Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX National Compensation Survey January 2000



U.S. Department of Labor Alexis M. Herman, Secretary

Bureau of Labor Statistics Katharine G. Abraham, Commissioner

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Preface

Data shown in this bulletin were collected as part of the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) National Compensation Survey (NCS). The survey could not have been conducted without the cooperation of the many private firms and government jurisdictions that provided pay data included in this bulletin. The Bureau thanks these respondents for their cooperation.

Field economists of the Bureau of Labor Statistics collected and reviewed the survey data. The Office of Compensation and Working Conditions, in cooperation with the Office of Field Operations and the Office of Technology and Survey Processing in the BLS National Office, designed the survey, processed the data, and prepared the survey for publication.

For additional information regarding this survey, please contact any BLS regional office at the address and telephone number listed on the back cover of this bulletin. You may also write to the Bureau of Labor Statistics at: Division of Compensation Data Analysis and Planning,

2 Massachusetts Avenue, NE, Room 4175, Washington, DC 20212–0001, or call (202) 691–6199, or send e-mail to ocltinfo@bls.gov.

The data contained in this bulletin are also available at http://stats.bls.gov/comhome.htm, the BLS Internet site. Data are in three formats: An ASCII file containing the published table formats; an ASCII file containing positional columns of data for manipulation as a data base or spreadsheet; and a Portable Document Format (PDF) file containing the entire bulletin.

Results of earlier surveys of this area are also available from BLS regional offices, the Division of Compensation Data Analysis and Planning, or at the BLS Internet site.

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Introduction

The tables in this bulletin summarize the NCS results for the Houston–Galveston–Brazoria, TX, metropolitan area. Data were collected between June 1999 and July 2000; the average reference month is January 2000. Tabulations provide information on earnings of workers in a variety of occupations and at different work levels. Also contained in this bulletin are information on the program, a technical note describing survey procedures, and several appendixes with detailed information on occupational classifications and the generic leveling methodology.

NCS products

The Bureau's National Compensation Survey provides data on occupational wages and employee benefits for localities, broad geographic regions, and the Nation as a whole. The Employment Cost Index, a quarterly measure of the change in employer costs for wages and benefits, is derived from the NCS. Another product, Employer Costs for Employee Compensation, measures employers' average hourly costs for total compensation, that is, wages and benefits. Still another NCS product measures the incidence of benefit plans and their provisions. This bulletin is limited to data on occupational wages and salaries.

About the tables

The tables that follow present data on straight-time occupational earnings, which include wages and salaries, incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. These earnings exclude premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. About 480 detailed occupations are used to describe all occupations in the civilian nonfarm economy (excluding the Federal Government and private households), as explained in Appendix A. Data are not shown for any occupations if they would raise concerns about the confidentiality of the survey respondents or if the data are insufficient to support reliable estimates.

Table 1–1 presents an overview of all tables in this bulletin. Mean hourly earnings, weekly hours, and relative standard errors are given for all industries, private industry, and State and local government for selected worker and establishment characteristics. The worker characteristics include major occupational group, full-time or part-time status, union or nonunion status, and time or incentive pay. Establishment characteristics include goods and service producing and size of establishment.

Table 2–1 presents estimates of mean hourly earnings, and the relative standard errors associated with them, for detailed occupations within all industries, private industry, and State and local government. Table 2–2 presents the same type of information for full-time workers only. Table 2–3 provides similar data for workers designated as part-time.

Table 3–1 provides mean weekly earnings data, with relative standard errors, and weekly hours for full-time employees in specific occupations across all industries, private industry, and State and local government. Table 3–2 provides annual earnings, relative standard errors, and annual hours for full-time employees in specific occupations.

Table 4–1 provides mean hourly earnings data by work level for occupational groups and for detailed occupations. Separate data are also shown for private industry and government workers. Table 4–2 provides work level data for full-time workers. Table 4–3 provides similar data for workers designated as part-time.

Table 5–1 presents mean hourly earnings data for selected worker characteristics by major occupational groups. The worker characteristics include full-time or part-time designation, union or nonunion status, and time or incentive pay. Table 5–2 presents mean hourly earnings data for major industry divisions by occupational groups within the private sector. Table 5–3 presents mean hourly earnings data for establishment employment sizes by major occupational groups within the private sector.

Tables 6–1 through 6–5 present hourly wage percentiles that describe the distribution of hourly earnings for each published occupation. Data are provided for the 10th, 25th, 50th, 75th, and 90th percentiles for detailed occupations within all industries, private industry, State and local government, full-time workers, and part-time workers. These iterations correspond to those presented in tables 2–1, 2–2, and 2–3. For each published occupation, these percentiles relate to the average hourly earnings of jobs surveyed in establishments. The percentiles do not relate to the hourly earnings of individual workers in these establishment jobs.

Appendix table 1 provides the number of workers represented by the survey by major occupational group. Appendix table 2 presents the number of establishments studied and represented by industry group and employment size. The median work levels for published occupations are presented in appendix table 3.

Table 1-1. Summary: Mean hourly earnings1 and weekly hours by selected characteristics, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000

		Total		Priv	ate industry	,	State and local government			
Madaa adabii baaada baaada ii ii	Hourly e	arnings		Hourly e	arnings		Hourly e	arnings	Mean	
Worker and establishment characteristics	Mean	Relative error ² (percent)	Mean weekly hours ³	Mean	Relative error ² (percent)	Mean weekly hours ³	Mean	Relative error ² (percent)	weekly hours ³	
Total	\$17.42	2.4	37.5	\$17.07	3.1	37.2	\$18.70	2.6	38.7	
Worker characteristics: ⁴										
White-collar occupations ⁵ Professional specialty and technical Executive, administrative, and managerial Sales Administrative support Blue-collar occupations ⁵ Precision production, craft, and repair Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Transportation and material moving Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers Service occupations ⁵ Full time Part time Union Nonunion	21.62 26.45 32.15 16.30 12.55 13.13 17.57 11.23 12.69 8.51 9.53 18.17 8.03	2.5 2.6 3.0 9.1 1.8 3.4 3.1 5.9 5.3 4.0 3.8 2.5 4.1 6.8 2.6	38.1 37.8 40.7 35.7 38.3 38.3 39.4 39.8 38.8 35.6 33.6 39.9 21.2	21.69 27.04 33.38 16.38 12.93 13.14 17.78 11.23 12.67 8.36 7.54 17.97 7.90 20.10 16.77	3.1 3.7 3.1 9.1 2.1 3.7 3.2 5.9 6.0 4.2 3.9 3.1 4.4	37.9 37.6 40.9 35.6 38.0 38.4 39.4 39.6 35.3 31.1 40.0 21.4 36.4 37.2	21.39 25.47 27.15 - 11.36 12.97 14.82 - 12.86 10.39 13.11 18.89 10.08	3.1 3.1 6.8 - 2.3 3.7 6.0 - 4.9 4.6 4.5 2.7 5.5	38.6 38.0 39.9 - 39.1 38.0 40.0 - 33.8 40.0 39.3 39.6 19.0 39.1 38.7	
TimeIncentive	17.32 19.47	2.5 12.2	37.2 42.7	16.92 19.47	3.1 12.2	36.9 42.7	18.70 —	2.6	38.7	
Establishment characteristics:	_						_			
Goods producing Service producing	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	- -	-	_ _	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	
50-99 workers ⁷ 100-499 workers 500 workers or more	14.01 15.41 19.48	8.4 4.7 3.1	37.4 37.2 37.7	14.02 15.33 19.90	8.5 4.8 4.6	37.4 37.2 37.0	- 18.02 18.77	- 10.4 2.8	- 35.5 38.9	

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, and holidays; nonproduction bonuses; and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of

based on productivity payments such as piece rates, commissions, and production

industries applies to private industry only.

7 Establishments classified with 50-99 workers may contain establishments with

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. IN THIS SURVEY, THE NONRESPONSE RATE FOR PRIVATE INDUSTRY EXCEEDED REGULAR SURVEY STANDARDS FOR PUBLICATION. ACCORDINGLY, USERS SHOULD INTERPRET THESE RESULTS WITH THIS LIMITATION IN MIND.

the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A. $^{\rm 3}$ Mean weekly hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a week,

Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Union workers are those whose wages are determined through collective bargaining. Wages of time workers are based solely on hourly rate or salary; incentive workers are those whose wages are at least partially

bonuses.

5 A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

6 Classification of establishments into goods-producing and service-producing

fewer than 50 due to staff reductions between survey sampling and collection.

Table 2-1. Mean hourly earnings¹, all workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000

	To	otal	Private	industry		and local rnment
Occupation ³	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)
AII	\$17.42	2.4	\$17.07	3.1	\$18.70	2.6
All excluding sales	17.51	2.5	17.15	3.2	18.73	2.6
White collar	21.62	2.5	21.69	3.1	21.39	3.1
White collar excluding sales	22.50	2.4	22.93	3.0	21.47	3.1
Professional specialty and technical	26.45	2.6	27.04	3.7	25.47	3.1
Professional specialty and technical Professional specialty	27.83	2.3	28.85	3.3	26.53	2.9
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	32.07	4.4	32.07	4.4	-	_
Petroleum engineers	43.62	6.9	43.62	6.9	_	_
Chemical engineers	34.61	6.6	34.61	6.6	_	_
Civil engineers	35.96	10.0	35.96	10.0	_	_
Mechanical engineers	31.47	5.6	31.47	5.6	_	_
Engineers, n.e.c.	31.83	5.0	31.83	5.0	_	_
Mathematical and computer scientists	30.35	4.9	30.61	4.9	_	-
Computer systems analysts and scientists	30.54	5.1	30.82	5.0	_	_
Natural scientists	24.69	7.4	26.51	7.7	_	_
Geologists and geodesists	30.69	11.1	30.69	11.1	-	
Health related	24.22	5.1	24.11	6.9	24.49	5.5
Registered nurses Pharmacists	22.13 30.28	2.4 3.8	21.62 29.95	2.4 3.4	23.19	4.8
Respiratory therapists	17.80	3.6	17.80	3.4	_	
Teachers, college and university	40.44	10.8	32.96	35.0	40.86	11.1
Other post-secondary teachers	51.11	13.1	J2.90 —	35.0		'
Teachers, except college and university	26.27	1.7	18.23	6.0	26.66	1.7
Elementary school teachers	26.91	1.1	19.85	14.4	27.03	1.1
Secondary school teachers	26.57	1.5	_	_	26.65	1.5
Teachers, n.e.c.	24.41	6.5	15.72	10.0	26.73	4.5
Vocational and educational counselors	28.93	10.1	_	_	29.70	10.6
Librarians, archivists, and curators	20.88	16.3	_	_	21.05	18.2
Librarians	20.88	16.3	_	_	21.05	18.2
Social scientists and urban planners				, -	, - ,	_
Social, recreation, and religious workers	14.96	5.0	15.27	11.7	14.87	5.5
Social workers	14.77	4.7	_	_	14.87	5.5
Lawyers and judges	44.84 46.73	24.2 25.7	_		_	_
Lawyers Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and	40.73	25.7	_	_	_	_
professionals, n.e.c.	23.13	17.1	23.39	19.0	_	_
Designers	16.52	30.3	16.52	30.3	_	
Professional, n.e.c.	30.66	20.4	-	_	_	_
Technical	21.50	8.7	22.70	9.7	15.34	10.9
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	14.09	11.1	14.09	11.1	_	_
Radiological technicians	21.73	19.7	_	_	_	_
Licensed practical nurses	14.01	2.1	14.05	2.5	_	_
Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c	14.82	4.6	14.86	4.7	_	-
Electrical and electronic technicians	21.58	7.9	21.64	7.9	_	-
Engineering technicians, n.e.c.	19.01	9.9	19.66	13.0	_	_
Drafters	27.26	7.7	27.26	7.7	_	_
Chemical technicians	23.59	3.6	23.59	3.6	_	_
Airplane pilots and navigators Technical and related, n.e.c.	78.19 14.93	21.2 12.1	78.19	21.2	_	_
reciffical and related, fi.e.c.	14.33	12.1	_	_		_
Executive, administrative, and managerial	32.15	3.0	33.38	3.1	27.15	6.8
Executives, administrators, and managers	35.48	3.8	37.93	3.9	28.62	7.4
Administrators and officials, public administration	27.73	15.2	_	_	27.70	15.3
Financial managers	35.75	9.1	36.18	9.4	_	_
Purchasing managers	35.13	13.3	35.13	13.3	_	-
Managers, marketing, advertising, and public		[<u> </u>		
relations	41.66	8.2	41.66	8.2		
Administrators, education and related fields	34.02	6.5	-	-	34.05	6.7
Managers, medicine and health	25.46	9.4	25.31	9.7	_	_
Managers, food servicing and lodging	25 47	20.2	20.46	20.0		
establishments	35.47	30.3	38.16	29.0 4.8	_	_
Managers and administrators, n.e.c	37.76 26.55	5.3	39.75 27.21		- 10 7/	10.5
Management related Accountants and auditors	26.55 25.22	3.8 4.6	27.21 25.22	3.9 4.6	19.74	10.5
Accountants and additors	20.22	j +.0	20.22	1.0	_	1 -

Table 2-1. Mean hourly earnings¹, all workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000 — Continued

		To	otal	Private	industry		ind local rnment
	Occupation ³	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percen
White co	ollar –Continued						
	tive, administrative, and managerial –Continued						
IV	Ianagement related –Continued Other financial officers	\$31.99	9.8	\$31.99	9.8		
	Management analysts	ъз г.99 29.16	5.4	29.16	5.4	_	_
	Personnel, training, and labor relations	29.10	3.4	29.10	3.4	_	_
	specialists	24.79	14.8	27.49	16.4	_	_
	Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c.	22.72	13.9	_		_	_
	Management related, n.e.c.	25.35	6.7	25.40	7.2	_	_
Sales		16.30	9.1	16.38	9.1	_	-
	Supervisors, sales	21.42	9.8	21.42	9.8	-	-
	Securities and financial services sales	17.36	24.5	17.36	24.5	_	-
	Sales, other business services	22.19	16.6	22.19	16.6	_	_
	Sales representatives, mining, manufacturing,	24.47	11.9	24.47	11.9		
	and wholesale Sales workers, motor vehicles and boats	24.47 19.29	11.9	24.47 19.29	11.9	_	_
	Sales workers, furniture and home furnishings	21.81	2.2	21.81	2.2	_	_
	Sales workers, parts	18.05	8.8	18.05	8.8	_	
	Sales workers, other commodities	8.34	6.6	8.34	6.6	_	_
	Sales counter clerks	9.36	6.6	9.36	6.6	_	_
	Cashiers	6.90	3.0	6.83	3.1	_	_
	Sales support, n.e.c.	12.97	12.4	12.97	12.4	-	_
Δdmir	nistrative support, including clerical	12.55	1.8	12.93	2.1	\$11.36	2.3
Adiiiii	Supervisors, general office	15.74	5.1	16.14	6.4	Ψ11.50 -	
	Supervisors, distribution, scheduling, and						
	adjusting clerks	18.25	8.9	18.25	8.9	_	-
	Computer operators	15.14	10.1	15.14	10.1	_	-
	Secretaries	14.64	2.8	15.74	2.9	12.15	3.9
	Interviewers	11.68	13.5	_	-	_	_
	Transportation ticket and reservation agents	12.62	16.9	12.62	16.9	_	-
	Receptionists	9.88	5.3	9.70	5.5	-	-
	Information clerks, n.e.c.	11.71	11.3	11.72	12.8	-	-
	Order clerks Personnel clerks, except payroll and timekeeping	13.10 11.79	9.3 8.3	13.10 11.79	9.3 8.3	_	_
	Library clerks	9.51	7.2	-	0.5	9.47	7.9
	File clerks	10.38	5.9	10.46	6.1	J.47 —	
	Records clerks, n.e.c.	11.79	5.0	11.97	7.6	11.63	6.4
	Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks	12.05	3.2	12.05	3.4	_	_
	Billing clerks	13.15	7.1	_	_	_	_
	Dispatchers	12.52	15.9	_	_	_	-
	Production coordinators	15.77	5.9	16.24	5.5	_	-
	Traffic, shipping and receiving clerks	10.15	6.1	9.80	5.2	_	_
	Stock and inventory clerks	9.90	7.6	10.28	8.5	_	-
	Material recording, scheduling, and distribution	44.00	0.4				
	clerks, n.e.c.	14.38	8.1	_	-	_	_
	Insurance adjusters, examiners, and investigators	13.98	5.5	13.98	5.5		
	Investigators and adjusters, except insurance	14.17	6.6	14.26	6.8	_	
	General office clerks	11.48	3.6	12.20	4.9	10.52	3.6
	Data entry keyers	9.74	5.2	9.74	5.2	-	_
	Teachers' aides	10.49	2.0	_	_	10.49	2.0
	Administrative support, n.e.c.	12.87	3.9	13.16	5.1	12.24	5.4
lue col	lar	13.13	3.4	13.14	3.7	12.97	3.7
Precis	sion production, craft, and repair	17.57	3.1	17.78	3.2	14.82	6.0
	Supervisors, mechanics and repair	23.44	8.7	24.87	8.9	-	
	Automobile mechanics	19.26	10.4	19.48	10.6	_	_
	Bus, truck, and stationary engine mechanics	15.43	7.3	15.16	8.6	_	_
	Industrial machinery repairers	15.48	6.4	15.60	6.6	_	_
	Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c.	16.63	7.7	16.97	8.8	_	_
	Supervisors, construction trades, n.e.c	17.43	3.2	17.33	3.4	_	I –

Table 2-1. Mean hourly earnings¹, all workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000 — Continued

	T	otal	Private	industry		and local rnment
Occupation ³	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percen
Blue collar –Continued						
Precision production, craft, and repair -Continued						
Carpenters	\$17.01	7.0	\$17.01	7.0	_	_
Electricians	19.22	3.3	19.66	3.3	_	_
Plumbers, pipefitters and steamfitters	17.15	10.4	17.29	10.8	_	_
Insulation workers	12.27	9.6	12.27	9.6	_	_
Construction trades, n.e.c.	9.49	10.1	9.21	10.0	_	_
Supervisors, production	23.03	9.2	24.82	7.5	_	_
Machinists	18.50	4.4	18.50	4.4	_	_
Butchers and meat cutters	11.74	9.5	11.74	9.5	_	_
Inspectors, testers, and graders	20.79	14.6	20.79	14.6	_	_
Miscellaneous plant and system operators, n.e.c.	23.23	1.3	23.23	1.3	_	_
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	11.23	5.9	11.23	5.9	-	_
Printing press operators	12.99	8.0	12.99	8.0	_	_
Laundering and dry cleaning machine operators	7.68	3.3 10.7	7.68 12.92	3.3 10.7	_	_
Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c	12.92	-		_	_	_
Welders and cutters	12.57 8.17	6.1	12.57 8.17	6.1	_	_
Assemblers Production inspectors, checkers and examiners	12.71	11.6 9.6	12.70	11.6 9.8	_	_
Transportation and material moving	12.69	5.3	12.67	6.0	\$12.86	4.9
Truck drivers	11.86	7.3	11.93	7.5	Ψ12.00	4.5
Bus drivers	14.00	8.4	11.33	7.5	12.58	3.2
Industrial truck and tractor equipment operators Miscellaneous material moving equipment	9.86	4.6	9.86	4.6	-	-
operators, n.e.c.	15.51	12.9	15.81	12.9	-	_
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	8.51	4.0	8.36	4.2	10.39	4.6
Groundskeepers and gardeners, except farm Helpers, mechanics and repairers	9.74 10.14	5.8 6.4	10.16	7.7	10.43	6.4
Helpers, construction trades	10.14	4.6	9.70	5.1	_	
Construction laborers	8.63	10.0	8.53	10.4	_	_
Production helpers	10.32	11.5	10.32	11.5	_	
Stock handlers and baggers	7.64	5.2	7.64	5.2	_	
Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c.	8.56	13.1	8.56	13.1	_	
Garage and service station related	8.87	3.1	8.87	3.1	_	_
Vehicle washers and equipment cleaners	8.52	8.8	8.35	9.1	_	
Hand packers and packagers	7.15	4.8	7.15	4.8	_	
Laborers, except construction, n.e.c.	8.40	10.4	8.24	11.3	10.10	12.2
ervice	9.53	3.8	7.54	3.9	13.11	4.5
Protective service	14.90	6.0		- 1	16.59	3.9
Firefighting	17.30	3.5	_	_	17.30	3.5
Police and detectives, public service Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law enforcement	18.78	4.3	-	-	18.78	4.3
officers	18.53	3.2	_	_	18.53	3.2
Correctional institution officers	11.90	2.9	_	_	11.90	2.9
Food service	6.81	5.4	6.55	6.1	8.90	3.8
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	4.42	18.9	4.42	18.9	_	-
Waiters and waitresses	4.06	23.4	4.06	23.4	_	_
Waiters'/Waitresses' assistants	6.09	16.2	6.09	16.2	_	_
Other food service	7.82	4.0	7.62	4.8	8.90	3.8
Supervisors, food preparation and service	13.92	7.5	13.92	7.5	_	-
Cooks	8.19	5.2	8.26	5.4	_	_
Kitchen workers, food preparation	6.85	3.5	6.72	3.1	_	_
Food preparation, n.e.c.	7.19	5.4	6.28	4.6	9.01	3.4
Health service	9.51	2.4	8.53	3.1	10.98	4.4
Health aides, except nursing	10.31	5.6	_	_	11.29	7.2
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	8.93	3.2	8.29	4.2	10.53	5.4
Cleaning and building service	7.66	4.3	7.02	5.4	9.24	5.6
Maids and housemen	6.25	2.0	6.24	2.1	_	-
Janitors and cleaners	7.68	4.7	6.69	5.4	9.30	5.7

Table 2-1. Mean hourly earnings¹, all workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000 — Continued

Occupation ³	To	otal	Private	industry	State and local government	
	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)
Service –Continued Personal service	\$11.12 8.95 7.27	11.7 3.5 9.8	\$11.75 - -	14.8 - -	\$9.35 8.73 -	4.6 4.1 –

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

2 All workers include full-time and part-time workers.

3 A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

4 The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around

a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet TION IN MIND.

 $\label{thm:continuous} Table~2-2.~\textbf{Mean hourly earnings}^1, full-time~workers: \\ ^2~\textbf{Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000 \\$

	To	otal	Private	industry		and local rnment
Occupation ³	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent
AII	\$18.17	2.5	\$17.97	3.1	\$18.89	2.7
All excluding sales	18.18	2.5	17.94	3.2	18.93	2.7
White collar	22.23	2.4	22.46	3.0	21.58	3.2
White collar excluding sales	22.83	2.4	23.33	3.0	21.66	3.1
Professional specialty and technical	26.80	2.6	27.44	3.7	25.77	3.1
Professional specialty	28.17	2.3	29.20	3.4	26.89	2.9
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	32.03	4.4	32.03	4.4	_	_
Petroleum engineers	43.62	6.9	43.62	6.9	_	_
Chemical engineers	34.61	6.6	34.61	6.6	_	_
Civil engineers	35.96	10.0	35.96	10.0	_	_
Mechanical engineers	31.47	5.6	31.47	5.6	_	_
Engineers, n.e.c.	31.83	5.0	31.83	5.0	_	_
Mathematical and computer scientists	30.35	4.9	30.61	4.9	_	_
Computer systems analysts and scientists	30.54	5.1	30.82	5.0	_	_
Natural scientists	24.69	7.4	26.51	7.7	_	_
Geologists and geodesists	30.69	11.1	30.69	11.1	-	
Health related	24.32	5.5	24.20	7.8	24.57	5.4
Registered nurses	22.10	2.5	21.48	2.5	23.28	4.8
Pharmacists	30.50	4.1	30.25	4.0	-	110
Teachers, college and university	40.71 51.80	10.9	_	_	41.11 –	11.2
Other post-secondary teachers	26.89	12.8		6.9	27.13	1.5
Teachers, except college and university	26.69		19.80			1
Elementary school teachers Secondary school teachers	26.69	1.1	19.85 –	14.4	27.03 26.76	1.1
Teachers, n.e.c.	25.86	4.9	18.03	11.0	26.70	4.3
Vocational and educational counselors	29.19	10.4	10.03	11.0	29.70	10.6
Librarians, archivists, and curators	20.88	16.3	_		21.05	18.2
Librarians	20.88	16.3	_	_	21.05	18.2
Social scientists and urban planners	_	-	_	_	_	-
Social, recreation, and religious workers	14.98	5.0	15.27	11.7	14.90	5.5
Social workers	14.80	4.8	_		14.90	5.5
Lawyers and judges	44.84	24.2	_	_	-	-
Lawyers	46.73	25.7	_	_	_	_
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and						
professionals, n.e.c.	25.18	17.4	25.23	19.1	_	_
Designers	16.52	30.3	16.52	30.3	_	_
Technical	21.84	8.8	23.18	9.8	15.34	10.9
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	14.57	10.6	14.57	10.6	_	_
Radiological technicians	21.73	19.7	_	_	_	_
Licensed practical nurses	13.81	1.9	13.80	2.2	_	_
Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c	14.92	5.4	14.98	5.6	_	_
Electrical and electronic technicians	21.58	7.9	21.64	7.9	_	_
Engineering technicians, n.e.c	19.01	9.9	19.66	13.0	_	_
Drafters	27.26	7.7	27.26	7.7	_	_
Chemical technicians	23.59	3.6	23.59	3.6	_	_
Airplane pilots and navigators Technical and related, n.e.c.	78.19 14.93	21.2 12.1	78.19 –	21.2	_	_
·						
Executive, administrative, and managerial	32.15	3.0	33.38	3.1	27.15	6.8
Executives, administrators, and managers	35.48	3.8	37.93	3.9	28.62	7.4
Administrators and officials, public administration	27.73	15.2			27.70	15.3
Financial managers	35.75	9.1	36.18	9.4	_	_
Purchasing managers	35.13	13.3	35.13	13.3	_	-
Managers, marketing, advertising, and public	44.00	0.0	44.00			
relations	41.66	8.2	41.66	8.2	24.05	6.7
Administrators, education and related fields Managers, medicine and health	34.02	6.5	2F 24	-	34.05	6.7
o ,	25.46	9.4	25.31	9.7	_	_
Managers, food servicing and lodging establishments	35.47	30.3	38.16	29.0		
Managers and administrators, n.e.c.	37.76	5.3	39.75	4.8	_	1 -
Management related	26.55	3.8	27.21	3.9	_ 19.74	10.5
Accountants and auditors	25.22	4.6	25.22	4.6	-	10.3
Other financial officers	31.99	9.8	31.99	9.8	_	_
Management analysts	29.16	5.4	29.16	5.4	_	_
wanagomoni anarysis	20.10	JT	20.10	J	_	1 -

Table 2-2. Mean hourly earnings¹, full-time workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000 — Continued

		To	otal	Private	industry		and local rnment
	Occupation ³	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relativ error ⁴ (percen
White co	bllar –Continued						
	utive, administrative, and managerial –Continued						
IV	Management related –Continued Personnel, training, and labor relations						
	specialists	\$24.79	14.8	\$27.49	16.4	_	_
	Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c.	22.72	13.9	· -	_	_	_
	Management related, n.e.c.	25.35	6.7	25.40	7.2	-	_
Salas		18.11	9.2	18.22	9.2		
Jaies	Supervisors, sales	21.42	9.8	21.42	9.8	_	
	Securities and financial services sales	18.39	23.5	18.39	23.5	_	_
	Sales, other business services	22.63	16.4	22.63	16.4	_	_
	Sales representatives, mining, manufacturing,						
	and wholesale	24.47	11.9	24.47	11.9	-	-
	Sales workers, motor vehicles and boats	19.29	16.4	19.29	16.4	-	_
	Sales workers, furniture and home furnishings Sales workers, parts	21.98 18.11	1.6 8.7	21.98 18.11	1.6 8.7	_	_
	Sales workers, other commodities	8.78	9.0	8.78	9.0	_	_
	Sales counter clerks	9.84	6.2	9.84	6.2	_	_
	Cashiers	7.57	4.2	7.52	4.6	_	_
	Sales support, n.e.c.	13.22	12.9	13.22	12.9	-	_
						044.40	
Admii	nistrative support, including clerical Supervisors, general office	12.71 15.74	1.8 5.1	13.13 16.14	2.1 6.4	\$11.43	2.3
	Supervisors, distribution, scheduling, and	15.74	3.1	10.14	0.4	_	_
	adjusting clerks	18.25	8.9	18.25	8.9	_	_
	Computer operators	15.24	10.1	15.24	10.1	_	_
	Secretaries	14.66	2.9	15.76	2.9	12.18	3.9
	Transportation ticket and reservation agents	13.06	17.5	13.06	17.5	_	_
	Receptionists	10.23	5.3	10.05	5.5	_	_
	Information clerks, n.e.c.	13.35 13.10	11.8 9.3	- 12.10	9.3	_	_
	Order clerks Personnel clerks, except payroll and timekeeping	11.85	8.6	13.10 11.85	9.3 8.6	_	_
	File clerks	10.38	5.9	10.46	6.1	_	_
	Records clerks, n.e.c.	11.96	5.3	12.11	8.7	11.82	6.2
	Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks	12.05	3.2	12.05	3.4	_	_
	Billing clerks	13.15	7.1	_	_	_	_
	Dispatchers	12.52	15.9	_ 16.04	_ 	_	_
	Production coordinators Traffic, shipping and receiving clerks	15.77 10.39	5.9 6.9	16.24 10.01	5.5 6.0	_	
	Stock and inventory clerks	9.97	7.9	10.39	8.8	_	_
	Material recording, scheduling, and distribution						
	clerks, n.e.c.	14.38	8.1	-	-	-	-
	Insurance adjusters, examiners, and	40.00		40.00			
	investigators and adjustors, except insurance	13.98	5.5	13.98	5.5	_	-
	Investigators and adjusters, except insurance General office clerks	14.04 11.61	6.9	14.13 12.47	7.1 5.1	_ 10.55	3.7
	Data entry keyers	9.74	6.2	9.74	6.2	-	J.,
	Teachers' aides	10.53	2.0	-	-	10.53	2.0
	Administrative support, n.e.c.	12.89	4.0	13.18	5.4	12.29	5.4
	u	40.50	0.0	40.55	0.0	40.40	
iue col	llar	13.52	3.6	13.55	3.8	13.13	3.9
Precis	sion production, craft, and repair	17.81	3.0	18.05	3.1	14.82	6.0
	Supervisors, mechanics and repairers	23.44	8.7	24.87	8.9	-	_
	Automobile mechanics	19.26	10.4	19.48	10.6	-	_
	Bus, truck, and stationary engine mechanics	15.43	7.3	15.16	8.6	-	-
	Industrial machinery repairers	15.48	6.4	15.60	6.6	-	-
	Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c.	16.63	7.7	16.97	8.8	-	_
	Supervisors, construction trades, n.e.c.	17.43 17.01	3.2 7.0	17.33 17.01	3.4 7.0	_	_
	Carpenters	17.01	3.3	17.01	3.3	_	
	Plumbers, pipefitters and steamfitters	17.15	10.4	17.29	10.8	_	_
	Insulation workers	13.47	13.1	13.47	13.1	_	-

 $\label{thm:continuous} \begin{tabular}{ll} Table 2-2. Mean hourly earnings 1, full-time workers: 2 Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000 — Continued 2 Contin$

	To	otal	Private	industry	State and local government		
Occupation ³	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	
Blue collar –Continued							
Precision production, craft, and repair -Continued							
Construction trades, n.e.c.	\$9.49	10.1	\$9.21	10.0	_	_	
Supervisors, production	22.99	9.3	24.77	7.6	_	_	
Machinists	18.49	4.4	18.49	4.4	_	_	
Butchers and meat cutters	11.74	9.5	11.74	9.5	_	_	
Inspectors, testers, and graders	20.79	14.6	20.79	14.6	_	_	
Miscellaneous plant and system operators, n.e.c.	23.23	1.3	23.23	1.3	_	-	
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	11.26	5.9	11.26	5.9	_	_	
Printing press operators	12.99	8.0	12.99	8.0	_	_	
Laundering and dry cleaning machine operators	7.70	3.4	7.70	3.4	_	_	
Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c	12.98	10.8	12.98	10.8	_	_	
Welders and cutters	12.57	6.1	12.57	6.1	_	_	
Assemblers	8.24	11.8	8.24	11.8	_	_	
Production inspectors, checkers and examiners	12.71	9.6	12.70	9.8	_	-	
Transportation and material moving	13.17	4.9	13.14	5.4	\$13.47	6.0	
Truck drivers	11.91	7.4	11.97	7.5	_	_	
Bus drivers	14.78	8.1	_	_	_	_	
Industrial truck and tractor equipment operators Miscellaneous material moving equipment	9.86	4.6	9.86	4.6	_	_	
operators, n.e.c.	15.75	12.9	16.07	12.9	_	-	
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	8.87	4.6	8.73	4.9	10.39	4.6	
Groundskeepers and gardeners, except farm	9.74	5.8	_	_	10.43	6.4	
Helpers, mechanics and repairers	10.14	6.4	10.16	7.7	_	_	
Helpers, construction trades	10.30	4.6	9.70	5.1	_	_	
Construction laborers	8.63	10.0	8.53	10.4	_	_	
Production helpers	10.32	11.5	10.32	11.5	_	_	
Stock handlers and baggers	8.98	8.1	8.98	8.1	_	_	
Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c	8.60	15.5	8.60	15.5	_	_	
Vehicle washers and equipment cleaners	8.72	9.2	8.55	9.5	_	_	
Hand packers and packagers	7.56	4.9	7.56	4.9	_	_	
Laborers, except construction, n.e.c	8.71	11.7	8.55	12.8	10.10	12.2	
Service	10.36	4.0	8.15	4.6	13.20	4.5	
Protective service	15.92	4.3	9.13	7.0	16.62	3.9	
Police and detectives, public service	18.78	4.3	-	-	18.78	4.3	
officers	18.53	3.2	_	_	18.53	3.2	
Correctional institution officers	11.90	2.9	_	_	11.90	2.9	
Guards and police, except public service	10.06	4.6	9.75	4.4	-	-	
Food service	7.32	5.8	7.07	6.7	9.05	3.7	
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	4.74	22.1	4.74	22.1	-	-	
Waiters and waitresses	4.32	29.6	4.32	29.6	_	l –	
Other food service	8.33	3.6	8.17	4.4	9.05	3.7	
Supervisors, food preparation and service	13.92	7.5	13.92	7.5	-	-	
Cooks	8.41	5.2	8.44	5.4	_	_	
Kitchen workers, food preparation	7.15	3.4	6.99	2.9	_	_	
	7.59	5.3	6.63	5.0	9.10	3.5	
Food preparation in e.c.		J.0	1 5.00				
Food preparation, n.e.c	9.61	2.5	8 51	1 36 1	10 98	4.4	
Food preparation, n.e.c. Health service Health aides, except nursing	9.61 10.43	2.5 5.4	8.51 9.00	3.6 6.4	10.98 11.29	4.4 7.2	

Table 2-2. Mean hourly earnings¹, full-time workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000 — Continued

Occupation ³	To	otal	Private	industry	State and local government	
	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)
Service –Continued Cleaning and building service	\$8.23 6.27 8.53 12.42 8.99	4.0 2.1 3.7 12.2 3.7	\$7.63 6.26 7.58 13.76	5.8 2.1 5.0 15.5	\$9.24 - 9.30 9.42 8.73	5.6 - 5.7 4.7 4.1

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. ¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.
² Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.
³ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

⁴ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means not elsewhere classified. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately. IN THIS SURVEY, THE NONRESPONSE RATE FOR PRIVATE INDUSTRY EXCEEDED REGULAR SURVEY STANDARDS FOR PUBLICATION. ACCORDINGLY, USERS SHOULD INTERPRET THESE RESULTS WITH THIS LIMITATION IN MIND.

to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

Table 2-3. Mean hourly earnings1, part-time workers:2 Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000

	To	otal	Private	industry		nd local rnment
Occupation ³	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)
All	\$8.03	4.1	\$7.90	4.4	\$10.08	5.5
All excluding sales	8.30	4.9	8.16	5.2	10.08	5.5
White collar	10.27	5.3	10.27	5.7	10.34	8.5
White collar excluding sales	13.04	7.2	13.50	8.2	10.34	8.5
Professional specialty and technical	16.97	8.8	18.54	8.3	11.50	13.4
Professional specialty	18.09	10.8	20.94	9.2	11.50	13.4
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	-				_	_
Health related	23.16 22.57	6.2 6.0	23.42 22.98	6.3 6.0	_	_
Teachers, college and university	22.57 27.35	7.2	22.96	5.0	27.01	3.2
Teachers, except college and university	11.14	13.0	14.67	14.7	9.14	6.0
Teachers, n.e.c.	13.15	13.5	13.06	15.1	_	-
Social, recreation, and religious workers Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and	-	_	_	_	_	_
professionals, n.e.c.	_	_	_	_	_	_
Technical	13.79	9.8	13.79	9.8	-	-
Sales	6.72	3.5	6.72	3.5	_	_
Sales workers, other commodities	6.99	2.7	6.99	2.7	_	_
Cashiers	6.27	3.8	6.27	3.8	-	-
Administrative support, including clerical	9.59	3.9	9.78	4.0	7.44	4.6
General office clerks	8.78	10.7	8.95	11.1	-	-
Blue collar	7.26	5.8	6.97	6.3	10.90	6.8
Precision production, craft, and repair	-	_	-	_	-	-
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	-	_	-	_	-	_
Transportation and material moving	7.81	16.0	-	_	10.90	6.8
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	6.27	3.8	6.27	3.8	_	_
Stock handlers and baggers	5.68	1.7	5.68	1.7	-	-
Service	6.16	4.8	6.10	5.0	8.02	4.4
Protective service	_	_		_	_	_
Food service	5.30	6.7	5.16	6.9	_	_
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	3.68	16.7	3.68	16.7	_	_
Waiters and waitresses	3.59	17.6	3.59	17.6	_	_
Other food service	6.17 6.08	4.1 3.8	6.03 6.08	3.7 3.8	_	_
Kitchen workers, food preparation Food preparation, n.e.c.	5.93	6.3	0.08	3.6	_	_
Health service	5.93 8.59	4.5	8.59	4.5	_	
Cleaning and building service	5.81	4.6	5.81	4.6	_	_
Janitors and cleaners	5.82	4.8	5.82	4.8	_	_
Personal service	5.79	5.3	5.57	3.9	_	_

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.
2 Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means not elsewhere classified. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately. IN THIS SURVEY, THE NONRESPONSE RATE FOR PRIVATE INDUSTRY EXCEEDED REGULAR SURVEY STANDARDS FOR PUBLICATION. ACCORDINGLY, USERS SHOULD INTERPRET THESE RESULTS WITH THIS LIMITATION IN THE PROPERTY OF THE TION IN MIND.

a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

³ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

 $^{^4}$ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

Table 3-1. Mean weekly earnings¹, full-time workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000

		Total		Priv	ate industry	,		ate and local government	
Occupation ³	Weekly	earnings	Mean	Weekly e	arnings	Mean	Weekly 6	earnings	Mean
	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	weekly hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	weekly hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	weekly hours ⁵
All excluding sales	\$726 725	2.5 2.5	39.9 39.9	\$720 717	3.1 3.3	40.0 40.0	\$748 749	2.7 2.7	39.6 39.6
White collar White collar excluding sales	889 909	2.4 2.4	40.0 39.8	902 933	3.0 3.1	40.1 40.0	852 855	3.1 3.1	39.5 39.5
Professional specialty and									
technical	1,060	2.6	39.6	1,092	3.6	39.8	1,011	3.1	39.2
Professional specialty Engineers, architects, and	1,128	2.4	40.0	1,190	3.6	40.8	1,052	2.9	39.1
surveyors	1,328	4.9	41.4	1,328	4.9	41.4	_	_	_
Petroleum engineers	1,783	7.6	40.9	1,783	7.6	40.9	_	_	_
Chemical engineers	1,401	6.5	40.5	1,401	6.5	40.5	-	-	_
Civil engineers	1,541	13.0	42.8	1,541	13.0	42.8	_	_	-
Mechanical engineers Engineers, n.e.c	1,275 1,342	5.8 5.2	40.5 42.2	1,275 1,342	5.8 5.2	40.5 42.2	_	_	_
Mathematical and computer scientists	1,229	4.6	40.5	1,240	4.6	40.5	_	_	_
Computer systems analysts	, -			, -					
and scientists	1,240	4.7	40.6	1,252	4.6	40.6	-	-	_
Natural scientists Geologists and geodesists	994	7.6 11.8	40.3 40.6	1,069 1,246	7.9 11.8	40.3 40.6	_	_	_
Health related	1,246 970	5.5	39.9	966	7.8	39.9	- 979	5.4	39.8
Registered nurses	881	2.4	39.8	857	2.5	39.9	927	4.7	39.8
Pharmacists	1,220	4.1	40.0	1,210	4.0	40.0	_	_	_
Teachers, college and university	1,531	11.6	37.6	_	-	-	1,541	11.9	37.5
Other post-secondary teachers	1,951	13.9	37.7	_	_	_	_	_	_
Teachers, except college and	,								
university	1,052	1.5	39.1	787	6.6	39.7	1,062	1.5	39.1
Elementary school teachers Secondary school teachers	1,040 1,055	1.2 1.4	38.6 39.5	794 –	14.4	40.0	1,044 1,058	1.2 1.4	38.6 39.5
Teachers, n.e.c.	1,030	4.9	39.8	713	10.0	39.5	1,036	4.3	39.9
Vocational and educational	,						,-		
counselors	1,161	10.4	39.8	-	_	-	1,182	10.6	39.8
Librarians, archivists, and curators	814	17.1	39.0				818	19.1	38.8
Librarians	814	17.1	39.0	_	_	_	818	19.1	38.8
Social scientists and urban	0						0.0		00.0
planners	-	-	-	_	_	-	_	_	-
Social, recreation, and religious	=								
workers Social workers	599 592	5.0 4.8	40.0 40.0	611 –	11.7	40.0	596 596	5.6 5.6	40.0 40.0
Lawyers and judges	1,890	20.8	42.2	_	_	_	_	J.0 _	40.0
Lawyers	1,986	21.3	42.5	_	_	_	_	-	_
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and professionals,									
n.e.c	1,000	17.3	39.7	1,001	19.1	39.7	-	-	_
Designers	661	30.3	40.0	661	30.3	40.0	-	-	_
Technical	830	7.3	38.0	872	8.0	37.6	614	10.9	40.0
Clinical laboratory technologists and									
technicians	583	10.6	40.0	583	10.6	40.0	_	_	_
Radiological technicians	869	19.7	40.0	_	_	-	-	_	-
Licensed practical nurses Health technologists and	549	1.8	39.7	548	2.0	39.7	-	_	_
technicians, n.e.c Electrical and electronic	597	5.4	40.0	599	5.6	40.0	-	-	_
technicians	863	7.9	40.0	866	7.9	40.0	_	_	_
Engineering technicians, n.e.c.	760	9.9	40.0	787	13.0	40.0	-	_	-
Drafters	1,090	7.7	40.0	1,090	7.7	40.0	-	_	-
Chemical technicians	952	3.8	40.4	952	3.8	40.4	_	_	_
Airplane pilots and navigators Technical and related, n.e.c	1,637 614	21.2 13.9	20.9 41.1	1,637	21.2	20.9	_	_	_
r ecrimicar and related, n.e.c	014	13.9	41.1	_	_	_	_	_	_

Table 3-1. Mean weekly earnings¹, full-time workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000 — Continued

		Total		Priv	ate industry	,		ate and local povernment	
Occupation ³	Weekly	earnings	Mean	Weekly e	arnings	Mean	Weekly 6	earnings	Mea
	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	weekly hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	weekly hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	week
White collar -Continued									
Executive, administrative, and									
managerial	\$1,308	3.0	40.7	\$1,365	3.2	40.9	\$1,082	6.8	39.9
Executives, administrators, and	4 450		40.0	4.500		44.0	4.440		00.4
managers Administrators and officials,	1,452	3.9	40.9	1,568	3.9	41.3	1,140	7.4	39.8
public administration	1,109	15.2	40.0	_	_	_	1,108	15.3	40.0
Financial managers	1,472	9.5	41.2	1,491	9.8	41.2	-	-	-
Purchasing managers	1,439	12.9	41.0	1,439	12.9	41.0	_	_	_
Managers, marketing,	,			,		-			
advertising, and public									
relations	1,705	9.6	40.9	1,705	9.6	40.9	_	_	-
Administrators, education and									
related fields	1,352	6.5	39.7	-	-	-	1,353	6.7	39.
Managers, medicine and									
health	1,018	9.4	40.0	1,012	9.7	40.0	-	_	_
Managers, food servicing and									
lodging establishments	1,401	30.9	39.5	1,526	29.0	40.0	_	_	_
Managers and administrators,	4 574		44.0	4 004	4.5	44.0			
n.e.c	1,571	5.3	41.6	1,664	4.5	41.8	_	-	-
Management related	1,070	4.1	40.3	1,097	4.3	40.3	790	10.5	40.
Accountants and auditors	1,011	4.8	40.1	1,011	4.8	40.1	_	_	_
Other financial officers	1,316	12.2	41.1 40.9	1,316	12.2	41.1 40.9	_	_	_
Management analysts Personnel, training, and labor	1,192	5.9	40.9	1,192	5.9	40.9	_	_	_
relations specialists	989	14.3	39.9	1,096	15.7	39.9	_	_	_
Purchasing agents and	303	14.5	33.3	1,030	15.7	33.3	_	_	_
buyers, n.e.c	909	13.9	40.0	_	_	_	_	_	_
Management related, n.e.c	1,020	7.2	40.2	1,023	7.9	40.3	_	_	_
	,		-	,-					
Sales	741	9.3	40.9	746	9.3	40.9	_	_	_
Supervisors, sales	870	9.7	40.6	870	9.7	40.6	_	_	_
Securities and financial									
services sales	719	21.5	39.1	719	21.5	39.1	_	_	_
Sales, other business services	913	16.5	40.3	913	16.5	40.3	_	_	_
Sales representatives, mining,									
manufacturing, and		l							
wholesale	989	11.1	40.4	989	11.1	40.4	_	_	_
Sales workers, motor vehicles	000	40.4	40.0	000	40.4	40.0			
and boats	962	18.4	49.9	962	18.4	49.9	_	_	_
Sales workers, furniture and home furnishings	941	6.8	42.8	941	6.8	42.8	_	_	
Sales workers, parts	896	4.3	42.8	896	4.3	42.8 49.5	_		-
Sales workers, other	030	1.5	+3.5	030	7.3	+3.5	_	-	_
commodities	345	8.6	39.2	345	8.6	39.2	_	_	_
Sales counter clerks	387	6.9	39.3	387	6.9	39.3	_	_	_
Cashiers	292	4.4	38.6	289	4.7	38.4	_	_	_
Sales support, n.e.c	520	13.0	39.4	520	13.0	39.4	_	_	_
Administrative support, including									
clerical	504	1.8	39.7	521	2.2	39.7	455	2.3	39.
Supervisors, general office	631	5.2	40.1	648	6.5	40.2	-	_	_
Supervisors, distribution,		1							
scheduling, and adjusting									
clerks	740	9.2	40.5	740	9.2	40.5	_	-	_
Computer operators	610	10.1	40.0	610	10.1	40.0	-	-	-
Secretaries	585	2.9	39.9	629	3.0	39.9	485	4.0	39.
Transportation ticket and	F00	17.5	40.0	F00	175	40.0			
reservation agents	522	17.5	40.0	522	17.5	40.0	_	_	_
Receptionists Information clerks, n.e.c	386 534	7.4 11.8	37.7	379 –	7.8	37.7	_	1 -	_
	534 519	1	40.0 39.6	- 519	9.1	39.6	_		_
Order clerks	519	9.1	JJ.0	319	3.1	JJ.0	_	_	_

Table 3-1. Mean weekly earnings¹, full-time workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000 — Continued

		Total		Priv	vate industry	'	State and local government		
Occupation ³	Weekly (earnings	Mean	Weekly 6	earnings	Mean	Weekly earnings		Mear
	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	weekly hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	weekly hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	week
White collar –Continued									
Administrative support, including clerical –Continued									
Personnel clerks, except									
payroll and timekeeping	\$472	8.5	39.8	\$472	8.5	39.8	_	_	_
File clerks	413	5.8	39.8	416	6.0	39.8	_	_	l _
Records clerks, n.e.c.	475	5.4	39.7	481	8.8	39.7	\$470	6.3	39.8
Bookkeepers, accounting and	110	0.1	00.7	101	0.0	00.7	Ψιιο	0.0	00.
auditing clerks	473	3.6	39.3	472	3.8	39.2	_	_	_
Billing clerks	526	7.1	40.0	_	_		_	_	_
Dispatchers	501	15.9	40.1	_	_	_	_	l _	_
Production coordinators	631	5.9	40.0	650	5.5	40.0	_	l _	l _
Traffic, shipping and receiving	001	0.0	10.0	000	0.0	10.0			
clerks	414	6.8	39.8	399	5.9	39.8	_	_	_
Stock and inventory clerks Material recording, scheduling,	399	7.9	40.0	416	8.8	40.0	-	_	-
and distribution clerks, n.e.c Insurance adjusters,	575	8.1	40.0	-	_	-	-	-	-
examiners, and investigators	526	5.2	37.6	526	5.2	37.6	_	_	_
Investigators and adjusters,									
except insurance	559	6.6	39.8	562	6.8	39.8	-	_	-
General office clerks	463	3.5	39.8	495	4.8	39.7	422	3.7	40.
Data entry keyers	390	6.2	40.0	390	6.2	40.0	_	_	-
Teachers' aides	417	2.1	39.6	_	-	_	417	2.1	39.
Administrative support, n.e.c.	515	4.0	39.9	526	5.4	39.9	492	5.4	40.
Blue collar	547	3.6	40.4	549	3.9	40.5	518	3.8	39.
Precision production, craft, and									
repair	717	3.1	40.2	727	3.2	40.3	593	6.0	40.0
Supervisors, mechanics and									
repairers	938	8.7	40.0	995	8.9	40.0	-	_	-
Automobile mechanics	844	10.2	43.8	856	10.4	43.9	_	_	-
Bus, truck, and stationary									
engine mechanics	617	7.3	40.0	606	8.6	40.0	_	-	-
Industrial machinery repairers Mechanics and repairers,	619	6.4	40.0	624	6.6	40.0	_	_	-
n.e.cSupervisors, construction	662	7.7	39.8	675	8.8	39.8	_	_	-
trades, n.e.c	697	3.2	40.0	693	3.4	40.0	_	_	-
Carpenters	680	7.0	40.0	680	7.0	40.0	_	_	-
Electricians	769	3.3	40.0	787	3.3	40.0	-	_	-
Plumbers, pipefitters and									
steamfitters	686	10.4	40.0	692	10.8	40.0	_	_	-
Insulation workers	539	13.1	40.0	539	13.1	40.0	_	_	-
Construction trades, n.e.c	380	10.1	40.0	368	10.0	40.0	_	_	-
Supervisors, production	926	9.4	40.3	998	7.7	40.3	_	_	-
Machinists	740	4.4	40.0	740	4.4	40.0	-	-	-
Butchers and meat cutters Inspectors, testers, and	453	12.1	38.6	453	12.1	38.6	_	_	_
graders	895	16.3	43.0	895	16.3	43.0	_	-	-
Miscellaneous plant and system operators, n.e.c	933	1.3	40.2	933	1.3	40.2	_	_	_
Machine operators, assemblers,									
and inspectors	450	5.9	40.0	450	5.9	40.0	_	_	-
	519	8.0	40.0	519	8.0	40.0	_	_	-
Printing press operators									
Laundering and dry cleaning									

Table 3-1. Mean weekly earnings¹, full-time workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000 — Continued

		Total		Priv	ate industry	<i>'</i>	State and local government		
Occupation ³	Weekly 6	earnings	Mean	Weekly e	arnings	Mean	Weekly e	arnings	Mean
·	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	weekly hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	weekly hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	weekly hours
Blue collar –Continued									
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors -Continued Miscellaneous machine									
operators, n.e.c.	\$519	10.8	40.0	\$519	10.8	40.0	_	_	_
Welders and cutters	503	6.1	40.0	503	6.1	40.0	_	_	_
Assemblers	329	11.8	40.0	329	11.8	40.0	_	_	_
	329	11.0	40.0	329	11.0	40.0	_	_	_
Production inspectors, checkers and examiners	508	9.6	40.0	508	9.8	40.0	-	_	_
Transportation and material									
moving	557	4.4	42.3	563	4.8	42.8	\$511	7.9	37.9
Truck drivers	565	9.4	47.4	571	9.5	47.7	_	_	-
Bus drivers	564	10.5	38.1	_	-	_	_	_	-
Industrial truck and tractor equipment operators	394	4.6	40.0	394	4.6	40.0	_	_	_
Miscellaneous material moving equipment									
operators, n.e.c.	630	12.9	40.0	643	12.9	40.0	-	_	_
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	356	4.6	40.1	350	4.9	40.1	415	4.6	40.0
Groundskeepers and gardeners, except farm	390	5.8	40.0	_	-	_	417	6.4	40.0
Helpers, mechanics and repairers	417	5.5	41.1	420	6.6	41.4	_	_	_
Helpers, construction trades	412	4.6	40.0	388	5.1	40.0	_	_	_
Construction laborers	345	10.0	40.0	341	10.4	40.0	_	_	-
Production helpers	413	11.5	40.0	413	11.5	40.0	_	_	_
Stock handlers and baggers Freight, stock, and material	365	8.6	40.6	365	8.6	40.6	-	_	-
handlers, n.e.c.	344	15.5	39.9	344	15.5	39.9	-	-	_
Vehicle washers and equipment cleaners	353	9.3	40.4	346	9.6	40.5	_	_	_
Hand packers and packagers Laborers, except construction,	302	4.9	40.0	302	4.9	40.0	-	_	_
n.e.c	348	11.6	39.9	342	12.8	39.9	404	12.2	40.0
Service	400	4.2	38.6	307	4.3	37.6	527	4.8	39.9
Protective service Police and detectives, public	651	4.6	40.9	365	7.0	40.0	681	4.2	41.0
service Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law	751	4.3	40.0	-	_	-	751	4.3	40.0
enforcement officers Correctional institution officers	742 476	3.2 2.9	40.0 40.0	- -	_	-	742 476	3.2 2.9	40.0 40.0
Guards and police, except							470	2.5	40.0
public service	402 278	4.6 7.2	40.0 38.0	390 272	4.4 8.3	40.0 38.4	318	6.3	35.1
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	175	23.4	37.0	175	23.4	37.0	_	_	_
Waiters and waitresses	159	31.2	36.8	159	31.2	36.8	_	_	-
Other food service Supervisors, food preparation	320	4.9	38.4	320	5.8	39.2	318	6.3	35.1
and service	639	11.6	45.9	639	11.6	45.9	_	_	l _
Cooks	314	6.0	37.4	321	5.9	38.0	_	_	-
Kitchen workers, food	260	1 11	27.5	262	27	27.5			
preparation	268	4.1	37.5	263	3.7	37.6	_		
Food preparation, n.e.c	286	5.1	37.7	260	5.3	39.2	323	6.1	35.5
Health service	378 415	2.6	39.3	332	4.0	39.0	436	4.4	39.7
Health aides, except nursing	415	5.3	39.8	360	6.4	40.0	448	7.1	39.7

Table 3-1. Mean weekly earnings1, full-time workers:2 Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000 — Continued

	Total			Private industry			State and local government		
Occupation ³	Weekly earnings			Weekly earnings			Weekly earnings		
	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean weekly hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean weekly hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean weekly hours ⁵
Service –Continued Health service –Continued Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	\$349 327 247 340 391 360	4.0 4.1 2.7 3.7 5.4	38.9 39.7 39.4 39.8 31.5	\$316 302 246 302 395	5.6 6.0 2.8 5.1 6.7	38.5 39.6 39.4 39.8 28.7	\$419 368 - 370 377 349	5.5 5.5 - 5.7 4.7	39.8 39.8 - 39.8 40.0 40.0

¹ Earnings are the straight-time weekly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers weighted by hours.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means not elsewhere classified. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately. IN THIS SURVEY, THE NONRESPONSE RATE FOR PRIVATE INDUSTRY EXCEEDED REGULAR SURVEY STANDARDS FOR PUBLICATION. ACCORDINGLY, USERS SHOULD INTERPRET THESE RESULTS WITH THIS LIMITATION IN MIND.

number of workers, weighted by hours.

2 Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the positioning full time exhectly less than the property of the time schedule. the minimum full-time schedule.

³ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

⁴ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.
⁵ Mean weekly hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a

week, exclusive of overtime.

Table 3-2. Mean annual earnings¹, full-time workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000

		Total		Priv	ate industry	,		te and local overnment	
Occupation ³	Annual e	arnings	Mean	Annual ea	arnings	Mean	Annual ea	arnings	Mean
	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annual hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annual hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annua hours ⁵
All excluding sales	\$36,478 36,326	2.5 2.5	2,007 1,998	\$37,302 37,155	3.1 3.3	2,076 2,071	\$33,986 34,042	2.7 2.7	1,799 1,798
White collar White collar excluding sales	43,908 44,623	2.4 2.4	1,975 1,955	46,687 48,254	3.0 3.1	2,078 2,069	37,395 37,489	3.1 3.1	1,733 1,731
Professional specialty and									
technical Professional specialty	49,872 51,683	2.6 2.4	1,861 1,835	56,164 61,135	3.6 3.6	2,047 2,094	41,871 42,682	3.1 2.9	1,625 1,587
Engineers, architects, and	01,000		1,000	01,100	0.0	2,001	12,002	2.0	1,007
surveyors	69,035	4.9	2,155	69,035	4.9	2,155	-	_	-
Petroleum engineers	92,727	7.6	2,126	92,727	7.6	2,126	_	_	_
Chemical engineers	72,856 80,114	6.5	2,105	72,856	6.5 13.0	2,105	_	_	_
Civil engineers Mechanical engineers	66,283	13.0 5.8	2,228 2,106	80,114 66,283	5.8	2,228 2,106	_	_	_
Engineers, n.e.c	69,794	5.2	2,193	69,794	5.2	2,193	-	-	_
scientists Computer systems analysts	63,914	4.6	2,106	64,496	4.6	2,107	-	_	_
and scientists	64,458	4.7	2,111	65,091	4.6	2,112	_	_	_
Natural scientists	51,688	7.6	2,093	55,581	7.9	2,096	_	_	_
Geologists and geodesists	64,792	11.8	2,111	64,792	11.8	2,111	_	_	-
Health related	48,805	5.5	2,007	49,062	7.8	2,027	48,284	5.4	1,965
Registered nurses	44,515	2.4	2,014	43,612	2.5	2,030	46,209	4.7	1,985
Pharmacists Teachers, college and university	60,141 64,876	4.1 11.6	1,972 1,594	57,572 –	4.0	1,903	64,998	11.9	1,581
Other post-secondary teachers	89,846	13.9	1,734	_	_	_	-	_	1,501
Teachers, except college and	39,716	1.5	1,477	33,421	6.6	1,688	39,906	1.5	1,471
university Elementary school teachers	38,716	1.2	1,477	29,042	14.4	1,463	38,880	1.2	1,438
Secondary school teachers	39,280	1.4	1,472	-	-	-	39,337	1.4	1,470
Teachers, n.e.c.	39,980	4.9	1,546	33,982	10.0	1,885	40,675	4.3	1,507
Vocational and educational									
counselors Librarians, archivists, and	49,068	10.4	1,681	_	_	_	49,614	10.6	1,670
curators	35,094	17.1	1,681	_	-	-	34,892	19.1	1,658
Librarians Social scientists and urban	35,094	17.1	1,681	_	_	_	34,892	19.1	1,658
planners	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Social, recreation, and religious workers	30,427	5.0	2,031	28,536	11.7	1,868	31,001	5.6	2,080
Social workers	30,000	4.8	2,027	-	-	-	31,001	5.6	2,080
Lawyers and judges	98,301	20.8	2,192	_	_	_		_	´-
Lawyers	103,250	21.3	2,209	-	-	-	-	_	-
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and professionals,									
n.e.c	51,309	17.3	2,037	51,298	19.1	2,033	_	_	-
Designers	34,367	30.3	2,080	34,367	30.3	2,080	_	_	_
TechnicalClinical laboratory	42,861	7.3	1,963	44,971	8.0	1,940	31,911	10.9	2,080
technologists and	00 470	100	0.000	00.470	10.0	0000			
technicians Radiological technicians	29,476 45,185	10.6 19.7	2,023 2,079	29,476	10.6	2,023	_	_	_
Licensed practical nurses Health technologists and	27,904	1.8	2,079	27,704	2.0	2,008	_	_	_
technicians, n.e.c Electrical and electronic	31,030	5.4	2,080	31,168	5.6	2,080	-	_	_
technicians	44,892	7.9	2,080	45,019	7.9	2,080	_	_	l _
Engineering technicians, n.e.c.	39,534	9.9	2,080	40,898	13.0	2,080	_	_	_
Drafters	56,692	7.7	2,080	56,692	7.7	2,080	-	_	-
Chemical technicians	49,518	3.8	2,099	49,518	3.8	2,099	-	-	-
Airplane pilots and navigators	85,108	21.2	1,088	85,108	21.2	1,088	-	_	-
Technical and related, n.e.c	31,904	13.9	2,137	_	_	-	_	_	-

Table 3-2. Mean annual earnings¹, full-time workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000 — Continued

	Total				ate industry	,	State and local government				
_	Annual e	arnings		Annual ea	arninge		Annual e				
Occupation ³		Relative	Mean annual		Relative	Mean annual		Relative	Mear		
	Mean	error ⁴ (percent)	hours ⁵	Mean	error ⁴ (percent)	hours ⁵	Mean	error ⁴ (percent)	hours		
White collar -Continued											
Executive, administrative, and											
managerial	\$67,433	3.0	2,097	\$70,963	3.2	2,126	\$54,023	6.8	1,99		
Executives, administrators, and managers	74,617	3.9	2,103	81,456	3.9	2,147	56,888	7.4	1,98		
Administrators and officials,	FF 404	45.0	4 000				55.004	45.0	4 00		
public administration	55,431	15.2	1,999	- 77 FF4	-	2444	55,364	15.3	1,99		
Financial managers	76,531 74,830	9.5 12.9	2,141	77,551 74,830	9.8 12.9	2,144 2,130	_	_	_		
Purchasing managers Managers, marketing,	74,030	12.9	2,130	74,030	12.9	2,130	_	_	_		
advertising, and public	00.000	0.0	0.400	00.000	0.0	0.400					
relations	88,636	9.6	2,128	88,636	9.6	2,128	_	_	_		
Administrators, education and related fields	66,474	6.5	1,954	_	-	_	66,825	6.7	1,96		
Managers, medicine and health	52,957	9.4	2,080	52,645	9.7	2,080	_	_	_		
Managers, food servicing and lodging establishments	69,513	30.9	1,960	79,373	29.0	2,080	_	_	_		
Managers and administrators,	00,010	00.0	.,000	. 0,0. 0	20.0	2,000					
n.e.c	81,687	5.3	2,164	86,504	4.5	2,176	_	_	-		
Management related	55,450	4.1	2,088	57,059	4.3	2,097	39,515	10.5	2,00		
Accountants and auditors	52,591	4.8	2,085	52,591	4.8	2,085	_	_	-		
Other financial officers	68,406	12.2	2,139	68,406	12.2	2,139	_	_	-		
Management analysts Personnel, training, and labor	61,989	5.9	2,126	61,989	5.9	2,126	_	_	-		
relations specialists Purchasing agents and	51,428	14.3	2,075	56,983	15.7	2,073	-	_	-		
buyers, n.e.c	47,249	13.9	2,080	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Management related, n.e.c	52,492	7.2	2,071	53,201	7.9	2,094	_	_	-		
Sales	38,532	9.3	2,128	38,786	9.3	2,128	_	_	-		
Supervisors, sales	45,256	9.7	2,113	45,256	9.7	2,113	_	_	-		
Securities and financial	37,404	24.5	2 022	27 404	24.5	2 022					
services sales	37,404 47,474	21.5	2,033	37,404	21.5 16.5	2,033	_	_	-		
Sales, other business services Sales representatives, mining,	47,474	16.5	2,097	47,474	16.5	2,097	_	_	_		
manufacturing, and wholesale	51,445	11.1	2,103	51,445	11.1	2,103	_	_	_		
Sales workers, motor vehicles and boats	50,047	18.4	2,595	50,047	18.4	2,595	_	_	_		
Sales workers, furniture and				,							
home furnishings	48,947	6.8	2,226	48,947	6.8	2,226	_	_	-		
Sales workers, parts	46,595	4.3	2,573	46,595	4.3	2,573	_	_	-		
Sales workers, other	47.040	0.0	0.040	47.040	0.0	0.040					
commodities	17,916	8.6	2,040	17,916	8.6	2,040	_	_	_		
Sales counter clerks Cashiers	20,136	6.9	2,045	20,136	6.9	2,045	_	_	_		
Sales support, n.e.c.	15,195 27,050	4.4 13.0	2,006 2,047	15,019 27,050	4.7 13.0	1,998 2,047	_	_	_		
Administrative support, including											
clerical	25,445	1.8	2,003	27,020	2.2	2,058	21,185	2.3	1,85		
Supervisors, general office Supervisors, distribution,	32,817	5.2	2,085	33,719	6.5	2,089	-	_	-		
scheduling, and adjusting											
clerks	38,477	9.2	2,108	38,477	9.2	2,108	_	_	_		
Computer operators	31,704	10.1	2,080	31,704	10.1	2,080	_	-	-		
Secretaries	29,776	2.9	2,031	32,696	3.0	2,075	23,594	4.0	1,93		
Transportation ticket and											
reservation agents	27,168	17.5	2,080	27,168	17.5	2,080	_	-	-		
Receptionists	19,215	7.4	1,878	19,043	7.8	1,894	_	-	-		
Information clerks, n.e.c	27,760	11.8	2,080				_	-	-		
Order clerks	26,981	9.1	2,059	26,981	9.1	2,059	_	-	-		

Table 3-2. Mean annual earnings¹, full-time workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000 — Continued

		Total		Priv	ate industry	'	State and local government		
Occupation ³	Annual e	arnings	Mean	Annual ea	arnings	Mean	Annual e	arnings	Mea
	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annual hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annual hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annu
White collar -Continued									
Administrative support, including									
clerical -Continued									
Personnel clerks, except	¢ 04 5 00	0.5	2.070	CO4 FOO	0.5	2.070			
payroll and timekeeping File clerks	\$24,523 21,478	8.5 5.8	2,070	\$24,523	8.5 6.0	2,070 2,070	_	_	_
Records clerks, n.e.c.	23,996	5.6	2,070 2,006	21,646 25,001	8.8	2,070	\$23,097	6.3	1,95
Bookkeepers, accounting and	23,990	3.4	2,000	25,001	0.0	2,004	φ23,097	0.3	1,90
auditing clerks	24,453	3.6	2,029	24,554	3.8	2,038	_	l _	_
Billing clerks	27,357	7.1	2,023	24,554	- 5.0	2,030	_	_	_
Dispatchers	26,071	15.9	2,083	_	_		_	_	_
Production coordinators	31,187	5.9	1,978	32,003	5.5	1,970	_	_	_
Traffic, shipping and receiving	01,107	0.5	1,570	02,000	0.0	1,570			
clerks	21,531	6.8	2,072	20,728	5.9	2,071	_	_	_
Stock and inventory clerks Material recording, scheduling, and distribution clerks,	20,733	7.9	2,080	21,620	8.8	2,080	-	_	-
n.e.c Insurance adjusters,	29,903	8.1	2,080	-	_	_	-	_	-
examiners, and investigators	27,339	5.2	1,955	27,339	5.2	1,955	-	-	_
Investigators and adjusters,	29,043	6.6	2,068	29,217	6.8	2,068			
except insurance General office clerks	23,323	6.6 3.5	2,008	25,753	4.8	2,066	20,503	3.7	1,94
Data entry keyers	20,265	6.2	2,009	20,265	6.2	2,080	20,303	- 3.7	1,3
Teachers' aides	15,456	2.1	1,468	20,265	0.2	2,000	_ 15,456	2.1	1,40
Administrative support, n.e.c.	26,520	4.0	2,058	27,345	5.4	2,075	24,878	5.4	2,02
lue collar	28,366	3.6	2,098	28,535	3.9	2,106	26,076	3.8	1,98
Precision production, craft, and									
repair	37,257	3.1	2,092	37,793	3.2	2,093	30,735	6.0	2,07
Supervisors, mechanics and									
repairers	48,760	8.7	2,080	51,730	8.9	2,080	_	_	-
Automobile mechanics	43,879	10.2	2,278	44,504	10.4	2,285	_	_	-
Bus, truck, and stationary									
engine mechanics	32,102	7.3	2,080	31,534	8.6	2,080	_	_	-
Industrial machinery repairers Mechanics and repairers,	32,203	6.4	2,080	32,445	6.6	2,080	_	_	-
n.e.cSupervisors, construction	34,426	7.7	2,070	35,095	8.8	2,069	-	_	-
trades, n.e.c	36,245	3.2	2,080	36,052	3.4	2,080	_	_	-
Carpenters	35,385	7.0	2,080	35,385	7.0	2,080	-	_	-
Electricians	39,984	3.3	2,080	40,902	3.3	2,080	_	_	-
Plumbers, pipefitters and									
steamfitters	35,664	10.4	2,080	35,971	10.8	2,080	_	_	-
Insulation workers	28,016	13.1	2,080	28,016	13.1	2,080	_	_	-
Construction trades, n.e.c	19,739	10.1	2,080	19,159	10.0	2,080	_	-	-
Supervisors, production	48,130	9.4	2,094	51,920	7.7	2,096	_	_	-
Machinists	38,462	4.4	2,080	38,462	4.4	2,080	-	_	-
Butchers and meat cutters Inspectors, testers, and	23,573	12.1	2,007	23,573	12.1	2,007	_	_	_
graders Miscellaneous plant and	46,529	16.3	2,239	46,529	16.3	2,239	_	_	-
system operators, n.e.c	48,516	1.3	2,088	48,516	1.3	2,088	_	_	-
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	23,417	5.9	2,080	23,411	5.9	2,080	_		
Printing press operators	,			,	l		_	I -	-
Laundering and dry cleaning	27,012	8.0	2,080	27,012	8.0	2,080	_	_	-
machine operators	15,994	3.4	2,076	15,994	3.4	2,076	_		
macinie operators	13,994	J 3.4	2,070	13,994	J.4	2,070	_	_	

Table 3-2. Mean annual earnings¹, full-time workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000 — Continued

		Total		Priv	ate industry	,		te and local overnment	
Occupation ³	Annual e	arnings	Mean	Annual ea	arnings	Mean	Annual e	arnings	Mear
	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annual hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annual hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annua
Blue collar -Continued									
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors –Continued Miscellaneous machine									
operators, n.e.c	\$26,994	10.8	2,080	\$26,994	10.8	2,080			
Welders and cutters	26,156	6.1	2,080	26,156	6.1	2,080	_	_	-
Assemblers	17,133	11.8	2,080	17,133	11.8	2,080	_	_	
Production inspectors,	17,133	11.0	2,000	17,133	11.0	2,000	_	_	-
checkers and examiners	26,427	9.6	2,080	26,416	9.8	2,080	-	_	-
Transportation and material									
moving	28,579	4.4	2,169	29,257	4.8	2,226	\$23,876	7.9	1,77
Truck drivers	29,384	9.4	2,467	29,670	9.5	2,479	_	_	-
Bus driversIndustrial truck and tractor	26,649	10.5	1,803	-	_	-	_	_	-
equipment operators Miscellaneous material	20,507	4.6	2,080	20,507	4.6	2,080	-	-	_
moving equipment operators, n.e.c.	32,760	12.9	2,080	33,435	12.9	2,080	-	-	_
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	18,486	4.6	2,083	18,221	4.9	2,086	21,306	4.6	2,05
Groundskeepers and gardeners, except farm	19,985	5.8	2,051	_	_	_	21,264	6.4	2,03
Helpers, mechanics and							21,204	0.4	2,00
repairers	21,681	5.5	2,138	21,854	6.6	2,151	_	_	-
Helpers, construction trades	21,428	4.6	2,080	20,184	5.1	2,080	_	_	_
Construction laborers Production helpers	17,952 21,476	10.0 11.5	2,080 2,080	17,743 21,476	10.4 11.5	2,080 2,080	_	_	-
Stock handlers and baggers Freight, stock, and material	18,968	8.6	2,112	18,968	8.6	2,112	_	_	_
handlers, n.e.c Vehicle washers and	17,864	15.5	2,077	17,864	15.5	2,077	-	_	-
equipment cleaners	18,330	9.3	2,103	17,992	9.6	2,105	_	_	-
Hand packers and packagers Laborers, except construction,	15,718	4.9	2,080	15,718	4.9	2,080	-	_	_
n.e.c	18,030	11.6	2,070	17,764	12.8	2,077	20,369	12.2	2,01
ServiceProtective service	20,132 33,829	4.2 4.6	1,944 2,124	15,813 18,986	4.3 7.0	1,940 2,080	25,723 35,378	4.8 4.2	1,94 2,12
Police and detectives, public service	38.950	4.3	2,074	-	7.0	2,000	38.950	4.3	2,07
Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law	,		,				,		
enforcement officers Correctional institution officers Guards and police, except	38,565 24,757	3.2 2.9	2,082 2,080	-	_	_	38,565 24,757	3.2 2.9	2,08 2,08
public service	20,921	4.6	2,080	20,280	4.4	2,080	-	_	
Food service	13,686	7.2	1,868	14,058	8.3	1,989	12,007	6.3	1,32
bartenders	8,991 8 116	23.4	1,896	8,991 8 116	23.4	1,896	_	_	-
Waiters and waitresses Other food service	8,116 15,473	31.2 4.9	1,879 1,858	8,116 16,633	31.2 5.8	1,879 2,035	12,007	6.3	1,32
Supervisors, food preparation	00.040	44.0	0.000	00.040	44.0	0.000			
and service Cooks Kitchen workers, food	33,219 15,979	11.6 6.0	2,386 1,900	33,219 16,676	11.6 5.9	2,386 1,976	-	_	_
preparation	13,613	4.1	1,903	13,657	3.7	1,954	_	_	_
Food preparation, n.e.c.	12,834	5.1	1,691	13,517	5.3	2,038	12,130	6.1	1,33
Health service	19,353	2.6	2,014	17,003	4.0	1,997	22,329	4.4	2,03
Health aides, except nursing	21,579	5.3	2,069	18,725	6.4	2,080	23,273	7.1	2,06

Table 3-2. Mean annual earnings¹, full-time workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000 — Continued

	Total			Private industry			State and local government		
Occupation ³	Annual earnings			Annual earnings			Annual earnings		
	Mean error ²	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean annual hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean annual hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	hours ⁵
Service –Continued Health service –Continued Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants Cleaning and building service Maids and housemen Janitors and cleaners Personal service Early childhood teachers' assistants	\$17,671 16,569 12,573 17,147 18,852	4.0 4.1 2.7 3.7 5.4 3.7	1,971 2,012 2,006 2,011 1,518	\$16,071 15,426 12,548 15,406 20,527	5.6 6.0 2.8 5.1 6.7	1,959 2,023 2,004 2,032 1,492	\$21,006 18,440 - 18,533 14,893 12,995	5.5 5.5 - 5.7 4.7	1,995 1,995 - 1,993 1,581 1,489

¹ Earnings are the straight-time annual wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers weighted by hours.

⁴ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

⁵ Mean annual hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a year,

exclusive of overtime.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means not elsewhere classified. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately. IN THIS SURVEY, THE NONRESPONSE RATE FOR PRIVATE INDUSTRY EXCEEDED REGULAR SURVEY STANDARDS FOR PUBLICATION. ACCORDINGLY, USERS SHOULD INTERPRET THESE RESULTS WITH THIS LIMITATION IN MIND.

number of workers, weighted by hours.

2 Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the positioning full time exhectly the contractions. the minimum full-time schedule.

³ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

Table 4-1.Selected occupations¹ and levels,² all workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000

	To	otal	Private	industry		State and local government		
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent		
II	\$17.42	2.4	\$17.07	3.1	\$18.70	2.6		
All excluding sales	17.51	2.5	17.15	3.2	18.73	2.6		
White collar	21.62	2.5	21.69	3.1	21.39	3.1		
1	8.44	9.1	8.46	10.0	8.24	3.9		
2	9.35	2.5	9.30	2.7	9.66	5.3		
3	9.97	2.9	9.79	4.2	10.30	1.8		
4	13.11	3.6	13.27	4.3	12.43	3.3		
5	15.06	3.0	15.56	3.3	12.63	4.5		
6	20.29	3.5	20.23	4.4	20.46	5.2		
7	23.83	3.2	22.13	5.2	25.79	2.7		
8	24.09	2.3	24.21	3.3	23.89	2.9		
9	27.20	2.9	26.92	3.4	28.27	5.6		
10	35.51	8.0	36.16	8.9	31.00	6.3		
11	37.51	5.6	38.80	6.5	32.52	5.4		
12	40.79	4.3	40.59	4.5	42.99	11.1		
13	52.17	5.5	53.23	5.8	_	-		
14	62.97	7.1	60.54	8.0	_	_		
Not able to be leveled	21.10	18.3	21.93	26.2	_	_		
White collar excluding sales	22.50	2.4	22.93	3.0	21.47	3.1		
1	10.91	11.2	11.63	11.5	8.24	3.9		
2	9.67	2.1	9.62	2.3	9.98	4.8		
3	10.27	1.8	10.25	2.7	10.30	1.8		
4	12.91	2.3	13.08	2.8	12.43	3.3		
5	14.89	2.6	15.46	2.8	12.63	4.5		
6	19.77	3.4	19.50	4.3	20.46	5.2		
7	23.85	3.2	21.99	5.4	25.79	2.7		
8	24.36	2.4	24.71	3.4	23.89	2.9		
9	27.34	2.9	27.09	3.4	28.27	5.6		
10	35.89	8.3	36.65	9.3	31.00	6.3		
11	35.44	3.4	36.33	4.0	32.52	5.4		
12	41.46	4.2	41.32	4.4	42.99	11.1		
13	52.17	5.5	53.23	5.8	_	_		
14 Not able to be leveled	62.97 19.58	7.1 16.8	60.54 –	8.0	_ _	_		
Professional specialty and technical	26.45	2.6	27.04	3.7	25.47	3.1		
Professional specialty	27.83	2.3	28.85	3.3	26.53	2.9		
5	15.64	10.5	17.38	12.1	12.75	12.2		
6	22.91	4.0	21.08	3.9	25.64	6.5		
7	25.49	2.5	23.71	5.9	26.18	2.6		
8	24.67	2.2	25.43	3.7	24.03	2.8		
9	27.04	3.2	27.20	4.1	26.63	4.8		
10	32.88	3.3	33.34	3.5	31.11	7.7		
11	35.04	5.4	35.93	5.7	31.07	15.4		
12	40.28	7.5	40.34	8.0	-	-		
13	48.81	9.2	49.18	10.4	-	-		
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	32.07	4.4	32.07	4.4	_	_		
7	24.12	6.1	24.12	6.1	_	-		
8	29.46	4.6	29.46	4.6	_	-		
9	27.82	4.3	27.82	4.3	_	_		
10	35.12	3.6	35.12	3.6	_	_		
11	34.61	4.4	34.61	4.4	_	-		
12	37.73	5.7	37.73	5.7	_	_		
13	46.83	3.9	46.83	3.9	_	_		
Petroleum engineers	43.62	6.9	43.62 34.61	6.9		-		
Chemical engineers	34.61 35.96	6.6	35.96	6.6 10.0		I -		
Civil engineers Mechanical engineers		5.6	35.96	5.6	_	I -		
Engineers, n.e.c.	31.47	5.0	31.47	5.0		I -		
7	23.77	6.7	23.77	6.7	_	1 I		
8	30.67	6.3	30.67	6.3	_	_		
10	35.15	4.7	35.15	4.7	_	_		
12	34.43	8.0	34.43	8.0	_	_		
Mathematical and computer scientists	30.35	4.9	30.61	4.9	_	_		
8	27.00	7.2	27.24	7.9	1	1		

Table 4-1. Selected occupations and levels, all workers: Mean hourly earnings, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000 — Continued

	T	otal	Private	industry	State and local government		
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relativ error ⁵ (percer	
/hite collar –Continued							
Professional anasialty and technical Continued							
Professional specialty and technical –Continued Professional specialty –Continued							
Mathematical and computer scientists –Continued							
9	\$29.39	8.0	\$29.57	8.0	_	_	
11	34.26	8.2	34.26	8.2	_	-	
Computer systems analysts and scientists	30.54	5.1	30.82	5.0	_	-	
8	26.64	7.6	26.86	8.4	-	-	
9	29.61	8.3	29.81	8.3	_	-	
11	34.26	8.2	34.26	8.2	_	-	
Natural scientists	24.69	7.4	26.51	7.7	-	-	
Geologists and geodesists	30.69	11.1	30.69	11.1	- 004.40		
Health related6	24.22	5.1	24.11	6.9 3.2	\$24.49	5.5	
6 7	21.76 24.19	3.0 8.3	21.69 21.25	7.0	_	-	
8	24.19	2.5	21.25	3.2	20.73	3.6	
9	25.43	6.7	23.64	6.9	20.73	3.0	
Registered nurses	22.13	2.4	21.62	2.4	23.19	4.8	
6	21.62	3.1	21.68	3.3	_	_	
7	22.58	8.0	21.39	8.4	_	_	
8	21.26	2.4	21.84	3.0	20.73	3.6	
9	24.43	8.0	21.43	6.3	_	-	
Pharmacists	30.28	3.8	29.95	3.4	-	_	
Respiratory therapists	17.80	3.4	17.80	3.4	_	-	
Teachers, college and university	40.44	10.8	32.96	35.0	40.86	11.1	
9	34.01	8.7	_	-	35.93	7.1	
10	34.50	9.0	_	-	34.50	9.0	
Other post-secondary teachers	51.11	13.1	-	_	_		
Teachers, except college and university	26.27	1.7	18.23	6.0	26.66	1.7	
5 6	9.56 27.04	8.9 2.8	13.87	9.1	_	_	
7	26.83	1.4	20.82	9.1	27.05	1.4	
8	25.54	2.4	20.02	J.1	25.86	2.2	
9	26.16	5.4	_	_	_		
Elementary school teachers	26.91	1.1	19.85	14.4	27.03	1.1	
7	26.90	1.0	_	-	26.90	1.1	
8	26.07	2.7	_	-	26.07	2.7	
Secondary school teachers	26.57	1.5	_	-	26.65	1.5	
7	27.42	1.9	-	-	27.41	1.9	
8	25.12	3.1	-	-	25.12	3.1	
Teachers, n.e.c.	24.41	6.5	15.72	10.0	26.73	4.5	
5	13.87	9.1	13.87	9.1	_	-	
7 Vocational and educational counselors	26.75 28.93	11.1	_	_	_ 29.70	10.6	
Librarians, archivists, and curators	20.88	16.3	_		29.70	18.2	
Librarians	20.88	16.3	_	-	21.05	18.2	
Social scientists and urban planners	-	- 10.5	_	_	_	- 10.2	
Social, recreation, and religious workers	14.96	5.0	15.27	11.7	14.87	5.5	
7	15.45	5.5	-	-	-	-	
Social workers	14.77	4.7	-	-	14.87	5.5	
7	15.45	5.5	-	-	_	-	
Lawyers and judges	44.84	24.2	-	-	-	-	
Lawyers	46.73	25.7	-	-	-	-	
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and	00.40	474	00.00	400			
professionals, n.e.c.	23.13	17.1	23.39	19.0	-	-	
8	25.02 16.52	8.3	25.10 16.52	10.5	_	-	
Designers Professional, n.e.c.	16.52 30.66	30.3 20.4	16.52	30.3	_	-	
Technical	21.50	8.7	22.70	9.7	_ 15.34	10.9	
4	14.41	6.1	14.56	7.5	-	- 10.8	
5	15.67	5.7	16.47	4.5	_	_	
6	20.01	13.8	21.20	15.2	14.19	8.8	
7	26.15	17.3	27.56	18.1	_	-	
8	25.80	6.0	25.19	4.7		1	

Table 4-1. Selected occupations and levels, all workers: Mean hourly earnings, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry	State and local government		
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percen	
Vhite collar –Continued							
Professional specialty and technical –Continued Technical –Continued							
9	\$30.52	9.5	\$30.52	9.5	_	_	
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	14.09	11.1	14.09	11.1	_	_	
Radiological technicians	21.73	19.7		_	_	_	
Licensed practical nurses	14.01	2.1	14.05	2.5	_	_	
4	13.42	2.5	_	_	_	_	
5	14.14	2.3	14.22	2.4	_	_	
6	14.77	5.5	14.77	5.5	_	_	
Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c	14.82	4.6	14.86	4.7	-	-	
Electrical and electronic technicians	21.58	7.9	21.64	7.9	_	-	
Engineering technicians, n.e.c.	19.01	9.9	19.66	13.0	_	_	
Drafters	27.26	7.7	27.26	7.7	_	_	
Chemical technicians	23.59	3.6	23.59	3.6	_	_	
Airplane pilots and navigators	78.19	21.2	78.19	21.2	_	_	
Technical and related, n.e.c.	14.93	12.1	_	-	_	_	
Executive administrative and managerial	22.45	2.0	22.20	24	¢27.45	6.0	
Executive, administrative, and managerial	32.15	3.0	33.38	3.1	\$27.15	6.8	
5 6	17.48 19.05	9.2 2.9	19.30 19.62	10.3 3.2	_	_	
7	23.05	5.9	22.26	5.9	24.85	11.5	
8	24.90	6.6	25.80	7.6	22.60	10.5	
9	27.95	4.7	26.83	4.4	34.12	12.0	
10	33.18	6.3	33.37	6.7	-	12.0	
11	34.97	3.3	35.64	4.3	33.31	1.6	
12	42.71	3.1	42.37	3.0	-	_	
13	53.48	6.3	54.72	6.4	_	_	
14	63.23	8.7	63.23	8.7	_	_	
Executives, administrators, and managers	35.48	3.8	37.93	3.9	28.62	7.4	
7	25.25	10.6	_	-	_	_	
8	23.03	7.3	23.35	9.0	_	-	
9	28.33	6.6	26.54	6.6	34.12	12.0	
10	32.95	8.1	33.26	9.1	-	-	
11	34.84	3.4	35.39	4.7	_	_	
12	42.78	3.5	42.39	3.5	_	_	
13	53.64	6.5	54.93	6.5	_	_	
14	65.33	9.1	65.33	9.1	-	45.0	
Administrators and officials, public administration	27.73	15.2	-	_	27.70	15.3	
Financial managers	35.75	9.1	36.18	9.4	_	_	
9	28.89 35.13	7.7 13.3	- 35.13	122	-	_	
Purchasing managers	35.13	13.3	35.13	13.3	_	_	
relations	41.66	8.2	41.66	8.2	_	_	
Administrators, education and related fields	34.02	6.5	-1.00	-	34.05	6.7	
Managers, medicine and health	25.46	9.4	25.31	9.7	-	-	
Managers, food servicing and lodging	200	"	20.0.	"			
establishments	35.47	30.3	38.16	29.0	_	_	
Managers and administrators, n.e.c	37.76	5.3	39.75	4.8	_	-	
8	22.63	9.5	_	_	_	-	
9	25.18	9.8	25.18	9.8	_	-	
10	32.40	10.3	32.40	10.3	-	_	
11	34.93	6.6	34.93	6.6	_	-	
12	43.57	2.9	43.57	2.9	_	-	
13	53.97	7.1	53.97	7.1	-		
Management related	26.55	3.8	27.21	3.9	19.74	10.5	
5 6	20.73	12.6	20.73	12.6	-	-	
	18.99 21.65	3.2 5.1	19.65	3.6	_	-	
7 8	21.65 27.04	9.8	22.00 27.37	5.1 10.2	_	I -	
9	27.04	5.4	27.25	5.4	_	I -	
10	33.52	9.4	33.52	9.4	_	I -	
			36.32	8.6		ı I	
11	35.44	7.7					

Table 4-1.Selected occupations¹ and levels,² all workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000 — Continued

	Т	Total		Private industry		State and local government	
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relativ error ⁵ (percer	
Vhite collar -Continued							
Executive, administrative, and managerial -Continue	ed						
Management related –Continued							
Accountants and auditors	i i	4.6	\$25.22	4.6	_	-	
6		4.7	20.08	4.7	_	-	
Other financial officers		9.8	31.99	9.8	_	-	
Management analysts	29.16	5.4	29.16	5.4	_	_	
Personnel, training, and labor relations specialists	24.79	14.8	27.49	16.4	_	_	
Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c.		13.9	_	-	_	_	
Management related, n.e.c.		6.7	25.40	7.2	_	_	
7		5.4	21.93	5.4	_	_	
Sales		9.1	16.38	9.1	-	-	
1		2.8	6.68	2.8	_	-	
2 3		8.0	7.72	9.3	_	-	
4		10.0	8.66	10.0	_	_	
5		11.0 11.3	13.61 15.98	11.0 11.3	_	_	
6		12.4	23.74	12.4	_	_	
7		11.6	23.55	11.6	_	_	
8		7.1	20.84	7.1	_	_	
11		18.7	52.41	18.7	_	_	
Supervisors, sales	21.42	9.8	21.42	9.8	_	-	
6	16.68	2.3	16.68	2.3	_	-	
8		7.7	20.51	7.7	_	-	
Securities and financial services sales		24.5	17.36	24.5	_	-	
Sales, other business services	22.19	16.6	22.19	16.6	_	_	
Sales representatives, mining, manufacturing, and wholesale	24.47	11.0	24.47	110			
Sales workers, motor vehicles and boats		11.9 16.4	24.47 19.29	11.9 16.4	_		
Sales workers, furniture and home furnishings.		2.2	21.81	2.2	_	_	
Sales workers, parts		8.8	18.05	8.8	_	_	
4		9.8	18.04	9.8	_	_	
Sales workers, other commodities	8.34	6.6	8.34	6.6	_	_	
4	8.09	8.3	8.09	8.3	_	-	
Sales counter clerks		6.6	9.36	6.6	_	-	
Cashiers		3.0	6.83	3.1	_	-	
1		3.0	6.48	3.0	_	-	
2		5.1	6.60	4.5	_	_	
3 Sales support, n.e.c.		6.9 12.4	7.77 12.97	6.9 12.4	_	_	
Sales support, fi.e.c.	12.97	12.4	12.51	12.4	_	_	
Administrative support, including clerical	12.55	1.8	12.93	2.1	\$11.36	2.3	
1	10.94	11.2	11.67	11.5	8.24	3.9	
2		2.2	9.71	2.4	10.07	5.8	
3	-	1.7	10.24	2.8	10.30	1.8	
4	_	2.3	12.84	2.9	12.30	3.6	
5		2.1	14.16	2.4	12.27	4.2	
6		3.4	16.56	3.9	14.62	5.6	
7 8		2.5 5.8	17.41 18.64	2.6 5.8	_	_	
Supervisors, general office		5.1	16.14	6.4	_	_	
Supervisors, distribution, scheduling, and		"."		5			
adjusting clerks	18.25	8.9	18.25	8.9	_	-	
Computer operators		10.1	15.14	10.1	_	-	
Secretaries	14.64	2.8	15.74	2.9	12.15	3.9	
3		2.8		-	-	-	
4		3.4	14.78	4.5	12.87	3.9	
5		3.4	15.49	3.4	_	-	
7		5.3	19.12	5.3	_	_	
Interviewers		13.5	12.62	16.0	_	_	
Transportation ticket and reservation agents Receptionists		16.9	12.62	16.9	_	-	
RECEDIIONISIS	9.88	5.3	9.70	5.5		-	

Table 4-1.Selected occupations¹ and levels,² all workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000 — Continued

	Occupation and level		Total		Private industry		State and local government	
			Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relativ error ⁵ (percer	
White co	Illar -Continued							
Admin	nistrative support, including clerical -Continued							
	Information clerks, n.e.c.	\$11.71	11.3	\$11.72	12.8	_	_	
	Order clerks	13.10	9.3	13.10	9.3	-	_	
	Personnel clerks, except payroll and timekeeping	11.79	8.3	11.79	8.3	_		
	Library clerks	9.51	7.2	- 10.46	6.1	\$9.47	7.9	
	File clerks Records clerks, n.e.c.	10.38 11.79	5.9 5.0	11.97	7.6	11.63	6.4	
	3	10.44	3.8	-	- 7.0	-	-	
	Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks	12.05	3.2	12.05	3.4	_	_	
	3	10.72	6.8	_	_	_	_	
	4	12.49	3.4	12.43	3.6	_	_	
	5	12.44	4.3	12.44	4.3	_	_	
	Billing clerks	13.15	7.1	_	-	_	-	
	Dispatchers	12.52	15.9	16.04	_ 	_	-	
	Production coordinators Traffic, shipping and receiving clerks	15.77 10.15	5.9 6.1	16.24 9.80	5.5 5.2	_	_	
	3	8.62	5.7	8.62	5.7	_	_	
	Stock and inventory clerks	9.90	7.6	10.28	8.5	_	_	
	Material recording, scheduling, and distribution							
	clerks, n.e.c.	14.38	8.1	-	_	_	_	
	Insurance adjusters, examiners, and							
	investigators	13.98	5.5	13.98	5.5	_	_	
	Investigators and adjusters, except insurance	14.17	6.6	14.26	6.8	_	_	
	4 5	12.34 14.09	8.2 8.2	12.34 14.09	8.2 8.2	_	_	
	General office clerks	11.48	3.6	12.20	4.9	10.52	3.6	
	1	13.72	8.6	-	-	-	-	
	2	9.27	4.3	9.40	5.1	_	_	
	3	10.14	3.8	10.64	6.5	9.75	4.0	
	4	12.53	5.6	13.02	9.5	12.07	5.2	
	5	13.75	7.7	-		_	_	
	Data entry keyers	9.74	5.2	9.74	5.2	10.40	2.0	
	Teachers' aides Administrative support, n.e.c.	10.49 12.87	2.0 3.9	13.16	5.1	10.49 12.24	5.4	
	3	11.28	4.7	-	3.1	-		
	4	12.28	3.4	12.63	3.9	_	_	
	6	14.02	7.2	_	_	_	_	
Blue coll	ar	13.13	3.4	13.14	3.7	12.97	3.7	
	1	7.23	3.1	7.17	3.1	9.14	6.3	
	2 3	8.73 11.13	3.6 2.8	8.60 10.91	3.7 3.2	11.00 12.77	5.1 2.9	
	4	12.98	5.8	13.28	3.2 6.4	12.77	2.8	
	5	15.82	4.0	15.20	4.1	13.48	9.1	
	6	16.97	6.1	17.10	6.7	15.56	6.4	
	7	20.25	3.3	20.36	3.4	18.21	9.6	
	8	23.25	7.9	23.25	7.9	_	_	
	9	22.66	5.5	22.81	5.6	-	_	
Dras!-	ion production graft and remain	17 57	24	17 70	2.0	14.00		
FIECIS	ion production, craft, and repair 2	17.57 8.98	3.1 7.5	17.78 8.96	3.2 7.6	14.82 –	6.0	
	3	10.52	4.9	10.43	5.0	_	_	
	4	14.41	7.4	15.10	7.3	_	_	
	5	16.39	6.8	16.57	7.1	_	-	
	6	18.04	4.1	18.36	4.4	15.11	7.4	
	7	20.40	3.8	20.52	4.0	18.52	9.9	
	8	23.77	7.9	23.77	7.9	_	-	
	9	21.99	6.9	22.15 24.87	7.2	_	_	
	Supervisors, mechanics and repairers Automobile mechanics	23.44 19.26	8.7 10.4	24.87 19.48	8.9 10.6	_	_	
	Bus, truck, and stationary engine mechanics	15.43	7.3	15.16	8.6	_	_	
	Industrial machinery repairers	15.48	6.4	15.60	6.6	_	_	

Table 4-1. Selected occupations and levels, all workers: Mean hourly earnings, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000 — Continued

Total		Private industry		State and local government	
Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percen
#40.00	7.7	£40.07			
			I I	_	_
	I I		I I	_	
				_	_
19.22	3.3	19.66	3.3	_	_
19.15	3.4	_	_	-	_
20.53	5.6	20.53	5.6	_	_
17.15	10.4	17.29	10.8	_	-
	I I		I I	_	_
	I I		I I		_
			I I		-
	I I		I I	_	I -
	4.4		4.4	_	_
18.47	4.8	18.47	4.8	_	_
19.59	6.7	19.59	6.7	_	_
11.74	9.5	11.74	9.5	_	_
20.79	14.6	20.79	14.6	_	_
	I I		I I	_	_
			I I		_
23.54	2.2	23.54	2.2	_	_
11.23	5.9	11.23	5.9	_	_
7.14	5.7	7.14	5.7	_	_
	6.4		6.4	_	_
			_	_	_
					_
			I I		_
	I I		I I	_	_
			I I	_	_
7.68	3.3	7.68	3.3	_	_
12.92	10.7	12.92	10.7	_	_
11.22	5.3	11.22	5.3	-	-
			I I	_	_
	I I		I I	_	_
12.71	0.0	12.70	0.0		
12.69	5.3	12.67	6.0	\$12.86	4.9
9.86		9.73	4.7	-	
	I I		I I	13.06	3.2
				_	_
	I I		I I	_	_
9.48	7.2	-	-	_	_
11.94	7.1	11.90	7.8	_	-
14.00	8.4	_	-	12.58	3.2
9.86	4.6	9.86	4.6	-	-
					-
10.55	0.9	10.55	0.9	_	_
15.51	12.9	15.81	12.9	-	_
8.51	4.0	8.36	4.2	10.39	4.6
7.23	2.9	7.14	2.9	9.14	6.3
8.59	5.8	8.39	6.2	11.13	7.7
10.94	5.9	10.93	6.3	-	_
	I I	12.05	1	10.42	- 6.4
		10.16	1		6.4
			I I	_	
10.00	ı 7.0	5.70	, ,, ,	_	_
	\$16.63 16.75 17.43 17.01 19.22 19.15 20.53 17.15 12.27 9.49 23.03 21.23 28.29 18.50 11.74 20.79 23.23 23.34 23.54 11.23 7.14 7.91 11.50 12.33 14.16 13.57 19.12 12.99 7.68 12.92 11.22 12.57 8.17 12.71 12.69 9.86 11.30 12.81 16.12 11.86 9.07 10.33 15.51 8.51 7.23 8.59	\$16.63 7.7 16.75 8.5 17.43 3.2 17.01 7.0 19.22 3.3 19.15 3.4 20.53 5.6 17.15 10.4 12.27 9.6 9.49 10.1 23.03 9.2 21.23 11.4 28.29 9.3 18.50 4.4 18.47 4.8 19.59 6.7 11.74 9.5 20.79 14.6 23.23 1.3 23.34 1.7 23.54 2.2 11.23 5.9 7.14 5.7 7.91 6.4 11.50 6.7 12.33 8.2 14.16 4.4 13.57 8.9 19.12 4.4 11.50 6.7 12.33 8.2 14.16 4.4 13.57 8.9 19.12 1.4 12.99 8.0 7.68 3.3 12.92 10.7 11.22 5.3 12.57 6.1 8.17 11.6 12.71 9.6 12.69 5.3 9.86 4.2 11.30 3.8 12.81 12.9 16.12 4.0 11.86 7.3 9.48 7.2 11.94 7.1 14.00 8.4 9.86 9.07 5.2 10.33 6.9 15.51 12.9 8.59 5.8 10.94 5.9 11.67 7.6 9.74 5.8 10.14 6.4	\$16.63	Mean error5 (percent) Mean error5 (percent)	Mean

Table 4-1. Selected occupations and levels, all workers: Mean hourly earnings, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000 — Continued

	Total		Private industry		State and local government	
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percen
Blue collar -Continued						
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers -Continued						
Production helpers	\$10.32	11.5	\$10.32	11.5	_	_
Stock handlers and baggers	7.64	5.2	7.64	5.2	_	_
1	6.38	4.0	6.38	4.0	_	_
2	8.42	10.1	8.42	10.1	_	-
3	9.51	11.1	9.51	11.1	_	-
Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c	8.56	13.1	8.56	13.1	_	-
2	9.90	13.4	9.90	13.4	_	_
Garage and service station related	8.87	3.1	8.87	3.1	_	-
Vehicle washers and equipment cleaners	8.52	8.8	8.35	9.1	_	_
Hand packers and packagers	7.15	4.8	7.15	4.8	_	
Laborers, except construction, n.e.c.	8.40	10.4	8.24	11.3	\$10.10	12.2
1	7.23	5.5	_	-	_	-
2	8.74	13.6	8.34	15.1	_	_
ervice	9.53	3.8	7.54	3.9	13.11	4.5
1	6.21	4.8	5.92	5.1	8.71	3.6
2	7.64	3.6	6.93	4.1	9.17	4.7
3	8.33	6.0	7.42	8.1	10.09	3.9
4 5	14.17 13.05	7.4 4.8	13.61	11.0	14.92 12.68	8.3 4.5
6	16.93	6.3	_	_	17.50	5.9
7	18.09	3.4	_		18.64	3.0
8	16.72	4.7	_	_	17.68	5.7
Protective service	14.90	6.0	_	_	16.59	3.9
3	8.83	6.0	8.33	6.0	_	-
4	17.14	4.1	_	-	_	_
5	12.44	4.5	_	-	12.42	4.6
6	17.62	5.8	_	-	17.68	5.9
7	18.64	3.0	_	-	18.64	3.0
8	17.68	5.7	_	-	17.68	5.7
Firefighting	17.30	3.5	_	-	17.30	3.5
Police and detectives, public service Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law enforcement	18.78	4.3	_	_	18.78	4.3
officers	18.53	3.2	_	-	18.53	3.2
7	18.76	3.1	_	-	18.76	3.1
Correctional institution officers	11.90	2.9	_	-	11.90	2.9
3	9.28	4.8	8.74	4.1	_	_
Food service	6.81	5.4	6.55	6.1	8.90	3.8
1	5.78	8.6	5.52	9.4	9.22	6.6
2	6.81	7.6	6.10	7.4	8.74	4.8
3	6.03	16.1	6.03	16.1	_	_
4	8.99	5.2	8.99	5.2	_	-
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	4.42	18.9	4.42	18.9	_	_
1	4.28	27.3	4.28	27.3	_	_
2	5.05	24.8	5.05	24.8	_	_
Waiters and waitresses	4.30	33.8	4.30	33.8	_	_
Waiters and waitresses	4.06 4.09	23.4 34.7	4.06 4.09	23.4 34.7	_	-
2	4.09	28.4	4.09	28.4	_	_
Waiters'/Waitresses' assistants	6.09	16.2	6.09	16.2	_	_
Other food service	7.82	4.0	7.62	4.8	8.90	3.8
1	6.71	3.2	6.38	2.3	9.22	6.6
2	7.26	6.2	6.50	5.0	8.74	4.8
3	7.68	4.8	7.68	4.8	_	-
4	8.99	5.2	8.99	5.2	_	-
Supervisors, food preparation and service	13.92	7.5	13.92	7.5	-	-
Cooks	8.19	5.2	8.26	5.4	_	-
2	7.30	4.6	- 0.40		_	_
4	8.46	5.3	8.46	5.3	_	-
Kitchen workers, food preparation	6.85	3.5	6.72	3.1	_	-

Table 4-1.Selected occupations1 and levels,2 all workers:3 Mean hourly earnings,4 private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000 — Continued

	To	Total		industry	State and local government	
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)
Complete Continued						
Service –Continued Food service –Continued						
Other food service –Continued						
Kitchen workers, food preparation –Continued						
1	\$6.87	3.5	\$6.66	2.6	_	_
Food preparation, n.e.c.	*	5.4	6.28	4.6	\$9.01	3.4
1	-	5.1	6.11	3.3	ψ3.01	
2		7.5	_	_	_	_
Health service		2.4	8.53	3.1	10.98	4.4
2		3.3	7.84	3.9	10.45	4.3
3	9.06	3.1	8.78	4.0		_
4	12.22	5.0	_	_	_	_
Health aides, except nursing	10.31	5.6	_	_	11.29	7.2
4	11.97	5.4	_	_	_	_
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants		3.2	8.29	4.2	10.53	5.4
2		4.5	7.40	4.7	10.46	5.9
3		2.8	8.93	3.0		-
Cleaning and building service		4.3	7.02	5.4	9.24	5.6
1		4.4	6.34	4.3	8.19	2.1
2	7.42	5.3	6.66	4.2	8.33	10.1
Maida and haysaman		6.4	7.71	5.3 2.1	11.46	4.6
Maids and housemen	6.25 6.29	2.0 2.9	6.24 6.28	3.0	_	_
Janitors and cleaners		4.7	6.69	5.4	9.30	5.7
1	6.73	5.7	6.36	5.8	9.30	3.7
2		6.4	- 0.50	- 5.0	8.33	10.1
3		5.9	_	_	11.46	4.6
Personal service	11.12	11.7	11.75	14.8	9.35	4.6
1	6.28	14.8	6.28	14.8	_	_
2	7.55	11.4	7.43	13.3	_	_
3	8.19	4.8		_	8.71	4.0
4	17.89	15.4	18.68	16.7	-	_
Early childhood teachers' assistants	8.95	3.5	_	-	8.73	4.1
3		4.1	_	-	8.73	4.1
Service, n.e.c	7.27	9.8	_	-	-	_

¹ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means not elsewhere classified. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately. IN THIS SURVEY, THE NONRESPONSE RATE FOR PRIVATE INDUSTRY EXCEEDED REGULAR SURVEY STANDARDS FOR PUBLICATION. ACCORDINGLY, USERS SHOULD INTERPRET THESE RESULTS WITH THIS LIMITATION IN MIND.

² Each occupation for which data are collected in an establishment is evaluated based on 10 factors, including knowledge, complexity, work environment, etc. Points are assigned based on the occupation's rank within each factor. The points are summed to determine the overall level of the occupation. See appendixes C and D for more information.

3 All workers include full-time and part-time workers.

³ All workers include full-time and part-time workers.
4 Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay

of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours. 5 The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix

Table 4-2. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² full-time workers;³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000

	To	Total		Private industry		State and local government	
Occupation and level		Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percen	
JI	\$18.17	2.5	\$17.97	3.1	\$18.89	2.7	
All excluding sales	18.18	2.5	17.94	3.2	18.93	2.7	
White collar	22.23	2.4	22.46	3.0	21.58	3.2	
1	9.72	10.6	9.87	11.6	_	_	
2	9.55	2.5	9.50	2.8	9.77	5.4	
3	10.19	2.6	10.11	4.1	10.32	1.9	
4	13.35	3.7	13.55	4.4	12.48	3.3	
5	15.22	3.1	15.65	3.3	12.94	3.8	
6	20.31	3.6	20.25	4.5	20.49	5.2	
7	23.96	3.2	22.22	5.2	25.94	2.8	
8	24.12	2.3	24.24	3.4	23.92	2.9	
9	27.25	2.9	26.98	3.4	28.27	5.6	
10	35.48	8.1	36.12	9.1	31.02	6.4	
11	37.51	5.6	38.80	6.5	32.52	5.4	
12	40.79	4.3	40.59	4.5	42.99	11.1	
13	52.17	5.5	53.23	5.8	_	-	
14	62.97	7.1	60.54	8.0	_	-	
Not able to be leveled	24.91	18.4	_	_	_	-	
White collar excluding sales	22.83	2.4	23.33	3.0	21.66	3.1	
1	11.40	11.2	12.08	11.2	_	-	
2	9.73	2.3	9.66	2.6	10.13	4.7	
3	10.38	1.9	10.44	3.0	10.32	1.9	
4	12.98	2.3	13.15	2.8	12.48	3.3	
5	14.98	2.6	15.46	2.9	12.94	3.8	
6	19.79	3.5	19.50	4.4	20.49	5.2	
7	23.98	3.2	22.08	5.4	25.94	2.8	
8	24.40	2.4	24.77	3.5	23.92	2.9	
9	27.40	2.9	27.15	3.4	28.27	5.6	
10	35.86	8.4	36.62	9.4	31.02	6.4	
11	35.44	3.4	36.33	4.0	32.52	5.4	
12	41.46	4.2	41.32	4.4	42.99	11.1	
13	52.17	5.5	53.23	5.8	_	_	
14 Not able to be leveled	62.97 21.77	7.1 17.1	60.54 –	8.0	_ _	_	
Professional specialty and technical	26.80	2.6	27.44	3.7	25.77	3.1	
Professional specialty	28.17	2.3	29.20	3.4	26.89	2.9	
5 6	16.64	10.5 4.3	17.50	13.1	25.73	6.5	
7	23.07		21.16	4.2	26.36		
8	25.66 24.72	2.6 2.2	23.84	6.0 3.9	24.07	2.7 2.7	
9	27.12	3.2	25.55 27.33	4.1	26.63	4.8	
10	32.76	3.2	33.18	3.6	31.14	7.8	
11	35.04	5.4	35.16	5.7	31.14	15.4	
12	40.28	7.5	40.34	8.0	- 31.07	15.4	
13	48.81	9.2	49.18	10.4	_	_	
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	32.03	4.4	32.03	4.4	_	_	
7	24.12	6.1	24.12	6.1	_	_	
8	29.46	4.6	29.46	4.6	_	_	
9	27.82	4.3	27.82	4.3	_	_	
10	34.94	3.7	34.94	3.7	_	_	
11	34.61	4.4	34.61	4.4	_	_	
12	37.73	5.7	37.73	5.7	_	-	
13	46.83	3.9	46.83	3.9	_	-	
Petroleum engineers	43.62	6.9	43.62	6.9	_	-	
Chemical engineers	34.61	6.6	34.61	6.6	-	_	
Civil engineers	35.96	10.0	35.96	10.0	_	-	
Mechanical engineers	31.47	5.6	31.47	5.6	_	-	
Engineers, n.e.c.	31.83	5.0	31.83	5.0	_	-	
7	23.77	6.7	23.77	6.7	_	-	
8	30.67	6.3	30.67	6.3	_	_	
10	35.15	4.7	35.15	4.7	-	-	
12	34.43	8.0	34.43	8.0	_	-	
Mathematical and computer scientists	30.35	4.9	30.61	4.9	. –	1 -	

Table 4-2. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² full-time workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000 — Continued

	Total		Private industry		State and local government	
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percen
Vhite collar –Continued						
Professional specialty and technical –Continued Professional specialty –Continued						
Mathematical and computer scientists –Continued 8	\$27.00	7.2	\$27.24	7.9	_	_
9	29.39	8.0	29.57	8.0	_	_
11	34.26	8.2	34.26	8.2	_	_
Computer systems analysts and scientists	30.54	5.1	30.82	5.0	_	_
8	26.64	7.6	26.86	8.4	_	_
9	29.61	8.3	29.81	8.3	-	_
11	34.26	8.2	34.26	8.2	_	_
Natural scientists	24.69	7.4	26.51	7.7	_	_
Geologists and geodesists	30.69	11.1	30.69	11.1	_	
Health related	24.32	5.5	24.20	7.8	\$24.57	5.4
6	21.75	3.2	21.67	3.5	_	_
7	24.44	8.6	21.42	7.5	_	
8	21.74	2.4	22.44	3.2	20.81	3.5
9	25.63	6.6	23.54	7.0	-	
Registered nurses	22.10 21.61	2.5	21.48 21.67	2.5 3.5	23.28	4.8
6 7	22.58	3.3 8.2	21.36	8.6	_	_
8	21.01	2.3	21.25	2.8	20.81	3.5
9	25.01	8.0	21.72	7.0	_	- 5.5
Pharmacists	30.50	4.1	30.25	4.0	_	_
Teachers, college and university	40.71	10.9	-	_	41.11	11.2
9	34.56	8.3	_	_	_	_
10	34.60	9.1	_	_	34.60	9.1
Other post-secondary teachers	51.80	12.8	_	-	_	_
Teachers, except college and university	26.89	1.5	19.80	6.9	27.13	1.5
6	27.67	2.5	_	-	_	_
7	26.95	1.6	20.82	9.1	27.18	1.5
8	25.82	2.2	_	-	25.86	2.2
9	26.16	5.4	-	-	-	
Elementary school teachers	26.91	1.1	19.85	14.4	27.03	1.1
7	26.90 26.07	1.0 2.7	_	_	26.90 26.07	1.1 2.7
8 Secondary school teachers	26.69	1.6	_	_	26.76	1.6
7	27.42	1.9	_	_	27.41	1.9
8	25.12	3.1	_	_	25.12	3.1
Teachers, n.e.c.	25.86	4.9	18.03	11.0	26.99	4.3
Vocational and educational counselors	29.19	10.4	_		29.70	10.6
Librarians, archivists, and curators	20.88	16.3	-	-	21.05	18.2
Librarians	20.88	16.3	-	-	21.05	18.2
Social scientists and urban planners	_	-	-	-	-	-
Social, recreation, and religious workers	14.98	5.0	15.27	11.7	14.90	5.5
7	15.45	5.5	-	-	_	-
Social workers	14.80	4.8	-	-	14.90	5.5
7	15.45	5.5	-	-	-	_
Lawyers and judges	44.84 46.73	24.2	-	-	-	-
Lawyers Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and	46.73	25.7	_	-	_	-
professionals, n.e.c.	25.18	17.4	25.23	19.1	_	_
8	25.02	8.3	25.23	10.5	_	_
Designers	16.52	30.3	16.52	30.3	_	_
Technical	21.84	8.8	23.18	9.8	15.34	10.9
4	14.41	6.1	14.56	7.5	_	-
5	15.75	6.3	16.68	4.8	-	_
6	20.06	14.2	21.31	15.7	14.19	8.8
7	26.42	17.6	27.91	18.4	-	-
8	26.02	6.0	25.48	4.7	-	-
9	30.52	9.5	30.52	9.5	_	-
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	14.57	10.6	14.57	10.6	_	-
Radiological technicians	21.73	19.7				

Table 4-2. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² full-time workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000 — Continued

	Total		Private industry		State and local government	
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percen
White collar -Continued						
Professional specialty and technical –Continued Technical –Continued						
Licensed practical nurses	\$13.81	1.9	\$13.80	2.2	_	_
4	13.42	2.5	_	_	_	_
5	14.05	2.5	14.14	2.6	_	_
6	14.00	4.3	14.00	4.3	-	_
Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c	14.92	5.4	14.98	5.6	_	_
Electrical and electronic technicians	21.58	7.9	21.64	7.9	_	_
Engineering technicians, n.e.c.	19.01	9.9	19.66	13.0	_	_
Drafters	27.26	7.7	27.26	7.7	_	_
Chemical technicians	23.59	3.6	23.59	3.6	-	_
Airplane pilots and navigators	78.19	21.2	78.19	21.2	-	_
Technical and related, n.e.c.	14.93	12.1	_	-	_	_
					^	
Executive, administrative, and managerial	32.15	3.0	33.38	3.1	\$27.15	6.8
5	17.48	9.2	19.30	10.3	-	_
6	19.05	2.9	19.62	3.2	_	
7	23.05	5.9	22.26	5.9	24.85	11.5
8	24.90	6.6	25.80	7.6	22.60	10.5
9	27.95	4.7	26.83	4.4	34.12	12.0
10 11	33.18 34.97	6.3	33.37 35.64	6.7 4.3	33.31	- 1.6
12	42.71	3.3	42.37	3.0	33.31	1.0
13	53.48	6.3	54.72	6.4	_	_
14	63.23	8.7	63.23	8.7		_
Executives, administrators, and managers	35.48	3.8	37.93	3.9	28.62	7.4
7	25.25	10.6	-	-	_	-
8	23.03	7.3	23.35	9.0	_	_
9	28.33	6.6	26.54	6.6	34.12	12.0
10	32.95	8.1	33.26	9.1	_	
11	34.84	3.4	35.39	4.7	_	_
12	42.78	3.5	42.39	3.5	_	_
13	53.64	6.5	54.93	6.5	_	_
14	65.33	9.1	65.33	9.1	_	_
Administrators and officials, public administration	27.73	15.2	_	-	27.70	15.3
Financial managers	35.75	9.1	36.18	9.4	_	_
9	28.89	7.7	_	-	_	_
Purchasing managers Managers, marketing, advertising, and public	35.13	13.3	35.13	13.3	_	_
relations	41.66	8.2	41.66	8.2	-	
Administrators, education and related fields	34.02	6.5	-	-	34.05	6.7
Managers, medicine and health Managers, food servicing and lodging	25.46	9.4	25.31	9.7	-	_
establishments	35.47	30.3	38.16	29.0	-	-
Managers and administrators, n.e.c	37.76	5.3	39.75	4.8	-	_
8 9	22.63 25.18	9.5	_ 25.1Ω	9.8	_	_
10	25.18 32.40	9.8 10.3	25.18 32.40	10.3	_	_
11	32.40 34.93	6.6	34.93	6.6	_	
12	43.57	2.9	43.57	2.9	_	_
13	53.97	7.1	53.97	7.1	_	_
Management related	26.55	3.8	27.21	3.9	19.74	10.5
5	20.73	12.6	20.73	12.6	_	-
6	18.99	3.2	19.65	3.6	-	-
7	21.65	5.1	22.00	5.1	-	-
8	27.04	9.8	27.37	10.2	-	-
9	27.25	5.4	27.25	5.4	-	-
10	33.52	9.4	33.52	9.4	-	-
11	35.44	7.7	36.32	8.6	-	-
12	42.28	5.6	42.28	5.6	_	-
Accountants and auditors	25.22	4.6	25.22	4.6	-	-
6	20.08	4.7	20.08	4.7	_	-

Table 4-2. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² full-time workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000 — Continued

	Occupation and level		Total		industry	State and local government	
			Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percen
/hite colla	ar -Continued						
	ve, administrative, and managerial –Continued nagement related –Continued						
	Other financial officers	\$31.99	9.8	\$31.99	9.8		
	Management analysts	29.16	5.4	29.16	9.6 5.4	_	_
	Personnel, training, and labor relations	29.10	3.4	29.10	3.4	_	_
Г	specialists	24.79	14.8	27.49	16.4		
г		24.79	13.9	27.49	10.4	_	_
	Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c.			25.40		_	_
IV	Management related, n.e.c.	25.35	6.7	25.40	7.2	_	_
	7	21.93	5.4	21.93	5.4	_	_
Salos		18.11	9.2	18.22	9.2		
Jaie3		7.41	4.2		4.2	-	_
	1		9.2	7.41		_	_
	2	8.46	-	8.55	11.2	_	-
	3	9.19	10.7	9.19	10.7	_	_
	4	14.37	11.8	14.37	11.8	_	_
	5	16.47	10.8	16.47	10.8	_	_
	6	23.74	12.4	23.74	12.4	_	_
	7	23.55	11.6	23.55	11.6	_	_
	8	20.84	7.1	20.84	7.1	_	_
_	11	52.41	18.7	52.41	18.7	_	_
S	Supervisors, sales	21.42	9.8	21.42	9.8	_	-
	6	16.68	2.3	16.68	2.3	_	_
_	8	20.51	7.7	20.51	7.7	_	-
	Securities and financial services sales	18.39	23.5	18.39	23.5	_	_
	Bales, other business servicesBales representatives, mining, manufacturing,	22.63	16.4	22.63	16.4	_	_
	and wholesale	24.47	11.9	24.47	11.9	_	_
	Sales workers, motor vehicles and boats	19.29	16.4	19.29	16.4	_	_
	Sales workers, furniture and home furnishings	21.98	1.6	21.98	1.6	_	_
S	Sales workers, parts	18.11	8.7	18.11	8.7	_	_
	4	18.04	9.8	18.04	9.8	_	-
	Sales workers, other commodities	8.78	9.0	8.78	9.0	_	-
	Sales counter clerks	9.84	6.2	9.84	6.2	_	-
C	Cashiers	7.57	4.2	7.52	4.6	_	_
	1	7.14	4.5	7.14	4.5	_	_
	2	7.40	6.1	7.18	7.1	_	-
S	Cales support, n.e.c	13.22	12.9	13.22	12.9	_	_
Adminis	trative support, including clerical	12.71	1.8	13.13	2.1	\$11.43	2.3
	1	11.40	11.2	12.08	11.2	_	-
	2	9.83	2.5	9.76	2.6	10.27	5.5
	3	10.36	1.8	10.40	3.1	10.32	1.9
	4	12.75	2.4	12.91	2.9	12.33	3.6
	5	13.87	2.2	14.13	2.4	12.27	4.2
	6	16.08	3.4	16.56	3.9	14.62	5.6
	7	17.36	2.6	17.41	2.6	_	_
	8	18.45	5.8	18.64	5.8	_	_
S	Supervisors, general office	15.74	5.1	16.14	6.4	_	-
S	Supervisors, distribution, scheduling, and						
	adjusting clerks	18.25	8.9	18.25	8.9	_	-
	Computer operators	15.24	10.1	15.24	10.1	_	-
S	Secretaries	14.66	2.9	15.76	2.9	12.18	3.9
	3	11.09	2.8	_	_	_	-
	4	14.06	3.4	14.78	4.5	12.87	3.9
	5	15.28	3.4	15.49	3.4	_	-
	7	19.12	5.3	19.12	5.3	_	-
	ransportation ticket and reservation agents	13.06	17.5	13.06	17.5	_	-
	Receptionists	10.23	5.3	10.05	5.5	_	-
	nformation clerks, n.e.c.	13.35	11.8	-	_	_	-
	Order clerks	13.10	9.3	13.10	9.3	_	-
P	Personnel clerks, except payroll and timekeeping	11.85	8.6	11.85	8.6	_	-
	ile clerks	10.38	5.9	10.46	6.1		İ

Table 4-2. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² full-time workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry		nd local rnment
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percen
/hite collar –Continued						
Administrative support, including clerical -Continued	** **********************************		* 10.11		0.1.00	
Records clerks, n.e.c.	\$11.96	5.3	\$12.11	8.7	\$11.82	6.2
3 Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks	10.44 12.05	3.8 3.2	- 12.05	3.4	_	_
3	10.72	6.8	12.03	3.4	_	_
4	12.49	3.4	12.43	3.6	_	_
5	12.44	4.3	12.44	4.3	_	_
Billing clerks	13.15	7.1	_	_	_	_
Dispatchers	12.52	15.9	_	_	_	_
Production coordinators	15.77	5.9	16.24	5.5	_	_
Traffic, shipping and receiving clerks	10.39	6.9	10.01	6.0	_	_
Stock and inventory clerks	9.97	7.9	10.39	8.8	_	_
Material recording, scheduling, and distribution						
clerks, n.e.c.	14.38	8.1	_	_	_	_
Insurance adjusters, examiners, and						
investigators	13.98	5.5	13.98	5.5	_	_
Investigators and adjusters, except insurance	14.04	6.9	14.13	7.1	_	_
4	12.34	8.2	12.34	8.2	-	-
5	14.09	8.2	14.09	8.2	-	_
General office clerks	11.61	3.7	12.47	5.1	10.55	3.7
2	9.60	4.8	9.75	6.0	_	_
3	10.23	4.0	10.91	6.7	9.75	4.0
4	12.59	5.7	13.16	9.8	12.07	5.2
5	13.51	7.6	- 0.74	_	-	_
Data entry keyers	9.74	6.2	9.74	6.2	10.50	
Teachers' aides	10.53 12.89	2.0 4.0	- 13.18	5.4	10.53 12.29	2.0 5.4
Administrative support, n.e.c	11.28	4.0	13.10	5.4	12.29	3.4
4	12.37	3.7	12.72	4.3	_	
6	14.02	7.2	-	-	_	_
lue collar	13.52	3.6	13.55	3.8	13.13	3.9
1	7.48	3.9	7.42	3.9	9.14	6.3
2	8.88	3.8	8.79	3.9	10.74	7.2
3	11.27	2.9	11.04	3.3	12.92	2.9
4	13.00	5.7	13.27	6.3	10.93	1.8
5	15.86	4.0	15.95	4.1	13.48	9.1
6	16.97	6.1	17.10	6.7	15.56	6.4
7	20.23	3.3	20.35	3.4	18.21	9.6
8	23.25	7.9	23.25	7.9	_	_
9	22.66	5.5	22.81	5.6	_	_
Procision production craft and repair	17.81	3.0	18.05	3.1	14.82	6.0
Precision production, craft, and repair	8.83	1 0 - 1	8.80		14.02	0.0
3	11.01	5.2	10.91	8.8 5.6	_	
4	14.41	7.4	15.10	7.3	_	_
5	16.39	6.8	16.57	7.1	_	_
6	18.04	4.1	18.36	4.4	15.11	7.4
7	20.39	3.8	20.50	4.0	18.52	9.9
8	23.77	7.9	23.77	7.9	_	_
9	21.99	6.9	22.15	7.2	-	_
Supervisors, mechanics and repairers	23.44	8.7	24.87	8.9	-	-
Automobile mechanics	19.26	10.4	19.48	10.6	-	-
Bus, truck, and stationary engine mechanics	15.43	7.3	15.16	8.6	-	-
Industrial machinery repairers	15.48	6.4	15.60	6.6	-	_
, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	14.39	4.4	14.39	4.4	-	-
5		7.7	16.97	8.8	_	-
5 Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c	16.63					
5 Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c. 6	16.75	8.5	16.95	10.3	-	_
5 Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c. 6 Supervisors, construction trades, n.e.c.	16.75 17.43	8.5 3.2	16.95 17.33	3.4	_	_
5 Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c. 6	16.75	8.5	16.95		- - -	_ _ _

Table 4-2. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² full-time workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry		nd local nment
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percen
Blue collar –Continued						
Precision production, craft, and repair –Continued Electricians –Continued						
7	\$20.53	5.6	\$20.53	5.6	_	_
Plumbers, pipefitters and steamfitters	17.15	10.4	17.29	10.8	-	_
Insulation workers	13.47	13.1	13.47	13.1	_	_
Construction trades, n.e.c.	9.49	10.1	9.21	10.0	_	_
Supervisors, production	22.99	9.3	24.77	7.6	_	_
7	21.07	11.5	21.07	11.5	_	_
8	28.29	9.3	28.29	9.3	_	_
Machinists	18.49 18.47	4.4 4.8	18.49 18.47	4.4 4.8	_	_
		I I			_	_
7 Butchers and meat cutters	19.58 11.74	6.8 9.5	19.58 11.74	6.8 9.5	_	-
Inspectors, testers, and graders	20.79	14.6	20.79	14.6	_	1 -
Miscellaneous plant and system operators, n.e.c.	23.23	1.3	23.23	1.3	_	
6	23.34	1.7	23.34	1.7	_	_
7	23.54	2.2	23.54	2.2	-	_
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	11.26	5.9	11.26	5.9	_	_
1	7.17	5.8	7.17	5.8	_	_
2	7.91	6.4	7.91	6.4	_	_
3	11.50	6.7	11.50	6.7	_	_
4	12.33	8.2	12.32	8.3	_	_
5	14.16	4.4	14.16	4.4	-	_
6	13.57	8.9	13.57	8.9	_	_
7	19.12	4.4	19.12	4.4	_	_
Printing press operators	12.99	8.0	12.99	8.0	-	_
Laundering and dry cleaning machine operators	7.70	3.4	7.70	3.4	_	_
Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c	12.98	10.8	12.98	10.8	_	_
3 Welders and cutters	11.22 12.57	5.3 6.1	11.22 12.57	5.3 6.1	_	_
Assemblers	8.24	11.8	8.24	11.8	_	
Production inspectors, checkers and examiners	12.71	9.6	12.70	9.8	-	_
Transportation and material moving	13.17	4.9	13.14	5.4	\$13.47	6.0
2	9.72	4.7	9.76	4.8	_	_
3	11.31	3.9	10.57	4.5	13.29	3.1
4	12.89	13.0	13.03	13.5	_	_
5	16.28	3.8	16.32	3.9	_	_
Truck drivers	11.91	7.4	11.97	7.5	_	_
3	11.94	7.1	11.90	7.8	_	_
Bus drivers	14.78	8.1	-	-	_	_
Industrial truck and tractor equipment operators	9.86	4.6	9.86	4.6	_	_
3	9.07 10.33	5.2 6.9	9.07 10.33	5.2 6.9	_	_
Miscellaneous material moving equipment	10.55	0.9	10.55	0.9	_	_
operators, n.e.c.	15.75	12.9	16.07	12.9	-	_
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	8.87	4.6	8.73	4.9	10.39	4.6
1	7.47	3.6	7.38	3.6	9.14	6.3
2	9.11	6.0	8.92	6.6	11.13	7.7
3	11.07	6.2	11.07	6.7	-	_
4	11.67	7.6	12.05	11.2	-	
Groundskeepers and gardeners, except farm	9.74	5.8	-		10.43	6.4
Helpers, mechanics and repairers	10.14	6.4	10.16	7.7	-	-
Helpers, construction trades	10.30	4.6	9.70	5.1	-	_
Construction laborers	8.63 10.32	10.0 11.5	8.53 10.32	10.4	_	_
Production helpers Stock handlers and baggers	10.32 8.98	8.1	10.32 8.98	11.5 8.1	_	-
1	8.28	11.1	8.28	11.1	_	
I		10.3	8.45	10.3	-	-
2	8.45					

Table 4-2. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² full-time workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000 — Continued

	T	otal	Private	industry	State and local government	
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent
Blue collar –Continued						
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers -Continued						
Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c	\$8.60	15.5	\$8.60	15.5	_	_
Vehicle washers and equipment cleaners	8.72	9.2	8.55	9.5	_	_
Hand packers and packagers	7.56	4.9	7.56	4.9	-	_
Laborers, except construction, n.e.c.	8.71	11.7	8.55	12.8	\$10.10	12.2
2	9.64	14.7	9.23	17.6	_	_
Service	10.36	4.0	8.15	4.6	13.20	4.5
1 2	6.59 8.21	5.7 3.2	6.26 7.36	6.3 3.5	8.76 9.23	3.9 4.8
3	8.43	5.8	7.30	8.2	10.10	3.9
4	14.26	7.5	13.73	11.3	14.92	8.3
5	13.07	4.8	-	-	12.69	4.6
6	16.98	6.3	_	_	17.50	5.9
7	18.32	3.1	_	_	18.64	3.0
8	16.72	4.7	_	_	17.68	5.7
Protective service	15.92	4.3	9.13	7.0	16.62	3.9
3	9.01	6.4	_	-	_	_
4	17.14	4.1	_	_		
5	12.46	4.5	_	_	12.44	4.6
6	17.68	5.9	_	_	17.68	5.9
7	18.64	3.0	_	_	18.64	3.0
8	17.68 18.78	5.7 4.3	_	_	17.68 18.78	5.7 4.3
Police and detectives, public service	10.70	4.3	_	_	10.70	4.3
officers	18.53	3.2	_	_	18.53	3.2
7	18.76	3.1	_	_	18.76	3.1
Correctional institution officers	11.90	2.9	_	_	11.90	2.9
Guards and police, except public service	10.06	4.6	9.75	4.4	_	_
3	9.55	4.6	_	_	_	-
Food service	7.32	5.8	7.07	6.7	9.05	3.7
1	6.00	9.7	5.74	10.3		
2	8.08	4.4	7.41	4.4	8.85	4.2
3	6.13	16.8	6.13	16.8	_	_
4	8.82 4.74	5.6 22.1	8.82 4.74	5.6 22.1	_	_
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders 1	4.74	31.6	4.74	31.6	_	
Waiters and waitresses	4.49	29.6	4.43	29.6		
1	4.32	41.1	4.32	41.1	_	_
Other food service	8.33	3.6	8.17	4.4	9.05	3.7
1	6.86	3.3	6.54	1.9	_	_
2	8.31	4.5	7.62	5.4	8.85	4.2
3	7.70	5.3	7.70	5.3	_	_
4	8.82	5.6	8.82	5.6	_	-
Supervisors, food preparation and service	13.92	7.5	13.92	7.5	_	-
Cooks	8.41	5.2	8.44	5.4	_	_
Kitchen workers, food preparation	7.15	3.4	6.99	2.9	_	_
1	6.96	4.1	6.73	3.1	- 0.10	
Food preparation, n.e.c.	7.59 6.75	5.3	6.63 6.32	5.0	9.10	3.5
1	6.75 8.46	5.2 6.4	6.32	2.0	_	
Health service	9.61	2.5	- 8.51	3.6	10.98	4.4
2	8.88	3.4	7.80	4.0	10.36	4.3
3	9.08	4.0	8.66	6.0	-	
4	12.22	5.0	-	-	_	_
Health aides, except nursing	10.43	5.4	9.00	6.4	11.29	7.2
4	11.97	5.4	_	-	_ `	_
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	8.97	3.6	8.20	4.9	10.53	5.4
2	8.66	4.5	7.40	4.8	10.46	5.9
3	8.92	4.0	8.90	4.5	_	_

Table 4-2. Selected occupations1 and levels,2 full-time workers:3 Mean hourly earnings,4 private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000 Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry	State and local government		
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	
Service -Continued							
Cleaning and building service	\$8.23	4.0	\$7.63	5.8	\$9.24	5.6	
1	7.16	4.0	6.86	4.3	8.19	2.1	
2	7.52	6.7	6.38	3.0	8.33	10.1	
3	10.04	6.4	7.71	5.3	11.46	4.6	
Maids and housemen	6.27	2.1	6.26	2.1	_	_	
1	6.30	3.0	6.30	3.1	_	_	
Janitors and cleaners	8.53	3.7	7.58	5.0	9.30	5.7	
1	7.62	4.0	7.30	5.5	_	_	
2	8.17	8.6	-	_	8.33	10.1	
3		5.9	-	_	11.46	4.6	
Personal service		12.2	13.76	15.5	9.42	4.7	
3	8.31	4.8	_	-	8.71	4.0	
4		15.4	18.68	16.7	-	_	
Early childhood teachers' assistants		3.7	-	_	8.73	4.1	
3	8.73	4.1	_	_	8.73	4.1	

¹ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more

hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

5 The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means not elsewhere classified. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately. In THIS SURVEY, THE NONRESPONSE RATE FOR PRIVATE INDUSTRY EXCEEDED REGULAR SURVEY STANDARDS FOR PUBLICATION. ACCORDINGLY, USERS SHOULD INTERPRET THESE RESULTS WITH THIS LIMITATION IN MIND.

information. ² Each occupation for which data are collected in an establishment is evaluated based on 10 factors, including knowledge, complexity, work environment, etc. Points are assigned based on the occupation's rank within

each factor. The points are summed to determine the occupation's faint within each factor. The points are summed to determine the overall level of the occupation. See appendixes C and D for more information.

3 Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

4 Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to

employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and

percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix

Table 4-3. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² part-time workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000

	T	otal	Private	industry		nd local rnment
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percen
II	\$8.03	4.1	\$7.90	4.4	\$10.08	5.5
All excluding sales	8.30	4.9	8.16	5.2	10.08	5.5
White collar	10.27	5.3	10.27	5.7	10.34	8.5
1	6.22	3.1	6.19	3.3	_	_
2	8.18	7.2	8.24	7.2	_	_
3	8.37	6.5	8.37	6.6	_	_
4	8.21	5.2	8.13	5.6	_	_
5	12.40	10.7	13.53	7.0	_	_
6	19.07	5.5	19.43	5.5	_	_
7	15.76	8.0	17.65	3.8	_	_
8	22.82	11.9	23.32	12.4	_	_
9	24.05	15.1	_	_	_	_
White collar excluding sales	13.04	7.2	13.50	8.2	10.34	8.5
1	7.22	8.9	7.40	13.2		-
2	9.23	4.3	9.38	3.9	_	_
3	9.18	4.3	9.20	4.3	-	-
4	9.72	7.8	9.83	9.7	-	-
5	13.28	12.5	15.36	2.9	_	_
6	19.07	5.5	19.43	5.5	_	_
7	15.76	8.0	17.65	3.8	_	_
8	22.82	11.9	23.32	12.4	_	_
9	24.05	15.1	-	_	_	_
Professional specialty and technical	16.97	8.8	18.54	8.3	11.50	13.4
Professional specialty	18.09	10.8	20.94	9.2	11.50	13.4
5	11.65	19.4	_	_	_	_
6	19.44	7.0	19.96	6.9	_	_
7	14.96	12.8	_	_	_	_
8	23.27	12.3	23.86	12.8	_	_
9	24.05	15.1	_	_	_	_
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	_	_	_	_	_	_
Health related	23.16	6.2	23.42	6.3	_	_
8	25.75	5.4	_	_	_	_
Registered nurses	22.57	6.0	22.98	6.0	_	_
Teachers, college and university	27.35	7.2	_	_	27.01	3.2
Teachers, except college and university	11.14	13.0	14.67	14.7	9.14	6.0
5	9.04	3.8	_	_	_	_
Teachers, n.e.c	13.15 –	13.5	13.06 –	15.1 –	_ _	_
professionals, n.e.c.	_ 40.70	_	-	_	_	_
Technical	13.79	9.8	13.79	9.8	_	_
Sales	6.72	3.5	6.72	3.5	-	_
1	6.07	3.3	6.07	3.3	-	_
3	7.21	7.1	7.21	7.1	_	-
4	7.59	5.9	7.59	5.9	_	-
Sales workers, other commodities	6.99	2.7	6.99	2.7	-	-
Cashiers	6.27	3.8	6.27	3.8	_	-
1	6.06	3.7	6.06	3.7	_	_
3	7.33	9.0	7.33	9.0	_	_
Administrative support, including clerical	9.59	3.9	9.78	4.0	7.44	4.6
1	7.23	9.6	- 0.40	_	_	_
2	9.26	4.3	9.40	3.9	_	_
3	9.30	4.2	9.32	4.3	_	_
4 General office clerks	9.69 8.78	8.8 10.7	9.78 8.95	9.9 11.1	_	_
Blue collar	7.26	5.8	6.97	6.3	10.90	6.8
1	5.73	1.4	5.73	1.4	- 10.90	
2	7.84	8.5	7.30	9.6		_
<u> </u>	7.04	5.5	7.00	3.0	_	_
						1

Table 4-3. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² part-time workers;³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000 — Continued

	To	tal	Private	industry	State a gover	nd local nment
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)
Blue collar -Continued						
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	-	_	_	_	_	_
Transportation and material moving	\$7.81	16.0	-	_	\$10.90	6.8
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	6.27	3.8	\$6.27	3.8	_	_
1	5.69	1.8	5.69	1.8	_	_
2	6.53	5.9	6.53	5.9	_	_
3	9.38	18.2	9.38	18.2	_	_
Stock handlers and baggers	5.68	1.7	5.68	1.7	_	_
1	5.61	1.7	5.61	1.7	_	_
Service	6.16	4.8	6.10	5.0	8.02	4.4
1	5.28	4.9	5.17	4.9	_	_
2	6.46	7.2	6.43	7.4	_	_
3	7.56	12.0	7.56	12.1	_	_
Protective service	_	_	_	_	_	_
Food service	5.30	6.7	5.16	6.9	_	_
1	5.06	12.0	4.74	12.8	_	_
2	5.21	7.8	5.19	8.0	_	_
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	3.68	16.7	3.68	16.7	_	_
1	3.72	22.2	3.72	22.2	_	_
Waiters and waitresses	3.59	17.6	3.59	17.6	_	_
1	3.55	24.1	3.55	24.1	_	_
Other food service	6.17	4.1	6.03	3.7	_	_
1	6.13	7.2	_	-	_	_
2	5.77	1.2	5.76	1.2	_	_
Kitchen workers, food preparation	6.08	3.8	6.08	3.8	_	_
Food preparation, n.e.c.	5.93	6.3	_	_	_	_
Health service	8.59	4.5	8.59	4.5	_	_
Cleaning and building service	5.81	4.6	5.81	4.6	_	_
1	5.46	3.3	5.46	3.3	_	_
Janitors and cleaners	5.82	4.8	5.82	4.8	_	_
1	5.47	3.4	5.47	3.4	l _	_
Personal service	5.79	5.3	5.57	3.9	_	_
	55	0.0	0.0.			

¹ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

5 The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means not elsewhere classified. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately. IN THIS SURVEY, THE NONRESPONSE RATE FOR PRIVATE INDUSTRY EXCEEDED REGULAR SURVEY STANDARDS FOR PUBLICATION. ACCORDINGLY, USERS SHOULD INTERPRET THESE RESULTS WITH THIS LIMITATION IN MIND.

Each occupation for which data are collected in an establishment is evaluated based on 10 factors, including knowledge, complexity, work environment, etc. Points are assigned based on the occupation's rank within each factor. The points are summed to determine the overall level of the occupation. See appendixes C and D for more information.

each factor. The points are summed to determine the occupation's faint within each factor. The points are summed to determine the overall level of the occupation. See appendixes C and D for more information.

³ Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

⁴ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and

⁵ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

Table 5-1. Selected worker characteristics: Mean hourly earnings¹ by occupational group,² National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000

		Private indu	stry and Sta	ate and local o	government			
Occupational group	Full-time workers ³	Part-time workers ³	Union ⁴	Nonunion ⁴	Time ⁵	Incentive ⁵		
			N	1ean				
All occupations	\$18.17 18.18	\$8.03 8.30	\$19.79 19.60	\$17.22 17.34	\$17.32 17.52	\$19.47 17.07		
White collar	22.23 22.83	10.27 13.04	27.82 28.95	21.44 22.33	21.67 22.57	20.82 18.67		
Professional specialty and technical Professional specialty	26.80 28.17	16.97 18.09	61.00 -	25.85 27.83	26.45 27.83	-		
Technical Executive, administrative, and managerial Sales	21.84 32.15 18.11	13.79 - 6.72	61.00 - 23.79	18.16 32.15 15.98	21.50 32.06 13.93	35.41 21.55		
Administrative support, including clerical	12.71	9.59	15.10	12.42	12.59	11.43		
Blue collar Precision production, craft, and repair Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	13.52 17.81 11.26	7.26 - -	17.66 20.48 17.36	12.09 16.58 10.39	12.99 17.39 11.23	16.35 20.77		
Transportation and material moving	13.17 8.87	7.81 6.27	15.23 11.23	11.76 8.22	12.67 8.51			
Service	10.36	6.16	18.74	9.27	9.53	_		
	Relative error ⁶ (percent)							
All occupations	2.5 2.5	4.1 4.9	6.8 6.6	2.6 2.6	2.5 2.5	12.2 14.3		
White collar	2.4 2.4	5.3 7.2	20.5 25.5	2.4 2.3	2.4 2.4	14.2 21.9		
Professional specialty and technical	2.6 2.3 8.8	8.8 10.8 9.8	24.8 - 24.8	2.4 2.3 4.6	2.6 2.3 8.7	- - -		
Executive, administrative, and managerial	3.0 9.2 1.8	3.5 3.9	35.8 7.8	3.0 8.9 1.6	3.0 7.2 1.8	11.4 16.3 6.2		
Blue collar	3.6	5.8	4.2	3.7	3.5	14.2		
Precision production, craft, and repair	3.0 5.9	-	4.0 4.4	3.6 5.9	3.1 5.9	7.5		
Transportation and material moving Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	4.9 4.6	16.0 3.8	8.7 9.4	6.4 4.2	5.8 4.0	_		
Service	4.0	4.8	10.6	3.8	3.8	_		

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

² A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more intermatics.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. IN THIS SURVEY, THE NONRESPONSE RATE FOR PRIVATE INDUSTRY EXCEEDED REGULAR SURVEY STANDARDS FOR PUBLICATION. ACCORDINGLY, USERS SHOULD INTERPRET THESE RESULTS WITH THIS LIMITATION IN MIND.

information.

3 Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

4 Union workers are those whose wages are determined through

collective bargaining.

 $^{^{\}mbox{\scriptsize 5}}$ Time workers' wages are based solely on an hourly rate or salary; incentive workers are those whose wages are at least partially based on productivity payments such as piece rates, commissions, and production

bonuses.

6 The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix

Table 5-2. Major industry division: Mean hourly earnings1 by occupational group,2 private industry, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000

				Fu	II-time an	d part-tir	ne workers			
		Good	ls-produc	ing indus	stries ³		Service-	producing in	dustries ⁴	
Occupational group	All private industries	Total	Mining	Con- struc- tion	Manu- factur- ing	Total	Transport- ation and public util- ities	Wholesale and retail trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Serv- ices
						Mean				
All occupations	\$17.07	_	_	\$15.89	_	_	_	_	\$20.89	_
All excluding sales	17.15	_	_	15.89	_	_	_	_	19.11	_
White collar	21.69	_	_	27.60	_	_	_	_	21.79	_
White-collar excluding sales	22.93	_	_	27.60	_	_	-	_	19.95	_
Professional specialty and technical Professional specialty		_	_	34.71	_	_	_	-	27.24 26.59	_
Technical		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_
Executive, administrative, and managerial		_	-	30.75	_	_	_	_	29.85	-
Sales		-	_	-	_	_	_	_	33.36	-
Administrative support, including clerical	12.93	_	_	13.45	_	_	_	_	13.29	_
Blue collar	13.14	_	_	12.64	_	_	_	_	12.93	_
Precision production, craft, and repair	17.78	-	_	13.69	_	_	_	_	_	-
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	11.23	_	-	12.73	-	-	_	_	_	-
Transportation and material moving	12.67	-	_	_	-	-	_	_	_	-
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and										
laborers	8.36	_	_	9.83	_	_	_	-	_	-
Service	7.54	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	9.42	_
					Relative	e error ⁵ (percent)	1		
All occupations	3.1	_	_	10.8	_	_	_	_	11.0	_
All excluding sales		_	_	10.8	_	_	_	_	8.4	_
White collar	3.1	_	_	11.9	_	_	_	_	11.2	_
White-collar excluding sales		_	_	11.9	_	_	-	-	8.8	-
Professional specialty and technical	3.7	_	_	7.4	_	_	_	_	5.6	_
Professional specialty		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	5.3	_
Technical		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Executive, administrative, and managerial	3.1	-	_	11.2	_	_	_	_	10.7	-
Sales		_	-	-	-	-	-	_	36.7	-
Administrative support, including clerical	2.1	_	_	3.3	_	_	_	_	3.6	_
Blue collar		_	_	6.7	_	_	_	_	7.2	_
Precision production, craft, and repair		_	-	7.3	_	_	-	_	_	-
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors		-	_	15.0	_	_	_	_	_	-
Transportation and material moving	6.0	-	_	-	-	-	_	-	_	-
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	4.2	_	_	7.6	_	_	_	_	_	_
Service		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	7.1	_
JCI VICE	3.9	_		_				_	7.1	_

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

Goods-producing industries include mining, construction, and manufacturing.

Service-producing industries include transportation and public utilities; wholesale

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and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services. 5 The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

Table 5-3. Establishment employment size: Mean hourly earnings1 by occupational group,2 private industry, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000

		Full-time	and part-time	e workers	
Occupational group	All private		100	workers or r	nore
Occupational group	All private industry workers	50 - 99 workers ³	Total	100 - 499 workers	500 workers or more
			Mean		
All occupations	\$17.07 17.15	\$14.02 13.42	\$17.71 17.91	\$15.33 15.34	\$19.90 19.92
White collar	21.69 22.93	19.76 20.28	22.01 23.31	19.47 21.47	24.13 24.41
Professional specialty and technical	28.85	25.47 27.44 20.63 29.91 18.40 13.20	27.17 28.96 22.87 33.99 15.86 12.87	25.44 27.86 19.06 32.28 15.24 12.94	28.01 29.52 24.54 34.96 18.99 12.83
Blue collar Precision production, craft, and repair Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Transportation and material moving Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers Service		10.62 13.78 10.30 11.90 7.45	13.75 18.53 11.42 12.89 8.69	11.82 16.04 10.98 12.35 8.40	15.69 20.04 12.02 13.27 9.29 8.45
		Relat	ive error ⁴ (p	ercent)	
All occupations All excluding sales	3.1 3.2	8.5 7.2	3.3 3.5	4.8 5.2	4.6 4.7
White collar	3.1 3.0	9.4 7.6	3.3 3.2	5.3 5.2	4.1 4.1
Professional specialty and technical Professional specialty Executive, administrative, and managerial Sales Administrative support, including clerical	3.7 3.3 9.7 3.1 9.1 2.1	9.9 11.4 10.6 11.7 27.9 4.5	4.0 3.5 10.4 3.1 8.1 2.4	5.8 5.9 6.7 5.5 9.6 4.4	5.2 4.2 14.1 3.7 12.8 2.6
Blue collar Precision production, craft, and repair Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Transportation and material moving Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers Service	3.7 3.2 5.9 6.0 4.2	7.1 10.1 8.0 11.6 5.4 8.9	4.1 3.2 7.0 6.8 5.0	4.6 5.2 6.4 10.6 5.9	6.9 3.8 14.4 9.1 10.3

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed

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holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

Sestablishments classified with 50-99 workers may contain establishments with fewer than 50 due to staff reductions between survey sampling and collection.

 $^{^4\,}$ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

Table 6-1. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs¹, all workers:² Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000

Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90
All	\$6.63	\$9.34	\$14.35	\$22.52	\$30.53
All excluding sales	6.75	9.52	14.47	22.72	30.79
White collar White collar excluding sales	9.00 9.97	12.08 12.95	18.67 19.62	27.77 27.88	37.50 38.18
· ·					
Professional specialty and technical Professional specialty	14.00 17.60	19.17 21.92	25.82 26.83	29.38 30.46	38.18 38.68
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	20.01	26.27	30.99	38.18	43.39
Petroleum engineers	26.90	39.48	41.95	50.02	54.77
Chemical engineers	27.47	28.74	31.95	40.19	49.46
Civil engineers	26.60	26.60	37.93	44.32	44.32
Mechanical engineers	19.45	27.45	28.84	37.68	44.35
Engineers, n.e.c.	21.53	24.66	32.30	38.18	41.79
Mathematical and computer scientists	20.65	25.26	29.28	34.81	39.60
Computer systems analysts and scientists	20.65 14.07	25.26	29.28	34.81	39.60
Natural scientists	14.07	16.74 26.10	24.50 29.23	29.00 37.50	37.50 45.00
Geologists and geodesists Health related	18.64	19.71	21.92	25.13	30.79
Registered nurses	18.64	19.63	21.22	24.17	27.33
Pharmacists	25.00	28.47	31.25	33.01	33.50
Respiratory therapists	16.00	17.00	17.30	19.05	19.05
Teachers, college and university	22.86	29.63	32.37	54.92	74.75
Other post-secondary teachers	22.86	38.86	54.92	68.61	74.75
Teachers, except college and university	23.18	25.52	26.84	27.77	29.38
Elementary school teachers	24.94	25.90	26.84	27.72	29.38
Secondary school teachers	24.34	24.46	27.77	27.77	28.67
Teachers, n.e.c.	15.71	20.05	26.83	26.83	29.26
Vocational and educational counselors	16.34	23.73	29.20	31.09	31.92
Librarians, archivists, and curators	12.42	13.01	19.26	24.50	32.44
Librarians	12.42	13.01	19.26	24.50	32.44
Social scientists and urban planners	_	_	_	_	_
Social, recreation, and religious workers	11.97	13.29	13.87	17.44	20.15
Social workers	11.97	13.29	13.87	15.72	17.44
Lawyers and judges	26.61	26.61	38.39	72.40	89.58
Lawyers	26.61	26.61	38.39	72.40	89.58
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and	7.07	44.40	40.04	00.00	47.00
professionals, n.e.c.	7.87	11.49	18.91	28.38	47.36
Designers	7.87	7.87	11.49	18.67	36.03
Professional, n.e.c.	12.98	18.91	23.92	47.36	51.30
Technical	11.01 8.17	13.05 9.00	16.63 14.12	22.51 18.61	32.63 19.58
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians Radiological technicians	11.00	14.35	20.35	21.11	37.12
Licensed practical nurses	12.62	12.97	14.00	14.48	15.76
Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c	10.84	14.00	15.00	16.63	18.04
Electrical and electronic technicians	13.60	14.90	24.50	25.96	27.15
Engineering technicians, n.e.c.	15.24	15.24	17.05	22.38	31.80
Drafters	18.50	22.36	27.44	34.68	35.93
Chemical technicians	21.50	21.50	23.81	24.78	25.64
Airplane pilots and navigators	42.60	42.78	74.66	78.95	151.86
Technical and related, n.e.c.	11.01	11.01	12.69	19.90	19.90
Executive, administrative, and managerial	17.77	21.58	29.69	41.80	49.71
Executives, administrators, and managers	18.62	23.84	33.64	43.00	54.81
Administrators and officials, public administration	14.26	22.08	23.94	33.26	36.99
Financial managers	19.87	23.80	33.80	42.52	48.60
Purchasing managers	26.44	27.55	27.79	45.54	60.19
Managers, marketing, advertising, and public relations	20.06	20.20	41.62	E / 01	62.50
Administrators, education and related fields	29.86 18.12	30.29 32.69	41.63 33.64	54.81 36.18	62.50 47.69
Managers, medicine and health	17.97	17.97	27.73	30.76	30.76
Managers, food servicing and lodging	11.51	17.37	27.75	30.70	55.76
establishments	13.90	15.55	20.03	41.83	72.12
Managers and administrators, n.e.c.	19.76	23.84	37.93	44.43	56.90
Management related	16.47	19.22	23.08	30.77	41.80
Accountants and auditors	18.23	20.19	23.57	28.82	33.11
Other financial officers	18.94	20.05	31.22	41.80	41.87
Other illiancial officers					
	22.11	28.13	28.85	29.20	37.26
Management analysts Personnel, training, and labor relations	22.11	28.13	28.85	29.20	37.26

Table 6-1. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs¹, all workers:² Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000 — Continued

	Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90
Mb:40 00	ller Continued					
vnite coi	llar -Continued					
	ive, administrative, and managerial -Continued					
	anagement related –Continued	#40.00	£40.00	#00.00	CO7.04	#00.07
	Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c	\$16.23 17.68	\$16.23 19.01	\$23.38 21.74	\$27.34 30.48	\$32.97 41.00
	ivialiagement related, n.e.c.	17.00	19.01	21.74	30.40	41.00
Sales .		6.19	7.50	12.42	22.00	29.19
	Supervisors, sales	12.24	15.82	18.98	25.22	41.94
	Securities and financial services sales	9.10	9.82	16.25	17.19	32.35
	Sales, other business services	9.00	14.50	19.04	28.17	29.94
	Sales representatives, mining, manufacturing, and wholesale	12.65	17.25	23.40	28.59	33.60
	Sales workers, motor vehicles and boats	6.91	13.73	17.17	27.15	30.19
	Sales workers, furniture and home furnishings	22.33	22.33	22.33	22.41	22.41
	Sales workers, parts	12.10	12.82	20.13	20.15	22.93
	Sales workers, other commodities	6.28	6.56	7.45	10.00	11.00
	Sales counter clerks	5.93	8.44	9.22	11.00	11.92
	Cashiers	5.44	5.73 9.42	6.75 13.24	7.65 14.68	8.51
	Sales support, n.e.c.	5.57	9.42	13.24	14.00	23.33
Admini	istrative support, including clerical	8.60	9.99	11.91	14.85	17.39
	Supervisors, general office	12.38	13.31	15.76	17.51	19.86
	Supervisors, distribution, scheduling, and					
	adjusting clerks	12.50	14.45	17.46	23.29	23.29
	Computer operators	9.20 10.66	12.27	13.68 14.38	19.30	19.30
	Interviewers	7.97	11.95 9.25	10.85	15.64 15.43	20.02 15.43
	Transportation ticket and reservation agents	7.79	8.59	11.21	17.03	17.03
	Receptionists	7.68	9.03	10.04	10.50	12.69
	Information clerks, n.e.c.	9.97	9.97	10.00	11.63	16.96
	Order clerks	7.08	10.74	14.74	15.44	16.36
	Personnel clerks, except payroll and timekeeping	9.50	9.66	11.01	14.42	16.35
	Library clerks	6.22	8.89	10.08	11.11	11.11
	File clerks Records clerks, n.e.c.	8.69 8.71	8.69 10.18	10.50 11.37	11.85 13.97	11.85 15.98
	Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks	9.35	9.67	12.50	13.75	15.12
	Billing clerks	8.60	12.00	12.96	15.11	18.24
	Dispatchers	9.25	9.25	11.61	17.87	17.87
	Production coordinators	12.17	13.25	17.71	17.71	18.26
	Traffic, shipping and receiving clerks	8.00	8.71	9.26	10.33	13.67
	Stock and inventory clerks	7.75	8.57	8.71	12.27	13.50
	clerks, n.e.c.	8.40	12.19	14.28	17.51	18.08
	Insurance adjusters, examiners, and					
	investigators	10.63	13.54	15.22	15.31	16.81
	Investigators and adjusters, except insurance	10.14	11.71	12.71	17.20	20.38
	General office clerks	8.52	8.74	10.74	13.81	15.50
	Data entry keyers Teachers' aides	7.00 10.11	9.00 10.11	10.13 10.11	11.30 10.94	11.67 11.80
	Administrative support, n.e.c.	10.11	10.11	12.50	13.90	15.71
	Administrative Support, n.c.o.	10.02	10.54	12.50	10.50	10.71
lue colla	ar	6.45	8.00	11.81	16.92	22.52
Precisi	on production, craft, and repair	9.95	12.35	17.11	22.48	24.37
	Supervisors, mechanics and repairers	15.87	17.97	21.70	30.57	35.78
	Automobile mechanics	14.72	16.74	17.35	21.85	24.77
	Bus, truck, and stationary engine mechanics	11.50	12.60	14.55	15.83	23.63
	Industrial machinery repairers Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c.	12.00 10.90	12.00 12.00	15.05 15.84	17.43 22.50	21.57 24.32
	Supervisors, construction trades, n.e.c.	15.65	17.11	17.11	18.41	19.00
	Carpenters	13.60	14.38	17.11	18.20	21.57
	Electricians	15.88	16.89	18.80	21.28	23.64
	Plumbers, pipefitters and steamfitters	9.50	14.30	15.91	23.81	24.37
	Insulation workers	9.91	9.91	10.22	12.35	15.11
	Construction trades, n.e.c.	7.45	7.45	8.11	10.15	14.93
	Supervisors, production	12.27 15.67	16.11 16.14	21.89 17.78	32.19 22.48	33.02 22.58
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Table 6-1. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs1, all workers:2 Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000 — Continued

Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90
Blue collar -Continued					
Precision production, craft, and repair -Continued					
Inspectors, testers, and graders	\$9.95 21.75	\$17.20 22.23	\$18.55 23.32	\$20.86 24.45	\$32.50 24.84
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	6.46	7.50	11.00	14.43	16.67
Printing press operators	8.67	10.26	12.00	17.00	17.43
Laundering and dry cleaning machine operators	7.11	7.11	7.50	7.86	7.95
Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c	7.30	10.17	10.90	15.05	21.20
Welders and cutters	11.25	11.25	12.00	13.62	15.72
Assemblers	5.40	6.50	6.50	9.00	11.81
Production inspectors, checkers and examiners	8.89	8.90	15.00	15.06	17.73
Transportation and material moving	7.93	9.99	11.20	16.23	18.08
Truck drivers	8.00	10.42	10.57	16.23	17.00
Bus drivers	9.99	11.71	14.06	17.56	17.56
Industrial truck and tractor equipment operators	7.93	8.18	10.38	11.20	11.20
Miscellaneous material moving equipment operators, n.e.c.	10.21	10.21	13.76	21.20	21.20
,					
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	5.86	6.45	7.42	9.53	12.55
Groundskeepers and gardeners, except farm	7.20	9.02	9.53	9.74	12.15
Helpers, mechanics and repairers	6.00	9.37	10.79	11.30	11.78
Helpers, construction trades	8.75	10.00	11.14	11.14	11.40
Construction laborers	7.00	7.00	7.89	9.50	12.00
Production helpers	7.38	8.35	9.00	12.36	16.34
Stock handlers and baggers	5.17	5.35	6.60	8.97	12.55
Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c	6.42	6.45	6.60	9.29	13.76
Garage and service station related	7.68	8.63	9.25	9.25	9.25
Vehicle washers and equipment cleaners	6.14	6.14	8.00	9.93	13.86
Hand packers and packagers	5.30	6.30	7.00	7.61	8.50
Laborers, except construction, n.e.c	6.12	6.45	6.84	9.09	14.65
Service	5.25	6.20	8.14	11.33	18.04
Protective service	7.89	10.47	15.63	18.14	20.67
Firefighting	13.19	18.14	18.14	18.14	18.14
Police and detectives, public service Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law enforcement	16.76	18.04	18.04	20.02	22.60
officers	15.63	17.44	18.75	20.42	20.67
Correctional institution officers	10.45	10.47	12.66	12.66	12.66
Food service	2.13	5.46	6.50	8.22	10.72
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	2.13	2.13	2.23	5.95	11.22
Waiters and waitresses	2.13	2.13	2.22	5.25	12.00
Waiters'/Waitresses' assistants	3.34	5.25	5.65	5.95	11.22
Other food service	5.70	6.11	7.06	8.50	10.60
Supervisors, food preparation and service	10.00	14.15	14.81	16.00	16.00
Cooks	6.75	7.15	7.69	8.40	10.02
Kitchen workers, food preparation	5.76	6.04	6.44	7.50	8.18
Food preparation, n.e.c.	5.46	6.00	6.50	8.37	9.68
Health service	6.65	8.06	9.11	10.10	12.73
Health aides, except nursing	8.60	8.63	9.35	11.42	12.73
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	6.50	7.29	8.91	9.81	11.06
Cleaning and building service	5.15	5.79	7.00	8.54	10.66
Maids and housemen	5.68	5.79	6.22	6.56	7.05
Janitors and cleaners	5.15	5.67	7.53	8.65	10.66
Personal service	5.25	6.50	8.35	10.87	25.83
Early childhood teachers' assistants	7.60	8.35	8.71	9.81	10.07
Service, n.e.c.	5.25	5.90	8.14	8.14	10.64

¹ Percentiles are calculated from average hourly wages for sampled establishment jobs within each occupation. The percentiles describe the distribution of an occupation's employment by the average wage rates for its jobs. For example, at the 10th percentile hourly wage for an occupation, one-tenth of the occupation's employment are found in occupation, one-tenth of the occupation's employment are found in sampled establishment jobs whose average wages are the same or less, and nine-tenths are in jobs averaging the same or more. The calculations of the 25th, 50th, 75th, and 90th percentiles follow the same logic. Hourly wages are the straight-time wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means not elsewhere classified. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately. IN THIS SURVEY, THE NONRESPONSE RATE FOR PRIVATE INDUSTRY EXCEEDED REGULAR SURVEY STANDARDS FOR PUBLICATION. ACCORDINGLY, USERS SHOULD INTERPRET THESE RESULTS WITH THIS LIMITATION IN MIND.

 $^{^2\,}$ All workers include full-time and part-time workers. $^3\,$ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

Table 6-2. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs¹, all workers:² Selected occupations, private industry, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000

	Private industry					
Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90	
1	\$6.45	\$8.63	\$13.90	\$21.79	\$30.99	
All excluding sales	6.46	8.75	14.04	21.74	31.80	
White collar	8.59	12.00	18.24	27.79	40.16	
White collar excluding sales	9.76	13.01	19.14	28.84	41.80	
Professional specialty and technical	14.00	18.91	24.77	32.30	40.19	
Professional specialty	18.49	21.22	27.01	34.22	41.37	
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	20.01	26.27	30.99	38.18	43.39	
Petroleum engineers	26.90	39.48	41.95	50.02	54.77	
Chemical engineers	27.47	28.74	31.95 37.93	40.19 44.32	49.46 44.32	
Civil engineers	26.60 19.45	26.60 27.45	28.84	37.68	44.35	
Mechanical engineers Engineers, n.e.c.	21.53	24.66	32.30	38.18	41.79	
Mathematical and computer scientists	20.65	25.26	29.28	34.81	39.60	
Computer systems analysts and scientists	20.65	25.64	29.53	34.81	39.60	
Natural scientists	14.18	18.25	26.10	29.23	40.28	
Geologists and geodesists	14.47	26.10	29.23	37.50	45.00	
Health related	18.49	19.17	21.44	24.80	30.27	
Registered nurses	18.64	19.17	21.22	23.07	25.00	
Pharmacists	25.90	25.90	30.27	32.37	33.84	
Respiratory therapists	16.00	17.00	17.30	19.05	19.05	
Teachers, college and university	16.50	19.87	19.87	55.08	55.08	
Teachers, except college and university	12.00	15.07	16.83	21.63	27.49	
Elementary school teachers	15.07	15.07	15.07	25.44	28.90	
Teachers, n.e.c.	8.25	14.13	15.71	16.83	26.77	
Librarians, archivists, and curators	_	_	_	_	_	
Social scientists and urban planners	_	_	_	_	_	
Social, recreation, and religious workers	13.31	13.31	13.87	19.46	21.97	
Lawyers and judges	-	-	_	_	_	
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and						
professionals, n.e.c.	7.87	11.49	18.67	28.38	47.36	
Designers	7.87	7.87	11.49	18.67	36.03	
Technical	11.55	14.00	18.30	24.56	34.07	
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	8.17	9.00	14.12	18.61	19.58	
Licensed practical nurses	12.68	12.97	13.59	14.72	15.76	
Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c.	10.84	14.00	15.00	16.63	17.96	
Electrical and electronic technicians	13.60	14.90	24.50	25.96	27.15	
Engineering technicians, n.e.c.	15.24	15.24	16.11	22.38	31.80	
Drafters	18.50	22.36	27.44 23.81	34.68 24.78	35.93 25.64	
Chemical technicians Airplane pilots and navigators	21.50 42.60	21.50 42.78	74.66	78.95	151.86	
Everythy administrative and managerial	40.70	04.74	20.05	40.00	51.64	
Executive, administrative, and managerial Executives, administrators, and managers	18.73 19.80	21.74 26.42	30.05 36.76	42.30 44.43	59.26	
Financial managers	19.87	23.80	33.80	42.52	48.60	
Purchasing managers	26.44	27.55	27.79	45.54	60.19	
Managers, marketing, advertising, and public						
relations	29.86	30.29	41.63	54.81	62.50	
Managers, medicine and health	17.97	21.00	27.73	30.14	30.76	
Managers, food servicing and lodging			1			
establishments	13.90	15.55	41.83	72.12	72.12	
Managers and administrators, n.e.c.	21.22	27.63	41.93	44.50	58.50	
Management related	17.69	20.19	23.65	31.47	41.80	
Accountants and auditors	18.23	20.19	23.57	28.82	33.1	
Other financial officers	18.94	20.05	31.22	41.80	41.87	
Management analysts	22.11	28.13	28.85	29.20	37.26	
Personnel, training, and labor relations			1			
specialists	15.26	15.26	22.12	30.96	44.49	
Management related, n.e.c.	18.75	19.01	21.74	23.65	42.68	
Sales	6.17	7.50	12.65	22.00	29.19	
Supervisors, sales	12.24	15.82	18.98	25.22	41.94	
Securities and financial services sales	9.10	9.82	16.25	17.19	32.35	
Sales, other business services	9.00	14.50	19.04	28.17	29.94	
Sales representatives, mining, manufacturing,			1			
and wholesale	12.65	17.25	23.40	28.59	33.60	
Sales workers, motor vehicles and boats	6.91	13.73	17.17	27.15	30.19	

Table 6-2. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs¹, all workers:² Selected occupations, private industry, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000 — Continued

				Private industr	у	
Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90	
Vhite collar -	-Continued					
Sales -Con	ntinued					
	es workers, furniture and home furnishings	\$22.33	\$22.33	\$22.33	\$22.41	\$22.4
	es workers, parts	12.10	12.82	20.13	20.15	22.93
	es workers, other commodities	6.28	6.56	7.45	10.00	11.00
	es counter clerkshiers	5.93 5.44	8.44 5.69	9.22 6.75	11.00 7.62	11.9 8.5
	es support, n.e.c.	5.57	9.42	13.24	14.68	23.3
Administra	tive support, including clerical	8.57	9.93	12.38	15.38	17.9
	ervisors, general officeervisors, distribution, scheduling, and	11.19	15.63	15.76	19.23	19.8
	adjusting clerks	12.50	14.45	17.46	23.29	23.2
	nputer operators	9.20	12.27	13.68	19.30	19.3
	retaries	11.50	13.38	15.31	18.03	20.6
	nsportation ticket and reservation agents	7.79	8.59	11.21	17.03	17.0
	eptionists	7.68	9.03	9.59	10.50	12.6
	rmation clerks, n.e.cer clerks	9.97 7.08	9.97 10.74	9.97 14.74	12.80 15.44	16.9 16.3
	sonnel clerks, except payroll and timekeeping	9.50	9.66	11.01	14.42	16.3
	clerks	8.69	8.69	10.50	11.85	11.8
	ords clerks, n.e.c.	8.71	9.80	10.18	15.98	16.1
	kkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks	9.31	9.63	12.50	13.70	15.1
	duction coordinators	12.31	13.25	17.71	17.71	18.2
	fic, shipping and receiving clerks	8.00	8.71	9.26	9.78	11.5
	ck and inventory clerks Irance adjusters, examiners, and	7.75	8.57	9.86	12.27	14.0
	investigators	10.63	13.54	15.22	15.31	16.8
	estigators and adjusters, except insurance	10.14	11.71	12.71	17.20	20.3
	neral office clerks	8.05	8.74	11.72	15.26	17.0
	a entry keyers ninistrative support, n.e.c	7.00 10.32	9.00 11.00	10.13 12.50	11.30 13.90	11.6 18.9
Blue collar		6.45	7.86	11.55	17.00	22.5
Precision p	production, craft, and repair	9.91	13.09	17.35	22.52	24.4
	ervisors, mechanics and repairers	15.87	21.70	21.70	30.57	35.7
	omobile mechanics	14.72	16.74	17.35	21.85	24.7
	, truck, and stationary engine mechanics	11.50	12.60	13.50	15.83	23.6
	ustrial machinery repairers	12.00	13.25	15.05	17.43	21.5
	chanics and repairers, n.e.cervisors, construction trades, n.e.c.	10.88 15.65	11.01 15.65	15.91 17.11	23.88 18.29	24.3 19.0
	penters	13.60	14.38	17.45	18.20	21.5
	ctricians	15.92	17.37	18.80	22.48	23.6
	mbers, pipefitters and steamfitters	9.50	14.30	15.91	23.81	24.3
	llation workers	9.91	9.91	10.22	12.35	15.1
	struction trades, n.e.c.	7.45	7.45	7.45	10.15	13.1
	ervisors, production	14.85	19.20	24.04	32.27 22.48	33.0
	chers and meat cutters	15.67 8.24	16.14 8.24	17.78 11.51	14.68	22.5 14.6
	pectors, testers, and graders	9.95	17.20	18.55	20.86	32.5
	cellaneous plant and system operators, n.e.c.	21.75	22.23	23.32	24.45	24.8
	perators, assemblers, and inspectors	6.46	7.50	11.00	14.43	16.6
	ting press operators	8.67	10.26	12.00	17.00	17.4
	ndering and dry cleaning machine operators	7.11	7.11	7.50	7.86	7.9
	cellaneous machine operators, n.e.cders and cutters	7.30	10.17	10.90	15.05	21.2
	emblers	11.25 5.40	11.25 6.50	12.00 6.50	13.62 9.00	15.72 11.8
	duction inspectors, checkers and examiners	8.89	8.90	15.00	15.06	17.7
Transporta	ition and material moving	7.75	9.82	10.57	16.25	19.4
Truc	ck drivers	8.00	10.42	10.57	16.23	17.0
	ustrial truck and tractor equipment operators	7.93	8.18	10.38	11.20	11.2
	cellaneous material moving equipment	40.04	40.07	14.00	24.00	04.0
	operators, n.e.c.	10.21	13.27	14.23	21.20	21.2

Table 6-2. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs1, all workers:2 Selected occupations, private industry, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000 — Continued

		F	Private industr	Private industry				
Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90			
Physical Control								
Blue collar -Continued								
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	\$5.83	\$6.45	\$7.06	\$9.29	\$12.61			
Helpers, mechanics and repairers	6.00	6.60	11.00	11.50	14.85			
Helpers, construction trades	7.06	8.75	10.02	10.60	11.40			
Construction laborers	7.00	7.00	7.42	9.50	12.00			
Production helpers	7.38	8.35	9.00	12.36	16.34			
Stock handlers and baggers	5.17	5.35	6.60	8.97	12.55			
Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c	6.42	6.45	6.60	9.29	13.76			
Garage and service station related	7.68	8.63	9.25	9.25	9.25			
Vehicle washers and equipment cleaners	6.14	6.14	8.00	8.75	13.86			
Hand packers and packagers	5.30	6.30	7.00	7.61	8.50			
Laborers, except construction, n.e.c	6.12	6.45	6.84	8.60	14.65			
Service	5.15	5.68	6.74	8.39	11.22			
Protective service	_		_	_	_			
Food service	2.13	5.40	6.20	7.50	10.72			
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	2.13	2.13	2.23	5.95	11.22			
Waiters and waitresses	2.13	2.13	2.22	5.25	12.00			
Waiters'/Waitresses' assistants	3.34	5.25	5.65	5.95	11.22			
Other food service	5.46	6.04	6.55	8.14	10.72			
Supervisors, food preparation and service	10.00	14.15	14.81	16.00	16.00			
Cooks	6.75	7.46	7.50	8.61	10.02			
Kitchen workers, food preparation	5.76	6.00	6.44	7.33	8.18			
Food preparation, n.e.c.	5.40	5.46	6.11	6.50	6.56			
Health service	6.50	6.90	8.63	9.51	10.35			
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	6.50	6.69	8.00	9.27	10.00			
Cleaning and building service	5.15	5.65	6.22	7.93	8.85			
Maids and housemen	5.68	5.79	6.22	6.56	7.05			
Janitors and cleaners	5.15	5.15	6.00	7.98	8.54			
Personal service	5.15	5.25	8.14	15.25	25.83			

¹ Percentiles are calculated from average hourly wages for sampled establishment jobs within each occupation. The percentiles describe the distribution of an occupation's employment by the average wage rates for its jobs. For example, at the 10th percentile hourly wage for an occupation, one-tenth of the occupation's employment are found in sampled establishment jobs whose average wages are the same or less, and nine-tenths are in jobs averaging the same or more. The calculations of the 25th, 50th, 75th, and 90th percentiles follow the same logic. Hourly wages are the straight-time wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means not elsewhere classified. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately. IN THIS SURVEY, THE NONRESPONSE RATE FOR PRIVATE INDUSTRY EXCEEDED REGULAR SURVEY STANDARDS FOR PUBLICATION. ACCORDINGLY, USERS SHOULD INTERPRET THESE RESULTS WITH THIS LIMITATION IN MIND.

All workers include full-time and part-time workers.
A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

Table 6-3. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs¹, all workers:² Selected occupations, State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000

Occupation ³	State and local government						
Occupation	10	25	Median 50	75	90		
All excluding sales	\$9.11 9.12	\$10.91 10.94	\$15.88 16.23	\$26.05 26.08	\$29.38 29.38		
All excluding sales	9.12	10.54	10.23	20.00	29.50		
White collar	10.11 10.11	12.32 12.54	21.92 22.08	27.77 27.77	32.43 32.43		
Professional specialty and technical	13.59	20.73	26.41	28.43	31.92		
Professional specialty	17.44	24.17	26.83	28.50	32.11		
Mathematical and computer scientists Natural scientists	_	_	_	_	_		
Health related	19.63	20.21	22.21	28.43	33.01		
Registered nurses	19.63	20.21	21.92	25.46	28.55		
Teachers, college and university	25.94	29.87	32.37	54.92	74.75		
Teachers, except college and university	24.21	25.82	26.84	27.77	29.38		
Elementary school teachers	24.95	26.05	26.84	27.72	29.38		
Secondary school teachers	24.34	24.46	27.77	27.77	28.67		
Teachers, n.e.c.	20.05	26.83	26.83	26.83	29.26		
Vocational and educational counselors	23.73	25.52	29.20	31.09	31.92		
Librarians, archivists, and curators	12.42	13.01	19.26	32.44	32.44		
Librarians	12.42	13.01	19.26	32.44	32.44		
Social scientists and urban planners	- 11.07	- 12.20	12.25	_ 47.44	_ 47.44		
Social, recreation, and religious workers	11.97	13.29	13.35	17.44	17.44		
Social workersLawyers and judges	11.97 –	13.29	13.35	17.44	17.44 _		
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and	_	_	_	_	_		
professionals, n.e.c.	_	_	_	_	_		
Technical	9.63	11.01	14.10	17.05	22.38		
Executive administrative and managerial	14.26	18.62	23.94	33.64	36.75		
Executive, administrative, and managerial Executives, administrators, and managers	14.26	20.23	32.43	34.74	36.99		
Administrators and officials, public administration	14.26	22.08	23.94	33.26	36.99		
Administrators, education and related fields	18.12	32.69	33.64	36.18	48.62		
Management related	16.23	16.23	17.93	19.62	30.77		
Sales	_	_	_	-	-		
Administrative support, including clerical	8.71	10.11	10.82	12.95	14.40		
Secretaries	9.84	10.66	12.32	13.32	15.29		
Library clerks	6.22	8.17	10.08	11.11	11.11		
Records clerks, n.e.c.	8.10	10.53	11.45	13.97	13.97		
General office clerks	8.71	8.94	10.61	11.62	13.50		
Teachers' aides	10.11	10.11	10.11	10.94	11.80		
Administrative support, n.e.c	9.13	10.51	12.82	12.95	15.71		
Blue collar	9.26	10.91	12.15	14.75	17.67		
Precision production, craft, and repair	10.91	11.90	14.93	17.41	18.41		
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	-	_	_	_	_		
Transportation and material moving	8.55	10.90	13.67	14.06	17.67		
Bus drivers	9.99	10.95	14.06	14.06	14.06		
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	7.96	9.26	10.79	11.14	12.15		
Groundskeepers and gardeners, except farm	9.17	9.53	9.53	12.15	12.15		
Laborers, except construction, n.e.c.	7.82	7.82	9.58	11.74	14.75		
Service	8.14	9.35	11.92	18.04	18.94		
Protective service	11.25	12.66	18.04	18.14	21.44		
Firefighting	13.19	18.14	18.14	18.14	18.14		
Police and detectives, public service Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law enforcement	16.76	18.04	18.04	20.02	22.60		
officers	15.63	17.44	18.75	20.42	20.67		
Correctional institution officers	10.45	10.47	12.66	12.66	12.66		
Food service	7.46	7.87	8.84	9.68	10.33		
Other food service	7.46	7.87	8.84	9.68	10.33		

Table 6-3. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs¹, all workers:² Selected occupations, State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000 — Continued

0 1 3	State and local government					
Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90	
Service –Continued Food service –Continued Other food service –Continued Food preparation, n.e.c. Health service Health aides, except nursing Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants Cleaning and building service Janitors and cleaners Personal service Early childhood teachers' assistants	9.11 9.11 8.06 6.47 6.47	\$8.33 9.11 9.11 9.12 7.72 7.72 8.35 8.35	\$9.52 9.81 10.10 9.81 8.65 8.82 8.71 8.71	\$9.68 12.32 12.32 11.06 10.66 10.66 9.81 9.34	\$10.33 15.75 16.54 15.75 11.95 11.95 10.87 9.81	

¹ Percentiles are calculated from average hourly wages for sampled establishment jobs within each occupation. The percentiles describe the distribution of an occupation's employment by the average wage rates for its jobs. For example, at the 10th percentile hourly wage for an occupation, one-tenth of the occupation's employment are found in sampled establishment jobs whose average wages are the same or less, and nine-tenths are in jobs averaging the same or more. The calculations of the 25th, 50th, 75th, and 90th percentiles follow the same logic. Hourly wages are the straight-time wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means not elsewhere classified. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately. IN THIS SURVEY, THE NONRESPONSE RATE FOR PRIVATE INDUSTRY EXCEEDED REGULAR SURVEY STANDARDS FOR PUBLICATION. ACCORDINGLY, USERS SHOULD INTERPRET THESE RESULTS WITH THIS LIMITATION IN MIND.

² All workers include full-time and part-time workers.

³ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

Table 6-4. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs¹, full-time workers:² Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000

Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90
All	\$7.38	\$10.11	\$15.16	\$23.38	\$31.47
All excluding sales	7.45	10.14	15.20	23.61	32.02
White collar	9.63	12.71	19.17	27.79	38.18
White collar excluding sales	10.11	13.19	20.01	28.47	38.68
Professional specialty and technical	14.13	19.63	25.94	29.62	38.18
Professional specialty	18.67	22.28	26.84	30.79	38.89
Engineers, architects, and surveyors Petroleum engineers	20.01 26.90	26.27 39.48	30.99 41.95	38.18 50.02	43.39 54.77
Chemical engineers	27.47	28.74	31.95	40.19	49.46
Civil engineers	26.60	26.60	37.93	44.32	44.32
Mechanical engineers	19.45	27.45	28.84	37.68	44.35
Engineers, n.e.c.	21.53	24.66	32.30	38.18	41.79
Mathematical and computer scientists	20.65 20.65	25.26 25.26	29.28 29.28	34.81 34.81	39.60 39.60
Natural scientists	14.07	16.74	24.50	29.00	37.50
Geologists and geodesists	14.47	26.10	29.23	37.50	45.00
Health related	18.77	20.00	21.90	25.00	31.07
Registered nurses Pharmacists	18.64 25.90	19.63 28.47	21.22 32.37	24.17 33.01	27.84 33.50
Teachers, college and university	22.86	29.63	32.37	54.92	74.75
Other post-secondary teachers	22.86	38.94	54.92	68.61	74.75
Teachers, except college and university	24.34	25.87	26.84	27.77	29.38
Elementary school teachers	24.94	25.90	26.84	27.72	29.38
Secondary school teachers	24.34 18.57	24.46 26.83	27.77 26.83	27.77 26.83	28.67 29.26
Teachers, n.e.cVocational and educational counselors	16.34	25.52	29.20	31.09	31.92
Librarians, archivists, and curators	12.42	13.01	19.26	24.50	32.44
Librarians	12.42	13.01	19.26	24.50	32.44
Social scientists and urban planners	-	-	-	-	-
Social, recreation, and religious workers Social workers	11.97 11.97	13.29 13.29	13.87 13.87	17.44 15.72	20.15 17.44
Lawyers and judges	26.61	26.61	38.39	72.40	89.58
Lawyers	26.61	26.61	38.39	72.40	89.58
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and					
professionals, n.e.c.	7.87	18.35	24.72	31.09	47.36
Designers Technical	7.87 11.01	7.87 13.10	11.49 17.05	18.67 23.81	36.03 32.63
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	8.65	9.00	14.12	18.61	19.58
Radiological technicians	11.00	14.35	20.35	21.11	37.12
Licensed practical nurses	12.62	12.97	13.59	14.48	15.50
Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c	10.84	12.36	15.55	16.63	18.04
Electrical and electronic technicians Engineering technicians, n.e.c.	13.60 15.24	14.90 15.24	24.50 17.05	25.96 22.38	27.15 31.80
Drafters	18.50	22.36	27.44	34.68	35.93
Chemical technicians	21.50	21.50	23.81	24.78	25.64
Airplane pilots and navigators	42.60	42.78	74.66	78.95	151.86
Technical and related, n.e.c.	11.01	11.01	12.69	19.90	19.90
Executive, administrative, and managerial	17.77	21.58	29.69	41.80	49.71
Executives, administrators, and managers	18.62	23.84	33.64	43.00	54.81
Administrators and officials, public administration	14.26	22.08	23.94	33.26	36.99
Financial managers	19.87	23.80	33.80	42.52	48.60
Purchasing managers Managers, marketing, advertising, and public	26.44	27.55	27.79	45.54	60.19
relations	29.86	30.29	41.63	54.81	62.50
Administrators, education and related fields	18.12	32.69	33.64	36.18	47.69
Managers, medicine and health	17.97	17.97	27.73	30.76	30.76
Managers, food servicing and lodging	40.00	45.55	20.00	44.00	70.40
establishments Managers and administrators, n.e.c	13.90 19.76	15.55 23.84	20.03 37.93	41.83 44.43	72.12 56.90
Management related	16.47	19.22	23.08	30.77	41.80
Accountants and auditors	18.23	20.19	23.57	28.82	33.11
Other financial officers	18.94	20.05	31.22	41.80	41.87
Management analysts	22.11	28.13	28.85	29.20	37.26
Personnel, training, and labor relations	1E 26	16.06	17.02	20.74	14.40
specialists	15.26 16.23	16.06 16.23	17.93 23.38	30.71 27.34	44.49
Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c					32.97

Table 6-4. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs¹, full-time workers:² Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000 — Continued

	Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90
	West Orange of					
Vhite co	Illar -Continued					
Sales		\$6.88	\$9.00	\$14.72	\$22.41	\$29.9
	Supervisors, sales	12.24	15.82	18.98	25.22	41.9
	Securities and financial services sales	9.82	12.42	16.25	17.19	32.3
	Sales, other business services	9.00	14.50	19.04	28.17	29.9
	Sales representatives, mining, manufacturing,					
	and wholesale	12.65	17.25	23.40	28.59	33.6
	Sales workers, motor vehicles and boats	6.91	13.73	17.17	27.15	30.1
	Sales workers, furniture and home furnishings	22.33 12.10	22.33 12.82	22.33	22.41	22.4
	Sales workers, parts	6.28	6.59	20.13 7.83	20.15 10.04	22.9 14.8
	Sales workers, other commodities	8.44	8.53	9.47	11.00	11.9
	Cashiers	5.89	6.75	7.17	8.10	9.7
	Sales support, n.e.c.	5.57	10.73	13.24	14.68	23.3
Admin	istrative support, including clerical	8.71	10.11	12.09	15.00	17.5
	Supervisors, general office	12.38	13.31	15.76	17.51	19.8
	Supervisors, distribution, scheduling, and					
	adjusting clerks	12.50	14.45	17.46	23.29	23.2
	Computer operators	9.20	13.11	17.32	19.30	19.3
	Secretaries	10.66	12.10	14.38	15.64	20.0
	Transportation ticket and reservation agents	7.79	8.59	12.56	17.03	17.0
	Receptionists	7.68	9.50	10.05	11.55	12.6
	Information clerks, n.e.c.	10.00	10.65	11.63	16.96	16.9
	Order clerks	7.08 9.50	10.74 9.66	14.74 11.77	15.44 14.42	16.3 16.3
	Personnel clerks, except payroll and timekeeping File clerks	8.69	8.69	10.50	11.85	11.8
	Records clerks, n.e.c.	9.70	10.18	11.37	13.97	15.9
	Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks	9.35	9.67	12.50	13.75	15.1
	Billing clerks	8.60	12.00	12.96	15.11	18.2
	Dispatchers	9.25	9.25	11.61	17.87	17.8
	Production coordinators	12.17	13.25	17.71	17.71	18.2
	Traffic, shipping and receiving clerks	8.00	9.26	9.26	11.52	13.6
	Stock and inventory clerks	7.75	8.57	8.71	12.27	14.0
	Material recording, scheduling, and distribution clerks, n.e.c.	8.40	12.19	14.28	17.51	18.0
	Insurance adjusters, examiners, and	40.00	40.54	45.00	45.04	40.0
	investigators	10.63	13.54	15.22	15.31	16.8
	Investigators and adjusters, except insurance	10.14	11.71	12.71	15.39	20.3
	General office clerks	8.56 7.00	8.94 9.00	10.81 10.13	13.97 11.30	15.5 11.6
	Data entry keyers Teachers' aides	10.11	10.11	10.13	10.94	11.8
	Administrative support, n.e.c.	10.32	10.11	12.50	13.90	17.0
lue coll	ar	6.62	8.50	12.00	17.34	22.5
Precis	ion production, craft, and repair	10.88	13.10	17.35	22.52	24.4
	Supervisors, mechanics and repairers	15.87	17.97	21.70	30.57	35.7
	Automobile mechanics	14.72	16.74	17.35	21.85	24.7
	Bus, truck, and stationary engine mechanics	11.50	12.60	14.55	15.83	23.6
	Industrial machinery repairers	12.00	12.00	15.05	17.43	21.5
	Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c.	10.90	12.00	15.84	22.50	24.3
	Supervisors, construction trades, n.e.c.	15.65	17.11	17.11	18.41	19.0
	Carpenters	13.60	14.38	17.45	18.20	21.5
	Electricians	15.88	16.89	18.80	21.28	23.6
	Plumbers, pipefitters and steamfitters	9.50	14.30	15.91	23.81	24.3
	Insulation workers	10.22	10.22	11.97	15.11	22.4
	Construction trades, n.e.c.	7.45	7.45	8.11	10.15	14.9
	Supervisors, production	12.27	16.11	21.89	32.19	33.0
	Machinists	15.67	16.14	17.78	22.48	22.5
	Butchers and meat cutters	8.24	8.24	11.51	14.68	14.6
	Inspectors, testers, and graders Miscellaneous plant and system operators, n.e.c.	9.95 21.75	17.20 22.23	18.55 23.32	20.86 24.45	32.5 24.8
Machi	ne operators, assemblers, and inspectors	6.46	7.50	11.00	14.43	16.6
···acilli	Printing press operators	8.67	10.26	12.00	17.00	17.4
		7.11	7.11	7.50	7.86	7.9
	Laundering and dry cleaning machine operators	/ !!!				

Table 6-4. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs1, full-time workers:2 Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000 — Continued

Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90
Blue collar -Continued					
Machine energicus accomblere and increators					
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors -Continued					
Welders and cutters	\$11.25	\$11.25	\$12.00	\$13.62	\$15.72
Assemblers	5.40	6.50	6.50	9.40	11.81
Production inspectors, checkers and examiners	8.89	8.90	15.00	15.06	17.73
To a constant and the second s	0.40	40.40	44.00	40.07	40.40
Transportation and material moving	8.18	10.40	11.20	16.37	19.46
Truck drivers	8.00	10.42	10.57	16.23	17.00
Bus drivers	9.99	14.06	14.06	17.56	17.56
Industrial truck and tractor equipment operators Miscellaneous material moving equipment	7.93	8.18	10.38	11.20	11.20
operators, n.e.c.	10.21	13.27	14.23	21.20	21.20
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	6.25	6.60	7.91	10.00	12.83
Groundskeepers and gardeners, except farm	7.20	9.02	9.53	9.74	12.03
	6.00	9.02	10.79	11.30	12.15
Helpers, mechanics and repairers	8.75	10.00	11.14	11.30	11.78
Helpers, construction trades					
Construction laborers	7.00	7.00	7.89	9.50	12.00
Production helpers	7.38	8.35	9.00	12.36	16.34
Stock handlers and baggers	6.45	6.60	7.42	10.42	12.68
Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c	6.42	6.45	6.60	9.36	13.76
Vehicle washers and equipment cleaners	6.14	6.85	8.00	9.93	13.86
Hand packers and packagers	6.30	7.00	7.00	7.89	8.50
Laborers, except construction, n.e.c	6.25	6.45	7.63	9.51	14.65
Service	5.90	6.58	8.91	12.66	18.08
Protective service	10.42	12.66	17.79	18.14	20.67
Police and detectives, public service	16.76	18.04	18.04	20.02	22.60
Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law enforcement		10.0 1	10.01	20.02	
officers	15.63	17.44	18.75	20.42	20.67
Correctional institution officers	10.45	10.47	12.66	12.66	12.66
Guards and police, except public service	8.32	9.03	9.34	9.77	13.04
Food service	2.13	6.00	7.06	8.75	12.00
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	2.13	2.13	2.50	6.75	12.00
Waiters and waitresses	2.13	2.13	2.21	6.45	12.00
Other food service	6.08	6.44	7.50	9.34	13.97
Supervisors, food preparation and service	10.00	14.15	14.81	16.00	16.00
Cooks	7.46	7.50	7.76	8.61	9.50
Kitchen workers, food preparation	6.04	6.20	6.55	7.84	8.75
Food preparation, n.e.c.	6.08	6.15	6.56	9.52	9.68
Health service	6.63	8.03	9.12	10.10	12.73
Health aides, except nursing	8.63	8.63	9.35	11.86	12.73
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	6.50	6.90	8.91	9.81	11.06
Cleaning and building service	5.79	6.26	7.50	9.66	10.97
Maids and housemen	5.68	5.79	6.22	6.56	7.05
Janitors and cleaners	6.00	7.09	8.30	10.20	10.97
Personal service	5.90	8.14	9.22	15.25	25.83
Early childhood teachers' assistants	8.14	8.35	8.71	9.81	10.07
Larry orinionous teachers assistants	0.14	0.33	0.71	3.01	10.07

¹ Percentiles are calculated from average hourly wages for sampled establishment jobs within each occupation. The percentiles describe the distribution of an occupation's employment by the average wage rates for its jobs. For example, at the 10th percentile hourly wage for an occupation, one-tenth of the occupation's employment are found in sampled establishment jobs whose average wages are the same or less, and nine-tenths are in jobs averaging the same or more. The calculations of the 25th, 50th, 75th, and 90th percentiles follow the same logic. Hourly wages are the straight-time wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips.

2 Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore,

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means not elsewhere classified. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately. IN THIS SURVEY, THE NONRESPONSE RATE FOR PRIVATE INDUSTRY EXCEEDED REGULAR SURVEY STANDARDS FOR PUBLICATION. ACCORDINGLY, USERS SHOULD INTERPRET THESE RESULTS WITH THIS LIMITATION IN MIND.

a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

3 A classification system including about 400 in the last the second of the constant of the system including about 400 in the last the last the system including about 400 in the last the last the system including about 400 in the last th

A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

Table 6-5. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs1, part-time workers:2 Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000

All	\$5.15 5.15 5.65 7.00	\$5.50 5.46	\$6.75 6.79	\$9.06	C44 54
	5.65	5.46	6 79		\$11.54
White collar			5.10	9.57	12.98
	7.00	6.34	8.44	10.45	18.00
White collar excluding sales	7.00	8.57	10.07	16.00	22.34
Professional specialty and technical	7.33	10.00	15.71	21.63	27.00
Professional specialty	7.33	10.00	17.50	24.66	30.27
Engineers, architects, and surveyors Health related	- 17.30	- 19.71	22.34	27.00	30.27
	19.71	19.71	22.00	24.66	27.00
	17.35	26.25	26.25	27.03	30.99
Teachers, except college and university	7.33	8.12	10.00	13.50	19.67
Teachers, n.e.c.	8.25	8.25	13.55	15.71	19.67
Social, recreation, and religious workers	-	-	-	-	-
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and					
professionals, n.e.c.	_	_	_	_	_
Technical	8.17	8.17	15.00	15.62	18.00
Sales	5.40	5.68	6.21	7.45	9.02
Sales workers, other commodities	5.99	6.12	6.88	7.45 7.45	8.31
Cashiers	5.35	5.51	5.81	6.87	8.44
Casillets	3.33	3.31	3.01	0.07	0.44
Administrative support, including clerical	6.75	8.43	9.45	10.45	11.25
General office clerks	6.25	6.43	8.52	10.07	11.54
Blue collar	5.17	5.65	6.12	9.57	9.91
Precision production, craft, and repair	-	-	-	-	-
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	-	-	-	-	-
Transportation and material moving	5.83	5.83	5.83	10.90	11.71
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	5.15	5.30	5.95	6.58	7.81
Stock handlers and baggers	5.15	5.17	5.25	6.02	6.73
Service	3.00	5.15	5.76	7.52	8.33
Protective service	-	-	-	_	_
Food service	2.22	3.00	5.46	6.49	7.50
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	2.13	2.22	2.23	5.25	6.75
Waiters and waitresses	2.13	2.13	2.23	4.48	6.75
Other food service	5.40	5.46	5.76	6.74	8.25
Kitchen workers, food preparation	5.76	5.76	5.76	6.49	6.74
Food preparation, n.e.c.	5.40	5.40	5.46	5.46	8.25
Health service	7.42	8.19	9.00	9.00	10.00
Cleaning and building service	5.15	5.15	5.15	6.04	8.00
Janitors and cleaners	5.15	5.15	5.15	6.50	8.00
Personal service	5.25	5.25	5.25	6.00	8.17

¹ Percentiles are calculated from average hourly wages for sampled establishment jobs within each occupation. The percentiles describe the distribution of an occupation's employment by the average wage rates for its jobs. For example, at the 10th percentile hourly wage for an occupation, one-tenth of the occupation's employment are found in sampled establishment jobs whose average wages are the same or less, and nine-tenths are in jobs averaging the same or more. The calculations of the 25th, 50th, 75th, and 90th percentiles follow the same logic. Hourly wages are the straight-time wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips.

2 Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time abdule beautient to the difficition and the part of t

a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

³ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means not elsewhere classified. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately. IN THIS SURVEY, THE NONRESPONSE RATE FOR PRIVATE INDUSTRY EXCEEDED REGULAR SURVEY STANDARDS FOR PUBLICATION. ACCORDINGLY, USERS SHOULD INTERPRET THESE RESULTS WITH THIS LIMITATION IN MIND.

² Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore,

is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

Appendix A: Technical Note

This section provides basic information on the procedures and concepts used to produce the data contained in this bulletin. It is divided into three parts: Planning for the survey; data collection; and processing and analyzing the data. Although this section answers some questions commonly asked by data users, it is not a comprehensive description of all the steps required to produce the data.

Planning for the survey

The overall design of the survey includes questions of scope, frame, and sample selection.

Survey scope

This survey covered establishments employing 50 workers or more in goods-producing industries (mining, construction and manufacturing); service-producing industries (transportation, communications, electric, gas, and sanitary services; wholesale trade; retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services industries); and State and local governments. Agriculture, private households, and the Federal Government were excluded from the scope of the survey. For purposes of this survey, an establishment is an economic unit that produces goods or services, a central administrative office, or an auxiliary unit providing support services to a company. For private industries in this survey, the establishment is usually at a single physical location. For State and local governments, an establishment is defined as all locations of a government entity.

The Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Brazoria, Chambers, Fort Bend, Galveston, Harris, Liberty, Montgomery, and Waller Counties.

Sampling frame

The list of establishments from which the survey sample was selected (sampling frame) was developed from State unemployment insurance reports. Due to the volatility of industries within the private sector, sampling frames were developed using the most recent month of reference available at the time the sample was selected. The sampling frame was reviewed prior to the survey and, when necessary, missing establishments were added, out-of-business and out-of-scope establishments were removed, and addresses, employment levels, industry classification, and other information were updated.

Sample design

The sample for this survey area was selected using a twostage stratified design with probability proportional to employment sampling at each stage. The first stage of sample selection was a probability sample of establishments. The sample of establishments was drawn by first stratifying the sampling frame by industry and ownership. The number of sample establishments allocated to each stratum is approximately proportional to the stratum employment. Each sampled establishment is selected within a stratum with a probability proportional to its employment. Use of this technique means that the larger an establishment's employment, the greater its chance of selection. Weights were applied to each establishment when the data were tabulated so that it represents similar units (by industry and employment size) in the economy that were not selected for collection. See appendix table 2 for a count of establishments in the survey by employment size. The second stage of sample selection, detailed below, was a probability sample of occupations within a sampled establishment.

Data collection

The collection of data from survey respondents required detailed procedures. Field economists collected the data, working out of the Regional Office and visiting each establishment surveyed. Other contact methods, such as mail and telephone, were used to follow-up and update data.

Occupational selection and classification

Identification of the occupations for which wage data were to be collected was a multistep process:

- Probability-proportional-to-size selection of establishment jobs
- 2. Classification of jobs into occupations based on the Census of Population system
- 3. Characterization of jobs as full-time v. part-time, union v. nonunion, and time v. incentive
- 4. Determination of the level of work of each job

For each occupation, wage data were collected for those workers who met all the criteria identified in the last three steps. Special procedures were developed for jobs for which a correct classification or level could not be determined.

In step one, the jobs to be sampled were selected at each establishment by the BLS field economist during a personal visit. A complete list of employees was used for sampling, with each selected worker representing a job within the establishment.

As with the selection of establishments, the selection of a job was based on probability proportional to its size in the establishment. The greater the number of people working in a job in the establishment, the greater its chance of selection.

The number of jobs collected in each establishment was based on an establishment's employment size as shown in the following schedule:

Number of employees	Number of selected jobs
50–99	8
100-249	10
250-999	12
1000-2,499	16
2,500+	20

The second step of the process entailed classifying the selected jobs into occupations based on their duties. The National Compensation Survey occupational classification system is based on the 1990 Census of Population. A selected job may fall into any one of about 480 occupational classifications, from accountant to wood lathe operator. In cases where a job's duties overlapped two or more census classification codes, the duties used to set the wage level were used to classify the job. Classification by primary duties was the fallback.

Each occupational classification is an element of a broader classification known as a major occupational group (MOG). Occupations can fall into any of the following MOGs:

- Professional specialty and technical
- Executive, administrative, and managerial
- Sales
- Administrative support, including clerical
- Precision production, craft, and repair
- Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors
- Transportation and material moving
- Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers
- Service occupations

Appendix B contains a complete list of all individual occupations, classified by the MOG to which they belong.

In step three, certain other job characteristics of the chosen worker were identified. First, the worker was identified as holding either a full-time or part-time job, based on the establishment's definition of those terms. Then, the worker was classified as having a time versus incentive job, depending on whether any part of pay was directly based

on the actual production of the worker, rather than solely on hours worked. Finally, the worker was identified as being in a union job or a nonunion job. See the "Definition of Terms" section on the following page for more detail.

Generic leveling through point factor analysis

In the last step before wage data were collected, the work level of each selected job was determined using a "generic leveling" process. Generic leveling ranks and compares all occupations randomly selected in an establishment using the same criteria.

For this survey, the level of each occupation in an establishment was determined by an analysis of each of 10 leveling factors. Nine of these factors are drawn from the U.S. Government Office of Personnel Management's Factor Evaluation System, which is the underlying structure for evaluation of General Schedule Federal employees. The tenth factor, supervisory duties, attempts to account for the effect of supervisory duties. It is considered experimental. The 10 factors are:

- Knowledge
- Supervision received
- Guidelines
- Complexity
- Scope and effect
- Personal contacts
- Purpose of contacts
- Physical demands
- Work environment
- Supervisory duties

Each factor contains a number of levels, and each level has an associated written description and point value. The number and range of points differ among the factors. For each factor, an occupation was assigned a level based on the written description that best matched the job. Within each occupation, the points for nine factors (supervisory duties was excluded) were recorded and totaled. The total determines the overall level of the occupation. Appendix table 3 presents median work levels for published occupational groups and selected occupations. A description of the levels for each factor is shown in appendix C.

Tabulations of levels of work for occupations in the survey follow the Federal Government's white-collar General Schedule. Point ranges for each of the 15 levels are shown in appendix D. It also includes an example of a job with its associated leveling factors, and a guide to help data users evaluate jobs in their firms

Wage data collected in prior surveys using the new generic leveling method were evaluated by BLS researchers using regression techniques. For each of the major occupational groups, wages were compared to the 10 generic level factors (and levels within those factors). The analysis showed that several of the generic level factors, most notably knowledge and supervision received, had strong explanatory power for wages. That is, as the levels within a given factor increased, the wages also increased.

Collection period

Survey data were collected over a 13-month period for 60 metropolitan areas in the NCS program. For 20 small metropolitan areas, data were collected over a 4-month period. For each establishment in the survey, the data reflect the establishment's most recent information at the time of collection. The payroll reference month shown in the tables reflects the average date of this information for all sample units.

Earnings

Earnings were defined as regular payments from the employer to the employee as compensation for straight-time hourly work, or for any salaried work performed. The following components were included as part of earnings:

- Incentive pay, including commissions, production bonuses, and piece rates
- Cost-of-living allowances
- Hazard pay
- Payments of income deferred due to participation in a salary reduction plan
- Deadhead pay, defined as pay given to transportation workers returning in a vehicle without freight or passengers

The following forms of payments were *not* considered part of straight-time earnings:

- Shift differentials, defined as extra payment for working a schedule that varies from the norm, such as night or weekend work
- Premium pay for overtime, holidays, and weekends
- Bonuses not directly tied to production (such as Christmas and profit-sharing bonuses)
- Uniform and tool allowances
- Free room and board
- Payments made by third parties (for example, bonuses given by manufacturers to department store salespeople, referral incentives in real estate)
- On-call pay

To calculate earnings for various periods (hourly, weekly, and annual), data on work schedules also were collected. For hourly workers, scheduled hours worked per day and per week, exclusive of overtime, were recorded. Annual weeks worked were determined. Because salaried workers, exempt from overtime provisions, often work beyond the assigned work schedule, their typical number of hours actually worked was collected.

Definition of terms

Full-time worker. Any employee that the employer considers to be full time.

Incentive worker. Any employee whose earnings are tied, at least in part, to commissions, piece rates, production bonuses, or other incentives based on production or sales.

Level. A ranking of an occupation based on the requirements of the position. (See the description in the technical note on generic leveling through point factor analysis for more details on the leveling process.)

Nonunion worker. An employee in an occupation not meeting the conditions for union coverage (see below).

Part-time worker. Any employee that the employer considers to be part time.

Straight-time. Time worked at the standard rate of pay for the job.

Time-based worker. Any employee whose earnings are tied to an hourly rate or salary, and not to a specific level of production.

Union worker. Any employee is in a union occupation when all of the following conditions are met:

- A labor organization is recognized as the bargaining agent for all workers in the occupation
- Wage and salary rates are determined through collective bargaining or negotiations
- Settlement terms, which must include earnings provisions and may include benefit provisions, are embodied in a signed, mutually binding collective bargaining agreement

Processing and analyzing the data

Data were processed and analyzed at the Bureau's National Office following collection.

Weighting and nonresponse

Sample weights were calculated for each establishment and occupation in the survey. These weights reflected the relative size of the occupation within the establishment and of the establishment within the sample universe. Weights were used to aggregate the individual establishments or occupations into the various data series. Some of the establishments surveyed could not supply or refused to supply information. If data were not provided by a sample member, the weights of responding sample members in the same or similar "cells" were adjusted to account for the missing data. This technique assumes that the mean value of the nonrespondents equals the mean value of the respondents at some detailed "cell" level. Responding and nonresponding establishments were classified into these cells according to industry and employment size. Responding and nonresponding occupations within responding establishments were classified into cells that were additionally defined by major occupation group and job level.

Establishments that were determined to be out of business or outside the scope of the survey had their weights changed to zero. If only partial data were given by a sam-

ple establishment or occupation, or data were missing, the response was treated as a refusal.

Survey response

	Establish-
	ments
Total in sample	613
Responding	358
Out of business or not in	
survey scope	74
Unable or refused to pro-	
vide data	181

Some surveys may have a high nonresponse rate for the all industries or private industry iterations. Such instances are noted in the bulletin table footnotes.

Estimation

The wage series in the tables are computed by combining the wages for each sampled occupation. Before being combined, individual wage rates are weighted by: the number of workers; the sample weight, adjusted for nonresponding establishments and other factors; and the occupation's scheduled hours of work.

Not all calculated series met the criteria for publication. Before any series was published, it was reviewed to make sure that the number of observations underlying it was sufficient. This review prevented the publication of a series that could have revealed information about a specific establishment.

Estimates of the number of workers represent the total in all establishments within the scope of the study, and not the number actually surveyed. Because occupational structures among establishments differ, estimates of the number of workers obtained from the sample of establishments serve to indicate only the relative importance of the occupational groups studied.

Percentiles

The percentiles presented in tables 6–1 through 6–5 are computed using average hourly wages for sampled establishment jobs within each occupation. During this phase of the ongoing NCS development, establishments in the survey may report either individual-worker earnings or average wage rates for each sampled job. If individual-worker earnings are provided, an average hourly wage rate is computed for the job and used in the calculation of percentile estimates. The average hourly wages for each sampled job are appropriately weighted and then arrayed from lowest to highest.

The published 10th, 25th, 50th, 75th, and 90th percentiles describe the distribution of an occupation's employment by the average wage rates for its jobs. For example, at the 10th percentile, 10 percent of a published occupation's employment is in sampled establishment jobs that

had average hourly wages at the 10th percentile or less for that occupation.

Note that the percentiles in earlier NCS bulletins for this area (in the 3090 and 3095 bulletin series) were calculated from individual-worker earnings rather than from average wages for sampled establishment jobs. Research has shown that using average-wage data for jobs instead of individual-worker data has the effect of moving percentile estimates toward the median (50th percentile). This effect is greatest for occupations with a high degree of wage dispersion. However, medians calculated using the two methods are nearly identical.

Data reliability

The data in this bulletin are estimates from a scientifically selected probability sample. There are two types of errors possible in an estimate based on a sample survey, sampling and nonsampling.

Sampling errors occur because observations come only from a sample and not from an entire population. The sample used for this survey is one of a number of possible samples of the same size that could have been selected using the sample design. Estimates derived from the different samples would differ from each other.

A measure of the variation among these differing estimates is called the standard error or sampling error. It indicates the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error divided by the estimate. RSE data are provided alongside the earnings data in the bulletin tables.

The standard error can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. As an example, suppose a table shows that mean hourly earnings for all workers were \$12.79, with a relative standard error of 3.6 percent for this estimate. At the 90-percent level, the confidence interval for this estimate is \$13.55 to \$12.03 (1.645 times 3.6 percent = 5.922 percent times \$12.27, plus or minus \$0.76). If all possible samples were selected to estimate the population value, the interval from each sample would include the true population value approximately 90 percent of the time.

Nonsampling errors also affect survey results. They can stem from many sources, such as inability to obtain information for some establishments, difficulties with survey definitions, inability of the respondents to provide correct information, or mistakes in recording or coding the data obtained. A Technical Reinterview Program done in all survey areas will be used in the development of a formal quality assessment process to help compute nonsampling error. Although they were not specifically measured, the nonsampling errors were expected to be minimal due to the extensive training of the field economists who gathered the survey data by personal visit, computer edits of the data, and detailed data review.

Appendix table 1. Number of workers¹ represented by the survey, by occupational group,² National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000

	Full-time and part-time workers				
Occupational group	Total	Private industry	State and local government		
All occupations	967,100 888,400	746,600 668,500	220,500 219,800		
White collar	544,600 465,800	390,300 312,200	154,300 153,600		
Professional specialty and technical Professional specialty Technical	219,100 174,300 44,800	124,800 86,600 38,200	94,300 87,700 6,700		
Executive, administrative, and managerial Sales	81,400 78,700	64,400 78,100	17,000		
Administrative support, including clerical	165,400	123,000	42,300		
Blue collar Precision production, craft, and repair Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Transportation and material moving Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	275,800 100,100 56,300 43,200 76,300	256,300 92,900 56,200 36,000 71,300	19,500 7,200 - 7,200 5,000		
Service	146,700	99,900	46,700		

¹ The number of workers represented by the survey are rounded to the nearest 100. Estimates of the number of workers rounded to the nearest 100. Estimates of the number of workers provide a description of size and composition of the labor force included in the survey. Estimates are not intended, however, for comparison to other statistical series to measure employment trends or levels. Both full-time and part-time workers were included in the survey.

2 A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy.

See appendix B for more information.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. IN THIS SURVEY, THE NONRESPONSE RATE FOR PRIVATE INDUSTRY EXCEEDED REGULAR SURVEY STANDARDS FOR PUBLICATION. ACCORDINGLY, USERS SHOULD INTERPRET THESE RESULTS WITH THIS LIMITATION IN MIND.

Appendix table 2. Number of establishments represented by survey and the number studied by industry division and establishment employment size, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000

Industry	Number of establish- ments repre- sented ¹	Number of establishments studied					
		Total studied	50 - 99 workers ²	100 workers or more			
				Total	100 - 499 workers	500 workers or more	
All industries	4,900	358	81	277	144	133	
Private industry	,	319	80	239	136	103	
Goods-producing industries		98	17	81	36	45	
Mining		14	1	13	4	9	
Construction	400	22	7	15	5	10	
Manufacturing	800	62	9	53	27	26	
Service-producing industries	3,600	221	63	158	100	58	
Transportation and public utilities	300	24	4	20	11	9	
Wholesale and retail trade	1,600	74	23	51	43	8	
Finance, insurance and real estate		19	9	10	2	8	
Services	1,200	104	27	77	44	33	
State and local government	100	39	1	38	8	30	

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported. Overall industry and industry groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

 $^{^{1}}$ Number of establishments represented by the survey rounded to the nearest 100. 2 Establishments classified with 50-99 workers may contain establishments with fewer than 50 due to staff reductions between survey sampling and collection.

Appendix table 3. Median work levels for all workers, full-time and part-time workers: Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000

Occupation ²	All workers	Full-time workers	Part-tim workers
A II	_	_	0
All All excluding sales	5 5	5 5	2
All excluding sales	3	5	
White collar	6	7	3
White collar excluding sales	7	7	4
TTING CONG. GARDAGING CAICO	'		
Professional specialty and technical	7	7	6
Professional specialty	8	8	6
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	10	10	_
Petroleum engineers	12	12	_
Chemical engineers	9	9	-
Civil engineers	11	11	-
Mechanical engineers	9	9	-
Engineers, n.e.c.		10	-
Mathematical and computer scientists		9	-
Computer systems analysts and scientists	9	9	-
Natural scientists		8	-
Geologists and geodesists		7	-
Health related	8	8	8
Registered nurses	1	8	8
Pharmacists		7	_
Respiratory therapists	7	-	-
Teachers, college and university		10	9
Other post-secondary teachers		12	_
Teachers, except college and university	7	7	5
Elementary school teachers		7	_
Secondary school teachers Teachers, n.e.c.		7 9	6
Vocational and educational counselors		8	O
Librarians, archivists, and curators		7	_
Librarians	7	7	
Social scientists and urban planners	_′		_
Social, recreation, and religious workers	7	7	_
Social workers	7	7	_
Lawyers and judges	10	10	_
Lawyers	_	10	_
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and professionals,	'		
n.e.c	6	8	_
Designers	5	5	_
Professional, n.e.c.	7	_	_
Technical	6	6	5
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	5	5	_
Radiological technicians	6	6	-
Licensed practical nurses	5	5	-
Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c	5	5	-
Electrical and electronic technicians	6	6	-
Engineering technicians, n.e.c.	6	6	-
Drafters		8	-
Chemical technicians		5	-
Airplane pilots and navigators		7	_
Technical and related, n.e.c	6	6	_
	_		
Executive, administrative, and managerial		9	_
Executives, administrators, and managers		11	_
Administrators and officials, public administration		8	_
Financial managers		9	_
Purchasing managers	8 12	8 12	_
Managers, marketing, advertising, and public relations	I	11	_
Administrators, education and related fields		9	_
Managers, medicine and health		9 7	_
Managers and administrators, n.e.c.		11	_
Management related		8	_
Accountants and auditors		8	_
Other financial officers		9	_
Management analysts		9	_
Personnel, training, and labor relations specialists		7	_
Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c	9	9	_

Appendix table 3. Median work levels for all workers, full-time and part-time workers: Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000 — Continued

Occupation ²	All workers	Full-time workers	Part-tin worker
White collar –Continued			
Sales	4	4	2
Supervisors, sales	8	8	_
Securities and financial services sales		7	_
Sales, other business services	6	6	_
Sales representatives, mining, manufacturing, and			
wholesale		6	_
Sales workers, motor vehicles and boats	I	4	_
Sales workers, furniture and home furnishings		6	_
Sales workers, parts		4	
Sales workers, other commodities		4	4
Sales counter clerks	I	3	1
Cashiers		2 4	1
Sales support, n.e.c.	4	4	_
Administrative support, including clerical		4	3
Supervisors, general office	6	6	-
Supervisors, distribution, scheduling, and adjusting			
clerks		8	-
Computer operators	I	6	_
SecretariesInterviewers		4	_
		4	_
Transportation ticket and reservation agents		2	_
Information clerks, n.e.c.	l l	4	_
Order clerks		4	_
Personnel clerks, except payroll and timekeeping		5	_
Library clerks		_	_
File clerks		2	_
Records clerks, n.e.c.	l l	3	_
Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks		4	_
Billing clerks		3	_
Dispatchers		4	_
Production coordinators	I	6	_
Traffic, shipping and receiving clerks	I	3	_
Stock and inventory clerks		3	_
Material recording, scheduling, and distribution clerk			
n.e.c		5	_
Insurance adjusters, examiners, and investigators		5	_
Investigators and adjusters, except insurance	5	5	_
General office clerks	3	3	2
Data entry keyers	2	3	_
Teachers' aides	3	3	_
Administrative support, n.e.c.	4	4	_
lue collar	3	4	2
Dracinian was direction are ft and vancin			
Precision production, craft, and repair		6 8	_
Supervisors, mechanics and repairers		6	_
Automobile mechanics Bus, truck, and stationary engine mechanics		5	_
Industrial machinery repairers		6	
Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c.		6	_
Supervisors, construction trades, n.e.c.		7	
Carpenters		5	
Electricians		6	-
Plumbers, pipefitters and steamfitters		6	_
Insulation workers		6	_
Construction trades, n.e.c.		2	_
Supervisors, production	I	7	_
Machinists		6	_
Butchers and meat cutters		5	-
Inspectors, testers, and graders		5	-
Miscellaneous plant and system operators, n.e.c		6	-
		1	1
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	3	3	_

Appendix table 3. Median work levels for all workers, full-time and part-time workers: Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX, January 2000 — Continued

Occupation ²	All workers	Full-time workers	Part-time workers
Blue collar –Continued			
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors -Continued			
Laundering and dry cleaning machine operators	1	1	_
Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c	3	3	_
Welders and cutters	6	6	-
Assemblers	2	2	_
Production inspectors, checkers and examiners	6	6	_
Transportation and material moving	3	3	1
Truck drivers	4	4	-
Bus drivers	3	3	-
Industrial truck and tractor equipment operators	3	3	-
Miscellaneous material moving equipment operators,			
n.e.c.	4	4	_
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	1	1	1
Groundskeepers and gardeners, except farm	2	2	
Helpers, mechanics and repairers	2	2	_
Helpers, construction trades	3	3	_
Construction laborers	1 1	1	_
Production helpers			_
Stock handlers and baggers		2	1
			1
Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c.	2	1	_
Garage and service station related	2	_	_
Vehicle washers and equipment cleaners	2	2	-
Hand packers and packagers	2	1	_
Laborers, except construction, n.e.c.	1	1	_
Service	2	2	1
Protective service	5	6	_
Firefighting	4	-	-
Police and detectives, public service	6	6	_
Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law enforcement officers	7	7	_
Correctional institution officers	5	5	_
Guards and police, except public service	_	3	_
Food service	2	1	2
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	1	1	1
Waiters and waitresses	1	1	1
Waiters'/Waitresses' assistants	l i		
Other food service	2	2	2
Supervisors, food preparation and service	5	5	_
Cooks	3	3	_
Kitchen workers, food preparation	1	1	2
Food preparation, n.e.c.	1	1	1
Health service	2	2	3
Health aides, except nursing	3	3	_
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	2	2	_
Cleaning and building service	1	1	1
Maids and housemen			
Janitors and cleaners		2	1
Personal service	3	4	
Early childhood teachers' assistants	3	3	
Service, n.e.c.	3		_
	ıs		_

¹ Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

2 A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. The occupations titled authors,

musicians, actors, painters, photographers, dancers, artists, athletes, and legislators cannot be assigned a work level. See appendix B for more information.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.