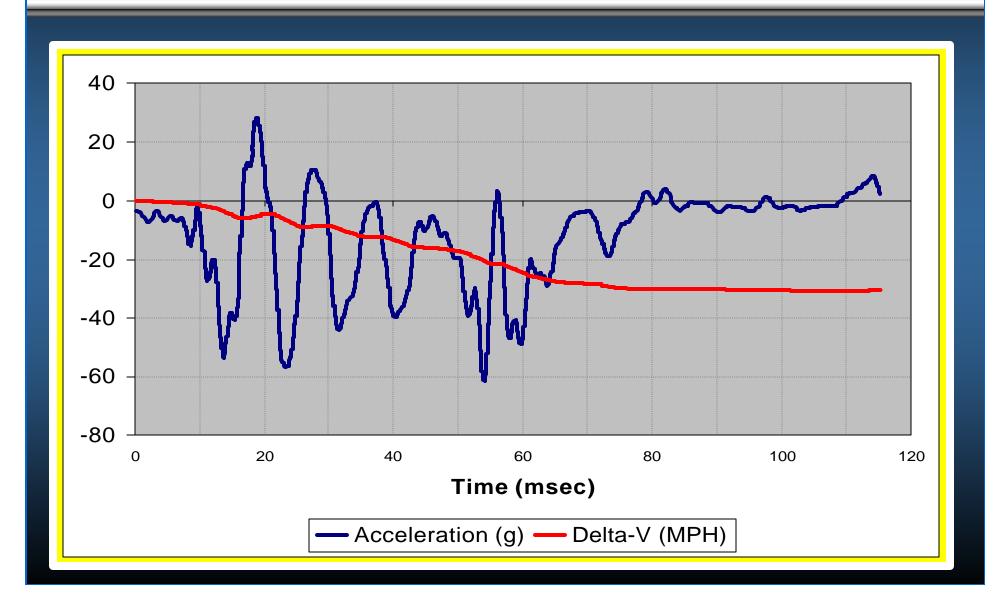


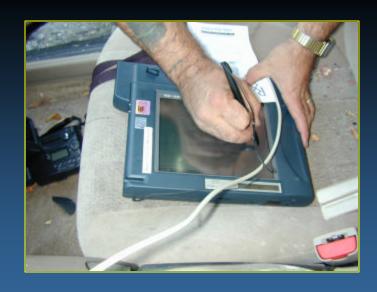
Drive Cam & NHTSA





Ford EDR





Rulemaking





Petitions

Three petitions requesting NHTSA to require EDRs

Two denied

- Agency agreed that these devices could improve safety
- Industry moving forward
- . NHTSA WG activities looking at related issues
- . Federal Register
 - Price T. Bingham 63 FR 60270 (Nov. 9, 1998)
 - Marie E. Birnbaum 64 FR 29616 (June 2, 1999)

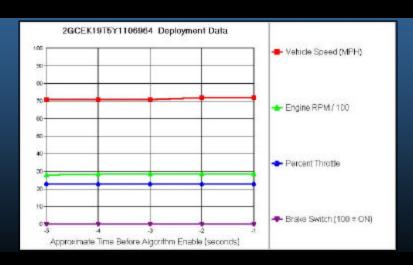
One New

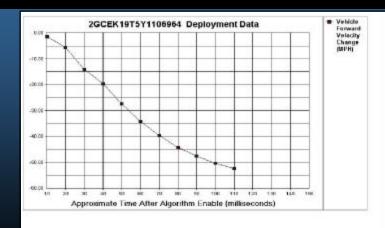
- Mandate collection and storage of onboard data
- Use a standardized format
 - Safety Intelligence Systems (no docket in process)





EDR Research







Adv Occ Protection Special Study

- NHTSA SCI Program
- Targeted crashes involving Advanced Occupant Protection systems along with Crash Data Recording Devices
- 56 cases documented including EDR downloads available in final reports
- Case summary is reported quarterly on the web @ www.nhtsa.dot.gov/people/nsca/sci.



Rowan University

Engineering analysis of EDR data

- Exploring the feasibility of using the NHTSA EDR database to evaluate current airbag triggering algorithms
- Evaluate real-world airbag firing thresholds as a function of Delta –V as computed from the current NHTSA collection of EDR crash pulses
- Characterization of the EDR database cases by impact type, collision partner, Delta V and occupant injury outcome



TRB/NCHRP

- New start to look at EDRs in relation to highway application
- Contract start early 2002



Future Projects

Traffic Safety Programs

- Law enforcement certification program
 - Development of training curriculum
 - Development of certification process





Questions?

