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Notes on Current Labor Statistics

This section of the Review presents the principal statistical series collected and calculated by the Bureau of Labor Statistics: series on labor force; employment; unemployment; labor compensation; consumer, producer, and international prices; productivity; international comparisons; and injury and illness statistics. In the notes that follow, the data in each group of tables are briefly described; key definitions are given; notes on the data are set forth; and sources of additional information are cited.

General notes

The following notes apply to several tables in this section:

Seasonal adjustment. Certain monthly and quarterly data are adjusted to eliminate the effect on the data of such factors as climatic conditions, industry production schedules, opening and closing of schools, holiday buying periods, and vacation practices, which might prevent short-term evaluation of the statistical series. Tables containing data that have been adjusted are identified as "seasonally adjusted." (All other data are not seasonally adjusted.) Seasonal effects are estimated on the basis of current and past experiences. When new seasonal factors are computed each year, revisions may affect seasonally adjusted data for several preceding years.

Seasonally adjusted data appear in tables 1-14, 17-21, 48, and 52. Seasonally adjusted labor force data in tables 1 and 4-9 and seasonally adjusted establishment survey data shown in tables 1, 12-14, and 17 usually are revised in the March issue of the Review. A brief explanation of the seasonal adjustment methodology appears in "Notes on the data."

Revisions in the productivity data in table 54 are usually introduced in the September issue. Seasonally adjusted indexes and percent changes from month-to-month and quarter-to-quarter are published for numerous Consumer and Producer Price Index series. However, seasonally adjusted indexes are not published for the U.S. average All-Items CPI. Only seasonally adjusted percent changes are available for this series.

Adjustments for price changes. Some data—such as the "real" earnings shown in table 14—are adjusted to eliminate the effect of changes in price. These adjustments are made by dividing current-dollar values by the Consumer Price Index or the appropriate component of the index, then multiplying by 100. For example, given a current hourly wage rate of \$3 and a current price index number of 150, where 1982 = 100, the hourly rate expressed in 1982 dollars is \$2 (\$3/150 \times 100 = \$2). The \$2 (or any other resulting values) are described as "real," "constant," or "1982" dollars.

Sources of information

Data that supplement the tables in this section are published by the Bureau in a variety of sources. Definitions of each series and notes on the data are contained in later sections of these Notes describing each set of data. For detailed descriptions of each data series, see BLS Handbook of Methods, Bulletin 2490. Users also may wish to consult Major Programs of the Bureau of Labor Statistics, Report 919. News releases provide the latest statistical information published by the Bureau; the major recurring releases are published according to the schedule appearing on the back cover of this issue.

More information about labor force, employment, and unemployment data and the household and establishment surveys underlying the data are available in the Bureau's monthly publication, Employment and Earnings. Historical unadjusted and seasonally adjusted data from the household survey are available on the Internet:

www.bls.gov/cps/

Historically comparable unadjusted and seasonally adjusted data from the establishment survey also are available on the Internet:

www.bls.gov/ces/

Additional information on labor force data for areas below the national level are provided in the BLS annual report, Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment.

For a comprehensive discussion of the Employment Cost Index, see Employment Cost Indexes and Levels, 1975-95, BLS Bulletin 2466. The most recent data from the Employee Benefits Survey appear in the following Bureau of Labor Statistics bulletins: Employee Benefits in Medium and Large Firms; Employee Benefits in Small Private Establishments; and Employee Benefits in State and Local Governments.

More detailed data on consumer and producer prices are published in the monthly periodicals, The CPI Detailed Report and Producer Price Indexes. For an overview of the 1998 revision of the CPI, see the December 1996 issue of the Monthly Labor Review. Additional data on international prices appear in monthly news releases.

Listings of industries for which productivity indexes are available may be found on the Internet:

www.bls.gov/lpc/

For additional information on international comparisons data, see International Comparisons of Unemployment, Bulletin 1979.

Detailed data on the occupational injury and illness series are published in Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in the United States, by Industry, a BLS annual bulletin.

Finally, the Monthly Labor Review carries analytical articles on annual and longer term developments in labor force, employment, and unemployment; employee compensation and collective bargaining; prices; productivity; international comparisons; and injury and illness data.

Symbols

n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

n.e.s. = not elsewhere specified.

preliminary. To increase the timeliness of some series, preliminary figures are issued based on representative but incomplete returns.

revised. Generally, this revision reflects the availability of later data, but also may reflect other adjustments.

Comparative Indicators

(Tables 1–3)

Comparative indicators tables provide an overview and comparison of major BLS statistical series. Consequently, although many of the included series are available monthly, all measures in these comparative tables are presented quarterly and annually.

Labor market indicators include employment measures from two major surveys and information on rates of change in compensation provided by the Employment Cost Index (ECI) program. The labor force participation rate, the employment-population ratio, and unemployment rates for major demographic groups based on the Current Population ("household") Survey are presented, while measures of employment and average weekly hours by major industry sector are given using nonfarm payroll data. The Employment Cost Index (compensation), by major sector and by bargaining status, is chosen from a variety of BLS compensation and wage measures because it provides a comprehensive measure of employer costs for hiring labor, not just outlays for wages, and it is not affected by employment shifts among occupations and industries.

Data on changes in compensation, pric**es, and productivity** are presented in table 2. Measures of rates of change of compensation and wages from the Employment Cost Index program are provided for all civilian nonfarm workers (excluding Federal and household workers) and for all private nonfarm workers. Measures of changes in consumer prices for all urban consumers; producer prices by stage of processing; overall prices by stage of processing; and overall export and import price indexes are given. Measures of productivity (output per hour of all persons) are provided for major sectors.

Alternative measures of wage and compensation rates of change, which reflect the overall trend in labor costs, are summarized in table 3. Differences in concepts and scope, related to the specific purposes of the series, contribute to the variation in changes among the individual measures.

Notes on the data

Definitions of each series and notes on the data are contained in later sections of these notes describing each set of data.

Employment and Unemployment Data

(Tables 1; 4-29)

Household survey data

Description of the series

Employment data in this section are obtained from the Current Population Survey, a program of personal interviews conducted monthly by the Bureau of the Census for the Bureau of Labor Statistics. The sample consists of about 60,000 households selected to represent the U.S. population 16 years of age and older. Households are interviewed on a rotating basis, so that three-fourths of the sample is the same for any 2 consecutive months.

Definitions

Employed persons include (1) all those who worked for pay any time during the week which includes the 12th day of the month or who worked unpaid for 15 hours or more in a family-operated enterprise and (2) those who were temporarily absent from their regular jobs because of illness, vacation, industrial dispute, or similar reasons. A person working at more than one job is counted only in the job at which he or she worked the greatest number of hours.

Unemployed persons are those who did not work during the survey week, but were available for work except for temporary illness and had looked for jobs within the preceding 4 weeks. Persons who did not look for work because they were on layoff are also counted among the unemployed. **The unemployment rate** represents the number unemployed as a percent of the civilian labor force.

The **civilian labor force** consists of all employed or unemployed persons in the civilian noninstitutional population. Persons not in the labor force are those not classified as employed or unemployed. This group includes discouraged workers, defined as persons who want and are available for a job and who have looked for work sometime in the past 12 months (or since the end of their last job if they held one within the past 12 months), but are not currently looking, because they believe there are no jobs available or there are none for which they would qualify. The civilian noninstitutional population comprises all persons 16 years of age and older who are not inmates of penal or mental institutions, sanitariums, or homes for the aged, infirm, or needy. The civilian labor force partici**pation** rate is the proportion of the civilian noninstitutional population that is in the labor force. The **employment-population** ratio is employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional population.

Notes on the data

From time to time, and especially after a decennial census, adjustments are made in the Current Population Survey figures to correct for estimating errors during the intercensal years. These adjustments affect the comparability of historical data. A description of these adjustments and their effect on the various data series appears in the Explanatory Notes of *Employment and Earnings*. For a discussion of changes introduced in January 2003, see "Revisions to the Current Population Survey Effective in January 2003" in the February 2003 issue of *Employment and Earnings* (available on the BLS Web site at www.bls.gov/cps/rvcps03.pdf).

Effective in January 2003, BLS began using the X-12 ARIMA seasonal adjustment program to seasonally adjust national labor force data. This program replaced the X-11 ARIMA program which had been used since January 1980. See "Revision of Seasonally Adjusted Labor Force Series in 2003," in the February 2003 issue of *Employment and Earnings* (available on the BLS Web site at www.bls.gov/cps/cpsrs.pdf) for a discussion of the introduction of the use of X-12 ARIMA for seasonal adjustment of the labor force data and the effects that it had on the data.

At the beginning of each calendar year, historical seasonally adjusted data usually are revised, and projected seasonal adjustment factors are calculated for use during the January–June period. The historical season-

ally adjusted data usually are revised for only the most recent 5 years. In July, new seasonal adjustment factors, which incorporate the experience through June, are produced for the July–December period, but no revisions are made in the historical data.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on national household survey data, contact the Division of Labor Force Statistics: (202) 691–6378.

Establishment survey data

Description of the series

Employment, hours, and earnings data in this section are compiled from payroll records reported monthly on a voluntary basis to the Bureau of Labor Statistics and its cooperating State agencies by about 160,000 businesses and government agencies, which represent approximately 400,000 individual worksites and represent all industries except agriculture. The active CES sample covers approximately one-third of all nonfarm payroll workers. Industries are classified in accordance with the 2007 North American Industry Classification System. In most industries, the sampling probabilities are based on the size of the establishment; most large establishments are therefore in the sample. (An establishment is not necessarily a firm; it may be a branch plant, for example, or warehouse.) Self-employed persons and others not on a regular civilian payroll are outside the scope of the survey because they are excluded from establishment records. This largely accounts for the difference in employment figures between the household and establishment surveys.

Definitions

An **establishment** is an economic unit which produces goods or services (such as a factory or store) at a single location and is engaged in one type of economic activity.

Employed persons are all persons who received pay (including holiday and sick pay) for any part of the payroll period including the 12th day of the month. Persons holding more than one job (about 5 percent of all persons in the labor force) are counted in each establishment which reports them.

Production workers in the goods-producing industries cover employees, up through the level of working supervisors, who engage directly in the manufacture or construction of the establishment's product. In private service-providing industries, data are collected for nonsupervisory workers, which include most employees except those in executive, managerial, and supervisory positions. Those

workers mentioned in tables 11-16 include production workers in manufacturing and natural resources and mining; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in all private service-providing industries. Production and nonsupervisory workers account for about four-fifths of the total employment on private nonagricultural payrolls.

Earnings are the payments production or nonsupervisory workers receive during the survey period, including premium pay for overtime or late-shift work but excluding irregular bonuses and other special payments. Real earnings are earnings adjusted to reflect the effects of changes in consumer prices. The deflator for this series is derived from the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W).

Hours represent the average weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers for which pay was received, and are different from standard or scheduled hours. Overtime hours represent the portion of average weekly hours which was in excess of regular hours and for which overtime premiums were paid.

The **Diffusion Index** represents the percent of industries in which employment was rising over the indicated period, plus one-half of the industries with unchanged employment; 50 percent indicates an equal balance between industries with increasing and decreasing employment. In line with Bureau practice, data for the 1-, 3-, and 6month spans are seasonally adjusted, while those for the 12-month span are unadjusted. Table 17 provides an index on private nonfarm employment based on 278 industries, and a manufacturing index based on 84 industries. These indexes are useful for measuring the dispersion of economic gains or losses and are also economic indicators.

Notes on the data

With the release of data for January 2010, the CES program introduced its annual revision of national estimates of employment, hours, and earnings from the monthly survey of nonfarm establishments. Each year, the CES survey realigns its sample-based estimates to incorporate universe counts of employment—a process known as benchmarking. Comprehensive counts of employment, or benchmarks, are derived primarily from unemployment insurance (UI) tax reports that nearly all employers are required to file with State Workforce Agencies. With the release in June 2003, CES completed the transition from its original quota sample design to a

probability-based sample design. The industry-coding update included reconstruction of historical estimates in order to preserve time series for data users. Normally 5 years of seasonally adjusted data are revised with each benchmark revision. However, with this release, the entire new time series history for all CES data series were re-seasonally adjusted due to the NAICS conversion, which resulted in the revision of all CES time series.

Also in June 2003, the CES program introduced concurrent seasonal adjustment for the national establishment data. Under this methodology, the first preliminary estimates for the current reference month and the revised estimates for the 2 prior months will be updated with concurrent factors with each new release of data. Concurrent seasonal adjustment incorporates all available data, including first preliminary estimates for the most current month, in the adjustment process. For additional information on all of the changes introduced in June 2003, see the June 2003 issue of Employment and Earnings and "Recent changes in the national Current Employment Statistics survey," Monthly Labor Review, June 2003, pp. 3-13.

Revisions in State data (table 11) occurred with the publication of January 2003 data. For information on the revisions for the State data, see the March and May 2003 issues of Employment and Earnings, and "Recent changes in the State and Metropolitan Area CES survey," Monthly Labor Review, June 2003, pp. 14–19.

Beginning in June 1996, the BLS uses the X-12-ARIMA methodology to seasonally adjust establishment survey data. This procedure, developed by the Bureau of the Census, controls for the effect of varying survey intervals (also known as the 4- versus 5-week effect), thereby providing improved measurement of over-the-month changes and underlying economic trends. Revisions of data, usually for the most recent 5-year period, are made once a year coincident with the benchmark revisions.

In the establishment survey, estimates for the most recent 2 months are based on incomplete returns and are published as preliminary in the tables (12–17 in the *Review*). When all returns have been received, the estimates are revised and published as "final" (prior to any benchmark revisions) in the third month of their appearance. Thus, December data are published as preliminary in January and February and as final in March. For the same reasons, quarterly establishment data (table 1) are preliminary for the first 2 months of publication and final in the third month. Fourth-quarter data are published as preliminary in January and February and as final in March.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on establishment survey data, contact the Division of Current Employment Statistics: (202) 691-6555.

Unemployment data by State

Description of the series

Data presented in this section are obtained from the Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS) program, which is conducted in cooperation with State employment security agencies.

Monthly estimates of the labor force, employment, and unemployment for States and sub-State areas are a key indicator of local economic conditions, and form the basis for determining the eligibility of an area for benefits under Federal economic assistance programs such as the Job Training Partnership Act. Seasonally adjusted unemployment rates are presented in table 10. Insofar as possible, the concepts and definitions underlying these data are those used in the national estimates obtained from the CPS.

Notes on the data

Data refer to State of residence. Monthly data for all States and the District of Columbia are derived using standardized procedures established by BLS. Once a year, estimates are revised to new population controls, usually with publication of January estimates, and benchmarked to annual average CPS levels.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on data in this series, call (202) 691–6392 (table 10) or (202) 691–6559 (table 11).

Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages

Description of the series

Employment, wage, and establishment data in this section are derived from the quarterly tax reports submitted to State employment security agencies by private and State and local government employers subject to State unemployment insurance (UI) laws and from Federal, agencies subject to the Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) program. Each quarter, State agencies edit and process the data and send the information to the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

The Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages (QCEW) data, also referred as ES-202 data, are the most complete enumeration of employment and wage information by industry at the national, State, metropolitan area, and county levels. They have broad economic significance in evaluating labor market trends and major industry developments.

Definitions

In general, the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages monthly employment data represent the number of covered workers who worked during, or received pay for, the pay period that included the 12th day of the month. Covered private industry employment includes most corporate officials, executives, supervisory personnel, professionals, clerical workers, wage earners, piece workers, and part-time workers. It excludes proprietors, the unincorporated self-employed, unpaid family members, and certain farm and domestic workers. Certain types of nonprofit employers, such as religious organizations, are given a choice of coverage or exclusion in a number of States. Workers in these organizations are, therefore, reported to a limited degree.

Persons on paid sick leave, paid holiday, paid vacation, and the like, are included. Persons on the payroll of more than one firm during the period are counted by each UI-subject employer if they meet the employment definition noted earlier. The employment count excludes workers who earned no wages during the entire applicable pay period because of work stoppages, temporary layoffs, illness, or unpaid vacations.

Federal employment data are based on reports of monthly employment and quarterly wages submitted each quarter to State agencies for all Federal installations with employees covered by the Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) program, except for certain national security agencies, which are omitted for security reasons. Employment for all Federal agencies for any given month is based on the number of persons who worked during or received pay for the pay period that included the 12th of the month.

An **establishment** is an economic unit, such as a farm, mine, factory, or store, that produces goods or provides services. It is typically at a single physical location and engaged in one, or predominantly one, type of economic activity for which a single industrial classification may be applied. Occasionally, a single physical location encompasses two or more distinct and significant activities. Each activity should be reported as a separate establishment if separate records are kept and the various activities are classified under different NAICS industries.

Most employers have only one establishment; thus, the establishment is the predominant reporting unit or statistical entity for reporting employment and wages data. Most employers, including State and local governments who operate more than one establishment in a State, file a Multiple Worksite Report each quarter, in addition to their quarterly us report. The Multiple Worksite Report is used to collect separate employment and wage data for each of the employer's establishments, which are not detailed on the UI report. Some very small multi-establishment employers do not file a Multiple Worksite Report. When the total employment in an employer's secondary establishments (all establishments other than the largest) is 10 or fewer, the employer generally will file a consolidated report for all establishments. Also, some employers either cannot or will not report at the establishment level and thus aggregate establishments into one consolidated unit, or possibly several units, though not at the establishment level.

For the Federal Government, the reporting unit is the **installation**: a single location at which a department, agency, or other government body has civilian employees. Federal agencies follow slightly different criteria than do private employers when breaking down their reports by installation. They are permitted to combine as a single statewide unit: 1) all installations with 10 or fewer workers, and 2) all installations that have a combined total in the State of fewer than 50 workers. Also, when there are fewer than 25 workers in all secondary installations in a State, the secondary installations may be combined and reported with the major installation. Last, if a Federal agency has fewer than five employees in a State, the agency headquarters office (regional office, district office) serving each State may consolidate the employment and wages data for that State with the data reported to the State in which the headquarters is located. As a result of these reporting rules, the number of reporting units is always larger than the number of employers (or government agencies) but smaller than the number of actual establishments (or installations).

Data reported for the first quarter are tabulated into **size** categories ranging from worksites of very small size to those with 1,000 employees or more. The size category is determined by the establishment's March employment level. It is important to note that each establishment of a multi-establishment firm is tabulated separately into the appropriate size category. The total employment level of the reporting multi-establishment firm is not used in the size tabulation.

Covered employers in most States report total wages paid during the calendar quarter, regardless of when the services were performed. A few State laws, however, specify that wages be reported for, or based on the period during which services are performed rather than the period during which compensation is paid. Under most State laws or regulations, wages include bonuses, stock options, the cash value of meals and lodging, tips and other gratuities, and, in some States, employer contributions to certain deferred compensation plans such as 401(k) plans.

Covered employer contributions for old-age, survivors, and disability insurance (OASDI), health insurance, unemployment insurance, workers' compensation, and private pension and welfare funds are not reported as wages. Employee contributions for the same purposes, however, as well as money withheld for income taxes, union dues, and so forth, are reported even though they are deducted from the worker's gross pay.

Wages of covered Federal workers represent the gross amount of all payrolls for all pay periods ending within the quarter. This includes cash allowances, the cash equivalent of any type of remuneration, severance pay, withholding taxes, and retirement deductions. Federal employee remuneration generally covers the same types of services as for workers in private industry.

Average annual wage per employee for any given industry are computed by dividing total annual wages by annual average employment. A further division by 52 yields average weekly wages per employee. Annual pay data only approximate annual earnings because an individual may not be employed by the same employer all year or may work for more than one employer at a time.

Average weekly or annual wage is affected by the ratio of full-time to part-time workers as well as the number of individuals in high-paying and low-paying occupations. When average pay levels between States and industries are compared, these factors should be taken into consideration. For example, industries characterized by high proportions of part-time workers will show average wage levels appreciably less than the weekly pay levels of regular full-time employees in these industries. The opposite effect characterizes industries with low proportions of part-time workers, or industries that typically schedule heavy weekend and overtime work. Average wage data also may be influenced by work stoppages, labor turnover rates, retroactive payments, seasonal factors, bonus payments, and so on.

Notes on the data

Beginning with the release of data for 2007, publications presenting data from the Covered Employment and Wages program have

switched to the 2007 version of the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) as the basis for the assignment and tabulation of economic data by industry. NAICS is the product of a cooperative effort on the part of the statistical agencies of the United States, Canada, and Mexico. Due to difference in NAICS and Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) structures, industry data for 2001 is not comparable to the SIC-based data for earlier years.

Effective January 2001, the program began assigning Indian Tribal Councils and related establishments to local government ownership. This BLS action was in response to a change in Federal law dealing with the way Indian Tribes are treated under the Federal Unemployment Tax Act. This law requires federally recognized Indian Tribes to be treated similarly to State and local governments. In the past, the Covered Employment and Wage (CEW) program coded Indian Tribal Councils and related establishments in the private sector. As a result of the new law, CEW data reflects significant shifts in employment and wages between the private sector and local government from 2000 to 2001. Data also reflect industry changes. Those accounts previously assigned to civic and social organizations were assigned to tribal governments. There were no required industry changes for related establishments owned by these Tribal Councils. These tribal business establishments continued to be coded according to the economic activity of that entity.

To insure the highest possible quality of data, State employment security agencies verify with employers and update, if necessary, the industry, location, and ownership classification of all establishments on a 3-year cycle. Changes in establishment classification codes resulting from the verification process are introduced with the data reported for the first quarter of the year. Changes resulting from improved employer reporting also are introduced in the first quarter. For these reasons, some data, especially at more detailed geographic levels, may not be strictly comparable with earlier years.

County definitions are assigned according to Federal Information Processing Standards Publications as issued by the National Institute of Standards and Technology. Areas shown as counties include those designated as independent cities in some jurisdictions and, in Alaska, those areas designated by the Census Bureau where counties have not been created. County data also are presented for the New England States for comparative purposes, even though townships are the more common designation used in New England (and New Jersey).

The Office of Management and Budget (OMB) defines metropolitan areas for use in Federal statistical activities and updates these definitions as needed. Data in this table use metropolitan area criteria established by OMB in definitions issued June 30, 1999 (OMB Bulletin No. 99-04). These definitions reflect information obtained from the 1990 Decennial Census and the 1998 U.S. Census Bureau population estimate. A complete list of metropolitan area definitions is available from the National Technical Information Service (NTIS), Document Sales, 5205 Port Royal Road, Springfield, Va. 22161, telephone 1-800-553-6847.

OMB defines metropolitan areas in terms of entire counties, except in the six New England States where they are defined in terms of cities and towns. New England data in this table, however, are based on a county concept defined by OMB as New England County Metropolitan Areas (NECMA) because county-level data are the most detailed available from the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages. The NECMA is a county-based alternative to the city- and town-based metropolitan areas in New England. The NECMA for a Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) include: (1) the county containing the first-named city in that MSA title (this county may include the first-named cities of other MSA, and (2) each additional county having at least half its population in the MSA in which first-named cities are in the county identified in step 1. The NECMA is officially defined areas that are meant to be used by statistical programs that cannot use the regular metropolitan area definitions in New England.

For additional information on the covered employment and wage data, contact the Division of Administrative Statistics and Labor Turnover at (202) 691-6567.

Job Openings and Labor Turnover Survey

Description of the series

Data for the Job Openings and Labor Turnover Survey (JOLTS) are collected and compiled from a sample of 16,000 business establishments. Each month, data are collected for total employment, job openings, hires, quits, layoffs and discharges, and other separations. The JOLTS program covers all private nonfarm establishments such as factories, offices, and stores, as well as Federal, State, and local government entities in the 50 States and the District of Columbia. The JOLTS sample design is a random sample drawn from a universe of more than eight million establishments compiled as part of the operations of the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages, or QCEW, program. This program includes all employers subject to State unemployment insurance (UI) laws and Federal agencies subject to Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE).

The sampling frame is stratified by ownership, region, industry sector, and size class. Large firms fall into the sample with virtual certainty. JOLTS total employment estimates are controlled to the employment estimates of the Current Employment Statistics (CES) survey. A ratio of CES to JOLTS employment is used to adjust the levels for all other JOLTS data elements. Rates then are computed from the adjusted levels.

The monthly JOLTS data series begin with December 2000. Not seasonally adjusted data on job openings, hires, total separations, quits, layoffs and discharges, and other separations levels and rates are available for the total nonfarm sector, 16 private industry divisions and 2 government divisions based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), and four geographic regions. Seasonally adjusted data on job openings, hires, total separations, and quits levels and rates are available for the total nonfarm sector, selected industry sectors, and four geographic regions.

Definitions

Establishments submit job openings infor-mation for the last business day of the reference month. A job opening requires that (1) a specific position exists and there is work available for that position; and (2) work could start within 30 days regardless of whether a suitable candidate is found; and (3) the employer is actively recruiting from outside the establishment to fill the position. Included are full-time, part-time, permanent, short-term, and seasonal openings. Active recruiting means that the establishment is taking steps to fill a position by advertising in newspapers or on the Internet, posting help-wanted signs, accepting applications, or using other similar methods.

Jobs to be filled only by internal transfers, promotions, demotions, or recall from layoffs are excluded. Also excluded are jobs with start dates more than 30 days in the future, jobs for which employees have been hired but have not yet reported for work, and jobs to be filled by employees of temporary help agencies, employee leasing companies, outside contractors, or consultants. The job openings rate is computed by dividing the number of job openings by the sum of employment and job openings, and multiplying that quotient

by 100.

Hires are the total number of additions to the payroll occurring at any time during the reference month, including both new and rehired employees and full-time and parttime, permanent, short-term and seasonal employees, employees recalled to the location after a layoff lasting more than 7 days, on-call or intermittent employees who returned to work after having been formally separated, and transfers from other locations. The hires count does not include transfers or promotions within the reporting site, employees returning from strike, employees of temporary help agencies or employee leasing companies, outside contractors, or consultants. The hires rate is computed by dividing the number of hires by employment, and multiplying that quotient by 100.

Separations are the total number of terminations of employment occurring at any time during the reference month, and are reported by type of separation—quits, layoffs and discharges, and other separations. Quits are voluntary separations by employees (except for retirements, which are reported as other separations). Layoffs and discharges are involuntary separations initiated by the employer and include layoffs with no intent to rehire, formal layoffs lasting or expected to last more than 7 days, discharges resulting from mergers, downsizing, or closings, firings or other discharges for cause, terminations of permanent or short-term employees, and terminations of seasonal employees. Other separations include retirements, transfers to other locations, deaths, and separations due to disability. Separations do not include transfers within the same location or employees on strike.

The separations rate is computed by dividing the number of separations by employment, and multiplying that quotient by 100. The quits, layoffs and discharges, and other separations rates are computed similarly, dividing the number by employment and multiplying by 100.

Notes on the data

The JOLTS data series on job openings, hires, and separations are relatively new. The full sample is divided into panels, with one panel enrolled each month. A full complement of panels for the original data series based on the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) system was not completely enrolled in the survey until January 2002. The supplemental panels of establishments needed to create NAICS estimates were not completely enrolled until May 2003. The data collected up until those points are from less than a

full sample. Therefore, estimates from earlier months should be used with caution, as fewer sampled units were reporting data at that time.

In March 2002, BLS procedures for collecting hires and separations data were revised to address possible underreporting. As a result, JOLTS hires and separations estimates for months prior to March 2002 may not be comparable with estimates for March 2002 and later.

The Federal Government reorganization that involved transferring approximately 180,000 employees to the new Department of Homeland Security is not reflected in the JOLTS hires and separations estimates for the Federal Government. The Office of Personnel Management's record shows these transfers were completed in March 2003. The inclusion of transfers in the JOLTS definitions of hires and separations is intended to cover ongoing movements of workers between establishments. The Department of Homeland Security reorganization was a massive one-time event, and the inclusion of these intergovernmental transfers would distort the Federal Government time series.

Data users should note that seasonal adjustment of the JOLTS series is conducted with fewer data observations than is customary. The historical data, therefore, may be subject to larger than normal revisions. Because the seasonal patterns in economic data series typically emerge over time, the standard use of moving averages as seasonal filters to capture these effects requires longer series than are currently available. As a result, the stable seasonal filter option is used in the seasonal adjustment of the JOLTS data. When calculating seasonal factors, this filter takes an average for each calendar month after detrending the series. The stable seasonal filter assumes that the seasonal factors are fixed; a necessary assumption until sufficient data are available. When the stable seasonal filter is no longer needed, other program features also may be introduced, such as outlier adjustment and extended diagnostic testing. Additionally, it is expected that more series, such as layoffs and discharges and additional industries, may be seasonally adjusted when more data are available.

JOLTS hires and separations estimates cannot be used to exactly explain net changes in payroll employment. Some reasons why it is problematic to compare changes in payroll employment with JOLTS hires and separations, especially on a monthly basis, are: (1) the reference period for payroll employment is the pay period including the 12th of the month, while the reference period for hires and separations is the calendar month; and (2) payroll employment can vary from month

to month simply because part-time and oncall workers may not always work during the pay period that includes the 12th of the month. Additionally, research has found that some reporters systematically underreport separations relative to hires due to a number of factors, including the nature of their payroll systems and practices. The shortfall appears to be about 2 percent or less over a 12-month period.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on the Job Openings and Labor Turnover Survey, contact the Division of Administrative Statistics and Labor Turnover at (202) 961–5870.

Compensation and Wage Data

(Tables 1-3; 30-37)

The National Compensation Survey (NCS) produces a variety of compensation data. These include: The Employment Cost Index (ECI) and NCS benefit measures of the incidence and provisions of selected employee benefit plans. Selected samples of these measures appear in the following tables. NCS also compiles data on occupational wages and the Employer Costs for Employee Compensation (ECEC).

Employment Cost Index

Description of the series

The **Employment Cost Index** (ECI) is a quarterly measure of the rate of change in compensation per hour worked and includes wages, salaries, and employer costs of employee benefits. It is a Laspeyres Index that uses fixed employment weights to measure change in labor costs free from the influence of employment shifts among occupations and industries.

The ECI provides data for the civilian economy, which includes the total private nonfarm economy excluding private households, and the public sector excluding the Federal government. Data are collected each quarter for the pay period including the 12th day of March, June, September, and December.

Sample establishments are classified by industry categories based on the 2007 North American Classification System (NAICS). Within a sample establishment, specific job categories are selected and classified into about 800 occupations according to the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) System. Individual occupations are combined to represent one of ten intermediate

aggregations, such as professional and related occupations, or one of five higher level aggregations, such as management, professional, and related occupations.

Fixed employment weights are used each quarter to calculate the most aggregate series-civilian, private, and State and local government. These fixed weights are also used to derive all of the industry and occupational series indexes. Beginning with the March 2006 estimates, 2002 fixed employment weights from the Bureau's Occupational Employment Statistics survey were introduced. From March 1995 to December 2005, 1990 employment counts were used. These fixed weights ensure that changes in these indexes reflect only changes in compensation, not employment shifts among industries or occupations with different levels of wages and compensation. For the series based on bargaining status, census region and division, and metropolitan area status, fixed employment data are not available. The employment weights are reallocated within these series each quarter based on the current ECI sample. The indexes for these series, consequently, are not strictly comparable with those for aggregate, occupational, and industry series.

Definitions

Total compensation costs include wages, salaries, and the employer's costs for employee benefits.

Wages and salaries consist of earnings before payroll deductions, including production bonuses, incentive earnings, commissions, and cost-of-living adjustments.

Benefits include the cost to employers for paid leave, supplemental pay (including nonproduction bonuses), insurance, retirement and savings plans, and legally required benefits (such as Social Security, workers' compensation, and unemployment

Excluded from wages and salaries and employee benefits are such items as paymentin-kind, free room and board, and tips.

Notes on the data

The ECI data in these tables reflect the con-version to the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) and the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. The NAICS and SOC data shown prior to 2006 are for informational purposes only. ECI series based on NAICS and SOC became the official BLS estimates starting in March 2006.

The ECI for changes in wages and salaries in the private nonfarm economy was published beginning in 1975. Changes in total compensation cost-wages and salaries and benefits combined—were published beginning in 1980. The series of changes in wages and salaries and for total compensation in the State and local government sector and in the civilian nonfarm economy (excluding Federal employees) were published beginning in 1981. Historical indexes (December 2005=100) are available on the Internet: www.bls.gov/ect/

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on the Employment Cost Index is available at www. bls.gov/ncs/ect/home.htm or by telephone at (202) 691–6199.

National Compensation Survey Benefit Measures

Description of the series

NCS benefit measures of employee benefits are published in two separate reports. The annual summary provides data on the incidence of (access to and participation in) selected benefits and provisions of paid holidays and vacations, life insurance plans, and other selected benefit programs. Data on percentages of establishments offering major employee benefits, and on the employer and employee shares of contributions to medical care premiums also are presented. Selected benefit data appear in the following tables. A second publication, published later, contains more detailed information about health and retirement plans.

Definitions

Employer-provided benefits are benefits that are financed either wholly or partly by the employer. They may be sponsored by a union or other third party, as long as there is some employer financing. However, some benefits that are fully paid for by the employee also are included. For example, long-term care insurance paid entirely by the employee are included because the guarantee of insurability and availability at group premium rates are considered a benefit.

Employees are considered as having access to a benefit plan if it is available for their use. For example, if an employee is permitted to participate in a medical care plan offered by the employer, but the employee declines to do so, he or she is placed in the category with those having access to medical care.

Employees in contributory plans are considered as **participating** in an insurance or retirement plan if they have paid required contributions and fulfilled any applicable service requirement. Employees in noncontributory plans are counted as participating regardless of whether they have fulfilled the service requirements.

Defined benefit pension plans use predetermined formulas to calculate a retirement benefit (if any), and obligate the employer to provide those benefits. Benefits are generally based on salary, years of service, or both.

Defined contribution plans generally specify the level of employer and employee contributions to a plan, but not the formula for determining eventual benefits. Instead, individual accounts are set up for participants, and benefits are based on amounts credited to these accounts.

Tax-deferred savings plans are a type of defined contribution plan that allow participants to contribute a portion of their salary to an employer-sponsored plan and defer income taxes until withdrawal.

Flexible benefit plans allow employees to choose among several benefits, such as life insurance, medical care, and vacation days, and among several levels of coverage within a given benefit.

Notes on the data

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON THE NCS benefit measures is available at www.bls. gov/ncs/ebs/home.htm or by telephone at (202) 691-6199.

Work stoppages

Description of the series

Data on work stoppages measure the number and duration of major strikes or lockouts (involving 1,000 workers or more) occurring during the month (or year), the number of workers involved, and the amount of work time lost because of stoppage. These data are presented in table 37.

Data are largely from a variety of published sources and cover only establishments directly involved in a stoppage. They do not measure the indirect or secondary effect of stoppages on other establishments whose employees are idle owing to material shortages or lack of service.

Definitions

Number of stoppages: The number of strikes and lockouts involving 1,000 workers or more and lasting a full shift or longer.

Workers involved: The number of workers directly involved in the stoppage.

Number of days idle: The aggregate number of workdays lost by workers involved in the stoppages.

Days of idleness as a percent of estimated working time: Aggregate workdays lost as a percent of the aggregate number of standard workdays in the period multiplied by total employment in the period.

Notes on the data

This series is not comparable with the one terminated in 1981 that covered strikes involving six workers or more.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on work stop-pages data is available at **www. bls. gov/cba/home.htm** or by telephone at (202) 691–6199.

Price Data

(Tables 2; 38-46)

Price data are gathered by the Bureau of Labor Statistics from retail and primary markets in the United States. Price indexes are given in relation to a base period—December 2003 = 100 for many Producer Price Indexes (unless otherwise noted), 1982–84 = 100 for many Consumer Price Indexes (unless otherwise noted), and 1990 = 100 for International Price Indexes.

Consumer Price Indexes

Description of the series

The Consumer Price Index (CPI) is a measure of the average change in the prices paid by urban consumers for a fixed market basket of goods and services. The CPI is calculated monthly for two population groups, one consisting only of urban households whose primary source of income is derived from the employment of wage earners and clerical workers, and the other consisting of all urban households. The wage earner index (CPI-W) is a continuation of the historic index that was introduced well over a half-century ago for use in wage negotiations. As new uses were developed for the CPI in recent years, the need for a broader and more representative index became apparent. The all-urban consumer index (CPI-U), introduced in 1978, is representative of the 1993-95 buying habits of about 87 percent of the noninstitutional population of the United States at that time, compared with 32 percent represented in the CPI-W. In addition to wage earners and clerical workers, the CPI-U covers professional, managerial, and technical workers, the self-employed, shortterm workers, the unemployed, retirees, and others not in the labor force.

The CPI is based on prices of food, clothing, shelter, fuel, drugs, transportation fares, doctors' and dentists' fees, and other goods and services that people buy for day-to-day living. The quantity and quality of these items are kept essentially unchanged between major revisions so that only price changes will be measured. All taxes directly associated with the purchase and use of items are included in the index.

Data collected from more than 23,000 retail establishments and 5,800 housing units in 87 urban areas across the country are used to develop the "U.S. city average." Separate estimates for 14 major urban centers are presented in table 39. The areas listed are as indicated in footnote 1 to the table. The area indexes measure only the average change in prices for each area since the base period, and do not indicate differences in the level of prices among cities.

Notes on the data

In January 1983, the Bureau changed the way in which homeownership costs are meaured for the CPI-U. A rental equivalence method replaced the asset-price approach to homeownership costs for that series. In January 1985, the same change was made in the CPI-W. The central purpose of the change was to separate shelter costs from the investment component of homeownership so that the index would reflect only the cost of shelter services provided by owner-occupied homes. An updated CPI-U and CPI-W were introduced with release of the January 1987 and January 1998 data.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION, contact the Division of Prices and Price Indexes: (202) 691–7000.

Producer Price Indexes

Description of the series

Producer Price Indexes (PPI) measure average changes in prices received by domestic producers of commodities in all stages of processing. The sample used for calculating these indexes currently contains about 3,200 commodities and about 80,000 quotations per month, selected to represent the movement of prices of all commodities produced in the manufacturing; agriculture, forestry, and fishing; mining; and gas and electricity and public utilities sectors. The stage-of-processing structure of PPI organizes products by class of buyer and degree of fabrication (that is, finished goods, intermediate goods, and crude materials). The traditional commodity structure of PPI organizes products by similarity of end use or material composition. The industry and product structure of PPI organizes data in accordance with the North American Industry Classification System and product codes developed by the U.S. Census Bureau.

To the extent possible, prices used in calculating Producer Price Indexes apply to the first significant commercial transaction in the United States from the production or central marketing point. Price data are generally collected monthly, primarily by mail questionnaire. Most prices are obtained directly from producing companies on a voluntary and confidential basis. Prices generally are reported for the Tuesday of the week containing the 13th day of the month.

Since January 1992, price changes for the various commodities have been averaged together with implicit quantity weights representing their importance in the total net selling value of all commodities as of 1987. The detailed data are aggregated to obtain indexes for stage-of-processing groupings, commodity groupings, durability-of-product groupings, and a number of special composite groups. All Producer Price Index data are subject to revision 4 months after original publication.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION, contact the Division of Industrial Prices and Price Indexes: (202) 691–7705.

International Price Indexes

Description of the series

The International Price Program produces monthly and quarterly export and import price indexes for nonmilitary goods and services traded between the United States and the rest of the world. The export price index provides a measure of price change for all products sold by U.S. residents to foreign buyers. ("Residents" is defined as in the national income accounts; it includes corporations, businesses, and individuals, but does not require the organizations to be U.S. owned nor the individuals to have U.S. citizenship.) The import price index provides a measure of price change for goods purchased from other countries by U.S. residents.

The product universe for both the import and export indexes includes raw materials, agricultural products, semifinished manufactures, and finished manufactures, including both capital and consumer goods. Price data for these items are collected primarily by mail questionnaire. In nearly all cases, the data are collected directly from the exporter or importer, although in a few cases, prices are obtained from other sources.

To the extent possible, the data gathered refer to prices at the U.S. border for exports and at either the foreign border or the U.S. border for imports. For nearly all products, the prices refer to transactions completed during

the first week of the month. Survey respondents are asked to indicate all discounts, allowances, and rebates applicable to the reported prices, so that the price used in the calculation of the indexes is the actual price for which the product was bought or sold.

In addition to general indexes of prices for U.S. exports and imports, indexes are also published for detailed product categories of exports and imports. These categories are defined according to the five-digit level of detail for the Bureau of Economic Analysis End-use Classification, the three-digit level for the Standard International Trade Classification (SITC), and the four-digit level of detail for the Harmonized System. Aggregate import indexes by country or region of origin are also available.

BLS publishes indexes for selected categories of internationally traded services, calculated on an international basis and on a balance-of-payments basis.

Notes on the data

The export and import price indexes are weighted indexes of the Laspeyres type. The trade weights currently used to compute both indexes relate to 2000.

Because a price index depends on the same items being priced from period to period, it is necessary to recognize when a product's specifications or terms of transaction have been modified. For this reason, the Bureau's questionnaire requests detailed descriptions of the physical and functional characteristics of the products being priced, as well as information on the number of units bought or sold, discounts, credit terms, packaging, class of buyer or seller, and so forth. When there are changes in either the specifications or terms of transaction of a product, the dollar value of each change is deleted from the total price change to obtain the "pure" change. Once this value is determined, a linking procedure is employed which allows for the continued repricing of the item.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION, contact the Division of International Prices: (202) 691-7155.

Productivity Data

(Tables 2; 47-50)

Business and major sectors

Description of the series

The productivity measures relate real output to real input. As such, they encompass a family of measures which include single-factor input measures, such as output per hour, output per unit of labor input, or output per unit of capital input, as well as measures of multifactor productivity (output per unit of combined labor and capital inputs). The Bureau indexes show the change in output relative to changes in the various inputs. The measures cover the business, nonfarm business, manufacturing, and nonfinancial corporate sectors.

Corresponding indexes of hourly compensation, unit labor costs, unit nonlabor payments, and prices are also provided.

Definitions

Output per hour of all persons (labor productivity) is the quantity of goods and services produced per hour of labor input. Output per unit of capital services (capital productivity) is the quantity of goods and services produced per unit of capital services input. Multifactor productivity is the quantity of goods and services produced per combined inputs. For private business and private nonfarm business, inputs include labor and capital units. For manufacturing, inputs include labor, capital, energy, nonenergy materials, and purchased business services.

Compensation per hour is total compensation divided by hours at work. Total compensation equals the wages and salaries of employees plus employers' contributions for social insurance and private benefit plans, plus an estimate of these payments for the self-employed (except for nonfinancial corporations in which there are no self-employed). Real compensation per hour is compensation per hour deflated by the change in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers.

Unit labor costs are the labor compensation costs expended in the production of a unit of output and are derived by dividing compensation by output. Unit nonlabor payments include profits, depreciation, interest, and indirect taxes per unit of output. They are computed by subtracting compensation of all persons from current-dollar value of output and dividing by output.

Unit nonlabor costs contain all the components of unit nonlabor payments except unit profits.

Unit profits include corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments per unit of output.

Hours of all persons are the total hours at work of payroll workers, self-employed persons, and unpaid family workers.

Labor inputs are hours of all persons adjusted for the effects of changes in the education and experience of the labor force.

Capital services are the flow of services from the capital stock used in production. It is developed from measures of the net stock of physical assets-equipment, structures, land, and inventories-weighted by rental prices for each type of asset.

Combined units of labor and capital inputs are derived by combining changes in labor and capital input with weights which represent each component's share of total cost. Combined units of labor, capital, energy, materials, and purchased business services are similarly derived by combining changes in each input with weights that represent each input's share of total costs. The indexes for each input and for combined units are based on changing weights which are averages of the shares in the current and preceding year (the Tornquist index-number formula).

Notes on the data

Business sector output is an annually-weighted index constructed by excluding from real gross domestic product (GDP) the following outputs: general government, nonprofit institutions, paid employees of private households, and the rental value of owner-occupied dwellings. Nonfarm business also excludes farming. Private business and private nonfarm business further exclude government enterprises. The measures are supplied by the U.S. Department of Commerce's Bureau of Economic Analysis. Annual estimates of manufacturing sectoral output are produced by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Quarterly manufacturing output indexes from the Federal Reserve Board are adjusted to these annual output measures by the BLS. Compensation data are developed from data of the Bureau of Economic Analysis and the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Hours data are developed from data of the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

The productivity and associated cost measures in tables 47-50 describe the relationship between output in real terms and the labor and capital inputs involved in its production. They show the changes from period to period in the amount of goods and services produced per unit of input.

Although these measures relate output to hours and capital services, they do not measure the contributions of labor, capital, or any other specific factor of production. Rather, they reflect the joint effect of many influences, including changes in technology; shifts in the composition of the labor force; capital investment; level of output; changes in the utilization of capacity, energy, material, and research and development; the organization of production; managerial skill; and characteristics and efforts of the work force.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on this

productivity series, contact the Division of Productivity Research: (202) 691–5606.

Industry productivity measures

Description of the series

The BLS industry productivity indexes measure the relationship between output and inputs for selected industries and industry groups, and thus reflect trends in industry efficiency over time. Industry measures include labor productivity, multifactor productivity, compensation, and unit labor costs.

The industry measures differ in methodology and data sources from the productivity measures for the major sectors because the industry measures are developed independently of the National Income and Product Accounts framework used for the major sector measures.

Definitions

Output per hour is derived by dividing an index of industry output by an index of labor input. For most industries, output indexes are derived from data on the value of industry output adjusted for price change. For the remaining industries, output indexes are derived from data on the physical quantity of production.

The **labor input** series is based on the hours of all workers or, in the case of some transportation industries, on the number of employees. For most industries, the series consists of the hours of all employees. For some trade and services industries, the series also includes the hours of partners, proprietors, and unpaid family workers.

Unit labor costs represent the labor compensation costs per unit of output produced, and are derived by dividing an index of labor compensation by an index of output. Labor compensation includes payroll as well as supplemental payments, including both legally required expenditures and payments for voluntary programs.

Multifactor productivity is derived by dividing an index of industry output by an index of combined inputs consumed in producing that output. Combined inputs include capital, labor, and intermediate purchases. The measure of capital input represents the flow of services from the capital stock used in production. It is developed from measures of the net stock of physical assets—equipment, structures, land, and inventories. The measure of intermediate purchases is a combination of purchased materials, services, fuels, and electricity.

Notes on the data

The industry measures are compiled from data produced by the Bureau of Labor Statistics and the Census Bureau, with additional data supplied by other government agencies, trade associations, and other sources.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on this series, contact the Division of Industry Productivity Studies: (202) 691–5618, or visit the Web site at: www.bls.gov/lpc/home.htm

International Comparisons

(Tables 51-53)

Labor force and unemployment

Description of the series

Tables 51 and 52 present comparative measures of the labor force, employment, and unemployment approximating U.S. concepts for the United States, Canada, Australia, Japan, and six European countries. The Bureau adjusts the figures for these selected countries, for all known major definitional differences, to the extent that data to prepare adjustments are available. Although precise comparability may not be achieved, these adjusted figures provide a better basis for international comparisons than the figures regularly published by each country. For further information on adjustments and comparability issues, see Constance Sorrentino, "International unemployment rates: how comparable are they?" Monthly Labor Review, June 2000, pp. 3-20, available on the Internet at www. bls.gov/opub/mlr/2000/06/art1full.pdf.

Definitions

For the principal U.S. definitions of the labor force, employment, and unemployment, see the Notes section on Employment and Unemployment Data: Household survey data.

Notes on the data

Foreign country data are adjusted as closely as possible to the U.S. definitions. Primary areas of adjustment address conceptual differences in upper age limits and definitions of employment and unemployment, provided that reliable data are available to make these adjustments. Adjustments are made where applicable to include employed and unemployed persons above upper age limits; some European countries do not include persons older than age 64 in their labor force measures, because a large portion

of this population has retired. Adjustments are made to exclude active duty military from employment figures, although a small number of career military may be included in some European countries. Adjustments are made to exclude unpaid family workers who worked fewer than 15 hours per week from employment figures; U.S. concepts do not include them in employment, whereas most foreign countries include all unpaid family workers regardless of the number of hours worked. Adjustments are made to include full-time students seeking work and available for work as unemployed when they are classified as not in the labor force.

Where possible, lower age limits are based on the age at which compulsory schooling ends in each country, rather than based on the U.S. standard of 16. Lower age limits have ranged between 13 and 16 over the years covered; currently, the lower age limits are either 15 or 16 in all 10 countries.

Some adjustments for comparability are not made because data are unavailable for adjustment purposes. For example, no adjustments to unemployment are usually made for deviations from U.S. concepts in the treatment of persons waiting to start a new job or passive job seekers. These conceptual differences have little impact on the measures. Furthermore, BLS studies have concluded that no adjustments should be made for persons on layoff who are counted as employed in some countries because of their strong job attachment as evidenced by, for example, payment of salary or the existence of a recall date. In the United States, persons on layoff have weaker job attachment and are classified as unemployed.

The annual labor force measures are obtained from monthly, quarterly, or continuous household surveys and may be calculated as averages of monthly or quarterly data. Quarterly and monthly unemployment rates are based on household surveys. For some countries, they are calculated by applying annual adjustment factors to current published data and, therefore, are less precise indicators of unemployment under U.S. concepts than the annual figures. The labor force measures may have breaks in series over time due to changes in surveys, sources, or estimation methods. Breaks are noted in data tables.

For up-to-date information on adjustments and breaks in series, see the Technical Notes of *Comparative Civilian Labor Force Statistics*, 10 Countries, on the Internet at www.bls.gov/fls/flscomparelf.htm, and the Notes of *Unemployment rates in 10 countries, civilian labor force basis, approximating U.S. concepts, seasonally adjusted,* on the Internet at www.bls.gov/fls/flsjec.pdf.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on

this series, contact the Division of Foreign Labor Statistics: (202) 691–5654 or flshelp@ bls.gov.

Manufacturing productivity and labor costs

Description of the series

Table 53 presents comparative indexes of manufacturing output per hour (labor productivity), output, total hours, compensation per hour, and unit labor costs for the United States, Australia, Canada, Japan, the Republic of Korea, Singapore, Taiwan, and 10 European countries. These measures are trend comparisons—that is, series that measure changes over time—rather than level comparisons. BLS does not recommend using these series for level comparisons because of technical problems.

BLS constructs the comparative indexes from three basic aggregate measures—output, total labor hours, and total compensation. The hours and compensation measures refer to employees (wage and salary earners) in Belgium and Taiwan. For all other economies, the measures refer to all employed persons, including employees, self-employed persons, and unpaid family workers.

The data for recent years are based on the United Nations System of National Accounts 1993 (SNA 93). Manufacturing is generally defined according to the International Standard Industrial Classification (ISIC). However, the measures for France include parts of mining as well. For the United States and Canada, manufacturing is defined according to the North American Industry Classification System.

Definitions

Output. For most economies, the output measures are real value added in manufacturing from national accounts. However, output for Japan prior to 1970 and for the Netherlands prior to 1960 are indexes of industrial production. The manufacturing value added measures for the United Kingdom are essentially identical to their indexes of industrial production.

For United States, the output measure for the manufacturing sector is a chain-weighted index of real gross product originating (deflated value added) produced by the Bureau of Economic Analysis of the U.S. Department of Commerce. Most of the other economies now also use chain-weighted as opposed to fixed-year weights that are periodically updated.

To preserve the comparability of the U.S.

measures with those of other economies, BLS uses gross product originating in manufacturing for the United States. The gross product originating series differs from the manufacturing output series that BLS publishes in its quarterly news releases on U.S. productivity and costs (and that underlies the measures that appear in tables 48 and 50 in this section). The quarterly measures are on a "sectoral output" basis, rather than a valueadded basis. Sectoral output is gross output less intrasector transactions.

Total hours refer to hours worked in all economies. The measures are developed from statistics of manufacturing employment and average hours. For most other economies, recent years' aggregate hours series are obtained from national statistical offices, usually from national accounts. However, for some economies and for earlier years, BLS calculates the aggregate hours series using employment figures published with the national accounts, or other comprehensive employment series, and data on average hours worked.

Hourly compensation is total compensation divided by total hours. Total compensation includes all payments in cash or in-kind made directly to employees plus employer expenditures for legally required insurance programs and contractual and private benefit plans. For Australia, Canada, France, Singapore, and Sweden, compensation is increased to account for important taxes on payroll or employment. For the United Kingdom, compensation is reduced between 1967 and 1991 to account for subsidies.

Labor productivity is defined as real output per hour worked. Although the labor productivity measure presented in this release relates output to the hours worked of persons employed in manufacturing, it does not measure the specific contributions of labor as a single factor of production. Rather, it reflects the joint effects of many influences, including new technology, capital investment, capacity utilization, energy use, and managerial skills, as well as the skills and efforts of the workforce.

Unit labor costs are defined as the cost of labor input required to produce one unit of output. They are computed as compensation in nominal terms divided by real output. Unit labor costs can also be computed by dividing hourly compensation by output per hour, that is, by labor productivity.

Notes on the data

The measures for recent years may be based on current indicators of manufacturing output (such as industrial production indexes), employment, average hours, and hourly compensation until national ac-

counts and other statistics used for the long-term measures become available.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on this series, go to http://www.bls.gov/news. release/prod4.toc.htm or contact the Division of International Labor Comparison at (202) 691-5654.

Occupational Injury and Illness Data

(Tables 54–55)

Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses

Description of the series

The Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses collects data from employers about their workers' job-related nonfatal injuries and illnesses. The information that employers provide is based on records that they maintain under the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970. Self-employed individuals, farms with fewer than 11 employees, employers regulated by other Federal safety and health laws, and Federal, State, and local government agencies are excluded from the survey.

The survey is a Federal-State cooperative program with an independent sample selected for each participating State. A stratified random sample with a Neyman allocation is selected to represent all private industries in the State. The survey is stratified by Standard Industrial Classification and size of employment.

Definitions

Under the Occupational Safety and Health Act, employers maintain records of nonfatal work-related injuries and illnesses that involve one or more of the following: loss of consciousness, restriction of work or motion, transfer to another job, or medical treatment other than first aid.

Occupational injury is any injury such as a cut, fracture, sprain, or amputation that results from a work-related event or a single, instantaneous exposure in the work environment.

Occupational illness is an abnormal condition or disorder, other than one resulting from an occupational injury, caused by exposure to factors associated with employment. It includes acute and chronic illnesses or disease which may be caused by inhalation, absorption, ingestion, or direct contact.

Lost workday injuries and illnesses are cases that involve days away from work, or days of restricted work activity, or both.

Lost workdays include the number of workdays (consecutive or not) on which the employee was either away from work or at work in some restricted capacity, or both, because of an occupational injury or illness. BLS measures of the number and incidence rate of lost workdays were discontinued beginning with the 1993 survey. The number of days away from work or days of restricted work activity does not include the day of injury or onset of illness or any days on which the employee would not have worked, such as a Federal holiday, even though able to work.

Incidence rates are computed as the number of injuries and/or illnesses or lost work days per 100 full-time workers.

Notes on the data

The definitions of occupational injuries and illnesses are from *Recordkeeping Guidelines* for Occupational Injuries and Illnesses (U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, September 1986).

Estimates are made for industries and employment size classes for total recordable cases, lost workday cases, days away from work cases, and nonfatal cases without lost workdays. These data also are shown separately for injuries. Illness data are available for seven categories: occupational skin diseases or disorders, dust diseases of the lungs, respiratory conditions due to toxic agents, poisoning (systemic effects of toxic agents), disorders due to physical agents (other than toxic materials), disorders associated with repeated trauma, and all other occupational illnesses.

The survey continues to measure the number of new work-related illness cases which are recognized, diagnosed, and reported during the year. Some conditions, for example, long-term latent illnesses caused by exposure to carcinogens, often are difficult to relate to the workplace and are not adequately recognized and reported. These long-term latent illnesses are believed to be understated in the survey's illness measure. In contrast, the overwhelming majority of the reported new illnesses are those which are easier to directly relate to workplace activity (for example, contact dermatitis and carpal

tunnel syndrome).

Most of the estimates are in the form of incidence rates, defined as the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 equivalent full-time workers. For this purpose, 200,000 employee hours represent 100 employee years (2,000 hours per employee). Full detail on the available measures is presented in the annual bulletin, *Occupational Injuries and Illnesses: Counts, Rates, and Characteristics*.

Comparable data for more than 40 States and territories are available from the BLS Office of Safety, Health and Working Conditions. Many of these States publish data on State and local government employees in addition to private industry data.

Mining and railroad data are furnished to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration and the Federal Railroad Administration. Data from these organizations are included in both the national and State data published annually.

With the 1992 survey, BLS began publishing details on serious, nonfatal incidents resulting in days away from work. Included are some major characteristics of the injured and ill workers, such as occupation, age, gender, race, and length of service, as well as the circumstances of their injuries and illnesses (nature of the disabling condition, part of body affected, event and exposure, and the source directly producing the condition). In general, these data are available nationwide for detailed industries and for individual States at more aggregated industry levels.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on occupational injuries and illnesses, contact the Office of Occupational Safety, Health and Working Conditions at (202) 691–6180, or access the Internet at: www.bls.gov/iif/

Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries

The Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries compiles a complete roster of fatal job-related injuries, including detailed data about the fatally injured workers and the fatal events. The program collects and cross checks fatality information from multiple sources, including death certificates, State and Federal workers'

compensation reports, Occupational Safety and Health Administration and Mine Safety and Health Administration records, medical examiner and autopsy reports, media accounts, State motor vehicle fatality records, and follow-up questionnaires to employers.

In addition to private wage and salary workers, the self-employed, family members, and Federal, State, and local government workers are covered by the program. To be included in the fatality census, the decedent must have been employed (that is working for pay, compensation, or profit) at the time of the event, engaged in a legal work activity, or present at the site of the incident as a requirement of his or her job.

Definition

A fatal work injury is any intentional or unintentional wound or damage to the body resulting in death from acute exposure to energy, such as heat or electricity, or kinetic energy from a crash, or from the absence of such essentials as heat or oxygen caused by a specific event or incident or series of events within a single workday or shift. Fatalities that occur during a person's commute to or from work are excluded from the census, as well as work-related illnesses, which can be difficult to identify due to long latency periods.

Notes on the data

Twenty-eight data elements are collected, coded, and tabulated in the fatality program, including information about the fatally injured worker, the fatal incident, and the machinery or equipment involved. Summary worker demographic data and event characteristics are included in a national news release that is available about 8 months after the end of the reference year. The Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries was initiated in 1992 as a joint Federal-State effort. Most States issue summary information at the time of the national news release.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on the Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries contact the BLS Office of Safety, Health, and Working Conditions at (202) 691–6175, or the Internet at: www.bls.gov/iif/

1. Labor market indicators

Selected indicators	0000	2009	2007		20	80			20	09	
Selected indicators	2008	2009	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV
Employment data											
Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional											
population (household survey):1											
Labor force participation rate	66.0	65.4	66.0	66.1	66.1	66.0	65.9	65.7	65.7	65.3	64.9
Employment-population ratio	62.2	59.3	62.8	62.8	62.6	62.0	61.3	60.3	59.7	59.0	58.4
Unemployment rate	5.8	9.3	4.8	5.0	5.3	6.0	6.9	8.2	9.3	9.7	10.0
Men	6.1	10.3	4.9	5.1	5.5	6.4	7.6	9.0	10.4	10.8	11.2
16 to 24 years	14.4	20.1	12.1	12.7	13.3	14.9	16.5	18.1	19.9	20.7	22.0
25 years and older	4.8	8.8	3.7	3.9	4.2	5.1	6.1	7.6	8.9	9.4	9.5
Women	5.4	8.1	4.7	4.8	5.1	5.6	6.2	7.3	8.0	8.3	8.7
16 to 24 years	11.2	14.9	9.9	10.2	11.0	11.7	11.7	13.2	14.6	15.6	15.9
25 years and older	4.4	6.9	3.8	3.9	4.1	4.5	5.3	6.2	6.9	7.1	7.5
Employment, nonfarm (payroll data), in thousands: 1											
Total nonfarm	136,790	130,912	138,152	137,858	137,285	136,283	134,328	132,070	130,637	129,857	129,547
Total private	114,281	108,369	115,783	115,419	114,775	113,715	111,767	109,510	108,075	107,377	107,067
Goods-producing	21,334	18,620	22,043	21,815	21,511	21,092	20,294	19,233	18,503	18.124	17.906
Manufacturing		11,883	13,777	13,654	13,528	13,270	12,822	12,212	11,782	11,634	11,529
Service-providing	115,456	112,292	116,109	116,043	115,774	115,191	114,031	112,837	112,134	111,733	111,641
Average hours:											
Total private	. 33.6	33.1	33.8	33.8	33.7	33.5	33.3	33.1	33.0	33.1	33.2
Manufacturing	40.8	39.8	41.2	41.3	41.0	40.4	39.8	39.4	39.5	39.9	40.6
Overtime	3.7	2.9	4.1	4.1	3.9	3.5	2.9	2.6	2.8	3.0	3.4
Employment Cost Index ^{1, 2, 3}											
Total compensation:											
Civilian nonfarm ⁴	2.6	1.5	.6	.8	.7	.8	.3	.4	.4	.5	.3
Private nonfarm	2.4	1.2	.6	.9	.7	.6	.2	.4	.3	.4	.2
Goods-producing ⁵		1.0	.6	1.0	.7	.4	.3	.4	.3	.2	.2
Service-providing ⁵		1.3	.6	.9	.7	.6	.3	.4	.3	.4	.3
State and local government		2.4	.7	.5	.5	1.7	.3	.6	.5	1.0	.3
Workers by bargaining status (private nonfarm):											
Union	2.8	2.9	.7	.8	.8	.7	.6	1.0	.6	.6	.5
Nonunion	2.4	.9	.6	.9	.7	.6	.2	.3	.2	.3	.2

NOTE: Beginning in January 2003, household survey data reflect revised population controls. Nonfarm data reflect the conversion to the 2002 version of the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), replacing the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) system. NAICS-based data by industry are not comparable with SIC-based data.

Quarterly data seasonally adjusted.
 Annual changes are December-to-December changes. Quarterly changes are calculated using the last month of each quarter.
 The Employment Cost Index data reflect the conversion to the 2002 North

American Classification System (NAICS) and the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SoC) system. The NAICS and SoC data shown prior to 2006 are for informational purposes only. Series based on NAICS and SOC became the official BLS estimates starting in March 2006.

Excludes Federal and private household workers.
 Goods-producing industries include mining, construction, and manufacturing. Serviceproviding industries include all other private sector industries.

2. Annual and quarterly percent changes in compensation, prices, and productivity

Selected measures	2008	2009	2007		200	08			20	09	
Selected measures	2000	2003	IV	I	II .	III	IV	I	П	Ш	IV
Compensation data ^{1, 2, 3}											
Employment Cost Index—compensation:											
Civilian nonfarm	2.6	1.5	0.6	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.3
Private nonfarm	2.4	1.2	.6	.9	.7	.6	.2	.4	.3	.4	.2
Employment Cost Index—wages and salaries:											
Civilian nonfarm	2.7	1.5	.7	.8	.7	.8	.3	.4	.4	.5	.3
Private nonfarm	2.6	1.4	.6	.9	.7	.6	.3	.4	.3	.5	.3
Price data ¹											
Consumer Price Index (All Urban Consumers): All Items	3.8	4	.7	1.7	2.5	0	-3.9	1.2	1.4	.1	.0
Producer Price Index:											
Finished goods	6.3	-2.5	1.8	2.8	4.2	1	-7.4	.2	3.1	5	1.6
Finished consumer goods	7.4	-3.8	1.9	3.4	5.2	4	-10.0	.3	4.3	6	1.9
Capital equipment	2.9	2.0	1.2	.7	.6	1.0	1.9	2	2	3	.7
Intermediate materials, supplies, and components	10.3	-8.3	2.0	5.0	6.9	.7	-13.6	-2.1	2.8	1.5	.8
Crude materials	21.6	-30.5	11.9	14.5	14.9	-15.6	-32.1	-7.2	12.3	-3.2	11.3
Productivity data ⁴											
Output per hour of all persons:											
Business sector	1.9	3.0	1.6	.2	3.1	.3	.8	.2	6.8	7.4	6.5
Nonfarm business sector	1.8	2.9	2.0	1	3.1	1	.8	.3	6.9	7.2	6.2
Nonfinancial corporations 5	1.9	_	5.3	-2.7	6.9	3.2	-1.4	-7.3	8.4	6.3	_

¹ Annual changes are December-to-December changes. Quarterly changes are calculated using the last month of each quarter. Compensation and price data are not

only. Series based on NAICS and SOC became the official BLS estimates starting in March 2006.

3. Alternative measures of wage and compensation changes

		Quar	terly ch	ange			Four qu	arters e	nding—	
Components	2008		20	09		2008		20	09	
	IV	I	II	III	IV	IV	I	II	III	IV
Average hourly compensation: 1										
All persons, business sector	2.6	-4.7	6.7	5.9	1.6	2.5	0.9	2.2	2.5	2.2
All persons, nonfarm business sector	2.9	-4.7	6.9	5.5	1.5	2.6	.9	2.3	2.5	2.2
Employment Cost Index—compensation: 2										
Civilian nonfarm ³	.3	.4	.4	.5	.3	2.6	2.1	1.8	1.5	1.5
Private nonfarm	.2	.4	.3	.4	.2	2.4	1.9	1.5	1.2	1.2
Union	.6	1.0	.6	.6	.5	2.8	3.0	2.9	2.9	2.9
Nonunion	.2	.3	.2	.3	.3	2.4	1.8	1.2	.9	.9
State and local government	.3	.6	.5	1.0	.3	3.0	3.1	3.2	2.4	2.4
Employment Cost Index—wages and salaries: 2										
Civilian nonfarm ³	.3	.4	.4	.5	.3	2.7	2.2	1.8	1.5	1.5
Private nonfarm	.3	.4	.3	.5	.3	2.6	2.0	1.6	1.4	1.4
Union	.7	.6	.7	.5	.6	3.2	3.1	2.7	2.6	2.6
Nonunion	.2	.4	.2	.4	.3	2.5	1.9	1.4	1.1	1.2
State and local government	.3	.5	.5	.8	.2	3.1	3.0	3.0	2.1	2.0

Seasonally adjusted. "Quarterly average" is percent change from a

Occupational Classification (SOC) system. The NAICS and SOC data shown prior to 2006 are for informational purposes only. Series based on NAICS and SOC became the official BLS estimates starting in March 2006.

seasonally adjusted, and the price data are not compounded.

² Excludes Federal and private household workers.

³ The Employment Cost Index data reflect the conversion to the 2002 North American Classification System (NAICS) and the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. The NAICS and SOC data shown prior to 2006 are for informational purposes

⁴ Annual rates of change are computed by comparing annual averages. Quarterly percent changes reflect annual rates of change in quarterly indexes. The data are seasonally adjusted.

⁵ Output per hour of all employees.

quarter ago, at an annual rate.

² The Employment Cost Index data reflect the conversion to the 2002 North American Classification System (NAICS) and the 2000 Standard

³ Excludes Federal and private household workers.

4. Employment status of the population, by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, monthly data seasonally adjusted

[Numbers in thousands]

Employment status	Annual	average	2008						20	09					
Employment status	2008	2009	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
TOTAL															
Civilian noninstitutional															
population 1	233,788	235,801	235,035	234,739	234,913	235,086	235,271	235,452	235,655	235,870	236,087	236,322	236,550	236,743	236,924
Civilian labor force	154,287	154,142	154,587	154,140	154,401	154,164	154,718	154,956	154,759	154,351	154,426	153,927	153,854	153,720	153,059
Participation rate	. 66.0 . 145,362	65.4 139,877	65.8 143,188	65.7 142,221	65.7 141,687	65.6 140,854	65.8 140,902	65.8 140,438	65.7 140,038	65.4 139,817	65.4 139,433	65.1 138,768	65.0 138,242	64.9 138,381	64.6 137,792
Employed Employment-pop-	. 145,502	139,077	143,100	142,221	141,007	140,034	140,302	140,430	140,030	133,017	139,433	130,700	130,242	130,301	137,792
ulation ratio ²	62.2	59.3	60.9	60.6	60.3	59.9	59.9	59.6	59.4	59.3	59.1	58.7	58.4	58.5	58.2
Unemployed	8,924	14,265	11,400	11,919	12,714	13,310	13,816	14,518	14,721	14,534	14,993	15,159	15,612	15,340	15,267
Unemployment rate	5.8	9.3	7.4	7.7	8.2	8.6	8.9	9.4	9.5	9.4	9.7	9.8	10.1	10.0	10.0
Not in the labor force	79,501	81,659	80,448	80,599	80,512	80,922	80,554	80,496	80,895	81,519	81,661	82,396	82,696	83,022	83,865
Men, 20 years and over															
Civilian noninstitutional															
population ¹	104,453	105,493	105,083	104,902	104,999	105,095	105,196	105,299	105,412	105,530	105,651	105,780	105,906	106,018	106,125
Civilian labor force	79,047	78,897	79,108	78,769	78,859	78,680	79,106	79,339	79,246	78,984	79,196	78,977	79,024	78,901	78,402
Participation rate	. 75.7	74.8	75.3	75.1	75.1	74.9	75.2	75.3	75.2	74.8	75.0	74.7	74.6	74.4	73.9
Employed	74,750	71,341	73,237	72,625	72,266	71,667	71,665	71,552	71,354	71,255	71,142	70,861	70,662	70,662	70,391
Employment-pop-	74.0	07.0	00.7	00.0	00.0	00.0	00.4	00.0	07.7	07.5	07.0	07.0	00.7	00.7	00.0
ulation ratio ² Unemployed	71.6 4,297	67.6 7,555	69.7 5,871	69.2 6,144	68.8 6,593	68.2 7,013	68.1 7,441	68.0 7,787	67.7 7,892	67.5 7,728	67.3 8,055	67.0 8,116	66.7 8,362	66.7 8,239	66.3 8,011
Unemployment rate	5.4	9.6	7.4	7.8	8.4	8.9	9.4	9.8	10.0	9.8	10.2	10.3	10.6	10.4	10.2
Not in the labor force	25,406	26,596	25,975	26,133	26,140	26,415	26,091	25,961	26,166	26,547	26,455	26,803	26,882	27,117	27,723
Women, 20 years and over															
Civilian noninstitutional															
population 1	112,260	113,265	112,825	112,738	112,824	112,908	112,999	113,089	113,189	113,296	113,405	113,522	113,636	113,737	113,832
Civilian labor force	68,382	68,856	68,904	68,793	68,914	68,972	69,105	69,060	68,984	68,910	68,847	68,686	68,687	68,742	68,620
Participation rate	60.9	60.8	61.1	61.0	61.1	61.1	61.2	61.1	60.9	60.8	60.7	60.5	60.4	60.4	60.3
Employed Employment-pop-	. 65,039	63,699	64,744	64,391	64,238	64,110	64,147	63,847	63,741	63,685	63,552	63,280	63,133	63,269	62,998
ulation ratio ²	57.9	56.2	57.4	57.1	56.9	56.8	56.8	56.5	56.3	56.2	56.0	55.7	55.6	55.6	55.3
Unemployed	3,342	5,157	4,160	4,402	4,676	4,863	4,957	5,213	5,243	5,225	5,295	5,406	5,554	5,473	5,622
Unemployment rate	4.9	7.5	6.0	6.4	6.8	7.1	7.2	7.5	7.6	7.6	7.7	7.9	8.1	8.0	8.2
Not in the labor force	43,878	44,409	43,921	43,946	43,910	43,936	43,894	44,029	44,205	44,386	44,558	44,837	44,949	44,994	45,212
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years															
Civilian noninstitutional															
population ¹	17,075	17,043	17,126	17,098	17,090	17,083	17,076	17,064	17,053	17,044	17,031	17,020	17,008	16,988	16,967
Civilian labor force	6,858	6,390	6,575	6,578	6,628	6,512	6,507	6,557	6,529	6,457	6,383	6,264 36.8	6,143	6,077	6,037
Participation rate Employed	. 40.2 . 5,573	37.5 4,837	38.4 5,207	38.5 5,205	38.8 5,183	38.1 5,077	38.1 5,089	38.4 5,039	38.3 4,943	37.9 4,877	37.5 4,740	4,627	36.1 4,448	35.8 4,450	35.6 4,403
Employment-pop-	. 5,575	4,007	3,201	3,203	3,103	3,011	3,003	3,033	7,545	4,077	4,740	4,027	7,770	7,730	4,400
ulation ratio ²	32.6	28.4	30.4	30.4	30.3	29.7	29.8	29.5	29.0	28.6	27.8	27.2	26.1	26.2	25.9
Unemployed	1,285	1,552	1,368	1,373	1,445	1,435	1,418	1,518	1,586	1,581	1,643	1,637	1,696	1,627	1,634
Unemployment rate	18.7	24.3	20.8	20.9	21.8	22.0	21.8	23.2	24.3	24.5	25.7	26.1	27.6	26.8	27.1
Not in the labor force	10,218	10,654	10,551	10,519	10,462	10,571	10,569	10,507	10,525	10,586	10,648	10,756	10,865	10,911	10,930
san s. 3															
White ³															
Civilian noninstitutional															
population ¹	189,540								190,801						
Civilian labor force Participation rate	125,635 . 66.3	125,644 65.8	125,792 66.1	125,524 66.0	125,835 66.1	125,659 66.0	126,108 66.2	126,326 66.3	126,088 66.1	125,911 65.9	126,038 66.0	125,581 65.7	125,567 65.6	125,258 65.4	124,605 65.0
Employed	119,126	114,996	117,335	116,709	116,427	115,663	115,896	115,451	115,102	114,984	114,784	114,215	113,754	113,669	113,339
Employment-pop-		,	,	.,	-,	.,	-,	-, -	-, -	,	, -	, -	-, -	.,	.,
ulation ratio ²	62.8	60.2	61.6	61.4	61.2	60.7	60.8	60.6	60.3	60.2	60.1	59.7	59.4	59.4	59.1
Unemployed	6,509	10,648	8,458	8,815	9,408	9,996	10,213	10,874	10,986	10,927	11,254	11,366	11,813	11,589	11,266
Unemployment rate	5.2	8.5	6.7	7.0	7.5	8.0	8.1	8.6	8.7	8.7	8.9	9.1	9.4	9.3	9.0
Not in the labor force	63,905	65,258	64,559	64,701	64,496	64,777	64,443	64,342	64,713	65,033	65,048	65,663	65,827	66,258	67,024
Black or African American ³															
Civilian noninstitutional															
	27,843	28,241	28,059	28,052	28,085	28,118	28,153	28,184	28,217	28,252	28,290	28,330	28,369	28,404	28,437
population 1 Civilian labor force	17,740	17,632	28,059 17,797	28,052 17,741	28,085 17,692	28,118 17,543	28,153 17,795	28,184 17,716	17,665	28,252 17,651	28,290 17,596	28,330 17,455	28,369 17,516	17,660	28,437 17,600
Participation rate	63.7	62.4	63.4	63.2	63.0	62.4	63.2	62.9	62.6	62.5	62.2	61.6	61.7	62.2	61.9
Employed	15,953	15,025	15,646	15,463	15,296	15,176	15,119	15,066	15,048	15,050	14,914	14,754	14,763	14,904	14,758
Employment-pop-															
ulation ratio ²	57.3	53.2	55.8	55.1	54.5	54.0	53.7	53.5	53.3	53.3	52.7	52.1	52.0	52.5	51.9
Unemployed	1,788	2,606	2,150	2,278	2,396	2,367	2,676	2,650	2,617	2,600	2,682	2,701	2,754	2,757	2,843
Unemployment rate	10.1	14.8	12.1	12.8	13.5	13.5	15.0	15.0	14.8	14.7	15.2	15.5	15.7	15.6	16.2
Not in the labor force	10,103	10,609	10,262	10,311	10,393	10,575	10,358	10,467	10,552	10,601	10,694	10,875	10,853	10,744	10,837

See footnotes at end of table.

4. Continued—Employment status of the population, by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, monthly data seasonally adjusted

[Numbers in thousands]

Employment status	Annual a	average	2008						20	09					
Employment status	2008	2009	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
Hispanic or Latino															
ethnicity															
Civilian noninstitutional															
population 1	32,141	32,891	32,649	32,417	32,501	32,585	32,671	32,753	32,839	32,926	33,017	33,110	33,202	33,291	33,379
Civilian labor force		22,352	22,145	22,004	22,120	22,236	22,403	22,459	22,348	22,540	22,320	22,444	22,492	22,564	22,404
Participation rate	68.5	68.0	67.8	67.9	68.1	68.2	68.6	68.6	68.1	68.5	67.6	67.8	67.7	67.8	67.1
Employed	20,346	19,647	20,056	19,817	19,687	19,664	19,855	19,599	19,609	19,748	19,411	19,595	19,553	19,692	19,513
Employment-pop-															
ulation ratio ²	63.3	59.7	61.4	61.1	60.6	60.3	60.8	59.8	59.7	60.0	58.8	59.2	58.9	59.2	58.5
Unemployed	1,678	2,706	2,089	2,186	2,433	2,571	2,548	2,860	2,739	2,792	2,908	2,849	2,939	2,872	2,891
Unemployment rate		12.1	9.4	9.9	11.0	11.6	11.4	12.7	12.3	12.4	13.0	12.7	13.1	12.7	12.9
Not in the labor force	10,116	10,539	10,505	10,414	10,382	10,350	10,268	10,294	10,491	10,386	10,697	10,666	10,710	10,727	10,976

NOTE: Estimates for the above race groups (white and black or African American) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Beginning in January 2003, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

5. Selected employment indicators, monthly data seasonally adjusted

[In thousands]

Out of the total of the	Annual	average	2008						20	09					
Selected categories	2008	2009	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
Characteristic															
Employed, 16 years and older	145,362	139,877	143,188	142,221	141,687	140,854	140,902	140,438	140,038	139,817	139,433	138,768	138,242	138,381	137,792
Men	77,486	73,670	75,812	75,118	74,756	74,072	74,107	73,974	73,727	73,613	73,436	73,120	72,844	72,794	72,499
Women	67,876	66,208	67,376	67,103	66,931	66,782	66,794	66,463	66,311	66,205	65,997	65,648	65,398	65,587	65,293
Married men, spouse															
present	45,860	43,998	45,155	44,694	44,449	44,451	44,424	44,214	44,242	43,955	43,847	43,656	43,401	43,336	43,312
Married women, spouse															
present	35,869	35,207	35,622	35,347	35,545	35,465	35,438	35,347	35,402	35,321	35,151	34,891	34,736	34,867	35,004
Persons at work part time ¹															
All industries:															
Part time for economic															
reasons	5,875	8,913	8,090	7,897	8,672	9,023	8,888	9,048	8,962	8,808	9,077	9,158	9,240	9,225	9,165
Slack work or business															
conditions	4,169	6,648	6,068	5,833	6,511	6,839	6,699	6,788	6,779	6,831	6,895	6,815	6,882	6,684	6,453
Could only find part-time															
work	1,389	1,966	1,617	1,689	1,771	1,847	1,819	1,917	1,970	1,826	2,065	2,081	2,084	2,238	2,346
Part time for noneconomic															
reasons	19,343	18,710	18,964	18,879	18,861	18,829	18,976	18,848	18,715	18,993	18,768	18,590	18,632	18,354	18,364
Nonagricultural industries:															
Part time for economic															
reasons	5,773	8,791	7,972	7,755	8,584	8,910	8,795	8,894	8,825	8,664	8,946	8,983	9,158	9,137	9,055
Slack work or business															
conditions	4,097	6,556	5,990	5,713	6,455	6,761	6,634	6,670	6,685	6,713	6,797	6,695	6,797	6,616	6,378
Could only find part-time															
work	1,380	1,955	1,616	1,676	1,771	1,848	1,826	1,910	1,964	1,789	2,046	2,063	2,033	2,241	2,349
Part time for noneconomic															
reasons	19,005	18,372	18,647	18,563	18,556	18,494	18,595	18,478	18,358	18,610	18,383	18,251	18,317	18,066	18,056

¹ Excludes persons "with a job but not at work" during the survey period for such reasons as vacation, illness, or industrial disputes.

NOTE: Beginning in January 2003, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

<sup>The population figures are not seasonally adjusted.

Civilian employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional population.

Beginning in 2003, persons who selected this race group only; persons who selected more than one race group are not included. Prior to 2003, persons who</sup> reported more than one race were included in the group they identified as the main

6. Selected unemployment indicators, monthly data seasonally adjusted

[Unemployment rates]

Colored astronomics	Annual	average	2008						20	09					
Selected categories	2008	2009	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
Characteristic															
Total, 16 years and older	5.8	9.3	7.4	7.7	8.2	8.6	8.9	9.4	9.5	9.4	9.7	9.8	10.1	10.0	10.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	18.7	24.3	20.8	20.9	21.8	22.0	21.8	23.2	24.3	24.5	25.7	26.1	27.6	26.8	27.1
Men, 20 years and older	5.4	9.6	7.4	7.8	8.4	8.9	9.4	9.8	10.0	9.8	10.2	10.3	10.6	10.4	10.2
Women, 20 years and older	4.9	7.5	6.0	6.4	6.8	7.1	7.2	7.5	7.6	7.6	7.7	7.9	8.1	8.0	8.2
White, total ¹	5.2	8.5	6.7	7.0	7.5	8.0	8.1	8.6	8.7	8.7	8.9	9.1	9.4	9.3	9.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	16.8	21.8	18.9	18.6	19.3	20.3	20.0	20.7	21.7	22.5	24.3	23.3	25.1	23.0	23.6
Men, 16 to 19 years	19.1	25.2	21.5	22.0	22.4	23.5	22.9	24.6	24.4	26.1	28.1	26.8	28.6	26.0	27.4
Women, 16 to 19 years	14.4	18.4	16.3	15.0	16.3	17.1	17.1	16.6	19.0	18.7	20.2	19.7	21.4	20.0	19.8
Men, 20 years and older	4.9	8.8	6.6	7.0	7.6	8.1	8.5	9.0	9.2	9.1	9.3	9.6	9.9	9.8	9.3
Women, 20 years and older	4.4	6.8	5.7	5.9	6.1	6.5	6.4	6.9	6.8	6.8	7.0	7.1	7.4	7.4	7.4
Black or African American, total 1	10.1	14.8	12.1	12.8	13.5	13.5	15.0	15.0	14.8	14.7	15.2	15.5	15.7	15.6	16.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	31.2	39.5	33.3	36.8	38.9	33.1	35.1	39.9	38.5	36.2	35.0	41.7	42.1	49.8	48.4
Men, 16 to 19 years		46.0	35.3	44.4	45.6	41.7	41.7	46.2	44.8	39.2	46.8	50.8	43.6	57.1	52.2
Women, 16 to 19 years	26.8	33.4	31.3	30.1	32.5	26.0	28.2	34.8	33.1	33.5	24.5	32.7	40.7	41.4	44.8
Men, 20 years and older	10.2	16.3	13.8	14.4	15.1	15.6	17.2	16.7	16.4	16.0	17.0	16.5	17.0	16.8	16.6
Women, 20 years and older	8.1	11.5	8.9	9.4	10.1	10.1	11.4	11.3	11.5	11.9	12.2	12.5	12.5	11.7	13.1
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	7.6	12.1	9.4	9.9	11.0	11.6	11.4	12.7	12.3	12.4	13.0	12.7	13.1	12.7	12.9
Married men, spouse present	3.4	6.6	4.6	5.1	5.6	6.0	6.3	6.7	6.9	6.9	7.1	7.3	7.5	7.5	7.3
Married women, spouse present	3.6	5.5	4.6	4.8	5.2	5.5	5.5	5.6	5.6	5.5	5.5	5.8	5.9	5.7	5.8
Full-time workers	5.8	10.0	7.7	8.1	8.8	9.3	9.6	10.2	10.3	10.2	10.5	10.7	11.1	11.0	10.9
Part-time workers	5.5	6.0	5.9	5.9	5.8	5.9	6.0	6.1	6.0	6.0	6.3	6.4	6.1	5.6	6.0
Educational attainment ²															
Less than a high school diploma	9.0	14.6	11.2	12.4	13.0	13.8	14.9	15.4	15.4	15.3	15.5	15.0	15.5	15.0	15.3
High school graduates, no college 3	5.7	9.7	7.8	8.1	8.4	9.1	9.4	10.0	9.8	9.4	9.8	10.8	11.2	10.4	10.5
Some college or associate degree	4.6	8.0	5.9	6.4	7.1	7.3	7.5	7.8	8.0	8.0	8.2	8.6	9.0	9.0	9.0
Bachelor's degree and higher ⁴	2.6	4.6	3.7	3.9	4.2	4.4	4.4	4.8	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.8	4.7	4.9	5.0

 $^{^{\}rm 1}\,$ Beginning in 2003, persons who selected this race group only; persons who selected more than one race group are not included. Prior to 2003, persons who reported more than one race were included in the group they identified as the main

7. Duration of unemployment, monthly data seasonally adjusted

[Numbers in thousands]

Weeks of	Annual	average	2008						20	09					
unemployment	2008	2009	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
Less than 5 weeks	2,932	3,165	3,294	3,633	3,364	3,314	3,284	3,219	3,152	3,181	2,992	2,938	3,131	2,774	2,929
5 to 14 weeks	2,804	3,828	3,535	3,622	3,961	4,032	3,962	4,300	3,994	3,539	4,093	3,838	3,671	3,517	3,486
15 weeks and over	3,188	7,272	4,599	4,762	5,369	5,815	6,296	7,013	7,844	7,819	7,849	8,405	8,804	8,976	8,969
15 to 26 weeks	1,427	2,775	1,987	2,073	2,405	2,574	2,571	2,983	3,404	2,847	2,825	2,958	3,184	3,075	2,840
27 weeks and over	1,761	4,496	2,612	2,689	2,964	3,241	3,725	4,030	4,440	4,972	5,024	5,447	5,620	5,901	6,130
Mean duration, in weeks	17.9	24.4	19.6	19.9	20.0	20.8	21.8	22.9	24.4	25.3	25.2	26.5	27.2	28.6	29.1
Median duration, in weeks	9.4	15.1	10.7	10.6	11.4	11.9	13.1	14.9	18.2	15.9	15.5	17.8	19.0	20.2	20.5

NOTE: Beginning in January 2003, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

² Data refer to persons 25 years and older.

8. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, monthly data seasonally adjusted

[Numbers in thousands]

Reason for	Annual	average	2008						20	09					-
unemployment	2008	2009	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
Job losers ¹	4.789	9,160	6,729	7,251	7.878	8,434	8.867	9.428	9,562	9,549	9,814	10,236	10,261	9.965	9.701
On temporary layoff	1,176	1,630	1,550	1,468	1,519	1,581	1,638	1,842	1,741	1,670	1,704	1,918	1,671	1,548	1,558
Not on temporary layoff	3,614	7,530	5,179	5,784	6,359	6,853	7,229	7,586	7,821	7,880	8,110	8,318	8,590	8,418	8,143
Job leavers	896	882	1,007	912	820	884	887	909	822	882	835	869	909	929	932
Reentrants	2,472	3,187	2,802	2,792	2,912	3,017	3,127	3,200	3,322	3,306	3,294	3,255	3,461	3,221	3,334
New entrants	766	1,035	820	792	1,016	881	919	977	969	994	1,096	1,134	1,114	1,270	1,270
Percent of unemployed															
Job losers ¹	53.7	64.2	59.2	61.7	62.4	63.8	64.3	65.0	65.2	64.8	65.3	66.1	65.2	64.8	63.7
On temporary layoff	13.2	11.4	13.6	12.5	12.0	12.0	11.9	12.7	11.9	11.3	11.3	12.4	10.6	10.1	10.2
Not on temporary layoff	40.5	52.8	45.6	49.2	50.4	51.9	52.4	52.3	53.3	53.5	53.9	53.7	54.6	54.7	53.4
Job leavers	10.0	6.2	8.9	7.8	6.5	6.7	6.4	6.3	5.6	6.0	5.6	5.6	5.8	6.0	6.1
Reentrants	27.7	22.3	24.7	23.8	23.1	22.8	22.7	22.0	22.6	22.4	21.9	21.0	22.0	20.9	21.9
New entrants	8.6	7.3	7.2	6.7	8.0	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.6	6.8	7.3	7.3	7.1	8.3	8.3
Percent of civilian															
labor force															
Job losers ¹	3.1	5.9	4.4	4.7	5.1	5.5	5.7	6.1	6.2	6.2	6.4	6.6	6.7	6.5	6.3
Job leavers	.6	.6	.7	.6	.5	.6	.6	.6	.5	.6	.5	.6	.6	.6	.6
Reentrants	1.6	2.1	1.8	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.1	2.2
New entrants	.5	.7	.5	.5	.7	.6	.6	.6	.6	.6	.7	.7	.7	.8	.8

¹ Includes persons who completed temporary jobs.

NOTE: Beginning in January 2003, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

9. Unemployment rates by sex and age, monthly data seasonally adjusted

[Civilian workers]

Sex and age	Annual	average	2008						20	09					
Sex and age	2008	2009	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
Total, 16 years and older	5.8	9.3	7.4	7.7	8.2	8.6	8.9	9.4	9.5	9.4	9.7	9.8	10.1	10.0	10.0
16 to 24 years	. 12.8	17.6	14.9	15.0	15.8	16.4	16.7	17.5	17.9	18.0	18.3	18.3	19.2	19.1	18.9
16 to 19 years	. 18.7	24.3	20.8	20.9	21.8	22.0	21.8	23.2	24.3	24.5	25.7	26.1	27.6	26.8	27.1
16 to 17 years	. 22.1	25.9	23.7	21.5	23.1	23.9	23.4	23.8	25.5	26.0	26.5	28.2	30.2	28.8	29.9
18 to 19 years	. 16.8	23.4	19.4	20.3	21.2	21.1	21.7	23.2	23.8	23.3	25.2	24.4	25.7	26.1	25.8
20 to 24 years	. 10.2	14.7	12.4	12.4	13.2	14.0	14.6	15.1	15.2	15.3	15.1	15.0	15.6	15.9	15.6
25 years and older	4.6	7.9	6.1	6.5	7.0	7.3	7.6	8.1	8.2	8.1	8.4	8.6	8.7	8.5	8.5
25 to 54 years	4.8	8.3	6.4	6.9	7.3	7.7	7.9	8.5	8.5	8.4	8.8	9.1	9.2	8.9	8.9
55 years and older	. 3.8	6.6	5.0	5.3	5.7	6.2	6.4	6.7	7.0	6.7	6.8	6.8	7.0	7.1	7.2
Men, 16 years and older	. 6.1	10.3	8.1	8.5	9.0	9.6	10.1	10.5	10.6	10.5	11.0	11.0	11.4	11.2	11.0
16 to 24 years	. 14.4	20.1	17.0	17.3	17.9	19.2	19.6	20.3	19.9	20.3	20.8	20.9	22.2	21.8	22.0
16 to 19 years	. 21.2	27.8	23.2	24.4	25.0	25.9	25.9	27.1	26.5	27.9	29.9	29.9	31.0	30.4	30.9
16 to 17 years	. 25.2	28.7	26.5	26.3	26.6	28.2	26.4	26.5	26.5	28.5	29.6	31.1	33.5	30.5	33.1
18 to 19 years	. 19.0	27.4	21.8	23.3	24.9	24.8	25.7	28.0	27.1	27.3	29.9	28.3	28.9	30.5	30.2
20 to 24 years	. 11.4	17.0	14.4	14.4	14.9	16.5	17.0	17.4	17.2	17.1	17.0	17.2	18.6	18.3	18.4
25 years and older	. 4.8	8.8	6.6	7.1	7.7	8.0	8.5	9.0	9.2	9.1	9.5	9.7	9.7	9.5	9.2
25 to 54 years	. 5.0	9.2	7.0	7.5	8.1	8.4	8.9	9.5	9.6	9.6	10.0	10.3	10.2	10.0	9.6
55 years and older	. 3.9	7.0	5.2	5.5	6.1	6.4	6.8	7.0	7.8	7.4	7.5	7.3	7.8	7.8	7.9
Women, 16 years and older	5.4	8.1	6.6	6.9	7.3	7.6	7.6	8.1	8.3	8.2	8.3	8.5	8.8	8.6	8.8
16 to 24 years	. 11.2	14.9	12.7	12.5	13.6	13.4	13.6	14.5	15.8	15.6	15.6	15.5	15.9	16.2	15.7
16 to 19 years	. 16.2	20.7	18.3	17.3	18.6	18.2	17.6	19.1	22.1	20.9	21.4	22.2	24.0	23.1	23.1
16 to 17 years	19.1	23.1	20.9	16.5	19.9	19.7	20.4	21.2	24.6	23.6	23.3	25.1	26.8	27.1	26.8
18 t0 19 years	14.3	19.4	16.8	17.3	17.3	17.4	17.5	18.0	20.3	19.2	20.2	20.2	22.4	21.5	21.3
20 to 24 years	. 8.8	12.3	10.2	10.3	11.4	11.3	11.8	12.5	12.9	13.2	13.1	12.7	12.4	13.3	12.5
25 years and older	. 4.4	6.9	5.5	5.9	6.2	6.6	6.6	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.1	7.3	7.6	7.3	7.6
25 to 54 years	4.6	7.2	5.8	6.1	6.5	6.8	6.8	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.3	7.7	8.0	7.5	8.1
55 years and older1	3.7	6.0	4.3	5.4	5.3	5.8	5.4	5.8	6.4	7.1	6.7	6.3	6.1	6.2	5.8

¹ Data are not seasonally adjusted.

NOTE: Beginning in January 2003, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

10. Unemployment rates by State, seasonally adjusted

. ,	Nov.	Oct.	Nov.		Nov.	Oct.	Nov.
State	2008	2009 ^p	2009 ^p	State	2008	2009 ^p	2009 ^p
Alabama	6.2	10.9	10.5		6.8	9.3	9.4
Alaska	6.8	8.7	8.4	Montana	4.9	6.4	6.4
Arizona	6.4	9.3	8.9	Nebraska	3.6	4.9	4.6
Arkansas	5.5	7.6	7.4	Nevada	8.0	12.9	12.3
California	8.3	12.5	12.4	New Hampshire	4.1	6.8	6.7
Colorado	5.4	7.0	6.9	New Jersey	6.3	9.7	9.7
Connecticut	6.3	8.8	8.2	New Mexico	4.6	7.8	7.8
Delaware	5.6	8.6	8.6	New York	6.3	9.0	8.6
District of Columbia	8.0	11.9	11.8	North Carolina	7.5	10.9	10.7
Florida	7.2	11.3	11.5	North Dakota	3.2	4.2	4.1
Georgia	7.1	10.1	10.1	Ohio	7.1	10.5	10.6
Hawaii	4.9	7.3	6.8	Oklahoma	4.4	7.3	7.1
Idaho	5.8	9.0	9.1	Oregon	7.8	11.2	10.7
Illinois	6.9	11.0	10.9	Pennsylvania	6.1	8.9	8.5
Indiana	7.0	9.8	9.6	Rhode Island	9.1	12.9	12.7
lowa	4.3	6.6	6.7	South Carolina	8.2	12.0	12.3
Kansas	4.8	6.7	6.4	South Dakota	3.4	5.0	4.9
Kentucky	7.2	11.3	10.6	Tennessee	7.2	10.5	10.2
Louisiana	5.3	7.4	6.7	Texas	5.4	8.3	8.0
Maine	6.2	8.2	8.0	Utah	3.8	6.5	6.3
Maryland	5.1	7.3	7.3	Vermont	5.3	6.5	6.4
Massachusetts	6.1	8.9	8.7	Virginia	4.6	6.6	6.6
Michigan	9.6	15.1	14.7	Washington	6.1	9.3	9.0
Minnesota	6.1	7.6	7.4	West Virginia	4.3	8.5	8.4
Mississippi	7.4	9.8	9.8	Wisconsin	5.4	8.4	8.2
				Wyoming	3.1	7.4	7.2

p = preliminary

11. Employment of workers on nonfarm payrolls by State, seasonally adjusted

State	Nov. 2008	Oct. 2009 ^p	Nov. 2009 ^p	State	Nov. 2008	Oct. 2009 ^p	Nov. 2009 ^p
Alabama	2,159,990	2,080,140	2,064,495	Missouri	3,013,992	3,000,046	2,990,799
Alaska	359,103	357.889	358.041	Montana	507.037	496,472	497,748
Arizona	3,172,433	3,142,551	3,144,961	Nebraska	999,107	979,583	981,721
Arkansas	1,374,877	1,369,261	1,377,307	Nevada	1,399,659	1,386,954	1,378,058
California	18,536,742	18,340,446	18,338,695	New Hampshire	738,462	737,980	739,164
Colorado	2,741,519	2,660,555	2,663,960	New Jersey	4,510,423	4,526,252	4,539,686
Connecticut	1,888,407	1,900,582	1,895,165	New Mexico	964,878	957,693	962,650
Delaware	445,174	428,357	426,713	New York	9,731,708	9,729,641	9,692,492
District of Columbia	332,550	329,809	330,754	North Carolina	4,572,175	4,529,162	4,534,637
Florida	9,315,998	9,183,076	9,210,521	North Dakota	371,465	362,349	362,933
Georgia	4,868,341	4,717,661	4,717,491	Ohio	5,968,907	5,886,475	5,905,692
Hawaii	657,186	645,628	643,502	Oklahoma	1,763,972	1,781,426	1,783,645
Idaho	759,373	753,774	755,245	Oregon	1,977,264	1,953,078	1,946,772
Illinois	6,652,844	6,639,555	6,647,839	Pennsylvania	6,432,891	6,339,778	6,328,949
Indiana	3,236,966	3,107,954	3,108,442	Rhode Island	567,033	569,817	570,649
lowa	1,677,612	1,685,358	1,682,172	South Carolina	2,180,411	2,170,975	2,173,419
Kansas	1,507,088	1,526,472	1,521,896	South Dakota	446,447	446,677	445,723
Kentucky	2,055,583	2,072,191	2,064,336	Tennessee	3,047,058	2,986,985	2,982,649
Louisiana	2,105,168	2,065,775	2,055,096	Texas	11,823,440	12,059,825	12,092,607
Maine	709,121	700,499	702,402	Utah	1,393,949	1,361,012	1,363,377
Maryland	3,006,457	2,934,716	2,946,776	Vermont	356,472	356,694	359,872
Massachusetts	3,429,595	3,443,540	3,453,832	Virginia	4,163,788	4,134,999	4,139,313
Michigan	4,900,202	4,850,045	4,843,939	Washington	3,515,329	3,543,201	3,514,488
Minnesota	2,947,270	2,950,414	2,963,981	West Virginia	804,331	789,582	790,040
Mississippi	1,317,273	1,281,915	1,283,931	Wisconsin	3,096,819	3,047,729	3,041,399
				Wyoming	294,289	291,748	291,638

NOTE: Some data in this table may differ from data published elsewhere because of the continual updating of the database.

p = preliminary

12. Employment of workers on nonfarm payrolls by industry, monthly data seasonally adjusted [In thousands]

Industry	Annual a	average	2008						20	09					
ilidustry	2008	2009	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov. ^p	Dec.p
TOTAL NONFARM	137,066	131,997	135,074	134,333	133,652	133,000	132,481	132,178	131,715	131,411	131,257	131,118	130,991	130,995	130,910
TOTAL PRIVATE GOODS-PRODUCING		109,482 18,938	112,542 20,532	111,793 20,127	111,105 19,832	110,457 19,520	109,865 19,253	109,573 19,041	109,182 18,829	108,936 18,713	108,770 18,583	108,670 18,488	108,507 18,379	108,507 18,321	108,443 18,240
	21,419	10,930	20,532	20,127	19,032	19,520	19,200	19,041	10,029	10,713	10,000	10,400	10,379	10,321	10,240
Natural resources and mining	774	727	789	781	771	754	740	731	721	715	706	705	700	704	703
Logging	57.0	51.8	55.7	55.2	54.5	51.9	51.4	51.3	51.4	51.1	51.2	51.9	50.5	50.7	50.4
Mining Oil and gas extraction	717.0 161.6	674.9 166.6	733.3 169.4	725.3 167.7	716.4 167.8	701.9 166.9	689.0 167.0	679.6 168.1	669.3 166.9	663.8 165.5	655.1 165.2	653.2 166.1	649.9 165.4	652.8 166.2	652.7 166.2
Mining, except oil and gas 1	227.7	218.0	229.2	227.9	225.7	222.8	220.4	219.4	217.4	215.6	214.3	214.4	212.4	213.6	212.6
Coal mining	80.6	80.2	84.5	84.9	84.1	83.3	82.4	81.4	80.3	79.0	78.9	78.5	77.3	76.9	76.4
Support activities for mining	327.7	290.3	334.7	329.7	322.9	312.2	301.6	292.1	285.0	282.7	275.6	272.7	272.1	273.0	273.9
Construction Construction of buildings	7,215 1,659.3	6,234 1,434.2	6,841 1,572.9	6,706 1,536.9	6,593 1,509.5	6,470 1,481.5	6,367 1,461.7	6,310 1,451.2	6,231 1,433.4	6,162 1,415.1	6,096 1,406.1	6,043 1,391.9	5,987 1,381.6	5,960 1,381.1	5,907 1,369.6
Heavy and civil engineering	970.2	866.1	933.2	926.6	919.0	907.2	885.5	876.1	862.1	854.4	849.2	841.2	827.0	829.0	810.6
Speciality trade contractors	4,585.3	3,933.5	4,335.2	4,242.2	4,164.4	4,081.4	4,019.6	3,983.1	3,935.9	3,892.4	3,840.2	3,810.0	3,778.5	3,750.1	3,726.5
Manufacturing	13,431 9,649	11,978 8,420	12,902 9,174	12,640 8,946	12,468 8,804	12,296 8,654	12,146 8,532	12,000 8,409	11,877 8,316	11,836 8,301	11,781 8,265	11,740 8,243	11,692 8,211	11,657 8,192	11,630 8,164
Production workers Durable goods	8,476	7,360	8,085	7,881	7,753	7,620	7,490	7,372	7,271	7,248	7,204	7,169	7,134	7,105	7,089
Production workers	5,986	5,046	5,633	5,458	5,352	5,239	5,130	5,034	4,957	4,957	4,924	4,906	4,882	4,863	4,847
Wood products	459.6	372.9	416.2	403.9	390.4	388.4	382.4	373.5	367.1	364.3	362.2	361.6	362.0	361.6	363.3
Nonmetallic mineral products Primary metals	468.1 443.3	408.5 369.9	441.2 419.6	434.3 409.3	425.8 395.2	417.0 386.4	415.5 376.2	410.7 367.8	406.1 360.3	405.5 358.8	402.6 359.3	400.9 357.3	395.7 356.8	394.5 357.0	395.1 357.6
Fabricated metal products	1,528.3	1,320.4	1,461.5	1,425.3	1,399.0	1,370.3	1,344.1	1,325.9	1,308.8	1,295.1	1,288.3	1,280.2	1,275.1	1,270.6	1,269.9
Machinery	1,185.6	1,024.9	1,150.2	1,126.0	1,100.8	1,070.5	1,051.4	1,032.0	1,016.3	1,003.2	997.5	989.8	981.3	974.1	969.6
Computer and electronic															
products ¹ Computer and peripheral	1,247.6	1,147.7	1,223.7	1,212.9	1,196.9	1,187.1	1,171.1	1,156.1	1,142.4	1,134.5	1,125.6	1,120.2	1,114.3	1,108.3	1,105.9
equipment Communications equipment	182.8 129.0	165.1 126.9	180.0 129.1	180.3 129.6	175.5 129.0	173.5 128.5	167.8 127.8	164.2 127.4	162.7 126.5	162.4 126.3	160.5 125.7	160.4 126.1	159.1 125.0	158.1 124.0	157.7 124.4
Semiconductors and															
electronic components Electronic instruments	432.4 441.6	378.8 423.3	417.4 437.5	410.5 433.8	403.3 431.9	397.6 430.9	389.2 431.1	382.8 427.2	375.6 424.4	371.0 422.2	367.6 420.0	365.2 417.3	363.7 415.5	362.6 412.7	362.4 410.7
	441.0	420.0	407.0	400.0	401.0	400.0	401.1	727.2	724.4	722.2	420.0	417.0	410.0	712.7	410.7
Electrical equipment and appliances	424.9	379.2	412.0	406.1	399.1	389.7	382.0	378.4	377.0	374.0	372.3	371.8	368.0	365.1	363.7
Transportation equipment	1,606.5	1,352.2	1,501.8	1,423.5	1,423.7	1,400.4	1,365.9	1,335.3	1,309.6	1,339.0	1,330.0	1,326.9	1,326.7	1,320.1	1,315.7
Furniture and related															
products	481.0	390.8	440.6	428.6	417.4	408.8	401.0	394.4	388.1	382.7	378.2	374.5	371.5	372.7	370.3
Miscellaneous manufacturing Nondurable goods	630.8 4,955	593.1 4,618	618.4 4,817	611.0 4,759	604.5 4,715	601.1 4,676	600.4 4,656	597.4 4,628	595.1 4,606	590.9 4,588	587.7 4,577	585.8 4,571	582.3 4,558	580.7 4,552	577.4 4,541
Production workers	3,663	3,374	3,541	3,488	3,452	3,415	3,402	3,375	3,359	3,344	3,341	3,337	3,329	3,329	3,317
Food manufacturing	1,484.8	1,471.8	1,477.6	1,470.7	1,467.2	1,464.4	1,474.9	1,471.7	1,473.8	1,473.9	1,476.4	1,476.3	1,473.9	1,471.0	1,466.9
Beverages and tobacco															
products	199.0 151.0	190.4 125.1	195.8 136.8	194.2 133.6	191.3 130.0	191.6 128.2	190.9 127.3	190.5 126.1	190.0 124.5	189.4 122.5	189.8 122.3	189.7 121.8	189.8 121.1	189.2 121.7	188.7 122.3
Textile mills Textile product mills	147.5	127.6	141.2	137.4	134.2	129.3	127.5	120.1	124.3	125.9	125.5	125.8	124.7	123.7	123.7
Apparel	198.4	168.3	183.5	178.9	176.3	173.8	169.9	170.2	165.8	166.7	165.4	163.7	163.4	162.7	164.5
Leather and allied products	33.6	30.9 410.2	32.6 433.4	32.4 427.3	31.9 422.5	31.7 418.3	31.7 415.1	31.5 410.5	30.8 409.1	31.3 407.2	30.6 405.7	30.2 405.4	29.6 402.1	29.8 401.0	29.9 397.8
Paper and paper products	445.8	410.2	433.4	421.3	422.5	410.3	415.1	410.5	409.1	407.2	403.7	403.4	402.1	401.0	397.0
Printing and related support activities	594.1	524.3	567.0	558.1	549.2	541.5	534.4	529.6	522.8	518.4	513.7	511.4	508.3	503.6	503.5
Petroleum and coal products	117.1	114.2	116.9	114.2	114.6	114.5	114.6	114.5	114.5	114.3	114.0	114.2	113.7	114.2	112.3
Chemicals	849.8	812.3	837.1	832.7	828.2	823.4	818.9	814.9	811.0	807.4	803.4	802.5	802.3	804.9	801.8
Plastics and rubber products	734.2	642.8	694.9	679.7	669.3	659.0	651.1	641.4	637.1	631.3	630.4	629.5	629.1	630.4	629.3
SERVICE-PROVIDING	115,646	113,059	114,542	114,206	113,820	113,480	113,228	113,137	112,886	112,698	112,674	112,630	112,612	112,674	112,670
PRIVATE SERVICE- PROVIDING	93,146	90,543	92,010	91,666	91,273	90,937	90,612	90,532	90,353	90,223	90,187	90,182	90,128	90,186	90,203
Trade, transportation,															
and utilities Wholesale trade	26,385 5,963.7	25,263 5,693.4	25,843 5,850.7	25,735 5,819.3	25,605 5,773.7	25,479 5,741.3	25,371 5,710.8	25,308 5,695.7	25,258 5,680.3	25,174 5,666.8	25,146 5,661.0	25,090 5,654.1	25,031 5,647.3	24,999 5,636.7	24,962 5,618.5
Durable goods	3,060.7	2,855.1	2,978.6	2,959.6	2,926.2	2,899.4	2,875.5		2,848.1	2,836.8	2,828.3	2,821.2	2,813.4	2,800.1	2,786.2
Nondurable goods	2,053.0	1,996.7	2,025.1	2,013.9	2,006.6	2,002.5	1,997.7	1,996.6	1,994.0	1,992.2	1,991.6	1,990.5	1,988.7	1,992.8	1,987.4
Electronic markets and agents and brokers	850.1	841.6	847.0	845.8	840.9	839.4	837.6	837.3	838.2	837.8	841.1	842.4	845.2	843.8	844.9
Retail trade Motor vehicles and parts	15,356.3	14,774.2	15,037.9	14,991.5	14,934.3	14,872.4	14,839.7	14,811.6	14,791.5	14,747.0	14,726.1	14,686.4	14,646.7	14,633.2	14,623.0
dealers ¹ Automobile dealers	1,844.5 1,186.0	1,684.0 1,052.9	1,745.6 1,099.9	1,730.1 1,088.6	1,716.8 1,078.7	1,701.8 1,067.7	1,690.2 1,057.1	1,681.6 1,050.2	1,673.9 1,042.6	1,669.9 1,040.4	1,674.7 1,045.6	1,668.4 1,040.7	1,668.4 1,041.1	1,667.4 1,043.0	1,669.8 1,045.3
Furniture and home furnishings stores	542.8	488.5	514.2	508.3	499.7	497.7	492.4	486.3	484.7	483.9	479.6	480.0	481.6	483.6	482.9
Electronics and appliance stores	549.6	516.2	538.6	535.5	533.7	518.6	518.0	517.0	515.7	513.1	513.0	511.5	507.3	505.7	505.4

See notes at end of table.

12. Continued—Employment of workers on nonfarm payrolls by industry, monthly data seasonally adjusted [In thousands]

Industry	Annual	average	2008						20	09					
-	2008	2009	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov. ^p	Dec. ^p
Building material and garden supply storesFood and beverage stores	1,253.1 2,858.4	1,181.3 2,819.8	1,227.8 2,835.1	1,214.9 2,835.3	1,207.1 2,826.0	1,193.5 2,827.6	1,189.3 2,828.9	1,186.3 2,828.0	1,181.1 2,828.8	1,175.3 2,823.5	1,169.7 2,821.4	1,167.8 2,813.4	1,164.8 2,809.9	1,164.6 2,801.9	1,168.1 2,798.1
Health and personal care stores	1,002.4 843.4	983.0 830.4	991.2 834.4	985.7 833.0	986.9 832.1	985.0 830.4	984.2 831.1	984.7 829.0	984.3 829.9	984.1 830.3	982.2 834.4	976.5 830.1	978.7 830.5	976.9 825.6	980.6 826.1
Clothing and clothing accessories stores	1,484.2	1,424.2	1,448.5	1,445.0	1,443.8	1,433.4	1,432.7	1,426.8	1,420.1	1,414.4	1,410.9	1,411.3	1,416.2	1,421.4	1,421.1
Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores	646.7 3,047.1 1,557.0 847.8	602.6 3,026.3 1,524.1 802.0	624.3 3,029.2 1,521.2 825.0	620.8 3,040.7 1,529.1 819.5	613.6 3,040.7 1,532.6 815.1	610.0 3,045.5 1,530.9 810.4	608.8 3,041.2 1,524.0 805.3	607.0 3,041.8 1,526.0 805.8	605.1 3,045.1 1,528.6 804.8	605.4 3,032.8 1,523.3 797.6	601.8 3,025.7 1,524.2 797.5	604.5 3,019.1 1,524.4 790.9	589.7 2,996.1 1,510.2 791.2	586.6 2,999.5 1,515.9 790.4	586.1 2,984.7 1,510.3 788.0
Nonstore retailers Transportation and	436.3	416.1	424.0	422.7	418.8	418.5	417.6	417.3	418.0	416.7	415.2	412.9	412.3	409.6	412.1
warehousing	4,505.0 492.6 229.5 65.2 1,391.1	4,227.9 465.8 214.8 57.6 1,275.6	4,389.9 477.8 226.8 60.3 1,340.8	4,354.4 476.8 227.1 59.7 1,323.3	4,327.0 474.8 224.1 60.9 1,313.9	4,295.5 474.0 220.7 59.6 1,300.3	4,251.7 466.8 217.9 58.1 1,283.2	4,233.5 466.7 214.6 57.2 1,277.4	4,218.4 463.9 212.2 56.5 1,269.5	4,193.9 462.9 212.2 55.7 1,264.6	4,192.3 463.5 213.0 56.3 1,261.2	4,182.2 461.7 211.5 56.5 1,261.7	4,168.5 462.0 209.9 56.7 1,253.5	4,161.7 459.5 208.0 56.9 1,249.9	4,153.7 457.2 208.7 57.7 1,246.6
Transit and ground passenger transportation Pipeline transportation	418.1 42.0	404.7 42.8	410.1 43.3	408.1 43.1	406.4 43.1	406.2 43.0	401.8 43.0	405.4 42.5	413.0 42.3	407.0 41.8	405.4 42.4	400.5 43.2	400.5 43.3	402.6 43.0	400.7 42.7
Scenic and sightseeing transportation	28.0	27.3	27.2	26.9	27.0	27.0	27.2	28.5	27.7	28.7	28.1	28.1	26.7	26.1	25.9
Support activities for transportation Couriers and messengers Warehousing and storage Utilities	589.9 575.9 672.8 559.5	543.0 552.4 644.0 568.0	579.5 564.6 659.5 564.6	569.3 563.2 656.9 569.3	561.0 563.7 652.1 570.0	554.6 558.5 651.6 570.1	550.3 556.0 647.4 568.5	545.6 550.5 645.1 567.5	537.8 551.5 644.0 567.8	532.5 547.8 640.7 566.1	533.0 549.0 640.4 566.5	534.6 545.5 638.9 567.5	532.7 547.0 636.2 568.1	533.7 545.6 636.4 567.4	532.4 544.5 637.3 566.5
Information	2,997	2,856	2,940	2,924	2,918	2,905	2,884	2,858	2,845	2,834	2,829	2,828	2,826	2,812	2,806
Publishing industries, except Internet	882.6	803.4	857.8	846.3	836.3	827.8	820.1	808.6	801.8	795.6	788.5	787.3	781.0	777.3	773.6
Motion picture and sound recording industries	381.6 315.9	385.6 293.4	377.2 308.1	376.7 306.5	389.8 302.5	393.7 299.0	389.5 296.3	381.3 294.2	379.3 291.9	380.3 290.2	384.3 288.7	385.0 289.6	389.3 288.3	385.6 290.3	388.3 287.6
Internet publishing and broadcasting Telecommunications	1,021.4	983.4	1,004.0	1,001.6	999.5	996.7	989.3	986.4	981.6	978.2	976.7	975.0	976.0	969.4	965.9
ISPs, search portals, and data processing	261.6 133.6 8,146 6,015.2	254.9 135.2 7,773 5,771.6	256.4 136.5 8,010 5,924.0	257.0 135.7 7,954 5,890.4	254.6 134.8 7,898 5,853.9	253.9 134.1 7,857 5,829.5	255.5 133.7 7,811 5,799.6	253.8 133.2 7,784 5,781.6	254.4 135.5 7,751 5,760.5	254.8 135.3 7,737 5,748.0	256.9 134.3 7,714 5,729.8	255.8 135.1 7,703 5,720.9	254.7 136.6 7,697 5,718.7	253.5 136.0 7,691 5,714.6	254.2 135.9 7,695 5,724.5
Monetary authorities— central bank Credit intermediation and	22.2	20.5	21.3	21.0	20.9	20.8	20.5	20.3	20.3	20.2	20.3	20.3	20.6	20.4	20.4
related activities ¹ Depository credit	2,735.8	2,611.6	2,680.8	2,665.3	2,648.8	2,635.4	2,619.8	2,613.5	2,604.0	2,602.1	2,594.4	2,589.1	2,589.1	2,589.8	2,593.6
intermediation ¹ Commercial banking	1,819.5 1,359.9	1,775.4 1,327.6	1,804.9 1,351.8	1,798.1 1,346.6	1,790.9 1,340.5	1,783.4 1,334.2	1,778.0 1,329.4	1,774.4 1,327.9	1,772.7 1,324.2	1,770.0 1,323.5	1,767.4 1,320.8	1,766.1 1,319.7	1,765.7 1,320.0	1,768.6 1,322.8	1,769.2 1,323.6
Securities, commodity contracts, investments	858.1	791.3	839.9	826.5	814.9	805.8	797.0	791.7	786.4	782.3	780.5	777.8	778.6	775.7	779.5
Insurance carriers and related activities	2,308.8	2,260.8	2,292.0	2,287.4	2,281.1	2,279.4	2,274.3	2,268.3	2,261.9	2,256.5	2,247.6	2,247.2	2,244.0	2,242.6	2,245.3
Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles	90.3	87.4	90.0	90.2	88.2	88.1	88.0	87.8	87.9	86.9	87.0	86.5	86.4	86.1	85.7
Real estate and rental and leasing Real estate Rental and leasing services	2,130.2 1,481.1 620.9	2,001.1 1,407.9 565.4	2,085.8 1,458.2 599.3	2,063.2 1,444.9 589.9	2,043.8 1,432.4 583.2	2,027.0 1,421.9 576.6	2,011.7 1,411.9 571.5	2,002.7 1,405.1 569.2	1,990.6 1,396.3 566.5	1,988.6 1,396.4 564.6	1,984.3 1,394.9 562.1	1,982.3 1,399.0 555.9	1,978.3 1,396.9 553.9	1,976.5 1,400.6 548.5	1,970.4 1,395.2 547.8
Lessors of nonfinancial intangible assets	28.2	27.9	28.3	28.4	28.2	28.5	28.3	28.4	27.8	27.6	27.3	27.4	27.5	27.4	27.4
Professional and business services Professional and technical	17,778	16,787	17,356	17,205	17,029	16,910	16,783	16,756	16,655	16,624	16,618	16,642	16,675	16,764	16,814
services ¹ Legal services	7,829.7 1,163.7	7,640.1 1,131.7	7,797.2 1,156.8	7,765.5 1,154.1	7,729.2 1,148.7	7,697.9 1,144.9	7,670.7 1,139.4	7,652.4 1,136.9	7,615.6 1,131.7	7,598.9 1,128.2	7,587.8 1,127.2	7,588.5 1,124.8	7,588.4 1,118.7	7,596.5 1,116.2	7,605.3 1,114.1
Accounting and bookkeeping services	950.1	932.5	933.7	927.5	924.4	929.5	929.3	938.0	936.8	934.8	938.0	932.0	935.6	929.1	926.5
Architectural and engineering															

12. Continued—Employment of workers on nonfarm payrolls by industry, monthly data seasonally adjusted

[In thousands]

	Annual	average	2008						20	09					
Industry	2008	2009	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov. ^p	Dec.p
Computer systems design and related services	. 1,450.3	1,464.7	1,466.8	1,462.4	1,463.7	1,459.2	1,460.4	1,457.0	1,456.0	1,462.6	1,461.3	1,465.6	1,471.8	1,473.7	1,477.1
Management and technical consulting services	1,008.9	1,020.1	1,020.5	1,025.7	1,021.6	1,016.0	1,016.7	1,017.9	1,015.7	1,014.9	1,015.3	1,016.6	1,024.4	1,030.4	1,033.9
Management of companies and enterprises	1,894.6	1,829.3	1,872.1	1,871.7	1,862.1	1,852.6	1,840.2	1,829.9	1,823.8	1,819.7	1,816.4	1,810.8	1,807.5	1,806.3	1,804.0
Administrative and waste services	8,053.7	7,317.8	7,686.3	7,567.5	7,437.8	7,359.4	7,272.3	7,274.0	7,215.2	7,205.8	7,214.1	7,242.9	7,279.3	7,361.4	7,404.3
Administrative and support															
services ¹	7,693.5	6,955.0	7,324.4	7,203.1	7,076.5	6,999.2	6,911.7	6,912.7	6,854.3	6,843.7	6,851.6	6,877.8	6,914.9	6,996.9	7,039.3
Employment services 1	3,144.4	2,547.9	2,829.5	2,720.5	2,638.7	2,567.0	2,506.4	2,501.9	2,470.3	2,459.5	2,465.6	2,486.9	2,529.5	2,594.6	2,650.3
Temporary help services	2,342.6	1,818.9	2,055.6	1,965.7	1,892.7	1,835.4	1,781.5	1,780.6	1,750.9	1,745.2	1,748.4	1,765.6	1,809.9	1,865.1	1,911.6
Business support services Services to buildings	823.2	791.7	816.0	817.6	805.0	799.1	792.9	790.5	783.8	783.9	784.5	787.0	785.6	789.4	784.9
and dwellings	1,847.0	1,777.2	1,818.1	1,812.5	1,796.8	1,791.5	1,778.7	1,786.1	1,771.2	1,769.8	1,765.3	1,764.8	1,763.0	1,766.5	1,763.3
Waste management and remediation services Educational and health	360.2	362.7	361.9	364.4	361.3	360.2	360.6	361.3	360.9	362.1	362.5	365.1	364.4	364.5	365.0
Services Educational services	18,855 3,036.6	19,272 3,082.8	19,080 3,063.1	19,119 3,088.4	19,138 3,083.1	19,158 3,077.9	19,175 3,077.4	19,215 3,077.6	19,248 3,082.0	19,262 3,072.2	19,312 3,077.7	19,348 3,074.3	19,384 3,084.6	19,421 3,095.1	19,456 3,105.9
Health care and social															
assistance Ambulatory health care	15,818.5	16,189.1	16,017.0	16,030.3	16,054.7	16,080.1	16,097.8	16,137.7	16,166.1	16,190.2	16,233.8	16,273.2	16,299.6	16,325.5	16,350.2
services ¹	5,660.7	5,836.3	5,742.6	5,753.3	5,770.1	5,779.8	5,794.1	5,812.9	5,830.6	5,842.0	5,855.8	5,873.4	5,885.2	5,899.0	5,921.8
Offices of physicians	2,265.7	2,324.8	2,294.5	2,300.4	2,304.4	2,308.0	2,310.5	2,314.6	2,321.9	2,329.8	2,335.3	2,339.0	2,339.1	2,340.3	2,349.2
Outpatient care centers	532.5	542.3	536.7	538.0	538.5	537.7	538.7	539.3	543.5	542.0	543.8	543.6	548.0	547.1	549.6
Home health care services	958.0	1,018.5	980.7	981.4	991.0	996.7	1,004.5	1,013.3	1,016.7	1,018.2	1,022.6	1,030.7	1,038.8	1,046.9	1,054.9
Hospitals	4,641.1	4,723.1	4,703.7	4,707.5	4,711.3	4,715.1	4,716.7	4,719.1	4,718.9	4,722.4	4,723.9	4,729.6	4,735.8	4,739.9	
Nursing and residential															
care facilities 1	3,008.1	3,059.7	3,029.6	3,029.4	3,033.6	3,041.0	3,042.8	3,049.1	3,056.3	3,064.7	3,073.6	3,076.1	3,081.3	3,082.5	3,079.8
Nursing care facilities	1,613.7	1,629.5	1,617.3	1,616.6	1,617.9	1,621.8	1,624.5	1,626.8	1,628.9	1,631.4	1,634.9	1,636.5	1,637.8	1,636.1	1,636.2
Social assistance 1	2,508.7	2,570.1	2,541.1	2,540.1	2,539.7	2,544.2	2,544.2	2,556.6	2,560.3	2,561.1	2,580.5	2,594.1	2,597.3	2,604.1	2,607.3
Child day care services	859.2	856.8	864.3	862.7	860.4	858.2	853.9	860.3	854.3	845.9	856.3	859.4	856.4	857.0	856.2
Leisure and hospitality	13,459	13,180	13,304	13,268	13,236	13,202	13,168	13,195	13,176	13,177	13,163	13,176	13,134	13,121	13,096
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	1,969.3	1,910.2	1,947.1	1,943.8	1,936.2	1,928.7	1,900.6	1,901.8	1,885.5	1,897.8	1,893.2	1,922.8	1,900.8	1,900.0	1,890.8
Performing arts and spectator sports	406.3	397.4	401.4	405.7	398.6	400.5	392.9	396.8	393.8	400.0	395.2	399.1	399.1	394.7	392.0
Museums, historical sites, zoos, and parks	131.8	131.0	130.8	130.3	130.9	130.6	130.5	130.9	130.8	130.5	131.0	131.4	131.2	130.7	131.2
Amusements, gambling, and															
recreation	1,431.2	1,381.8	1,414.9	1,407.8	1,406.7	1,397.6	1,377.2	1,374.1	1,360.9	1,367.3	1,367.0	1,392.3	1,370.5	1,374.6	1,367.6
food services	11,489.3	11,269.7	11,356.5	11,323.7	11,299.7	11,273.2	11,267.0	11,293.6	11,290.0	11,278.8	11,269.5	11,253.6	11,232.9	11,221.4	11,204.8
Accommodations	1,857.3	1,723.0	1,794.3	1,768.4	1,754.7	1,732.7	1,723.6	1,728.7	1,721.0	1,715.5	1,714.4	1,709.8	1,703.2	1,698.3	1,696.9
Food services and drinking	9,632.0	9,546.6	9,562.2	9,555.3	9,545.0	9,540.5	9,543.4	9,564.9	9,569.0	9,563.3	9,555.1	9,543.8	9,529.7	9,523.1	9,507.9
places Other services	5,528	5,412	5,477	5,461	5,449	5,426	5,420	5,416	5,420	5,415	5,405	5,395	5,381	5,378	5,374
Repair and maintenance	1,228.2	1,160.7	1,189.9	1,184.7	1,177.3	1,166.3	1,163.7	1,158.4	1,157.8	1,155.1	1,154.3	1,150.6	1,150.7	1,153.9	
Personal and laundry services	1,326.6	1,295.5	1,320.9	1,313.6	1,312.5	1,302.4	1,297.3	1,293.3	1,298.4	1,296.1	1,293.4	1,289.6	1,284.5	1,283.5	
Membership associations and	0.0==	0.05-	0.00	0.00-	0.0==-	0.05-	0.0==	0.00	0.00-	0.00-	0.0=-	0.0=-	0.01-	0.5/-	0.00-
organizations	2,973.3	2,955.7	2,965.7	2,963.1	2,958.7	2,956.8	2,958.6	2,964.3	2,963.9	2,963.4	2,956.8	2,955.1	2,945.6	2,940.3	2,939.3
Government	22,500	22,516	22,532	22,540	22,547	22,543	22,616	22,605	22,533	22,475	22,487	22,448	22,484	22,488	22,467
Federal, except U.S. Postal	2,764	2,830	2,778	2,793	2,796	2,808	2,876	2,860	2,817	2,826	2,825	2,827	2,844	2,839	2,830
Service	2,016.8	2,126.3	2,057.3	2,065.8	2,071.0	2,086.0	2,154.6	2,150.2	2,111.1	2,120.9	2,129.3	2,137.0	2,161.0	2,163.7	2,167.0
U.S. Postal Service	747.5	703.4	720.9	726.9	724.9	721.7	721.0	709.5	705.9	705.4	695.8	689.5	683.3	675.7	663.1
State	5,178	5,182	5,196	5,192	5,192	5,186	5,189	5,189	5,174	5,149	5,172	5,173	5,179	5,180	5,177
Education	2,359.0	2,384.1	2,381.3	2,380.2	2,382.3	2,379.9	2,385.5	2,386.2	2,377.9	2,357.2	2,377.3	2,375.8	2,389.3	2,395.5	2,393.6
Other State government	2,818.9	2,798.0	2,814.8	2,811.6	2,809.4	2,805.9	2,803.5	2,802.5	2,796.3	2,791.4	2,794.3	2,796.7	2,789.9	2,784.6	
Local	14,557	14,504	14,558	14,555	14,559	14,549	14,551	14,556	14,542	14,500	14,490	14,448	14,461	14,469	
Education	8,075.6	8,039.4	8,060.5	8,070.7	8,076.7	8,078.7	8,081.4	8,078.0	8,070.2	8,015.6	8,007.8	7,988.6	8,020.0	8,034.7	8,033.5
Other local government	6,481.8	6,464.6	6,497.7	6,484.7	6,482.5	6,469.8	6,469.2	6,478.3	6,471.3	6,484.6	6,481.7	6,459.1	6,441.4	6,434.1	6,426.0

¹ Includes other industries not shown separately.

NOTE: See "Notes on the data" for a description of the most recent benchmark revision. p = preliminary.

13. Average weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls, by industry, monthly data seasonally adjusted

data seasonany adjusted	Annual	average	2008						20	09					
Industry	2008	2009	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov. ^p	Dec. ^p
TOTAL PRIVATE	. 33.6	33.1	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.1	33.1	33.1	33.0	33.1	33.1	33.1	33.0	33.2	33.2
GOODS-PRODUCING	40.2	39.2	39.4	39.3	39.2	38.9	39.0	39.0	39.0	39.3	39.4	39.3	39.1	39.6	39.6
Natural resources and mining	45.1	43.3	44.3	44.2	43.9	43.4	43.0	43.3	43.3	42.9	43.3	43.2	42.8	43.2	43.5
Construction	38.5	37.6	38.0	37.9	38.0	37.7	37.5	37.6	37.6	37.8	37.9	37.5	36.9	37.7	37.7
Manufacturing Overtime hours	40.8 3.7	39.8 2.9	39.9 2.9	39.8 2.9	39.5 2.7	39.4 2.6	39.6 2.7	39.4 2.8	39.5 2.8	39.9 2.9	39.9 3.0	40.0 3.0	40.1 3.2	40.4 3.4	40.4 3.4
Durable goods		39.8	40.0	39.8	39.6	39.3	39.5	39.4	39.4	39.9	39.9	40.1	40.2	40.5	40.5
Overtime hours		2.7	2.8	2.7	2.5	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.8	3.0	3.2	3.3
Wood products		37.5	36.8	36.9	37.1	36.9	37.0	36.9	37.4	37.7	37.7	37.8	37.8	38.1	38.4
Nonmetallic mineral products		40.8	40.9	40.2	40.0	39.9	40.2	40.5	40.8	41.5	41.3	41.1	40.8	41.9	40.1
Primary metals		40.7	40.5	40.4	40.1	40.1	40.0	40.0	39.7	40.1	40.7	40.9	41.4	42.8	43.1
Fabricated metal products		39.4	40.3	39.7	39.5	39.0	39.2	39.2	39.3	39.4	39.5	39.4	39.6	39.6	39.9
Machinery		40.1	41.1	40.9	40.6	40.1	40.1	39.9	39.8	39.9	39.9	39.9	40.2	40.5	40.7
Computer and electronic products		40.4	40.4	40.7	40.5	39.9	40.2	40.0	40.0	40.2	40.5	40.5	40.6	40.8	40.8
Electrical equipment and appliances		39.3	39.7	39.4	38.9	38.8	39.6	39.3	38.8	38.9	39.1	39.4	39.5	40.0	39.7
Transportation equipment		41.1	40.9	40.4	40.1	40.0	40.6	40.0	40.4	41.9	41.6	42.0	42.0	42.2	42.4
Furniture and related products		37.8	37.3	37.7	37.4	37.7	37.6	37.8	37.8	37.9	37.5	38.0	38.3	38.5	38.6
Miscellaneous manufacturing	38.9	38.4	38.3	38.4	38.2	38.2	38.3	38.0	37.9	38.3	38.6	38.6	38.6	39.0	38.9
Nondurable goods	40.4	39.7	39.7	39.7	39.5	39.4	39.6	39.6	39.6	39.8	39.9	39.9	40.0	40.1	40.2
Overtime hours		3.2	3.1	3.2	3.0	3.0	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.5	3.6	3.6
Food manufacturing	40.5	40.0	39.8	40.1	39.9	40.1	40.1	40.0	39.9	39.6	40.1	39.9	40.0	40.2	40.2
Beverage and tobacco products	38.8	36.0	36.7	37.0	37.0	36.2	35.8	36.5	35.3	35.0	35.4	35.9	36.2	36.1	36.3
Textile mills	38.7	37.7	37.0	37.1	36.4	36.3	36.9	36.8	37.8	37.6	37.9	37.9	38.9	39.7	39.3
Textile product mills	38.6	37.8	37.1	37.0	37.1	37.0	37.5	38.3	38.0	38.4	38.1	38.3	38.1	37.8	38.1
Apparel	36.4	36.0	36.0	36.0	35.6	36.1	36.1	36.1	35.6	36.2	35.6	36.0	36.1	36.3	36.1
Leather and allied products	37.5	33.5	34.7	34.0	33.3	32.8	32.4	32.0	32.0	33.3	33.7	33.2	34.8	35.8	35.1
Paper and paper products		41.8	41.9	41.6	41.5	41.1	41.4	41.2	41.8	42.2	42.0	42.4	42.1	42.2	41.9
Printing and related support															
activities	38.3	38.0	38.0	37.7	37.3	37.5	37.7	37.6	38.1	38.5	38.7	38.4	38.2	38.3	38.3
Petroleum and coal products	44.6	43.5	45.3	45.1	43.8	44.3	43.8	43.4	43.4	43.2	44.1	43.0	42.1	42.7	43.2
Chemicals	41.5	41.3	41.1	41.1	41.1	40.9	41.0	41.1	41.2	41.6	41.4	41.4	41.7	41.7	41.9
Plastics and rubber products	41.0	40.2	40.0	39.9	39.6	39.4	39.8	39.8	39.8	40.4	40.3	40.6	40.7	40.9	41.0
PRIVATE SERVICE-															
PROVIDING	. 32.3	32.1	32.2	32.2	32.1	32.1	32.0	32.0	31.9	32.0	32.0	32.0	32.0	32.1	32.1
Trade, transportation, and															
utilities		32.9	32.9	32.9	32.8	32.7	32.8	32.9	32.8	32.8	32.8	32.8	32.9	32.9	32.9
Wholesale trade		37.6	37.8	38.1	37.9	37.8	37.8	37.6	37.6	37.4	37.5	37.4	37.5	37.6	37.6
Retail trade	30.0	29.8	29.7	29.7	29.8	29.7	29.8	29.9	29.8	29.8	29.8	29.8	29.9	29.9	29.9
Transportation and warehousing	36.4	36.1	36.2	36.0	35.7	35.7	35.8	36.0	35.8	36.3	36.1	36.4	36.3	36.4	36.6
Utilities	42.7	42.1	42.9	42.6	43.2	42.4	42.3	42.1	41.9	41.9	41.9	41.5	41.7	41.9	41.7
Information	36.7	36.6	37.0	37.2	36.9	36.7	36.4	36.5	36.4	36.4	36.4	36.4	36.3	36.7	36.5
Financial activities	35.8	36.1	35.9	36.2	36.2	36.1	36.0	36.0	35.9	35.9	36.1	35.9	36.0	36.1	35.9
Professional and business															
services	34.8	34.7	34.8	34.9	34.8	34.7	34.7	34.7	34.6	34.6	34.7	34.7	34.7	34.9	34.8
Education and health services	32.5	32.3	32.4	32.4	32.3	32.4	32.3	32.3	32.2	32.2	32.2	32.2	32.2	32.2	32.3
Leisure and hospitality	25.2	24.8	25.0	24.8	25.0	24.8	24.8	24.7	24.7	24.7	24.6	24.8	24.6	24.8	24.8
Other services		30.5	30.6	30.7	30.6	30.5	30.5	30.5	30.3	30.4	30.5	30.5	30.5	30.5	30.5

Data relate to production workers in natural resources and mining and manufacturing, construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory workers in the service-providing industries.

NOTE: See "Notes on the data" for a description of the most recent benchmark revision.

p = preliminary.

14. Average hourly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls, by industry, monthly data seasonally adjusted

1.1.4	Annual	average	2008						20	09					
Industry	2008	2009	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov. ^p	Dec.p
TOTAL PRIVATE															
Current dollars	\$18.08	\$18.60	\$18.40	\$18.43	\$18.46	\$18.50	\$18.50	\$18.53	\$18.54	\$18.59	\$18.66	\$18.68	\$18.74	\$18.77	\$18.80
Constant (1982) dollars	8.30	8.60	8.65	8.64	8.61	8.64	8.65	8.65	8.57	8.59	8.58	8.57	8.57	8.54	8.54
GOODS-PRODUCING	. 19.33	19.89	19.69	19.72	19.78	19.85	19.82	19.84	19.85	19.92	19.92	19.92	20.00	20.04	20.03
Natural resources and mining	22.50	23.22	23.23	23.14	23.14	23.33	23.38	23.26	23.28	23.23	23.21	23.14	23.33	23.18	23.27
Construction	21.87	22.61	22.41	22.43	22.42	22.59	22.55	22.59	22.58	22.60	22.63	22.50	22.84	22.80	22.77
Manufacturing	17.74	18.21	17.96	17.99	18.07	18.10	18.11	18.11	18.13	18.27	18.27	18.36	18.35	18.41	18.40
Excluding overtime	16.97	17.57	17.33	17.36	17.47	17.52	17.51	17.49	17.51	17.63	17.61	17.70	17.65	17.67	17.66
Durable goods	. 18.70	19.32	18.94	18.99	19.09	19.17	19.18	19.23	19.22	19.44	19.41	19.49	19.52	19.59	19.59
Nondurable goods	. 16.15	16.55	16.39	16.43	16.49	16.46	16.49	16.45	16.54	16.54	16.60	16.70	16.63	16.68	16.66
PRIVATE SERVICE-PRIVATE SERVICE-															
PROVIDING	. 17.77	18.32	18.10	18.14	18.17	18.20	18.21	18.24	18.25	18.30	18.39	18.41	18.47	18.50	18.54
Trade,transportation, and															
utilities	16.16	16.48	16.31	16.36	16.38	16.38	16.38	16.42	16.38	16.41	16.54	16.53	16.58	16.63	16.69
Wholesale trade	. 20.14	20.89	20.31	20.41	20.52	20.59	20.70	20.87	20.79	20.86	20.99	21.05	21.14	21.29	21.45
Retail trade	12.87	13.03	12.94	12.97	12.96	12.97	12.96	12.97	12.96	12.98	13.10	13.09	13.08	13.11	13.15
Transportation and warehousing	18.41	18.66	18.66	18.72	18.67	18.68	18.62	18.63	18.54	18.58	18.67	18.61	18.76	18.73	18.75
Utilities	. 28.84	29.62	29.16	29.22	29.67	29.31	29.29	29.45	29.44	29.48	29.79	29.71	29.79	30.02	30.12
Information	24.77	25.45	24.91	24.98	25.09	25.31	25.28	25.41	25.45	25.42	25.61	25.52	25.66	25.81	25.85
Financial activities	. 20.27	20.79	20.53	20.53	20.55	20.62	20.64	20.75	20.78	20.75	20.85	20.90	20.98	21.05	21.14
Professional and business															
services	21.19	22.37	21.97	22.04	22.17	22.26	22.26	22.26	22.32	22.42	22.48	22.57	22.54	22.49	22.55
Education and health															
services	18.88	19.42	19.20	19.18	19.24	19.24	19.33	19.34	19.39	19.45	19.49	19.52	19.59	19.59	19.61
Leisure and hospitality	10.84	11.09	10.94	10.97	10.97	10.98	10.97	10.99	11.05	11.07	11.12	11.21	11.20	11.26	11.25
Other services	. 16.08	16.34	16.29	16.30	16.25	16.23	16.22	16.24	16.24	16.29	16.37	16.41	16.46	16.48	16.53

Data relate to production workers in natural resources and mining and manufacturing, construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory workers in the service-providing industries.

NOTE: See "Notes on the data" for a description of the most recent benchmark revision. p = preliminary.

15. Average hourly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls, by industry

	Annual	average	2008						20	09	-				
Industry	2008	2009	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov. ^p	Dec.p
TOTAL PRIVATE	\$18.08	\$18.60	\$18.40	\$18.49	\$18.57	\$18.57	\$18.52	\$18.47	\$18.42	\$18.49	\$18.60	\$18.70	\$18.73	\$18.85	\$18.82
Seasonally adjusted		-	18.40	18.43	18.46	18.50	18.50	18.53	18.54	18.59	18.66	18.68	18.74	18.77	18.80
GOODS-PRODUCING	19.33	19.89	19.75	19.64	19.64	19.74	19.78	19.83	19.83	19.97	20.00	20.02	20.07	20.09	20.08
Natural resources and mining	22.50	23.22	23.53	23.41	23.19	23.40	23.40	23.10	22.94	23.08	23.07	23.18	23.21	23.12	23.52
Construction	. 21.87	22.61	22.52	22.32	22.25	22.45	22.44	22.54	22.47	22.68	22.73	22.69	23.01	22.87	22.87
Manufacturing	17.74	18.21	18.06	18.03	18.07	18.09	18.13	18.09	18.12	18.18	18.23	18.41	18.30	18.43	18.49
Durable goods	18.70	19.32	19.06	18.99	19.09	19.17	19.20	19.20	19.22	19.33	19.39	19.56	19.47	19.61	19.70
Wood products		14.95	14.66	14.69	14.77	14.67	14.72	14.91	14.84	15.03	15.11	15.10	15.10	15.26	15.17
Nonmetallic mineral products		17.29	16.73	16.82	17.03	17.19	17.37	17.25	17.39	17.44	17.45	17.48	17.35	17.40	17.27
Primary metals		20.11	20.05	19.80	19.75	19.69	19.98	19.80	19.90	20.18	20.24	20.51	20.36	20.61	20.52
Fabricated metal products		17.49	17.36	17.24	17.30	17.29	17.41	17.38	17.43	17.47	17.50	17.64	17.60	17.74	17.89
Machinery		18.40	18.15	18.16	18.17	18.26	18.20	18.36	18.25	18.37	18.37	18.63	18.56	18.75	18.87
Computer and electronic products		21.83	21.44	21.46	21.42	21.71	21.73	21.70	21.67	21.85	22.07	21.99	22.04	22.24	22.18
Electrical equipment and appliances		16.27	15.88	15.81	15.93	15.95	15.99	16.15	16.23	16.39	16.58	16.61	16.48	16.60	16.55
Transportation equipment		24.87	24.58	24.66	24.69	24.80	24.76	24.85	24.95	25.01	24.83	25.08	24.87	24.91	25.01
Furniture and related products	14.54	15.06	14.92	14.95	14.85	15.02	15.00	15.02	15.11	15.22	15.13	15.30	15.00	14.97	15.19
Miscellaneous manufacturing	15.19	16.17	15.60	15.66	15.97	16.02	16.07	16.18	16.08	16.18	16.18	16.19	16.21	16.63	16.63
Nondurable goods	. 16.15	16.55	16.43	16.51	16.48	16.43	16.51	16.43	16.50	16.51	16.53	16.73	16.60	16.69	16.70
Food manufacturing		14.39	14.26	14.34	14.30	14.24	14.27	14.26	14.34	14.34	14.43	14.65	14.51	14.48	14.50
Beverages and tobacco products		20.36	19.95	20.07	20.25	20.40	20.25	20.38	20.20	20.15	20.27	20.29	20.60	20.84	20.60
Textile mills		13.63	13.80	13.90	13.76	13.88	13.79	13.63	13.62	13.49	13.77	13.77	13.60	13.18	13.22
Textile product mills		11.45	11.72	11.59	11.53	11.34	11.34	11.34	11.56	11.18	11.34	11.29	11.41	11.63	11.78
Apparel		11.36	11.72	11.46	11.40	11.26	11.44	11.28	11.38	11.38	11.34	11.52	11.41	11.30	11.76
Leather and allied products		13.87	13.47	14.10	14.19	14.21	14.34	13.85	14.06	13.69	13.59	13.46	13.83	13.72	13.41
Paper and paper products		19.26	19.11	19.27	18.99	18.90	19.29	19.09	19.29	19.45	19.09	19.50	19.18	19.48	19.55
		16.74	17.01	16.79	16.79	16.69	16.76	16.61	16.56	16.54	16.76	16.87	16.79	16.86	16.89
Printing and related support activities															
Petroleum and coal products		29.80	28.17	29.13	29.57	29.80	29.26	29.18	29.42	29.69	29.60	29.92	30.57	30.77	30.73
Chemicals		20.29	19.72	19.89	19.96	19.93	20.02	20.16	20.18	20.35	20.37	20.58	20.57	20.77	20.69
Plastics and rubber products	15.85	16.05	16.24	16.24	16.22	16.20	16.19	16.09	16.06	15.83	15.90	16.06	15.79	15.96	16.07
PRIVATE SERVICE- PROVIDING	17.77	18.32	18.09	18.23	18.33	18.31	18.24	18.18	18.11	18.16	18.29	18.41	18.44	18.58	18.55
Trade, transportation, and															
utilities	16.16	16.48	16.14	16.37	16.47	16.45	16.42	16.40	16.35	16.39	16.55	16.59	16.56	16.62	16.54
Wholesale trade	. 20.14	20.89	20.36	20.44	20.65	20.64	20.69	20.78	20.66	20.83	21.02	21.03	21.08	21.40	21.50
Retail trade		13.03	12.74	12.96	12.99	13.02	13.01	12.99	12.96	12.99	13.12	13.22	13.07	13.04	12.98
Transportation and warehousing		18.66	18.62	18.68	18.73	18.64	18.58	18.54	18.54	18.64	18.73	18.62	18.74	18.78	18.73
Utilities		29.62	29.28	29.27	29.70	29.42	29.50	29.50	29.27	29.33	29.51	29.76	29.83	30.06	30.32
Information		25.45	24.86	25.03	25.12	25.40	25.24	25.41	25.26	25.30	25.68	25.62	25.74	25.88	25.75
Financial activities	20.27	20.79	20.50	20.48	20.68	20.67	20.65	20.72	20.66	20.65	20.87	20.89	20.96	21.18	21.12
Professional and business	04.40	00.07	00.04	00.40	00.50	00.50	00.00	00.45	00.44	00.05	00.44	00.40	00.07	00.07	00.04
services	21.19	22.37	22.01	22.16	22.52	22.52	22.28	22.15	22.11	22.25	22.41	22.43	22.37	22.67	22.61
Education and health															
services		19.42	19.23	19.26	19.26	19.23	19.33	19.29	19.32	19.47	19.43	19.58	19.59	19.58	19.64
Leisure and hospitality		11.09	11.05	11.03	11.06	11.00	10.99	10.99	10.97	10.96	11.02	11.21	11.22	11.31	11.37
Other services	16.08	16.34	16.27	16.34	16.34	16.33	16.27	16.29	16.16	16.17	16.31	16.44	16.44	16.48	16.57

¹ Data relate to production workers in natural resources and mining and manufacturing, construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory workers in the service-providing industries.

16. Average weekly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls, by industry

Industry	Annual	average	2008						20	09					
muustry	2008	2009	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov. ^p	Dec.
TOTAL PRIVATE	\$607.95	\$617.11	\$610.88	\$607.99	\$616.19	\$615.66	\$608.44	\$610.50	\$610.70	\$614.53	\$625.97	\$618.09	\$620.96	\$632.48	\$623.
Seasonally adjusted	-	-	612.39	613.72	613.20	613.01	613.34	614.01	612.81	616.32	618.64	619.30	619.74	624.16	625.
GOODS-PRODUCING	776.66	779.79	778.54	762.42	758.49	764.33	759.94	773.76	781.70	789.21	798.40	781.56	791.15	800.39	798.
Natural resources															
and mining		1,007.92	1,043.27	1,023.89	1,010.07	1,006.01	998.97	993.14	1,002.36	990.82	1,020.03	1,002.51	1,003.80	1,014.57	1,028.
CONSTRUCTION	842.61	852.48	841.12	829.19	824.73	836.63	831.76	858.42	860.26	882.31	888.81	832.28	860.51	871.72	850.
Manufacturing	724.46	725.87	728.22	712.98	709.52	710.30	706.42	712.12	720.56	721.12	734.05	737.20	740.53	750.31	758
Durable goods	767.95	771.03	773.15	751.29	751.42	753.03	748.44	756.13	764.23	766.66	781.09	784.00	790.16	800.00	812
Wood products Nonmetallic mineral products	547.53 711.11	558.93 706.36	537.66 677.16	524.08 655.59	531.36 656.59	530.33 673.46	533.61 696.14	552.42 699.94	572.44 721.27	576.77 742.09	582.47 744.26	574.55 735.07	573.42 721.34	581.39 741.63	579 689
Primary metals	851.29	816.76	818.86	798.75	786.85	794.72	784.39	789.23	797.60	803.13	833.51	835.14	843.35	868.41	876
Fabricated metal products	701.57	689.35	706.55	681.38	678.16	671.24	668.93	678.60	685.79	683.47	695.54	691.88	704.40	709.93	727
Machinery	759.94	737.70	754.62	740.93	735.48	730.00	720.72	726.66	724.13	723.38	727.06	731.77	749.42	766.70	780
Computer and electronic															
products	861.58	883.04	883.74	867.39	863.63	864.85	860.90	864.06	873.30	870.03	889.82	886.60	897.44	931.84	932
Electrical equipment and															
appliances	645.60	639.46	646.32	621.33	613.31	615.67	615.62	633.08	631.35	631.02	646.62	652.77	657.55	668.62	695
Transportation equipment	1,000.67	1,026.64	1,025.02	997.02	993.68	995.60	991.52	995.11	1,019.54	1,024.08	1,046.64	1,062.60	1,059.15	1,054.85	1,086
Furniture and related															
products	553.93	566.41	563.60	558.76	547.60	562.50	550.90	565.50	576.44	579.12	576.07	571.47	570.74	564.75	577
Miscellaneous															
manufacturing	591.95	620.78	600.99	601.73	604.42	614.33	611.42	615.98	613.41	619.22	635.04	624.09	628.10	642.67	640
Nondurable goods	652.22	658.33	657.20	650.49	644.76	644.45	640.98	648.13	657.50	655.84	661.60	669.60	668.98	676.80	681
Food manufacturing	566.91	576.10	572.23	569.70	562.38	562.88	555.88	570.80	574.00	569.70	581.93	587.87	587.66	592.64	595
-	000.01	070.10	012.20	000.70	002.00	002.00	000.00	070.00	014.00	000.70	001.00	007.07	007.00	002.04	000
Beverages and tobacco	750.05	704.44	700.40	700.54	744.45	700.00	700 70	754.00	740.40	705.05	705.67	704.50	744.00	744 77	745
products	750.25 525.00	731.41 517.22	726.18 514.74	728.54 510.50	741.15 493.98	730.32 502.46	706.73 496.44	754.06 497.86	719.12 520.67	705.25 507.60	725.67 525.02	734.50 521.88	741.60 533.90	744.77 555.70	745 542
Textile mills Textile product mills	453.10	432.79	441.84	423.04	426.24	420.71	417.31	432.44	448.53	429.31	435.46	434.67	433.58	436.54	457
Apparel	415.14	408.89	410.46	407.98	403.56	407.25	409.55	408.34	407.40	414.23	403.41	405.86	403.63	416.55	420
Leather and allied products	486.58	466.61	476.84	470.94	465.43	470.35	457.45	445.97	451.33	451.77	462.06	438.80	495.11	497.30	497
Paper and paper products	809.57	806.00	814.94	799.02	781.72	770.45	794.05	782.01	807.58	818.16	801.13	835.88	814.50	831.60	838
Printing and related															
support activities	642.50	635.75	654.89	627.95	622.91	627.54	625.15	617.89	625.97	628.52	646.94	649.50	649.77	653.26	657
Petroleum and coal															
products	1,222.07	1,285.46	1,251.03	1,301.20	1,278.90	1,282.55	1,249.58	1,246.57	1,280.27	1,300.07	1,299.92	1,289.85	1,302.02	1,291.74	1,301
Chemicals	809.29	841.47	815.26	812.33	821.18	816.36	818.04	821.73	836.69	845.77	847.02	857.38	859.02	873.86	890
Plastics and rubber															
products	648.98	643.61	657.72	647.98	638.67	636.66	633.03	635.56	643.61	632.80	643.95	653.24	646.98	653.78	657
PRIVATE SERVICE-															
PROVIDING	574.35	588.07	580.37	579.40	592.06	589.04	581.30	580.90	578.67	583.90	595.40	588.24	589.51	603.61	594
Trade, transportation,															
and utilities	536.06	542.47	531.01	530.39	540.22	538.90	536.27	538.58	536.94	543.50	552.11	548.46	545.81	550.45	548
Wholesale trade	769.62	784.72	766.82	769.83	786.00	781.50	775.13	778.13	776.06	776.21	795.90	779.47	787.27	809.63	802
Retail trade	386.21	388.72	380.63	378.14	383.91	383.50	384.50	387.80	386.91	392.99	396.93	397.32	390.20	390.20	392
Transportation and															
warehousing	670.37	677.72	679.63	663.14	665.27	670.80	661.17	665.36	667.23	682.44	695.15	685.11	685.71	698.10	694
Utilities	1,230.69	1,243.79	1,255.68	1,242.70	1,284.71	1,239.84	1,248.68	1,239.85	1,224.74	1,221.39	1,234.79	1,238.91	1,245.22	1,258.74	1,246
Information	908.99	931.81	918.07	921.84	933.07	938.37	915.50	918.75	916.22	925.28	952.01	936.23	938.03	958.27	929
Financial activities	727.07	751.04	732.92	736.67	764.57	756.28	740.70	741.13	739.35	738.63	767.76	747.56	750.06	777.67	752
Professional and															
business services	737.70	775.78	760.51	760.93	784.20	784.55	765.40	765.01	766.18	766.59	789.66	768.32	774.85	800.96	782
Education and															
health services	613.73	628.59	620.16	621.45	623.05	625.64	623.06	621.78	622.42	631.14	631.48	632.73	631.41	640.90	637
Leisure and hospitality	273.39	275.78	271.22	265.20	277.00	273.30	270.85	272.80	274.75	277.79	283.73	277.38	275.38	282.37	278
Other services	495.57	506.31	496.54	498.98	502.25	506.61	503.12	503.73	500.08	501.73	512.63	508.29	510.27	515.76	512

construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory workers in the serviceproviding industries.

Dash indicates data not available.

17. Diffusion indexes of employment change, seasonally adjusted

[In percent]

[In percent]									1			
Timespan and year	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
				Privat	te nonfa	arm pay	rolls, 2	78 indu	stries			
Over 1-month span:												
2005	52.4	62.5	56.7	59.1	56.3	56.5	59.5	61.2	52.4	54.6	61.7	56.1
2006	65.1	66.9	66.0	61.0	49.6	53.0	56.5	54.3	52.0	52.4	55.8	58.2
2007	58.4	59.1	55.4	51.5	56.7	49.1	49.1	43.1	52.4	52.2	53.7	50.6
2008	48.9	48.9	51.1	44.1	38.8	33.3	35.1	32.3	27.3	30.7	22.3	18.2
2009	19.7	17.1	16.5	20.6	27.3	23.0	26.4	32.9	32.9	31.0	46.8	41.3
Over 3-month span:												
2005	51.5	57.4	59.9	62.1	58.4	62.1	61.9	64.5	59.7	54.1	55.4	60.8
2006	67.7	67.8	69.0	69.5	62.5	60.6	55.0	57.4	52.6	49.3	54.8	58.0
2007	60.2	59.7	62.8	58.7	57.1	52.2	53.7	45.5	49.6	49.1	53.5	54.6
2008	56.3	48.1	48.5	46.3	39.6	33.1	31.6	29.0	27.1	26.8	20.8	18.8
2009	17.7	12.3	12.6	10.8	14.9	20.8	21.6	21.7	28.4	27.3	33.8	35.5
Over 6-month span:												
2005	54.6	57.6	58.4	59.3	58.9	60.8	64.7	63.2	62.5	58.2	62.1	62.6
2006	64.1	65.1	66.7	67.3	66.9	69.1	62.5	60.8	58.2	57.2	58.2	55.2
2007	58.6	57.1	62.5	61.9	59.5	59.1	56.7	54.8	56.3	51.5	53.5	51.3
2008	49.1	50.6	51.7	49.6	43.9	39.2	36.1	31.6	28.1	26.4	23.0	21.4
2009	17.5	13.2	12.1	11.9	12.5	13.4	13.2	15.8	20.4	20.4	21.0	26.2
Over 12-month span:												
2005	61.3	61.3	60.4	59.7	58.7	60.8	61.7	63.4	61.2	59.7	59.9	62.3
2006	67.7	66.0	66.4	63.4	65.6	67.3	64.9	64.5	66.7	65.8	65.1	66.0
2007	63.4	59.5	61.2	59.7	59.3	58.4	57.2	57.4	59.9	59.3	58.6	60.0
2008	54.8	56.5	53.0	47.4	48.1	44.2	41.1	39.8	36.4	33.1	29.0	26.8
2009	24.9	17.7	15.4	15.1	15.1	13.8	12.6	11.5	14.1	13.0	13.4	13.2
				Mar	ufactur	ing pay	rolls, 8	4 indus	tries			
Over 1-month span:												
2005	36.6	50.0	43.9	42.7	44.5	32.3	41.5	40.9	42.1	47.0	40.2	47.0
2006	59.1	56.1	55.5	50.0	39.6	51.8	48.8	40.9	34.1	39.0	36.0	41.5
2007	55.5	45.7	31.7	28.7	42.7	36.0	40.2	22.6	32.3	37.2	51.8	42.1
2008	40.9	39.6	45.1	37.2	42.7	23.2	21.3	21.3	16.5	20.1	12.8	4.9
2009	4.9	10.4	9.1	16.5	11.0	11.0	19.5	26.2	20.1	18.9	45.7	40.2
Over 3-month span:												
2006	35.4	41.5	41.5	45.7	36.0	38.4	36.0	37.8	41.5	40.2	36.0	45.1
2007	54.9	58.5	54.9	54.3	48.8	53.7	43.9	41.5	33.5	28.0	29.3	27.4
2008	39.6	40.2	45.7	32.3	31.7	34.1	31.7	25.0	24.4	25.0	32.9	39.0
2009	48.2	36.6	35.4	38.4	39.6	30.5	20.1	9.8	14.0	17.1	13.4	6.1
2010	4.9	2.4	2.4	7.3	8.5	11.0	7.3	10.4	17.7	17.7	21.3	31.1
Over 6-month span:												
2005	33.5	39.6	39.0	37.8	36.0	34.8	43.9	36.0	36.6	36.0	36.0	40.9
2006	43.3	47.6	48.2	51.2	53.0	52.4	47.0	48.8	43.9	39.6	34.1	29.9
2007	34.8	31.7	32.3	32.9	35.4	39.0	34.1	27.4	28.7	24.4	30.5	25.6
2008	27.4	29.9	42.1	38.4	38.4	31.7	26.2	20.1	13.4	12.2	13.4	12.2
2009	7.3	4.9	2.4	6.1	2.4	6.1	7.3	6.1	7.3	8.5	8.5	15.2
Over 12-month span:												
2005	45.7	44.5	42.7	41.5	37.2	36.0	32.9	34.8	33.5	34.1	34.1	38.4
2006	44.5	41.5	41.5	40.2	40.2	45.7	42.7	43.3	47.6	48.8	46.3	43.9
2007	40.2	37.2	37.8	31.1	29.3	29.9	31.1	29.3	33.5	29.3	34.8	36.0
2008	28.0	29.3	26.2	25.6	31.1	26.8	23.2	19.5	24.4	20.1	16.5	14.6
2009	7.9	3.7	4.9	6.7	3.7	4.9	6.1	4.9	5.5	4.9	4.9	4.9

NOTE: Figures are the percent of industries with employment increasing plus one-half of the industries with unchanged employment, where 50 percent indicates an equal balance between industries with increasing and decreasing employment.

See the "Definitions" in this section. See "Notes on the data" for

Data for the two most recent months are preliminary.

18. Job openings levels and rates by industry and region, seasonally adjusted

			Levels ¹	(in thou	ısands)						Percent			
Industry and region				2009							2009			
	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.p	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.p
Total ²	2,513	2,408	2,423	2,586	2,571	2,434	2,497	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.9
Industry														
Total private ²	2,163	2,090	2,128	2,298	2,206	2,088	2,151	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.1	2.0	1.9	1.9
Construction	56	47	65	70	69	75	53	0.9	0.8	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.2	0.9
Manufacturing	113	110	122	132	139	154	175	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.5
Trade, transportation, and utilities	469	393	422	407	373	329	361	1.8	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.3	1.4
Professional and business services	445	431	438	501	480	431	415	2.6	2.5	2.6	2.9	2.8	2.5	2.4
Education and health services	531	553	520	546	524	543	550	2.7	2.8	2.6	2.7	2.6	2.7	2.7
Leisure and hospitality	276	256	238	311	258	229	234	2.1	1.9	1.8	2.3	1.9	1.7	1.8
Government	322	314	300	296	376	341	343	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.6	1.5	1.5
Region ³														
Northeast	609	508	513	539	503	493	522	2.4	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.1
South	882	870	911	930	897	838	914	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.7	1.9
Midwest	496	509	476	556	550	542	452	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.5
West	561	517	533	575	609	571	613	1.9	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0	1.9	2.0

Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series.

West Virginia; Midwest: Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, South Dakota, Wisconsin; West: Alaska, Arizona, California, Colorado, Hawaii, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oregon, Utah, Washington, Wyoming. NOTE: The job openings level is the number of job openings on the last business day of the month; the job openings rate is the number of job openings on the last business day of the month as a percent of total employment plus job openings.

19. Hires levels and rates by industry and region, seasonally adjusted

			Levels ¹	(in thou	ısands)						Percent			
Industry and region				2009							2009			
	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.p	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.p
Total ²	3,919	4,228	4,040	4,061	4,045	4,125	4,073	3.0	3.2	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1
Industry														
Total private ²	3,654	3,930	3,779	3,800	3,730	3,852	3,816	3.3	3.6	3.5	3.5	3.4	3.6	3.5
Construction	277	355	297	349	332	324	358	4.5	5.8	4.9	5.8	5.6	5.4	6.1
Manufacturing	225	272	243	270	245	252	237	1.9	2.3	2.1	2.3	2.1	2.2	2.0
Trade, transportation, and utilities	744	819	818	842	768	839	871	2.9	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.1	3.4	3.5
Professional and business services	644	686	715	724	735	808	661	3.9	4.1	4.3	4.4	4.4	4.8	3.9
Education and health services	530	522	538	526	522	517	524	2.8	2.7	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7
Leisure and hospitality	695	716	695	656	677	703	684	5.3	5.4	5.3	5.0	5.2	5.4	5.2
Government	262	282	261	266	304	278	262	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.2	1.2
Region ³														
Northeast	735	714	720	693	769	754	748	3.0	2.9	2.9	2.8	3.1	3.1	3.0
South	1,428	1,544	1,493	1,502	1,403	1,546	1,516	3.0	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.0	3.3	3.2
Midwest	839	885	947	911	915	902	900	2.8	3.0	3.2	3.1	3.1	3.0	3.0
West	917	1,042	884	939	929	935	903	3.1	3.5	3.0	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.1

¹ Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series.
² Includes natural resources and mining, information, financial activities, and other

Midwest: Illinois. Indiana. Iowa. Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, South Dakota, Wisconsin; West: Alaska, Arizona, California, Colorado, Hawaii, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oregon, Utah, Washington, Wyoming.

NOTE: The hires level is the number of hires during the entire month; the hires rate is the number of hires during the entire month as a percent of total employment. p = preliminary.

Includes natural resources and mining, information, financial activities, and other services, not shown separately.

Northeast: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont; South: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia,

P = preliminary.

services, not shown separately.

³ Northeast: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New

York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont; **South**: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, West Virginia;

20. Total separations levels and rates by industry and region, seasonally adjusted

			Levels ¹	(in thou	ısands)						Percent			
Industry and region				2009							2009			
	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec. ^p	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.p
Total ²	4,306	4,430	4,284	4,325	4,223	4,274	4,238	3.3	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.2	3.3	3.2
Industry														
Total private ²	3,939	4,147	3,976	4,038	3,944	3,993	3,944	3.6	3.8	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.7	3.6
Construction	355	444	342	421	384	361	436	5.7	7.2	5.6	7.0	6.4	6.1	7.4
Manufacturing	352	329	313	314	300	299	298	3.0	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.6
Trade, transportation, and utilities	816	874	850	870	840	863	917	3.2	3.5	3.4	3.5	3.4	3.5	3.7
Professional and business services	698	738	728	740	725	763	620	4.2	4.4	4.4	4.5	4.3	4.5	3.7
Education and health services	489	500	509	502	470	488	510	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.4	2.5	2.6
Leisure and hospitality	696	713	704	697	723	752	704	5.3	5.4	5.3	5.3	5.5	5.7	5.4
Government	340	298	293	279	275	280	297	1.5	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3
Region ³														
Northeast	799	716	759	744	739	820	763	3.2	2.9	3.1	3.0	3.0	3.3	3.1
South	1,535	1,602	1,490	1,521	1,561	1,644	1,493	3.2	3.4	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.5	3.2
Midwest	958	958	951	985	920	868	940	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.1	2.9	3.2
West	1,053	1,181	1,086	1,036	963	985	1,021	3.6	4.0	3.7	3.5	3.3	3.4	3.5

Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series.

Midwest: Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, South Dakota, Wisconsin; West: Alaska, Arizona, California, Colorado, Hawaii, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oregon, Utah, Washington,

NOTE: The total separations level is the number of total separations during the entire month; the total separations rate is the number of total separations during the entire month as a percent of total employment.

21. Quits levels and rates by industry and region, seasonally adjusted

			Levels ¹	(in thou	ısands)						Percent			
Industry and region				2009							2009			
	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.p	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec. ^p
Total ²	1,787	1,778	1,779	1,804	1,771	1,919	1,764	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.3
Industry														
Total private ²	1,680	1,673	1,680	1,713	1,663	1,817	1,653	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.7	1.5
Construction	70	68	67	90	68	77	78	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.5	1.1	1.3	1.3
Manufacturing	93	82	85	94	78	77	76	.8	.7	.7	.8	.7	.7	.7
Trade, transportation, and utilities	391	415	407	445	389	451	397	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.8	1.6	1.8	1.6
Professional and business services	257	265	269	276	283	294	253	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.5
Education and health services	264	235	249	269	268	262	282	1.4	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.4
Leisure and hospitality	429	411	413	351	363	413	370	3.3	3.1	3.1	2.7	2.8	3.1	2.8
Government	111	107	106	98	103	108	111	.5	.5	.5	.4	.5	.5	.5
Region ³														
Northeast	279	234	270	297	291	273	274	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.1
South	693	724	687	701	682	814	720	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.7	1.5
Midwest	403	435	374	405	386	406	383	1.3	1.5	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.3
West	434	404	460	414	386	438	383	1.5	1.4	1.6	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.3

Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series.
² Includes natural resources and mining, information, financial activities, and other

Midwest: Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, South Dakota, Wisconsin; West: Alaska, Arizona, California, Colorado, Hawaii, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oregon, Utah, Washington, Wyoming.

NOTE: The quits level is the number of quits during the entire month; the quits rate is the number of quits during the entire month as a percent of total employment.

Includes natural resources and mining, information, financial activities, and other services, not shown separately.

3 Northeast: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New

York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont; South: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, West Virginia;

services, not shown separately.

³ Northeast: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New

York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont; **South:** Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, West Virginia;

p = preliminary.

22. Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages: 10 largest counties, first quarter 2009.

	Establishments,	Emp	loyment	Average	weekly wage ¹
County by NAICS supersector	first quarter 2009 (thousands)	March 2009 (thousands)	Percent change, March 2008-09 ²	First quarter 2009	Percent change, first quarter 2008-09 ²
United States ³ Private industry Natural resources and mining Construction Manufacturing Trade, transportation, and utilities Information Financial activities Professional and business services Education and health services Leisure and hospitality Other services Government	9,113.9 8,819.8 126.3 860.9 356.4 1,912.2 148.0 853.1 1,533.8 861.3 739.1 1,234.6 294.2	128,992.2 106,866.1 1,670.1 5,937.8 12,096.6 24,597.3 2,858.8 7,651.3 16,534.8 18,245.7 12,715.3 4,357.1 22,126.1	-4.2 -5.1 -3.8 -15.4 -10.6 -5.5 -5.0 -4.4 -6.4 2.2 -3.1 -2.1	\$882 882 993 906 1,062 733 1,439 1,596 1,129 776 351 543 884	-2.5 -3.3 -2.3 .9 -1.3 -1.6 -2.0 -15.9 2 1.2 2 5
Los Angeles, CA Private industry Natural resources and mining Construction Manufacturing Trade, transportation, and utilities Information Financial activities Professional and business services Education and health services Leisure and hospitality Other services Government	24.0 43.3	3,996.3 3,395.0 10.7 123.3 401.4 744.8 197.3 223.4 541.8 499.8 384.1 258.5 601.3	-4.9 -5.7 -6.2 -17.4 -9.3 -7.2 -7.3 -6.8 -8.3 1.1 -3.9 3.0 3	967 945 1,479 973 1,063 776 1,755 1,577 1,149 865 519 424 1,090	-2.4 -3.0 -15.8 .3 -1.8 -1.5 1.8 -12.1 -2.1 2.4 -2.4 -3.9 2
Cook, IL Private industry Natural resources and mining Construction Manufacturing Trade, transportation, and utilities Information Financial activities Professional and business services Education and health services Leisure and hospitality Other services Government	12.3 6.9 27.5 2.6 15.6 29.1	2,381.5 2,069.2 .9 71.9 206.7 438.8 53.5 197.7 398.3 385.9 216.4 94.8 312.3	-4.4 -5.0 -3.7 -14.4 -9.5 -6.5 (⁴) -5.0 -8.0 3.1 -3.6 -1.4	1,084 1,093 792 1,317 1,013 797 1,644 2,397 1,403 839 404 729 1,022	-5.4 -6.3 -12.8 -5 -4.1 -4.3 -8.7 -17.4 -6 1.0 -2.9 1.1
New York, NY Private industry Natural resources and mining Construction Manufacturing Trade, transportation, and utilities Information Financial activities Professional and business services Education and health services Leisure and hospitality Other services Government	.0 2.4 2.9	2,290.3 1,837.8 .2 34.0 30.4 230.7 129.0 355.9 463.7 293.9 208.9 86.9 452.6	-3.6 -4.4 1.3 -7.2 -15.3 -6.6 -4.7 -6.2 -5.6 .7 -3.0 -1.3	2,149 2,425 1,967 1,479 1,365 1,136 2,449 6,379 2,095 998 725 999 1,017	-23.4 -24.9 -16.9 -6.4 -8.3 -5.4 -7.9 -35.2 -10.2 -8 -5.0 -9.0
Harris, TX Private industry Natural resources and mining Construction Manufacturing Trade, transportation, and utilities Information Financial activities Professional and business services Education and health services Leisure and hospitality Other services Government	97.9 97.4 1.5 6.7 4.6 22.3 1.4 10.5 19.6 10.4 7.7 11.9	2,028.4 1,766.7 82.8 149.0 182.5 418.9 31.3 116.2 321.4 224.3 179.8 59.1 261.7	-1.1 -1.5 (⁴) -6.5 -2.0 -1.5 -3.4 -3.9 -4.5 3.9 1.2 .3 2.2	1,143 1,175 3,483 1,051 1,411 1,029 1,314 1,511 1,321 851 374 628 926	-2.6 -3.1 -5.5 .0 -7.0 -3.1 -3.2 -12.7 2.1 1.3 -2.3 8 3.7
Maricopa, AZ Private industry Natural resources and mining Construction Manufacturing Trade, transportation, and utilities Information Financial activities Professional and business services Education and health services Leisure and hospitality Other services Government	104.0 103.3 .5 10.8 3.5 23.2 1.7 12.8 23.0 10.3 7.5 7.3	1,671.0 1,444.9 8.5 100.5 111.9 344.5 29.0 137.5 270.4 214.8 178.1 47.8 226.1	-7.4 -8.6 -1.0 -30.7 -11.2 -7.7 -5.0 -4.9 -11.5 3.6 -5.2 -6.5	854 852 855 877 1,227 801 1,166 1,145 896 875 398 567 868	-1.3 -1.3 -14.2 9 -2.1 7 .0 -7.5 3.1 .0 -1.7 -1.2

22. Continued—Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages: 10 largest counties, first quarter 2009.

	Establishments,	Emp	loyment	Average	weekly wage ¹
County by NAICS supersector	first quarter 2009 (thousands)	March 2009 (thousands)	Percent change, March 2008-09 ²	First quarter 2009	Percent change, first quarter 2008-09 ²
Dallas, TX	67.9	1,425.7	-3.3	\$1,085	-3.3
Private industry	67.3	1,257.6	-3.8	1,103	-3.9
Natural resources and mining	.6	8.3	(4)	3,066	-13.0
Construction	4.3	76.3	-9.8	942	8
Manufacturing	3.1	123.7	-8.2	1,267	-3.8
Trade, transportation, and utilities	15.0	287.9	(4)	964	-4.1
Information	1.7	46.7	-6.5	1,823	(4)
Financial activities	8.7	140.3	(4)	1,632	-13.3
Professional and business services	14.8	255.0	-6.4	1,219	-2.5
Education and health services	6.7	154.6	4.5	920	3.1
Leisure and hospitality	5.4	126.3	(4)	499	-1.4
Other services	6.7	37.7	-3.0	624	.8
Government	.5	168.0	.7	950	3.6
Orange, CA		1,399.5	-6.8	992	-2.7
Private industry		1,244.8	-7.4	967	-3.6
Natural resources and mining	.2	5.1	-16.0	561	-3.4
Construction	6.9	78.3	-18.1	1,072	-1.0
Manufacturing	5.3	159.9	-8.8	1,148	-3.1
Trade, transportation, and utilities	17.3	253.7	-8.5	916	1
Information	1.4 10.7	28.2 106.7	-4.8	1,567	.8 -12.0
Financial activities	19.4		(⁴) -10.4	1,502	-12.0
Professional and business services		244.0		1,121	
Education and health services Leisure and hospitality	10.2 7.2	150.7 167.0	1.7 -4.7	873 382	1.6 -3.3
Other services	19.2	47.7	-3.0	513	-4.6
Government	1.4	154.7	-1.8	1,188	1.5
San Diego, CA	99.6	1,263.0	-4.7	934	-1.1
Private industry		1.035.8	-5.5	916	-1.9
Natural resources and mining	.7	9.7	-13.8	540	.7
Construction	7.0	64.1	-18.1	975	3
Manufacturing	3.1	99.3	(4)	1,309	.2
Trade, transportation, and utilities	14.4	197.1	-7.9	744	(⁴)
Information	1.3	37.8	-1.2	1,604	-16.1
Financial activities	9.4	71.4	-6.0	1,257	-5.6
Professional and business services	16.5	201.2	-6.9	1,208	2.7
Education and health services	8.3	142.2	3.2	851	1.7
Leisure and hospitality	7.0	152.2	-5.6	393	-6.9
Other services	27.6	57.4	.2	466	-2.1
Government	1.3	227.2	4	1,017	2.7
King, WA		1,135.9	-3.9	1,127	.2
Private industry	74.9	979.2	-4.6	1,136	5
Natural resources and mining	.4	2.8	-9.6	1,553	-1.2
Construction	6.4	57.1	-18.7	1,130	4.1
Manufacturing Trade, transportation, and utilities	2.4 14.7	104.2 206.7	-7.2 -5.7	1,366 967	-5.5 1.5
Information		80.7	4.0	2,125	9
Financial activities	6.8	69.7	-6.7	1,579	-5.0
Professional and business services	13.6	176.9	-6.8	1,311	.2
Education and health services	6.6	130.4	5.1	857	2.4
Leisure and hospitality	6.1	105.0	-4.2	422	-5.8
Other services	16.3	45.8	.6	634	5.8
Government	.5	156.6	.8	1,074	6.0
Miami-Dade, FL	84.7	963.9	-6.1	858	-1.2
Private industry	84.4	813.6	-6.9	818	-1.8
Natural resources and mining	.5	10.0	-8.8	403	-12.6
Construction	6.1	37.7	-25.4	861	6.6
Manufacturing	2.6	38.4	-16.7	783	.3
Trade, transportation, and utilities		238.8	-6.0	765	6
Information		18.5	-7.1	1,308	-3.5
Financial activities	9.8	63.7	-9.0	1,353	-9.7
Professional and business services	17.7	124.5	-8.7	992	.1
Education and health services	9.4	144.1	1.8	801	1.0
Leisure and hospitality	5.9	102.0	-4.2	471	-1.5
Other services	7.5	35.3	-5.5	529	4
Government	.4	150.3	-1.7	1,074	.8
	I		1	1	

¹ Average weekly wages were calculated using unrounded data.

Virgin Islands.

NOTE: Includes workers covered by Unemployment Insurance (UI) and Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) programs. Data are preliminary.

 $^{^2}$ Percent changes were computed from quarterly employment and pay data adjusted for noneconomic county reclassifications. See Notes on Current Labor Statistics.

³ Totals for the United States do not include data for Puerto Rico or the

⁴ Data do not meet BLS or State agency disclosure standards.

23. Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages: by State, first quarter 2009.

	Establishments,	Empl	oyment	Average	weekly wage ¹	
State	first quarter 2009 (thousands)	March 2009 (thousands)	Percent change, March 2008-09	First quarter 2009	Percent change, first quarter 2008-09	
United States ²	9,113.9	128,992.2	-4.2	\$882	-2.5	
Alabama	119.2	1,844.6	-5.2	736	4	
Alaska	21.3	303.5	.1	887	2.5	
Arizona	164.6	2.459.7	-6.9	807	-1.3	
Arkansas	86.4	1,144.5	-2.9	695	4.2	
California	1,369.6	14,742.5	-5.0	994	-1.2	
Colorado	176.6	2,211.0	-3.9	913	8	
Connecticut	113.0	1,620.1	-3.8	1,189	-5.6	
Delaware	29.3	399.9	-5.1	975	8	
District of Columbia	33.3	679.2	1	1,461	-1.9	
Florida	612.2	7,352.2	-7.0	771	8	
Georgia	274.4	3,835.9	-5.4	831	-1.4	
Hawaii	39.2	599.1	-4.9	775	.4	
Idaho	56.7	603.4	-6.3	638	.3	
Illinois	372.2	5,552.0	-4.2	951	-3.0	
ndiana	161.3	2,701.1	-5.6	739	-2.4	
lowa	94.6	1,432.5	-2.5	709	1	
Kansas	87.3	1,326.2	-2.6	719	-2.3	
Kentucky	109.1	1,710.0	-4.6	712	3	
Louisiana	124.2	1,867.4	-1.1	772	.8	
Maine	51.0	563.1	-3.7	688	-1.9	
Maryland	164.5	2,452.8	-3.1	964	.1	
Massachusetts	213.0	3,102.8	-3.3	1,101	-3.7	
Michigan	253.8	3,765.9	-7.2	825	-3.7	
Minnesota	168.6	2,538.5	-4.0	882	-2.9	
Mississippi	71.0	1,087.9	-4.5	633	-2.9	
Missouri	173.7	2,618.3	-3.4	771	.1	
Montana	42.9	413.9	-4.2	628	.5	
Nebraska	59.6	894.8	-2.0	699	1.7	
Nevada	76.6	1,150.8	-9.1	810	-3.5	
New Hampshire	48.8	601.2	-3.2	837	-3.0	
New Jersey	271.3	3,775.1	-4.0	1,100	-2.8	
New Mexico	54.9	794.1	-3.5	723	.7	
New York	588.1	8,332.4	-2.6	1,207	-13.8	
North Carolina	260.6	3,852.4	-5.2	766	-2.8	
North Dakota	25.6	341.8	4	666	2.0	
Ohio	293.6	4,937.1	-4.9	790	-1.0	
Oklahoma	100.5	1,517.0	-2.0	709	3	
Oregon	130.7	1,602.8	-6.3	772	6	
Pennsylvania	342.4	5,449.4	-2.9	862	7	
Rhode Island	35.5	441.8	-4.9	831	-2.4	
South Carolina	115.3	1,779.4	-5.9	692	4	
South Dakota	30.6	382.9	-1.7	630	3	
Tennessee	142.7	2,586.1	-5.7	751	-1.3	
Texas	564.9	10,237.9	-1.8	886	-1.9	
Jtah	85.3	1,162.2	-4.6	726	1.1	
/ermont	24.8	291.7	-3.2	726	-2.0	
/irginia	232.6	3,541.6	-3.0	920	.1	
Vashington	216.4	2,810.6	-3.8	906	.8	
Vest Virginia Visconsin	48.4 156.8	690.2 2,619.0	-1.4 -4.3	704 747	4.0 -1.6	
Nyoming	25.1	272.1	-2.0	778	1	
Puerto Rico	53.4	967.1	-4.1	496	1.4	
/irgin Islands	3.6	44.6	-4.3	685	-3.1	

¹ Average weekly wages were calculated using unrounded data.

NOTE: Includes workers covered by Unemployment Insurance (UI) and Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) programs. Data are preliminary.

 $^{^2\,}$ Totals for the United States do not include data for Puerto Rico or the Virgin Islands.

24. Annual data: Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages, by ownership

1999	7,820,860 7,879,116 7,984,529 8,101,872 8,228,840 8,364,795 8,571,144 8,784,027 8,971,897 9,082,049 7,7771,198 7,828,861 7,933,536 8,051,117 8,177,087 8,312,729 8,518,249 8,731,111 8,908,198 9,017,717	127,042,282 129,877,063 129,635,800 128,233,919 127,795,827 129,278,176 131,571,623 133,833,834 135,366,106 134,805,659 124,255,714 127,005,574 126,883,182 125,475,293 125,031,551 126,538,579 128,837,948 131,104,860 132,639,806 132,043,604	\$4,235,579,204 4,587,708,584 4,695,225,123 4,714,374,741 4,826,251,547 5,087,561,796 5,351,949,496 5,692,569,465 6,018,089,108 6,142,159,200 UI covered \$4,112,169,533 4,454,966,824 4,560,511,280 4,570,787,218 4,676,319,378 4,929,262,369 5,188,301,929 5,522,624,197 5,841,231,314 5,959,055,276 te industry covered \$3,577,738,557 3,887,626,769 3,952,152,155 3,930,767,025 4,015,823,311 4,245,640,890 4,480,311,193 4,780,833,389 5,057,840,759	\$33,340 35,323 36,219 36,764 37,765 39,354 40,677 42,535 44,458 45,563 \$33,094 35,077 35,943 36,428 37,401 38,955 40,270 42,124 44,038 45,129 \$33,244 35,337 36,157 36,539 37,508 39,134 40,505 42,414	\$641 679 697 707 726 757 782 818 855 876 \$636 675 691 701 749 774 810 847 868
2000 2001 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 1999 2000 2001 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 1999 2000 2001 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 1999 2000 2001 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008	7,879,116 7,984,529 8,101,872 8,228,840 8,364,795 8,571,144 8,784,027 8,971,897 9,082,049 7,771,198 7,828,861 7,933,536 8,051,117 8,177,087 8,312,729 8,518,249 8,731,111 8,908,198 9,017,717 7,560,567 7,622,274 7,724,965 7,839,903 7,963,340 8,093,142 8,294,662 8,505,496 8,881,001	129,877,063 129,635,800 128,233,919 127,795,827 129,278,176 131,571,623 133,833,834 135,366,106 134,805,659 124,255,714 127,005,574 126,883,182 125,475,293 125,031,551 126,538,579 128,837,948 131,104,860 132,639,806 132,043,604 Privat 107,619,457 110,015,333 109,304,802 107,577,281 107,065,553 108,490,066 110,611,016 112,718,858 114,012,221	4,587,708,584 4,695,225,123 4,714,374,741 4,826,251,547 5,087,561,796 5,351,949,496 5,692,569,465 6,018,089,108 6,142,159,200 UI covered \$4,112,169,533 4,454,966,824 4,560,511,280 4,570,787,218 4,676,319,378 4,929,262,369 5,188,301,929 5,522,624,197 5,841,231,314 5,959,055,276 te industry covered \$3,577,738,557 3,887,626,769 3,952,152,155 3,930,767,025 4,015,823,311 4,245,640,890 4,480,311,193 4,780,833,389 5,057,840,759	\$33,094 \$35,077 \$42,535 \$44,458 \$45,563 \$33,094 \$35,077 \$35,943 \$64,228 \$7,401 \$8,955 \$40,270 \$42,124 \$44,038 \$45,129 \$33,244 \$5,337 \$6,157 \$6,539 \$7,508 \$9,134 \$40,505 \$42,414	\$639 \$636 675 891 707 782 818 855 876 \$636 675 691 701 719 749 774 810 847 868 \$680 695 703 721 737 737
2000 2001 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 1999 2000 2001 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 1999 2000 2001 2001 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 1999 2000 2001 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008	7,879,116 7,984,529 8,101,872 8,228,840 8,364,795 8,571,144 8,784,027 8,971,897 9,082,049 7,771,198 7,828,861 7,933,536 8,051,117 8,177,087 8,312,729 8,518,249 8,731,111 8,908,198 9,017,717 7,560,567 7,622,274 7,724,965 7,839,903 7,963,340 8,093,142 8,294,662 8,505,496 8,881,001	129,877,063 129,635,800 128,233,919 127,795,827 129,278,176 131,571,623 133,833,834 135,366,106 134,805,659 124,255,714 127,005,574 126,883,182 125,475,293 125,031,551 126,538,579 128,837,948 131,104,860 132,639,806 132,043,604 Privat 107,619,457 110,015,333 109,304,802 107,577,281 107,065,553 108,490,066 110,611,016 112,718,858 114,012,221	4,587,708,584 4,695,225,123 4,714,374,741 4,826,251,547 5,087,561,796 5,351,949,496 5,692,569,465 6,018,089,108 6,142,159,200 UI covered \$4,112,169,533 4,454,966,824 4,560,511,280 4,570,787,218 4,676,319,378 4,929,262,369 5,188,301,929 5,522,624,197 5,841,231,314 5,959,055,276 te industry covered \$3,577,738,557 3,887,626,769 3,952,152,155 3,930,767,025 4,015,823,311 4,245,640,890 4,480,311,193 4,780,833,389 5,057,840,759	\$33,094 \$35,077 \$42,535 \$44,458 \$45,563 \$33,094 \$35,077 \$35,943 \$64,228 \$7,401 \$8,955 \$40,270 \$42,124 \$44,038 \$45,129 \$33,244 \$5,337 \$6,157 \$6,539 \$7,508 \$9,134 \$40,505 \$42,414	\$639 \$636 675 891 707 782 818 855 876 \$636 675 691 701 719 749 774 810 847 868 \$680 695 703 721 737 737
2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2008 1999 2000 2001 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 1999 2000 2001 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008	7,984,529 8,101,872 8,228,840 8,364,795 8,571,144 8,784,027 8,971,897 9,082,049 7,771,198 7,828,861 7,933,536 8,051,117 8,177,087 8,312,729 8,518,249 8,731,111 8,908,198 9,017,717 7,560,567 7,622,274 7,724,965 7,839,903 7,963,340 8,093,142 8,294,662 8,505,496 8,881,001	129,635,800 128,233,919 127,795,827 129,278,176 131,571,623 133,833,834 135,366,106 134,805,659 124,255,714 127,005,574 126,883,182 125,475,293 125,031,551 126,538,579 128,837,948 131,104,860 132,639,806 132,043,604 Privat 107,619,457 110,015,333 109,304,802 107,577,281 107,065,553 108,490,066 110,611,016 112,718,858 114,012,221	4,695,225,123 4,714,374,741 4,826,251,547 5,087,561,796 5,361,949,496 5,692,569,465 6,018,089,108 6,142,159,200 UI covered \$4,112,169,533 4,454,966,824 4,560,511,280 4,570,787,218 4,929,262,369 5,188,301,929 5,522,624,197 5,841,231,314 5,959,055,276 te industry covered \$3,577,738,557 3,887,626,769 3,952,152,155 3,930,767,025 4,015,823,311 4,245,640,890 4,480,311,193 4,780,833,389 5,057,840,759	36,219 36,764 37,765 39,354 40,677 42,535 44,458 45,563 \$33,094 35,077 35,943 36,428 37,401 38,955 40,270 42,124 44,038 45,129 \$33,244 35,337 36,157 36,539 37,508 39,134 40,505 42,414	\$636 697 707 726 757 782 818 818 855 876 \$636 675 691 701 719 774 810 847 868
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 1999 2000 2001 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008	8,101,872 8,228,840 8,364,795 8,571,144 8,784,027 8,971,897 9,082,049 7,771,198 7,828,861 7,933,536 8,051,117 8,177,087 8,312,729 8,518,249 8,731,111 8,908,198 9,017,717	128,233,919 127,795,827 129,278,176 131,571,623 133,833,834 135,366,106 134,805,659 124,255,714 127,005,574 126,883,182 125,475,293 125,031,551 126,538,579 128,837,948 131,104,860 132,639,806 132,043,604 Privat 107,619,457 110,015,333 109,304,802 107,577,281 107,065,553 108,490,066 110,611,016 112,718,858 114,012,221	4,714,374,741 4,826,251,547 5,087,561,796 5,351,949,496 5,692,569,465 6,018,089,108 6,142,159,200 UI covered \$4,112,169,533 4,454,966,824 4,560,511,280 4,570,787,218 4,676,319,378 4,929,262,369 5,188,301,929 5,522,624,197 5,841,231,314 5,959,055,276 te industry covered \$3,577,738,557 3,887,626,769 3,952,152,155 3,930,767,025 4,015,823,311 4,245,640,890 4,480,311,193 4,780,833,389 5,057,840,759	36,764 37,765 39,354 40,677 42,535 44,458 45,563 \$33,094 35,077 35,943 36,428 37,401 38,955 40,270 42,124 44,038 45,129 \$33,244 35,337 36,157 36,539 37,508 39,134 40,505 42,414	707 726 757 782 818 855 876 \$636 675 691 701 719 749 774 810 847 868 \$639 680 695 703 721 753
2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008	8,228,840 8,364,795 8,571,144 8,784,027 8,971,897 9,082,049 7,771,198 7,828,861 7,933,536 8,051,117 8,177,087 8,312,729 8,518,249 8,731,111 8,908,198 9,017,717 7,560,567 7,622,274 7,724,965 7,839,903 7,963,340 8,093,142 8,294,662 8,505,496 8,681,001	127,795,827 129,278,176 131,571,623 133,833,834 135,366,106 134,805,659 124,255,714 127,005,574 126,883,182 125,475,293 125,031,551 126,538,579 128,837,948 131,104,860 132,639,806 132,043,604 Privat 107,619,457 110,015,333 109,304,802 107,577,281 107,065,553 108,490,066 110,611,016 112,718,858 114,012,221	4,826,251,547 5,087,561,796 5,351,949,496 5,692,569,465 6,018,089,108 6,142,159,200 UI covered \$4,112,169,533 4,454,966,824 4,560,511,280 4,570,787,218 4,676,319,378 4,929,262,369 5,188,301,929 5,522,624,197 5,841,231,314 5,959,055,276 te industry covered \$3,577,738,557 3,887,626,769 3,952,152,155 3,930,767,025 4,015,823,311 4,245,640,890 4,480,311,193 4,780,833,389 5,057,840,759	\$33,094 35,077 42,535 44,458 45,563 \$33,094 35,077 35,943 36,428 37,401 38,955 40,270 42,124 44,038 45,129 \$33,244 35,337 36,157 36,539 37,508 39,134 40,505 42,414	726 757 782 818 855 876 \$636 675 691 701 719 749 774 810 847 868 \$639 680 695 703 721 753
2004	8,364,795 8,571,144 8,784,027 8,971,897 9,082,049 7,771,198 7,828,861 7,933,536 8,051,117 8,177,087 8,312,729 8,518,249 8,731,111 8,908,198 9,017,717 7,560,567 7,622,274 7,724,965 7,839,903 7,963,340 8,093,142 8,294,662 8,505,496 8,881,001	129,278,176 131,571,623 133,833,834 135,366,106 134,805,659 1224,255,714 127,005,574 126,883,182 125,475,293 125,031,551 126,538,579 128,837,948 131,104,860 132,639,806 132,043,604 Privat 107,619,457 110,015,333 109,304,802 107,577,281 107,065,553 108,490,066 110,611,016 112,718,858 114,012,221	5,087,561,796 5,351,949,496 5,351,949,496 5,692,569,465 6,018,089,108 6,142,159,200 UI covered \$4,112,169,533 4,454,966,824 4,560,511,280 4,570,787,218 4,929,262,369 5,188,301,929 5,522,624,197 5,841,231,314 5,959,055,276 te industry covered \$3,577,738,557 3,887,626,769 3,952,152,155 3,930,767,025 4,015,823,311 4,245,640,890 4,480,311,193 4,780,833,389 5,057,840,759	\$33,094 40,677 42,535 44,458 45,563 \$33,094 35,077 35,943 36,942 37,401 38,955 40,270 42,124 44,038 45,129 \$33,244 35,337 36,157 36,539 37,508 39,134 40,505 42,414	757 782 818 818 855 876 \$636 675 691 701 719 774 810 847 868 \$639 680 695 703 721 753 779
2005	8,571,144 8,784,027 8,971,897 9,082,049 7,771,198 7,828,861 7,933,536 8,051,117 8,177,087 8,312,729 8,518,249 8,731,111 8,908,198 9,017,717 7,560,567 7,622,274 7,724,965 7,839,903 7,963,340 8,093,142 8,294,662 8,505,496 8,681,001	131,571,623 133,833,834 135,366,106 134,805,659 124,255,714 127,005,574 126,883,182 125,475,293 125,031,551 126,538,579 128,837,948 131,104,860 132,639,806 132,043,604 Privat 107,619,457 110,015,333 109,304,802 107,577,281 107,065,553 108,490,066 110,611,016 112,718,858 114,012,221	\$3,51,949,496 5,692,569,465 6,018,089,108 6,142,159,200 UI covered \$4,112,169,533 4,454,966,824 4,560,511,280 4,570,787,218 4,676,319,378 4,929,262,369 5,188,301,929 5,522,624,197 5,841,231,314 5,959,055,276 te industry covered \$3,577,738,557 3,887,626,769 3,952,152,155 3,930,767,025 4,015,823,311 4,245,640,890 4,480,311,193 4,780,833,389 5,057,840,759	\$33,094 \$33,094 \$35,077 35,943 36,428 37,401 38,955 40,270 42,124 44,038 45,129 \$33,244 35,337 36,157 36,539 37,508 39,134 40,505 42,414	782 818 855 876 \$636 675 691 701 719 749 774 810 847 868 \$639 680 695 703 721 737 779
2006	8,784,027 8,971,897 9,082,049 7,771,198 7,828,861 7,933,536 8,051,117 8,177,087 8,312,729 8,518,249 8,731,111 8,908,198 9,017,717 7,560,567 7,622,274 7,724,965 7,839,903 7,963,340 8,093,142 8,294,662 8,505,496 8,681,001	133,833,834 135,366,106 134,805,659 124,255,714 127,005,574 126,883,182 125,475,293 125,031,551 126,538,579 128,837,948 131,104,860 132,639,806 132,043,604 Privat 107,619,457 110,015,333 109,304,802 107,577,281 107,065,553 108,490,066 110,611,016 112,718,858 114,012,221	5,692,569,465 6,018,089,108 6,142,159,200 UI covered \$4,112,169,533 4,454,966,824 4,560,511,280 4,570,787,218 4,676,319,378 4,929,262,369 5,188,301,929 5,522,624,197 5,841,231,314 5,959,055,276 te industry covered \$3,577,738,557 3,887,626,769 3,952,152,155 3,930,767,025 4,015,823,311 4,245,640,890 4,480,311,193 4,780,833,389 5,057,840,759	\$33,094 \$5,077 35,943 36,428 37,401 38,955 40,270 42,124 44,038 45,129 \$33,244 35,337 36,157 36,539 37,508 39,134 40,505 42,414	\$636 675 691 701 719 744 810 847 868 \$639 680 695 703 721 753
2007 2008 1999 2000 2001 2001 2002 2003 2004 2006 2007 2008 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2008 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2006 2007 2008 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2006 2007 2008	8,971,897 9,082,049 7,771,198 7,828,861 7,933,536 8,051,117 8,177,087 8,312,729 8,518,249 8,731,111 8,908,198 9,017,717 7,560,567 7,622,274 7,724,965 7,839,903 7,963,340 8,093,142 8,294,662 8,505,496 8,681,001	135,366,106 134,805,659 124,255,714 127,005,574 126,883,182 125,475,293 125,031,551 126,538,579 128,837,948 131,104,860 132,639,806 132,043,604 Privat 107,619,457 110,015,333 109,304,802 107,577,281 107,065,553 108,490,066 110,611,016 112,718,858 114,012,221	6,018,089,108 6,142,159,200 UI covered \$4,112,169,533 4,454,966,824 4,560,511,280 4,570,787,218 4,676,319,378 4,929,262,369 5,188,301,929 5,522,624,197 5,841,231,314 5,959,055,276 te industry covered \$3,577,738,557 3,887,626,769 3,952,152,155 3,930,767,025 4,015,823,311 4,245,640,890 4,480,311,193 4,780,833,389 5,057,840,759	\$33,094 \$5,077 35,943 36,428 37,401 38,955 40,270 42,124 44,038 45,129 \$33,244 35,337 36,157 36,539 37,508 39,134 40,505 42,414	\$636 675 691 701 714 774 810 847 868 \$639 680 695 703 721 753 779
1999	7,771,198 7,828,861 7,933,536 8,051,117 8,177,087 8,312,729 8,518,249 8,731,111 8,908,198 9,017,717 7,560,567 7,622,274 7,724,965 7,839,903 7,963,340 8,093,142 8,294,662 8,505,496 8,881,001	134,805,659 124,255,714 127,005,574 126,883,182 125,475,293 125,031,551 126,538,579 128,837,948 131,104,860 132,639,806 132,043,604 Privat 107,619,457 110,015,333 109,304,802 107,577,281 107,065,553 108,490,066 110,611,016 112,718,858 114,012,221	\$4,112,169,533 4,454,966,824 4,560,511,280 4,570,787,218 4,676,319,378 4,929,262,369 5,188,301,929 5,522,624,197 5,841,231,314 5,959,055,276 te industry covered \$3,577,738,557 3,887,626,769 3,952,152,155 3,930,767,025 4,015,823,311 4,245,640,890 4,480,311,193 4,780,833,389 5,057,840,759	\$33,094 35,077 35,943 36,428 37,401 38,955 40,270 42,124 44,038 45,129 \$33,244 35,337 36,157 36,539 37,508 39,134 40,505 42,414	\$636 675 691 701 719 749 774 810 847 868 \$639 680 695 703 721 753 779
2000 2001 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 1999 2000 2000 2001 2002 2003 2000 2000 2000	7,828,861 7,933,536 8,051,117 8,177,087 8,312,729 8,518,249 8,731,111 8,908,198 9,017,717 7,560,567 7,622,274 7,724,965 7,839,903 7,963,340 8,093,142 8,294,662 8,505,496 8,681,001	127,005,574 126,883,182 125,475,293 125,031,551 126,538,579 128,837,948 131,104,860 132,639,806 132,043,604 Privat 107,619,457 110,015,333 109,304,802 107,577,281 107,065,553 108,490,066 110,611,016 112,718,858 114,012,221	\$4,112,169,533 4,454,966,824 4,560,511,280 4,570,787,218 4,676,319,378 4,929,262,369 5,188,301,929 5,522,624,197 5,841,231,314 5,959,055,276 te industry covered \$3,577,738,557 3,887,626,769 3,952,152,155 3,930,767,025 4,015,823,311 4,245,640,890 4,480,311,193 4,780,833,389 5,057,840,759	35,077 35,943 36,428 37,401 38,955 40,270 42,124 44,038 45,129 \$33,244 35,337 36,157 36,539 37,508 39,134 40,505 42,414	675 691 701 719 749 774 810 847 868 \$639 680 695 703 721 753 779
2000	7,828,861 7,933,536 8,051,117 8,177,087 8,312,729 8,518,249 8,731,111 8,908,198 9,017,717 7,560,567 7,622,274 7,724,965 7,839,903 7,963,340 8,093,142 8,294,662 8,505,496 8,681,001	127,005,574 126,883,182 125,475,293 125,031,551 126,538,579 128,837,948 131,104,860 132,639,806 132,043,604 Privat 107,619,457 110,015,333 109,304,802 107,577,281 107,065,553 108,490,066 110,611,016 112,718,858 114,012,221	4,454,966,824 4,560,511,280 4,570,787,218 4,676,319,378 4,929,262,369 5,188,301,929 5,522,624,197 5,841,231,314 5,959,055,276 te industry covered \$3,577,738,557 3,887,626,769 3,952,152,155 3,930,767,025 4,015,823,311 4,245,640,890 4,480,311,193 4,780,833,389 5,057,840,759	35,077 35,943 36,428 37,401 38,955 40,270 42,124 44,038 45,129 \$33,244 35,337 36,157 36,539 37,508 39,134 40,505 42,414	675 691 701 719 749 774 810 847 868 \$639 680 695 703 721 753 779
999	7,828,861 7,933,536 8,051,117 8,177,087 8,312,729 8,518,249 8,731,111 8,908,198 9,017,717 7,560,567 7,622,274 7,724,965 7,839,903 7,963,340 8,093,142 8,294,662 8,505,496 8,681,001	127,005,574 126,883,182 125,475,293 125,031,551 126,538,579 128,837,948 131,104,860 132,639,806 132,043,604 Privat 107,619,457 110,015,333 109,304,802 107,577,281 107,065,553 108,490,066 110,611,016 112,718,858 114,012,221	4,454,966,824 4,560,511,280 4,570,787,218 4,676,319,378 4,929,262,369 5,188,301,929 5,522,624,197 5,841,231,314 5,959,055,276 te industry covered \$3,577,738,557 3,887,626,769 3,952,152,155 3,930,767,025 4,015,823,311 4,245,640,890 4,480,311,193 4,780,833,389 5,057,840,759	35,077 35,943 36,428 37,401 38,955 40,270 42,124 44,038 45,129 \$33,244 35,337 36,157 36,539 37,508 39,134 40,505 42,414	675 691 701 719 749 774 810 847 868 \$639 680 695 703 721 753 779
2001	7,933,536 8,051,117 8,177,087 8,312,729 8,518,249 8,731,111 8,908,198 9,017,717 7,560,567 7,622,274 7,724,965 7,839,903 7,963,340 8,093,142 8,294,662 8,505,496 8,681,001	126,883,182 125,475,293 125,031,551 126,538,579 128,837,948 131,104,860 132,639,806 132,043,604 Privat 107,619,457 110,015,333 109,304,802 107,577,281 107,065,553 108,490,066 110,611,016 112,718,858 114,012,221	4,560,511,280 4,570,787,218 4,676,319,378 4,929,262,369 5,188,301,929 5,522,624,197 5,841,231,314 5,959,055,276 te industry covered \$3,577,738,557 3,887,626,769 3,952,152,155 3,930,767,025 4,015,823,311 4,245,640,890 4,480,311,193 4,780,833,389 5,057,840,759	\$35,943 36,428 37,401 38,955 40,270 42,124 44,038 45,129 \$33,244 35,337 36,157 36,539 37,508 39,134 40,505 42,414	\$631 701 719 749 774 810 847 868 \$639 680 695 703 721 753 779
2002 2003 3 2004 4 2005 2 2008 2 2008 2 2008 2 2008 2 2008 2 2009	8,051,117 8,177,087 8,312,729 8,518,249 8,731,111 8,908,198 9,017,717 7,560,567 7,622,274 7,724,965 7,839,903 7,963,340 8,093,142 8,294,662 8,505,496 8,681,001	125,475,293 125,031,551 126,538,579 128,837,948 131,104,860 132,639,806 132,043,604 Privat 107,619,457 110,015,333 109,304,802 107,577,281 107,065,553 108,490,066 110,611,016 112,718,858 114,012,221	4,570,787,218 4,676,319,378 4,929,262,369 5,188,301,929 5,522,624,197 5,841,231,314 5,959,055,276 te industry covered \$3,577,738,557 3,887,626,769 3,952,152,155 3,930,767,025 4,015,823,311 4,245,640,890 4,480,311,193 4,780,833,389 5,057,840,759	\$36,428 37,401 38,955 40,270 42,124 44,038 45,129 \$33,244 35,337 36,157 36,539 37,508 39,134 40,505 42,414	701 719 749 774 810 847 868 \$639 680 695 703 721 753 779
2003	8,177,087 8,312,729 8,518,249 8,731,111 8,908,198 9,017,717 7,560,567 7,622,274 7,724,965 7,839,903 7,963,340 8,093,142 8,294,662 8,505,496 8,681,001	125,031,551 126,538,579 128,837,948 131,104,860 132,639,806 132,043,604 Privat 107,619,457 110,015,333 109,304,802 107,577,281 107,065,553 108,490,066 110,611,016 112,718,858 114,012,221	4,676,319,378 4,929,262,369 5,188,301,929 5,522,624,197 5,841,231,314 5,959,055,276 te industry covered \$3,577,738,557 3,887,626,769 3,952,152,155 3,930,767,025 4,015,823,311 4,245,640,890 4,480,311,193 4,780,833,389 5,057,840,759	\$33,244 \$5,337 \$6,539 \$33,244 \$5,337 \$6,157 \$6,539 \$7,508 \$9,134 \$40,505 \$42,414	\$639 680 695 703 774 810 847 868
999	8,312,729 8,518,249 8,731,111 8,908,198 9,017,717 7,560,567 7,622,274 7,724,965 7,839,903 7,963,340 8,093,142 8,294,662 8,505,496 8,681,001	126,538,579 128,837,948 131,104,860 132,639,806 132,043,604 Privat 107,619,457 110,015,333 109,304,802 107,577,281 107,065,553 108,490,066 110,611,016 112,718,858 114,012,221	4,929,262,369 5,188,301,929 5,522,624,197 5,841,231,314 5,959,055,276 te industry covered \$3,577,738,557 3,887,626,769 3,952,152,155 3,930,767,025 4,015,823,311 4,245,640,890 4,480,311,193 4,780,833,389 5,057,840,759	\$38,955 40,270 42,124 44,038 45,129 \$33,244 35,337 36,157 36,539 37,508 39,134 40,505 42,414	\$639 680 695 703 721 753 779
2005	8,518,249 8,731,111 8,908,198 9,017,717 7,560,567 7,622,274 7,724,965 7,839,903 7,963,340 8,093,142 8,294,662 8,505,496 8,681,001	128,837,948 131,104,860 132,639,806 132,043,604 Privat 107,619,457 110,015,333 109,304,802 107,577,281 107,065,553 108,490,066 110,611,016 112,718,858 114,012,221	\$,188,301,929 5,522,624,197 5,841,231,314 5,959,055,276 te industry covered \$3,577,738,557 3,887,626,769 3,952,152,155 3,930,767,025 4,015,823,311 4,245,640,890 4,480,311,193 4,780,833,389 5,057,840,759	\$33,244 \$35,337 36,157 36,539 37,508 39,134 40,505 42,414	\$639 680 695 703 721 753 779
999	8,731,111 8,908,198 9,017,717 7,560,567 7,622,274 7,724,965 7,839,903 7,963,340 8,093,142 8,294,662 8,505,496 8,681,001	131,104,860 132,639,806 132,043,604 Privat 107,619,457 110,015,333 109,304,802 107,577,281 107,065,553 108,490,066 110,611,016 112,718,858 114,012,221	\$,522,624,197 5,841,231,314 5,959,055,276 te industry covered \$3,577,738,557 3,887,626,769 3,952,152,155 3,930,767,025 4,015,823,311 4,245,640,890 4,480,311,193 4,780,833,389 5,057,840,759	\$33,244 35,337 36,157 36,539 37,508 39,134 40,505 42,414	\$639 680 695 703 721 753 779
999	8,908,198 9,017,717 7,560,567 7,622,274 7,724,965 7,839,903 7,963,340 8,093,142 8,294,662 8,505,496 8,681,001	132,639,806 132,043,604 Privat 107,619,457 110,015,333 109,304,802 107,577,281 107,065,553 108,490,066 110,611,016 112,718,858 114,012,221	\$3,577,738,557 3,887,626,769 3,952,152,155 3,930,767,025 4,015,823,311 4,245,640,890 4,480,311,193 4,780,833,389 5,057,840,759	\$33,244 \$5,129 \$33,244 35,337 36,157 36,539 37,508 39,134 40,505 42,414	\$639 680 695 703 721 753 779
999	7,560,567 7,622,274 7,724,965 7,839,903 7,963,340 8,093,142 8,294,662 8,505,496 8,681,001	132,043,604 Privat 107,619,457 110,015,333 109,304,802 107,577,281 107,065,553 108,490,066 110,611,016 112,718,858 114,012,221	\$3,577,738,557 3,887,626,769 3,952,152,155 3,930,767,025 4,015,823,311 4,245,640,890 4,480,311,193 4,780,833,389 5,057,840,759	\$33,244 35,337 36,157 36,539 37,508 39,134 40,505 42,414	\$639 680 695 703 721 753 779
2000	7,622,274 7,724,965 7,839,903 7,963,340 8,093,142 8,294,662 8,505,496 8,681,001	107,619,457 110,015,333 109,304,802 107,577,281 107,065,553 108,490,066 110,611,016 112,718,858 114,012,221	\$3,577,738,557 3,887,626,769 3,952,152,155 3,930,767,025 4,015,823,311 4,245,640,890 4,480,311,193 4,780,833,389 5,057,840,759	35,337 36,157 36,539 37,508 39,134 40,505 42,414	680 695 703 721 753 779
2000	7,622,274 7,724,965 7,839,903 7,963,340 8,093,142 8,294,662 8,505,496 8,681,001	110,015,333 109,304,802 107,577,281 107,065,553 108,490,066 110,611,016 112,718,858 114,012,221	3,887,626,769 3,952,152,155 3,930,767,025 4,015,823,311 4,245,640,890 4,480,311,193 4,780,833,389 5,057,840,759	35,337 36,157 36,539 37,508 39,134 40,505 42,414	680 695 703 721 753 779
2000 2001 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008	7,622,274 7,724,965 7,839,903 7,963,340 8,093,142 8,294,662 8,505,496 8,681,001	110,015,333 109,304,802 107,577,281 107,065,553 108,490,066 110,611,016 112,718,858 114,012,221	3,887,626,769 3,952,152,155 3,930,767,025 4,015,823,311 4,245,640,890 4,480,311,193 4,780,833,389 5,057,840,759	35,337 36,157 36,539 37,508 39,134 40,505 42,414	680 695 703 721 753 779
2001	7,724,965 7,839,903 7,963,340 8,093,142 8,294,662 8,505,496 8,681,001	109,304,802 107,577,281 107,065,553 108,490,066 110,611,016 112,718,858 114,012,221	3,952,152,155 3,930,767,025 4,015,823,311 4,245,640,890 4,480,311,193 4,780,833,389 5,057,840,759	36,157 36,539 37,508 39,134 40,505 42,414	695 703 721 753 779
2002	7,839,903 7,963,340 8,093,142 8,294,662 8,505,496 8,681,001	107,577,281 107,065,553 108,490,066 110,611,016 112,718,858 114,012,221	3,930,767,025 4,015,823,311 4,245,640,890 4,480,311,193 4,780,833,389 5,057,840,759	36,539 37,508 39,134 40,505 42,414	703 721 753 779
1999	7,963,340 8,093,142 8,294,662 8,505,496 8,681,001	107,065,553 108,490,066 110,611,016 112,718,858 114,012,221	4,015,823,311 4,245,640,890 4,480,311,193 4,780,833,389 5,057,840,759	37,508 39,134 40,505 42,414	721 753 779
999	8,093,142 8,294,662 8,505,496 8,681,001	108,490,066 110,611,016 112,718,858 114,012,221	4,245,640,890 4,480,311,193 4,780,833,389 5,057,840,759	39,134 40,505 42,414	753 779
999	8,294,662 8,505,496 8,681,001	110,611,016 112,718,858 114,012,221	4,480,311,193 4,780,833,389 5,057,840,759	40,505 42,414	779
2006	8,505,496 8,681,001	112,718,858 114,012,221	4,780,833,389 5,057,840,759	42,414	
2007 2008 2008 2000 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008	8,681,001	114,012,221	5,057,840,759		816
1999					
1999	0,709,300	113,100,043		44,362 45,371	853 873
2000	L	01-1-	5,135,487,891	45,371	673
2000		State (government covered		
2001	70,538	4,296,673	\$149,011,194	\$34,681	\$667
2002	65,096	4,370,160	158,618,365	36,296	698
2003	64,583	4,452,237	168,358,331	37,814	727
999	64,447	4,485,071	175,866,492	39,212	754
999	64,467	4,481,845	179,528,728	40,057	770
2006	64,544	4,484,997	184,414,992	41,118	791
2007 2008 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2004	66,278	4,527,514	191,281,126	42,249	812
1999	66,921	4,565,908	200,329,294	43,875	844
1999	67,381	4,611,395	211,677,002	45,903	883
2000	67,675	4,642,650	222,754,925	47,980	923
2000		Local (government covered		
2000	140,093	12,339,584	\$385,419,781	\$31,234	\$601
2001					
2002	141,491	12,620,081	408,721,690 440,000,795	32,387	623 645
2003 2004 2005	143,989	13,126,143	440,000,795 464,153,701	33,521	665
2004	146,767	13,412,941		34,605	
2005	149,281	13,484,153	480,967,339	35,669	686
	155,043	13,563,517	499,206,488	36,805	708
2006	157,309	13,699,418	516,709,610	37,718	725
	158,695	13,820,093	541,461,514	39,179	753
2007	159,816 160,683	14,016,190 14,212,311	571,713,553 600,812,461	40,790 42,274	784 813
	. 50,000		vernment covered (UCF	·	
1000	40.004	0.700.507	,		4050
1999	49,661	2,786,567	\$123,409,672	\$44,287	\$852
2000	50,256	2,871,489	132,741,760	46,228	889
2001	50,993	2,752,619	134,713,843	48,940	941
2002		2,758,627	143,587,523	52,050	1,001
2003	50,755	2,764,275	149,932,170	54,239	1,043
2004	50,755 51,753		158,299,427	57,782	1,111
2005		2,739,596		59,864	1,151
2006	51,753 52,066		163.647.568		1,198
2007	51,753 52,066 52,895	2,733,675	163,647,568 169,945,269	02.274	1,248
2008	51,753 52,066		163,647,568 169,945,269 176,857,794	62,274 64,871	

NOTE: Data are final. Detail may not add to total due to rounding.

25. Annual data: Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages, establishment size and employment, private ownership, by supersector, first quarter 2008

					Size	of establishn	nents			
Industry, establishments, and employment	Total	Fewer than 5 workers ¹	5 to 9 workers	10 to 19 workers	20 to 49 workers	50 to 99 workers	100 to 249 workers	250 to 499 workers	500 to 999 workers	1,000 or more workers
Total all industries ² Establishments, first quarter Employment, March	8,737,209	5,347,059	1,405,989	940,355	649,897	221,242	125,680	30,651	10,833	5,503
	112,661,107	7,726,320	9,317,598	12,712,673	19,590,026	15,200,470	18,769,975	10,490,782	7,355,848	11,497,415
Natural resources and mining Establishments, first quarter Employment, March	125,210	70,167	23,540	15,213	10,230	3,338	1,888	574	192	68
	1,735,716	113,349	155,594	205,063	309,062	229,769	285,052	198,874	129,465	109,488
Construction Establishments, first quarter Employment, March	884,900	596,761	135,351	80,118	49,933	14,548	6,455	1,305	337	92
	7,015,698	820,427	887,949	1,076,415	1,494,411	990,273	953,252	438,169	221,521	133,281
Manufacturing Establishments, first quarter Employment, March	360,128	138,761	61,564	53,932	52,329	25,129	18,998	6,052	2,298	1,065
	13,530,440	239,464	413,129	741,464	1,631,131	1,758,241	2,909,766	2,072,004	1,554,107	2,211,134
Trade, transportation, and utilities Establishments, first quarter Employment, March	1,918,453	1,025,889	381,783	253,919	158,449	53,773	34,906	7,571	1,654	509
	26,025,160	1,686,285	2,543,460	3,411,060	4,758,401	3,726,557	5,155,843	2,600,592	1,090,853	1,052,109
Information Establishments, first quarter Employment, March	144,342	82,456	21,073	16,279	13,502	5,634	3,580	1,093	490	235
	3,007,840	113,866	140,161	222,141	415,963	388,105	542,466	380,246	334,589	470,303
Financial activities Establishments, first quarter Employment, March	866,044	571,395	153,677	80,370	39,542	11,675	6,176	1,823	911	475
	8,002,154	880,298	1,013,702	1,059,248	1,176,225	798,971	929,717	631,696	630,185	882,112
Professional and business services Establishments, first quarter Employment, March	1,500,983	1,026,478	199,658	126,947	85,319	32,918	20,556	5,907	2,267	933
	17,672,891	1,403,930	1,312,525	1,712,339	2,594,343	2,279,648	3,116,492	2,019,588	1,542,704	1,691,322
Education and health services Establishments, first quarter Employment, March	838,101	403,555	181,824	119,131	77,795	28,219	19,577	4,258	1,933	1,809
	17,855,618	715,158	1,208,328	1,604,008	2,344,710	1,961,088	2,946,642	1,449,126	1,343,470	4,283,088
Leisure and hospitality Establishments, first quarter Employment, March	729,550	280,079	122,835	135,822	137,270	40,241	10,754	1,610	642	297
	13,121,259	443,453	829,466	1,908,049	4,122,254	2,674,380	1,523,474	547,993	438,685	633,505
Other services Establishments, first quarter Employment, March	1,157,207	946,782	118,658	57,400	25,255	5,738	2,787	458	109	20
	4,450,274	1,128,799	775,868	757,235	736,119	391,483	406,934	152,494	70,269	31,073

¹ Includes establishments that reported no workers in March 2008.

NOTE: Data are final. Detail may not add to total due to rounding.

² Includes data for unclassified establishments, not shown separately.

26. Average annual wages for 2007 and 2008 for all covered workers $\mbox{^{\sc h}}$ by metropolitan area

	Average annual wages ³				
Metropolitan area ²	2007	2008	Percent change, 2007-08		
Metropolitan areas4	\$46,139	\$47,194	2.3		
Abilene, TX Aguadilla-Isabela-San Sebastian, PR Akron, OH Albany, GA Albany-Schenectady-Troy, NY Albuquerque, NM Alexandria, LA Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, PA-NJ Altoona, PA Amarillo, TX	31,567	32,649	3.4		
	20,295	20,714	2.1		
	39,499	40,376	2.2		
	33,378	34,314	2.8		
	42,191	43,912	4.1		
	38,191	39,342	3.0		
	32,757	34,783	6.2		
	41,784	42,500	1.7		
	31,988	32,986	3.1		
	35,574	38,215	7.4		
Ames, IA Anchorage, AK Anderson, IN Anderson, SC Ann Arbor, MI Anniston-Oxford, AL Appleton, WI Asheville, NC Athens-Clarke County, GA Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta, GA	37,041	38,558	4.1		
	45,237	46,935	3.8		
	32,850	31,326	-4.6		
	31,086	32,322	4.0		
	49,427	48,987	-0.9		
	34,593	36,227	4.7		
	36,575	37,522	2.6		
	33,406	34,070	2.0		
	34,256	35,503	3.6		
	48,111	48,064	-0.1		
Atlantic City, NJ Auburn-Opelika, AL Augusta-Richmond County, GA-SC Augusta-Richmond Rock, TX Bakersfield, CA Baltimore-Towson, MD Bangor, ME Barnstable Town, MA Baton Rouge, LA Battle Creek, MI	39,276	40,337	2.7		
	31,554	32,651	3.5		
	36,915	38,068	3.1		
	46,458	47,355	1.9		
	38,254	39,476	3.2		
	47,177	48,438	2.7		
	32,829	33,829	3.0		
	37,691	38,839	3.0		
	39,339	41,961	6.7		
	40,628	42,782	5.3		
Bay City, MI Beaumont-Port Arthur, TX Bealingham, WA Bend, OR Billings, MT Billings, MT Binghamton, NY Birmingham-Hoover, AL Bismarck, ND Blacksburg-Christiansburg-Radford, VA Bloomington, IN	35,680	36,489	2.3		
	40,682	43,302	6.4		
	34,239	35,864	4.7		
	34,318	35,044	2.1		
	35,372	36,155	2.2		
	36,322	37,731	3.9		
	42,570	43,651	2.5		
	34,118	35,389	3.7		
	35,248	35,272	0.1		
	32,028	33,220	3.7		
Bloomington-Normal, IL Boise City-Nampa, ID Boston-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH Boulder, CO Bowling Green, KY Bremerton-Silverdale, WA Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk, CT Brownsville-Harlingen, TX Brunswick, GA Buffalo-Niagara Falls, NY	42,082	43,918	4.4		
	37,553	37,315	-0.6		
	59,817	61,128	2.2		
	52,745	53,455	1.3		
	33,308	34,861	4.7		
	39,506	40,421	2.3		
	79,973	80,018	0.1		
	27,126	28,342	4.5		
	32,705	34,458	5.4		
	38,218	38,984	2.0		
Burlington, NC Burlington-South Burlington, VT Canton-Massillon, OH Cape Coral-Fort Myers, FL Carson City, NV Casper, WY Casper, WY Charleston, WV Charleston, WV Charleston-North Charleston, SC	33,132	34,283	3.5		
	41,907	43,559	3.9		
	34,091	34,897	2.4		
	37,658	37,866	0.6		
	42,030	43,858	4.3		
	41,105	43,851	6.7		
	41,059	42,356	3.2		
	35,788	37,408	4.5		
	38,687	40,442	4.5		
	36,954	38,035	2.9		
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord, NC-SC Charlottesville, VA Chattanooga, TN-GA Cheyenne, WY Chicago-Naperville-Joliet, IL-IN-WI Chico, CA Cincinnati-Middletown, OH-KY-IN Clarksville, TN-KY Cleveland, TN Cleveland, TN Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor, OH	46,975 40,819 36,522 36,191 50,823 33,207 42,969 32,216 34,666 42,783	47,332 41,777 37,258 37,452 51,775 34,310 43,801 32,991 35,010 43,467	0.8 2.3 2.0 3.5 1.9 3.3 1.9 2.4 1.0		
Coeur d'Alene, ID College Station-Bryan, TX Colorado Springs, CO Columbia, MO Columbia, SC Columbia, SC Columbus, GA-AL Columbus, IN Columbus, OH Corpus Christi, TX Corvallis, OR	31,035	31,353	1.0		
	32,630	33,967	4.1		
	39,745	40,973	3.1		
	33,266	34,331	3.2		
	36,293	37,514	3.4		
	34,511	35,067	1.6		
	41,078	42,610	3.7		
	42,655	43,533	2.1		
	37,186	38,771	4.3		
	41,981	42,343	0.9		

See footnotes at end of table.

26. Continued — Average annual wages for 2007 and 2008 for all covered workers $^{\mbox{\tiny t}}$ by metropolitan area

	Avera	age annual w	ages3
Metropolitan area ²	2007	2008	Percent change, 2007-08
Cumberland, MD-WV Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX Dalton, GA Danville, IL Danville, IL Danville, VA Davenport-Moline-Rock Island, IA-IL Dayton, OH Decatur, AL Decatur, IL Deltona-Daytona Beach-Ormond Beach, FL	\$31,373	\$32,583	3.9
	49,627	50,331	1.4
	34,433	34,403	-0.1
	34,086	35,602	4.4
	30,212	30,580	1.2
	39,385	40,425	2.6
	40,223	40,824	1.5
	35,931	36,855	2.6
	41,039	42,012	2.4
	32,196	32,938	2.3
Denver-Aurora, CO Des Moines, IA Detroit-Warren-Livonia, MI Dothan, AL Dover, DE Dubuque, IA Duluth, MN-WI Durham, NC Eau Claire, WI EI Centro, CA	50,180	51,270	2.2
	42,895	43,918	2.4
	49,019	50,081	2.2
	32,367	32,965	1.8
	35,978	36,375	1.1
	34,240	35,656	4.1
	35,202	36,307	3.1
	52,420	53,700	2.4
	32,792	33,549	2.3
	32,419	33,239	2.5
lizabethtown, KY Ikhart-Goshen, IN Ilmira, NY I Paso, TX rie, PA Ugene-Springfield, OR Evansville, IN-KY airbanks, AK ajardo, PR Fargo, ND-MN	32,701 36,566 34,879 31,354 34,788 34,329 37,182 42,345 22,075 35,264	33,728 35,858 36,984 31,837 35,992 35,380 38,304 44,225 22,984 36,745	3.1 -1.9 6.0 1.5 3.5 3.1 3.0 4.4 4.1
Farmington, NM	38,572	41,155	6.7
	33,216	34,619	4.2
	37,325	39,025	4.6
	34,473	35,353	2.6
	39,310	39,206	-0.3
	34,305	34,841	1.6
	30,699	32,088	4.5
	34,664	36,166	4.3
	39,335	40,154	2.1
	31,236	32,130	2.9
Fort Walton Beach-Crestview-Destin, FL Fort Wayne, IN Fresno, CA Gaidsden, AL Gainesville, FL Gainesville, GA Glens Falls, NY Goldsboro, NC Grand Forks, ND-MN Grand Junction, CO	35,613	36,454	2.4
	36,542	36,806	0.7
	35,111	36,038	2.6
	30,979	31,718	2.4
	36,243	37,282	2.9
	36,994	37,929	2.5
	33,564	34,531	2.9
	30,177	30,607	1.4
	30,745	32,207	4.8
	36,221	39,246	8.4
Grand Rapids-Wyoming, MI Great Falls, MT Greeley, CO Green Bay, WI Greensboro-High Point, NC Greenville, NC Greenville, SC Guayama, PR Gulfport-Biloxi, MS Hagerstown-Martinsburg, MD-WV	38,953	39,868	2.3
	31,009	31,962	3.1
	37,066	38,700	4.4
	37,788	39,247	3.9
	37,213	37,919	1.9
	33,703	34,672	2.9
	36,536	37,592	2.9
	26,094	27,189	4.2
	34,971	35,700	2.1
	35,468	36,472	2.8
Hanford-Corcoran, CA Harrisburg-Carlisle, PA Harrisonburg, VA Harriford-West Hartford-East Hartford, CT Hattiesburg, MS Hickory-Lenoir-Morganton, NC Hinesville-Fort Stewart, GA Holland-Grand Haven, MI Hort Springs, AR	32,504	35,374	8.8
	41,424	42,330	2.2
	32,718	34,197	4.5
	54,188	54,446	0.5
	30,729	31,629	2.9
	32,364	32,810	1.4
	33,210	33,854	1.9
	37,470	37,953	1.3
	40,748	42,090	3.3
	28,448	29,042	2.1
Houma-Bayou Cane-Thibodaux, LA Houston-Baytown-Sugar Land, TX Huntington-Ashland, WV-KY-OH Huntsville, AL daho Falls, ID Indianapolis, IN Indianapolis, IN Indianapolis, IA Ibaca, NY Jackson, MI Jackson, MI	41,604	44,345	6.6
	53,494	55,407	3.6
	33,973	35,717	5.1
	45,763	47,427	3.6
	29,878	30,485	2.0
	42,227	43,128	2.1
	37,457	39,070	4.3
	39,387	41,689	5.8
	38,267	38,672	1.1
	35,771	36,730	2.7

26. Continued — Average annual wages for 2007 and 2008 for all covered workers $\,$ by metropolitan area

	Avera	age annual w	ages ³	
Metropolitan area2	2007	2008	Percent change 2007-08	
Jackson, TN Jacksonville, FL Jacksonville, NC Janesville, WI Jefferson City, MO Johnson City, TN Johnstown, PA Jonesboro, AR Jopelin, MO Kalamazoo-Portage, MI	\$35,059	\$35,975	2.6	
	41,437	41,524	0.2	
	27,005	27,893	3.3	
	36,790	36,906	0.3	
	32,903	33,766	2.6	
	31,985	32,759	2.4	
	31,384	32,464	3.4	
	30,378	31,532	3.8	
	31,068	32,156	3.5	
	38,402	40,333	5.0	
Kankakee-Bradley, IL Kansas City, MO-KS Kennewick-Richland-Pasco, WA Killeen-Temple-Fort Hood, TX Kingsport-Bristol-Bristol, TN-VA Kingston, NY Knoxville, TN Kokomo, IN La Crosse, WI-MN Lafayette, IN	33,340	34,451	3.3	
	42,921	44,155	2.9	
	40,439	41,878	3.6	
	32,915	34,299	4.2	
	36,399	37,260	2.4	
	35,018	35,883	2.5	
	38,386	38,912	1.4	
	47,269	44,117	-6.7	
	32,949	34,078	3.4	
	36,419	37,832	3.9	
Lafayette, LA Lake Charles, LA Lakeland, FL Lancaster, PA Lansing-East Lansing, MI Laredo, TX Las Cruces, NM Las Vegas-Paradise, NV Lawence, KS Lawton, OK	40,684	42,748	5.1	
	37,447	39,982	6.8	
	34,394	35,195	2.3	
	37,043	38,127	2.9	
	40,866	42,339	3.6	
	29,009	29,572	1.9	
	31,422	32,894	4.7	
	42,336	43,120	1.9	
	30,830	32,313	4.8	
	30,617	32,258	5.4	
Lebanon, PA Lewiston, ID-WA Lewiston-Auburn, ME Lexington-Fayette, KY Lima, OH Lincoln, NE Lincidn, NE Lincoln, VE Logan, UT-ID Longview, TX Longview, TX Longview, WA	32,876	33,900	3.1	
	31,961	32,783	2.6	
	33,118	34,396	3.9	
	39,290	40,034	1.9	
	35,177	35,381	0.6	
	34,750	35,834	3.1	
	39,305	38,902	-1.0	
	27,810	29,392	5.7	
	36,956	38,902	5.3	
	37,101	37,806	1.9	
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana, CA Louisville, KY-IN Lubbock, TX Lynchburg, VA Macon, GA Madera, CA Madera, CA Madison, WI Manchester-Nashua, NH Mansfield, OH Mayaguez, PR	50,480	51,520	2.1	
	40,125	40,596	1.2	
	32,761	33,867	3.4	
	34,412	35,207	2.3	
	34,243	34,823	1.7	
	33,266	34,405	3.4	
	41,201	42,623	3.5	
	49,235	50,629	2.8	
	33,109	33,946	2.5	
	21,326	22,394	5.0	
McAllen-Edinburg-Pharr, TX Medford, OR Memphis, TN-MS-AR Merced, CA Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Miami Beach, FL Michigan City-La Porte, IN Midland, TX Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis, WI Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, MN-WI Missoula, MT	27,651	28,498	3.1	
	32,877	33,402	1.6	
	42,339	43,124	1.9	
	32,351	33,903	4.8	
	43,428	44,199	1.8	
	32,570	33,507	2.9	
	45,574	50,116	10.0	
	43,261	44,462	2.8	
	49,542	51,044	3.0	
	32,233	33,414	3.7	
Mobile, AL Modesto, CA Monroe, LA Monroe, MI Montgomery, AL Morgantown, WV Morristown, TN Mount Vernon-Anacortes, WA Muncie, IN Muskegon-Norton Shores, MI	36,890	38,180	3.5	
	36,739	37,867	3.1	
	31,992	32,796	2.5	
	41,636	41,849	0.5	
	36,223	37,552	3.7	
	35,241	37,082	5.2	
	32,806	32,858	0.2	
	34,620	36,230	4.7	
	31,326	32,420	3.5	
	34,982	36,033	3.0	
Myrtle Beach-Conway-North Myrtle Beach, SC Napa, CA Naples-Marco Island, FL Nashville-DavidsonMurfreesboro, TN New Haven-Milford, CT New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner, LA New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island, NY-NJ-PA Nilles-Benton Harbor, MI Norwich-New London, CT Ocala, FL	28,576	28,450	-0.4	
	44,171	45,061	2.0	
	41,300	40,178	-2.7	
	42,728	43,964	2.9	
	47,039	48,239	2.6	
	43,255	45,108	4.3	
	65,685	66,548	1.3	
	38,140	38,814	1.8	
	45,463	46,727	2.8	
	31,623	32,579	3.0	

26. Continued — Average annual wages for 2007 and 2008 for all covered workers $^{\mbox{\tiny t}}$ by metropolitan area

	Avera	age annual w	ages ³
Metropolitan area₂	2007	2008	Percent change, 2007-08
Ocean City, NJ Odessa, TX Ogden-Clearfield, UT Oklahoma City, OK Olympia, WA Omaha-Council Bluffs, NE-IA Orlando, FL Oshkosh-Neenah, WI Owensboro, KY	\$32,452 41,758 34,067 37,192 39,678 39,273 38,633 41,014 33,593	\$33,529 44,316 34,778 39,363 40,714 40,097 39,322 41,781 34,956	3.3 6.1 2.1 5.8 2.6 2.1 1.8 1.9
Oxnard-Thousand Oaks-Ventura, CA Palm Bay-Melbourne-Titusville, FL Panama City-Lynn Haven, FL Parkersburg-Marietta, WV-OH Pascagoula, MS Pensacola-Ferry Pass-Brent, FL Peoria, IL Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PA-NJ-DE-MD Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, AZ Pine Bluff, AR Pittsburgh, PA	47,669	46,490	-2.5
	40,975	42,089	2.7
	33,950	34,361	1.2
	33,547	35,102	4.6
	39,131	42,734	9.2
	34,165	34,829	1.9
	43,470	44,562	2.5
	50,611	51,814	2.4
	43,697	44,482	1.8
	33,094	34,106	3.1
	42,910	44,124	2.8
Pittsfield, MA Pocatello, ID Ponce, PR Portland-South Portland-Biddeford, ME Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton, OR-WA Port St. Lucie-Fort Pierce, FL Poughkeepsie-Newburgh-Middletown, NY Prescott, AZ Providence-New Bedford-Fall River, RI-MA Provo-Orem, UT	38,075	38,957	2.3
	29,268	30,608	4.6
	21,019	21,818	3.8
	38,497	39,711	3.2
	44,335	45,326	2.2
	36,375	36,174	-0.6
	40,793	42,148	3.3
	32,048	33,004	3.0
	40,674	42,141	3.6
	34,141	35,516	4.0
Pueblo, CO Punta Gorda, FL Racine, WI Raleigh-Cary, NC Rapid City, SD Reading, PA Redding, CA Reno-Sparks, NV Richmond, VA Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, CA	32,552	34,055	4.6
	32,833	32,927	0.3
	40,746	41,232	1.2
	42,801	43,912	2.6
	31,119	32,227	3.6
	39,945	40,691	1.9
	34,953	35,655	2.0
	41,365	42,167	1.9
	44,530	45,244	1.6
	37,846	38,617	2.0
Roanoke, VA Rochester, MN Rochester, NY Rockford, IL Rocky Mount, NC Rome, GA Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville, CA Saginaw-Saginaw Township North, MI St. Cloud, MN St. George, UT	35,419	36,475	3.0
	44,786	46,196	3.1
	40,752	41,728	2.4
	38,304	39,210	2.4
	32,527	33,110	1.8
	33,041	35,229	6.6
	46,385	47,924	3.3
	37,507	37,549	0.1
	33,996	35,069	3.2
	29,052	29,291	0.8
St. Joseph, MO-KS St. Louis, MO-IL Salem, OR Salinas, CA Salisbury, MD Salt Lake City, UT San Angelo, TX San Antonio, TX San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos, CA Sandusky, OH	31,828	32,651	2.6
	42,873	45,419	5.9
	33,986	34,891	2.7
	39,419	40,235	2.1
	34,833	35,901	3.1
	40,935	41,628	1.7
	30,920	32,852	6.2
	38,274	38,876	1.6
	47,657	49,079	3.0
	33,471	33,760	0.9
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont, CA San German-Cabo Rojo, PR San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara, CA San Juan-Caguas-Guaynabo, PR San Luis Obispo-Paso Robles, CA Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Goleta, CA Santa Cruz-Watsonville, CA Santa Fe, NM Santa Rosa-Petaluma, CA Sarasota-Bradenton-Venice, FL	64,559	65,100	0.8
	19,777	19,875	0.5
	82,038	80,063	-2.4
	25,939	26,839	3.5
	36,740	38,134	3.8
	41,967	42,617	1.5
	41,540	41,471	-0.2
	37,395	38,646	3.3
	42,824	43,757	2.2
	36,424	36,781	1.0
Savannah, GA Scranton-Wilkes-Barre, PA Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue, WA Sheboygan, WI Sherman-Denison, TX Shreveport-Bossier City, LA Sioux City, IA-NE-SD Sioux Falls, SD South Bend-Mishawaka, IN-MI Spartanburg, SC	36,695	37,846	3.1
	34,205	34,902	2.0
	51,924	53,667	3.4
	37,049	37,834	2.1
	35,672	36,081	1.1
	34,892	36,308	4.1
	33,025	34,326	3.9
	36,056	36,982	2.6
	36,266	37,654	3.8
	37,967	39,313	3.5

26. Continued — Average annual wages for 2007 and 2008 for all covered workers by metropolitan area

	Avera	age annual w	ages ³
Metropolitan area ²	2007	2008	Percent change, 2007-08
Spokane, WA Springfield, IL Springfield, MA Springfield, MO Springfield, OH State College, PA Stockton, CA Sumter, SC Syracuse, NY Tallahassee, FL	\$35,539	\$36,792	3.5
	42,420	44,416	4.7
	39,487	40,969	3.8
	31,868	32,971	3.5
	32,017	33,158	3.6
	36,797	38,050	3.4
	37,906	39,075	3.1
	30,267	30,842	1.9
	39,620	40,554	2.4
	36,543	37,433	2.4
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL Terre Haute, IN Texarkana, TX-Texarkana, AR Toledo, OH Topeka, KS Trenton-Ewing, NJ Tucson, AZ Tulsa, OK Tuscaloosa, AL Tyler, TX	39,215	40,521	3.3
	32,349	33,562	3.7
	34,079	35,002	2.7
	38,538	39,686	3.0
	36,109	36,714	1.7
	56,645	60,135	6.2
	38,524	39,973	3.8
	38,942	40,205	3.2
	36,737	37,949	3.3
	37,184	38,817	4.4
Utica-Rome, NY Valdosta, GA Vallejo-Fairfield, CA Vero Beach, FL Victoria, TX Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton, NJ Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News, VA-NC Visalia-Porterville, CA Waco, TX Warner Robins, GA	27,842 42,932 35,901 38,317 39,408 37,734	34,936 29,288 45,264 36,557 39,888 40,709 38,696 32,018 35,698 40,457	3.0 5.2 5.4 1.8 4.1 3.3 2.5 3.4 2.9
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV Waterloo-Cedar Falls, IA Wausau, WI Weirton-Steubenville, WV-OH Wenatchee, WA Wheeling, WV-OH Wichita, KS Wichita Falls, TX Williamsport, PA Williamsport, PA Wilmington, NC	60,711	62,653	3.2
	35,899	37,363	4.1
	35,710	36,477	2.1
	32,893	35,356	7.5
	29,475	30,750	4.3
	31,169	32,915	5.6
	39,662	40,423	1.9
	32,320	34,185	5.8
	32,506	33,340	2.6
	34,239	35,278	3.0
Winchester, VA-WV Winston-Salem, NC Worcester, MA Yakima, WA Yauco, PR York-Hanover, PA Youngstown-Warren-Boardman, OH-PA Yuba City, CA Yuma, AZ	36,016	37,035	2.8
	38,921	39,770	2.2
	44,652	45,955	2.9
	29,743	30,821	3.6
	19,380	19,821	2.3
	38,469	39,379	2.4
	34,698	34,403	-0.9
	35,058	36,538	4.2
	30,147	31,351	4.0

¹ Includes workers covered by Unemployment Insurance (UI) and Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) programs.

 $^{^2}$ Includes data for Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSA) as defined by OMB Bulletin No. 04-03 as of February 18, 2004.

³ Each year's total is based on the MSA definition for the specific year. Annual changes include differences resulting from changes in MSA definitions.

 $^{^{\}rm 4}$ Totals do not include the six MSAs within Puerto Rico.

27. Annual data: Employment status of the population

[Numbers in thousands]

Employment status	1999 ¹	2000 ¹	2001 ¹	2002 ¹	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Civilian noninstitutional population	207,753	212,577	215,092	217,570	221,168	223,357	226,082	228,815	231,867	233,788	235,801
Civilian labor force	139,368	142,583	143,734	144,863	146,510	147,401	149,320	151,428	153,124	154,287	154,142
Labor force participation rate	67.1	67.1	66.8	66.6	66.2	66.0	66.0	66.2	66.0	66.0	65.4
Employed	133,488	136,891	136,933	136,485	137,736	139,252	141,730	144,427	146,047	145,362	139,877
Employment-population ratio	64.3	64.4	63.7	62.7	62.3	62.3	62.7	63.1	63.0	62.2	59.3
Unemployed	5,880	5,692	6,801	8,378	8,774	8,149	7,591	7,001	7,078	8,924	14,265
Unemployment rate	4.2	4.0	4.7	5.8	6.0	5.5	5.1	4.6	4.6	5.8	9.3
Not in the labor force	68,385	69,994	71,359	72,707	74,658	75,956	76,762	77,387	78,743	79,501	81,659

¹ Not strictly comparable with prior years.

28. Annual data: Employment levels by industry

[In thousands]

[
Industry	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Total private employment	108,686	110,995	110,708	108,828	108,416	109,814	111,899	114,113	115,380	114,281	108,369
Total nonfarm employment	128,993	131,785	131,826	130,341	129,999	131,435	133,703	136,086	137,598	136,790	130,912
Goods-producing	24,465	24,649	23,873	22,557	21,816	21,882	22,190	22,531	22,233	21,334	18,620
Natural resources and mining	598	599	606	583	572	591	628	684	724	767	700
Construction	6,545	6,787	6,826	6,716	6,735	6,976	7,336	7,691	7,630	7,162	6,037
Manufacturing	17,322	17,263	16,441	15,259	14,510	14,315	14,226	14,155	13,879	13,406	11,883
Private service-providing	84,221	86,346	86,834	86,271	86,600	87,932	89,709	91,582	93,147	92,947	89,749
Trade, transportation, and utilities	25,771	26,225	25,983	25,497	25,287	25,533	25,959	26,276	26,630	26,293	24,947
Wholesale trade	5,893	5,933	5,773	5,652	5,608	5,663	5,764	5,905	6,015	5,943	5,625
Retail trade	14,970	15,280	15,239	15,025	14,917	15,058	15,280	15,353	15,520	15,283	14,528
Transportation and warehousing	4,300	4,410	4,372	4,224	4,185	4,249	4,361	4,470	4,541	4,508	4,234
Utilities	609	601	599	596	577	564	554	549	553	559	561
Information	3,419	3,630	3,629	3,395	3,188	3,118	3,061	3,038	3,032	2,984	2,807
Financial activities	7,648	7,687	7,808	7,847	7,977	8,031	8,153	8,328	8,301	8,145	7,758
Professional and business services	15,957	16,666	16,476	15,976	15,987	16,394	16,954	17,566	17,942	17,735	16,580
Education and health services	14,798	15,109	15,645	16,199	16,588	16,953	17,372	17,826	18,322	18,838	19,190
Leisure and hospitality	11,543	11,862	12,036	11,986	12,173	12,493	12,816	13,110	13,427	13,436	13,102
Other services	5,087	5,168	5,258	5,372	5,401	5,409	5,395	5,438	5,494	5,515	5,364
Government	20,307	20,790	21,118	21,513	21,583	21,621	21,804	21,974	22,218	22,509	22,544

29. Annual data: Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers on nonfarm payrolls, by industry

payrolls, by industry											
Industry	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Private sector:											
Average weekly hours	34.3	34.3	34.0	33.9	33.7	33.7	33.8	33.9	33.9	33.6	33.1
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	13.49	14.02	14.54	14.97	15.37	15.69	16.13	16.76	17.43	18.08	18.62
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	463.15	481.01	493.79	506.75	518.06	529.09	544.33	567.87	590.04	607.95	617.11
Goods-producing: Average weekly hours	40.8	40.7	39.9	39.9	39.8	40.0	40.1	40.5	40.6	40.2	39.2
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	14.71	15.27	15.78	16.33	16.80	17.19	17.60	18.02	18.67	19.33	19.90
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	599.99	621.86	630.01	651.61	669.13	688.13	705.31	730.16	757.34	776.66	779.79
Natural resources and mining	000.00	021.00	000.01	001.01	000.10	000.10		700.10		7.70.00	
Average weekly hours	44.2	44.4	44.6	43.2	43.6	44.5	45.6	45.6	45.9	45.1	43.3
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	16.33	16.55	17.00	17.19	17.56	18.07	18.72	19.90	20.97	22.50	23.29
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	721.74	734.92	757.92	741.97	765.94	803.82	853.71	907.95	962.64	1014.69	1007.92
Construction:											
Average weekly hours	39.0	39.2	38.7	38.4	38.4	38.3	38.6	39.0	39.0	38.5	37.6
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	16.80	17.48	18.00	18.52	18.95	19.23	19.46	20.02	20.95	21.87	22.67
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	655.11	685.78	695.89	711.82	726.83	735.55	750.22	781.21	816.66	842.61	852.48
Manufacturing:											
Average weekly hours	41.4	41.3	40.3	40.5	40.4	40.8	40.7	41.1	41.2	40.8	39.8
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	13.85	14.32	14.76	15.29	15.74	16.14	16.56	16.81	17.26	17.75	18.23
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	573.14	590.77	595.19	618.75	635.99	658.49	673.30	691.02	711.56	724.46	725.87
Private service-providing:	00.7	00.7	00.5		00.0	00.0	00.4	00.5	00.4		00.4
Average weekly hours	32.7	32.7	32.5	32.5	32.3	32.3	32.4	32.5	32.4	32.3	32.1
Average weekly carnings (in dollars)	13.09 427.98	13.62 445.74	14.18 461.08	14.59 473.80	14.99 484.68	15.29 494.22	15.74 509.58	16.42 532.78	17.11 554.89	17.77 574.35	18.35 588.07
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	427.90	443.74	401.00	473.00	404.00	494.22	509.56	332.76	334.69	374.33	300.07
Trade, transportation, and utilities: Average weekly hours	. 33.9	33.8	33.5	33.6	33.6	33.5	33.4	33.4	33.3	33.2	32.9
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	12.82	13.31	13.70	14.02	14.34	14.58	14.92	15.39	15.78	16.16	16.50
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	434.31	449.88	459.53	471.27	481.14	488.42	498.43	514.34	526.07	536.06	542.47
Wholesale trade:					-						-
Average weekly hours	38.6	38.8	38.4	38.0	37.9	37.8	37.7	38.0	38.2	38.2	37.6
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	15.62	16.28	16.77	16.98	17.36	17.65	18.16	18.91	19.59	20.13	20.85
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	602.77	631.40	643.45	644.38	657.29	667.09	685.00	718.63	748.94	769.62	784.72
Retail trade:											
Average weekly hours	30.8	30.7	30.7	30.9	30.9	30.7	30.6	30.5	30.2	30.0	29.9
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	10.45	10.86	11.29	11.67	11.90	12.08	12.36	12.57	12.75	12.87	13.02
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	602.77	631.40	643.45	644.38	657.29	667.09	685.00	718.63	748.94	769.62	784.72
Transportation and warehousing:											
Average weekly hours	37.6	37.4	36.7	36.8	36.8	37.2	37.0	36.9	37.0	36.4	36.1
Average weekly carnings (in dollars)	14.55	15.05	15.33 562.70	15.76	16.25	16.52	16.70	17.28 636.97	17.72 654.95	18.41	18.80
Average weekly earnings (in dollars) Utilities:	547.97	562.31	302.70	579.88	598.41	614.96	618.58	030.97	054.95	670.37	677.72
Average weekly hours	42.0	42.0	41.4	40.9	41.1	40.9	41.1	41.4	42.4	42.7	42.1
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	22.03	22.75	23.58	23.96	24.77	25.61	26.68	27.40	27.88	28.83	29.56
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	924.59	955.66	977.18	979.09	1017.27	1048.44	1095.90	1135.34	1182.65	1230.69	1243.79
Information:											
Average weekly hours	36.7	36.8	36.9	36.5	36.2	36.3	36.5	36.6	36.5	36.7	36.6
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	18.40	19.07	19.80	20.20	21.01	21.40	22.06	23.23	23.96	24.78	25.45
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	675.47	700.86	730.88	737.77	760.45	777.25	805.08	850.42	874.65	908.99	931.81
Financial activities:											
Average weekly hours	35.8	35.9	35.8	35.6	35.5	35.5	35.9	35.7	35.9	35.8	36.1
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	14.47	14.98	15.59	16.17	17.14	17.52	17.95	18.80	19.64	20.28	20.83
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	517.57	537.37	557.92	575.54	609.08	622.87	644.99	672.21	705.13	727.07	751.04
Professional and business services:											
Average weekly hours	. 34.4	34.5	34.2	34.2	34.1	34.2	34.2	34.6	34.8	34.8	34.7
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	14.85	15.52	16.33	16.81	17.21	17.48	18.08	19.13	20.15	21.18	22.35
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	510.99	535.07	557.84	574.66	587.02	597.56	618.87	662.27	700.82	737.70	775.78
Education and health services: Average weekly hours	. 32.1	32.2	32.3	32.4	32.3	32.4	32.6	32.5	32.6	32.5	32.3
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	13.44	13.95	14.64	15.21	15.64	16.15	16.71	17.38	18.11	18.87	19.49
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	431.35	449.29	473.39	492.74	505.69	523.78	544.59	564.94	590.09	613.73	628.59
Leisure and hospitality:	101.00	. 10.20	11 0.00	.02	000.00	020.70	011.00	00	000.00	0.0.70	020.00
Average weekly hours	26.1	26.1	25.8	25.8	25.6	25.7	25.7	25.7	25.5	25.2	24.8
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	7.96	8.32	8.57	8.81	9.00	9.15	9.38	9.75	10.41	10.84	11.11
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	208.05	217.20	220.73	227.17	230.42	234.86	241.36	250.34	265.52	273.39	275.78
Other services:											
Average weekly hours	32.5	32.5	32.3	32.0	31.4	31.0	30.9	30.9	30.9	30.8	30.5
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	12.26	12.73	13.27	13.72	13.84	13.98	14.34	14.77	15.42	16.09	16.59
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	398.77	413.41	428.64	439.76	434.41	433.04	443.37	456.50	477.06	495.57	506.31

NOTE: Data reflect the conversion to the 2002 version of the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), replacing the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) system. NAICS-based data by industry are not comparable with SIC-based data.

30. Employment Cost Index, compensation, by occupation and industry group

[December 2005 = 100]

	2007		20	80			20	09		Percen	t change
Series	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	3 months ended	12 months ended
										Dec	. 2009
Civilian workers ²	106.7	107.6	108.3	109.2	109.5	109.9	110.3	110.8	111.1	0.3	1.5
Workers by occupational group											
Management, professional, and related	107.2	108.3	109.0	110.1	110.4	110.9	111.1	111.5	111.7	.2	1.2
Management, business, and financial	106.6	108.2	108.9	109.7	109.8	110.0	110.1	110.2	110.4	.2	.5
Professional and related	107.6	108.4	109.0	110.4	110.7	111.3	111.6	112.2	112.4	.2	1.5
Sales and office	106.4	106.8	107.7	108.2	108.3	108.4	108.7	109.4	109.7	.3	1.3
Sales and related	105.2	105.0	106.1	106.0	105.5	104.3	104.5	105.4	105.8	.4	.3
Office and administrative support	107.1	108.0	108.6	109.5	110.0	110.8	111.3	111.8	112.1	.3	1.9
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	106.8	107.7	108.4	109.3	109.8	110.1	110.7	111.2	111.6	.4	1.6
Construction and extraction	107.4	108.5	109.6	110.3	110.8	111.0	111.6	112.2	112.5	.3	1.5
Installation, maintenance, and repair	106.2	106.7	107.0	108.0	108.6	109.1	109.5	110.0	110.4	.4	1.7
Production, transportation, and material moving	104.7	105.6	106.2	106.9	107.2	108.0	108.5	109.1	109.3	.2	2.0
Production	104.1	104.8	105.3	105.9	106.2	107.2	107.7	108.1	108.4	.3	2.1
Transportation and material moving	105.6	106.6	107.3	108.1	108.4	108.9	109.5	110.2	110.4	.2	1.8
Service occupations	107.7	108.4	109.1	110.2	110.6	111.5	111.9	112.6	113.0	.4	2.2
Workers by industry Goods-producing	105.0	106.1	106.8	107.3	107.5	108.0	108.2	108.5	108.7	.2	1.1
Manufacturing	103.8	100.1	105.1	107.5	107.5	106.5	106.2	106.8	100.7	.2	1.0
Service-providing.	107.0	107.8	108.5	109.5	109.8	110.3	110.6	111.3	111.5	.2	1.5
Education and health services	107.0	107.6	100.3	110.8	111.1	111.7	112.2	113.2	113.4	.2	2.
Health care and social assistance	107.9	108.9	109.6	110.4	110.8	111.7	112.2	112.8	113.2	.4	2.2
Hospitals	107.5	108.4	109.2	110.4	110.8	111.7	112.2	112.9	113.4	.4	2.3
Nursing and residential care facilities	106.3	107.3	108.2	109.0	109.6	110.3	110.8	111.3	111.5	.2	1.7
Education services	107.9	108.3	108.9	111.1	111.3	111.8	112.1	113.5	113.6	.1	2.1
Elementary and secondary schools	107.9	108.2	108.8	111.1	111.4	111.9	112.1	113.9	114.0	.1	2.3
Public administration ³	109.1	109.7	110.1	111.6	112.0	113.0	113.8	114.5	115.1	.5	2.8
	106.3	107.3	108.0	108.7	108.9	109.3	109.6	110.0	110.2	.2	1.2
Private industry workers	106.3	107.3	108.0	106.7	106.9	109.3	109.6	110.0	110.2	.2	1.2
Workers by occupational group											
Management, professional, and related	106.8	108.1	108.9	109.6	109.9	110.4	110.5	110.6	110.7	.1	.7
Management, business, and financial	106.3	108.0	108.7	109.3	109.5	109.6	109.7	109.7	109.9	.2	
Professional and related	107.3	108.3	109.0	109.9	110.3	111.0	111.1	111.4	111.4	.0	1.0
Sales and office	106.1	106.6	107.5	107.9	107.9	107.9	108.3	108.8	109.2	.4	1.3
Sales and related	105.2	105.0	106.2	106.0	105.5	104.3	104.5	105.3	105.8	.5	.3
Office and administrative support	106.7	107.8	108.5	109.2	109.6	110.5	110.9	111.3	111.6	.3	1.8
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	106.7	107.6	108.3	109.0	109.6	109.9	110.3	110.9	111.2	.3	1.5
Construction and extraction	107.4	108.6	109.7	110.3	110.8	110.9	111.5	112.0	112.4	.4	1.4
Installation, maintenance, and repair	105.8	106.3	106.6	107.4	108.1	108.6	108.9	109.4	109.8	.4	1.6
Production, transportation, and material moving	104.5	105.5	106.0	106.6	106.9	107.7	108.1	108.6	108.9	.3	1.9
Production	104.0	104.8	105.2	105.8	106.1	107.1	107.6	108.0	108.3	.3	2.1
Transportation and material moving	105.3	106.4	107.2	107.7	107.9	108.4	108.9	109.6	109.7	.1	1.1
Service occupations	107.0	107.8	108.7	109.4	109.8	110.7	110.9	111.7	111.8	.1	1.8
Workers by industry and occupational group											
Goods-producing industries	105.0	106.1	106.8	107.2	107.5	107.9	108.2	108.4	108.6	.2	1.0
Management, professional, and related	104.4	106.1	106.6	106.7	106.6	106.8	106.2	106.5	106.4	1	2
Sales and office	104.4	105.1	106.3	106.7	100.0	100.8	100.7	100.5	100.4	.3	2
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	107.0	108.1	100.5	100.7	110.4	110.4	110.9	111.3	111.7	.4	1.2
Production, transportation, and material moving	104.0	104.8	105.3	105.8	106.2	107.0	107.5	107.8	108.0	.2	1.7
Construction	107.6	108.9	110.1	110.6	110.9	110.9	111.2	111.5	111.7	.2	.7
Manufacturing	103.8	104.7	105.1	105.6	105.9	106.5	106.7	106.8	107.0	.2	1.0
Management, professional, and related	103.5	104.9	105.2	105.4	105.4	105.7	105.7	105.4	105.5	.1	
Sales and office	104.3	105.0	106.1	106.7	107.0	107.3	107.1	107.2	107.5	.3	.4
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	103.9	104.6	104.5	105.3	106.0	106.6	107.1	107.4	107.7	.3	1.0
Production, transportation, and material moving	103.8	104.5	105.0	105.5	105.8	106.7	107.2	107.5	107.8	.3	1.9
Service-providing industries	106.7	107.7	108.5	109.1	109.4	109.8	110.1	110.5	110.8	.3	1.3
Management, professional, and related	107.3	108.5	109.3	110.2	110.6	111.1	111.2	111.4	111.6	.2	
Sales and office	106.3	106.8	107.7	108.0	108.0	108.0	108.4	109.0	109.4	.4	1.3
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	106.2	106.7	107.3	107.8	108.4	109.0	109.5	110.1	110.4	.3	1.8
Production, transportation, and material moving	105.2	106.4	107.0	107.6	107.8	108.5	109.0	109.7	109.9	.2	1.
Service occupations	107.1	107.9	108.7	109.5	109.8	110.7	111.0	111.7	111.9	.2	1.
	105.5	106.1	107.3	107.6	107.5	107.8	108.1	108.6	108.8	.2	1.:

30. Continued—Employment Cost Index, compensation, by occupation and industry group

[December 2005 = 100]

	2007		20	80			20	09		Percent	change
Series	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	3 months ended	12 months ended
										Dec.	2009
Wholesale trade	105.3	105.7	107.2	107.1	106.8	107.1	106.9	106.8	107.0	0.2	0.2
Retail trade	106.1	106.6	107.6	108.2	108.1	108.3	108.8	109.7	110.0	.3	1.8
Transportation and warehousing	104.5	105.6	106.4	106.8	106.9	107.4	107.9	108.3	108.2	1	1.2
Utilities	105.6	106.5	108.1	108.1	108.9	109.6	110.9	111.2	112.0	.7	2.8
Information	106.1	106.1	106.2	107.2	107.4	107.7	107.5	108.0	108.3	.3	.8
Financial activities	105.6	106.8	107.3	107.4	107.1	106.8	107.9	108.3	108.6	.3	1.4
Finance and insurance	106.1	107.0	107.7	107.6	107.2	106.9	108.1	108.6	108.8	.2	1.5
Real estate and rental and leasing	103.7	105.5	105.7	106.4	106.6	106.6	106.9	107.4	107.7	.3	1.0
Professional and business services	107.5	109.0	109.9	110.8	111.6	111.9	111.9	112.1	112.4	.3	.7
Education and health services	107.7	108.6	109.4	110.3	110.6	111.5	111.9	112.6	112.8	.2	2.0
Education services	107.5	108.1	109.1	111.4	111.3	111.9	112.0	113.2	113.2	.0	1.7
Health care and social assistance	107.8	108.8	109.4	110.1	110.5	111.5	111.9	112.5	112.8	.3	2.1
Hospitals	107.3	108.2	109.1	110.1	110.7	111.5	112.0	112.6	113.2	.5	2.3
Leisure and hospitality	108.1	109.0	109.3	110.6	111.4	112.2	112.0	112.7	112.7	.0	1.2
Accommodation and food services	108.6	109.5	110.0	111.4	112.1	113.0	112.6	113.4	113.5	.1	1.2
Other services, except public administration	107.6	108.7	109.4	109.9	109.9	110.8	110.8	111.8	111.5	3	1.5
State and local government workers	108.4	108.9	109.4	111.3	111.6	112.3	112.9	114.0	114.3	.3	2.4
Workers by occupational group											
Management, professional, and related	108.3	108.8	109.3	111.3	111.6	112.0	112.6	113.7	113.9	.2	2.1
Professional and related	108.2	108.6	109.1	111.1	111.4	111.9	112.4	113.7	114.0	.3	2.3
Sales and office	108.6	108.8	109.3	111.0	111.3	112.4	113.0	114.3	114.7	.3	3.1
Office and administrative support	108.9	109.3	109.8	111.4	111.8	112.8	113.3	114.7	115.0	.3	2.9
Service occupations	109.1	109.7	110.0	111.9	112.4	113.4	114.0	114.9	115.6	.6	2.8
Workers by industry											
Education and health services	108.2	108.6	109.1	111.2	111.5	111.9	112.4	113.7	114.0	.3	2.2
Education services.	108.0	108.4	108.8	111.0	111.2	111.8	112.1	113.5	113.7	.2	2.2
Schools	108.0	108.4	108.8	111.0	111.2	111.8	112.1	113.5	113.7	.2	2.2
Elementary and secondary schools	108.0	108.3	108.8	111.1	111.4	112.0	112.2	114.0	114.1	.1	2.4
Health care and social assistance	109.3	110.1	111.1	112.7	113.2	113.3	114.8	115.3	115.8	.4	2.3
Hospitals	108.2	109.2	109.7	110.8	111.3	112.4	113.5	114.0	114.5	.4	2.9
Public administration ³	109.1	109.7	110.1	111.6	112.0	113.0	113.8	114.5	115.1	.5	2.8

Cost (cents per hour worked) measured in the Employment Cost Index consists of wages, salaries, and employer cost of employee benefits.
 Consists of private industry workers (excluding farm and household workers) and State and local government (excluding Federal Government) workers.
 Consists of legislative, judicial, administrative, and regulatory activities.

NOTE: The Employment Cost Index data reflect the conversion to the 2002 North American Classification System (NAICS) and the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. The NAICS and SOC data shown prior to 2006 are for informational purposes only. Series based on NAICS and SOC became the official BLS estimates starting in March 2006.

31. Employment Cost Index, wages and salaries, by occupation and industry group [December 2005 = 100]

	2007		20	80			20	09		Percent	change	
Series	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	3 months ended	12 months ended	
										Dec.	2009	
Civilian workers ¹	106.7	107.6	108.4	109.3	109.6	110.0	110.4	110.9	111.2	0.3	1.5	
Workers by occupational group												
Management, professional, and related	107.1	108.2	109.0	110.1	110.5	111.0	111.2	111.5	111.8	.3	1.2	
Management, business, and financial	106.7	108.2	109.0	109.8	110.1	110.4	110.5	110.6	110.9	.3	.7	
Professional and related	107.4	108.3	109.0	110.3	110.7	111.2	111.5	112.1	112.2	.1	1.4	
Sales and office	. 106.2 105.5	106.7 105.2	107.7 106.6	108.1 106.3	108.1 105.6	108.1 104.3	108.6 104.7	109.2 105.7	109.7 106.2	.5 .5	1.5 .6	
Office and administrative support	105.5	103.2	108.5	100.3	109.8	110.6	111.2	111.6	111.9	.3	1.9	
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	107.1	108.1	109.0	109.9	110.6	110.7	111.2	111.7	112.1	.4	1.4	
Construction and extraction	107.7	109.0	109.9	110.7	111.3	111.4	111.8	112.3	112.7	.4	1.3	
Installation, maintenance, and repair	106.4	107.0	107.8	108.8	109.6	110.0	110.5	111.1	111.5	.4	1.7	
Production, transportation, and material moving	105.1	106.1	106.9	107.7	108.0	108.5	109.0	109.6	109.9	.3	1.8	
Production	. 104.7	105.7	106.5	107.2	107.5	108.2	108.7	109.2	109.4	.2	1.8	
Transportation and material moving	105.5	106.6	107.3	108.2	108.5	108.8	109.5	110.2	110.4	.2	1.8	
Service occupations	107.3	108.0	108.7	109.9	110.3	111.2	111.6	112.4	112.7	.3	2.2	
Workers by industry												
Goods-producing	106.0	107.1	108.0	108.6	109.0	109.2	109.5	109.8	110.1	.3	1.0	
Manufacturing	104.9	105.9	106.7	107.4	107.7	108.1	108.4	108.6	108.9	.3	1.1	
Service-providing	106.8	107.7	108.5	109.4	109.7	110.2	110.5	111.1	111.4	.3	1.5	
Education and health services	107.4	108.0	108.7	110.2	110.5	111.0	111.4	112.3	112.6	.3	1.9	
Health care and social assistance Hospitals	. 107.9 . 107.4	108.9 108.4	109.6 109.4	110.4 110.5	110.9 111.3	111.7 112.0	112.2 112.6	112.8 113.2	113.2 113.7	.4	2.1 2.2	
Nursing and residential care facilities	106.4	107.4	108.1	109.1	109.7	110.3	110.9	111.4	111.7	.3	1.8	
Education services	106.9	107.3	107.9	110.0	110.2	110.5	110.7	111.8	112.0	.2	1.6	
Elementary and secondary schools	106.6	107.0	107.5	109.9	110.1	110.4	110.5	112.0	112.1	.1	1.8	
Public administration ²	107.4	108.2	108.6	109.9	110.4	111.3	112.3	112.8	113.3	.4	2.6	
Private industry workers	106.6	107.6	108.4	109.1	109.4	109.8	110.1	110.6	110.9	.3	1.4	
Workers by occupational group												
Management, professional, and related	107.2	108.5	109.3	110.1	110.5	111.1	111.1	111.3	111.5	.2	.9	
Management, business, and financial	106.6	108.2	109.0	109.7	110.0	110.3	110.3	110.4	110.8	.4	.7	
Professional and related	107.6	108.7	109.5	110.4	110.9	111.6	111.8	112.1	112.1	.0	1.1	
Sales and office	. 106.2 105.5	106.7 105.3	107.7 106.6	108.0 106.4	108.0 105.7	107.9 104.3	108.3 104.7	109.0 105.7	109.4 106.2	.4 .5	1.3 .5	
Office and administrative support	106.7	107.7	108.5	109.2	109.7	110.6	111.1	111.4	111.8	.4	1.9	
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	107.1	108.1	109.0	109.8	110.5	110.6	111.0	111.6	112.0	.4	1.4	
Construction and extraction	107.8	109.2	110.1	110.8	111.5	111.4	111.7	112.3	112.7	.4	1.1	
Installation, maintenance, and repair	106.1	106.8	107.6	108.5	109.3	109.7	110.2	110.7	111.2	.5		
Production, transportation, and material moving	105.0	106.0	106.8	107.5	107.8	108.3	108.8	109.4	109.6	.2	1.7	
Production.	104.6	105.6	106.4	107.2	107.4	108.1	108.5	109.0	109.3	.3	1.8	
Transportation and material moving Service occupations	. 105.4 107.1	106.5 107.9	107.4 108.8	108.0 109.7	108.3 110.1	108.5 111.0	109.2 111.2	109.9 112.1	110.1 112.3	.2	1.7 2.0	
Workers by industry and occupational group												
Goods-producing industries	106.0	107.1	108.0	108.6	109.0	109.2	109.5	109.8	110.0	.2	.9	
Management, professional, and related	106.0	107.7	108.4	108.7	108.8	109.3	109.3	109.4	109.4	.0	.6	
Sales and office	105.5	105.8	107.2	107.6	107.9	108.1	108.3	108.4	108.8	.4	.8	
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	107.6	108.8	109.6	110.5	111.3	111.1	111.4	111.9	112.3	.4	.9	
Production, transportation, and material moving	104.8	105.7	106.6	107.3	107.6	108.0	108.5	108.9	109.1	.2	1.4	
Construction	107.8	109.0	110.0	110.6	111.1	111.2	111.4	111.7	111.9	.2		
Manufacturing	104.9	105.9	106.7	107.4	107.7	108.1	108.4	108.6	108.9	.3		
Management, professional, and related	105.3 104.7	106.7	107.2	107.6	107.8	108.4	108.5	108.6	108.7	.1	.8	
Sales and office Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	104.7	105.5 106.8	106.9 107.1	107.6 108.1	108.1 109.0	108.2 108.8	108.2 109.2	108.3 109.7	108.7 109.9	.4	.6 .8	
Production, transportation, and material moving	104.5	105.4	106.3	107.1	107.3	107.7	108.2	108.6	108.9	.3		
Service-providing industries	106.8	107.7	108.6	109.3	109.6	110.0	110.3	110.8	111.1	.3	1.4	
Management, professional, and related	107.4	108.6	109.4	110.3	110.8	111.4	111.5	111.7	111.9	.2		
Sales and office	106.3	106.8	107.7	108.0	108.0	107.9	108.3	109.0	109.5	.5		
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	106.3	106.9	108.0	108.6	109.3	109.9	110.5	111.2	111.6	.4	2.1	
Production, transportation, and material moving	105.2 107.2	106.3 108.0	107.1 108.8	107.8 109.7	108.1 110.1	108.6 111.0	109.3 111.3	110.0	110.2 112.3	.2	1.9 2.0	
Service occupations.								112.2		.1		
Trade, transportation, and utilities	105.5	105.9	107.2	107.5	107.4	107.8	108.2	108.7	108.9	.2	1.4	

31. Continued—Employment Cost Index, wages and salaries, by occupation and industry group

[December 2005 = 100]

	2007		20	08			20	09		Percent	change
Series	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	3 months ended	12 months ended
										Dec.	2009
Wholesale trade	105.2	105.2	107.2	106.8	106.4	106.8	106.5	106.2	106.4	0.2	0.0
Retail trade	106.1	106.4	107.6	108.1	108.1	108.3	108.9	110.0	110.4	.4	2.1
Transportation and warehousing	104.2	105.0	106.0	106.7	106.9	107.2	107.9	108.3	108.3	.0	1.3
Utilities	106.8	108.0	109.3	109.3	109.6	111.0	112.0	112.2	113.3	1.0	3.4
Information	105.3	105.3	106.3	107.3	107.5	107.8	108.1	108.7	109.1	.4	1.5
Financial activities	105.9	107.2	107.7	107.7	107.2	106.8	107.9	108.5	108.9	.4	1.6
Finance and insurance	106.6	107.9	108.4	108.2	107.6	107.1	108.5	109.0	109.4	.4	1.7
Real estate and rental and leasing	103.1	104.5	104.7	105.3	105.7	105.6	105.8	106.3	106.8	.5	1.0
Professional and business services	107.5	109.1	110.0	111.0	111.9	112.3	112.2	112.3	112.7	.4	.7
Education and health services	107.7	108.6	109.2	110.2	110.6	111.4	111.8	112.5	112.8	.3	2.0
Education services	107.4	107.9	108.6	110.8	110.8	111.1	111.2	112.2	112.6	.4	1.6
Health care and social assistance	107.8	108.7	109.4	110.1	110.6	111.5	111.9	112.5	112.8	.3	2.0
Hospitals	107.2	108.2	109.2	110.3	111.1	111.8	112.3	112.9	113.4	.4	2.1
Leisure and hospitality	108.8	109.7	109.9	111.4	112.3	113.1	112.8	113.7	113.8	.1	1.3
Accommodation and food services	109.0	110.0	110.4	111.9	112.8	113.7	113.2	114.2	114.3	.1	1.3
Other services, except public administration	107.9	109.2	109.9	110.4	110.4	111.4	111.4	112.5	112.1	4	1.5
State and local government workers	107.1	107.7	108.2	110.1	110.4	110.9	111.5	112.4	112.6	.2	2.0
Workers by occupational group											
Management, professional, and related	107.0	107.6	108.2	110.1	110.4	110.7	111.2	112.1	112.3	.2	1.7
Professional and related	107.0	107.5	108.1	110.1	110.3	110.6	111.1	112.1	112.3	.2	1.8
Sales and office	107.0	107.4	107.9	109.3	109.7	110.5	111.2	112.1	112.4	.3	2.5
Office and administrative support	107.3	107.8	108.3	109.7	110.1	111.0	111.6	112.6	112.9	.3	2.5
Service occupations	107.7	108.3	108.6	110.4	110.9	112.0	112.7	113.3	113.8	.4	2.6
Workers by industry											
Education and health services	107.1	107.5	108.1	110.2	110.5	110.7	111.1	112.1	112.3	.2	1.6
Education services.	106.8	107.2	107.7	109.9	110.1	110.4	110.7	111.7	111.9	.2	1.6
Schools	106.8	107.2	107.7	109.9	110.1	110.4	110.7	111.7	111.9	.2	1.6
Elementary and secondary schools	106.6	106.9	107.5	109.8	110.1	110.3	110.5	112.0	112.1	.1	1.8
Health care and social assistance	109.2	110.1	111.0	112.8	113.4	113.1	114.8	115.2	115.6	.3	1.9
Hospitals	108.6	109.8	110.3	111.4	112.1	112.8	114.0	114.4	114.9	.4	2.5
Public administration ²	107.4	108.2	108.6	109.9	110.4	111.3	112.3	112.8	113.3	.4	2.6

Consists of private industry workers (excluding farm and household workers) and State and local government (excluding Federal Government) workers.
 Consists of legislative, judicial, administrative, and regulatory activities.
 NOTE: The Employment Cost Index data reflect the conversion to the 2002 North

American Classification System (NAICS) and the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. The NAICS and SOC data shown prior to 2006 are for informational purposes only. Series based on NAICS and SOC became the official BLS estimates starting in March 2006.

32. Employment Cost Index, benefits, by occupation and industry group

[December 2005 = 100]

	2007		20	08			20	09		Percent	change
Series	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	3 months ended	12 months ended
										Dec.	2009
Civilian workers	106.8	107.6	108.1	108.9	109.1	109.7	110.0	110.6	110.7	0.1	1.5
Private industry workers	105.6	106.5	107.0	107.5	107.7	108.2	108.4	108.7	108.8	.1	1.0
Workers by occupational group											
Management, professional, and related	106.0	107.3	107.9	108.5	108.5	108.8	108.8	108.9	108.8	1	.3
Sales and office	106.0	106.5	107.0	107.6	107.8	108.0	108.1	108.5	108.7	.2	.8
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	105.9	106.5	107.0	107.5	107.7	108.2	108.8	109.3	109.5	.2	1.7
Production, transportation, and material moving	103.7	104.4	104.5	104.8	105.1	106.4	106.8	107.1	107.4	.3	2.2
Service occupations	106.7	107.6	108.5	108.7	108.8	109.7	110.0	110.4	110.5	.1	1.6
Workers by industry											
Goods-producing	103.2	104.0	104.4	104.6	104.7	105.4	105.7	105.7	105.8	.1	1.1
Manufacturing	101.7	102.3	102.2	102.3	102.5	103.5	103.6	103.4	103.6	.2	1.1
Service-providing	106.6	107.6	108.1	108.7	108.9	109.3	109.5	109.9	109.9	.0	.9
State and local government workers	111.0	111.4	111.8	113.9	114.2	115.2	115.8	117.5	117.9	.3	3.2

NOTE: The Employment Cost Index data reflect the conversion to the 2002 North American Classification System (NAICS) and the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. The NAICS and SOC data shown prior

to 2006 are for informational purposes only. Series based on NAICS and SOC became the official BLS estimates starting in March 2006.

33. Employment Cost Index, private industry workers by bargaining status and region

[December 2005 = 100]

COMPENSATION Workers by bargaining status¹ Union	0 10 0 10 0 10 5 10 6 10 8 10 8 10	5.9 4.6 1.4 7.0 7.5 6.5 5.6 7.7	106.7 105.6 101.7 107.5 108.3 107.1 106.2 108.6	107.4 106.2 102.1 108.3 108.9 107.6 106.6 109.2	108.0 106.9 102.8 108.8 109.1 107.7 106.8 109.4	109.1 108.0 104.4 109.9 109.4 107.9 107.1 109.8	109.8 108.9 104.8 110.6 109.6 107.3 110.0	110.5 109.5 105.4 111.3 109.9 108.0 107.3 110.4	111.1 110.0 105.8 111.9 110.1 108.2 107.5 110.6	3 months ended Dec. 0.5 .5 .4 .5 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2	12 months ended 2009 2.9 2.9 2.8 .5 .7 1.1
Workers by bargaining status	0 10 0 10 0 10 5 10 6 10 8 10 8 10	4.6 1.4 7.0 7.5 6.5 5.6 7.7	105.6 101.7 107.5 108.3 107.1 106.2 108.6	106.2 102.1 108.3 108.9 107.6 106.6 109.2	106.9 102.8 108.8 109.1 107.7 106.8 109.4	108.0 104.4 109.9 109.4 107.9 107.1 109.8	108.9 104.8 110.6 109.6 108.0 107.3 110.0	109.5 105.4 111.3 109.9 108.0 107.3	110.0 105.8 111.9 110.1 108.2 107.5	0.5 .5 .4 .5 .2 .2	2.9 2.9 2.8 2.8 .9
Workers by bargaining status	0 10 0 10 0 10 5 10 6 10 8 10 8 10	4.6 1.4 7.0 7.5 6.5 5.6 7.7	105.6 101.7 107.5 108.3 107.1 106.2 108.6	106.2 102.1 108.3 108.9 107.6 106.6 109.2	106.9 102.8 108.8 109.1 107.7 106.8 109.4	108.0 104.4 109.9 109.4 107.9 107.1 109.8	108.9 104.8 110.6 109.6 108.0 107.3 110.0	109.5 105.4 111.3 109.9 108.0 107.3	110.0 105.8 111.9 110.1 108.2 107.5	.5 .4 .5 .2 .2	2.9 2.9 2.8 .9
Union 105. Goods-producing 104. Manufacturing 101. Service-providing 106. Nonunion 106. Goods-producing 105. Manufacturing 104. Service-providing 106. Workers by region¹ Northeast 106. South 105. Midwest 105. West 106. WAGES AND SALARIES Workers by bargaining status¹ 104.	0 10 0 10 0 10 5 10 6 10 8 10 8 10	4.6 1.4 7.0 7.5 6.5 5.6 7.7	105.6 101.7 107.5 108.3 107.1 106.2 108.6	106.2 102.1 108.3 108.9 107.6 106.6 109.2	106.9 102.8 108.8 109.1 107.7 106.8 109.4	108.0 104.4 109.9 109.4 107.9 107.1 109.8	108.9 104.8 110.6 109.6 108.0 107.3 110.0	109.5 105.4 111.3 109.9 108.0 107.3	110.0 105.8 111.9 110.1 108.2 107.5	.5 .4 .5 .2 .2	2.9 2.9 2.8 .9
Goods-producing	0 10 0 10 0 10 5 10 6 10 8 10 8 10	4.6 1.4 7.0 7.5 6.5 5.6 7.7	105.6 101.7 107.5 108.3 107.1 106.2 108.6	106.2 102.1 108.3 108.9 107.6 106.6 109.2	106.9 102.8 108.8 109.1 107.7 106.8 109.4	108.0 104.4 109.9 109.4 107.9 107.1 109.8	108.9 104.8 110.6 109.6 108.0 107.3 110.0	109.5 105.4 111.3 109.9 108.0 107.3	110.0 105.8 111.9 110.1 108.2 107.5	.5 .4 .5 .2 .2	2.9 2.9 2.8 .9
Manufacturing. 101 Service-providing. 106 Nonunion. 105 Goods-producing. 105 Manufacturing. 104 Service-providing. 106 Workers by region¹ Northeast. 106 South. 106 Midwest. 105 West. 106 WAGES AND SALARIES Workers by bargaining status¹ 104	0 10 0 10 5 10 6 10 8 10 8 10	1.4 7.0 7.5 6.5 5.6 7.7	101.7 107.5 108.3 107.1 106.2 108.6	102.1 108.3 108.9 107.6 106.6 109.2	102.8 108.8 109.1 107.7 106.8 109.4	104.4 109.9 109.4 107.9 107.1 109.8	104.8 110.6 109.6 108.0 107.3 110.0	105.4 111.3 109.9 108.0 107.3	105.8 111.9 110.1 108.2 107.5	.4 .5 .2 .2	2.9 2.8 .9 .5
Service-providing	5 10 5 10 6 10 8 10 8 10 7 10	7.0 7.5 6.5 5.6 7.7	107.5 108.3 107.1 106.2 108.6	108.3 108.9 107.6 106.6 109.2	108.8 109.1 107.7 106.8 109.4	109.9 109.4 107.9 107.1 109.8	110.6 109.6 108.0 107.3 110.0	111.3 109.9 108.0 107.3	111.9 110.1 108.2 107.5	.5 .2 .2 .2	2.8 .9 .5
Nonunion	5 10 4 10 6 10 8 10 8 10 7 10	7.5 6.5 5.6 7.7	108.3 107.1 106.2 108.6	108.9 107.6 106.6 109.2	109.1 107.7 106.8 109.4	109.4 107.9 107.1 109.8	109.6 108.0 107.3 110.0	109.9 108.0 107.3	110.1 108.2 107.5	.2 .2 .2	.9.
105	4 10 6 10 8 10 8 10 7 10	6.5 5.6 7.7	107.1 106.2 108.6	107.6 106.6 109.2	107.7 106.8 109.4	107.9 107.1 109.8	108.0 107.3 110.0	108.0 107.3	108.2 107.5	.2 .2	.t. .ī.
Manufacturing 104. Service-providing 106. Workers by region¹ Northeast 106. South 106. Midwest 105. Vest 106. WAGES AND SALARIES Workers by bargaining status¹ Jnion Jnion 104.	6 10 8 10 8 10 7 10	5.6 7.7 7.4	106.2 108.6 108.1	106.6 109.2 108.7	106.8 109.4	107.1 109.8	107.3 110.0	107.3	107.5	.2	
Service-providing	8 10 8 10 7 10	7.7	108.6	109.2	109.4	109.8	110.0				
Workers by region 106	8 10 7 10	7.4	108.1	108.7				110.4	110.6	.2	1.1
Northeast	7 10				109.5	400.0					
106 106	7 10				109.5	400.0					
106 106	7 10					109.8	110.2	110.7	111.0	.3	1.4
Midwest				109.1	109.3	109.8	110.1	110.6	110.7	.1	1.3
WAGES AND SALARIES Workers by bargaining status ¹ Jnion		6.0	107.0	107.4	107.6	107.9	108.1	108.4	108.6	.2	.9
Workers by bargaining status ¹ Union		7.8	108.4	109.3	109.4	109.9	110.1	110.3	110.7	.4	1.2
Union											
	7 10	5.5	106.7	107.4	108.1	108.8	109.6	110.2	110.9	.6	2.6
Goods-producing	3 10	5.2	106.4	107.1	107.7	108.2	108.8	109.5	109.8	.3	1.9
Manufacturing	6 10	3.4	104.4	104.9	105.5	106.0	106.4	107.0	107.3	.3	1.7
Service-providing	9 10	5.8	106.9	107.7	108.3	109.2	110.1	110.8	111.6	.7	3.0
Nonunion		7.9	108.7	109.4	109.6	110.0	110.2	110.6	110.9	.3	1.2
Goods-producing		7.7	108.4	109.0	109.3	109.5	109.7	109.9	110.1	.2	.7
Manufacturing	5 10	6.6	107.3	108.0	108.2	108.6	108.9	109.1	109.3	.2	1.0
Service-providing	0 10	7.9	108.8	109.4	109.7	110.1	110.3	110.8	111.0	.2	1.2
Workers by region ¹											
Northeast	6 10	7.5	108.2	108.7	109.6	109.9	110.3	110.8	111.1	.3	1.4
South	0 10	8.1	109.1	109.8	110.0	110.4	110.7	111.3	111.5	.2	1.4
Viidwest		6.3	107.5	107.9	108.0	108.4	108.6	108.9	109.2	.3	1.1
West		8.3	108.9	109.9	110.1	110.5	110.8	111.2	111.6	.4	1.4

¹ The indexes are calculated differently from those for the occupation and industry groups. For a detailed description of the index calculation, see the Monthly Labor Review Technical Note, "Estimation procedures for the Employment Cost Index," May 1982.

NOTE: The Employment Cost Index data reflect the conversion to the 2002 North American Classification System (NAICS) and the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. The NAICS and SOC data shown prior to 2006 are for informational purposes only. Series based on NAICS and SOC became the official BLS estimates starting in March 2006.

34. National Compensation Survey: Retirement benefits in private industry by access, participation, and selected series, 2003–2007

Series -		Yea	ar		
Series	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007 ¹
All retirement					
Percentage of workers with access					
All workers	57	59	60	60	61
White-collar occupations ²	67	69	70	69	-
Management, professional, and related	-	-	-	-	76
Sales and office	-	-	-	-	64
Blue-collar occupations ²	59	59	60	62	-
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	-	-	-	-	61
Production, transportation, and material moving	-	-	-	-	65
Service occupations	28	31	32	34	36
Full-time	67	68	69	69	70
Part-time	24	27	27	29	31
Union	86	84	88	84	84
Non-union	54	56	56	57	58
Average wage less than \$15 per hour	45	46	46	47	47
Average wage \$15 per hour or higher	76	77	78	77	76
Goods-producing industries	70	70	71	73	70
Service-providing industries	53	55	56	56	58
Establishments with 1-99 workers	42	44	44	44	45
Establishments with 100 or more workers	75	77	78	78	78
Percentage of workers participating					
All workers	49	50	50	51	51
White-collar occupations ²	59	61	61	60	-
Management, professional, and related	-	-	-	-	69
Sales and office	-	-	-	-	54
Blue-collar occupations ²	50	50	51	52	-
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	-	-	-	-	51
Production, transportation, and material moving	-	-	-	-	54
Service occupations	21	22	22	24	25
Full-time	58	60	60	60	60
Part-time	18	20	19	21	23
Union	83	81	85	80	81
Non-union	45	47	46	47	47
Average wage less than \$15 per hour	35	36	35	36	36
Average wage \$15 per hour or higher	70	71	71	70	69
Goods-producing industries	63	63	64	64	61
Service-providing industries	45	47	47	47	48
Establishments with 1-99 workers	35	37	37	37	37
Establishments with 100 or more workers	65	67	67	67	66
Take-up rate (all workers) ³	-	-	85	85	84
Defined Benefit					
Percentage of workers with access					
All workers	20	21	22	21	21
White-collar occupations ²	23	24	25	23	-
Management, professional, and related	-	-	-	-	29
Sales and office	-	-	-	-	19
Blue-collar occupations ²	24	26	26	25	-
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	-	-	-	-	26
Production, transportation, and material moving	-	-	-	-	26
Service occupations	8	6	7	8	8
Full-time	24	25	25	24	24
Part-time	8	9	10	9	10
Union	74	70	73	70	69
Non-union	15	16	16	15	15
Average wage less than \$15 per hour	12	11	12	11	11
Average wage \$15 per hour or higher	34	35	35	34	33
Goods-producing industries	31	32	33	32	29
Service-providing industries	17	18	19	18	19
Establishments with 1-99 workers	9	9	10	9	9
Establishments with 100 or more workers	34	35	37	35	34

34. Continued—National Compensation Survey: Retirement benefits in private industry by access, participation, and selected series, 2003-2007

Series	1	Ye	ear		
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007 ¹
Percentage of workers participating	00	21	01	00	0/
All workers	20 22	21	21 24	20 22	20
Management, professional, and related	-	-	-	-	28
Sales and office	-	-	-	-	17
Blue-collar occupations ²	24	25	26	25	
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	-	-	-	-	25
Production, transportation, and material moving	-	-	-	-	2
Service occupations	7	6	7	7	
Full-time Part-time.	24 8	24 9	25 9	23 8	2
Union	72	69	72	68	6
Non-union	15	15	15	14	1
Average wage less than \$15 per hour	11	11	11	10	1
Average wage \$15 per hour or higher	33	35	34	33	3
Goods-producing industries	31	31	32	31	2
Service-providing industries.	16	18	18	17	1
Establishments with 1-99 workers	8	9	9	9	•
Establishments with 100 or more workers	33	34	36	33	3
	55	04	30	00	
Fake-up rate (all workers) ³	-	-	97	96	9
efined Contribution					
Percentage of workers with access					
All workers	51	53	53	54	5
White-collar occupations ²	62	64	64	65	
Management, professional, and related	-	-	-	-	7
Sales and office	-	-	-	-	6
Blue-collar occupations ²	49	49	50	53	
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	-	-	-	-	5
Production, transportation, and material moving	-	-	-	-	5
Service occupations	23	27	28	30	3
Full-time	60	62	62	63	6
Part-time	21	23	23	25	2
Union	45	48	49	50	4
Non-union	51	53	54	55	5
Average wage less than \$15 per hour	40	41	41	43	4
	67	68	69	69	6
Average wage \$15 per hour or higher	60	60	61	63	6
Goods-producing industries			_		
Service-providing industries	48	50	51	52	5
Establishments with 1-99 workers	38	40	40	41	4
Establishments with 100 or more workers	65	68	69	70	7
Percentage of workers participating					
All workers	40	42	42	43	4
White-collar occupations ²	51	53	53	53	
Management, professional, and related	-	-	-	-	ϵ
Sales and office	-	-	-	-	4
Blue-collar occupations ²	38	38	38	40	
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	-	-	-	-	4
Production, transportation, and material moving	-	-	-	-	4
Service occupations	16	18	18	20	2
Full-time	48	50	50	51	5
Part-time.	14	14	14	16	1
Union	39	42	43	44	
Non-union.	40	42	43	43	4
Average wage less than \$15 per hour	29	30	29	31	3
Average wage \$15 per hour or higher	57	59	59	58	5
Goods-producing industries	49	49	50	51	4
Service-providing industries	37	40	39	40	4
Establishments with 1-99 workers	31	32	32	33	3
Establishments with 100 or more workers	51	53	53	54	5
Fake-up rate (all workers) ³			78	79	7

34. Continued—National Compensation Survey: Retirement benefits in private industry by access, participation, and selected series, 2003-2007

Series		Ye	ar		
Series	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007 1
Employee Contribution Requirement					
Employee contribution required	-	-	61	61	65
Employee contribution not required	-	-	31	33	35
Not determinable	-	-	8	6	0
Percent of establishments					
Offering retirement plans	47	48	51	48	46
Offering defined benefit plans	10	10	11	10	10
Offering defined contribution plans	45	46	48	47	44

¹ The 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) replaced the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) System. Estimates for goods-producing and service-providing (formerly service-producing) industries are considered comparable. Also introduced was the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) to replace the 1990 Census of Population system. Only service occupations are considered comparable.

Note: Where applicable, dashes indicate no employees in this category or data do not meet publication criteria.

 $^{^{\}rm 2}$ The white-collar and blue-collar occupation series were discontinued effective 2007.

 $^{^{3}}$ The take-up rate is an estimate of the percentage of workers with access to a plan who participate in the plan.

35. National Compensation Survey: Health insurance benefits in private industry by access, participation, and selected series, 2003-2007

Series			Year	т.	
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007 ¹
ledical insurance Percentage of workers with access					
All workers	60	69	70	71	7
White-collar occupations ²		76	77	77	,
Management, professional, and related		-	-	-	8
Sales and office		-	-	-	7
Blue-collar occupations 2	. 64	76	77	77	
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance		-	-	-	7
Production, transportation, and material moving		-	-	-	7
Service occupations	38	42	44	45	4
Full-time	. 73	84	85	85	
Part-time	17	20	22	22	
Union	67	89	92	89	
Non-union	59	67	68	68	
Average wage less than \$15 per hour	51	57	58	57	
Average wage \$15 per hour or higher	74	86	87	88	
Goods-producing industries	68	83	85	86	
Service-providing industries	57	65	66	66	
Establishments with 1-99 workers		58	59	59	
Establishments with 100 or more workers	72	82	84	84	
Percentage of workers participating					
All workers	-	53	53	52	
White-collar occupations ²		59	58	57	
Management, professional, and related		-	-	-	
Sales and office		-	-	-	
Blue-collar occupations ²		60	61	60	
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance		-	-	-	
Production, transportation, and material moving		-	-	-	
Service occupations	22	24	27	27	
Full-time		66	66	64	
Part-time		11	12	13	
Union		81	83	80	
Non-union		50	49	49	
Average wage less than \$15 per hour		40	39	38	
Average wage \$15 per hour or higher		71	72	71	
Goods-producing industries		69	70	70	
Service-providing industries		48	48	47	
Establishments with 1-99 workers		43	43	43	
Establishments with 100 or more workers		64	65	63	
Fake-up rate (all workers) ³		-	75	74	
ental					
Percentage of workers with access					
All workers		46	46	46	
White-collar occupations ²		53	54	53	
Management, professional, and related		-	-	-	
Sales and office		-	-	-	
Blue-collar occupations ²		47	47	46	
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance		-	-	-	
Production, transportation, and material moving		-	-	-	
Service occupations		25	25	27	
Full-time		56	56	55	
Part-time		13	14	15	
Union	-	73	73	69	
Non-union		43	43	43	
Average wage less than \$15 per hour		34	34	34	
Average wage \$15 per hour or higher		63	62	62	
Goods-producing industries.		56	56	56	
Service-providing industries		43	43	43	
Establishments with 1-99 workers	27	31	31	31	

35. Continued—National Compensation Survey: Health insurance benefits in private industry by access, participation, and selected series, 2003-2007

Savias			Year		
Series	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007 ¹
Percentage of workers participating					
All workers	32	37	36	36	36
White-collar occupations ²	37	43	42	41	-
Management, professional, and related	-	-	-	-	51
Sales and office	-	-	-	-	33
Blue-collar occupations ²	33	40	39	38	-
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	-	-	-	-	36
Production, transportation, and material moving	-	-	-	-	38
Service occupations	15	16	17	18	20
Full-time	40	46	45	44	44
Part-time	6	8	9	10	9
Union	51	68	67	63	62
Non-union	30	33	33	33	33
Average wage less than \$15 per hour	22	26	24	23	23
Average wage \$15 per hour or higher	47	53	52	52	51
Goods-producing industries	42	49	49	49	45
Service-providing industries	29	33	33	32	33
Establishments with 1-99 workers	21	24	24	24	24
Establishments with 100 or more workers	44	52	51	50	49
Take-up rate (all workers) ³	-	-	78	78	77
Vision care					
Percentage of workers with access	25	29	29	29	29
Percentage of workers participating	19	22	22	22	22
Outpatient Prescription drug coverage					
Percentage of workers with access	-	-	64	67	68
Percentage of workers participating	-	-	48	49	49
Percent of estalishments offering healthcare benefits	58	61	63	62	60
Percentage of medical premium paid by					
Employer and Employee					
Single coverage					
Employer share	82	82	82	82	81
Employee share	18	18	18	18	19
Family coverage					
Employer share	70	69	71	70	71
Employee share	30	31	29	30	29

¹ The 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) replaced the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) System. Estimates for goods-producing and service-providing (formerly service-producing) industries are considered comparable. Also introduced was the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) to replace the 1990 Census of Population system. Only service occupations are considered comparable.

Note: Where applicable, dashes indicate no employees in this category or data do not meet publication criteria.

 $^{^{\}rm 2}$ The white-collar and blue-collar occupation series were discontinued effective 2007.

 $^{^{3}}$ The take-up rate is an estimate of the percentage of workers with access to a plan who participate in the plan.

36. National Compensation Survey: Percent of workers in private industry with access to selected benefits, 2003-2007

Benefit			Year		
Deficit	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Life insurance	50	51	52	52	58
Short-term disabilty insurance	39	39	40	39	39
Long-term disability insurance	30	30	30	30	31
Long-term care insurance	11	11	11	12	12
Flexible work place	4	4	4	4	5
Section 125 cafeteria benefits					
Flexible benefits	-	-	17	17	17
Dependent care reimbursement account	-	-	29	30	31
Healthcare reimbursement account	-	-	31	32	33
Health Savings Account	-	-	5	6	8
Employee assistance program	-	-	40	40	42
Paid leave					
Holidays	79	77	77	76	77
Vacations	79	77	77	77	77
Sick leave	-	59	58	57	57
Personal leave	-	-	36	37	38
Family leave					
Paid family leave	-	-	7	8	8
Unpaid family leave	-	-	81	82	83
Employer assistance for child care	18	14	14	15	15
Nonproduction bonuses	49	47	47	46	47

Note: Where applicable, dashes indicate no employees in this category or data do not meet publication criteria.

37. Work stoppages involving 1,000 workers or more

Measure	Annual	average	20	80						2009					
weasure	2008	2009	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov. ^p
Number of stoppages:															
Beginning in period	15	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	2
In effect during period	16	-	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	1	0	2
Workers involved:		_													
Beginning in period (in thousands)	72.2	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.5	1.5	1.9	0.0	0.0	6.6
In effect during period (in thousands).	136.8	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.5	4.0	1.9	1.9	0.0	6.6
Days idle:		_													
Number (in thousands)	1954.1	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	30.0	43.5	5.7	15.2	0.0	29.7
Percent of estimated working time 1	0.01	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

¹ Agricultural and government employees are included in the total employed and total working time; private household, forestry, and fishery employees are excluded. An explanation of the measurement of idleness as a percentage of the total time

worked is found in "Total economy measures of strike idleness," $\it Monthly Labor Review, October 1968, pp. 54–56.$

NOTE: p = preliminary.

38. Consumer Price Indexes for All Urban Consumers and for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers: U.S. city average, by expenditure category and commodity or service group

[1982–84 = 100, unless otherwise indicated]

Series	Annual	average	2008	<u> </u>					20	09					
Series	2008	2009	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
CONSUMER PRICE INDEX	i e						· ·								
FOR ALL URBAN CONSUMERS															
All items	1	214.537		211.143		212.709		213.856			215.834	215.969	216.177	216.330	1
All items (1967 = 100)	. 644.951	642.658		632.491	635.637	637.182	638.771	640.616	646.121	645.096		646.948	647.570	648.028	
Food and beverages	. 214.225	218.249 217.955		219.729			218.364 218.162	218.076	218.030		1	217.617	217.957	217.733	
Food at home	1	217.955			219.205	218.600 217.110			217.740 214.824		217.350 213.722	217.218 213.227	217.526 213.605	217.265	217.637 213.359
Cereals and bakery products	244.853		253.063		254.187	253.698	252.709	1	253.008	253.391	252.382	251.231	251.421	250.600	
Meats, poultry, fish, and eggs	1		208.890		207.963	206.348	205.699		204.031	201.743	202.911	201.755	200.597	201.202	201.003
Dairy and related products ¹	210.396	197.013	210.838	209.632	204.537	199.687	197.124	196.055	194.197	193.118	192.381	193.353	195.360	193.914	194.792
Fruits and vegetables	278.932	272.945	281.706	282.601	278.721	274.759	274.297	274.006	272.608	270.940	267.309	267.609	269.467	269.832	273.189
Nonalcoholic beverages and beverage															
materials	160.045	163.034	162.750	164.882	164.213	165.656	162.889	162.803	162.571	162.069	162.953	162.911	162.885	161.358	161.216
Other foods at home	184.166	191.220	190.203	192.492	192.404	192.234	191.352	191.144	191.328	190.967	191.317	190.571	191.266	189.640	189.921
Sugar and sweets	186.577	196.933	193.312	197.429	196.676	197.137	197.301	196.403	197.009	195.126	1	196.998	196.747	198.227	198.712
Fats and oils	. 196.751	201.224	206.710		205.359		200.464	200.679	201.127	201.031	200.578	200.009	199.916	196.473	197.391
Other foods.	. 198.103		203.902		206.621	206.367	205.734		205.654	205.544	206.064	204.728		203.671	203.832
Other miscellaneous foods ^{1,2}	119.924	122.393	123.791	124.012	122.580	122.402	122.883	122.838	122.224	121.990	121.892	122.099	122.112	121.263	122.422
Food away from home ¹	215.769			221.319	221.968		222.905	223.023	223.163	223.345	223.675	224.003	224.224	224.633	224.789
Other food away from home ^{1,2}	150.640			153.402	154.726		155.099	155.099	155.841	156.570	156.697	157.302	157.056	157.027	156.990
Alcoholic beverages	. 214.484 . 216.264			219.113 216.928	219.682 217.180	219.999	219.671 217.126	1	220.477 218.071	220.850		221.474 217.178	222.232	222.485	
Housing Shelter	246.666				248.878		249.855	216.971 249.779	250.243	250.310	217.827 250.248	249.501	216.612 249.474	215.808 248.211	215.523 247.863
Rent of primary residence	. 246.666				248.878		249.855		249.092	248.994	249.029	249.501	249.474	248.211	
Lodging away from home		134.243		133.559	135.809		137.700	135.680	138.318	139.424	137.454	133.706	133.485	125.426	
Owners' equivalent rent of primary residence ³	252.426			255.500	255.779	256.321	256.622	256.875	256.981	256.872	257.155	256.865	256.890	256.731	256.727
Tenants' and household insurance ^{1,2}	118.843		120.019		120.683		120.675		121.083	121.298		122.170	122.184	122.243	123.812
Fuels and utilities	. 220.018				213.520		207.175		212.677	212.961	212.661	211.618	207.937	208.955	208.760
Fuels	200.808				192.168		184.903	1	190.647	190.534	189.735	188.509	184.146	185.165	184.886
Fuel oil and other fuels					242.264	230.837	228.107	225.164	232.638	230.192	237.521	236.616	243.936	260.250	262.649
Gas (piped) and electricity	202.212	193.563	199.487	199.791	197.886	194.752	190.686	189.619	196.754	196.767	195.475	194.176	188.963	189.166	188.724
Household furnishings and operations	. 127.800	128.701	128.535	128.761	129.170	129.669	129.654	129.644	129.623	129.267	128.304	128.201	127.740	127.265	127.119
Apparel		120.078	117.078	114.764	118.825	122.545	123.208	121.751	118.799	115.620	117.130	122.476	123.998	122.465	119.357
Men's and boys' apparel	113.032			110.797	115.202	117.748	117.195	117.146	112.849	109.744	110.835	112.933	114.818	113.636	
Women's and girls' apparel	. 107.460	108.091	105.456	100.638	105.777	111.079	111.871	109.460	106.455	101.688	103.991	112.535	113.838	111.460	108.304
Infants' and toddlers' apparel1	113.762	114.489	112.568	112.321	113.544	115.548	117.084	114.142	113.915	111.022	113.673	116.309	117.300	116.312	112.695
Footwear	124.157	126.854	124.093	122.363	124.301	126.707	128.057	127.519	125.515	124.405	125.292	128.670	130.333	130.594	128.492
Transportation	. 195.549			166.738	169.542	169.647	171.987	175.997	183.735	182.798	184.386	183.932	185.362	188.587	188.318
Private transportation	. 191.039		159.411	161.788	164.871	165.023	167.516		179.649	178.330	179.987	179.466	180.896	184.099	183.766
New and used motor vehicles ²	93.291	93.486	91.408	91.831	92.224	92.109	92.381	92.701	93.020	93.413	93.126	93.440	95.131	96.039	96.421
	133.951	135.623 126.973	132.308 125.883	133.273 124.863	134.186 122.837	134.611 121.061	134.863 121.213	135.162 122.650	135.719 124.323	136.055 125.061	134.080 128.028	134.576 129.369	137.268 132.689	138.831 134.173	138.857 137.406
Used cars and trucks ¹ Motor fuel	1			156.604	167.395	168.404	177.272	193.609	225.021	217.860	225.089	220.690	219.015	228.050	224.730
Gasoline (all types)	1			154.488		167.826			225.526		1			227.665	
Motor vehicle parts and equipment	. 128.747	134.050	133.077	133.414	134.108	134.484	134.640	134.347	134.270	133.729	133.531	133.406	133.650	134.234	134.781
Motor vehicle maintenance and repair	233.859	243.337	239.356	241.076	241.689	242.118	242.649	242.488	242.683	243.031	243.494	244.493	245.393	245.511	245.417
Public transportation	250.549		237.638		231.529				232.540	238.932		239.855	241.060	244.226	
Medical care	. 364.065				372.405		374.170		375.093	375.739	376.537	377.727	378.552	379.575	
Medical care commodities	. 296.045	305.108	298.361	299.998	302.184	302.908	303.979	304.697	304.683	304.229	305.797	307.671	308.379	308.546	308.221
Medical care services Professional services	384.943			391.365			395.753	1	396.750		1		400.015		
Hospital and related services		319.372 567.879			316.992			319.333 564.112				320.756			
•	1	114.272					1	114.264			1		1	1	I
Recreation ² Video and audio ^{1,2}		101.276			101.704			1	101.871		101.474		100.178	1	I
Video and audio ' Education and communication ²		127.393				126.187	126.273				128.128		1		
Education and communication Education 2	·I	190.857			187.256			187.853					1		195.672
Education Educat		482.072		468.432		472.185	472.507		476.974		490.102		494.435	495.660	I
Tuition, other school fees, and child care	522.098	548.971	538.309	538.765	538.878	538.813	539.149	540.498	541.119		555.402	562.635	563.352	562.623	562.610
Communication ^{1,2}	84.185	84.954	84.737	84.928	84.945	84.922	84.985	85.049	84.975	85.056	84.913	85.044	85.055	84.768	84.809
Information and information processing 1,2	81.352		81.886		82.052		82.090		81.909	81.991	81.835		81.978	1	
Telephone services 1,2	100.451	102.392	101.688	101.880	101.895	101.991	102.072	102.267	102.182	102.643	102.674	102.968	102.891	102.528	102.707
other than telephone services ^{1,4} Personal computers and peripheral	10.061	9.672	9.906	9.919	9.926	9.872	9.881	9.775	9.731	9.604	9.499	9.467	9.501	9.467	9.423
equipment ^{1,2}	94.944						85.714	84.366	83.476	80.838			78.213	78.077	77.960
Other goods and services		368.586	349.220					369.901							377.330
Tobacco and smoking products	1	730.316		607.403	611.549	679.078	742.443	740.311	746.283	762.907	763.634	771.089	773.758	781.538	783.794
Personal care ¹	-1	204.587		203.080	203.391			204.578	204.503		204.352		205.406	205.575	
Personal care products ¹	1	162.578		162.588		162.696			162.301	162.887			162.257		162.275
Personal care services 1	223.669	227.588	226.281	225.734	225.895	227.982	227.913	227.607	227.572	227.325	227.580	228.286	228.465	228.358	228.343

38. Continued—Consumer Price Indexes for All Urban Consumers and for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers U.S. city average, by expenditure category and commodity or service group [1982–84 = 100, unless otherwise indicated]

Caria -		average	_	le :-	E.	B4	A	84	20		A	C	0:1	Mari	D
Series	2008	2009	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
Miscellaneous personal services	338.921	344.469	339.698	340.608	341.188	341.570	342.641	343.051	344.232	344.367	345.137	345.515	347.834	348.792	348.697
Commodity and service group:		1													
Commodities	174.764	169.698	163.582	164.360	165.891	166.645	167.816	169.060	171.593	170.483	171.081	171.559	172.252	173.061	172.572
Food and beverages	214.225	218.249	218.839	219.729	219.333	218.794	218.364	218.076	218.030	217.608	217.701	217.617	217.957	217.733	218.049
Commodities less food and beverages			135.720				141.753				146.528			149.245	
Nondurables less food and beverages	196.192	178.959	161.681	162.938	167.560	170.200	173.855	177.480	184.581	181.755	184.366	185.544	185.759	187.776	185.689
Apparel	118.907	120.078	117.078	114.764	118.825	122.545	123.208	121.751	118.799	115.620	117.130	122.476	123.998	122.465	119.357
Non durables less food, beverages,		1													
and apparel	248.809	210 502	102 0/8	106 /00	201 554	203 557	200 177	216 000	220 602	227 038	230 306	228 054	228.344	232 640	231 160
ана арраген	240.003	213.332	132.340	130.430	201.554	203.337	203.177	210.030	223.032	227.030	230.330	220.334	220.544	232.043	231.103
Durables	. 110.877	109.859		109.025		109.264									
Services	255.498	259.154	256.731	257.780	258.328	258.597	258.466	258.433	259.544	259.992	260.355	260.136	259.844	259.323	259.055
Rent of shelter ³	257.152	259.924	257.567	258.830	259.440	260.197	260.469	260.388	260.869	260.935	260.858	260.064	260.035	258.704	258.303
Transportation services	244.074	251.031	246.287	247.006	248.114	247.912	248.696	248.628	249.194	251.184	252.234	253.001	254.449	255.935	256.014
Other services	295.780	303.992	300.067	300.614	301.471	302.024	301.668	302.132	303.000	303.761	305.890	307.161	307.011	306.740	306.436
Special indexes:		1													
All items less food	215.528	214.008	208.855	209.777	211.076	211.775	212.464	213.236	215.389	215.069	215.617	215.795	215.986	216.207	215.703
All items less shelter	205.453												205.567		
All items less medical care	207.777												208.131		
Commodities less food	155.310		138.536				144.464						150.663		
Nondurables less food	197.297						176.587						187.939		
Nondurables less food and apparel	244.443	218.687											226.717		
Nondurables													202.058		
Services less rent of shelter ³	273.000		275.370								279.697			280.014	
Services less medical care services	244.987												248.692		
Energy		193.126		174.622					205.408					204.026	
All items less energy	214.751								218.440					219.291	
All items less food and energy	215.572												220.731		
Commodities less food and energy	140.246												143.857		
Energy commodities		205.281		162.395		172.787					227.204			231.226	
Services less energy	261.017	265.875	262.636	263.759	264.547	265.147	265.399	265.466	265.993	266.484	267.008	266.894	267.081	266.488	266.23
CONSUMER PRICE INDEX FOR URBAN		1													
WAGE EARNERS AND CLERICAL WORKERS		l										ĺ			
WAGE EARNERS AND CLERICAL WORKERS		1													
III items	211.053	209.630	204.813	205.700	206.708	207.218	207.925	208.774	210.972	210.526	211.156	211.322	211.549	212.003	211.703
Il itoms (1067 – 100)	628.661	624 422	610.075	612 710	615 710	617 220	610 244	621 975	620 422	627 002	629 070	620 462	630.140	621 401	620 600
Il items (1967 = 100) Food and beverages	213.546												217.123		
-	213.376												216.654		
Food at home	213.017												212.396		
Cereals and bakery products	245.472												252.049		
Meats, poultry, fish, and eggs	204.255												200.210		
Dairy and related products ¹	209.773	195.679		208.530			195.714				191.048			192.695	
Fruits and regated products	276.759		278.835				271.771			269.316			267.084		
Nonalcoholic beverages and beverage	210.100		210.000	210.000	210.004	211.121	271.771	271.000	270.000	200.010	200.700	200.010	207.004	207.043	210.21
Nonaiconolic beverages and beverage		l													
materials	159.324	162.598	162.280	164.514	163.821	165.437	162.464	162.468	162.167	161.650	162.433	162.396	162.456	160.619	160.74
Other foods at home	183.637	190.519	189.527	191.782	191.620	191.594	190.650	190.401	190.657	190.235	190.704	189.892	190.630	188.868	189.19
Sugar and sweets	185.494						195.858				194.511				
Fats and oils	197.512												200.759		
Other foods.	198.303												205.929		
Other miscellaneous foods ^{1,2}	120.348		124.144				123.112				122.217			121.647	
Food away from home 1	215.613				222.101	222.336	222.957	223.082					224.382		
Other food away from home 1,2	149.731	155.607					-						156.909		
Alcoholic beverages	214.579												222.555		
lousing	211.839												212.734		
Shelter	239.128												242.804		
Rent of primary residence	242.196	247.401	246.026	246.696	246.991	247.285	247.517	247.710	247.691	247.573	247.601	247.500	247.422	247.361	247.46
Lodging away from home ²	143.164	135.163	129.982	134.235	136.255	138.008	138.008	136.113	139.246	140.873	138.543	134.803	134.586	127.061	124.22
Owners' equivalent rent of primary residence 3	228.758				231.746		232.503			232.723		232.731			232.60
	119.136		120.360		120.960		121.084			121.765		122.644		122.830	
Tenants' and household insurance 1,2Fuels and utilities															
	217.883								211.929					207.530	
Fuels	197.537		192.050				182.795			189.082				182.994	
Fuel oil and other fuels	331.784						232.068				239.435			262.340	
Gas (piped) and electricity	200.265		197.545				188.735						187.473		
Household furnishings and operations	123.635		124.314				125.458						123.995		
Apparel	118.735						122.709				117.095			122.228	
Men's and boys' apparel	113.490								113.416					114.091	
Women's and girls' apparel	107.489		105.413				110.990			101.289		112.086		111.039	
Infants' and toddlers' apparel 1	116.266		115.003			117.944					116.482			_	
Footwear	124.102	127.183	124.152	122.753	124.494	126.858	128.312	127.802	126.150	125.046	125.880	128.988	130.596	130.682	128.63
rootwear								1		1		i	1	i	1
	195.692	176.729	160.914	163.215	165.976	165.978	168.539	173.055	181.730	180.419	182.541	182.024	183.506	186.928	186.839
Transportation Private transportation	. 195.692 . 192.492				165.976 162.645			173.055 169.957	181.730 178.734			182.024 178.801	183.506 180.271	186.928 183.680	
Transportation				159.719		162.659								183.680	183.56

38. Continued—Consumer Price Indexes for All Urban Consumers and for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers: U.S. city average, by expenditure category and commodity or service group

[1982–84 = 100, unless otherwise indicated]

[1982–84 = 100, unless otherwise indicate	T .	average	2008							2009					
Series	2008	2009	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
New vehicles	. 135.338	136.711	133.317	134.490	135.248	135.744	135.911	136.113	136.800	137.082	135.130	135.672	138.422	139.952	139.962
Used cars and trucks 1	. 134.731	127.687	126.526	125.485	123.443	121.669	121 850	123 339	125.056	125.817	128.781	130.122	133 458	134.977	138.242
Motor fuel	280.817		149.650		168.028		177.982								
Gasoline (all types)		202.375	146.644	155.204	166.831		177.510					221.197			225.223
Motor vehicle parts and equipment	128.776	134.133	133.295	133.645	134.264	134.485	134.614	134.439	134.273	133.787	133.587	133.504	133.764	134.346	134.892
Motor vehicle maintenance and repair	236.353	245.795	241.855	243.594	244.219	244.650	245.180	245.036	245.129	245.421	245.871	246.850	247.811	247.972	247.812
Public transportation	. 247.865	234.661	235.199	232.422	229.404	229.034	228.525	227.522	230.926	236.963	237.029	238.225	239.729	242.698	243.453
Medical care			367.301	370.001	372.630	373.541			375.479				379.072	380.295	380.302
Medical care commodities	. 287.970		290.080		293.917				296.369						299.777
Medical care services	. 386.317	399.165			395.563				398.497		400.204				
Professional services.	313.446	322.127				320.231 557.167			322.346						-
Hospital and related services	530.193	565.029												580.048	
Recreation ²	110.143	111.015	110.487		111.257	111.436		111.152		111.416					109.851
Video and audio 1,2	102.654		101.810			102.153			102.193			101.228		100.681	
Education and communication ²	119.827	123.017		122.025											
Education ² Educational books and supplies	. 178.892 . 452.880	188.143 485.025	184.352			184.824 474.880			185.626 480.024	186.596			192.774 497.534		
Tuition, other school fees, and child care		529.316	519.500		520.159			521.550		524.523					
Communication ^{1,2}	86.807	87.662	87.444	87.599	87.640			87.712	87.652			87.810			
Information and information processing ^{1,2}		85.571	85.454	85.581	85.624	85.595		85.624	85.524	85.653	85.532	85.676	85.651	85.331	85.404
Telephone services ^{1,2}	100.502	102.341	101.720	101.876				102.231		102.587	102.613				
Information and information processing	. 100.302	102.341	101.720	101.070	101.050	101.977	102.040	102.231	102.133	102.307	102.013	102.090	102.010	102.413	102.303
other than telephone services 1,4	10.567	10.178	10.406	10.418	10.442	10.378	10.385	10.271	10.238	10.113	10.012	9.975	9.995	9.969	9.935
Personal computers and peripheral															
equipment 1,2	94.863	82.104	88.176	88.178	87.622	86.004	85.406	84.017	83.278	80.736	78.480	77.835	77.939	77.926	77.821
Other goods and services	1		362.986		365.522					398.448		400.245			
Tobacco and smoking products		735.056	605.662	610.503	615.012	682.115			752.078	768.005	768.483	776.198			789.173
Personal care ¹	199.170	202.490	200.918	201.209	201.426	202.099	203.010	202.631	202.406	202.490	202.221	202.576	203.115	203.245	203.454
Personal care products ¹	159.410	162.557	161.295	162.683	162.543	162.516	163.911	163.119	162.165	162.767	162.415	162.312	162.242	161.784	162.231
Personal care services ¹	223.978	227.804	226.578	225.951	226.088	228.201	228.119	227.829	227.800	227.512	227.751	228.480	228.683	228.614	228.614
Miscellaneous personal services	. 340.533	346.500	342.530	343.022	343.443	344.021	345.016	345.326	346.411	346.525	347.402	347.658	349.283	350.046	349.851
Commodity and service group:															
Commodities	177.618	171.452	164.233	165.151	166.673	167.514	169.005	170.532	173.662	172.493	173.379	173.777	174.550	175.563	175.127
Food and beverages	213.546	217.480	218.269	219.123	218.645	218.119	217.653	217.308	217.258	216.805	216.957	216.734	217.123	216.853	217.186
Commodities less food and beverages	157.481	147.327	137.015	137.932	140.235	141.615	143.871	146.125	150.477	149.046	150.209	150.851	151.760	153.273	152.532
Nondurables less food and beverages	. 205.279	185.579	164.879				179.415								
Apparel	. 118.735	119.847	117.006	114.969	118.766	122.162	122.709	121.364	118.547	115.516	117.095	122.176	123.642	122.228	118.984
Nondurables less food, beverages,															
and apparel	263.756	230.503	198.108	202.400	208.255	211.287	218.502	226.621	242.726	239.626	243.461	241.657	241.005	246.085	244.413
Durables	. 111.217	109.610	108.576	108.689	108.592	108.413	108.596	108.933	109.430	109.432	109.039	109.470	110.988	111.575	112.165
Services	. 250.272	254.267	252.176	253.033	253.456	253.591	253.403	253.482	254.624	255.003	255.342	255.244	254.847	254.663	254.519
Rent of shelter ³	230.555	233.917				233.903			234.511						
Transporatation services		250.960	245.881		248.029				249.312					255.871	256.007
Other services	284.319	291.572	288.227	288.627	289.432	290.043	289.738	290.116	290.845	291.573	293.266	294.190	293.938	293.624	293.470
Special indexes:															
All items less food.		208.128													
All items less shelter							197.432								
All items less medical care Commodities less food															204.800 154.918
Nondurables less food	206.047														195.487
Nondurables less food and apparel							217.649								
Nondurables		201.628													
Services less rent of shelter ³	241.567		243.646				243.718								
Services less medical care services	240.275														243.838
Energy	. 237.414	192.594	168.726	172.463	177.033	175.947	178.485	186.321	205.662	201.967	205.144	202.287	199.223	204.196	202.398
All items less energy		212.652													
All items less food and energy		212.126													
Commodities less food and energy															145.253
Energy commodities	284.270														
Services less energy	∠55.598	261.022	∠58.039	∠58.976	259.643	∠6∪.158	∠60.439	∠60.615	261.014	201.425	261.960	∠61.990	∠6∠.196	261.979	∠61.8/1

NOTE: Index applied to a month as a whole, not to any specific date.

Not seasonally adjusted.
 Indexes on a December 1997 = 100 base.
 Indexes on a December 1982 = 100 base.

 $^{^4}$ Indexes on a December 1988 = 100 base.

39. Consumer Price Index: U.S. city average and available local area data: all items

[1982-84 = 100, unless otherwise indicated]

	Pricing		All	Urban (Consun	ners			Ur	ban Wa	ge Earn	ers	
	sched-			20	009					20	009		
	ule ¹	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
U.S. city average	М	215.351	215.834	215.969	216.177	216.330	215.949	210.526	211.156	211.322	211.549	212.003	211.703
Region and area size ²													
Northeast urban	М	230.154	230.883	231.200	231.304	231.708	231.462	226.714	227.598	228.158	228.193	229.048	228.794
Size A—More than 1,500,000	M	232.416	233.314	233.695	233.415	233.785	233.475	227.550	228.472	229.067	228.720	229.541	229.180
Size B/C—50,000 to 1,500,000 ³	M	136.417	136.598	136.691	137.348	137.646	137.597	136.626	137.109	137.400	137.959	138.527	138.522
Midwest urban ⁴	M	204.814	205.632	205.601	205.706	206.247	205.613	199.824	200.723	200.658	200.781	201.553	200.999
Size A—More than 1,500,000	M	205.656	206.591	206.459	206.625	207.277	206.399	199.611	200.710	200.566	200.730	201.626	200.820
Size B/C—50,000 to 1,500,000 ³	M	131.366	131.748	131.812	131.724	131.952	131.742	131.096	131.481	131.497	131.420	131.823	131.639
Size D—Nonmetropolitan (less than 50,000)	M	200.908	201.823	201.918	202.499	203.047	202.738	198.455	199.404	199.416	200.053	200.748	200.471
South urban	M	208.819	209.000	208.912	209.292	209.738	209.476	205.415	205.867	205.726	206.121	206.859	206.716
Size A—More than 1,500,000	M	211.034	211.436	211.212	211.152	211.424	210.971	208.492	208.995	208.677	208.577	209.161	208.788
Size B/C—50,000 to 1,500,000 ³	M	132.736	132.729	132.722	133.035	133.342	133.252	131.063	131.302	131.284	131.621	132.129	132.136
Size D—Nonmetropolitan (less than 50,000)	M	210.491	210.899	210.911	212.423	213.372	213.159	210.341	211.088	210.922	212.368	213.396	213.184
West urban	M	219.484	219.884	220.294	220.447	219.728	219.307	213.541	213.988	214.490	214.718	214.228	213.919
Size A—More than 1,500,000	M	223.498	224.072	224.412	224.372	223.489	223.058	215.955	216.539	217.000	217.002	216.286	215.988
Size B/C—50,000 to 1,500,000 ³	М	132.774	132.756	133.128	133.618	133.335	133.132	132.314	132.407	132.773	133.244	133.149	132.983
Size classes:													
A ⁵	M	196.987	197.614	197.724	197.670	197.697	197.246	195.096	195.796	195.957	195.895	196.187	195.779
B/C ³	M	132.975	133.069	133.165	133.489	133.663	133.535	132.069	132.341	132.450	132.764	133.139	133.072
D	M	207.784	208.369	208.503	209.139	209.567	209.192	205.504	206.271	206.341	207.120	207.739	207.417
Selected local areas ⁶													
Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI	M	210.906	211.441	211.345	211.708	212.206	211.185	203.554	204.246	204.278	204.511	205.136	204.196
Los Angeles-Riverside-Orange County, CA	M	224.010	224.507	225.226	225.264	224.317	223.643	216.128	216.628	217.302	217.474	216.618	216.233
New York, NY-Northern NJ-Long Island, NY-NJ-CT-PA	M	237.600	238.282	238.568	238.380	238.777	238.427	232.177	232.841	233.502	233.084	233.893	233.448
Boston-Brockton-Nashua, MA-NH-ME-CT	1	233.018	-	236.596	-	236.589	_	232.535	_	235.744	-	236.859	_
Cleveland-Akron, OH	1	200.558	-	201.836	_	201.471	_	191.494	_	192.800	_	192.871	_
Dallas-Ft Worth, TX	1	200.663	-	201.802	-	201.958	_	203.075	_	204.298	-	205.297	_
Washington-Baltimore, DC-MD-VA-WV 7	1	140.810	-	140.945	-	140.718	_	140.434	_	140.701	-	140.608	_
Atlanta, GA	2	_	203.351	_	201.068	_	200.456	_	202.276	_	199.736	_	199.331
Detroit–Ann Arbor–Flint, MI	2	_	204.673	_	205.079	_	203.880	_	200.169	_	200.324	_	199.614
Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX	2	_	191.687	_	191.608	_	190.932	_	189.503	_	189.304	_	188.842
Miami-Ft. Lauderdale, FL	2		221.306		222.416	_	222.943		219.000		220.358	_	221.067
Philadelphia–Wilmington–Atlantic City, PA–NJ–DE–MD	2		226.039		224.787		224.800		225.481		224.573		224.732
San Francisco–Oakland–San Jose, CA	2	_	225.801	_	226.051	_	224.239	_	221.279	_	221.708	_	220.121
Seattle-Tacoma-Bremerton, WA	2	_	227.138	_	226.277	_	225.596	_	221.873	_	221.339	_	220.905

¹ Foods, fuels, and several other items priced every month in all areas; most other goods and services priced as indicated:

Report: Anchorage, AK; Cincinnatti, OH-KY-IN; Kansas City, MO-KS; Milwaukee-Racine, WI; Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI; Pittsburgh, PA; Port-land-Salem, OR-WA; St Louis, MO-IL; San Diego, CA; Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL.

NOTE: Local area CPI indexes are byproducts of the national CPI program. Each local index has a smaller sample size and is, therefore, subject to substantially more sampling and other measurement error. As a result, local area indexes show greater volatility than the national index, although their long-term trends are similar. Therefore, the Bureau of Labor Statistics strongly urges users to consider adopting the national average CPI for use in their escalator clauses. Index applies to a month as a whole, not to any specific date. Dash indicates data not available.

M—Every month.

1—January, March, May, July, September, and November.

2—February, April, June, August, October, and December.

Regions defined as the four Census regions.

Indexes on a December 1996 = 100 base.

The "North Central" region has been renamed the "Midwest" region by the Census Bureau. It is composed of the same geographic entities.

Indexes on a December 1986 = 100 base.
 In addition, the following metropolitan areas are published semiannually and appear in tables 34 and 39 of the January and July issues of the CPI Detailed

Indexes on a November 1996 = 100 base.

40. Annual data: Consumer Price Index, U.S. city average, all items and major groups

[1982–84 = 100]

Series	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers:											
All items:											
Index	166.6	172.2	177.1	179.9	184.0	188.9	195.3	201.6	207.342	215.303	214.537
Percent change	2.2	3.4	2.8	1.6	2.3	2.7	3.4	3.2	2.8	3.8	-0.4
Food and beverages:											
Index	164.6	168.4	173.6	176.8	180.5	186.6	191.2	195.7	203.300	214.225	218.249
Percent change	2.2	2.3	3.1	1.8	2.1	3.3	2.5	2.4	3.9	5.4	1.9
Housing:											
Index	163.9	169.6	176.4	180.3	184.8	189.5	195.7	203.2	209.586	216.264	217.057
Percent change	2.2	3.5	4.0	2.2	2.5	2.5	3.3	3.8	3.1	3.2	0.4
Apparel:											
Index	131.3	129.6	127.3	124.0	120.9	120.4	119.5	119.5	118.998	118.907	120.078
Percent change	-1.3	-1.3	-1.8	-2.6	-2.5	4	7	.0	-0.4	-0.1	1.0
Transportation:											
Index	144.4	153.3	154.3	152.9	157.6	163.1	173.9	180.9	184.682	195.549	179.252
Percent change	2.0	6.2	0.7	9	3.1	3.5	6.6	4.0	2.1	5.9	-8.3
Medical care:											
Index	250.6	260.8	272.8	285.6	297.1	310.1	323.2	336.2	351.054	364.065	375.613
Percent change	3.5	4.1	4.6	4.7	4.0	4.4	4.2	4.0	4.4	3.7	3.2
Other goods and services:											
Index	258.3	271.1	282.6	293.2	298.7	304.7	313.4	321.7	333.328	345.381	368.586
Percent change	8.7	5.0	4.2	3.8	1.9	2.0	2.9	2.6	3.6	3.6	6.7
Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners											
and Clerical Workers:											
All items:											
Index	163.2	168.9	173.5	175.9	179.8	184.5	191.0	197.1	202.767	211.053	209.630
Percent change	2.2	3.5	2.7	1.4	2.2	5.1	1.1	3.2	2.9	4.1	-0.7

41. Producer Price Indexes, by stage of processing

[1982 = 100]

Grouping	Annual	average	2008						20	09					
Grouping	2008	2009	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept. ^p	Oct.p	Nov. ^p	Dec.
Finished goods	177.1	172.6	168.8	170.4	169.9	169.1	170.3	171.1	174.3	172.4	174.2	173.2	174.1	176.2	176.
Finished consumer goods	186.3	179.2	173.7	175.8	175.2	174.2	176.0	177.3	181.7	179.2	181.6	180.4	181.2	183.9	184.
Finished consumer foods	178.3	175.5	177.7	177.7	175.0	173.8	175.9	174.0	176.1	173.5	173.9	173.9	175.9	176.8	179.
Finished consumer goods															
excluding foods	189.1	179.6	171.5	174.4	174.5	173.5	175.2	177.5	182.7	180.2	183.3	181.6	182.0	185.3	184.
Nondurable goods less food	210.5	194.3	182.1	186.5	186.6	185.2	187.7	191.2	198.7	195.7	200.1	198.1	197.6	202.2	201.
Durable goods	141.2	144.3	144.4	144.3	144.3	144.1	144.4	144.2	144.7	143.3	143.8	142.9	145.0	145.6	144.
Capital equipment	153.8	156.8	157.2	157.4	157.2	156.9	156.8	156.3	156.6	155.9	156.4	155.9	157.2	157.6	157.:
Intermediate materials,															
supplies, and components	188.3	172.6	171.6	171.4	169.7	168.0	168.6	170.2	172.7	172.3	174.8	174.7	174.8	176.3	176.
Materials and components															
for manufacturing	177.2	162.8	163.7	162.7	161.0	159.5	158.9	160.1	160.9	161.6	163.8	164.9	165.1	166.4	167.4
Materials for food manufacturing Materials for nondurable manufacturing	180.4 214.3	165.1 191.9	170.8 185.0	167.3 186.8	164.3 185.6	163.2 182.3	164.2 182.6	166.2 187.4	166.0 190.1	163.7 192.0	164.1 196.6	164.3 197.1	164.4 196.4	165.5 200.8	168. 202.
Materials for nondurable manufacturing Materials for durable manufacturing	203.3	169.0	178.6	172.8	168.2	165.8	163.2	162.1	162.7	164.5	168.9	173.2	174.8	175.0	176.4
Components for manufacturing	140.3	141.0	141.9	141.7	141.5	141.3	140.8	140.8	140.7	140.7	140.8	140.9	141.1	141.0	141.0
Materials and components			-												
for construction	205.4	202.9	207.9	207.0	204.8	204.2	203.2	202.8	202.0	201.9	201.5	202.0	201.9	201.4	202.
Processed fuels and lubricants		162.3	151.2	153.4	150.7	146.5	151.4	156.5	167.0	164.1	172.2	169.0	169.3	173.8	172.
Containers	191.8	195.8	198.1	200.8	199.5	198.4	197.6	196.1	195.4	194.3	193.5	193.7	193.8	193.1	193.
Supplies	173.8	172.2	173.4	172.9	172.3	171.9	172.0	172.3	172.8	172.2	171.9	172.0	171.7	171.8	172.5
Crude materials for further															
processing	251.8	175.0	172.6	170.2	160.7	160.1	163.9	171.5	179.8	172.9	178.4	173.5	182.2	192.0	193.8
Foodstuffs and feedstuffs	163.4	134.4	135.5	136.1	133.3	131.0	136.5	140.5	141.0	133.2	130.2	127.6	131.6	133.7	138.
Crude nonfood materials	313.9	197.1	191.6	186.5	171.5	172.6	174.6	184.7	199.8	194.5	207.5	201.0	213.2	229.6	228.3
Special groupings:															
Finished goods, excluding foods	176.6	171.2	166.1	168.0	168.0	167.2	168.3	169.7	173.1	171.3	173.4	172.2	172.9	175.2	174.6
Finished energy goods	178.7	147.2	130.6	136.4	136.3	133.2	137.2	142.9	154.4	149.6	156.1	152.8	152.0	158.4	156.8
Finished goods less energy	169.8	172.3	172.3	172.7	172.1	171.9	172.4	171.7	172.4	171.4	171.8	171.5	172.9	173.5	174.0
Finished consumer goods less energy Finished goods less food and energy	176.9 167.2	179.2 171.5	179.0 170.8	179.4 171.3	178.6 171.3	178.5 171.4	179.2 171.4	178.5 171.1	179.4 171.4	178.2 170.8	178.6 171.2	178.4 170.8	179.8 172.0	180.6 172.6	181.6 172.4
Finished consumer goods less food	107.2	171.5	170.0	171.5	171.3	171.4	171.4	17 1.1	171.4	170.0	171.2	170.0	172.0	172.0	172.
•	470.4	404.0	180.1	180.7	181.0	181.4	181.5	181.3	181.7	181.1	181.5	181.2	182.3	183.1	183.0
and energy Consumer nondurable goods less food	176.4	181.6	180.1	160.7	181.0	161.4	161.5	101.3	101.7	101.1	181.5	101.2	102.3	103.1	163.0
and energy	206.8	214.3	211.0	212.4	212.9	214.0	213.8	213.7	213.9	214.4	214.5	214.9	214.9	215.9	216.4
Intermediate materials less foods															
and feeds	188.7	172 4	171.8	171.8	170.1	168.4	168.9	170.4	172.9	170 7	175 5	175.4	175.0	177.0	177 '
Intermediate foods and feeds	188.7	173.1 165.9	167.9	165.8	164.6	168.4	168.9	167.3	169.3	172.7 166.5	175.5 166.1	175.4	175.6 164.8	177.2 165.5	177.3 167.8
Intermediate roods and reeds	208.1	162.8	147.7	152.2	149.3	144.1	149.5	157.2	167.8	165.3	174.5	171.0	171.1	176.4	174.5
Intermediate goods less energy		172.8	175.3	174.0	172.7	171.9	171.2	171.3	171.8	171.9	174.3	173.5	173.6	174.1	175.0
Intermediate materials less foods															
and energy	180.9	173.4	175.9	174.6	173.4	172.6	171.8	171.6	171.9	172.3	173.3	174.2	174.5	174.9	175.7
Crude energy materials	309.4	176.3	181.1	173.0	152.1	153.3	155.0	164.2	181.2	173.0	184.1	173.5	188.5	211.4	205.2
Crude materials less energy	205.4	164.8	159.8	161.2	158.8	156.4	161.2	166.9	168.9	163.4	164.5	163.3	167.5	168.9	175.9
Crude nonfood materials less energy	324.4	248.6	221.3	225.2	224.9	222.9	224.4	234.9	242.6	247.1	263.6	267.9	272.3	270.4	284.2

p = preliminary.

42. Producer Price Indexes for the net output of major industry groups

[December 2003 = 100, unless otherwise indicated]

NAICS	Industry	2008						20	09					
IVAICO	muusu y	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept. ^p	Oct.p	Nov. ^p	Dec.p
	Total mining industries (December 1984=100)	174.8	173.4	159.0	159.1	160.5	166.0	180.2	173.0	182.8	177.2	191.8	209.4	207.4
211	Oil and gas extraction (December 1985=100)	184.1	180.3	154.1	154.1	157.0	168.6	192.2	179.9	194.8	186.6	208.5	236.2	233.5
212	Mining, except oil and gas	173.0	178.4	184.7	186.1	187.9	185.0	185.9	186.2	189.3	188.6	192.6	193.8	195.1
213	Mining support activities	114.7	112.8	111.5	109.4	105.6	101.3	100.0	101.2	100.4	98.7	98.4	99.8	99.1
	Total manufacturing industries (December 1984=100)	164.1	164.7	163.9	162.9	164.2	165.8	168.4	167.1	169.4	168.6	168.9	170.7	170.7
311	Food manufacturing (December 1984=100)	171.1	170.1	168.7	167.6	168.6	170.5	171.4	169.7	169.7	169.5	168.8	168.9	170.8
312	Beverage and tobacco manufacturing	116.3	117.6	119.2	120.3	119.6	119.2	119.4	119.4	119.5	119.9	120.5	121.5	121.3
313	Textile mills	113.5	113.4	113.0	112.3	112.1	111.8	112.1	111.9	111.8	112.0	112.2	112.2	112.4
315	Apparel manufacturing	103.2	103.5	103.5	103.5	103.5	103.3	103.3	103.2	103.3	103.5	103.5	103.4	103.5
316	Leather and allied product manufacturing (December 1984=100)	154.3	154.3	154.7	154.7	153.9	153.9	153.6	153.2	154.0	154.0	153.4	152.8	152.9
321	Wood products manufacturing	106.2	105.0	104.0	103.2	102.8	102.4	102.3	103.2	103.2	103.7	103.1	103.6	103.6
322	Paper manufacturing	127.0	126.7	126.0	125.5	124.5	123.1	122.5	121.8	121.7	121.7	121.5	121.9	121.5
323	Printing and related support activities	110.3	110.2	109.6	109.6	109.4	109.2	109.0	109.0	108.8	109.0	109.2	109.3	109.4
324	Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	167.0	178.6	176.4	168.0	186.2	206.5	238.1	225.9	251.6	241.5	240.1	258.8	253.8
	(December 1984=100)													
	· ·	220.7	220.7	225.4	204.0	222.0	222.0	222.4	204.4	224.0	225.4	225.4	225.0	207.7
325	Chemical manufacturing (December 1984=100)	229.7	226.7	225.1	224.6	223.6	222.8	222.4	224.1	224.0	225.1	225.1	225.6	
326	Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	165.0	163.4	161.6	161.2	160.9	160.6	160.3	160.3	160.4	161.3	161.5	161.3	161.6
	(December 1984=100)													1
331	Primary metal manufacturing (December 1984=100)	185.6	177.6	173.3	169.5	164.7	162.8	163.8	165.4	172.5	177.8	180.5	179.7	181.8
332	Fabricated metal product manufacturing (December 1984=100)	178.5	177.0	177.7	177.0	175.5	175.0	174.4	173.9	173.8	177.0	173.7	173.5	173.8
333	Machinery manufacturing	120.0	120.5	120.4	120.4	120.3	120.2	120.2	120.3	120.2	120.3	120.3	120.2	120.4
334	Computer and electronic products manufacturing	92.4	92.5	92.4	92.4	92.3	92.3	92.1	92.2	92.2	91.9	91.8	92.0	
335	Electrical equipment, appliance, and components manufacturing		126.8	126.8	127.3	127.9	128.5	128.3	128.5	129.2	129.4	129.9	130.3	
336	Transportation equipment manufacturing	110.1	110.0	109.9	109.4	109.3	108.9	109.5	108.5	109.1	108.5	110.3	110.7	110.2
337	Furniture and related product manufacturing	175.7	176.1	177.0	176.8	176.7	176.9	176.8	177.0	176.2	176.6	177.3	176.8	
007		170.7	170.1	177.0	170.0	170.7	170.0	170.0	111.0	170.2	170.0	177.0	170.0	170.7
	(December 1984=100)													1
339	Miscellaneous manufacturing	110.8	111.4	111.4	111.6	111.7	111.3	111.4	111.2	111.3	111.4	111.5	111.4	111.7
	Retail trade													1
														1
441	Motor vehicle and parts dealers		116.9	118.4	118.0	119.0	118.1	118.4	118.8	122.9	123.0	121.6	121.8	
442	Furniture and home furnishings stores		120.8	121.0	120.8	121.4	123.0	122.6	121.5	120.5	121.6	121.5	121.9	
443	Electronics and appliance stores		107.8	103.7	105.4	104.9	104.2	104.8	105.7	106.6	103.7	110.0	110.7	101.7
446	Health and personal care stores		136.0	136.0	136.3	138.7	138.1	137.2	138.6	137.1	139.0	138.5	141.1	138.9
447	Gasoline stations (June 2001=100)	77.7	68.9	71.0	63.1	59.7	59.4	69.5	75.9	63.5	68.3	60.0	81.9	
454	Nonstore retailers	155.2	150.9	153.9	156.1	148.0	142.2	143.6	152.4	145.5	147.6	145.2	146.7	148.3
	Transportation and warehousing													1
	•	198.5	198.4	190.5	187.6	187.2	179.5	182.2	185.5	189.6	184.5	187.9	191.3	195.4
481	Air transportation (December 1992=100)													
483	Water transportation	128.0	122.4	118.5	117.7	115.2	111.3	111.9	113.3	114.0	115.7	115.7	115.5	
491	Postal service (June 1989=100)	180.5	180.5	181.6	181.6	181.6	186.8	186.8	186.8	186.8	186.8	186.8	186.8	186.8
	Utilities													1
221	Utilities	133.1	133.9	132.9	130.4	128.1	128.0	129.0	130.9	131.8	130.0	129.1	129.4	129.2
221	Ounties	133.1	133.5	132.9	130.4	120.1	120.0	129.0	130.9	131.0	130.0	125.1	125.4	123.2
	Health care and social assistance													1
6211	Office of physicians (December 1996=100)	124.2	125.6	125.6	125.9	125.9	126.3	126.5	126.8	126.8	126.8	127.1	127.0	127.1
6215	Medical and diagnostic laboratories	107.8	108.3	108.7	108.9	108.8	108.6	108.4	108.4	108.4	108.4	108.4	108.4	108.4
6216	Home health care services (December 1996=100)	127.4	127.2	127.6	127.7	127.7	127.7	127.5	127.9	128.2	128.4	128.1	128.9	
622	Hospitals (December 1992=100)	165.3	166.5	166.8	167.0	166.9	167.2	167.3	167.5	168.4	168.3	169.6	168.7	171.0
6231	Nursing care facilities	120.7	122.0	122.2	122.3	122.6	122.6	122.7	123.8	124.3	123.8	123.8	124.1	125.0
62321	Residential mental retardation facilities	119.2	120.3	120.3	120.5	121.4	122.3	122.4	122.3	122.8	125.4	125.4	125.6	
	Other services industries													
511	Publishing industries, except Internet	110.7	111.9	111.9	111.6	111.7	111.7	111.8	111.4	111.7	111.1	111.2	109.7	109.8
515	Broadcasting, except Internet	109.3	107.9	108.1	107.5	105.5	107.4	106.4	102.5	102.1	103.6	101.7	103.4	103.9
517	Telecommunications	101.4	101.2	101.1	101.1	100.8	101.1	101.1	101.2	101.7	101.3	101.0	100.8	
5182	Data processing and related services	101.3	101.0	100.9	100.9	100.9	101.0	101.0	101.0	100.9	100.9	100.9	100.9	
523	Security, commodity contracts, and like activity	115.2	113.5	111.7	109.2	109.1	109.2	108.8	111.3	112.0	112.6	115.3	115.6	
53112	Lessors or nonresidental buildings (except miniwarehouse)	112.8	111.0	109.0	109.5	108.8	108.8	108.8	109.4	109.1	109.7	109.3	109.4	108.4
5312	Offices of real estate agents and brokers	102.8	101.6	101.6	101.6	101.9	102.1	102.2	102.0	102.0	102.0	102.0	102.0	
5313	Real estate support activities.	109.8	109.9	108.6	109.9	109.2	109.7	107.3	107.6	108.2	108.2	108.7	107.2	
5321	Automotive equipment rental and leasing (June 2001=100)	123.7	128.3	133.0	133.1	135.1	134.0	137.6	141.1	142.0	140.5	135.9	132.4	129.9
5411	Legal services (December 1996=100)	163.2	164.8	165.5	166.0	166.2	166.3	166.3	166.4	166.5	166.6	166.5	166.7	166.9
541211	Offices of certified public accountants	115.7	115.3	115.2	115.3	115.3	115.3	114.3	114.5	114.6	115.1	113.7	115.3	
5413	Architectural, engineering, and related services					- 1								
5413		444.0	440.0	140.0	440.0	440.0	440.0	440.0	440.0	4.40.0	440.0	4.40.0	4.40.0	440.0
F445	(December 1996=100)	141.9	142.9	142.9	142.8	143.0	143.0	143.0	143.0	142.9	142.9	142.8	142.8	
54181	Advertising agencies	106.3	105.6	105.4	105.3	105.3	105.4	105.4	105.4	104.9	104.7	104.9	104.9	
5613	Employment services (December 1996=100)	124.2	123.8	124.0	123.6	123.9	123.5	123.6	123.7	123.6	123.3	123.1	122.7	122.8
	Travel agencies	101.4	101.4	101.8	102.2	100.2	100.2	98.6	98.9	98.5	98.5	98.5	98.5	98.5
56151		400	4000									470	440	
56151 56172	Janitorial services	109.1	109.6	109.7	109.8	109.7	109.7	109.7	110.1	110.1	110.5	110.4	110.4	
56151		109.1 111.3 141.6	109.6 112.2 140.6	109.7 113.3 139.9	109.8 114.9 141.3	109.7 115.0 141.5	109.7 115.6 141.0	109.7 114.9 143.7	110.1 116.3 146.0	110.1 116.7 144.9	110.5 117.0 140.9	110.4 116.1 140.9	110.4 117.9 138.9	

43. Annual data: Producer Price Indexes, by stage of processing

[1982 = 100]

Index	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Finished goods											
Total	133.0	138.0	140.7	138.9	143.3	148.5	155.7	160.4	166.6	177.1	172.6
Foods	135.1	137.2	141.3	140.1	145.9	152.7	155.7	156.7	167.0	178.3	175.5
Energy	78.8	94.1	96.7	88.8	102.0	113.0	132.6	145.9	156.3	178.7	147.2
Other	146.1	148.0	150.0	150.2	150.5	152.7	156.4	158.7	161.7	167.2	171.5
Intermediate materials, supplies, and											
components											
Total	123.2	129.2	129.7	127.8	133.7	142.6	154.0	164.0	170.7	188.3	172.6
Foods	120.8	119.2	124.3	123.2	134.4	145.0	146.0	146.2	161.4	180.4	165.1
Energy	84.3	101.7	104.1	95.9	111.9	123.2	149.2	162.8	174.6	208.1	162.8
Other	133.1	136.6	136.4	135.8	138.5	146.5	154.6	163.8	168.4	180.9	173.4
Crude materials for further processing											
Total	98.2	120.6	121.0	108.1	135.3	159.0	182.2	184.8	207.1	251.8	175.0
Foods	98.7	100.2	106.1	99.5	113.5	127.0	122.7	119.3	146.7	163.4	134.4
Energy	78.5	122.1	122.3	102.0	147.2	174.6	234.0	226.9	232.8	309.4	176.3
Other	91.1	118.0	101.5	101.0	116.9	149.2	176.7	210.0	238.7	308.5	211.0

44. U.S. export price indexes by end-use category

[2000 = 100]

Catagory	2008						20	09					
Category	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
ALL COMMODITIES	115.8	116.6	116.3	115.5	116.1	116.6	117.8	117.4	118.1	117.9	117.9	118.9	119.6
Foods, feeds, and beverages	155.1 156.6 143.5	165.4 167.6 147.9	162.1 164.1 145.7	156.7 158.3 144.4	162.8 165.0 145.3	167.3 170.3 141.4	174.8 178.6 141.5	164.9 167.6 142.2	164.5 167.3 140.8	158.2 160.7 137.3	156.5 159.0 135.0	162.0 164.6 139.9	165.0 167.9 140.4
Industrial supplies and materials	139.6	139.0	137.9	136.5	136.9	137.7	140.4	140.6	143.6	143.9	144.9	147.5	150.1
Agricultural industrial supplies and materials	126.1	125.6	126.2	122.9	123.6	130.2	131.0	134.9	138.0	142.2	143.9	151.8	152.4
Fuels and lubricants	166.8	165.8	156.2	146.9	156.9	160.2	175.2	166.0	181.6	171.9	175.5	184.6	189.6
Nonagricultural supplies and materials, excluding fuel and building materials Selected building materials	138.8 115.1	138.2 115.5	138.2 115.3	138.2 114.0	137.1 113.5	137.3 112.5	138.5 113.0	139.8 112.8	141.1 113.7	142.7 114.0	143.3 112.5	144.8 113.0	147.4 113.5
Capital goods Electric and electrical generating equipment Nonelectrical machinery	101.5 109.0 93.3	102.1 107.3 93.7	102.3 106.7 94.0	102.3 106.8 93.8	102.8 106.8 94.3	103.0 107.0 94.4	103.1 107.2 94.4	103.2 107.0 94.5	103.4 107.3 94.7	103.5 107.4 94.9	103.2 107.9 94.4	103.3 108.9 94.6	103.2 109.5 94.5
Automotive vehicles, parts, and engines	108.0	108.4	108.1	108.2	108.1	108.1	108.0	107.9	107.9	108.0	108.1	108.2	108.2
Consumer goods, excluding automotive Nondurables, manufactured Durables, manufactured	109.0 107.2 109.7	109.2 108.8 109.7	109.3 109.0 109.8	108.5 107.1 109.9	107.5 107.2 107.6	107.9 107.8 107.9	108.4 108.5 108.1	108.9 108.7 109.5	109.1 109.0 109.6	109.2 109.4 109.5	109.3 109.3 109.6	109.5 109.8 109.4	109.4 110.0 109.2
Agricultural commodities Nonagricultural commodities	150.8 113.2	159.7 113.5	157.0 113.3	151.6 112.9	157.2 113.1	162.8 113.4	169.7 114.1	161.3 114.2	161.6 115.0	156.9 115.1	155.8 115.2	161.8 115.8	164.6 116.4

45. U.S. import price indexes by end-use category

[2000 = 100]

Cotogony	2008						20	09					
Category	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
ALL COMMODITIES	114.5	113.0	113.0	113.6	114.8	116.8	120.0	119.3	121.1	121.3	122.3	124.1	124.3
Foods, feeds, and beverages	142.3	142.3	137.8	137.0	138.9	139.2	139.8	138.2	140.0	140.6	141.2	142.6	143.7
Agricultural foods, feeds, and beverages	159.4	159.0	153.0	151.3	154.3	155.0	155.5	153.2	155.7	156.8	157.3	159.5	160.8
Nonagricultural (fish, beverages) food products	103.8	104.5	103.4	104.8	104.1	103.6	104.4	104.2	104.5	104.1	104.9	104.5	104.9
Industrial supplies and materials	150.4	143.7	144.9	149.3	154.3	163.0	177.3	174.4	182.4	183.0	187.2	195.0	195.8
Fuels and lubricants	153.9	146.6	150.5	162.3	174.4	191.5	222.1	216.3	231.4	228.5	235.3	250.2	248.7
Petroleum and petroleum products	150.8	143.8	151.6	168.5	185.5	206.1	241.5	235.8	253.7	252.2	258.3	272.3	268.4
Paper and paper base stocks	113.2	110.3	108.8	106.6	104.6	103.3	101.8	99.1	98.4	99.1	100.5	102.4	103.1
Materials associated with nondurable													
supplies and materials	148.5	138.8	137.1	136.7	135.3	139.2	137.5	132.3	133.3	134.8	137.7	139.4	141.0
Selected building materials	118.1	117.2	116.5	116.2	115.2	114.5	116.0	118.0	119.2	118.9	118.6	118.5	120.7
Unfinished metals associated with durable goods	185.7	176.5	175.9	171.6	171.1	172.8	178.3	184.8	190.6	204.0	208.0	213.1	221.5
Nonmetals associated with durable goods	109.0	107.1	106.2	105.2	104.3	103.4	103.0	102.8	103.5	104.3	104.8	105.2	105.4
Capital goods	92.7	92.7	92.3	91.8	91.9	91.9	91.9	91.9	91.9	91.9	91.9	92.0	91.8
Electric and electrical generating equipment	111.4	111.1	110.3	109.4	109.1	109.8	110.0	110.2	110.3	110.3	110.8	111.1	111.3
Nonelectrical machinery	87.5	87.5	87.2	86.6	86.8	86.7	86.5	86.5	86.5	86.5	86.4	86.5	86.3
Automotive vehicles, parts, and engines	107.8	108.0	107.9	107.7	107.7	107.9	108.0	108.2	108.4	108.6	108.8	108.9	108.8
Consumer goods, excluding automotive	104.4	104.4	104.4	103.9	104.1	104.2	104.3	104.1	104.1	104.1	104.3	104.3	104.3
Nondurables, manufactured	108.2	108.9	108.9	108.4	108.3	108.1	108.1	107.8	107.8	107.8	107.8	107.9	107.8
Durables, manufactured	100.7	100.1	100.0	99.8	100.0	100.5	100.6	100.6	100.6	100.7	100.9	100.9	100.8
Nonmanufactured consumer goods	103.6	102.7	104.4	101.2	102.7	101.3	101.4	101.3	100.8	101.2	101.6	101.1	102.1

46. U.S. international price Indexes for selected categories of services

[2000 = 100, unless indicated otherwise]

Category	2007		20	08			20	09	
Category	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.
Import air freight	141.8	144.4	158.7	157.1	138.5	132.9	132.8	134.8	163.9
	127.1	132.0	140.8	144.3	135.0	124.1	117.4	121.6	122.7
Import air passenger fares (Dec. 2006 = 100)	135.3	131.3	171.6	161.3	157.3	134.9	147.3	137.9	152.3
Export air passenger fares (Dec. 2006 = 100)	155.7	156.4	171.4	171.9	164.6	141.7	138.2	141.3	156.1

47. Indexes of productivity, hourly compensation, and unit costs, quarterly data seasonally adjusted [1992 = 100]

Item	2006		20	07			200	08			20	09	
	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	Ш	IV	-	II	III	IV
Business													
Output per hour of all persons	138.7	139.0	140.2	142.1	142.6	142.7	143.8	143.9	144.2	144.3	146.7	149.3	151.7
Compensation per hour	173.3	175.2	176.5	177.8	179.6	180.3	181.0	183.0	184.2	182.0	184.9	187.6	188.3
Real compensation per hour	122.5	122.7	122.4	122.6	122.1	121.2	120.4	119.9	123.3	122.6	124.1	124.8	124.2
Unit labor costs	124.9	126.0	125.9	125.1	125.9	126.3	125.9	127.2	127.7	126.1	126.1	125.6	124.2
Unit nonlabor payments	135.1	136.7	139.4	141.9	141.9	141.7	143.8	145.4	143.6	148.1	147.9	148.8	151.8
Implicit price deflator	128.7	130.0	130.9	131.4	131.9	132.1	132.5	134.0	133.6	134.3	134.2	134.3	134.4
Nonfarm business													
Output per hour of all persons	137.8	138.2	139.2	141.1	141.8	141.7	142.8	142.8	143.1	143.2	145.6	148.2	150.4
Compensation per hour	172.3	174.2	175.1	176.3	178.5	179.2	179.8	181.8	183.1	180.9	183.9	186.4	187.1
Real compensation per hour	121.8	122.1	121.4	121.5	121.3	120.5	119.6	119.1	122.6	121.9	123.5	124.1	123.5
Unit labor costs	125.0	126.0	125.8	125.0	125.9	126.4	125.9	127.3	128.0	126.3	126.3	125.8	124.4
Unit nonlabor payments	136.9	138.2	140.9	143.3	143.0	142.5	144.9	146.6	145.3	150.5	150.2	151.4	153.8
Implicit price deflator	129.3	130.5	131.4	131.7	132.2	132.3	132.9	134.4	134.3	135.2	135.1	135.2	135.2
Nonfinancial corporations													
Output per hour of all employees	143.6	143.5	144.5	144.1	145.9	145.0	147.4	148.6	148.0	145.3	148.2	150.5	_
Compensation per hour	162.5	164.2	165.2	166.2	168.3	168.6	169.7	171.8	173.7	171.6	173.5	175.8	_
Real compensation per hour	114.9	115.0	114.6	114.5	114.4	113.4	112.9	112.5	116.3	115.6	116.5	117.0	_
Total unit costs	115.3	116.8	117.2	118.6	118.7	119.8	118.9	119.4	121.8	123.8	122.7	121.6	_
Unit labor costs	113.2	114.4	114.4	115.3	115.3	116.3	115.1	115.6	117.3	118.1	117.1	116.8	_
Unit nonlabor costs	120.9	123.1	124.9	127.4	127.9	129.1	129.2	129.8	134.1	139.1	138.0	134.6	-
Unit profits	175.8	171.2	171.8	155.6	149.9	133.0	134.7	145.3	129.5	127.5	133.8	138.9	-
Unit nonlabor payments	135.9	136.2	137.7	135.1	133.9	130.2	130.7	134.0	132.8	135.9	136.8	135.8	-
Implicit price deflator	120.8	121.8	122.2	122.0	121.6	121.0	120.4	121.8	122.5	124.1	123.7	123.2	_
Manufacturing													
Output per hour of all persons	175.3	176.9	178.2	180.1	181.6	182.8	181.6	180.3	178.1	177.0	179.9	186.1	189.6
Compensation per hour	169.5	172.9	172.9	172.9	175.6	175.7	176.9	178.8	183.9	183.7	186.6	189.5	189.5
Real compensation per hour	119.9	121.1	119.9	119.2	119.4	118.1	117.6	117.1	123.1	123.7	125.3	126.1	125.0
Unit labor costs	96.7	97.7	97.0	96.0	96.7	96.1	97.4	99.2	103.2	103.8	103.7	101.9	99.9

NOTE: Dash indicates data not available.

48. Annual indexes of multifactor productivity and related measures, selected years

[2000 = 100, unless otherwise indicated]

Item	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Private business													
Productivity:													
Output per hour of all persons	90.0	91.7	94.3	97.2	100.0	102.8	107.1	111.2	114.5	116.6	117.6	119.5	122.7
Output per unit of capital services	105.3	105.3	103.8	102.3	100.0	96.0	94.7	95.5	97.2	98.1	98.4	97.7	95.6
Multifactor productivity	95.3	96.2	97.4	98.8	100.0	100.4	102.5	105.4	108.2	109.7	110.3	110.7	112.0
Output	82.8	87.2	91.5	96.2	100.0	100.5	102.0	105.2	109.7	113.6	117.1	119.5	120.4
Inputs:													
Labor input	90.8	94.4	96.5	98.8	100.0	98.2	96.2	95.8	96.9	98.8	101.2	102.3	100.3
Capital services	78.7	82.9	88.2	94.1	100.0	104.6	107.7	110.2	112.9	115.8	119.1	122.3	125.9
Combined units of labor and capital input	86.9	90.7	93.9	97.4	100.0	100.0	99.5	99.9	101.4	103.6	106.2	108.0	107.6
Capital per hour of all persons	85.5	87.1	90.9	95.0	100.0	107.0	113.1	116.5	117.8	118.9	119.6	122.3	128.3
Private nonfarm business													
Productivity:													
Output per hour of all persons	90.5	92.0	94.5	97.3	100.0	102.7	107.1	111.1	114.2	116.1	117.2	118.9	122.3
Output per unit of capital services	106.1	105.8	104.2	102.6	100.0	96.0	94.5	95.2	96.9	97.7	97.9	97.0	95.1
Multifactor productivity	95.8	96.5	97.7	99.0	100.0	100.4	102.5	105.2	108.0	109.3	109.9	110.1	111.4
Output	82.8	87.2	91.5	96.3	100.0	100.5	102.1	105.2	109.6	113.5	117.1	119.4	120.4
Inputs:													
Labor input	90.4	94.0	96.3	98.8	100.0	98.4	96.4	96.0	97.1	99.1	101.6	102.8	100.9
Capital services	78.1	82.4	87.8	93.9	100.0	104.7	107.9	110.5	113.1	116.1	119.6	123.1	126.7
Combined units of labor and capital input	86.5	90.4	93.7	97.3	100.0	100.2	99.6	100.0	101.5	103.8	106.6	108.4	108.1
Capital per hour of all persons	85.3	86.9	90.7	94.8	100.0	107.0	113.2	116.7	117.8	118.9	119.7	122.6	128.8
Manufacturing [1996 = 100]													
Productivity:													
Output per hour of all persons	82.7	87.3	92.0	96.1	100.0	101.6	108.6	115.3	117.9	123.5	125.0	-	_
Output per unit of capital services	98.0	100.6	100.7	100.4	100.0	93.5	92.3	93.2	95.4	98.9	100.2	-	_
Multifactor productivity	91.2	93.8	95.9	96.7	100.0	98.7	102.4	105.2	108.0	108.4	110.1	-	_
Output	83.1	89.2	93.8	97.4	100.0	94.9	94.3	95.2	96.9	100.4	102.3	-	_
Inputs:												-	_
Hours of all persons	100.4	102.2	101.9	101.3	100.0	93.5	86.8	82.6	82.2	81.3	81.8	-	_
Capital services	84.8	88.7	93.2	97.0	100.0	101.5	102.1	102.1	101.6	101.5	102.0	_	_
Energy	110.4	108.2	105.4	105.5	100.0	90.6	89.3	84.4	84.0	91.6	86.6	_	_
Nonenergy materials	86.0	92.9	97.7	102.6	100.0	93.3	88.4	87.7	87.3	92.4	91.5	_	_
Purchased business services	88.5	92.1	95.0	100.0	100.0	100.7	98.2	99.1	97.0	104.5	106.6	-	_
Combined units of all factor inputs	91.1	95.1	97.8	100.7	100.0	96.2	92.1	90.5	89.7	92.7	92.9	_	_

NOTE: Dash indicates data not available.

49. Annual indexes of productivity, hourly compensation, unit costs, and prices, selected years

[1992 = 100]

Item	1964	1974	1984	1994	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Business													
Output per hour of all persons	57.0	72.5	85.5	101.4	120.7	126.2	131.0	134.9	137.1	138.5	141.0	143.6	147.9
Compensation per hour	16.2	31.8	68.9	103.8	140.9	145.3	152.3	157.6	163.8	170.1	177.3	182.1	185.7
Real compensation per hour	68.4	84.1	90.5	99.2	114.0	115.6	118.6	119.5	120.2	120.8	122.4	121.1	123.9
Unit labor costs	28.5	43.8	80.6	102.3	116.7	115.1	116.2	116.9	119.5	122.8	125.7	126.8	125.5
Unit nonlabor payments	27.2	39.7	80.4	106.1	111.0	116.1	118.7	125.8	131.9	135.9	140.0	143.6	149.2
Implicit price deflator	28.0	42.3	80.5	103.7	114.6	115.5	117.1	120.2	124.1	127.7	131.0	133.0	134.3
Nonfarm business													
Output per hour of all persons	59.8	74.5	86.4	101.6	120.2	125.7	130.3	134.0	136.2	137.5	140.1	142.6	146.8
Compensation per hour	16.6	31.9	69.2	103.8	140.1	144.5	151.4	156.6	162.8	169.0	176.0	181.0	184.6
Real compensation per hour	70.0	84.6	90.9	99.2	113.3	115.0	117.9	118.7	119.4	120.0	121.6	120.4	123.2
Unit labor costs	27.8	42.9	80.1	102.2	116.5	115.0	116.2	116.8	119.5	122.9	125.7	126.9	125.7
Unit nonlabor payments	27.1	37.9	79.5	106.6	112.6	118.1	120.1	126.7	133.6	138.0	141.4	144.8	151.5
Implicit price deflator	27.5	41.0	79.9	103.8	115.1	116.1	117.6	120.4	124.7	128.5	131.5	133.5	135.2
Nonfinancial corporations													
Output per hour of all employees	62.6	73.0	87.4	102.3	123.5	127.9	133.0	137.5	141.0	143.0	144.5	147.2	_
Compensation per hour	18.2	34.0	71.6	103.6	137.3	140.9	147.3	150.9	155.7	160.2	166.0	170.9	-
Real compensation per hour	76.9	90.0	94.0	99.0	111.0	112.2	114.7	114.4	114.2	113.8	114.6	113.7	_
Total unit costs	27.7	45.1	81.8	100.9	111.5	110.9	111.3	110.1	111.8	113.8	117.8	120.0	-
Unit labor costs	29.2	46.5	82.0	101.3	111.2	110.2	110.8	109.7	110.4	112.0	114.9	116.1	_
Unit nonlabor costs	23.9	41.3	81.4	99.6	112.3	112.9	112.7	111.3	115.4	118.9	125.8	130.5	-
Unit profits	58.6	47.5	106.4	134.0	84.0	96.6	107.3	142.7	161.1	179.9	162.1	135.7	-
Unit nonlabor payments	33.3	42.9	88.2	109.0	104.6	108.5	111.2	119.8	127.8	135.5	135.7	131.9	-
Implicit price deflator	30.6	45.3	84.1	103.9	109.0	109.6	110.9	113.1	116.3	119.9	121.9	121.4	_
Manufacturing													
Output per hour of all persons	_	-	_	106.2	141.2	151.0	160.4	164.0	171.9	173.7	179.2	180.7	183.1
Compensation per hour	-	-	_	104.8	137.5	145.1	156.7	157.9	163.2	166.4	173.6	178.7	187.3
Real compensation per hour	-	-	_	100.1	111.2	115.5	122.0	119.7	119.7	118.2	119.9	118.9	125.0
Unit labor costs	-	-	_	98.7	97.4	96.1	97.7	96.3	94.9	95.8	96.9	98.9	102.3
Unit nonlabor payments	-	-	_	102.8	102.1	101.2	103.3	111.3	122.5	128.0	-	-	-
Implicit price deflator	_	-	_	101.4	100.6	99.5	101.5	106.4	113.5	117.4	_	-	_

Dash indicates data not available.

50. Annual indexes of output per hour for selected NAICS industries

NAICS	Industry	1987	1992	1997	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
NAICS	industry	1987	1992	1997	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
	Mining												
21	Mining	75.1	83.7	88.1	97.8	96.1	100.0	102.2	94.1	84.6	76.9	71.9	-
211	Oil and gas extraction		65.9	80.8	96.5	98.2	100.0	105.1	90.2	87.1	81.0	78.3	-
2111	Oil and gas extraction	64.7	65.9	80.8	96.5	98.2	100.0	105.1	90.2	87.1	81.0	78.3	-
212	Mining, except oil and gas	62.6	78.4	90.3	96.0	98.5	100.0	102.8	104.9	103.1	100.3	95.0	-
2121	Coal mining		67.2	89.5	103.7	102.3	100.0	101.5	101.5	96.5	89.3	90.4	-
2122	Metal ore mining	51.4	66.0	72.4	87.9	95.7	100.0	102.9	99.2	94.0	89.1	75.4	-
2123	Nonmetallic mineral mining and quarrying	85.0	93.1	96.5	92.8	95.9	100.0	104.5	110.4	114.3	115.8	106.0	-
213	Support activities for mining		87.6	96.6	97.5	106.7	100.0	131.7	164.5	140.1	142.1	151.5	-
2131	Support activities for mining	76.7	87.6	96.6	97.5	106.7	100.0	131.7	164.5	140.1	142.1	151.5	-
	Utilities												
2211	Power generation and supply	63.7	72.4	97.2	103.9	103.4	100.0	102.1	104.4	111.1	112.1	110.1	
2212	Natural gas distribution	58.7	66.0	86.6	98.1	95.3	100.0	98.9	102.5	105.8	103.2	103.7	-
	Manufacturing												
311	Food	80.9	85.0	86.9	93.5	95.4	100.0	101.6	101.0	106.2	104.1	101.4	-
3111	Animal food	58.6	63.6	70.4	77.0	92.0	100.0	117.7	104.6	119.5	108.2	109.4	·
3112	Grain and oilseed milling	66.0	74.2	81.4	92.3	97.6	100.0	100.7	105.1	106.6	102.3	104.1	-
3113	Sugar and confectionery products		81.9	92.5	102.3	100.3	100.0	100.4	107.3	120.4	113.5	103.4	·
3114	Fruit and vegetable preserving and specialty	73.1	72.3	78.7	88.7	95.7	100.0	97.2	99.5	103.3	98.0	104.5	-
0445	Delega mendente	77.4	00.4	040	00.0	00.4	400.0	4040	400.0	404.0	400.7	00.4	
3115	Dairy products		89.1	94.6	89.6	92.1	100.0	104.2	102.0	101.9	100.7	99.4	l '
3116	Animal slaughtering and processing		94.4	93.0	95.7	96.0	100.0	99.9	100.4	109.7	109.4	105.8	l '
3117	Seafood product preparation and packaging		69.4	58.9	82.7	89.8	100.0	101.8	96.5	110.5	122.0	109.2	·
3118	Bakeries and tortilla manufacturing	85.5	86.2	87.5	96.6	98.4	100.0	97.9	100.1	104.3	103.8	101.3	·
3119	Other food products	86.8	86.9	89.1	100.4	94.2	100.0	105.0	106.1	102.6	102.6	94.7	·
312	Payaragas and tahasas products	94.9	111.0	121.4	107.3	108.3	100.0	111.4	114.6	120.8	113.0	109.5	
3121	Beverages and tobacco products	77.8	95.7			93.2		110.8		120.8			· ·
	Beverages			100.8 149.3	91.6		100.0		115.4		112.6	112.7	-
3122 313	Tobacco and tobacco products		116.0 66.6	81.3	143.0 86.3	146.6 89.4	100.0 100.0	116.7 111.1	121.5 113.0	136.5 122.9	138.1 122.2	137.3 124.1	-
3131	Textile mills	59.8 50.0	60.2	75.2	75.6	82.5	100.0	112.1	116.7	108.8	105.5	115.7	-
3131	Fiber, yarn, and thread mills	50.0	60.2	75.2	75.6	82.5	100.0	112.1	116.7	108.8	105.5	115.7	l -
3132	Fabric mills	56.0	67.2	82.5	90.2	91.4	100.0	114.0	115.3	133.0	140.7	141.5	
3133	Textile and fabric finishing mills		69.9	83.6	87.2	91.0	100.0	104.1	104.5	113.3	102.4	98.5	Ι.
314	Textile product mills	82.2	82.0	91.4	101.3	97.8	100.0	102.8	115.0	121.1	110.9	98.5	
3141	Textile furnishings mills		87.4	94.4	100.5	98.0	100.0	105.6	115.1	118.8	107.7	99.9	
3149	Other textile product mills		79.1	93.1	105.9	99.0	100.0	98.0	116.4	128.3	120.9	103.2	
3143	Other textile product milis	10.1	73.1	33.1	100.0	33.0	100.0	30.0	110.4	120.5	120.3	100.2	
315	Apparel	73.1	77.8	100.3	116.9	117.2	100.0	106.7	94.2	94.4	86.0	60.4	
3151	Apparel knitting mills		86.9	92.8	100.4	97.3	100.0	93.2	83.7	97.8	97.7	65.6	
3152	Cut and sew apparel		73.1	99.6	119.2	119.7	100.0	109.7	96.4	91.9	82.4	58.2	
3159	Accessories and other apparel	129.9	129.8	132.2	129.8	137.4	100.0	105.8	95.8	109.8	96.3	71.6	
316	Leather and allied products		95.2	121.1	133.4	138.0	100.0	105.7	130.3	130.6	135.8	128.4	
0.0	25dation data damod production	0	00.2			100.0	100.0		100.0	100.0	100.0	120.1	
3161	Leather and hide tanning and finishing	138.4	131.6	153.7	136.7	140.1	100.0	103.1	135.7	142.2	127.8	166.5	-
3162	Footwear	78.5	86.0	102.5	122.2	131.5	100.0	107.7	112.6	118.6	126.7	101.6	-
3169	Other leather products		127.9	135.3	143.2	140.8	100.0	109.7	165.5	160.7	183.1	178.6	-
321	Wood products	83.1	86.8	87.5	90.2	91.7	100.0	101.6	102.2	107.6	110.9	111.2	-
3211	Sawmills and wood preservation	67.3	74.1	86.9	90.9	90.6	100.0	108.3	103.9	108.3	113.4	107.7	-
	·												
3212	Plywood and engineered wood products	90.3	103.4	90.4	89.6	95.1	100.0	96.7	92.3	99.6	105.5	109.4	-
3219	Other wood products	89.9	87.8	87.3	90.4	90.9	100.0	100.7	106.5	111.5	113.2	115.4	-
322	Paper and paper products	75.4	79.7	87.7	93.5	93.8	100.0	104.3	108.0	108.6	109.8	113.8	-
3221	Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills	61.7	66.4	75.4	88.0	90.4	100.0	106.0	110.3	110.2	110.8	114.0	-
3222	Converted paper products	84.4	89.2	94.8	96.0	95.3	100.0	104.0	107.5	108.7	110.3	115.4	-
323	Printing and related support activities		91.1	88.9	95.0	95.1	100.0	100.4	103.8	109.2	111.8	115.4	-
3231	Printing and related support activities	87.7	91.1	88.9	95.0	95.1	100.0	100.4	103.8	109.2	111.8	115.4	-
324	Petroleum and coal products	60.8	67.0	85.6	96.8	94.9	100.0	102.0	105.9	106.2	104.3	105.8	-
3241	Petroleum and coal products	60.8	67.0	85.6	96.8	94.9	100.0	102.0	105.9	106.2	104.3	105.8	-
325	Chemicals	75.0	75.9	87.3	92.9	92.0	100.0	101.2	105.3	109.4	109.1	116.7	-
	5	70.	=0.4					400 =					
3251	Basic chemicals	76.1	72.4	80.2	94.6	87.6	100.0	108.5	121.8	129.6	134.1	154.9	-
3252	Resin, rubber, and artificial fibers	62.9	65.4	81.2	89.0	86.3	100.0	97.7	97.3	103.4	105.5	108.6	l -
3253	Agricultural chemicals		82.5	100.6	92.8	89.9	100.0	110.4	121.0	139.2	134.7	142.8	l -
3254	Pharmaceuticals and medicines		89.9	102.7	98.2	102.2	100.0	102.8	103.7	107.3	107.6	105.1	Ι.
3255	Paints, coatings, and adhesives	81.6	81.6	91.4	90.5	97.3	100.0	106.1	109.7	111.2	106.7	104.4	Ι.
2252	Cook aloosing compounds on the Helicites	07.0	00.5	00.0	00.0		400.0	00 -	400.0	400 -	444.0	404.0	l
3256	Soap, cleaning compounds, and toiletries	67.8	68.5	80.0	82.3	84.6	100.0	92.7	102.6	109.7	111.3	134.3	l -
3259	Other chemical products and preparations	62.3	70.7	82.6	98.1	90.9	100.0	98.6	96.2	96.0	91.5	105.7	l -
326	Plastics and rubber products	67.3	73.8	82.7	91.1	92.8	100.0	103.8	105.9	108.7	108.6	108.1	l -
3261	Plastics products	67.3	73.2	80.8	90.7	92.4	100.0	103.9	105.8	108.5	106.8	105.1	l -
3262	Rubber products	71.3	79.3	93.2	94.8	95.5	100.0	103.5	106.4	109.4	114.2	119.5	l -
	1		l .			l .	l .	l	1	l .			
327	Nonmetallic mineral products		86.4	95.1	98.6	95.6	100.0	107.1	105.3	111.6	110.7	111.5	l -
3271	Clay products and refractories	90.6	92.7	102.7	108.5	99.1	100.0	109.5	116.0	122.0	122.2	115.2	

50. Continued - Annual indexes of output per hour for selected NAICS industries [2002=100]

NAICS	Industry	1987	1992	1997	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
3272	Glass and glass products	75.6	77.6	91.1	100.2	94.1	100.0	106.7	105.7	111.8	119.2	118.6	
3273	Cement and concrete products	90.5	93.3	97.0	99.3	95.5	100.0	106.3	101.0	104.6	101.6	105.4	_
3274	Lime and gypsum products	89.3	90.3	101.2	99.8	103.1	100.0	109.3	107.2	121.9	119.3	113.9	-
3279	Other nonmetallic mineral products	79.4	85.6	94.9	90.3	95.2	100.0	105.7	106.8	118.5	112.8	109.7	-
331	Primary metals	70.4	76.7	86.9	88.0	87.6	100.0	103.4	116.7	119.8	119.7	129.3	-
3311	Iron and steel mills and ferroalloy production	51.9	59.9	80.1	84.6	83.6	100.0	106.1	136.5	134.2	138.1	142.3	-
3312	Steel products from purchased steel	81.9	92.5	102.9	99.1	101.3	100.0	91.8	82.6	77.7	70.0	68.6	-
3313	Alumina and aluminum production	72.7	76.9	80.3	77.5	77.2	100.0	101.8	110.4	125.3	123.1	132.0	-
3314	Other nonferrous metal production	90.8	93.3	93.7	96.2	93.4	100.0	109.6	110.3	106.1	95.2	115.7	-
3315	Foundries	69.4	73.7	85.5	88.7	91.2	100.0	100.4	106.8	111.4	114.1	115.3	-
332	Fabricated metal products	78.3	82.3	90.1	94.7	94.5	100.0	103.4	102.9	106.5	109.2	111.1	-
3321	Forging and stamping	68.8	74.2	80.4	97.8	97.3	100.0	107.3	113.8	118.5	121.4	128.4	-
3322	Cutlery and handtools	76.1	76.8	88.1	93.4	97.3	100.0	99.2	90.9	95.4	97.2	109.1	-
3323	Architectural and structural metals	83.5	87.3	94.0	95.6	95.5	100.0	103.7	99.2	104.3	107.6	107.2	-
3324	Boilers, tanks, and shipping containers	86.7	96.2	100.6	95.2	95.0	100.0	103.7	96.0	99.4	101.1	104.4	-
3325	Hardware	77.0	75.8	86.8	99.4	98.4	100.0	105.7	104.5	106.8	107.2	91.6	-
3326	Spring and wire products	65.4	72.2	79.6	89.7	89.0	100.0	106.0	104.3	110.9	110.5	108.4	-
3327	Machine shops and threaded products	65.2	73.4	87.2	94.9	95.3	100.0	100.5	101.7	101.0	102.1	104.5	-
3328	Coating, engraving, and heat treating metals Other fabricated metal products	64.1	73.8	85.7	89.4	92.5	100.0	100.3	106.1	118.0	115.6	118.6	-
3329	Other labricated metal products	85.5	84.9	93.9	93.9	90.6	100.0	104.5	104.8	106.6	111.1	111.8	-
333	Machinery	70.0	74.0	85.8	95.7	93.7	100.0	108.1	109.4	115.9	119.5	119.7	-
3331	Agriculture, construction, and mining machinery	69.1	74.7	96.1	96.1	95.3	100.0	112.3	120.8	124.0	125.1	120.9	-
3332	Industrial machinery	63.4	67.3	84.8	109.9	89.6	100.0	98.9	107.3	105.3	116.3	119.0	-
3333	Commercial and service industry machinery	88.9	102.5	102.1	102.9	97.1	100.0	107.5	109.6	118.4	127.4	114.6	-
3334	HVAC and commercial refrigeration equipment	70.6	76.8	84.1	90.8	93.3	100.0	109.6	112.1	116.1	113.0	108.8	-
3335	Metalworking machinery	75.8	79.8	89.6	96.2	94.2	100.0	103.9	102.9	110.9	111.7	117.3	-
3336	Turbine and power transmission equipment	61.5	61.9	76.6	88.1	97.3	100.0	110.3	96.4	100.6	96.4	96.1	-
3339 334	Other general purpose machinery	70.5	72.0	84.7	96.1	93.5	100.0 100.0	108.1 114.2	107.4 127.9	117.4 134.9	121.8 146.2	124.4 157.9	-
3341	Computer and electronic products Computer and peripheral equipment	15.1 3.7	23.0 7.2	53.0 33.5	96.2 78.4	96.3 84.4	100.0	121.5	133.9	172.7	233.1	285.0	-
3342 3343	Communications equipment	31.2 41.6	47.5 63.1	78.2 67.0	128.4 84.9	120.1 86.7	100.0 100.0	113.4 112.6	122.0 155.8	118.5 149.2	146.3 147.1	139.5 106.9	-
3344	Semiconductors and electronic components	6.4	11.3	37.8	87.5	87.1	100.0	121.0	133.8	149.2	137.7	159.2	_
3345	Electronic instruments	59.3	72.7	84.4	98.4	100.4	100.0	106.1	122.4	124.4	128.8	138.2	_
3346	Magnetic media manufacturing and reproduction	77.0	81.3	89.7	93.3	88.7	100.0	114.5	128.8	129.7	124.9	128.2	-
335	Electrical equipment and appliances	66.0	72.5	88.1	98.3	98.2	100.0	103.5	109.2	114.3	114.7	117.6	_
3351	Electric lighting equipment	80.6	83.4	88.6	90.2	94.3	100.0	98.5	108.1	112.7	121.6	122.7	_
3352	Household appliances	53.5	62.4	76.0	89.3	94.9	100.0	111.6	121.2	124.6	129.7	125.9	-
3353	Electrical equipment	67.3	77.5	98.1	97.5	98.9	100.0	102.1	110.7	117.9	119.7	126.3	-
3359	Other electrical equipment and components	68.7	71.8	87.3	104.7	99.0	100.0	102.0	101.8	106.3	101.5	105.9	-
336	Transportation equipment	65.5	70.5	78.7	85.7	89.2	100.0	109.0	108.3	113.8	114.8	122.1	-
3361	Motor vehicles	60.4	72.4	79.5	87.1	87.3	100.0	112.0	113.2	118.5	130.6	136.8	-
3362	Motor vehicle bodies and trailers	81.0	83.0	95.2	93.7	84.2	100.0	103.8	104.8	107.8	103.3	110.5	-
3363	Motor vehicle parts	60.3	63.1	76.9	86.1	88.1	100.0	104.8	105.5	109.8	108.4	111.9	-
3364	Aerospace products and parts	73.5	81.3	84.2	86.9	97.4	100.0	99.2	93.9	102.6	97.3	109.0	-
3365	Railroad rolling stock	38.0	55.9	68.5	81.1	86.3	100.0	94.1	87.2	88.4	95.2	94.4	-
3366	Ship and boat building	73.3	76.1	76.6	94.4	93.3	100.0	103.7	106.8	102.4	97.8	99.5	-
3369	Other transportation equipment	48.7	59.3	65.5	83.3	83.4	100.0	110.0	110.4	112.8	122.9	148.8	-
337 3371	Furniture and related products Household and institutional furniture	75.9 77.3	78.4 81.4	88.7 89.3	91.3 92.7	92.0 94.7	100.0 100.0	102.0 101.1	103.3 100.8	107.5 105.9	109.2 109.7	106.2 105.7	-
3372	Office furniture and fixtures	74.0	74.0	86.3	86.9	84.7	100.0	106.3	110.4	112.4	107.2	104.3	-
3379 339	Other furniture related products	77.4	78.0 71.1	89.6 79.3	90.2 92.6	94.8	100.0	99.4	109.4	115.5	120.5	119.5	-
339 3391	Medical equipment and supplies	64.5 57.7	68.5	79.3 76.6	92.6	94.0 93.8	100.0 100.0	106.9 107.6	106.4 108.6	114.8 116.2	118.4 117.8	114.4 113.7]
3399	Other miscellaneous manufacturing	71.8	74.5	83.1	96.0	94.7	100.0	107.8	104.6	113.0	117.8	113.7	_
	Wholesale trade												
42	Wholesale trade	59.5	70.3	81.2	94.5	95.5	100.0	103.5	109.0	109.4	110.9	110.8	110.5
423	Durable goods	44.5	53.9	71.5	89.2	92.0	100.0	104.6	115.1	118.9	122.9	121.9	122.3
4231	Motor vehicles and parts	55.9	63.1	75.0	87.5	90.0	100.0	103.2	107.6	110.0	119.5	114.1	105.3
4232	Furniture and furnishings	69.5	82.4	86.3	97.0	95.5	100.0	106.9	112.2	109.6	113.0	105.2	88.4
4233 4234	Lumber and construction supplies	88.0 10.6	89.1 17.8	80.7 37.8	86.9 68.7	94.1 82.3	100.0 100.0	107.4 112.9	112.4 133.2	113.0 151.1	108.9 167.1	103.4 180.4	102.2 197.0
4235	Metals and minerals	105.6	112.3	103.9	97.5	98.0	100.0 100.0	101.2	110.4	107.5	103.0	95.1	87.1 148.0
4236 4237	Electric goods Hardware and plumbing	26.8 80.2	35.1 91.9	62.7 97.6	95.8 101.1	92.5 98.0	100.0	103.9 101.3	121.7 104.5	127.3 101.0	137.3 101.4	144.2 96.5	89.5
4238	Machinery and supplies	74.0	80.5	99.8	105.2	102.6	100.0	101.3	112.0	117.0	119.8	115.5	123.0
4238	wasminery and supplies	74.0	ou.5	99.8	105.2	102.0	100.0	103.1	112.0	117.0	119.8	110.0	123.0

50. Continued - Annual indexes of output per hour for selected NAICS industries [2002=100]

[2002=100	Industry	1987	1992	1997	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
	·		87.0										
4239 424	Miscellaneous durable goods Nondurable goods	72.0 86.1	96.3	80.2 94.6	91.7 99.4	93.8 99.3	100.0 100.0	96.0 104.4	107.7 107.4	107.0 107.7	96.7 105.8	93.8 105.0	96.5 104.5
4241	Paper and paper products	73.5	82.8	85.9	86.6	89.7	100.0	104.4	112.2	121.5	117.2	124.4	113.8
4242	Druggists' goods	78.8	98.7	111.5	95.7	94.6	100.0	111.6	117.9	124.8	121.7	113.3	121.2
4243	Apparel and piece goods	70.3	78.3	81.5	88.7	93.9	100.0	102.6	106.7	114.8	115.0	113.5	118.8
4244	Grocery and related products	89.3	106.1	101.5	103.9	103.3	100.0	106.4	105.6	104.7	104.5	107.3	103.5
4245	Farm product raw materials	83.1	84.8	101.8	107.2	104.1	100.0	100.1	111.3	113.4	120.4	119.9	122.0
4246 4247	Chemicals	101.5 54.9	118.1 73.9	112.3 65.1	98.7 89.9	95.8 91.5	100.0 100.0	103.5 98.4	102.4 106.2	97.5 98.6	93.0 95.8	92.6 92.0	93.4 93.5
4247	Petroleum	92.9	97.5	93.6	101.5	99.6	100.0	101.1	96.6	97.4	100.7	100.8	96.6
7270	7 Hooriono bovoragos	02.0	07.0	50.0	101.0	00.0	100.0	101.1	50.0	o₁.⊣	100.7	100.0	00.0
4249	Miscellaneous nondurable goods	104.9	92.5	94.3	108.1	105.3	100.0	103.5	113.5	116.4	113.4	109.0	101.5
425	Electronic markets and agents and brokers	58.6	77.0	91.1	109.4	100.9	100.0	95.3	89.4	79.6	84.2	91.4	89.0
4251	Electronic markets and agents and brokers	58.6	77.0	91.1	109.4	100.9	100.0	95.3	89.4	79.6	84.2	91.4	89.0
	Retail trade												
44-45	Retail trade	63.1	67.9	79.6	92.5	95.6	100.0	104.8	109.8	112.5	116.8	120.0	117.9
441	Motor vehicle and parts dealers	65.4	73.4	83.4	95.3	96.7	100.0	103.6	106.2	105.6	107.5	109.0	99.3
4411	Automobile dealers	67.6	76.4	85.3	97.0	98.5	100.0	101.9	106.4	105.4	106.9	109.2	99.1
4412	Other motor vehicle dealers	55.4	63.5	74.8	86.2	93.2	100.0	100.1	107.2	100.8	106.9	108.3	110.1
4413	Auto parts, accessories, and tire stores	66.7	76.9	92.9	100.7	94.1	100.0	106.9	102.3	107.3	108.2	105.6	101.4
442	Furniture and home furnishings stores	58.1	66.8	77.4	89.7	94.7	100.0	104.1	113.5	116.4	121.1	128.1	128.5
4421	Furniture stores	61.8	72.8	79.9	89.5	95.6	100.0	104.1	111.2	113.7	119.8	123.2	120.5
4422	Home furnishings stores	53.0	59.0	74.1	89.7	93.5	100.0	105.7	116.3	119.5	123.0	133.9	136.5
443	Electronics and appliance stores	16.3	24.1	42.8	74.4	84.2	100.0	125.3	143.1	158.1	177.3	201.1	232.9
4431	Electronics and appliance stores	16.3	24.1	42.8	74.4	84.2	100.0	125.3	143.1	158.1	177.3	201.1	232.9
444	Building material and garden supply stores	62.8	67.5	82.8	93.7	96.7	100.0	105.2	111.3	111.4	113.9	116.8	117.8
4441	Building material and supplies dealers	64.0	68.3	82.5	94.9	96.2	100.0	105.0	110.4	111.3	113.5	114.5	112.1
4442 445	Lawn and garden equipment and supplies stores Food and beverage stores	56.5 105.9	63.5 101.8	84.6 95.5	87.2 96.5	100.1 99.1	100.0 100.0	106.3 102.3	118.4 107.8	111.8 112.6	116.7 115.2	136.1 118.2	164.4 116.0
4451	Grocery stores	106.1	102.1	95.5	96.5	98.6	100.0	101.9	107.0	111.5	112.9	115.1	113.5
	,												
4452	Specialty food stores	131.5	106.1	95.0	93.6	102.8	100.0	106.5	114.3	118.8	131.2	140.1	128.7
4453	Beer, wine, and liquor stores	85.0	85.8	90.8	96.0	97.2	100.0	106.3	116.0	127.0	132.5	141.1	134.1
446	Health and personal care stores	68.4	73.1	81.3	91.3	94.5	100.0	105.3	109.2	108.8	113.0	112.1	112.5
4461	Health and personal care stores	68.4	73.1	81.3	91.3	94.5 90.2	100.0	105.3	109.2 97.7	108.8	113.0	112.1	112.5
447	Gasoline stations	67.1	70.2	79.9	86.1	90.2	100.0	95.8	97.7	99.4	98.9	101.4	100.8
4471	Gasoline stations	67.1	70.2	79.9	86.1	90.2	100.0	95.8	97.7	99.4	98.9	101.4	100.8
448	Clothing and clothing accessories stores	50.5	57.6	76.2	94.1	96.3	100.0	105.8	106.0	112.4	122.8	132.4	136.7
4481	Clothing stores	49.4	58.0	73.6	91.9	95.8	100.0	104.3	103.6	112.4	123.4	135.0	144.3
4482	Shoe stores	52.2	59.9	79.9	87.9	89.0	100.0	105.8	99.7	105.5	116.2	113.7	112.3
4483	Jewelry, luggage, and leather goods stores	54.4	53.2	84.3	110.0	104.4	100.0	111.9	121.6	117.0	124.2	134.2	122.0
451	Sporting goods, habby book and music stores	58.7	67.7	78.4	94.9	99.6	100.0	103.1	118.4	128.2	133.3	131.2	135.4
4511	Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores Sporting goods and musical instrument stores	53.8	63.4	73.5	94.9	98.9	100.0	103.1	122.0	132.0	140.1	137.0	141.7
4512	Book, periodical, and music stores	70.7	77.5	89.6	94.7	101.2	100.0	101.8	110.7	120.1	118.5	118.7	121.7
452	General merchandise stores	56.9	64.3	77.5	93.1	96.7	100.0	106.0	109.0	112.4	116.1	116.7	115.8
4521	Department stores	85.7	89.6	97.9	103.8	101.5	100.0	104.3	107.5	108.9	111.3	104.2	97.3
4529	Other general merchandise stores	30.5	38.9	55.8	82.4	92.2	100.0	105.8	107.1	110.7	113.9	120.3	123.2
453 4531	Miscellaneous store retailers	54.7 68.2	61.9 73.6	84.0 87.9	95.8 101.3	94.6 90.3	100.0 100.0	105.9 95.7	109.8 90.9	116.7 108.5	128.4 125.5	133.8 118.2	136.8 140.6
4531	Florists Office supplies, stationery and gift stores	43.4	52.6	70.7	89.9	93.5	100.0	108.8	122.1	128.9	143.1	151.8	140.6
4533	Used merchandise stores	45.4	57.6	70.7	82.0	85.8	100.0	105.4	107.4	110.4	117.6	131.9	148.6
4539	Other miscellaneous store retailers	72.4	75.5	106.0	110.6	102.7	100.0	105.8	102.7	107.4	119.0	123.1	121.3
454	Nonstore retailers	27.9	33.5	54.9	83.6	89.9	100.0	107.4	118.4	121.3	140.4	152.4	154.8
4541	Electronic shopping and mail-order houses	18.5	23.6	47.0	75.3	84.4	100.0	114.5	128.3	136.4	160.6	176.6	170.5
4542	Vending machine operators	104.6	101.6	109.6	121.7	104.9	100.0	112.1	121.1	125.7	139.7	142.3	160.9
4543	Direct selling establishments	52.4	58.4	74.0	90.7	94.7	100.0	94.1	96.5	88.9	95.8	99.9	99.4
	Transportation and warehousing												
481	Air transportation	76.7	80.0	98.3	96.0	91.0	100.0	110.2	124.2	133.6	140.5	143.0	-
482111	Line-haul railroads	44.7	62.3	75.8	86.6	92.4	100.0	105.0	107.2	103.3	109.3	104.4	-
48412	General freight trucking, long-distance	80.1	91.4	93.5	95.3	96.4	100.0	103.5	103.4	105.9	105.9	107.8	-
48421 491	Used household and office goods moving U.S. Postal service	130.9	137.9 89.4	122.6 93.9	116.2 99.1	102.9 99.8	100.0	105.7	108.6 103.4	108.5	109.0 104.5	114.3 105.3	_
491	U.S. Postal service	85.4 85.4	89.4 89.4	93.9	99.1	99.8	100.0 100.0	101.3 101.3	103.4	104.5 104.5	104.5	105.3	
7511	C.C. Cottal Col Vice.	55.4	55.4	33.3	33.1	33.0	130.0	101.0	100.4	104.0	104.0	100.0	
492	Couriers and messengers	103.6	108.8	69.8	90.0	92.6	100.0	102.2	96.7	95.3	98.0	92.5	-
493	Warehousing and storage	-	62.4	81.9	89.5	94.4	100.0	102.2	100.3	101.1	97.8	94.5	-
4931	Warehousing and storage	-	62.4	81.9	89.5	94.4	100.0	102.2	100.3	101.1	97.8	94.5	-
49311	General warehousing and storage	-	44.9	73.5	85.1	92.8	100.0	102.1	96.2	97.0	95.6	91.3	-
49312	Refrigerated warehousing and storage	_	106.7	114.7	109.4	98.0	100.0	105.8	114.0	101.8	92.2	97.7	-

50. Continued - Annual indexes of output per hour for selected NAICS industries

[2002=10	0]												
NAICS	Industry	1987	1992	1997	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
	Information												
511	Publishing industries, except internet	54.7	62.5	85.3	99.9	99.5	100.0	107.8	111.6	116.6	123.1	128.1	_
5111	Newspaper, book, and directory publishers	100.3	91.7	95.6	102.9	101.0	100.0	107.8	101.9	103.1	107.2	109.1	-
5112	Software publishers	8.3	35.3	81.9	97.7	96.2	100.0	113.1	131.5	142.1	146.3	151.2	-
51213	Motion picture and video exhibition	90.9	104.2	100.2	106.7	101.8	100.0	100.6	103.8	102.5	107.5	110.8	
515	Broadcasting, except internet	95.7	99.0	96.2	99.6	95.5	100.0	103.8	103.0	111.7	118.4	127.7	
313	broadcasting, except internet	33.1	33.0	30.2	33.0	33.3	100.0	103.0	100.2	111.7	110.4	127.7	
5151	Radio and television broadcasting	103.2	109.7	105.2	96.9	94.2	100.0	99.5	101.6	104.1	112.4	116.6	-
5152	Cable and other subscription programming	81.3	74.2	77.0	108.7	98.7	100.0	112.5	122.3	126.1	129.5	148.3	-
5171*	Wired telecommunications carriers	45.8	58.1	80.6	98.8	94.1	100.0	105.1	106.3	111.4	114.7	114.6	-
5172	Wireless telecommunications carriers	34.7	34.1	45.9	70.1	88.0	100.0	111.3	134.2	175.2	198.0	209.5	-
	Finance and insurance												
52211	Commercial banking	68.8	78.5	93.6	98.0	95.8	100.0	104.5	110.2	111.6	114.8	115.8	-
	Real estate and rental and leasing												
532111	Passenger car rental	80.9	91.4	87.3	98.0	97.0	100.0	105.7	103.2	95.8	97.2	113.6	-
53212	Truck, trailer, and RV rental and leasing	52.9	58.7	87.7	106.8	99.6	100.0	102.0	120.8	129.0	148.2	152.4	-
53223	Video tape and disc rental	59.1	78.5	76.7	103.5	102.3	100.0	113.9	118.5	110.6	135.2	171.1	-
	Professional and technical services												
541213	Tax preparation services	74.4	78.5	89.8	90.6	84.8	100.0	98.7	89.7	93.1	92.7	105.4	
54131	Architectural services	83.7	93.5	92.9	100.0	103.2	100.0	104.6	109.9	111.3	110.5	115.7	
54133	Engineering services	89.8	96.8	99.5	101.5	99.6	100.0	100.0	107.3	111.8	112.5	109.5	
54181	Advertising agencies.	84.8	99.7	88.5	95.1	94.5	100.0	107.1	118.0	117.6	118.6	123.0	_
541921	Photography studios, portrait	100.5	98.7	102.4	111.6	104.7	100.0	106.7	95.4	95.9	101.2	107.0	_
011021		100.0	00.1	102.1		10	100.0	100.7	00.1	00.0		107.0	
561311	Administrative and waste services Employment placement agencies			85.6	76.9	85.2	100.0	98.7	102.5	99.3	106.0	113.7	
56151	Travel agencies	70.0	72.4	78.4	93.6	90.3	100.0	115.4	131.0	140.5	143.8	149.4	-
56172	Janitorial services.	70.0	87.2	94.7	95.7	96.7	100.0	112.5	110.4	114.3	110.0	115.9	-
30172		71.1	07.2	94.7	95.7	90.7	100.0	112.5	110.4	114.3	110.0	115.9	
	Health care and social assistance												
6215	Medical and diagnostic laboratories	-	-	72.7	95.9	98.3	100.0	102.3	102.3	100.1	101.5	98.9	-
621511	Medical laboratories	-	-	81.2	103.5	103.7	100.0	104.5	106.2	102.2	103.4	105.6	-
621512	Diagnostic imaging centers	-	-	61.2	85.7	90.8	100.0	98.0	94.0	94.4	96.0	85.1	-
	Arts, entertainment, and recreation												
71311	Amusement and theme parks	105.1	89.9	93.9	99.5	87.3	100.0	106.3	95.2	103.2	91.7	96.9	-
71395	Bowling centers	110.0	108.5	103.8	96.9	97.9	100.0	106.3	112.0	110.5	106.4	127.4	-
	Accommodation and food services												
72	Accommodation and food services	88.1	93.2	94.6	100.1	99.1	100.0	101.5	103.2	102.8	102.9	102.1	-
721	Accommodation	76.7	81.0	89.3	98.5	96.4	100.0	101.0	106.4	102.1	99.0	97.3	-
7211	Traveler accommodation	75.6	80.4	89.2	99.2	96.6	100.0	100.9	106.5	102.5	98.9	97.1	-
722	Food services and drinking places	91.9	96.9	95.8	99.1	99.4	100.0	101.8	102.5	103.3	104.5	104.1	103.3
7221	Full-service restaurants	88.3	93.5	95.8	98.7	99.2	100.0	99.9	100.4	100.8	101.1	99.7	100.2
7222	Limited-service eating places	94.0	100.2	97.4	99.4	99.8	100.0	102.6	104.1	104.6	106.3	106.4	103.1
7223	Special food services	78.2	87.7	87.0	100.1	100.3	100.0	102.3	102.7	103.7	102.6	104.0	106.0
7224	Drinking places, alcoholic beverages	132.8	115.8	97.2	97.8	94.8	100.0	115.3	109.1	117.2	130.4	133.7	139.2
	Other services												
8111	Automotive repair and maintenance	82.8	86.9	96.4	105.5	105.0	100.0	100.4	107.9	108.1	107.4	106.4	-
81142	Reupholstery and furniture repair	103.3	105.3	98.0	103.4	102.9	100.0	95.3	97.8	99.4	98.0	103.7	-
81211	Hair, nail, and skin care services	75.7	78.4	90.6	98.0	103.8	100.0	108.4	113.3	117.7	117.6	121.9	-
81221	Funeral homes and funeral services	109.7	112.2	105.8	100.3	97.1	100.0	101.2	98.3	98.4	105.2	102.6	-
8123	Drycleaning and laundry services	86.3	85.1	88.9	95.7	98.6	100.0	92.3	98.4	107.6	106.5	101.9	-
81292	Photofinishing	95.3	111.2	99.5	73.4	80.8	100.0	99.9	101.5	111.8	110.7	109.6	-

NOTE: Indexes for Wired telecommunications carriers are on a NAICS 2002 basis. Dash indicates data are not available.

51. Unemployment rates adjusted to U.S. concepts, 10 countries, seasonally adjusted

[Fercent]												
				20	07			20	08		20	09
Country	2007	2008	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	- 1	II
United States	4.6	5.8	4.5	4.5	4.7	4.8	4.9	5.4	6.0	6.9	8.1	9.2
Canada	5.3	5.3	5.4	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.3	5.3	5.6	6.7	7.5
Australia	4.4	4.2	4.5	4.3	4.3	4.4	4.0	4.2	4.2	4.5	5.3	5.7
Japan	3.9	4.0	4.0	3.8	3.8	3.9	3.9	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.5	5.3
France	8.1	7.5	8.6	8.2	8.1	7.7	7.2	7.4	7.5	8.0	8.7	9.3
Germany	8.7	7.5	9.2	8.8	8.6	8.2	7.8	7.6	7.4	7.4	7.7	8.0
Italy	6.2	6.8	6.2	6.1	6.3	6.4	6.6	6.8	6.9	7.1	7.3	7.4
Netherlands	3.2	2.8	3.6	3.2	3.0	3.0	2.9	2.8	2.6	2.8	3.1	3.3
Sweden	6.2	6.2	6.3	6.1	5.8	5.8	5.7	5.8	5.9	6.5	7.4	8.2
United Kingdom	5.4	5.7	5.5	5.4	5.3	5.2	5.3	5.4	5.9	6.3	7.0	7.8

Quarterly figures for France, Germany, Italy, and the Netherlands are calculated by applying annual adjustment factors to current published data and therefore should be viewed as less precise indicators of unemployment under U.S. concepts than the annual figures. For further qualifications and historical annual data, see the BLS report International Comparisons of Annual Labor Force Statistics, Adjusted to U.S. Concepts, 10 Countries (on the internet at http://www.bls.gov/filc/filscomparelf.htm).

For monthly unemployment rates, as well as the quarterly and annual rates published in this table, see the BLS report International Unemployment Rates and Employment Indexes, Seasonally Adjusted (on the Internet at http://www.bls.gov/filc/intl_unemployment_rates_monthly.htm). Unemployment rates may differ between the two reports mentioned, because the former is updated annually, whereas the latter is updated monthly and reflects the most receit residence in source date.

most recent revisions in source data.

52. Annual data: employment status of the working-age population, adjusted to U.S. concepts, 10 countries

[Numbers in thousands]

[Numbers in thousands] Employment status and country	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Civilian labor force											
United States	137,673	139,368	142,583	143,734	144,863	146,510	147,401	149,320	151,428	153,124	154,287
Canada	15,135	15,403	15,637	15,891	16,366	16,733	16,955	17,108	17,351	17,696	17,987
Australia	9,339	9,414	9,590	9,746	9,901	10,085	10,213	10,529	10,771	11,021	11,254
Japan	67,240	67,090	66,990	66,860	66,240	66,010	65,770	65,850	65,960	66,080	65,900
France	25,277	25,705	25,951	26,217	26,448	26,624	26,758	26,926	27,169	27,305	27,541
Germany	39,752	39,375	39,302	39,459	39,413	39,276	39,711	40,760	41,250	41,416	41,623
Italy	23,004	23,176	23,361	23,524	23,728	24,020	24,084	24,179	24,395	24,459	24,829
Netherlands	7,744	7,881	8,052	8,199	8,345	8,379	8,439	8,459	8,541	8,686	8,780
Sweden	4,403	4,429	4,490	4,530	4,545	4,565	4,579	4,700	4,752	4,827	4,887
United Kingdom	28,474	28,786	28,962	29,092	29,343	29,565	29,802	30,137	30,598	30,778	31,125
Participation rate ¹											1
United States	67.1	67.1	67.1	66.8	66.6	66.2	66.0	66.0	66.2	66.0	66.0
Canada	65.4	65.9	66.0	66.1	67.1	67.7	67.7	67.4	67.4	67.7	67.9
Australia	64.3	64.0	64.4	64.4	64.3	64.6	64.6	65.4	65.8	66.2	66.6
Japan	62.8	62.4	62.0	61.6	60.8	60.3	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	59.8
France	55.6	56.2	56.3	56.4	56.4	56.3	56.2	56.1	56.3	56.2	56.3
Germany	57.7	56.9	56.7	56.7	56.4	56.0	56.4	57.6	58.2	58.4	58.6
Italy	47.7	47.9	48.1	48.3	48.5	49.1	49.1	48.7	48.9	48.6	49.0
Netherlands	61.8	62.5	63.4	64.0	64.7	64.6	64.8	64.7	65.1	65.9	66.3
Sweden	62.8	62.7	63.7	63.7	63.9	63.9	63.6	64.9	65.0	65.4	65.2
United Kingdom	62.4	62.8	62.8	62.7	62.9	62.9	63.0	63.1	63.5	63.4	63.6
•	02.4	02.0	02.0	02.7	02.0	02.0	00.0	00.1	00.0	00.4	00.0
Employed	404 400	400 400	400.004	400.000	100 105	407.700	400.050	444 700	444.407	440047	445.000
United States	131,463	133,488	136,891	136,933	136,485	137,736	139,252	141,730	144,427	146,047	145,362
Canada	13,973	14,331	14,681	14,866	15,223	15,586	15,861	16,080	16,393	16,767	17,025
Australia	8,618	8,762	8,989	9,088	9,271	9,485	9,662	9,998	10,255	10,539	10,777
Japan	64,450	63,920	63,790	63,460	62,650	62,510	62,640	62,910	63,210	63,510	63,250
France	22,597	23,080	23,689	24,146	24,316	24,325	24,346	24,497	24,737	25,088	25,474
Germany	36,059	36,042	36,236	36,350	36,018	35,615	35,604	36,185	36,978	37,815	38,480
Italy	20,370	20,617	20,973	21,359	21,666	21,972	22,124	22,290	22,721	22,953	23,137
Netherlands	7,408	7,605	7,813	8,014	8,114	8,069	8,052	8,056	8,205	8,408	8,537
Sweden	4,036	4,116	4,230	4,303	4,311	4,301	4,279	4,334	4,416	4,530	4,582
United Kingdom	26,684	27,058	27,375	27,604	27,815	28,077	28,380	28,674	28,928	29,127	29,343
Employment-population ratio ²											1
United States	64.1	64.3	64.4	63.7	62.7	62.3	62.3	62.7	63.1	63.0	62.2
Canada	60.4	61.3	62.0	61.9	62.4	63.1	63.3	63.4	63.6	64.2	64.2
Australia	59.3	59.6	60.3	60.0	60.2	60.8	61.1	62.1	62.6	63.3	63.8
Japan	60.2	59.4	59.0	58.4	57.5	57.1	57.1	57.3	57.5	57.6	57.4
France	49.7	50.4	51.4	51.9	51.8	51.5	51.1	51.1	51.2	51.6	52.1
Germany	52.3	52.1	52.2	52.2	51.5	50.8	50.6	51.2	52.2	53.3	54.2
Italy	42.2	42.6	43.2	43.8	44.3	44.9	45.1	44.9	45.5	45.6	45.6
Netherlands	59.1	60.3	61.5	62.6	62.9	62.2	61.8	61.6	62.5	63.7	64.5
Sweden	57.6	58.3	60.1	60.5	60.6	60.2	59.5	59.9	60.4	61.3	61.1
United Kingdom	58.5	59.0	59.4	59.5	59.6	59.8	60.0	60.0	60.1	60.0	59.9
Unemployed											i
United States	6,210	5,880	5,692	6,801	8,378	8,774	8,149	7,591	7,001	7,078	8,924
Canada	1,162	1,072	956	1,026	1,143	1,147	1,093	1,028	958	929	962
Australia	721	652	602	658	630	599	551	531	516	482	477
Japan	2,790	3,170	3,200	3,400	3,590	3,500	3,130	2,940	2,750	2,570	2,650
France	2,680	2,625	2,262	2,071	2,132	2,299	2,412	2,429	2,432	2,217	2,067
Germany	3,693	3,333	3,065	3,110	3,396	3,661	4,107	4,575	4,272	3,601	3,140
Italy	2,634	2,559	2,388	2,164	2,062	2,048	1,960	1,889	1,673	1,506	1,692
Netherlands	337	277	239	186	231	310	387	402	336	278	243
Sweden	368	313	260	227	234	264	300	367	336	298	305
United Kingdom	1,791	1,728	1,587	1,489	1,528	1,488	1,423	1,463	1,670	1,652	1,783
Unemployment rate ³											1
United States	4.5	4.2	4.0	4.7	5.8	6.0	5.5	5.1	4.6	4.6	5.8
Canada	7.7	7.0	6.1	6.5	7.0	6.9	6.4	6.0	5.5	5.3	5.3
Australia	7.7	6.9	6.3	6.8	6.4	5.9	5.4	5.0	4.8	4.4	4.2
Japan	4.1	4.7	4.8	5.1	5.4	5.3	4.8	4.5	4.2	3.9	4.0
France	10.6	10.2	8.7	7.9	8.1	8.6	9.0	9.0	9.0	8.1	7.5
Germany	9.3	8.5	7.8	7.9	8.6	9.3	10.3	11.2	10.4	8.7	7.5
Italy	11.5	11.0	10.2	9.2	8.7	8.5	8.1	7.8	6.9	6.2	6.8
Netherlands	4.4	3.5	3.0	2.3	2.8	3.7	4.6	4.8	3.9	3.2	2.8
Sweden	8.4	7.1	5.8	5.0	5.1	5.8	6.6	7.8	7.1	6.2	6.2
United Kingdom	6.3	6.0	5.5	5.1	5.2	5.0	4.8	4.9	5.5	5.4	5.7
							-				

Labor force as a percent of the working-age population.

2 Employment as a percent of the working-age population.

3 Unemployment as a percent of the labor force.

NOTE: There are breaks in series for the United States (1999, 2000, 2003, 2004), Australia (2001), France (2003), Germany (1999, 2005), the Netherlands (2000, 2003), and Sweden (2005). For further qualifications and historical annual data, see the BLS

53. Annual indexes of manufacturing productivity and related measures, 17 economies

[2002 = 100]

[2002 = 100] Measure and economy	1980	1990	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Output per hour															
United States	41.6	56.9	65.8	68.3	71.0	74.0	79.1	83.1	89.5	90.4	106.4	112.9	115.1	120.5	126.2
Canada	55.2	70.7	82.4	83.3	83.0	86.7	90.9	94.8	100.5	98.4	100.4	101.6	105.0	107.3	110.2
Australia	59.0	74.1	80.0	79.0	81.3	83.0	87.0	88.3	93.6	95.9	101.8	103.1	103.8	104.8	106.8
Japan	47.9	70.9	78.2	83.4	87.2	90.3	91.2	93.6	98.5	96.5	106.8	114.3	121.7	122.9	127.2
Korea, Rep. of	-	34.6	49.4	54.3	59.7	67.3	75.0	83.5	90.6	90.1	106.8	117.8	130.8	146.8	157.9
Singapore	_	51.0	66.9	71.3	74.7	77.1	83.1	91.5	97.7	91.8	103.7	110.0	112.0	114.7	110.3
Taiwan	29.3	53.6	62.8	67.4	72.5	75.5	79.1	84.0	88.3	92.2	102.6	107.1	114.8	122.5	133.5
Belgium	49.9	73.9	82.3	86.0	87.3	92.7	93.9	93.3	96.8	97.0	102.9	108.1	111.0	115.1	120.2
Denmark	66.1	79.3	90.8	90.8	87.8	94.8	94.3	95.8	99.2	99.4	104.2	110.2	113.7	119.0	119.4
France	42.9	63.6	72.4	75.2	75.5	79.9	84.1	87.8	94.0	95.9	104.5	107.3	112.3	114.9	116.3
Germany	54.5	69.8	79.3	80.6	82.9	87.7	88.1	90.2	96.5	99.0	103.6	107.5	113.5	123.1	129.3
Italy	56.8	78.1	89.8	94.2	94.6	96.5	95.2	95.9	100.9	101.2	97.9	99.3	100.8	102.6	103.1
Netherlands	48.0	68.3	79.0	82.1	83.9	84.1	86.6	90.1	96.6	97.1	102.1	109.0	113.9	118.2	121.4
Norway	70.1	87.8	89.2	88.1	90.8	91.0	88.7	91.7	94.6	97.2	108.7	115.1	119.1	116.7	116.4
Spain	57.9	80.0	90.2	93.3	92.2	93.1	94.7	96.4	97.4	99.6	102.5	104.4	106.4	108.5	111.1
Sweden	41.3	50.9	62.7	66.6	68.8	75.1	79.6	86.9	92.8	90.1	108.1	119.7	127.1	139.0	139.7
United Kingdom	46.3	72.8	83.5	82.1	81.4	82.9	83.7	87.8	93.7	97.0	104.2	110.8	115.5	119.8	123.8
Output															
United States	49.6	66.2	75.7	79.1	82.1	87.1	92.9	96.9	103.0	97.3	101.1	106.8	107.7	113.6	116.9
Canada	55.2	68.7	73.1	76.5	77.5	82.3	86.5	93.7	103.2	99.2	99.4	101.4	103.0	102.6	101.6
Australia	70.3	81.5	85.4	84.9	87.6	89.6	92.1	91.9	96.3	95.4	101.7	101.8	101.4	100.5	103.7
Japan	61.9	98.9	97.5	101.7	105.6	108.2	102.5	102.1	107.4	101.6	105.3	111.4	117.2	121.3	125.7
Korea, Rep. of	13.4	41.3	54.9	61.3	65.3	68.4	63.0	76.8	89.8	92.0	105.4	115.9	123.1	133.0	142.5
Singapore	_	51.2	68.5	75.4	77.4	80.8	80.2	90.6	104.4	92.2	102.9	117.2	128.3	143.6	152.2
Taiwan	30.2	60.5	71.1	75.0	78.9	83.5	86.1	92.4	99.2	91.8	105.3	115.6	123.6	132.5	146.3
Belgium	67.5	87.2	87.5	89.9	90.2	94.5	96.1	96.4	100.7	100.8	98.6	102.2	102.0	104.9	107.6
Denmark	77.3	85.5	90.3	94.7	90.3	97.7	98.5	99.4	102.9	103.0	97.2	98.8	99.3	103.4	107.2
France	69.5	81.5	80.9	83.8	83.6	87.5	91.7	94.8	99.1	100.1	101.9	102.8	105.2	104.9	105.7
Germany	81.3	94.5	90.9	90.1	88.2	92.0	93.1	94.0	100.4	102.1	100.7	104.3	107.8	115.6	122.7
Italy	71.1	88.2	91.4	95.7	95.2	96.6	97.5	97.3	101.4	101.1	97.3	98.0	97.8	101.1	103.1
Netherlands	59.3	77.0	82.0	85.1	86.3	87.5	90.5	93.8	100.1	99.9	98.9	102.3	104.3	107.9	111.3
Norway	95.1	91.4	94.1	94.6	98.4	102.7	101.9	101.8	101.3	100.5	103.3	109.2	114.1	117.5	123.6
Spain	58.8	73.7	73.2	76.0	77.9	82.9	87.9	92.9	97.0	100.1	101.2	101.9	103.1	105.0	106.0
Sweden	46.8	56.1	59.7	67.5	69.7	75.1	81.3	89.0	96.3	94.1	104.9	114.5	119.8	129.2	132.2
United Kingdom	78.5	94.9	95.6	97.1	97.9	99.6	100.3	101.3	103.6	102.2	99.7	101.9	101.7	103.4	104.0
Total hours	440.4	440.5	445.4	445.0	445.7	4477	447.4	440.0	4454	407.0	05.4	04.0	00.0	04.0	00.0
United States	119.4	116.5	115.1	115.9	115.7	117.7	117.4	116.6	115.1	107.6	95.1	94.6	93.6	94.3	92.6
Canada	100.0	97.2	88.8	91.8	93.4	94.9	95.2	98.9	102.7	100.8	99.0	99.8	98.1	95.6	92.2
Australia	119.1	110.0	106.7	107.4	107.7	108.0	105.9	104.1	102.9	99.5	99.9	98.7	97.7	95.9	97.1
Japan	129.3	139.6	124.7	122.0	121.0	119.9	112.5	109.1	109.0	105.3	98.6	97.5	96.3	98.6	98.8
Korea, Rep. of	_	119.2	111.1	113.0	109.3	101.7	84.0	92.0	99.1	102.0	98.7	98.3	94.1	90.6	90.2
Singapore	100.0	100.5	102.4	105.7	103.7	104.8	96.5	99.0	106.8	100.5	99.3	106.5	114.6	125.2	137.9
Taiwan Belgium	102.9	113.0	113.3	111.2	108.9	110.6	108.8 102.3	110.1 103.4	112.4	99.6	102.7	107.9	107.7	108.2	109.6
•	135.3	117.9	106.3	104.5	103.4	101.9			104.0	104.0	95.8 93.3	94.5	91.9	91.1	89.5
Denmark	117.0	107.8	99.5	104.3	102.9	103.1	104.5	103.7	103.7 105.4	103.7		89.6	87.3	86.9 91.3	89.8
	161.9 149.3	128.2	111.8	111.3	110.7 106.4	109.4 104.9	109.0	108.0 104.2	105.4	104.4 103.1	97.5 97.3	95.8 97.1	93.7 95.0	93.9	90.8 94.9
Germany	125.1	135.3 113.0	114.5 101.8	111.7 101.6	100.4	104.9	105.8 102.5	104.2	104.0	99.9	99.4	98.7	97.0	98.6	100.0
Italy		112.7	103.9	101.6	100.7	104.0	102.5	101.5	100.5	103.0	96.8	93.9	91.6	91.3	91.7
Netherlands															
Norway	135.6	104.1 92.1	105.5 81.1	107.3 81.4	108.4 84.5	112.8 89.0	115.0	111.0	107.1	103.4	95.1	94.9	95.8 96.8	100.7 96.8	106.2 95.4
Spain Sweden	101.6		-				92.8	96.4	99.7	100.5	98.8	97.6			
	113.2	110.2	95.1	101.3	101.3	100.1	102.2	102.4	103.8	104.3	97.0	95.7	94.2	93.0	94.6
United Kingdom	169.8	130.4	114.5	118.2	120.3	120.1	119.8	115.4	110.6	105.4	95.7	92.0	88.1	86.3	84.0
Hourly compensation															
(national currency basis) United States	38.2	62.1	72.2	73.4	74.6	76.5	81.2	84.8	91.3	94.8	108.0	108.9	112.5	114.7	119.6
Canada	36.3	68.3	79.8	81.7	82.9	84.9	89.3	91.2	94.2	96.8	104.0	100.9	112.3	115.8	119.0
Australia	-	61.7	69.8	74.1	77.5	79.6	82.9	86.2	90.0	95.7	103.9	107.7	116.3	124.2	130.7
Japan	50.4	77.4	89.4	92.4	93.2	96.4	98.8	98.6	98.0	99.3	97.8	98.8	99.6	98.5	98.3
·		23.7			93.2 65.7	71.4	77.7	78.2	98.0 85.2	89.0					
Korea, Rep. of	_	56.2	46.5 77.5	56.4 81.0	87.0	90.9	96.1	78.2 87.9	90.2	97.3	105.5 100.6	120.6 97.9	139.7 96.8	153.9 95.0	163.8 94.3
Singapore															
Taiwan	20.4	58.6 60.0	76.4	82.7	88.2	90.8	94.2	95.9	97.6	103.7	101.0	102.1	105.7	108.9	112.4
Belgium	40.2	69.0	80.9	83.2	84.7	87.9	89.2	90.4	92.0	95.9	103.4	106.2	109.4	113.3	119.3
Denmark	32.6 28.2	68.6	77.7 77.6	79.3	82.5	85.4	87.6 84.4	89.8	91.6	95.9	106.8	110.9	117.2	122.9	126.1
France		64.2 50.7	77.6	79.9	81.4	83.8	84.4	87.1	91.8	94.2	102.3	105.5	109.4	113.7	116.8
Germany	35.8	59.7	77.1	81.2	85.1	86.7	88.0	90.0	94.7	97.6	102.2	102.8	104.1	108.4	110.3
Italy	19.6	61.3	78.0	82.5	87.0	91.1	89.4	91.7	94.1	97.2	103.8	107.4	110.8	113.0	115.5
Netherlands	41.1	61.9	75.0	77.0	78.4	80.5	83.9	86.7	90.9	94.8	104.0	108.4	110.0	113.1	116.7
Norway	24.7	58.5	66.2	69.2	72.1	75.3	79.7	84.2	89.0	94.4	104.1	107.5	112.6	119.5	125.2
Spain	20.7	59.0	83.8	87.4	89.5	91.6	92.3	92.1	93.5	97.2	105.0	108.7	113.9	118.9	124.8

53. Continued— Annual indexes of manufacturing productivity and related measures, 17 economies

Measure and economy	1980	1990	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Unit labor costs																
(national currency basis)																
United States	92.0	109.3	109.8	107.5	105.2	103.4	102.6	102.0	102.1	104.8	101.5	96.4	97.7	95.1	94.8	96.4
Canada	65.8	96.7	96.8	98.0	100.0	97.9	98.3	96.2	93.7	98.4	103.6	106.1	107.0	108.0	108.9	114.1
Australia	_	83.2	87.2	93.7	95.3	96.0	95.3	97.6	96.2	99.8	102.1	106.0	112.1	118.5	122.3	126.7
Japan	105.4	109.2	114.3	110.8	106.9	106.8	108.3	105.4	99.5	102.9	91.6	86.4	81.8	80.1	77.3	78.8
Korea, Rep. of	37.0	68.5	94.1	104.0	110.0	106.1	103.6	93.7	94.1	98.8	98.8	102.3	106.8	104.8	103.7	104.5
Singapore	_	110.3	115.9	113.6	116.5	117.9	115.7	96.0	92.3	106.0	97.1	88.9	86.5	82.8	85.5	91.9
Taiwan	69.5	109.3	121.6	122.7	121.6	120.4	119.1	114.2	110.5	112.4	98.5	95.3	92.0	88.9	84.2	85.7
Belgium	80.6	93.3	98.2	96.7	97.1	94.8	95.0	97.0	95.1	98.9	100.5	98.2	98.6	98.5	99.3	101.7
Denmark	49.4	86.4	85.6	87.3	94.0	90.0	92.9	93.7	92.3	96.5	102.5	100.6	103.0	103.3	105.6	114.4
France	65.6	101.0	107.1	106.1	107.8	104.8	100.4	99.3	97.6	98.3	97.9	98.3	97.4	98.9	100.4	104.3
Germany	65.7	85.5	97.2	100.8	102.7	98.9	99.9	99.7	98.1	98.6	98.7	95.7	91.7	88.0	85.3	87.5
Italy	34.5	78.6	86.8	87.7	92.0	94.4	94.0	95.6	93.2	96.1	106.0	108.1	110.0	110.2	112.1	119.0
Netherlands	85.6	90.5	95.0	93.8	93.5	95.7	96.9	96.2	94.1	97.7	101.8	99.5	96.6	95.7	96.2	100.7
Norway	35.3	66.6	74.2	78.5	79.4	82.7	89.9	91.8	94.1	97.0	95.8	93.4	94.5	102.4	107.5	112.8
Spain	35.7	73.7	92.8	93.6	97.0	98.4	97.4	95.6	96.0	97.6	102.5	104.1	107.0	109.5	112.3	118.8
Sweden	61.6	117.7	108.4	107.6	112.3	108.4	106.3	100.4	97.6	105.3	96.7	89.7	87.3	82.2	85.6	91.6
United Kingdom	52.9	83.3	84.9	87.9	88.3	90.5	96.4	97.3	96.7	97.6	100.7	98.9	100.4	101.6	101.5	103.7
Unit labor costs																
(U.S. dollar basis)																
United States	92.0	109.3	109.8	107.5	105.2	103.4	102.6	102.0	102.1	104.8	101.5	96.4	97.7	95.1	94.8	96.4
Canada	88.4	130.1	111.3	112.1	115.1	111.1	104.0	101.7	99.1	99.8	116.1	128.0	138.7	149.5	159.3	168.1
Australia	_	119.5	117.3	127.7	137.2	131.3	110.2	115.9	102.9	94.9	122.5	143.6	157.2	164.2	188.8	199.0
Japan	58.2	94.3	140.1	147.7	123.0	110.4	103.6	116.1	115.6	106.0	98.9	100.1	93.0	86.3	82.2	95.5
Korea, Rep. of	76.2	120.5	145.7	168.2	170.9	139.9	92.5	98.4	104.0	95.6	103.6	111.7	130.4	137.3	139.6	119.0
Singapore	-	109.0	135.9	143.5	147.9	142.1	123.9	101.5	95.9	105.9	99.7	94.2	93.1	93.4	101.6	116.4
Taiwan	66.6	140.3	158.7	159.9	152.9	144.5	122.6	122.1	122.1	114.8	98.9	98.6	98.9	94.4	88.5	93.9
Belgium	117.6	119.2	125.4	140.1	133.8	112.9	111.6	109.3	92.8	93.7	120.3	129.2	129.8	130.8	144.0	158.4
Denmark	69.1	110.1	106.2	123.0	127.8	107.4	109.3	105.8	89.9	91.4	122.9	132.5	135.5	137.1	153.1	177.3
France	107.8	128.7	134.1	147.7	146.2	124.5	118.0	111.9	95.3	93.1	117.2	129.4	128.3	131.5	145.6	162.4
Germany	74.7	109.4	124.0	145.6	141.2	117.9	117.4	112.4	95.8	93.3	118.2	125.9	120.8	117.0	123.7	136.3
Italy	82.6	134.3	110.4	110.2	122.1	113.5	110.8	107.7	91.0	91.0	126.9	142.2	144.8	146.5	162.5	185.4
Netherlands	100.4	115.9	121.7	136.3	129.3	114.2	113.8	108.4	91.9	92.5	121.9	130.8	127.2	127.2	139.5	156.8
Norway	57.0	85.0	83.9	98.9	98.1	93.2	95.0	93.9	85.2	86.1	108.0	110.6	117.2	127.6	146.6	159.8
Spain	87.6	127.3	122.1	132.2	134.8	118.1	114.8	107.7	93.8	92.4	122.7	136.9	140.9	145.6	162.9	185.1
Sweden	141.5	193.1	136.7	146.5	162.8	137.9	130.0	117.9	103.5	99.0	116.3	118.7	113.7	108.4	123.3	135.2
United Kingdom	81.9	98.9	86.5	92.3	91.8	98.6	106.4	104.7	97.6	93.5	109.5	120.6	121.6	124.6	135.2	128.0

NOTE: Data for Germany for years before 1993 are for the former West Germany. Data for 1993 onward are for unified Germany. Dash indicates data not available.

54. Occupational injury and illness rates by industry, ¹ United States

	L			Ir	ncidence	e rates p	er 100 f	ull-time	workers	s ³						
Industry and type of case ²	1989 ¹	1990	1991	1992	1993 ⁴	1994 ⁴		1996 ⁴			1999 ⁴	2000 4	2001 4			
PRIVATE SECTOR ⁵																
Total cases	8.6	8.8	8.4	8.9	8.5	8.4	8.1	7.4	7.1	6.7	6.3	6.1	5.7			
Lost workday cases		4.1	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.8	3.6	3.4	3.3	3.1	3.0	3.0	2.8			
Lost workdays	78.7	84.0	86.5	93.8	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-			
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing ⁵																
Total cases		11.6	10.8	11.6	11.2	10.0 4.7		8.7	8.4	_	_		7.3			
Lost workday cases Lost workdays		5.9 112.2	5.4 108.3	5.4 126.9	5.0	4.7	4.3	3.9	4.1	3.9	3.4	3.6	3.6			
Mining			100.0	.20.0												
Total cases	8.5	8.3	7.4	7.3	6.8	6.3	6.2	5.4	5.9	4.9	4.4	4.7	4.0			
Lost workday cases		5.0	4.5	4.1	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.2	3.7	2.9	2.7	3.0	2.4			
Lost workdays	137.2	119.5	129.6	204.7	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-			
Construction																
Total cases Lost workday cases		14.2 6.7	13.0 6.1	13.1 5.8	12.2 5.5	11.8 5.5		9.9 4.5	9.5 4.4		8.6 4.2		7.9			
Lost workdays		147.9	148.1	161.9	5.5	5.5	4.5	4.5	4.4	4.0	4.2	4.1	4.0			
General building contractors:	140.0	147.0	140.1	101.5												
Total cases	13.9	13.4	12.0	12.2	11.5	10.9	9.8	9.0	8.5	8.4	8.0	7.8	6.9			
Lost workday cases		6.4	5.5	5.4	5.1	5.1	4.4	4.0	3.7	3.9	3.7	3.9	3.5			
Lost workdays	137.3	137.6	132.0	142.7	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-			
Heavy construction, except building: Total cases	13.8	13.8	12.8	12.1	11.1	10.2	9.9	9.0	8.7	8.2	7.8	7.6	7.8			
Lost workday cases		6.3	6.0	5.4	5.1	5.0		4.3	4.3				4.0			
Lost workdays		144.6	160.1	165.8	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-			
Special trades contractors:																
Total cases		14.7	13.5	13.8	12.8	12.5		10.4	10.0		8.9	8.6				
Lost workday cases Lost workdays		6.9 153.1	6.3 151.3	6.1 168.3	5.8	5.8	5.0	4.8	4.7	4.1	4.4	4.3	4.1			
Manufacturing	144.5	133.1	101.5	100.5												
Total cases	13.1	13.2	12.7	12.5	12.1	12.2	11.6	10.6	10.3	9.7	9.2	9.0	8.1			
Lost workday cases		5.8	5.6	5.4	5.3	5.5		4.9	4.8		4.6	4.5	-			
Lost workdays	113.0	120.7	121.5	124.6	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_			
Durable goods:																
Total cases	14.1	14.2	13.6	13.4	13.1	13.5	12.8	11.6	11.3	10.7	10.1	_	8.8			
Lost workday cases	6.0	6.0	5.7	5.5	5.4	5.7	5.6	5.1	5.1	5.0	4.8	-	4.3			
Lost workdays	116.5	123.3	122.9	126.7	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-			
Lumber and wood products:																
Total cases		18.1	16.8	16.3	15.9	15.7	14.9	14.2	13.5				10.6			
Lost workday cases Lost workdays		8.8 172.5	8.3 172.0	7.6 165.8	7.6	7.7	7.0	6.8	6.5	6.8	6.7	6.1	5.5			
•	177.5	172.5	172.0	100.0	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_			
Furniture and fixtures: Total cases	16.1	16.9	15.9	14.8	14.6	15.0	13.9	12.2	12.0	11.4	11.5	11.2	11.0			
Lost workday cases		7.8	7.2	6.6	6.5	7.0	6.4	5.4	5.8	5.7	5.9	5.9	5.7			
Lost workdays	–	-	-	128.4	_	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-			
Stone, clay, and glass products: Total cases	15.5	15.4	14.8	13.6	13.8	13.2	12.3	12.4	11.8	11.8	10.7	10.4	10.1			
Lost workday cases		15.4 7.3	6.8	6.1	6.3	6.5		6.0	5.7			5.5				
Lost workdays		160.5	156.0	152.2	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_			
Primary metal industries:																
Total cases		19.0	17.7 7.4	17.5 7.1	17.0 7.3	16.8 7.2		15.0	15.0			12.6	_			
Lost workday cases Lost workdays		8.1 180.2	169.1	175.5		7.2	7.2	6.8	7.2	7.0	6.3	6.3	5.3 11.1			
Fabricated metal products:		.00.2	100.1	170.0												
Total cases		18.7	17.4	16.8	16.2	16.4		14.4	14.2	13.9	12.6	11.9	11.1			
Lost workday cases		7.9	7.1	6.6	6.7	6.7	6.9	6.2	6.4	6.5	6.0	5.5	5.3			
Lost workdays	147.6	155.7	146.6	144.0	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_			
Industrial machinery and equipment:	10.1	10.0	11.0	44.4	44.4	11.0	11.0	0.0	10.0	0.5	0.5	0.0	44.0			
Total cases Lost workday cases		12.0 4.7	11.2 4.4	11.1 4.2	11.1 4.2	11.6 4.4	11.2 4.4	9.9 4.0	10.0 4.1	9.5 4.0		8.2 3.6				
Lost workdays		88.9	86.6	87.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Electronic and other electrical equipment:																
Total cases		9.1	8.6	8.4	8.3	8.3		6.8	6.6	5.9	5.7	5.7	5.0			
Lost workday cases		3.8	3.7	3.6	3.5	3.6	3.3	3.1	3.1	2.8	2.8	2.9	2.5			
Lost workdays	77.5	79.4	83.0	81.2	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	-			
Transportation equipment: Total cases	17.7	17.8	18.3	18.7	18.5	19.6	18.6	16.3	15.4	14.6	13.7	13.7	12.6			
Lost workday cases		6.9	7.0	7.1	7.1	7.8		7.0	6.6			6.3				
Lost workdays		153.7	166.1	186.6	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	_	-			
Instruments and related products:																
Total cases Lost workday cases		5.9 2.7	6.0 2.7	5.9 2.7	5.6 2.5	5.9 2.7		5.1 2.3	4.8 2.3			4.5 2.2				
Lost workdays		57.8	64.4	65.3		2.7	2.4	2.3	2.3	1.9	1.8	2.2	2.0			
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries:	55.4	57.0	04.4	00.0	_	_		_	-	-	-	-				
Total cases		11.3	11.3	10.7	10.0			9.5	8.9		8.4	7.2				
Lost workday cases		5.1	5.1	5.0	4.6	4.5	4.3	4.4	4.2	3.9	4.0	3.6	3.2			
Lost workdays	97.6	113.1	104.0	108.2	_	-	_	_		_	_	1 -	_			

54. Continued—Occupational injury and illness rates by industry, United States

					Incid	lence ra	tes per 1	00 work	ers 3				
Industry and type of case ²	1989 ¹	1990	1991	1992	1993 ⁴	1994 ⁴	1995 ⁴	1996 ⁴	1997 ⁴	1998 ⁴	1999 ⁴	2000 4	2001 4
Nondurable goods:													
Total cases Lost workday cases	1	11.7 5.6	11.5 5.5	11.3 5.3	10.7 5.0	10.5 5.1	9.9 4.9	9.2 4.6	8.8 4.4	8.2 4.3	7.8 4.2	7.8 4.2	6.8 3.8
Lost workdays			119.7	121.8	5.0	5.1	4.5	4.0	-	4.5	4.2	4.2	3.0
Food and kindred products:													
Total cases	. 18.5	20.0	19.5	18.8	17.6	17.1	16.3	15.0	14.5	13.6	12.7	12.4	10.9
Lost workday cases		9.9	9.9	9.5	8.9	9.2	8.7	8.0	8.0	7.5	7.3	7.3	6.3
Lost workdays	. 174.7	202.6	207.2	211.9	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tobacco products: Total cases	8.7	7.7	6.4	6.0	5.8	5.3	5.6	6.7	5.9	6.4	5.5	6.2	6.7
Lost workday cases	1	3.2	2.8	2.4	2.3	2.4	2.6	2.8	2.7	3.4	2.2	3.1	4.2
Lost workdays		62.3	52.0	42.9	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
Textile mill products:													
Total cases		9.6 4.0	10.1 4.4	9.9 4.2	9.7 4.1	8.7 4.0	8.2 4.1	7.8 3.6	6.7 3.1	7.4 3.4	6.4 3.2	6.0 3.2	5.2 2.7
Lost workdays	1	85.1	88.3	87.1	4.1	4.0	4.1	3.6	3.1	3.4	3.2	3.2	2.1
Apparel and other textile products:	1 01.4	05.1	00.0	07.1									
Total cases	. 8.6	8.8	9.2	9.5	9.0	8.9	8.2	7.4	7.0	6.2	5.8	6.1	5.0
Lost workday cases		3.9	4.2	4.0	3.8	3.9	3.6	3.3	3.1	2.6	2.8	3.0	2.4
Lost workdays	. 80.5	92.1	99.9	104.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Paper and allied products:	10.7	10.1	44.0	44.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	7.0	7.0	7.4	7.0	0.5	
Total cases Lost workday cases		12.1 5.5	11.2 5.0	11.0 5.0	9.9 4.6	9.6 4.5	8.5 4.2	7.9 3.8	7.3 3.7	7.1 3.7	7.0 3.7	6.5 3.4	6.0 3.2
Lost workdays		124.8	122.7	125.9	4.0	4.5	4.2	3.0	- 3.7	3.7	3.7	3.4	J.2 —
Printing and publishing:													
Total cases		6.9	6.7	7.3	6.9	6.7	6.4	6.0	5.7	5.4	5.0	5.1	4.6
Lost workday cases		3.3	3.2	3.2	3.1	3.0	3.0	2.8	2.7	2.8	2.6	2.6	2.4
Lost workdays	. 63.8	69.8	74.5	74.8	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Chemicals and allied products: Total cases	7.0	6.5	6.4	6.0	5.9	5.7	5.5	4.8	4.8	4.2	4.4	4.2	4.0
Lost workday cases		3.1	3.1	2.8	2.7	2.8		2.4	2.3	2.1	2.3	2.2	2.1
Lost workdays	. 63.4	61.6	62.4	64.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Petroleum and coal products:													
Total cases		6.6 3.1	6.2 2.9	5.9 2.8	5.2 2.5	4.7 2.3	4.8 2.4	4.6 2.5	4.3 2.2	3.9 1.8	4.1 1.8	3.7 1.9	2.9 1.4
Lost workdays	1	77.3	68.2	71.2	2.5	2.5	2.4	2.5		1.0	1.0	1.9	1.4
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products:													
Total cases		16.2	15.1	14.5	13.9	14.0	12.9	12.3	11.9	11.2	10.1	10.7	8.7
Lost workday cases		7.8	7.2	6.8	6.5	6.7	6.5	6.3	5.8	5.8	5.5	5.8	4.8
Lost workdays	. 147.2	151.3	150.9	153.3	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Leather and leather products: Total cases	. 13.6	12.1	12.5	12.1	12.1	12.0	11.4	10.7	10.6	9.8	10.3	9.0	8.7
Lost workday cases		5.9	5.9	5.4	5.5	5.3		4.5	4.3	4.5	5.0	4.3	4.4
Lost workdays	. 130.4	152.3	140.8	128.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transportation and public utilities													
Total cases		9.6	9.3	9.1	9.5	9.3	9.1	8.7	8.2	7.3	7.3	6.9	6.9
Lost workday cases Lost workdays		5.5 134.1	5.4 140.0	5.1 144.0	5.4	5.5	5.2	5.1	4.8	4.3	4.4	4.3	4.3
Wholesale and retail trade	. 121.5	104.1	140.0	144.0									
Total cases	8.0	7.9	7.6	8.4	8.1	7.9	7.5	6.8	6.7	6.5	6.1	5.9	6.6
Lost workday cases		3.5	3.4	3.5	3.4	3.4	3.2	2.9	3.0	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.5
Lost workdays		65.6	72.0	80.1	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Wholesale trade:													
Total cases		7.4	7.2	7.6	7.8	7.7	7.5	6.6	6.5	6.5	6.3	5.8	5.3
Lost workday cases Lost workdays		3.7 71.5	3.7 79.2	3.6 82.4	3.7	3.8	3.6	3.4	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.1	2.8
Retail trade:	1 71.0	71.0	70.2	02.4									
Total cases	8.1	8.1	7.7	8.7	8.2	7.9	7.5	6.9	6.8	6.5	6.1	5.9	5.7
Lost workday cases		3.4	3.3	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.0	2.8	2.9	2.7	2.5	2.5	2.4
Lost workdays	. 60.0	63.2	69.1	79.2	-	_	-	_	-	-	_	_	_
Finance, insurance, and real estate										_			
Total casesLost workday cases	. 2.0	2.4 1.1	2.4 1.1	2.9 1.2	2.9 1.2	2.7 1.1	2.6 1.0	2.4	2.2	.7 .5	1.8 .8	1.9 .8	1.8 .7
Lost workdays	. 17.6		24.1	32.9	1.2	-	1.0	.9	.9	.5	0	0	/
Services				02.0									
Total cases	5.5	6.0	6.2	7.1	6.7	6.5	6.4	6.0	5.6	5.2	4.9	4.9	4.6
Lost workday cases	1	2.8	2.8	3.0	2.8	2.8		2.6		2.4	2.2	2.2	2.2
Lost workdays	. 51.2	56.4	60.0	68.6	-	_	-	_	-	-	_	_	_
	· ·			_								_	

¹ Data for 1989 and subsequent years are based on the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition. For this reason, they are not strictly comparable with data for the years 1985-88, which were based on the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1972 Edition, 1977 Supplement.

N = number of injuries and illnesses or lost workdays;

EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year; and

200,000 = base for 100 full-time equivalent workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

NOTE: Dash indicates data not available.

² Beginning with the 1992 survey, the annual survey measures only nonfatal injuries and illnesses, while past surveys covered both fatal and nonfatal incidents. To better address fatalities, a basic element of workplace safety, BLS implemented the Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries.

³ The incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses or lost workdays per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as (N/EH) X 200,000, where:

⁴ Beginning with the 1993 survey, lost workday estimates will not be generated. As of 1992, BLS began generating percent distributions and the median number of days away from work by industry and for groups of workers sustaining similar work disabilities.

⁵ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees since 1976.

55. Fatal occupational injuries by event or exposure, 1996-2005

F	1996-2000	2001-2005	200	₀₅ 3
Event or exposure ¹	(average)	(average) ²	Number	Percent
All events	6,094	5,704	5,734	100
Transportation incidents	2,608	2,451	2,493	43
Highway	1,408	1,394	1,437	25
Collision between vehicles, mobile equipment	685	686	718	13
Moving in same direction	117	151	175	3
Moving in opposite directions, oncoming	247	254	265	5
Moving in intersection	151	137	134	2
Vehicle struck stationary object or equipment on				
side of road	264	310	345	6
Noncollision	372	335	318	6
Jack-knifed or overturnedno collision	298	274	273	5
Nonhighway (farm, industrial premises)	378	335	340	6
Noncollision accident		277	281	5
			_	3
Overturned		175	182	_
Worker struck by vehicle, mobile equipment Worker struck by vehicle, mobile equipment in	376	369	391	7
roadway	129	136	140	2
Worker struck by vehicle, mobile equipment in				
parking lot or non-road area	171	166	176	3
Water vehicle	105	82	88	2
Aircraft	263	206	149	3
Assaults and violent acts	1,015	850	792	14
Homicides	766	602	567	10
Shooting	617	465	441	8
Suicide, self-inflicted injury	216	207	180	3
Contact with objects and equipment	1,005	952	1,005	18
Struck by object	567	560	607	11
Struck by falling object	364	345	385	7
Struck by rolling, sliding objects on floor or ground				
level	77	89	94	2
Caught in or compressed by equipment or objects		256	278	5
Caught in running equipment or machinery	157	128	121	2
Caught in or crushed in collapsing materials	_	118	109	2
caught in or ordered in conaponing materials	120		100	_
Falls	714	763	770	13
Fall to lower level	636	669	664	12
Fall from ladder	106	125	129	2
Fall from roof	153	154	160	3
Fall to lower level, n.e.c.	117	123	117	2
Exposure to harmful substances or environments	535	498	501	9
Contact with electric current	290	265	251	4
Contact with overhead power lines	132	118	112	2
Exposure to caustic, noxious, or allergenic substances	112	114	136	2
Oxygen deficiency	92	74	59	1
Fires and explosions	196	174	159	3
Firesunintended or uncontrolled	103	95	93	2
Explosion	92	78	65	1
=- T T T T T T T T				'

Based on the 1992 BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification Manual.
 Excludes fatalities from the Sept. 11, 2001, terrorist attacks.
 The BLS news release of August 10, 2006, reported a total of 5,702 fatal work injuries for calendar year 2005. Since then, an additional 32 job-related fatalities were identified, bringing the total job-related fatality count for 2005 to 5,734.

NOTE: Totals for all years are revised and final. Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. N.e.c. means

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State, New York City, District of Columbia, and Federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries.