### DOCUMENTATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL INDICATOR DETERMINATION

Interim Final 2/5/99

### **RCRA Corrective Action**

## Environmental Indicator (EI) RCRIS code (CA725) Current Human Exposures Under Control

Facility Name: Facility Address: Facility EPA ID #:		Virginia Commonwealth University – Sanger Hall				
		1101 East Marshall Street Sanger Hall Richmond VA VAD000798645				
_	<u>X</u>	_If yes - check here and continue with #2 belowIf no - re-evaluate existing data, or _if data are not available skip to #6 and enter"IN" (more information needed) status code.				

#### **BACKGROUND**

Sanger Hall includes academic and administrative offices and laboratory facilities of the School of Medicine, administrative offices of the Vice President for Research and Graduate Affairs, the MCV Campus Student Services Center, centrally scheduled classrooms and lecture halls, offices and services of Academic Technology (including Health Sciences Computing and Media Production Center), MCV Hospitals clinical support services, and VCU Physical Plant Division services. According to Mr. Mike Miller Senior Safety Engineer, Office of Environmental Health & Safety, this ID Number covers all individual laboratories at Sanger Hall. One hazardous waste storage facility is maintained and is in the process of being moved.

Sanger Hall is located on the East Campus of Virginia Commonwealth University in Richmond, Virginia, approximately ½ mile to the east is Interstate 95. Sanger Hall is a large multi-story building that occupies a major portion of the city block within the medical campus.

Sanger Hall has operated as a hazardous waste storage facility since January 15, 1976. Sanger Hall became subject to regulations promulgated under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act on November 19, 1980.

On September 2, 1983, the Virginia Department of Waste Management (VDWM) requested that VCU submit a Part B application for Sanger Hall. Deciding not to pursue a Part B Application, Sanger Hall's interim status was terminated on November 20, 1984. On February 19, 1985, VDWM approved the closure plan.

#### **Definition of Environmental Indicators (for the RCRA Corrective Action)**

Environmental Indicators (EI) are measures being used by the RCRA Corrective Action program to go beyond programmatic activity measures (e.g., reports received and approved, etc.) to track changes in the quality of the environment. The two EI developed to-date indicate the quality of the environment in relation to current human exposures to contamination and the migration of contaminated groundwater. An EI for non-human (ecological) receptors is intended to be developed in the future.

## **Definition of "Current Human Exposures Under Control" EI**

A positive "Current Human Exposures Under Control" EI determination ("YE" status code) indicates that there are no "unacceptable" human exposures to "contamination" (i.e., contaminants in concentrations in excess of appropriate risk-based levels) that can be reasonably expected under current land- and groundwater-use conditions (for all

"contamination" subject to RCRA corrective action at or from the identified facility (i.e., site-wide)).

## **Relationship of EI to Final Remedies**

While Final remedies remain the long-term objective of the RCRA Corrective Action program the EI are near-term objectives which are currently being used as Program measures for the Government Performance and Results Act of 1993, GPRA). The "Current Human Exposures Under Control" EI are for reasonably expected human exposures under current land- and groundwater-use conditions ONLY, and do not consider potential future land- or groundwater-use conditions or ecological receptors. The RCRA Corrective Action program's overall mission to protect human health and the environment requires that Final remedies address these issues (i.e., potential future human exposure scenarios, future land and groundwater uses, and ecological receptors).

### **Duration / Applicability of EI Determinations**

EI Determinations status codes should remain in RCRIS national database ONLY as long as they remain true (i.e., RCRIS status codes must be changed when the regulatory authorities become aware of contrary information).

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2. Are groundwater, soil, surface water, sediments, or air **media** known or reasonably suspected to be "**contaminated**" above appropriately protective risk-based "levels" (applicable promulgated standards, as well as other appropriate standards, guidelines, guidance, or criteria) from releases subject to RCRA Corrective Action (from SWMUs, RUs or AOCs)?

Yes

No

Groundwater	<u> </u>			
Air (indoors) <sup>2</sup>	X			
Surface Soil (e.g., <2 ft)	X			
Surface Water	X			
Sediment	X			
Subsurf. Soil (e.g., >2 ft	X			
Air (outdoors)	X			
appro	for all media) - skip to #6, and enter "YE," status code after providing or citing priate "levels," and referencing sufficient supporting documentation demonstrating that 'levels" are not exceeded.			
— mediu	s (for any media) - continue after identifying key contaminants in each "contaminated" um, citing appropriate "levels" (or provide an explanation for the determination that the um could pose an unacceptable risk), and referencing supporting documentation.			

Rationale / Key Contaminants

### **Rationale and Reference(s):**

RCRA SITE VISIT REPORT Virginia Commonwealth University – Sanger Hall VAD000798645 January 23, 2006

If unknown (for any media) - skip to #6 and enter "IN" status code.

#### Footnotes:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> "Contamination" and "contaminated" describes media containing contaminants (in any form, NAPL and/or dissolved, vapors, or solids, that are subject to RCRA) in concentrations in excess of appropriately protective risk-based "levels" (for the media, that identify risks within the acceptable risk range).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Recent evidence (from the Colorado Dept. of Public Health and Environment, and others) suggest that unacceptable indoor air concentrations are more common in structures above groundwater with volatile contaminants than previously believed. This is a rapidly developing field and reviewers are encouraged to look to the latest guidance for the appropriate methods and scale of demonstration necessary to be reasonably certain that indoor air (in structures located above (and adjacent to) groundwater with volatile contaminants) does not present unacceptable risks.

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3. Are there **complete pathways** between "contamination" and human receptors such that exposures can be reasonably expected under the current (land- and groundwater-use) conditions?

## **Summary Exposure Pathway Evaluation Table**

Potential **Human Receptors** (Under Current Conditions)

Contaminated" Media	Residents	Workers	Day- Care	Construction	Trespassers	Recreation	Food <sup>3</sup>
Groundwater							
Air (indoors)							
Soil (surface, e.g., <2 ft)							
Surface Water							
Sediment							
Soil (subsurface e.g., >2 ft)							
Air (outdoors)							

Instructions for **Summary Exposure Pathway Evaluation Table**:

- 1. Strike-out specific Media including Human Receptors' spaces for Media which are not "contaminated" as identified in #2 above.
- 2. enter "yes" or "no" for potential "completeness" under each "Contaminated" Media -- Human Receptor combination (Pathway).

Note: In order to focus the evaluation to the most probable combinations some potential "Contaminated"
Media - Human Receptor combinations (Pathways) do not have check spaces (""). While these
combinations may not be probable in most situations they may be possible in some settings and should be
added as necessary.

-	If no (pathways are not complete for any contaminated media-receptor combination) - skip
	to #6, and enter "YE" status code, after explaining and/or referencing condition(s) in-place, whether natural or man-made, preventing a complete exposure pathway from each
	contaminated medium (e.g., use optional <u>Pathway Evaluation Work Sheet</u> to analyze major pathways).
	If yes (pathways are complete for any "Contaminated" Media - Human Receptor combination) - continue after providing supporting explanation.
	If unknown (for any "Contaminated" Media - Human Receptor combination) - skip to #6 and enter "IN" status code.

### **Rationale and Reference(s):**

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Indirect Pathway/Receptor (e.g., vegetables, fruits, crops, meat and dairy products, fish, shellfish, etc.)

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4.	"significant" (i.e., potentially "unacceptable" because exposures can be reasonably expected to be: 1) greater in magnitude (intensity, frequency and/or duration) than assumed in the derivation of the acceptable "levels" (used to identify the "contamination"); or 2) the combination of exposure magnitude (perhaps even though low) and contaminant concentrations (which may be substantially above the acceptable "levels") could result in greater than acceptable risks)?
	If no (exposures can not be reasonably expected to be significant (i.e., potentially "unacceptable") for any complete exposure pathway) - skip to #6 and enter "YE" status code after explaining and/or referencing documentation justifying why the exposures (from each of the complete pathways) to "contamination" (identified in #3) are not expected to be "significant."
_	If yes (exposures could be reasonably expected to be "significant" (i.e., potentially "unacceptable") for any complete exposure pathway) - continue after providing a description (of each potentially "unacceptable" exposure pathway) and explaining and/or referencing documentation justifying why the exposures (from each of the remaining complete pathways) to "contamination" (identified in #3) are not expected to be "significant."
	If unknown (for any complete pathway) - skip to #6 and enter "IN" status code
	Rationale and Reference(s):

<sup>4</sup> If there is any question on whether the identified exposures are "significant" (i.e., potentially "unacceptable") consult a human health Risk Assessment specialist with appropriate education, training and experience.

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5.	Can the "significant" exposures (identified in #4) be shown to be within acceptable limits?		
	If yes (all "significant" exposures have been shown to be within acceptable limits) - continue and enter "YE" after summarizing <u>and</u> referencing documentation justifying why all "significant" exposures to "contamination" are within acceptable limits (e.g., a site-specific Human Health Risk Assessment).		
	If no (there are current exposures that can be reasonably expected to be "unacceptable")- continue and enter "NO" status code after providing a description of each potentially "unacceptable" exposure.		
	If unknown (for any potentially "unacceptable" exposure) - continue and enter "IN" status code		
	Rationale and Reference(s):		

6. Check the appropriate RCRIS status codes for the Current Hu (CA725), and obtain Supervisor (or appropriate Manager) si (and attach appropriate supporting documentation as well as				ignature and date on the EI determination below		
		of the information expected to be "U facility, EPA ID a Hall Richmond will be re-evaluate facility. NO - "Current Facility.	contained in this EI Determination, inder Control" at the <u>Virginia Commerce VAD000798645</u> , located at <u>1101 VA</u> under current and reasonably extend when the Agency/State becomes furnam Exposures" are NOT "Under	monwealth University – Sanger Hall East Marshall Street Room Sanger Dected conditions. This determination aware of significant changes at the Control."		
			mation is needed to make a determine			
Compl	eted by:	(Signature)		Date		
		(print) (title)		_		
		(title)		_		
Superv	visor	(Signature)		Date		
		(print)		<u> </u>		
		(title)		_		
	Locati	ons where References may	be found:			
	USEP. 1650 A	A Region III Arch Street elphia, PA 19103				
	Contac	t telephone and e-mail nun	nbers:			
		(name)	William Geiger	<u> </u>		
		(phone #)	215-814-3413	_		
		(e-mail)	Geiger.william@epa.gov	<u></u>		

FINAL NOTE: THE HUMAN EXPOSURES EI IS A QUALITATIVE SCREENING OF EXPOSURES AND THE DETERMINATIONS WITHIN THIS DOCUMENT SHOULD NOT BE USED AS THE SOLE BASIS FOR RESTRICTING THE SCOPE OF MORE DETAILED (E.G., SITE-SPECIFIC) ASSESSMENTS OF RISK.