

Advanced Manufacturing Office

U.S. Department of Energy

Innovative Manufacturing Initiative Recognition Day

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June 20, 2012

What is manufacturing?

“The process of converting *ideas*, raw materials, components, or parts into finished ~~goods~~ *products* that meet a customer’s *desires*, expectations or specifications.”

– Adapted from Businessdictionary.com, accessed 4/10/12

What can we learn from the
history of manufacturing?

New materials and manufacturing methods can
change the landscape

The New York Times

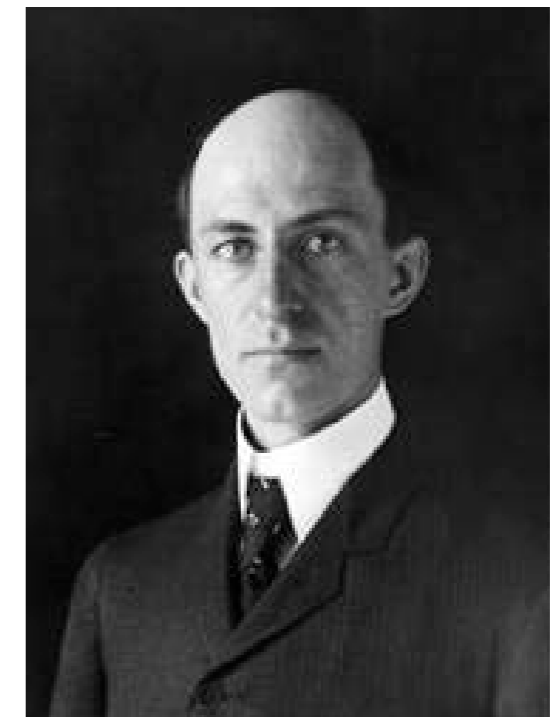
“The machine
which will really fly
might be evolved by the
combined and continuous
efforts of mathematicians
and mechanics
in from one million
to ten million years”

October 9, 1903

“We started assembly today”

- Orville Wright's Diary

October 9, 1903



Innovation Can Change the World



1884:

The price of aluminum was \$1/oz and the price of gold was \$20/oz.

The pay of the highest skilled craftsman working on the Washington Monument was \$2/day.

Today:

The price of Al ~ 6¢/ oz and the price Au ~ \$1776/oz.

Reason:

Innovative process for extraction of Al from ore

"...the fixation of Nitrogen is vital to the progress of civilized humanity" - William Crookes (1898)

Royal Academy



1898:

Ammonia was the critical material of 1898; key to fertilizer and gunpowder

Global population on track to exceed 2,000,000,000

Today:

Ammonia costs fractions of a cent/mole

Reason:

Innovative process for the production of ammonia



Haber

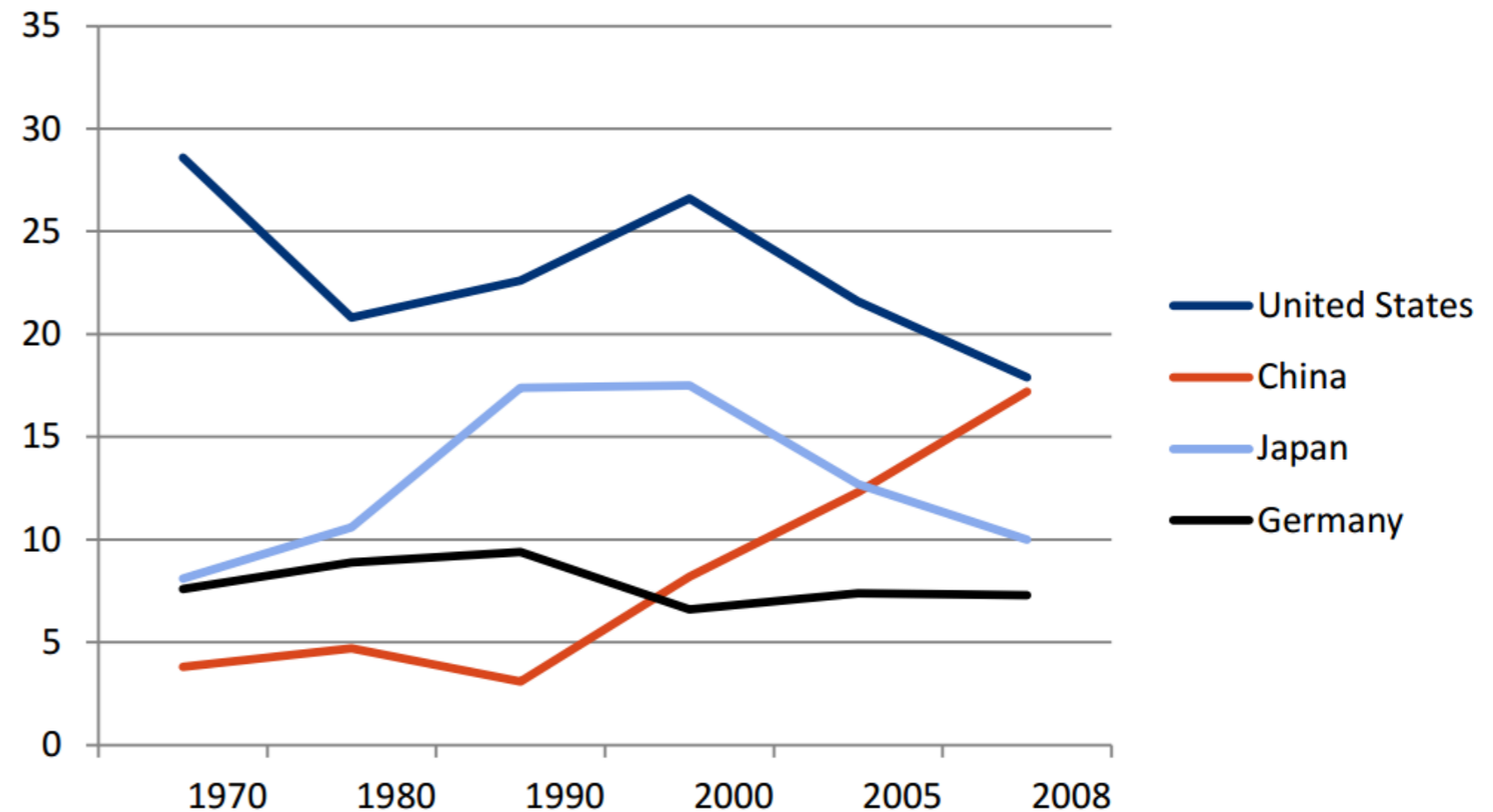
Bosch



**What are the Challenges and Opportunities of
OUR Times?**

Manufacturing is fundamental to the U.S. economy

- 11% of U.S. GDP
- 57% of U.S. exports
- 12 million U.S. jobs
- 60% of U.S. engineering and science graduates
- U.S. accounts for almost 20% of the world's manufactured value added.



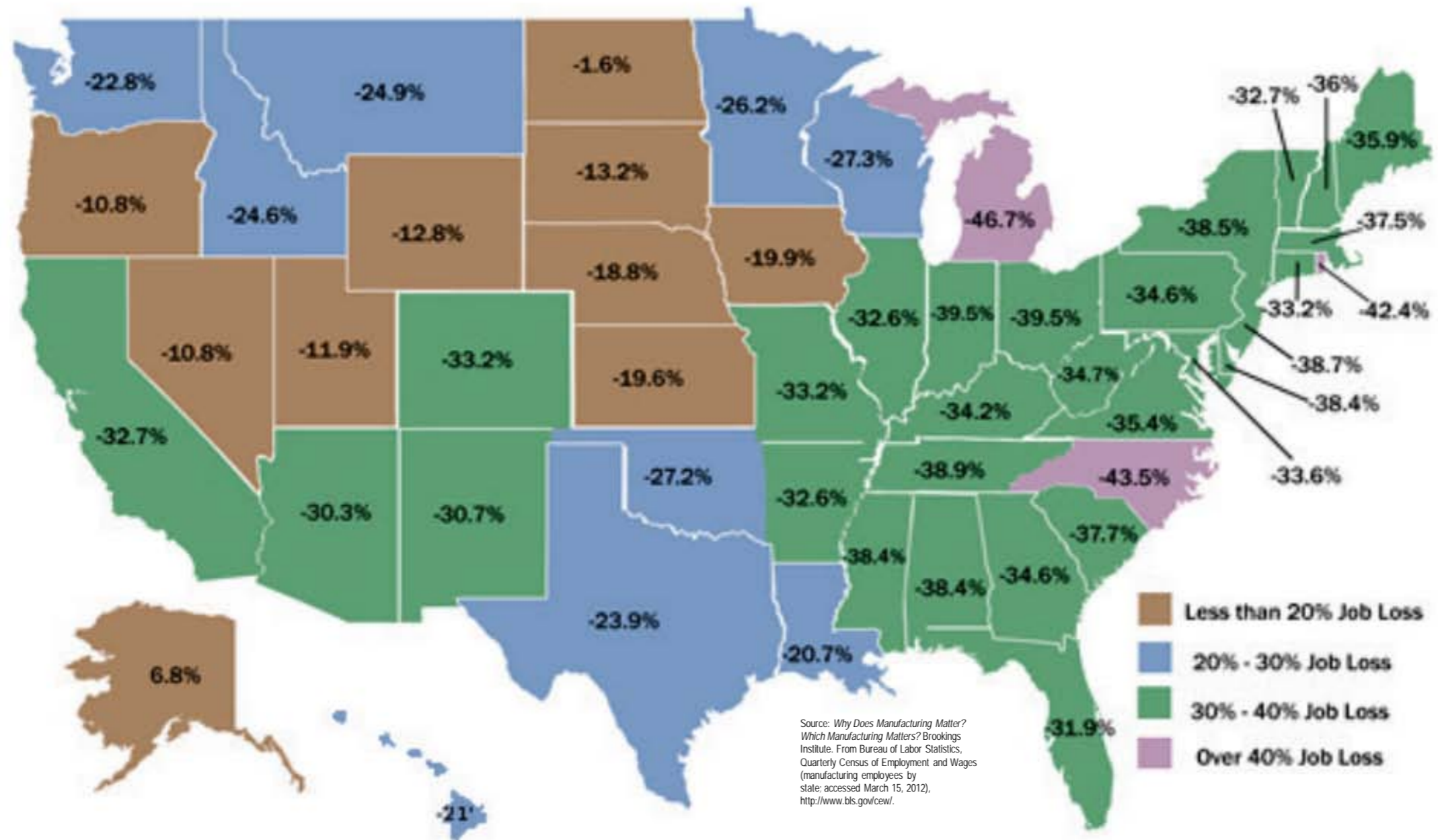
Select Country Share of World Manufacturing Output, 1970-2008**

*“Over the prior decade, manufacturing accounted for approximately 65 percent of U.S. trade, and thus a weak manufacturing sector has contributed substantially to large and chronic trade deficits.”**

*Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. International Transactions Accounts Data (U.S. International Transactions; accessed March 23, 2011), <http://www.bea.gov/international/>

**United Nations Conference on Trade and Development, UNCTAD Handbook of Statistics 2009 (New York: United Nations, 2009), http://www.unctad.org/en/docs/tdstat34_enfr.pdf

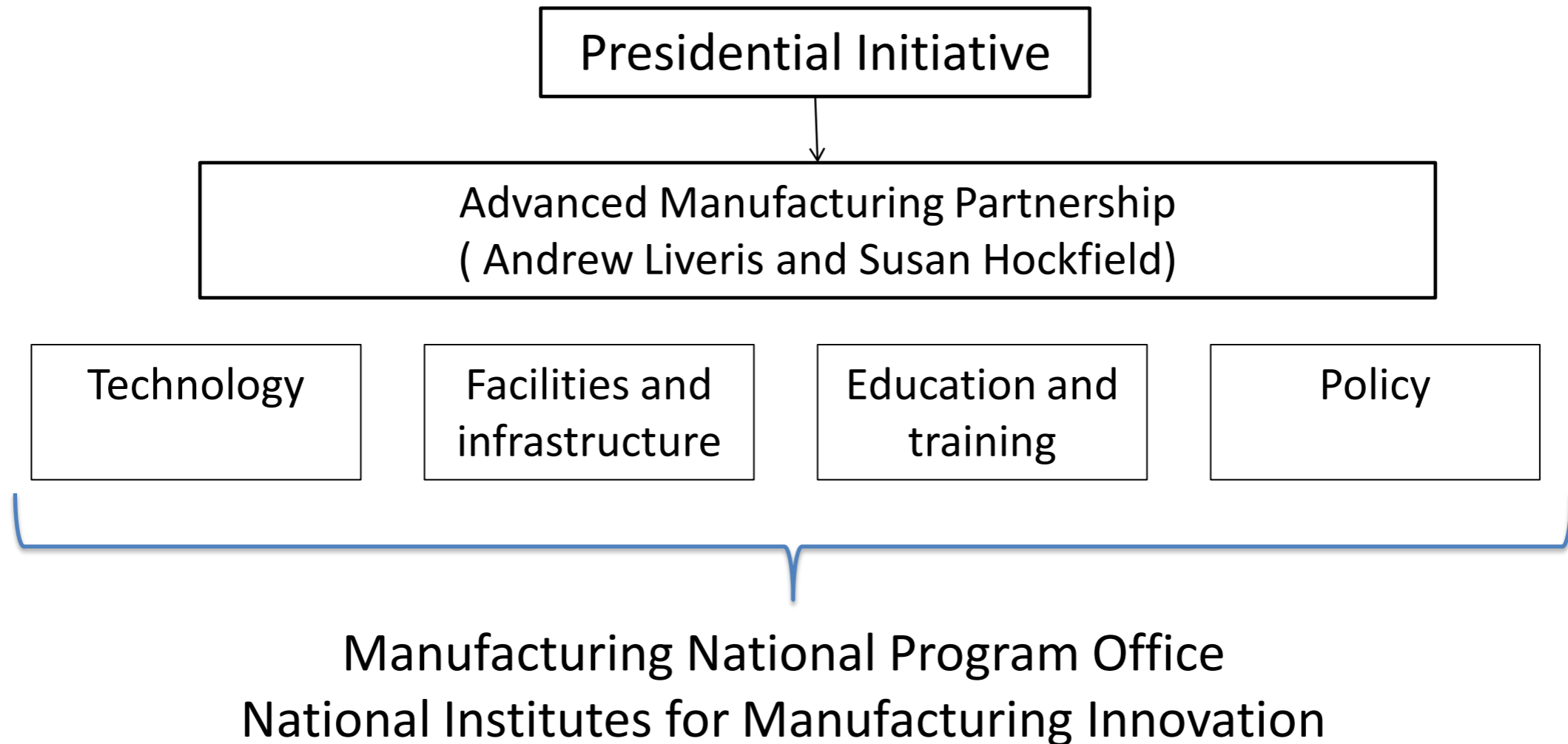
Percentage Loss in Manufacturing Jobs, 2000-2010



31.8% of all manufacturing jobs lost from 2000-2011*

*Source: U.S. Department of Labor BLS and MGB Information services, 2011.

Office Goals and National Importance

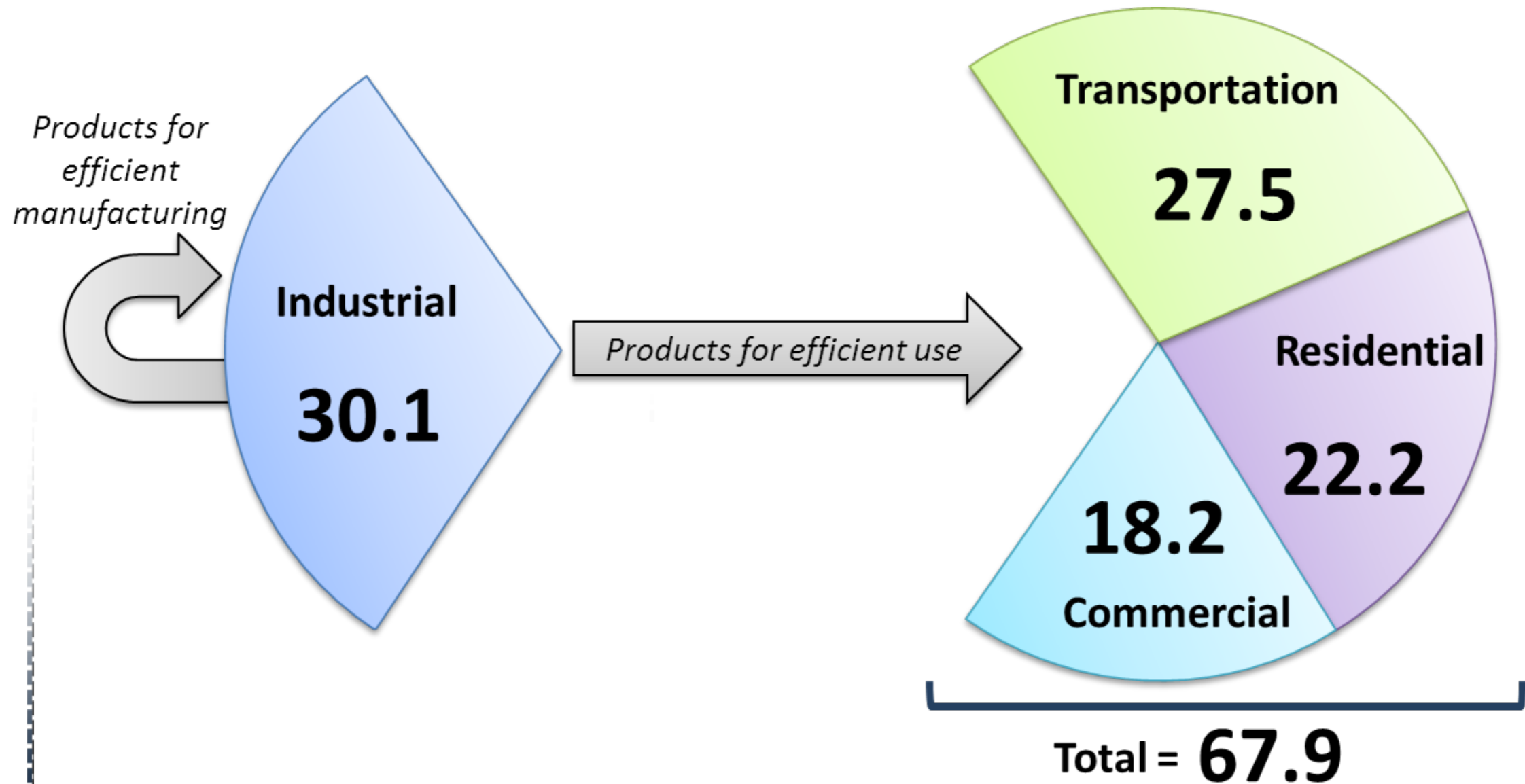


EERE/AMO Focus

- **Manufacturing in the US**
- **GDP and employment enhancement**
- **Energy efficiency and clean energy industry**
- **Energy intensity and energy life cycle cost reduction**

Energy Economy-wide lifecycle impacts

Primary Energy Consumption by Sector, 2010 (Quads)



Clean Energy Manufacturing Competitiveness Thrust

Strategy

Identify timely, high-impact, foundational clean energy technologies with the potential to transform energy use and accelerate their introduction into the US economy

1. Invest in competitively-selected, cost-shared **Projects** to support *innovative manufacturing processes* and *next-generation materials manufacturing* for clean energy and energy efficiency industry
2. Establish **Manufacturing Demonstration (User) Facilities** *to reduce barriers to exploration of new ideas*
3. Engage with industry and other stakeholders to create a robust and scalable **Technology Deployment** program for existing technologies
 - Measurement and Verification
 - Information Sharing
 - Training

Lets examine our investment strategy (reverse order)

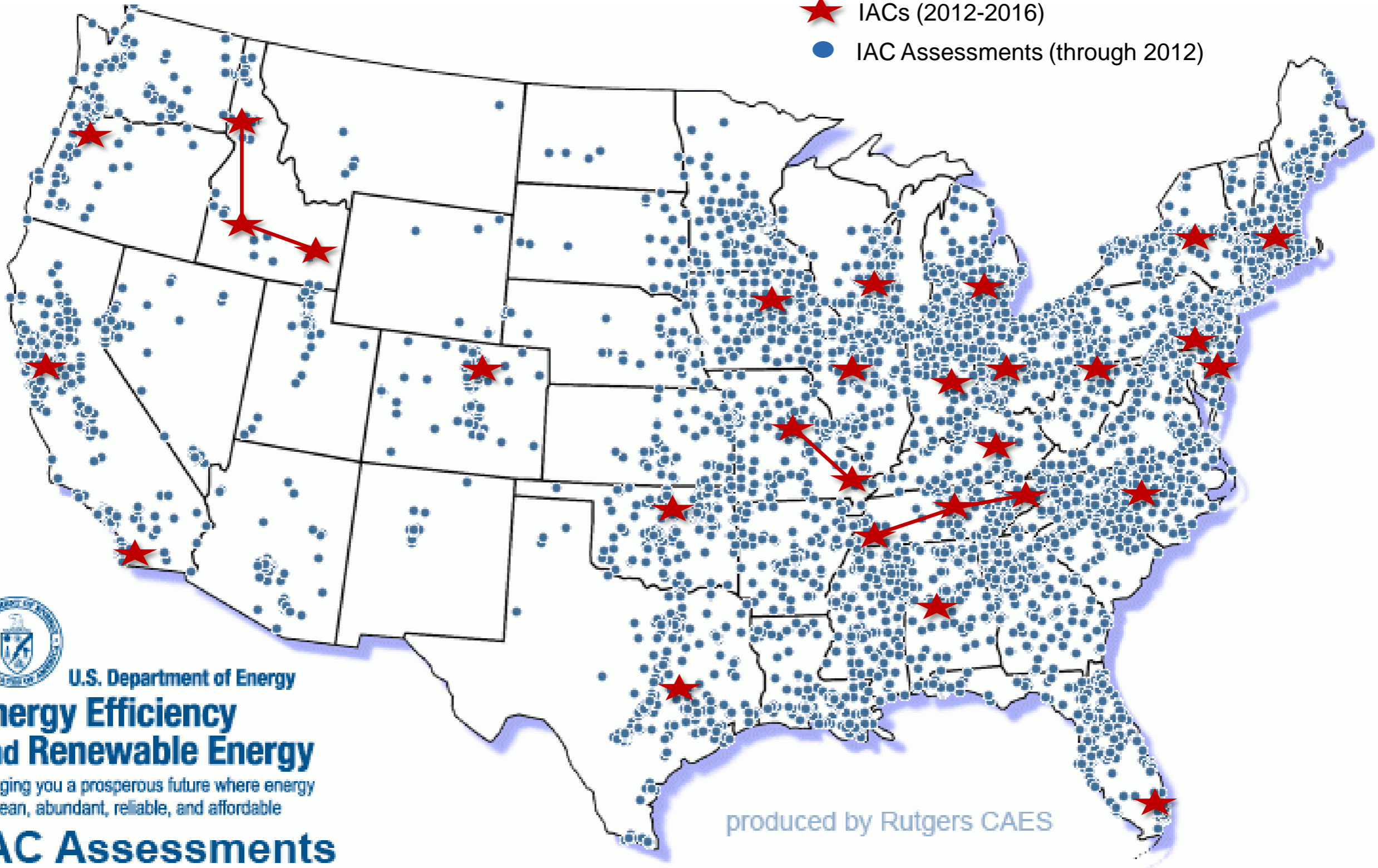
3. Technology Deployment.

Tech Deployment Activities include

1. Measurement
2. Standards
3. Knowledge diffusion
4. Training
5. Recognition
6. Identifying Market Barriers

Industrial Assessment Centers (IACs)

- ★ IACs (2012-2016)
- IAC Assessments (through 2012)



U.S. Department of Energy

**Energy Efficiency
and Renewable Energy**

Bringing you a prosperous future where energy
is clean, abundant, reliable, and affordable

IAC Assessments

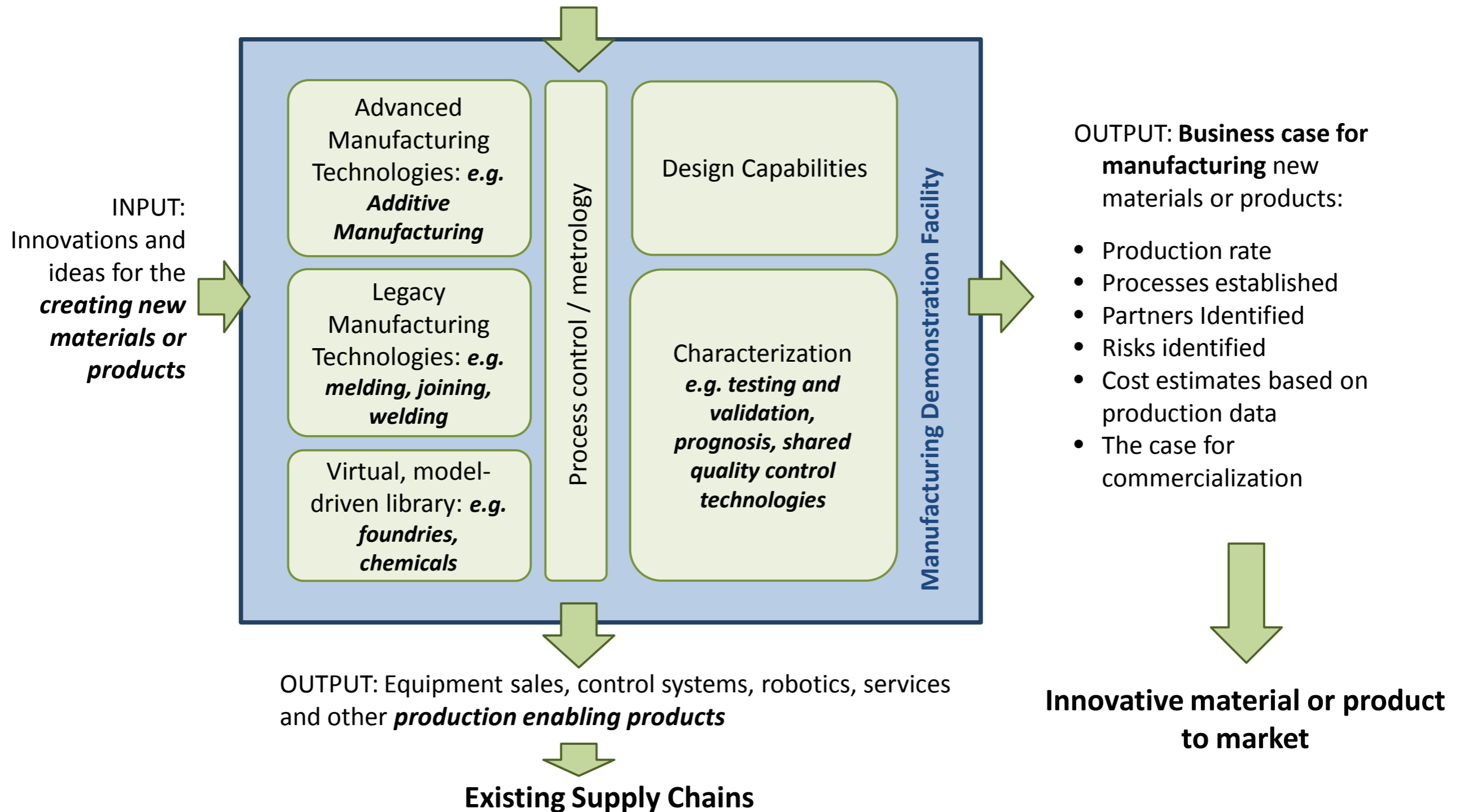
produced by Rutgers CAES

2. Manufacturing Demonstration Facilities.

Manufacturing Demonstration Facilities (MDFs)

Two pathways through the MDF

INPUT: New Processes, techniques, tools, capabilities and other *production enabling innovations and technologies*



MDF Example: Oak Ridge National Laboratory



Additive Manufacturing



Arcam electron beam processing AM equipment



POM laser processing AM equipment

Program goal is to accelerate the manufacturing capability of a multitude of AM technologies utilizing various materials from metals to polymers to composites.

Carbon Fiber

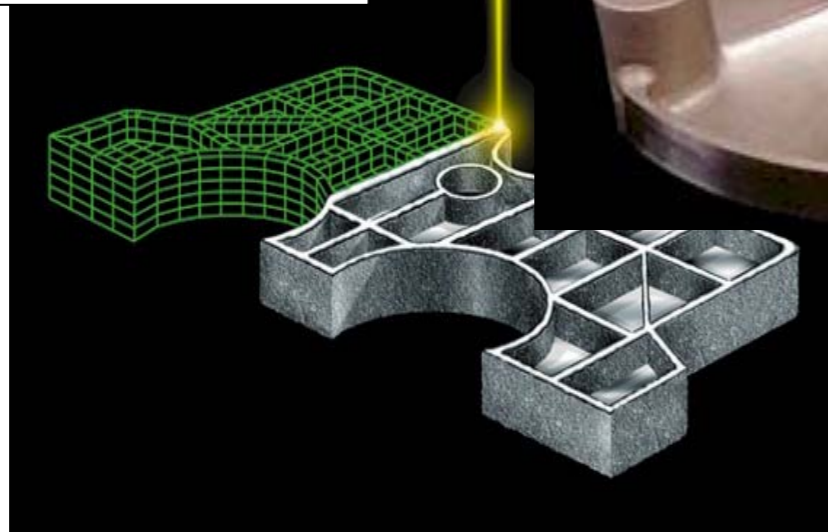
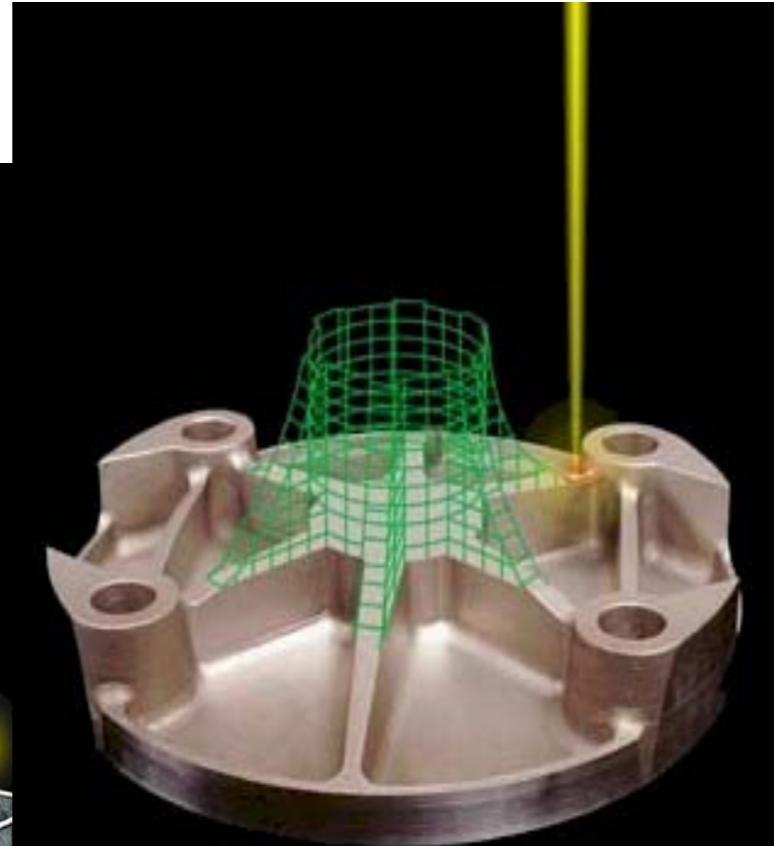
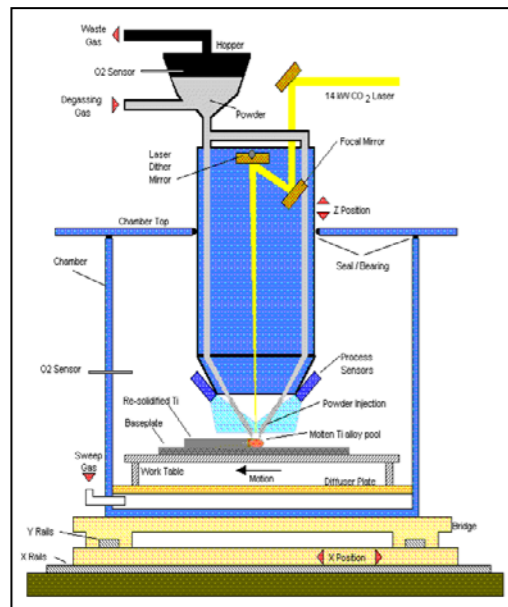
Exit end of Microwave Assisted Plasma (MAP) process, jointly developed by ORNL and Dow



Program goal is to reduce the cost of carbon fiber composites by improved manufacturing techniques such as MAP, which if scaled successfully could reduce carbonization cost by about half compared to conventional methodology.

Advanced Processes?

Example: Additive Manufacturing



AeroMet process □ Boeing, Northrup Grumman, NavAir

- 3-D graphical models, parts built in layers
- No tools, dies, or forms
- Near final shape
- Reduced delivery times 75%
- Mechanical properties equivalent to wrought
- Reduced material use
- Reduced inventory
- Significant cost and energy savings

Promise of Additive Manufacturing



Unprecedented capability to design and create products



Topology optimization. Same strength, half the weight



“...in our lifetime at least 50% of the engine will be made by additive manufacturing” – Robert McEwan GE

Potential MDF Focal Areas in Future Years

- **Low Cost Carbon fiber composites**
Low cost, lower energy, high quality composites; impact for wind, automotive, aerospace and industrial applications
- **In-situ metrology and process controls**
Optimization, reduced waste, lower cost; cross-cutting for many industries
- **Wide band gap semiconductor materials**
Lower cost, improved quality for transformative use in power electronics, LEDs; broad reaching impacts from motors improvements, integration of renewables to the grid
- **Membranes**
Lower energy separations; broad impact for petro-chemical industries, oil and gas, buildings.
- **Bio-manufacturing (sustainable nano-manufacturing)**
Lower energy production pathways for useful products; impact to chemicals and other industries
- **Joining of disparate materials**
Improved performance, quality; impact to automotive, aerospace and wind
- **Catalysis**
Pervasive impact, conversion of methane to benzene
- **Materials processing**
Low cost, lower energy, high performance metals; impact for aerospace, automotive, and industrial applications
- **Novel processing pathways**
Low temperature processing, directed self assembly, high magnetic field processing, electrolytic
- **Directed/self assembly / architected materials**
- **Amorphous materials/flexible materials**

OTHER!!!!

1. Innovative Manufacturing Initiative **Projects** in Foundational Technologies.

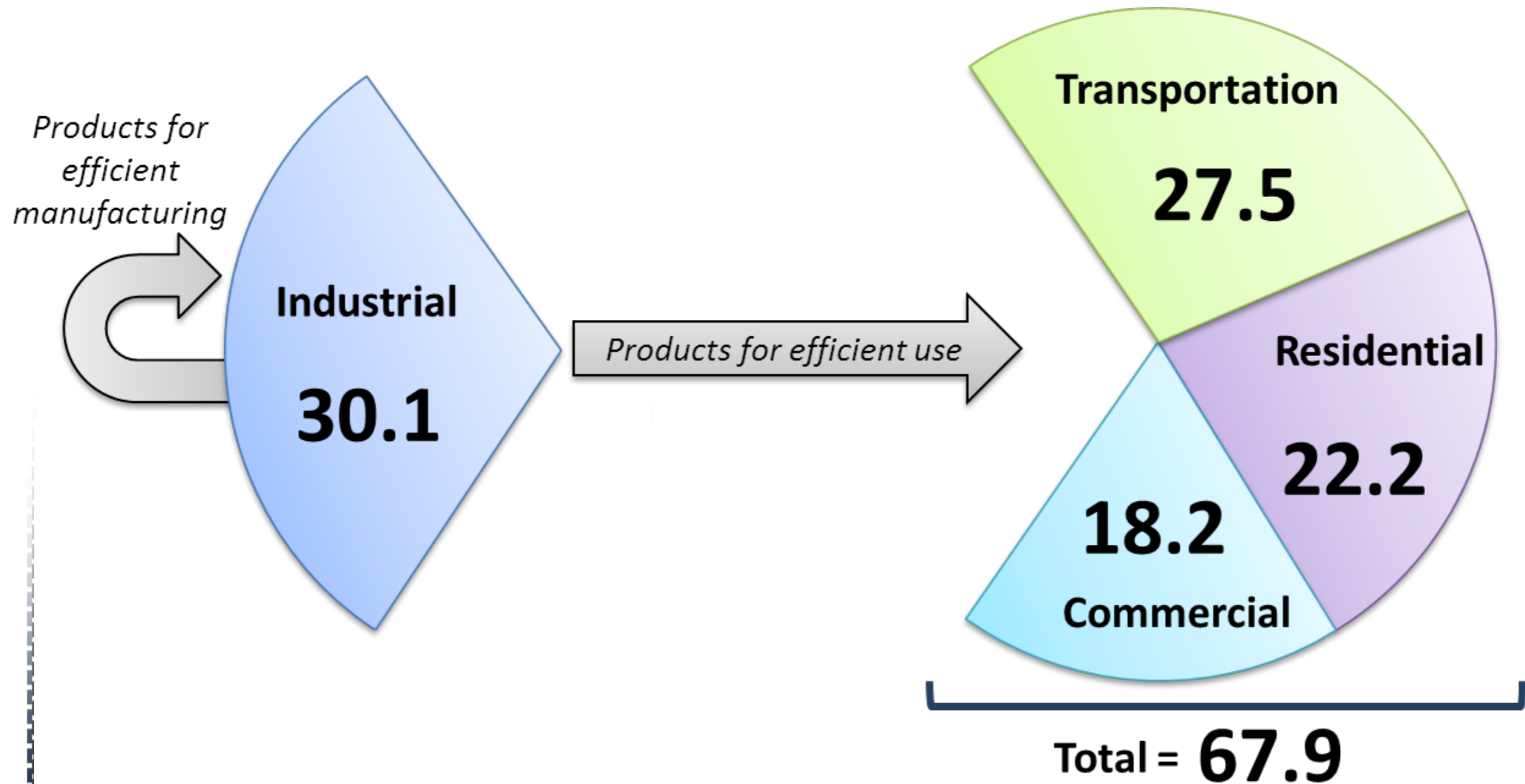
Foundational technologies: Definition

Foundational Technology: A technology capable of *transforming* technoeconomic systems

- **Transformative:** Results in significant change in the life-cycle impact (energetic or economic) of manufactured products
- **Pervasive:** Creates value in multiple supply chains, diversifies the end use/markets, applies to many industrial/use domains in both existing and new products and markets
- **Globally Competitive:** Represents a competitive/strategic capability for the United States
- **Significant in Clean Energy Industry:** Has a quantifiable *energetic* or *economic* value, embodied energy, economic (increase in GDP, increase in export value, increase in jobs created)

Energy Economy-wide lifecycle impacts

Primary Energy Consumption by Sector, 2010 (Quads)



Clean Energy Manufacturing Competitiveness Thrust

Industry response to Innovative Manufacturing Initiative

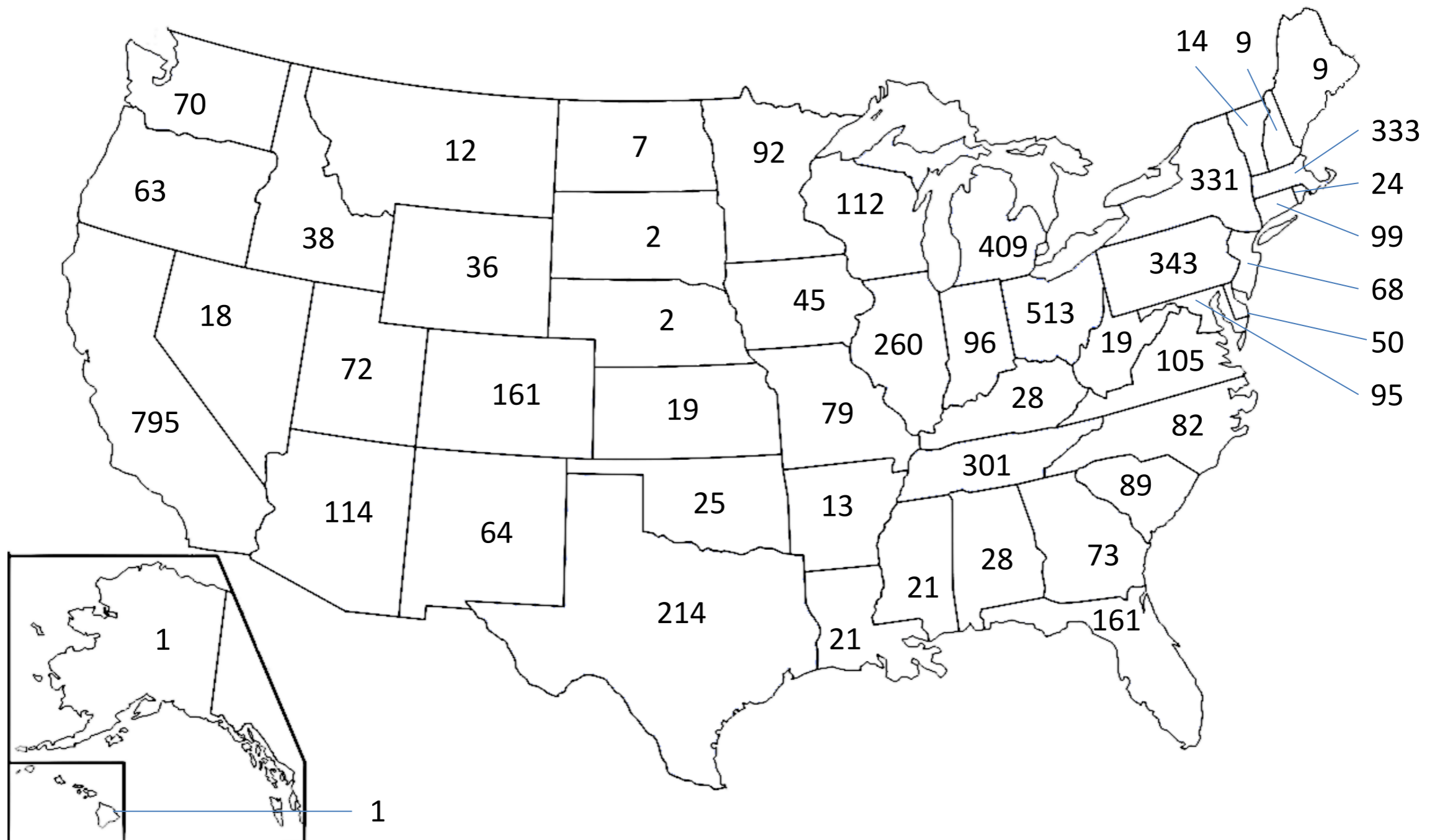
Massive industry interest

- Total Letters of Intent received (September 2011) 1408
- Applications for <\$1 million each (\$444,050,811 total) 532
- Applications for \$1-9 million each (\$3,902,771,450 total) 876
- Total Funds Requested \$4,346,822,261
- 672 small (<500 employees) companies of 859 total industry-led teams 78%
- Total Pre-proposals received (October 2011) ~1200
- Total Full Proposals received (December 2011) 253

As of FY12, only 13 projects could be funded due to budget constraints

Industry response to IMI

IMI FOA Total Requested Project Costs by State (\$ millions)
TOTAL FUNDS REQUESTED = \$4.3B DOE



2012 Awards

Technology Domain

1. **Chemicals; Catalysts and Membranes**
2. **Bio-processing; Water reuse**
3. **High temperature processing; Iron making**
4. **Waste Heat Recovery; Waste heat, energy and chemical conversion**
5. **Automation and equipment; via Multi-scale Physics-based Process Modeling and Manufacturing**
6. **Fabrication processes; Machining; Die casting**
7. **Thermal and degradation resistant materials; Low-cost Production of Titanium**
8. **Highly functional, high performance materials; , Low Cost Bulk Gallium Nitride Substrates Growth, Low-Cost Carbon Fibers**
9. **Energy storage materials; Lithium Electrodes for Ultra High Energy Density Batteries**

Closing Remarks

- Manufacturing in the U.S. is coming back
- Ideas abound in all sectors
- The 21 Century industrial revolution is going to be innovation and information driven and will be based on a clean, efficient and profitable industry

**We are Partners.
How can we help you succeed?**

IMI would not be possible without
expert review panels and technical experts

Thank you for your hard work and dedication!

Congratulations!!!

**Lets be the “point of the spear” for the
resurgence of US Manufacturing!!!!**