

**PART I – THE SCHEDULE**

**SECTION F**

**DELIVERIES OR PERFORMANCE**

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## F.1 PERIOD OF PERFORMANCE

- (a) After Contract award, the Contracting Officer will issue a Contract Notice to Proceed (which may be concurrent with or follow Contract award). The Contractor shall not be entitled to allowable costs prior to the date of the Notice. Work shall begin with the *Transition Period* beginning on August 1, 2008, and upon completion on September 30, 2008, immediately start the *Base Period* of the Contract.
- (b) Performance of this Contract includes, unless sooner reduced, terminated or extended in accordance with the provisions of this Contract:
  - (1) *Transition Period* – A 60-day period for transition of work from the existing Project Hanford Management Contract (PHMC) performed by Fluor Hanford, Inc.; the Tank Farm Contractor (TFC) performed by CH2M HILL Hanford Group, Inc.; and other DOE contractors, to the PRC. If necessary, the Contracting Officer may direct a change in the PRC Transition Period or may direct support to the transition of the MSC and TOC;
  - (2) *Base Period* – Five (5) year performance period, October 1, 2008, through September 30, 2013; and
  - (3) *Option Period* (if exercised) -- One option period for a period of five (5) years, October 1, 2013, through September 30, 2018.
- (c) The maximum period of performance for the Contract (excluding the Transition Period), if extended beyond the *Base Period* of the Contract, shall not exceed ten (10) years.
- (d) The period of performance for the Recovery Act work specified in Section B shall be for the period of performance beginning on the effective date of modification A037, as specified on the Standard Form 30, block 3, through September 30, 2012.

## F.2 PRINCIPAL PLACE OF PERFORMANCE

The principal place of performance of this Contract shall be the Hanford Site, near Richland, Washington, and other facilities as directed by the Contracting Officer.

## F.3 FAR 52.242-15, STOP-WORK ORDER (AUG 1989) -- ALTERNATE I (APR 1984)

- (a) The Contracting Officer may, at any time, by written order to the Contractor, require the Contractor to stop all, or any part, of the work called for by this Contract for a period of 90 days after the order is delivered to the Contractor, and for any further period to which the parties may agree. The order shall be specifically identified as a stop-work order issued under this clause. Upon receipt of the order, the Contractor shall immediately comply with its terms and take all reasonable steps to minimize the incurrence of costs allowable to the work covered by the order during the period of work stoppage. Within a period of 90 days after a stop-work order is delivered to the Contractor, or within any extension of that period to which the parties shall have agreed, the Contracting Officer shall either:

- (1) Cancel the stop-work order; or
  - (2) Terminate the work covered by the order as provided in the Termination Clause of this Contract.
- (b) If a stop-work order issued under this Clause is canceled or the period of the order or any extension thereof expires, the Contractor shall resume work. The Contracting Officer shall make an equitable adjustment in the delivery schedule, the estimated cost, the fee, or a combination thereof, and in any other terms of the contract that may be affected and the contract shall be modified, in writing, accordingly, if:
- (1) The stop-work order results in an increase in the time required for, or in the Contractor's cost properly allowable to, the performance of any part of this contract; and
  - (2) The Contractor asserts a claim for the adjustment within 30 days after the end of the period of work stoppage; provided that, if the Contracting Officer decides the facts justify the action, the Contracting Officer may receive and act upon the claim asserted at any time before final payment under this Contract.
- (c) If a stop-work order is not canceled and the work covered by the order is terminated for the convenience of the Government, the Contracting Officer shall allow reasonable costs resulting from the stop-work order in arriving at the termination settlement.
- (d) If a stop-work order is not canceled and the work covered by the order is terminated for default, the Contracting Officer shall allow, by equitable adjustment or otherwise, reasonable costs resulting from the stop-work order.