Table 9. Standard errors for health care benefits: Access, participation, and take-up rates,¹ State and local government workers, National Compensation Survey, March 2011

		•		•			
		Health care ²	!	Medical care			
Characteristics	Access	Participation	Take-up rate	Access	Participation	Take-up rate	
All workers	0.5	0.7	0.5	0.5	0.7	0.6	
Worker characteristics							
Management, professional, and related	0.6	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.9	0.7	
Professional and related	0.6	0.8	0.6	0.6	1.0	0.8	
Teachers	0.8	1.0	0.7	0.8	1.1	0.9	
Primary, secondary, and special education school teachers	0.3	0.8	0.7	0.3	0.9	0.8	
Service Protective service	1.2	1.2	0.7	1.3	1.2	0.8	
	1.0	1.2	0.9	1.0	1.5	1.3	
Sales and office Office and administrative support	1.5	1.8	1.0	1.5	1.8	1.3	
	1.4	1.6	0.9	1.4	1.7	1.3	
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance Production, transportation, and material moving	1.8	2.0	1.3	1.8	2.1	1.4	
	4.2	3.9	1.3	4.2	4.2	1.6	
Full time	0.2	0.6	0.5	0.2	0.7	0.6	
	1.7	1.3	2.2	1.8	1.2	1.8	
Union	0.4	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.8	0.7	
Nonunion	0.9	1.1	0.8	0.9	1.1	1.0	
Average wage within the following categories:3 Lowest 25 percent	1.4	1.5	1.1	1.4	1.4	1.1	
Lowest 10 percent	2.5	2.5	2.1	2.5	2.5	2.1	
	0.8	1.2	0.8	0.8	1.2	1.0	
	1.1	1.2	0.6	1.1	1.2	0.8	
Highest 25 percent	0.4	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.8	0.7	
	0.5	0.9	0.8	0.5	1.1	1.1	
Establishment characteristics							
Service-providing industries	0.5	0.7	0.5	0.5	0.7	0.6	
Education and health services Educational services Elementary and secondary schools	0.5	0.8	0.7	0.5	0.9	0.8	
	0.6	0.8	0.7	0.6	1.0	0.8	
	0.5	0.8	0.7	0.5	0.8	0.8	
Junior colleges, colleges, and universities Health care and social assistance	1.5	2.2	1.7	1.5	2.7	2.4	
	1.6	2.4	1.5	1.6	2.7	2.0	
Hospitals Public administration	1.3	2.5	1.9	1.3	3.3	2.8	
	1.2	1.3	0.7	1.2	1.3	0.8	
1 to 99 workers	2.6	2.8	1.7	2.6	2.7	1.6	
	3.7	3.8	2.4	3.8	3.6	2.5	
50 to 99 workers	2.0	2.8	1.7	2.0	2.4	1.5	
	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.7	0.6	
100 to 499 workers	1.1	1.3	0.9	1.1	1.4	1.1	
	0.5	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.9	0.8	
		1					

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 9. Standard errors for health care benefits: Access, participation, and take-up rates,¹ State and local government workers, National Compensation Survey, March 2011—Continued

Access Farticipation rate rate Farticipation rate r		Dental care				Vision care		Outpatient prescription drug coverage		
Management, professional, and related	Cnaracteristics	Access	Participation		Access	Participation		Access	Participation	Take-up rate
Management, professional, and related 1.5 1.3 0.8 1.5 1.1 1.6 0.6 0.9 Professional and related 1.4 1.3 0.8 1.5 1.2 1.6 0.6 0.9 Teachers 1.7 1.6 1.0 1.8 1.5 1.9 0.8 1.1 Primary, secondary, and special education school teachers 2.0 1.8 1.1 2.1 1.8 2.2 0.5 1.0 Service 2.0 1.8 1.7 1.0 1.8 1.4 1.6 1.4 1.3 Protective service 2.8 2.7 1.3 3.0 2.6 2.2 1.5 1.8 Sales and office 2.5 2.5 1.4 2.4 2.1 1.7 1.8 2.1 0.6 Given a darministrative support 2.5 2.5 1.4 2.3 2.1 1.7 1.8 2.0 Natural resources, construction, and maintenance 3.5 3.3 1.6 3.1 2.9 2.2 1.8 2.1 Production, transportation, and material moving 4.3 3.8 1.6 4.2 3.7 1.9 4.2 4.2 1.7 4.2 4.2 1.7 1.9 4.2 4.2 1.0 Given and service 2.1 1.1 2.5 1.1 0.8 2.8 1.8 1.2 1.0 Given and service 2.1 1.1 2.5 1.1 0.8 2.8 1.8 1.2 1.1 1.1 2.5 1.1 0.8 2.8 1.8 1.2 1.1 1.1 2.5 1.1 0.8 2.8 1.8 1.2 1.1 1.1 2.5 1.1 0.8 2.8 1.8 1.2 1.1 1.2 1.1 1.2 1.1 2.5 1.1 0.8 2.8 1.8 1.2 1.1 1.2 1.1 1.2 1.7 1.1 1.2 1.7 1.1 1.2 1.7 1.1 1.2 1.7 1.1 1.2 1.7 1.1 1.2 1.7 1.2 1.2 1.8 1.9 1.1 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.8	All workers	1.4	1.3	0.7	1.3	1.1	1.2	0.6	0.7	0.6
Professional and related	Worker characteristics									
Professional and related	Management, professional, and related	1.5	1.3	0.8	1.5	1.1	1.6	0.6	0.9	0.8
Primary, secondary, and special education school teachers		1.4	1.3	0.8	1.5	1.2	1.6	0.6	0.9	0.8
school teachers 2.0 1.8 1.1 2.1 1.8 2.2 0.5 1.0 Service 1.8 1.7 1.0 1.8 1.4 1.6 1.4 1.3 Protective service 2.8 2.7 1.3 3.0 2.6 2.2 1.5 1.8 Sales and office 2.5 2.5 2.5 1.4 2.4 2.1 1.7 1.8 2.1 Office and administrative support 2.5 2.5 1.4 2.4 2.1 1.7 1.8 2.0 Natural resources, construction, and maintenance 3.5 3.3 1.6 3.1 2.9 2.2 1.8 2.1 Production, transportation, and material moving 4.3 3.8 1.6 4.2 3.7 1.9 4.2 4.2 Full time 1.2 1.1 2.5 1.1 0.8 2.8 1.8 1.2 Lil time 1.2 1.1 2.5 1.1 0.8 2.8 1.8	Teachers	1.7	1.6	1.0	1.8	1.5	1.9	0.8	1.1	0.9
Service										
Protective service										0.8
Sales and office 2.5 2.5 1.4 2.4 2.1 1.7 1.8 2.1 Office and administrative support 2.5 2.5 1.4 2.3 2.1 1.7 1.8 2.0 Natural resources, construction, and maintenance 3.5 3.3 1.6 3.1 2.9 2.2 1.8 2.1 Full time 1.5 1.4 0.7 1.5 1.2 1.2 0.4 0.6 Part time 1.2 1.1 2.5 1.1 0.8 2.8 1.8 1.2 Union 1.4 1.4 0.8 1.6 1.5 0.8 0.7 0.8 Nonunion 1.9 1.7 1.2 1.7 1.2 2.7 0.9 1.1 Lowest 25 percent 1.8 1.8 1.6 1.8 1.3 2.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 Lowest 10 percent 2.0 1.9 2.9 1.8 1.3 3.8 2.5 2.5										0.9
Office and administrative support										1.3
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance 3.5 3.3 1.6 3.1 2.9 2.2 1.8 2.1								_		1.4
Production, transportation, and material moving 4.3 3.8 1.6 4.2 3.7 1.9 4.2 4.2			l						- 1	1.4
Full time										1.5 1.6
Part time	Production, transportation, and material moving	4.3	3.6	1.0	4.2	3.7	1.9	4.2	4.2	1.0
Part time	Full time	1.5	14	0.7	1.5	12	1 2	0.4	0.6	0.6
Nonunion										1.8
Nonunion 1.9 1.7 1.2 1.7 1.2 2.7 0.9 1.1				2.0		0.0	2.0	1.0	·· -	1.0
Average wage within the following categories: ³ Lowest 25 percent	Union	1.4	1.4	0.8	1.6	1.5	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.7
Lowest 25 percent	Nonunion	1.9	1.7	1.2	1.7	1.2	2.7	0.9	1.1	1.0
Lowest 25 percent										
Lowest 10 percent	Average wage within the following categories: ³									
Second 25 percent 2.1 2.0 0.9 2.0 1.7 1.7 1.1 1.2 Third 25 percent 2.0 1.8 1.0 2.1 1.7 1.8 1.1 1.2 Highest 25 percent 1.2 1.2 1.2 0.8 1.4 1.3 1.1 0.5 0.8 Highest 10 percent 1.8 1.7 1.1 2.1 2.2 1.6 0.6 0.7 Establishment characteristics 1.4 1.3 0.7 1.3 1.1 1.2 0.6 0.7 Education and health services 1.5 1.4 0.8 1.5 1.2 1.6 0.6 0.9 Educational services 1.6 1.5 0.9 1.6 1.3 1.8 0.6 1.0 Elementary and secondary schools 1.6 1.5 1.1 1.7 1.4 2.1 0.6 0.9 Junior colleges, colleges, and universities 3.9 3.3 1.8 3.7 3.2 3.4	•		l							1.2
Third 25 percent 2.0 1.8 1.0 2.1 1.7 1.8 1.1 1.2 Highest 25 percent 1.2 1.2 1.2 0.8 1.4 1.3 1.1 0.5 0.8 Highest 10 percent 1.8 1.7 1.1 2.1 2.2 1.6 0.6 1.1 Establishment characteristics Service-providing industries 1.4 1.3 0.7 1.3 1.1 1.2 0.6 0.7 Education and health services 1.5 1.4 0.8 1.5 1.2 1.6 0.6 0.9 Educational services 1.6 1.5 0.9 1.6 1.3 1.8 0.6 1.0 Elementary and secondary schools 1.6 1.5 1.1 1.7 1.4 2.1 0.6 0.9 Junior colleges, colleges, and universities 3.9 3.3 1.8 3.7 3.2 3.4 1.5 2.7 Health care and social assistance <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>2.1</td></t<>										2.1
Highest 25 percent	Second 25 percent									1.0
Highest 10 percent										0.9
Establishment characteristics Service-providing industries 1.4 1.3 0.7 1.3 1.1 1.2 0.6 0.7 Education and health services 1.5 1.4 0.8 1.5 1.2 1.6 0.6 0.9 Educational services 1.6 1.5 0.9 1.6 1.3 1.8 0.6 1.0 Elementary and secondary schools 1.6 1.5 1.1 1.7 1.4 2.1 0.6 0.9 Junior colleges, colleges, and universities 3.9 3.3 1.8 3.7 3.2 3.4 1.5 2.7 Health care and social assistance 3.5 3.2 1.5 3.7 3.0 2.3 1.9 2.5 Hospitals 4.3 3.7 2.1 4.8 3.5 3.3 1.5 2.8 Public administration 2.3 2.1 1.1 2.2 1.8 1.9 1.5 1.5 1 to 99 workers 3.4 3.2 2.3 2.9 2.6 2.7 2.8 2.8 1 to 49 workers			l							0.7
Service-providing industries 1.4 1.3 0.7 1.3 1.1 1.2 0.6 0.7 Education and health services 1.5 1.4 0.8 1.5 1.2 1.6 0.6 0.9 Educational services 1.6 1.5 0.9 1.6 1.3 1.8 0.6 0.9 Elementary and secondary schools 1.6 1.5 1.1 1.7 1.4 2.1 0.6 0.9 Junior colleges, colleges, and universities 3.9 3.3 1.8 3.7 3.2 3.4 1.5 2.7 Health care and social assistance 3.5 3.2 1.5 3.7 3.0 2.3 1.9 2.5 Hospitals 4.3 3.7 2.1 4.8 3.5 3.3 1.5 2.8 Public administration 2.3 2.1 1.1 2.2 1.8 1.9 1.5 1.5 1 to 99 workers 3.4 3.2 2.3 2.9 2.6 2.7 2.8 2.8 1 to 49 workers 4.5 4.5 4.2 3.2	Highest 10 percent	1.8	1./	1.1	2.1	2.2	1.6	0.6	1.1	1.1
Education and health services 1.5 1.4 0.8 1.5 1.2 1.6 0.6 0.9 Educational services 1.6 1.5 0.9 1.6 1.3 1.8 0.6 1.0 Elementary and secondary schools 1.6 1.5 1.1 1.7 1.4 2.1 0.6 0.9 Junior colleges, colleges, and universities 3.9 3.3 1.8 3.7 3.2 3.4 1.5 2.7 Health care and social assistance 3.5 3.2 1.5 3.7 3.0 2.3 1.9 2.5 Hospitals 4.3 3.7 2.1 4.8 3.5 3.3 1.5 2.8 Public administration 2.3 2.1 1.1 2.2 1.8 1.9 1.5 1.5 1 to 99 workers 3.4 3.2 2.3 2.9 2.6 2.7 2.8 2.8 1 to 49 workers 4.5 4.2 3.2 3.7 3.3 3.9 4.2 3.9 50 to 99 workers 4.3 4.1 2.3 4.7 4.5 <td>Establishment characteristics</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Establishment characteristics									
Education and health services 1.5 1.4 0.8 1.5 1.2 1.6 0.6 0.9 Educational services 1.6 1.5 0.9 1.6 1.3 1.8 0.6 1.0 Elementary and secondary schools 1.6 1.5 1.1 1.7 1.4 2.1 0.6 0.9 Junior colleges, colleges, and universities 3.9 3.3 1.8 3.7 3.2 3.4 1.5 2.7 Health care and social assistance 3.5 3.2 1.5 3.7 3.0 2.3 1.9 2.5 Hospitals 4.3 3.7 2.1 4.8 3.5 3.3 1.5 2.8 Public administration 2.3 2.1 1.1 2.2 1.8 1.9 1.5 1.5 1 to 99 workers 3.4 3.2 2.3 2.9 2.6 2.7 2.8 2.8 1 to 49 workers 4.5 4.2 3.2 3.7 3.3 3.9 4.2 3.9 50 to 99 workers 4.3 4.1 2.3 4.7 4.5 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0.7</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>4.0</td> <td></td> <td>0.7</td> <td>0.0</td>				0.7			4.0		0.7	0.0
Educational services 1.6 1.5 0.9 1.6 1.3 1.8 0.6 1.0 Elementary and secondary schools 1.6 1.5 1.1 1.7 1.4 2.1 0.6 0.9 Junior colleges, colleges, and universities 3.9 3.3 1.8 3.7 3.2 3.4 1.5 2.7 Health care and social assistance 3.5 3.2 1.5 3.7 3.0 2.3 1.9 2.5 Hospitals 4.3 3.7 2.1 4.8 3.5 3.3 1.5 2.8 Public administration 2.3 2.1 1.1 2.2 1.8 1.9 1.5 1.5 1 to 99 workers 3.4 3.2 2.3 2.9 2.6 2.7 2.8 2.8 1 to 49 workers 4.5 4.2 3.2 3.7 3.3 3.9 4.2 3.9 50 to 99 workers 4.3 4.1 2.3 4.7 4.5 3.6 2.2 2.8										0.6
Elementary and secondary schools 1.6 1.5 1.1 1.7 1.4 2.1 0.6 0.9 Junior colleges, colleges, and universities 3.9 3.3 1.8 3.7 3.2 3.4 1.5 2.7 Health care and social assistance 3.5 3.2 1.5 3.7 3.0 2.3 1.9 2.5 Hospitals 4.3 3.7 2.1 4.8 3.5 3.3 1.5 2.8 Public administration 2.3 2.1 1.1 2.2 1.8 1.9 1.5 1.5 1 to 99 workers 3.4 3.2 2.3 2.9 2.6 2.7 2.8 2.8 1 to 49 workers 4.5 4.2 3.2 3.7 3.3 3.9 4.2 3.9 50 to 99 workers 4.3 4.1 2.3 4.7 4.5 3.6 2.2 2.8			l							8.0
Junior colleges, colleges, and universities 3.9 3.3 1.8 3.7 3.2 3.4 1.5 2.7 Health care and social assistance 3.5 3.2 1.5 3.7 3.0 2.3 1.9 2.5 Hospitals 4.3 3.7 2.1 4.8 3.5 3.3 1.5 2.8 Public administration 2.3 2.1 1.1 2.2 1.8 1.9 1.5 1.5 1 to 99 workers 3.4 3.2 2.3 2.9 2.6 2.7 2.8 2.8 1 to 49 workers 4.5 4.2 3.2 3.7 3.3 3.9 4.2 3.9 50 to 99 workers 4.3 4.1 2.3 4.7 4.5 3.6 2.2 2.8			l							0.9
Health care and social assistance 3.5 3.2 1.5 3.7 3.0 2.3 1.9 2.5 Hospitals 4.3 3.7 2.1 4.8 3.5 3.3 1.5 2.8 Public administration 2.3 2.1 1.1 2.2 1.8 1.9 1.5 1.5 1 to 99 workers 3.4 3.2 2.3 2.9 2.6 2.7 2.8 2.8 1 to 49 workers 4.5 4.2 3.2 3.7 3.3 3.9 4.2 3.9 50 to 99 workers 4.3 4.1 2.3 4.7 4.5 3.6 2.2 2.8										0.8
Hospitals 4.3 3.7 2.1 4.8 3.5 3.3 1.5 2.8 Public administration 2.3 2.1 1.1 2.2 1.8 1.9 1.5 1.5 1 to 99 workers 3.4 3.2 2.3 2.9 2.6 2.7 2.8 2.8 1 to 49 workers 4.5 4.2 3.2 3.7 3.3 3.9 4.2 3.9 50 to 99 workers 4.3 4.1 2.3 4.7 4.5 3.6 2.2 2.8										2.4 2.0
Public administration 2.3 2.1 1.1 2.2 1.8 1.9 1.5 1.5 1 to 99 workers 3.4 3.2 2.3 2.9 2.6 2.7 2.8 2.8 1 to 49 workers 4.5 4.2 3.2 3.7 3.3 3.9 4.2 3.9 50 to 99 workers 4.3 4.1 2.3 4.7 4.5 3.6 2.2 2.8			l							2.0
1 to 99 workers 3.4 3.2 2.3 2.9 2.6 2.7 2.8 2.8 1 to 49 workers 4.5 4.2 3.2 3.7 3.3 3.9 4.2 3.9 50 to 99 workers 4.3 4.1 2.3 4.7 4.5 3.6 2.2 2.8										0.9
1 to 49 workers	. apio administration	2.5		1.1	2.2	1.0	1.9	1.5	'	0.5
1 to 49 workers	1 to 99 workers	3.4	3.2	2.3	2.9	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.8	1.7
50 to 99 workers										2.6
	50 to 99 workers	4.3	4.1	2.3	4.7	4.5	3.6	2.2	2.8	1.6
100 workers or more 1.2 0.6 0.7	100 workers or more	1.4	1.3	0.7	1.4	1.1	1.2	0.6	0.7	0.6
100 to 499 workers	100 to 499 workers	2.8	2.6	1.1	2.5	2.2		1.4	1.4	1.1
500 workers or more	500 workers or more	1.5	1.4	0.8	1.7	1.3	1.5	0.5	0.8	0.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 9. Standard errors for health care benefits: Access, participation, and take-up rates,¹ State and local government workers, National Compensation Survey, March 2011—Continued

		Health care ²	!	Medical care			
Characteristics		Participation	Take-up rate		Participation	Take-up rate	
State government	0.7	1.3	1.1	0.7	1.6	1.4	
Local government	0.6	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.6	
Geographic areas							
New England	2.3	3.1	2.3	2.3	1.5	1.4	
Middle Atlantic	1.2	1.4	0.6	1.1	1.3	0.7	
East North Central	1.8	2.1	1.8	1.9	1.7	1.7	
West North Central	2.1	1.7	2.1	2.1	2.8	3.1	
South Atlantic	1.4	1.7	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.1	
East South Central	2.1	2.9	2.8	2.1	2.9	2.9	
West South Central	1.8	2.0	1.0	1.8	1.8	1.1	
Mountain	1.9	2.9	1.8	1.9	2.9	2.8	
Pacific	1.0	1.5	0.7	1.1	2.1	1.4	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 9. Standard errors for health care benefits: Access, participation, and take-up rates,1 State and local government workers, National Compensation Survey, March 2011—Continued

Characteristics	Dental care			Vision care			Outpatient prescription drug coverage		
	Access	Participation	Take-up rate	Access	Participation	Take-up rate	Access	Participation	Take-up rate
State government	3.1	2.7	1.3	3.0	2.2	2.7	1.1	1.3	1.4
Local government	1.3	1.3	0.9	1.3	1.1	1.3	0.7	0.7	0.6
Geographic areas									
New England	3.8	3.8	1.2	3.8	3.2	2.5	2.9	2.4	1.8
Middle Atlantic	2.1	2.3	1.1	3.3	3.5	1.2	1.3	1.4	0.8
East North Central	2.3	2.2	1.8	3.9	3.1	2.5	1.8	1.7	1.7
West North Central	6.6	4.8	2.8	2.1	2.1	6.8	4.6	2.5	2.8
South Atlantic	4.1	3.9	1.8	4.0	2.0	3.7	1.6	1.7	1.0
East South Central	4.6	3.0	7.1	1.9	1.8	4.9	2.1	2.9	2.9
West South Central	3.0	2.9	2.9	2.2	1.9	2.8	1.8	1.8	1.2
Mountain	2.8	2.8	2.5	8.8	7.5	3.5	1.9	2.9	2.9
Pacific	1.3	2.1	1.3	2.2	2.5	8.0	0.9	1.9	1.5

¹ The take-up rate is an estimate of the percentage of workers with access to a plan who participate in the plan, rounded for presentation. See Technical Note for more

which may include workers with earnings both above and below the threshold. The average wages are based on the estimates published in the "National Compensation Survey: Occupational Earnings in the United States, 2010." See Technical Note for more

NOTE: For definitions of major plans, key provisions, and related terms, see the "Glossary of Employee Benefit Terms" at www.bls.gov/ncs/ebs/glossary20102011.htm.

details.

² Health care is a collective term for the following benefits: medical, dental, and realith care is a collective term for the following benefits: medical, defial, and vision care benefits; and outpatient prescription drug coverage. If workers have access to or participate in at least one of these benefits, they are considered as having access to or participating in health care.

3 The categories are based on the average wage for each occupation surveyed,