

# Florida - Freezing Temperatures Denial

## *Denied on April 16, 2010*

On February 16, 2010, Governor Charlie Crist requested a major disaster declaration due to freezing temperatures during the period of January 2-15, 2010. On March 18, 2010, Governor Crist amended his original request and indicated an incident period of January 2 to February 1, 2010. The Governor requested Individual Assistance, including Assistance to Individuals and Households for one county and Disaster Unemployment Assistance for seven counties. Due to the nature of the State's request, formal Preliminary Damage Assessments (PDAs) were not conducted. However, Federal, State, and local officials did review appropriate documentation in response to the request. PDAs estimate damages immediately after an event and are considered, along with several other factors, in determining whether a disaster is of such severity and magnitude that effective response is beyond the capabilities of the State and the affected local governments, and that Federal assistance is necessary.<sup>1</sup>

On April 16, 2010, the Governor's request for a major disaster declaration was denied based on the determination that the damage was not of such severity and magnitude as to be beyond the combined capabilities of the State, affected local governments, and voluntary agencies and that the request did not meet the procedural requirements for submitting a request for a major disaster declaration. Furthermore, assistance is available within the authorities of other Federal agencies.<sup>2</sup>

### **Summary of Damage Assessment Information Used in Determining Whether to Declare a Major Disaster**

#### **Individual Assistance**

- Total Number of Residences Impacted:<sup>3</sup> N/A
  - Destroyed - -
  - Major Damage - -
  - Minor Damage - -
  - Affected - -
  
- Percentage of insured residences:<sup>4</sup> -
- Percentage of low income households:<sup>5</sup> -
- Percentage of elderly households:<sup>6</sup> -
- Total Individual Assistance cost estimate: \$580,320

#### **Public Assistance – (Not requested)**

- Primary Impact: N/A
- Total Public Assistance cost estimate: -

- Statewide per capita impact:<sup>7</sup> -
- Statewide per capita impact indicator:<sup>8</sup> \$1.29
- Countywide per capita impact: -
- Countywide per capita impact indicator:<sup>9</sup> \$3.23

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<sup>1</sup> The preliminary damage assessment (PDA) process is a mechanism used to determine the impact and magnitude of damage and resulting needs of individuals, businesses, public sector, and community as a whole. Information collected is used by the State as a basis for the Governor’s request for a major disaster or emergency declaration, and by the President in determining a response to the Governor’s request (44 CFR § 206.33).

<sup>2</sup> When a Governor’s request for major disaster assistance under the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, as amended (Stafford Act) is under review, a number of primary factors are considered to determine whether assistance is warranted. These factors are outlined in FEMA’s regulations (44 CFR § 206.48). The President has ultimate discretion and decision making authority to declare major disasters and emergencies under the Stafford Act (42 U.S.C. § 5170 and § 5191).

<sup>3</sup> Degree of damage to impacted residences:

- Destroyed – total loss of structure, structure is not economically feasible to repair, or complete failure to major structural components (e.g., collapse of basement walls/foundation, walls or roof);
- Major Damage – substantial failure to structural elements of residence (e.g., walls, floors, foundation), or damage that will take more than 30 days to repair;
- Minor Damage – home is damaged and uninhabitable, but may be made habitable in short period of time with repairs; and
- Affected – some damage to the structure and contents, but still habitable.

<sup>4</sup> By law, Federal disaster assistance cannot duplicate insurance coverage (44 CFR § 206.48(b)(5)).

<sup>5</sup> Special populations, such as low-income, the elderly, or the unemployed may indicate a greater need for assistance (44 CFR § 206.48(b)(3)).

<sup>6</sup> Ibid (44 CFR § 206.48(b)(3)).

<sup>7</sup> Based on State population in the 2000 Census.

<sup>8</sup> Statewide Per Capita Impact Indicator for FY10, *Federal Register*, October 1, 2009.

<sup>9</sup> Countywide Per Capita Impact Indicator for FY10, *Federal Register*, October 1, 2009.