

Table B-4. Fatal occupational injuries by State and major occupational group, 1995

State of injury	Total fatalities (number)	Occupation ¹ (percent)						
		Managerial and professional specialty	Technical, sales, and administrative support	Service occupations	Farming, forestry, and fishing	Precision production, craft, and repair	Operators, fabricators, and laborers	Military occupations
Total	6,210	11	13	9	14	17	33	2
Alabama	150	10	17	9	5	15	31	—
Alaska	78	—	14	—	26	6	17	33
Arizona	86	28	19	16	—	10	24	—
Arkansas	91	8	10	8	9	16	36	—
California	614	13	15	10	10	14	32	3
Colorado	112	13	13	10	13	14	29	3
Connecticut	32	—	—	9	12	22	44	—
Delaware	12	—	—	—	—	25	33	—
District of Columbia	16	—	19	44	—	—	—	—
Florida	376	11	13	8	9	20	38	2
Georgia	237	10	21	8	7	19	33	3
Hawaii	24	12	12	17	—	25	—	17
Idaho	53	13	11	6	17	17	25	11
Illinois	249	12	10	6	11	24	37	—
Indiana	156	16	7	8	15	17	37	—
Iowa	54	—	7	—	46	7	37	—
Kansas	95	14	6	11	17	16	31	5
Kentucky	140	6	9	2	42	11	29	—
Louisiana	139	9	9	11	9	24	36	2
Maine	18	17	—	—	22	—	39	—
Maryland	86	14	16	10	3	22	31	—
Massachusetts	65	12	11	15	12	22	28	—
Michigan	149	16	9	10	9	17	38	—
Minnesota	84	12	7	6	35	15	23	—
Mississippi	128	7	12	12	20	12	33	3
Missouri	125	15	8	3	20	22	30	—
Montana	34	—	9	—	38	21	24	—
Nebraska	54	6	11	—	26	13	41	—
Nevada	51	14	12	14	6	25	27	—
New Hampshire	12	33	—	—	—	25	—	—
New Jersey	118	8	8	14	6	17	46	—
New Mexico	58	5	12	5	10	24	33	10
New York (except N.Y.C.)	158	11	11	8	16	15	37	—
New York City	144	10	30	15	—	10	34	—
North Carolina	187	3	10	9	18	15	39	6
North Dakota	28	—	14	—	43	—	32	—
Ohio	186	5	13	8	19	15	41	—
Oklahoma	199	32	27	12	6	8	15	2
Oregon	73	14	7	—	18	14	44	—
Pennsylvania	233	12	14	9	13	17	35	—
Rhode Island	10	—	—	30	—	—	30	—
South Carolina	103	12	16	9	8	19	35	—
South Dakota	26	—	—	—	35	12	42	—
Tennessee	179	7	8	6	26	19	34	—
Texas	475	8	16	7	11	21	35	2
Utah	51	14	10	8	6	24	37	—
Vermont	16	25	—	—	25	—	19	—
Virginia	132	8	11	8	12	18	30	6
Washington	109	12	13	13	27	16	19	—
West Virginia	56	—	7	5	14	23	46	—
Wisconsin	117	17	14	7	25	9	26	—
Wyoming	32	—	16	—	16	9	47	—

¹ Based on the 1990 Occupational Classification System developed by the Bureau of the Census.

of rounding.

NOTE: Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Percentages may not add to totals because

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, in cooperation with State and Federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries, 1995.