

Facts about adolescent health in New Jersey

This summary contains the latest facts about adolescent health in New Jersey on the following topics:

- Reproductive Health
- Mental Health
- Physical Health & Nutrition
- Substance Abuse &
- Healthy Relationships.

Sources for these data can be found at the end of this summary.





Facts about adolescent reproductive health in New Jersey

In 2008, New Jersey was ranked 5 out of 50 states on teen birth rates among mothers ages 15 to 19 (with 1 representing the lowest rate and 50 representing the highest rate). RH1 New Jersey was ranked 31 out of 50 states on teen pregnancy rates to mothers between the ages of 15 and 19 (with 1 representing the lowest rate and 50 representing the highest rate). RH2

Number of births to mothers under 20, 2008 RH1

Total	New Jersey	United States
Mothers under age 20	7,077	440,522
Mother's age	New Jersey	United States
Under 15	69	5,764
15-17	2,136	135,664
18-19	4,872	299,094
15-19	7,008	434,758
Mother's race/ethnicity [©]	New Jersey	United States
Black, non-Hispanic	2,452	106,690
Hispanic	3,193	147,240
White, non-Hispanic	1,355	169,788
American Indian	17	8,941
Asian or Pacific Islander	68	7,618



Teen birth rate (births per 1,000 females ages 15–19), 2008^{RH1}

Total	New Jersey	United States
Mothers ages 15-19	25	42
Mother's age	New Jersey	United States
15-17	12	22
18-19	44	71

Percent change in the teen birth rate, 1991-2008 RH1

Total	New Jersey	United States
Change in rate to mothers age 15-19 (1991 to 2008)	-40%	-32%

Of all births to mothers under 20, percent by race/ethnicity, 2008RH1

Mother's race/ethnicity [©]	New Jersey	United States
Black, non-Hispanic	35%	24%
Hispanic	45%	33%
White, non-Hispanic	19%	39%
American Indian	0%	2%
Asian or Pacific Islander	1%	2%

Of all births to mothers under 20, percent repeat births, 2008 RH1

Total	New Jersey	United States
Mothers under age 20	18%	19%
Mother's race/ethnicity [©]	New Jersey	United States
Black, non-Hispanic	17%	21%
Hispanic	20%	21%
White, non-Hispanic	12%	16%
American Indian	12%	22%
Asian or Pacific Islander	9%	17%



Of all births to mothers under 20, percent outside of marriage (nonmarital), 2008 RH1

Total	New Jersey	United States
Mothers under age 20	92%	87%
Mother's age	New Jersey	United States
Under 15	100%	99%
15-17	97%	94%
18-19	90%	83%
15-19	92%	87%

Percent of children born to teen mothers that were low birth weight, § 2008 RH1

Total	New Jersey	United States
Mothers under age 20	9%	10%

[§] Low birth weight is defined as less than 2,500 grams (about 5.5 pounds).

Of all births in the state, percent to mothers under 20, 2008 RH1

Total	New Jersey	United States
Mothers under age 20	6%	10%

Teen pregnancy rate (pregnancies per 1,000 females ages 15-19), 2005 RH2

Total	New Jersey	United States
Mothers ages 15-19	68	70
Mother's age	New Jersey	United States
15-17	41	38
18-19	113	118

Percent change in the teen pregnancy rate, 1988-2005 RH2

Total	New Jersey	United States
Change in rate to mothers ages 15-19 (1988 to 2005)	-39%	-37%
Change in rate to mothers ages 15-19 (1992 to 2005)	-29%	-37%



Teen abortion rate (abortions per 1,000 females ages 15-19), 2005 RH2

Total	New Jersey	United States
Mothers ages 15-19	36	19
Mother's age	New Jersey	United States
15-17	24	11
18-19	57	31

Percent change in the teen abortion rate, 1988-2005 RH2

Total	New Jersey	United States
Change in rate to mothers ages 15-19 (1988 to 2005)	-40%	-56%
Change in rate to mothers ages 15-19 (1992 to 2005)	-20%	-46%

Sexual behaviors among high school students (grades 9-12), 2009^{RH3}

Percent of high school students who:	New Jersey	United States
Have ever had sexual intercourse		
Total	46%	46%
Male	49%	46%
Female	44%	46%
Had sex for the first time before 13 years of age		
Total	4%	6%
Male	7%	8%
Female	1%	3%
Have had sex with 4 or more partners		
Total	13%	14%
Male	16%	16%
Female	9%	11%
Drank alcohol or used drugs before last sex		
Total	19%	22%
Male	25%	26%
Female	14%	17%



HIV/AIDS education among high school students (grades 9-12), 2009 $^{\text{RH3}}$

Percent of high school students who:	New Jersey	United States
Were ever taught about AIDS or HIV infection		
Total	92%	87%
Male	91%	86%
Female	93%	88%

Birth control use among sexually active high school students (grades 9-12), 2009^{RH3}

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Percent of high school students who:	New Jersey	United States
Used a condom during last sexual intercourse		
Total	66%	61%
Male	74%	69%
Female	57%	54%
Used birth control pills before last sexual intercourse		
Total	20%	20%
Male	16%	17%
Female	23%	23%
Used Depo-Provera before last sexual intercourse		
Total	1%	3%
Male	1%	2%
Female	1%	4%
Used both a condom at and birth control pills or Depo-Provera before last sexual intercourse		
Total	8%	9%
Male	8%	8%
Female	8%	10%



Relationship violence and forced sex among high school students (grades 9-12), 2009^{RH3}

Percent of high school students who:	New Jersey	United States
Have been hit, slapped, or physically hurt on purpose		
by their boyfriend or girlfriend (during the 12 months		
before the survey)		
Total	N/A%	10%
Male	N/A%	10%
Female	N/A%	9%
Were ever physically forced to have sexual		
intercourse (when they did not want to)		
Total	8%	7%
Male	5%	5%
Female	10%	10%





Facts about adolescent mental health in New Jersey

Depressive symptoms among high school students (grades 9-12), 2009 MH1

Percent of high school students who:	New Jersey	United States
Felt sad or hopeless (almost every day for 2 or more weeks in a row so that they stopped doing some usual activities during the 12 months before the survey)		
Total	N/A%	26%
Male	N/A%	19%
Female	N/A%	34%

Having at least one major depressive episode, ages 12-17, 2005-2006 MH2

Percent of adolescents ages 12-17 who:	New Jersey	United States
Had at least one major depressive episode in the past	8%	8%
year	3 70	070

Vomited or took laxatives, high school students (grades 9-12), 2009 MH1

Percent of high school students who:	New Jersey	United States
Vomited or took laxatives to lose weight or to keep from gaining weight (during the 30 days before the survey)		
Total	N/A%	4%
Male	N/A%	3%
Female	N/A%	5%



New Jersey mental health data

Suicidal thoughts and attempts among high school students (grades 9-12), $2009^{\frac{MH1}{2}}$

Percent of high school students who:	New Jersey	United States
Seriously considered attempting suicide (during the 12 months before the survey)		
Total	N/A%	14%
Male	N/A%	10%
Female	N/A%	17%
Attempted suicide one or more times (during the 12 months before the survey)		
Total	N/A%	6%
Male	N/A%	5%
Female	N/A%	8%

Positive social skills, ages 12-17, 2007 MH3

Percent of adolescents ages 12-17 who:	New Jersey	United States
Consistently exhibit positive social skills, ⁺ according to parent	97%	93%

⁺ Positive social skills is a composite measure of four positive social skills. Positive social skills are reports by parents and include respect for teachers and neighbors; getting along well with other children; trying to understand other people's feelings; and trying to resolve conflicts with classmates, family, or friends.





Facts about adolescent physical health and nutrition in New Jersey

Overall health and chronic conditions, ages 12-17, 2007 PH1

Percent of adolescents ages 12-17 who:	New Jersey	United States
Parent describes being in		
Excellent/very good health	87%	83%
Good health	11%	13%
Fair/poor health	2%	4%
Have a chronic condition, a according to parent		
No chronic conditions	75%	71%
One chronic condition	13%	17%
Two or more chronic conditions	12%	12%

^a Chronic conditions surveyed include learning disability; ADD or ADHD; depression; anxiety problems; behavioral or conduct problems; autism or other autism spectrum disorder; developmental delay; speech problems; asthma; diabetes; Tourette Syndrome; epilepsy or seizure disorder; hearing problems; vision problems; bone or joint problems; and brain injury or concussion. For each condition, parent respondents were asked whether they have ever been told by a health care professional that the adolescent has the condition, and whether the adolescent currently has the condition.

Asthma prevalence among high school students (grades 9-12), 2009PH2

Percent of high school students who:	New Jersey	United States
Have ever been told by a doctor or nurse that they had asthma		
Total	N/A%	22%
Male	N/A%	23%
Female	N/A%	21%

Health insurance status, ages 12-17, 2007 PH1

Percent of adolescents ages 12-17 who:	New Jersey	United States
Had health insurance at time of survey, according to	93%	90%
parent	3370	3070



New Jersey physical health and nutrition data

Physical activity among high school students (grades 9-12), 2009 PH2

Percent of high school students who:	New Jersey	United States
Were physically active at least 60 minutes per day on 5 days or more per week		
Total	41%	37%
Male	47%	46%
Female	36%	28%
Attended physical education classes on 1 or more days in an average week		
Total	N/A%	56%
Male	N/A%	58%
Female	N/A%	55%
Watched television 3 or more hours per day		
Total	33%	33%
Male	34%	33%
Female	32%	32%
Used computers 3 or more hours per day		
Total	29%	25%
Male	32%	28%
Female	26%	21%



New Jersey physical health and nutrition data

Weight/obesity and eating behaviors among high school students (grades 9-12), 2009PH2

Percent of high school students who:	New Jersey	United States
Are obese (>=95 th percentile for body mass index, by		
age and gender)		
Total	10%	12%
Male	14%	15%
Female	7%	8%
Described themselves as slightly or very overweight		
Total	N/A%	28%
Male	N/A%	23%
Female	N/A%	33%
Went without eating for 24 hours or more to lose		
weight or to keep from gaining weight (during the 30		
days before the survey)		
Total	N/A%	11%
Male	N/A%	7%
Female	N/A%	14%

Fruit, vegetable, and soda intake among high school students (grades 9-12), 2009 PH2

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Percent of high school students who:	New Jersey	United States
Ate fruits and vegetables 5 or more times per day		
Total	20%	22%
Male	19%	24%
Female	21%	20%
Ate vegetables 3 or more times per day		
Total	12%	14%
Male	12%	14%
Female	12%	13%
Drank a can, bottle or glass of soda or pop at least one time per day (not including diet soda or diet pop)		
Total	20%	29%
Male	24%	35%
Female	16%	23%



New Jersey physical health and nutrition data

Seat belt use among high school students (grades 9-12), 2009 PH2

Percent of high school students who:	New Jersey	United States
Sometimes, most of the time, or always wore a seat belt (when riding in a car driven by someone else)		
Total	92%	90%
Male	89%	88%
Female	95%	92%





Facts about adolescent substance abuse in New Jersey

Alcohol-related behaviors among high school students (grades 9-12), 2009^{SA1}

Percent of high school students who:	New Jersey	United States
Drank alcohol for the first time before age 13 years (other		
than a few sips)	18%	21%
Total		
Male	21%	24%
Female	14%	18%
Had at least one drink of alcohol on at least one day (during the 30 days before the survey)		
Total	45%	42%
Male	46%	41%
Female	44%	43%
Had five or more drinks of alcohol in a row within a couple of hours on at least one day (during the 30 days before the survey)		
Total	27%	24%
Male	30%	25%
Female	24%	23%
Drove when drinking alcohol one or more times (during the 30 days before the survey)		
Total	8%	10%
Male	10%	12%
Female	5%	8%
Rode with a driver who had been drinking alcohol one or more times (during the 30 days before the survey)		
Total	23%	28%
Male	23%	28%
Female	22%	29%



New Jersey substance abuse data

Tobacco-related behaviors among high school students (grades 9-12), 2009 $\frac{\text{SA1}}{\text{Colorest}}$

Percent of high school students who:	New Jersey	United States
Never tried cigarette smoking (even one or two puffs)		
Total	57%	54%
Male	54%	54%
Female	60%	54%
Smoked cigarettes on at least one day (during the 30 days before the survey)		
Total	17%	19%
Male	20%	20%
Female	14%	19%
Tried to quit smoking cigarettes (among students who currently smoked, during the 12 months before the survey)		
Total	N/A%	51%
Male	N/A%	48%
Female	N/A%	54%
Used chewing tobacco, snuff, or dip on at least one day (during the 30 days before the survey)		
Total	N/A%	9%
Male	N/A%	15%
Female	N/A%	2%

Marijuana use among high school students (grades 9-12), 2009 SA1

Percent of high school students who:	New Jersey	United States
Ever used marijuana one or more times (during their life)		
Total	35%	37%
Male	39%	39%
Female	32%	34%



New Jersey substance abuse data

Cocaine use among high school students (grades 9-12), $2009^{\frac{SA1}{2}}$

Percent of high school students who:	New Jersey	United States
Used any form of cocaine one or more times (powder, crack, or freebase) (during the 30 days before the survey)		
Total	N/A%	3%
Male	N/A%	4%
Female	N/A%	2%

Nonmedical use of pain relievers, ages 12-17, 2006-2007 SA2

Percent of adolescents ages 12-17 who:	New Jersey	United States
Used pain relievers for nonmedical reasons in the	5%	7%
past year		

Needing but not receiving treatment for substance use, ages 12-17, 2006-2007 SA2

Percent of adolescents ages 12-17 who:	New Jersey	United States
Needed but did not receive treatment for alcohol use in the past year	5%	5%
Needed but did not receive treatment for illicit drug use in the past year	4%	4%





Facts about adolescent relationships in New Jersey

Bullying among high school students (grades 9-12), 2009^{HR1}

Percent of high school students who:	New Jersey	United States
Were bullied on school property (during the 12 months before the survey)		
Total	21%	20%
Male	22%	19%
Female	20%	21%

Violence among high school students (grades 9-12), 2009^{HR1}

Percent of high school students who:	New Jersey	United States
Carried a weapon on at least one day (during the 30 days before the survey)		
Total	10%	17%
Male	16%	27%
Female	4%	7%
Carried a gun on at least one day (during the 30 days before the survey)		
Total	2%	6%
Male	3%	10%
Female	%	2%
Were in a physical fight one or more times (during the 12 months before the survey)		
Total	27%	31%
Male	37%	39%
Female	17%	23%
Were injured in a physical fight one or more times (during the 12 months before the survey)		
Total	N/A%	4%
Male	N/A%	5%
Female	N/A%	2%

New Jersey adolescent relationships data

Violence at school among high school students (grades 9-12), 2009^{HR1}

Percent of high school students who:	New Jersey	United States
Carried a weapon on school property on at least one		
day (during the 30 days before the survey)		
Total	3%	6%
Male	5%	8%
Female	2%	3%
Did not go to school because they felt unsafe at school or on their way to or from school, on at least one day (during the 30 days before the survey)		
Total	5%	5%
Male	5%	5%
Female	5%	5%
Were threatened or injured with a weapon on school property one or more times (during the 12 months before the survey)		
Total	7%	8%
Male	8%	10%
Female	5%	5%
Were in a physical fight on school property one or more times (during the 12 months before the survey)		
Total	N/A%	11%
Male	N/A%	15%
Female	N/A%	7%

Sexual relationships among high school students (grades 9-12), 2009^{HR1}

Percent of high school students who:	New Jersey	United States
Have ever had sexual intercourse		
Total	46%	46%
Male	49%	46%
Female	44%	46%



New Jersey adolescent relationships data

Dating violence among high school students (grades 9-12), 2009 HR1

Percent of high school students who:	New Jersey	United States
Were hit, slapped, or physically hurt on purpose by their boyfriend or girlfriend (during the 12 months before the survey)		
Total	N/A%	10%
Male	N/A%	10%
Female	N/A%	9%
Were ever physically forced to have sexual intercourse (when they did not want to)		
Total	8%	7%
Male	5%	5%
Female	10%	10%

Supportive neighborhoods, ages 12-17, 2005-2006 HR2

Percent of adolescents ages 12-17 who:	New Jersey	United States
Live in a supportive neighborhood, [△] according to		
parent		
Total	86%	85%

^A Supportive neighborhood information is reported by parents and is based on the statements: people in my neighborhood help each other out; we watch out for each other's children in this neighborhood; there are people I can count on in this neighborhood; if my child were outside playing and got hurt or scared, there are adults nearby who I trust to help my child. Parents were asked whether they strongly agree, somewhat agree, somewhat disagree, or strongly disagree with each statement. Choosing a "disagree" option on more than one statement removes someone from living in a supportive neighborhood.

Positive social skills, ages 12-17, 2005-2006 HR2

Percent of adolescents ages 12-17 who:	New Jersey	United States
Consistently exhibit positive social skills, ⁺ according		
to parent		
Total	97%	93%

⁺ Positive social skills is a composite measure of four positive social skills. Positive social skills are reported by parents and include respect for teachers and neighbors; getting along well with other children; trying to understand other people's feelings; and trying to resolve conflicts with classmates, family, or friends





Data notes

- Race/ethnicity totals do not add to state totals because figures for American Indian and Asian or Pacific Islanders may include teens of Hispanic origin.
- * Figure does not meet standards of reliability or precision; fewer than 6 births.

Data from the National Survey on Drug Use and Health and the National Survey of Children's Health have been rounded to the nearest whole number.

N/A: data do not exist on this measure for this state.

Data sources

Data sources on adolescent reproductive health

- 2008 Birth data are from: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. National Center for Health Statistics. VitalStats. Retrieved January, 2011, from http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/vitalstats.htm and Martin, J. A., Hamilton, B. E., Sutton, P. D., Ventura, S. J., Mathews, T. J., & Osterman, M. J. K. (2010). Births: Final data for 2008. National Vital Statistics Reports 59(1). Hyattsville, MD: National Center for Health Statistics. Retrieved May 26, 2011, from http://cdc.gov/nchs/data/nvsr/nvsr59/nvsr59 01.pdf
 1991 Birth rate data are from: Ventura, S. J., Martin, J. A., Curtin, S. C., Matthews, T. J., & Park, M. M. (2000). Births: Final data for 1998. National Vital Statistics Reports 48(3). Table B. Hyattesville, MD: National Center for Health Statistics. Retrieved August 9, 2011, from http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/nvsr/nvsr48/nvs48 03.pdf
- Pregnancy and abortion rate data are from: Guttmacher Institute. (2010). *U.S. teenage pregnancies, births and abortions: National and state trends and trends by race and ethnicity.* Washington, DC: Guttmacher Institute. Retrieved January 7, 2011, from http://www.guttmacher.org/pubs/USTPtrends.pdf
- High school data are from: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. (2010). Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance Survey United States, 2009. Surveillance summaries: MMWR 2010; 59 (No. SS-5). Retrieved February 15, 2011, from http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/pdf/ss/ss5905.pdf

New Jersey data notes and data sources

Data notes (continued)

Data sources on adolescent mental health

- High school data are from: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. (2010). Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance Survey United States, 2009. Surveillance summaries: MMWR 2010; 59 (No. SS-5).
 Retrieved June 22nd, 2011, from http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/pdf/ss/ss5905.pdf
- MH2 Depressive episode data are from: U.S. Department of Health and Human Service. (2010). Results from the 2005 and 2006 National Survey on Drug Use and Health. Table C.24. Retrieved July 12th, 2011, from http://www.oas.samhsa.gov/2k6State/AppC.htm#TabC-24
- Positive social skill data are from: Child and Adolescent Health Measurement Initiative; The Data Resource Center for Child and Adolescent Health. (2007). *National Survey of Children's Health*. Portland, OR: Child and Adolescent Health Measurement Initiative; The Data Resource Center for Child and Adolescent Health. Retrieved May 20, 2011, from www.nschdata.org

Data sources on adolescent physical health and nutrition

- Overall health and health insurance data are from: Child and Adolescent Health Measurement Initiative; The Data Resource Center for Child and Adolescent Health. (2007). National Survey of Children's Health. Portland, OR: Child and Adolescent Health Measurement Initiative; The Data Resource Center for Child and Adolescent Health. Retrieved May 20, 2011, from www.nschdata.org
- PH2 High school data are from: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. (2010). Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance Survey United States, 2009. Surveillance summaries: MMWR 2010; 59 (No. SS 5). Retrieved February 15, 2011, from http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/pdf/ss/ss5905.pdf

Data sources on adolescent substance abuse

- SA1 High school data are from: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. (2010). Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance Survey United States, 2009. Surveillance summaries: MMWR 2010; 59 (No. SS-5). Retrieved June 22nd, 2011, from http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/pdf/ss/ss5905.pdf
- Pain reliever and receipt of treatment data are from: U.S. Department of Health and Human Service. (2010). Results from the 2006 and 2007 National Survey on Drug Use and Health. Tables B.8, B.22, and C.21. Retrieved July 12th, 2011, from http://www.oas.samhsa.gov/2k7State/TOC.htm





New Jersey data notes and data sources

Data sources on adolescent relationships

High school data are from: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. (2010). *Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance Survey - United States, 2009.* Surveillance summaries: MMWR 2010; 59 (No. SS-5). Retrieved June 22nd, 2011, from http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/pdf/ss/ss5905.pdf

MH2 Supportive neighborhoods and positive social skill data are from: Child and Adolescent Health Measurement Initiative; The Data Resource Center for Child and Adolescent Health. (2007). National Survey of Children's Health. Portland, OR: Child and Adolescent Health Measurement Initiative; The Data Resource Center for Child and Adolescent Health. Retrieved August 10, 2011, from www.nschdata.org

