DOCUMENTATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL INDICATOR DETERMINATION

Interim Final 2/5/99

RCRA Corrective Action

Environmental Indicator (EI) RCRIS code (CA725) Current Human Exposures Under Control

Facility Name: ITT Night Vision (Building 3)

Facility Address: 7669 Enon Drive, Roanoke, VA 24019

Facility EPA ID #: VAD 98 055 0909

1.	Has all available relevant/significant information on known and reasonably suspected releases to soil,							
	groundwater, surface water/sediments, and air, subject to RCRA Corrective Action (e.g., from Solid Waste							
	Management Units (SWMU), Regulated Units (RU), and Areas of Concern (AOC)), been considered in this							
	EI determination?							
	X If yes - check here and continue with #2 below.							

____ if data are not available skip to #6 and enter"IN" (more information needed) status code.

BACKGROUND

<u>Definition of Environmental Indicators (for the RCRA Corrective Action)</u>

____ If no - re-evaluate existing data, or

Environmental Indicators (EI) are measures being used by the RCRA Corrective Action program to go beyond programmatic activity measures (e.g., reports received and approved, etc.) to track changes in the quality of the environment. The two EI developed to-date indicate the quality of the environment in relation to current human exposures to contamination and the migration of contaminated groundwater. An EI for non-human (ecological) receptors is intended to be developed in the future.

Definition of "Current Human Exposures Under Control" EI

A positive "Current Human Exposures Under Control" EI determination ("YE" status code) indicates that there are no "unacceptable" human exposures to "contamination" (i.e., contaminants in concentrations in excess of appropriate risk-based levels) that can be reasonably expected under current land- and groundwater-use conditions (for all "contamination" subject to RCRA corrective action at or from the identified facility (i.e., site-wide)).

Relationship of EI to Final Remedies

While Final remedies remain the long-term objective of the RCRA Corrective Action program the EI are near-term objectives which are currently being used as Program measures for the Government Performance and Results Act of 1993, GPRA). The "Current Human Exposures Under Control" EI are for reasonably expected human exposures under current land- and groundwater-use conditions ONLY, and do not consider potential future land- or groundwater-use conditions or ecological receptors. The RCRA Corrective Action program's overall mission to protect human health and the environment requires that Final remedies address these issues (i.e., potential future human exposure scenarios, future land and groundwater uses, and ecological receptors).

Duration / Applicability of EI Determinations

EI Determinations status codes should remain in RCRIS national database ONLY as long as they remain true (i.e., RCRIS status codes must be changed when the regulatory authorities become aware of contrary information).

Page 2

2. Are groundwater, soil, surface water, sediments, or air **media** known or reasonably suspected to be "contaminated" above appropriately protective risk-based "levels" (applicable promulgated standards, as well as other appropriate standards, guidelines, guidance, or criteria) from releases subject to RCRA Corrective Action (from SWMUs, RUs or AOCs)?

	Yes	<u>No</u>	<u>?</u>	Rationale / Key Contaminants	
Groundwater _X_				_GW - acetone; chloroethane; 1,1 DCE; 1,1 DCA;	
Air (indoors) ²		_X_		_1,2 DCE; isopropanol, methylene chloride	
Surface Soil (e.g.,	<2 ft)	_X_		_PCE; toluene; 1,1,1 TCA; TCE and	
Surface Water	_X_			_vinyl chloride. Surface Water -TCE	
Sediment		_X_			
Subsurf. Soil (e.g.,					
Air (outdoors)					
t	If no (for all media) - skip to #6, and enter "YE," status code after providing or citing appropriate "levels," and referencing sufficient supporting documentation demonstration that these "levels" are not exceeded.				
·	X_ If yes (for any media) - continue after identifying key contaminants in each "contaminated" medium, citing appropriate "levels" (or provide an explanation for the determination that the medium could pose an unacceptable risk), and referencing supporting documentation.				
I	f unknown (for	any med	dia) - ski	p to #6 and enter "IN" status code.	

Rationale and Reference(s): The media above were screened against the following criteria: groundwater - MCLs/RBCs; surface soil and subsurface soil - residential RBCs; surface water MCLs; sediments all ND; indoor air OSHA PELs and American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygiene threshold level values; outdoor air not quantitatively screened, but since the indoor air poses no risk, it is a good assumption that the outdoor air poses no threat either.

Footnotes:

¹ "Contamination" and "contaminated" describes media containing contaminants (in any form, NAPL and/or dissolved, vapors, or solids, that are subject to RCRA) in concentrations in excess of appropriately protective risk-based "levels" (for the media, that identify risks within the acceptable risk range).

²Recent evidence (from the Colorado Dept. of Public Health and Environment, and others) suggest that unacceptable indoor air concentrations are more common in structures above groundwater with volatile contaminants than previously believed. This is a rapidly developing field and reviewers are encouraged to look to the latest guidance for the appropriate methods and scale of demonstration necessary to be reasonably certain that indoor air (in structures located above (and adjacent to) groundwater with volatile contaminants) does not present unacceptable risks.

Page 3

3. Are there **complete pathways** between "contamination" and human receptors such that exposures can be reasonably expected under the current (land- and groundwater-use) conditions?

"Contaminated" Media

Summary Exposure Pathway Evaluation Table

Potential <u>Human Receptors</u> (Under Current Conditions)

Residents Workers Day-Care Construction Trespassers Recreation Food³

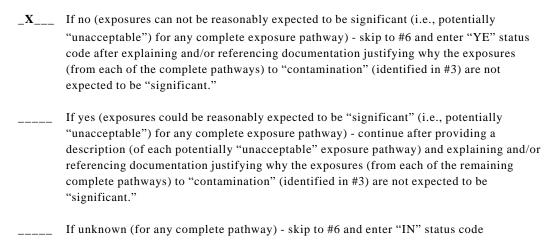
Groundwater	NOT US	SED					
Air (indoors)							
Soil (surface, e.g.,	<2 ft)						
Surface Water					Yes		
Sediment							
Soil (subsurface e.g	$\frac{1}{1$						
Air (outdoors)							
Instructions for Sur	nmary Exposure P	athway Evalu	uation Tab	<u>e</u> :			
	out specific Media ated") as identifie	_		ptors' space:	s for Media w	hich are no	t
2. enter "	yes" or "no" for p	otential "com	nnleteness"	under each	"Contaminate	d" Media -	- Human
	combination (Path		-preteness	under eden			11411411
Receptor	omomation (1 atm	/ .					
Note: In order to fo	cus the evaluation	to the most	probable c	ombinations	some potenti	al "Contam	inated"
Media - Human Re			-		-		
combinations may	•						
added as necessary	-		·			C	
to p c	If no (pathways are not complete for any contaminated media-receptor combination) - skip to #6, and enter "YE" status code, after explaining and/or referencing condition(s) inplace, whether natural or man-made, preventing a complete exposure pathway from each contaminated medium (e.g., use optional <u>Pathway Evaluation Work Sheet</u> to analyze major pathways).						
	f yes (pathways ar ombination) - con	-	-			an Recepto	r
	f unknown (for an nd enter "IN" stat	-	ated" Medi	a - Human R	eceptor comb	ination) - sl	kip to #6

Rationale and Reference(s): Surface water is complete. However, screening against MCLs is not really relevant, since the stream is too small to be used as a source of drinking water.

³ Indirect Pathway/Receptor (e.g., vegetables, fruits, crops, meat and dairy products, fish, shellfish, etc.)

Page 4

4.	Can the exposures from any of the complete pathways identified in #3 be reasonably expected to be
	"significant" (i.e., potentially "unacceptable" because exposures can be reasonably expected to be: 1)
	greater in magnitude (intensity, frequency and/or duration) than assumed in the derivation of the
	acceptable "levels" (used to identify the "contamination"); or 2) the combination of exposure magnitude
	(perhaps even though low) and contaminant concentrations (which may be substantially above the
	acceptable "levels") could result in greater than acceptable risks)?



Rationale and Reference(s): The extent of impact to the stream is extremely limited and the unnamed tributary is too small to use as a drinking water source.

⁴ If there is any question on whether the identified exposures are "significant" (i.e., potentially "unacceptable") consult a human health Risk Assessment specialist with appropriate education, training and experience.

Page 5

	If yes (all "significant" exposures have been shown to be within acceptable limits) - continue and enter "YE" after summarizing <u>and</u> referencing documentation justifying why all "significant" exposures to "contamination" are within acceptable limits (e.g., a site-specific Human Health Risk Assessment).
	If no (there are current exposures that can be reasonably expected to be "unacceptable")-continue and enter "NO" status code after providing a description of each potentially "unacceptable" exposure.
	If unknown (for any potentially "unacceptable" exposure) - continue and enter "IN" status code
Rationale and Reference(s):	

Page 6

6.	Check the appropriate RCRIS status codes for the Current Human Exposures Under Control EI event code (CA725), and obtain Supervisor (or appropriate Manager) signature and date on the EI determination below (and attach appropriate supporting documentation as well as a map of the facility):							
	X_	X_ YE - Yes, "Current Human Exposures Under Control" has been verified. Based on a review of the information contained in this EI Determination, "Current Human Exposures are expected to be "Under Control" at the ITT facility, EPA ID # VAD 98 055 0909, located at 7669 Enon Drive, Roanoke, VA is under current and reasonably expected conditions. This determination will be re-evaluated when the Agency/State becomes aware of significant changes at the facility.						
		NO - "Current Human Exposures" are NOT "Under Control."						
	IN - More information is needed to make a determination.							
	Completed by	(signature) Date 02-25-00 (print) Deborah Goldblum (title) Remedial Project Manager						
	Supervisor	(signature) (print) Robert E. Greaves (title) Chief, General Operations Branch (EPA Region or State) EPA, Region 3						
	Locations where References may be found:							
	RCRA Facility Investigation December 1999 located at ITT and EPA file room.							
	Contact telephone and e-mail numbers:							
	(name) (phone (e-mail	#) 215-814-3432						

FINAL NOTE: THE HUMAN EXPOSURES ELIS A QUALITATIVE SCREENING OF EXPOSURES AND THE DETERMINATIONS WITHIN THIS DOCUMENT SHOULD NOT BE USED AS THE SOLE BASIS FOR RESTRICTING THE SCOPE OF MORE DETAILED (E.G., SITE-SPECIFIC) ASSESSMENTS OF RISK.