

Incidence rates⁽¹⁾ and numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types

Industry	Connecticut					Number (In thousands)				
	Total recordable cases	Incidence rate ⁽¹⁾			Other recordable cases	Total recordable cases	Number (In thousands)			Other recordable cases
		Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction					Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			
		Total	Cases with days away from work ⁽²⁾	Cases with job transfer or restriction		Total	Cases with days away from work ⁽²⁾	Cases with job transfer or restriction		
All industries including State and local government⁽³⁾										
2006	5.2	2.7	1.7	1.0	2.5	69.5	36.1	22.9	13.3	33.3
2007	5.3	2.8	1.8	1.0	2.5	70.8	37.1	24.3	12.8	33.7
2008	5.0	2.7	1.7	1.0	2.3	67.8	37.1	23.1	13.9	30.7
2009	4.6	2.5	1.6	0.9	2.1	60.2	32.8	21.3	11.5	27.4
2010	4.4	2.4	1.6	0.8	2.1	56.7	30.3	19.9	10.4	26.4
Private industrv⁽³⁾										
2006	4.8	2.5	1.5	1.0	2.3	55.9	29.5	17.9	11.6	26.4
2007	4.8	2.6	1.6	1.0	2.3	56.9	30.1	18.5	11.6	26.8
2008	4.6	2.5	1.5	1.0	2.0	54.9	30.5	18.1	12.4	24.4
2009	4.2	2.3	1.4	0.9	1.9	48.3	26.3	16.4	10.0	22.0
2010	4.0	2.2	1.4	0.8	1.8	45.6	24.8	15.5	9.3	20.8
State and local government										
2006	7.9	3.9	2.9	0.9	4.1	13.6	6.6	5.0	1.6	7.0
2007	8.7	4.4	3.7	0.7	4.3	13.9	7.0	5.8	1.2	6.9
2008	8.4	4.3	3.3	1.0	4.1	12.9	6.6	5.0	1.6	6.3
2009	7.8	4.3	3.3	1.0	3.5	11.9	6.5	5.0	1.5	5.4
2010	7.3	3.6	2.9	0.7	3.7	11.1	5.5	4.4	1.1	5.6
State government										
2006	6.2	3.4	3.1	0.3	2.8	3.4	1.9	1.7	0.2	1.5
2007	6.9	4.6	4.1	0.5	2.3	3.9	2.6	2.3	0.3	1.3
2008	6.4	3.7	3.3	0.4	2.8	3.6	2.0	1.8	0.2	1.5
2009	5.3	3.7	3.4	0.3	1.6	2.9	2.1	1.9	0.2	0.9
2010	5.2	3.8	3.4	0.4	1.3	2.8	2.1	1.9	0.2	0.7
Local government										
2006	8.7	4.1	2.8	1.3	4.7	10.2	4.7	3.3	1.5	5.4
2007	9.8	4.3	3.4	0.9	5.4	10.0	4.4	3.5	0.9	5.6
2008	9.5	4.6	3.3	1.4	4.8	9.3	4.5	3.2	1.3	4.8
2009	9.2	4.6	3.2	1.4	4.7	8.9	4.4	3.1	1.3	4.5
2010	8.5	3.5	2.7	0.9	5.0	8.3	3.4	2.6	0.8	4.8

Footnotes

(1) Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as (N/EH) x 200000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year

200000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week 50 weeks per year)

(2) Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work some of which also include job transfer or restriction

(3) Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics U.S. Department of Labor Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies