589418992-42397-16434-185-210 From: Marcia K McNutt <mcnutt@usgs.gov> Sent: Wed, 4 Aug 2010 15:08:13 To: GS FOIA 0105 <foia0105@usgs.gov> Subject: Fw: intermittency

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----- Forwarded by Janet N Arneson/DO/USGS/DOI on 08/04/2010 03:07 PM -----

From: "Wereley, Steven T." <wereley@purdue.edu>

To: Juan Lasheras <lasheras@ucsd.edu>, "'Marcia K McNutt'" <mcnutt@usgs.gov>, "'Bill Lehr'" <Bill.Lehr@noaa.gov>, "'Espina, Pedro I.'" <pedro.espina@nist.gov>, "pete@gso.uri.edu" <pete@gso.uri.edu>, "'Alberto Aliseda'" <aaliseda@u.washington.edu>, "'James J Riley'" <rileyj@u.washington.edu>, "'Franklin Shaffer'" <Franklin.Shaffer@NETL.DOE.GOV>, "'ira leifer'" <ira.leifer@bubbleology.com>,

"Savas@newton.berkeley.edu" <Savas@newton.berkeley.edu>, "'Paul Bommer'" <pmbommer@mail.utexas.edu>

## 589418992-42397-16434-185-210

Cc: "'Moran, Kathryn'" <Kathryn\_Moran@ostp.eop.gov>

Date: 05/26/2010 01:06 AM

Subject: intermittency

Nice work Juan! I was worried about making this aspect of our analysis quantitative. The question now is what's the appropriate gas/oil ratio for the oil seen coming out of the pipe. Presumably the oil has degassed somewhat creating this intermittent gas cloud. If we have some given net gas/oil ratio, the oil which we see coming out of the riser has partially degassed and so doesn't have this gas/oil ratio but some reduced amount of dissolved gas. Anyone have any thoughts on accounting for that variable?

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----Original Message-----

589418992-42397-16434-185-210 From: Juan Lasheras [mailto:lasheras@ucsd.edu] Sent: Wednesday, May 26, 2010 12:16 AM To: 'Marcia K McNutt'; 'Bill Lehr'; Wereley, Steven T.; 'Espina, Pedro I.'; pete@gso.uri.edu; 'Alberto Aliseda'; 'James J Riley'; 'Franklin Shaffer'; 'ira leifer'; Savas@newton.berkeley.edu; 'Paul Bommer' Cc: 'Moran, Kathryn' Subject: RE:

We just finished making the intermittency measurements I discussed during the teleconference today. I enclose a short PowerPoint summarizing the method and the conclusions.

We have only analyzed the short 5 minute video taken on May 17th (051720101304crater.mpg). It clearly shows the existence of two well defined periods: a short 10 second period and a longer 2 to 3 minute period when the flow oscillates from pure gas to seemingly pure oil. There may be even longer periods of gas-oil flow fluctuation in the range of hours or even as long as days that must be characterized. we should implement the method we have used here to videos as long as possible and taken over many days. It would be great if we could analyze all the records available in this way. The main conclusion is that the current upper bound flow estimates based on PIV measurements should be corrected to account for the observed oscillations in the gas/oil composition by a factor of at least 50%, and most likely the 75% we discussed today (estimated by Alberto Aliseda and independently verified by Pedro Espina and Poojitha Yapa ). Based on these factors, I believe that given the limited information available to us and the short time records analyzed, the prudent scientifically-defensible bounds are 12,000 bpd and 25,000 bpd.

## 589418992-42397-16434-185-210

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