

## MAGIC – A YEAR-LONG INVESTIGATION OF MARINE CLOUDS IN THE PACIFIC

Ernie R. Lewis<sup>1</sup>, Warren J. Wiscombe<sup>2</sup>, R. Michael Reynolds<sup>3</sup>, Bruce A. Albrecht<sup>4</sup>, Geoffrey L. Bland<sup>5</sup>, Charles N. Flagg<sup>6</sup>, Stephen A. Klein<sup>7</sup>, Pavlos Kollias<sup>8</sup>, Stephen E. Schwartz<sup>1</sup>, A. Pier Siebesma<sup>9</sup>, Joao Teixeira<sup>10</sup>, Robert Wood<sup>11</sup>, and Minghua Zhang<sup>6</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Brookhaven National Laboratory, Upton, NY; <sup>2</sup> NASA Goddard Space Flight Center, Greenbelt, MD; <sup>3</sup> MRM Company, Seattle, WA; <sup>4</sup> University of Miami, Miami, FL; <sup>5</sup> NASA Wallops Flight Facility, Wallops Island, VA; <sup>6</sup> Stony Brook University, Stony Brook, NY; <sup>7</sup> Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory, Livermore, CA; <sup>8</sup> McGill University, Montreal, Quebec, Canada; <sup>9</sup> Royal Meteorological Institute of the Netherlands (KMNI), The Netherlands; <sup>10</sup> NASA Jet Propulsion Laboratory, Pasadena, CA; <sup>11</sup> University of Washington, Seattle, WA

For presentation at the SOLAS Open Science Conference, Cle Elum, WA
May 7-10, 2012

Atmospheric Sciences Division/Environmental Sciences Dept.

**Brookhaven National Laboratory** 

U.S. Department of Energy Office of Science

Managed by
Brookhaven Science Associates, LLC
for the United States Department of Energy under
Contract No. DE-AC02-98CH10886

## **ABSTRACT**

The MAGIC project will deploy the Second ARM (Atmospheric Radiation Measurement Program of the U.S. Department of Energy) Mobile Facility, AMF2, aboard a Horizon Lines cargo ship traversing a route between Los Angeles and Hawaii over a full year starting in October, 2012 to measure properties of clouds and precipitation, aerosols, and atmospheric radiation. Along this transect, which is very near the line used by several modeling intercomparisons (specifically GPCI, EUCLIPSE, and CGILS), cloud properties change from a low stratocumulus deck with high aerial coverage near the west coast of the U.S. to trade-wind cumulus with low aerial coverage near Hawaii, with important consequences for Earth's climate and energy budget. Climate models have a difficult time in accurately representing this transition. The data collected by MAGIC over a full annual cycle will be valuable in understanding this transition and in representing it in climate models.