Table 13. Fee-for-service plans: Amount of annual family deductible, state and local government workers, National Compensation Survey, 2011

(All workers participating in fee-for-service plans = 100 percent)

Characteristics	Total	With deductible		Amoun					
			10th percentile	25th percentile	50th percentile (median)	75th percentile	90th percentile	With no deductible	Not determinable
All workers	100	92	\$400	\$600	\$1,000	\$2,000	\$3,000	8	(1)
Worker characteristic									
Management, professional, and related	100	93	400	600	1,000	2.000	3.000	7	(1)
Professional and related	100	93	400	600	1,000	2,000	3,000	7	(1)
Teachers	100	94	400	500	1,050	2,000	3,000	6	1 1
Primary, secondary, and special education		-			,	,	-,		\
school teachers	100	94	300	500	1,200	2,000	_	5	(1)
Service	100	93	_	500	1,000	2,000	3,000	7	\ <u>_</u>
Protective service	100	91	300	500	900	1,500	2,500	9	_
Sales and office	100	92	400	500	1,000	2,000	3,000	8	(1)
Office and administrative support	100	91	400	600	1,000	2,000	3,000	9	(1)
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	100	92	400	-	900	1,800	3,000		` <u>-</u>
Production, transportation, and material moving	100	85	-	690	1,425	2,400	3,000	14	1
Full time	100	92	400	600	1,000	2,000	3,000	8	(¹)
Part time	100	95	400	450	1,000	-	-	-	-
Union	100	91	250	400	750	1,050	2,500	9	(1)
Nonunion	100	93	450	700	1,500	2,000	3,000	7	(1)
Average wage within the following categories:2									
Lowest 25 percent	100	94	450	600	1,425	2,000	3,000	_	_
Lowest 10 percent	100	93	450	900	1,800	2,000	4,500	_	_
Second 25 percent	100	92	_	500	1,000	1,800	3,000	8	(1)
Third 25 percent	100	90	400	600	1,000	1,950	3,000	10	(1)
Highest 25 percent	100	93	300	500	1,000	1,800	3,000	7	(1)
Highest 10 percent	100	93	300	500	900	1,500	2,400	-	· -
Establishment characteristic									
Service-providing industries	100	92	400	600	1,000	2,000	3,000	8	(1)
Education and health services	100	93	400	600	1,050	2,000	3,000	6	(1)
Educational services	100	94	400	600	1,050	2,000	3,000	6	(1)
Elementary and secondary schools	100	95	400	600	1,200	2,000	3,000	5	(1)
Junior colleges, colleges, and universities	100	91	450	-	1,050	2,000	2,400	_	` <u>-</u>
Health care and social assistance	100	92	400	600	1,000	2,250	_	-	-
Hospitals	100	94	400	700	1,200	2,250	3,000	_	_
Public administration	100	91	_	500	900	1,500	3,000	9	-
1 to 99 workers	100	88	300	600	_	2,000	-	_	_
1 to 49 workers	100	88	300	690	-	1,800	3,000	_	-
50 to 99 workers	100	88	300	-	1,500	3,000	_	-	-
100 workers or more	100	93	400	600	1,000	2,000	3,000	7	(1)
100 to 499 workers	100	94	300	500	1,000	2,000	3,000	6	-
500 workers or more	100	92	400	600	1,000	2,000	3,000	8	(1)
State government	100	88	400	500	900	1,800	2,400	_	
Local government	100	94	400	600	1,000	2,000	3,000	6	(1)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 13. Fee-for-service plans: Amount of annual family deductible, state and local government workers, National Compensation Survey, 2011—Continued

(All workers participating in fee-for-service plans = 100 percent)

Characteristics	Total	With deductible	Amount of annual deductible						
			10th percentile	25th percentile	50th percentile (median)	75th percentile	90th percentile	With no deductible	Not determinable
Geographic area									
New England	100	85	\$200	_	\$750	_	\$3,000	_	_
Middle Atlantic	100	93	200	-	500	\$1,000	2,000	7	(1)
East North Central	100	97	200	\$400	600	1,500	4,400	2	1
West North Central	100	96	300	500	1,000	2,000	_	-	_
South Atlantic	100	95	450	_	-	1,800	2,750	_	_
West South Central	100	96	750	1,050	1,500	2,400		4	-
Mountain	100	69	_	900	1,000	2,000	3,000	_	_
Pacific	100	81	-	600	900	-	2,600	19	_

NOTE: Because of rounding, sums of individual items may not equal totals. Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data do not meet publication criteria. For definitions of major plans, key provisions, and related terms, see the "Glossary of Employee Benefit Terms" at www.bls.gov/ncs/ebs/glossary20102011.htm.

¹ Less than 0.5.
² The categories are based on the average wage for each occupation surveyed, which may include workers with earnings both above and below the threshold. The average wages are based on the estimates published in the "National Compensation Survey: Occupational Earnings in the United States, 2010." See Technical Note for more details.