# New Hampshire – Severe Storm and Snowstorm FEMA-4049-DR

### Declared December 5, 2011

On November 22, 2011, Governor John H. Lynch requested a major disaster declaration due to a severe storm and snowstorm during the period of October 29-30, 2011. The Governor requested a declaration for Public Assistance and direct federal assistance, including snow assistance, for two counties and Hazard Mitigation statewide. During the period of November 7-10, 2011, joint federal, state, and local government Preliminary Damage Assessments (PDAs) were conducted in the requested counties and are summarized below. PDAs estimate damages immediately after an event and are considered, along with several other factors, in determining whether a disaster is of such severity and magnitude that effective response is beyond the capabilities of the state and the affected local governments, and that Federal assistance is necessary.<sup>1</sup>

On December 5, 2011, President Obama declared that a major disaster exists in the State of New Hampshire. This declaration made Public Assistance, including direct federal assistance requested by the Governor available to state and eligible local governments and certain private nonprofit organizations on a cost-sharing basis for emergency work and the repair or replacement of facilities damaged by the severe storm and snowstorm in Hillsborough and Rockingham Counties. This declaration also authorized emergency protective measures (Category B), including snow assistance for Hillsborough County. Finally, this declaration made Hazard Mitigation Grant Program assistance requested by the Governor available for hazard mitigation measures statewide.<sup>2</sup>

# Summary of Damage Assessment Information Used in Determining Whether to Declare a Major Disaster

#### **Individual Assistance - (Not requested)**

• Total Number of Residences Impacted:<sup>3</sup>

Destroyed - - Major Damage - - - Affected - - -

- Percentage of insured residences:<sup>4</sup>
- Percentage of low income households:<sup>5</sup>
- Percentage of elderly households:<sup>6</sup>
- Total Individual Assistance cost estimate: N/A

#### **Public Assistance**

• Primary Impact: Costs associated with debris removal

Total Public Assistance cost estimate: \$3,052,769
Statewide per capita impact: 7 \$2.32
Statewide per capita impact indicator: 8 \$1.35

• Countywide per capita impact: Hillsborough County (\$5.11), Rockingham

County (\$3.41)

• Countywide per capita impact indicator: \$3.39

<sup>1</sup> The Preliminary Damage Assessment (PDA) process is a mechanism used to determine the impact and magnitude of damage and resulting needs of individuals, businesses, public sector, and community as a whole. Information collected is used by the State as a basis for the Governor's request for a major disaster or emergency declaration, and by the President in determining a response to the Governor's request (44 CFR § 206.33).

o Destroyed – total loss of structure, structure is not economically feasible to repair, or complete failure to major structural components (e.g., collapse of basement walls/foundation, walls or roof);

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> When a Governor's request for major disaster assistance under the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, as amended (Stafford Act) is under review, a number of primary factors are considered to determine whether assistance is warranted. These factors are outlined in FEMA's regulations (44 CFR § 206.48). The President has ultimate discretion and decision making authority to declare major disasters and emergencies under the Stafford Act (42 U.S.C. § 5170 and § 5191).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Degree of damage to impacted residences:

o Major Damage – substantial failure to structural elements of residence (e.g., walls, floors, foundation), or damage that will take more than 30 days to repair;

Minor Damage – home is damaged and uninhabitable, but may be made habitable in short period of time with repairs; and

o Affected – some damage to the structure and contents, but still habitable.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> By law, Federal disaster assistance cannot duplicate insurance coverage (44 CFR § 206.48(b)(5)).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Special populations, such as low-income, the elderly, or the unemployed may indicate a greater need for assistance (44 CFR § 206.48(b)(3)).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Ibid (44 CFR § 206.48(b)(3)).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Based on State population in the 2010 Census.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Statewide Per Capita Impact Indicator for FY12, Federal Register, October 1, 2011.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Countywide Per Capita Impact Indicator for FY12, Federal Register, October 1, 2011.