Management's Discussion and Analysis – 2nd Quarter

Net Revenues

Through the six months ended March 31, 2002, BPA incurred net expenses of \$63 million, compared with \$235 million net expenses for the same period a year ago. The \$172 million change is primarily the result of adoption during fiscal year 2001 of a new industry accounting standard, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities" (SFAS 133). The changes as a result of SFAS 133 reflect an accounting only adjustment with no corresponding cash impact. Excluding the SFAS 133 adjustments net expenses for the six months ended March 31, 2002, were \$65 million, compared with \$119 million net expenses for the same period ended in 2001. This improvement is due primarily to lower operating expenses. Other than SFAS 133 effects, both BPA operating revenues and purchased power expense have reduced commensurate with lower purchase and sales prices on the West coast and transmission revenues which increased in 2001 due to constraints on the California system.

Operating Revenues

Revenues from the sales of electricity and transmission of \$1.727 billion were down \$259 million or 13 percent compared to the same period of fiscal 2001. Revenues were down even though BPA increased power and transmission rates on Oct. 1, 2001. Revenues did not increase as much as projected in the rate case because market prices for discretionary power sales decreased to an average of 34 mills from the previous year average of 86 mills. For transmission products, projected sales in the short-term market did not materialize.

Mark—to—market gains on derivative instruments were \$1 million through March 31, compared to \$116 million loss recorded the first half of fiscal 2001. BPA expects the volatility associated with SFAS 133 to be reduced during fiscal year 2002 and beyond because of the change in treatment of "bookout" transactions under the standard.

Miscellaneous revenues decreased \$17 million. Other Transmission Business Line revenues and the U.S. Treasury credit for Colville decreased.

U.S. Treasury credits for fish decreased \$66 million as spot market prices for power decreased.

Operating Expenses

Operations and maintenance cost through the second quarter of fiscal 2002 increased \$80 million from the previous year. Conservation and renewables discount, fish & wildlife, marketing, and payments to the U.S. Treasury for underfunded Civil Service Retirement System costs increased at BPA.

BPA's expense for purchased power decreased \$395 million or 35 percent when compared to the period a year ago. The decreased expense was the result of a 5.5 million, approximately 56 percent, reduction of megawatt-hours purchased combined with lower market prices from the second quarter in fiscal 2001. Federal generation decreased by 1.9 million megawatt-hours or 5 percent from the same period in the prior year due to reduced firm loads.

Nonfederal projects debt service expense decreased \$152 million or 47 percent. Refinancing Energy Northwest bonds deferred some principal payments due in July of fiscal 2001 and 2002 into the future.

Settlement agreements with BPA's investor owned utility (IOU) customers for settlement of the period running from July 1, 2001 through Sept. 30, 2011, resulted in residential exchange expense increasing \$47 million or 200 percent. The agreements provide for both sales of power and cash payments to the IOUs.

In total, operating expenses decreased \$418 million, or 20 percent.

Interest Expense

Net interest expense increased \$23 million, or 14 percent, compared to the same period in 2001. Appropriated debt increased in fiscal 2001 with the revised cost allocation to power at Grand Coulee dam. Interest income earned on BPA's cash account with the U.S. Treasury is netted against interest expense. As BPA's cash balance has decreased over the past year, interest income has decreased and is reflected in the increased net interest expense.

Utility Plant

As the investment in utility plant increased so increased the construction work in progress by \$294 million or 42 percent over the balance at March 31, 2001.

Forecast Financial Condition

The current forecast for fiscal 2002 year-end financial reserves – cash and deferred borrowing authority – is that year-end reserves will be \$150 to \$350 million, compared to \$625 million, at Sept. 30, 2001.

Federal Columbia River Power System

Comparative Balance Sheets (Unaudited)

(Thousands of Dollars)

	March 31	
	2002	2001
Assets		
Utility Plant		
Completed plant	\$11,323,659	\$11,120,899
Accumulated depreciation	(3,940,073)	(3,713,204)
	7,383,586	7,407,695
Construction work in progress	996,716	703,200
Net utility plant	8,380,302	8,110,895
Nonfederal Projects	6,176,059	6,399,694
Trojan Decommissioning Cost	66,710	73,414
Conservation, net of accumulated amortization	413,710	474,888
Fish & Wildlife, net of accumulated amortization	141,426	140,076
Current Assets	1,307,215	1,461,249
Other Assets	201,819	426,364
	\$16,687,241	\$17,086,580
Capitalization and Liabilities		
Accumulated Net Expenses	(\$284,626)	(\$101,928)
Federal Appropriations	4,671,085	4,549,419
Capitalization Adjustment	2,226,078	2,294,148
Long-Term Debt	2,622,542	2,648,200
Nonfederal Projects Debt	5,958,230	6,043,650
Trojan Decommissioning Reserve	54,710	60,814
Current Liabilities	869,715	979,544
Deferred Credits	569,507	612,733
	\$16,687,241	\$17,086,580

The irrigation assistance distribution of \$16,560 for fiscal 2001 is included in accumulated net expenses.

Comparative Statements of Revenues and Expenses (Unaudited)

(Thousands of Dollars)

	Six months ended March 31		Twelve months ended March 31	
	2002	2001	2002	2001
Operating Revenues:				
Revenues	\$1,726,629	\$1,985,344	\$3,304,467	\$3,620,075
SFAS 133 mark-to-market gain (loss)	1,319	52,315	(3,119)	52,315
Other revenues	17,191	33,746	50,347	55,508
U.S. Treasury credits for fish	26,158	92,217	534,649	0
Operating Revenues	1,771,297	2,163,622	3,886,344	3,727,898
Operating Expenses:				
Operations and maintenance	506,158	426,380	1,034,876	930,415
Purchased power	738,704	1,133,720	1,896,945	1,699,309
Tenaska	0	0	0	(26,817)
Non-Federal projects	170,762	322,354	325,623	564,757
Residential exchange	70,910	23,647	115,345	55,570
Federal projects depreciation	160,923	159,468	324,769	326,171
Operating Expenses	1,647,457	2,065,569	3,697,558	3,549,405
Net operating revenues	123,840	98,053	188,786	178,493
Interest Expense	187,315	164,300	354,924	328,569
Net expenses before cumulative effect of SFAS 133	(63,475)	(66,247)	(166,138)	(150,076)
Cumulative Effect of SFAS 133	0	(168,491)	0	(168,491)
Net Expenses	(\$63,475)	(\$234,738)	(\$166,138)	(\$318,567)

Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

The SFAS 133 mark-to-market (MTM) amount is an "accounting only" (no cash impact) adjustment representing the MTM adjustment required by SFAS 133, as amended, for identified derivative instruments.

Operating Segments

The FCRP's major operating segments are defined by the utility functions of generation and transmission. The Power Business Line identifies the operations of the generation function, while the Transmission Business Line identifies the operations of the transmission function. The business lines are not separate legal entities. Where applicable, "Corporate" represents items that are necessary to reconcile to the financial statements which generally include shared activity and eliminations. Each FCRPS segment operates predominantly in one industry and geographic region: the generation and transmission of electric power in the Pacific Northwest.

The FCRPS centrally manages all interest expense activity. Since the Bonneville Power Administration has one fund with the United States Department of Treasury, all cash and cash transactions are also centrally managed. Unaffiliated revenues represent sales to external customers for each segment. Intersegment revenues are eliminated as shown.

FCRPS management evaluates the performance of the business lines based on Net Operating Margin (NOM) and does not track the separate balance sheets or net revenues on a business line level. NOM represents revenues generated from operations less operating and maintenance expenses of the segment's revenue generating assets.

Major Customers

During fiscal 2002, and 2001, no single customer represented 10% or more of the FCRPS's revenues.

SFAS 131 SEGMENT REPORTING

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(Thousands of Donats)	Six months ended	1		
	March 31			
2002				
	Power	Transmission	Corporate	Total
Unaffiliated Revenues	\$ 1,489, 540	\$281,757	<u> </u>	\$1,771,297
Intersegment Revenues	38,671	59,083	(97,754)	-
Operating Revenues	\$1,528,211	\$340,840	(\$97,754)	\$1,771,297
Net Operating Margin	\$407,113	\$180,030	(\$88,185)	\$498,958
2001				
	<u>Power</u>	Transmission	Corporate	<u>Total</u>
Unaffiliated Revenues	\$1,952,987	\$210,635	\$0	\$2,163,622
Intersegment Revenues	31,865	98,912	(130,777)	-
Operating Revenues	\$1,984,852	\$309,547	(\$130,777)	\$2,163,622
Net Operating Margin	\$337,972	\$178,677	(\$57,659)	\$458,990
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	Twelve Months End	ied		
2002	March 31			
2002	Power	Transmission	Corporate	Total
Unaffiliated Revenues	\$3,361,211	\$525,133	\$0	\$3,886,344
Intersegment Revenues	70,200	152,833	(223,033)	-
Operating Revenues	\$3,431,411	\$677,966	(\$223,033)	\$3,886,344
Net Operating Margin	\$249,931	\$365,175	(\$192,113)	\$422,993
2001				
	Power	Transmission	Corporate	Total
Unaffiliated Revenues	\$3,316,736	\$411,162	\$0	\$3,727,898
Intersegment Revenues	55,771	201,406	(257,177)	-
Operating Revenues	\$3,372,507	\$612,568	(\$257,177)	\$3,727,898
Net Operating Margin	\$741,024	\$361,950	(\$57,115)	\$1,045,859