



National Visitor Use Monitoring RESULTS

cover pages for user-created reports

Introduction to Round 2 Reports

The National Visitor Use Monitoring (NVUM) program provides science-based estimates of the volume and characteristics of recreation visitation to the National Forest System, as well as the benefits recreation brings to the American public. Information about the quantity and quality of recreation visits is required for National Forest plans, Executive Order 12862 (Setting Customer Service Standards), and implementation of the National Recreation Agenda. The NVUM Program ensures that all visitor statistics for National Forests and grasslands produced by the Forest Service use a standardized measure. These standards were established by the Forest Service in the 1970's; however their application is now stricter than in the past. For example, visitors must be physically recreating on Forest Service managed lands for a visit to count. They cannot be passing through, viewing from a non-Forest Service managed road, or just using restroom facilities.

Background and Methods

Results in this report are from NVUM data collection completed from FY2005 through FY2009 (Round 2). Any single forest gets sampled one time in 5 years, so in a given year about two dozen forests are engaged in NVUM field data collection. Those forests that completed their NVUM work in 2009 were updating visitation estimates from about 5 years earlier. Thus, this report does not yet provide any true 'trend' measures; it is not a final report. Rather, it represents a 'snapshot' of the most current visitation patterns and activities on National Forest land.

The NVUM methodology is explained in detail in: Forest Service National Visitor Use Monitoring Process: Research Method Documentation; English, Kocis, Zarnoch, and Arnold; Southern Research Station; May 2002 (http://www.fs.fed.us/recreation/programs/nvum). In essence, visitation is estimated through a combination of traffic counts and surveys of exiting visitors. Both are obtained from a random sample of locations and days distributed over an entire forest for a year, and stratified by site type and expected use level.

All of the surveyed recreation visitors are asked about their visit duration, activities, demographics, travel distance, and annual usage. About one-third were also asked a series of additional questions about satisfaction. Another one-third was asked to provide additional information about their income, spending while on their trip, and the next best substitute for the visit.

Terms Used in NVUM Reports

The basic measurements of visitation for the NVUM process are *National Forest visits* and *site visits*. A *National Forest visit* is "one person participating in one or more recreation activities on a National Forest or grassland for an unspecified period of time. A National Forest visit can be composed of multiple site visits." A *site visit* is "one

person participating in one or more recreation activities at a particular National Forest or Grassland site or area for an unspecified period of time."

Confidence interval is statistical term that describes an interval or a range of values that is likely to include an unknown population value, where the range is calculated from a given set of sample data. Confidence intervals are always accompanied by a **confidence level**, which tells the degree of certainty that the true population value lies in the interval. For example, the 2009 national visitation estimate is 173.5 million visits, with a 90% confidence interval of $\pm 3.1\%$. In other words, given the NVUM data, our best estimate is 173.5 million visits, with 90% confidence that the true number is between 168.1 million and 178.9 million (173.5 million $\pm 0.031 \times 173.5$ million).

Local visitors travel less than 50 road miles from home to the recreation site; **non-local visitors** travel greater than 50 road miles.

Non-primary visitors have a primary trip purpose that is something other than recreating on the National Forest – it could be to some other recreation destination, or for some reason other than recreation.

Average values for visit characteristics are calculated by expanding the sample values gathered from -Forest vistors interviewed to the total population of National Forest visits (the number that represents all Forest visits). On some tables in the NVUM and reports, **median** values (the value of the 50th percentile) are also provided, because the averages can be greatly influenced by a few very large or very small values.

FY indicates a *fiscal year*. The federal *fiscal year* is defined as ending September 30 of the given year and beginning October 1 of the previous year. For example, FY2009 began October 1, 2008 and ended September 31, 2009. **CY** indicates a *calendar year* beginning January 1 and ending December 31.

Using the Data

It is important to note that the NVUM process is still relatively new. An initial application occurred nationwide from 2000 to 2003. Significant refinements and improvements to the process were instituted in 2004, and implementation of the revised process began in 2005. Trend information regarding recreation visitation is thus not yet available; rather, these data provide a 'snapshot' of annual National Forest visitation.

We have tried to ensure that terms are defined within each report. Please be sure to include these terms when using data outside the reports.

Reports

This table contains all possible user -created reports generated by the USDA Forest Service's NRM-NRIS NVUM Results application. One or more of the following reports may be included for one or more selected national forest units.

Category	Report Title
Demographics	
	Gender Distribution of Visits
	Race/Ethnicity Distribution of Visits
	Age Distribution of Visits
	Zip Codes, States, and Counties of Survey Respondents
	Percent of Visits from Foreign Visitors
	Distance Travelled Report
	Gender Distribution of Wilderness Visits
	Race/Ethnicity Distribution of Wilderness Visits
	Age Distribution of Wilderness Visits
	Zip Codes, States, and Counties of Wilderness Survey Respondents
	(Regional) Gender Distribution of Visits
	(Regional) Race/Ethnicity Distribution of Visits
	(Regional) Age Distribution of Visits
Economics	
	Distribution of Visits by Market Segment
	Average Spending by Market Segment
	Downhill Skier Spending by Market Segment
	Annual Total Spending by Spending Category
	Annual Total Spending by Market Segment
	Annual Household Income
	(Regional) Annual Total Spending by Market Segment
	(Regional) Distribution of National Forest Visits by Market Segment
	Visitor Trip Information and Lodging Usage
	Substitute Behavior Choices
Sampling Strata	
	Summary Results by Sampling Stratum
	Proxy Summary Results

Category	Report Title
	Results from Each Completed Nonproxy Survey Day
	Average Daily Visits for Nonproxy Sites by Site Type
	DUDS Site Visit Use Estimate by Proxy
	OUDS Site Visit Use Estimate by Proxy
	Wilderness Site Visit Use Estimate by Proxy
	GFA Site Visit Use Estimate by Proxy
Satisfaction	
	Percent Satisfied
	Crowding Rating
	DUDS Satisfaction
	OUDS Satisfaction
	GFA Satisfaction
	Wilderness Satisfaction
	Overall Satisfaction
	Road Conditions & Signage Satisfaction
	Accessibility of Forest Facilities by Persons with Disabilities
	Percent Meets Expectations
	DUDS Importance – Performance Ratings
	OUDS Importance – Performance Ratings
	GFA Importance – Performance Ratings
	Wilderness Importance – Performance Ratings
	Percent of Visits by Overall Satisfaction Rating
Sample Population	on
	Site Days and Percentage Sampled by Stratum
	Number of Individuals Contacted by Site Type
	Number of Complete Interviews by Site Type and Form Type
	Purpose of Visit
Visit Description	
Tion Boompton	Visit Duration
	Group Characteristics
	Visits by Annual Visit Frequency
	Activity Participation
	Special Facility Use

Category	Report Title	
	(Regional) Visit Duration	
	Activity Days for 50% Market Area	
	Activity Days for 75% Market Area	
Visitation Estimates		
	Annual Visitation Estimate	
	(Regional) Annual Visitation Estimate	
	(Regional) Annual Visitation Estimate by Site Type	
	National Forest Visits With and Without Downhill Skiing	
	Special Events	
Maps		
	Survey Respondents by Zip Code	
	Survey Respondents by County	
	Survey Respondents by State	
	Wilderness Survey Respondents by Zip Code	
	Market Areas	
	Annual Visitation Estimates	
	Market Segments	