



Bureau of Justice Statistics Bulletin

November 2006, NCJ 215091

Probation and Parole in the United States, 2005

By Lauren E. Glaze
and Thomas P. Bonczar
BJS Statisticians

During 2005 the total Federal, State, and local adult correctional population — incarcerated or in the community — grew by **60,800** persons to over 7 million. The growth of 0.9% during the year was less than half of the average annual increase of 2.5% since 1995. About 3.2% of the U.S. adult population, or 1 in every 32 adults, were incarcerated or on probation or parole at yearend 2005.

The probation population increased 0.5% in 2005 to reach 4,162,536 on December 31. This represented an increase of 19,070 additional probationers, or the smallest increase in the last 26 years. The adult parole population reached a total of 784,408 on December 31, 2005. It grew 1.6%, or slightly more than the average annual increase of 1.4% since 1995.

Persons under adult correctional supervision, 1995-2005

| Year | Total estimated correctional population ^a | Community supervision | | Incarceration | |
|--|--|-----------------------|---------|---------------|-----------|
| | | Probation | Parole | Jail | Prison |
| 1995 | 5,342,900 | 3,077,861 | 679,421 | 507,044 | 1,078,542 |
| 2000 | 6,445,100 | 3,826,209 | 723,898 | 621,149 | 1,316,333 |
| 2001 | 6,581,700 | 3,931,731 | 732,333 | 631,240 | 1,330,007 |
| 2002 | 6,758,800 | 4,024,067 | 750,934 | 665,475 | 1,367,547 |
| 2003 | 6,883,200 | 4,073,987 | 774,588 | 691,301 | 1,390,279 |
| 2003 (revised) ^b | 6,924,500 | 4,120,012 | 769,925 | 691,301 | 1,390,279 |
| 2004 | 6,995,200 | 4,143,466 | 771,852 | 713,990 | 1,421,911 |
| 2005 | 7,056,000 | 4,162,536 | 784,408 | 747,529 | 1,446,269 |
| Percent change, 2004-2005 | 0.9% | 0.5% | 1.6% | 4.7% | 1.7% |
| Average annual percent change 1995-2005 ^c | 2.5% | 2.5% | 1.4% | 3.9% | 3.0% |

Note: Counts of probationers, parolees, and prisoners are for December 31. All jail counts are for June 30. Jail and prison counts include inmates held in private facilities. Totals in 2000 through 2005 exclude probationers held in jail or prison.

^aBecause some offenders may have multiple statuses, totals were rounded to the nearest 100.

^bDue to changes in reporting, total probation and parole counts include estimated counts for Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, and Washington based on reporting methods comparable to 2004.

^cPercent change is based on comparable reporting agencies, excluding 226,192 probationers from agencies added since 1995. See *Methodology*.

Highlights

Probation —

- The adult probation population grew 0.5% in 2005. This was an increase of 19,070 probationers, or the smallest increase in the last 26 years.
- About 50% of all probationers had been convicted of a felony, 49% of a misdemeanor, and 1% of other infractions. Twenty-eight percent were on probation for a drug law violation, and 15% for driving while intoxicated.
- One State, Mississippi (up 17%), had an increase of 10% or more in its probation population in 2005.
- The adult probation population decreased in 15 States, led by Maine (down 9%) and Vermont (down 8%).

Parole —

- In 2005 the Nation's parole population grew 1.6%. This was an increase of 12,556 parolees during the year.
- Mandatory releases from prison as a result of a sentencing statute or good-time provision comprised 51% of those entering parole in 2005, up from 45% in 1995.
- 11 States had double-digit increases in their parole population in 2005, led by Arkansas (up 23%), North Dakota (up 17%), and West Virginia (up 16%).
- 14 States had a decrease in their parole population. Nebraska (down 17%) was the only State with a decrease of more than 10%.

Nearly 5 million persons on probation or parole

The number of adult men and women in the United States who were being supervised on probation or parole at the end of 2005 reached a new high of 4,946,944, up from 3,757,282 on December 31, 1995. These data were collected in the 2005 Annual Probation Survey and the 2005 Annual Parole Survey, conducted by the Bureau of Justice Statistics (BJS).

Probationers are criminal offenders who have been sentenced to a period of correctional supervision in the community in lieu of incarceration. Parole is a period of conditional supervised release following a prison term. Prisoners may be released to parole either by a parole board decision or by mandatory conditional release.

In 2005 the growth in the combined probation and parole populations was 0.6%. An additional 31,626 probationers or parolees were added during the year.

Probationers accounted for half the growth in the correctional population since 1990

Probationers accounted for more than half the total growth in the correctional population since 1990 (figure 1). Overall, the correctional population increased by nearly 2.5 million, or 57%, from 1990 to 2005. Probationers accounted for 53% of the growth (or 1,492,000), followed by prisoners (25%, or 703,000), jail inmates (12% or 342,000), and parolees (9% or 253,000).

| | Increase in correctional population, 1990-2005 | |
|------------------------|--|---------|
| | Number | Percent |
| Total ^a | 2,480,000 | 100% |
| Probation ^b | 1,492,000 | 53.5 |
| Parole | 253,000 | 9.1 |
| Prison | 703,000 | 25.2 |
| Jail | 342,000 | 12.3 |

^aDetails may not sum to total because some offenders have multiple statuses.

^bExcludes 226,192 probationers from agencies added since 1995. See *Methodology*.

Community supervision declined as a percentage of the correctional population

Between 1990 and 2005 the prison population was the fastest growing correctional population, with an average annual increase of 4.5%, followed by jails (4.2%), and parole and probation (2.6% each).

As a percentage of the correctional population, offenders under community supervision accounted for 69% of the correctional population in 2005 (down from nearly 74% in 1990), while those incarcerated accounted for 31% (up from 26% in 1990).

Probationers continued to account for the majority of all persons under correctional supervision in 2005 (58%, down from 61% in 1990). Parolees were 11% of the total population in 2005 (down from 12% in 1990). Prisoners increased to 20% of the total correctional population (up from 17% in 1990), while jail inmates increased to 10% (up from 9% in 1990).

Correctional supervision rate rose sharply from 1980 to 2005

The rate of U.S. adult residents under correctional supervision nearly tripled between 1980 (1,117 per 100,000) and 2005 (3,150 per 100,000). During 2005 the U.S. resident population increased at a higher rate (1.1%) than the population under correctional supervision (0.9%). Despite growth in the total correctional population from 6,995,200 in 2004 to 7,056,000 in 2005, the rate of U.S. men and women under correctional supervision in 2005 (3,150 per 100,000 adult residents) remained about the same as in 2004 (3,156).

| Year | Total estimated correctional population | Supervision rate per 100,000 adults* |
|------|---|--------------------------------------|
| 1980 | 1,842,100 | 1,117 |
| 1985 | 3,013,100 | 1,709 |
| 1990 | 4,350,300 | 2,337 |
| 1995 | 5,342,900 | 2,737 |
| 2000 | 6,445,100 | 3,052 |
| 2001 | 6,581,700 | 3,078 |
| 2002 | 6,758,800 | 3,122 |
| 2003 | 6,924,500 | 3,160 |
| 2004 | 6,995,200 | 3,156 |
| 2005 | 7,056,000 | 3,150 |

*Rates are computed using the U.S. adult resident population on January 1 of the following year.

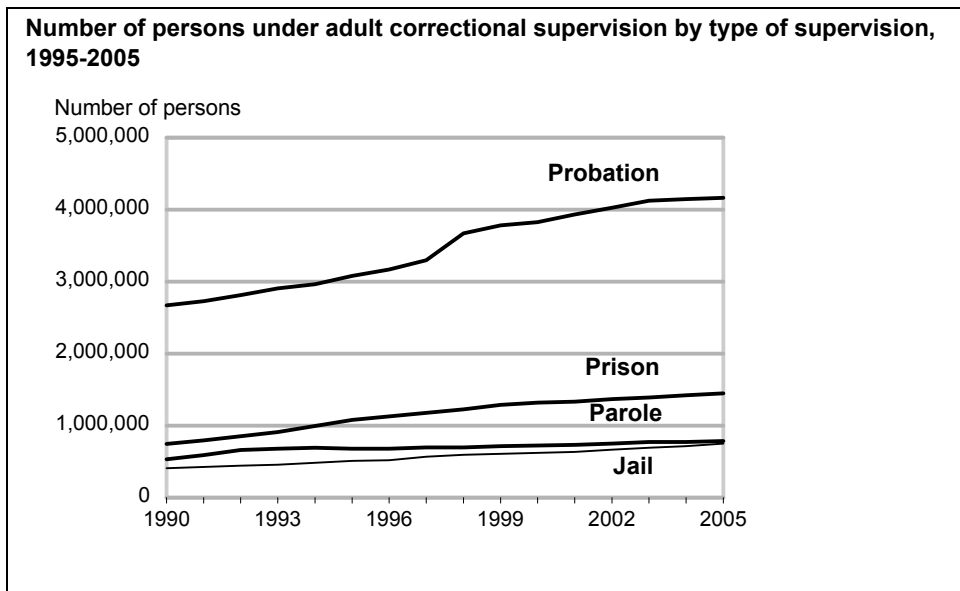


Figure 1

Table 1. Community corrections among the States, yearend 2005

| 10 States with the largest 2005 community corrections populations | Number supervised | 10 States with the largest percent increase | Percent increase, 2004-05 | 10 States with the highest rates of supervision, 2005 | Persons supervised per 100,000 adult residents* | 10 States with the lowest rates of supervision, 2005 | Persons supervised per 100,000 adult residents* |
|---|-------------------|---|---------------------------|---|---|--|---|
| Probation: | | | | | | | |
| Texas | 430,312 | Mississippi | 17.1% | Massachusetts | 3,350 | New Hampshire | 457 |
| California | 388,260 | West Virginia | 9.6 | Rhode Island | 3,091 | West Virginia | 533 |
| Florida | 277,831 | Wyoming | 9.2 | Minnesota | 2,988 | Utah | 578 |
| Ohio | 239,036 | Kentucky | 8.0 | Delaware | 2,828 | Nevada | 709 |
| Michigan | 178,609 | Montana | 7.8 | Ohio | 2,745 | Kansas | 723 |
| Pennsylvania | 167,561 | Alabama | 6.0 | Indiana | 2,583 | Maine | 776 |
| Massachusetts | 165,365 | North Dakota | 5.6 | Texas | 2,580 | Virginia | 788 |
| Illinois | 143,136 | New Mexico | 5.5 | Michigan | 2,350 | North Dakota | 791 |
| New Jersey | 139,091 | Arkansas | 5.1 | Washington | 2,155 | New York | 810 |
| Indiana | 121,014 | Virginia | 4.9 | New Jersey | 2,117 | South Dakota | 899 |
| Parole: | | | | | | | |
| California | 111,743 | Arkansas | 22.7% | Pennsylvania | 787 | Maine | 3 |
| Texas | 101,916 | North Dakota | 16.7 | Arkansas | 782 | Florida | 34 |
| Pennsylvania | 75,732 | West Virginia | 16.4 | Oregon | 766 | Rhode Island | 41 |
| New York | 53,533 | New Mexico | 16.1 | Louisiana | 712 | North Carolina | 47 |
| Illinois | 34,576 | Kentucky | 15.8 | Texas | 611 | Nebraska | 50 |
| Louisiana | 24,072 | Vermont | 14.9 | California | 421 | North Dakota | 57 |
| Georgia | 22,851 | Mississippi | 12.1 | Missouri | 414 | Massachusetts | 73 |
| Oregon | 21,499 | Delaware | 11.3 | South Dakota | 414 | Virginia | 78 |
| Michigan | 19,978 | Colorado | 11.0 | Wisconsin | 365 | Mississippi | 90 |
| Ohio | 19,512 | South Dakota | 10.2 | New York | 364 | Delaware | 92 |

Note: This table excludes the District of Columbia as a wholly urban jurisdiction, Georgia probation counts which include probation case-based counts for private agencies, and Idaho probation counts in which estimates for misdemeanors were based on admissions.

*Rates are computed using the estimated adult resident population in each State on January 1, 2006.

6 of the 10 States with largest probation populations also had large parole populations

Texas, California, Ohio, Michigan, Pennsylvania, and Illinois had 6 of the 10 largest probation populations in the Nation at yearend 2005 (table 1).

These 6 States accounted for more than a third of all probationers (37%). The same 6 States were among the 10 States with the largest parole populations in the Nation. Almost half of all parolees were supervised within these 6 States (46%).

Texas and California accounted for more than 1 million adults supervised in the community, or about 1 in 5 probationers and parolees. Each State had at least a half million adults on probation or parole: Texas with 532,228, and California with 500,003.

Among the other States, Massachusetts had the largest percentage of its adult population under community supervision (3.4% at yearend 2005), followed by Texas (3.2%) and Rhode Island (3.1%).

California had the largest parole population and the second largest probation population in the Nation. The percentage of California's adult population under community supervision was 1.9%, or slightly below the Nation's percentage of 2.2%.

Eight States reported rates of community supervision below 1,000 per 100,000 adult residents. New Hampshire had the lowest rate of supervision in the community (595 offenders per 100,000 adults).

Number under community supervision per 100,000 adult residents

| | |
|---------------|-----|
| New Hampshire | 595 |
| West Virginia | 632 |
| Utah | 766 |
| Maine | 779 |
| North Dakota | 848 |
| Virginia | 866 |
| Nevada | 926 |
| Kansas | 948 |

9 States reported an increase of 5% or more in their probation population

In 2005 Mississippi (up 17%) had the largest increase in probationers, followed by West Virginia (up 10%), and Wyoming (up 9%). A total of 32 States reported an increase in their adult probation population during 2005.

Fifteen States had fewer adults on probation at the end of 2005 than at the beginning of the year. Maine (down 9%) led the Nation with the largest decrease, followed by Vermont (down 8%), and Washington (down 6%).

Table 2. Adults on probation, 2005

| Region and jurisdiction | Probation population, 1/1/2005 | 2005 | | Probation population, 12/31/05 | Percent change, 2005 | Number on probation per 100,000 adult residents, 12/31/05 |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------|-----------|--------------------------------|----------------------|---|
| | | Entries | Exits | | | |
| U.S. total | 4,143,466 | 2,228,300 | 2,209,700 | 4,162,536 | 0.5% | 1,858 |
| Federal | 28,602 | 12,135 | 14,402 | 26,719 | -6.6% | 12 |
| State | 4,114,864 | 2,216,200 | 2,195,300 | 4,135,817 | 0.5 | 1,846 |
| Northeast | 702,328 | 277,800 | 285,700 | 694,396 | -1.1% | 1,658 |
| Connecticut ^a | 54,067 | 28,250 | 26,245 | 56,072 | 3.7 | 2,092 |
| Maine | 8,907 | 4,890 | 5,677 | 8,120 | -8.8 | 776 |
| Massachusetts ^a | 163,719 | 84,343 | 82,697 | 165,365 | 1.0 | 3,350 |
| New Hampshire | 4,285 | 3,440 | 3,110 | 4,615 | : | 457 |
| New Jersey | 143,315 | 45,136 | 49,360 | 139,091 | -2.9 | 2,117 |
| New York | 124,853 | 34,644 | 40,472 | 119,025 | -4.7 | 810 |
| Pennsylvania ^{a,b} | 167,366 | 67,300 | 67,100 | 167,561 | 0.1 | 1,741 |
| Rhode Island ^a | 26,085 | 5,410 | 5,882 | 25,613 | -1.8 | 3,091 |
| Vermont ^a | 9,731 | 4,341 | 5,138 | 8,934 | -8.2 | 1,820 |
| Midwest | 958,730 | 609,500 | 594,300 | 973,807 | 1.6% | 1,950 |
| Illinois ^a | 143,871 | 60,951 | 61,686 | 143,136 | -0.5 | 1,500 |
| Indiana ^a | 121,675 | 98,681 | 99,342 | 121,014 | -0.5 | 2,583 |
| Iowa | 22,408 | 15,829 | 14,833 | 23,404 | 4.4 | 1,018 |
| Kansas | 14,439 | 19,755 | 19,184 | 15,010 | 4.0 | 723 |
| Michigan ^{a,b} | 176,630 | 130,200 | 128,300 | 178,609 | 1.1 | 2,350 |
| Minnesota | 113,121 | 70,752 | 66,800 | 117,073 | 3.5 | 2,988 |
| Missouri | 54,848 | 25,179 | 26,413 | 53,614 | -2.2 | 1,208 |
| Nebraska | 17,994 | 15,330 | 14,856 | 18,468 | 2.6 | 1,387 |
| North Dakota | 3,749 | 2,808 | 2,597 | 3,960 | 5.6 | 791 |
| Ohio ^{a,b} | 230,758 | 141,300 | 133,000 | 239,036 | 3.6 | 2,745 |
| South Dakota | 5,372 | 3,196 | 3,260 | 5,308 | -1.2 | 899 |
| Wisconsin | 53,865 | 25,505 | 24,195 | 55,175 | 2.4 | 1,298 |
| South | 1,667,198 | 908,800 | 894,600 | 1,681,455 | 0.9% | 2,067 |
| Alabama ^a | 36,799 | 14,039 | 11,843 | 38,995 | 6.0 | 1,121 |
| Arkansas | 28,771 | 8,435 | 6,958 | 30,248 | 5.1 | 1,431 |
| Delaware | 18,725 | 14,643 | 14,906 | 18,462 | -1.4 | 2,828 |
| District of Columbia ^a | 7,585 | 7,216 | 7,414 | 7,387 | -2.6 | 1,696 |
| Florida ^{a,b} | 278,606 | 240,000 | 240,800 | 277,831 | -0.3 | 2,002 |
| Georgia ^{a,b,c} | 423,547 | 215,500 | 216,200 | 422,848 | : | : |
| Kentucky | 32,619 | 20,800 | 18,300 | 35,230 | 8.0 | 1,100 |
| Louisiana | 38,231 | 13,772 | 13,695 | 38,308 | 0.2 | 1,133 |
| Maryland | 76,676 | 38,282 | 39,365 | 75,593 | -1.4 | 1,793 |
| Mississippi | 20,375 | 8,124 | 4,635 | 23,864 | 17.1 | 1,096 |
| North Carolina | 111,537 | 62,157 | 62,068 | 111,626 | 0.1 | 1,693 |
| Oklahoma ^{a,b} | 28,404 | 14,600 | 14,100 | 28,865 | 1.6 | 1,065 |
| South Carolina | 38,941 | 14,768 | 14,360 | 39,349 | 1.0 | 1,212 |
| Tennessee ^{a,b} | 47,099 | 24,800 | 22,600 | 49,302 | 4.7 | 1,072 |
| Texas | 428,836 | 181,333 | 179,857 | 430,312 | 0.3 | 2,580 |
| Virginia ^a | 43,470 | 27,078 | 24,959 | 45,589 | 4.9 | 788 |
| West Virginia ^b | 6,977 | 3,200 | 2,500 | 7,646 | 9.6 | 533 |
| West | 786,608 | 420,100 | 420,500 | 786,159 | -0.1% | 1,546 |
| Alaska | 5,547 | 1,022 | 878 | 5,680 | 2.4 | 1,182 |
| Arizona ^{a,b} | 70,532 | 39,700 | 39,100 | 71,138 | 0.9 | 1,606 |
| California ^a | 384,852 | 195,343 | 191,935 | 388,260 | 0.9 | 1,462 |
| Colorado ^{a,b} | 57,779 | 29,900 | 31,000 | 56,623 | -2.0 | 1,613 |
| Hawaii ^d | 16,113 | 6,236 | 5,524 | 16,825 | 4.4 | 1,693 |
| Idaho ^{a,e} | 44,579 | 35,717 | 36,584 | 43,712 | : | : |
| Montana ^{a,b} | 7,634 | 4,500 | 3,900 | 8,233 | 7.8 | 1,121 |
| Nevada | 12,645 | 6,305 | 6,019 | 12,931 | 2.3 | 709 |
| New Mexico ^{a,b} | 17,725 | 8,500 | 7,500 | 18,706 | 5.5 | 1,287 |
| Oregon | 43,324 | 17,852 | 16,323 | 44,853 | 3.5 | 1,597 |
| Utah | 10,267 | 5,312 | 5,500 | 10,079 | -1.8 | 578 |
| Washington ^{a,b,d} | 111,193 | 66,900 | 73,800 | 104,293 | -6.2 | 2,155 |
| Wyoming | 4,418 | 2,828 | 2,420 | 4,826 | 9.2 | 1,216 |

Note: Because of nonresponse or incomplete data, the probation population for some jurisdictions on December 31, 2005, does not equal the population on January 1, plus entries, minus exits.

: Not calculated.

^aSome or all data are estimated.

^bData for entries and exits were estimated for nonreporting agencies.

^cCounts include private agency cases and may overstate the number under supervision.

^dDue to a change in the State agency's recordkeeping procedures, data are not comparable to previous reports.

^eCounts include estimates for misdemeanors based on admissions.

19,070 probationers added in 2005

During 2005 the probation population grew by 19,070. The growth in the number of probationers (0.5%) was the smallest growth in probation since the survey began in 1980.

At yearend 2005 the probation supervision rate totaled 1,858 probationers per 100,000 adult U.S. residents — the equivalent of 1 in every 54 adults (table 2). Two States, Massachusetts (3,350 per 100,000) and Rhode Island (3,091 per 100,000), had more than 3% of their adult resident population under probation supervision.

A total of 10 States had fewer than 1% of their adult resident population under probation supervision. One State, New Hampshire (457 per 100,000), had a rate below 500 probationers per 100,000 adult residents.

Small growth in probation population during 2005

Since 2001 the growth in probation has steadily dropped. The annual change was 2.8% in 2001, 2.3% in 2002, 1.2% in 2003, and 0.6% in 2004.

The 0.5% growth in the probation population during 2005 was the smallest in the last 26 years.*

| Year | Annual increase | |
|------|-----------------|----------------|
| | Number | Percent change |
| 2000 | 46,287 | 1.2% |
| 2001 | 105,522 | 2.8 |
| 2002 | 92,336 | 2.3 |
| 2003 | 49,920 | 1.2 |
| 2004 | 23,454 | 0.6 |
| 2005 | 19,070 | 0.5 |

*Since *Probation and Parole in the United States, 2004*, was published, Washington State revised their 2004 data which resulted in the 2003-04 national percent change increasing from 0.2% to 0.6%.

Growth in probation since 1990 linked to entries

Since 1990 the probation population has steadily increased from 2,670,200 to 4,162,536 in 2005 (figure 2).

Although the number of entries decreased from 1990 (1,637,600) to 1994 (1,397,500), entries exceeded exits during that period, resulting in an average annual increase of 3.0% in the probation population. The number entering probation has increased each year since 1994, except for a 2.0% decrease in 2001 and a 0.5% decrease in 2004.

From 1995 through 1999 the annual increase in the probation population fluctuated between 87,000 and 120,000 additional probationers each year (figure 3). Beginning in 2001 the annual increase in the number of

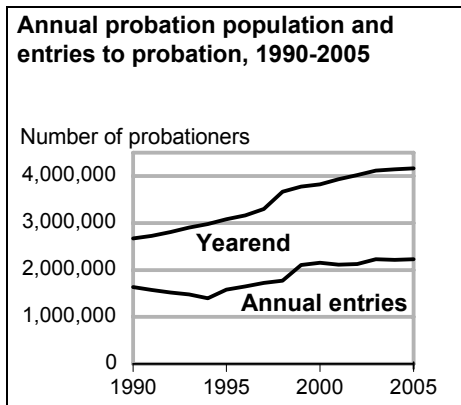


Figure 2

probationers declined from 105,500 to 92,300 in 2002, to 49,900 in 2003, to 23,400 in 2004. In 2005 the annual increase reached its lowest since data collection began in 1980 — an additional 19,070 probationers.

5 States accounted for nearly a third of the growth in probation from 1995 to 2005

In absolute numbers the probation population increased by 858,500 between 1995 and 2005. California experienced the largest growth (107,700), followed by Pennsylvania (60,700), Michigan (37,200), Illinois (33,600), and Minnesota (33,300). These five States accounted for 32% of the growth in probation since 1995.

Between 1995 and 2005 New York had the largest decrease in the number of probationers (49,000), followed by Washington (16,200), and the Federal system (8,700).

Largest increases, 1995-2005

| | |
|--------------|---------|
| California | 107,700 |
| Pennsylvania | 60,700 |
| Michigan | 37,200 |
| Illinois | 33,600 |
| Minnesota | 33,300 |

Largest decreases, 1995-2005

| | |
|----------------------|---------|
| New York | -49,000 |
| Washington | -16,200 |
| Federal system | -8,700 |
| District of Columbia | -3,000 |
| Kansas | -1,500 |

Annual increase in probation population, 1995-2005

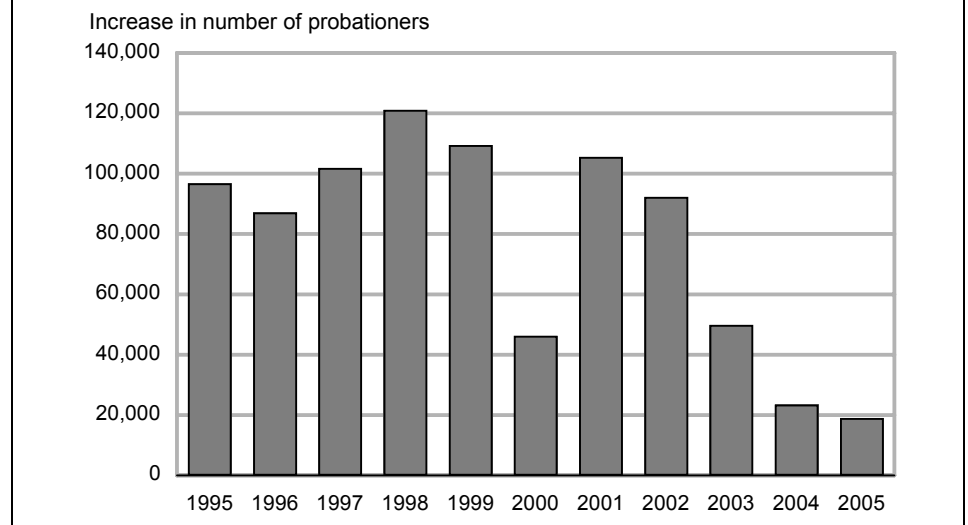


Figure 3

At yearend 2005 almost 1 in 4 probationers were female; more than 1 in 2 were white

Nationwide women represented a slightly larger percentage of the probation population in 2005 than in 1995 (table 3). Women were 23% of adults on probation in 2005 (956,200), up from 21% in 1995.

At yearend 2005 more than half of all probationers were white (2,290,500); almost a third were black (1,239,600); and an eighth were Hispanic (539,700). Persons of other races comprised about 2% of probationers (92,600).

Direct sentences more common in 2005 than 1995

A larger percentage of probationers in 2005 had received a direct sentence to probation (57%) than in 1995 (48%). A smaller percentage had a probation sentence combined with incarceration (10% compared to 15% in 1995). The percentage of probationers that received a suspended sentence to incarceration has slowly declined, from 26% in 1995 to 22% in 2005.

Half of all probationers convicted of a felony

Probationers convicted of a felony (50%) accounted for a larger percentage of the population than probationers convicted of a misdemeanor (49%). About 1% of probationers had been convicted of other infractions.

The largest percentage of the probation population was convicted of a drug law violation (28%), followed by a DWI (15%) and larceny/theft (12%).

Seven in 10 probationers were under active supervision at yearend. Probationers under active supervision are required to regularly report to a probation authority in person, by mail, or by telephone. The percentage of probationers required to report regularly declined steadily, from 79% in 1995 to 70% in 2005.

About 1 in 10 persons still on probation had absconded at yearend 2005. Though still on probation, absconders had failed to report and could not be located. The percentage of absconders on probation increased slightly in the last 10 years (10% in 2005, up from 9% in 1995).

Success rates have remained stable since 1995

Fifty-nine percent of the more than 2.2 million adults discharged from probation in 2005 had successfully met the conditions of their supervision. The percentage of probationers discharged successfully has varied between 62% (1995) and 59% (2005). Probationers discharged from supervision because of incarceration due to a new offense or rule violation has varied, from 21% in 1995 to 15% in 2000 to 16% in 2005. Another 3% of those discharged from probation had absconded and 13% had their probation revoked without incarceration.

Table 3. Characteristics of adults on probation, 1995, 2000, and 2005

| Characteristic | 1995 | 2000 | 2005 |
|---|------|------|------|
| Total | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| Gender | | | |
| Male | 79% | 78% | 77% |
| Female | 21 | 22 | 23 |
| Race/Hispanic origin | | | |
| White ^a | 53% | 54% | 55% |
| Black ^a | 31 | 31 | 30 |
| Hispanic | 14 | 13 | 13 |
| American Indian/Alaska Native ^a | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Asian/Native Hawaiian/other Pacific Islander ^a | -- | 1 | 1 |
| Status of probation | | | |
| Direct imposition | 48% | 56% | 57% |
| Split sentence | 15 | 11 | 10 |
| Sentence suspended | 26 | 25 | 22 |
| Imposition suspended | 6 | 7 | 9 |
| Other | 4 | 1 | 2 |
| Status of supervision | | | |
| Active | 79% | 76% | 70% |
| Inactive | 8 | 9 | 9 |
| Absconder | 9 | 9 | 10 |
| Supervised out of State | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| Residential/other treatment program | ... | ... | 1 |
| Warrant status | ... | ... | 6 |
| Other | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| Type of offense | | | |
| Felony | 54% | 52% | 50% |
| Misdemeanor | 44 | 46 | 49 |
| Other infractions | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| Most serious offense^b | | | |
| Sexual assault | ... | ... | 3% |
| Domestic violence | ... | ... | 6 |
| Other assault | ... | ... | 10 |
| Burglary | ... | ... | 5 |
| Larceny/theft | ... | ... | 12 |
| Fraud | ... | ... | 6 |
| Drug law violations | ... | 24 | 28 |
| Driving while intoxicated | 16 | 18 | 15 |
| Minor traffic offenses | ... | 6 | 5 |
| Adults entering probation | | | |
| Without incarceration | 72% | 79% | 76% |
| With incarceration | 13 | 16 | 18 |
| Other types | 15 | 5 | 6 |
| Adults leaving probation | | | |
| Successful completions | 62% | 60% | 59% |
| Incarceration | 21 | 15 | 16 |
| With new sentence | 5 | 3 | 4 |
| With the same sentence | 13 | 8 | 7 |
| Unknown | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| Absconder ^c | ... | 3 | 3 |
| Discharge to custody, detainer, or warrant | ... | 1 | 1 |
| Other unsuccessful ^c | ... | 11 | 13 |
| Death | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Other | 16 | 9 | 7 |

Note: For every characteristic there were persons of unknown type. Detail may not sum to total because of rounding.

--Less than 0.5%.

...Not available.

^aExcludes persons of Hispanic origin.

^bDoes not include all offenses; therefore, will not add to 100%.

^cIn 1995 absconder and other unsuccessful statuses were reported among other.

Table 4. Adults on parole, 2005

| Region and jurisdiction | Parole population, 1/1/05 | 2005 | | Parole population, 12/31/05 | Percent change, 2005 | Number on parole per 100,000 adult residents, 12/31/05 |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|---------|---------|-----------------------------|----------------------|--|
| | | Entries | Exits | | | |
| U.S. total | 771,852 | 516,400 | 503,800 | 784,408 | 1.6% | 350 |
| Federal | 89,589 | 36,121 | 34,549 | 91,211 | 1.8% | 41 |
| State | 682,263 | 480,300 | 469,300 | 693,197 | 1.6 | 309 |
| Northeast | 154,309 | 70,200 | 72,400 | 152,120 | -1.4% | 363 |
| Connecticut | 2,552 | 2,813 | 2,794 | 2,571 | 0.7 | 96 |
| Maine | 32 | 1 | 1 | 32 | 0.0 | 3 |
| Massachusetts | 3,854 | 5,062 | 5,337 | 3,579 | -7.1 | 73 |
| New Hampshire | 1,212 | 861 | 671 | 1,402 | : | 139 |
| New Jersey | 13,880 | 10,818 | 10,824 | 13,874 | 0.0 | 211 |
| New York | 54,524 | 23,340 | 24,331 | 53,533 | -1.8 | 364 |
| Pennsylvania ^a | 76,989 | 26,300 | 27,500 | 75,732 | -1.6 | 787 |
| Rhode Island ^b | 344 | 381 | 389 | 338 | -1.7 | 41 |
| Vermont ^{b,c} | 922 | 657 | 520 | 1,059 | 14.9 | 216 |
| Midwest | 127,338 | 99,252 | 95,760 | 130,830 | 2.7% | 262 |
| Illinois | 34,277 | 35,636 | 35,337 | 34,576 | 0.9 | 362 |
| Indiana | 6,627 | 6,446 | 5,778 | 7,295 | 10.1 | 156 |
| Iowa ^b | 3,325 | 2,665 | 2,430 | 3,560 | 7.1 | 155 |
| Kansas ^b | 4,525 | 4,500 | 4,359 | 4,666 | 3.1 | 225 |
| Michigan | 20,924 | 10,429 | 11,375 | 19,978 | -4.5 | 263 |
| Minnesota | 3,676 | 5,035 | 4,745 | 3,966 | 7.9 | 101 |
| Missouri | 17,400 | 13,458 | 12,484 | 18,374 | 5.6 | 414 |
| Nebraska | 801 | 869 | 1,003 | 667 | -16.7 | 50 |
| North Dakota | 246 | 728 | 687 | 287 | 16.7 | 57 |
| Ohio | 18,882 | 9,956 | 9,326 | 19,512 | 3.3 | 224 |
| South Dakota | 2,217 | 1,848 | 1,621 | 2,444 | 10.2 | 414 |
| Wisconsin | 14,438 | 7,682 | 6,615 | 15,505 | 7.4 | 365 |
| South | 229,775 | 104,986 | 100,733 | 234,007 | 1.8% | 288 |
| Alabama | 7,745 | 3,030 | 3,523 | 7,252 | -6.4 | 208 |
| Arkansas | 13,476 | 8,130 | 5,075 | 16,531 | 22.7 | 782 |
| Delaware | 539 | 361 | 300 | 600 | 11.3 | 92 |
| District of Columbia ^c | 5,253 | 2,112 | 2,180 | 5,288 | 0.7 | 1,214 |
| Florida | 4,484 | 6,198 | 5,897 | 4,785 | 6.7 | 34 |
| Georgia | 23,344 | 11,366 | 11,859 | 22,851 | -2.1 | 338 |
| Kentucky | 8,255 | 5,727 | 4,420 | 9,562 | 15.8 | 298 |
| Louisiana | 24,219 | 13,330 | 13,477 | 24,072 | -0.6 | 712 |
| Maryland | 14,351 | 7,658 | 7,738 | 14,271 | -0.6 | 339 |
| Mississippi | 1,758 | 996 | 784 | 1,970 | 12.1 | 90 |
| North Carolina | 2,882 | 3,506 | 3,287 | 3,101 | 7.6 | 47 |
| Oklahoma ^c | 4,329 | 1,488 | 1,800 | 4,017 | -7.2 | 148 |
| South Carolina | 3,237 | 1,050 | 1,132 | 3,155 | -2.5 | 97 |
| Tennessee ^b | 8,223 | 3,748 | 3,126 | 8,721 | 6.1 | 190 |
| Texas | 102,072 | 32,701 | 32,857 | 101,916 | -0.2 | 611 |
| Virginia | 4,392 | 2,570 | 2,463 | 4,499 | 2.4 | 78 |
| West Virginia | 1,216 | 1,015 | 815 | 1,416 | 16.4 | 99 |
| West | 170,841 | 205,866 | 200,380 | 176,240 | 3.2% | 347 |
| Alaska ^b | 949 | 645 | 621 | 973 | 2.5 | 202 |
| Arizona | 5,728 | 11,782 | 11,402 | 6,108 | 6.6 | 138 |
| California ^b | 110,262 | 162,329 | 160,848 | 111,743 | 1.3 | 421 |
| Colorado | 7,383 | 6,880 | 6,067 | 8,196 | 11.0 | 234 |
| Hawaii | 2,296 | 632 | 722 | 2,119 | -7.7 | 213 |
| Idaho | 2,370 | 1,443 | 1,331 | 2,482 | 4.7 | 233 |
| Montana ^b | 810 | 570 | 545 | 835 | 3.1 | 114 |
| Nevada | 3,610 | 2,612 | 2,257 | 3,965 | 9.8 | 217 |
| New Mexico | 2,469 | 1,439 | 1,042 | 2,866 | 16.1 | 197 |
| Oregon | 20,515 | 9,037 | 8,053 | 21,499 | 4.8 | 766 |
| Utah | 3,246 | 2,502 | 2,471 | 3,277 | 1.0 | 188 |
| Washington ^d | 10,640 | 5,668 | 4,740 | 11,568 | 8.7 | 239 |
| Wyoming | 563 | 327 | 281 | 609 | 8.2 | 153 |

Parole population grew by 12,556 during 2005

At the end of 2005 a total of 784,408 adult men and women were on parole or mandatory conditional release following a prison term (table 4). The population grew by 12,556 parolees during the year, or 1.6%. This was greater than the average annual increase of 1.4% since 1995 (table 5).

At yearend 2005, 350 persons were under parole supervision per 100,000 adult residents, or 1 in every 286 adults in the United States. Pennsylvania (787 per 100,000), Arkansas (782), and Oregon (766) had the highest rates of parole supervision. Maine, which abolished parole in 1975, had the lowest rate of supervision (3 per 100,000).

Parole populations increased in 33 States

At total of 33 States and the District of Columbia had more adults on parole at the end of 2005 than at the beginning of the year. Double-digit increases were reported in 11 States. Arkansas (up 23%) had the largest increase, followed by North Dakota (up 17%), and West Virginia (up 16%).

Table 5. Change in the number of adults on parole, 1995-2005

| Year | Annual change | |
|------------------------------------|---------------|---------|
| | Number | Percent |
| 1995 | -10,950 | -1.6% |
| 1996 | 312 | 0.0 |
| 1997 | 15,054 | 2.2 |
| 1998 | 1,598 | 0.2 |
| 1999 | 18,072 | 2.6 |
| 2000 | 9,441 | 1.3 |
| 2001 | 8,435 | 1.2 |
| 2002 | 18,601 | 2.5 |
| 2003 | 23,654 | 3.1 |
| 2004 | 1,927 | 0.2 |
| 2005 | 12,556 | 1.6 |
| Total increase, 1995-2005 | 104,987 | 15.4% |
| Average annual increase, 1995-2005 | 10,499 | 1.4% |

Note: Because of nonresponse or incomplete data, the parole population for some jurisdictions on December 31, 2005, does not equal the population on January 1, plus entries, minus exits.

: Not calculated.

^aData for entries and exits were estimated for nonreporting county agencies.

^bExcludes parolees in one of the following categories: absconder, out of State, or inactive.

^cAll data were estimated.

^dDue to a change in recordkeeping procedures, data are not comparable to previous reports.

A total of 14 States reported a decrease in their parole population during 2005. Nebraska (down 17%) had the only double-digit decrease. Four States had decreases of 5% or more: Hawaii (down 8%), Oklahoma and Massachusetts (both down 7%), and Alabama (down 6%).

State parole population increasing after stability during the 1990s

From 1980 to 1992 the State parole population increased from 196,800 to 618,700, or an average of 10% annually (figure 4). From 1992 to 1998, the growth in the population slowed, increasing a total of 10,500 or the equivalent of an average annual increase of nearly 0.3%. In the following period, 1998 to 2005, the State parole population added 64,000 parolees, or 1.4% annually.

Growth in State parole linked to entries

From 1980 to 1990 the number of entries to State parole supervision more than tripled, from 113,400 to 349,000. State parole entries continued to rise during the 1990s (up an average of 2.4% annually). Parole discharges also increased during the period (up an average of 4.6% annually).

From 2000 to 2005 the number of State parole entries continued to exceed the number of exits. Both rose slowly, 1.7% annually.

| Year | State entries | State exits |
|--|---------------|-------------|
| 2000 | 441,600 | 432,200 |
| 2001 | 445,600 | 439,100 |
| 2002 | 436,300 | 420,000 |
| 2003 | 459,100 | 440,500 |
| 2004 | 465,500 | 448,800 |
| 2005 | 480,300 | 469,300 |
| Average annual percent change, 2000-05 | 1.7% | 1.7% |

Discretionary releases to parole supervision continued to decline

As a percentage of all releases from State prison, discretionary releases by a parole board steadily declined from 55% in 1980 to 22% in 2004 (figure 5). From 1980 to 1995 mandatory parole releases increased (from 19% to 39%).

Mandatory releases remained fairly stable between 1995 and 2004 (39%). These trends were consistent with the change in release policy occurring within many States after 1980, resulting in a shift away from discretionary releases in favor of determinate sentences and mandatory supervised release. (See *Trends in State Parole, 1990-2000*, October 2001, NCJ 184735.)

Releases from State prison due to expiration of sentence increased from 13% of all releases in 1990 to 21% in 2001. Between 2001 and 2004 expiration of sentence releases declined to 19%.

From 1990 (5%) through 1999 (6%) releases to probation remained stable. Since 2000 releases to probation have steadily increased from 6% to 10% in 2004.

Annual State parole population and entries to State parole, 1980-2005

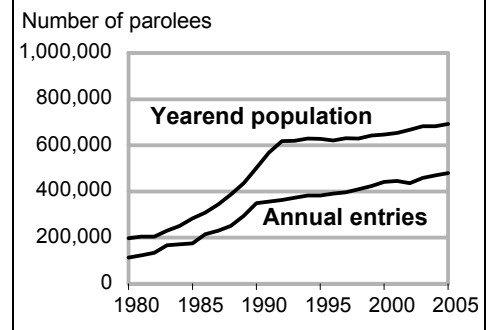


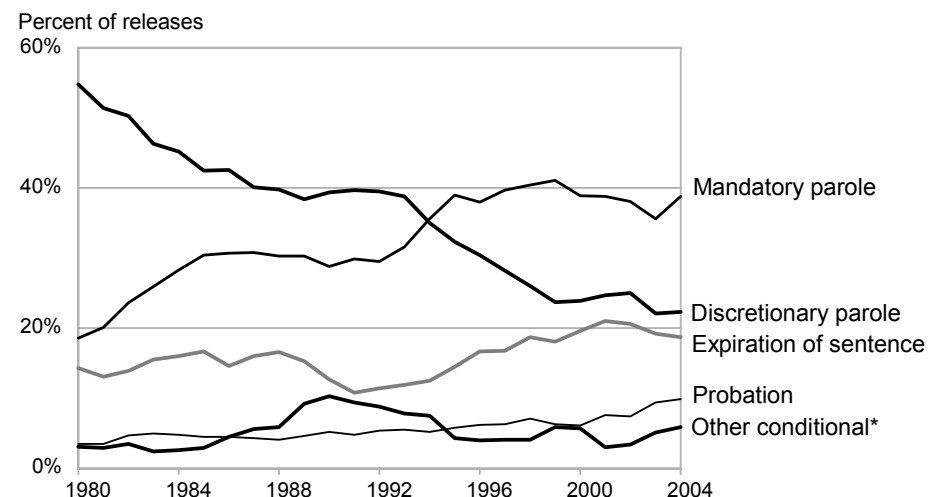
Figure 4

Other conditional releases have fluctuated over the years (3% in 1980, up to 10% in 1990, down to 6% in 2000). Since 2001 (3%) other conditional releases have steadily increased, reaching 6% in 2004.

Proportion of females on parole increased between 1995 and 2005

At yearend 2005 women made up about 1 in 8 adults on parole (93,000) (table 6). A greater percentage of women were on parole at the end of 2005 (12%), compared to 1995 (10%).

Releases from State prison, by method of release, 1980-2004



Note: Data are from the National Prisoners Statistics (NPS-1) series.

*Other conditional releases include: provisional releases, supervised work furloughs, releases to home arrest or boot camp programs, conditional pardons, conditional medical releases, or unspecified releases.

Figure 5

As a percentage of all parolees, blacks decreased from 45% in 1995 down to 40% in 2005. During this same period the percentage of parolees who were white steadily increased (34% in 1995, 38% in 2000, and 41% in 2005).

Almost 1 in 5 parolees were Hispanic (141,100). About 2% of parolees were of other races (12,700).

Table 6. Characteristics of adults on parole, 1995, 2000, and 2005

| Characteristic | 1995 | 2000 | 2005 |
|---|------|------|------|
| Total | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| Gender | | | |
| Male | 90% | 88% | 88% |
| Female | 10 | 12 | 12 |
| Race/Hispanic origin | | | |
| White ^a | 34% | 38% | 41% |
| Black ^a | 45 | 40 | 40 |
| Hispanic | 21 | 21 | 18 |
| American Indian/ Alaska Native ^a | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Asian/Native Hawaiian/ other Pacific Islander ^a | -- | -- | 1 |
| Status of supervision | | | |
| Active | 78% | 83% | 83% |
| Inactive | 11 | 4 | 4 |
| Absconder | 6 | 7 | 7 |
| Supervised out of State | 4 | 5 | 4 |
| Other | -- | 1 | 1 |
| Sentence length | | | |
| Less than 1 year | 6% | 3% | 6% |
| 1 year or more | 94 | 97 | 94 |
| Type of offense | | | |
| Violent | ... | ... | 25% |
| Property | ... | ... | 25 |
| Drug | ... | ... | 37 |
| Public order | ... | ... | 6 |
| Other | ... | ... | 7 |
| Adults entering parole | | | |
| Discretionary parole | 50% | 37% | 31% |
| Mandatory parole | 45 | 54 | 51 |
| Reinstatement | 4 | 6 | 8 |
| Other | 2 | 2 | 10 |
| Adults leaving parole | | | |
| Successful completion | 45% | 43% | 45% |
| Returned to incarceration | 41 | 42 | 38 |
| With new sentence | 12 | 11 | 12 |
| With revocation pending | 18 | 30 | 25 |
| Unknown | 11 | 1 | 1 |
| Absconder ^b | ... | 9 | 11 |
| Other unsuccessful ^b | ... | 2 | 2 |
| Transferred | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Death | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Other | 10 | 2 | 2 |

Note: For every characteristic there were persons of unknown type. Detail may not sum to total because of rounding.

--Less than 0.5%.

...Not available.

^aExcludes persons of Hispanic origin.

^bIn 1995 absconder and other unsuccessful statuses were reported among other.

More than 8 in 10 parolees were under active supervision

Active supervision requires parolees to regularly report to a parole authority in person, by mail, or by telephone. This type of supervision increased as a percentage of all parolees, from 78% in 1995 to 83% in 2000. In 2005 the percentage of parolees on active supervision (83%) remained stable.

Parolees on inactive status, excluded from regular reporting but still on parole, decreased as a percentage of all parolees, from 11% in 1995 to 4% in 2005. Another 7% of all parolees still on parole in 2005 had absconded, 4% were supervised out of State, and 1% were supervised through some other type of status.

About 4 in 10 parolees served a sentence for a drug offense

About 94% of all parolees had been sentenced to 1 year or more in State or Federal prison at yearend 2005. The largest percentage of parolees had been convicted of a drug offense (37%, down from 40% in 2002).

| Type of offense | 2002 | 2005 |
|-----------------|------|------|
| Violent | 24% | 25% |
| Property | 26 | 25 |
| Drug | 40 | 37 |
| Public order | ... | 6 |
| Other* | 10 | 7 |

Note: 2002 was the first year data for type of offense were collected.

...Not available.

*In 2002 public order offenses were reported among other offenses.

Since 2002 the percentage of parolees supervised for property (26%) and violent (24%) offenses remained stable. An equal percentage of parolees were supervised for property (25%) and violent offenses (25%) at yearend 2005.

In 2005, 7% of parolees had been convicted of other offenses, such as public order violations or unclassified offenses, up from 10% in 2002.

Percent of successful exits, by type of supervision, 1995-2005

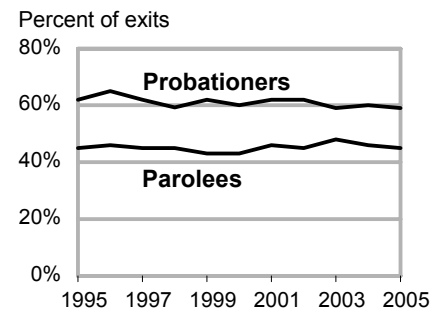


Figure 6

Rates of success for parolees have remained stable since 1995

As a percentage of all discharges, parolees who successfully met the conditions of their supervision have remained nearly stable between 1995 and 2005 (45% in both years) (figure 6). During this period the success rates for parolees were consistently lower than the success rates for probationers (62% in 1995 and 59% in 2005).

Since 1995 the total estimated number of parolees discharged from supervision increased from 391,300 to 503,800 in 2005. During this time the number of successful exits increased from 176,300 to 227,600.

| Estimated exits from parole | 1995 | 2005 |
|-----------------------------|---------|---------|
| Total | 391,300 | 503,800 |
| Successful | 176,300 | 227,600 |
| Returned to incarceration | 160,000 | 191,800 |
| Transferred | 9,800 | 4,700 |
| Death | 4,400 | 5,200 |
| Other* | 40,800 | 74,500 |

*Includes absconder and other unsuccessful exits.

In 2005, 191,800 parolees were discharged from supervision and returned to incarceration because of a new offense or rule violation, up from 160,000 in 1995. While the number of parolees returned to incarceration increased, the percentage of all exits resulting in re-incarceration remained nearly stable (41% in 1995 and 38% in 2005).

Methodology

The Annual Probation Survey and Annual Parole Survey provide a count of the total number of persons supervised in the community on January 1 and December 31, 2005, and a count of the number entering and leaving supervision during the year. These surveys cover all 50 States, the District of Columbia, and the Federal system. The first annual report on probation and parole was released in 1979.

Data for the Federal system are from the Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts as provided to the BJS Federal Justice Statistics Program.

Because many States update their population counts, the January 1, 2005, numbers may differ from those previously published for December 31, 2004.

Probation

The 2005 Annual Probation Survey was sent to 466 respondents — 33 central State reporters, the District of Columbia, the Federal system, and 431 separate State, county, or court agencies. States with multiple reporters were Alabama (3), Arizona (2), Colorado (8), Florida (43), Georgia (5), Idaho (2), Kentucky (3), Michigan (127), Missouri (2), Montana (4), New Mexico (2), Ohio (185), Oklahoma (3), Pennsylvania (2), Tennessee (3), Washington (35), and West Virginia (2).

Since 1995 the survey coverage has been expanded to include 180 additional agencies. At yearend 2005, 226,192 probationers were under the supervision of these agencies.

This report in portable document format and in ASCII and its related statistical data and tables are available at the BJS World Wide Web Internet site: <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/abstract/ppus05.htm>>.

Office of Justice Programs

Partnerships for Safer Communities
<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov>

Parole

The 2005 Annual Parole Survey was sent to 54 respondents, including 50 State central reporters, the District of Columbia, the Federal system, the California Youth Authority, and 1 municipal agency in Alabama.

Federal parole as defined here includes supervised release, parole, military parole, special parole, and mandatory release.

The Bureau of Justice Statistics is the statistical agency of the U.S. Department of Justice. Jeffrey L. Sedgwick is director.

BJS Bulletins present the first release of findings from permanent data collection programs.

Lauren E. Glaze and Thomas P. Bonczar wrote this report, under the supervision of Allen J. Beck. Margaret E. Noonan provided statistical verification. Seri Palla Irazola conducted the data collection. The processing of data was conducted by the authors. Tina Dorsey and Doris J. James edited the report. Jayne Robinson prepared the report for printing.

November 2006, NCJ 215091

Appendix table. Adults on probation and parole, 1990, 1995, 2000, and 2005

| Region and jurisdiction | Adults on probation at yearend — | | | | Adults on parole at yearend — | | | |
|----------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|
| | 1990 | 1995 | 2000 | 2005 | 1990 | 1995 | 2000 | 2005 |
| U.S. total | 2,670,234 | 3,077,861 | 3,826,209 | 4,162,536 | 531,407 | 679,421 | 723,898 | 784,408 |
| Federal | 58,222 | 35,457 | 31,669 | 26,719 | 21,693 | 51,461 | 76,069 | 91,211 |
| State | 2,612,012 | 3,042,404 | 3,794,540 | 4,135,817 | 509,714 | 627,960 | 647,829 | 693,197 |
| Northeast | 466,006 | 538,941 | 573,280 | 694,396 | 128,946 | 175,207 | 159,653 | 152,120 |
| Connecticut | 46,640 | 54,507 | 47,636 | 56,072 | 291 | 1,233 | 1,868 | 2,571 |
| Maine | 7,549 | 8,641 | 7,788 | 8,120 | / | 55 | 28 | 32 |
| Massachusetts ^a | 72,459 | 43,680 | 45,233 | 165,365 | 4,720 | 5,256 | 3,703 | 3,579 |
| New Hampshire | 3,146 | 4,347 | 3,629 | 4,615 | 522 | 785 | 944 | 1,402 |
| New Jersey | 72,341 | 126,759 | 130,610 | 139,091 | 23,298 | 37,867 | 11,709 | 13,874 |
| New York | 145,266 | 168,012 | 186,955 | 119,025 | 42,837 | 55,568 | 57,858 | 53,533 |
| Pennsylvania ^a | 97,327 | 106,823 | 121,176 | 167,561 | 56,657 | 73,234 | 82,345 | 75,732 |
| Rhode Island | 15,366 | 18,850 | 20,922 | 25,613 | 321 | 591 | 331 | 338 |
| Vermont | 5,912 | 7,322 | 9,331 | 8,934 | 300 | 618 | 867 | 1,059 |
| Midwest | 567,839 | 675,380 | 896,061 | 973,807 | 65,693 | 86,598 | 103,331 | 130,830 |
| Illinois | 95,699 | 109,489 | 139,029 | 143,136 | 17,671 | 29,541 | 30,196 | 34,576 |
| Indiana | 68,683 | 95,267 | 109,251 | 121,014 | 3,778 | 3,200 | 4,917 | 7,295 |
| Iowa | 13,895 | 16,579 | 21,147 | 23,404 | 2,111 | 2,340 | 2,763 | 3,560 |
| Kansas | 22,183 | 16,547 | 15,992 | 15,010 | 5,751 | 6,094 | 3,829 | 4,666 |
| Michigan | 133,439 | 141,436 | 170,276 | 178,609 | 11,901 | 13,862 | 15,753 | 19,978 |
| Minnesota | 59,323 | 83,778 | 115,906 | 117,073 | 1,873 | 2,117 | 3,072 | 3,966 |
| Missouri | 42,322 | 41,728 | 53,299 | 53,614 | 9,196 | 13,001 | 12,563 | 18,374 |
| Nebraska | 14,654 | 13,895 | 21,483 | 18,468 | 632 | 661 | 476 | 667 |
| North Dakota | 1,731 | 2,320 | 2,847 | 3,960 | 116 | 114 | 110 | 287 |
| Ohio ^b | 83,380 | 103,327 | 189,375 | 239,036 | 7,945 | 7,432 | 18,248 | 19,512 |
| South Dakota | 3,160 | 3,745 | 4,214 | 5,308 | 620 | 688 | 1,481 | 2,444 |
| Wisconsin | 29,370 | 47,269 | 53,242 | 55,175 | 4,099 | 7,548 | 9,923 | 15,505 |
| South | 1,042,012 | 1,248,608 | 1,573,215 | 1,681,455 | 215,773 | 240,478 | 225,955 | 234,007 |
| Alabama | 27,686 | 33,410 | 40,178 | 38,995 | 5,970 | 7,793 | 5,484 | 7,252 |
| Arkansas | 15,983 | 22,397 | 28,409 | 30,248 | 3,971 | 4,685 | 8,659 | 16,531 |
| Delaware | 12,223 | 16,124 | 20,052 | 18,462 | 1,283 | 1,033 | 579 | 600 |
| District of Columbia | 9,742 | 10,414 | 10,664 | 7,387 | 5,346 | 6,340 | 5,332 | 5,288 |
| Florida ^b | 210,781 | 243,736 | 296,139 | 277,831 | 2,064 | 11,197 | 5,982 | 4,785 |
| Georgia ^c | 134,840 | 142,954 | 321,407 | 422,848 | 22,646 | 19,434 | 21,556 | 22,851 |
| Kentucky ^b | 7,482 | 11,499 | 19,620 | 35,230 | 3,183 | 4,257 | 4,614 | 9,562 |
| Louisiana | 30,191 | 33,753 | 35,854 | 38,308 | 8,877 | 19,028 | 22,860 | 24,072 |
| Maryland | 82,898 | 71,029 | 81,523 | 75,593 | 11,192 | 15,748 | 13,666 | 14,271 |
| Mississippi | 8,221 | 9,595 | 15,118 | 23,864 | 3,478 | 1,510 | 1,596 | 1,970 |
| North Carolina | 77,829 | 97,921 | 105,949 | 111,626 | 9,883 | 18,501 | 3,352 | 3,101 |
| Oklahoma | 24,411 | 27,866 | 30,969 | 28,865 | 3,236 | 2,356 | 1,825 | 4,017 |
| South Carolina | 32,287 | 39,821 | 44,632 | 39,349 | 3,543 | 5,545 | 4,378 | 3,155 |
| Tennessee | 32,719 | 36,485 | 40,682 | 49,302 | 11,327 | 8,851 | 8,093 | 8,721 |
| Texas | 308,357 | 421,213 | 441,848 | 430,312 | 109,726 | 103,089 | 111,719 | 101,916 |
| Virginia | 21,303 | 24,264 | 33,955 | 45,589 | 9,048 | 10,188 | 5,148 | 4,499 |
| West Virginia | 5,059 | 6,127 | 6,216 | 7,646 | 1,000 | 923 | 1,112 | 1,416 |
| West | 536,155 | 579,475 | 751,984 | 786,159 | 99,302 | 125,677 | 158,890 | 176,240 |
| Alaska | 3,599 | 3,481 | 4,779 | 5,680 | 568 | 459 | 525 | 973 |
| Arizona | 30,397 | 40,614 | 59,810 | 71,138 | 2,711 | 4,109 | 3,474 | 6,108 |
| California | 305,700 | 280,545 | 343,145 | 388,260 | 67,562 | 91,807 | 117,647 | 111,743 |
| Colorado | 31,111 | 42,687 | 50,460 | 56,623 | 2,396 | 3,024 | 5,500 | 8,196 |
| Hawaii | 11,667 | 12,957 | 15,525 | 16,825 | 1,425 | 1,689 | 2,504 | 2,119 |
| Idaho ^{b,d} | 4,377 | 5,308 | 35,103 | 43,712 | 243 | 619 | 1,409 | 2,482 |
| Montana ^b | 4,052 | 4,318 | 6,108 | 8,233 | 811 | 744 | 621 | 835 |
| Nevada | 7,700 | 8,634 | 12,189 | 12,931 | 2,850 | 2,863 | 4,056 | 3,965 |
| New Mexico | 6,294 | 8,524 | 10,461 | 18,706 | 1,224 | 1,366 | 1,670 | 2,866 |
| Oregon | 37,631 | 39,725 | 46,023 | 44,853 | 8,023 | 15,019 | 17,579 | 21,499 |
| Utah | 5,830 | 8,562 | 9,800 | 10,079 | 1,561 | 2,700 | 3,231 | 3,277 |
| Washington ^{a,b} | 84,817 | 120,466 | 154,466 | 104,293 | 9,615 | 875 | 160 | 11,568 |
| Wyoming | 2,980 | 3,654 | 4,115 | 4,826 | 313 | 403 | 514 | 609 |

/Not reported.

^aDue to a change in recordkeeping procedures, probation and parole counts for 2005 are not comparable to previous years.^bDue to expanded coverage, probation counts for 2000 and 2005 are not comparable to previous years.^cProbation counts for 2000 and 2005 include private agency cases and may overstate the number under supervision.^dProbation counts for 2000 and 2005 include estimates for misdemeanors based on admissions.

U.S. Department of Justice
Office of Justice Programs
Bureau of Justice Statistics



PRESORTED STANDARD
POSTAGE & FEES PAID
DOJ/BJJS
Permit No. G-91

Washington, DC 20531

Official Business
Penalty for Private Use \$300

